

THE
STATUTES
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

WITH NOTES AND REFERENCES
By JOHN RAITHBY, OF LINCOLN'S INN, ESQ.
BARRISTER AT LAW.

VOLUME THE SIXTH.
Containing the Acts 55 GEORGE III. (1815.) and 56 GEORGE III. (1816.)
With a copious Index.



L O N D O N :
Printed by GEORGE EYRE and ANDREW STRAHAN, Law Printer
to the King's Most Excellent Majesty ;

MDCCLXXI.

A
T A B L E
Containing the TITLES of all
THE STATUTES,

Passed in the THIRD Session of the FIFTH Parliament
of
The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

55th GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act for the Re-employment and Reward of Petty Officers, Seamen and Royal Marines, for long and faithful Service, and for the Constabulation of the Clerk in Greenwich with the Royal Hospital there. *Page 1*
2. An Act for diverting the Application of the Reducible Personal Estate of *Anna Maria Reynolds* Spinster bequeathed by her to the Use of the Sinking Fund. *3*
3. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Seals in Great Britain; and on Perfumes, Oils, and Personal Estates in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. *Idid.*
4. An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. *Idid.*
5. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Acts or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. *Idid.*
6. An Act to extend until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, an Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for refusing the Negotiation of Proclamatory Acts and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum in England. *Idid.*
7. An Act to repeal an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for granting Duties of Excise on certain Sorts of Glass made in Ireland, and for granting and allowing certain Commuting Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof. *Idid.*
8. An Act to continue during the Continuance of the present Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, so much of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, as permits the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise. *Page 6*
9. An Act to continue, until the Expiration of Six Months after the Continuance of the present Hostilities, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for authorizing His Majesty to Consent to allow the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in Neutral Ships into and from His Majesty's Territories in the West Indies and Continents of South America. *Idid.*
10. An Act to make further Provisions respecting the Duties payable upon East India Goods, and to allow Bond to be given for Payment of the Duties upon such Goods when imported by Private Traders. *Idid.*
11. An Act to continue, until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting to Foreign Ships put under His Majesty's Protection, the Privileges of Private Ships; and for allowing Adams in Foreign Colonies forwarded to His Majesty to exercise the Occupations of Merchants or Factors during the present War. *Idid.*
12. An Act to amend several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Disturbances in Ireland, to the wardenship of Spices, and to the securing the Duties of Excise on Spirits distilled, and on Hales and Skins tanned in Ireland. *Idid.*
13. An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland, by appointing Superintending Magistrates and additional Constables in Counties in certain respects.* *Idid.*
14. An Act to impose certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Wood into and from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks. *Idid.*

- Drawbacks on the like Sorts of Wood; and to indemnify Persons who have admitted certain Sorts of Wood to Entry on Payment of a Proportion only of the Duty imposed thereon. *Page 16*
32. An Act to amend an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for making Provision for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition. *19*
33. An Act to continue and amend an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Mill ians towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight.* *20*
34. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have consented to qualify themselves for Office and Employments, and for extending the times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain to have consented to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors to make and file the same on or before the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *21*
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41. An Act to grant Duties of Customs on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, from Ireland, in lieu of the Duties of Customs heretofore payable on such Exportation. *46*
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46. An Act to regulate the Trade between Africa and its Dependencies, and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America; and also between Africa and the United Kingdom. *52*
47. An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Spirits, Tobacco, Salt and Excise Licenses. *Page 55*
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53. An Act to grant to His Majesty a Duty of Customs on Tobacco imported into Ireland. *67*
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56. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fishery, and to the allowing Vessels employed in the said Fisheries to complete their full Number of Men at certain Ports. *70*
57. An Act for raising the Sum of Two millions three hundred and twenty three thousand seven hundred and fifty Pounds Irish Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. *Ibid.*
58. An Act to continue, until Three Months after the ending of any Restriction imposed on the Bank of England from issuing Cash in Payment, the several Acts for continuing and continuing the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of Ireland. *Ibid.*
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159. An Act to amend several Acts relating to Hackney
Coaches; for authorizing the Seizure of an additional
Number of Hackney Carriages; and for licensing Carriages
drawn by One Horse. 461
160. An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the
more efficient Manning of His Majesty's Navy during the
present War. 464
161. An Act to amend and render more efficient an Act of
the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, to amend
and regulate the Assessment and Collection of the Allied
Taxes, and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising on
Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in that Part of
Great Britain called *Scotland*. 458
162. An Act to repeal the Excise Duties and Drawbacks on
Egypt Salt. 460
163. An Act to regulate the issuing of Licenses to allow
Open Boats to proceed to Foreign Ports, and for rendering
the same when necessary. *Id.*
164. An Act to ensure, in certain Cases, Foreign Spirits
imported during the Suspension of the Spirit Intercourse
between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, from the additional
Duty imposed thereon. 461
165. An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and
Contingent Expenses of the Intempered Militia in *Great
Britain*, and of the Militia of *Corwall* and *Devon*; and for
granting Allowances, in certain Cases, to Subaltern Officers,
Adjutants, Sergeants' Mates and Brigant Majors of Militia,
until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight
hundred and sixteen. *Id.*
166. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing
of the Local Militia in *Great Britain*, in the Twenty fifth
Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. 453
167. An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of
June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Charge of
the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; and for
making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers
of the said Militia during Peace. Page 457
168. An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to the
Militia of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*. 468
169. An Act to provide for the Charge of the Addition to
the Public Funded Debt of *Great Britain*, for the Services
of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. 469
170. An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of
Parliament, for better regulating the Office of Agent
General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and for the more
effectually regulating the same. 470
171. An Act to continue for One Year certain Acts for the
better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to seduce
Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea and Land
from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to
incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience. 472
172. An Act to provide for the Support of Captured Slaves
during the Period of Alijation. *Id.*
173. An Act for the better Protection of the Trade of the
United Kingdom during the present Hostilities with *France*. 473
174. An Act to extend the Exemption granted by Law on
Coal and Cylins for which the Coast Duties have been duly
paid, so being again exported and carried to any other
Place in this Kingdom, to Coasters or Coked Coals burnt
from Pit Coal, which has paid the Coast Duties. 475
175. An Act to continue until the First Day of August One
thousand eight hundred and sixteen, Two Acts of the
Fifteenth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty,
allowing the bringing of Coals, Cylins and Coasters to *London*
and *Wolverhampton*, by *Ireland* Navigation. 476
176. An Act for allowing certain Tolls to be made Duty-free
to ferries for Drumm. *Id.*
177. An Act for the further Prevention of Frauds in the
Manufacture of Spirits. 477
178. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth
Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty,
an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty,
for the more efficient Encouragement of the Manufacture
of Flax and Cotton in *Great Britain*. 478
179. An Act to revive, amend and continue, until the Twenty
fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and
twenty one, so much of an Act of the Forty first Year of
His present Majesty as allows the Use of Salt, Duty-free,
for making Fish or Salt or in Barrels; and to repeal certain
Laws relating to the Allowance of Salt, Duty-free, for the
North Sea and *Ireland* Fisheries. *Id.*
180. An Act to revive and continue, until the Fifth Day of
July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of
the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for
granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the
Salt Manufactures of *Great Britain*. 481
181. An Act for charging an additional Duty on certain
Seeds imported. *Id.*
182. An Act to authorize the Directors General of *Ireland*
Navigation in *Ireland* to proceed to carrying on and com-
pleting the Canal from *Dublin* to *Townsend* on the River
Stamone. *Id.*
183. An Act to repeal the Bounties payable in *Ireland* on the
Exportation of certain Calicoes and Cottons. *Id.*
184. An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law
Proceedings, and other written or printed Instruments, and
the Duties on Fire Insurances, and on Legacies and Suc-
cessions to Personal Estate upon Intestates, now payable in
Great Britain; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. 483
185. An Act for repealing the Stamp Office Duties on Ad-
vertisements, 483

- verities. Almsbills, Newspapers, Gold and Silver
Plates, &c. Conches and Licences for keeping Stage
Coaches, &c. payable in Great Britain; and for granting
new Duties is less thereof. *Page 567*
126. An Act for granting an additional Sum of Money for
providing a suitable Residence and Estate for the Duke of
Windsor and his Heirs, in Consideration of the eminent
and signal Services performed by the said Duke to His
Majesty and the Public. *571*
127. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums out
of the respective Consolidated Funds of Great Britain and
Ireland, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned
for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and
fifteen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted
in this Session of Parliament. *573*
128. An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant to John
Francis Esq. of Mer Esquire, and His Heirs and
Assigns, the Feu Duties and Quit Rents arising in the
Lordship of Strath, in Discharge of a Debt of greater
Value contracted upon the said Feu Duties by a grant from
His Majesty King George the First. *581*
129. An Act for allowing Henry Moss, Thomas Starling
Brosnan, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John
Newberry, to have Duty-free a Quantity of Strong Beer,
the Duty on which will be equivalent to the Duty on the
Beer sold, and to the Duties on the Malt and Hops ex-
ported in the Production of the Beer to sell. *582*
130. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth
Year of His present Majesty, to improve the Land Revenue
of The Crown, so far as relates to the Great Forest of
Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock; and for vesting in
His Majesty certain Parts of the said Forest, and for in-
cluding the said Forest. *Page 583*
131. An Act to authorize the Appointment of Commissioners
for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dun-
lerry, within the Port and Harbour of Dublin. *600*
132. An Act to remove certain Difficulties in the Dispositions
of Copyhold Estates by Will. *601*
133. An Act to enable His Majesty, until six Weeks after
the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, to
regulate the Trade and Commerce carried on between His
Majesty's Subjects and the Inhabitants of the United States
of America. *602*
134. An Act for better regulating the Practice of Apothecaries
throughout England and Wales. *Ibid.*
135. An Act for incorporating the Estates and Effects of the
late Sir James Calthorpe, the late Sir George Calthorpe,
Arnold Mylne, Sir Samuel Finlay, Adam Drummond and
Melis Frazer, and of their Successors, from all Claims and
Demands whatsoever in respect of any Commissions entered
into with His Majesty's Government. *608*
136. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of
Six Millions for the Service of Great Britain. *Ibid.*

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,
AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

1. An Act to continue the Term, and to amend and enlarge
the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road
from Corbridge, in the County of Gloucester, to Borely
Hall, in the said County. *Page 609*
2. An Act to continue the Term, and amend and enlarge
the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road
from Cirencester to Saint John's Bridge, in the County of
Gloucester, and certain other Roads therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
3. An Act to amend the several Acts passed for improving
Wet Dicks, Embank, Cuts and other Works, for the greater
Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and
Revenue, within the Port of London; and for raising a
further Sum of Money for the Completion of the said
Works. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts
of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads
from Egham through Ewell to Twickenham, and from Ewell to
Kingston upon Thames, and Thames Ditton; and several
Ewell Common Fields, to the Ryegate Turnpike Road
on Borely Heath, all in the County of Surrey. *612*
5. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present
Majesty, for repairing or rebuilding the Parish Church of
Stapleford, in the County Palatine of Cheshire. *613*
6. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the
Well and South Coast Navigation to raise Money for dis-
charging the Debts of the said Company. *Ibid.*
7. An Act for putting the Footways and Crosspaths, and
highways, watering, cleansing, mending and otherwise im-
proving the Burghs, Towns and other Public Places and
55 GEO. III. *Pages, in the Town of Basingstoke, in the County of
Southampton. Page 614*
8. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act
of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Barn-
staple, in the County of Devon, to Alton, in the County
of Cumberland, and from Alton through, by the Dyke, to
Barnstaple, in the County of Northumberland. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for erecting a Stone Hall, Courts of Justice and
other Buildings, for Public Purposes; and for providing
suitable Accommodations for His Majesty's Judges of
Assize, in and for the County of Hereford. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of Stan-
hope, by Edmondsham, in the County of Durham, to the
Culverley Turnpike Road near Greenhead, in the Parish
of Stanley, in the County of Northumberland. *618*
11. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of
His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dan-
chester to Southton, in the County of Warwick. *Ibid.*
12. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads leading
to and from the City of Exeter, and for keeping in Repair
Exeter Bridge and Causeway Near Bridge. *Ibid.*
13. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from
Elland Bridge, in the Parish of Belfry, to join the
Drumby and Elland Turnpike Road, as or near to a
certain Obelisk belonging to Sir George Armitage Bar-
row, in the Parish of Drumby, all in the Well Riding
of the County of York. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for repairing the Road from Haffenden, through
New Church and Scoop, to Tolleshate, and for making
55 GEO. III. *622*

- and widening several Branches thereof, all in the County Palatine of Lancaster. *Page 628*
- xv. An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Osborn to Alton*, in the County of *Southampton*. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act for widening the Town and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late Majesty King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Mossfield*, in the County of *Northampton*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Derby to Clapham*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the County of *Northampton*, and other Roads conserved therewith, leading into the Counties of *Bucks*, *Northampton* and *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River *Thames* at *Wandsworth*, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act to continue the Terms and alter and amend the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Lawson*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Burgton* and *Newcastle under Lyme*, in the County of *Stafford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and also to make a new Road from *Burgton* thenceforth to *Colebridge*, and a Branch thereof to *Burgton Church*. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing, enlarging and improving the Parish Church of *Burgton*, in the Counties of *Bucks* and *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- xxi. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for building a new Church at *Walsfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xxii. An Act to light, watch, pave, cleanse and improve the Streets, Highways and Parks within the Borough of *Reading*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and to provide for the Lights and Fences for the Protection of the said Borough. *Ibid.*
- xxiii. An Act to alter, extend and amend the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for better paving, lighting and watching the City of *New Sarum*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and otherwise improving the Town of *Algermonsey*, in the County of *Merioneth*. *Ibid.*
- xxv. An Act for amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for improving certain Parts of Ground belonging to the Right Honourable the Dowager Countess Southampton, and other Persons, in the Parish of *Saint Peter's*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting, cleansing and improving the Town of *Witcham*, in the County of *Wilt*, and removing and preventing Encroachments, Obstructions and Annoyances therein; and for Watching the said Town. *Ibid.*
- xxvii. An Act for draining, inclosing and filling the Waste Lands, and Liberties and other Commonable Rights, in the City and County of the City of *London*; to enlarge and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching and regulating the Streets, Lanes and other Public Places, within the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof; and for better supplying the said City with Water. *Ibid.*
- xxviii. An Act for building a Market House in the Borough of *Clifton* *Dorchester* *Harding*, in the County of *Dorset*; and for better paving, lighting, widening and improving the Streets and other Public Places within the said Borough. *Page 629*
- xxix. An Act to rebuild the Bridge in *Bird Street*, otherwise *Bridge Street*, in the City of *London*. *Ibid.*
- xxx. An Act for rebuilding *Tunford Bridge*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
- xxxi. An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for erecting a County Hall and other Offices for the County of *Perth*. *Ibid.*
- xxxii. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or near *Witcham Road Bridge*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to communicate with the Road at or near the South Milestone from *Rackish*, in the County of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiii. An Act for enlarging and altering the Town and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from the *Geese Camp*, near the Town of *Newcastle upon Tyne*, to the Town of *Bedford*, and from thence to *Bullion Burn*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Widley* to *Dunelm*, and several other Roads in the Counties of *Wilt*, *Dorchester* and *Perth*. *Page 630*
- xxxv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Widley*, in the County of *Bedford*, to *Widleyford Bridge*, and from the Town of *Widleyford* to *Widleyford*, in the County of *Bedford*, so far as respects the Middle Divides and separate Divides of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- xxxvi. An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of Two Acts of King George the Second, and Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Reddish*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, to *Halifax* and *Railend*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xxxvii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Brown Lyle* to *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, and from thence through *Shap*, to *Emmet Bridge*, in the County of *Westmoreland*; and for making a new Road from the said Road, at a Place called *Far Crisp Bank*, near *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, to communicate with the intended Canal from *Lancaster* to *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, and to join the said Road at or near a Place called *The Lanes*, near *Kirkby* in *Kendal* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
- xxxviii. An Act to continue the Terms, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for widening the Road from the Bottom of *Gully Hill* to the *Croft* in *Gloucester*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- xxxix. An Act to amend several Acts of His present Majesty, for making the *Swanfleet* *Apennine* Canal Navigable. *Ibid.*
- xl. An Act for establishing a Navigable Communication between the *Swanfleet* Canal Navigations and the *Warminster* and *Windsorham* Canal, and extending certain Acts passed relative thereto. *Ibid.*
- xli. An Act for enabling the *Gloucester* and *Cheltenham* Railway Company to raise a further Sum of Money for the Completion of their Works. *Ibid.*
- xlii. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Privileges of an Act of His present Majesty, for erecting a Court House and Prison for the Borough of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, and other Purposes; to provide for the Expense of the Prosecution of Fekes in certain Cases; and to establish a Police and Nightly Watch in the Town, Borough and Neighbourhood of *Leeds* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
- xliii. An Act for paving the Feet Ways and Cross Paths, and

- and lighting, watching, cleansing and improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Places, in the Borough or Town of *Andover*, in the County of *Hampshire*. Page 630
315. An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *St. John the Baptist*, in the Town of *Dorchester*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
316. An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Surrey* to provide a proper Place for the depositing and preserving the Public Records of the said County, together with a Residence for the Clerk of the Peace, for the safe Custody of such Records, and convenient Offices for transacting his Business; and also to settle a Table of Fees to be taken by such Clerk of the Peace. 631
317. An Act to enable the Union Society for effecting Invasions from Feud, and the Union Life Office for effecting Invasions on Lives and Survivorships, and for granting and purchasing Annuities, to sue and be sued in the Name of the Chairman or Secretary for the time being. 634
318. An Act for making and maintaining a Public Road from an area *Kilgobbin* Carny, in the Parish of *Fernd*, in the County of *Down*, to the Village of *Flighing*, in the Parish of *Myler*, in the same County. *Ibid.*
319. An Act for repairing the Road from *Swan*, in the County of *Surrey*, through the Borough of *Ratgate*, by *St. Andrew's Hill* to *Proby Croft*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the same County. *Ibid.*
320. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *St. John Lane* in the Town of *Cambridge*, to *Newmarket Heath*, in the County of *Cambridge*. *Ibid.*
321. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Hyggar Gate House*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Turnpike Milestone near *Greenwich*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew's*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
322. An Act for amending the Road from *Kilgobbin* to *Swan*, and for making and maintaining a Branch thereof, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
323. An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Down* and *Down*, leading to the Borough of *Leamington*. *Ibid.*
324. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for opening and making a new Road from the Turnpike Road at *Grays* to *Lynton*, in the Parish of *Leamington*, to the Cornhill of the Parish of *Yllyndroch*, near *Andover*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
325. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Uxbridge* to *Stoke*, near *Stoke*, and from *Midway* to *London*, in the County of *Stafford*. 635
326. An Act for building and maintaining a navigable Canal from the River *Donner* at *Edg* to *Canterbury*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*, to the Turnpike Road from the City of *Fair* to the Town of *Kings*, in the County of *York*, at a certain Place there, called *Street Bridge*, in the Township of *Packington*, in the said Riding. *Ibid.*
327. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a new Canal for the County and City of *Perth*; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
328. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard and providing additional Burying Ground for the Parish of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Perth*. *Ibid.*
329. An Act for paving or graveling, watching and lighting certain Public Houses on the West Side of the Turnpike Road in the County of *Perth*, in the Parish of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Perth*, and for preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein. *Ibid.*
330. An Act to repeal an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the River *Donner*, in the Parish of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Perth*, to the Northern Road, in the Parish of *St. Peter*, and from the Place where the Watch-house in *Edinburgh* formerly stood to the Market Place in *Edinburgh*, and from *Newington Green* to *St. Peter*, and for the several other Purposes therein mentioned; and to provide for more effectually repairing the said Roads, and for lighting, watching and watering several Parts thereof. Page 635
331. An Act for repairing an Act of His present Majesty, for the Repair of several Roads in the Counties of *Down*, *Down* and *Down*, leading to the Town of *Clard* in the County of *Down*, to be for making and repairing a Road from *Clard* to the River *Turnpike* Road, in the Parish of *Uxbridge*, in the County of *Down*, and for more effectually repairing the Bridges of the Roads comprised in the said Act. *Ibid.*
332. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads leading into and through the Town of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Down*, and several Roads communicating therewith. *Ibid.*
333. An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of Four Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from *St. Peter*, *St. Peter*, *St. Peter* and other Places in the County of *Down*, and for diverting the Line of Part of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
334. An Act for continuing the Town, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *St. Peter* to *St. Peter*, in the Parish of *St. Peter*, to the River *Turnpike* Road, and certain Roads therein mentioned, and to make and maintain other Roads to communicate therewith. *Ibid.*
335. An Act for making further Provision for the Secretary and Officer to the Vice-Chancellor of *England*, and for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and for providing additional Clerks for the said Office. 636
336. An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from *St. Peter* to *St. Peter*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 639
337. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Newcastle* and *Birmingham* Canal Navigable to complete and extend their Works, and for better supplying the said Canal with Water, and also for vesting in Trustees for the said Company of Proprietors, His Majesty's Right and Interest in certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Parishes of *Kilgobbin* and *Northfield*, in the County of *Perth*, formerly to the Crown. *Ibid.*
338. An Act for enabling the Commissioners of the Northern Light Houses to erect Light Houses in the Isles of *Man* and *Colly* of *Man*. *Ibid.*
339. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching and regulating the Streets and Public Places within Part of the Precinct of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Perth*. 642
340. An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *St. Peter*, in the County of *Perth*. *Ibid.*
341. An Act for establishing a Church or Chapel in *St. Peter*, in the Parish of *St. Peter* in the County of *Perth*. *Ibid.*
342. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers and Provisions of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for widening, altering and rebuilding *St. Peter* Bridge, in the City of *York*, and for widening a new Street, and making other Improvements in the said City. *Ibid.*
343. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for

PRIVATE ACTS,

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AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

7. **A**N Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Arundelham* otherwise *Arundel*, in the Counties of *Buckingham* and *Hertford*. Page 685
8. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Beaconsfield*, in the County of *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
9. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Heydon*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Snailsworth*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
11. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Tithings of *Hawley*, in the Parish of *Fenny*, in the County of *Sussex*. *Ibid.*
12. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Warpo*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stoke near Nayland*, *Nayland*, *Wigton* with *St. Wilfrid*, *Alfrington* and *Polstead*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dunstable*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
15. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Mandy*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
16. An Act for inclosing diverse Tracts or Parcels of Moor, Common or Waste Grounds within the Manor and Township of *Croft*, in the Parish of *Leicestershire*, in the County Palatine of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Ridgeway*, *Ridgeway Inferior* and *Birdingbury*, in the County of *Suffolk*. 687
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wigton*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
19. An Act for selling Part of the Reddary Estate of *Hammond* in the County of *Essex*, in Twelve, upon Trust to sell and dispose of the same, and to lay out the Money arising therefrom in the Purchase of other Hereditaments, to be settled in lieu thereof to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
20. An Act for selling the Ten Simple of certain Acres or Parcels of Ground, Milling and other Hereditaments, situate in the Parish of *St. Mary & St. Andrew* otherwise *St. Mary*, formerly the Estate of *James Esq.*, deceased, in Twelve, upon the Trusts in an Indenture of Release in the Twentieth Day of December One thousand five hundred and the sixteenth, declared concerning the same Hereditaments. *Ibid.*
21. An Act for inclosing the Ten Tracts or Parcels of Moor, Common or Waste Grounds, within the Parish of *Burton* in *Wendle*, in the several Counties of *Leicestershire* and *Lancashire* and for carrying the same into Execution. *Ibid.*
22. An Act for dividing and allotting certain Lands and Tenements within the several Tithings of *Burton*, *Essex*, *Essex*, *Essex*, *Essex* and *Essex*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
23. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of *St. Mary*, in the Parish of *Bedford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for inclosing and parceling in Ten a Lands in the Parish of *Grange*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for inclosing, and parceling in Ten a Lands in the Parish of *Grange*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bradford*, in the County of *York*. Page 689
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dring*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
28. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Milby*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
29. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Brampston*, *Wath upon Dearne* and *Swanton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
30. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Notten* otherwise *Norton*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
31. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Croft*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *South Raston* and *Bishop*, otherwise *Raston* *Bishop*, in the County of *Norfolk*. 690
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Appleton*, in the Parish of *Scarborough*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Highgate* and *Trambridge*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Milby* otherwise *Milby*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*. *Ibid.*
36. An Act for inclosing the *Moor* Common, otherwise *St. Mary*, in the Parish of *Almondbury*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for inclosing *Harrold* *Moor*, in the Parish of *Dane*, in the County Palatine of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *St. Mary*, in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Lordship of *Widewater*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Ramworth* and Parish of *Dane*, in the County Palatine of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
41. An Act for inclosing *Widewater* Common, in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Therfield*, in the Parish of *Therfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Llangrove* and *Llangrove* *Newborough*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. *Ibid.*
44. An Act to carry into Effect the Contracts made by the Sale of certain Parts of the Estates of the said *John Henry Polson*, Duke of *Newcastle*, situate in the Parish of *St. Clement* *Dane*, in the County of *Wiltshire*, and to supply the Deficits occasioned by the Loss of the Conveyances thereto by the Purchasers. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for selling Part of the Inclosed Estate, in the County of *Bedford*, of the *St. Mary* *St. Mary* *St. Mary*, in Twelve, upon Trust, to be sold, and for settling the Purchase Money in the Purchase of Estates to be settled to the same Uses, and for requiring the Trustees to carry in making a Partition of such of the said Estates as are now held by the *St. Mary* *St. Mary* and other Part, in undivided Shares. 691
46. An

40. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Sutton*, in the Parish of *Kilbuck*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. Page 589
41. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Horton* *Ruff*, in the Parish of *Kirkby* *Langdale*, in the County of *Wigmoreland*. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Broadbalk*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Harlebury*, in the Parish of *Harlebury*, in the County of *Worcester*. *Ibid.*
44. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Stratton*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hambleton*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Affen* *Rogers* and *Canal*, in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Marham*, in the Parish of *Marham*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act for explaining and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Great Chelmsford* and *Little Chelmsford*, in the Parishes of *Cricklade* *Saint Sampson* and *Cricklade* *Saint Mary*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
49. An Act for inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds, within the Parish of *Middleton*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Upper* *Levent*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stoke* *other* *wile* *Stoke* *Ferry*, *Wotton*, *Wardham*, and *Hanley* of *Wilt*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
52. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty for inclosing, and encouraging from, Tithes, Lands in the Township of *North* *Kilby*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
53. An Act for empowering the Trustees under the Will of *Jam* *Alston* Esquire, deceased, to effect a Partition of the Estates whereof undivided Shares were devised by such Will. 690
54. An Act to enable the Devisees in Trust and Executors named in the Will of *William* *Nass* Esquire, deceased, to grant Leases of his Residuary Leasehold Estates. *Ibid.*
55. An Act for dividing and settling the Common or Commonage of the *Leamonds* of *Nottingham*, in the Parishes of *Falfield* and *Stratling*, in the County of *Essex*. *Ibid.*
56. An Act for enabling the Sale of all or any Part of the Stocks already numbered in Redemption of Part of the Annuity of Six thousand eight hundred and seventy Pounds, payable out of the Consolidated Fund in lieu of the Duties of Bridge and Bargeage of Wares granted by King *Charles* the Second to *Henry* *Fifth* Duke of *Gloucester*, and the Heirs Male of his Body, and the Stocks which shall be transferred in Redemption of the Remainder of the same Annuity, and investing the Money arising from any such Sale in the Purchase of Manors, Lands and Hereditaments and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
57. An Act for vesting the Glebe Lands belonging to the Rectory of *Baginbun*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trustees for Sale, and for applying the net Monies thereof arising in providing a Parsonage House for the said Rectory, and in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled and annexed thereto. *Ibid.*
58. An Act for vesting certain Hereditaments devised by the Will of *Thomas* *Ship* *Dyer* *Bushell* Esquire deceased, called *The* *Dyer* *Alley*, in Trustees, to sell the same; and to lay out the Monies thereof arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. Page 690
59. An Act for settling the Vicarage and Rectory of *Wylsham*, in the County of *Wilt*, and within the Diocese of *Salisbury*, into one Rectory, with Cure of Souls. *Ibid.*
60. An Act for exchanging certain Tithes in the Manor of *Stroms*, in the Parish of *Worship*, in the County of *Norfolk*, from the Payment of Four lower Annates, and from the Repairs of the Chapel of *Stroms*, and for changing Freehold Lands and the Tithes thereof, within the same Manor, with the future Payment of the said Annates, and with the said Repairs. *Ibid.*
61. An Act to enable the Lord Bishop of *Windsor* to grant Leases of Lands allotted to him under an Act of the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for discharging the Tithes of South *otherwise* *Egg* *Bore* *otherwise* *Bore*, in the County of *Southampton*, and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Parish. *Ibid.*
62. An Act for vesting Part of the Settled Estates of Sir *Francis* *Bygon* *Barnard*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying the Proceeds in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. *Ibid.*
63. An Act for effecting the Sale of certain settled Estates of *Ann* *Powell*, Widow, and *Elizabeth* *Parry*, and for laying out the Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the former Uses. *Ibid.*
64. An Act for enabling *Nathaniel* *Dryden* Esquire to carry into Execution certain Articles of Agreement for a Building Lease of a Part of his Settled Estate, in the Parish of *Saint* *Mary* *Albanus*, in the County of *Middlesex*, entered into by him with *Robert* *Clarke* *Gentleman* and *Henry* *Richardson* *Gentleman*. *Ibid.*
65. An Act for exchanging certain Fee Simple Estates of the Reverend *John* *Dampier* Clerk, in the County of *Somerset*, for certain Settled Estates of the said *John* *Dampier* and *Mary* *Charlotte* his Wife, in the same County. 691
66. An Act for effectuating an Agreement for Sale of Part of the Glebe Lands belonging to the Rector of the Parish Church of *Chelms*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Use of the Royal Military Asylum. *Ibid.*
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Glitterton* *Saint* *Mary* and *Glitterton* *All* *Saints*, in the County of *Wilt*, and for repealing an Act passed in the Reign of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Chilston* *Saint* *Mary*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
68. An Act for enlarging and repairing the Parish Churches of *East* and *West* *Tringworth*, in the County of *Devon*, and for authorizing the Sale of divers Hereditaments in *East* and *West* *Tringworth*, *Alington* and *Alington*, in the said County; and for discharging the Expenses to be occasioned thereby. *Ibid.*
69. An Act for better carrying into Execution the Trusts of certain Charity Lands in *Duppford*, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
70. An Act for vesting in a new Trustee upon the subsisting Trusts, certain Estates of *John* *Moyle* Esquire, deceased, now vested in Infant Trustees. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sandbury*, in the County of *Berks*. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

73. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *West Amington* and *Griffiths*, in the County of *Salop*.
74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Conington cum Middleton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Heighley*, in the County of *Stafford*.
76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Packwood*, in the County of *Warwick*.
77. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *East Bergholt*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
78. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships, Hamlets or Manors of *Yaulyscaw* and *Middletun* by *Yaulyscaw*, both in the Parish of *Yaulyscaw*, in the County of *Derby*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
79. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Kensh*, in the Parish of *Long Mutton*, in the County of *Westmorland*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
80. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Papworth Everard*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
81. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gunnors*, and several other Parishes therein mentioned, and in the Township of *Llanrhydd Meronidd*, in the County of *Cardigan*.
[*Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or Surveyors General of Land Revenues, to appoint Assistant Commissioners, Attendants to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as Lords of the Manor of Meronidd. His Majesty's Attendants may file before execution of Award. Extract of Award relating to His Majesty's Attendants in his first to Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues. His Majesty's Rights sit forth in Award. Proviso for His Majesty's Rights in Moss and Minerals.*]
82. An Act for continuing and confirming on Sir *Henry Halford* Baronet, and the Heirs Male of his Body, the Summons and Arms of *Holford* only.
83. An Act for carrying into effect an Agreement between the Right Honourable *Stephen Earl of Mount Cashell*, and *John Power of Affens*, in the County of *Worcester*, Elquere, for the Surrender to the said Earl of a Lease for Lives, renewable for ever, of certain Lands of *Kilberrona*, called *Dinos*, in the County of *Tipperary*, comprised in the Settlement executed on the Marriage of the said *John Power* with *Ann his Wife*, deceased.
84. An Act for effecting a Partition between *Thomas Cuskerd* and *Jenny Bettes Cuskerd* Elquere, of Estates in the County of *Southampton*.
85. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *St Albans*, *Fincham*, *Swad*, *Curry Melton*, *Curry River*, *Beaconsfield*, *Abell Hill*, *White Larchington*, and *St Bernards*, in the County of *Stafford*.
86. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Hamlet of *Little Ramfigy*, in the Parish of *Darby*, in the County of *Derby*.
87. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Freckenham*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
88. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Clard*, in the County of *Stafford*.
89. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Nesley*, in the Parish of *Leppington*, and County of *Salop*.
90. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Clipping Barnet and East Barnet*, in the Parish of *Barnet*, in the County of *Hertford*.
[*No Lease of Lands, by Rector of Barnet, without Consent of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as Patrons of the said Rectory.*]
91. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Remington* and *Boffington*, in the Parishes of *Remington*, *Old Stratford* and *Lapworth*, in the County of *Warwick*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
92. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Manulcheg*, *Longbush* and *Llandilo*, in the County of *Pembrokeshire*.
93. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Uffington*, *Hellenes* and *Willand*, in the County of *Devon*.
94. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Langham*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
95. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Piddiworth* otherwise *Calver Piddi*, in the County of *Derby*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
96. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Thangfild*, in the County of *Stafford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
97. An Act to exonerate certain Estates and Trust Money from the Payment of a Jointure Annuity settled upon the Right Honourable *Margaret Lady Somers*, and from Persons settled on the younger Children of the Right Honourable *John Somers Lord Somers*, by the said *Margaret Lady Somers*, his Wife, and for charging the same upon other Estates and Estates in the County of *Worcester*, and for ennobling a Dever of the Court of Chancery, and other Purposes relative thereto.
98. An Act for vesting a feoffed Estate of *George Marriot* in him in Fee Simple, and for setting another Estate in him thereof.
99. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Colingbourne Keynton*, and *Barbap*, and in the Township of *Proben*, in the Parish of *Middleham*, in the County of *Wilt*.
100. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or District of *Carroville Uchard*, in the County of *Monmouth*.
101. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hepworth*, in the County of *Stafford*.
102. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township or Liberty of *Troby* otherwise *Uffly*, within the Manor and Parish of *Troby* otherwise *Uffly*, in the County of *Oxford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
103. An Act to enable *Abraham Gray* Sheriff of *Buckingham*, and his Heirs, to take the Name and bear the Arms of *Bute*, pursuant to the Will of *William Bute* Esquire.
104. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Right Honourable *Archibald John Earl of Rothesay* with *Henri Countess of Rothesay* his Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes.
105. An Act to enable *Henry Thomas Elquere*, and his Heirs,

- to use and bear the *Surname and Arms of Gower*, pursuant to the Will of his maternal Grandfather *Henry Gower*, Clerk, deceased.
105. An Act for confirming the Inclosure of certain Lands in the Parish of *Beume*, in the County of *Southampton*, so far as relates to certain Allotments made to *Ezekiah Corner* Widow and *John Carter* deceased.
106. An Act for enabling the surviving Trustees of Part of the Settled Estates of *Sir Samuel Egerton Brydges* Baronet, willed in Trusts by an Act made in the Thirty fifth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, upon Trust, to be sold or exchanged, to convey the same to the said Trusts, discharged of the Trusts of the said Act.
107. An Act for enlarging and rendering more effectual certain Powers granted to the Trustees of the Chapelry of *Southwick*, in the County of *Stafford*.
108. An Act for enabling *Charles Newdigate Parker*, calling himself *Charles Newdigate Newdigate Esquire*, to take the Name and Arms of *Newdigate*; and also for extinguishing a certain Rent Charge (subject to a Life Estate in Part thereof) pursuant to certain Conditions contained in the Will and Codicil of *Sir Roger Newdigate Baronet*, deceased.
110. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *East Meulley* and *West Meulley*, in the County of *Surrey*; [Allotment to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as Lords of the Manor of East Meulley otherwise Meulley Priory and for making Compensation for Taxes. Extract of Award relating to His Majesty's Allotment first to Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or to the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue. His Majesty's Allotment may be sold before Execution of Award. Proviso for His Majesty as Lord of the said Manor.]
111. An Act for dissolving the Marriage of *Charles Chiffie Esquire* with *Thengine* his own Wife, and for enabling him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
112. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Dyfne Pownall* with *Louisa* his Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

THE
STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGH III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Quinto.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty fourth Day of November, Anno Domini 1812, in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Eighth Day of November 1814, being the Third Session of the Fifth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

C A P. I.

An Act for the Encouragement and Reward of Petty Officers, Seamen and Royal Marines, for long and faithful Service, and for the Consolidation of the Clerk at Greenwich with the Royal Hospital there.

[25th November 1814.]

WHEREAS it is just that Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, should be rewarded for long and faithful Service; And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, in the County of Kent, have, by virtue of the several Laws now in force, Power and Authority to grant Out Pensions for the Relief and Support of Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, serving, or who may have served on board the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty, who, on account of the Length of their Service and their good and faithful Conduct, may be deserving thereof; unless such Seamen and Marines shall have become worn out or decrepit in His Majesty's Service; and it is therefore expedient that such Doubts should be removed, and effectual Provision made for enabling the said Commissioners and Governors to grant such Pensions and Rewards; And Whereas it is also expedient that the Funds belonging to the Clerk at Greenwich should be transferred to and incorporated with the Funds of Greenwich Hospital, and be hereafter administered by the Commissioners and Governors of the said Hospital, for the Purposes aforesaid, and the other Purposes of the said Hospital: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital, by and out of their perfect Funds, and by and out of any Funds which may be by this Act, or at any time hereafter, given or transferred to or to the Use of the said Royal Hospital, to grant Pensions, Remunerations or Allowances, to Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, who on account of the Length of their Service and good and faithful Conduct may be deemed deserving thereof, in the manner as Pensions, Remunerations and Allowances, are now granted to Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, who have been wounded or become disabled or worn out in His Majesty's Service.

Pensions to Seamen not admitted.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the said Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital shall, in granting Pensions, be governed by such Rules and Regulations, and by such Scale and Proportion, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall think fit by any Order in Council from time to time to order, direct or establish for that Purpose.

Regulations for Pensions.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Body Politic and Corporate of the Supervisors of the Clerk at Greenwich (a) shall be and the same is hereby declared to be utterly and for ever dissolved and extinguished; any Law, Statute or Charter, to the contrary thereof to any use notwithstanding; and that all Powers, Authorities and Duties, now existing or exercised by the Supervisors of the said Clerk at Greenwich, shall be and are hereby conveyed, transferred and given up and imposed upon the said Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital.

Clerk at Greenwich dissolved.

(a) [See 43 G. 3. c. 119. § 1. 46 G. 3. c. 105.]

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Defalcations, Detractions and Abstractions, heretofore or at the time of passing this Act made, from and out of the Wages of Mariners, Seamen and others, in His Majesty's

Funds of Clerk at Greenwich.

Majesty's Navy, and all Fines and Mails imposed by Naval Courts Martial, and the Per Centage fees and out of the net Proceeds of all Prizes taken by any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Pay, and from and out of the Debts of Admiralty, and Bounty Bills, which are now paid and applied to and to the Use of the said Institution, called "The Chest at Greenwich," together with all other Arrears, Revenues or Property of any Description belonging to the said Institution, shall, from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be vested in and for ever thereafter belong to the Commissioners and Governors of the said Hospital, as Part of the Funds of the said Hospital, and be paid, transferred and made over to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, in Aid of the Purposes of this Act, and the General Funds of the said Hospital.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons in whose Name or Names any Stock, Annuities or other Monies shall, upon the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be standing or being in Trust for or for the Use or Benefit of the said Chest, or in whom any Stock, Annuities or other Monies hath or have been invested for or for the Use or Benefit of the said Chest, and the Survivors and the Survivors of them, or the Executors or Administrators of such Survivor shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, assign and transfer such Stock, Annuities or other Monies as aforesaid unto the said Commissioners and Governors, to be applied by them under the Powers of this Act; and the said Stock, Annuities or other Monies when so transferred, and the Person or Persons employed by the said Commissioners and Governors in carrying this Act into Execution, shall be under and subject to the same Checks, Controls and Directions, as the other Funds of the said Hospital now are.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, in order to make Compensation to such Person or Persons as may happen to be removed under and by virtue of this Act from any Office, Place or Employment in the Affairs of the said Chest, now held and enjoyed by them with Salaries annexed thereto, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners and Governors, and they are hereby directed and required, to pay and allow to all and every such Person and Persons (not being again appointed to the like or any other Office, Place or Employment in the Affairs of the said Hospital under and by virtue of this Act, nor vacating such these said Office, Place or Employment on any account which would have vacated the same before the passing of this Act) such Sum and Sums of Money, and payable at such time or times, as and for Compensation for the Loss of any such Office, Place or Employment to each of such respective Persons, as to the said Commissioners and Governors, or the major Part of them, in their Discretion shall seem fit; and that all such Allowances shall be defrayed and paid out of the General Funds of the said Hospital.

VII. And be it further enacted, That one fit and proper Person shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be nominated and appointed to be the Accountant and Paymaster of Pensions in the said Royal Hospital, and with such Clerks under him, with such Salaries and subject to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners and Governors shall direct; which said Accountant or Paymaster and Clerks shall be appointed to and removable from their said Office respectively, under the same Rules and Regulations as at present exist with regard to the other Officers of the said Hospital, except the Governor and Treasurer thereof.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Paymaster of Pensions is hereby required, authorized and empowered to do and perform all Acts and Duties relating to or concerning all Out Pensions heretofore or hereafter to be granted from the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, which Acts and Duties are at present performed or required by Law to be performed with regard to such Pensions, or with regard to Pensions now granted from the Funds of the said Chest by the said Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or the said Accountant of the Chest at Greenwich respectively; and that the Signatures, Acts and Deeds of the said Paymaster, with regard to all such Pensions as aforesaid, shall be of as full Value and Effect for all Purposes whatsoever, as if such Signatures, Act or Deed were the Signatures, Act or Deed of the said Treasurer or Accountant respectively.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to enable or authorize the said Paymaster to draw any Monies out of the Bank of England or to receive or give Receipts or Acquittances for any Monies on Account of the said Hospital, or to exercise any Power or Authority now vested in the said Treasurer for the Receipt and Custody of any Funds belonging to the said Hospital, except as may regard such Sums as may be by the said Treasurer transferred, allowed or paid to the said Paymaster for the Payment or Discharge of the said Out Pensions; for all which Sums of Money the said Paymaster shall be accountable, and shall account in such manner, and according to such Regulations and Restrictions as are at present enforced with regard to Allowances now paid for the said Pensions, or which may be hereafter laid down and established by the said Commissioners and Governors, as otherwise aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Letters and Packets addressed to the said Paymaster for the time being, upon any Business or Affairs relating to the said Hospital shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be free from the Duty of Postage; and also, that all Letters or Packets sent by the said Paymaster of the said Hospital, relating to Out Pensions, shall be sent free from the said Duty of Postage, and all Letters and Packets relating to Out Pensions shall be under Cover, with the Words "Out Pensions, pursuant to Act of Parliament fifty fifth George Third" printed upon the same; and the said Paymaster or his Chief Clerk shall write his Name under the same; and if any such Paymaster or Chief Clerk shall send or convey under any of the Covers aforesaid, any Writing, Paper or Parcel, other than those relating to the Out Pensions of the said Hospital, the Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital, as soon as conveniently may be after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to call in and retain such Pension Tickets as shall have been granted by the Directors of the Clerk, and to issue thereof grant other Tickets to the same or greater Amount, as the said may require, in the Form now by Law established for the Out Pension Tickets of the said Hospital.

Pension Tickets called in.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all the Charters, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Powers, Points, as well of Death as otherwise, and all Privileges, Possessions, Matters and Things, contained in any Act or Acts now in force relating to Out Pensions granted by the Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital, shall be applied and put in force for the Purposes of this Act, and with respect to the Pensions to be granted in pursuance hereof, and for carrying the same into full Execution and Effect.

Provisions of former Acts extended to Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Act altered, &c.

[See reg. 56. post.]

C A P. II.

An Act for directing the Application of the Residuary Personal Estate of *Anna Maria Reynolds* Spinster, bequeathed by her to the Use of the Sinking Fund. [26th November 1814.]

WHEREAS *Anna Maria Reynolds*, late of *Glasgow Row*, in the Parish of *Saint James*, *Windsor*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Spinster, deceased, did, in and by her last Will and Testament made and published the third Day of November in the Year One thousand eight hundred and one, among other things, bequeath to the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury for the true being, and their Successors, all the Real, Residue and Remainder, of her Estates and Effects, after Payment of her Debts and Funeral Expenses, and certain Legacies bequeathed by the said Will and Two Codicils thereto, dated the Twenty fourth Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and two, and the Twenty fourth Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and three, to be applied by them to the Use of the Sinking Fund, in such manner as should be directed by Act of Parliament: And Whereas the Sum of Thirty four thousand and Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Two pence Stock in the Three Funds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, Three thousand five hundred Pounds Stock in the Five Pounds per Centum Navy Annuities, and Three hundred Pounds Long Annuities, transferable at the Bank of England, Parts of the Residuary Estate of the said *Anna Maria Reynolds*, have been transferred in the Books of the Bank of England into the Names of the Right Honourable *Robert Banks* Earl of *Lonsdale*, the Right Honourable *Nicholas Pasquiers*, the Honourable *Stanhope Paget*, the Right Honourable *William Lushington*, commonly called *Vicecount Lushington*, and *Charles Grant*, junior, Esquire, being Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and the Sum of Five thousand and Sixty six Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Four pence Stock in the Old South Sea Annuities, other Part of the said Residuary Estate, has been transferred in the Books of the South Sea Bank into the Names of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury; and it is expedient that the manner of applying the said Annuities and all other Annuities and Sums of Money which may here or may be derived from the Residuary Estate of the said *Anna Maria Reynolds* to the Use of the Sinking Fund should be directed by Act of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them for the time being, and they are hereby respectively required to transfer the several Annuities herebefore mentioned, and to transfer and pay all such further Annuities and Sums of Money as may here or may hereafter be paid or transferred to them from the Residuary Personal Estate of the said *Anna Maria Reynolds*, and all Interest and Dividends accrued or which may accrue thereupon, unto the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, and that the said last mentioned Commissioners shall apply the said Annuities and Monies to the Redemption of the National Debt, in the same way and under the same Regulations as any other Funds in their Hands may be by Law applicable to that Purpose: provided that it shall be lawful for them, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury or any Three of them for the time being, to sell and convert into Money any of the said Annuities if it shall be more convenient for the public Service so to do, and to apply the Money arising from thence to the Redemption of the National Debt in manner aforesaid.

Treasury to transfer certain Annuities to Commissioners for Redemption of National Debt.

II. And be it further enacted, That any Receipt given or to be hereafter given by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them for the time being, for any Part of the said Residuary Estate of the said *Anna Maria Reynolds*, shall be a valid Discharge in Law to the Exchequer or other Personal Representatives of the said *Anna Maria Reynolds*, for so much Stock or Money as in such Receipt shall be expressed to be received.

Receipts of Treasury for Discharge to Exchequer.

C A P. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain, and on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. [1st December 1814.]

XIX. AND be it further enacted, That, for the better assesseing, ordering, levying and collecting of the several Sums of Money so as last aforesaid limited and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid Part

Commissioners of Lord Treasurers Great

54 G. 3. c. 190.
no put this Act
in Execution.

Great Britain called England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit and Accoutrements, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, in reference to the same, all and every the Persons and Persons who, in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of the Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*; were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places of *England, Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed*, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act, passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, in that behalf, shall, together with any other Persons that may be appointed by any Act (s) to be made in this Session of Parliament, be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, unless and for all and every the Parishes, Constablenicks, Doonoms, Alms-houses and Places, situate within the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places respectively. (s) [See page c. 150.]

58 G. 3. c. 2.

57 G. 3. c. 260.
1801.

57 G. 3. c. 13.

57 G. 3. c. 4.

57 G. 3. c. 13.

57 G. 3. c. 13.

57 G. 3. c. 13.

58 G. 3. c. 1.

49 G. 3. c. 35.
1805.

49 G. 3. c. 69.
1805.

54 G. 3. c. 1.
1805.

Duties on Sugar,
&c. continued.

System
continued.

XXXXX. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, it was enacted, That the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profits, Offices and Profits of Office, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, the said several Duties on Sugar were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar in lieu thereof: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said Duties as Licences to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And Whereas the said Duties granted by the said last recited Acts were continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, together with the said Duties relating to Licences on Tobacco, were by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, and the said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be and the same are hereby severally and respectively further continued from and after the Expiration of the time limited as aforesaid, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and all Monies arising thereby which shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty. [See page c. 30. § 1.]

[This Act, except the Clause above inserted, is similar to 53 G. 3. c. 15.]

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

[18 December 1814.]

TREASURY empowered to raise £12,500,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 2. Treasury to apply Money raised, § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on first Supplies of next Session, § 4. Interest thereof of 3½ per Cent per Annum, § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5, 1815, § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance £5,000,000 on Credit of Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 10.—§ 7. Act short, &c. this Session, § 8.

CAP. V.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. [1st December 1814.]

"TREASURY may issue Exchequer Bills in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1. Clauses, &c.
 "in receipt A/c relating to Exchequer Bills extended to A/c, &c. Proviso as to issuing Exchequer Bills
 "on Credit of, c. 3. ante, in any other manner than they are authorized by that Act, &c. § 3. Interest of
 "3½d. per Cent. per Diem, § 4. Exchequer Bills may, at Expiration of Four Months after Date, be taken
 "in Payment of Revenue, § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance £1,000,000 on Credit of A/c,
 "notwithstanding § 4 G.W. & M. c. 20.—§ 6.

CAP. VI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for restraining the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum, in England. [1st December 1814.]

"WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for re-
 "straining for a limited time the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange for
 "Twenty Shillings and under Five Pounds: And Whereas the said Act was by an Act passed in the
 "Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty made perpetual: And Whereas by an Act passed
 "in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty the said first recited Act, so far as the same
 "relates to the making good of Promissory Notes, Drafts or Undertakings in Writing, payable on Demand to
 "the Bearer thereof, for any Sum less than the Sum of Five Pounds in the whole, and also to the restraining
 "the publishing or uttering and negotiating of any such Notes, Drafts or Undertakings as aforesaid, was
 "suspended until the first Day of May then next: And Whereas the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of
 "the Reign of His present Majesty hath by several subsequent Acts (a) been continued until Six Months after
 "the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and amended, and it is expedient that the same should be
 "further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice
 "and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and
 "by the Authority of the same, That the Act of the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, so far as the same suspends
 "the said Act of the Seventeenth Year aforesaid, shall beyond the same be hereby further continued, as amended,
 "until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

(a) [See 37 G. 3. c. 61. 180.—38 G. 3. c. 7.—39 G. 3. c. 9. 24. 47. 181; 38.—44 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.
 —45 G. 3. c. 25.]

CAP. VII.

An Act to repeal an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for granting Duties of Excise on certain Sorts of Glais made in Ireland, and for granting and allowing certain Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof. [1st December 1814.]

"WHEREAS an Act was made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant Duties of*
Excise on certain Sorts of Glais made in Ireland, and to grant and allow certain Countervailing
Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof; and it is expedient that the same should be repealed: Be it there-
 "fore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 "Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 "same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all the Duties, as well Internal Duties of Excise as Countervailing
 "Duties or others, and all Drawbacks granted or made payable by the said recited Act, shall cease
 "and determine; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act, and all Clauses, Provisions
 "and Regulations therein contained, for the issuing, collecting and paying the said Duties and Drawbacks, or
 "any of them, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

"II And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall have paid or shall pay any Sum or
 "Sums of Money, for or in respect of any Countervailing Duty imposed by the said recited Act on any Glais
 "made in Great Britain, and liable to such Duty under the said recited Act, or shall have paid or shall pay any
 "Duty or Sums of Money in respect of any estimated Increase in Value of any such Glais which shall have been
 "or shall be imported into Ireland since the Commencement of the said recited Act, and before the Expiration
 "of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and
 "Port Duties in Ireland, upon the Application of such Person or Persons, and they are hereby required, out
 "of any Money in their Hands arising from the Duties under their Management, to repay, or cause to be repaid,
 "to such Person or Persons, all such Sum and Sums of Money as such Person or Persons shall upon these
 "Oath or otherwise, in the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, make it appear to the said Commissioners that
 "such Person or Persons shall have actually paid for and in respect of such Countervailing Duties.

"III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, after the Ex-
 "piration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, to export from Ireland to Great Britain or elsewhere, and
 "to import into Great Britain, any Spanish Window Glais or other Window Glais, or any Plate Glais made in
 "Great

38 G. 3. c. 37.

repealed.

Persons having
paid the on the
and by Comdors
Barrons of
Customs.

Glais imported
into Ireland are
exported back to
G. B. or else-
where.

where, and
Drawback
allowed.

When Glass
re-exports to
G. B. only in
original Packages.

Proofs for Seal,
As. adjusted, &c.

On Importation
of Glass into
G. B. Importer
to pay Draw-
back.

Exportation
and Drawbacks
under various Regu-
lations.

Wool and cotton
Goods im-
ported in
Neutral Vessels.

Organized Silk
imported in any
Vessel.
s. M. & M.
Ed. 1. c. 9.

Great Britain, and which shall have been imported into Ireland at any time between the passing of the said second Act and the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act; any Act or Acts to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; and that every Person who shall so export any such Glass from Ireland to Great Britain or elsewhere, shall be entitled to and shall receive in Ireland, a Drawback equal to the Amount of all Duties which shall have been actually paid under the said second Act on the Importation of such Glass into Ireland, and as shall not have been repaid under the Provision in this Act before contained: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to entitle any Person or Persons whatsoever to any Drawback on Exportation of any British Window Glass from Ireland to Great Britain, unless the said Glass shall at the time of being exported, for each Exportation be contained in the original Packages in which the same was exported from Great Britain to Ireland, without the same having been unpacked since the Exportation thereof from Great Britain, nor unless the Excise Seals and Endings which had been put thereon in Great Britain, at the time of the packing thereof for Exportation, shall be remaining on the said Package; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; but in case it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, that such Seals and Endings have been injured or defaced by the Transit of any such Package or Packages, or in any other manner without the wilful Default of the Exporter thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct the Payment of such Drawback as is hereinbefore given and allowed by this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Importation into Great Britain from Ireland of any such Glass, which, having been made in Great Britain, shall have been imported into Ireland, and shall have been exported from thence to Great Britain under or by virtue of the Provisions in this Act before contained, there shall be paid by the Importer thereof, before the landing thereof in Great Britain, the Sum following, being the Amount of the Drawbacks payable by Law on the Exportation of such Glass from Great Britain to Ireland; that is to say, For every Hundred Weight of British Spread Window Glass, commonly called Board Glass, the Sum of One Pound Ten Shillings; for every Hundred Weight of all other British Window Glass (not being Spread Glass) whether fluted or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass, or German Sheet Glass, the Sum of Four Pounds Nine Shillings and Three pence; and for every Square Foot, Superficial Measure, of British Plate Glass, the Sum of Six Shillings and Six pence Halfpenny; and that the said several Sums shall be recovered, levied, collected, paid and applied in like manner and under and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Provisions and Forfeitures, in all respects, as any Countervailing or other Duty of Excise on the Importation of Glass into Great Britain may be recovered, levied, collected, paid or applied under or by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to the Excise Import Duties on Glass in force in Great Britain; and that such Glass shall not be subject or liable to such Importation thereof to any further Countervailing or other Duty whatsoever.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Repayment of any such Duty, and the Payment of any Drawback allowed or made payable by this Act, shall be made at such time, and in such manner, and under such Regulations, as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three of them, shall think fit to make in that behalf.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue during the Continuance of the present Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, so much of an Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, as permits the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

[12 December 1814.]

43 G. 3. c. 133. **WHEREAS** an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to permit during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and to empower His Majesty by Order in Council to prohibit the Exportation of Copper; and to permit the Importation in Neutral Vessels from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise: And Whereas it is expedient, that so much of the said Act as permits the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandise in this Act enumerated should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person to import into any Port or Place in Great Britain, all Sorts of Wool, and also Cotton Wool, and to import into that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, all Sorts of Tarble, Jessem Bark, Linn Yarn, Hemp, Taddies, Cochenal, Wool and Cotton Wool, from any Country or Place whatsoever, in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, assigned by Foreign Senates; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.*

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to import or bring into the United Kingdom from any Port or Place in Amity with His Majesty, in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, Organized Thowes Silk of the Growth or Production of Italy; any thing contained in an Act made in England in the Second Year of the Reign of their late

Majesties

Majesty King William and Queen Mary, intitled *his Act for disallowing the Importation of Thrown Silks*, or in any other *Act* or *Acts* in force in the United Kingdom, or in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that this *Act* or any thing herein contained shall not extend to give Liberty to import any *Indian Thrown Silk* that shall be clearer than a Sort thereof known and distinguished by the Name of *Third Selaia*, nor any Sorts of Silks commonly called *Trees*, of the Growth of *India*, nor any other *Thrown Silk* of the Growth or Production of *Turkey*, *Perfia*, *East India* or *China*, under the Privilege of *fortifying* all such *Thrown Silks* as shall be brought over and imported contrary to the *Proviso*, *trav* *Interest* and *Manner* of this *Act*: One *Muster* thereof to the use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other *Muster* to such *Persons* or *Persons* who shall *claim*, *inform* or *for* the same: to be recovered in such *Manner* and *Form* as *Goods* forfeited may be recovered by any *Law* relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively.

European.

Penny.

III. And, for the better and more effectual Execution of this *Act*, and to prevent the Importation of any Sort of *Thrown Silks* not authorized, be it further enacted and declared, That all such *Organized Thrown Silks* as is allowed to be imported by this *Act*, if landed in any Port of *Great Britain*, shall be brought to His Majesty's Customs House at *London*, to the Intent that on other Sort of *Thrown Silks* may be imported thus that allowed by this *Act*, under the Penalty of forfeiting all such *Thrown Silks* as shall be imported contrary to the *Proviso*, *trav* *Interest* and *Manner* of this *Act*: one *Muster* whereof shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other *Muster* to such *Persons* or *Persons* who shall *claim*, *inform* or *for* the same: to be recovered in such *Manner* and *Form* as *Goods* forfeited may be recovered by any *Law* relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively: any thing herein contained to the contrary hereof in any *Act* notwithstanding.

Silk brought to Customs House on Importation.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this *Act*, it shall and may be lawful for any *Person* or *Persons* to import into the United Kingdom any Sort of *Flax* or *Flax Seed*, in any *Ship* or *Vessel* belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, navigated by Foreign Seamen, from any Port or Place whatsoever, upon the same Terms and Conditions, and subject to the same Duties, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in any respect, as such *Flax* and *Flax Seed* would by any *Law* in force in the United Kingdom, or in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, have been subject and liable to if the same had been imported in Foreign Ships or Vessels of the Built of the Country or Place of which such *Flax* or *Flax Seed* was the Growth, Production or Manufacture, any thing in any *Act* or *Acts* of Parliament in force in the United Kingdom, or in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Flax or Flax Seed imported in the manner.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this *Act*, it shall and may be lawful for any *Person* or *Persons* imported into and made free of the Company of Merchants of *England* trading into the *Levant Sea*, commonly called or known by the Name of *The Turkey Company*, to import into the United Kingdom any Goods or Commodities which have hitherto usually been imported from *Turkey* or *Egypt*, or from any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior within the *Levant Sea*, in any Ship or Vessel built or belonging to *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, navigated according to *Law*, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, navigated by Foreign Seamen, from any Port or Place whatsoever, upon Payment of the same Duties, if imported in *British* or *Irish-built* Ships, as the like Goods would be subject and liable to if imported in *British* or *Irish-built* Ships directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture; but if such Goods shall be imported in any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, then and in such case the Goods so imported shall be subject to the Duties which such Goods would have been subject and liable to if this *Act* had not been made: any thing in any *Act* or *Acts* of Parliament in force in the United Kingdom, or in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons free of Levant Company may import Goods from Levant in British or Irish built Vessels.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Entry shall be suffered to pass at any Customs House in the United Kingdom for any such Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Turkey* or *Egypt*, or of any of the Dominions of the Grand Signior, as, before the passing of the last recited *Act*, of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, might be imported only from such Ports or Places in the *Synodus* or *Levant Sea*, as are within the Dominions of the Grand Signior, or for any *Drugs* which would have been liable to the Payment of higher Duties, when not imported directly from the Place of their Growth or Production, and which by the Authority of this *Act* are permitted to be imported in manner aforesaid, until the *Persons* importing or receiving the same shall produce to the Collector or other proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs in *Great Britain*, and to the proper Officer of the Revenue in *Ireland*, at the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand of the Clerk of the Duties for the said *Turkey Company*, certifying that such *Persons* are free of the said Company, and that he has paid the Duties imposed on such Goods by the said Company, and has conformed in all respects to the Rules and Regulations of the said Company relative thereto: Provided always, that all Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Production of Countries within the *Levant Sea*, imported into *Great Britain* under the Authority of this *Act*, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable to the *Levant Company*, in like manner as if such Goods, Wares and Merchandise had been imported into *Great Britain* directly from *Turkey*.

Certificates that Druggists in Force of Levant Company may import Goods from Levant in British or Irish built Vessels.

Funds for Duties.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Goods as shall in pursuance of this *Act* be imported into the United Kingdom in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, shall be subject and liable to the *Alien* and all other Duties in the same manner as they would be liable to by *Law* if such Ships were of the Built of the Country of which the Goods are of the Growth, Production or Manufacture.

Goods imported in Foreign Vessels to pay Alien Duty, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, when so imported as aforesaid, shall be liable to all Duties of Customs and Excise, and shall be subject in all Rules, Regulations

Goods imported in Foreign Vessels to pay Alien Duty, &c.

and

of Customs and
Excise, and to
Revenue
Board.
Continuance of
Act.

and Conditions, and to all Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, as which they would have been liable and subject if they had been imported into Great Britain or Ireland, according to any Law or Laws in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force during the Continuance of the present Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

C A P. IX.

An Act to continue, until the Expiration of Six Months after the Conclusion of the present Hostilities, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for authorizing His Majesty in Council to allow the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in Neutral Ships into and from His Majesty's Territories in the West Indies and Continents of South America.

[18 December 1814.]

48 G. 3. c. 111.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act for authorizing His Majesty in Council to allow, during the present War and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in Neutral Ships into and from His Majesty's Territories in the West Indies, and Continents of South America*: And Whereas the said Act has been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued until the Expiration of Six Months after the Conclusion of the present Hostilities.

continued.

C A P. X.

An Act to make further Provision respecting the Duties payable upon East India Goods, and to allow Bond to be given for Payment of the Duties upon such Goods when imported by Private Traders.

[18 December 1814.]

54 G. 3. c. 25.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Provision for ascertaining and collecting the Duties imposed upon East India Goods by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intimated *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Periods of making up and preserving certain Accounts of the said Company in Parliament*; as continue in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; to exempt the Proprietors from paying the new Warehousing Duties, and to reduce the Amount thereof in certain cases; and to allow the East India Company to give Bond for Payment of the Duties upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise imported into the Port of London by Private Traders, in the same manner as for Goods, Wares or Merchandise imported on their own Account: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Warehousing Duties imposed by Table (A.) of the said recited Act shall be charged upon all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as are therein enumerated or described, which shall have been or which may hereafter be imported into Great Britain by the said United East India Company or by Private Traders from any Port or Place from whence such Goods, Wares or Merchandise may lawfully be imported, and which shall have been or may be sold at three Sales, either before or after the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and such Duties shall be paid by the said United East India Company, or secured by their Bond in the manner directed by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported from the East Indies to be warehoused; and for regulating the Duties now payable thereon, and providing other Duties in lieu thereof*; and in cases where the said Duties are charged not according to the Weight, Tare, Gauge or Measure, but according to the Value of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, such Value shall be ascertained according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall have been or may be sold at the Public Sales of the said Company without any Deduction or Abatement whatsoever; any thing in the said first recited Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That in cases where any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise (except Indigo) sold at the East India Company's Sales on or before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have been cleared from the Warehouses on or before the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no other Warehousing Duties than were due prior to the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be held or be deemed to have been due and payable thereon; and where any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, remaining in the Warehouses after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be cleared before the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the same shall be charged with the Difference only (where such Difference shall be an Excess, and not otherwise) between the Amount of the Warehousing Duties already paid or secured on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, and the new and additional Warehousing Duties chargeable thereon by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and no other Warehousing Duties; but any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise which shall not be so cleared, shall be also

subject

Warehousing
Duties in Table
(A.) of Act
charged on
Goods imported
either before or
after April 20,
1814, &c.

59 G. 3. c. 39.

How Duties
charged on
clearing Goods
(except Indigo)
at certain
Periods.

subject to and liable to the full Amount of the Warehousing Duties imposed on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise in the Table (A.) of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, in Addition to any former Duties paid or payable thereon.

III. And be it further enacted, That Indigo sold at the Sales of the said United East India Company at any time before the said Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and which shall have been delivered from the Warehouses either for Exportation or Home Consumption after the said Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or delivered from the Warehouses after the passing of this Act, shall not be subject to the Duties charged thereon by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, but shall be deemed and taken to be subject and liable to all the Duties which would have been paid thereon if the same had been delivered from the Warehouses at the time of the Sale of such Indigo, and so on; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain, whether by the Company or Private Traders from Ports and Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, which shall have been sold at their Sales since the said Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, although imported before that Day, shall (except as hereinafter provided) be charged with the Duties imposed by the said recited Act, and no other.

V. And be it further enacted, That before any Goods, Wares or Merchandise imported into the Port of London by any Private Trader, under the Authority of an Act passed in the Fifth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing to the East India Company for a further Term the Privileges of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges for granting further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Ports within the Limits of the said Company's Charter*, and which are not intended to be sold at the Sales of the said East India Company, shall be lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses without Payment of the Duties, the Proprietor or Proprietors shall give Bond unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in a Penalty equal to double the Amount of the said Duties, with Condition on for Payment of the same before the Delivery of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise, from the Warehouses wherein the same shall be deposited under the Authority of the said last recited Act, and at the times and in the manner required by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said United East India Company, upon the Application of the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to give Bond for the Duties payable thereon, at the times and in the manner directed by the said recited Acts of the last and present Session of Parliament, as in Goods imported by or on account of the said Company; and such Bond shall be in lieu of that heretofore required of the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any of the Goods, Wares or Merchandise, enumerated or defined in the Table (B.) of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament (except Indigo sold at the Company's Sales before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen), shall be entered for Home Consumption, the Proprietor or Proprietors shall pay the Duties respectively charged thereon by the said Table (B.), although such Goods may have been imported and sold at the Company's Sales before the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or have been imported and sold before the passing of this Act.

C A P. XI.

An Act to continue, until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting to Foreign Ships put under His Majesty's Protection, the Privileges of Prize Ships; and for allowing Aliens in Foreign Colonies surrendered to His Majesty to exercise the Occupations of Merchants or Factors during the present War.

[18 December 1814.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to Foreign Ships put under His Majesty's Protection the Privileges of Prize Ships, under certain Regulations and Restrictions; and for allowing Aliens in Foreign Colonies surrendered to His Majesty to exercise the Occupations of Merchants or Factors during the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace*; And Whereas the said Act has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

C A P. XII.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation in Ireland, to the Warehousing of Spirits, and to the securing the Duties of Excise on Spirits distilled, and on Hides and Skins tanned in Ireland.

[18 December 1814.]

WHEREAS in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the Regulations contained in several Acts of Parliament, for imposing and levying a Fine upon Persons, Townlands and other Places in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland*, and 35 Geo. III.

C

34 G. 3. c. 103.

13.

Several Fines or Sums of Twenty five Pounds, Forty Pounds and Sixty Pounds is the said Act mentioned as respectively directed to be imposed upon Parishes, Places, Districts or Divisions, on account of any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or any Wagon or other Vehicle for distilling of Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Still, Low Wine or Singings having been found or used in any Place therein as

14.

in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas it is by the said Act provided, that the Court which shall impose any such Fine or Sum shall direct the Treasurer of the County, County of the Town or City, to issue his Warrant for levying the said Sums or Fines of Forty Pounds and Sixty Pounds, but by Mistake the said Sum or Fine of Twenty five Pounds is contained in the said Provision: For Remedy whereof be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when any Court shall impose any such Fine of Twenty five Pounds, or direct the same to be levied on any Parish (a), Township, Quarterland, Half-hill, Manor or Lordship, or other Place, District or Division whatsoever, such Court shall direct the Treasurer of the County, County of the Town or City, to issue his Warrant to levy such Fine or Sum of Twenty five Pounds in the same manner as the Court is by the said recited Act required to direct such Treasurer to issue his Warrant to levy the said Fines or Sums of Forty Pounds and Sixty Pounds respectively, as in the said recited Act mentioned and directed to be levied; and every such Treasurer shall issue his Warrant for the levying of every such Fine or Sum of Twenty five Pounds accordingly.

(a) [See page c. 151. f. 1.]

For a full
under Act and
in the manner
as other Fines
are.

To be taken according
to the
in the Clerk
of the Court.

Tithing

II. And be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace who shall, from and after the passing of this Act, take or receive any Information for any Offence, whereby or in respect whereof any Parish, Place, District or Division shall under the Provision of the said Act be subject or liable to any of the Fines or Penalties inflicted by the said Act, shall, and such Justice is hereby required to deliver One Day in the last previous to the Commencement Day of any Assizes, or first Day of any Protesting Term respectively to the Clerk of the Crown all such Informations as taken and received by him; and if any such Justice shall omit or neglect to deliver any such Informations, every such Justice shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty five Pounds for each and every such Information which such Justice shall omit or neglect to deliver within the time aforesaid to the Clerk of The Crown; such Sum, Fine or Penalty, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Informations in any Court of Record in Ireland, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction, and which is hereby fully authorized to take Cognizance of the same by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and in such Proceedings no Efforts, Pretences, Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; and the Money recovered by such Action or other Proceedings shall be applied as in One Half thereof to and for the Use of the Person suing for the same, and the other Half to and for the Use of the Informer of the County or County of the City or Town, as the case may be.

Regulations
under Act re-
specting the
charge of an
assessing the
value, or Per-
centage of any
estate, in cases
in which the
Quarter of
the Court will
be taken.

21 G. 3. c. 126.

Where Fines
have not been
levied, Court
may, &c. &c. &c.
Order.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act and during the time that any Treasurer of any County, County of a Town or City, or any Collector of Grand Jury Cells, shall be authorized, empowered and required to levy and collect any such Fine or Fines, all and every the Regulations, Provisions, Restrictions, Exceptions, Matters and Things in the said recited Act contained, whereby any Court or Judge of Assize, at any Assize or Protesting Term, is required not to order the Discharge of any accounting Affidavit, or to sit or otherwise authorize the Payment or Application of any Sum of Money as therein mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby applied to and shall extend to Courts of Quarter Sessions (b), as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Court of Quarter Sessions had been expressly mentioned in the said Act; and that all and every such Regulations, Provisions, Restrictions, Exceptions, Matters and Things, shall be applied and put in Practice with respect to all such Fine or Fines which shall have been imposed since the passing of an Act made in the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the more effectually punishing the illicit Distillation of Spirits in Ireland.*

(b) [See page c. 151. f. 2.]

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when it shall appear to the Satisfaction of any such Court or Judge, that although the Fine or Fines which shall have been imposed at any former Assize or Protesting Term, upon any Parish, Township, Place, District or Division, have not been levied, it has not been by the Default or Neglect of the Treasurer or Collector of Grand Jury Cells, or other Person employed to collect such Fines, that the same have not been levied upon and off such Parish, Township, Place, District or Division, it shall and may be lawful for the said Court or Judge to order the Discharge of any accounting Affidavit, or to sit or otherwise authorize the Payment or Application of any Sum upon or in performance of any such Affidavit, for the making or repairing any Road, or for building or repairing any Bridge, or for the building or repairing any Sessions House or other Public Building, or for the performing or carrying on any Public Building or other Public Work in any Barony or Half Barony, or in any City or Town within which is a Parish, Township, Place, District or Division, shall be Statute; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas in consequence of the Neglect and Delay of which have in many Instances occurred in the Collection and Distribution of Fines which have been imposed under the Acts for the preventing the illicit Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, it may hereafter be deemed expedient that the Collection or other Persons empowered to collect the Grand Jury Cells should not be exempted it is the levying, collecting or receiving of any such Fines: Be it therefore further enacted, That when it shall appear expedient to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland to appoint other Persons for the collecting and levying such Fines to all or any of the Counties, County of Town or City in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to do so, and for that Purpose from time to time to give Notice under the Signature of the said Commissioners or any Three of them, by Publication in the Dublin Gazette, that it has been deemed expedient by the said Commissioners to appoint other Persons for the levying and collecting of such Fines within

Commissioners
of Inland Revenue
and Taxes may
appoint Persons
for levying
Fines.

any such County or Counties, County or Counties of Towns or Cities, as shall be mentioned in such Notice; and the said Commissioners shall, by such Notice, require the Treasurer or Treasurers of any such Counties, Counties of Towns and Cities, which shall be mentioned in such Notice, and the several Collectors or other Persons empowered to levy any such Fines, to deliver up (a) within such time as shall be mentioned in such Notice, all and every the Warrants and Warrants which shall not at such time have been fully executed to the Person or Persons who shall be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, under their Hand, to receive and execute such Warrants, and upon Demand made to him or them for that Purpose by the Person or Persons, or any of them is nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, such Treasurer or Collector or other Person shall deliver up all such Warrants accordingly, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for each Warrant which such Treasurer or Collector or other Person shall not at such Demand made to deliver up, and every such Person and Persons so nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners or any Three of them, to receive and execute the said Warrants, shall and they are hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required to levy all and every the Fines and Fees which shall be mentioned in any such Warrant or Warrants, and to execute or complete the Execution of the said Warrant or Warrants, with like Powers and Authorities, and in like manner to all lettings and Purpools as the Collectors of Grand Jury Cels, or other Person to whom such Warrants had been originally granted were empowered to execute, and might or could have executed the same, and with all the like Remedies in case of Nonpayment thereof, or of any Part thereof, as are prescribed by Law with respect to any Money to be levied under any Prebentment of Grand Jury; and every such Fine, Penalty or Sum of Two hundred Pounds shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record in Ireland, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction, and which is hereby fully authorized to take Cognizance of the same by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and in such Proceedings no Estoppel, Protection, Waiver of Law nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; and the Money recovered by such Action or other Proceeding shall be applied as in One Half thereof to and for the Use of the Person suing for the same, and the other Half to and for the Use of the Infirmary of the County or County of the City or Town, as the case may be. (a) [See post, c. 171. § 5.]

VI. And be it further enacted, That as the Trial of any Action, Information, Indictment, Suit or Prosecution for or concerning any Matter or Thing done by or against any Person or Persons who shall be so nominated and appointed as aforesaid by the said Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes when acting in the Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities given by this Act, where it may be necessary to prove the Nominations or Appointment of any Person or Persons acting as aforesaid, an attested Copy of the Registry or Entry of the Nominations or Appointment of such Person or Persons in any of the Books of or belonging to the said Commissioners, or in any of the Books of the Collector of Excise for the District within which such Person or Persons shall have so acted, shall be admitted as Evidence that such Person or Persons was or were legally appointed and authorized to sit in the Execution of this Act, without producing the Nominations &c Appointment by which such Person or Persons was or were appointed: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall affect the Appointing and Appointment of any Fine imposed on any Parish, Township, Place, District or Division, and that every such Fine shall and may be appointed and appointed under the Provisions of the said recited Act, first only that every Appointment shall be delivered to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the Place upon which the Fine shall be levied shall be situate, and not to the Collector of the Grand Jury Cels, as is required by the said recited Act, and thereupon every such Fine shall be levied agreeably to such Appointment, in the like manner in every respect as the Collector of Grand Jury Cels was in and by the said Act directed to levy the same in cases of Appointment made under the said Act; and in case no such Appointment shall be made and delivered to the Collector of Excise, then the Fine shall and may be levied in the same manner in all respects as every such Fine is by the said Act required to be levied where no Appointment has been made under the said Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the levying and collecting of such Fines shall have been transferred under the Provisions of this Act, it shall be deemed expedient by the said Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes as aforesaid, that the levying and collecting of such Fines should again be transferred to and made by the Treasurers of Counties, Counties of Towns or Cities, and Collectors of Grand Jury Cels, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to give Notice under the Signature of any Three of them, by Publication in the Dublin Gazette, that it has been deemed advisable and expedient by the said Commissioners that the levying and collecting of such Fines shall be again had and made by the Treasurers of Counties, Counties of Towns and Cities, and by the Collectors of the Grand Jury Cels, from such Day as shall be specified in such Notice; and thereupon all and every the Warrant and Warrants which shall not at such time as aforesaid have been executed shall be delivered up to the respective Treasurers, who shall thereupon offer and deliver the said Warrants to the Person or Persons to whom the same had been originally directed; and all as to every such Fine &c &c from which shall be mentioned in such Warrant or Warrants shall be levied in like manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities and Remedies, in case of Nonpayment thereof, or of any Part thereof, as are provided by Law with respect to any Money to be levied under the Prebentment of a Grand Jury, and also the same might and should have been levied under the said Warrants as originally directed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Dublin Gazette imposing to contain a Copy of any Notice or Notice which shall be given under the said recited Act, or which shall hereafter be issued under this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be and shall be conclusive Evidence in all Courts of Civil or Criminal Jurisdiction in Ireland, of all such Matter as is and shall be contained in such Notice respectively; and every such Notice shall be deemed and taken to have been issued in conformity to the several Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act, in the case may be.

Treasurers, to deliver up Warrants.

Penalty.

New applied.

Attested Copy of Registry of Appointment of Collectors by Commissioners Excise.

Appointing, &c. of Fines and effect.

c. 171. §. 5. 1798. § 53.

Collection of Fines may be again transferred to Treasurers.

Notice Dublin Gazette & notice &c Evidence.

26 G. 3. c. 10.

11.

Regulations
made for clearing
the strength
at which Spirits
were distilled.

14 G. 3. c. 34.

14.

Taxes of Spirits
as Account of
Quantity of
Malt permitted
to Malt Kilns,
&c.
Distillers, and
an Account, in
Account.Provis.
Dist. producing
Account.

Provis.

26 G. 3. c. 34.
11.
repealed in
Act.

Provis.

26 G. 3. c. 34.
10.Oath by whom
administered.
Respecting the
Oath.26 G. 3. c. 34.
10.

IX. And Whereas it is by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for regulating the warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon*; and to transfer the Custody of Spirits so warehoused from the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland and their Officers, to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland and their Officers, it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for Distillers to warehouse Spirits for Exportation, subject to such Rules and Regulations as the Commissioners of Excise shall from time to time direct or order; and Doubts may be entertained whether the Strength of such Spirits is to be warehoused may be ascertained is and by such Rules and Regulations; for the obtaining of such Doubts, he is declared and enacted, That in and by any Rules and Regulations made or to be made by the said Commissioners of Excise, it shall and may be lawful to specify and ascertain the Strength at which any such Spirits may be warehoused, not being less than the Strength at which the same are allowed to be warehoused under the said recited Act; and that any Rules and Regulations which shall have been or shall be made by the said Commissioners for such Purpose shall be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

X. And Whereas by one other Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that every Distiller from Corn or Grains shall, within Seven Days next after the *Wednesday* in the Fourth Week of the respective Periods of Four Weeks in the last Aft mentioned, produce and deliver, or cause to be produced and delivered, to the Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, an Account of the Quantity of Malt actually permitted to the Malt Kieve of such Distiller within the Four Weeks ending on and including such *Wednesday*; and that if it shall appear that the Quantity of Malt so permitted shall be less than after the Rate of One Barrel of Malt for every Twenty four Gallons of Spirits which such Distiller shall distil, or shall be charged or chargeable with from all Wash brewed or made by him within such last mentioned Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, ending on such *Sunday*, then in such case every such Distiller shall for every Barrel of such Deficiency forfeit as in the last Aft recited Act is mentioned; And Whereas it is expedient that instead of the Account by the said Act directed, that every Distiller should be required to deliver an Account of the Quantity of Malt actually permitted to the Malt Kieve of such Distiller in every such Period of Four Weeks as in the said Aft mentioned, ending on *Friday* instead of *Wednesday*, as is directed by the said Act; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Distiller shall, within Seven Days next after the *Friday* in every Fourth Week of the Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days during which any Still or Stills of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working, produce and deliver, or cause to be produced and delivered, to the Officer in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, an Account of the Quantity of Malt actually permitted to the Malt Kieve of such Distiller, within the Four Weeks ending on and including such *Friday*; and if upon such Account, and the Permits which shall have been granted for the permitting of such Quantity of Malt into the Malt Kieve of such Distiller, it shall appear that the Quantity of Malt so permitted shall be less than after the Rate of One Barrel of Malt for every Twenty four Gallons of Spirits which such Distiller shall have distilled or shall be charged or chargeable with by Law in the Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, ending on the *Sunday* next succeeding such *Friday* (being the Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days within which the Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working), then in such case every such Distiller shall for every Barrel of such Deficiency of Quantity of Malt forfeit and pay the Sum of Nineteen Shillings and Six pence *British* Currency; and if any Distiller shall not produce and deliver or cause to be produced and delivered any such Account to such Officer within the time aforesaid, every such Distiller shall for every Twenty four Gallons of Spirits which such Distiller shall have distilled, or shall be charged or chargeable with by Law within such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, ending on such *Sunday*, forfeit and pay the Sum of Nineteen Shillings and Six pence *British* Currency; which said several Sums or Penalties shall be paid, distributed, remitted and applied in the same manner in all respects as the several Sums, Penalties and Forfeitures of Nineteen Shillings and Six pence *British* Currency mentioned in the said recited Act are thereby directed to be paid, distributed, remitted or applied.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Regulations, Provisions, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Act with respect to the Payment by any Distiller of the Duty on a Quantity of Malt equal to the Quantity which should appear deficient under the said Act, shall be applied and put in Practice with respect to any Deficiency of Malt which shall appear in any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days under this Act; and that if any Distiller shall in the Account hereby required to be delivered submit a greater Quantity of Malt as having been distilled, used or consumed by such Distiller within the Period mentioned in such Account than such Quantity as shall appear to have been consumed within the said Period in the Stock Account of Malt made or received by such Distiller, every such Distiller shall, for every Barrel of such Excess of Malt, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; and that every Collector or Perce in charge of the Collection of the Duties shall within Seven Days next after the *Friday* in every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days require such Distiller to take and subscribe in manner by the said Act directed the Oath or Affirmation of the Truth and Purport therein set forth; and that in every such Oath or Affirmation *Friday* shall be instead of *Wednesday*; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any Distiller being thereto required, shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe such Oath or Affirmation, such Distiller shall be subject to the like Penalty as any Distiller would by the said Act be subject to for neglecting or refusing to take and subscribe the Oath or Affirmation therein mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in each of the said last mentioned Acts made in the last Session of Parliament, as respects each Part or Parts of an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's

Reign,

Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for regulating the Distillation of Spirits in Ireland*, as empowered the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, to make any Allowance to any Distiller, or to abate the Quantity of Spirits wherewith any Distiller may be chargeable by Law in any Period of Four Weeks in Consideration of any Loss by any Fatality or Accident, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to make any Allowance to any Distiller, or to abate the Quantity of Spirits wherewith any Distiller may have been or shall be chargeable in Consideration of any Loss by Fatality or Accident, in the same manner and upon the like Terms and Conditions, and subject to the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, as the said Commissioners are authorized to do by the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign; any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Distiller who shall have been or shall be intended to keep any Still to set up or erect any other Still (a) in the Place and Strand of the Still which such Distiller shall have been or shall be intended to keep, although such Still so to be set up and erected may not have been previously lodged in the Excise Office of the District; any thing in an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that in every such case every such Distiller who shall be set up or erect, or shall have set up or erected any such Still, shall be deemed to have been chargeable, and such Distiller shall be and continue chargeable in all respects as if the Still which had been intended had continued in Work; and every such Distiller and his Successors shall be subject and liable accordingly; and it shall not be necessary for any such Distiller to take out a Licence for such Still which shall be set up or erected in the Place and Strand of the Still which shall have been or shall be intended, unless such Distiller shall be required by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to take out a Licence for such second or other Still, and which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to require, whenever they shall think it expedient; and every such Distiller, when so required, shall be bound to take out a Licence for such second or other Still, and in Default of so doing, shall be deemed and taken to be to all Intents and Purposes an undelivered Distiller, and liable to all Penalties and Forfeitures accordingly as such: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to reduce or abate any Charge against such Distiller, in the like Manner and on the like Account as such Commissioners are by Law allowed to reduce or abate any Charge against any Distiller.

(a) [See *post*. c. 111. § 6.]

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize any Distiller to receive hops, or have or keep in his Distillery, any such second or other Still, until such Distiller shall have removed and sent away out of his Distillery and Premises in any manner connected therewith, such former Still, in the Place and Strand of which such second or other Still shall be intended to be set up or erected.

XV. And be it further enacted, That Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and which shall have been or shall be intended according to Law in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in Ireland, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable thereon in Ireland, shall not be delivered out of or removed from any such Warehouse or Stores for Exportation, at any time of the Day before the Hour of Nine in the Forenoon, or after the Hour of Two in the Afternoon, nor at any Hour upon any Excise Office or Custom House Holiday; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And Whereas in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if upon the Account taken by the Officer in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller of any Wash, Pot Ale or Singhaga, brewed or made or found in such Distillery within any Period of Four Weeks, such Distiller shall be chargeable by Law with a greater Quantity of Spirits than such Distiller is by the said recited Act authorized or allowed to make or distil within such Period, the Officer shall charge Double Duty for every Gallon of such Excess of Spirits, and that such Distiller shall pay the said Duty, and also forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: And Whereas Distillers are by Law allowed a certain time for the distilling of Wash or Pot Ale after the Day the same shall have been brewed, by reason whereof they may within any Period of Four Weeks have in their Distilleries Quantities of Wash or Pot Ale intended for and applicable to the making of Spirits to be distilled in the subsequent Period of Four Weeks: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer to include in any such Account any Wash, Pot Ale or Singhaga, which shall not have been respectively fermented within such Period of Four Weeks in which he shall have taken such Account; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding. [See *in* *sec.* 10. of 54 G. 3. c. 120. *post*. c. 111. § 6.]

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Distiller shall in any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days make or distil any greater Quantity of Spirits than such Distiller is by the last Act recited Act respectively authorized and allowed to make or distil in such Period, and that it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, that such Excess of Spirits was accidental, and was occasioned by circumstances against which such Distiller could not reasonably have provided; then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to order that such Distiller shall not be liable to the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds in the said Act mentioned for such Excess, who shall thereupon be freed and discharged from the said Penalty, and the Single Duty by Law chargeable on Spirits, and no more, shall be payable on such Excess; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And

repealed.
Allowance to
Distiller for Loss
from Accident,
Subject to Ap-
probation of
Lord Treasurer.

Still to set up in
Place of intended
Still, though not
previously
lodged in Excise
Office.
Act G. 3. c. 81.
§ 6.

Licence taken
out for Still if
required.

Second Still.

Penalty.

Former Still
removed before
when the up.

Time of Removal
of Spirits
from Warehouses
for Exportation.

54 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 6.

Regulation re-
garding Ac-
count of Wash
distilled in.

Excess of Spirits
arising from Ac-
cident not liable
to Penalty.

Single Duty.

24 G. 3. c. 125.
§ 13.

XVIII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament to regulate the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, certain Compositions are given to the Proprietors of Spirits distilled in Ireland, which having been warehoused at the time as the said Act mentioned in any of His Majesty's Warehouses in Ireland, should be taken out either for Home Consumption or for Exportation to Great Britain before the First Day of November next after the passing of the said Act; And Whereas, in consequence of Difficulties having occurred several Proprietors of such Spirits were prevented from so taking out the same before the said First Day of November; and the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland did by their Orders, bearing Date the Twenty fourth Day of October and First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, made as the Memorial of several of such Proprietors, direct that the said Compositions should be paid on all such Spirits which should be taken out of His Majesty's Warehouses for the Purposes as the said Act mentioned, before the First Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and it is expedient that such Orders should remain in the Statute and Confirmation of Law; Be it therefore enacted, That such Orders are hereby declared to be valid to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made pursuant to the Authority of any Act of Parliament, and to be a good and sufficient Warrant and Authority for the Payment of the said Compositions.

Compositions for Spirits taken out of Warehouses before Day 1, 1814, continued.
Duties payable by Tanners, &c. levied by Distillers.
Hides or Skins.

XIX. And, for the more easy Collection of the Duties payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon Hides and Skins tanned and upon Hides and Skins dressed in Oil, and on Valium as to Parchment made in Ireland, be it enacted, That in addition where any Duties payable by any Tanner, Ball Tanager, Currier, Spanish Leather Dresser, or other Dresser of Hides or Skins, or by any Maker of Valium or Parchment, shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are by Law made due and payable (in all such Duties as shall have been incurred before as such Duties which shall be incurred after the passing of this Act), it shall be lawful for the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the District in which such Duties shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distress all or any Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins, whether the same shall have been tanned or dressed or not, and all or any Valium and Parchment in any Tan Yard, Tan House, or other Yard or Workhouse, Mill, Store, or other Place used by any such Tanner or other Person respectively, for the tanning, dressing, drying or keeping any Hides or Skins, or any Piece thereof, or for making or keeping any Valium or Parchment, and to cause the same to be sold by Public Auction, giving Six Days previous Notice thereof, and if after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from each Tanner, Ball Tanager or Currier, Spanish Leather Dresser or other Dresser of Hides or Skins, or from any such Maker of Valium or Parchment, together with the Costs and Expenses of such Taking, Distressing and Sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith tendered and paid to such Person or his Representatives: Provided always, that when any of the Articles aforesaid shall be so taken and distressed, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or his Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the same to be delivered up to him or them upon his or their paying to the Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties to due and payable, the real Value of such Articles as he or they shall desire to have delivered up, and the same may be delivered up accordingly.

Proviso.

Proviso here inserted.

24 G. 3. c. 125.
(1) 24 G. 3. c. 125.

24 G. 3. c. 125.
24 G. 3. c. 125.

Appeal.

24 G. 3. c. 125.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, here as otherwise directed by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall and may be levied for and recovered, levied and applied except as hereinafter otherwise is provided, in such Manner and Form, and by such ways and means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are preferred, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in or by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Constitutions and Purposes as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured — is and by the said Act, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise as provided.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See p. 11, 131.]

C. A. P. XIII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland, by appointing Superintending Magistrates and additional Constables in Counties, in certain Cases*. [18 December 1814.]

14 G. 3. c. 132.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland, by appointing Superintending Magistrates and additional Constables in Counties, in certain Cases*; and it is expedient to amend the same; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as by and under any one or more Proclamations or Proclamations, issued in manner in the

24 G. 3. c. 132.
24 G. 3. c. 132.

And be it further enacted, That, after the said Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, by the Advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, to declare by Proclamation or Proclamations, that any Part or Parts of any County or Counties, or of any County of a City or County of a Town, in such Proclamation or Proclamations to be specified, is or are in a State of Disturbance, and requires or require an extraordinary Establishment of Police in like manner as by the said recited Act of the said Session of Parliament is provided and enacted with respect to any Barony or Barons, or Half Barony or Half Barons, in any County at large, and throughout all the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act shall be applied and put in Execution within such Part or Parts of any County or Counties, or County of a City or County of a Town, as shall be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations, in like manner as under the said recited Act and this Act is directed with respect to any Barony or Barons, Half Barony or Half Barons, or District or Districts respectively; and all oaths to be taken by any Grand Jury according to the Direction of the said recited Act shall in such case be sworn off such Part or Parts of such County or Counties, or County of a City or County of a Town respectively, as shall be specified in such Proclamation or Proclamations in like manner as is directed by the said recited Act with respect to any Barony or Half Barony.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, from time to time to appoint in which of the Counties, or more than one, for which or for any Part of which, any such Chief Magistrate or Clerk, or Chief or Sub-Commissionable shall be appointed, he or they respectively shall reside; and in what Proportions their respective Salaries and other Expenses shall be borne by the respective Counties in or for which they shall be so respectively appointed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Chief Magistrate who shall be appointed under the said recited Act, or under this Act, shall, before he shall proceed to sit in Execution of the said recited Act or this Act, take the Oath required to be taken by Justices of the Peace in Ireland, before any Justice of the Peace of any County for which or any Part of which he shall be appointed Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid; which Oath such Justice of the Peace is hereby, on Demand made to him, authorized and required to administer; and as being so duly sworn, such Chief Magistrate shall be to all Intents and Purposes a Justice of the Peace in and for such County for which or for any Part of which he shall be so appointed, and in and for each and every County adjoining to such County or Counties; and such Chief Magistrate as shall be appointed under this Act shall be constantly present in one or the other of the said Counties for which he shall be so appointed, save when he shall be authorized by the Permission of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to depart therefrom.

V. And be it enacted, That every Chief and Sub-Commissionable who shall be appointed either under the said former Act or under this Act, shall, before he shall do any Act in his said Office, take the Oath following:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lord The King in the Office of Commissionable, in the County (or, Counties, as the case shall be,) of _____; that I will see and cause His Majesty's Peace to be kept and preserved therein according to the best of my Power, without Fear or Affection, Malice or Evil Will; and that I will well and truly execute according to Law, all Warrants and Processes to me directed from C. D. Chief Magistrate of the said County (or, Counties, as the case may be,) or from any other Person who may be appointed such Chief Magistrate for the said County (or, for the said Counties, or either of them, as the case may be,) in the Peace and Stead of the said C. D. and I will well and truly, according to my Power, Knowledge and Ability, do and execute all other Things belonging to the Office of a Commissionable, appointed to assist such Chief Magistrate, as long as I shall continue in the said Office."

And every such Oath shall be administered by the Chief Magistrate under whose Orders such Chief or Sub-Commissionable shall be placed, which Chief Magistrate is hereby authorized and required to administer the same; and thereupon every such Chief and Sub-Commissionable shall have all the Powers of a Commissionable, and be to all Intents and Purposes a Commissionable of and in the County, and of and in each and every County (if more than one) for which or for any Part of which such Chief or Sub-Commissionable shall have been so appointed.

point Superintending Magistrate, &c. for Counties or Districts, as Proclamations of being in disturbance 240

Lord Lieutenant may, by Proclamation, declare Part of County, or of Parts of Districts, requiring extra Police.

Lord Lieutenant may appoint in which of Counties, &c. shall reside.

Magistrate sworn before Justice of Peace of One of Counties, &c. for which appointed, and reside constantly in one

Chief of Chief and Sub-Commissionable

By whom administered.

54 G. 3. c. 13.
§ 12.

When Grand
Juries have not
appointed Con-
stable in Dis-
tricts, Constables
under 54 G. 3.
(1) c. 40 in-
crease and
enforce Assize.

VI. And Whereas by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament the several Grand Juries of Counties divided into Districts under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large*, are empowered to appoint Constables for the several Districts therein, in manner therein mentioned, notwithstanding such Division into Districts; and the Grand Juries of such Counties be dissolved, or some of them, may have consented to appoint Constables at the last Assize, pursuant to the Power vested in them by the said Act: And Whereas the Grand Juries of the said dissolved Counties, or of several of them, may not have an Opportunity of appointing Constables for the said Counties, or several of them, before the Expiration of the said recited Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, to wit, the Twenty fifth Day of March next; by reason whereof the said Counties may be for a certain Period without any legal Constable: Be it therefore enacted, That in every such County where Constables have not been appointed under the Powers of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, the Constables who have been appointed under the said recited Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign shall continue to be Constables, and to do and execute all the Powers and Authorities of Constables, until the End of the next ensuing Assize for such County, but no longer, in the same manner in all respects, and to be paid in the same manner in all respects, as if the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign had continued in force till such time.

C A P. XIV.

An Act to impose certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Wood into and from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Sorts of Wood; and to indemnify Persons who have admitted certain Sorts of Wood to Entry on Payment of a Proportion only of the Duty imposed thereon. [18th December 1812.]

54 G. 3. c. 14.
Title (A.)

New Duties and
Drawbacks on
Wood.

§ 1.

† 5th.

Duties paid on
Wood not
mentioned.

Duties secured
by Bond.

Duties, &c.
British Cur-
rency.
Consolidated
Fund.

When Duties on
Wood shall
cease, &c. in G.
3. Provision
made that every
Outgoing Duty
shall be paid
in Ireland.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act in Great Britain to alter the Rates and Duties, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*, and the Schedule thereto annexed, certain Duties were granted and made payable on certain Sorts of Wood in the said Schedule mentioned, and it is expedient to grant other Duties in lieu of some of the said Duties: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided) without any Discount whatever, upon the Importation of the several Sorts of Wood mentioned, and set forth in the Schedule (a.) hereunto annexed marked (A.) † imported into Ireland, the several Duties therein inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule; and there shall also be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks in respect of the said Duties as the same are also respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule marked (A.) † in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks payable in Ireland upon the Importation and Exportation of Wood of the like Sorts under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act. (a.) [Schedule not marked (A.)]

II. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act granted on the Importation into Ireland of the several Sorts of Wood in the said Schedule mentioned, shall be charged and payable on all such Wood of the said several Sorts as shall not be entered on or before the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, or on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation thereof shall not have been then paid, notwithstanding such Wood may have been imported into Ireland before the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation of any such Wood into Ireland are permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the time of such Importation, the Duties by this Act granted or imposed may in like manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, be permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Drawbacks in this Act, and the Schedule hereunto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable, in British Currency; and that all the said Duties shall be carried on and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain granted or made payable by any Act in force in Great Britain at the time of the passing of this Act, upon any Articles on which any Duty is imposed by this Act, or the Schedule hereunto annexed, or any Part of such Duties in Great Britain, shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, Provision shall be made that so much of the Duties of Customs granted by this Act and made payable in Ireland as shall be equal to the Duties which shall cease or determine, or be repealed as aforesaid in Great Britain, shall in like manner cease or determine, or be repealed, and shall not be payable in Ireland at any time after the time when such Duties of Customs shall cease or determine or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, and the Duties of Customs made payable by this Act shall be reduced accordingly.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties and Drawbacks hereby granted and allowed shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such ways and methods, and under such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying and managing of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland as and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.

Duties and Drawbacks here levied and paid.

14 G. 2. c. 2.
(1) 18 G. 4. c. 1.
&c.

Appeal.

VII. And Whereas upon Representations made to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, from several Merchants and others, concerned in the Trade between Norway and Ireland, respecting the Difficulties to which they were subjected from the Duties imposed on certain Sorts of Wood called Battens, Deals and Staves, according to the Directions thereof, under an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, and which could not be known in Norway and other Parts of the North of Europe, so as to enable the Merchants there to make an Allowment of such Sorts of Wood in time to import the same at the lower Duties imposed by the said Act, it was deemed expedient by the said Commissioners to give Directions to the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, that certain Sorts of Battens, Deals and Staves, shipped from the North of Europe before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, should be admitted to entry in Ireland on Payment of customs Rates in that behalf specified, being a Part or Proportion only of the Duties imposed by the said recited Act: And Whereas the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and their Officers, in pursuance of the said Directions, have permitted and may continue to permit the Admission of a Quantity of such Battens, Deals and Staves to Entry accordingly, and it is expedient that such Proceeding should be sanctioned by Parliament, and that all Persons raising, giving or adding such Directions, or concerned in the raising, giving or adding any such Directions, and also all Persons acting under or in pursuance thereof, should be respectively indemnified: Be it therefore enacted, That all Persons raising, giving or adding any such Directions as aforesaid, or concerned in the raising, giving or adding any such Directions, and also all Persons acting or who may act under or in pursuance of the said Directions, shall be, and they are hereby indemnified for and on Account of the same, and of any Act, Matter or Thing done in pursuance of or in obedience to or in conformity with such Directions as aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same Directions had been given, and such Act, Matters and Things had been done in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament.

24 G. 3. c. 119.

Indemnity.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

All amended, &c.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

WOOD; viz. Battens, being not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness.	Duty.			Drawback.		
	s.	d.	c.	s.	d.	c.
... if 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 12 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	8	6	3	4	9	0
... not exported in a British-built Ship, the 120	8	12	6	4	9	0
... exceeding 12 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 14 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	9	14	0	5	3	10
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	10	1	2	5	3	10
... exceeding 14 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 16 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	11	1	8	5	18	8
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	11	9	8	5	18	8
... exceeding 16 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 18 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	12	9	4	6	13	6
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	12	18	4	6	13	6
... exceeding 18 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 20 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	13	17	2	7	8	4
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	14	7	2	7	8	4

WOOD, <i>Battens—continued.</i>	Dug.			Drove.		
	<i>d.</i>	<i>i.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>i.</i>	<i>d.</i>
... exceeding 20 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	34	5	1	14	5	10
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	33	4	0	14	5	10
— Battens Ends, being under 8 Feet in Length, not exceeding 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	4	14	5	1	19	5
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	4	15	4	1	19	5
... under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	9	3	1	3	17	1
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	9	10	0	3	17	1
— Battens and Battens Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and exported directly from thence, the 120	0	5	3	—		
— Deals, being above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness; <i>vide</i> list,						
... of 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 12 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	12	9	5	3	3	0
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	12	10	5	3	3	0
... exceeding 12 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 14 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	14	11	0	5	2	6
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	15	1	7	5	2	6
... exceeding 14 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 16 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	16	12	6	7	0	0
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	17	4	8	7	0	0
... exceeding 16 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 18 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	18	14	1	7	17	6
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	19	7	8	7	17	6
... exceeding 18 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 20 Feet in Length,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	20	15	7	8	15	0
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	21	10	8	8	15	0
— Deals, being above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	41	11	3	17	10	0
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	43	1	4	17	10	0
... being above 7 Inches in Width and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	51	9	2	21	13	4
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	53	15	1	21	13	4
... being above 7 Inches in Width and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, exceeding 20 Feet in Length and exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	100	5	1	43	4	8
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	101	17	9	43	4	8
— Deal Ends; <i>vide</i> list,						
... above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	7	1	8	1	19	8
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	7	7	3	1	19	8
... above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 12 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,						
... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	13	14	8	5	15	8
... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	14	5	0	5	15	8

WOOD, Deals and Deal Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the South Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120	Duty.			Drawback.		
	d.	s.	d.	d.	s.	d.
And further on all Deals and Deal Ends of the aforesaid Lengths and Thicknesses, but of the following Widths, the following additional Duties and Drawbacks following, viz:—	0	8	3	—	—	—
..... if exceeding 12 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 15 Inches in Width, Twenty five per Cent. or One Fourth of the aforesaid Rates.						
..... if exceeding 15 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 21 Inches in Width, Fifty per Cent. or One Half of the aforesaid Rates.						
..... if exceeding 21 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 31 Inches in Width, Seventy five per Cent. or Three Fourths of the aforesaid Rates.						
..... if exceeding 31 Inches in Width, One hundred per Cent. or an additional Duty and Drawback equal to the aforesaid Rates respectively.						
— Seven, not being the Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America; viz:—						
..... not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 4 Inches in Breadth:						
..... if not exceeding 1 Inch in Thickness,						
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0	5	0	0	2	6
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0	5	2	0	2	6
..... if exceeding 1 Inch in Thickness, and not exceeding 2 Inches in Thickness,						
..... imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0	10	0	0	5	0
..... not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0	10	4	0	5	0
..... if exceeding 2 Inches in Thickness, or 4 Inches in Breadth, such Ships shall pay the several Duties, and receive the several Drawbacks set forth in 54 Geo. 3. cap. 129. Schedule (A.)						

CAP. XV.

AN ACT to amend an Act made in the Fifth second Year of His present Majesty, for making Provision for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indefinite Session.

[23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth second Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making Provision for the better Support of His Majesty's Household, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indefinite Session*, it is, among other things, enacted, that whenever the Deficiency of the Civil List Revenues should exceed a certain Sum therein mentioned, the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, should cause an Account of such Deficiency of the Civil List Revenues to be laid before Parliament within One Month after the same should have arisen, if Parliament should be then sitting; or if Parliament should not be then sitting, within One Month after the next Sitting of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the Accounts of His Majesty's Civil List Revenues should for the Purposes of the said Act, and the more efficient Execution of the Provisions thereof, be made up and completed to a fixed and certain Period in each Year, during the Continuance of the said Act; and that the said Accounts should be laid before Parliament, in conformity to the Provisions of the said Act, at an earlier Period of the Year than has hitherto taken place: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Accounts of His Majesty's Civil List Revenues shall, for the Purposes of the said Act, be hereafter made up and compared to the Fifth Day of January in each Year, for the Year preceding the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twenty; and that in case any Deficiency shall appear to have taken place in the Year preceding the said Fifth Day of January, whereas, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, an Account is required to be laid before Parliament, in manner therein directed, that then and in that case the several Accounts of the said Civil List Revenues, made up as aforesaid for One Year to the Fifth Day of January then last preceding, shall, as required by the said recited Act, be laid before Parliament on or before the Twenty eighth Day of February in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting; and in case Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Twenty Days after the next next Meeting of Parliament.

1815. c. 14.

15

Accounts of Civil List Revenues made up and compared to certain Period in each Year; and in case of Deficiency, laid before Parliament.

C A P. XVI.

An Act to continue and amend an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight.*

[134 March 1815.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

A D. 1815

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight: And Whereas the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are willing and have agreed to continue the Loan of the said Sum of Three Millions advanced under the Provisions of the said recited Act until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, without Interest: Now, therefore, We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to continue the Advance and Loan to His Majesty, made in pursuance of the said recited Act, upon the Credit of Exchequer Bills authorized to be issued, and issued under the said Act, of the Sum of Three Millions, without Interest, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Bankers and
Loan under Act.

No Abatement
made in Disgr
at Exchequer of
proceeding Bank
by withdraw
Money on Secu-
rity of Exche-
quer Bills, &c.

Exchequer Bill
made out under
Act in manner as
Security for Re-
payment of
Money ad-
vanced.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That during the Period the said Sum of Three Millions shall continue to be advanced by the said Governor and Company to His Majesty shall be made in the Usage established at the Exchequer of permitting the said Governor and Company to withdraw the Money in the Receipt of the Exchequer upon the Security of Exchequer Bills or Notes of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to the full Amount of such Money to be withdrawn being deposited in the Cheeks of the Tellers of the Exchequer by the said Governor and Company, nor shall any of the Accounts now by Law directed to be kept at the Bank of England be withdrawn from thence during the above Period.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills made out under the Provisions of the said recited Act for securing the said Advance of Three Millions shall remain and continue as a Security for the Repayment of the said Sum of Money at the Period by the said Act specified, in like manner in every respect as if new Exchequer Bills were made out for that Purpose, payable on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall, together with all Charges incident to or attending the same, be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon and shall be repaid or borne by or out of the Aids or Supplies which shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose shall not be granted before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, then all the said Exchequer Bills, with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Money as at any time or times at or after such Period shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Consolidated Fund (except such Money of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf), and such Money of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly rated and ascertained for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

Money issued
out of Consoli-
dated Fund to
be paid

No Interest pay-
able on Exche-
quer Bills, till
after April 1,
1816.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Money shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the said Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Interest shall be payable or paid upon or in respect of the said Exchequer Bills: Provided always, that in case Provision shall not be made by Parliament for Payment of the said Exchequer Bills, so that the same shall be fully paid and discharged on or before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, then and in such case the said Exchequer Bills, or such Part thereof as shall then remain unpaid, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, bear Interest at and after the Rate of Four Pence Two Shillings per Centum per Annum, and such Interest is hereby made chargeable and charged upon and shall be borne and paid by and out of the same Fund as the principal Money payable in respect of the said Exchequer Bills by this Act charged and chargeable upon; any thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. XVII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Times limited for these Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attorneys and Solicitors to make and file the same on or before the Tenth Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

[23d March 1815.]

[This Act except the Date is similar to, 54 G. 3. c. 5.]

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to settle and secure an Annuity on Lord Walsingham, in Consideration of his Services as Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords.

[23d March 1815.]

* Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the Behalf of Your Majesty, by His most Gracious Message to Your Majesty's faithful Commons, hath been pleased to declare, that having taken into His serious Consideration the Ability, Integrity, Impartiality and indefatigable Industry, with which the Lord Walsingham has discharged the weighty and important Duties of Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords, and of the Private Committee of the same, for these Twenty Years last past, and requesting the Moderation of his Lordship's Inability from Infirmary any longer to execute the Duties of that important Office, recommended to Your faithful Commons to consider of a proper Method of enabling Your Majesty to grant to the Lord Walsingham as Annuity of Two thousand Pounds; Now We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, duly considering Your Majesty's most Gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That one Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain shall be issuing and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, (after paying or referring sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon or payable out of the said Fund,) and the same shall from time to time be paid Quarterly, dose and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, to the said Lord Walsingham, for and during his natural Life; which said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum shall commence and take effect from the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; the First Payment to be computed from the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and from thenceforth shall be paid and payable at the Four annual Days of Payment in the Year; that is to say, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October and the Fifth Day of January, in each and every Year, by even and equal Portions.

Annuity of £2000. to Lord Walsingham for Life.

Commence- ment.

Payable Quarterly.

Warrants Issued by Treasury for Payment.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now being, and the High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, and Comptrollers of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby authorised and required by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being to make forth and pay Debentures from time to time, for paying the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum of Two thousand Pounds in manner as aforesaid, and as the same shall from time to time become due and payable, without any Rate or Charge to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; which said Warrant and the Debentures to be made forth and passed thereupon, shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipts of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Annuity or yearly Rent or Sum to the said Lord Walsingham at the respective quarterly Paid Days in this Act before appointed for Payment thereof, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in this behalf.

Not revocable.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That after signing of such Warrant the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof and of this Act, and shall not be determinable or revocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty, (whom God long preserve!) or of any of his Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Officers of them, or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, now being, and the High Treasurer of the Treasury for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlain and Barons of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Ministers of the Court of Exchequer and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall, and they are hereby authorised and strictly enjoined and required to do without Fee or Reward all such Acts, Matters and Things as are herebefore directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them, or any or either of them, in order to render this Act and the several Payments hereby directed effectual.

No Fee charged.

V. And

Assignment of
Lord Wellington
to the
Army
How Army
moved.

V. And be it enacted, That the Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the said Lord Wellington shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the said Army or yearly Sum, without any further or other Warranty to be used for or obtained in that behalf; and that the said Army or yearly Rent or Sum, and every Part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions and other Charges whatsoever; And in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Army or yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Lord Wellington to receive the same, then the said Lord Wellington may from time to time file, prosecute and impound such Officers, or any of them, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall and may recover Judgment, and for our Executions thereupon, against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of such Sum or Sums of Money then due and owing upon the said Army, yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said Army, yearly Rent or Sum, or any Part thereof, as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities, in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences; and to discourage the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland.
[23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal certain Stamp Duties payable upon the several Licences herein-
after mentioned and heretofore granted to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be paid and payable in Ireland, and to grant certain Duties of Excise in lieu thereof, and so consolidate and simplify the Laws relating to the granting and issuing of such Licences: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Licences mentioned, for forth, expressed, enumerated and described in the Schedule hereunto annexed, the several Sums of Money and Duties of Excise, as they are respectively deferred and set forth in the said Schedule; and the said Schedule and all the Matters therein contained shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the said several Duties of Excise shall be in lieu and in full Satisfaction of all Duties payable by any former Act or Acts of Parliament or in respect of any of the Licences in the said Schedule mentioned, except such Duties as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain Local Purposes in Ireland, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Duties are or may be appropriated to such Local Purposes by the Act or Acts by which the said Duties are or shall be granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts, and that, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Duties of Stamp imposed by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof; and for transferring the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice from the Commissioners of Inland Excise to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties*, on any Licences which are subjected to any Duty under that Act, and the Schedule hereunto annexed, shall be repealed, and be no longer paid or payable; and that the Duties on such Licences in the said Schedule so this Act amended, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, in lieu and instead of the said Duties of Stamp on such Licences under and by virtue of the said recited Act, or of an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder, in Ireland*; and that all and every such Licensee and Licensees, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall and may be granted on unstamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That all and every the Duties in this Act and the Schedule herunto annexed specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in British Currency; and all and every the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and shall be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the several Acts heretofore mentioned (except as hereinafter provided) shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; that is to say, an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail*; and for discouraging the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland; and also an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to secure the Payment of the Duties on Licences granted to Persons in Ireland, dealing in Excisable Commodities*; and also an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several*

Acts

Duties of Excise
in Schedule to
Act in lieu of
Stamp Duties
such Licences.

Excise.

Stamp Duties
granted on
Licences by
14 G. 3. c. 87.

23 G. 3. c. 117
repealed.

Licences
granted on un-
stamped Vellum,
Parchment,
Pc.

Duties paid in
British Cur-
rency
Consolidated
Fund.

43 G. 3. c. 20.

47 G. 3. c. 50
c. 51.

47 G. 3. c. 50
c. 51.

43 G. 3. c. 117
repealed.

*Acts for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail in Ireland; and also that in each and such Parts of the several Acts heretofore mentioned (except as is hereinafter provided) as relate to the applying for, obtaining, granting and issuing of any Licence or Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail in Ireland; or as relate to Revellers of Spirituous Liquors or other Liquors, shall as like manner continue and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; that is to say, in each and such Parts as should be of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the making perpetual several Acts, for the better Collection and Security of the Revenue of Customs and Excise in Ireland, and for preventing Frauds therein; and to make further Provision for the Security of the said Revenue, and for the Execution of the several Acts relating thereto; and also of an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts, for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland; and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail; and also of the heretofore recited Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Statutes under the Care of the Commissioners, for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof; and for transferring the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice from the Commissioners of Ireland to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties; and also of an Act made in the said Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties; and also of another Act made in the said Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, save and except such Clauses, Regulations and Provisions in the said several Acts or any of them as shall be in force immediately before the passing of this Act, in any way relating to or concerning Persons licensed in Ireland as Grocers, with respect to their having or obtaining Licences to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, all which said last mentioned Clauses, Regulations and Provisions shall be and continue in force as to such Grocers, and shall be applied to such Grocers with respect to the Duties and Regulations in this Act contained, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act; save also and except in so far as the said several Acts or any of them may relate to or concern the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of any Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture for any Offence against the said Acts or any of them which shall have been or shall be committed on or before the said Twenty fifth Day of March; and save and except that all Licences granted under the said recited Acts respectively or any of them, (before the said Twenty fifth Day of March, shall be and continue in force and effect according to the Terms and Nature thereof, and the Provisions of the said several Acts respectively, as if the said Act had not been made.******

48 G. 3. c. 40.

48 G. 3. c. 99.

51 G. 3. c. 89.

14. and 20. (A.)

26. 27. & 28.

51 G. 3. c. 126.

51 G. 3. c. 97.

as part repealed.

Exception.

Exception.

Who may grant Licences.

* IV. And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for the securing the Payment of the Duties by this Act granted on the several Licences heretofore mentioned, and to regulate the granting and issuing of such Licences in manner heretofore mentioned; Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland or for any One of them, or for any Person or Persons to be for that Purpose appointed by the said Commissioners, or by any Three of them, or for the Collectors of Excise in their respective Districts, or other Officer of Excise in Charge of any such District, to grant any Licence or Licences to any Person or Persons in Ireland for any of the respective Purposes heretofore mentioned; that is to say:

- To sell, by Retail, Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methylin or Mead;
- To sell Spirituous Liquors on Commission or otherwise in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller or an Importer of Spirits;
- To keep a Malt House and to make Malt for Sale thereof, or for the Purpose of being used in any Brewery or Distillery: (a)
- To sell Malt, the Party selling the same not being licensed to make Malt;
- To brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer, for Sale;
- To manufacture Tobacco in any manner;
- To deal in manufactured Tobacco, except in a Wholesale Importer only;
- To sell by Retail or otherwise Deal in Coffee, except Importers thereof, or Persons licensed to sell Tea or Groceries;
- To manufacture Candles and Soap or either of them for Sale;
- To manufacture Paper Hangings: (b)
- To sell Paper Hangings not being the Manufacturer thereof;
- To keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper: (c)
- To brew or make for Sale any Liquor called Sweets or Made Wines;
- To make Methylin or Mead for Sale;
- To make Vinegar for Sale;
- To sell by Retail, Tea, Sugar, Cocoa or any of them, (including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins and Figgs);
- To sell or make any Gold or Silver Plate;
- To keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit or to Tan Leather: (d)
- To dress Hides or Skins in Oil;
- To make Velum or Parchment;

(a) [See stat. c. 99.] (b) [See stat. c. 105.] (c) [See stat. c. 118. § 6.] (d) [See stat. c. 105.]

To

To exercise the Trade or Business of a Dealer or Worker in Brass, Tin, Copper or other Metal for making Stills, Still Heads or Wares of Stills;

To keep a Tavern, Hotel, Club House or Coffee House;

To sell by Auction;

To make Glass Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metals;

To exercise the Trade or Calling of a Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person going from Place to Place in *Ireland*, and travelling either on Foot or with Horses or other Beasts of Burden, or otherwise carrying, to sell or expediting to Sell any Goods, Wares or Merchandise; and also to travelling Tinkers and Crafters of Iron and Metal, and to Persons hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale;

To carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty;

To carry on the Trade of selling Carriages chargeable with Duty by way of Auction or on Commission;

To let to hire any Horses for the Purpose of travelling Post by the Mail or from Stage to Stage;

And the several Collectors of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* in their respective Districts, or other Officers in Charge of the Collection of any such District, or any other Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or by any Three of them, shall and may, upon the Payment of the Duty payable by Law on such Licences, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty, give and grant such Licences in such manner as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct, to the Person paying the said Duty, and the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound thereon without any further Fee or Reward whatsoever.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, to give any Licence or Licences to any Person or Persons in *Ireland*, to keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits or Strong Waters; and that the several Collectors or other Officers in Charge as aforesaid, or other Person or Persons appointed as aforesaid, shall and may upon the Payment of the Duty payable by Law as Licences, to keep any Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits or Strong Waters, together with the further Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty, give such Licences signed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes or any Three of them, to the Person or Persons paying the said Duty and the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound thereon, without any further Fee or Reward whatsoever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all and every the Licence and Licences mentioned in this Act, there shall be contained and set forth the Purpose of such Licence, the Name and Residence of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, with the Date of issuing the same, and the time for which the same shall be in force; and the House or Place, or Houses or Places, and the Number thereof respectively, if such House or Place be numbered, or which the Business for which such Licence is granted is to be carried on, so far as the Nature of the Business will allow it to be confined to any House or Houses, Place or Places, capable at the time of being specified or described in such Manner and Form as may from time to time be for that Purpose directed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Licence and Licences in this Act mentioned, which shall be granted after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall continue in force, from the Date of such Licence respectively, until and upon the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and shall be charged with, and pay such Duties only, as are mentioned and expressed with respect to the said Licences in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and that all and every the Licence and Licences in this Act mentioned, which shall be granted after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of January next after the Date of such Licences respectively, and no longer.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector, and other Officer or Person respectively, by this Act authorized to grant or issue such Licences, and to receive the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of the Duty payable in respect of such Licence as aforesaid, shall keep a separate Account thereof, and shall account for, and shall remit and pay the Amount of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound at the same time and in like manner, as by Law such Collector, or other Officer or Person, ought to account for, remit and pay the said Duty; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, from time to time, to direct that the Amount of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound, or so much thereof as they shall think proper, shall be paid to or distributed between the Collector, or other Officer or Officers, in such Proportion and at such time, and in such manner and under such Regulations, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall order and appoint, towards rewarding such Collector or other Officer for their Exactions in the due Collection of the Duty payable upon Licences in *Ireland*; and if there shall be any Surplus or Excess of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound remaining after such Payment or Distribution as aforesaid, all and every such Surplus or Excess shall from time to time be carried to and placed to the Account of Excise Duties payable upon Licences in *Ireland*.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall deal in, retail, make, manufacture, sell or keep for Sale, or expels to Sell any Articles, Matters or Things, or shall exercise or carry on any Business, Occupation, Trade or Calling on the Licence in respect whereof any Duty is by this Act imposed, shall take out such Licence before such Person shall deal in, retail, make, manufacture, sell or keep for Sale, or expels to Sell any such Articles, Matters or Things, and before such Person shall exercise or carry on any such Business,

These are my
Provisions
Licences
Payment of
Duty, &c.

Licences in
excise, &c.
to be given
by the
Collectors, &c.
on Payment of
Duty, &c. may
also Licences.

Contents of
Licences.

Licences
granted after
March 25, 1815,
in force until
Jan. 5, 1816,
and Licences
granted after
that Day in
force until Jan.
5, following.

Collectors to
keep Account of
Payments, and
Commissioners
may distribute
same, or Part
thereof, among
Collectors, &c.

Surplus of any
placed to Ac-
count of Duties.

Excising
Trade, without
being licensed.

Business, Occupation, Trade or Calling; and if any Person shall deal in, retail, make, sell or keep for Sale, or export to Sale any of the said respective Articles, Matters or Things, or shall exercise or carry on any such Business, Occupation, Trade or Calling, without having taken out such Licence respectively, and having the same in force, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Persons in Partnership (except in cases of Auctioneers hereinafter mentioned) and carrying on Trade or Business in one House or Shop only, shall not be obliged to take out more than one Licence; and that on One Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize any Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to deal in, retail, make, manufacture, sell or keep for Sale any of the Articles or Things heretofore mentioned in any other House or Place than the House or Place mentioned in such Licence as the House or Place wherein he, she or they respectively did deal in, retail, make or manufacture, or sell or keep the said respective Articles or Things at the time of granting such Licence and deposited therein; and every such Person who shall deal in, retail, make or manufacture, sell or keep for Sale, any of the Articles or Things heretofore mentioned, in any other House or Place shall, as to every such other House or Place, be considered as unlicensed, and shall be subject to all Penalties and Forfeitures as such, save as herein otherwise particularly provided.

XI. Provided always, That every person carrying on the Trade or Business of an Auctioneer, whether alone or in Partnership with any other Person or Persons, shall be obliged to take out a separate and distinct Licence to sell by Auction.

XII. Provided also, That any Licence to sell by Auction the Duty whereon shall be of the highest Amount payable by Law on any such Licence shall authorize the Person licensed thereby to sell by Auction in any Part of Ireland whatever without any further or other Licence; and any Licence to sell by Auction the Duty whereon shall be of less Amount than aforesaid, shall authorize the Person licensed thereby to sell by Auction in any Part of Ireland save and except such Parts or Places the Duty payable on any Licence to sell by Auction wherein shall be of higher Amount.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and all Regulations therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to any Person under the age of Twenty one Years to whom, or to whose Name or for whose Use or Benefit any Licence in this Act mentioned shall be granted; and such Person shall be chargeable with all Duties of Excise on Account of such Licence; and shall be subject and liable to all the Provisions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures of and under this Act, as fully, to all intents and Purposes, as if such Person were adult and of full Age.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Licence shall be granted to Two or more Persons, and any or either of them shall die before the Expiration thereof, every such Licence shall nevertheless continue in force for the Benefit of the Survivors or Survivours during the term for which the same shall have been granted.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person requiring any Licence in this Act mentioned, except Licences to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in respect whereof other Provision is heretofore made, shall, in order to entitle him to the same, deliver to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or to the Person or Persons authorized to grant such Licences, a Note in Writing, setting forth his, her or their Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, specifying the House or other Place, if the Nature of the Trade admit thereof, and the Situation thereof, and also the Number of such House or Place, if the same shall have been or shall be numbered, where such Person or Persons is or are desirous to be licensed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland who shall deal in, retail, sell, make or manufacture any Article, or keep any Manufacture, Place or Thing, or exercise or carry on any Trade, Business or Calling, or do any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned, and for which a Licence is required by Law, shall cause to be painted on a Board with Letters publicly visible and legible at least One Inch long in White upon a Black ground, or Black upon a White Ground, his, her or their Name or Names respectively at full Length, and after such Names the Words, Licensed, adding thereto to sell, or to retail, or to manufacture, or to deal in, or to brew, or to make the Article or Thing, or to keep the Manufacture, Place or Thing, or to carry on and exercise the Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling on Account of which the Person shall be so licensed, as the case may require, (specifying the Article, Thing, Manufacture, Trade, Place, Business, Occupation or Calling which such Person shall by such Licence be empowered to deal in, retail, sell, manufacture, make, brew, keep or carry on or exercise respectively, and such Person shall also cause the said Board to be affixed in some conspicuous Place on the Outside of the Front of his or her House, Shop or Manufacture respectively, not more than Three Feet from the Top of the Shop Door or Front or Outside Door of such House or Manufacture, and every such Person shall preferre and keep up such Board in good during the Continuance of such Licence, or in Default of affixing such Board or keeping the same in affixed, every such Person shall forfeit respectively for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person as or before whose House or other Place any Board shall be affixed or erected, impeding that such Person deals in, retail, sells, makes or manufactures any Article or Thing, or exercises or carries on any Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling as in this Act mentioned, or impeding that such Person is licensed to do, shall not at the time be licensed to deal in, retail, sell, make or manufacture any such Article or Thing, or to exercise or carry on any such Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling which such Board shall so impede, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall have obtained any such Licence as is in this Act mentioned (except a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors by Retail) shall be minded to remove from the Place mentioned in such Licence for carrying on such Business, and to carry on the same in any other

Person.

Licence to Persons.

Licence shall only extend to House or Place mentioned therein, &c.

Auctioneer to take out distinct Licence.

Amount of Duty on Auctioneers Licences to regulate Places of Sale.

Where taking Licences liable to Penalties.

Benefit of Licence to Survivors.

Person applying to be licensed shall deliver a Note of Name, &c.

Person licensed to put up Boards impeding Trade.

Penalty. Under what Penalties shall such Boards be erected, &c.

Penalty.

Person may remove from licensed Place to other Place in House.

free City or
Town, with
a view of Com-
mencement, &c.

House or Place in the same Town or City, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person with the Leave or Permission of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to carry or send such Licence to the Collector or other Officer or Person who shall be then appointed under the Provisions of this Act for granting or issuing Licences in the District, and such Collector or other Officer or Person shall by Indorsement on such Licence without Fee or Reward, describe the Situation of the House or Place to which such Person shall be so desirous of removing, and shall draw the name of making such Indorsement, and shall sign his Name thereto and thereupon, and from thenceforth such Licence shall be good, valid and effectual according to the Contents thereof, and of the said Indorsement in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such House or Place so referred had been mentioned in the Body of such Licence for carrying on such Business, instead of the House or Place mentioned therein and not otherwise; and every such Person upon whose Licence any such Indorsement shall be made shall be chargeable with Duty, and shall be subject and liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if such House or Place mentioned in such Indorsement had been the House or Place mentioned in the Body of such Licence; and every such Person, and also every Surety and Sureties of such Person shall be subject and liable accordingly; any thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any such Collector or other Officer or Person to make any such Indorsement on any such Licence, unless and until all Duties which shall have been or shall be incurred by such Person in respect of removing from the House or Place for which such Licence shall be or shall have been originally granted, shall be fully paid and satisfied.

Duties due from
Person removing
paid.

Forging, etc.
Licences.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge, counterfeit, alter or evade, or shall cause to be forged, counterfeited, altered or evaded, any Licence for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or any such Indorsement on any such Licence as aforesaid, or shall produce or make use of, or cause to be produced or made use of, as a true Licence, any such forged, counterfeited, altered or evaded Licence, or shall produce or make use of, or cause to be produced or made use of, any Licence with any forged, counterfeited, altered or evaded Indorsement thereon, purporting to be a true Indorsement made thereon pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, or shall produce or make use of, or cause to be produced or made use of any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, purporting to be a Licence in force, and not being such Licence in force, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Proof of Licence
shall be on Per-
son charged
with Offence.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Complaint or Information shall be had or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for carrying on any Trade, Business or Calling, or dealing in, vending, manufacturing or selling, or exposing to Sale, or having, using or keeping in his Possession any Article, Matter or Thing, for the dealing in, retaking, manufacturing or selling, having, using or keeping, whereof a Licence is or shall be required by Law, without having a Licence for so doing in manner required by Law, the Proof that such Person hath obtained such Licence, and had the same in force at the time of the Offence charged in such Complaint or Information, shall lie on the Party against whom such Complaint or Information shall be had or prosecuted, and it shall not be necessary for the Officer or Person complaining or prosecuting such Information, to prove that the Person or Persons so complained of, had not such Licence; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Collector, &c. to
keep Accounts
of Licences
granted, on at-
tached Copy
whereof Statute
in force of granting
Licences.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Collectors of Excise or other Officer or Person or Persons appointed under the Provisions of this Act, for granting or issuing Licences, shall enter or cause to be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, a true and accurate List or Account of all Licences granted by or issued by them respectively, and the Import and Dates of such Licences, the times for which such Licences shall respectively be in force, the Name of the Person bonded, and the Places where they shall be licensed, to deal in, retail, make, manufacture or keep for Sale any of the said respective Articles or Things, or to carry on any Business, Occupation, Trade or Calling, and also such Particulars as shall be contained (if any) in any Indorsement made on such Licence pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, and that on the Trial of any Action, Information, Indictment, Suit or Prosecution, for or relating to any Matter or Thing touching or concerning any such Licence or Licences where it may be necessary to prove the granting or issuing of any such Licence or Licences, an attested Copy signed by the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District of such Licence or Licences he keeps as aforesaid, in any of the said Books, shall be admitted as Evidence that such Licence or Licences was or were granted and issued to the Person or Persons, and for the House or Place mentioned therein, or in the Indorsement thereon, as the case may be, without producing or requiring the Production of the original Licence or Licences which had been granted to such Person or Persons; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officer shall not
grant Persons
any of Stock of
unbonded Arti-
cles without
Sureties of
Commissioners.
Not producing
Licence on
Demand of
Officer.
Penalty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer of Excise, without the Sanction, Direction or Authority of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to grant to any Person or Persons who is or are required to take out a Licence for selling or keeping any Goods or Articles any Permit for the Conveyance of the same out of the Stock of such Person, unless such Person or Persons shall have obtained and have in force a Licence for selling or keeping such Article.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall deal in, retail, make, sell or keep or expose to Sale any such respective Articles or Things, or shall exercise or carry on any Trade, Occupation or Calling, for which any Licence is by this Act required, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, unless a Licence is first by such Person for dealing in, vending, making, selling or keeping the respective Articles or Things, or for exercising or carrying on the Trade, Occupation or Calling, shall be produced and delivered to be read to any Officer of Excise or Customs, within a reasonable time after such Officer shall demand the Production of such Licence.

XXIV. And, for the more easy and prompt Collection of the Duties payable upon Licences in *Ireland*, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise to enter in the Day Time into any House, Shop, Storehouse, Workhouse, Manufactory or other Place whither or before which shall be affixed any Board importing the Occasion thereof to be licensed to deal in, retail, make, sell or keep for Sale any of the respective Articles or Things in this Act mentioned, or to receive or carry on any Trade, Occupation or Calling, for the exercising or carrying on of which a Licence is by this Act required, and to demand the View of the proper Licence to such Person; and if a proper Licence is force full not be produced, such Officer shall report the same to the Collector of Excise of the District, another Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District, and thereupon and if such Person shall not have applied for and obtained a Licence pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, when such Demand shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, to issue his Warrant, under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Work or Persons to take and distress all Goods and Chattels found in such House, Shop, Storehouse, Workhouse, Manufactory or other Place belonging to such Person, and to cause the same to be sold by Public Auction, giving Six Days' previous Notice thereof; and if, after the Payment of such Sum as the Duty on such Licence would amount to, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound thereon, and the Costs and Expenses of such taking, distressing and Sale thereof, there shall be any Surplus of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith rendered and paid to such Person or his Representatives, and thereupon the Collector or other Officer aforesaid shall, if the Party against whom such Warrant shall have been issued, desire the same, and shall be duly entitled thereunto, grant him a Licence for carrying on such Trade without further Request: Provided always, that whereas any of the Articles aforesaid shall be to be taken and distressed, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or his Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the same to be delivered up to him or them, upon his or their paying to the Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties to due and payable, the real Value of such Articles as he or they shall desire to have delivered up, and the same may be delivered up accordingly.

Collectors may
also Warrants
and distress the
Amount of
Licence Duty.

Proviso.

Licences re-
newed annually.

Fees.

Proviso.

Refiners, &c.
not to give Security
not to distil any
Wine, &c. nor
sell any Spirits
not retified, &c.
in Still.

Refiners, &c.
of Spirits not to
sell any Spirits
not retified, &c.

Fees.

Magistrates or
Justices shall fix
on proper Per-
sons to be
licensed to retail
Spirits.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Licence granted under the Authority of this Act shall be renewed annually Two Days at least before the Expiration thereof; and if any Person or Persons having had or who shall have any such Licence, and shall have omitted to renew the same within the time aforesaid, shall continue to carry on the Trade or Business for which any such Licence shall have been or shall be granted after the Expiration of such Licence, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds: Provided always, that every such renewed Licence, which shall be granted within such Ten Days respectively, and which shall be taken out to be in force at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall bear Date on the Day when the same shall be issued, and shall and may be granted, as he and continue in force from the Fifth Day of January next after the Date thereof, until and upon the Fifth Day of January in the Year next following, and so longer: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent or disqualify any Person or Persons who shall have omitted to renew his, her or their Licence within the Space of Ten Days aforesaid, from taking out or obtaining a Licence or Licences at any time during the Course of any Year ending on the Fifth Day of January; and if any such Licence shall be taken out at any time after the Fifth Day of January in any Year, the same shall be granted to continue in force from the Date thereof respectively, until and upon the Fifth Day of January next after such Date, and so longer.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be granted to any Person to keep any Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits or Strong Waters, unless and until the Person applying for the same shall have entered into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds each, in case such Person shall apply to be licensed to keep a Still or Stills to rectify Spirits or Strong Waters, or in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, in case the Person shall apply to be licensed to keep a Still or Stills to compound Spirits and Strong Waters, conditioned that the Party do so be licensed respectively shall not by himself or herself or themselves, or by any Person for him, her or their Use, Benefit, Account or Profit, use or cause or permit or suffer any such Still or Stills to be used in distilling any Worts, Wark, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Strong Wines whatever; and that such Refiner and Compounder respectively shall not sell or deliver any Spirits or Strong Waters which shall not have been actually rectified or compounded, as the case may be, in such Still or Stills to be licensed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any such Refiner or Compounder to sell any Spirits or Strong Waters, except such Spirits or Strong Waters as shall have been rectified or compounded, as the case may be, in some Still or Stills of such Refiner or Compounder duly licensed according to Law; and if any such Refiner or Compounder shall sell any Spirits or Strong Waters which shall not have been so rectified or compounded as aforesaid, such Refiner or Compounder shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Power of making Orders for the issuing of Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder, Perry, Meathagus and Mead by Retail in *Ireland*, should be vested in the Magistrates of the several Counties: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace assembled at any Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof within their respective Counties, to fix upon Persons proper to be entrusted with the Sale of such Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, within any Barony or Half Barony, Town or City, except the City of Dublin, within their respective Counties, and to order Licences to be issued accordingly, and such Justices so assembled are hereby authorized and required to order the same accordingly.

E a

XXIX. And

Retainer applying
for Licence to
deliver Wine
of Home to
Clerk of Peace.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Licences as aforesaid shall be ordered or issued to any Person, unless the Person applying for such Licence to retail Spirituous or other Liquors, shall have delivered a Note in Writing to the acting Clerk of the Peace of his Christian and Surname and Place of Abode, specifying the House, Town or Township, Parish, Barony or Half Barony; and if in the County of a Town or City, the Road, Street, Square, Lane or other Detachment of Place, together with the Number of such House or Place, if such House or Place shall have been or shall be ascertained where such Person desires to be licensed to sell to, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Person whose such Person requiring such Licence proposes as Sureties, not being Delinquents or Publicans.

Justices to en-
quire into
Character of
Party and Sub-
stancy of Inven-
tory, Appendix
also entered in
The Crown
Book.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any such Sessions or Adjournment thereof as aforesaid shall, previous to ordering a Licence as aforesaid to be issued to any Person, enquire, and they are hereby authorized and directed to enquire in open Court, and upon Oath if they shall see Occasion, into the Character of such Person for applying for a Licence, and whether the House whereas such Person proposes to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead by Retail, is lawfully licensed for the Purpose, and capable of and convenient for the Sale of Victuals, and the Accommodation of Travellers or Persons relating thereto for Food and Provisions; and they shall also enquire whether the Sureties proposed by such Person be good and sufficient for the Sums they are to be bound to, and their Approbation of any such Person, and of the Sums offered, and of the Place and House or Houses whereas such Person desires to be licensed, shall be immediately entered in open Court in The Crown Book thereof, by the acting Clerk of the Peace, and be signed by at least Two Justices attending at such Sessions or Adjournment thereof; and it shall thereupon be lawful for such Clerk of the Peace and he is hereby required to give or cause to be given to the Person entitled thereto, a Certificate in the Form following:

Certificate.

I, *A. B. Clerk of the Peace of* do certify that *C. D. (or C. D. and E. F.)* is (or are) duly entitled to receive a Licence for selling Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, by Retail in *_____* is the Parish of *_____* is this County, (County of a Town or City or District of the Metropolis, as the case may be,) until and upon the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and *_____* (mentioning the Year). Dated this *_____* Day of *_____* One thousand eight hundred and *_____*

A. B. Clerk of the Peace for

Dublin.

And in every Certificate which shall be given by a Clerk of the Peace within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, the following Words shall be added immediately before the Date thereof, *videlicet*, "and that the Lord Mayor and one or more of the Police Magistrates of the District or Division of *(naming the District or Division in which such Magistrate or Magistrates shall act)*, have certified that the said *C. D. (or C. D. and E. F.)* is (or are) a proper Person (or Persons) to be licensed;" and every such Clerk of the Peace shall for the issuing of such Certificate be entitled to demand and receive the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence British Currency as a Fee, before he shall sign or deliver such Certificate.

[See Certificate as in Dublin, *post*, c. 104. § 4.]

Person applying
for Licence to
sell Wine
shall deliver
Affidavit to
produce Certificate
of Two
Magis-
trates.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall apply for a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail under the Provisions of this Act, at any Sessions or Adjournment thereof, which shall be held at any Place more than Seven Miles distant from the Place of Abode of such Person, such Person shall produce and deliver to the Court a Certificate under the Hands of Two Magistrates both residing within Seven Miles of such Person for applying or residing on account to the Place of Abode of such Person, stating that such Person is in the Opinion of the said Magistrates a fit and proper Person to be entrusted with the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder, Perry, Metheglin or Mead, by Retail, at such Place as shall be mentioned in such Certificate, and that such Place is a proper Place for the Sale of such Spirituous and other Liquors, or is Deficient thereof so Order shall be then made by the Justices for a Licence to the Person so applying.

Person refused
Licence may
appeal to Gen-
eral Sessions.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall apply in manner hereinbefore directed for any Order for issuing a Licence as aforesaid, and the Justice attended at the Sessions shall refuse to grant such Order, and the Person so applying shall think himself or herself aggrieved by such Refusal, it shall and may be lawful for every such Person to appeal to the next General Sessions of the Peace, to be held in such City, Town or County in *Ireland*; and in case the Justices at such Sessions shall think such Person proper and qualified to be licensed, and shall approve of the Sureties to be named by such Person, it shall be lawful for them to order a Licence to be issued forthwith under the like Securities, Terms and Regulations respectively, as are hereinbefore directed.

Special License
granted as
Order, &c.
Absolutely
void.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Licence shall be granted to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, by Retail, as any Order or Certificate lawfully obtained or procured from any Justice or Clerk of the Peace, or not made pursuant to the Direction of this Act, every such Licence shall be void, and the Person to whom such Licence shall have been granted shall be deemed a Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, without Licence, and shall be subject to the same Penalties as Persons selling such Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead by Retail without Licence, are by this Act subject to.

Clerk of Peace
entering Orders
&c. not re-
sented.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace shall enter in The Crown Book any Order contrary to or inconsistent with the Order of the Justices or any Provisions in this Act contained, or shall issue any Certificate not authorized by the Provisions of this Act, he shall for every Order so entered,

of the District within which such Person shall require to be licensed, and such Person shall leave the same with such Collector or other Officer who shall transmit the same when required to the Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*; and if any such Licence shall be granted or issued to any Person without such Oath or Affidavit being so made and subscribed as aforesaid, such Licence shall be and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes, and the Person whose Licence shall so become null and void, shall be deemed an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be subject to such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as Retailers of Spirituous Liquors without Licence are subject to.

" Orders for Licences to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in *Dublin*, issued by Lord Mayor, and

" One or more Police Magistrates, § 40. [Repealed, c. 104. § 5. post.]

XLII. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Persons who shall sell, by himself, or herself, or themselves, or by any Person employed by him, her or them, or sitting for him, her or their Benefit, either within his, her or their House, Out-house or Building, or within any Hall, Tent or other Place whatever, or to be consumed elsewhere, Spirituous Liquors in less Quantity at one time than Twenty five Gallons, mixed or unmixed with Water, Sugar or other Ingredients; or Beer, Ale or Porter, or Cyder or Perry, or Methaglin or Mead, in less Quantity than a Quarter of a Barrel; or Wine in less Quantity than One Gallon (Bottles of Bottled Porter, Beer, Ale, or of Bottled Cyder, Perry, Methaglin or Mead excepted, who shall send the same Abroad, and not sell any to be consumed in their own House), shall be deemed to be Retailers, and to sell the same by Retail within the Meaning of this Act, and if not duly licensed, shall be subject to all and singular the Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities enacted against Persons selling the same without Licence.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person licensed to sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead in *Ireland*, shall assign the House or Place in which such Person shall have been licensed to sell such Liquors, to any Person, or shall die during the Continuance of the Licence granted to such Person, the Assignee of such Person assigning his Interest, or the Heir, Executors or Administrators of the Person so dying, or his or their Assignee, who shall become possessed of such House or Place, may lawfully sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, thereon, until the Expiration of the Term for which such Licence shall have been granted; provided such Assignee of such Person so assigning, or such Heir, Executors or Administrators, or his or their Assignee, shall have obtained the Certificate of the Two next resident Justices of the Peace, or any Two Justices resident within Five Miles thereof, that he, she or they is or are a proper Person or Persons to be licensed to sell such Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, and shall, together with Two sufficient Sureties approved of by such Justices, have executed such Bond, and shall have taken and subscribed such Oath, as are heretofore respectively required to be executed, taken and subscribed, on granting a Licence to sell such Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be deemed a Vintner, Inn Keeper or Tavern Keeper, within the Meaning of this Act, who shall not furnish or sell Vintals to be consumed in the House of such Person.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to subject any Apothecary or Druggist to any Penalty for selling Cordial or Medicinal Waters in the way of his Business as an Apothecary or Druggist.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail, the Duty whereon shall amount to the Sum of Twenty two Pounds or upwards, shall authorize the Person licensed thereby to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity whatever, not greater than Twenty five Gallons at any one time, and no more; and any Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, the Duty whereon shall be Eleven Pounds only, shall authorize the Person licensed thereby to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity whatever, not exceeding Ten Gallons at any one time, and no more: Provided always, that if any such Person on whose Licence a Duty of Eleven Pounds shall be paid or payable, shall pay such additional Sum or Duty as shall make the whole Duty paid by such Person amount to Fifteen Pounds *Swiss* Currency, such Person shall in such case be authorized to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity not exceeding Twenty Gallons at any one time, and no more.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for any Person in *Ireland* (other than a licensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, or a Distiller who shall be licensed to keep a Still of or under One hundred Gallons Capacity) to sell any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity less than Twenty five Gallons, or for any Person (other than a licensed Distiller) to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity exceeding Twenty five Gallons, and not exceeding Fifty Gallons, or for any Person (other than a licensed Distiller, Rectifier or Compender of Spirituous Liquors, or a Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons) to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity greater than Fifty Gallons; and that if any Person not being so respectively licensed as aforesaid, shall sell any Spirituous Liquors in any such Quantities as aforesaid, every such Person respectively shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful for any Person in any Place in *Ireland*, where the Duty on a Licence to retail Spirituous and other Liquors is Eleven Pounds only (such Place not being situate within any Market Town, or within One Mile thereof), to have and obtain at his Desire a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, in such Place not being situated as aforesaid, on Payment of the Sum of Seven Pounds only; provided that no such Person who shall be so licensed in such Place, on the

Payment

Persons selling
in Quantities
less than
Twenty five
Gallons deemed
Retailers of
Spirituous and
other Liquors.

Assignees, Heirs
and Executors
of Licensed Retai-
lers to have
Benefit of
Licences, &c.

Vintners, Inn
keepers.

Penalty for
Apothecaries,
&c.

Quantities which
Licences authori-
zed to sell
under Licences.

Persons not
licensed to sell,
&c. on Con-
sumption, &c.
selling
Wine in any
Quantity.

Penalty.

Penalty in
Places where
Duty is only
one pound
in Market Towns
may obtain
Licence to sell

Payment of the Sum of Seven Pence only, shall on any account be entitled to sell or deliver any such Liquors in any Quantity exceeding One Gallon at any one time.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person licensed to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, to receive or have, during the Continuance of such Licence, any Licence to sell Spirits on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons; nor for any Person licensed to sell Spirits on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons, to receive or have during the Continuance of such Licence, any Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person licensed to retail Spirituous Liquors, shall be detected to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methagis or Mead, in any Hot, Tent or Booth, or in any Street, Road or open Place at any Fair, and shall apply for a Liberty or Permission to do so to any Magistrate of the County or County of a Town or City resident within Five Miles of such Fair; it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to endorse upon the Licence of such Person a Liberty or Permission to do so with the Consent of the Proprietor of the Tolls of such Fair, specifying the Day or Days of the Fair which such Person shall be permitted to sell at.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer of His Majesty's Regular or Militia Forces, commanding any Encampment of Troops, shall recommend any Person licensed to retail Spirituous Liquors for the Sale of either Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter or Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methagis or Mead, or all or any of them at such Encampment, it shall be lawful for any two Magistrates within their Jurisdiction to endorse on the Licence of such Person as recommended, a Liberty or Permission to sell such Articles as aforesaid, specified in such Recommendation, at such Encampment for One Month, and to order the same to be renewed from Month to Month during the Continuance of such Encampment, and so longer.

LI. Provided, That no such Liberty or Permission be given on the Recommendation of the Commanding Officer of any Encampment shall be of force after such Officer or any other Commanding Officer thereof shall revoke the same, and give Notice in Writing of such Revocation to each of the Two Justices who signed such Liberty or Permission, or to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties.

LII. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Officer of Excise shall have entered into any Warehouse, Shop, Cellar, Store or other Place belonging to any Dealer in or Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, such Dealer or Retailer, or some Person employed on behalf of such Dealer or Retailer, shall on Demand of any such Officer show or cause to be shown to such Officer the full and entire Quantity of Spirituous Liquors in the Custody or Possession of such Dealer or Retailer, and shall give or cause to be given to such Officer a Declaration that the Quantity of Spirituous Liquors so shown is the full and entire Quantity of Spirituous Liquors in the Custody or Possession of such Dealer or Retailer; and if such Dealer or Retailer, or some Person on his or her behalf shall not on Demand made by any such Officer forthwith show or cause to be shown such Quantity of Spirituous Liquors, or shall make any false or untrue Declaration of the Quantity of Spirituous Liquors then being in the Custody or Possession of such Dealer or Retailer, then and in every such case of the respective cases aforesaid, such Dealer or Retailer shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Officer of Excise shall discover any Spirituous Liquors in the Custody or Possession of any such Dealer or Retailer which shall not have been duly shown or declared, then all such Spirituous Liquors shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Dealer or Retailer shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings for every Gallon of the Spirituous Liquors which shall be so discovered.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That every Dealer in or Retailer of Spirituous Liquors or Person in his or her Employment who shall show the Spirituous Liquors of such Dealer or Retailer to any Officer of Excise, shall count all the Casks containing Spirituous Liquors and declare the Number thereof to such Officer, and in each such Dealer or Retailer, or other Person shall refuse or neglect so to do, such Dealer or Retailer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any of the Casks which shall have been declared or represented to contain Spirituous Liquors, shall be found to be empty or to contain any other Liquor or Thing, save only Spirituous Liquors, every such Cask and the Contents thereof shall be forfeited, and may be seized, and such Dealer or Retailer shall forfeit for every such Cask so found the Sum of Ten Pounds.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person licensed to sell in any manner Spirituous Liquors shall knowingly receive or have in his or her Custody or Possession, or sell or permit or suffer to be received or sold for his or her Use or Benefit, Account or Profit, or in his or her House or Premises, any Spirits, the full Duties chargeable whereof shall not have been paid, or which shall not have been duly and legally purchased and attended with proper Permits, such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and any Licence before such time granted to such Person shall upon Conviction for such Offence become absolutely void and null, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes to cause to be inserted in the *Gazette* General and in each Provincial Paper or Paper as *foresaid* as they shall think proper, Notice of the Penalties inflicted for such Offence by this Act, and also from time to time to cause to be inserted in such Gazette and Provincial Papers the Names and Names of all Parties whose Licences shall have become void in consequence of any such Conviction; and if any Person so licensed shall sell any Spirituous or other Liquors after such Licence shall have become void in manner aforesaid, such Person shall be liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures as are by Law inflicted on Persons selling Spirituous or other Liquors without Licence, and upon the Trial of any Information for the said Penalty the Defendant or Defendants therein shall be considered, unless due Proof shall be made by such Defendant or Defendants that the full Duty on such Spirits has been duly paid, and Proof of the Nonpayment of such Duty shall not lie on the Officer or Person prosecuting such Information.

not exceeding one Gallon on Payment of 2s. Retailers not to be licensed to sell on Commission, &c.

How Spirituous Liquors may be made applicable in selling Spirituous Liquors in Tents;

as to Encampments of Troops.

How such Camp Licences are revoked.

Penalties to be shown to such Officer on Demand.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Retailers, &c. to show and count Casks to Officer. Penalty. Casks found to contain any Thing but Spirits. Penalty. Persons selling Spirits on which Duty not paid.

Penalty.

Notice of Penalties to be inserted in the Gazette.

Penalties inflicted. Penalties. Once proven.

*Dealers in
Spirits selling
Spirits in un-
licensed Houses.*

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or other Dealer in Spirits, or any Brewer of Beers Ale or Porter, shall knowingly sell any Spirits, Beer, Ale or Porter, to an unlicensed Retailer, or to any Person for the Use of an unlicensed Retailer; or if any Person whatever in Ireland shall knowingly buy or receive, or permit or suffer to be bought or received for him, her or their Use, any Spirits in any Quantity whatever, the full Duties chargeable whereas shall not have been paid, or any Spirits in any Quantity exceeding One Gallon which shall not have been duly and legally permitted and attended with proper Permits to buy, let or there, every such Distiller or Dealer in Spirits or Brewer, or other Person aforesaid, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to the Use of the Informer or Person suing for the same.

Penalty.

*Justice of
Peace, &c. may
enter House
and require to
see Licenses for
selling, and
other Liquors,
&c.*

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace and for any Chief or High Constable, and for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and for any Officer appointed by or acting under the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, and every such Justice, Chief or High Constable, and every such Commissioner and Officer, as and are hereby authorized and required from time to time and at all times in the Day Time to enter into and upon any House, Shop, Store Room or other Building, or any Booth or Shed, Hut, Tent, Stall or Place, in which or where any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methuein or Mead, shall be sold by Retail or as or before which shall be affixed any Board importing that Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder, Perry, Methuein or Mead, or any of them are sold, and there to demand a View of the License for each Sale, and if the Occupier of such House, Shop, Store Room, Building, Booth, Shed, Hut, Tent, Stall or Place, shall not on Demand produce a License in force for the Sale by Retail of such Spirituous or other Liquors, all Spirituous and other Liquors which shall be found in or at such House, Shop, Store Room, Building, Booth, Shed, Hut, Tent, Stall or Place, and all Vessels containing the same, and all Vessels used for measuring or drinking the same, shall be forfeited, and the same shall and may be seized by such Justice of the Peace, Chief or High Constable, Commissioner or Officer respectively; and the Occupier of such House, Shop, Store Room, Building, Booth, Shed, Hut, Tent, Stall or Place, shall be deemed an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be liable to all Penalties to which Persons are subject under this Act, for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors without License.

Penalty.

*Who demand
unlicensed Li-
censes.*

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Magistrate, Justice of the Peace or other Peace Officer or any Officer of the Revenue of Customs or Excise in Ireland, to seize and take away, or to destroy, or cause to be seized, taken away or destroyed, all such Spirituous Liquors which shall be lawfully sold or exposed to sale in any Street, Pathway, Road, Field, or in any Booth, Tent, Stall, Shed or Bulk, or by any Person not licensed to sell the same in such Place, and the Vessels containing the same, and all Vessels and Utensils used for measuring or drinking the same, found therein, and it shall be lawful for any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, for the City or Place in Ireland wherein such Offence shall be committed, or his or their own View, or on Complaint of the Party, or by Proof of such Offence by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses to commit any Person to gaol, and to order him, her or them to be put in the Stocks for the Space of One Hour, and the Justice or Justices by whom such Person shall have been so committed, shall by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, commit the Offender or Offenders to Gaol, there to remain for any time not exceeding One Calendar Month from the Day of such Commitment.

Shack.

Impressment.

*Selling Spirit-
uous Liquors
on Sundays, or
Beer, &c. before
Twelve o'clock on
Sundays, &c.*

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person in Ireland shall sell any Spirituous Liquors by Retail, between the Hours of Twelve of the Clock on Saturday Night and Twelve of the Clock on Sunday Night, nor shall sell by Retail any Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methuein or Mead on a Sunday before Twelve of the Clock in the Afternoon, except to Innkeepers or Travellers; and if any Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold on a Sunday contrary to this Act, every Person selling the same, or on whole behalf such Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be paid One Moiety to the Use of the Prosecution, and the other Moiety to the Churchwardens of the Parish in which the Offence shall have been committed, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

*Magistrates, &c.
may remove
Persons drinking
after seven
Hours.*

LIX. And, for preventing drinking at unseemable Houses, and the harbouring of suspected Persons in Houses where Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Magistrate, Chief or High Constable, to enter any House or Place, and to remove all Persons drinking therein, not being Travellers, between the Hours of Twelve of the Clock at Night and Five of the Clock in the Morning, on any Day of the Week, or drinking Spirituous Liquors therein at any Hour whenever on a Sunday, or drinking any Liquor whatever therein, before the Hour of Two in the Afternoon on a Sunday (not being Innkeepers or Travellers), and if any Person selling Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail shall not on Demand of Entrance by knocking or otherwise admit such Magistrate, Chief or High Constable into such House, or, after Admission, shall withhold any of them in removing Persons drinking therein as aforesaid, such Person upon Proof thereof to the Satisfaction of any Magistrate upon Oath or upon View thereof by such Magistrate, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds British Currency, to be paid to the Informer or Prosecution, and in Default of Payment thereof, the Person so offending shall be committed to Gaol until such Five Pounds be paid.

*Selling Spirit-
uous Liquors,
and not admit-
ting Magistrates,
&c.*

Penalty.

*Impressment.
Peace Officers
may appear
Overseers of
Parish Houses,
and Overseers
or Burgesses
Persons from
Offices.*

LX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Parishes of the several Parishes in Ireland, at Valley ascribed, Twice in every Year, or oftener if necessary, to appoint such Number of Persons as to them shall seem most, to be Overseers of Parishes and Houses licensed for Sale of Spirituous or other Liquors within every such Parish respectively, and every Overseer so appointed shall have like Powers and Authorities for entering such Houses or other Premises of such Person as any Constable or other Peace Officer hath or may have by virtue of this Act, and every Person not admitting any such Overseer, shall be subject

to the like Penalty as Persons not admitting any Magistrate or High Constable are liable to by this Act; and in case any Overlord shall find any Person, not being Traveller, drinking therein between the Hours of Twelve at Night and Five in the Morning, on any Day of the Week except Sunday, or drinking Spirituous Liquors therein at any time whatever on a Sunday, or drinking any Liquor whatever therein at any time before the Hour of Two in the Afternoon on a Sunday (not being Innkeepers or Travellers), any such Overlord may proceed to remove such Person in such manner as any Magistrate, Constable or other Peace Officer is by this Act empowered to do; and every such Overlord shall certify under his Hand and Seal to a Justice of the Peace having Jurisdiction within the Place in which such House shall be situate, that Person or Persons drinking in such House contrary to the Provisions aforesaid, or any of them, and thereupon such Justice shall summon the Party or Parties accused, and unless the Party or Parties summoned shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of such Justice of the Peace, that the Person or Persons were Inmates of the House where they were so found, or Travellers, and as such not prohibited as herein provided from drinking in such House or Place where they were so found, such Certificate shall be conclusive Evidence to subject the Person or Persons licensed for the Sale of Spirituous or other Liquors, to a Penalty of Forty Shillings *British* Currency for the First Offence, and for the Second Offence to a Penalty of Five Pounds *British* Currency; and in Default of Payment of such Penalty, such Justice of the Peace may issue his Warrant for the Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person or Persons on whom such Penalties shall be imposed; provided, that no Person dealing in Spirituous Liquors shall visit at any such Vestry, nor be appointed as Overseer.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Justice of the Peace or Chief or High Constable, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, shall find any Person drinking in any House, Shop, Spinnhouse or other Building, or any Booth or Shed, Hat, Tent, Stall or Place in which or where any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder, Perry, Mead or Malt shall be sold by Retail, and the Landlord for such Sale shall not upon Demand be produced in such Justice of the Peace, Constable or Officer, according to Law, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, Constable or Officer to apprehend all such Persons so found drinking there; and every such Person so found drinking, shall, upon the View of such Justice, or upon Conviction before any Justice of the Peace, be subject and liable to a Fine or Penalty not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and not less than Five Shillings, in the Discretion of such Justice, One Month thereof to be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish where such Conviction shall be had; and if such Conviction shall be had upon the View of the Justice, then the whole of such Penalty shall be paid to the Churchwardens for the Poor of such Parish; and in case such Penalty shall not be paid by the Offender immediately upon Conviction, such Offender shall be committed to Gaol by such Justice for any time not exceeding One Calendar Month, in the Discretion of such Justice.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace, before whom any Person brought for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Porter, Cyder or Perry, Mead or Malt, shall be a Second time convicted of entertaining Person in his or her House not being Inmates of such House, or Travellers, at unreasonable Hours, shall certify under his Hand and Seal to the said Commissioners of Excise, that such Person has so been a Second time convicted, and upon the Receipt of such Certificate, the said Commissioners shall cause the Bond entered into by such Person to be forfeited to be put in Sums, and such Certificate shall, if produced on any Trial relative to such Bond, be conclusive Evidence of the Breach of the Condition of such Bond.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall buy or obtain for any Consideration given or to be given, any Spirituous Liquor in any less Quantity than Twenty five Gallons in any House as aforesaid, not having affixed thereto such Bond as aforesaid, and in such manner as is prescribed by this Act, or if any Person shall buy or obtain for any Consideration given or to be given, any Beer or Ale, in less Quantity than One Quarter of a Barrel in any House not having affixed thereto such Bond as aforesaid, and in such manner as by this Act directed (unless such House be the House of a Seller of Bottled Beer, Ale or Porter, or of Bottled Cyder, Perry, Mead or Malt, who shall send the same abroad, and shall not sell any to be consumed in his or her House), every such Person shall, for every such Offence, upon being convicted thereof before any Magistrate, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or by his own Confession, or on the View of such Magistrate, forfeit the Sum of Two Pounds *British* Currency; and in case of Nonpayment thereof, shall be committed to Gaol, there to remain for One Calendar Month, or until the said Penalty shall be paid.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in Ireland shall agree to pay, or shall pay any Journeyman, Workman, Servant or Labourer, or other Person employed by or working under him or her, or under his or her Direction, so much Money for Wages, or any Part thereof, which shall be ordinarily and usually paid for the Work which such Journeyman, Servant, Labourer or other Person shall be employed in, or shall agree to pay or shall pay such Wages partly in Money and partly in or by Spirituous Liquors, or shall sell off, give or deduct all or any Part of the Wages or Hire due to any Journeyman, Workman, Servant or Labourer, for any Spirituous Liquors delivered or sold as or drunk by him or her, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, upon being convicted thereof before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings *British* Currency, and every Person giving or procuring Credit to be given for Spirituous Liquors sold or drunk as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds *British* Currency.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person in Ireland employing Journeymen, Workmen, Servants or Labourers, shall by himself or herself, or by any other Person, pay any Journeyman, Workman, Servant or Labourer, employed by him or her, the Whole or any Part of the Wages due to such Journey-

Penalty.
Persons not
travellers, drink-
ing, Penalties.

First Offence.
Second Offence.
Penalty.

Persons drinking
in unlicensed
House, appen-
danted and find
if License not
produced.

Penalty.

Impellishment.

Magistrates to
certify Persons
taken committed
to Conviction
any of Bonds.

Buying less than
Twenty five
Gallons of
Spirit or Beer
less than Quar-
ter of Barrel in
any House not
having a Bond.

Penalty.

Agreement to pay
Wages partly
in Money and
partly in Spirit.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Pay Wages
or Workman
Public House.

Penalty.

man, Workman, Servant or Labourer, is or at any House in which any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, Porter or Cyder, or Perry, Methaglin or Mead shall be sold by Retail, and every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, upon being convicted thereof before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds British Currency, and all Payments of all Wages made in manner aforesaid shall be null and void.

Distiller or
Licensor in Spirits
not to recover
from unlicensed
Retailer.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Dealer in Spirits or any other Person shall be entitled to maintain any Cause, Action or Suit, to recover either in Law or Equity any Sum of Money or Damages for or on Account of any Spirituous or other Liquors sold to any Person selling spirituous or other Liquors by Retail without License in Ireland; and in case such Distiller or Dealer in Spirits or other Person shall sell any Spirituous or other Liquors to such unlicensed Retailer knowing him to be such, such unlicensed Retailer may recover back all such Money as he shall have paid for any such Spirituous or other Liquors so sold by Civil Bill or otherwise from such Distiller or Dealer, or other Person.

Taking, in,
Pawn, &c. as
Security for
Spirits.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be entitled unto or shall maintain any Cause, Action or Suit for or recover either in Law or Equity, any Sum of Money or Damages for or on account of any Spirituous Liquors sold in Ireland in any Quantity less than One Pint at any one time, nor for or on account of any particular Item or Article in any Account or Debent for Spirituous Liquors sold, where the Quantity shall be less than One Pint; and in case any Person shall take or receive any Pawn or Pledge from any Person by way of Security for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money owing by such Person for Spirituous Liquors, every such Person so offending and being convicted thereof before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings British Currency for every Pawn or Pledge so taken or received by him or them, and the Person or Persons to whom any such Pawn or Pledge shall belong, shall have the same remedy for recovering such Pawn or Pledge, or the Value thereof, as if it had not been given as a Pledge. *(Words in brackets repealed, post. c. 104. § 14. for § 15. of that Act.)*

Penalty.

Money for
Liquors sold to
or by unlicensed
Persons not
recoverable.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall have any remedy for or recover any Sum of Money on account of any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, sold knowingly to an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous or other Liquors in Ireland, nor shall any such unlicensed Retailer have any remedy for or recover from any Person any Sum of Money on account of any Spirituous or other Liquors sold by such unlicensed Retailer; and all Comoditi, Bills, Promissory Notes, Bonds or other Writings, given as a Security for the Payment of Debts contracted for any Spirituous or other Liquors so sold to or by an unlicensed Retailer, shall be and are hereby declared to be null and void.

Commissioners
of Excise or
Magistrate or any
other Person
is to give Re-
lease.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, or for the Justices of the Peace assembled at any Quarter Sessions or Adjournment thereof, or the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, within his Jurisdiction, or any Two or more of the Police Magistrates of the District or Division in which such Person shall reside, to grant any License granted to any Person or Persons for retailing Spirituous and other Liquors in Ireland; and if any Person whose License shall be so granted, on whom a Notice shall have been served, of the same being so called, signed by such Commissioners, or any Three of them, or by the Justices of the Peace assembled at any Quarter Sessions or Adjournment thereof, or by the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin, within his Jurisdiction, or by such Police Magistrates as aforesaid, shall retail any such Spirituous or other Liquors, every such Person shall be subject to the same Penalties as Persons selling Spirituous or other Liquors without having obtained a License for that Purpose are liable to under this Act. *[In part repealed, post. c. 104. § 5. for § 6. 7. of that Act.]*

Penalty.

Bond of Person
licensed to sell
Spirits in Queen's
town not less
than Fifty
Guineas.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That no License shall be granted to any Person to sell any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity whatever, not less than Fifty Gallons, unless the Person applying for the same shall have entered into Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Two hundred and fifty Pounds each, which Summe respectively shall be approved of by the Person granting such License, and which Bond the Person granting such License is hereby empowered to take for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, conditioned that the Party to be licensed, shall not sell or deliver out any Spirituous Liquors in any Quantity at one time less than Fifty Gallons; and that such Person is to be licensed shall not sell any Liquors to be sold or consumed in his or her House or Premises; and that such Person is to be licensed shall not knowingly receive or sell, or permit or suffer to be received or sold for his or her Use or Benefit, Account or Profit, any Spirits the full Duties chargeable whereon have not been paid, or which shall not have been duly and legally permitted and strowed with proper Provisions to him or her; and that such Person is to be licensed shall not sell or deliver out any Spirits to any Person selling Spirits by Retail, unless such Person shall be duly licensed thereto; Provided always, that no Person shall be accused as a Surety in any such Bond, unless he shall prove upon Oath to the Satisfaction of the Person granting such License, that he is an Householder, and worth the Sum in which he shall be Surety, above all his just Debts.

Proof of Spirit
being Unlicen-
sed.

Receiving or using
Beer, &c. with-
out License.
Penalty.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, without having taken out such License as by this Act is directed, or without having a License for that Purpose in force, every such Person or Persons besides forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds, shall forfeit all Coppers, Vessels, Utensils and Materials for Brewing, and all Porter or Strong Beer, or Ale or Small Beer brewed in the Possession of such Person, which accordingly shall and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be given to any Person to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, unless such Person shall have first entered into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, to be approved of by the Person issuing such Licence, conditioned that such Brewer shall not use any new or untried Cere, nor any Malt, Quassia, Conium Indicum, Grass of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or any other Ingredient whatsoever, which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality in Brewing any Strong Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer, and shall not let out to hire, or lend any Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil for Brewing, for the Purpose of brewing Beer, Porter or Ale, or suffer any Person to use the Brew-house of such Person, or any Brewing Pan or other Utensil for brewing therein.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale or Small Beer for Sale, shall let out to hire or lend any Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil for brewing, for the Purpose of brewing Strong Beer, Porter, or Ale or Small Beer, or shall suffer any Person to use his or her Brew-house, or any Brewing Pan or other Utensil for brewing therein, every such Person so letting out to hire, or lending or suffering to be used, any such Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil, and the Person to whom the same shall be let out to hire or lend, or by whom the same shall be used, shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and every Brewing Pan or other Utensil which shall be so let, lent or used shall be forfeited and may be seized; and it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons so letting out to hire, or lending or suffering to be used any Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil, or for the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be let out to hire or lend, or who shall make use of the same, as the case may be, if summoned as a Witness on the Part of the Informer (or if the Person or Persons so letting out to hire or lending such Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil, or the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be let out to hire or lend, or by whom the same shall be used, shall be the Informer or Informers), to give Evidence upon the Trial of any Suit upon any such Bond, or any Information for any such Penalty or Forfeiture; and in case of Judgment upon any such Bond, or Conviction upon such Information, the Person or Persons so giving Evidence shall be discharged of and from the Penalties by him or her incurred.

LXXIV. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in England, or any Three of them, upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to authorize any such licensed Brewer to let out to hire or lend his, her or their Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil for brewing to any other Person being duly licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, and to suffer the same to be used by such Person; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Brewer so letting to hire, or lending or suffering to be used his, her or their Brew-house, Brewing Pan or Utensil for brewing, with the Consent of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall not for so doing be deemed guilty of a Breach of the Condition of his, her or their Bond, nor shall either of the Parties be liable to the aforesaid Penalty of Ten Pounds.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Collectors of Excise, or other Persons, who shall take any Road by Law required to be entered into, to receive for the Use of His Majesty the Amount of the Stamp Duty on such Bond, if such Collector or other Person shall have supplied the stamped Paper for such Bond, and the Party entering into such Bond is hereby required and directed to pay the Amount of such Stamp Duty to such Collector or other Person.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Licence shall be given to any Person as a Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, or other trading Person going from Place to Place in Ireland, travelling either on Foot or with a Horse or other Beasts of Burthen, or otherwise carrying to sell, or exposing to sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or to any travelling Trader, or Carrier of Iron or Metal, or to any Person hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale, unless such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman shall at the time of applying for such Licence, declare to the Person, to whom such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman shall apply, his or her Name or Names, Age, and Place and Places of Abode, and also how and in what manner such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman intends to hawk, travel and trade, whether on Foot, or with One Horse, or how many Horses or other Beasts of Burthen, and whether with One or more and how many Servant or Servants, or Person or Persons employed in carrying the Goods of such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, and if any such Declaration or any Part thereof shall be false or untrue, the Party making the same shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the Person granting such Licence is hereby required to inform in such Licence, or to indorse thereon, the Age, Place or Places of Abode, and particular Descriptions of such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, to whom and the Date when such Licence shall be granted, and no such Licence shall be valid or be deemed a Licence within the meaning of this Act, unless such Indorsement thereon, or Entry therein shall be respectively made in manner aforesaid, or if any such Indorsement or Entry shall be made in consequence of any such false or untrue Declaration as aforesaid.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandise in respect whereof, or of any of them, any Person or Persons is or are required to take out a Licence which shall be carrying or carried about for Sale, or sold or exposed to sale by any Person who shall not have a Licence, or who shall not on Demand of any Justice of the Peace or any Officer of Excise, produce a Licence in Force shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Justice or Officer; and if any Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, or other Person shall not on Demand of any Peace Officer, or Officer of Excise, produce or show immediately upon such Officer demanding the same, his or her Licence or Licence for trading in Fairs, every such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other Person being thereof duly convicted before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place in which such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied by Districts and Sale of the Offender's Goods, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any

Just entered into by Brewer.

Condition of Bond.

Letting, hiring, or lending, his or her Utensil.

Penalty.

Is done.

Licensed Brewer, may lend to such persons, with Consent of the Commissioners of Excise.

Collection to receive Amount of Stamp Duty on Bonds.

Hawker and Pedlar previous to being licensed to give Notice of Declares in Presence of Justice or Justice, who shall keep Accurate record.

Penalty.

Goods carried on sold by Hawker without Licence forfeited Hawker not producing Licence.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

such Justice of the Peace, and the same to be paid to the Informer, and for Nonpayment thereof, such Offender shall be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction for any time not exceeding Three Weeks, or less than Ten Days.

Prohibits the Persons (except Tailors, &c.) selling Articles made even Manufactures, and the Tailors, &c. according to certain Trades, and Persons selling Wool or Woollen Fleece or Loose Goods.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prohibit any Person or Persons (other than and except travelling Tailors, Cutters of Irres and Metal) from carrying abroad, exporting to Sale and selling any Goods or Wares made or manufactured by him or her, or her or her Husband, or Wife, or Child, or Apprentice or Apprentices, Journeyman or Journeywomen, Master or Mistress, at any Public Fair, Market, or elsewhere; nor to prevent any Cooper, Glazier, Plumber, Tucker or Housewife, Maker, from going abroad in order to exercise their proper Trades, or from carrying with him or them proper Materials for carrying the same; nor to prohibit any Person or Persons from carrying about manufactured or unmanufactured Wool, Woollen or Worsted Goods, or from carrying the same to Sale in any Fair, Market, or other Place; nor to prohibit or restrain any Person or Persons from selling or exporting to Sale in any Place or Places whatsoever, any Flax, Tows, Hemp, Flaxen Yarn or Thread, or any Manufacture or Article made in Ireland of Flax or of Cotton, or of both, or either mixed or assorted, in as such Person or Persons shall cut at the time time carry or export to Sale any other Goods, Wares or Merchandise, other than such as they are hereby allowed to carry and export to Sale respectively.

Crown privileges.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise whether any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, found by virtue of this Act, are of the Growth or Manufacture of Ireland, the Proof that they were of such Growth or Manufacture shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer of such Goods, and not on the Officer who shall seize the same.

All not to prosecute Corporations, &c.

LXXX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That this Act or any thing herein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend, to give any Power for licensing any Hawker, or Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, to sell or export to Sale any Wares or Merchandise in any City, Borough, Town Corporate or Market Town in Ireland, otherwise than such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman might have done before the passing of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Selling elsewhere than within own House or under Hawkers.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall carry Goods, Wares or Merchandise in respect whereof Hawkers, Pedlars or Petty Chapmen would under the Provisions of this Act require to be licensed, and shall sell and export the same in Shops, Rooms, Washhouses or other Places in Cities, Towns and Places where they are not usually resorted, and all and every Person and Persons who shall carry and carry such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, to Public Streets and Places in the Cities, Towns Corporate and other Places in Ireland, where they respectively reside, not adjoining to their Dwelling Houses or other Apartments, and shall sell and export the same to Sale, upon Stalls, Stands, Stools, Benches, Baulks or other Places, and also Persons under the Denomination of Leather Sellers or Leather Cutters, who hawk about from Town to Town, or sell or export in Cities or Towns Corporate, and in Fairs, Markets or other Places, any Parcel or Parcels of Leather in Benches, Stalls, Stands or otherwise, and all and every Person and Persons who shall in any Place in Ireland, except in the City of Dublin or within Five Miles thereof, hawk about old Cloaths, or sell or export to Sale old Cloaths, in any Stall, Stand, Bench, Shop or other Place, shall be deemed Hawkers, Pedlars or Petty Chapmen, and shall be subject and liable to all and every the Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures by Law enacted or to be enacted respecting Hawkers, Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen.

Hawkers and Pedlars to pay for but Day for each Person or Horse employed.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, who shall employ any other Person (not being his Wife) in Company with such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, to carry any Boxes, Baskets, or Parcels of Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall, on applying for a License, pay the further Duty by this Act granted for and in respect of every such Person; and every Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman who shall use any Horse or other Beast or Beasts of Burthen, shall also, on applying for a License, pay the further Duty by this Act granted, far or in respect of each such Horse or other Beast of Burthen; and in every such License respectively shall be mentioned and set forth the Number of Persons, Horses or other Beasts of Burthen, which such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman shall employ or use, as she case may be; and every Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, who shall so employ or use any greater Number of Persons or Horses, or other Beasts of Burthen, than the Number which shall be so mentioned and set forth in such License, shall be subject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted upon Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, trading without License.

Licenses what to contain.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any License to any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person shall be lost or any Person, or be used by any Person, other than the Person to whom the same shall be granted, such License from thenceforth shall be void and of no Effect, and all Goods, Wares and Merchandise, found in the Possession of the Person using the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Justice of the Peace or any Officer of Excise.

Hawkers and Pedlars to have Licenses.

Penalty.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture not exceeding Twenty Pounds British Currency shall be incurred under the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland within his Jurisdiction to hear and determine any Information or Complaint for the Recovery of any such Penalty, and also to hear and determine any Complaint or Information for Recovery of any Penalty against any Person for having sold any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Mithetgin or Mead, by Retail, without License, or for dealing in, retailing, making, manufacturing or keeping for Sale or exporting to Sale any of the respective Articles or Things in this Act mentioned, or for carrying on any Business, Trade, Occupation or Calling for which a License is by this Act required, without having taken out such License respectively, and having the same in force, and in every such respective case and case, to commit the Party offending on his or her own Confession, or on the Oath of any One

Penalty not exceeding 20s. nor recovered.

credible Witnesses and such Justice of the Peace is hereby authorised and required, upon Complaint or Informations made in that behalf within Three Months after the Offence committed, to summon the Party accused, and also the Witnesses or Witnesses on either Side; and if upon the Confession of the Party accused, or Examination of any Witnesses or Witnesses on Oath, which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer, such Party shall be convicted of the Offence alleged, then it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required, to award and issue out a Warrant under his Hand and Seal for laying the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred on the Goods of the Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof in case the same shall not be released within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any) after Payment of the Penalty, and after deducting the Expense of such Sale, and for Want of sufficient Distress, it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required to commit such Offender to Gaol until such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid; and if any Person shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of the said Justice, then such Person shall and may complain or appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from the Day when such Conviction shall have been made in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party Ten clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively; and such Justices are hereby empowered to inquire and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the Complaint or Appeal; and in case the Conviction of the Party shall be affirmed, such Justices shall issue Warrants for laying the Penalty or Forfeiture as aforesaid, and also for laying on the Goods of the Appellants such Sum, not exceeding Forty Shillings, as the said Justices shall appoint for the Costs of such Appeal, to be paid to the Informer; and where any such pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, the same may be laid for and recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, or by Civil Bill, in any of the Courts of Record in Dublin, or at the Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace, or at the Assize, in any County, or County of a Town or City, in Ireland, and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom any such Penalty shall be recovered, to order the Offender to be committed to Gaol in case of Nonpayment thereof, there to remain until such Fine or Forfeiture be fully paid and satisfied.

LXXXV. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate to summon any Person to appear before him to give Evidence for any Offence under this Act; and if any Person who shall be summoned as a Witness for the Purpose aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to appear to such Summoner, or, appearing, shall refuse to give his or her Testimony, every such Person shall, for every such Neglect or Refusal, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds British Currency, and in case of Nonpayment thereof, such Justice or Magistrate shall issue a Warrant under his Hand and Seal to lay such Sum by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person, and for want of Effects sufficient to answer such Sum, shall issue a like Warrant to commit to the House of Correction or County Gaol the Person so offending, there to remain until Payment of the said Sum or Penalty.

LXXXVI. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace within his Jurisdiction to administer any Oath or Oaths prescribed or required by this Act.

LXXXVII. And he is further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace in Ireland shall certify to the Clerk of the Peace, by sending the Record of the Conviction, that Proof has been made before him that any Conviction is any of the Bonds herebefore required, to be entered into by any Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, Porter, Cyder or Perry, Mead, or Misch, has been violated, specifying such Conviction and the Violation thereof, such Clerk of the Peace shall thereupon transmit such Conviction, together with a Copy of the Conviction, and the Bond of the Person offending to the Commissioners of the Island Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and the said Commissioners shall forthwith put in cause such Bond to be put in Surety.

LXXXVIII. And he is further enacted, That any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in Ireland who shall neglect or refuse in any Manner to carry this Act into Execution upon a proper Application made to him, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds British Currency, for every such Neglect or Refusal, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any Court of Record in Ireland, by the Person who shall have made such Application, in which an Effect, Possession, Wage of Law, or more than One Imparison shall be allowed, the Money recovered by such Action to be applied to the Use of the Person suing for the same.

LXXXIX. And he is further enacted, That no Conviction made or alleged to be made by any Justice or below any Justice of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions, or any Sessions or Order given or made, or alleged to be given or made by any such Justice or Justices under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Writ of Certiorari, out of the County, City, Town or Place, wherein such Conviction or Proceeding shall have been had or made into any Court whatsoever, and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supercede Execution or other Proceedings upon any Conviction, Order or Sentence made or given in pursuance of this Act, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon, any such Writ of Certiorari or Allowance thereof notwithstanding.

XC. And he is further enacted, That where any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, as an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous or other Liquors, an Appeal to be brought by any such Person shall stay or prevent the Execution of any Warrant or Process for the distraining of any Goods or Chattels in the Use, Custody or Possession of such Person, or for the Compelling of such Person, until and until such Person shall with Two sufficient Sureties have entered into Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in a penal Sum

Imprisonment.

Appeal.

Notice.

Penalty exceeding ten pounds recoverable.

Imprisonment.

Magistrate may summon Witnesses, who not appearing or refusing to give Evidence, Penalty.

Imprisonment.

One Justice may administer Oaths.

Justice to certify to Clerk of Peace when Conviction of Bonds violated.

Magistrate neglecting or refusing to carry this Act into Execution, Penalty.

Proceedings not removable by Certiorari, &c.

Appeal by individual upon Return not to lay Execution until Security given to His Majesty, Sum.

Sum equal to double the Amount of the Fine or Penalty so incurred, conditioned to pay the said Penalty to be imposed in case the Judgment of Conviction for the same shall be wholly affirmed, with all Costs attending such Appeal; and if only affirmed in Part, then conditioned to pay so much of the said Penalty and Costs as shall be affirmed, as such Person shall, on such Appeal, be adjudged to have forfeited, which Bond shall be entered into before the Clerk of the Peace, if the Conviction shall be had before a Justice of Peace; and if such Conviction shall be had before the Commissioners of Insured Excise and Taxes, or their Sub-Commissioners, then such Bond shall be entered into before the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the District in which such Conviction shall be had, and the Person entering any such Appeal shall lodge the Certificate of such Collector or other Officer of having taken such Bond with the Register of the Commissioners of Appeals before such Appeal shall be received, in case the Conviction shall be had before the said Commissioners of Excise, or their Sub-Commissioners, and which Certificate every such Collector or other Officer before whom such Bond shall be entered into, is hereby authorized and required to give without Fee or Reward.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That upon any Information, Action, Suit or Prosecution, for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act, and on any Trial or Proceeding on such Information, Action, Suit or Prosecution, the Informer or Prosecutor shall in all cases be a competent Witness.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That every Fine or Penalty of or under Ten Pounds, which shall be imposed under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act, shall be applied, dividing the Expenses of levying the same, as to One Half thereof, to the Informer, and as to the other Half, to the Churchwardens of the Parish wherein the Offence for which such Fine or Penalty shall be imposed shall have been committed, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Insured Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to share, reduce or mitigate any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, which shall at any time be imposed under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act; any thing in any Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, that every such Abatement, Reduction and Mitigation shall be under and subject to all such Rules and Regulations as, by any Act or Acts now or hereafter to be in force in Ireland, any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, incurred for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Excise, shall or may be abated, reduced or mitigated.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, any such Person being daily convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or induce any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Oath or Affirmation, any such Person being daily convicted of such procuring or inducing shall, for every Offence, incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be incurred under this Act, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable in English Currency, and that such Part, Share and Proportion as shall be payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of any Fine or Penalty which shall be incurred under this Act, and which shall be imposed by any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, shall, within One Calendar Month next after the same shall be levied or received, be paid by the Justice of the Peace or other Person by whom the same shall have been levied or received, to the Collector of Excise of the District in which the Offence was committed; and if any such Justice of the Peace or other Person shall neglect or omit to pay over the same, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum equal to double the Sum which shall be so omitted to be paid over.

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That all Justices of the Peace for any County in Ireland adjoining to or within which any County of a City is situated, shall be empowered, and they are hereby authorized and enabled to act in such County of a City (save and except the City and County of the City of Dublin), as fully to all intents and Purposes as if they were Magistrates within such County of a City, to do as fully as shall relate to convicting and levying the Penalties inflicted by this Act on all Persons who shall sell Spirituous or other Liquors without License in Ireland, contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Matter or Thing by law or their done or executed by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the alleged Cause of Action shall accrue, and shall be laid in the proper County where such alleged Cause of Action shall have arisen or begun; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance of and by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Prosecution, or Judgment shall be given against him, her or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Triple Costs awarded to him, her or them, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any Offence under this Act shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect *substantia tenore*; which Conviction shall be good and effectual to all intents and Purposes, without setting forth the Evidence or stating the case, in any more particular manner; that is to say,

Informers, In-
formations, Writings

Application of
Penalties of or
under not im-
posed by Justice
of Peace.

Commissioners
of Excise may
abate Fines im-
posed by Magis-
trates subject to
Approval of
Treasury.

Perjury

Subornation of
Perjury

Penalties to be
paid in British
Currency, and
King's share
paid over by
Justice of
Peace of District.

Penalty.

Justices of Coun-
ties may act as
Commissioners
of Excise (save
Dublin) as
Officers for
selling Spirituous
Liquors without
License.

Limited
Actions.

General Issue.

Triple Costs.

Form of
Conviction.

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord
A. B. of in the County of *for*, County of the City or Town of *as the style*
may be, was convicted before me *C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County*
of *[for County of a City]* for that the said *A. B. on the* Day of *new full*
past, at *in the said County of* did *[have taken the Oath]*, contrary to the Statute in that
made made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said *A. B. to have forfeited the Sum of*
British Currency. Given under my Hand and Seal the Day of 1'

Which Conviction each Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Parchment, and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town *[as the style may be]*, or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit to do so, he shall, for every such Neglect or Offence, forfeit Ten Pounds.

Conviction returned to Clerk of Peace.
 Penalty.

XCLIX. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant to be issued by such Justice of the Peace for levying any Penalty under any such Conviction from the Goods of such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect; which Form shall be good and valid to all intents and Purposes; that is to say,

Form of Warrant for levying Penalties.

County of } To *M. and N. and each of them, and their and each of their Assistants.*

WHEREAS on the Day of new full past, *E. F. of* was duly convicted before me *C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of*, for that he, *[or, she,]* on the Day of they last past, at in the said County of *or*, County of the City or Town of *[as the style may be]*, did *[have taken the Oath]*, and thereupon the said *E. F. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty of* *British Currency*; I do therefore by these Presents authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said *E. F. or a Sufficiency thereof for levying the said Sum thereof, wherever you shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall not be recovered by the Payment of the said Sum within Ten Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by Public Sale thereof to levy the said Sum, reverting to the said *E. F. the Overplus, if any; and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to me without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal this* Day of 1'*

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, and the same shall be in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned to the Words, 'I do therefore by these Presents;' which Words and all from thence to the Words, 'disposed of according to Law' inclusive, shall be omitted, and this Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Places; to wit,— And Whereas on the Day of a Warrant was issued to levy the said Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum; I do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said *E. F. wherever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before me the said *C. D. or any other Magistrate of the said County*.'*

Form of Warrant of Commitment.

And the Form of Commitment for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Directions thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words, 'I do therefore hereby authorize and command you;' there shall follow these Words, 'to receive into your Custody the Body of the said *E. F. and him [or her] safely to keep for* *from the Date hereof, unless the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under my Hand and Seal this* Day of 1'

Form of Commitment.

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words to the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in Law to all intents and Purposes.

C. And be it further enacted, That if any such Convictions as aforesaid shall be affirmed at the Sessions, the Warrant or Warrants, Commitment or Commitments, for carrying the same into Execution, shall be granted by the Justice or Justices so affirming the same, or any of them, and shall be in the Forms here following respectively, or some other Form of Words of the same Import respectively;

Form of Warrants.

County of } To *M. and N. and each of them, their and each of their Assistants.*

WHEREAS on the Day of in the Year *E. F. was duly convicted before a Justice of the Peace for the*
the said County, for that he [or she] on the Day of *then last past,*
at *in the said County of* did *[have taken the Oath]*, and thereupon the said *E. F. became liable to a Fine or Penalty of*
British Currency; And Whereas the said *E. F. appeared from the said Conviction to the Sessions which*
hath affirmed the same, with *Cells, making together with the said Fine or Penalty*
the Sum of *There are therefore to authorize and command you and each of you*
*to take into your Possession the Goods of the said *E. F. or a Sufficiency thereof for levying the said last**
mentioned Sum thereof, wherever you shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said
Goods

Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by Public Sale thereof to keep the said Sum, rendering to the said E. P. the Overplus (if any); and the said Sum is levied you shall leave to us, or to One of us, [or to me, as the case may be] without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under our Hands and Seals [or my Hand and Seal] this _____ Day of _____ 18__.

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer said Penalty, and a Warrant shall thereupon be issued for committing said Offender or Offenders, the same shall be in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, so the Words "thine are therefore to authorize and command you" which Words and all forms thence to the Words "disposed of according to Law" inclusive, shall be omitted, and the Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Place; so writ,— "And Whereas on the _____ Day of _____ a Warrant was issued to levy the said Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum, We [are I] do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said E. F. whomsoever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before us [are we I]."

And the Form of Consensus for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, every only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words, ' We [or I] do therefore hereby authorize and command you' there shall follow these Words, ' to take into your Custody the Body of the said S. F. and him [or her] safely to keep for _____ from the Date hereof, until the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under our Hands and Seals [or my Hand and Seal] this _____ Day of _____ 17__.'

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words is the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in Law to all Insects and Parasites.

CL. And be it further ordered, That every Clerk of the Peace in Ireland shall within ten Calendar Month after the said such Commission shall have been returned to his Office, furnish to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the District in and for the County in which such Commission shall have been made, a Copy of such Commission signed by himself, for which he shall receive from such Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid the Sum of One Shilling and no more; and every such Collector or other Officer in Charge shall forthwith transmit such Copy so signed to the said Commissioners of Excise and Taxes; and if any Clerk of the Peace or Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, shall neglect or omit so to do respectively, he or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

CH. And be it further enacted, That the several Taxes by this Act and the Schedule hereunto annexed, granted and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall and may be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for and recovered in the same Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directives, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, levying, collecting, paying, managing and levying of the same.

any Duties in and by an Act made in Ireland, in the Eleventh or Twelfth Years of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Excise and New Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Bank of Rates therein referred; or in and by an Act made in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, intitled An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland; or in and by the several and respective Acts in force in Ireland relating respectively to the several and respective Duties in the Schedule to this Act mentioned and expressed, or in and by any other Act or Acts which may be in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenues of Excise and Customs, or either of them, is fully and effectually so all Intents and Purposes as if the same Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts, is or shall be provided: Provided always, that all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act enforced, unless where otherwise directed by the same, shall be disposed of and applied One Moiety of each of them to His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Laymen or Proprietors.*

CIII. And be it further enacted, That the Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See also *Stamp Duty* generally, c. 87, *pass.*]

Form of Wave
and of Com-
position

Form of Connected

Clerk of Peace to find Copies of Condition to Collectors of Taxes, who shall transmit them to Commissioners.
Resolves.

Institution of
Exotic applied to
Successory of
Dionysus, etc.

14th St. Cor. 5
(S.) 10th, 4. c. 1
40 G. 3. c. 104
40.

Appendix
Females, etc.
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As the standard, the

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

A.

A SCHEDULE of the Sums of Money or Duties to be payable in Ireland, on the several Licences herein-after mentioned.

	If each Licence respectively shall be respectively taken out,								
	Between March 1815, & the 19th Sept. 1815, inclusive.			After 29 Sept. 1815, & before 5 Jan. 1816, inclusive.			After 5 Jan. 1816.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail in the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, or within the Walls of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey, or within the Town of Belfast	50	0	0	10	0	0	40	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail, within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or in any Place beyond the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps therein	24	15	0	8	5	0	13	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail: In any other Place within the District of the Excise Office in Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, distant more than Two Miles, and not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, and within the Cities of Arragh, Lonsdowney and Kilsenny, and the Towns of Achloe, Ballinacree, Bandon, Carlow, Castle, Callisheer, Clonsilla, Colman, Douglas, Dandale, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kesh, Lifford, Longford, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tralee, Wexford and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively	16	10	0	5	10	0	28	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail: In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described	8	5	0	2	15	0	11	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to keep a Malt House, the working or drying Floor or Floors whereof shall not exceed 1,400 square Feet, and to make Malt for Sale therein, or for the Purpose of being used in any Brewery or Distillery; for each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on	4	10	0	1	80	0	6	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to keep a Malt House of any other Size or Description, and make Malt for Sale, or to be used in any Brewery or Distillery; for each and every Malt House in which such Business shall be carried on in the following Places; <i>viz.</i> in the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, or within the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and in any Place beyond the said Circular Road and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey, or within the Town of Belfast	25	18	6	7	17	6	31	10	0
Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, and within One Mile thereof, respectively, or in any other Place within the District of the Excise Office of Dublin, beyond the Circular Road and Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not distant more than Five Miles therefrom, or within One									

Licence for Malt House — continued.	If such Licences respectively shall be respectively taken out,								
	After 15 March 1815, & before 15 Sept. 1815, inclusive.			After 15 Sept. 1815, & before 5 Jan. 1816, inclusive.			After 5 Jan. 1816.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps therein, or within the Cities of Anagh, Londonderry and Killymore, or the Towns of Ardara, Balranish, Bandon, Carlow, Cahell, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kinsale, Lifford, Longford, Loughrea, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tralee, Waterford and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein, respectively	15	15	0	5	5	0	21	0	0
In any other Parts of Ireland than those Parts before described	11	16	3	3	18	9	15	15	0
Any Licence to any Person to sell Malt, the Party selling the same not being licensed to make Malt	15	15	0	5	5	0	21	0	0
Any Licence to any Person to brew Strong Beer, Porter or Ale, or Small Beer, for Sale, for each and every Brew House in the following Places, to-wit:									
In the City of Dublin, and within the Circular Road surrounding the said City of Dublin, or within the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, or beyond the said Circular Road and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, not more than Two Miles distant therefrom, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey, or within the Town of Belfast	19	7	6	15	2	6	38	10	0
Within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities of Cork, Waterford and Limerick, or within One Mile thereof respectively, or within One Mile of the Town of Belfast, or of the Public Lamps therein, or in any Place within the District of the Excise Office in Dublin, beyond the Circular Road, and the Wall of His Majesty's Park the Phoenix, distant more than Two Miles therefrom, and not distant more than Five Miles therefrom	23	18	6	7	17	6	34	10	0
Within the Cities of Anagh, Londonderry and Killymore, and the Towns of Ardara, Balranish, Bandon, Carlow, Cahell, Callahan, Clonsilla, Coleraine, Drogheda, Dundalk, Ennis, Enniskillen, Galway, Kinsale, Lifford, Longford, Loughrea, Malton, Newry, New Ross, Sligo, Tipperary, Tralee, Waterford and Youghall, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein respectively	19	18	9	6	11	3	26	3	0
In any other Part in Ireland	15	15	0	5	5	0	21	0	0
Any Licence to any Person, to keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or to Tan Leather	0	15	9	0	5	3	1	1	0
Any Licence to any Person, to dress Hides or Skins in Oil	0	15	9	0	5	3	1	1	0
Any Licence to any Person, to make Vellum or Parchment	0	15	9	0	5	3	1	1	0
Any Licence to any Person, to keep a Still or Stills to rectify or compound Spirits and Strong Waters, for every Gallon which such Still or Stills is or are capable of containing	0	7	10 ¹	0	2	7 ¹	0	10	6

If such Licences respectively shall be taken out,								
On or after 15 May 1815, and before 5 Jan. 1816, inclusive.			After 5 Jan. 1816.					
£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.			
15	15	0	21	0	0			
6	6	0	8	8	0			
5	5	0	4	4	0			

Any Licence to any Person to sell Spirituous Liquors on Commission or otherwise, in Quantities not less than Fifty Gallons in any Place in Ireland, the Person so selling not being a licensed Distiller or an Importer of Spirits; provided that any such Inspector shall not be authorised to sell any Spirits not imported by himself without taking out such Licence								
Any Licence to any Person to manufacture Tobacco in any manner								
And further for and upon every Tobacco Table exceeding One Table, which any Person manufacturing Tobacco shall be bound to keep								

(1) Each Licence respectively shall be taken out,

On or before 15 Mar. 1815, and before 5 Jan. 1816, each first.	After 5 Jan. 1816.
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Any Licence to any Person to sell or manufacture Tobacco, except as a wholesale Importer only

Any Licence to any Person to sell by Retail or otherwise deal in Coffee, except Importers thereof, or Persons licensed to sell Tea or Groceries

Any Licence to any Person to manufacture Candles and Soap, or either of them for Sale; videlicet,

In the City of Dublin or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House, or Market Place thereof

In any other Part of Ireland

Any Licence to any Person to manufacture Paper Hangings

Any Licence to any Person to sell Paper Hangings, not being the Manufacturers thereof; videlicet,

In the City of Dublin or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House, or Market Place thereof

In any other Part of Ireland

Any Licence to any Person to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, for each Mill

Any Licence to any Person to brew or make for Sale any Liquor called Sweets or Made Wines

Any Licence to any Person to make Methylin or Mead for Sale

Any Licence to any Person to make Vinegar for Sale

Any Licence to any Person to sell Tea or Groceries, or either of them, including Foreign Grapes, Foreign Currants, Raisins and Figs by Retail; videlicet,

In the City of Dublin or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in every City, Town and Place, returning a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House, or Market Place of any such City, Town or Place

In any other Part of Ireland

Any Licence to any Person to sell or make any Gold or Silver Plate; videlicet,

In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House, or Market Place thereof

In any other Part of Ireland

Any Licence to any Person to execute the Trade or Business of a Braxier, or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin or other Metal, for making of Stills, Still Heads, and Worms of Stills; videlicet,

In the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the same, and in any City or Town in Ireland sending a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, or within Two Miles of the Session House, or Market House, or Market Place thereof

In any other Part of Ireland

Any Licence to any Person to keep a Tavern, Hotel, Club House or Coffee House, the Person keeping the same not being a licensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors

Any Licence to any Person to sell by Auction; videlicet,

Within the District of the Metropolis, or within Six Miles of the Castle of Dublin, or within the City of Cork, or the City of Waterford, or the City of Limerick, including all Places surrounded by the said Cities respectively, and that Part of Limerick called Saint Francis's Abbey, and within the rest of the respective Counties of the said Cities, and in the Town of Belfast

	If such Licences respectively shall be taken out,					
	On or after the 1 st of Jan. 1815, and before 1 st Jan. 1816, exclusive.			After 1 st Jan. 1816.		
Licence for Liquors—continued.	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
In any other Part of Ireland	5	18	9	5	5	0
Any Licence to any Person to make Glass Bottles, and other Vessels or Utensils, of common Bottle Metal	0	15	9	1	1	0
Any Licence to any Person to exercise the Trade or Calling of a Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person going from Place to Place in Ireland, and travelling either on Foot or with a Horse or other Beast of Burden, or otherwise, carrying to sell, or expoling to Sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, also Licences to travelling Tinkers and Craftsmen of Iron and Metal, and to Persons hawking about Tea or Coffee for Sale	1	11	6	2	2	0
And further for every Servant, or other Person employed in carrying Goods of any such Hawker, Pedlar or Chapman, and for every Horse or other Beast bearing or drawing barthen, which such Person shall so travel with, or cause to be used for the Purpose of carrying or drawing his, her or their Goods, Wares and Merchandise	1	11	6	2	2	0
Any Licence to any Person to carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker, or Maker of any Carriage chargeable with Duty	0	3	9	0	5	0
Any Licence to any Person to carry on the Trade of selling Carriages chargeable with Duty, by way of Auction or on Commission	0	3	9	0	5	0
Any Licence to any Person to let to Hire any Hacks for the Purpose of travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage	1	11	6	2	2	0

CAP. XX.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [23d March 1815.]

* Number of Forces, 204,386, exclusive of Forces employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, and of Foreign Corps in British Pay.

[See post. p. 108.]

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [23d March 1815.]

XXXV. AND be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, no Paymaster or other Officer or Person whatsoever, shall receive any Fee, or make any Deductions whatsoever, out of the Pay of any Marine, either Officer or Private Man, in His Majesty's Service; or from their Agents, which shall grow due from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, other than the usual Deductions for Clothing and Trench gear in the Pound to be disposed of as His Majesty shall think fit, and the One Day's Pay of the Officers now paid to the Paymaster of Widows' Pensions, and such other necessary Deductions as shall from time to time be directed by the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, to be justified by their Secretary for the time being under his Hand.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Tobacco, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof. [23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain, and the several and respective Drawbacks of such Duties on the Exportation of Tobacco from Great Britain, should be repealed, and that other Duties and Drawbacks should be imposed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain, and the several and respective Drawbacks of the said Duties allowed on the Exportation of Tobacco from Great Britain shall cease, determine and be no longer paid or allowed, save and except as all acts relating to the recovering, paying or allowing any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid

repaid or allowed, or to any Tax, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that from and after the said Day, in and instead of the Duties and Drawbacks hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Duties and Drawbacks as the same are inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed marked (A.): Provided always, that if any Tobacco legally imported into Great Britain shall be deposited in Warehouses according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Importation and Warehousing of Tobacco in Great Britain, then and in such case the Duties of Customs hereby imposed upon the Importation thereof shall not be paid or payable until such Tobacco shall be delivered for Home Trade, Consumption or Manufacture, out of the Warehouse to which the same may be deposited, lodged or secured according to the Directions of the said Acts respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That as Tobacco which shall have been lodged and deposited in any such Warehouse previous to the said Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and as to which the Duties due on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, shall be taken out of such Warehouse for Home Trade, Consumption or Manufacture, until the Duties granted by this Act shall have been fully paid, notwithstanding such Tobacco has been imported on or before the said Twenty fifth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

III. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like nature are managed, administered, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whosoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full force and effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the first manner as the Duties imposed by the said recited Act of the Tenth sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, under the Title and Designation of Permanent Duties, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain, and of the Drawbacks of the said Duties allowed upon the Exportation of Tobacco from Great Britain.

TOBACCO.	Permanent.	
	Duty.	Drawback.
Imported into Great Britain, or when taken out of the Warehouse for Home Trade, Consumption or Manufacture, for every Pound Weight	£ s. d. 0 1 0	— —
Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade, Consumption or Manufacture, in Great Britain, and afterwards manufactured according to Law,		
— Into Sheet Cut Tobacco, Plug Tobacco or Roll Tobacco, for every Pound Weight	— —	0 0 8
— Into Cut Tobacco, for every Pound Weight	— —	0 0 9

C A P. XXIII.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation of Claret of Lique, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof.

[1815 March 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs now payable upon the Importation into Great Britain of Claret of Lique should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

45 G. 1. c. 38.

Exemption.

New Duty.

Duties under
Management of
Commissioners
of Customs.

Duties have
been
levied.

Penalties, &c. of
former Acts in
force.

Duties paid into
Exchequer.

Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into Great Britain of Cloth of Linn Ball cloth and decorative, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may become payable, or to any Tax, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been imposed at any time before the said Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that, from and after the said Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Pound Weight Ansdrapes of Cloth of Linn imported into Great Britain the Sum of One Shilling and six pence.

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be assigned, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like nature are assigned, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Points, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall, from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties repealed by this Act are directed to be appropriated and applied.

C. A. P. XXIV.

An Act to grant Duties of Customs on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize from Ireland, in lieu of the Duties of Customs heretofore payable on such Exportation

[23d March 1815.]

48 G. 3. c. 18.

8th. (C.)

Certain Duties
on Exports from
Ireland paid ac-
cording to
Schedule (A.)
inserted, in lieu
of Duties
granted by
41 G. 3. c. 18.
8th. (C.)

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and five, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties, upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*; and by the Schedule marked (C.) to the said Act annexed, certain Duties of One Pound Ten Shillings and of Four Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the Value of Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland (except as in the said Act and Schedule mentioned) were imposed upon the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize from Ireland; and which said Duties were equal in Amount to like Duties imposed on Goods of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain exported from Great Britain; but Part of which said Duties in Great Britain, being Temporary or War Duties, have expired; and it is therefore just and reasonable that such Duties only should be imposed in Ireland on the Exportation from thence of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, as shall not exceed the Duties now existing in Great Britain on the Exportation from thence of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Eighteenth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the Exportation from Ireland of all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, the several Duties of Customs for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof as are assessed and set forth in the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act annexed, (except as in the said Schedule is excepted) in lieu and full Satisfaction of the several Duties of One Pound Ten Shillings and Four Pounds payable in Ireland upon the Exportation of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, under or by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or the Schedule marked (C.) to the said recited Act annexed, or of any Act or Acts for continuing the said Act in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act, but in Addition to the several Duties charged on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, enumerated in the Schedule marked (C.) annexed to the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and that the Duties of One Pound Ten Shillings and Four Pounds payable under the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and the said Schedule marked (C.) to the said Act annexed, upon any such Goods, Wares and Merchandize in respect of the Value thereof, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable.

21 G. 3. c. 123.

II. And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Rates and Duties, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties* it is,

enough other things, provided, that whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Customs or Excise in Great Britain granted or made payable by any Act in force in Great Britain at the time of the passing of the said recited Act, upon any Articles on which any Duty is imposed by the said Act, or the Schedule to the said Act annexed, or any Part of such Duties, in Great Britain, shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, Provision shall be made that so much of the Duties of Customs granted by the said recited Act and made payable in Ireland as shall be equal to the Duties which shall cease or determine or be repealed as aforesaid in Great Britain, shall, in like manner, cease or determine or be repealed, and shall not be payable in Ireland at any time after the time when such Duties of Customs or Excise shall cease or determine or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, and that the Duties of Customs made payable by the said recited Act shall be reduced accordingly: And Whereas certain Temporary or War Duties on the Exportation from Great Britain of certain of the Articles, Matters and Things mentioned and set forth in the Schedule marked (B.) annexed to the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, have ceased and determined, and are no longer payable: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Eighteenth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid into His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the Exportation from Ireland to any Country or Place, except Great Britain, of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandises mentioned, expressed and set forth in the Schedule marked (B.) to this Act annexed, the several Duties and Sums of Money in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, mentioned, set forth and expressed, in like and full Satisfaction of all Duties payable in Ireland on the Exportation from thence of Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the like Sorts, under or by virtue of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or of the said Schedule marked (B.) to the said recited Act annexed; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, all Duties payable under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or the said Schedule marked (B.) thereto annexed, upon the Exportation of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandises mentioned, specified and expressed in the Schedule marked (B.) to this Act annexed, shall cease and determine and be no longer paid or payable.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties in this Act and in the respective Schedules hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in British Currency: and that all the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and that all the said Duties in the said Schedules specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and received upon the several Articles and Things in this Act and the respective Schedules hereto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, according to the Tons, Weights, Measures or Value of the said Articles respectively specified, and also in Proportion upon any greater or less Number, Weight, Quantity, Measure or Value of such Articles, Matters and Things respectively.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties by this Act granted and made payable, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied, in the same Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures, and by such ways and methods, and under such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying and paying, and managing of Duties payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland, or for the levying and applying any Taxes, Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for raising the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Bank of Rises therein intituled*; or in and by an Act made in the Tenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the Alteration of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

Schedule (A.)

DUTIES payable upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland.

In addition to the specific Duties charged on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, enumerated in Schedule (C.) of the Act 45 Geo. III. c. 18. and in lieu of the Duties of 4s. 6d. and 4s. 0d. in the said Schedule mentioned in respect of the Value of any such Goods, Wares and Merchandises.

All Goods, Wares and Merchandises of the Growth or Manufacture of Ireland, except as hereinafter mentioned, exported to any Port of Europe, or to any Port or Place within the Limits of Gibraltar, for every £100 of the true and real Value thereof	£	s	d
Except,			0 10 0
— Lanes of the Manufacture of Ireland,			
— Ballins.			

Duties of
Duties payable
under
45 Geo. 3. c. 18.
s. 10. (B.)
Duties specified
in Schedule (B.)
hereto annexed
shall
yield.

Duties payable
in British Cur-
rency.
Consolidated
Fund.
Duties paid ac-
cording to
Tons, &c.

Duties here
levied.

45 Geo. 3. c. 18.
(1.) s. 10. c. 18.

45 Geo. 3. c. 18.
s. 10.

Appeal.

Schedule (A).—continued.

Except,	£. s. d.
Goods, Wares or Merchandise, exported from Ireland to the Isle of Man, which may be legally exported to the said Island.	
Cotton Yarn, and all other Cotton Manufactures, being of the Manufacture of Ireland.	
Corn or Grain.	
Refined Sugar in Loaf complete and whole, or Lump duly refined, or any refined Sugar called Barkards, or ground or powdered Sugar, or refined Sugar broken in Pieces, or any Sugar called Candy, or Molasses made from Sugar of the British Plantations.	
All Goods, Wares or Merchandise of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland (except as hereinafter mentioned), exported to any Port or Place whatever, not being in Europe or within the Straights of Gibraltar, or within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every £1000 of the true and real Value thereof	1 0 0
Except,	
Linen of the Manufacture of Ireland.	
Butter.	
Corn or Grain.	
Cotton Yarn, or other Cotton Manufactures, being of the Manufacture of Ireland.	
All Sorts of Craft, Food, Victuals, Clothing or Implements or Materials fit or necessary for the British Fisheries established in the Island of Newfoundland, for the Use and Support of the Mariners or other Persons employed on board the Vessels or on Shore in carrying on the said Fishery, exported from Ireland to the said Island.	
All refined Sugar in Loaf complete and whole, or Lump duly refined, and all refined Sugar called Barkards, and ground or powdered Sugar, and refined Sugar broken in Pieces, and all Sugar called Candy, and Molasses made from Sugar of the British Plantations.	

Schedule (B.)

DUTIES payable as the Exportation of Foreign Merchandise from Ireland to any Country or Place except Great Britain in lieu of the Duties on the like Articles under Schedule (B.) of the Act 45 (a) Geo. III. c. 129. (a) [54 G. 3. c. 129.]

Agave; wildcotton,	£. s. d.
— rough or unstripped, the lb.	0 0 1½
— trimmed or girded, the lb.	0 0 4½
Ammoniacum Sal.—See Sal Ammoniacum.	
Anacardium, the lb.	0 0 11
Antimonial Crudum, the cwt.	0 0 4½
Aquaforte, the Gallon	0 0 4½
Asafetida, Gum.—See Gum.	
Argal, the cwt.	0 0 9
Arise, the cwt.	0 4 9
Bayberries, the cwt.	0 0 3
Beaver Skins, the Skin or Piece of Skin	0 0 9
— Wool.—See Wool.	
Brazil Wood.	
Brazilino or Jamaica Wood. } —See Wood.	
Calaminaris Lapis.—See Lapis Calaminaris.	
Cochineal, the lb.	0 0 4½
Crown of Tartar, the cwt.	0 1 3
Fulic.—See Wood.	
Galls, the cwt.	0 1 3
Gem Sal.—See Sal.	
Guinea Wood.—See Red Wood in Wood.	
Gum; wildcotton,	
— Arabic, the cwt.	1 16 9
— Senegal, the cwt.	0 6 6
— Sic Lac, the cwt.	0 4 9
Jamaica Wood.—See Brazilino Wood in Wood.	
Ledges of the East Indies, the 100lbs.	0 10 9
Illegals, the cwt.	0 1 0

Schedule (B.)—continued.

	d.	s.	d.
Logis Calcuttaria, for every £1000 of the Value	5	0	0
Lignum, the cwt.	0	0	9
Madder, the cwt.	0	1	0
— Root, the cwt.	0	4	9
Nicotiana Wood.—See Wood.			
Onchal, the cwt.	0	1	3
Oxalis, the cwt.	0	0	9
Pomegranate Peel, the cwt.	0	0	0
Red or Guinea Wood.—See Wood.			
Rafflower, the lb.	0	0	12
Sai; videlicet,			
— Amomum, the cwt.	0	4	9
— Gum, the cwt.	0	4	9
Sapan Wood.—See Wood.			
Sassafras red, the cwt.	0	0	10
Sassafras Gum.—See Gum.			
Shumac or Sumach, the cwt.	0	0	6
Stick Lac.—See Gum.			
Tornal or Tordale, the cwt.	0	4	9
Valeria, the cwt.	0	4	9
Vendegre, the lb.	0	0	12
Wood; videlicet,			
— Broad Wood, the cwt.	0	1	3
— Bucallina or Jamaica Wood, the cwt.	0	0	9
— Fustick, the cwt.	0	0	3
— Lagwood, the cwt.	0	1	3
— (If exported in British Ships Duty-free.)			
— Nicotiana Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	5	0
— Red or Guinea Wood, the cwt.	0	1	0
— Sapan Wood, the cwt.	0	0	6
Wool; videlicet,			
— Beaver Wood, the lb.	0	5	0

C A P. XXV.

An Act for the better Regulation of the Manufacture of Brown Linens in Ireland.

[23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS the Manufacture of Linen Webs at or under the Set of Six Hundred has greatly increased, and it would greatly tend to encourage that Branch of the Manufacture if proper Regulations were made concerning it: And Whereas also it would be expedient to regulate generally the Lengths and Breadths of the Denominations of Linen called *Three Quarter Widths*, be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person shall sell or expose for sale any Piece of Brown Linen or any of the Linen Markets of Ireland of the Denomination called *Three Quarter Widths*, being of or under the Set of Six Hundred, which shall not be fully Twenty eight Inches broad, and if exceeding Fifty two Yards in Length, which shall not be Seventy Yards long, under the Penalty of forfeiting every such Piece so sold or offered for sale.

Brown Linen of certain Breadths and Lengths.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Seller or Master of Brown Linen shall sell any Piece of Brown Linen of the Denomination called *Three Quarter Widths*, which shall not be of the Width of Twenty eight Inches at both, and without concealed Damages, and of equal Fineness and Thickness throughout, or any Piece exceeding in Length Fifty two Yards, unless the Piece shall be Seventy Yards long, under the Penalty of forfeiting Forty Shillings for each Piece.

Selling Piece not of proper Dimensions.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall pack up or enter for Exportation any Piece of *Three Quarter Widths* Linen which shall not be fully Twenty eight Inches wide if Brown, or Twenty seven Inches wide if White, under the Penalty of forfeiting every such Piece so packed up or entered for Exportation.

Packing up for Exportation Linen not of proper Width.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Offences which shall or may be committed against this Act shall and may be heard and determined, and all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall or may be incurred or imposed by virtue of this Act, shall and may be sued for, recovered and disposed of in like manner and by the same ways and methods as are directed by any Act or Acts now in force relating to the Linen Manufacture of Ireland.

Penalty how recovered and applied.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act to amend the Laws now in force for regulating the Importation of Corn.

[21 March 1815.]

Corn at all
times imported
and warehoused.Corn taken out
of Warehouse
for Home Con-
sumption.Prices at which
Corn imported
for Home Con-
sumption.Where British
Corn is below
Prices before
mentioned, no
Corn imported
or taken out of
Warehouses.Times for taking
Average Prices
of British Corn.Prices at which
Corn from
British Colonies
is to be
imported.Where Corn
below Prices
mentioned, no
Corn from
North America
imported.Where Corn
imported and
warehoused,
according to
Laws in force,
Corn taken out
of Warehouse
whenever Corn
of better Descrip-
tion is imported.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Laws now in force, relating to the Importation of and Trade in Corn; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Corn, Meal or Flour, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any Foreign Country, which may now by Law be imported into the United Kingdom, shall and may at all times be allowed to be brought to the said United Kingdom, and to be warehoused there, under the Regulations and Provisions of the Laws now in force relating to Corn, without Payment of any Duty whatever; and that such Corn, Meal and Flour, so warehoused, may at all times be taken out of Warehouse, under the Regulations and Provisions now by Law in force, and be exported according to such Laws, without Payment of any Duty whatever.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Corn, Meal or Flour, may be taken out of Warehouse, and be entered for Home Consumption, in the said United Kingdom, under and subject to the Regulations and Provisions now in force, without Payment of any Duty whatever, whenever Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour of the same Sort, shall or may by Law be admissible into the said United Kingdom, for Home Consumption.

III. And be it further enacted, That such Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour, shall and may be permitted to be imported into the said United Kingdom, for Home Consumption, under and subject to the Provisions and Regulations now in force, without Payment of any Duty whatever, whenever the Average Prices of the several Sorts of *British* Corn, made up and published in the manner now by Law required, shall be at or above the Prices hereafter mentioned; that is to say, whenever Wheat shall be at or above the Price of Eighty Shillings per Quarter; whenever Rye, Pease and Beans, shall be at or above the Price of Fifty three Shillings per Quarter; whenever Barley, Beer or Bugg, shall be at or above the Price of Forty Shillings per Quarter; and whenever Oats shall be at or above the Price of Twenty seven Shillings per Quarter.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Average Prices of *British* Corn be made up and published, shall respectively be below the Prices herebefore stated, no Foreign Corn, or Meal, or Flour, made from any of the respective Sorts of Foreign Corn herebefore enumerated, shall be allowed to be imported into the United Kingdom, for the Purpose of Home Consumption, or taken out of Warehouse for that Purpose.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Average Price of the several Sorts of *British* Corn, by which the Importation of Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour, into the United Kingdom, shall be regulated and governed, shall continue to be made up and published in the manner now required by Law; but that if it shall hereafter at any time after the Importation of Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour shall be permitted, under the Provisions of this Act, appear that the Average Prices of the different Sorts of *British* Corn respectively, in the Six Weeks immediately succeeding the Fifteenth Day of February, the Fifteenth Day of May, the Fifteenth Day of August and the Fifteenth Day of November in each Year, shall have fallen below the Prices at which Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour, may be, under the Provisions of this Act, allowed to be imported for Home Consumption, no such Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour, shall be allowed to be imported into the United Kingdom for Home Consumption, from any Place between the Rivers *Eyder* and *Baldick*, both inclusive, until a new Average shall be made up, and published in the *London Gazette*, for regulating the Importation into the United Kingdom for the succeeding Quarter.

VI. And be it further enacted, That such Corn, Meal or Flour, being the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America*, as may now by Law be imported into the United Kingdom, may hereafter respectively be imported for Home Consumption, without Payment of any Duty, whenever the Average Prices of *British* Corn, made up and published as now by Law required, shall respectively be at or above the Prices herebefore specified; that is to say, whenever the Price of Wheat shall be at or above Sixty seven Shillings per Quarter; whenever the Price of Rye, Pease and Beans, shall be at or above Forty four Shillings per Quarter; whenever the Price of Barley, Beer or Bugg shall be at or above Thirty three Shillings per Quarter; and whenever the Price of Oats shall be at or above Twenty seven Shillings per Quarter.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever the Prices of *British* Corn respectively shall be below the Prices herein specified, Corn, or Meal, or Flour made from any of the respective Sorts of Corn herein enumerated, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America*, shall no longer be allowed to be imported into the United Kingdom for Home Consumption.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That such Corn, Meal or Flour, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America*, as may now by Law be imported into the United Kingdom, shall at all times be permitted to be imported into the United Kingdom, and warehoused according to the Laws now in force, without Payment of any Duty whatever; and be taken out of the Warehouse, and exported according to the Laws now in force, without Payment of any Duty whatever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That such Corn, Meal or Flour, be warehoused, may be taken out of Warehouse, and entered for Home Consumption in the United Kingdom, whenever Corn, Meal or Flour, of the like Description, imported direct from any such Colony or Plantation, shall be admissible by Law for Home Consumption, but not otherwise.

X. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or any wife alter the Duties of Passage, Passage, Barge, or Passage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate within Great Britain, or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law; but the same shall be continued as heretofore: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter the Payments to be made to the Inspector of Corn Returns, as directed by an Act made in the Forty third & (a) Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, respecting Corn brought into the Port of London.

Power by
Royal of Com-
mission of Lon-
don, or other
Corporation.

(a) See

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, by which any Rules, Regulations or Conditions were made, established or directed, regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn, Meat and Flour, or for ascertaining the Average Price, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things relating thereto, shall and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to this Act, as fully and effectually as if they had been repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

Provision of
a new Act in-
cluded in Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed during this present Session of Parliament.

Act not to be

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, certain Additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain. [13d March 1815.]

WHEREAS several of the Additional Duties of Excise granted by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain Additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain; and certain Additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff imported into Great Britain*, granted by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and the Duties referred, described and set forth in the Schedule marked (B.), annexed to another Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and certain Additional Duties of Excise on Rum, Spirit, *Agua Vie* or Strong Waters, imported into Great Britain, granted by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, would have expired at certain limited times after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, and had not the same been continued: And Whereas the same were and are, by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and it is expedient further to continue the same in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each of the said Duties of Excise by the said Acts granted as are not repealed nor made perpetual, and would expire before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and are by the said Act made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty continued until and upon the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and the same respectively are hereby further continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

45 G. 3. c. 11.

45 G. 3. c. 29.

46 G. 3. c. 20.

47 G. 3. c. 2.

47 G. 3. c. 27.

48 G. 3. c. 73.

Duties of Excise
continued.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for further continuing, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, to continue the Restrictions contained in the several Acts of His present Majesty on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England.

[13d March 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to continue, until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Restrictions contained in several Acts made in the Thirty fourth, Thirty eighth, Forty second and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty as Payments of Cash by the Bank of England; which Act has by several subsequent Acts (a) been continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas it is highly desirable that the Bank of England should as soon as possible resume the Payment of its Notes in Cash, but it is expedient that the Provision of the said Act should be further continued: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.*

44 G. 3. c. 1.

and Cont.

(a) Only One Act, namely 54 G. 3. c. 99.

[See as to Bank of Ireland, post. c. 40.]

C A P. XXIX.

An Act to regulate the Trade between *Mahé* and its Dependencies, and His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, and also between *Mahé* and the United Kingdom. [31d March 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to grant further Facilities to the Trade between *Mahé* and its Dependencies, and His Majesty's Sugar Colonies and Plantations in *America*, as well as between *Mahé* and its Dependencies, and the United Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects on Ship, in any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*, any of the Articles enumerated in the Schedule hereto annexed, marked (A.), being of the Growth and Produce of any such Colony or Plantation, or any such Articles as may now or may hereafter be by Law imported into the said Colonies, and to export the same direct to the Island of *Mahé* or the Dependencies thereof, in such Ships or Vessels, and under such Licences, Entries, Securities, Regulations, Pesalties and Forfeitures, as are hereinafter particularly mentioned or defined.

IL And be it further enacted, That no Articles so allowed to be laden and exported from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations aforesaid, shall be shipped or laden in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, for the Purpose of being carried to the said Island of *Mahé* or the Dependencies thereof, except in British-built Ships, owned, navigated and registered according to Law; nor unless a Licence shall have been first taken out for that Purpose, under the Hands and Seals of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port at which any of the said Articles is or are intended to be shipped or laden, and which Notice must be first given in Writing, by the Master of such Ship or Vessel, or the Person according to Ship any of the said Articles, to the Collector and Comptroller of such Port, of such Intention, and that such Ship or Vessel shall, when laden, proceed direct to the Island of *Mahé* or the Dependencies thereof; and the Owner or Proprietor, or the Person or Persons intending to ship any of the Articles aforesaid, shall then make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of the said Port (which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer) that it is his or their full Intention and Resolution to land such Ship or Vessel with Articles enumerated in the said Schedule marked (A.) for Exportation, direct to the Island of *Mahé* or the Dependencies thereof, and to no other Place whatever: And the Master of the Ship or Vessel, together with the Owner or Proprietor, or Person intending to ship the said Articles, shall thereupon enter into Bond, to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Twelve the Value of such Goods, with Condition that in case a Licence shall be granted giving Liberty to such Ship or Vessel to land and carry the said Articles from any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*, to the said Island of *Mahé* or its Dependencies, then such Ship or Vessel shall proceed direct to the said Island or its Dependencies, and that no Goods whatever, except such as shall be included in the Licence before mentioned, and except such as may now by Law be exported from the said Colonies or Plantations to *Mahé*, shall be taken on board such Ship or Vessel; and also, that before the Expiration of Two Years from the Date of such Licence, the same shall be given up to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port where the said Articles were shipped and laden, together with a Certificate signed and sealed by the Governor or Deputy Governor of the said Island, or by the principal Officer of the Customs there, certifying the landing of the said Articles, together with the Contents, Weight or Quantity, and the Marks and Number of the Cases or other Packages of such Articles so landed, together with the Name of the Ship and Master thereof from which such Goods were so landed.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel, licensed by virtue of this Act, shall take on board, in any of the said Sugar Colonies or Plantations, or on her Voyage from thence, any other Articles than such as are allowed to be taken on board and exported by virtue of this Act, all such Articles so taken or laden on board such Ship or Vessel shall be forfeited and lost, and the Master and skipper of any such Goods shall severally forfeit Double the Value of the Goods so laden or taken on board contrary to the Directions of this Act; to be recovered in any Court of Vice Admiralty hold in any of His Majesty's Plantations in *America*, or in any other Court of Record in any of His Majesty's Plantations in *America*, at the Election of the Informer or Prosecutors: One Third Part to be for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, One Third Part to the Governor of the Colony, and the other Third Part to the Informer or Prosecutor.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any of the Articles enumerated in Schedule (A.) shall be laden or put on board any Ship or Vessel in the said Colonies or Plantations, or any of them, by virtue of a Licence to be granted under the Authority of this Act, to be carried to the said Island of *Mahé* or the Dependencies thereof, the Merchant or other Person intending to export the said Articles in such Ship or Vessel, shall make an Entry or Entries of all such Articles in Writing, with the Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Customs, expressing the Name of the Ship, and of the Master of the Ship, on board of which the Articles are to be laden, and where the lading, and also the Place, Quay or Wharf where the same is or are to be laden, or first water-borne in order to be laden, which shall be written such Port only where a Custom House is established, and where an Officer or Officers are or shall be appointed to attend the lading and shipping thereof, or in such Place or Places as shall be mentioned in a Surrender or Warrant, to be taken out from the Collector and Comptroller for that Purpose; and shall take out from the said Collector and Comptroller a Coquet or Warrant accordingly, whereas shall be indorsed by the Exporter, the particular Weight and Quantity, with Marks, Numbers and Contents, Serial or proper Description of such Articles, and shall deliver the Coquet or Warrant so indorsed to the Searcher or other Officer appointed for the examining and Shipping thereof, and shall ship or lade the said Articles in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, and at such

Place

Place or Places as shall be mentioned in the said Surrender or Warrant, that the proper Officer or Officers may attend the Shipping thereof; and each Officer or Officers are hereby empowered to examine the same, before they are put on board; and if upon examining the Articles which shall be shipped or brought to be shipped by virtue of such Conquest or Warrant, either before or after the Shipping thereof, the Weight or Quantity of the Goods, or the Number of Casks or Packages shall be greater than is intimated therein; or if any other Articles of the Description mentioned in Schedule (A.) but such as shall be so intimated on such Conquest or Warrant taken out and delivered as aforesaid, shall be discovered to have been laden or put on board any Ship or Vessel having Liberty to trade to the said Island of *Madeira* or the Dependencies thereof, by virtue of this Act, or shall be brought to be shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, or shall be put into any Hoy, Lighter, Boat or other Vessel, in order to be put on board such Ship or Vessel, before such Entry or taking out such Conquest or Warrant, intending and delivering of the same, and not being shipped in the manner aforesaid, but shall be put on board, or attempted to be put on board, contrary to the Directions of this Act; all such Articles so shipped or brought to be shipped, in any of the cases aforesaid, shall be forfeited and lost, and also the Hoy, Lighter, Boat or other Vessel or Carriage whatsoever, employed in shipping or attempting to ship any Goods other than those enumerated in the Schedule marked (A.) together with the Ship or Vessel on which such Goods shall be so laden; and the Owner shall forfeit double the Value thereof, to be recovered in any Court of Vice Admiralty held in any of His Majesty's Plantations in *America*, or in any other Court of Record in any of His Majesty's Plantations in *America*, at the Election of the Informer or Prosecution, One Third Part to be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, One Third Part to the Governor of the said Colony, and the other Third Part to the Informer or Prosecution; And before such Ship or Vessel shall depart from the said Colonies, with any of the Articles enumerated in the Schedule marked (A.) laden as aforesaid, the Master or other Person having or taking Charge thereof, shall receive the said Licence from the Collector or Comptroller, with a Certificate underful thereon or signed thereon, under their Hands and Seals of Office, who are to make Two Copies of such Licence, Indorsements and Certificates; for all which Entries, Conquests, Indorsements and Certificates or Copies, no more shall be taken by the said Officers than the legal and accustomed Fees; and the Master or other Person having or taking Charge of such Ship, shall, before he receives the said Licence, attach the said Copies under his Hand, which are to be left with the Collector and Comptroller, who are hereby required as soon as conveniently they can, to transmit One of the said Copies of the Licence, Indorsements and Certificates, to the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*, and retain in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, the Notice in Writing of the Owner or Owners of the Ship or Vessel, the Affidavit of the Shipper, the Licence granted for the Exportation of the Articles, together with the Clearance; but in case any of the Articles mentioned in Schedule (A.) shall be found on board, or carried by any such Ship or Vessel to the said Island of *Madeira* or the Dependencies thereof, other than such as are mentioned in the said Licence, then the Liberty granted by such Licence shall cease and become void and of none Effect; and such Ship or Vessel, and also the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and all others concerned, shall be subject and liable to all and every the same Penalties and Forfeitures as they would have been subject and liable to in case this Act had not been made.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Ship or Vessel, or any other Ship or Vessel being *British-built*, owned, managed and registered according to Law, to land at the said Island of *Madeira* or any of the Dependencies thereof, any of the Articles enumerated in the Schedule marked (B.) heretofore consented, for Exportation direct to any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and any such Article may be landed in any such Colony or Plantation, being first duly entered with the proper Officers of the Customs there; any thing contained in an Act made in *England* in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*, or any other Act or Acts in force in the United Kingdom, or in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the said Articles, Goods, Wares and Merchandises (Whatsoever), shall, upon Importation into any of the said Colonies or Plantations, be subject and liable to the Payment of such Duties as Goods of the like Description or Description are or may be subject and liable to, upon being imported into the said Colonies or Plantations from *Great Britain*, and no other or higher Duties; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Sort of Wine which by virtue and in pursuance of this Act shall be imported or brought into any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*, from the Island of *Madeira* or the Dependencies thereof, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of such and the like Duties, and no other, as are due and payable on *Madeira Wine* when imported into any of the said Colonies or Plantations directly from the Island of *Madeira*.

VII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Licence being returned to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs of the Port where the Articles enumerated in Schedule (A.) were shipped, and an Account of the same being intimated thereon or assessed thereon, and also upon such Certificate of the Governor or Deputy Governor or Principal Officer of the Customs, being produced as aforesaid, and the several other Matters and Things required by this Act being duly complied with, within Two Years from the Date of such Licence, the Bond given before granting such Licence shall be discharged and delivered up; any thing in the said Bond or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; otherwise such Bond shall be forfeited, and shall and may be prosecuted in the manner directed by this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to export from *Newfoundland*, the Island of *Bermuda*, or any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in *North America*, any Articles of the

Officers receive

Partly

Ship depart ing from the said Colonies

Part

In what order Licences are

Ships to land at Madeira or any of the Colonies

13 Car 2. c. 5

Duties

Wine imported into Colonies are to pay like Duties as payable on Madeira Wine

When Bonds discharged

Goods exported from Colonies to Madeira direct

Growth, Production or Manufacture of such Colony or Plantation, or any Articles which have been legally imported into such Colony or Plantation direct to the Island of *Mocha*, or the Dependencies thereof, in such Ships and Vessels, and under such Licences, Estates, Securities, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are heretofore mentioned and defined, as to Exportation from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to import from the Island of *Mocha*, or any of the Dependencies thereof, direct into *Newfoundland*, the Island of *Bermuda*, or any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in *North America*, any of the Articles enumerated in the Schedule hereto annexed marked (B.) in such Ships and Vessels, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are heretofore mentioned and defined, as to the Importation of the said Articles into any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

XI. And Whereas by the Laws now in force, Goods and Commodities of the *Straites* or *Levant Seas* may be imported into the United Kingdom in *British-built* Ships, and navigated and registered according to

Law, from the usual Ports or Places for landing them heretofore within the said *Straites* or *Levant Seas*,

though the said Commodities be not of the very Growth of the said Places: And Whereas it is expedient

that such Goods should be allowed to be in like manner imported from the Island of *Mocha* and the Depen-

dencies thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful

for any Person or Persons to import from the Island of *Mocha* or the Dependencies thereof into the United

Kingdom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, not prohibited to be imported, being of the Growth, Produce

and Manufacture of any Country or Place within the *Straites* or *Levant Seas*, in *British-built* Ships or Vessels,

owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in no other Ship or Vessel whatever, on Payment of

such Duties as now are or hereafter may be due and payable on such Goods, Wares or Merchandise when

imported into *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding:

Provided always, that all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, being of the Growth, Produce or Manu-

facture of any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signor, within the *Levant Seas*, be imported under

the Authority of this Act, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the same Duties, to the Company of

Merchants of *England* trading into the *Levant Seas*, commonly called or known by the Name of *The Turkey*

Company, as shall be payable on the like Articles when imported direct from *Turkey* by Persons being Mem-

bers of the said Company.

XI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for

any Person or Persons admitted into and made free of the said Company of Merchants of *England* trading into

the *Levant Seas*, to import into the United Kingdom from the said Island of *Mocha* or the Dependencies

thereof, in *British-built* Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered, according to Law, any Raw Silk

or Mohair Yarn, being of the Growth or Production of any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signor,

within the *Levant Seas*; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that

all such Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn so imported into the United Kingdom under the Authority of this Act,

shall be subject and liable to the Duties due and payable to the said *Turkey* Company, in like manner as if such

Raw Silk or Mohair Yarn had been imported into the United Kingdom direct from *Turkey*.

XII. And Whereas it is expedient, that Thrown Silk of the Production of *Italy*, *Sicily* or the Kingdom

of *Naples*, should be permitted to be imported into the United Kingdom direct from the Island of

Mocha and the Dependencies thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act,

it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import from the said Island of *Mocha* or the Depen-

dencies thereof, into the United Kingdom direct, any Thrown Silk being of the Production of *Italy*, *Sicily* or

of the Kingdom of *Naples*, in *British-built* Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to

Law, and in no other Ship or Vessel whatever, on Payment of such and the like Duties as now are or hereafter

may be payable in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively on such Thrown Silk when imported direct from *Sea*

from the Place of its Production; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by this Act (except when it

is otherwise provided) shall and may be prosecuted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Windsor* or

Dublin, or the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; one Molesey who shall be for the Use of His Majesty, his

Heirs and Successors, and the other Moety to him or them who shall sue for, prosecute and recover the same;

whenever no Effoin, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more than One

Imparance.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing

done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give

this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors shall

become Nonest, or forbear the Prosecutions, or discontinue his, her or their Action, or if a Verdict shall pass

against him, her or them, the Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have the like remedy for the same

as is now given where Costs are by Law given to Defendants.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall grant a false Certificate, or counter-

feit, or falsify any Licence, Oath or Certificate, which shall be made or given pursuant to this Act, or

shall knowingly or wilfully publish or make use thereof, such Person or Persons shall forfeit Five hundred

Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of in the manner directed by this Act; and such Licence, Oath or

Certificate so falsified, counterfeited, or falsified, shall be void and of none effect.

Custom Goods
imported from
Mocha or the
Dependencies

Goods of Levant
imported from
Mocha.

Duties.

Persons free of
Turkey Com-
pany, to import
Raw Silk from
Mocha.

Prohib.

Thrown Silk
imported from
Mocha.

Prosecution of
Forfeitures.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Counterfeiting,
Licences, Oaths,
Certificates,
Falsity.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Sugar,
Coffee,
Cocoa,
Rice,
Molasses.

Finerets,
Indigo,
Ginger,
Fullics, or other Dying Wood.

SCHEDULE (B.)

Dry and Wet Fruit in Breezy and Sugar, in Jars
and Bottles.

Pickles - - in Jars.

Olive.

Pigs.

Railins.

Cavents.

Pilaculo Nuts.

Almonds.

Dates.

Capers.

Wine.

Brandy.

Oil of Olive.

Oil of Almonds.

Gum Arabic.

— Mastic.

— Myrrh.

— Sicily.

— Ammoniac.

Opium.

Musc.

Sassa.

Castilealtes.

Oleum Ros.

Kishur.

Jalap.

Sassa.

Quackilver.

Surfaparilla.

Saffron.

Safflower.

Musk.

Incense.

Essence of Bergamot.

Do. of Citrus.

Do. of Lemon.

Do. of Orange.

Do. of Lavender.

Do. of Rose.

Do. of Rosemary.

Maile, } Rough and Worked.

Alibaster, }

Brassfins.

Cork.

Amber.

Cumminseed.

Offrich Pasture.

Honey.

Sponges.

Anchor.

Coral.

Mill Timber.

Box Wood.

Angel.

Vermillion.

Ochre.

Cinnamon.

Orange Buds and Peel.

Jasiper Berries.

Peck.

Flinted Stone.

Emery Stone.

Whitstone.

Palings and Prints.

Mosaic Works.

Mosaic.

Lava, and Mosaic Stone for building.

Potash.

Bellon.

Precious Stones.

Pearls.

Corn.

Grass.

Meal or Flour.

Bees.

Peas.

Lentils.

Rice.

Maccaron or Vermicelli.

Calculus.

Paraffin Candles.

Belugas and other Gadings.

Anchovies.

Caviar.

Botany.

CAP. XXX.

AN Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain on Sweets, Tobacco, Snuff and Excise Licences.

[23d March 1815.]

Enacted by Most Gracious Sovereign,
 That Whereas Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making an Addition to the Public Revenue, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter respectively mentioned; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and

Additional
Duties in Sched-
ule (A.) and
Drawbacks in
Schedule (B.)
paid.

Duties under
Management of
Commissioners
of Excise.

Duties paid on
Wine and
other liquors
before
Feb. 1st, 1815,
if same are not
Home Con-
sumption.

Licence.

Duties, for home
consumption.

Duties in Pro-
portion to
gross or net
Quantity.

Price Tobacco
and other Goods
to Duty.

Duty added to
Contract Price.

be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid throughout Great Britain, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the several Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Matters and Things mentioned and defined in the Schedule marked (A.) hereto annexed, the several Sums of Money and additional Duties of Excise as they are respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the said Schedule; and that there shall be made, allowed and paid for or in respect of Goods, Wares and Merchandises for or in respect whereof any additional Duty of Excise by this Act imposed shall have been paid, the several Drawbacks of Excise as the same are also respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the Schedule (a) marked (B.) hereto annexed; and also all such special Allowances as are particularly directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act; and the same respectively shall commence and take effect from and after the Eighteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

(a) [See Note to Sch. (B.)]

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties as by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the additional Duties of Excise, granted by this Act on Tobacco and Snuff respectively, shall be charged on all Tobacco and Snuff imported into Great Britain, which shall have been warehoused and shall have remained on the Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in any Warehouse or Warehouses under His Majesty's Locks, in pursuance or by the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or other special Authority in force on or immediately before the said Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, although such Tobacco or Snuff may have been imported before the said Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided always, that such Duties shall not be payable on any such Tobacco or Snuff unless and until any such Tobacco or Snuff respectively shall be taken out of any such Warehouse for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums of Money respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the said Schedule hereto annexed marked (A.) as the Duties of Excise, and the Drawbacks of the Duties of Excise set forth in the said Schedule (B.) marked (B.) upon the several Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Matters and Things inserted therein shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated and allowed, in fact and in the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special means, ways or methods by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Matters and Things of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated or allowed; and the Goods, Wares and Merchandises to be by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of, or chargeable with, Duties of Excise, or entitled to Drawbacks of Excise, as respectively inserted, defined and set forth in the said Schedule hereto annexed, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Refinements and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares and Merchandises in general and also to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Refinements and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandises respectively were subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise, and all and every Fine, Penalty, Sum or Forfeiture of any Nature or Kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby declared and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, professed and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Drawbacks of Duties of Excise hereby charged and allowed in as full and ample manner to all Imports and Exports whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

(B.) [See Note to Sch. (B.)]

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where Duties are imposed or Drawbacks allowed by this Act on any specific Quantity of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, the same shall in every case be understood, deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportion and after the same Rate to any greater or less Quantity than such specific Quantity.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Tobacco and Snuff respectively taken and consumed as Prize, and sold by the Captains or their Agents, and which shall come on or after the said Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be taken out of any Warehouse wherein the same shall have been secured, to be consumed in this Kingdom, shall be subject and liable to the Additional Duties respectively by this Act imposed, for or in respect of Tobacco or Snuff as the case may require, respectively imposed, and such additional Duty shall be paid and payable by such Persons and in such manner as the Duties on such Tobacco or Snuff respectively are now payable by Law.

VII. And Whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been made before the passing of this Act, by Dealers in Tobacco or Snuff, upon which additional Duties are by this Act imposed for such Tobacco or Snuff respectively delivered after the said Twentieth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Be it therefore enacted, That such Dealers delivering such Tobacco or Snuff respectively, after the Day and Year last aforesaid, in pursuance of such Contracts or Agreements, shall be allowed to add in such Money as will be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed, and paid or actually charged by any Officer of Excise,

for or in respect of such Tobacco or Snuff respectively, to the Price thereof, and shall be entailed by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall offend, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of the Powers or Authorities by this Act granted to any or either of them, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or assigned by such ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or assigned by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or in the Court of Exchequer in England respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same assigned, still, from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and the said Money be paid into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be entered in and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall, during the Continuance of this Act, cause a separate and distinct Account of the additional Duties granted by this Act to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for directing certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament*, and for distinguishing certain other Parts of Account now in Use; and the Moneys arising from the said additional Duties shall be deemed a permanent Increase to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament. [Additional Duty on Spirits repealed, *stat. c. 63.*]

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted by this Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)—DUTIES.

SWEETS		d.	s.	d.
For every Barrel of Liquor which shall be made in Great Britain for Sale, by Infusion, Permeation or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wine	- - - - -	0	11	7½
[Duty on Spirits repealed, <i>stat. c. 63.</i>]				
TOBACCO AND SNUFF.		d.	s.	d.
For every Pound Weight of Tobacco imported into Great Britain	- - - - -	0	0	3
For every Pound Weight of Snuff imported into Great Britain	- - - - -	0	0	3
LICENCES.		d.	s.	d.
For and upon all Licences to be taken out according to the Laws in such case made and provided by the Makers, Manufacturers, Traders, Dealers, Retailers and other Persons hereinafter mentioned, within Great Britain, to be paid by such Makers, Manufacturers, Traders, Dealers, Retailers or other Persons respectively, the several annual additional Sums hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,	- - - - -	0	5	0
By every Person exercising the Trade or Business of an Auctioneer, for every such Licence	- - - - -	1	0	0
Every Common Brewer of Table Beer, not being a Common Brewer of Strong Beer, for every such Licence	- - - - -	0	5	0
Every Common Brewer who shall brew any Strong Beer, for every such Licence,	- - - - -	0	5	0
If the Quantity of Beer brewed by such Common Brewer within the Year ending the Fifth Day of July in each Year previous to taking out the Licence shall not exceed One thousand Barrels	- - - - -	0	5	0
If the same shall exceed One thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Two thousand Barrels	- - - - -	1	0	0
If the same shall exceed Two thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Three thousand Barrels	- - - - -	2	0	0
If the same shall exceed Three thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Four thousand Barrels	- - - - -	3	0	0
If the same shall exceed Four thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Five thousand Barrels	- - - - -	4	0	0
If the same shall exceed Five thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Six thousand Barrels	- - - - -	5	0	0
If the same shall exceed Six thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Seven thousand Barrels	- - - - -	6	0	0
If the same shall exceed Seven thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Eight thousand Barrels	- - - - -	7	0	0
If the same shall exceed Eight thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Nine thousand Barrels	- - - - -	8	0	0
If the same shall exceed Nine thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Ten thousand Barrels	- - - - -	9	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—DUTIES, *continued.*

L. S. d.

Common Brewer of Strong Beer, Licence— <i>continued</i>	
If the same shall exceed Seven thousand five hundred Barrels and shall not exceed Ten thousand Barrels	5 0 0
If the same shall exceed Ten thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Twenty thousand Barrels	10 0 0
If the same shall exceed Twenty thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Thirty thousand Barrels	15 0 0
If the same shall exceed Thirty thousand Barrels and shall not exceed Forty thousand Barrels	20 0 0
Or if the same shall exceed Forty thousand Barrels	25 0 0
Every Person who shall first become a Common Brewer of Strong Beer, for every such Licence 15s; and within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of July next after taking out such Licence, such further additional Sum as with the said 15s. shall amount to the Duty hereinafter directed to be paid, according to the Number of Barrels of Strong Beer brewed within the preceding Year	0 15 0
Every Person who shall make any Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, for every such Licence	5 0 0
Every Person who shall sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or who shall sell Cyder or Perry to be drank or consumed in his, her or their House or Premises, for every such Licence	2 2 0
Every Maker of Wax Candles or Spermaceti Candles for Sale, for every such Licence	6 0 0
Every Dealer in or Seller of Wax or Spermaceti Candles, not being a Maker of such Candles, for every such Licence	0 10 6
Every Chandler or Maker of Candles, other than Wax or Spermaceti Candles, for Sale, for every such Licence	1 0 0
Every Person trading in, vending or selling Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts or Chocolate, for every such Licence	0 5 6
Every Glass Maker for a Licence for each and every Glass House	10 0 0
Every Tanner within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, for every such Licence	5 0 0
Every other Tanner for every such Licence	2 10 0
Every Tawer for every such Licence	1 0 0
Every Dresser of Hides and Skins in Oil, for every such Licence	2 0 0
Every Currier, for every such Licence	2 0 0
Every Maker of Vellum or Parchment, for every such Licence	1 0 0
Every Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, for every such Licence	
If the Quantity of Malt made by each Malster or Maker of Malt within the Year ending the Fifth Day of July in each Year previous to taking out the Licence shall not exceed Fifty Quarters	0 2 6
If the same shall exceed Fifty Quarters and shall not exceed One hundred Quarters	0 5 0
If the same shall exceed One hundred Quarters and shall not exceed One hundred and fifty Quarters	0 7 6
If the same shall exceed One hundred and fifty Quarters and shall not exceed Two hundred Quarters	0 10 0
If the same shall exceed Two hundred Quarters and shall not exceed Two hundred and fifty Quarters	0 12 6
If the same shall exceed Two hundred and fifty Quarters and shall not exceed Three hundred Quarters	0 15 0
If the same shall exceed Three hundred Quarters and shall not exceed Three hundred and fifty Quarters	0 17 6
If the same shall exceed Three hundred and fifty Quarters and shall not exceed Four hundred Quarters	1 0 0
If the same shall exceed Four hundred Quarters and shall not exceed Four hundred and fifty Quarters	1 2 6
If the same shall exceed Four hundred and fifty Quarters and shall not exceed Five hundred Quarters	1 5 0
If the same shall exceed Five hundred Quarters and shall not exceed Five hundred and fifty Quarters	1 7 6
Or if the same shall exceed Five hundred and fifty Quarters	1 10 0
Every Person who shall first become a Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, for every such Licence 2s. 6d.; and within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of July next after taking out such Licence, such further additional Sum as with the said 2s. 6d. shall amount to the Duty hereinafter directed to be paid according to the Quantity of Malt made within the preceding Year	0 2 6
Every Maker of Maltbrin or Mead for Sale, for every such Licence	1 0 0
Every Maker of Paper or Pulverised, and every Paper Stinner, for every such Licence	2 0 0

SCHEDULE (A).—DUTIES, continued.

s. s. d.

Every Person trading in, vending or selling any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold exceeding Two Penny Weights and under Two Ounces in Weight, or any Quantity of Silver exceeding Five Penny Weights and under Thirty Ounces in Weight in any one separate and distinct Ware or Piece of Goods, is or are, or shall be manufactured, for every such Licence	2	6	0
Every Person trading in, vending or selling any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold of the Weight of Two Ounces or upwards, or any Quantity of Silver of the Weight of Thirty Ounces or upwards in any one separate and distinct Ware or Piece of Goods is or shall be manufactured; and every Pawnbroker trading in, vending or selling Gold or Silver Plate, or Goods or Wares in which any Quantity of Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured, or taking in or delivering out Pawns of such Plate, Goods or Wares, and every Refiner of Gold or Silver, for every such Licence	5	15	0
Every Collico Printer, and every Printer, Painter or Stainer of Silks, Laces, Cottons or Stuffs, for every such Licence	10	0	0
Every Maker of Soap for Sale, for every such Licence	2	0	0
Every Distiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits for Sale or for Exportation within that Part of Great Britain called England, for every such Licence	10	0	0
Every Refiner of Spirits within that Part of Great Britain called England, for every such Licence	5	0	0
Every Dealer in Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, or Strong Waters, not being a Retailer, in any Part of Great Britain, or not being a Wholesale Seller or Dealer in plain <i>Aqua Fite</i> only, distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain, Barley, Beer, Bign or other British Materials, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for every such Licence	5	0	0
Every Person in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland who shall by Wholesale sell or deal in Spirits made and distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain, Barley, Beer, Bign or other British Materials, and commonly called or known by the Name of <i>Aqua Fite</i> , in that Part of the United Kingdom, not being a licensed Distiller, Refiner, Compounder or Retailer of Spirits, not being a Dealer in Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors duly licensed for that Purpose, in manner above mentioned, for every such Licence to sell plain <i>Aqua Fite</i> only by Wholesale	3	0	0
Every Retailer of distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters in Great Britain, not being a Retailer of plain <i>Aqua Fite</i> only, made or distilled from British Materials, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid, if the Dwelling House in which such Retailer shall reside or sell such distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters at the time of taking out such Licence shall not, together with the Offices, Courts, Yards and Gardens therewith occupied, be rated under the Authority of any Act of Parliament for granting Duties on inhabited Houses, at a Rent of Fifteen Pounds per Annum or upwards	2	7	0
If rated as aforesaid at Fifteen Pounds per Annum or upwards, and under Twenty Pounds	2	11	0
If at Twenty Pounds per Annum or upwards, and under Twenty five Pounds	2	15	0
If at Twenty five Pounds per Annum or upwards, and under Thirty Pounds	2	19	0
If at Thirty Pounds per Annum or upwards, and under Forty Pounds	3	3	0
If at Forty Pounds per Annum or upwards, and under Fifty Pounds	3	7	0
Or if at Fifty Pounds per Annum, or upwards	3	11	0
Every Person who, within the Limits of any Royal Burgh of Barony or Regality in any Part of Scotland, or in any Place in any other Part of Scotland, other than within the Highlands of Scotland, limited and described in the Acts in that case made and provided, shall retail any Spirits made or distilled from Malt, Corn, Grain, Barley, Beer, Bign or other British Materials, and commonly called or known by the Name of <i>Aqua Fite</i> in that Part of the United Kingdom, for every such Licence to retail plain <i>Aqua Fite</i> only	2	0	0
Every Person who shall retail such Spirits within the General Counties and Districts of the Highlands of Scotland, the Royal Burghs, Burghs of Barony or Regality therein excepted, for every such Licence	1	0	0
Every Bunch Maker, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid	5	0	0
Every Maker of any Kind of Sweets or Made Wines, other than Mead for Sale, for every such Licence	5	0	0
Every Refiner of Bone-made Wines or Sweets, for every such Licence	2	4	0
Every Manufacturer of Tobacco or Snuff, for every such Licence			
If the Tobacco and Snuff Work, weighed by each Person for Manufacture within the Year ending on the Tenth Day of October previous to taking out the Licence, shall not have exceeded Twenty thousand Pounds Weight	1	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—DUTIES, continued.		s. d.
Manufacturer of Tobacco or Snuff, Licence—continued.		
If the same shall have exceeded Twenty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Thirty thousand Pounds Weight		1 10 0
If the same shall have exceeded Thirty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Forty thousand Pounds Weight		2 0 0
If the same shall have exceeded Forty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Fifty thousand Pounds Weight		2 10 0
If the same shall have exceeded Fifty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Sixty thousand Pounds Weight		3 0 0
If the same shall have exceeded Sixty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Seventy thousand Pounds Weight		3 10 0
If the same shall have exceeded Seventy thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Eighty thousand Pounds Weight		4 0 0
If the same shall have exceeded Eighty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded Ninety thousand Pounds Weight		4 10 0
If the same shall have exceeded Ninety thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded One hundred thousand Pounds Weight		5 0 0
If the same shall have exceeded One hundred thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds Weight		6 0 0
If the same shall have exceeded One hundred and twenty thousand Pounds, and shall not have exceeded One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds Weight		7 10 0
If the same shall have exceeded One hundred and fifty thousand Pounds Weight		10 0 0
Every Person who shall first become a Manufacturer of Tobacco or Snuff, for every Licence &c., within Two Days after the Tenth Day of October next after taking out such Licence, such further additional Sum as with the said &c. shall amount to the Duty heretofore directed to be paid, according to the Quantity of Tobacco and Snuff Work weighed for Manufacture within the preceding Year		2 0 0
Every Dealer in or Seller of Tobacco and Snuff within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise, in London, or of the Chief Office of Excise, in Edinburgh, for every such Licence	and a halfpenny	0 5 0
Every Dealer in or Seller of Tobacco or Snuff in any other Part of Great Britain, out of the said Limits, for every such Licence		0 2 6
Every Maker of Vinegar, for every such Licence		10 0 0
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called England, who shall not have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, or a Licence for the retailing of Beer, Ale or other Excisable Liquors, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		5 4 0
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called England, who shall have taken out a Licence for retailing Beer, Ale and other Excisable Liquors, but shall not have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		4 4 0
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called England, who shall have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		2 4 0
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall not have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, or a Licence for retailing Beer, Ale or other Excisable Liquors, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		3 6 8
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall have taken out a Licence for retailing Beer, Ale or other Excisable Liquors, but shall not have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		2 13 4
Every Retailer of Foreign Wine in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall have an Excise Licence for retailing distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, for every such Licence to retail Foreign Wine		1 6 8
Every Wire Drawer or other Person who shall draw or cause to be drawn any Cork or Silver Wire, commonly called Big Wire, in Great Britain, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid		2 0 0

SCHEDULE (B).—DRAWBACKS (a).

TOBACCO.	
For every Pound Weight of Short Cut Tobacco manufactured at any of the Ports of Great Britain into which Tobacco may lawfully be imported, or within Two Miles thereof, from Tobacco for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid and exported as Merchandise by the Manufacturers thereof, from such Ports to Foreign Parts	A Forbidding and One fifth Part of a Forbidding
For every Pound Weight of Shag Tobacco so manufactured, and exported	A Forbidding and One fifth Part of a Forbidding
For every Pound Weight of Roll Tobacco so manufactured, and exported	A Forbidding and Two fifth Parts of a Forbidding
For every Pound Weight of Carrot Tobacco so manufactured, and exported	A Forbidding and One fifth Part of a Forbidding

(a) [See also Drawbacks, page 119. § 1—5.]

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to amend certain Acts respecting the Exportation and Importation of Sugar, and further to regulate the Importation of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles from certain Islands in the West Indies.

[2d May 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Schedule and Table of Drawbacks, Bounties and Duties annexed to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to repeal the Schedule annexed to an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, by which the Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar exported are to be ascertained, and substituting another in lieu thereof; and to permit the Importation of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles, the Produce of Martinique, Managuacan, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin and St. Pierre, under the same Duties and Regulations as similar Articles of British Plantations, in customs until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen*, should be repealed, and that another Schedule and Table should be enacted in lieu thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Schedule annexed to the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that instead and in lieu thereof the Schedule to this Act annexed shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be construed and taken to be the Schedule according to which the Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar exported from Great Britain shall be paid or allowed, except as hereinafter is provided.

It. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Bounty by this Act granted on Refined Sugar exported from Great Britain, shall not take Effect, or be paid or allowed on any such Sugar which shall be shipped for Exportation on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, but that the said Bounty on Refined Sugar exported from Great Britain shall be paid or allowed on such Sugar only as shall be entered and shipped for Exportation after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; any thing contained in this Act or in the Schedule hereto annexed, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are authorised to provide for the Payment of the additional Duties of Customs on Sugar granted by the said last recited Act, either in the Whole or in Part, whenever the Average Price of Sugar ascertained as directed by the last recited Act, and by another Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Mole in which the Average Price of Brown or Blackened Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty*, shall be below the Prices mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient, that during the Period of such Suspension the Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported from Ireland into Great Britain, and the equivalent Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain other than to Ireland, be imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, should in like manner be suspended: Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, shall exercise the Power vested in them, and shall according to the Directions of the said Act suspend the Payment of the Whole or Part of the Duties on Sugar thereby imposed, it shall be lawful for them, and they are hereby authorised and required in like manner and for the like Period to suspend either the whole of the additional Countervailing Duties of Customs on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland imported from thence into Great Britain, and of the additional Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation

24 G. 3. c. 37
Schedule.

repealed.

Proviso to
Schedule in ActRefined Sugar
exported after
April 5.
Bounty.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

§ 8.

41 G. 3. c. 42.

During Suspension of Duty on Sugar, Countervailing Duties on Sugar imported from Ireland suspended, &c.

etion

value of Refined Sugar from Great Britain other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, or such Part thereof respectively as shall bear a just Proportion to the Amount of Duty so suspended; Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, vary or repeal the additional Bounty payable on the Exportation from Great Britain of Sugar being Double Refined, or to repeal the additional Bounty payable on the Exportation from Great Britain of Refined Sugar, on account of the Temporary or War Duties imposed on Sugar: Provided always, that the said assumed additional Bounties shall be calculated on the Amount of the Bounty to be paid or allowed under the Duties of this present Act, and according to the Schedule hereto annexed, and not otherwise.

IV. And Whereas an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar was granted and allowed by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to allow for Two Years from and after the passing of this Act, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugar as far as shall be provided, crafted or broken; and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on British Plantations Raw Sugar reported*; and which said additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar has been by several subsequent Acts continued until the Twentieth fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas it is expedient, that the said additional Bounty should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted, That the said additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar shall be further continued until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so much of the said recited Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Kings of His present Majesty as relates to the allowing or paying any Bounty on Refined Sugar deposited in Warehouses under the Regulations of the said recited Act before the Exportation of such Sugar, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to alter or repeal the Deductions heretofore made from the Bounty or Drawback to be paid as Sugar when exported from Great Britain, in any other than a British Vessel, arrived, embarked and registered according to Law, as directed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for dispensing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four.*

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks and Bounties hereby granted shall be paid or allowed in such and the like manner in every respect, and subject and under and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures (except where any Alteration is made by this present Act), as any Drawbacks or Bounties on Sugar were paid or allowed before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That any Sugar, Coffee or other Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any or either of the Islands of *Martinique, Marigot and Guadeloupe*, which have been or may be secured in Warehouses in Great Britain on or before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and on which the House Consumption Duties shall not have been paid, shall and may be delivered from any such Warehouse for Home Consumption on Payment of such and the like Duties of Customs and Excise, and so other, as at the time any such Goods shall be so taken out of any such Warehouse shall be due and payable on the like Duties of Goods, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations; and all such Sugar, Coffee or other Articles so imported before the said First Day of June shall on Exportation from Great Britain be subject to such and the like Duties, and entitled to such and the like Drawbacks and Bounties, as the like Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject or liable, or entitled to.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Sugar, Coffee or other Articles being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any or either of the Islands of *Saint Eustach, Saint Martin and Saba*, imported into Great Britain, shall and may during the time such Goods shall remain in the Possession of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, be admitted to Entry, on Payment of such and the like Duties of Customs and Excise, and so other, as are or may be due and payable on the like Articles of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations and all such Sugar, Coffee and other Articles, shall on Exportation from Great Britain, be subject to such and the like Duties, and entitled to such and the like Drawbacks and Bounties, as the like Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject or liable or entitled to; and all such Goods so imported into Great Britain shall in every other respect be subject and liable to all and every the Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, to which any such Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject or liable to.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs, payable on Raw or Cloyed Sugar of the Produce of the British Plantations, or of the Islands of *Martinique, Marigot, Guadeloupe, Saint Eustach, Saint Martin and Saba*, exported from the Warehouses in which any such Sugar shall have been secured on Importation into Great Britain, shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may, on the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[See as to Ireland, page 57.]

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Duties on Molasses Sugar.	Drawback to be allowed on Sugar of the British Plan- tations in the same form in which it was imported, and Duties on Refined Sugar being Granted or Prohibited Sugars.	Duties on Refined Sugar called Refined, or Refined Leaf Sugar broken in Pieces.	Duties on other Refined Sugars, Lard, tallow, and whale, or Lump, duly refined.
Whatever may be the Average Price of such Sugar.	20s. the Cwt.	20s. the Cwt.	3s. the Cwt.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the present Session of Parliament with respect to the Duties on Sugar imported from the *East Indies*; and for further continuing, until the End of Six Weeks from and after the Expiration of any Act or Acts of Parliament continuing the Temporary or Way Duties upon Sugar imported into *Great Britain*, certain Countervailing Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties, on Refined Sugar.

[2d May 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Molasses, Sugars, Tobacco, and Saff in Great Britain; and on Persons, Officers and Personal Estates in England, for the Term of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen*, the several Duties of Customs on Sugar imported into *Great Britain*, granted by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, as respectively continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen*: And Whereas the Duties payable by the said last recited Act upon Sugar imported into *Great Britain* by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, had been repealed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into Great Britain from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue on Goods so imported; and to alter the Mode of making up and preserving certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament, to continue in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*; and other Duties of Customs were granted in lieu and instead of the Duties thereby repealed, and which Duties should have been continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, instead of those granted by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty in respect of Sugar so imported into *Great Britain* from Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter: And Whereas the Temporary or Way Duties granted by the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Fifty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty upon Sugar imported into *Great Britain* had been continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, certain Temporary or Way Duties of Customs on the Importation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises into Great Britain*: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That inasmuch as the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament, as in and with relation to the Duties of Customs payable on Sugar imported into *Great Britain*, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty six, in such of the said Duties granted by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty upon Sugar imported into *Great Britain*, other than from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, and such of the Duties granted by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty upon Sugar imported into *Great Britain* from any Port or Place within the said Limits, whether imported by the Company or by Persons authorized to trade within such Limits, as fall under the Title and Description of Permanent Duties, and which Duties have respectively been continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, together with the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Fifty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, be and the same are hereby severally and respectively further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and all *Molasses* aforesaid thenceforth shall be paid into the Receipts of the Exchequer, and be appropriated, applied and accounted for according to the Directions of the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament.

II. Add

Power of
§ 1 G. 3. c. 12.
extended to Aft.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Powers, Authorities and Directions, respecting the Duties granted by the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament shall extend to and apply to the Duties hereby contained in as full and ample a manner as if the said Powers, Authorities and Directions had been repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof.

45 G. 3. c. 10.
§ 13.

45 G. 3. c. 12.
§ 1.

45 G. 3. c. 13.
§ 10, 21.

45 G. 3. c. 43.
§ 12.

continued.

Proviso.

III. And Whereas by several Acts made during the late Hostilities certain additional Bounties were allowed upon Refined Sugar exported from Great Britain, and certain additional Countervailing Duties were payable on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland imported from thence into Great Britain, and additional Drawbacks and Bounties were allowed upon the Exportation of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported from thence to Ireland, and which said Bounties, Duties and Drawbacks, were allowed in consequence of certain additional Duties having been granted to His Majesty upon Sugar imported into Great Britain during the War and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and as the said additional Duties upon Sugar have been further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it is expedient to continue the said Acts granting the said additional Countervailing Duties on the Importation into and allowing the additional Drawbacks and Bounties upon the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That in and to the Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, during the present War and until the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and on the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels in Great Britain*; and of another Act passed in the said Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Countervailing Duties on the Importation into Great Britain of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland, and for allowing additional Drawbacks or Bounties on the Exportation of Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain during the Continuance of certain Acts*; and for allowing, until the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and four, a Bounty on the Importation of Salmon and Cod Fish from the Shores of Newfoundland and the Coast of Labrador, into Great Britain and Ireland; and of another Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on the Importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise into Great Britain*; and on Goods, Wares and Merchandise brought or carried Coastwise within Great Britain; and also of another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, during the present War and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from or brought or carried Coastwise within Great Britain*, as allowed additional Bounties upon Refined Sugar exported from Great Britain; and as granted additional Countervailing Duties upon Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland imported from thence into Great Britain, and as allowed additional Drawbacks upon Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported from thence to Ireland, for certain Periods therein particularly mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby continued from and after the Expiration of the said Periods respectively, until the End of Six Weeks from and after the Expiration of any Act (or Acts) of Parliament concerning the Temporary or War Duties upon Sugar imported into Great Britain: Provided always, that no additional Bounty or Drawback shall be paid or allowed upon the Exportation of Refined Sugar under the Authority of this Act, unless all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions required by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, with respect to Drawbacks and Bounties payable on the Exportation from Great Britain of Refined Sugar, shall have been duly complied with. [a] [See page c. 33.]

C A P. XXXII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandise. [2d May 1815.]

34 G. 3. c. 54.

45 G. 3. c. 98.
§ 6.

War Duties of
Customs on Im-
ported Goods con-
tinued.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise into Great Britain*, certain Duties of Customs, under the Title and Description of Temporary or War Duties, granted to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, and by other subsequent Acts (s), are continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and it is expedient that the said Duties should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several and respective Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into Great Britain, which by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty were continued and made payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be further continued, and be paid and made payable until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; save and except such of the said Duties as are charged on the Importation of Tobacco; and also

(s) [30 G. 3. c. 77. § 3.—51 G. 3. c. 44. § 6.—51 G. 3. c. 67. § 2.—51 G. 3. c. 69. § 3.—52 G. 3. c. 35. § 3.—52 G. 3. c. 117. § 2.—53 G. 3. c. 33. § 9.—54 G. 3. c. 36. § 52.]

free and except such of the said Duties as are charged on the Importation of Cotton Wool (a) in British-built Ships, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, or from any of the Dominions of The Crown of Portugal to a Portuguese Ship.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act in continuation, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven-
teen, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, to permit the Importation of
Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatsoever. [2d May 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
An Act to permit until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven-
teen, the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatsoever; which Act has been continued by Two
Acts of the Fifty first and Fifty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty until the Twenty fifth
Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas the said Act has by Experience been
found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore
enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That
the said Act shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen,
be and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred
and seventeen.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to grant to His Majesty an additional Duty of Excise on Tobacco in Ireland.

[2d May 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely
and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the additional Duty of Excise on Tobacco
hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted
by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and
throughout that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and
received unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the additional Duty of Excise
following; that is to say,

For and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco, which, at any time or times after the Twenty second Day
of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be delivered out of any of His Majesty's Warehouses,
or out of the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs for Manufacture in Ireland, as Excise Duty of
Three pence British Currency, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; and to be charged on
and paid by the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be delivered for Manufacture at the time when the
said Tobacco shall be so delivered out of Warehouse; which said Excise Duty shall be in Addition to all Duties
of Excise granted on such Tobacco by any former Act (a) or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland.

(a) [See 53 G. 3. c. 57. § 2.]

II. And Whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain
and Ireland, that in respect of the increased and additional Duties imposed on Tobacco imported into, and
manufactured in Ireland, increased Countervailing Duties should be charged upon Tobacco and Snuff, the
Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, imported from thence into Ireland, sufficient to counter-
balance the said increased and additional Duties: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the said Twenty
second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be charged on all such Tobacco and
Snuff, the Countervailing Duties following, in and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatsoever,
payable upon such Tobacco or Snuff under or by virtue of any Act (b) or Acts of Parliament in force in
Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; that is to say, (b) [See 53 G. 3. c. 57. § 2.]

For and upon every Pound Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco, the Growth or Produce of
Great Britain, the Sum of Three Shillings and Two pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British-manufactured Short Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco man-
ufactured in what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish, the Sum of Three Shillings and
Two pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British-manufactured Sheet Tobacco Cut, the Sum of Two Shillings
and Nine pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British-manufactured Roll Tobacco, the Sum of Three Shillings and
Two pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British-manufactured Carrot Tobacco, the Sum of Two Shillings
and Nine pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort of British-manufactured Tobacco not heretofore
enumerated or defined, the Sum of Three Shillings and Two pence:

55 Geo. III.

K

For

Seal. For and upon every Pound Weight of *British-manufactured* Rappes Sealf, the Sum of Two Shillings and Seven pence :

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British-manufactured* Sealf called *Scotch Sealf*, the Sum of Three Shillings and Eleven pence :

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British-manufactured* Sealf called *Brown Scotch Sealf*, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence :

For and upon every Pound Weight of *British-manufactured* Bulk Floor, the Sum of Three Shillings and Nine pence :

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of *British-manufactured* Sealf, or Sealf Work, not heretofore enumerated or described, the Sum of Three Shillings and Eleven pence :

Drawback. And that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, of any Tobacco or Sealf the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Ireland*, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty hereby granted on Tobacco and Sealf, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain* respectively, and imported from thence into *Ireland*; and such Drawbacks shall be in lieu of all Drawbacks payable by virtue of or under any Act (s) or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, in respect of such Tobacco or Sealf exported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*.

(s) [See 53 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.]

Drawback on Sealf of Great Britain. III. And be it further enacted, That in and without of all former (s) Drawbacks on Tobacco or Sealf manufactured in *Ireland*, and exported to any other Place than *Great Britain*, there shall be allowed upon all Tobacco manufactured in *Ireland*, which shall be so exported, as an increased Drawback as Compensation for the Duty by Law charged and paid as Import of the Leaf Tobacco whereof it hath been manufactured, and for the Excise Duty charged thereon by Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence for every Pound Weight of such manufactured Tobacco; and which said Drawback or Allowance shall be paid by the Collector of Excise Customs and Taxes of the District from which such Tobacco or Sealf shall be exported, out of any Money in his Hands, on such Certificate from the Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Port from whence the same shall be exported, as is required by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act to grant in His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighty, certain Duties on the Importation and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise into and from Ireland*, in case of Drawbacks on Exportation of Goods in respect of any Internal Duty of Excise paid thereon.

(s) [See 53 G. 3. c. 57. § 3.]

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks in respect of Tobacco manufactured in *Ireland*, and exported from thence to *Great Britain*, or elsewhere, allowed or made payable under or by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act to grant in His Majesty certain Duties of Excise in Ireland on Tobacco*, shall remain and continue payable with respect to such Tobacco which shall have paid the Duties imposed on Tobacco imported into *Ireland*, or on Tobacco delivered for Manufacture in *Ireland* by the last second Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, and with respect to Sealf manufactured from such Tobacco; and which Tobacco or Sealf shall, after the said Twenty second Day of *March* one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be exported from *Ireland*; and that the several and respective Drawbacks by this Act allowed and made payable, shall be paid and allowed only on the Exportation of such Tobacco or Sealf manufactured therefrom as shall have paid the Duties imposed thereon by this Act, and by any Act (s) made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament, for imposing any Duties of Customs on Tobacco imported into *Ireland*, which shall be in force in *Ireland* at any time after the passing of this Act. (s) [See post. c. 36.]

Additional Duties added in Council from. V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged or charged with and liable to the additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco imposed by this Act, or any increased Duty on Tobacco under any Act (s) passed or to be passed in this Session of Parliament, for granting a Duty of Customs on Tobacco in *Ireland*, shall at any time after the Twenty second Day of *March* one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, have paid or contracted to pay any such Tobacco, without charging the Buyer thereof with such additional or increased Duty, then and in every such case the Seller of such Tobacco shall be allowed to add, and shall be entitled to recover from the Buyer thereof, and the Buyer of such Tobacco shall pay to the Seller thereof, so much Money as will be equivalent to all such additional or increased Duty in such Seller shall have been charged or forecharged with and liable to for such Tobacco, over and above the Duty of Customs and Excise payable on such Tobacco before the said Twenty second Day of *March* one thousand eight hundred and fifteen. (s) [See post. c. 36.]

Duties for in British Customs. VI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted, allowed and made payable, shall be paid and payable, according to the Amount thereof, in British Currency; and that the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*; and that the said Duties and Drawbacks shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, allowed, paid for, recovered and applied in such Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties and Drawbacks, or for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for settling the Rights or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Best of their several Kingdoms*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of*

Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually as all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Duties of Excise on Tobacco, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Penalties, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, shall extend, and be construed to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the new and additional Duty by this Act granted on Tobacco, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to grant to His Majesty a Duty of Customs on Tobacco imported into Ireland.

[2d May 1815.]

* Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, granted to Your Majesty, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant to Your Majesty the Duty of Customs hereinafter mentioned, upon Tobacco imported into Ireland; and do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as is hereinafter provided), without any Discount whatever, a Custom Duty of One Shilling Sterling Currency upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco which, at any time on or after the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be imported into Ireland; and that the said Duty shall be in Lieu of all Duties of Customs payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, immediately before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for or upon any Tobacco imported into Ireland, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, or from any other Ports beyond the Seas; and that all Duties of Customs on Tobacco and all Drawbacks in respect thereof, granted or allowed under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts (a), shall from and after the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable.

(a) [See 54 G. 3. c. 60. 189.]

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty by this Act granted shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that the said Duty shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty by this Act granted on Tobacco imported into Ireland shall be charged and payable on all such Tobacco as shall not have been entered on or before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid on or before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, notwithstanding such Tobacco may have been imported into Ireland before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or before the passing of this Act.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Duty granted, mentioned and set forth in this Act, shall be charged and payable on all such Tobacco, as having been imported into Ireland shall have been or shall be warehoused, or shall have been secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof having been first paid, and shall remain or shall have remained in warehoused or secured on or after the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in pursuance or by Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for that Purpose, although such Tobacco may have been imported before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided always, that such Duty shall not be charged or payable on any such Tobacco until the time when the Duties, which such Tobacco shall have been subject to before the said Twenty second Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, would have been payable by Law.

V. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation of Tobacco into Ireland, are permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, at the time of such Importation, the Duty by this Act granted or imposed may in like manner and under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions be permitted to be secured by Bond or otherwise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty in and by this Act granted, mentioned and specified shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied in the same Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying and remitting of Duties payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, or for the levying and applying any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in

2243 15 C. 36, 37.
[1] 2243 15 C. 36, 37.
2243 15 C. 36, 37.
2243 15 C. 36, 37.

the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intimated *As All for settling the Exports or Area Import upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or in and by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated As All to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Ireland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted;* with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as to and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

Appeal.

Act amended, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. XXXVII.

An Act to amend several Acts respecting the Exportation and Importation of Sugar into and from Ireland, and further to regulate the Importation into Ireland of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles, from certain Islands in the West Indies. [2d May 1815.]

2243 15 C. 36, 37.
[1] 2243 15 C. 36, 37.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Schedule and Table of Drawbacks, Bounties and Duties annexed to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intimated *As All to repeal the Schedule annexed to an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, by which the Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar exported from Ireland are to be ascertained, and to substitute another Schedule in lieu thereof; and to permit the Importation into Ireland of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles, the Produce of Martinique, Marigalante, Guadaloupe, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin and Saba, under the same Duties and Regulations as similar Articles of the British Plantations, to continue until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, should be repealed, and that another Schedule and Table should be enacted in lieu thereof;* May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Schedule annexed to the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that unless and as hereinafter provided the Schedule to this Act annexed thereto, from and after the said Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be confirmed and taken to be the Schedule according to which the Drawbacks and Bounties on Sugar exported from Ireland, shall be paid or allowed, except as hereinafter is provided.

repealed.

Provisional Schedule to Act.

Refined Sugar exported after May 31. Bounty.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Bounty by this Act granted on Refined Sugar exported from Ireland shall not take Effect, or be paid or allowed on any such Sugar which shall be shipped for Exportation on or before the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, but that the said Bounty on Refined Sugar exported from Ireland shall be paid or allowed on such Sugar only as shall be entered and shipped for Exportation after the said Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; any thing contained in this Act or in the Schedule hereto annexed, to the contrary notwithstanding.

2243 15 C. 36, 37.
[1] 2243 15 C. 36, 37.
[2] 2243 15 C. 36, 37.

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated *As All to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Plantations Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight; and which by several Acts was continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and remain in force until the time shall be altered or repealed, except only so far as relates to the allowing British Plantations Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and except as the said recited Act is amended by this Act, or by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, from and after the passing of this Act;* Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, vary or repeal the additional Bounty payable on the Exportation from Ireland, of Sugar being Double Refined.

Exemption.

Provision for Double refined Sugar.

Deduction made from the Bounty on Sugar imported on Warehouse Receipt, not allowed.
2243 15 C. 36, 37.
[1] 2243 15 C. 36, 37.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal the Deduction hereinafter made, from the Bounty or Drawback to be paid on Sugar when exported from Ireland, in any other than a British Vessel, owned, managed and registered according to Law, as directed by the said Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *As All to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland; and for allowing British Plantations Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight.*

Drawbacks, for Gold in British Currency, subject to Regulations on Terms.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks and Bounties by this Act and the Schedule thereto annexed granted, shall be paid or allowed according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and in such and the like Manner, and subject and under according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures (except where any Alteration is made by this present Act), as any Drawbacks or Bounties on Sugar were paid or allowed before the passing of this Act.

Sugar, the Growth of West Indies, &c. warehoused in the West Indies.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Sugar, Coffee or other Articles, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any or either of the Islands of Martinique, Marigalante and Guadaloupe, which have been or may be secured in Warehouses in Ireland on or before the Fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and on which the Home Consumption Duties shall not have been paid, shall and may be delivered

from any such Warehouse, for Home Consumption, on Payment of such and the like Duties of Customs and Excise, and so on, as at the time when any such Goods shall be so taken out of any such Warehouse shall be due and payable on the like Despatch of Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations; and that all such Sugar, Coffee or other Articles so imported before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen shall, on Exportation from Ireland, be subject to such and the like Duties, and entitled to such and the like Drawbacks and Bounties, as the like Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject to liable or entitled to.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, any Sugar, Coffee or other Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any or either of the Islands of Saint Eustace, Saint Martin and Saba, imported into Ireland, shall and may, during the time such Islands shall remain in the Possession of His Majesty, his Heirs or Executors, be admitted to Entry on Payment of such and the like Duties of Customs and Excise, and so other, as are or may be due and payable on the like Articles of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations; and all such Sugar, Coffee and other Articles shall, on Exportation from Ireland, be subject to such and the like Duties, and entitled to such and the like Drawbacks and Bounties, as the like Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject to liable or entitled to; and all such Goods so imported into Ireland shall, in every other respect, be subject to such and to all and every the Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions to which any such Articles, being of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the British Plantations, are or may be subject or liable to.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Duties of Customs (a) payable in Ireland on Raw or Clayed Sugar of the Product of the British Plantations, or of the Islands of Martinique, Marigalonne, Guadeloupe, Saint Eustace, Saint Martin and Saba, exported from the Warehouse in which any such Sugar shall have been secured on Importation into Ireland shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may, on the last Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the last Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

(a) [See 54 G. 3. c. 129. 34. (B.)]

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[See also in Great Britain, ante, c. 31.]

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Brown or Malabar Sugar.	Dutiable to be allowed on Sugar of the British Plantations on the same Value as which it is imported, and Bounty on Refined Sugar being Wholesome or Powdered Sugar.	Bounty on Refined Sugar called Dulcora, or Refined Leaf Sugar taken in France.	Bounty on other Refined Sugar in Lump complete and whole, or Lump duly refined.
Whatever may be the Average Price of such Sugar.	British Currency. £. s. d. 1 0 6 the Cwt.	British Currency. £. s. d. 1 2 6 the Cwt.	British Currency. £. s. d. 2 10 1½ the Cwt.

C. A. P. XXXVIII.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, as directs that no Bleaching Powder, made in Ireland and brought into Sweden, should be removed into England.

[2d May 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to impose a Countervailing Duty of Excise on Bleaching Powder imported from Ireland*, it was enacted, that no Bleaching Powder made or manufactured in Ireland, and exported or brought from thence into Sweden, should be removed or carried from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England, on Pain of Forfeiture thereof, together with the Cask or other Package containing the same, and also the Vessel, Boat, Cart, Carriage and all Cattle used in such Removal or Carriage thereof: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Provision of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as directs that no Bleaching Powder, made or manufactured in Ireland, and imported or brought from thence into Sweden, should be removed or carried from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England, on Pain of Forfeiture thereof, together with the Cask or other Package containing the same, and also the Vessel, Boat, Cart, Carriage and all Cattle used in such Removal or Carriage thereof, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

[The whole Act repealed, 54 G. 3. c. 66. § 34.]

C. A. P.

of the same, That the said recited Acts of the Thirty seventh and Forty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign shall have Continuance until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after any Restriction imposed or to be imposed by any Act (a) made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament on the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from issuing Cash in Payments shall cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of Ireland shall, by an Order of Council, direct that the said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall sooner cease.

(a) [See *stat. c. 23.*]

C A P. XLII.

An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, by the extending Trial by Jury to Civil Causes. [2d May 1815.]

• **W**HEREAS Trial by Jury in Civil Causes would be attended with beneficial Effects to the Administration of Justice in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland; but it is expedient, that such Trial for a time to be limited, should in the first Instance be confined to Issues directed by either Division of the Court of Session; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as soon as by virtue and under the Authority of this Act His Majesty shall appoint Judges to form a Court for the Trial of Issues in Civil Causes, it shall and may be lawful for either Division of the Court of Session, in all cases that may be brought before them during the Continuance of this Act, wherein Matters of Fact are to be proved, to order and direct, by Special Interlocutor, such Issues as may appear to them expedient for the due Administration of Justice, to be sent to the said Court, that such Issues may be there tried by a Jury in manner hereinafter directed.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases as aforesaid wherein a Lord Ordinary shall see Cause for Issues to be directed to be tried by a Jury, he shall take the Cause verbally to report to the Division of the Court to which such Ordinary belongs, in that the said Division may determine whether such Issue shall be sent to the said Court to be tried by a Jury, or shall dispose of the Cause, as in Manner and Form as at present practised.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Judge of the Court of Admiralty to report in Writing to either of the Divisions of the Court of Session, the circumstances of every Case that appears to him to be a Case in which an Issue should be directed to be tried by a Jury, in order that the Division may direct such Issue, or order the Cause to proceed in Manner and Form as at present practised.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall not be competent, either by Reclaiming Petition or Appeal to the House of Lords, to apply any Interlocutor granting or refusing such Trial by Jury.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Issues referred by the Court of Session to be tried by a Jury in Causes wherein the Summons concludes for Reparation by Pecuniary Damages, the Jury, if they shall find a Verdict for the Pursuer, shall also assess the Damages.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases in which an Issue or Issues shall have been directed to be tried by a Jury, it shall be lawful and competent for the Party who is dissatisfied with the Verdict to apply to the Division of the Court of Session which directed the Issue for a new Trial, on the ground of the undue Admission or Rejection of Evidence, on the ground of Error of Damages, or of Reverser consist ad Motum, or for such other Cause as is essential to the Justice of the Cause; Provided also, that such Interlocutor granting or refusing a new Trial shall not be subject to Review, by Reclaiming Petition or by Appeal to the House of Lords.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent to the Council for any Party at the Trial of any Issue or Issues, to except to the Opinion and Direction of the Judge or Judges before whom the Issue shall be tried, either as to the Competency of Witnesses, the Admissibility of Evidence, or other Matter of Law arising at the Trial; and that on such Exception being taken, the same shall be put in Writing by the Council for the Party objecting, and signed by the Judge or Judges; but notwithstanding the said Exception, the Trial shall proceed, and the Jury shall give a Verdict thereon for the Pursuer or Defender, and assess Damages when necessary; and after the Trial of every such Issue or Issues, the Judge who presided shall forthwith present the said Exception, with the Order or Interlocutor directing such Issue or Issues, and a Copy of the Verdict of the Jury inserted therein, to the Division by which the said Issue or Issues were directed, which Division shall thereupon order the said Exception to be heard in presence on or before the Fourth Endmost Day thereafter; and in case the said Division shall allow the said Exception, they shall direct another Jury to be summoned for the Trial of the said Issue or Issues, or if the Exception shall be disallowed, the Verdict shall be final and conclusive as hereinafter mentioned; Provided always, that it shall be competent to the Party against whom any Interlocutor shall be pronounced as the Matter of the Exception, to appeal from such Interlocutor to the House of Lords, attaching a Copy of the Exception to the Petition of Appeal, certified by One of the Clerks of Session; so as such Appeal shall be preferred to the House of Lords within Fourteen Days after the Interlocutor shall have been pronounced; if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be sitting, then within Eight Days after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, but not afterwards; and as to the Proceedings on such Appeal do conform in all respects

referred with
Explosion of
Three Months
after the Session
on Bank of
England.
Exception.

Court of Session
directed to
assess Issues.

Lord Ordinary
to report Verdict
Petition.

Power for
Judge of Court
of Admiralty.

Interlocutor
granting or refusing
Trial not
questioned.
Issues for Re-
paration in pecu-
niary Dam-
ages.
New Trial, how
applied for.

Verdict.

Exception
taken.

Appeal to the
Lords.

respects to the Rules and Regulations established respecting Appeals; and every such Appeal shall be appointed to be heard on or before the Fourth Cause Day after the time limited for laying the printed Causes in such Appeal upon the Table of the House of Lords; and upon the Hearing of such Appeal, the House of Lords shall give such Judgment regarding the farther Proceedings, either by directing a new Trial to be had, or otherwise, as the case may require.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if a new Trial shall not be applied for, or shall be refused, or if the Exceptions taken to the Opinion and Direction of the Judge or Judges shall be disallowed, the Verdict shall be final and conclusive as to the Facts or Facts found by the Jury, and shall be so taken and considered by the Court of Session or by the Judge Adversal respectively in pronouncing their Judgment, and shall not be liable to be questioned any where.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases wherein the Court shall pronounce a Judgment in point of Law, as applicable to or arising out of the Finding by the Verdict, it shall be lawful and competent for the Party dissatisfied with the said Judgment in point of Law, to bring the same under Review, either by Representation or Reclaiming Petition, or by Appeal to the House of Lords, or where the Judge Adversal shall have pronounced Judgment in point of Law on the Verdict, it shall be lawful and competent for the Party or Parties to bring the same under the Review of the Court of Session as heretofore.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That immediately after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to nominate and appoint, by Commission under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union (a) to be kept and filed in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, instead of the Great Seal thereof, One Chief Judge, and Two other Judges, before whom the Trial of Issues may be had and take place, to be called "The Lords Commissioners of the Jury Court in Civil Causes," and to hold their said Offices ad vitam if this or any other Act under which they shall be Commissioners shall so long continue, or ad eamque, and in case of future Vacancies in the said Commissions, the same shall be filled up by a Letter from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, directed to the President and Secretaries of the College of Justice: Provided always and notwithstanding, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to remove the said Judges on an Address from both Houses of Parliament.

(a) [5 & 6 Geo. 3. c. 8. Art. 24.]

XI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Persons to be nominated shall be Senators of the College of Justice, or Barons of the Court of Exchequer, in Scotland, and that they shall always be at the time of their Nomination qualified to be Senators of the College of Justice.

XII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Continuance of this Act, to order and direct to be issued and paid in every Year by Quarterly Payments, out of the Monies that shall arise from any of the Duties and Havens in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which by the several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Queen Anne were made chargeable with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges allowed or to be allowed by Her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for keeping up the Courts of Session, Juficiary and Exchequer in Scotland, the Sum of Seven thousand Pounds; out of which Sum of Seven thousand Pounds there shall be paid and appointed Salary to the Chief Commissioner of the Jury Court, each Sum Yearly in Addition to the Salary which he may receive as a Senator of the College of Justice, as a Lord Commissioner of the Court of Juficiary, or as a Baron of the Court of Exchequer, as will make his Salary equal to the full Salary of the Lord Juficer Clerk; and that there shall be paid and applied out of the said Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, a Salary of Six hundred Pounds yearly to each of the Two other Commissioners, in Addition to the Salaries which they may receive as Senators of the College of Justice, as Commissioners of the Court of Juficiary, or as Barons of the Court of Exchequer; and that of the said Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, the Sum of Two thousand four hundred Pounds shall be applied in Payment of the Salaries of the Clerks and other Officers of the said Jury Court, and be divided in such Proportions as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors shall direct and appoint; and that the Remuneration of the said Sum of Seven thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall be certified by the Chief Commissioner to the Court of Exchequer to be requisite, shall be applied in defraying the Expenses attending the Court and Circuit, the Application of which last mentioned Sum shall be accounted for in the Exchequer of Scotland.

XIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Trial of all Issues may be had and take place, and shall be good and effectual in the Law, whether the same is conducted in Presence of One or more than One of the said Three Commissioners; and in all cases in which the Chief Commissioner shall be present, such Chief Commissioner shall be the Presiding Judge, and in his Absence, if the Two other Commissioners shall be present, each of the Two other Commissioners shall be the Presiding Judge as shall be first named in the said Commission, and afterwards in the Order of their Appointment.

XIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases in which the said Three Commissioners shall be present in Court, and any Difference of Opinion shall arise, the Matter shall be determined by the Majority; but when Two of the said Commissioners are present in Court, and they shall differ in Opinion, then the Matter shall be determined by the Judge presiding.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to try such Issues at Edinburgh at time of Session, and also in case of Vacancies at Edinburgh, and at such Circuit Towns, as is the Opinion of the said Court of Commissioners the circumstances of the case may require, at such time in the Spring and Autumn Vacations immediately after such Issue is directed as they shall appoint.

XVI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Jury Court to grant Warrants for citing Witnesses and Havers, who shall attend and may be compelled to attend and be examined upon

upon Oath, before the Jury Court when required, in the like manner than Witnesses and Hæred do attend or may be compelled to attend for the Purpose of Examination upon Oath by the Court of Session.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That after the Trial of every such Issue or Issues, the Judge who presided shall forthwith make a Return to the Division or Lord Ordinary which directed the Issue of the Order or Interlocution, directing such Issue or Issues, with a Copy of the Verdict of the Jury indorsed thereon, certified by his Signature to be a true Copy; and that the said Presiding Judge shall also, when required by such Division, deliver to them a Report in Writing of the Evidence adduced and given on the Trial of such Issue, as taken down by him at the time, and of the Directions, if any, in point of Law; and the said indorsed Copy of the Verdict and the Report of the Proceedings on such Trial shall be conclusive of what passed on such Trial: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Presiding Judge to make such Return directly to the said Judge Adversary where the Issue shall have been directed upon his Report.

Verdicts have returned.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioner or Commissioners who shall have presided at the Trial of the Issue, to attend the Division of the Court of Session pending the Consideration of the Motions, or Petition for a new Trial, and then and there to give such Explanation of what passed at the Trial, as to the said Commissioner or Commissioners may seem fit or necessary.

Presiding Judge may attend Division pending Motion for new Trial.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the House of Lords, in remitting to the Court of Session any Cause which is now or shall hereafter come before the said House by Appeal from the said Court of Session, to instruct the Division of the said Court of Session to which the Cause is remitted, to order and direct such Issue or Issues to the said House of Lords shall think fit, to be transferred to the said Commissioners, for the Purpose of being tried by a Jury in manner directed by this Act; subject nevertheless to such Rules and Regulations as are contained with respect to Remits in an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords*.

House of Lords may direct Issues.

4th G. 3. c. 136. s. 12.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Jury shall be summoned for the Trial of such Issues as aforesaid, in the like manner as the Jury is at present summoned to the High Court of Justiciary; and that such Summons shall offer by virtue of an Authority or Precept signed by the Clerk of the Jury Court; and that immediately upon Receipt of the said Authority or Precept, the Sheriff, Stewart or other Officer or Officers employed to return Jurors to the High Court of Justiciary, shall make out a List containing the Christian and Surnames, Additions and Places of Abode of a competent Number of Persons qualified to serve as Jurors, and shall return the said List to the Clerk of the Jury Court, annexed to the said Authority or Precept, without Delay, the Names of the said Persons being always referred to the Lists annexed to each Authority or Precept issued by the Clerk of the Jury Court in manner aforesaid; which Number of Jurors shall not be less than Twenty for any County, City, Town or Place, nor more than Fifty; and that the Persons named in the said Lists shall be summoned to serve as Jurors for the Trial of such Issues within the Counties, Cities, Towns or Places named in such Authorities or Precepts respectively, and no others.

Common Jury Summons.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Clerk of the Jury Court shall cause the Name of each and every Person who shall be included in the said List, and summoned as aforesaid, with his Addition and Place of his Abode, to be written on several and distinct Pieces of Parchment or Paper, being all as near as may be of equal Size and Figure, and shall cause the said Pieces of Parchment or Paper to be rolled up as near as may be in the same manner, and to be put together in a Box or Glass provided for that Purpose; and when any Issue shall be called on to be tried, some indifferent Person by Direction of the Presiding Judge of the said Jury Court may and shall in open Court draw out the said Parchments and Papers one by one; and if any of the Persons whose Names shall be so drawn shall not appear, or be challenged and sit aside, then such further Number, until Twelve Persons be drawn who shall appear, and after all Causes of Challenge shall be allowed or disallowed, the said Twelve Persons so first drawn and appearing, and appeared as indifferent, their Names ~~being written in the List, and they being sworn to be true to the Jury to try the said Issue;~~ and the Names of the Persons so drawn and sworn shall be kept apart by themselves in some other Box or Glass to be kept for that Purpose, till such Jury shall have given in their Verdict, and the same is recorded, or until the Jury shall by the Consent of the Parties or Leave of the Court be discharged, and then the same Names shall be rolled up again and returned to the former Box or Glass, there to be kept with the other Names remaining so that time unknown, and future as long as any Issue remains then to be tried: Provided always, that in challenging the Jurors, it shall be lawful for each Party to have any four Challenges allowed without assigning any Cause, the Challenges for Cause alleged (if any) being first made respectively.

Common Jury List.

Process.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Persons whose Name or Names shall be so drawn as aforesaid, or who shall be summoned as a Special Juror or Special Jurors as aforesaid, and who shall not appear after being openly called Three Times, upon Oath made by some credible Person that such Person is making Default had been lawfully summoned, shall forfeit and pay for every Default in not appearing upon Call as aforesaid (unless some reasonable Cause of his Absence be proved by Oath or Affidavit to the Satisfaction of the Court or Commissioner who sits to try the said Issue) such Fine or Fines, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, and not less than Forty Shillings, as the Court or Commissioner shall think reasonable to inflict or inflict for such Default.

Fine on Juror making Default.

Penalty.

XXIII. Provided always, That if the Trial of any Issue shall be brought on in the said Jury Court, before the Jury in any other Issue shall have brought in their Verdict or be discharged, it shall and may be lawful for the Court to order Twelve of the Residue of the said Parchments or Papers, not containing the Names of any of the Jurors who shall not have been brought in their Verdict, or be discharged, to be drawn in such manner as is aforesaid, for the Trial of the Issue which shall be so brought on to be tried.

Jury Issues though former Verdict not returned.

Special Jury.

XXIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for either of the Parties, in any case where an Issue or Issues is ordered to be tried by a Jury, to apply to the Direction of the Court of Session ordering such Issue or Issues, or to the said Jury Court, to direct that the same shall be tried by a Jury specially chosen from Persons paying Cots in the County, City, Town or Place from which such Jury shall be taken, upon One hundred Pounds of valued Rent, or paying Advised Taxes to The Crown on a Heafe of the Rent of Thirty Pounds Sterling by the Year; the Persons so qualified as Special Jurymen to be returned as herein enacted as to the Common Jurors: Provided always, that it shall not be competent to specify any Order or Intercalculator for the striking of any Jury, by Reclaiming Postponer or Appeal to the House of Lords.

List of Persons qualified to be Special Jurors 1815.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in order to secure the Return of Jurymen qualified to be Special Jurymen as hereinbefore provided, the Sheriff, Stewart, or proper Officer or Officers employed to return Jurors to the High Court of Justiciary, shall, immediately after the passing of this Act, and afterwards on or before the First Day in the Month of January in each Year, make up a Roll of all Persons within their Districts so qualified as Special Jurymen in the immediately preceding Year, by paying Cots in the County, City or Town in which such Persons reside, upon One hundred Pounds of valued Rent, or paying Taxes to The Crown on a Heafe of Thirty Pounds Sterling by the Year; and shall return the said Roll to the Clerk of the Jury Court on or before the Twenty sixth Day of the said Month.

Jurymen how returned. † 26.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Number of qualified Persons to be returned by the Sheriff or Stewart † as Special Jurymen to try any Issue, shall be Thirty six; and the Names of the said Thirty six Persons shall be returned to the Clerk of the Jury Court, and shall by him be assessed to the Order or Intercalculator directing the Issue to be tried by a Special Jury.

Manner of striking Jury given.

XXVII. And be it further enacted and provided by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of the Jury Court shall form an exact Copy of the said List of Thirty six Persons so returned by the Sheriff or Stewart; and when the Day of Trial has been fixed by the said Commissioners, he shall give due Notice to the Agents and Counsel of the Parties as aforesaid in a Tender and Place to be specified as said Names, which the Agents or Counsel of the Parties are hereby required to do; and the said Agents or Counsel shall, in the Presence of the said Clerk, alternately beginning with the Parties, strike off one from the said List, until the Number of Jurymen is reduced to Twenty, which Twenty only shall be summoned to attend the Court on the Day of Trial; and if either of the Parties, their Agents or Counsel, shall fail so to attend, after such Notice duly served on them, then the other Party attending shall proceed to strike off One from the said List, and the Clerk of Court shall strike off One alternately: Provided always, that Twenty Names be left on the List to be summoned to attend the Trial, and the Jury for trying the said Issue shall consist of such Twelve of the said Twenty as shall first appear on the Names being called over in Court to try the Issue.

Prelims.

Tales.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where a full Jury shall not appear before the said Jury Court or otherwise, after Challenge by either of the Parties, and the Jury is liable to remain untried for default of Jurors, it shall be lawful for the said Court, or the Commissioners before whom any Issue is to be tried, to direct the Sheriff or other Officer or Officers who summoned the said Jury, upon Request made by either Party, to add to the List of the said Jury the Name or Names of such other Person or Persons of the County, City, Town or Place, where the Issue is to be tried, who shall be informed in some other List of the Jurors, and who shall then be attending the Court where such Trial is to be had, to serve upon such Jury, and not any others, if so many out of the said other List be present in Court, or can then be found, and that either of the Parties, Pleader and Defender, may have his Challenge to the Jurors or Jurors is named and added to the former original List, in such wise as if he or they had been originally included in the said List of Jurors for the Trial of such Issue; and that the said Court or Commissioners who fix to try such Issue shall and may proceed to the Trial thereof with those Persons whose Names were originally included in the said List of Jurors, together with the Person or Persons whose Names have been so added to the original List of Jurors as aforesaid, in the same manner as the said Court or Commissioners might and ought to have done if all the said Jurors, whose Names were included in the said original List, had appeared to try such Issue; and in any case where Persons so added to the said List of Jurors as aforesaid, and who shall have been present at that time, shall be called and not appear, or after he or their Appearance shall willingly withdraw himself or themselves from the said Service, then and in every such case the said Jury Court shall and may set a Fine upon every such Person seeking Defiance or willingly withdrawing himself, such Fine not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling, nor less than the Sum of Forty Shillings, as the said Jury Court shall think reasonable.

Jurymen called and not appearing.

Fines.

View.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That when it shall appear that it will be proper and necessary that the Jurors who are to try such Issue as aforesaid should have the View of the Heafes, Lands or Places in question, in order to try better understanding the Evidence that will be given upon the Trial of such Issue, in every such case it shall be lawful for other Direction of the said Court of Session by the Special Intercalculator by which such Issue is directed, or for the said Jury Court, to order that a View should be allowed; and in every case where such View is allowed as aforesaid, Six of the Jurors named in the said List, or summoned as Special Jurors, or more, who shall be mutually chosen to by the Parties or their Agents on both Sides, and if the Parties cannot agree, not more of the said Twelve on the List of Jurors returned by the Sheriff, Stewart, or other Officer or Officers as aforesaid, shall have the View, and shall be sent Towns, or each of them as shall appear upon the Jury to try the Issue before any Drawing is aforesaid, and so many only shall be chosen to be added to Viewers who appear, or shall, after all Defiance and Challenge aforesaid, † to make up the Number of Twelve, to be sworn for the Trial of the said Issue; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Jury Court, and they are hereby required so every such case by an Authority or Precept signed by the Clerk of the Jury Court, to order and direct the Sheriff or Officer or Officers, who

† 26.

who shall summon the Jury for the Trial of such Issue, to have the said Jurors, who shall be so selected or named to be Viewers as aforesaid, at the Place in question, some convenient time before the Trial of the said Issue, who should then and there have the Matters in question shown to them by Two Persons named in the said Summons, and appointed by the said Jury Court; and the said Sheriff or other Officer or Officers shall comply upon the said last mentioned Authority or Precept, that the View both here and according to the Direction contained therein, and shall forthwith return the same to the said Jury Court: Provided always, that the Expense of such View shall be equally borne by all Parties, and that no Evidence shall be given on either Side at the time of taking thereof: Provided also, that in case no View shall be had, or if a View shall be had by any of the Jurors contained in the said List, whether they shall happen to be any of the Jurors who shall be selected or nominated as aforesaid, yet the Trial of the said Issue shall proceed, and no Objection shall be made on that behalf, or for want of a proper Certificate of the View having been taken as aforesaid.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall serve upon a Jury for the Trial of any Issue or Issues, shall be allowed and paid by the Party or Parties against whom upon such Issue or Issues a Verdict shall be found, the Sum of Twenty Shillings: Provided always, that in case the Jury upon the Trial of any Issue shall return a Special Verdict, the Sum to be paid to the several Jurors who shall serve upon such Trial shall be borne and paid by the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, in equal Portions; and that the Party or Parties in whose Favour the Court of Session shall ultimately decide upon such Special Verdict, shall be allowed the Sum so paid by law, her or them, to the said Jurors in the Costs to be awarded by the said Court of Session.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of the Jury Court, before proceeding to the said Trial, shall administer to the Jury, the following Oath; *to-wit*,

'YOU swear by God, and as you shall answer to God at the great Day of Judgment, That you shall well and truly try [as the case may be] their Issues, or this Issue, and a true Verdict give according to the Evidence.'

XXXII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this and all other Oaths necessary on the Trial of such Issues, shall be administered in the manner and according to the Form at present in use in the High Court of Judiciary.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Chancellor or Foreman of the Jury shall be the Juror chosen by the Majority of the Jurors after they shall be sworn, and in case of an Equality of Votes, the Juror first sworn shall have a double Vote, and when the Verdict is returned to the Court, it shall be declared by the Chancellor or Foreman verbally in open Court, and taken down by the Clerk of the said Jury Court in Writing, before the Jury is discharged, to be afterwards indorsed and certified on the written Order or Interlocutor of the Court of Session directing the Issue.

XXXIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Verdicts shall be given by the whole Number of the Jury agreeing in the Verdict.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if a Jury impanelled shall not agree in their Verdict within the Space of Twelve Hours from the time they shall be included to consider of their Verdict, such Jury shall be discharged by the Jury Court from delivering their Verdict, and the said Court shall report the Proceeding to the Division of the Court of Session which directed the Issue, which Division may order another Jury to be impanelled for the Trial thereof, or may dispose of the Cause in manner and Form as at present practised: Provided always, that if the whole Number of any Jury who shall have been included to consider of their Verdict, shall agree to apply to the Jury Court for further time to consider of such Verdict, the said Jury Court are hereby required to grant such further time beyond the said Period of Twelve Hours as such Jury shall desire.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no practicing Advocate, Clerk to the Signet, Solicitor or Procurator before any of the Supreme or Inferior Courts, shall be returned or summoned to serve on such Jurors.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Lords Commissioners of the Jury Court, previously to their executing any of the Duties of their Office, shall take the usual Oaths to His Majesty, and the Oath de *felici*, which Oaths the Lord President of the College of Justice, the Lord Justice Clerk, or the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, are hereby respectively authorized to administer.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from time to time, in the State of the Kingdoms may require, to appoint Three Clerks to the said Jury Court, being Advocates or Writers to the Signet of at least Three Years' Standing, and Three Messengers; and the said Chief Commissioner shall have Power to appoint a Clerk during his Pleasure, who shall keep the Rolls of the Court, and perform other necessary Duties connected therewith; all of which Officers are hereby strictly prohibited and discharged from taking any Fees whatever, in respect of the Business of the said Officers.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Jury Court to administer to the said Officers and Messengers the usual Oaths to His Majesty, and upon the Trial of any Issue or Issues that may be directed under the Authority of this Act, also to administer the Oath de *felici* to said Officers and Messengers as shall attend upon the Trial of such Issue or Issues.

XL. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Court of Session, together with the Commissioners of the said Jury Court, or One of them, assembled by Authority

of the Lord President, from time to time as often as there shall be Occasion, to appoint a Committee, consisting of One Judge from each Division of the Court of Session, and One of the said Commissioners for the Purpose of framing such Rules and Regulations as may be necessary for ordering the Form of Process, and regulating the manner of proceeding, as well in the said Court of Session as in the said Jury Court, both before the Trial of any Issue, during the Trial thereof, and subsequent thereto, for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the Directions and Provisions of this Act, and upon each Report being made by the said Committee, the same shall be taken into Consideration by the said Court of Session and the said Commissioners appointed by the Authority of the Lord President, and such Order or Orders shall be made thereupon as in the said Court of Session, or a Quorum thereof, and the said Commissioners or One or more of them shall appear to be fit and proper.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Jury Court shall be entitled to assemble and meet for the Purpose of trying any Issue or Issues to be directed as aforesaid at Edinburgh, in either of the Rooms now appropriated to the First and Second Divisions of the Court of Session, or in the Room used by the Court of Exchequer for Jury Trials, and at other Places in the Circuit Courts of Justiciary, the Sheriff Courts, or any other Place feasible and proper, as Circumstances and the Convenience of their Country may admit; and that proper Apartments shall be allotted to the Clerks of the Jury Court in the Registrar Office in the same manner as to the Clerks of Session, and at other Places, as the Lord Clerk Register shall order and direct.

XLIII. And Whereas the Provisions of this Act are to endure for Seven Years and no longer: And Whereas it is expedient, with respect to such further Regulations as may be necessary during the Continuance thereof, as well as to such as may be necessary for Trial by Jury in Civil Causes, after the Expiration of the Term, that regular Returns should be made to both Houses of Parliament of all Proceedings which shall from time to time take Place under the Authority of this present Act: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Report shall be made to both Houses of Parliament once in every Year on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall assemble thereafter, of the Proceedings had by the Court of Session or a Quorum thereof, and the Commissioners of the said Jury Court or One of them pursuant to this Act; which Report shall be certified under the Hands of the Lord President of the Court of Session, the Lord Justice Clerk, and the Chief Commissioner of the Jury Court, and shall contain Copies of all Rules and Regulations to be made for ordering the Form of Process, and regulating the manner of Proceeding, as well in the said Court of Session, as in the said Jury Court, for carrying into Execution the Directions and Provisions of this Act.

XLIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Report shall be made by each Division of the Court of Session to both Houses of Parliament, once in every Year on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall assemble thereafter, specifying such Issues as shall have been directed by either of such Divisions of their own Motion, and such Issues as shall have been otherwise directed or referred by either of them; and every such Report shall be certified under the Hands of any Two of the Judges of the Division by whom such Report is made.

XLIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Report shall be made to both Houses of Parliament once in every Year, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall assemble thereafter, specifying the Issues tried pursuant to this Act, certified under the several Hands of the Commissioners who shall preside at the Trial of such Issues respectively, and such Reports may contain such Observations as the Commissioners signing the same may think fit to make relative to such Issues.

XLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall endure and be in force for Seven Years from its Date, and to the End of the three next Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for the more effectual Prevention of the Use of false and deficient Measures.

(2d May 1815.)

WHEREAS the Laws now in force for the Regulation of Measures have been found inefficient for that Purpose, and Frauds are frequently committed by Persons using false and deficient Measures, by which the Poor is particularly and greatly injured; and it would tend to prevent such pernicious and fraudulent Practices if the Justices of the Peace throughout England and Wales were empowered to appoint proper Persons to examine the Measures within their respective Jurisdictions, and to punish such Persons as shall be found offending in the Premises: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Boroughs and Towns Corporate, of England and Wales, at their respective Petty Sessions, to appoint One or more Persons or Persons, who shall have Power to examine the Measures within their several Divisions, Districts and Limits.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid, and they are hereby required (having been first sworn duly and faithfully to execute the Office in him or them reposed by virtue of such Appointment and of this Act, which Oath such Justices

Jury Court
where to sit
to be

For a report of
proceedings the
Sitting of the
Court of Session.

For a report of
proceedings the
Sitting of the
Court of Session.

Report made of
Issues tried.

Commissioners of
the

Justices may
appoint proper
Persons to examine
Measures within
their several
Divisions.

Examined, duly
appointed, may
execute their
Office in

are hereby authorized and empowered to administer) as often as such Justices shall direct, in the Daytime to enter into the Shop, House, Outsheds and other Places near to such Shop or House, and into the Stall or Standing Place of any Person or Persons within their respective Divisions or Liberties, who shall sell by Retail, and by any Measure of Capacity, any Liquid or Dry Goods or other Article whatsoever, and then and there to search for, view and examine all Measures of Capacity in such Shop, House, Outsheds, Premises, Stall or Standing Place, and to fix on any such Measure or Measures not being according to the Standard in the Exchequer, which shall upon such Search be found therein, and to detain the same, to be produced before the Justices in Petty Sessions as aforesaid, upon the Hearing of the Information or Informations hereinafter mentioned; and the Person or Persons in whose Shop, House, Outsheds, Premises, Stall or Standing Place, any such deficient Measure or Measures shall be found (against whom for such Offence or Offences as Informations or Informations it is and is hereby directed to be performed) shall, upon Conviction thereof in Petty Sessions as aforesaid, upon View or Confession, or upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, forfeit all such false and deficient Measures, which Measures so forfeited shall be broken and otherwise disposed of as such Justices before whom such Convictions shall have taken place shall order and direct; and shall also forfeit and pay for every such false or deficient Measure any Sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Shillings nor less than Five Shillings, as the said Justices, before whom such Person or Persons shall have been convicted, shall in their Discretion order and adjudge, together with the Costs and Charges attending such Conviction; such Forfeiture, together with such Costs and Charges, to be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice, or the Hand and Seal of one of them, by Distress and Sale of so much of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons offending as shall be sufficient to pay the said Penalty, and the Expenses of such Distress and Sale; and in case no such sufficient Distress can be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures, with the said Costs and Charges, shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice, or either of them, and they and he are and is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their or his Hand and Seal, to Hand and Seal, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Goal or House of Correction of the Liberty where the Offence shall be committed, for any term not exceeding One Month, unless the Penalties, Costs and Charges in which such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall be sooner paid.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully obstruct, hinder, resist or in any wise oppose any of the Persons hereby authorized and empowered to view and examine such Measures in the Execution of his Office; or if any Person selling or retailing by Measure, shall refuse to produce his or her Measures in order to be viewed and examined, he or she who shall so offend, shall, for every such Offence, on being duly convicted on Oath before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Four Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, as the Justice or Justices before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, shall adjudge; and such Forfeiture or Penalty shall be levied and recovered in the manner hereinafter directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, the Justice or Justices before whom such Convictions shall take place shall cause the Amount of the Penalties or Forfeitures which shall be levied or paid by virtue of any such Convictions, to be applied towards the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, and the Residue (if any) to be paid to the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough or Town Corporate, on account of the Public Stock thereof; and the said Justices shall also prepare or cause to be prepared, Returns of the Forfeitures levied by them in pursuance of this Act, and shall transmit such Returns signed by them to the Clerk of the Peace, at every General Quarter Sessions of the Peace.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices, at their General Quarter Sessions, to allow to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed to examine Measures under this Act, a reasonable Remuneration or Satisfaction for their Trouble in the Execution of the said Office; such Remuneration or Satisfaction to be paid to such Person or Persons out of the general Rate or Stock of any such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough or Town Corporate.

VI. And, for the more effectually carrying this Act into Execution, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices, and they are hereby empowered and required, as soon after the passing of this Act as may be convenient, to purchase or cause to be purchased, for the Use of their respective Counties or other Liberties, out of the general Rate or Stock of such County or other Liberty, proper Measures, duly marked, according to the Standard in the Exchequer; which shall be deposited either with the respective Clerks of the Peace, or with some other proper Person, in such fair and convenient Place or Places within their respective Liberties, as the said Justices shall direct; and shall be produced by the Person or Persons in whose Custody the same shall be lodged (upon reasonable Notice) at such Time and Place as any Person or Persons shall by Writing under their respective Hands require and appoint; the Person or Persons so requiring the Production of the said Measures, paying the reasonable Costs and Charges of producing the same.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Majority of the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township or Place, should be desirous that any Person or Persons shall be specially appointed to examine the Measures within such Parish, Township or Place, it shall and may be lawful for such Inhabitants, and they are hereby empowered (at a Vestry to be duly holden for that Purpose) to nominate Five or more substantial Householder or Householdholders, to be approved of and appointed by the said Justices at their respective Petty Sessions for the Division or District wherein such Parish, Township or Place shall be; which Person or Persons so nominated, approved and appointed, shall have the same Powers and Authorities, within such Parish, Township or Place, as the said Justices shall direct.

(See Measure, and See First.

Informations.

Penalty.

Warrant.

Imprisonment.

Obstruction, &c. any Person selling or retailing by Measure, or not producing Measures for Examination. Penalty.

Justices to apply forfeitures towards Expenses of Act.

Returns of Forfeitures made.

Examination allowed of reasonable Remuneration for Trouble.

Justices to purchase proper Measures for Use of respective Counties, &c. deposited with Clerks of Peace.

Nomination of Inhabitants of Parish, &c. appointed to examine Five Householdholders in Execution.

Township or Place, as are vested in the Person or Persons appointed for any District, Division or Place respectively.

No Appoint-
ments of such
Commissioners to
take place, until
proper Measures
are procured by
Parliament.

VIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That an Appointment for each Parish, Township or Place, shall be made until the Inhabitants thereof shall have procured, or caused to be procured, the proper Measures, duly marked, according to the Standard in the Exchequer, for the Use of such Parish, Township or Place, to be deposited in the Custody of the Person or Persons to be appointed as aforesaid; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices in their respective Petty Sessions to order and direct the Costs and Charges of procuring such Measures, and the Receipts and Satisfaction to be allowed on such Parish or Parishes for his or their Time and Trouble in the Execution of such Office, within such Parish, Township or Place, to be paid out of the Rate made for the Relief of the Poor within such Parish, Township or Place.

Continued.

IX. And he it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act shall be removed by Writ of *Certiorari*, or by any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

Conviction.

X. And he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; that is to say,

Form of Con-
viction.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ at a Petty Session holden at _____ for _____ before us _____ *E. J.* of _____ the said _____ *E. J.* was duly convicted before us the said Justices, for that he the said *E. J.* on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, at _____ in the said _____ contrary to the Form of the Statute in that behalf made and provided, *[here state the Offence against this Act]*; and we, the said Justices, do declare and adjudge that the said *E. J.* hath for such Offence forfeited the said *[insert]* Moneys *[]* and hath also forfeited the Sum of _____ of _____ lawful Money of Great Britain, to be applied as the Law directs; and the further Sum of _____ of _____ of like lawful Money, for the reasonable Costs and Charges attending this Conviction. Given under our Hands and Seals, on the Day and in the Year first mentioned.

Provis for
Persons convicted
and suffering
for same.

XI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That any Person or Persons convicted of an Offence under this Act, and who shall suffer for the same under this Act, shall not be otherwise punished for such Offence by virtue of any other Law or Statute of this Realm.

Justices, Police,
do to have Great
Power of deter-
mining, &c.
Measures, as
aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend, as less or prevent the Authority which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, or any Person appointed as any Court Law for any Harbour or Manor, may have or possess for the examining, regulating, surveying, breaking or allowing any Measures within their respective Jurisdictions; but that he, she and they shall and may have and possess the same Power and Authority therein as if this Act had not been made.

No Prohibition
enacted on land or
navigation on Coast.

XIII. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be prosecuted for any Offence against this Act, unless Information thereof upon Oath shall have been given to some Justice of the Peace, within Six Weeks after the Offence committed.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act for the Relief of the Captors of Prizes, with respect to the admitting and landing of certain Prize Vessels and Goods in Ireland; so continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [20 May 1815.]

81 G. 3. (1)
6. 12. 1. 12.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for the further Increase and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that certain Duties should be paid upon Ships or Vessels taken and condemned as Prize, and brought or coming into any Port in Ireland; and by an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Relief of Captors of Prizes with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in Great Britain during Absences*, certain Duties were imposed in Great Britain on such Prize Goods and on Foreign Ships and Vessels (except as in the said Act is excepted) condemned as Prize, and certain Provisions were made with respect to the said Prize Goods and Ships: And Whereas

42 G. 3. c. 236.

§ 1. 2.

by an Act made in the Parliament of the said United Kingdom, in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, and other Acts, certain Duties of Customs have been granted and made payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises, and on Ships and Vessels taken and condemned as Prize, or seized and condemned as Duties of Admiralty, and imported or brought into Great Britain, in lieu of the Duties payable under the heretofore recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign: And Whereas it is expedient that like Relief should be afforded to the Captors of Prizes, with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in Ireland, and like Duties should be made payable in respect thereof, as is afforded and as are now payable in Great Britain:

49 G. 3. c. 38.
7th C.

Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Goods, Wares and Merchandises, which shall have been taken as Prize before the passing or during the Continuance of this

Prize Goods
landed in Ireland

this Act, and which have been or may be brought into any Port of the United Kingdom by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by any Private or other Ship or Vessel having Commissions from the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or from the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or which have been or may be seized by any His Majesty's Vessels or otherwise as Duties of Admiralty, shall and may, upon or after Commencement thereof as hereafter provided in any Court of the United Kingdom, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of the United Kingdom, be landed in any Port of Ireland, and incurred under The King's Licence in Warehouses provided at the full Expense of the Captains, with the Privy and Approbation and under the Care and Inspection of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Admission of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise into such Warehouses in Ireland, and upon the Arrival at any Port in Ireland of any Foreign Ship or Vessel considered as Prize in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of the United Kingdom, there shall be paid by the Captains or their Agents the several Duties of Customs mentioned, specified and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and that the said several Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares and Merchandise, other than Ships, in the said Schedule mentioned, shall be and are hereby granted, and shall be raised, levied and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, over and above all other Duties of Customs payable in Ireland, on the like Articles under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that the said Duty on Ships and Vessels shall be in lieu of any Duty on Ships and Vessels brought into Ireland under or by virtue of the Act of the Parliament of Ireland made in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, heretofore enacted.

III. And be it further enacted, That any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, may be taken out of any such Warehouse wherein they shall be focused as aforesaid (at any time within Three Years, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be respectively entered with the proper Officers of the Customs) to be sold or consumed in Ireland, and that the Person or Persons in taking the same out of Warehouse shall first pay all such Duties, as at the time of so taking the same out of Warehouse would have been due and payable on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, at the time of so taking the same out of Warehouse, as His Majesty, if the same had been regularly imported by way of Merchandise into Ireland, over and above the Duties in the Schedule to this Act annexed mentioned and specified, and such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall in all other respects be liable to the same Restrictions and Regulations to which they would have been subject if this Act had not been made, except as is otherwise provided by this Act: Provided always, that no Duties whatever shall be demanded or taken under or by virtue of this Act for any Prize Goods, consisting of Military or Ship's Stores; that is to say, Sails, Cordage, Anchors or Cables, Masts, Yards, Bolts, Ribs, Blocks, Guns, Gunpowder, Shot, Match, Gun Carriages, Cartridges, or other Materials thereto belonging, nor for any Timber and Iron converted into and made fit for Ship-building, or for any of the Uses and Purposes aforesaid; nor for any Salted Beef, Pork and Bacon, Butter, Smoked Beef, Pork and Cured, nor for any Sailors' Clothes, Hammocks, Bedding and Apparatus; nor for any Instruments belonging to Surgeons; nor for any Ballion; nor for any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, which, by any Law in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, may be imported into Ireland Duty-free: Provided also, that no Ship of War, nor any Private Ship or Vessel of War, which hath been or shall be taken from the Enemy and legally condemned as Prize, nor the Sails nor any of the Tackle, Apparel or Furnishings, belonging to any such Ship or Vessel, shall be charged or chargeable with or subject or liable to pay any Duty whatever under this Act; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That Tobacco and Snuff of all Sorts taken and condemned as Prize, shall and may be brought into any of the Ports of Ireland, into which Tobacco may by Law be imported, and that such Tobacco and Snuff brought into any such Port shall and may be entered, landed and lodged, or secured in any Warehouse or Warehouses provided according to Law for the Reception of Tobacco in Ireland, without Payment of any Duty under this Act, and that such Tobacco may be exported from Ireland in like manner, or entered for Home Trade, Manufacture or Consumption in Ireland, or Payment of the like Duties as Tobacco of the Growth or Product of the British Plantations in America, or of the United States of America, may be exported from Ireland, or entered for Home Trade, Manufacture or Consumption in Ireland respectively at the time; and the Exporter of such Prize Tobacco shall, upon the said Tobacco being taken on board in Ireland and exported according to Law, be entitled to and allowed such and the like Drawbacks as are lawfully allowed upon the same Sorts and Descriptions of Tobacco manufactured from Tobacco of the Growth or Product of the British Colonies or Plantations, or of the United States of America, legally imported from Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Wheat, Wheat Meal or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer or Big, Oats, Oatmeal, Pease, Beans, Indian Corn or Maize taken and condemned as Prize, shall, as the same being brought into any Port in Ireland, be warehoused and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Duties, Drawbacks, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are provided and enacted by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland on and immediately before the passing of this Act, with respect to any Foreign Corn imported into Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all the Charities, Powers, Drawbacks and Authorities in such Acts respectively were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That when any Foreign Ship or Vessel (not being a Ship of War or a Private Ship or Vessel of War) hath been or shall hereafter be taken from the Enemy or during the Continuance of this Act, and hath been or shall be condemned as Prize in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of the United Kingdom, the Duty due and payable by Law in Great Britain or Ireland respectively for such Ship

General or
Warehouse.

Prize Goods and
Vessels to pay
Duties on Ships
which are not.

By G. 3. (1)
c. 43.

Goods taken out
of Warehouse
for Home Com-
merce to pay
Duties thereon as
Schedule an-
nexed, same
Duties to be
Goods consigned
imported, &c.

Military or
Ship's Stores, &c.
excepted from
Duty on Prize
Goods.

Prize.

Prize Tobacco
and Snuff ex-
cepted from
Duty under
Act.

Drawbacks.

Prize Wheat,
&c. warehoused
under Regula-
tions of Foreign
Wheat, &c.

Prize Foreign
Vessels to pay
Duty on Ar-
rivals.

not entitled to
Privilege of
British-built
ships till Duty
paid.
Duty not paid,
ships fold.

Ship or Vessel under any Act or Acts in force for that Purpose in Great Britain, or under this Act, shall be paid upon the first Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at any Port in the United Kingdom, to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs at such Port, by the Master, Owner or Consignor of such Ship or Vessel, whether the same shall or shall not have been sold by the Captains after Commodation; and that no Foreign-built Ship or Vessel be condemned, shall enjoy or be entitled to the Privilege of a British-built Ship or Vessel or of any Irish Ship or Vessel until such Duty shall be paid for the same; and it shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, to stop and detain such Ship or Vessel at any such Port in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, until the said Duty shall be paid as aforesaid; and in case Payment thereof shall not be made for the Space of Three Calendar Months after the first Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at any Port in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively or any Three or more of them, to cause such Ship or Vessel, and her Masts, Apparels and Furniture, to be sold publicly to the best Bidder, and the Produce thereof to be applied first to the Payment of the Charges that shall arise by such Detention and Sale, next to the Payment of the Customs and Duties, and the Overplus to be paid to the Proprietor of such Ship or Vessel or other Person duly authorized by such Proprietor to receive the same; and that whenever such Duty shall be paid for and in respect of such Foreign Ship or Vessel at the Port of the first Arrival of such Ship or Vessel either in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, no Duty shall be payable on the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at any other Port of Great Britain or Ireland respectively under this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force for that Purpose, in respect of such Vessel having been taken and condemned as aforesaid; and that whenever any such Foreign Ship or Vessel shall have been brought into any Port in Great Britain and shall have been condemned in any Court in Great Britain as lawful Prize, and shall have paid the Duties imposed on such Ship or Vessel, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain; no Duty whatever shall be payable in Ireland for or in respect of such Ship or Vessel under or by virtue of this Act.

Certificate of
Commodation
of Goods pro-
duced, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods or any Ship or Vessel taken as Prize and condemned as lawful Prize shall be imported or brought into Ireland, a Certificate from and under the Hand and Seal of the Judge or Registrar of the Court in which such Goods shall have been condemned, shall be produced to the Collector or principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the Port or Place in Ireland into which such Goods shall be imported, certifying the Commodation thereof; and the Master of the Ship or Vessel on board of which such Goods shall be imported shall, together with the Importer, Proprietor or Consignor, make Oath before the said Collector or principal Officer (who is hereby empowered to administer the same), that to the best of their Knowledge and Belief the Goods so imported are the identical Goods mentioned in the Certificate of Commodation.

Prize Goods not
to be sold as fold.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That on the Importation into Ireland of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which shall have been condemned as lawful Prize, the same shall be entered as Prize Goods, and shall be so distinguished and specified in every Entry of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise; and in case such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not be so entered, distinguished and specified, all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

Forfeited.

Prize Goods
warehoused re-
ported within
Three Years.

IX. And be it further enacted, That any Prize Goods which shall be received into any Warehouse in Ireland under this Act, and which shall have paid the respective Duties due and payable under this Act, shall and may at any time within Three Years, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be entered with the proper Officer of the Customs, be exported directly from Ireland either by the Captains or their Agents, or by any other Person or Persons, without paying any further Duty of Customs or Excise for the same, the Person or Persons exporting the same giving sufficient Security as double the Value of the Goods before the Delivery thereof out of the Warehouse, that the same shall be really and truly exported, and not brought back again or reloaded in any Port of Ireland, or landed in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands of Feroe or Ferri, which Secretary the Collector, or Collector of the Port from whence the same are intended to be exported, is hereby required and authorized to take in His Majesty's Name, and to His Majesty's Use.

Goods not
warehoused within
Three Years,
fold for Duties,
&c.

X. And be it further enacted, That if the Owner or Proprietor of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, which shall be entered in Warehouses under the Regulations of this Act, shall not within the Space of Three Years, to be computed as aforesaid, clear and take away such Goods, Wares and Merchandise from and out of such Warehouse, either for Exportation or for Consumption in Ireland, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandise to be publicly sold; and after such Sale, the Produce thereof shall in the first Place be applied to or towards Payment of the Charges of Warehouse Room, and other Charges that shall arise thereon; and in the next Place, to or towards Payment of the Duties of all Customs and Excise on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise; and the Overplus (if any) shall be paid to the Owner or Proprietor, or such other Person or Persons as may be authorized to receive the same: Provided always, that no Goods, Wares or Merchandise prohibited to be imported into Ireland, which shall be warehoused under the Authority of this Act, shall be permitted to be cleared from Warehouse for Home Consumption in Ireland.

Proviso.

When Part of
Duties in G. B.
on Articles
brought in Duty
under Act re-
pealed or re-
pealed under

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Customs or Excise in Great Britain, granted or made payable by any Act in force in Great Britain, at the time of the passing of this Act, upon any Articles on which any Duty is imposed by this Act or the Schedule hereto annexed, or any Part of such Duties in Great Britain shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain; Provision shall be made, that so much of the Duties of Customs granted by this Act and made payable in Ireland, as shall be equal to the Duties which shall so cease or determine, or be

repended as aforesaid in Great Britain, shall in like manner cease or determine or be repealed, and shall not be payable in Ireland at any time after the time when such Duties of Customs or Excise shall cease or determine or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain; and the Duties of Customs made payable by this Act shall be reduced accordingly.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties by this Act made payable shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied, in the same Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying and paying, and managing of any Duties payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, or for the levying and applying any Taxes, Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for levying the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the End of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of these, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted; with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as is and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force from and after the passing thereof, until and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and no longer.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in the Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise taken and condemned as Prize, or seized and condemned as Droits of Admiralty, and imported or brought into Ireland.

	Duty. British Currency.
BRANDY, if taken by a Ship of War or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	3 11 3
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	1 5 9
COCOA, if taken by a Ship of War or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Cwt.	— 5 11
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the Cwt.	— 1 11
COFFEE, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Cwt.	— 16 7
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the Cwt.	— 5 7
SUGAR, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Cwt.	— 9 6
— if taken by a Private Vessel, the Cwt.	— 3 2
VINEGAR, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	2 10 —
WINE, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	2 10 —
All other Goods, Wares and Merchandise not particularly excepted or otherwise charged with Duty, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, for every £100 of the Value thereof	11 17 6
— if taken by a Private Vessel, for every £100 of the Value thereof	3 19 2
Ships or Vessels condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of the United Kingdom (except Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War) with their Tackle, Apparel and Furniture (except Sails) for every £100 of the Value thereof	15 16 8

Act intitled as
Proposed.

Duties paid in
British Cur-
rency.
Duties, too,
levied and paid
in former Qua-
rter and Dis-
burses.
Act 11 Geo. 2.
(1) 50 & c. 2.

Act 11 Geo. 2.
c. 106.
Act.

Appeal.

Consent of
Act.

Act amended,
Act.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery.

[26 May 1815.]

WHEREAS it is proper to encourage the Fishery carried on by His Majesty's European Subjects in the Seas to the Southward of the *Greenland Sea* and *Dorset's Straights*, for the Purpose of taking Whales and other Creatures being in those Seas, by continuing certain Premiums granted in an Act, passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery*; It is therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Premiums hereinafter mentioned shall be paid and allowed to certain Ships or Vessels employed in the said Fishery, under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations contained in the said Act, and also in an Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and mentioned in the said Act, and under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations expressed in this present Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That for Eight of such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and between the First Day of January and Thirty first Day of December in each of the Four succeeding Years, and shall sail to the Southward of the Equator and there carry on the Fishery, and shall return before the First Day of December in the Year following so that in which they cleared out to some Port in *Great Britain*, there shall be paid and allowed Three hundred Pounds to each of the Eight such Ships which shall so sail and first arrive within the times hereinafter mentioned with the greatest Quantity of Oil or Head Matter taken together being not less in the whole than Twenty Tons; in each of such Ships or Vessels, and being the Produce of one or more Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas taken and killed by the Crew of every such Ship or Vessel respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That for Four other such Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out, and shall sail within the times hereinafter mentioned and proceed to the Southward of Thirty five Degrees of South Latitude and shall there *sow* *the* carry on the said Fishery, and shall not return until after the Expiration of Fourteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, to some Port in *Great Britain*, there shall be paid and allowed Four hundred Pounds to each of such Ships or Vessels which shall so sail and arrive within the times hereinafter last mentioned with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together being not less in the whole than Twenty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for Ten other Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the Four succeeding Years, and shall double *Cape Horn* or pass through the *Straights of Magellan* into the South Seas, and carry on the said Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Westward of *Cape Horn* in their Seas, or shall double the *Cape of Good Hope* and carry on the said Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Eastward of One hundred and two Degrees of East Longitude from *London*, and shall not return to some Port of *Great Britain* until after the Expiration of Sixteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, there shall be paid and allowed Six hundred Pounds to any one of such Ships or Vessels which shall so sail and arrive within the times hereinafter last mentioned with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together being not less in the whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel in the said Voyage, either outward or homeward; and there shall be paid and allowed Five hundred Pounds to each of Nine of such Ships and Vessels, left before mentioned, which shall so sail and arrive within the times hereinafter last mentioned with the next greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together being not less in the whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel in the said Voyage, either outward or homeward.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Ships which shall clear out for the Southern Whale Fishery, and shall return to any Port in *Ireland* with a Cargo of Oil the Produce of the said Fishery within the Period limited by this Act, shall be entitled to all the Benefits and Advantages arising from *Seamen's Remission of Duties*, or otherwise granted by the said recited Acts of the Thirty fifth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the like manner and to the same Extent as if such Ships had returned to any Port in *Great Britain*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Boat used as and commonly called a *Whale Boat* belonging to any Ship or Vessel employed in the said Fishery to the *Greenland Sea* or *Dorset's Straights*, or in the Fishery carried on in the Seas to the Southward of the *Greenland Sea* and *Dorset's Straights*, shall be liable to Seizure for or on account of her *Bulk*, *Dismastness* or *Constructiveness*, provided, on the Return of such Ship or Vessel from the Fisheries at the End of every Season such Boat shall be laid up by the Owner or Owners thereof in such Place or Places as shall be approved of by the Principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs of the Port at which such Ship or Vessel shall arrive, and shall not be employed or made use of in any way whatever but in the said Fisheries.

C A P.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intituled *An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Peopled or Criminally, as English.* [2d May 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Peopled or Criminally, as English;* And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every case in which it shall hereafter be determined that a Lunatic Asylum shall be erected under the Provisions of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the County or united Counties as whole Esquires such Lunatic Asylums shall hereafter be erected, annually, at the Archbishop's General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for such County or Counties respectively, or, in Counties where Annual General Sessions have been held by Law, at such Annual General Sessions to elect the Members of the Committee of Visiting Justices, for the Building, Erection and Management of such Asylum; and that it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for such County or Counties, or the major Part of them, such major Part not being less than Seven, assembled at any Annual General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for such County or Counties respectively, or any Adjournment thereof, to fill up any Vacancy in the Number of Visiting Justices as appointed as aforesaid, that may have occurred by the Death or Resignation of any such Visiting Justice.

II. And be it further enacted, That if the Justices assembled at the Archbishop's General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Annual General Session in any Year, shall omit or neglect to make such Election as aforesaid, or if the Justices assembled at any Annual General or Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, shall neglect or omit to fill up any Vacancy that may have occurred as aforesaid, the Committee of Visiting Justices before appointed, or such of them as shall continue to act, shall be deemed and taken to be the legal Committee of Visiting Justices, for the Building, Erection and Management of such Asylum, until the next Archbishop's General Quarter Sessions of the Peace or Annual General Session.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Subscribers to any Lunatic Asylum erected or to be erected by Voluntary Contributions, who may have acted or who may hereafter unite with any County or Counties, under the Provisions of the said recited Act (a), or the Majority of such Subscribers present at a General Meeting to be held in the Month of October in every Year, of which due Notice shall be given by Public Advertisement in some Newspaper circulated within the County in which such Lunatic Asylum shall be erected, shall annually elect their Committee of Governors, Directors or Subscribers, for the Purpose of acting with the Committee of Visiting Justices appointed or to be appointed as behalf of such County or Counties, for the Building, Erection and Management of such Asylum, in the manner prescribed by the said recited Act (b); and that it shall be lawful for the Subscribers to any such Asylum erected or to be erected by Voluntary Contributions as aforesaid, or the major Part of them present at any General Meeting to be called for that Purpose, of which due Notice shall be given as aforesaid, to fill up any Vacancy in the Number of such Committee of Governors, Directors or Subscribers as aforesaid, that may have occurred by the Death or Resignation of any Member of such Committee. (a) [48 G. 3. c. 96. § 22.] (b) [48 G. 3. c. 96. § 13.]

IV. And be it further enacted, That if at any Annual Meeting as aforesaid shall take place, or the Subscribers assembled at such Meeting shall fail to make such Election as aforesaid, then the Governors, Directors or Subscribers, before appointed to act with the Committee of Visiting Justices appointed or to be appointed by such County or Counties, for the Building, Erection and Management of such Asylum, or such of them as shall continue to act, shall be deemed and taken to be a legal Committee, for the Purpose of acting with such Committee of Justices as aforesaid, until the next General Annual Meeting of Subscribers to such Lunatic Asylum.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Committee of Visiting Justices, or of Visiting Justices united with any Committee of Governors or Directors or of Subscribers to any Lunatic Asylum erected or to be erected by Voluntary Contributions, shall neglect to adjourn any Meeting held for the Purpose of the said recited Act, or where any unforeseen circumstance shall occur, rendering the Meeting of such Committee necessary within the Period to which their Meeting may have been adjourned, it shall be lawful for the Clerk to such Committee to convene a new Meeting, by a Circular Letter to each Member of such Committee, informing him of the Time and Place of such Meeting, Ten Days at least before the same shall be held.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which a Lunatic Asylum shall have been or shall hereafter be erected by any County under the Provisions of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of such County, or the major Part of them (such major Part not being less than Seven) assembled at any Annual General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof to be held for such County, from time to time to fix and limit the Sums which may be expended on the Purchase of Lands or Houses, or on the Erection of New Buildings, or on the Extension or Alteration of existing Buildings for the Purpose of such Lunatic Asylum, or the Yards, Outlets or Courts thereto belonging, as well as the full Establishment of such Lunatic Asylum, as at any time during its Continuance; and it shall not be lawful for the Committee of Visiting Justices appointed for the Building, Erection and Management of such Asylum, to enter into any Contract or Contracts for the Purchase of Lands or Houses, or for the Erection of New Buildings, or for the Extension or Alteration of existing Buildings for the Purpose of such Lunatic Asylum.

Asylum, or the Yards, Outlets and Courts thereto belonging, at a Rent or Sum which may in the whole exceed the Rates so from time to time assessed and appointed by the Justices asheriffed in Sessions as aforesaid, and as to Contraband to proceed into by such Visiting Justices shall be held to be valid or legal.

4th G. 3. c. 96.
146.

Weekly Rate for Paupers is created by Justice.

* VII. And Whereas it is in the said recited Act enacted, That the Weekly Rate to be fixed by the Commissioners of Visiting Justices, to be paid for each Pauper confined in any Lunatic Asylum, shall in no case exceed Fourteen Shillings per Week: And Whereas it may be necessary that such Weekly Rate should, in certain cases, be increased: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for any County at whose Expense any Lunatic Asylum shall have been or shall be hereafter created, or the major Part of them asheriffed at any Annual General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for such County, or any Adjournment thereof (such major Part not being less than Seven), to make such Addition to such Weekly Rate as to them shall seem fit and necessary, and to make an Order accordingly, which Order shall be signed by the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, on behalf of the Court, and forthwith published in some Newspaper circulated within the County; and such additional Rate shall be paid by the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes, Townships or Places, to which the Lunatics in such Asylum respectively belong, in the same manner as is provided by the said recited Act with regard to the Weekly Rate from time to time to be fixed on by the Visiting Justices for the Maintenance, Medicine, Clothing and Care of such Lunatics.

Overseers of Poor to return Lists of Lunatics and Idiots within Parishes, visited on Oath, accompanied with Certificate from Medical Practitioner.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for any County, at their several Petty Sessions, to issue their Warrants to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes, Townships and Places within their several Subdivisions, to return true Lists of all Lunatics and dangerous Idiots, being Paupers, within their respective Parishes, specifying the Name, Sex and Age of each Lunatic and Idiot, and whether such Lunatics be dangerous or otherwise; and for what Length of time such Lunatics shall have been disordered in their Senses; and the Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes aforesaid shall, on the Receipt of such Warrants, forthwith prepare and return such Lists accordingly: and such Lists shall be sworn on Oath before the Justices of the Peace at their Petty Sessions as aforesaid, and accompanied with a Certificate from a Medical Practitioner, as to the State and Condition of each Lunatic or dangerous Idiot; and any Overseer of the Poor to whom any such Warrant shall have been directed and delivered, who shall refuse or neglect to prepare such List, or to return the same at the Time and Place by such Warrant fixed, with such Certificate as aforesaid, or to verify such List on Oath, shall, for every such Offence, be subject to such Fine as Overseers of the Poor and other Parish and Poor Officers are subject for neglect of Duty, under an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to authorize Justices of the Peace to impose Fines on Constables, Overseers, and other Parish or Poor Officers for neglect of Duty, and on Masters of Apprentices for ill Usage of such their Apprentices; and also to make Provision for the Execution of Warrants of Distress granted by Magistrates*; and such Fine shall be imposed, levied and enforced in the manner in the said Act directed; and the Justices aforesaid shall cause the said Lists to be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, to be by him laid before the Justices of the Peace sitting in and for such County, at their next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace or General Annual Session: And it shall be lawful for such Overseers of the Poor to defray the necessary Expenses of the Examination of such Lunatics or dangerous Idiots, by a Medical Practitioner, out of the Poor Rates of the Parishes to which such Lunatics or Idiots respectively belong; or where the legal Settlement of any such Lunatic or Idiot shall not have been ascertained, then out of the Poor Rates of the Parish in which such Lunatic or Idiot shall reside.

Fin.

2d G. 3. c. 25.

List to be returned by Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes, visited on Oath, accompanied with Certificate from Medical Practitioner.

IX. And Whereas it may happen, that Lunatics, by the Provision of the Laws now in force, may be unnecessarily detained in any Lunatic Asylum after their Recovery, during the Interval of Meetings of the Committee of Visiting Justices, or by reason of the Necessity of a sufficient Number of Visiting Justices at any Meeting of such Committee: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Visiting Justices at any time, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Medical Superintendent of such Asylum, to discharge from such Asylum any Lunatic confined therein, whose perfect Recovery may be certified by the said Medical Superintendent.

Visiting Justices may discharge Lunatics.

4th G. 3. c. 96.
144.

Retains where on full Return of Population.

5th G. 3. c. 78.

* X. And Whereas it is enacted by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, that where any Two or more Counties shall think fit to unite, the Proportion of the Expenses necessary for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act, to be charged and apportioned upon the several Counties so uniting, shall be calculated upon the Numbers of the respective Population of the said several Counties, as stated in the Returns made in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Towns and Districts thereof*: Be it hereby further enacted, That in all cases of the Union of any Two or more Counties, or of the Union of any Place or Places of distinct Jurisdiction with any such County or Counties, the Proportion of the Expenses necessary for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said recited Act, or of an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals, in England*, or of this Act, shall be calculated upon the Numbers of the respective Population of the said several Counties and Places as shall have been stated in the last Returns of the said Population (a), which shall have been made under the Authority of Parliament previous to the Union of such Counties.

(a) [See 51 G. 3. c. 6.]

Number of Voters taxed.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Number of Voters to be appointed by any such Place of distinct Jurisdiction to sitting with any County or Counties, shall bear the same Proportion to the Number of Visiting Justices appointed by such County or Counties, as the Population of such Place shall bear to the Population of such County or Counties, and shall in no case exceed such Proportion.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as it shall appear to the Justices of the Peace acting on and for any County or Counties at whose Expense any Lunatic Asylum shall have been erected, or the major Part of them, such major Part not being less than seven, assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace or General Annual Session, that the Space within such Asylum is more than sufficient for the Accommodation of Lunatics, being Paupers, within the District or Districts for which such Asylum shall have been built, it shall and may be lawful for such Justices to order for the Order for the Admission of so many Lunatic Patients as to them shall seem expedient, not being Pauper or Criminal, or being Pauper but belonging to any other County, or to any Parish, Township or Place within the County or Counties by which such Asylum shall have been erected, which may be exempt from contributing to the County Rate of such County or Counties, and which shall not have been united with such County or Counties, or contributed to the Expense of such Asylum, under the Conditions and Regulations following; that is to say, That no such Lunatic Patient shall be admitted into such Asylum without an Order signed by one Visiting Justice, directed to the Governor or Superintendent of such Lunatic Asylum, nor without the Certificate in Writing of a regular Practitioner in Medicine, certifying the Lunacy of such Patient, nor without an Undertaking signed by Two substantial Freeholders, or the Minister and One of the Churchwardens, or One of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place within which such Lunatic shall be resident at the Period of Application made for the Admission of such Patient into such Asylum, for the due Payment of the Weekly Allowance and other Expenses contingent upon the Maintenance and Care of such Lunatic, during the Term of his or her Continuance in such Asylum, as well as for the Removal of such Lunatic from such Asylum, within Three Days after due Notice given in Writing by the Governor or Superintendent of such Asylum, by the Order of One or more Visiting Justice of such Asylum, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as other Penalties are directed to be recovered and applied by virtue of this or any other Acts of Parliament, passed for the building and maintaining of Asylums for the Reception of Pauper Lunatics; Provided always, that the Weekly Provision for the Maintenance of such Patients, not being Paupers, shall be paid by the Visiting Justice, at such Rate, as shall in their Judgment be sufficient to cover every Expense liable to be incurred for or on account of such such Patient respectively; and that no such such Weekly Provision shall be fixed at a Sum less than a Sum, according by One third the Weekly Sum paid at such time by the Parishes within such District or Districts, for the Maintenance of the Patients therein belonging respectively, together with such extra Charge for Clothing and Medicine, as may be incurred during the Continuance of such Patient in such Asylum, under the Sanction of the Visiting Justice thereof.

When any Asylum shall be erected, the Lunatic Patients may or may not be admitted into such Asylum.

Penalty.

Proviso.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for procuring Returns relative to the Expense and Maintenance of the Poor in England, and also relative to the Highways. [14th May 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Information should be obtained respecting the State of the Poor, and of the Expenses attending their Maintenance, within that Part of Great Britain called England; and also respecting the Extent of the Highways, and the Expenses of repairing them; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Justices of the Peace within their respective Divisions and Jurisdictions in England and Wales, shall and they are hereby required to appoint a Time and Place or Times and Places, which time or times shall be on or before the Twentieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for the Overseers of the Poor and Surveyors of the Highways of the several Parishes, and also of the several Townships, Places or Divisions, which maintain their Poor separately and distinctly within their respective Jurisdictions, or repair their own Highways, and for the Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways of any former Year if necessary, to deliver to them respectively the Returns to the several Matters and Things in this Act questioned and stated in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and Two or more of the said Justices shall and they are hereby required to cause Notice to be given to such Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways, or to the Person or Persons, Trustee or Trustees exercising the Duties of the Office of Surveyor of the Highways, in such such Returns respectively within their respective Jurisdictions, and also to the High Constables, and when there are no High Constables, to such other proper Officers who have the Execution of Process from Justice of the Peace within such respective Jurisdictions, at least Six Days before the Day of such Meeting or Meetings respectively, requiring their Attendance at such Meeting or Meetings for the Purpose of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That in cases where there shall be a House of Industry or Workhouse, belonging to any Parish or Place, whether separately and distinctly for One Parish or Place, or conjointly with any other Parish or Place or Parishes or Places incorporated therewith, the Overseer to whom the said Schedule shall be delivered is hereby required to call on the Governor or other proper Officer of such House of Industry or Workhouse for his Aid and Assistance in properly filling up and completing the said Schedule as shall relate to such House of Industry or Workhouse; and the Governor or other proper Officer of any incorporated House of Industry or Workhouse is further required to compute the Share of the common Expense thereof, and the Number of Persons belonging to each distinct Parish or Place, within the Years ending at Easter One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, One thousand eight hundred and fourteen and at the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen respectively, and to ascertain whether

It shall be expedient to appoint a time and Place for Overseers of Poor, and Surveyors of Highways, to deliver Returns to Justices, and to give Notice to them to make Returns to Justices, requiring Attendance at Meetings.

Proper Officers to fill up Returns.

fact Particulars relating to the Heads of Industry or Workhouse be properly entered in the proper Schedule, and if situated therein, shall certify the same on the Schedule in Writing, signed by himself.

Justices to receive Returns, and to send them to the Clerk of the Peace, and to send them to the Clerk of the Peace.

To.

Justices to receive from the Clerk of the Peace Copies of Schedules to deliver to the Justices of the Peace, and to send them to the Clerk of the Peace and Highways.

Perjury.

Overseers of the Poor to attend Justices and the Clerk of the Peace.

Overseers making Defects. Penalty. Overseers to attend Justices and the Clerk of the Peace.

Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Two Justices of the Peace shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required, at each Meeting or Meetings to be appointed as aforesaid, to receive and take the Returns to be made by the Overseers of the Poor and Surveyors of the Highways as aforesaid in Writing, signed by themselves, pursuant to the Direction of this Act, and then and there administer to them respectively the Oaths contained in this Act; and each Justice is hereby authorized, if they shall for Cause, to examine such Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways upon Oath, touching any of the Matters contained in such Returns respectively, and to call for the original Accounts of such Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways if they shall so see fit, in order to explain and verify the said Returns as shall then be made; and the said Justices shall sign and attest such Returns at the Foot of the same without Fee, when on Inspection the same shall appear to them to be complete, and deliver such Returns so signed and attested to the respective High Constables, or other proper Officers as aforesaid, in order that the same may be by them transmitted to the Clerks of the Peace, or Town Clerks, as herein is directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said High Constables, or other proper Officers, within the respective Jurisdictions as aforesaid, shall, at the Michaelmas Quarter Sessions of the Peace in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen (or as soon thereafter as may be), receive from the said Clerks of the Peace, or Town Clerks, printed Copies of each of the Schedules in this Act enacted, and forthwith deliver, or cause to be delivered out one of each such Schedule in One of their Overseers of the Poor, and another to One of the Surveyors of the Highways, of every Parish, Township or Place within their respective Limits, as well within Towns Corporate as without, and, when required by the respective Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, attend the said Meeting or Meetings, and then and there present the several Returns made by the said Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways, and lodge upon the Back of each of them the Name of the Hundred, Rape, Wapentake, Lath, Focand, Soke, Francife, Liberty, City or Town Corporate, whereas the said Parish, Township or Place therein mentioned is situate, and deliver or transmit the same, together with a true and perfect List of every Parish, Township and Place, and also of the Overseers and Surveyors of the Highways to whom such Schedules shall have been delivered as aforesaid, to the several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks at the Michaelmas Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or some Adjournment or Adjournments thereof (which Adjournment and Adjournments the Justices at such Quarter Sessions are required to make to some convenient Day within Forty Days after the said Michaelmas Quarter Sessions in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and from time to time as often as shall be necessary, to some other convenient Days within Ten Days from the preceding Day of Adjournment, in all cases where such Returns shall not be made at the said Michaelmas Quarter Sessions, and until full and complete Returns shall be made), upon Pain of Forfeiture for every Default and Neglect in the Matters aforesaid, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor of every such Parish, Township and Place, shall, and they are hereby required to attend the Justices of the Peace at each Meeting or Meetings which shall be so appointed, and then and there deliver to the said Justices in Writing, signed by them, a just and true Account upon Oath, as herein directed (according to their Knowledge of the same), of the total Amount of all and every Sum and Sums of Money raised and expended by them, or by their Predecessors in Office respectively, for or on account of the Poor within the respective Districts, Parishes, Townships or Places, for the several Years ending at Easter One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Easter One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and March the Twenty fifth One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, respectively, according to the different Heads of Rates levied, or Disbursements mentioned in the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act enacted; and shall for that Purpose cause the Total of such Disbursements for each Year to be divided and stated under each said Head of Disbursements accordingly; and shall also at each Meeting or Meetings deliver in like manner a true and just Account, upon Oath, of the Number of Poor Persons who shall have received relief or occasional Relief during the said several Years, within the respective Heads of Industry or Workhouse, or otherwise, in the respective Parishes, Townships or Places aforesaid, as found in the Schedule (A.) to this Act enacted, and shall respectively fill up the Blanks and other Spaces in such Schedule with the several Matters required to be therein returned, according to the Truth of the case; and shall also at the same time produce to the said Justices, if required, the Affidavits under which the Money was collected, and the Accounts of all Expenses respecting the Poor for the said Year, for their Inspection and Examination; and that every Overseer making Default in any of the Matters hereby required shall, for every such Neglect and Default, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made; And in order to enable the said Overseers to make Answers and Returns as aforesaid, they are hereby authorized and empowered to call for, inspect and take Copies of the Accounts of the Overseers, for each of the Years ending at Easter One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Easter One thousand eight hundred and fourteen and March the Twenty fifth One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or in each thereof as shall be necessary, in whole or in part as they shall happen to be; and every Person or Persons in whole or in part as aforesaid, for every such Account or Accounts shall be, shall and they are hereby required to produce and deliver such respective Accounts to the said Overseers, for the Purposes aforesaid, upon the Pain of forfeiting for every Default or Neglect in the Premises a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors of the Highways in every such Parish, Township and Place, shall, and they are hereby required to attend the Justices of the Peace at such Meetings or Meetings which shall be so appointed, and there and there deliver to the said Justices in Writing, signed by them, a full and true Account upon Oath as herein directed (according to their Knowledge of the facts) of the estimated Extent of Public Highways or Roads used for Wheel Carriages, computing the aggregate Length of such Highways in Statute Miles of Sixteen hundred and sixty Yards to a Mile, of flagging paved Streets and Turnpikes, if any, within their respective Districts, Parishes, Townships or Places; and also Accounts, as early as the facts can be ascertained, of all and every the Sum or Sums raised and expended by them, and also of the estimated Value of Labour performed in Kind, for or on account of the Highways within their respective Districts, Parishes, Townships or Places, for the several Years ending in October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, One thousand eight hundred and thirteen and One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, according to the different Heads of Disbursements defined in the Questions of the Schedule (B.) to this Act enacted, and shall respectively fill up the Blanks and other Spaces in such Schedule, and the several Matters required to be therein returned, according to the Truth of the case; and shall also at the same time produce to the said Justices, if required, the Accounts of all Money received and expended on the Highways, for their Inspection and Examination; and that every Surveyor of the Highways, making Default in any of the Matters hereby required, shall for every such Neglect and Default forfeit a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds, nor less than Five Pence, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made; and, in order to enable the said Surveyors of the Highways to make Answers and Returns as aforesaid, they are hereby authorized and empowered to call for, inspect and take Copies of the Accounts of the Surveyors of the Highways, for each of the Years ending in October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, One thousand eight hundred and thirteen and One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or in such thereof as shall be necessary, in whole Hands wherever they shall happen to be; and every Justice or Justices in whole Custody or Power every such Account or Accounts shall be, shall and they are hereby required to produce and deliver such respective Accounts to the said Surveyors of the Highways for the Purposes aforesaid, upon the Pain of forfeiting for every Default or Neglect in the Premises a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds, nor less than Five Pence, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

Surveyors of Highways to attend sittings, and deliver proper Accounts.

Surveyor making Default Penalty.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Overseer or Surveyor of the Highways, required to make any such Return or Returns as aforesaid, shall conceal any Matter or Matters directed to be inquired into by the said Schedule, or either of them, or shall knowingly or wilfully make a false or imperfect Return, every such Overseer or Surveyor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in case the Offence shall be committed in England; in the Common Pleas of Leinster, Chester and Durken, in case the Offence shall be committed in those Counties, or either of them respectively; or in the Great Sessions of the Principality of Wales, in case the Offence shall be committed in Wales.

Officer making false Returns.

Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid, and allowed for the Trouble and Expenses of the several Persons employed in the Transactions aforesaid, for every Return which shall be so made and transmitted to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively, pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, the Sums following, and no more; to wit, To the Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk, for every Return which shall be made in respect of every Parish, Township and Place, the Sum of Two Shillings; in the High Constable or other proper Officer, for the Hire, the Sum of One Shilling and Six pence; to the Overseer of the Poor, Governors or other Officers of Houses of Industry or Workhouses, and to the Surveyors of the Highways, for the Hire, a Sum not less than Two Shillings and Six pence each, and not exceeding Twenty Shillings each, exclusive of their Travelling Expenses, at the Discretion of the Justices who shall approve of the Returns; to the Clerks of the Justices of the Peace, for the like, the Sum of One Shilling; and that the said Justices of the Peace, at their respective Quarterly Quarter Sessions in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, shall and they are hereby required to make an Order upon their respective Treasurers to pay the same out of the Rates to be made and collected for their respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Seigns, Franchises, Liberties, Copes and Towns Corporate.

Remuneration to Officers.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the several Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by this Act shall, unless otherwise directed by this Act, if not immediately paid, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace having Jurisdiction where such Offender shall dwell, rendering to the said Offender the Overplus (if any) after the Charge of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for a Term not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless the said Forfeitures and Charges shall be sooner paid; and the said Forfeitures, when recovered, shall be paid and applied One Moiety to the Informer and the other Moiety to the said respective Treasurers, in and of the Rates aforesaid; and any Justice shall be deemed a competent Witness for the Execution of any of the Purposes of this Act, notwithstanding his paying or being liable to pay towards such County Rates or other Rates.

Forfeiture and Application of Penalties.

Imprisonment.

Who deemed competent Witnesses.

Enactment.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Justice of the Peace aforesaid, before whom any Return shall be made in pursuance of this Act by any Overseer of the Poor or Surveyor of the Highways, shall and he is hereby empowered and required to administer to such Overseer or Surveyor of the Highways the following Oaths (or, being of the People called Quakers, Affirmations,) to-wit,

• YOU

Forms of Oaths. "YOU swear [or, affirm], That the Returns made by you contain, to the best of your Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions contained in the Schedule (A.) [or (B.) as the case may be] of the Act, intitled *An Act for preserving Returns relative to the Expenses and Maintenance of the Poor in England; and also relative to the Highways.* So help you GOD."

"YOU shall true Answer make to all such Questions as shall be demanded of you, touching these your Returns relative to the Poor [or, to the Highways, as the case may be] of the Parish [or, Township] of as far as the same is within your Knowledge. So help you GOD."

Which Oaths shall be taken by the Overseers or by the Surveyor of the Highways on the Holy Evangelists, in the usual manner of administering Oaths.

Penalty. XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall wilfully and corruptly make a false Oath touching any of the Matters contained in this Act, every such Person or Persons offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pain and Penalties as by any Law now in being Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Schedules transmitted by King's Printer. XII. And be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act, and also of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) hereto annexed, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Clerks of the Peace of the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Solons, Franchises and Liberties in England and Wales; and that the said several Clerks of the Peace shall and they are hereby required, at the Midsummer Quarter Sessions One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to cause the said Act to be distributed among all and every the aforesaid Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits, and also a sufficient Number of the Schedules to this Act annexed, to be delivered to the High Constables or other proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits; and which said Clerks of the Peace shall also cause a sufficient Number of such Copies of this Act, and Schedules respectively, to be delivered to the Town Clerks or other proper Officers of every City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, in which Quarter Sessions of the Peace are usually holden, situate in the County, Riding or Division, for which the said Clerks of the Peace shall respectively act, to be by the said Town Clerks respectively distributed in like manner among the aforesaid Justices of the Peace in every such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, and among the proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place; and the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively shall also receive the Returns to be made pursuant to the Directions herein given, and transmit the same, with a List thereof (and also another List therewith, of Parishes or Places not having made due Returns) to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, within Thirty Days after the respective Midsummer Quarter Sessions, in order that an Abstract of the same may be made and presented to both Houses of Parliament, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect and Default, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

Copies delivered to Town Clerks. XIII. And Whereas it is expedient, for the Purposes of this Act, that Information should be obtained of the Proportion which the Sum levied by the Poor Rate, and any other Rate or Rates, bears to the actual Rents and Profits upon which such Rates are imposed and levied, by a Comparison of the said Poor Rates with the Assessments made under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rents and Duties or Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices;*

Town Clerks to receive Returns. and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and they are hereby directed upon the Application of any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, communicating to them a List of any Parishes, Townships or Places which maintain their own Poor separately and distinctly, to enquire into and ascertain the Total Amount of the Sums assessed to the Property Tax in and for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under Schedule (A.) of the said last mentioned Act, on each such Parish, Township or Place; and also the Total Amount of the Estimates of the Annual Value of the Property or Profits upon which the said Assessments were made, and to make out an Account of the same under proper Heads, and transmit the same to the said Principal Secretary of State, for insertion in the before mentioned Abstract.

Penalty. XIV. And Whereas it is expedient, for the Purposes of this Act, that Information should be obtained of the Proportion which the Sum levied by the Poor Rate, and any other Rate or Rates, bears to the actual Rents and Profits upon which such Rates are imposed and levied, by a Comparison of the said Poor Rates with the Assessments made under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rents and Duties or Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices;*

45 G. 3. c. 46. and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and they are hereby directed upon the Application of any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, communicating to them a List of any Parishes, Townships or Places which maintain their own Poor separately and distinctly, to enquire into and ascertain the Total Amount of the Sums assessed to the Property Tax in and for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under Schedule (A.) of the said last mentioned Act, on each such Parish, Township or Place; and also the Total Amount of the Estimates of the Annual Value of the Property or Profits upon which the said Assessments were made, and to make out an Account of the same under proper Heads, and transmit the same to the said Principal Secretary of State, for insertion in the before mentioned Abstract.

Schedule of Property Duty transmitted to Secretary of State. XV. And be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act, and also of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) hereto annexed, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Clerks of the Peace of the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Solons, Franchises and Liberties in England and Wales; and that the said several Clerks of the Peace shall and they are hereby required, at the Midsummer Quarter Sessions One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to cause the said Act to be distributed among all and every the aforesaid Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits, and also a sufficient Number of the Schedules to this Act annexed, to be delivered to the High Constables or other proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits; and which said Clerks of the Peace shall also cause a sufficient Number of such Copies of this Act, and Schedules respectively, to be delivered to the Town Clerks or other proper Officers of every City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, in which Quarter Sessions of the Peace are usually holden, situate in the County, Riding or Division, for which the said Clerks of the Peace shall respectively act, to be by the said Town Clerks respectively distributed in like manner among the aforesaid Justices of the Peace in every such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, and among the proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place; and the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively shall also receive the Returns to be made pursuant to the Directions herein given, and transmit the same, with a List thereof (and also another List therewith, of Parishes or Places not having made due Returns) to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, within Thirty Days after the respective Midsummer Quarter Sessions, in order that an Abstract of the same may be made and presented to both Houses of Parliament, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect and Default, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

Penalty. XVI. And Whereas it is expedient, for the Purposes of this Act, that Information should be obtained of the Proportion which the Sum levied by the Poor Rate, and any other Rate or Rates, bears to the actual Rents and Profits upon which such Rates are imposed and levied, by a Comparison of the said Poor Rates with the Assessments made under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rents and Duties or Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices;*

45 G. 3. c. 46. and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and they are hereby directed upon the Application of any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, communicating to them a List of any Parishes, Townships or Places which maintain their own Poor separately and distinctly, to enquire into and ascertain the Total Amount of the Sums assessed to the Property Tax in and for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under Schedule (A.) of the said last mentioned Act, on each such Parish, Township or Place; and also the Total Amount of the Estimates of the Annual Value of the Property or Profits upon which the said Assessments were made, and to make out an Account of the same under proper Heads, and transmit the same to the said Principal Secretary of State, for insertion in the before mentioned Abstract.

Schedule of Property Duty transmitted to Secretary of State. XVII. And be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act, and also of the Schedules (A.) and (B.) hereto annexed, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, be transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Clerks of the Peace of the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Solons, Franchises and Liberties in England and Wales; and that the said several Clerks of the Peace shall and they are hereby required, at the Midsummer Quarter Sessions One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to cause the said Act to be distributed among all and every the aforesaid Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits, and also a sufficient Number of the Schedules to this Act annexed, to be delivered to the High Constables or other proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of the Peace within their respective Limits; and which said Clerks of the Peace shall also cause a sufficient Number of such Copies of this Act, and Schedules respectively, to be delivered to the Town Clerks or other proper Officers of every City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, in which Quarter Sessions of the Peace are usually holden, situate in the County, Riding or Division, for which the said Clerks of the Peace shall respectively act, to be by the said Town Clerks respectively distributed in like manner among the aforesaid Justices of the Peace in every such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place, and among the proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from such Justices of such City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place; and the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively shall also receive the Returns to be made pursuant to the Directions herein given, and transmit the same, with a List thereof (and also another List therewith, of Parishes or Places not having made due Returns) to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, within Thirty Days after the respective Midsummer Quarter Sessions, in order that an Abstract of the same may be made and presented to both Houses of Parliament, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect and Default, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

Penalty. XVIII. And Whereas it is expedient, for the Purposes of this Act, that Information should be obtained of the Proportion which the Sum levied by the Poor Rate, and any other Rate or Rates, bears to the actual Rents and Profits upon which such Rates are imposed and levied, by a Comparison of the said Poor Rates with the Assessments made under an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rents and Duties or Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices;*

45 G. 3. c. 46. and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and they are hereby directed upon the Application of any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, communicating to them a List of any Parishes, Townships or Places which maintain their own Poor separately and distinctly, to enquire into and ascertain the Total Amount of the Sums assessed to the Property Tax in and for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under Schedule (A.) of the said last mentioned Act, on each such Parish, Township or Place; and also the Total Amount of the Estimates of the Annual Value of the Property or Profits upon which the said Assessments were made, and to make out an Account of the same under proper Heads, and transmit the same to the said Principal Secretary of State, for insertion in the before mentioned Abstract.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

QUESTIONS, to which, by Direction of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled "An Act for passing Returns relative to the Expence and Maintenance of the Poor in England; and also relative to the Highways," Written Answers are to be returned by the Overseer of every Parish, Township, or Place, in which Rates are separately and distinctly made for the Relief of the Poor; for which Purpose the Overseer is to attend the Juries of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, on Pain of incurring the Penalties imposed by the said Act for every wilful Default or Neglect.

1. WHAT is the Name and Description of your Parish or Place? and to the Repair of what Parish Church do the Inhabitants contribute out of the Rates?
- In answer to this Question, you are required to specify the Name of the Place, (spelled in the most usual manner, and also whether it be a Parish, or Part of any Parish; and in the latter case, specifying whether it be usually called a Tithing, Township, or by what other Name.
2. What was the total Amount of Money raised within the several Years ending Easter One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, Easter One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth and fourtieth and the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirtieth, by Poor's Rate, and any other Rate or Rates?
3. What was the total Amount of Money expended in those Years respectively, for the Maintenance and Relief of the Poor?
4. What was the total Amount of Money expended in those Years respectively, in Suits of Law, Removal of Paupers and Expenses of Overseers or other Officers employed therein?
5. What was the total Amount of Money expended on Militia Charges, distinguishing Expenditure for the Maintenance of the Wives and Children of any Militia Men, from any other Militia Charges?
6. What was the total Amount of Money expended in those Years respectively, for all other Purposes except those specified in the Two last Questions, including herein any Church Rate, County Rate, Highway Rate, &c. &c.?
7. What was the total Amount of Money expended in those Years respectively?
- In answer to this Question, you are required to take care that the Amount be the Total of the Four Columns marked 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6; or to explain on the Schedule why it does not agree therewith.
8. What was the Number of Persons relieved from the Poor's Rate permanently, throughout the several Years; distinguishing Persons so relieved out of any House of Industry or Workhouse, and Persons so relieved in the House, but not including any Children whose Parents have been permanently relieved out of the House?
- If no House of Industry or Workhouse, write the Words, 'No Workhouse,' in the proper Column; if there be a House of Industry or Workhouse in which any Poor of your Parish or Place are maintained, inform the Governor or proper Officer thereof, that he is required, under Pain of the Penalties of this Act, to enable you to fill up and complete the proper Column.
9. What was the Number of Parishioners relieved occasionally in the several Years respectively?
10. What is the Number of Members in Friendly Societies, which hold their usual Meetings in your Parish or Place, including Members not belonging to your Parish or Place, as well as those belonging to it?
11. What is the Average Annual Amount or Produce of Charitable Donations (whether arising from Land or Money) which have been given by Deed or Will for the Benefit of poor Persons within your Parish, Township or Place, and which are assigned or distributed by the Minister, Churchwardens and Overseers, or by any of them; distinguishing such Donations as are applicable to the Maintenance of Parish Schools?
12. Is there any Hospital, Almshouse, School or other permanent Charitable Foundation within your Parish, Township or Place, which is not under the Management and Control of the Minister, Churchwardens and Overseers, or any of them?
13. In case it should be requisite to affix any Explanation of your Answer to any of the above Questions, in what manner should a Letter of Inquiry be directed to you from the Secretary of State's Office?
14. Are there any Matters which you think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answer to any of the preceding Questions?

Answered	1. NAME of PLACE; and whether usually styled Parish, Township, Village, Hamlet, or the like. Towards the Repair of what Parish Church the Inhabitants contribute from the Rates.												
	To 1 st Question.	To 2 ^d Question.	To 3 ^d Question.	To 4 th Question.		To 5 th Question.	To 6 th Question.	To 7 th Question.	To 8 th Question.	To 9 th Question.	To 10 th Question.	To 11 th Question.	
For what Time	Money RAISED by the Poor (Rate, or other Rate or Rates.	Money EXPENDED for the Maintenance of the Poor.	Expenses in consequence of Law, Rewards, Journey, and Expenses of Overseers and other Officers.	EXPENDITURE for MILLS Purposes.		Expenses for other Purposes: Church Rate, County Rate, Highway Rate, &c.	TOTAL INEXPENDITURE of the Parish or Port.	Number of Persons Relieved from the Poor's Rate: PROGRESSIVELY, not including the Children of such Persons:	Number of Persons Relieved OccasionALLY, whether in or out of the Workhouse, being Parish-poor.	Total Number of MEMBERS in Family Societies, whether Parish-poor or not.	Annual Amount of Charitable Donations.		
				Maintenance of the Families of Mills Men.	All other Mills Charges.			Out of my Workhouse.	In my Workhouse.			For Parish Schools.	Other Purposes.
To Easter 1813.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.					£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To Easter 1814.													
To 11th March 1815.													
Answer to 1 st Question.				Answer to 1 st Question.				Answer to 1 st Question.					

I, A.B. Governor (or, Manager) of the House of Industry (or, Workhouse) of the County of _____ Do hereby certify, That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions relative to the Number of Persons relieved in the said Workhouse.

(Signed)

I, C.D. Overseer of the Poor for the County of _____ Do (swear (or, affirm) That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions contained in Schedule (A.) of an A.B. intitled "An A.B. for procuring Returns relative to the Expense and Maintenance of the Poor in England; and also relative to the "Highways."

(Signed)

Overseer.

Sworn (or, affirmed) before us, the _____ of this _____

Justices of the Peace in and for the _____ Day of _____

SCHEDULE (B.)

QUESTIONS, to which, by Direction of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled "An Act for procuring Returns relative to the "Expense and Maintenance of the Poor in England; and also relative to the Highways," Written Answers are to be returned by the Surveyor of the Highways of every Parish, Township or District in England and Wales; for which Purpose the said Surveyor of the Highways is to send the Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, on Pain of incurring the Penalties imposed by the said Act, for every initial Default or Neglect.

1. WHAT is the estimated Extent of Public Highways or Roads used for Wheel Carriages, within your Parish or District, comparing the aggregate Length of such Highways in Statute Miles of One thousand seven hundred and fifty Yards to a Mile; distinguishing Paved Streets and Turnpikes (if any) from all other such Highways or Roads?
2. What was the estimated Value of Labour performed in Kind, for repairing the Highways, within your Parish or District, in each of the Years ending in October One thousand eight hundred and twelve, One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, One thousand eight hundred and fourteen?
3. What was the Amount of Money paid as a Compensation for Labour on the Highways, during those Years respectively?
4. What was the Amount of Rates (if any) levied for the Repair of the Highways, in those Years respectively?
5. What was the Amount of Money expended in Law and other Expenses relative to the Highways, exclusive of Repairs occasioned by Prosecutions, in those Years respectively?
6. What was the Total Value of Labour and Amount of Money expended in those Years respectively?

In answer to this Question, you are to take care that the Amount be the Total of the Four Columns marked 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5; or to explain on the Schedule why it does not agree therewith.

7. Are there any Matters which you think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

NAMES and DESCRIPTION of DISTRICT, and whether wholly Rural (Parish, Township, Tithing), Hamlet, or the like; and if not a Parish, in what Parish.	YEARS ending in October.	To Question 1.		To Question 2.	To Question 3.	To Question 4.	To Question 5.	To Question 6.
		Length of the Public Highways used for Wheel Carriages.		Estimated VALUE of LABOUR performed in Kind.	Amount of COMPENSATION paid to Labour.	Amount of RATES levied.	Amount of MONEY expended in LAW and other Expenses occasioned by Prosecutions.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE in Labour and Money in these Years respectively.
		Paved Streets or Turnpikes.	All other Highways.					
	1812 -			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
	1813 -							
	1814 -							
REMARKS in answer to Question 7.								

I, A. B. Surveyor of the Highways for the of in the County of Do swear (or affirm) That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the Questions contained in Schedule (B.) of an Act, intitled "An Act for procuring Returns relative to the Expense and Maintenance of the Poor in England; and also relative to the Highways."

(Signed) _____
 Sworn (or, affirmed) before us, G. D. E. F. Justices of the Peace in and for the County of _____
 this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____ (Signed) G. D.
 E. F.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for providing Clergymen to officiate in Goals and Houses of Correction within England and Wales. [12th May 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for providing Clergymen to officiate in Goals*, within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Justices of the Peace, or the major Part of them, assembled at the Quarter Sessions held for any County, Riding or Division, within that Part of Great Britain called England, and the Principality of Wales, were authorized and empowered to settle and ascertain how many Clergymen should by them be deemed necessary to be employed in performing Religious Duties, according to the Rites of the Church of England, in the several Goals within their respective Jurisdictions, and to settle and ascertain what Duty should be performed, and what Salary should be paid to every such Clergyman, not exceeding Fifty Pounds yearly and every Year: And Whereas by the Appointment of Clergymen to officiate under the Provisions of the said Act, the beneficial Purposes before mentioned have been carried into Execution in many Counties within England and Wales: And Whereas, on account of the increasing Attention which such Clergymen are required to give in the Discharge of their Duty, it is expedient that the Salaries allowed by the Justices should be increased: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending and reviving more effectual the Laws in being relative to Ruffes of Correction*, it is enacted, that the Justices of the Peace at their General Quarter Sessions may, if they think fit, appoint a Minister of the Church of England, residing in or near the Place where every such House of Correction shall be situate, to perform Divine Service there every Sunday: And Whereas it is expedient, that for the Reformation and Amendment of Persons who may be confined in such Houses of Correction, that greater and more frequent Attention should be paid to their Moral and Religious Instruction than is provided for by the said Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace, or the major Part of them, assembled at the Quarter Sessions to be holden for any County, Riding or Division, within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, and the Principality of Wales, and at the Annual General Session in the County Palatine of Lancaster, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to increase the Salaries granted by the said first recited Act, to be paid to the Clergymen therein mentioned, to any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, yearly and every Year, under the Regulations and Provisions contained in the said recited Act.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for providing Clergymen to officiate in Goals* within that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be applicable to Houses of Correction, in as full and ample a manner as if they had been specifically named therein: Provided always nevertheless, that no Salary to be assigned to any Clergyman for officiating in any such House of Correction shall exceed Fifty Pounds a Year.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Clergyman who shall be employed with a Salary under this Act, or either of the Acts above recited, in order to enable himself to receive the same, shall keep a Journal in a Book to be provided for that Purpose, in the Goal or House of Correction in which he shall be so employed, in which Journal he shall enter the names of his Accused at each Goal or House of Correction on the Performance of his Duty, with any Observations which may occur to him in the Execution thereof; and such Journal shall regularly be laid before the Justices of the Peace having Jurisdiction over the said Goal or House of Correction, for their Inspection at every Quarter Session at which such Justices shall be assembled, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the said Session, in Proof of the same having been so produced.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, or the major Part of them, so assembled at their General Quarter Sessions, may, if they should see fit, visit the Offices of Clergymen to Goals and Houses of Correction, by appointing one Clergyman to the Performance of the Religious Duties of both: Provided always, that the Amount to be paid out of the County Rates or other Public Money shall not in such case exceed the Sum of One hundred and twenty Pounds.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, no Clergyman, who shall be appointed to officiate in any Goal or House of Correction under the Authority of the said Acts or of this Act, shall to officiate until he shall have obtained a License for that Purpose from the Bishop of the Diocese wherein such Goal or House of Correction shall be situate, and during no long time only as such License shall remain in force; and when any Clergyman shall be so appointed, the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding or Division, wherein any such Appointment shall be made, shall, within One Month after such Appointment shall have been made, transmit a Copy thereof to the Bishop of such Diocese.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to procure Returns of Persons committed, tried and convicted for Criminal Offences and Misdemeanors.

[12th May 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that regular Returns should be made of the Commitments of Persons charged with Criminal Offences, and the subsequent Proceedings thereon; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Clerks of Assize, Clerks of The Crown, Clerks of the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, Clerks of the Peace, and Town Clerks, within England and Wales, shall, within the First Fourteen Days of the Month of January in every Year, return to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, the Number of Persons, Male and Female, committed in the several Gaols in England and Wales for Trial, and tried or discharged at such Assizes and Great and other Sessions, at which they respectively act as such Clerks as aforesaid, which shall have been holden within the preceding Year; distinguishing particularly the Crimes with which all such Persons were severally charged upon their Commitment, the Crimes of which each of them as were indicted were respectively indicted, and the Crimes of which each of them as were convicted were severally convicted; and distinguishing under each Head of Offence, the Numbers committed, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them, and discharged by reason of no Prosecution, and the Sessions of such as were convicted; and also filing under each Head of Offence, the Numbers of their capially convicted who have been executed; and all such Returns shall be made out and returned according to the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in such Form and Manner, and with any such additional Particulars, as shall from time to time be ordered and required by the Secretary of State in that behalf; and every Clerk of Assize or other Clerk as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make any such Returns, in the Manner and Form prescribed, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Information or Action, at the Suit of His Majesty.

Clerks to make Returns.

Penalty.

Returns to be made before Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department shall, between the Twenty fourth Day of January and the Twenty fourth Day of February in each Year, if Parliament shall be sitting during any Part of such Period; or if Parliament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall meet after the said Twenty fourth Day of February in each Year, cause such Returns to be laid before Parliament.

Allowance made to Clerks of Assize, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of Assize and other Justices assembled at their respective Assizes and Great and other Sessions, shall settle and ascertain the Allowances to be paid to the Clerks of Assize and other Clerks as aforesaid, acting at their respective Assizes or Sessions, for their Care, Pains and Trouble in making such Returns, and also in making such Returns as have been heretofore made in pursuance of Addresses of the House of Commons; and all such Allowances shall be paid out of the County Rates of the several Counties, Ridings or Divisions, Cities or Places, in relation to which such Returns respectively apply; and the respective Justices of Assize and other Justices aforesaid, are hereby authorized and empowered to make an Order as the Treasurer of the said Counties, Ridings or Divisions, Cities or Places, for the Payment thereof.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

[Name of the Circuit or Place from whence the Return is made.]

A RETURN of the Numbers of Persons committed to the different Gaols in the several Counties within the Circuit (or, the Gaol of , or, the Gaol within , as the case may be), for Trial at the Assizes (or, Great Sessions, Sessions of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace, holden for , as the case may be) in the Year 1815; distinguishing particularly the Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment; the Crimes of which each of them as were indicted were severally indicted; and the Crimes of which each of them as were convicted, were severally convicted; and distinguishing under each Head of Offence the Numbers committed, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them, and discharged by reason of no Prosecution; and the Sessions of such as were convicted; and the Numbers of those capially convicted, who have been executed.

Criminals with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment.	Crimes of which they were indicted.	Crimes of which each of them as were convicted, were severally convicted.	Acquitted by Verdict of Jury.	Discharged by reason of no Bill being found.	Discharged by reason of no Prosecution.	Total Number in Prison committed.
Total Number of Persons committed	Number of Persons indicted Not indicted	Number of Persons convicted	Acquitted by Verdict of Jury No Bill found against No Prosecution of			
Total	Total	Total	Total			

SCHEDULE—continued

Crimes and Sentences of Prisoners committed.

[illegible]

CAP. L.

An Act for the Abolition of Coal and other Fees, connected with the Customs in *Sweden*.

French, May 1845.

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the better Government of Goals and Bridewells in England, that all Persons and Companies who are at the same, for the better Government, or Discharge of any Prison, should be abolished; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this behalf lawfully assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of October next, all Fees and Government paid or payable by any Prisoner, on the Entrance, Conveyance or Discharge, to or from Prison, shall absolutely cease, and the same are hereby abolished and determined. [See also *The King's Bench*, 25. 14.]

* 11. And Whereas in some Places such Fees and Gratuities as aforesaid are payable to the Cooler or his Servants, and are so loan or taken as a Salary: Be it enacted, That it may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for any County, City or Town, assembled in General or Quarter Sessions, to make such Allowance to the aforesaid Cooler or Servants, as may to them seem fit, in the Way of Salary or Compensation, for the Fees or Gratuities payable by Prisoners, now established by the A.S.

III. And be it enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace for any County, City or Town, may direct the said Allowance to be paid out of any County Rate, City Rate or Town Rate, now by Law authorized to be made and levied.

“ IV. And Whereas it is customary for Clerks of the Assize, Clerks of the Peace, Clerks of the Court or other Justices, or other Officers in the Courts of Assize or Sessions, to demand and take from Prisoners a certain sum of Money in the Way of Fee; Be it enacted, That every Prisoner who now is or hereafter shall be charged with or indicted for any Felony, or in an Accusation therein, or with or for any Misdemeanor, before any Court holding Criminal Jurisdiction within that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, except where no Bill of Indictment shall be found by the Grand Jury, or who, on his, her or their Trial shall be acquitted, or who shall be discharged by Proclamation for want of Prosecution, shall be immediately let at large, without Payment of any Fee or Sum of Money, for or in respect of his, her or their Discharge, to any Prisoner or Prisoners whatsoever, except only in such Cases wherein the Prisoner shall have been charged, and shall then stand charged with any Process authorizing the Detention of such Prisoner: Provided always, that if it shall happen that any Prisoner who shall so stand charged with any Process authorizing his Detention as aforesaid, shall have been discharged in supposed Obedience to this Act, by reason that the Sheriff or other Officer entitled to have demanded him was at the time of such his Discharge ignorant that there was any such Charge against him, it shall in such Case be lawful for such Sheriff or other Officer, on receiving Information of such Charge, presently to re-arrest the Prisoner so discharged as aforesaid, and thereupon forthwith to detain him in Custody upon such Charge, in such manner as the said Sheriff or other Officer might have done if such Prisoner had not been let at large; and that upon his being so re-arrested the said Prisoner shall be deemed for the Purpose of this Statute to have been in Custody continuously from the time when he is first so charged as aforesaid.

V. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Fees as have been already paid or payable to the several Clerks of Assize and Clerks of the Peace, Clerks of the Court, or their Deputies, in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, in any of the cases aforesaid, shall absolutely cease, and the same are hereby abolished, and determined, and that every one shall and lawfully may, and shall and lawfully may, demand, take or receive any Sum or Sums of Money, from any of the said Professors in Fees, for or in respect of any, but in these Differences.

VI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in like and Satisfaction of such lawful Fees so abolished as aforesaid, the Treasurers or other proper Officers of the several Counties in England, or of such Districts, Hundreds, Ridings or Divisions of a County as are not usually allotted to the County at large, and of such Cities, Towns Corporate, Cinque Ports, Liberties, Townships and Places, as do not pay to the Rates of the several Counties in which they are respectively situate, shall, on receiving a Certificate signed by One or more Judge or Justice of the Peace, before whom such Prisoners shall have been discharged as aforesaid, [which Certificate the Judge or Justice is hereby required to give], pay out of the Rates of such County, or of such District, Hundred, Riding or Division, or out of the Public Stock of such City, Town Corporate, Cinque Port, Liberty, Township or Place, such lawful Sums as has been usually paid upon that Occasion, for every Prisoner discharged as aforesaid, to each Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or Clerk of the Court, or their respective Deputies; which several Sums so paid in pursuance of this Act shall be respectively allowed to the said Treasurers and Officers, by the Justices before whom their Accounts shall be paid.

VII. And be it enacted, That each and every Clerk of the Peace, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, and all and every Officer who shall claim any Fees or Indemnification for the same, by virtue of any of the Provisions herebefore contained, for and in respect of any such Prisoners, shall deliver at each and every Session of the Peace, or at each Adjournment thereof, an Account of all Fees so due to him, or for which he shall claim any Indemnification; which Account shall be verified upon Oath in Court, before the Chairman of such Session.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of Assize shall, at each and every Assize to be holden, deliver to the Judge of the Assize who shall sit for the Trial of such Prisoners, an Account of such Fees as shall be due to him, for and in respect of such Prisoners; which Account shall be verified upon Oath before such Judge to whom such Account shall be delivered.

IX. And be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, Clerk of the Court, or their Deputies or other Officers, exacting such Fees, shall be rendered incapable of holding his or their Office, and be guilty of a Misdemeanor.

X. And Whereas it hath been customary in some Places for the Sheriff or Under Sheriff to demand for the Liberate granted to any Debtor or his Discharge, a Fee or Gratuity: Be it enacted, That such Liberate shall be granted to such Debtor free of all Expence; and that it shall be in the Power of the Justices of the Peace for each County, City or Town, assembled in Quarter Session, (subject however to the Approbation of the Judges of Assize, to make such Compensation to the Sheriff or Under Sheriff, out of the County, City or Town Rate, as shall to them seem fit.

XI. And Whereas there are several Cities, Towns Corporate and Places within this Kingdom, which do not contribute to the Payment of any County Rate, and have no Town Rate or Public Stock; and Duties may arise whether such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places can be legally rated and taxed towards the Payment of the Salaries, Allowances and Compensations in lieu of such Fees and Gratuities: Be it enacted, That in all such cases the Salaries, Allowances and Compensations, in lieu of Fees and Gratuities heretofore directed to be made, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, within such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, by a separate Rate and Assessment to be made by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parishes of the several Parishes and Precincts within such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, and by such and the like Ways, Methods and Means, as the Rates for the Relief of the Poor, are, can or may be raised, levied and collected, in such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places.

XII. And Whereas it may happen that the Sums of Money to be raised in the said Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, or some or one of them, to enforce and pay such Salaries, Allowances and Compensations, may heretofore directed to be made in lieu of Fees and Gratuities by this Act shold not be so paid, that it may not be convenient to make an equal separate Rate and Assessment for the same, upon the said Parishes and Precincts within such Cities, Towns Corporate and Places: Be it enacted, That in such last mentioned case, and when and as often as the same shall happen, the Salaries, Allowances and Compensations shall and may, by Order of the said Judge or Judges, or Justices as Justices assembled as aforesaid, be paid out of the Moneys from time to time raised for the Relief of the Poor in the said several Cities, Towns Corporate and Places; and the Treasurers or Persons from time to time having the Management of the said Moneys raised for the Relief of the Poor in the same Cities, Towns Corporate and Places, respectively are hereby authorized and required to pay the said Sums of Money so ordered to be paid by the said Judge or Judges, or Justices, of the said last mentioned Moneys, when and as often as the same shall be so ordered: Provided always, that the Order for such Allowances as may be made by the Justices of the Peace assembled in General or Quarter Session, be approved by the Judge or Judges of Assize on the First Circuit sitting after such Warrant shall have been made out by the Justices of Peace assembled in General or Quarter Session for any County, City or Town, and that such Order shall not be deemed or taken as a legal Order without such Warrant from the Judge or Judges of Assize: Provided always, that should there be more Parishes than One in the same District, the Payments are to be made and levied in such Rates and Proportions as the respective Parishes pay to the Poor Rate.

XIII. And be it enacted, That any Gasler, who shall, from and after the First Day of October next, exact from any Prisoner any Fee or Gratuity for or on Account of the Entrance, Commitment or Discharge of such Prisoner, or who shall detain any Prisoner in Custody for Nonpayment of any Fee or Gratuity, shall be rendered incapable of holding his Office, be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be punished by Fine and Imprisonment.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to the King's Bench Prison, His Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, the Marshalsea and Palace Courts.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, within this present Session of Parliament.

County Treasurers to pay Allowances for Fees not usually allotted to County at large.

Indemnification for Fees in Clerks in Peace.

Clerks of Assize to deliver Account of Fees.

Officers exacting Fees, Misdemeanor.

Liberties to Debtors granted free of Expence, Compensation made to Sheriffs for same.

How Allowances to be levied in Places where do not contribute to County Rates.

Allowances in some Places paid out of Poor's Rates.

Parishes.

Precincts.

Debtors exacting any Fee, &c. from Prisoners, Misdemeanor.

Not to extend to King's Bench, &c. Act altered, &c.

C A P. LI.

An Act to amend an Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the more easy assessing, collecting and levying of County Rates. [12th May 1815.]

WHEREAS the Laws now in force, are found insufficient for the Correction of the Disproportion which now exist, or which may from time to time take place, in the Assessments of County Rates; Be it hereby enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties in that Part of Great Britain called England, assembled at their General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, whenever Complainces shall appear to require it, to order and direct a fair and equal County Rate to be made, for all the Parishes to which the County Stock or Rate is now or shall hereafter be made liable by Law, according to the Directions hereinafter mentioned; and for that Purpose, to assess and tax every Parish, Township and other Place, whether Parished or Extra-parochial, within the respective Limits of their Commissions, ratably and equally, according to a certain Pound Rate (to be from time to time fixed and publicly declared by such Justices) of the full and fair Annual Value of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, capable to the Relief of the Poor therein; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to give any Jurisdiction to the Justices of the Peace of the said several Counties, over any Places situate within the Limits of any Liberties or Franchises having a separate Jurisdiction, which before the passing of this Act were subject to Rates in the outwre of County Rates imposed and assessed by the Justices of the Peace for such Liberties or Franchises, or which were exempt from the Rates of the County in which they lay, either in the Whole or in Part; nor to alter any Proportion of County Rate payable by any Liberty or Franchise being a separate Jurisdiction, as established between the County and the said Liberty or Franchise, provided such Exemption or Proportion shall have been enjoyed by or derived from Grant, Charter, or any special Local Act of Parliament; nor to compel any such Liberty or Franchise, paying to some One or more of the Rates specified in the Preamble of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act for the more easy assessing, collecting and levying County Rates*, to pay to any other Rate therein mentioned, to which such Liberty or Franchise was not liable to contribute before the passing of the said Act; nor to repeal or alter the Provisions of any Acts now in force which shall have fixed the Times and Places of holding any General or Annual General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, for the assessing the Rates of any County, or for the raising, levying or collecting the same, but that such Provisions be having the Time or Place of holding such General or Annual General Sessions or Adjournment thereof, and of then and there exclusively transacting the Business therein mentioned respecting the County Rates, shall be and remain in full Force; and that all the Matters and Things which is and by this Act are authorized to be done by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, shall be done and performed exclusively at such General or Annual General Sessions or at some Adjournment thereof, and at no other Time or Place than such as shall have been fixed by any such Act.

II. And, for the better enabling the said Justices to make such fair and equal County Rates, be it hereby further enacted, That it shall be lawful for them, at any General or Annual Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof (to be holden after the passing of this Act) and as often as they shall deem it expedient, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to issue Precepts, signed by their Chairman, or by the Clerk of the Peace under the Authority of the said Court, to the High Constables, Petty Constables, Churchwardens, Overseers of the Poor, Assessors and Collectors of Public Rates and Taxes of or for the several and respective Parishes, Townships and Places, whether Parished or otherwise, within their Jurisdiction, or to such and so many of them as to the said Justices shall seem expedient, requiring the said Constables, Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, Assessors and Collectors respectively, to make Returns in Writing to the Justices of their respective Districts in Petty Sessions assembled (which Returns shall be sworn to Oath, at the time of Delivery, before any Two or more such Justices), of the Total Amount of the full and fair Annual Value of the several Estates and suitable Property within the Parish, Township or Place, whether Parished or otherwise, to which they respectively belong, charged or assessed to the Poor's Rate at the time of making such Returns, or liable so to be, or charged or assessed to any other Rate or Assessment, whether Parished or Public, without regard respectively to the actual Amounts or Rates assessed on the Property therein, free and except in such Parishes, Townships or Places only, where such Property is assessed to the full and fair estimated second productive Value.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Justices assembled at their General or Quarter Sessions as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, whenever they shall deem it expedient for the Purpose of this Act, also to make an Order or Orders for the Justices of the Peace, within the Limits of their Commissions, to meet from time to time within the several Districts in and for which they respectively act, and to fix therein the time of such First Meeting; and the said Justices in their respective Districts shall have Power to adjourn from time to time, until the Purpose of this Act shall be completed; and any Two or more such Justices, assembled at any such Meeting, shall receive the Returns of the said Constables, Churchwardens, Overseers, Assessors and Collectors, causing the same to be verified as before directed, and then and every or any of them to examine on Oath touching any Matters and Things contained in such Returns, as in the Judgment of the said Justices may appear necessary for the Purpose of this

A.D. and to report their Proceedings to the said Justices assembled at the next or any subsequent General or Quarter Sessions, as they shall have ordered and directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Constable, Churchwarden, Overseer, Assessor or Collector aforesaid, shall neglect or make Default in making any such Return in manner aforesaid, to the Justices which shall be fixed by or under the Authority of the said Justices; then and in every such case, such and every such Constable, Churchwarden, Overseer, Assessor or Collector is neglecting and making Default (without sufficient Excuse to be allowed by the said Justices in their said General or Quarter Sessions), shall forfeit and pay such Sum and Sum of Money, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, as shall or may be ordered or adjudged by such Justices so assembled as aforesaid, to be levied on the Goods and Chattle of such and every Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor so neglecting or making Default.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case of Default by not making due Returns of any Matter or Thing required by the Precept of the Justices in General or General Quarter Sessions assembled, or any Two or more of them, to issue their Precepts to any Officer or Officers before described, who shall have made such Default, to make their Returns in Writing, as before required, to them, on a Day and at a Place therein to be named, and so from time to time as often as shall be necessary; and in case any Officer before described shall neglect or make Default in making any such Return to the Precept which shall be fixed by any Two or more Justices acting for the Division wherein such Default shall be made, then and in every such case such and every such Officer before described, is neglecting and making Default as aforesaid, without sufficient Excuse to be allowed by the said Justices acting for such Division, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, as shall or may be ordered and adjudged by such last mentioned Justices, to be levied on the Goods and Chattle of the Officers so neglecting or making Default.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers, Assessor or Assessors, or Collector or Collectors, shall neglect or make Default in making such Return or Returns as aforesaid, or if it shall happen that notwithstanding the issuing of any such Precept or Precepts as aforesaid, for or on account of such Neglect or Default, a Return for any Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, shall not be made within the time limited for the making thereof, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Justices, and they are hereby required, either at the said General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or at some subsequent General or Quarter Sessions to be held for the same County, or at some Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or at some Petty Sessions, or Adjournment or Adjournments thereof respectively, as the case may be, to ascertain the annual Value of the Property chargeable to the County Rate, within or for such and every the Parish, Township and Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, of which the Constable or Constables, Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers, Assessor or Assessors, Collector or Collectors, shall have so neglected or made Default in making such Return as aforesaid, by issuing such Precepts, or by such other means as may appear to the said Justices the most convenient and proper towards the obtaining a just and fair Estimate of such annual Value; and the said Justices of the Peace of the County in General or Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, assembled, sitting on their own Discretion, or on the Report of any Two or more Justices acting as and for any Division of such County, as the case may be, shall order such Allowances or Compensation to be made to the Persons employed in ascertaining the said annual Value and in making such Returns as aforesaid, as to the said Justices so assembled shall appear reasonable; and all such Allowances and Compensation, and other Expenses as shall be thereby incurred, shall be by the said Justices so assembled charged upon the Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, of which the Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, shall have so neglected or made Default as aforesaid, in addition to the Properties of the said County Rate to be paid by such Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise; and such Allowances, Compensation and Expenses, shall and may be raised, levied and collected by such and the like ways and means as the said County Rate can or may be raised, levied and collected, and shall be paid therewith, due Distinction being made in the case of every such additional Assessment between the Sum or Sums charged for and on account of any such Expenses and the Sum or Sums assessed as and for the County Rate.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That in all Cases and Places as aforesaid, where there are no Churchwarden or Overseers of the Poor, or where no Rate is made and collected for the Relief of the Poor, or where the Justices of the Peace of any County or of any Division thereof, assembled as aforesaid, for the Purpose of receiving such Returns as aforesaid of the Annual Value of the Property chargeable to the County Rate, shall be of Opinion that the Returns made to them do not afford a full, fair and just Account of the Annual Value of the Property taxable, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices of the Peace so assembled, to summon before them any one or more substantial Inhabitants of such Place respectively, or any other Persons or Persons whom they the said Justices may think proper to give Evidence as to the true Annual Value of such taxable Property; and then and there to examine such Inhabitants or Inhabitants and other Persons or Persons respectively on Oath (which Oath any One or more of the said Justices is and are hereby authorized to administer) as to the Annual Value of such Property.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in such Place or Places where there is no Poor's Rate, or Overseer of the Poor or Churchwarden, or other Officer, necessary for the Execution of the Provisions of this Act, residing within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace of the County requiring such Returns, and in which there is any Property liable to the Poor's Rate, but not rated or assessed therein, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace of the County, assembled as aforesaid, or for the Justices of the Peace resident in and sitting for any Division of the County in which such Place or Places are situate, at any

Churchwarden and Overseer not making Returns.

Penalty.

Justices to Petty Sessions assembled, empowered to issue Precepts to Officers, requiring them to make Returns in Writing.

Penalty.

Persons obliged, although no Returns made.

Persons obliged where no Overseer or Churchwarden, or where no Poor's Rate, or where Returns so deficient.

Where no Poor's Rate or Overseer, Justices to appoint

Petty Sessions or Adjudgment thereof, to be holden by them within each Division as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and required to appoint One or more proper Persons or Persons to act as Overlord or Overseers, or other such Officer as aforesaid, who is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to sit within each Place or Places respectively, for effecting the Purposes of this Act; and such Person or Persons respectively shall have the like Powers vested in him or them, and shall be subject to the same Regulations and Penalties for effecting all such Purposes, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if he or they had been appointed Overlord or Overseers of the Poor, or Churchwardens or Churchwardens, or other Officer or Officers, under any Law or Laws now in force.

IX. And, for the better enabling as well the said Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, as the Justices of the several Divisions sitting under the Order or Orders of the Justices assembled as aforesaid, respectively, to ascertain the true Annual Value of all Property liable to be rated, it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, or any Two or more of them, from time to time, whenever the same may be in the Judgment of such Justices necessary for the more correct Execution of this Act, to cause any of the Books of Assessment of any Rate or Taxes, Parliamentary or Parochial, which have lately been, are now, or shall hereafter be laid on any Part of the Property liable to be assessed towards the Purposes for which a County Rate is applicable, and the Valuations by which such Assessments are or were made, mentioned and described, within any Parish or Place within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Justices, in the Hands of any Constable, Churchwarden, Overseer, Assessor or Collector, to be brought before them or him, and to take Copies or Extracts of and from such Books or any Parts thereof, or to order and direct any Person to take such Copies or Extracts from such Books, in the Hands of them or any of them, without having the same brought before the said Justices, or to call before them any such Constable, Churchwarden, Overseer, Assessor or Collector, to give Evidence respecting the same, as they or he or any of them shall think fit, such Compensation being made to the Person or Persons employed for any of the Purposes aforesaid, as the said Justices or any Two or more of them shall think reasonable; and if any Person or Persons in whose Custody or Power any of the said Books may be, shall neglect or refuse to attend the said Justices with such Book or Books, or to permit any such Copies or Extracts to be taken as aforesaid, or to give such Information, or Evidence as such as may be required by such Justices (which such Justices or any One or more of them are and is hereby authorized to administer) then and in every such case, every Person who shall so refuse or neglect, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and moreover it shall be lawful for such Justices, in the like cases, from time to time to cause Copies of the Total Amount assessed in each Parish, Township or Place, in respect of any Aids or Taxes payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and the Total Amount of the Valuations of the Property on which such Assessments were made in any Year then elapsed, to be made out by the Clerk to the Commissioners of each District within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of such Justices, such Compensation being made to the respective Clerks as the said Justices, or any Two of them, shall think reasonable; and if any such Clerk shall neglect or refuse to make out such Copies within a reasonable time after his Receipt of the Order of such Justices, every such Clerk shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

X. And, for the better enabling the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, Chief Constables, and other Persons, to make accurate Returns as heretofore required, in cases where Debts are entered, he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for them, or any of them, or for such other Person or Persons as they may select for that Purpose, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, to enter upon, view and examine all and any Lands or other Property chargeable to the County Rate, in order to ascertain the annual Value at which the same ought to be charged: Provided always, that no such Entry shall in any case be made, unless Fourteen Days' previous Notice of the Intention of making such Entry shall have been given under the Hands and Seals of the Justices authorizing the same, to the Churchwardens or Overseers, or to the Person or Persons appointed to sit, in Default of such Churchwardens or Overseers of the Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, and to the Person or Persons whose Lands are to be entered upon for the Purpose of making such Valuations.

XI. And he is further enacted, That whenever the Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled shall have ordered any County Rate to be made, which they are hereby authorized to order from time to time whenever the same shall be necessary, and the Justices in Petty Sessions shall by any of the aforesaid ways and means have ascertained to their own Satisfaction the fair and just annual Value of any or of all the rateable Property within their respective Divisions, and they are hereby required from time to time to certify under their Hands the true Amount thereof, to the then next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the same County, in the latest that at such General or Quarter Sessions, or at some Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or at some subsequent General or Quarter Sessions, or Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, the Justices there assembled meet from time to time, and as often as they shall deem it necessary, make a fair and equal Rate on all such Rateable Property, or correct any Inequalities which upon Appeal shall be shown to their Satisfaction; to exist in any Rate now existing or hereafter to be made.

XII. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace of any County, or the major Part of them, in General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, assembled, as often as they shall have deemed it necessary to make a Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments on all the rateable Property within the Limits of their Jurisdiction, according to the fair annual Value of the same, as derived from any or all of the several Sources of Information which are heretofore mentioned, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to order Warrants to be from time to time issued, in the same manner as now authorized and provided by Law for collecting the County Rates, to the several Constables,

Justices empowered to sit for Parliamentary and Parochial Assessments, &c.

Referring to returned Returns, &c.

Penalty.

Copy of Assessments.

Penalty.

It shall be lawful to and for such Justices as aforesaid.

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Persons of the said County Rate to be made, which they are hereby authorized to order from time to time whenever the same shall be necessary, and the Justices in Petty Sessions shall by any of the aforesaid ways and means have ascertained to their own Satisfaction the fair and just annual Value of any or of all the rateable Property within their respective Divisions, and they are hereby required from time to time to certify under their Hands the true Amount thereof, to the then next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the same County, in the latest that at such General or Quarter Sessions, or at some Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or at some subsequent General or Quarter Sessions, or Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, the Justices there assembled meet from time to time, and as often as they shall deem it necessary, make a fair and equal Rate on all such Rateable Property, or correct any Inequalities which upon Appeal shall be shown to their Satisfaction; to exist in any Rate now existing or hereafter to be made.

Justices authorized to sit for Parliamentary and Parochial Assessments, &c.

Constables, within their respective Counties, ordering and requiring them to issue their Warrants to the respective Overseers of the Poor within their respective Divisions, to levy, collect, and pay to the said High Constables, within a time to be named and limited in the Warrant to be issued upon the Solicitors as aforesaid, all such Rate or Rates, Assessments or Assessments, which such High Constables shall and he is hereby directed and required to pay, at such time as shall be specified in such Warrant, to the Treasurer of the County for the time being, to be applied and disposed of in such manner and for such Purposes as the County Stock or Rate is now applicable or may hereafter be made applicable by Law; and to call any Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, or other Person appointed to act as such under the Provisions of this Act, in any of the several Parishes, Townships or Places, whether Parochial or otherwise, within any County liable to pay the same, shall neglect, make default or refuse to pay the same within the time to be specified and limited for that Purpose as aforesaid, to the High Constable of the Division within which such Overseer or Overseers, or other Person or Persons to make and requiring to pay, shall reside or be appointed to act, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the said County, upon Complaint thereof made by any such High Constable, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any such Justice, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Offenders' Goods, and the Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, or other Person or Persons appointed to act as such Overseer or Overseers, shall and may and is and are hereby empowered to levy and make by an equal Rate or Assessment upon all and every the several Estates and Property situate to the Relief of the Poor, within their respective Parishes, Townships or Places, whether Parochial or otherwise, such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be required and necessary, in order to raise the several Sums allotted upon such Parishes, Townships or Places respectively, or to reimburse such Overseer or Overseers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall respectively have paid on account of the same; such Rate or Assessments to be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers for the time being of such Estates and situate Property as aforesaid.

XIII. And Whereas it would be inconvenient and oppressive to many Townships or Places, that the Sum of Money which may be allotted as there, as or for a County Rate under this Act, should be paid out of any Rate made for the Relief of the Poor, where such Poor Rate does not apply separately and distinctly to the Parish, Township or Place: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, at their General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof, if they shall think convenient, to order the Sums of Money directed to be allotted as or for the County Rate on any such Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, to be paid and levied on the Churchwardens, Overseers or Petty Constables, or for any such Parish, Township or Place, in such manner as the same is herein directed to be paid and levied in cases where a Rate is made for the Relief of the Poor; any thing herein contained, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided always, and to be enacted, That if the Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, or other Inhabitant or Inhabitants of any Parish, Township or Place, whether Parochial or otherwise, where there is no Churchwarden or Overseer, or Person appointed to act as such, shall at any time have reason to think that such Parish, Township or Place, is aggrieved by any Rate now existing or hereafter to be made, either in pursuance of this Act or of any Act or Acts now in force, whether it be on account of the Proportions allotted upon the respective Parishes, Townships or Places being unequal, or on account of some one or more of them being without sufficient Cause assessed altogether from the Rate, or on account of such Parish, Township or Place being rated at a higher Proportion of the Pound Sterling according to the full annual Value of the rateable Property therein, or on account of some other Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Place or Places being rated at a lower Proportion of the Pound Sterling according to the full annual Value of the rateable Property therein, then has been found and declared by the Justices of the Peace of the said County in Sessions assembled, as the Basis of the Rate of the said County, or on account of any other just Cause of Complaint whatsoever; it shall be lawful for such Churchwardens or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor, or other Inhabitant or Inhabitants where there is no Churchwarden or Overseer, or Person appointed to act as such, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the County, at any General or Quarter Sessions, against such Part of the Rate only as may affect the Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Place or Places, which are unequally rated, or which shall appear to be over-rated or under-rated, or assessed altogether from the Rate; and the said Justices are hereby empowered to hear and finally determine the same, and either to confirm such Parts of the Rate as have been assessed against, or to correct such inequalities, Disproportions or Onions, as shall be proved to each thereof, in such manner as to them the said Justices shall appear fair, just and equitable; any thing in this Act, or any former Act or Acts, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that upon such Appeal, as such Rate shall be qualified or discharged in regard to any other Parish, Township or Place, which in cases where the Justices of the Peace of any County, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, or the mayor Part of them, shall deem it necessary to proceed to the making of a new Rate, and shall proceed thereon according to the Provisions of this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Appeals, Adjourns, Suits or Proceedings at Law, respecting any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or any other Act or Acts relating to the County Rate, the Expenses of all such Appeals, Adjourns, Suits or Proceedings at Law, shall be borne and paid by such respective Parishes, Townships, Places and Persons, or each of them, and in such Proportions, as the said Justices shall upon any Appeal, in their General or Quarter Sessions, award and order; or as such Courts, wherein such Appeals, Suits or Proceedings shall be instituted, shall adjudge and order; and shall not be charged to or be paid out of the County Rate.

Overseers as-
signed to pay
Rates.

District.

In Places where
Poor Rate is
not separately
applied, full
County Rate is
to be levied in
cases of Poor
Rates.
Appeal.

Poor's.

Expenses of Ap-
peals, paid by
Parishes, or Per-
sons appealing.

Treas to In-
form to com-
missioner Justice
employed out of
County Rates.

11 G. 3. c. 10
§ 42.

In part repealed
A.D. 1812
Treasurer.

Proviso.

† 30.

Treasurers of
Counties, &c. to
publish every
Year, Abstract
Account of
Receipts, &c.
Payable.

High Constables
to give Security.

Former Acts
repealed in
Act.
13 G. 3. c. 39.
12 G. 3. c. 15.
§ 7.

Exception.

Counties where
Rates required
by particular
Acts, authorized
to make use of
Provisions of
Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County, in General or Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, from time to time assembled, to order such Allowances and Compensation to be made to the Overseers, Churchwardens, Constables, Aldermen, Collectors, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Execution of this Act, which have not hitherto been provided for, from, by and out of the Moneys assessed, levied and collected by any County Rate made under this or any former Act or Acts, as to the said Justices shall appear reasonable and proper.

XVII. And Whereas the Allowance which the Justices of the Peace are authorized to make to the Treasurer or Treasurers for his or their Care and Pains in the Execution of his or their Office, has been limited by the before recited Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds a Year: And Whereas such Sum has been in force, and may be so fixed in many cases inadequate to remunerate him or them for such Care and Pains: Be it hereby further enacted, That so much of the said Act as Enjoins the said Allowance to Twenty-Pounds a Year, do hereby repealed, and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace, or their respective General or Quarter Sessions, or the greater Part of them then and there assembled, to allow to the Treasurer or Treasurers of their Counties, and to every of them residing on the same, such reasonable Sum or Sums of Money for such Purpose as aforesaid, as they in their Discretion shall think fit, of which they are hereby empowered to direct the Payment out of the Moneys arising by the Rates of their respective Counties: Provided always, that no such Augmentation of Allowance shall be made at any such General or Quarter Sessions, unless Application for such Augmentation shall have been made by the said Treasurer or Treasurers, or by the Justices of the Peace, at some previous General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and unless Notice of the Intention of taking the said Augmentation into Consideration shall have been advertised for Three successive Weeks in some Newspaper usually circulating in such County, in the Month immediately preceding the time fixed for considering the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Treasurers of Counties, or of Divisions of Counties, shall and they are hereby required, once in every Year, to publish in some one of the Newspapers usually circulating in the County or Division of the County in which they respectively sit, a true and accurate Abstract of the Account of their Receipts and Expenditures, under their several Heads, for the Year immediately preceding the Publication of such Abstract, signed by the Justices of the Peace who shall have audited the same, under a Penalty of Fifty Pounds, for every Offence of such Publication.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of the said several Counties are hereby authorized and empowered to demand and take, whenever they shall think fit, good and sufficient Security, to be approved of by the said Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, from the High Constables employed in the collecting and levying the Rates; and that if any such High Constable, upon being so called upon by the said Justices, shall neglect or refuse to give such Security as shall be approved by them, it shall then be lawful for the said Justices of the Peace in Quarter Sessions assembled, to order and direct the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or other Persons appointed as assessors, collect and levy the Rates of any Parish, Township, or Place to pay the Quota which shall be assessed thereupon towards the County Rate, to the Treasurer of the County, Division or Place in which such Parish, Township or Place, shall be situate; and the Receipt of such Treasurer shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same.

XX. And be it further enacted and declared, That all and every the Clauses, Powers, Directions, Provisions and Authorities contained in the said Act made in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more easy assessing, collecting and levying County Rates*; and also so much of another Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to continue several Acts therein mentioned, for passing such Persons as shall wilfully and maliciously pull down or destroy Turnpikes for repairing Highways; as Locks or other Works erected by Authority of Parliament for making Rivers navigable; for preventing Excesses of the Occupiers of Locks and Weirs upon the River of Thames westward, and for abating the Rates of Water Carriage upon the said River; as for preventing Irregular and malicious Arrests; and for better securing the lawful Trade of His Majesty's Subjects to and from the East Indies, and for the more effectual preventing all His Majesty's Subjects trading abroad under Foreign Commissions; and for limiting the Time for suing writs of Certiorari upon Proceedings before Justices of the Peace, and for regulating the Time and Manner of applying for the same; for the better and more speedy Execution of Process within particular Parishes and Liberties; and for extending the Powers and Authorities of Justices of the Peace of Counties, touching County Rates, as the Justices of the Peace of such Liberties and Parishes as have Commissions of the Peace within themselves, as relate to County Rates (save and except such Parts thereof respectively as are hereby varied, altered or repealed) shall be good, valid and effectual, for the Purposes of assessing, levying, collecting and enforcing the Payment of the Rate or Rates hereafter to be made in pursuance of this Act, and for carrying this Act into Execution.*

XXI. And Whereas several Acts have passed in the Reign of His present Majesty, and are now in force, empowering the Justices of the Peace of certain Counties to make fair and equal County Rates within their respective Counties: Be it hereby enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices respectively, and they are hereby empowered, at any time and at all times after the passing of this Act, to proceed in the assessing, levying and collecting and enforcing the Payment of the County Rate, and in all Matters relating to the equalizing the same, either under the Authority and according to the Provisions and Enactments of this Act, or under the Authority and according to the Provisions and Enactments of the particular Acts affecting their respective Counties, as to them shall seem fit and proper, in all cases in which the Provisions and Enactments of this Act are not inconsistent with the Provisions and Enactments of such particular Acts.

XXII. And

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the several Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by this Act shall, if not immediately paid, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders' Goods and Chattels, by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One Justice of the Peace for the County, not only in the County in which the Offence shall have been committed, but in any other County, City, Town, Borough, Franchise or Place (the Warrant or Warrants for levying the same being in each last mentioned case first indented by some Justice of the Peace for the County, or Mayor, or other Head Officer of the City, Town, Borough or Franchise, where any Goods of the respective Defaulters shall be found) entering the Overplus (if any) after the Charges of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit the Offender to the Common Goal of the said County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless the Forfeitures and Charges be sooner paid; and the said Forfeitures, when recovered, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the County, or of any Division thereof, in which they shall have been levied, to be applied in aid of the Rates of the said County or Division thereof; and no Person shall be deemed incompetent to be a Witness for the Execution of the Purposes of this Act, or in any Appeal or other Proceeding instituted by virtue thereof, by reason of his paying or being liable to pay towards the Poor Rates or County Rates within the said County.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought, commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any thing done or to be done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, after Three Calendar Months next after the Faith committed; and every such Action shall be brought and laid in the County where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead, at his, her or their Election, this Act specially or the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance or by the Authority of this Act; and if upon Trial of such Action or Suit it shall appear to have been so done, or that such Action or Suit shall have been brought after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or be brought or laid in any other County than as aforesaid, then and in every the said case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in all cases where a Verdict shall be found for any Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein shall discontinue the same after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared therein, or shall be acquitted, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then and in every such case the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for recovering Costs of Suit in any other cases by Law.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Ridings or Divisions have separate Commissions of the Peace, or where any Cities, Towns or other Places, within that Part of Great Britain called England, have Commissions of the Peace within themselves, and are not subject to the Jurisdiction of the Commissions of the Peace for the Counties at large in which such Liberties or Franchises lie, and do not, nor did before the passing of this Act, contribute or pay to the several Rates made for the said Counties at large, it shall and may be lawful so and for the Justices of the Peace of such separate Jurisdictions within the respective Limits of their Commissions, to have, use and exercise all and singular the Powers, Authorities and Methods, given or prescribed by this Act; and all such separate Jurisdictions are hereby declared to be subject thereto, in the like manner to all Intents and Purposes as Counties at large; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LI.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, several Acts for charging additional Duties on Copper imported into Great Britain.

[11th May 1815.]

WHEREAS the Laws hereinafter mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament*, which by an Act of the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty was amended and further continued until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be revived and continued in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for charging an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace*, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be revived and continued in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

C A P. LIII.

An Act to revive and continue for One Year the Duties and Contributions on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in Great Britain. [12th May 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

43 G. 3. c. 42. **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of Your Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Sixth Day of May next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, certain Rates, Duties and Contributions, on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and also by Two several Acts passed in the Forty fifth and Forty sixth Years of Your Majesty's Reign, the one thereof intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties, in Great Britain, on the Amount of Assessments to be charged on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices*; and the other thereof intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties, in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices*; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth of the present Majesty for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of the present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Rates, Duties and Contributions, on the like Profits, were granted to Your Majesty, for a Term therein limited; and which Rates, Duties and Contributions were consolidated by the said last mentioned Act, and have expired after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, have freely and voluntarily refused to revive the said Rates, Duties and Contributions, and so have the same to Your Majesty, for the Period hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Rates, Duties and Contributions by the said several Acts granted, and consolidated by the said last mentioned several Act, shall be and are hereby revived, and shall be charged, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Term of One whole Year, to be computed from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and until the Assessments for that Year shall be completed.*

Rates, Duties and Contributions of former Acts revived for One Year.

Acts in force on 1st June April 2nd 1815, continued.

11. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Acts in force as and immediately before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in relation to the said revived Duties to be expired, shall severally be continued and remain in full force, and be of the like Effect in all respects, in relation to the Duties hereby granted, as if the said several Duties had not expired; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said Acts in force as aforesaid, or any of them, as well for the settling the Duties hereby granted during the Period herein limited, as for levying, recovering, paying, discharging and apportioning the Duties to be assessed, and the Arrears remaining unpaid at the Determination of the same herein limited, and for re-assessing the same in Default of Payment, and for the suing, recovering and recovering any Penalties or Forfeitures incurred, which after the Determination of the same herein limited may be unpaid, shall be severally and respectively duly observed, performed, applied and put in Execution, in relation to the Duties hereby granted, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and respectively applied to the Duties hereby granted, and shall severally be construed, deemed and taken to refer to this Act, and to apply to the said Duties hereby granted, in like manner as if the same had been recited herein; save and except as hereinafter is particularly provided.

44 G. 3. c. 55. § 100.

12. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, certain Provisions are contained for continuing the Assessments made under the Schedules of the said Act respectively marked (A.) and (B.) for the Space of Two Years, under the Regulations of the said Act: And Whereas it is expedient that, for the Period limited in this Act, all the Assessments to be made by the Commissioners for General Purposes, during their respective Difficulties throughout Great Britain, should be made on the Basis of the Assessments made or to be made for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Be it further enacted, That the Assessments made or to be made of the Duties which are chargeable under either of the Schedules respectively marked (A.) and (B.) of the said last mentioned Act, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and remain in force for the Term limited by this Act, and commencing from the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; under the Regulations contained in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid.

Assessments of 1815, under Schedules (A.) and (B.) to remain in force for 1817.

Assessments made under Schedules (D.) and (E.) of 1814, shall continue for 1815.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Assessments made or to be made by the Commissioners for General Purposes, of the Duties which are chargeable before then under either of the Schedules respectively marked (D.) or (E.) of the said last mentioned Act, for the Year ending the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall also be and remain in force for the said Term limited by this Act, and commencing as aforesaid; subject to such of the Rules and Regulations of the said last mentioned Act, in respect of the Continuance of Assessments for Two Years under the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) as are applicable

applicable to the Assessments hereby contained under Schedules (D.) and (E.) without requiring Returns from the Parties charged therein for that Term, and without altering the Names of the Parties charged; and the like Sums shall be levied thereon for the Term limited by this Act, as full or ought to have been or may be levied thereon, or liable to be, for the said Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided always, that in all cases where, by the said last mentioned Act, a Return is required of the Annual Value of Property charged under the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) in each Second Year of Assessment, a Return shall be made in the like cases by the Persons charged under either of the Schedules marked (E.) or (D.) for the Term hereby limited, in such manner and under the like Forms as are required by the said last mentioned Act in other cases, under either of the said Schedules marked (D.) or (E.)

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissioner for the Affairs of Taxes, appointed under the Great Seal, shall, within One Month after the passing of this Act, make and subscribe the following Oath in force One of His Majesty's Courts in Westminster:

I, A. B. do swear, That I will not disclose any Proceedings contained in any Schedule or Statement delivered to me with respect to any Duties charged under the Provisions and Regulations relating to Schedule (D.) as contained in an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties on Great Britain, on the Revenue and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty for granting a Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and in consequence and under many other of the Provisions for collecting the said Duties, or any Evidence or Answer given by any Person who shall be examined, or shall make Affidavit, Deposition or Affirmation, respecting the same, in pursuance of the said Act, which shall have been disclosed or communicated to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, by the Commissioners for the Purposes of the said Act, or by the Additional Commissioners acting in the Execution thereof, or by any Clerks and Surveyors, or by the Collectors, or the Deputies to the Receivers General, or by any Clerk or Clerks Assistant to the Commissioners acting in Execution of this Act; except where it shall be necessary to disclose the same in the Execution of my Office as One of the said Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes.*

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session.

[See page 161.]

C A P. LIV.

An Act to repeal an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in this Kingdom, or resident therein; and to establish, for Twelve Months, other Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in this Kingdom, or residing therein, in certain Cases.

[12th May 1815.]

WHEREAS, under present Circumstances, it is expedient that an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *An Act to repeal an Act (a) for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in or resident in this Kingdom, in certain Cases, and for substituting other Provisions, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, in lieu thereof, should be repealed, and further and other Provisions made for the Regulation of Aliens;* Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid shall be and the same is hereby repealed. (a) [43 G. 3. c. 155.]

II. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall, by his or their Proclamations, or by His or their Order in Council, or Order under His or their Sign Manual, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall, by Proclamation or Order of Council in Ireland, direct that any Alien or Aliens who may be within the United Kingdom, or who may hereafter arrive therein, shall depart the United Kingdom within a time limited in any such Proclamation or Order respectively, and any such Alien shall knowingly and wilfully refuse or neglect to pay due Obedience to such Proclamation or Order respectively, or shall be found in the United Kingdom, or any Part thereof, contrary to such Proclamation or Order, as the case may be, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, or for any Justice of the Peace, or for any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City or Place, to cause every such Alien to be arrested, and so to be committed to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where he or she shall be so arrested, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he or she shall be taken in Charge for the Purpose of being sent out of the United Kingdom; and if any such Alien sent out of the United Kingdom, in pursuance of any such Order or Proclamation, or any Order made by virtue of any of the Provisions of this Act as aforesaid, shall, without Licence for that Purpose by One of His Majesty's Secretaries of State, return into the Kingdom, such Alien being duly convicted thereof, shall be transported for Life.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One or more Justices of the Peace or Magistrates, before whom any such Alien shall be brought for so knowingly and wilfully refusing or neglecting

Proviso.

Commissioners for Affairs of Taxes to take Oath.

Act varied, &c.

24 G. 3. c. 235.

repealed.

Aliens not departing U. K. when ordered by Proclamations, &c.

Returning without Licence.

Transportation, Aliens disobeying any Proclamations.

fish Officers.
Several Officers.

Secretary of
State, he may
give Warrants
to enable
Aliens not
of England.

Copy of Com-
mission of
Alien and
Warrant for
Arrest of
Alien.

Master of
Vessel to give
to Officers of
Customs a De-
claration of
Names, &c. of
Aliens on board.

Aliens landing.
Declaration.

Impressment.

Master landing
Aliens necessary
to do.
Penalty.

Wells and in
landing before

Copy of
Warrant for
Arrest of
Alien.
Penalty.

Master neglect-
ing to pay
Penalty.

Ship dis-
turbance.
Aliens serving
on board of
Ship and Aliens
departing.
This Declaration
is to be signed

to pay due Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or for being found in this Realm or any Part thereof, contrary to such Proclamation or Order, to adjudge such Aliens to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding One Month for the First Offence, and not exceeding Two Months for the Second Offence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, in any case in which he or they shall apprehend that any Alien will not pay immediate Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or in any case in which any Alien shall have been arrested or committed for Refusal or Neglect to obey any such Order, or shall have been convicted of such Refusal or Neglect, or of any other Offence under this Act, for which he or she shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, either before or during or after the Period of such Imprisonment, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to give such Aliens in charge to One of His Majesty's Ministers, or to any other Person or Persons to whom he shall think proper to direct such Warrant, in order to his or her being committed out of this Realm.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That in every case in which any Alien shall be committed of any Offence under this Act, for which he or she shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, that it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrate before whom such Alien shall be committed, and he is hereby required, to transmit to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, if in Great Britain, and to the Under Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, if in Ireland, the Copy of the Commission, and the circumstances of the case on which such Alien shall have been so committed, in such that such Alien shall be committed in Prison for the Period for which he shall have been committed, or be sent out of the Kingdom as aforesaid, as the case may require.

VI. And be it further enacted, That during the Continuance of this Act the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel which shall arrive in any Port or Place of this Kingdom shall, immediately on his Arrival and before he shall be allowed to enter or land any Part whatever of the Cargo of the said Ship or Vessel, declare in Writing to any Inspector of Aliens appointed by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, resident at or near each Port or Place, or where no such Inspector shall be so appointed and resident, to the Collector and Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs at or near each Port or Place, whether there are, to the best of his Knowledge, any Aliens on board his said Vessel; and shall in his said Declaration specify the Number of Aliens (if any) on board his said Vessel, and also specify their Names and respective Ranks, Occupations or Descriptions, as far as he shall be informed thereof.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Alien shall be permitted to land in this Kingdom, until the Master or Commander of the Ship or Vessel in which such Alien shall have arrived, shall have made the Declaration concerning Aliens on board his Ship or Vessel required by this Act, and shall have obtained from the proper Officer as aforesaid a Permission in Writing to land such Aliens; and in case any Alien, not being a Mariner actually engaged and employed as such in the Navigation of such Ship or Vessel, shall land in this Kingdom from any such Ship or Vessel without such Permission first obtained, such Aliens shall forthwith be taken into Custody and carried before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who shall commit such Aliens to One of His Majesty's Gaols, or to such other Custody as to such Justice shall seem fit, until His Majesty's Pleasure, or the Pleasure of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors as aforesaid, if in Ireland, concerning such Aliens, shall be known; and the Master or Commander, or the Person having Charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Forty Pounds for every Alien so landed, unless he shall make it appear that such Aliens was landed from such Ship or Vessel against the Will of such Master or Commander, or the Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel, and one Moneys of such Penalty shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moneys to the Informer; and it shall be lawful for such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or for any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, as the case may be, to detain such Ship or Vessel until such Penalty shall be paid; and any Boat or Vessel used in landing any such Aliens from the Ship or Vessel in which such Aliens shall have arrived as aforesaid, shall and may be seized by such Inspector as aforesaid, or by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, as the case may be; and the same shall be forfeited, together with all Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition and Furniture thereon respectively belonging.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel so arriving as aforesaid, who shall neglect or refuse to make such Declaration as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each and every Alien who shall have been on board at the time of the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, whom he shall have wilfully neglected or refused to declare as aforesaid; One Moneys whereof shall be to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moneys to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be recovered before any One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the Division, City, Town or Place in which such Offence shall have been committed, by the Commission of the Peace, or on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses; and in case such Master or Commander as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse forthwith to pay such Penalty as he shall be adjudged to pay in manner aforesaid, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or for any Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs, as the case may be, and every such Inspector of Aliens, Collector or Comptroller is, on due Notice of such Commission and Adjudication, hereby required to detain such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, until the same shall have been paid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Alien who shall arrive at or in any Port or Place in the United Kingdom, from and after the passing of this Act, shall, immediately after such Arrival, declare in Writing to such Inspector of Aliens, or to such Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, at or near each Port or Place, the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which he or she shall have come to this Kingdom; and every Alien who shall so arrive, and also every Alien who shall depart from any Port or Place of this Realm,

from and after the passing of this Act, shall, immediately after such Arrival or before such Departure respectively, declare in like manner to such Officer as aforesaid, his or her Name and Rank, Occupation or Description; or if a Domestic Servant, then also the Name, Rank and Description of his or her Master or Mistress, or shall verbally make to such Officer an aforesaid Declaration, to be by him reduced to Writing; and shall also in like manner declare the Country or Place from whence he or she shall then have come, and the Place to which he or she is then going, and his or her Profession or Occupation, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom (if any) he or she is known in this Kingdom; and that every such Alien who shall refuse to make Declaration of the aforesaid Particulars, or who shall wilfully make any false Declaration thereof, may for every such Offence, on Conviction thereof before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town or District, in which such Alien shall be found, be imprisoned for any time not exceeding One Month.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Alien as aforesaid, shall obtain from such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or from the Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs, as the case may be, and such Officers are hereby respectively required to deliver to such Alien, a Certificate of his or her Declaration made in Writing, or verbally, containing all the Particulars to such Declaration contained.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Mariner, whom the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel, arriving in any Port or Place in this Kingdom, shall certify to such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or to such Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs, in Writing, as the case may be, to be employed by such Master or Commander, to be actually engaged and employed in the Navigation of such Ship or Vessel, during the time that such Mariner shall remain actually engaged and employed; and which Certificate in Writing, if published as aforesaid, every such Master or Commander as aforesaid is hereby required to give; and if any such Master shall refuse to give such Certificate as aforesaid to any Person entitled thereto, it shall be lawful for such Person to apply to any Justice of the Peace, who may thereupon summon such Master as aforesaid; and if, on hearing what shall be alleged and proved by each Party, such Justice shall be of Opinion that such Certificate ought to be granted, and such Master shall nevertheless refuse to grant the same, it shall be lawful for such Justice to fine such Master so any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to the Use of His Majesty, and on Nonpayment thereof, to commit such Master to Prison for any Time not exceeding One Month.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Alien as aforesaid, to import or bring into this Kingdom any Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition whatever, other than as Merchandises, and as such subject to the Laws in force at the time of such Importation, respecting the Importation of such Arms or Ammunition respectively as Merchandises; and that it shall be lawful for such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or for any of His Majesty's Officers of the Customs, as the case may be, to take notice of and seize any such Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition, which shall be attempted to be imported or brought into this Kingdom in any manner contrary to this Act, taking an Account thereof, which Account shall specify the Persons by whom the same were respectively brought; and that such Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition shall remain at The King's Disposal, or at the Disposal of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall think it necessary, for the Safety or Tranquillity of the Kingdom, by His or their Proclamation or Order in Council, to direct that Aliens of any Description therein mentioned shall not be landed in this Kingdom, or shall not be landed, except at such Place and under such Regulations as shall be in such Proclamation or Order expressed, then and in every such case, the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel or Boat, having any such Alien or Aliens on board, shall not suffer any such Alien or Aliens to land within any Part of this Kingdom, contrary to such Proclamation or Order in Council, unless by the express Permission of His Majesty, signed under the Hand of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and every such Master or Commander wilfully neglecting to conform to any of the Directions or Regulations contained in such Proclamation or Order, shall forfeit Forty Pounds for every Alien so landed, to be recovered before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, One Moiety thereof to be to the Informer or Informers, and the other to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and such Ship or Vessel, from on board of which any such Alien or Aliens shall so land, shall be detained till such Penalty shall be paid; and every other Vessel or Boat used in landing any such Alien or Aliens shall and may be seized by the Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, as the case may be, and the same respectively shall, on Proof that such Offence was wilfully committed, contrary to the Provision of this Act, be forfeited, together with all Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition and Furniture thereon respectively belonging.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Alien as aforesaid shall depart from the Place to which he or she shall so have arrived, except for the Purpose of making such Declaration as heretofore required to the Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or to the Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, or for the Purpose of obtaining such Passport as is hereinafter mentioned, without previously obtaining a Passport from the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of such Place, or from one Justice of the Peace for the County or District in which the same may be situated, in which Passport shall be expressed the Name and Rank, Occupation or Description of such Alien, as declared by him or her to such Officer as aforesaid, and also the Town or Place to which such Alien purports to go; and such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice is hereby required to give such Passport, on Application made to him for that Purpose, and on Production of the Certificate of his or her Declaration as aforesaid; provided that such Town or Place to which such Alien purports to go shall not be a Town or Place from which such Alien is refused from going by any such

of Aliens, or
Officer of
Customs of such
said Particulars

Impediment,

Aliens to receive
Certificates from
Inspectors of
Aliens, or
Officers of Customs.

And no one to
infringe Masters
employed or be
employed in
Navigation of
Vessels.

Master refusing
to give
Certificates.

That
Impediments.
Arms seized if
attempted to be
brought by
Aliens other
than as Merchandises.

His Majesty
may direct
Aliens to land at
particular Places
only.

Master refusing
obeying to
Orders, &c.
Penalty.

Vessels, &c. in
which this
Act.

No Alien to
depart from
Place of Arrival
without Passport.

Persons re-
fused, &c.

such Proclamation or Order as is herein mentioned; and provided that such Alien shall not have landed in this Kingdom contrary to any such Proclamation or Order in Council as is herein mentioned: Provided always, that if any such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice shall for reason to refuse to grant such Passport, it may be lawful for him to withhold the same, and to commit such Alien to the Common Gaol or other Public Prison, or to detain such Alien in such Custody as such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice shall think fit, until he shall have transmitted to His Majesty's Secretary of State, or Secretary to the Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, a Statement in Writing of the Circumstances which shall have induced him so to withhold such Passport and to commit such Alien (whose Statement he is hereby in every such case directed and required forthwith to transmit), and until he shall have received the Directions of such Secretary of State, or Secretary to the Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, as to granting or withholding such Passport; and upon the Receipt of such Direction, such Mayor, Justice or Magistrate shall act accordingly.

Alien wishing
to change
Abode, to obtain
Passport or
Licence.

XV. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Alien, except the Democelle Servants of any of His Majesty's natural born Subjects, or of such as shall have had Letters Patent of Denisation, or been naturalized by Act of Parliament, being actually resident on their respective Masters, who shall have arrived in this Kingdom since the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, or who shall arrive therein at any time, shall be desirous to change the Place of his or her usual Residence, or to quit the Town or Place at which such Alien shall have arrived, by virtue of his or her said Passport, such Alien shall obtain from the Mayor or Chief Magistrate, or any Justice of the Peace for the County, Town, Place or District, in which such Alien shall be resident, a Passport or Licence in which shall be expressed the Name and Description of such Alien, in the manner hereinafter provided, and also the Name of the Town or Place to which such Alien shall propose to remove; and such Mayor, Chief Magistrate or Justice, is hereby required to give such Passport or Licence, on Application made to him for that Purpose by such Alien: Provided always, that every such Alien shall, at the time of making such Application, exhibit to such Magistrate or Justice the Passport by virtue of which such Alien arrived in such County, District, Town or Place, in which he or she shall be resident; or if such Alien shall not have arrived therein by virtue of any Passport, a Certificate from the Magistrate or Justice, or other Person to whom such Alien shall have delivered an Account of his or her Name and Description in the manner hereinafter provided.

Provid.

Magistrate re-
quired to
issue Alien to
obtain Pass-
port, and to
commit them in
certain cases,
&c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Mayor or Chief Magistrate, or for any Justice of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Place or District within this Kingdom, to require of any Alien who shall have arrived in this Kingdom after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, or shall arrive at any time during the Continuance of this Act (except such Democelle Servants as aforesaid), and who shall be passing through or be found in such County, City, Town, Place or District, to exhibit to such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice, his or her Passport or Licence, which he or she is hereby required to exhibit accordingly; and in Default thereof, or in case it shall appear thereby that such Alien is not in his or her way to such Town or Place as is therein expressed, and such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice shall be at liberty to suspect that such Alien is not lawfully proceeding to such Town or Place as aforesaid, or in case such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice shall be at liberty to suspect that such Alien landed in this Kingdom contrary to any such Proclamation or Order in Council as is herein mentioned, such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice may commit such Alien to the Common Gaol or other Public Prison, or detain such Alien in such Custody as such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice may think proper, until Notice thereof be sent by such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, if in Ireland, which Notice such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice is hereby required forthwith to transmit; and until sufficient time shall have been allowed for the Transmission of His Majesty's or Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors Pleasure, and unless His Majesty or Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors aforesaid, shall, thereupon, within Twenty one Days, signify his Pleasure that such Alien shall be discharged, or shall direct in manner herein mentioned, that such Alien shall depart the Realm, it shall and may be lawful for such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice to commit such Alien to be committed to the Common Gaol, without Bail or Mainprize, until he or she shall be delivered by due Course of Law.

Forfeiture of
pass. &c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatever, whether Alien or not, shall either for his own Use or for the Use of any other Person, wilfully forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or shall utter, knowing the time to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any Passport, Certificate, Licence or Allowance of time to obtain any Licence or Passport in this Act mentioned; or if any Person shall obtain such Passport or Certificate or Licence, or Allowance of time to obtain any Licence or Passport, under any other Name or Description than that which he or she shall have declared to such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or to such Customs House Officer, or to any such Mayor, Magistrate or Justice as are herein mentioned, or shall falsely pretend to be the Person mentioned in such Passport or Certificate, Licence or Allowance of time as aforesaid; such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, on Conviction thereof in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or any Court of Oyer and Tenor, Gaol Delivery or Great Sessions, or in the Judiciary Courts in Scotland, or in any Court of Record in Ireland, be adjudged to be imprisoned, and shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol for any time not exceeding Three Months; and if such Person shall be an Alien, shall also be adjudged at the Expiration of that time to depart out of the Realm, within a time to be limited by such Judges; and if such Person or Persons be found therein after such time in such Judgment to be limited, without lawful Cause, he or she shall, being duly convicted thereof, be transported for Seven Years.

Impressment.

Transportation.
His Majesty
may order
Aliens to be

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case His Majesty shall be advised that it may be dangerous to the Security of the Kingdom to send any Alien out of the Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by

Warrant

Warrant under his Sign Manual, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to order such Alien to be detained in Custody in this Kingdom, in such Place and in such Manner as His Majesty shall think fit, and until His Majesty shall give other Order to the contrary.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors as aforesaid for the time being, by His or their Proclamation or Order in Council, or under the Royal Sign Manual, to order and direct any Alien or Aliens who shall have arrived within this Kingdom, or who shall arrive therein during the Continuance of this Act, other than the Domestic Servants of any of His Majesty's natural born Subjects, or of such as shall have had Letters Patent of Denization, or naturalized by Act of Parliament, actually and lawfully employed in the Service of their respective Masters, to dwell and reside respectively in any such District or Districts as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall think necessary for the Public Security; and if any such Alien (except as aforesaid) being so ordered and directed, shall dwell or shall be found to be or have been in any Part of this Kingdom, other than such District or Districts as aforesaid, in Breach of such Proclamation or Orders respectively, it shall and may be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant, or Chief Governor or Governors as aforesaid, or for any Justice of the Peace, or any such Mayor or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, to cause such Alien to be arrested; and if it shall appear to such Principal Secretary of State, or Secretary to such Lord Lieutenant, or to such Justice, Mayor or Chief Magistrate, that such Alien did knowingly and wilfully depart out of such District or Districts in Breach of such Proclamation or Orders respectively, such Alien shall be committed to the Common Gaol, there to be detained without Bail or Mainprize; and if any such Alien, except as aforesaid, shall be duly convicted before any One or more Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, of knowingly and wilfully dwelling or residing, or being found to be or of having been in any Place in this Kingdom, in Breach of such Proclamation or Orders respectively as aforesaid, he or she shall be adjudged by such Justices to be imprisoned, and shall be imprisoned for any time not exceeding Six Months.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or for such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors as aforesaid for the time being, by His or their Proclamation or Order in Council, or under the Royal Sign Manual to order and direct that all Aliens shall, at such time or times as shall be specified for that Purpose in such Order or Proclamation, give to some neighbouring Magistrate a full and true Account of all Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder and Ammunition, which shall be in their respective Possession, or in the Possession of others, for or at their Use or Disposal; and every such Alien shall, within the time or times specified in such Proclamation or Order, deliver up to such Magistrate all such Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder and Ammunition, except such only for the keeping of which they shall have obtained Licences under the Hand and Seal of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, during the time such Licence shall be in force; and that it shall not be lawful for any Alien, subsequent to the Delivery of such Account, to buy or to sell in his or her Possession, or in the Possession of others, for or at his or her Use or Disposal, any Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition, except as aforesaid; and that any such Person wilfully neglecting to give such Account, or giving a false Account, or wilfully neglecting to deliver up such Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition; or forging, counterfeiting or altering, or causing to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or uttering, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any such Licence; or buying, or knowingly having in his or her Possession, or in the Possession of others, for or at his or her Use or Disposal, any other Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition, contrary to this Act, shall, on Conviction thereof before any one or more Justices of the Peace, be imprisoned at the Discretion of such Justice, for any time not exceeding one Month.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State in Great Britain, or Secretary to such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors in Ireland, or for any One or more Justices of the Peace, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, by Warrant under their respective Hands and Seals, to cause any House rented or occupied by any Alien, arrested, and also any House in which any such Alien shall be a Lodger or Inmate, such Inmate not being a Domestic Servant of any of His Majesty's natural born Subjects, and all Persons who shall have had Letters Patent of Denization, or been naturalized by Act of Parliament, resident in such House, to be searched in the Day time and in the Presence of a Peace Officer, in order to discover whether any Weapons, Arms, Gunpowder or Ammunition be therein concealed.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, or for such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors as aforesaid, by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued for that Purpose, from time to time to require and command all or any Aliens who shall then be in, or shall hereafter come into this Kingdom, to register himself or herself, in the manner hereinafter mentioned, with such Person or Persons, and in such District or Districts, as by any Proclamation shall be appointed, and within such time or times as in such Proclamation or Proclamations shall be required; and thereafter to obtain from such Person or Persons as shall be appointed for that Purpose, Licence to such Alien to reside within this Kingdom, either generally in any Part thereof without Restriction, or specially in such Place or Places, and under such Restrictions or Conditions, as to His Majesty, or Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, shall from fit; which Licence shall either be without Limitation in point of time, or shall endure for such Space of time as shall therein be expressed, and so long; but every such Licence shall be capable of being revoked; and if limited in point of time, shall be capable of being renewed and continued at such times and in such Manner as in such Licence, or from time to time by any such Proclamation or Order shall be directed: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for any Alien

detained in
Custody.

His Majesty
or any other
Residence of
Aliens at par-
ticular Places.

Disobedience.

Arrested.

Imprisonment.

Refusing volun-
tarily
Imprisonment.

Aliens to give
Accounts of and
deliver up Wea-
pons, &c.

Exception.

Buying, &c.
Weapons, &c.

Falsely Account,
&c.

Forging, &c.
Licences.

Having Wea-
pons, &c. in
Possession of
others.

Imprisonment.

Search of
Aliens' Houses.

His Majesty,
or any person
Aliens to regis-
ter themselves,
and obtain
Licence of
Residence.

Regulations as
to Licences.

Penalty.

not included in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, to reside within this Kingdom under any Licence granted for that Purpose by any former Act relating to Aliens; subject nevertheless to any Conditions or Regulations to be made from time to time by His Majesty respecting such Licence, or the Revocation, Renewal or Exchange thereof.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being an Alien, shall be found at large in the United Kingdom, after the time in any such Proclamation to be limited for obtaining such Licence as aforesaid by such Person, such Person not having obtained such Licence as aforesaid, or an Allowance of time unexpired to obtain such Licence, and not being exempted from the Obligation to deliver such Account as aforesaid, by this Act, or by any such Proclamation or Order, or by Special Warrant from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, such Person being thereof lawfully convicted, shall and may, at the Discretion of the Justices of the Peace before whom he or she shall be so convicted, be adjudged to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding Six Months.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person authorized to grant such Licences as aforesaid, and to whom Application shall be made for any such Licence as aforesaid, shall think fit to refuse to give such Licence to any Alien who shall apply for the same, such Alien to applying for such Licence shall be forthwith conveyed before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and committed to Prison for safe Custody, or to the Custody of One of His Majesty's Messengers, or other Person appointed for that Purpose, until the circumstances relating to the case of such Alien shall have been certified to One of His Majesty's Secretaries of State, which shall be done without Delay; but it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State, in any such case, either to direct that such Licence shall be granted, or that such Alien shall be conveyed out of this Kingdom by Warrant from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Person authorized to grant such Licence, and to whom Application for the same shall have been made, if he shall think fit, to give such Alien further time for the Purpose of obtaining such Licence, and to that effect to signify the Allowance of such further time, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, specifying the time allowed for obtaining such Licence; during which time the Alien, to whom such time shall have been allowed, shall and may reside within this Kingdom, in the same manner as if such Licence had been obtained: Provided nevertheless, that he or she shall during such time reside in such Place or within such District as shall be specified for that Purpose in such Writing, allowing further time as aforesaid, and not elsewhere.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Alien having such Licence as aforesaid, or such Allowance of further time to obtain a Licence as aforesaid, shall at any time after he or she is so granted, or so given, be found not being the Place or District within which such Alien shall be allowed to reside as aforesaid, or shall be found not to have complied with the Restrictions or Conditions (if any) under which such Licence or Allowance shall have been granted, such Licence or Allowance shall be forfeited and determined; and such Alien shall be liable to all such Penalties as he or she would have been subject to if no such Licence or Allowance had been granted.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Licence, or Allowance of further time to obtain a Licence, shall be lost, mislaid or destroyed, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons authorized to grant such Licence, or Allowance of further time as aforesaid, upon Proof on Oath to him, her or their Satisfaction, that such Licence, or Allowance of further time, has been so lost, mislaid or destroyed, to grant a fresh Licence, or Allowance of further time to obtain a Licence, fixing the former Licence or Allowance; and the refusal of granting such fresh Licence or Allowance, and such fresh Licence or Allowance shall be of like Force as the Instrument so lost, mislaid or destroyed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Alien to leave this Kingdom without a Passport for that Purpose first obtained from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or from some Person authorized by His Majesty or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, to grant such Passport, which Passport shall be produced to the Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or to the proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs as the case may be, at the Port or Place where such Alien shall embark for the Purpose of leaving this Kingdom, which Officer being satisfied that the Person producing such Passport is the Person to whom the same was granted, and who was intended to be named and described therein, shall allow such Passport, and shall certify such Allowance by making the same as such Passport, and signing the same, with the Date of such Allowance; and such Passport, with such Allowance therein, shall be produced to the Master or Person having the Charge or Care of the Ship or Vessel in which such Alien shall be permitted to embark on board any Ship or Vessel for the Purpose of leaving this Kingdom; and if any Alien shall embark on board any Ship or Vessel, in order to leave this Kingdom, not having obtained such Passport as aforesaid, and such Allowance thereof, signed by the proper Officer as aforesaid, with the Knowledge, Privy and Consent of the Master, or of the Person having at the time the Command, Charge or Care of such Ship or Vessel, every such Master or Person having the Command, Charge or Care of such Ship or Vessel, knowing him to be such Alien, shall on Conviction thereof before One or more Justices of the Peace of any County, or Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place before and before the Sum of Forty Pounds, One Shilling whosoever shall go to the Informer, and the other Money to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and in case any such Master or Person having the Command, Charge or Care of such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse forthwith to pay such Penalty as he shall be adjudged to pay as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Officer as aforesaid to detain such Ship or Vessel until the same shall have been paid; and every such Alien who shall embark on board any Ship or Vessel with Intent to leave this Kingdom, not having

previously obtained such Passport as aforesaid, and such Alien was thereof signed by the proper Officer as aforesaid, being thereof lawfully certified before any One or more Justices of the Peace, shall at the Expiration of such Justices, be adjudged to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding Two Months: Provided always nevertheless, that it shall not be necessary for any Marine actually engaged and employed in the Navigation of any Ship or Vessel, during the time that such Marine shall be actually so engaged or employed, to obtain any such Passport as aforesaid; but such Marine shall and may be permitted to embark on board such Ship or Vessel for the Purpose of leaving this Kingdom, in the same manner as if this Act had not been made.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That Aliens residing in this Kingdom, who have quitted their Country by Reason of any Revolution or Troubles in France, shall not be liable to be arrested, imprisoned or held to bail, or to find any Caution for their forthcoming or paying any Debt, nor to be taken in Execution as any Judgment, nor to be any Captives, for or by reason of any Debt or other Cause of Action, contested or sitting in any Court beyond the Seas, other than the Dominions of His Majesty, while such Aliens were not within the said Dominions of His Majesty; and in case any such Alien shall have been or shall be arrested, imprisoned or held to Bail, or taken in Execution as a Judgment or by Capture, contrary to the intent of this Act, such Alien shall be discharged therefrom by Order of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or of the Court of Session in Scotland, or of any Judge of such Courts in Vacant Towns.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Alien, who shall have obtained a Passport to leave this Kingdom in pursuance of this Act shall not proceed with due Diligence to leave this Kingdom according to such Passport, such Alien shall be liable to all such Penalties as he or she would have been subject to if no such Passport had been granted.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the End of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall receive into his or her House or Apartment, for the Purpose of lodging or residing therein for more than Twenty four Hours, any Alien who ought to possess a License to reside in this Kingdom in pursuance of this Act, shall require such Alien to produce such License, or an Allowance of time to obtain such License, or a Passport for such Alien: so that this Kingdom, and to deliver a Copy of such License, Allowance of time or Passport, before such Person shall receive such Alien into his or her House or Apartment to lodge or reside therein for more than Twenty four Hours; and shall within Twenty four Hours after such Alien shall have come to lodge or reside in such House or Apartment, deliver such Copy of such License, or of such Allowance of further time to obtain a License or Passport, to any Justice of the Peace or Constable residing in or near the Parish, Township or Place where such House or Apartment shall be situate, and also to the Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, Township or Place in England, and to the Schoolmaster of the said Parish or Place in Scotland, with a Notice that the Alien named therein did come to lodge or reside in such House or Apartment on a Day in such Notice to be specified, which shall be the very Day on which such Alien actually came to lodge or reside in such House or Apartment; and if any Person shall knowingly receive into his or her House or Apartment, to lodge or reside therein as aforesaid, any such Alien, not producing such License, or Allowance of time to obtain a License, or Passport, or not delivering a Copy thereof as aforesaid, or shall neglect to deliver such Copy with such Notice as aforesaid written thence, to such Justice or Constable, Overseer or Schoolmaster as aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, every Person so offending shall forfeit and lose a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, One Moiety whereof shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place where such House or Apartment shall be situate.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall, after the passing of this Act, have any Alien lodging or residing in his or her House or Apartment, shall, within Ten Days after the passing of this Act, deliver to any such Justice or Constable, and to Overseers and Schoolmasters, Notice in Writing, describing such Alien by his or her Name, and by specifying the time when such Alien first came to lodge or reside in his House or Apartment; and if any Person shall knowingly have received in his or her House or Apartment any such Alien, not having given Notice thereof as aforesaid, within the time aforesaid, every Person so offending shall forfeit and lose a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; One Moiety whereof shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place where such House or Apartment shall be situate.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor and Mayors, or any One or more of the Aldermen of the Cities of London and Dublin, and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, being specially authorized by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or by such Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governor aforesaid, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or generally authorized by Order of His Majesty in Council, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate, or other Magistrate or Magistrates of any City, Borough or Town Corporate so authorized, to cause any Alien, whom he or they shall have cause to suspect to be a dangerous Person, to be taken into Custody and examined, and either to discharge or detain such Alien in Custody, as shall appear advisable; and if it shall appear fit to detain such Alien in Custody, it shall be lawful for such Mayor, Alderman or Chief Magistrate, or other Magistrate or Magistrates, or such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to order such Alien to be detained or Continued until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be known, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize: Provided nevertheless, that in every such case every such Mayor, Alderman, Chief Magistrate or Magistrate, Justice or Justices shall, and he and they it and are hereby directed and required forthwith to transmit an Account of his or their Proceedings touching such Alien, and of the reasons for which he shall have thought fit to detain such Alien, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief

Magistrate.
Penalty for
Masters.
§ 2c.

Aliens having
quitted France
on account of
Troubles, not
liable to arrest
for Debt, con-
tracted beyond
Seas, other than
Dominions of
His Majesty.

Aliens not
going according
to Passports.
Penalty.

Receiving
Aliens as Legis-
lators, to require
them to produce
License, and to
send a Copy to
Justices, &c.

Penalty.

Persons having
Alien Lodging
to give Notice.

Penalty.

Mayors, &c. to
transmit to
Secretary of
State Account
of Proceedings.

Penalty.

Chief Governor or Governors, in order and to the end that His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, may determine what may be fit to be done therein; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Warrant under His Sign Manual, or for such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, by Order under his Hand, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of his Principal Secretaries of State, or the Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, either to direct that such Alien shall be discharged, or ordered out of the Kingdom.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Foreign Ambassador or other Public Minister duly authorized, or the Domestic Servants of any such Foreign Ambassador or Public Minister, authorized according to the Directions of the Laws in force for that Purpose, and being actually ascertained upon such Ambassador or Minister, shall be deemed an Alien within the Meaning of this Act: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall affect any Alien, in respect of any Act done or omitted to be done, who shall make it appear that he or she was not above the Age of Fourteen Years at the time when such Act was done or omitted to be done: Provided always, that if any Question shall arise, whether any Person alleged to be an Alien, and subject to the Provisions of this Act, or any of them, is an Alien or not, or is not an Alien subject to the said Provisions or any of them, the Proof that such Person is, or by Law is to be deemed to be a natural born Subject of His Majesty, or Domicile of this Kingdom, or naturalized by Act of Parliament, or if an Alien, is not subject to the Provisions in this Act contained, or any of them, by reason of any Exemption contained in this Act, or which shall be expressed in any Proclamation or Order in Council as aforesaid, or in any Special Warrant from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary as aforesaid, shall lie on the Person so alleged to be an Alien, and to be subject to the Provisions of this Act, save or one of them.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Prosecutions against any Aliens, for any Offence made punishable by this Act as Felony, or by Transportation for Years or for Life, shall be by Indictment or Information in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster or in Dublin, or in any Court of Oyer and Terminer, Gaol Delivery, in England or Ireland, or Great Sessions in Wales, or Itinerant Court in Scotland, and not elsewhere; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Person shall be adjudged to be transported in pursuance of this Act, the Transportation shall be adjudged to be and shall be to such Place or Places as His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council in Great Britain, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and Privy Council of Ireland, shall direct or appoint.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person ordered or adjudged to be transported for Life in pursuance of this Act, shall escape out of Custody previous to such Sentence of Transportation being carried into Execution, or shall, after having been transported, be found at large within the Realm, he or she shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which Power is given by this Act to commit any Alien to Gaol without Bail or Mainprize, or in which Power is given to send any Alien out of the Kingdom, and such Person shall for that Purpose be taken by or delivered to any Person or Persons for that Purpose, or in which any Person is committed either for safe Custody or otherwise, until such Alien can be sent out of the Kingdom, it shall and may be lawful for any of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or for any of the Justices in Great Britain or Ireland, being of the Degree of the Calf, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of Justiciary in Scotland, if upon Application made, he or they shall see sufficient Cause to presume that such Person is not within the Description limited by this Act, in the different cases herein mentioned, to admit such Person to Bail, or to give sufficient Security for his or her Appearance to answer the Matters alleged against him or her, and to be present at the Trial of any Indictment to be preferred against him or her as hereinbefore is directed.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice to admit any Alien to Bail who shall have been committed by virtue of this Act, such Justice being authorized so to do by Warrant of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, for that Purpose, specifying the Security to be taken by such Justice.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That when any such Alien shall have been so admitted to Bail as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Attorney General to cause an Indictment to be preferred, or an Information to be filed against such Alien, stating the Offence against this Act, if any such shall have been committed; or if no such Offence has been committed, then stating only that such Person is an Alien and within the Provisions of this Act, and that it appeared expedient to send such Person out of the Realm, and that such Alien, as being committed for that Purpose, hath refused to go and been admitted to Bail; and such Alien shall forthwith appear and plead to such Indictment or Information, without any Impedance or Delay; and if a Verdict shall be given thereon against such Alien, such Alien shall thereupon be immediately committed by the Court, or may, if not present, be taken by any Warrant of any Judge of the Court to which such Indictment or Information shall lie, for safe Custody, until such Alien can be sent out of the Realm under the Provisions of this Act.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties by this Act imposed, exceeding the Sum of Forty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or the Courts of Great Sessions in Wales, or the Courts of the Common Pleas of Chester, Lancaster and Dublin, or by Action, or Summary Suit or Information in the Courts of Justiciary or Exchequer in Scotland, in the case shall require, wherein an Alien, Privilege, Pro-

Alien not to be
admitted to Foreign
Ambassador or
Minister,
see in Act
done by Par-
liament under 22
Years of Age.
Proof to be an
Alien.

Prosecutions by
Indictment, &c.

Alien adjudged
to be transported,
see in Place
appointed by
His Majesty's
Privy Council
for Transportation
found in Realm.
Death.

Justices of
Courts of Re-
cord may admit
Alien to Bail.

Justice sitting
under Authority
of Secretary of
State may admit
Alien to Bail.

Alien bailed on
default, and if
Warrant issued
thereon, committed,
and sent out of
Country.

Penalties ex-
ceeding 40 lbs.
recoverable.

offence or Waiver of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; and all pecuniary Penalties by or exceeding this Act imposed, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Pounds, shall, on Conviction of the Offender upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Shire, or City, Town or Place, where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering to such Offender the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and for Want of sufficient Distress, such Justice is hereby required to commit such Offender to the Common Goal of the County, Riding, Shire, or City, Town or Place where such Offence shall be committed, for any time not exceeding Three Months, and that so Writ of Certiorari, or of Advocatus vobis, shall be allowed to remove the Proceedings of the said Justice, touching the pecuniary Penalties aforesaid, or to supersede or suspend the Execution or other Proceedings thereupon.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township or Place, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses, for the Purpose of proving the Conviction of any Offence against this Act, within the Limits of such Parish, Township or Place, notwithstanding any Part of the Penalty incurred by such Offence is given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township or Place.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time be found or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance or by Colour of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, such Action or Prosecutions shall be commenced within the Space of Twelve Months next after the Offence shall be committed; and such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if, upon a Trial, a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted, or shall discontinue his or their Suit or Prosecution, or if Judgment be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer or otherwise, such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

XLIV. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted, That the Powers and Authorities given by this Act to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, or to the Privy Council of Ireland, shall not extend or be held or deemed to extend to the case of any Alien arriving or being in that Part of this Realm or United Kingdom called Great Britain; and that the Powers and Authorities given by this Act to any Justice of the Peace, Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place, shall not extend or be construed to extend to give such Magistrates any Authority to act beyond the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for the Period of Twelve Months.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, to contract for the Purchase and Surrender of Crown Leases; and to sell His Majesty's Interest in the *Thornhill Estate*, in the Parish of *Stodbridge*, in the County of *Dorset*, and in certain small Parcels of Land belonging to His Majesty's Subjects within the Royal Forests; and to remove Doubts as to Estates of The Crown, sold by Order of the said Commissioners, being exempted from the Auction Duty.

(12th May 1815.)

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to improve the Land Revenue of The Crown in England, and also of His Majesty's Duchy of Lancaster*, it was, amongst other things, provided and enacted, that it should be lawful for the Surveyor or General Officers mentioned, with the Approbation of and by the Direction of the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to contract and agree with any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons holding any Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Townships or Hereditaments belonging to The Crown, for the Surrender of any Lease thereof, or to purchase and buy up any Lease, or the Remainder of any Term of any Lease, of any Messuages, Lands, Townships, Townships or Hereditaments belonging to The Crown, which might be convenient for the Public Service, and should by any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, be deemed eligible to be purchased or bought up, and to pay the Consideration agreed to be paid for such Surrender or Purchase to the Body or Bodies or Person or Persons entitled thereto, out of any Money arising from any Sales theretofore made, and which might be vested in the Bank of England or the Three Funds or Crown Consolidated Bank Annuities, or which might thereafter arise from any Sale of any Property belonging to The Crown under this Act, or the several Acts therein recited: And Whereas it may be expedient and tend to the Improvement of the Possessions of The Crown, if the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, were authorized and empowered to purchase and buy up any Lease or Leases of any Term or Terms of Years, subsisting of or in any Houses, Buildings, Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to The Crown, where such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, shall be wanted with a view to the making Almshouses or Improvements therein, or in any other Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown, adjacent or contiguous thereto, or for any other Purpose, although the same may not be wanted for any Branch of the Public Service;

Commissioners,
with Consent of
Treasury, may
purchase Tenets
in Premises held
of The Crown.

* *Shewing* That it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the Lord High Treasurer, or of any Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to contract and agree with any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or any Person or Persons holding any Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments belonging to The Crown, for any Term or Terms of Years under any Letters-Patent, Lease, Deed or Grant, from His Majesty, or any of His Royal Predecessors, for the Purchase of any such Term, or the Surrender of any such Term; and such Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, whether the Possession of the Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments comprised in any such Term or Terms, Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, be wanted for the Public Service, or shall or may be required with a view to the making any Alterations or Improvement therein, or in any other Houses, Buildings or Hereditaments belonging to The Crown, near or contiguous thereto, or for any other Purpose, if the same shall, by any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, be deemed eligible to be purchased or bought up for any such Purpose, and to pay the Price, or Consideration agreed to be paid for the same, out of any Money which has or which may hereafter arise from the Sale of any Property belonging to The Crown, under the Management or Control of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

Before Selling,
as may con-
sist for Sale of
Premises.

* II. And Whereas it may happen that the Person or Persons entitled to any such Term or Terms, or bene-
* ficially interested therein, may be under Coverture, Infancy or other Disability, and be thereby or otherwise
* rendered incapable of contracting or agreeing for the Sale or Surrender of any such Term or Terms, Letters
* Patent, Lease or Grant, or it may happen that such Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments, may be
* so divided, limited or settled, as that the same cannot be legally or effectually sold, assigned, surrendered or
* otherwise disposed of without the Aid or Authority of Parliament: Be it therefore further enacted, That it
shall be lawful for all Bodies Public or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and all Executors or Trustees, and
for all Tenants for Life and Tenants in Tail, and for the Guardians, Trustees, or Commissioners or Admin-
istrators of such of the Owners or Proprietors of any Person interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands or
Hereditaments proposed to be purchased for any of the Purposes aforesaid, as shall be Free Conveyancers, Infants,
Lunatics, Idiots or Persons beyond the Seas, or otherwise incapable of acting for themselves, to contract
and agree with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for the time being,
or any other Person duly authorized for that Purpose on behalf of His Majesty, for the Sale of any such
Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments as aforesaid, and to assign, transfer or surrender the same, and the
subsisting Term or Terms therein, and the Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, under which the same shall be
held, to His Majesty or the said Commissioners, or to such other Person or Persons as they shall appoint, in
Trust for His Majesty accordingly, and that every such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Transfer or
Surrender, shall be in good, valid and effectual in Law, as all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same
were made by a Person absolutely entitled thereto, and under no such Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid;
and from and after the Execution of every such Assignment, Transfer or Surrender [and which shall not
be liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever], all and every Term or Terms thereby assigned, transferred or
surrendered, shall be merged, and for ever extinguished in the Freehold and Inheritance of the said Premises;
and all and singular the Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments comprised therein, shall thenceforth be
well and effectually vested in His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for all the Rights or Residue or Rescuer of
every such Term or Terms, freed and discharged from all Rights, Title, Incumbrances, Trusts, Claims and
Demands whatsoever, of any Person or Persons whomsoever therein or thereunto, under or by virtue of any
Will, Deed, Settlement or otherwise whatsoever.

Stamp Duty.

Premises, in
cases of Incapaci-
ty, shall be
Two Surveys, and
shall Third if
they cannot
agree in
Value, who shall
take following

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any such Term or Terms as aforesaid, which
shall be contracted for or agreed to be sold to or for the Use of His Majesty as aforesaid, shall be held by or
in Trust for any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, or having only a partial
or limited Interest therein or Power over the same, the Value thereof and of the Premises therein comprised,
shall, in every such case, be ascertained by Two able practical Surveyors of Houses or Land, one of whom
shall be nominated by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, with the
Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for
the time being, and the other by the Body Public or Corporate or Person or Persons contracting or agreeing,
to sell the same; and if such Two Surveyors shall not agree in the Valuation thereof, then by such Third
Surveyor of Houses or Land as the Two to appoint shall for that Purpose assemble; and each of the said
Two Surveyors (if they shall agree in and make their Valuation, or if not, then the Surveyor so to be nomi-
nated by them as aforesaid) shall assess to their or his Survey, Estimate or Valuation, when completed, as Oath
(or being one of the People called Quakers, as Affirmation) to be subscribed by him, and taken before and
certified by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the United Kingdom, who is respectively herein author-
ized to administer an Oath or Affirmation in that behalf, the Form whereof shall be as follows;

Oath.

* I A. B. do swear (or, being a Quaker, do solemnly affirm), That the Survey, Estimate or Valuation here-
unto assessed, was faithfully and impartially made by me; and that the Value of the Property therein
is defined is justly estimated therein according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, and that all the Particu-
lars stated therein are true to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me GOD.

Fid.

Which Oath or Affirmation, when so subscribed, taken and certified, shall be filed with the said Survey, Esti-
mate or Valuation, in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues

for the time being, and the Price or Consideration to be paid or given for the Purchase of such Term or Terms shall in no case be less than the Sum at which the same shall be estimated and valued in such Survey, Estimate or Valuation as aforesaid.

Consolidation for Purchase.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be contracted or agreed to be paid for the Purchase, Surrender or Assignment of any such Term or Terms, Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, as aforesaid, by virtue of this Act, which shall belong to any Corporation, some Court, Infant, Lunatic, or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or entitled only to any partial or particular Estate or Interest therein, or Power over the same, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there *ex parte* the Purchaser, without Fee or Reward, to the intent that such Money may be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the said House, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, comprised in any such Term or Terms of Years, or devised or granted by any such Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands or Hereditaments, to be conveyed and settled, to, for and upon such and the like Tenants, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Houses, Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so sold, assigned or surrendered as aforesaid, stood leased or tenanted, or each of them in shall be then existing, undivided and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be vested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the mean time and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Profits of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Messuages, Lands or Hereditaments so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were then actually made.

Application of Purchase Money where not less than 200*l*.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where any Money be agreed to be paid in the case last above mentioned shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall (at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments so comprised in any such Term or Terms, or devised or granted by any such Letters Patent, Lease or Grant, or of his, her, or their Trustees or Trustees, Guardians or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands) be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in such manner as heretofore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and to be approved of by the said Commissioners (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in manner heretofore directed, so far as the case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

Application of Purchase Money where less than 200*l*, and shall exceed 20*l*.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed to be paid as last before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments so comprised to be sold as aforesaid, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardians or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

Where less than 20*l*. Purchase Money paid to Persons entitled to Revenues.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of the Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments comprised in such Term or Terms so to be purchased or surrendered as aforesaid, at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under them respectively, or under their Possession, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Premises, or to the Receipt of such Dividends or Interest, according to such Possession or Receipt, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession or Receipt was wrongful, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Term or Terms, or the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, comprised therein, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Particulars not entitled to Premises shall not receive them in the Court of Chancery.

* VIII. And Whereas The King's Most Excellent Majesty is pleased in Right of His Crown of an Estate called *Thornhill*, situate and being at *Thornhill*, in the Parish of *St. Bridget's*, in the County of *Dorset*, for the natural Life of *Caroline Matilda Elizabeth* (now the Wife of *George Edington Elgar*, residing at *Copthorne*, in the Kingdom of *Denmark*), and late the Widow of *John Carr*, deceased), subject to a Lease thereof granted by His Majesty unto *James Archibald Elgar*, for a Term of Ninety nine Years, commencing from the Tenth Day of October One thousand seven hundred and ninety one, if the said *Caroline Matilda Elizabeth* should so long live, at the yearly Rent of One hundred and one Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Four pence :

Commissioners
with Consent of
Treasury may
sell Estate of
Thereto be-
longing to
Crown.

24 G. 3. c. 10
§ 16.

Purchase
Money to be paid
into Bank or another
bank or banks
named

Stamp Duty.

Certificate of
Purchase shall
within Twelve
months be
sent to the
Commissioners
of the Treasury
and to the
Commissioners
of the Land
Revenue.

Commissioners,
with Consent of
Treasury may
sell certain land

And Whereas the said Estate is detached from any other Possessions of The Crown, and His Majesty's Interest therein being of a limited nature, it is not desirable that the same should be sold or retained by The Crown; and it is apprehended that the same may be sold to advantage; and it is therefore expedient that Powers should be given to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for the time being, to sell and dispose of His Majesty's Interest in the said Estate and Premises: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for the time being, with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or of any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to contract and agree for the Sale of and absolutely to make Sale and dispose of all His Majesty's Interest in the said Estate, and of and in all the Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments thereto belonging, and of all His Majesty's Right and Interest in and to the same, at or for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall be able to procure for the same; and all and every the Sums and Parts of Money which shall or may arise or be produced from such last mentioned Sale or Sales, shall from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and be there placed to the Account raised in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, in the Names of the said Commissioners, being "The New Survey Account;" and shall be applied and disposed of in such and the like manner, and for such and the like Purposes, as the Monies directed or authorized by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Improvement of the Land Revenue of The Crown*, to be paid in, earned over or placed to the same Account, are thereby authorized or directed to be paid, applied or disposed of.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of the said Messuages, Farms, Lands and Premises called *Thereto*, hereby authorized to be sold as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, the said Commissioners shall grant to the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof, a Certificate under their Hands, describing the Premises to be sold, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same, and which shall accordingly be paid into the Bank of England, within Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate; and the Cashiers of the Bank, or One of them shall, upon the Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Money therein contained, and carry the same to the Account therein specified; and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the same, without Fee or Reward; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall be according to the Form contained in Schedule A. to this Act, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the sale will admit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall, within One Calendar Month after the Date of such Certificate, be taken to the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the District within which the said Lands or Hereditaments therein described are situate, and be there forthwith enrolled in the proper Books for that Purpose; and such Auditor, having enrolled the said Certificate and Receipt, shall send the same under his Hand, and shall, upon receiving the said Fee for such Enrolment, return the said Certificate and Receipt to the Purchaser or Purchasers; and from and after such Enrolment, and thereupon for ever, the respective Purchasers, their Heirs or Successors, shall by force and virtue of this Act be and shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Possession of the Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments to be then respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under Him or them, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place; and every such Certificate shall be respectively witnessed and attested, as to the Signing thereof by the said Commissioners, by One of the Principal Clerks or other Officers in their or his Office; and every such Certificate and Receipt, being enrolled as aforesaid, shall effectually discharge the Purchaser or respective Purchasers to whom the same shall be given or granted or of from the Purchase or Consideration Money therein expressed, and each Purchaser or Purchasers shall never afterwards be liable to be called upon, sued, troubled, vexed or questioned for or in respect thereof, or of any Part thereof.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank the Consideration in Money therein to be specified, for the Space of Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to enroll such Certificate, and the said Cashier's Receipt for the said Money, for the like Space of time, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be forfeited, unless the said Commissioners shall, for any reasonable Cause to them shown for the Quiescence of such Incumbent, order the said Certificate and Receipt to be enrolled *non pro tunc*, and which, upon such Cause being shown, the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to order accordingly.

XI. And Whereas there are in various Parts of His Majesty's Royal Forests (under small Parcels of Land, which belong to and are the Property of some of His Majesty's Subjects, and in or over which said small Parcels of Forest Land His Majesty has or is entitled to certain Rights or Interests, which are of little Value to The Crown, and it may conduce to the more easy Care of the Rights of The Crown within the said Forests, as well as to the Convenience of His Majesty's Subjects, if Power was given to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to make Sale of His Majesty's Rights and Interests in and over such small Parcels of Forest Land: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, with the Approbation and Consent of the Lord High Treasurer, or of any Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to contract and agree on the behalf

behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, with the Person or Persons to whom such small Parcels of Forest Land do or shall belong, for the Sale of and absolutely to sell and dispose of all the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, of, in, to or over any such small Parcel or Parcels of Forest Land as aforesaid, and to make good and effectual Conveyances of all such His Majesty's Rights and Interests therein to the Person or Persons possessing the same, at or for the best Price or Prices or Consideration in Money, which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall be able to procure for the same, such Price or Prices not being less than the Value which shall be set thereon by the Surveyor to be employed to value the same by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, all which Rights and Interests of His Majesty so to be sold as aforesaid, shall be valued in such and the like manner, and the Price or Prices or Consideration Money for the same shall be paid to such Person or Persons, and the Conveyance or Conveyances thereof may be made in the same Form and Manner, and such Sale or Sales shall be under such or the like Regulations and Restrictions as are mentioned, prescribed and directed in and by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant Leases under certain Conditions, and for the better carrying into Effect the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, touching the Formation of a Map of the New Forest in the County of Southampton, and continuing and extending other Provisions of the said Act; for further improving the Manors arising as to arise from the Sale of certain Crown Lands under the Authority of divers Acts of Parliament; for annexing certain Lands within the Parish of Rotherham to His Majesty's Manor of King's Cliffe; and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to appropriate small Parcels of Land for Ecclesiastical Purposes*, touching and concerning the Sale and Disposal of such small Parcels of Land, within any of the Royal Forests, as are by such last mentioned Act authorized to be sold, or as near and similar thereto, and under such or so many of the said Regulations and Restrictions as the circumstances of such His Majesty's Rights and Interests by this Act authorized to be sold as aforesaid will admit or allow of, or as may be applicable thereto.

Parcels of Forest.

Conveyances with other Regulations prescribed by 22 G. 3. c. 58.

XII. And Whereas an Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licences to be taken out by all Persons sitting at Auctions, and certain Rates, and Duties on all Lands, Houses, Goods and other Things sold by Auction; and upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, Deeds and other Instruments: And Whereas another Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for altering, amending and enforcing so much of an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licences to be taken out by all Persons sitting at Auctions, and certain Rates and Duties on all Lands, Houses, Goods and other Things sold by Auction; and upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, Deeds and other Instruments; as relate to the Method of granting Licences to Auctioneers, and to relieving the Duties on Effects and Goods sold by Auction: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in his stead: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain: And Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether such Acts do or do not extend to any Sale or Sales by way of Auction of any Estates or Chattels belonging to His Majesty, in Right of His Crown, sold at Auction by order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and it is expedient that all such Doubts should be removed: Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in the said recited Acts, or in any or either of them, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Sale or Sales by way of Auction, of any Estates or Chattels belonging or which shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, which shall be made by order of the Commissioners for the time being, of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to charges or subject any such Sale or Sales of any such Estates or Chattels, or the Auctioneer or Auctioneers by whom any such Sale or Sales shall be made, for or in respect thereof, with any of the Rates or Duties granted by the said Acts, or any or either of them, for or on Account of any such Sale or Sales, but that every such Sale or Sales, and the Estates or Chattels so sold, and the said Auctioneer or Auctioneers so far as respects any such Sale or Sales, shall be wholly exempt from all such Rates or Duties; any thing in the said recited Acts or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof is any wise notwithstanding.*****

21 G. 3. c. 58.

29 G. 3. c. 58.

41 G. 3. c. 49.

45 G. 3. c. 38.

Auction Duty not to extend to Sales made on the Order of the Commissioners.

Schedule A. to which this Act refers.

FORM of CERTIFICATE of CONTRACT to be made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

BY the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, This is to certify, That in pursuance of a Warrant from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, bearing Date the _____ Day of _____ We A. B. and G. D. Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for and on behalf of His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, have contracted and agreed with A. B. of _____, for the Sale to the said A. B. of all [here describe the Premises to be sold, and the Lease granted thereof], for and during the several Life of the said Charles Mathias Elphinstone, subject to the said Lease, at or for the Price or Some of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid by the said A. B. into the Bank of England, and carried to the Account of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the New Street Account; and from and immediately after

after the Payment of the said Sum into the Bank in manner aforesaid, and the Involvement of this Certificate, and the Receipt for the said Purchase Money in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and thereforth for and during the natural Life of the said Caroline Matilda Eleonora the said A. B. and his, [her or their] Heirs, [Successors] or Assigns, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the fullest Sense and Possession of the said Householders and Premises, to by him [her or them] purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same, subject to the said Lease, peacefully and quietly lived and discharged from all Covenants and Devents of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and in as full and ample manner as all Leases and Purports as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same, if such Sale had not been made. Given under our Hands, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord

Signed by the above named
in the Presence of

FORM OF RECEIPT.

RECEIVED the _____ Day of _____ of and from A. B. the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in the above [or, within] written Certificate. Whose my Hand,

For the Governor and Company of the
Bank of England, _____
(Signed) _____ Cashier.

CAP. LVI.

An Act to authorize the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, to transfer a certain Sum in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuitie, now standing in the Name of the Corporation of the Chest of Greenwich, into the Name of the said Commissioners; and also to receive such Dividends as are now due upon such Annuitie.

[12th May 1815.]

ANNO. 12.

§ 1.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the Enlargement and Reward of Petty Officers, Seamen and Royal Marines, for long and faithful Services, and for the Consolidation of the Chest at Greenwich with the Royal Hospital there, it was amongst other things, enacted, that all and every Person or Persons in whole Name or Names any Stock, Annuitie or other Monies should, upon the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be standing or being in Trust for or for the Use or Benefit of the said Chest, itself, as soon as conveniently might be after the said First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, assign and transfer such Stock, Annuitie or other Monies as aforesaid, unto the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, to be applied by them under the Provisions of the said Act; And Whereas the Sum of One million three hundred and fifty five thousand four hundred Pounds Interest or Share in the Capital or Joint Stock of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuitie, created by an Act of Parliament of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for securing the several Annuities thereon contained into several Joint Stocks of Annuitie transferable to the Bank of England, to be charged on the Standing Fund; and also for consolidating the several other Annuities therein mentioned into several Joint Stocks of Annuitie transferable to the South Sea House; and by several subsequent Acts is standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England in the Name of the Corporation of the Chest at Greenwich; and it is necessary for the better Execution of the said Act that the said Sum should be transferred into the Name of the Corporation of the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich; but by reason of the Defection of the Corporation of the Governors of the Chest at Greenwich, there are now no means of making such Transfer, or of receiving the Arrears of Dividends due upon the said Annuitie without the Authority of Parliament; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the said Corporation is hereby authorized, directed and required, by Power of Attorney, to their Corporate Name, and to be executed under their Corporate Seal, to make, constitute and appoint any Person or Persons their true and lawful Attorney or Attorneys, to assign and transfer the said Sum of One million three hundred and fifty five thousand four hundred Pounds Interest or Share in the said Capital or Joint Stock of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuitie, into the Name of the said Corporation of the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and also to receive all such Dividends as are now due in Arrear upon the said Capital or Joint Stock; and such Person or Persons so constituted and appointed as aforesaid may and shall, and he and they in and are hereby authorized, required and directed to assign and transfer the said Sum of One million three hundred and fifty five thousand four hundred Pounds Interest or Share in the said Capital or Joint Stock, now standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, into the Name of the Corporation of the Chest at Greenwich, into the Name of the said Corporation of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and also to receive all such Dividends upon the Capital or Joint Stock as are now in Arrear, to be applied to the same Uses, Trusts and Purposes as are directed by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.**

Power for
transferring
3,555,400
3 per C. st.
Capital from
Name of Cor-
poration of Chest
at Greenwich
into Name of
Commissioners and
Governors of
Greenwich
Hospital.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall be and they are hereby held harmless and indemnified from and against all Claims and Demands of or by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for or by reason or in consequence of the Transfer of the said Sum of One million three hundred and fifty five thousand four hundred Pounds Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities, heretofore authorized and directed to be transferred, or in any manner respecting the same, or for or by reason or in consequence of the Payment by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England of the Dividends heretofore directed to be received; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall not be required to file to the Applicants of the said Dividends, nor be in any manner responsible for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof.

Bank Interest.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or Directors of the said Royal Hospital, or any Five or more of them, to order and direct that the Bills for the Payment of Pensions shall be made out in such Form as to such Commissioners or Directors may from time to time appear to be most convenient and proper; and all such Bills shall be signed by the Paymaster of Pensions of the said Royal Hospital, or in his Absence from Sickbeds or otherwise, by his Chief Clerk, or be otherwise signed, as to the said Commissioners or Directors, or any Four or more of them, shall seem fit; and that until the Commissioners or Directors of the said Royal Hospital shall otherwise direct, the said Bills shall be in the Form or to the Effect following:

Bills for Payment of Pensions here made out.

* Sir,

* Royal Hospital, Greenwich. Form of Bills.

* PAY to B. D. of _____, in the County of _____, Out Pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, upon producing the Duplicate hereof, together with a Certificate under the Hands of the Minister and Churchwardens, (or in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland, under the Hands of the Minister and Two Elders) of the Parish where he resides, that, to the best of their Knowledge and Belief, he is the Person named in such Bill, the Sum of _____, being on Account of his Pension, if the same shall be demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date hereof; otherwise you are to return this Bill to the Paymaster of Pensions of the said Royal Hospital.

Paymaster.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

P. 56: A8.

C A P. LVII.

An Act to repeal the Provisions of former Acts, granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges.

[12th May 1815.]

* WHEREAS an Act was made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intituled *An Act for making good Discrepancies and satisfying the Public Debts, and for creating a Corporation to carry on a Trade to the South Seas, and for the Encouragement of the Fishery, and for Liberty to trade in* *anywright Iron, with Subjects of Spain, and to repeal the Acts for registering Scurves, whereby it is enacted* *that the Corporation to be established by the said Act called the South Sea Company, and their Successors, shall be entitled unto and vested in the sole Trade and Traffick unto and from all the Kingdoms, Lordships, Countries, Territories, Islands, Cities, Towns, Ports, Harbours, Creeks and Places of America on the East Side thereof from the River of Orinoco to the Southwestern Part of the Terra del Fuego, and on the West Side thereof from the Southernmost Part of the said Terra del Fuego through the Strait of the Northernmost Part of America, and also unto and from all Countries, Islands and Places within the said Limits which were reputed to belong to the Crown of Spain, or which should thereafter be found out or discovered within the said Limits, according to the Declaration, and subject to the Exceptions and Limitations in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas the said exclusive Privileges have since been modified and limited by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act in regard to British Ships to carry on the Fishery in the Pacific Ocean without Licence from the East India Company or the South Sea Company; and by another Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing so much of an Act made in the Ninth Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne as relate to the South Sea Company, or Corporation by the said Act created, the sole and exclusive Privilege of carrying on Trade and Traffick to and from any Part whatsoever of South America, or in the South Seas, where new are or may at any time hereafter be in the Possession of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors: And Whereas it has now become highly expedient for the General Commerce of all His Majesty's Subjects, and for the Encouragement and Security thereof, and the said Company have agreed that the sole and exclusive Right of the said Company to trade and traffick to, from and with the Places within the Limits before mentioned and defined, should from henceforth wholly cease and determine, and that Satisfaction should be made to the said Company for the Surrender of such exclusive Privileges, and for that Purpose it is necessary that a Gratiatue Fund shall be formed, and certain Duties of Customs upon Goods imported and upon Tonnage should be granted for raising such Fund; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by Your Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her***

5 Ann. c. 25.

14th

43 G. 2 c. 75.

43 G. 3. c. 60. &c.

c. 13.

5 Ann. c. 25.

Majesty 54—55.

Majesty Queen Anne as wells or shall or may be deemed or taken to have vested in the said *South Sea* Company or Corporation by the said Act entitled the said and exclusive Privileges of Trade and Traffic unto, unto and from all Kingdoms, Lands, Countreys, Towns, Islands and Places whatsoever within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, as defined in the said recited Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, and all Powers, Rights and Privileges to the said *South Sea* Company or Corporation by the said Act given and created for carrying on such sole and exclusive Trade and Traffic, and all Powers and Privileges by the said Act declared and enabled for enforcing the same, and for preventing His Majesty's Subjects from carrying on Trade and Traffic contrary to the Provisions of the said Act, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be absolutely repealed, and shall be deemed and taken to have expired and determined from and after the passing of this Act, to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes whatsoever.

Guarantee Fund
established, and
whenever such
Funds be South
Sea Company

II. And be it further enacted, That in Consideration of the Surrender of such exclusive Privileges, a Guarantee Fund shall be formed and established under the Provisions of this Act, in Some of the Public Stocks or Funds of Great Britain, bearing Interest at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and a separate Account shall be opened for that Purpose at the Bank of England, in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain, to be called "The *South Sea* Company Guarantee Fund," and when and as soon as such Fund shall amount in the whole to a Capital Stock of Six hundred and ten thousand four hundred and sixty four Pounds Three Shillings, bearing as Interest at Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, the said Commissioners shall forthwith transfer the same to the *South Sea* Company in full Satisfaction to the said Company, of and for the said exclusive Rights of the said Company.

The Transfer
made in Pursuit
Dividend of the
Half per Cent.
on Trading
Stock paid.

III. And be it further enacted, That until a Capital Stock amounting in the whole to the said Sum of Six hundred and ten thousand four hundred and sixty four Pounds Three Shillings, bearing an Interest at and after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall have been so created and transferred as aforesaid, the Court of Directors of the said Company, if the annual Income, Receipts and Profits of the said Company which are applicable to and have heretofore been applied in the Payment of One Half per Centum per Annum upon the Capital trading Stock of the said Company in Addition to the Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, payable upon such Capital, shall act be sufficient to the Payment of such Dividend as heretofore, after Payment of all Expenses incident to the Management of the said Company, shall due to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Great Britain the Amount of such Deficiency, and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's said Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall and they are hereby authorized, empowered and required thereupon to order and direct the Payment out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, after Payment of all preceding Charges thereon, of such Sum of Money to the said Company as shall be sufficient to make good such Deficiency so as to enable the said Company to continue to pay the said Additional Dividend of One Half per Centum per Annum upon the Trading Stock of the said Company.

Before any Bill
made in the
They may, Dis-
cretion to the
Amount of
Expenses, &c.
before Treasury.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, in order that the Sum applicable to the Payment of such Dividend as aforesaid shall not be diminished by any unusual Increase of Expenditure in the Management of the said Company, so as to exceed the Sum which may be required to make good any such Deficiency for the Payment of such Dividend as aforesaid, and in order to enable the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's said Treasury to ascertain the due Application of the annual Income, Receipts and Profits of the said Company, before any such Issue as may be required to supply any such Deficiency as aforesaid, the said Court of Directors of the said Company shall upon each Statement as aforesaid, and when and so often as shall be required at any other time or times by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's said Treasury, or any Three or more of them, in that behalf, deliver to the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's said Treasury a full and particular Account of the Expenses attending the Management of the said Company, and of the Application of the annual Income, Receipts and Profits, of the said Company, for the whole Period which shall have elapsed since the Delivery of any such preceding Account, or which shall be required by the said Lords Commissioners as aforesaid.

Certain Duties
of Customs
imposed for trading
Guarantee
Fund.

V. And Whereas it is necessary that Duties of Customs should be granted for the raising of such Guarantee Fund: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One Thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money, without any Discount whatever, upon all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported into any Port of the United Kingdom, from any Place within the Limits of the said and exclusive Trade to heretofore granted to the said Company as aforesaid, other than such excepts as shall be taken and sought by the Crown of Great Britain and Irish-ships Ships or Vessels, a Duty of Customs of Two Pounds upon every Hundred Pounds Value of all such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, and upon Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, entering Outwards or Inwards at any Port within the United Kingdom, to or from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said sole and exclusive Trade to heretofore granted to the said Company as aforesaid, a Duty of Customs of One Shilling and Six pence upon every Ten Burthen of every such Ship or Vessel; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all the said Duties are and shall be payable, according to the Amount thereof, in Great Britain.

British Com-
pany
Duties on
Goods obtained
in other
Duties paid according
to Value
received.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed, upon the Importation of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as aforesaid, shall be ascertained in the Manner and Form, and under all the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as are prescribed, directed and imposed for ascertaining and collecting any Duties of Customs to be paid according to the Value of Goods, Wares and Merchandize by the several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

itely, relating to Duties of Customs, and ascertaining such Value for the Purpose of Payment of Duty; and in case any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall not be valued according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Acts respectively, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to cause the same to be detained, and the said Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every respect in the manner prescribed in such Acts by the said Acts respectively, according to the Nature and Quality of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties of Tonnage hereby imposed on Ships and Vessels entering Outwards or Inwards shall be paid to the proper Officer of the Customs appointed to receive the same, such and every Voyage any such Ship or Vessel shall so enter Outwards or Inwards at any Port within the United Kingdom, and that the Tonnage of every such Ship or Vessel being *British* or *Irish-built* or *British* or *Irish-owned*, shall be computed and taken according to the Registers thereof under the Provisions of the several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland, in relation thereto respectively; and that the Tonnage of every other Ship or Vessel, in case of any Doubt or Dispute relative therein, shall be ascertained by Admeasurement in the mode and manner prescribed and directed by any such Acts respectively.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs to England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and such Part thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs granted by this Act upon, for or in respect of the Exportation of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, and the Duties of Customs on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, may and shall be respectively managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered and allowed, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, in such and the like manner and by the like means, ways or methods, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise in general, and also by such special means, ways or methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandise, of the same Sorts or Kinds or Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered and allowed; and the Goods, Wares or Merchandise, wherein Duties of Customs are by this Act charged upon the Exportation thereof from the United Kingdom, and all Ships and Vessels wherein any Duties are charged or payable according to the Tonnage thereof, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Securities and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in general, and also all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Securities, Rules and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or Ships or Vessels wherein any Duties are chargeable or payable according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively on and immediately before the passing of this Act respecting the Revenue of Customs or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act; and all Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Forfeitures, of whatever nature or kind the same may be, as well Fines of Death as others, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively on and immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Directions contained in any such Act or Acts, shall, unless where expressly altered by this Act, and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put into Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs granted by this Act, in as full and ample manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Act of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on and immediately before the passing of this Act, by which any Rules, Regulations, Conditions or Restrictions, were made, established or directed, for the ascertaining the Value of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or for the raising or allowing of any Deduction of any Duties on account of Damage, or for the better securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the regular Exportation from Great Britain or Ireland respectively, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatever, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things, relating thereto, shall and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to the Subject of this Act, and for carrying the same into Execution, as fully and effectually as if they had been repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland and Ireland, shall cause separate Accounts to be kept of the Duties of Customs which shall be collected and paid and received under the Provisions of this Act, and of the Net Produce thereof, and all the Moneys arising by the said Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and the Duties of Tonnage granted by this Act (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid by the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, and by the Commissioners of the Customs in Ireland, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or any Three or more of them, for the time being, shall from time to time, without any further Warrant to be sent for, and

Duties on Tonnage to be paid on Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards.

Duties under Management of Customs, &c.

Duties here to be.

Provisions, &c. of former Acts in force.

Former Acts in force to be applied to the raising of Value of Goods, &c. extended to Act.

Application of Duties.

had or obtained in that behalf, made to be filed at the Receipt of His Majesty's said Exchequer in Ireland, and to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, all such Moneys as shall be from time to time paid into the said Exchequer in Ireland under or by virtue of this Act; and all the Moneys so paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain shall be applied under the Provisions of this Act to the raising and completing the said Guarantee Fund, and for that Purpose there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the said Exchequer in Great Britain, a Book or Books in which all the Moneys arising from the said respective Duties shall be entered separately and apart from all other Moneys paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatsoever.

Money applied
wholly to
Purchase of
Stock to form
Guarantee
Fund.

XII. And be it further enacted, That at the End of every Quarter the Moneys in the said Exchequer of Great Britain arising from the Duties of Customs granted by this Act shall be paid into the Bank of England, and to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain, to a separate Account to be opened and kept for that Purpose; the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the said National Debt shall and they are hereby required, from time to time as soon as the same can conveniently be done, to lay out the same in the Purchase of Capital Stock in each of the Public Funds or Annuities, bearing an Interest transmissible at the said Bank of England, of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, as shall appear to them most expedient, until the whole Amount of Capital Stock required by this Act to form said Guarantee Fund shall have been purchased.

When Guar-
antee Fund
completed
Duties to be
paid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as such Capital Stock shall have been purchased, and such Guarantee Fund formed and completed as aforesaid, the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain, shall certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain, who shall forthwith cause Notice thereof to be published in the London and Dublin Gazette, and from and after the time to be mentioned in such Notice, the Duties of Customs granted by this Act shall cease and determine; and all Sums of Money arising from such Duties which shall remain in Great Britain by reason of any Payment of such Duties, after such Guarantee Fund shall have been completed, as aforesaid, and before the Publication of such Notice, shall go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and all Sums so remaining as aforesaid in Ireland, shall in like manner go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Consolidated
Fund.

Extension of
Act from.

General Uses.

Trial's Costs.

Act varied, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be assailed, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other cases to recover Costs by Law.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See pag. c. 141.]

C A P. LVIII.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills.

[12th May 1815.]

[Not to exceed 18,000,000*l*. See pag. c. 74-169.]

C A P. LIX.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, to insure the proper and careful Manufacturing of Fire Arms in England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of such Fire Arms.

[12th May 1815.]

22 G. 3. c. 113.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled 'An Act to insure the proper and careful Manufacturing of Fire Arms in England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of such Fire Arms: And Whereas the Powers and Provisions of the said Act have been found in some respects defective and insufficient for the Purposes thereby intended, and the same cannot be effectually carried into Execution unless the Powers and Provisions thereof are amended; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall use or begin to use, or cause or procure to be used, or to be begun to be used, either by rubbing, knocking, striding, rough-shocking, or other Process, in any progressive State of Manufacture in the making, manufacturing or finishing of any Gun, Fowling Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol or other Description of Fire Arms, usually called Small Arms, any Barrel which shall not have been duly proved and marked as proved at the Proof House of the Company of Gunmakers of the City of London, or at the Proof House established under the Provisions of the said recited Act (in case as such respective Proof House shall be maintained for proving and marking the Barrels of Fire Arms) or have Proof House belonging to His Majesty, or other Proof House to be established as a Public Proof House (and which Public Proof House His

Thing to pro-
vide for
Manufacture of
Fire Arms,
Barrels not duly
proved.

Majesty

Majesty is hereby authorized and empowered to establish under such Regulations, as in the Case and Management thereof, as His Majesty shall think fit, shall respectively forfeit for each and every Barrel so used or begun to be used, or caused or permitted to be used, or to be begun to be used, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Barrel for the making of, or proper or applicable for the making of any Gun, Fowling Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol, or any other Detachment of Fire Arms, usually called Small Arms, shall be sent immediately from the Manufacturers themselves to the Proof House of the Company of Gun Makers of the City of London, or to the Proof House established under the Provisions of the said recited Act (so long as such respective Proof Houses shall be maintained for the proving and marking the Barrels of Fire Arms), or some other Proof House established by Law, before the same shall be delivered, or caused or procured to be delivered or sent for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, or be removed, assigned or transferred, or caused or procured to be removed, assigned or transferred for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, to any Person whatsoever; and, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall deliver or send, or cause or procure to be delivered or sent for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, or who shall remove, assign or transfer, or cause or procure to be removed, assigned or transferred for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, any Barrel for the making of, or proper or applicable for the making of any Gun, Fowling Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol, or any other Detachment of Fire Arms usually called Small Arms, from the Place where the same shall have been manufactured, which shall not have been first duly sent to the Proof House of the said Company of Gunmakers of the City of London, or the said Proof House at Birmingham, or some other Proof House established by Law, to be proved and marked under the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall forfeit for each and every Barrel so sent, or caused or procured to be sent for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, or removed, assigned or transferred, or caused or procured to be removed, assigned or transferred for Sale, or under Pretence of Sale, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall take or receive, or cause or procure to be taken or received, or permit or suffer to be received as his behalf any Barrel, for the Purpose of making or manufacturing, or proper or applicable for the making or manufacturing of any Gun, Fowling Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol, or other Detachment of Fire Arms usually called Small Arms, directly or indirectly from the Manufacturers thereof, or from any other Person on his behalf, except from or through some one or other of such Proof Houses as aforesaid, or unless the same shall have been first duly proved and marked as aforesaid at the Proof House of the Company of Gunmakers of the City of London, or the Proof House established under the Provisions of the said recited Act (so long as such respective Proof Houses shall be maintained, for proving and marking the Barrels of Fire Arms) or some other Proof House belonging to His Majesty, or other Public Proof House established as a Public Proof House by Law, shall forfeit for each and every Barrel so received, or caused or procured to be received for the Purpose, or proper or applicable for the Purpose aforesaid, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

IV. And Whereas a Proof House has for a long time past been established and provided, for proving the Barrels of Fire Arms, in or near the City of London, under the Management and Control of the Company of Gunmakers of the City of London, and by virtue of a Charter heretofore granted to the said Company; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Barrels for the making or proper or applicable for the making or manufacturing of Guns, Fowling Pieces, Blunderbusses, Pistols, and other Detachment of Fire Arms usually called Small Arms, which shall heretofore be taken to the Proof House of the said Company of Gunmakers of the City of London for Proof, shall be proved by their Proofmaster for the time being, with Powder of equal Quality to the Powder which is now used by the Honourable Board of Ordnance, and according to, or not under the Scale or Table of Proof mentioned and set forth in the said recited Act; and the Person having the Charge, Care and Management of the Proof House of the said Company of Gunmakers of the City of London shall receive all Barrels sent, assigned or transferred to the said Proof House for Proof, and prove the same, and cause all such Barrels, after the same have been proved, and (if found to be Proof) marked, to be delivered to the Persons for whom such Barrels are directed, upon Payment of all such Charges as shall have been incurred in respect of the Carriage and Delivery of such Barrels at the Proof House, and of the said Company's Charges for proving the same, and of the Keeping of the same for Proof, and Delivery thereof to the Person for whom the same are intended or shall be directed to be delivered to other Proof; and in case any Barrel so sent to the said Proof House to be proved shall not be received and proved thereat according to Law, or shall be delivered or parted with, or permitted to be delivered or parted with, or to be taken away, which shall not have been so proved, and (if found to be Proof) marked with the Marks and according to the Regulations of the said Company of Gunmakers of the City of London for the time being; then and in every such case, the Person so having the Charge, Care and Management of such Proof House for the time being, shall forfeit for each and every Barrel which shall not be received and proved in manner before mentioned and for each and every Barrel which shall be so delivered or parted with, or permitted to be delivered or parted with or taken away, which shall not have been so proved, and (if found to be Proof) marked as aforesaid, the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

V. Provided always, and be it further declared and enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, or to that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland (except as to the Forging Marks, as in this Act after mentioned) or to the proving of any Barrels used in the manufacturing of any Musket, Pistol, or other Fire Arms, for the Use

Barrels of Fire Arms sent directly from Manufacturers to Proof House.

Delivering, for Sale except through a Proof House.

Penalty.

Enacting Barrels of Fire Arms for Purpose of making Guns, &c. may be sent to Proof Houses and be proved.

Penalty.

Charter to Gunmakers.

Proofmaster of Company of Gunmakers of City of London, to receive, &c. Barrels of Guns, &c.

Barrels not proved, &c.

Penalty.

Not to extend to Scotland or Ireland, or to Arms made for His Majesty or His

India Company,
or certain Bar-
rels specified.

of His Majesty's Forces, or for the Honourable East India Company, or to any Barrels of the Description hereinafter mentioned; and that, any Barrels in the former Ground, marked or in any other State of Manufacture, which shall be made or consist of Stub or Twisted Stub Iron, or other Barrels usually termed bell Barrels; (which bell last mentioned Barrels may be and are hereby allowed to be lost, bought, or received for the Purposes aforesaid, to any Number not exceeding the Number of Twenty, without being subject to any of the Penalties of the said recited Act or this Act, except that such Barrels shall be liable to the Penalty for losing Barrels not duly proved and marked); and nothing in this Act contained is to exempt or be construed to exempt such last mentioned Barrels from being proved and marked as required by the said recited Act and this Act.

Twisting, &c.
Proof Marks, or
Marking, &c. Bar-
rels with forged
Marks.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall, in any Part of the United Kingdom, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or affix or join to forging or counterfeiting, any Mark or Stamp used or which may be used at any Proof House for proving and marking Barrels in pursuance of the said recited Act, or shall wilfully or knowingly sell or offer for Sale, or use in the making or manufacturing of any Gun, Powder Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol or other Description of Fire Arms as aforesaid, any Barrel marked, written or forged, or in any other progressive State of Manufacture, wherein shall be any Mark or Stamp which shall be forged or counterfeited in violation of or to resemble any Mark or Stamp so used or to be used at any such Proof House, shall respectively forfeit and pay for each and every such Barrel whence any such forged or counterfeit Mark shall be, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty.
Proof Marks
put on Barrels
not proved.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Proof Master or Assistant Proof Master appointed or to be appointed under the said recited Act, or any other Person or Persons shall, in any Part of the United Kingdom, put, place or strike, or cause or procure to be put, placed or struck, or shall wilfully sell or offer to the putting, placing or striking any Mark or Stamp used or which may be used at any Proof House for proving and marking Barrels in pursuance of the said recited Act or this Act, upon any Barrel finished, welded or forged, or in any other progressive State of Manufacture, for the making of, or proper or applicable for the making of any Gun, Powder Piece, Blunderbuss, Pistol or other Description of Fire Arms usually called Small Arms, which shall not have been duly proved at the Proof House established and maintained under the Provision of the said recited Act (so long as such Proof House shall be maintained for proving and marking the Barrels of Fire Arms), every Person so offending shall forfeit for each and every Barrel on which he, he or they shall put, place or strike, or cause or procure to be put, placed or struck, or shall wilfully sell or offer to the putting, placing or striking any such Mark or Stamp as aforesaid, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

Penalty.

§ 3. G. 3. c. 11.
§ 3. is just
repeated.

VIII. And Whereas the said Company are by the said recited Act authorized to fix and regulate from time to time the Sums to be paid for such Proofs, so as that no higher Sum than One Shilling shall in any case be demanded, taken or received, in respect of any one Barrel brought to such House to be proved and marked under the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted, That so much and such Parts of the said recited Act as authorize the said Company to fix and regulate the Price of proving such Barrels, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

Penalty for
proving Barrels.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to fix and regulate from time to time the Sums to be paid for such Proofs, so as that no higher Sum shall in any case be demanded, taken, or received for any Barrel which shall be proved at such Proof House, and marked as proved under the said recited Act or this Act, than as hereinafter mentioned and set forth; that is to say,

First, For any common Binding, Spanish, Dutch, Carolina Market, Carbine or other Barrel, not being made of Twisted or Stub Iron, nor above the Calibre of Six Eighte and an Half, any Sum not exceeding Six pence for each and every Barrel;

Secondly, For every Pair of plain Iron or Brass Halberd or Saddle Pistol Barrels, any Sum not exceeding Six pence for each Pair;

Thirdly, For every Barrel made of Twisted or Stub Iron, any Sum not exceeding Nine pence for each and every Barrel; and for every Pair of Stub or Twisted Pistol Barrels, any Sum not exceeding Nine pence for each Pair; And,

Fourthly, For any Barrel above the Calibre of Six Eighte and an Half, any Sum not exceeding One Shilling for each and every Barrel; any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Offence and
Penalties, here
Barrel, loaded,
&c.

X. And be it further enacted, That any and all Offence and Offences against this Act shall and may be heard and determined in a summary way by or before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, where any such Offence or Offences shall be committed; and the Conviction for the time may be had and made upon the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses; and the Amount of the Forfeiture or Penalty for any and every such Offence or Offences shall be fixed and determined by such Justices, not exceeding the Sums hereinafter mentioned; and One Half thereof shall be paid and payable to the Informer, and the other Half thereof to the Owners of the Poor of the Parish or Place where such Offence shall be committed; and such Justices may award and direct to be paid by any Party such Costs as they shall judge reasonable; and in case any such Forfeiture or Forfeitures, or Penalty or Penalties and Costs, shall not be forthwith paid pursuant to such Conviction, and the Person so convicted shall not signify his Intention to appeal against such Conviction, and forthwith enter

into Recognizance before such Justice, himself in the Penalty of a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Penalty fixed as aforesaid, with Two sufficient Sureties, in the Penalty of a Sum equal to the Amount of the Penalty fixed as aforesaid, such of lawful Mooty of Great Britain, with condition to perfectly appear and prosecute such Appeal at the next General Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, where such Offence or Offences shall have been charged to have been committed, such Justice shall, by Warrant under their Hands, cause the said Penalties and Costs to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had, such Justice shall, by Warrant under their Hands, commit the Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction within three Justices, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said respective Companies of Gun Makers, their Officers, Servants or Agents, shall not, nor shall any of them be subject or liable to any Prosecution or Information by virtue of this Act or the said recited Act, for any Offence or Offences against this Act, unless such Prosecution shall be commenced or Information given within Six Calendar Months next after the Offence or Offences committed.

Liability of Prosecution.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence or Offences against this Act, may cause any such Conviction to be drawn up on Parchment or Paper, in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

Form of Conviction.

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ as recorded before us [naming the Justice] of His Majesty's _____ of the County of _____ (or, Riding, City, Liberty, Division, Town or Place) for that the said _____ [here state the Offence] contrary to the Statute made in the _____ Fifty third Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *An Act to enforce the proper and careful manufacturing of Fire Arms in England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of such Fire Arms, and contrary to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the same Reign, intitled An Act, (here set forth the Title of this Act):* And we the said Justice do hereby adjudge and determine the said _____ for the said Offence to forfeit and pay the Sum of _____ of lawful Mooty of Great Britain; and do order One thereof to be forthwith paid by him the said _____ to _____ [the Assessor] and the other thereof to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of [where the Offence was committed]: And we the said Justice do also award and do with the said _____ forthwith to pay to _____ the Sum of _____ for Costs. Given under our Hands the Day and Year above written.

13 G. 3. c. 119.

And every such Conviction shall be transmitted by such Justice to the next General Quarter or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place wherein such Conviction was had, to be filed and kept amongst the Records of the said General Sessions or General Quarter Sessions.

Conviction Book.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person convicted of any Offence or Offences punishable by this Act, shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of the Justice before whom he or she shall have been convicted, such Person shall have Liberty to appeal from every such Conviction to the next Court of General Sessions or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, wherein such Offence was committed; and the Justice is or at the last next Court of General Sessions or General Quarter Sessions, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of the said Appeal, and to award such Costs as to them shall appear just and reasonable to be paid to either Party; which Decisions shall be final; and if upon hearing the said Appeal, the Judgment of the Justice before whom the Appellant shall have been convicted shall be confirmed, such Appellant shall forthwith pay the Forfeitures or Penalties mentioned in such Conviction, and the Costs awarded to be paid by such Appellant; and in Default of Payment thereof, such Appellant shall immediately be committed by the said Court to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, where any such Offence may have been committed, there to remain for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalty and Costs shall be sooner paid.

Appeal.

Costs. Final.

Imprisonment.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall feel himself or themselves aggrieved by any of the Acts, Orders or Proceedings of the said Trustees, Guardians and Wardens, or either of them, in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justice of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County of _____ such Appellant (if there be sufficient time allow the cause of such Complaint shall have arisen) first giving or causing to be given Eight Days' Notice at least in Writing of his or their Intention of bringing such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Clerk or Treasurers of the said Trustees, and within Four Days after such Notice (if required), entering into Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for the said County, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order thereon, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justice at such Quarter Sessions; and for want of sufficient time for giving such Notice previous to the First Quarter Sessions after the Cause of such Complaint shall have happened, then such Appeal, after such Notice and under such Recognizance may be made at the Second General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County; and the Justice at such First or Second Sessions shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of such Appeal in a summary way, and award such Costs to the Parties Costs appealing or appealed against as they the said Justice shall think proper; and the Determination of such

Appeal.

Notice.

Recognizance.

Costs.

Quarter

Feel. Quarter Sessions shall be final, binding and conclusive in all Interests and Purposes; and the said Justices at such Sessions may also by their Order or Warrant, levy such Costs to awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons who shall neglect or refuse to pay the same, and for want of sufficient Distress, commit such Person or Persons to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, there to remain for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs.

Liberties of Actions. XV. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, and the said recited Act, and after Thirty Days' Notice in Writing shall be thereof given to the Guardians, Trustees and Wardens of the Gun-bored Proof House of the Town of Birmingham, authorized and appointed by, or to be chosen and elected under and by virtue of the said recited Act, or their Solicitor for the time being, or to the Master or Wardens of the Company of Gunsmiths of the City of London for the time being, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered, or after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, for which such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits shall be brought; and all such Actions or Suits, shall be laid and tried in the County, City or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, and every of them, may plead the General Issue, and give that Act and the said recited Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial or Trials which shall be had thereupon, and that the Matter or Thing for or on which such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits shall be brought, was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act and the said recited Act; and if the said Matter or Thing shall appear to have been so done, or if it shall appear that such Action or Suit was brought before Thirty Days' Notice was given, as before directed, or that sufficient Satisfaction was made or tendered or paid into Court as aforesaid, or if any such Action or Suit shall not be commenced within the time before for that Purpose limited, or shall be laid in any other County, City or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and if a Verdict shall be found for such Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, shall become convicted, or suffer a Discontinuance of such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, or if, upon a Demurrer or Demurrers in such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants therein; then and in either of the cases aforesaid, such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy and Remedies for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants may have for the Recovery of his, her or their Costs in other cases by Law.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Proof House Accounts settled.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Accounts of the said Proof House (a), and of all Sums of Money to be paid, laid out and expended in the Conduct and Management thereof, and carrying on the same, and of all Sums to be paid in respect of any Interest or Principal of any Sums advanced and expended under the said recited Act or this Act, in the building, completing and establishing the same, and of all Sums to be received under the Provisions of the said Act and this Act, shall once in each Year be audited by some Justice of the Peace sitting at Birmingham or within Seven Miles thereof.

(i.e. at Birmingham. Qc.)

35 G. 3. c. 119.
14 is put
repealed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in and under such Parts of the said recited Act as relate to the Lord Lieutenants of the respective Counties of Warwick, Worcester and Stafford, and the Persons serving in Parliament for the said Counties respectively for the time being, and Robert Wheeler, John Adams, Thomas Archer junior, Richard Sutherland, John Hooley, John Ogilvie, William Ryan, Bartholomew Rodgers, John Williams Kizer, John Smith, William Alport, John Jones, George Jones, Gad Pughan, Joseph Bannay, and their Successors, to be chosen in manner hereinafter directed, should be a Body Politic and Corporate, and called or known by the Name of "The Guardians, Trustees and Wardens of the Gun-bored Proof House of the Town of Birmingham," for the Purpose of proving, or causing to be proved, in the manner directed by the said recited Act, all Barrels for Guns, Fowling Pieces, Blunderbusses, Pistols, and every other Description of Fire Arms which should be brought to the Proof House at Birmingham to be proved according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, the Lord Lieutenants of the respective Counties of Warwick, Worcester and Stafford, and the Persons serving in Parliament for the said Counties respectively for the time being, and Robert Wheeler, John Adams, Thomas Archer junior, Richard Sutherland, John Hooley, John Ogilvie, William Ryan, Bartholomew Rodgers, John Williams Kizer, John Smith, William Alport, John Jones, George Jones, Gad Pughan, Joseph Bannay, the High and Low Bailiff for the Town of Birmingham for the time being, and all Acting Magistrates residing within Seven Miles of the Town of Birmingham, and their Successors to be chosen in manner directed by the said recited Act, shall be and they are hereby declared to be a Body Politic and Corporate, and shall be called or known by the Name of "The Guardians, Trustees and Wardens of the Gun-bored Proof House of the Town of Birmingham," for the Purpose of proving or causing to be proved, in the manner directed by the said recited Act, all Barrels for Guns, Fowling Pieces, Blunderbusses, Pistols, and every other Description of Fire Arms which shall be brought to the Proof House at Birmingham to be proved according to the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Company of Gunsmiths, &c. of Gun Bored Proof House of Birmingham incorporated.

Public Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. IX.

An Act to repeal several Acts relating to the Execution of Letters of Attorney and Wills of Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, in His Majesty's Navy, and to make new Provisions respecting the same.

[25th May 1815.]

WHEREAS the consolidating the several Laws relating to the Payment of the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money, due to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, and making such further Provisions respecting the same, as from Experience has been found to be necessary, would be attended with great Advantages to that Description of Persons; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act passed in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the better procuring the Embarkment of His Majesty's Ships of War, and preventing Cheats, Frauds and Abuses in paying Seamen's Wages*, as relates to the Crimes of perjurying Seamen, and of Forgery therein mentioned, and of perjurying the Wives, Relations or Creditors of such Seamen (a); and to Letters of Attorney and Wills made by such Seamen; and also so much of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the better procuring the Payment of Shares of Prizes taken from the Enemy, to the Royal Hospital of Greenwich, and for procuring the Embarkment of Goods and Drums belonging to the said Hospital*, as relates to such Letters of Attorney; and also so much of an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for the gradual, frequent and certain Payment of their Wages, and for making them more safe and ready to credit the same for the Support of their Wives and Families, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending such Payments*, as relates to Letters of Attorney made by inferior Officers or Seamen in the Service of His Majesty, or by the Executors or Administrators of any such Seamen; and to the Sum to be taken for the Writing and fang forth of the Probate of any Wills or Letters of Administration, granted to the Widow or Child, Father or Mother, Brother or Sister of any inferior Officer, Seaman or Marine; and also as to the Crimes of perjurying or falsely attesting the Name or Character of any Officer, Seaman or other Person, or the Executor or Administrator, Wife, Relation or Creditor of such Officer, Seaman or other Person, and of Forgery, and taking or procuring any other Person to take a false Oath therein mentioned; and also so much of an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating so much of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of His late Majesty Queen Anne, as relates to the Harbour Meetings of the Royal Navy, and for the more effectual Prosecution of such Harbour Meetings, and Punishment of Persons guilty of stealing or embarking His Majesty's Naval Stores, or of Forgery or Perjury in relation to Seamen's Wages*, as relates to the Crimes of Forgery or Perjury therein mentioned, and to the Abstract of the Provisions and Regulations of the said Act (b) thereby directed to be made; and also an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further procuring Frauds and Abuses attending the Payment of Wages, Prize Money, and other Allowances due for the Service of Petty Officers and Seamen on board any of His Majesty's Ships*; and also an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for the further procuring Frauds and Abuses attending the Payment of Wages, Prize Money, and other Allowances, due for the Service of Petty Officers and Seamen on board any of His Majesty's Ships*; and for further extending the Benefits thereof to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, serving, or who may have served on board any of His Majesty's Ships; and also so much of an Act passed in the said Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for extending certain Acts therein mentioned to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, serving, or who may have served on board any of His Majesty's Ships, and residing in Ireland, as directs Abuses therein, and of other Acts of Parliament therein mentioned, to be made out, printed, hung up and read in His Majesty's Ships and Vessels*; and also so much of an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money, and Allowance of Wages, to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy*, as relates to the executing and attesting of Wills made by Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, before or after their Entry into His Majesty's Service, and to the Authority given to such Persons, after their Discharge from such Service, to give Orders for the Payment of Bounties to a limited Amount, on the Treasury of the Navy; and also so much of the same Act as describes who shall be deemed Petty or inferior Officers, Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines; and to the Penalty of Forgery and attesting the Signatures of any Master, Churchwarden, Elder or Habitant of any Parish; and also so much of the same Act as inflicts Penalties on Prebends or other Persons for delivering Letters of Administration or Probates of Wills, to any other Person than the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy; and on Agents for paying Prize Money under any other Authority than the Check therein mentioned; and also so much of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and the Transmission of Accounts and Payment of Balances to Greenwich Hospital*, as directs that all

(a) [See 1 G. 1. Stat. 2. c. 25. § 7. E.]

(b) [This Abstrait was contained in 31 G. 2. c. 10. § 34. and was repealed by 38 G. 2. c. 59. § 15. and for § 27. of the Act.]

the

Exceptions.

Made of account
by Letters of
Attorney and
Wills.

the Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Forfeitures and Penalties respecting the Distribution of Prize Money, and the accounting for and paying over the Proceeds of Prize in the said Act contained, shall be extended to all Seizures under the Revenue Laws, and to Grants of His Majesty's Bounties granted by Parliament, and other Monies in the Hands of Prize Agents as therein mentioned; shall be, and the same are hereby severally repealed, to all Intests and Purposes whithersoever; save and except as to any Officers or Crews which may have been or shall be committed against the said Acts or any of them, before the Commencement of this Act, and the Prosecutions and Punishment of such Officers or Crews; and also save and except as to all Letters of Attorney and Wills made by such Petty Officers or Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, prior to the Commencement of this Act; all which said Letters of Attorney and Wills shall be of the same Force and Effect, and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as the same were subject to under the said recited Acts or any of them before the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Will made by any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, before his Entry into His Majesty's Service, shall be valid to pass or begeth any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, to accrue due for or in respect of the Service of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in His Majesty's Navy; and that no Letter of Attorney to be hereafter made by any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall be or shall have been in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Executors or Administrators of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be good, valid or sufficient to empower or enable any Person or Persons to receive any Wages, Pay or other Allowance of Money of any kind, due or to grow due for the Service of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, on board any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, unless such Letter of Attorney shall be declared to be revocable by the express Words thereof; and that no such Letter of Attorney shall be good, valid or sufficient to empower or enable any Person or Persons to receive any such Wages, Pay or other Allowance of Money; one shall any Will made or to be made by any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall be or shall have been in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or at any time since, be good, valid or sufficient to begeth any such Wages, Pay or other Allowance of Money, or any Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or to grow due, to any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, unless such Letter of Attorney or Will respectively shall contain the Name of the Ship to which the Person executing the same belonged at the time, or to which he last belonged; or in case such Letter of Attorney shall be made by an Executor, or Administrator, shall contain the Name of the Ship to which his or her Testator or Intestate last belonged in his Lifetime; and also in every case a full Description of the Degree of Relationship or Residence of the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Favor, either as Attorney or Attorneys, Executor or Executors, the same shall be granted or made; and also the Day of the Month and Year, and the Name of the Place when and where the same shall have been executed; and shall any such Letter of Attorney or Will be good, valid or sufficient for the Purposes aforesaid, unless the same respectively shall, in the several cases hereinafter specified, be executed and attested in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, In case any such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be made by any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, at any time or times while they shall respectively belong to and be on board of any Ship or Vessel belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as Part of the Complement thereof, or be borne on the Books of any such Ship or Vessel as a Supernumerary, or as so Enrolled, or for Victuals only, unless such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by the Captain or other Officer having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, or (during the Absence of such Captain or other Officer on Leave or on separate Service) by the Commanding Officer of such Ship or Vessel for the time being; and who, in that case, shall first in the Foot of such Attestation the Acknowledgment of such Captain or other Commanding Officer from such Ship or Vessel, at the time of the Execution of such Will or Letter of Attorney, and the Occasion thereof; or in case of the Inability of such Captain or Commanding Officer, by reason of Wounds or Sickness, to attest any such Will or Letter of Attorney, then, unless such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by the First Lieutenant or other Officer next in command of such Ship or Vessel, who shall first in the Foot of such Attestation the Inability of such Captain or Commanding Officer to attest the same; In case any such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be made by any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in any of His Majesty's Hospitals, or on board of any of His Majesty's Hospital Ships, or in any Military or Merchant Hospital, or at any Sick Quarters either at Home or Abroad, unless such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by the Governor, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Agent or Chaplain of any such Hospital or Sick Quarters of His Majesty, or by the Commanding Officer, Agent, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon or Chaplain for the time being of any such Hospital Ship, or by the Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Agent, Chaplain or Chief Officer of such Military or Merchant Hospital, or other Sick Quarters, or one of them; In case any such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be made by any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, on board of any Ship or Vessel in the Transport Service, or in any Merchant Ship or Vessel, unless the same shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by some Commissioned or Warrant Officer, or Chaplain in His Majesty's Navy, or some Commissioned Officer or Chaplain belonging to His Majesty's Land Forces or Royal Marines, or the Governor, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, or Agent of any Hospital in His Majesty's Naval or Military Service, who may happen to be then on board of such Transport, or Merchant Vessel, or by the Master or First Mate of such Transport or Merchant Vessel, or One of them; In case any such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be made by any such Petty

Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, after he shall have been discharged from His Majesty's Service; or if such Letter of Attorney shall be made by the Executors or Administrators of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, unless the same (if the Party making such Letter of Attorney or Will shall then reside in London or Westminster, or within the Bills of Mortality) shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by the Inspector for the time being of Seamen's Wills and Powers of Attorney, or his Assistant or Clerk; or unless the same (if the Party making such Letter of Attorney or Will shall then reside at or within the Distance of Seven Miles from any Port or Place where the Wages of Seamen in His Majesty's Service are paid) shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by any of the Clerks in the Office of the Treasurer of the Navy resident at such Port or Place; or unless the same (if the Party making such Letter of Attorney or Will shall then reside in any other Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man) shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or by the Minister or Officiating Minister or Curate of the Parish or Place in which such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be executed; or unless the same (if the Party making such Letter of Attorney or Will shall then reside in any other Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or any Colony, Plantation, Settlement, Fort, Factory, or any other Foreign Possession or Dependency of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any Settlement within the Charter of the East India Company) shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by some Commission or Warrant Officer or Chaplain of His Majesty's Navy, or Commission Officer of Royal Marines, or the Commandeer of the Navy, or Naval Storekeeper at One of His Majesty's Naval Yards, or a Minister of the Church of England or Scotland, or a Magistrate or principal Officer, residing in any such Island, Colony, Plantation, Settlement, Fort, Factory, or other Possession or Dependency of His Majesty, or Settlement within the Charter of the East India Company (or if the Party making such Letter of Attorney or Will shall then reside at any Place not within His Majesty's Dominions, or any Settlement, Fort, Factory, or other Foreign Possession or Dependency of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any Settlement within the Charter of the East India Company), unless the same shall be executed in the Presence of and attested by the British Consul or Vice Consul, or some Officer having a Public Appointment or Commission, Civil, Naval or Military under His Majesty's Government, or by a Magistrate or Notary Public, of or near the Place where such Letter of Attorney or Will shall be executed.

III. And Whereas down Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, have made their Wills, and died whilst they were Prisoners of War in Parts beyond the Seas; and Doubts have arisen whether such Wills, and also Letters of Attorney made and executed under like circumstances, are good, valid and sufficient to bequeath or to empower any Person to receive Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money of any Kind, due at the respective times of making such Letters of Attorney, or at the Deaths of the Parties respectively, by reason that the same were not executed and attested in the manner directed by the said recited Acts or any of them; and it is therefore expedient to provide, that such Letters of Attorney and Wills shall, in certain cases, be good and valid. Be it therefore enacted, That every such Letter of Attorney and Will, which have or hath been, or which at any time or times hereafter shall be made by any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, at any time or times whilst they were or shall be respectively Prisoners of War in Parts beyond the Seas, are and shall be as good, valid and sufficient, and of such and the same force, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been respectively executed and attested in the manner required by the said recited Acts or any of them; provided every such Letter of Attorney or Will shall have been executed in the Presence of and attested by some Commission or Warrant Officer of His Majesty's Navy, Commission Officer of Royal Marines, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Agent or Chaplain to some Naval Hospital, or some Commission Officer, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon or Chaplain of the Army, or any Notary Public; any thing in the said recited Acts or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; but so as not to invalidate or disturb any Payment which hath been already made under any Letter of Administration, Certificate, or otherwise, pursuant to the said recited Acts or any of them, in consequence of the Revocation of any such Wills as may have been rejected by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills for want of the due Attestation thereof, according to the Directions of the said recited Acts or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Will of any Seaman, contained, printed or written in the same Instrument, Paper or Parchment, with a Letter of Attorney, shall be good or available in Law, to any Intent or Purpose whatever.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Captains and Commanders of Ships shall, upon their Monthly Master Books or Returns, specify which of the Persons mentioned in the said Returns have made or granted any Letter of Attorney or Will during that Month or other Space of time from the preceding Return, by inserting the Date thereof opposite the Party's Name, under the Heads of "Letter of Attorney," or "Will," or both, as the case may require.

VI. And be it further enacted, That before any such Letter of Attorney or Will, as in the Act mentioned, shall be attempted to be acted upon or put in force, the same shall be sent to the Treasurer of the Navy at the Navy Pay Office London, in order that the same may be examined by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Letters of Attorney, who, or his Assistant, shall immediately on Receipt of every such Letter of Attorney and Will, duly register the same respectively, in a consecrated and alphabetical manner, in separate Books to be kept for that Purpose, specifying the Date of such Letter of Attorney or Will, the Place where executed, and the Name and Addition, Name and Addition of the Person or Persons to whom or in whose Favour, either as Attorney or Attorneys, Executors or Executors, the same shall have been granted or made; and also the Names and Additions of the Witnesses attesting the same, and shall mark the said Letters of Attorney and Wills,

Letters of Attorney, &c. executed in Foreign Prisons will, if needed as far as is practicable.

Seamen's Wills not to come in. Seamen with Letters of Attorney. Wills, &c. entered on Master Books.

Letters of Attorney and Wills examined by Inspector, and registered in separate Books.

Wills, with Numbers corresponding with the Numbers made on the Entries thereof in the said Books; and the said Inspector shall take all due and proper means to ascertain the Authenticity of every such Letter of Attorney and Will; and in case it shall appear to him, or he shall have reason to suspect that any such Letter of Attorney or Will is not authentic, he shall forthwith give Notice in Writing to the Person or Persons to whom or in whose Favour such Letter of Attorney or Will shall have been granted or made, either as Attorney or Attorneys, Executor or Executors, that the same is forged, and the reason thereof, and shall also report the same to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy, and shall enter his caveat against such Letter of Attorney or Will, which shall prevent any Money from being had and recovered thereon, until the same shall be authenticated to the Satisfaction of the said Treasurer or Paymaster; but if upon such Examination and Enquiry it shall appear to the said Treasurer, Paymaster or Inspector, that such Letter of Attorney or Will is authentic, the said Inspector, or his Assistant, shall sign his Name to such Letter of Attorney or Will, and also put a Stamp thereon in Token of his Approbation thereof; and the said Inspector, or his Assistant, shall, as to such Letters of Attorney which shall have been so approved and signed as aforesaid, forthwith send to such Attorney or Attorneys a Check, signed by him the said Inspector or his Assistant, specifying the Number of such Letter of Attorney, the Name and Addition of the Person granting the same, the Name and Addition of the Person in whose Favour the same is granted, the Date and Place when and where executed, and the Names of the Witnesses attesting the same, which said Check shall be a sufficient Authority for the said Attorney or Attorneys to demand and receive Payment of, and to give Acquittances for all such Wages, Pay or other Allowances of Money, to which the Person granting the same was entitled for his Service on board any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Letter of Attorney made or executed by any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be passed, stamped and allowed by the said Inspector, until a Certificate shall be produced to him from the Captain, or Commanding Officer of the Ship or Vessel to which such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine belonged, during the time for which the Wages, Pay or other Allowances to be received under or by virtue of such Letter of Attorney, became due; which Certificate shall be in the Form following, or to the like Effect:

No Letter of Attorney passed by Inspector until Certificate produced.

Form.

* No.

“ THESE are to certify, That A. B. has served in _____ on board of His Majesty's Ship _____ under my Command, from the _____ to the _____

“ Dated the _____ of _____ A. B. is _____ Feet _____

“ Inches High, is _____ of a _____ Complexion, and aged _____ Years.”

Unless such Power of Attorney shall have been made and executed on board the Ship or Vessel to which such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine belonged, as the Master and Form directed by this Act, or such reasonable Cause shall be shown to and allowed of by the said Treasurer, Paymaster or Inspector, for dispensing with such Certificate.

Executors to obtain Probate of Wills in cases hereinafter mentioned.

VIII. And be it enacted, That where any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, has died, or shall hereafter die, having left a Will or Testament appointing any Executor or Executors therein, no Pay, Wages, Private Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money, which may have been due or owing to such Testator at the time of his Death, shall be paid over to or recovered by such Executor or Executors, except upon the Probate of such Will, to be obtained in the following manner; *viz.* when such Will shall have been so transmitted, registered, inspected and approved, as heretofore directed, the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers of Attorney shall cause or cause to be issued, to the Person named and described as Executor or Executors of such Will, a Check in lieu thereof, containing Directions to return the same, upon the Testator's Death, to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy; which Check shall be in the Words and Figures, or to the Purport or Effect following; that is to say,

* No.

* CHECK.

* Navy Pay Office,

18

“ IT being directed by Act of Parliament, 55 Geo. III. Cap. _____ that Wills granted by Petty Officers _____ and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, belonging to His Majesty's Navy, shall be lodged in this Office for the Purposes therein specified; and that a Check shall be issued for every such Will, mentioning the particular Heads thereof, which by virtue of the said Act shall stand in the Place of the same: This is therefore issued to show the Receipt at this Office, of a Will dated at [ar], on board _____ of _____ upon the _____ Day of _____ made and executed by A. B. now _____ of _____ formerly of His Majesty's Ship _____ in Favour of G. D. and appointing E. F. Executor [or, Executrix] and which is attested by G. H. and J. K. The said E. F. upon the Testator's Death, is entitled, upon Production of this Check, to demand of this Office, that the said Will may be directed and sent to a Proctor in *Duties* Cause to obtain a Probate thereof, which Probate is also to be lodged in this Office; I _____ now apply for a Certificate, to enable me to obtain Probate of the above mentioned Will, being the Executor [or, Executrix] therein named.—My Place of Abode is at _____

“ (Signed) E. F.”

* WE

* WE hereby certify, That we perfectly know the above subscribing *E. F.* the present Holder of this
 * Check, who is an Inhabitant of this Parish; and that we believe him [or, her] to be the Person
 * described as Executor, [or, Executrix] therein.

* *L. M.*

* *N. O.*

* Both Housekeepers of the Parish of
 * in the County of

I hereby certify, That I have examined the above named *E. F.* the Executor [or, Executrix] and also
 * the above named *L. M.* and *N. O.* [Inhabitant Householders in this Parish] in to their Knowledge of
 * the said *E. F.* and of his [or, her] being the Executor [or, Executrix] of the Will of the above
 * named *A. B.* as he [or, she] represents himself [or, herself] to be; and that I am satisfied with
 * their Answers, and have seen the said *E. F.* sign the said Petition or Application, and the said *L. M.*
 * and *N. O.* sign the said Certificate in my Presence.

* The said *E. F.* the Executor, [or, Executrix], is Feet Inches high, Com-
 * plexion, Eyes, Hair, Age, particular Marks.

* At } *P. Q.* Minister.

* N. B. If the Testator shall die after he leaves this Naval Service, a Certificate of his Death, or some
 * other authentic Proof of his Death, shall likewise be sent to this Office.

* If the Executor [or, Executrix] knows any Person in *Doffers Commor*, be [or, she] is desired to
 * mention his Name, that he may be employed in obtaining the Probate.

* The above Application and Certificate are to be filed up and signed upon the Testator's Death, and
 * the Check to be sent by the General Post, under Cover directed to the Treasurer, or, to the Pay-
 * master of His Majesty's Navy, London.

And in the Event of the Testator's Death, the Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate of the Parish in which
 the said Executor or Executrix may then reside, shall, upon being applied to for his Signature to the Certi-
 ficate at the Foot of the said Check, examine such Executor or Executrix, and such Two Inhabitant House-
 holders of the Parish, as may be disposed to sign the said Certificate on the said Check, touching the Claim
 of the said Executor or Executrix; and being satisfied of his or her being the Person described as Executor
 or Executrix in the said Check, the said Executor or Executrix shall subscribe the Application signed upon
 the said Check (the Blank therein being first filled up agreeably to the Truth), in the Presence of the said
 Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate; and the said Two Inhabitant Householders shall also subscribe
 the said First Certificate on the said Check (the Blanks therein being first filled up agreeably to the Truth)
 in the like Presence; for which respective Purposes the said Executor or Executrix, and the said Householders,
 shall attend at each Time and Place, Times and Places, as the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate
 shall appoint; and the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate shall sign the Second Certificate on the said
 Check (the Blanks therein, and in the Description thereunto subscribed, being first filled up agreeably to the
 Truth); and the said Executor or Executrix shall, before his or her Examination, or his or her signing the
 said Application, pay to the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, a Fee of Two Shillings and Six
 pence for his Trouble on the Occasion; and the said Application and Certificate, being in all things com-
 pleted according to the Direction therein and heretofore given, the same shall be transmitted by the said Minister,
 Officiating Minister or Curate, by the General Post, addressed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of the
 Navy, London; and the said original Will having been passed and ranged in the manner directed by this Act,
 the Inspector of Seamen's Wills, or his Assistant, shall note thereon the Amount of the Wages due to the
 Decedent, as calculated on the Search sent to the Inspector from the Navy Office, and shall forward such
 Will as a Preceptor in *Doffers Commor*, in order to his obtaining Probate thereof: And in case the Executor
 or Executrix shall not reside within the Bills of Mortality, the said Inspector shall also forward to such
 Preceptor a Letter addressed to the said Minister, in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

* No.

* Reverend Sir,

* Navy Pay Office,

* 18

* I AM directed by Act of Parliament, 55 Geo. III. Chap. to forward to you the inclosed Commis-
 * sion [or, Requisition] for the Purpose of issuing *E. F.* therein named as Executor [or, Executrix] of
 * the Will of *A. B.* late a Seaman [or, Marine] in His Majesty's Navy, deceased, which Commission, [or,
 * Requisition] when executed, you will be pleased to return, addressed as follows: * To the Treasurer [or, To
 * the Paymaster] of His Majesty's Navy, London, specifying and describing the Residue General of the
 * said *E. F.*, the Collector of the Customs, or of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, whole Abode is
 * near to the Executor [or, Executrix] and who will be directed to pay him [or, her] the Wages due to
 * the Decedent.

* The Copy of the Will may be delivered to the Executor [or, Executrix].

* I am, Reverend Sir,

* Your most obedient Servant,

* *J. P.* Inspector.

* To *P. Q.* Minister of the Parish

* of in the

* County of

Day of Proctor.

And each Proctor having received the said Will, and the said Letter so written by the Inspector (in case such Letter shall be necessary), shall immediately set out the previous Commission or Requisition, or take such other proper and legal Steps as may be necessary towards enabling the said Executor or Executors, to apply for Probate of the said Will, to obtain the same; and shall enclose in the said Letter such previous Commission or Requisition, or other legal or necessary Instrument, with Instructions for executing the same, and also a Copy of the said Will; and the said Letter and Inclosures shall be forwarded to the said Minister by the General Post, agreeably to the Address put thereon by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills as aforesaid.

They of Middlesex or Devonshire Commission.

IX. And be it further enacted, That each Minister shall immediately upon the Receipt of such previous Commission or Requisition, or other Instrument, take such Steps as to him may seem proper or necessary for procuring the Execution of such previous Commission or Requisition, or other Instrument, directed by the Proctor employed in Duties Common to be executed, and the same being so executed, he shall transmit the same to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, London; and if the Person applying for such Probate of Will, shall be and reside at a Distance from the Place where Wages, Prize Money, or other Allowances of Money due to the Decedent are payable, he shall pass by and deliver the Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Chiquen, who may be most convenient or search to the Person applying for such Probate; and the said Treasurer, Paymaster or Inspector, shall, immediately upon Receipt thereof, send the said previous Commission or Requisition, or other legal Instrument, executed by the Person applying for the Probate as aforesaid, to the aforesaid Proctor in Duties Common, who, in pursuance thereof, shall forthwith set out and procure such Probate.

Wages of Pay-
ment dying land
into partially
upon Admiralty
Seamen obtained
in manner herein
mentioned.

X. And be it further enacted, That when any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, has died, or hereafter shall die intestate, leaving any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money of any Kind due to him, in respect of Services in His Majesty's Navy, the same shall not be paid unto any Representatives of such seafarer but upon Letters of Administration to be obtained in the following manner: viz. the Person or Persons claiming such Administration shall send or give in a Note or Letter to the said Inspector, stating his or her Place of Abode, and the Parish in which the same is situate, the Name of the Decedent, the Name of the Ship or Ships to which he belonged, and that he or the bus been informed of his Death, and requesting the Inspector to give such Directions as may enable him or her to procure Letters of Administration to the Decedent, or to the like Effects upon Receipt whereof the said Inspector shall send or cause to be sent, by Course of Post, under Cover to the Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate of the Parish wherein the said Claimant shall reside, a Petition or Paper in the Words and Figures following, or to the like Purport and Effect;

* No.

* LIST.

- * 1st Degree - Widow.
- * 2d - - - Child.
- * 3d - - - Father.
- * 4th - - - Mother.
- * 5th - - - Brother or Sister.
- * 6th - - - Grandfather or Grandmother.
- * 7th - - - Uncle, Aunt, Nephew or Niece.
- * 8th - - - Cousin German.
- * 9th - - - Cousin German once removed.
- * 10th - - - Second Cousin.

* Sir,
Having obtained Information that A. B. born about the Year _____ and belonging to His Majesty's Ship _____ died at _____ in the Month of _____ of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____ without leaving any Will, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, I now apply for a Certificate to enable me to obtain Letters of Administration

- * to his Effects, being his lawful _____ and sole [or, One of his] next of Kin; so one to the best of my Knowledge and Belief of a nearer Degree being living at the time of the Death of the said Decedent,
- * who died a Bachelor [or, Widower]. — My Place of Abode is _____

* C. D.

- * We hereby certify, That we personally know the above subscribing C. D. and believe what he [or, she] has stated to be true.

* E. F.

* G. H.

- * both Inhabitant Householdors of the Parish of _____
- * in the County of _____

- * I hereby Certify, That I have reviewed the above named C. D. who claims Administration to A. B. late a _____ belonging to His Majesty's Ship _____ and also the above named E. F. and G. H. (Inhabitant Householdors of this Parish) as to their Knowledge of the said C. D. and of his [or, her] Right to administer to the Effects of the said A. B. and that I am satisfied with their Answers, and have seen the said C. D. sign the above Application or Petition, and also seen the said E. F. and G. H. sign the above Certificate.

- * The said C. D. is _____ Feet _____ Inches high, _____ Complexion, _____ Eyes, _____ Hair, _____ Age, _____ particular Marks.
- * At _____ this _____ Day of _____ 18 _____ { P. Q. Minister. }

* N. B. If

- * N. B. If the Person applying is the Widow of the Party deceased, she must forward an Extract from the Parish Register, or some other authentic Proof of her Marriage.
- * If the Deceased died after he had left the Naval Service, an Extract from the Parish Register of his Burial, or some other authentic Proof of his Death, must likewise be sent to this Office.
- * If the Person applying knows any Professor in *Dutty's Commem.* the [ar, he] is desired to mention his Name, that he may be employed in obtaining the Letters of Administration.
- * This Application, when filed up and attested, is to be sent by the General Post, under Cover, directed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, London.

And the said Inspector shall at the same time send or cause to be sent to each Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, a Letter, acquainting him with the Nature of the Claim and the Steps to be taken thereon, in presence of the Direction hereinafter in that behalf continued; and also send or cause to be sent, in like manner, to the Claimant a Letter, advising him, or her, of the forwarding of the said Petition or Paper under Cover, to each Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, and directing him to take such Steps as are hereinafter directed, for the Purpose of substantiating his Claim to the Satisfaction of the said Inspector; and upon Receipt of the said Petition or Paper and Letter, the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, shall, on being applied to for his Signature to the said Paper, examine the Claimant, and also such Two Inhabitant Household-ers of the Parish as may be disposed to sign the said Certificate as the said Paper, touching the Right of such Claimant to the Administration to the Effects of the Intestate, according to the Degree of Relationship stated in such Petition, and being satisfied of such Right, the Person claiming such Administration shall fill up or cause to be filled up, the several Blanks in the First Part of the said Paper, according as the Truth may be, and subscribe the same in the Presence of the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, and the said Two Inhabitant Household-ers shall also subscribe the said Certificate on the said Paper (the Blanks therein being first filled up agreeably to the Truth) in the like Presence; for which respective Purposes the said Claimant and the said Household-ers shall attend at such such Time and Place, Times and Places, as the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate shall appoint; and the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate shall sign the several Certificates upon the aforesaid Paper, (the Blanks therein and in the Description therewith subjoined, being first filled up agreeably to the Truth), and the said Claimant shall, before his or her Examination, or his or her signing the said Petition or Application, pay to the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, a Fee of Two Shillings and Six pence for his Trouble on the Occasion; and the said Paper being in all things completed according to the Direction therein and hereby given, the same shall be returned by the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, by the General Post, addressed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of the Navy, London, who upon receiving the same shall direct the Inspector of Seamen's Wills to examine the same, and make such Enquiry relative thereto, as may appear to him necessary in that behalf; and being satisfied, he shall forthwith make out a Certificate in the Words and Figures following, or to the like Purport or Effect;

* No.

* By Act of Parliament, 55 Geo. III. Chap.

* Certificate to obtain Letters of Administration.

* Navy Pay Office.

* **HAVING** duly examined an Application made to this Office, by C. D. of in the County of of stating that he [ar, he] is the of A. B. originally of and late a Seaman [ar, Mariner] belonging to His Majesty's Ship who died intestate a Widower [ar, Bachelor] on the Day of 18 and without leaving any One of a nearer Degree of kindred to him; and it appearing that no Will of the Deceased has been lodged in this Office, I therefore give this Affidavit of the said Application, and certify, that I believe what is therein stated to be true; and also that the said C. D. may obtain Letters of Administration to the Effects of the said A. B. deceased, which Effects appear not to exceed the Sum of provided always, that the [ar, he] is otherwise entitled thereto by Law.

* J. P. Inspector.

* To

* Professor in *Dutty's Commem.*

- * N. B. The previous Commission or Requisition (if such should be necessary) is to be addressed agreeably to the Superintendence of the within Cover in which the same is to be enclosed, and forwarded by the Professor; and when such Commission or Requisition shall be returned to this Office, it will be forwarded to him, and he is then to be out Letters of Administration, and send them to the Inspector, with his Charge sealed thereon.

And after filling up the Blanks in the said Certificate, as the case may require, the said Inspector shall sign and address the same to a Professor in *Dutty's Commem.*; and in case the Person claiming Administration shall not reside within the Bills of Mortality, the said Inspector shall at the same time enclose and send with such Certificate a Letter addressed to the Minister and Churchwardens, or Elders, as the case may be, of the Parish within which such Person then shall reside, signifying the Transmission of such Commission or Requisition, for the Purpose of forwarding the Claimant as Administrator or Administratrix as aforesaid; provided in the best of the said Minister's or Curate's Belief, he or she answers the Description contained in the same; and instructing him to return the Commission or Requisition, when executed, under Cover, addressed to the Treasurer or to the

the Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, London, and so specify and describe the Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, whole Abode is nearest to the Person applying for such Administration, and who will be directed to pay him or her the Wages due to the Decedent; and the Proctor to whom such Certificate shall be addressed and sent, shall, immediately upon Receipt of the same, sue out the previous Commission or Requisition, if necessary, or take such other Steps as may be proper towards enabling the Person so applying for Letters of Administration, to obtain the same, and shall enclose forth previous Commission or Requisition, or other legal and necessary Instrument, with Instructions for executing the same, in the Letter to be addressed to such Minister, by the said Inspector, as last aforesaid, and shall forward such Letter and Enclosures by the General Post, agreeably to the Address put thereon by the Treasurer of the Navy, the Paymaster of the Navy, or the said Inspector.

If Minister, &c.
Writ Petition,
to take evidence as
Treasurer of
Navy.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate shall reject the said Petition or Paper for want of Proof to his Satisfaction of the Claimant being the Person entitled to Letters of Administration of the Decedent's Effects, such Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, shall state his reasons for such Rejection on the said Petition or Paper, and forthwith return the same, addressed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of the Navy as aforesaid; and in case no Application shall be made to him the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate by the Claimant, or no effectual Steps shall be taken by such Claimant, so as to complete the said Petition or Paper, and the Certificate thereon, within the Space of Two Calendar Months from the Date of the Inspector's Letter accompanying such Petition or Paper, he the said Minister, Officiating Minister or Curate, shall at the Expiration of that time forthwith return the said Petition or Paper, addressed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of the Navy as aforesaid, with his reasons for doing so noted thereon.

Minister or re-
ceiving Com-
mission to pre-
pare Evidence,
and transmit
same to Pay
Office.

XII. And be it enacted, That such Minister shall, immediately upon the Receipt of such Letter as aforesaid, with the previous Commission or Requisition or other Instrument enclosed therein, take such Steps as to him may seem proper or necessary for procuring the execution of such previous Commission or Requisition, or other Instrument transmitted by the Proctor to be executed; and being so executed, he shall transmit the same to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, London; and if the Person so applying for such Letters of Administration shall be or reside at a Distance from the Place where the Wages, Prize Money or other Allowances of Money due to the Decedent, are payable, he or they shall specify and describe the Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, who may be best conversant or nearest to such Person applying for such Administration; and the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy shall, immediately upon the Receipt thereof, send the said previous Commission or Requisition, or other legal Instrument executed by the person applying for the Administration as aforesaid, to the Proctor employed in *Debtor Causes*, who in pursuance thereof shall forthwith sue out and procure Letters of Administration in Favour of the Person so applying for the same, in the Manner and Form above mentioned, to the Effect and Effects of the Person who has so died Intestate, as aforesaid.

Treasurer or
Paymaster of
Navy, to direct
Inspector to
due Clerk, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any Letters of Administration, or Probates of Wills, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, have been obtained, and passed the Seal of the proper Court in the manner heretofore directed in the different Events heretofore specified, the Proctor who hath sued out the same shall immediately send such Letters of Administration or Probates of Wills, and Letters of Administration with Will annexed, addressed to the Treasurer or to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, together with a Copy of the Will, and an Account of his or their Charges and Expenses in obtaining; the same; which said Charges and Expenses shall not exceed the Sum or Sums heretofore allowed to be charged in the different Events heretofore specified; and the said Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, upon receiving such Letters of Administration, or Probates of Wills, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, shall direct the Inspector of Seamen's Wills or the Person authorized to act for him, to issue or cause to be issued a Check containing the Heads of such Letters of Administration, or Probate of Wills, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, as the case may be; and the said Inspector, or the Person authorized to act for him; shall note thereon the Amount of the said Proctor or Proctors Charges and Expenses, provided the same shall be as and after the Rates heretofore allowed to be charged; and likewise specify and describe upon the said Check, the Revenue Officer or Clerk of the Cheque residing as aforesaid, to whom the said Inspector or Executor is to be sent to pay; Check, if such Commencement shall have been made to him; which Check of Letters of Administration, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, shall be delivered over by him to the said Administrator, and which Check of Probate of Will shall be delivered over by him to the said Executor, together with the Copy of the Will which shall have been so transmitted to him by the Proctor or Proctors in *Debtor Causes*, the said Copy being first stamped by the Inspector. If the said Administrator, or the said Administrator with Will annexed, or the said Executor, as the case may be, shall be present or demand the same in Person; but if he shall not be present, but be and reside at a Distance, then and in that case the said Inspector shall deliver such Check and such Copy of Will to the Deputy Paymaster; which Check shall be in the following Form, or to the like Effect;

* No.

* CHECK.

* Navy Pay Office,
Day of

* It being directed by Act of Parliament, Fifty-fifth George Third, Chap. 12, that Letters of Administration and Probates of Wills, granted to the Representatives of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, belonging to His Majesty's Navy, shall be lodged in the

* This Office, as Vouchers to the Treasurer for Payments made thereon, and that a Check shall be issued for every such Administration and Probate of Will, and Administration with Will annexed, specifying the particular Heads thereof, which, by virtue of the said Act, shall stand in place of the same; that a duplicate of the Receipt at this Office of Letters of Administration, Probate of Will, Letters of Administration with Will annexed granted to C. D. of the County of

as [Administrator Executor Administrator with Will annexed] of A. B. late of

His Majesty's Ship Dated the Day of

* No.

* Remittance Bill, to be addressed to

* The aforesaid [Letters of Administration, Probate of Will, Letters of Administration with Will annexed] were paid out by Profitor in Duties Customs, whose Charges amount to

* To the Deputy Paymaster of the Navy.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Proctor, Registrar or other Officer of any Ecclesiastical Court, shall deliver or cause to be delivered any Letters of Administration, Probate of Will or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, to any other Person or Persons than the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, or the said Inspector, in the manner directed by this Act, such Proctor, Registrar or other Officer of such Ecclesiastical Court, so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to the Use of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich; and if any Agent or Agents for Prizes shall pay any Prize Money due to a deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, under any other Authority whatsoever, than the Check directed by this Act to be issued by the said Inspector, or Person authorized to officiate for him, such Payment shall be null and void; and the Agent or Agents in paying the same, shall forfeit for every and each such Offence a Sum of Money equal to the Amount of the Prize Money so paid by him or them, to the Use of the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich; and to be paid him, recovered and levied, with full Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, either in the Name of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital, or in the Name of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, or any other Person by his Authority, in which Action or Actions, Proceedings, Writs of Law or more than One Imparience shall be allowed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Ecclesiastical Court or Registrar or Registrars of such Court, or any Proctor or other Person whatsoever, shall, under any Pretence, take and receive any money for the Stamp, Seal, Postage, Writing, Fees and Trouble attending the issuing forth the Probate of any Will or Letters of Administration to the Heirs of any Warrent or Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine respectively, for the Purpose of receiving Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money of any Kind, which shall remain due to such Warrent or Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, at the time of his Death, or for or in respect of his Services in His Majesty's Navy, than the several Sums specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked (B.) according to the different Circumstances therein expressed: Provided nevertheless, that if at any time or times hereafter any Interest or Donations shall take place in the Stamp Duties now payable on Probates of Wills or Letters of Administration to the Heirs of Warrent or Petty Officers or Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, or on any Instruments connected therewith, then and in such case the Charges for such Probates and Administrations shall and may be increased or diminished to the Extent of such Alteration in the Stamp Duties, but no further or otherwise.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers, Proctor or Proctors, or any other Person or Persons shall presume to take any more than the several Sums allowed and directed to be taken, in the different Events specified in the said Schedule hereunto annexed marked (B.) for the Charges of Probates, Letters of Administration, Commissions and Requisitions, in the manner therein particularly mentioned and expressed, the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere, together with full Costs of Suit, in which no Effect, Protection, Writs of Law or more than One Imparience shall be allowed; or if any Registrar or other Officer of any Ecclesiastical Court shall knowingly or wilfully be aiding or abetting in procuring Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration, for the Purpose of enabling any Person or Persons to receive the Wages, Pay, Prize Money or Allowance of Money of any Kind, due or becoming due for the Services of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine on board any Ship or Ships then or formerly belonging to His Majesty or His Predecessors, or Heirs or Successors, otherwise than in the manner prescribed by this Act, every such Proctor, Registrar or other Officer, shall for ever after be incapable of acting in any Capacity in any Ecclesiastical Court in Great Britain, and shall for each Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be paid him, recovered and levied by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and one Moiety of every such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be and belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same, together with full Costs of Suit, in which no Effect, Protection, Writs of Law or more than One Imparience shall be allowed.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any extraordinary Pains, Trouble or Expense shall attend the issuing forth Letters of Administration, or Letters of Administration with the Will annexed, to the Widow or next of Kin, or Probates of Wills to the Executors of any such Petty Officer or Seaman,

Proctor not to deliver Letters of Administration with Will annexed but to Treasurer or Paymaster of Navy.

Penalty.

How recovered.

Expense of filing and Probates, &c.

Penalty.

Proctors, &c. taking more than allowed.

Penalty.

Registrar, &c. aiding, &c.

Penalty.

Treasurer or Paymaster to allow reasonable Charge.

Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the Professor who has paid out the same, may, in Consideration thereof, make an Addition in Proportion to the said extraordinary Pay, Trouble and Expence, to his or their Bill of Charges and Expences; and which appearing reasonable, the Inspector shall allow and pay the same; but if the same shall appear to the said Inspector unreasonable or excessive, he shall refer the same to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy, which Treasurer or Paymaster, in case he shall disapprove of such Bill, shall cause the same to be returned to *Duties Command* to be checked and taxed by the Regiments, or any One of them, or by the Deputy Regiments or any One of them, who are hereby directed to do without Fee or Reward, unless the said Charges and Expences shall have arisen in consequence of any Litigation or Suit respecting the obtaining or suing out such Letters of Administration, Letters of Administration with Will annexed, or Probate of Will; in which case the said Regiments or Deputy Regiments shall be permitted to charge and take the Fee of Three Shillings and Four pence.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall be due for the Services as aforesaid, of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine deceased; in order that the Widow, next of Kin, or Person named as Executor in any Will or Testament of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, may not be put to great Expence, it shall and may be lawful for the Inspector of Seamen's Wills, after having taken the previous Steps to ascertain the Issues of their respective Claims to Probate or Administration, or Administration with Will annexed, in like manner as he has been heretofore directed to take, in case of granting Certificates to *Duties Command*, for Letters of Administration, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, or for Probates of Wills, to effect or cause to be issued a Certificate in the following Form, or to the like Effect;

* No.

* A.B. of Parliament, 55 Geo. III.

* CERTIFICATE.

I, *HAVING* duly examined a Claim presented to me as Inspector of Seamen's Wills, &c. by *A.B.* of *in the County of* *stating that he [or, she] is the* *of C.D.* *originally of* *and lately a Seaman [or, Marine] belonging to His Majesty's Ship* *and who died at* *as the* *I therefore hereby certify, That I believe the* *Contents as therein stated to be true; and also, that the said A.B. is entitled to receive whatever Wages,* *Prize Money and other Allowances of Money, may be due to the said Deceased, provided the Amount* *thereof does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds.*

* Resentment Bill to be addressed to

at

J. F. Inspector,

* To the Deputy Paymaster of the Navy, [who shall take Care to note hereon all Sums which he shall pay, or cause to be paid, upon the Authority of the same.]*

Certificate to
where delivered.

Which Certificate so prepared shall be delivered over by him to the said Widow, next of Kin, or Person named as Executor, if he, she or they shall be present; but if he or they shall not be present, but he and reside at a Distance, then and in that case the said Inspector shall specify and describe upon the said Certificate, the Revenue Officer residing as aforesaid nearest to such Widow, next of Kin, or Person named as Executor, and shall deliver such Certificate to the Deputy Paymaster.

Condition of
Seamen's will-
ingness to de-
liver to Inspector
Account of
Marine and
Prize of Abode.

* XIX. And Whereas Frauds have been frequently practised on the Representatives of deceased Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, by Persons falsely pretending to be Creditors of such deceased Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines; For Prevention whereof be it enacted, That no Letters of Administration shall be granted to any Person or Persons as a Creditor or Creditors of any deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, deceased in order to enable or enable any such Person or Persons to receive the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money of any Kind, due to any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, far or in respect of his Services in His Majesty's Navy; but that all and every such Person and Persons claiming to be such Creditor or Creditors shall be entitled to receive from the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, the Agent or Agents for Prizes, or the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or from any Person or Persons, either than the Executive or Administrator of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the Amount of his or their Claims or Claims, out of such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money, as may be due to such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, at the time of his Death, or as far as such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money will extend for that Purpose, on such Acknowledgment and Approval of the Amount of his or their Claims or Claims, as hereinafter mentioned; that it is to say, every such Person claiming to be a Creditor or Creditors, shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the said Inspector an Account in Writing, signed with his, her or their Name or Names stating the Particulars of his, her or their Demand, and specifying the Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, verified by the Oath or Oaths, or (if such Person or Persons be a Quaker or Quakers) by the Affirmation or Affirmations in Writing of such Person or Persons, or One of them, taken before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, which Oath or Affirmation say such Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; upon the Receipt of which said Account the said Inspector is hereby directed, with all convenient Speed, to cause an Advertisement to be inserted once in Three Public Newspapers printed and published in London, and also

Oath.

Advertisement.

11

Thurs

Three times in one Public Newspaper printed and published at the same Place where any Public Newspaper shall be printed and published to the usual Residence (if known) of the next of Kin, or to the Place where such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall appear to have been born, in case such Residence or Place shall not appear to be within the Bills of Mortality, signifying that a Creditor or Creditors of the deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, hath or have applied to the Treasurer of the Navy for a Certificate to obtain Payment of his, her or their Demand; and thereupon if the next of Kin, or the Executor or Executors of the Will of any such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall within Six Calendar Months from the Date of such Advertisement, petition the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy for a Certificate to enable him, her or them to obtain Letters of Administration, or Probate of the Will of any such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the said Inspector shall cause Notice in Writing to be given to such next of Kin, Executor or Executors, of the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Person or Persons so claiming to be a Creditor or Creditors of the deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, and the Amount of the Debt or Debts claimed by him, her or them; and shall also in like manner cause Notice in Writing to be given to such Creditor or Creditors of the Place or Places of Abode of such next of Kin, Executor or Executors, and such next of Kin, Executor or Executors, shall be at liberty to petition for a Certificate to obtain such Administration, or to prove such Will, for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months from the Date of such Advertisement; but in case of him, her or them regarding so to do for the Space aforesaid, that then the said Inspector, or any other Person authorized by the said Treasurer or Paymaster in Writing to so do, shall proceed to investigate the Account of such Creditor or Creditors; for which Purpose the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, is hereby empowered and directed to require from such Person or Persons having delivered such Account, to produce before him all Books, Accounts, Papers, Vouchers and other Documents relating to such Demand; and in case such Person or Persons shall produce such Books, Accounts, Vouchers, Papers or other Documents, or not being able to do so, shall give some satisfactory reason why the same cannot be done, and shall otherwise satisfy the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, of the Justice of his, her or their Demand, in part or in the whole, then the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, shall allow the said Demand, in part or in the whole, as he shall see fit; but if such Books, Accounts, Vouchers, Papers or other Documents, shall not be produced, or a sufficient reason alleged to the Satisfaction of the said Inspector or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, why the same cannot be done; or if the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, shall not be satisfied of the Justice of such Demand, then the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, shall disallow the said Demand: Provided always, that in case such Person or Persons, having delivered such Account, shall be dissatisfied with the Decision of the said Inspector, or such other Person so authorized as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for him, her or them to appeal to the said Treasurer or Paymaster, who shall thereupon proceed to examine the Person and their Witnesses upon Oath, or (such Person or Persons being a Quaker or Quakers) upon Affirmation, touching the Matter in Question (which Oath or Affirmation the said Treasurer or Paymaster are hereby severally authorized and empowered to administer), or otherwise to receive Proof thereof by the like Oath or Affirmation in Writing, taken before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice is hereby authorized and empowered to administer, and to allow or disallow the Claim of such Creditor or Creditors, in part or in the whole, as to them respectively shall seem fit; which said Decision of the said Treasurer or Paymaster shall be final and conclusive as the Premises; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and knowingly falsely make Oath or Affirmation as to any of the Matters hereinbefore directed to be sworn on Oath or Affirmation, or induce any other Person or Persons so to do, every such Person or Persons so offending shall be felony and liable to the Fine, Imprisonment and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, or Subornation of Perjury, are by any Law or Laws now in force subject and liable to.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months from the Date of the said Advertisement, no Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration to the Effects of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall have been applied for by the next of Kin, Executor or Executors of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the Creditor or Creditors of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be entitled to receive the full Amount of the Debt due to him, her or them, which shall have been allowed as aforesaid, so far as the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money, due for the Services of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, as His Majesty's Navy, will extend to satisfy the same; and thereupon the said Inspector or his Assistant shall grant to such Creditor or Creditors, a Certificate signed by the said Inspector or his Assistant, in the Form set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed, entitled (A) and the Deputy Paymaster shall and he is hereby required to note on every such Certificate the exact Amount of the Wages due for the Services of the deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in every Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, in which he shall have served; and on the granting of which Certificate, so much of the Wages due for the Services of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, as shall be sufficient to satisfy the Amount of the Sum admitted as aforesaid to be due to such Creditor or Creditors, shall be paid or remitted to such Creditor or Creditors in the manner herein, and by any other Law or Laws now in force, provided for the Payment and Remittance respectively of the like Wages to the Executors or Administrators of deceased Petty Officers and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines: Provided always, that if any Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be due to such deceased Petty

Refrs. to
proceeds.

Profit.

Perjury.
Subornation of
Perjury.

Creditor paid if
no Will proved.

Profit.
Office

Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the same shall be payable to such Creditor or Creditors only in the manner hereinafter directed; that is to say, the Wages, Pay and other Allowances of Money due from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to the deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall not be sufficient to discharge the said Debt so allowed as aforesaid, the Deputy Paymaster of the Navy shall certify the Amount of the Wages, Dead Clothing, and other Allowances actually paid to such Creditor or Creditors, at the Foot of such Certificate, and it shall not be lawful for the said Creditor or Creditors to demand or receive from the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or any Agent or Agents of Prison, or his or their Attorney or Attorneys, Deputy or Deputies, nor for the said Agents or Agents, or his or their Attorney or Attorneys, Deputy or Deputies, to pay to such Creditor or Creditors, or any other Person or Persons, for his, her or their use, or on his, her or their Account, any Prize Money or Bounty Money which may be due in respect of the Services of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine; but the said Prize Money and Bounty Money shall be paid over as in cases of undivided Prize Money, to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital; and on the said Creditor or Creditors, or his, her or their Attorney or Attorneys, producing such Certificate as herein last before mentioned, to the said Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or his Deputy, the said Creditor or Creditors shall be entitled to, and shall and may receive from such Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or his Deputy, so much of the Prize Money and Bounty Money due for the Services of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine (if so much shall be due), as shall be sufficient to discharge so much of these respective Demands as shall then remain unpaid; and the said Deputy Paymaster or Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, or his Deputy, as the case may be, shall and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, on paying to such Creditor or Creditors so much Money as shall be sufficient to satisfy the full Amount of the Debt so allowed as aforesaid, or such Part thereof as shall remain due at the time of such Payment, to retain the Certificate of the Inspector or his Assistant in that behalf, as and for a Voucher or Document of Office: Provided always, that if there shall be more than One such Creditor or Creditors, the Creditor or Creditors whose Claim shall have been first allowed, shall be first paid, and afterwards the Creditor or Creditors in Succession, according to the Priority of the Allowance of their respective Claim or Claims, but so as not to deprive any such Creditor or Creditors of any Priority which he, she or they may by Law have or be entitled to by reason of any Speciality, or on any other Account, provided Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Treasurer of the Navy, or the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, as the case may require, before actual Payment of the Demand of any other Creditor or Creditors, or any Part thereof.

Provided

Executors or Administrators dying before Receipt of Wages.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That whosoever the Executor or Administrator of a deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall do, not having in his Lifetime received from the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, the Agent or Agents for Prizes, or from the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, all or any Part of the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money which shall have become due to or in respect of the Services of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in His Majesty's Navy, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Inspector of Seamen's Wills for the time being, or his Assistant, to investigate the Right of any Person or Persons making any Application to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy in that behalf, to represent according to Law the Person of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine; and being satisfied of such Right, to certify the Name and Place of Abode of such Person by applying upon the Check or Certificate formerly issued by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers, to the Executors or Administrators of such deceased Party, and that he, she or they, in his Judgment is or are the rightful Representatives or Representatives of such deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, and entitled to receive whatever Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowance of Money, may then remain due, or which thereafter may become due or payable in respect of such Service as above mentioned; and thereupon, if the Wages, Pay or other Allowances due from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Services of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, and the said Prize Money and Bounty Money, remaining unpaid at the time of the Death of such Executor or Administrator, shall appear to the said Inspector or his Assistant, not to amount nor likely by future Payments to amount to more than the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Treasurer and Paymaster of the Navy, and also to and for such Agent or Agents for Prizes, and also for the proper Officers of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, to pay to such Person or Persons, or his, her or their lawful Attorney or Attorneys, all such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money and other Allowances of Money, so due or which may become payable as aforesaid, without requiring such Person or Persons to take out fresh Letters of Administration to such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; but if the said Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money, shall amount, or shall appear to the said Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers to be likely to amount to more than the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in either of such cases, such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money, shall not be paid, except upon fresh Letters of Administration, to be obtained in the regular and usual manner; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Payment by Deputy Paymaster.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Deputy Paymaster, upon receiving such Check or Certificate as hereinbefore mentioned, addressed to him, as the case may be, shall cause the whole of the Wages due thereon to be calculated and ascertained in the usual manner, in which Calculation, Considerations shall be had to the Profiter's Charge (if any such Charge shall have been incurred), which shall be shared and deducted from the said Wages, and be immediately paid to the said Profiter, or to some Person authorized to receive

the same on his behalf; and the Amount due on such Check or Certificate, in the case may be, being so allocated, and the Proceeds of the Charge, where there may be any, being so distributed, the said Balance or that Part of the said Balance as may be due to the Administration, Executors, Widows, next of Kin, or Persons named in the said Certificate, shall immediately be paid to them, or to the said Executors, or to the Clerk or Certificatee, or to which the same may be due, and shall be delivered to him or them, or to any person in his and their Hands, and paid in place and in stead of Letters of Administration, or Probate of a Will, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, or Authority to receive whatever other State may be due or become due to the Effect of such Discharge.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Executor or Administrator, Widow, next of Kin, or Creditor, or Person named as Legatee, shall not be perfect, but be dead or ride at a Distance, the said 2d Deputy Purveyor or Treasurer's Clerk shall make out, or cause to be made out a Remittance Bill or Bills for the set Balances, or that Part of the set Balances ascertained as aforesaid; which shall be in the following Form, or to the like Effect:

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Day of

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PAY to B. C. of _____ on his [her or their] producing
and delivering the Duplicate hereof, the Sum of _____ being on account of
the Wages of D. E. belonging to His Majesty's Ship the _____ if the same be
demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date hereof, otherwise you are to return
this Bill to the Treasurer of the Navy at the Pay Office of the Navy, London.

* To { The Receiver General of the Land Tax, in the County of
The Collector of the Customs at the Port of
The Collector of the Excise at
The Clerk of the Clerks at

* Signed [F. G.] Commissioner of the Navy.

⁴ Attached [H. L.] Clerk to the Treasurer of the Navy.

¹ By virtue of the Act Fifty fifth George Third, ch.

* N. B.—The performing or falsely affirming the Names and Character of any Person, entitled to receive the Wages of any Inferior Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Militia, or procuring any Person to do the same, or forging or altering, knowing the same to be forged, any Letters of Appointment, Bill, Ticket, Certificate or Assignment, bill Will, or other Power or Authority, or taking a false Oath to Classify, Produce, or Warrant for Government Administration, in order to receive the Wages due to such Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Militia, or demanding or receiving such Wages due to such Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Militia, under Pretense of Will, or Letters of Administration, knowing the Will to be forged, or the Pretense or Administration to have been obtained by means of a false Oath, is made Felony without Benefit of Clergy, by the Fifth Sixth of George the Third, chapter

* The Officer to whom the Complaint is addressed, is directed by Act Fifth that he shall, in the first chapter of the Statute, examine the Deponent thereof when preferred, and if he comes into the Truth, by the Oath of the Person professing the same; and being satisfied, he is to testify to that Person upon the Back of the Bill, and pay the Amount within Five or Rewards; but if he shall not be able to pay the Amount from not having Public Money sufficient in his Hands, he shall write the Cause of his making Payment, and shall appoint another Day within One Month at farthest from that time, and shall deliver back the Bill to note to the Person professing it; and if upon Complaint to the Commissioners of the Board of Revenue, on whose Office such Bill shall have been drawn, it shall appear that such Officer hath unconscionably delayed Payment, taken any Fee, or made any Deductions whatsoever, he shall be Seized in a Suit not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

And which Bill shall be signed, attested, forwarded and transmitted in the manner directed in order of Part A of the Statute defining their Wages to be remitted at the Pay of a Ship, by the aforesaid Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty; and which Remittance Bills shall be made payable to such Persons only as shall be expressed as Administrators, Executors, Widows, next of Kin or Creditors in the Check or Certificate thereof as before directed by the Inspector, and all the Money payable by the Treasurer of the Navy, upon such Check of Administrator, Probate of Will, Administration with Will annexed, or Certificate, being made unto a Remittance Bill or Bills, the Treasurer's Clerk shall examine the said Check, and if it shall appear that there are no further Sums due by the said Treasurer of the Navy, but that the full Sum due by him upon such Accounts, by him paid, or intended, the said Clerk shall enclose the said Check in the Letter or Cover which contains the Bill of Remittance, and forward it to the Administrators, Executors, Widows, next of Kin or Creditors, that is to say, he will remain (as said with respect to any Administrators or Executors) in their Hands, and Stand in the Place, and Stead of the original Administrance or Probate of the Will, as an Assurance is recited whenever other Sums may be due or to be paid due to the Treasurer of the Treasury.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the Address of the Commissioners of the Navy respecting the Payment of Wages at any of the One Ports, at the time when any Remittance Bill made out under the Provision of this Act, or the first Act passed in the Third, fifth (a) Year of the Reign of His said late

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Majesty, or any other Act or Acts, it shall and may be lawful to and for the *Sinner* Officers of His Majesty's Dock Yard at each Port to sign each Bill in the Room and stead of each *sheriff* Commissioner, and whose Signature to every such Bill shall, in that case, render the same as valid and effectual as if the same had been signed by such Commissioner; any thing in this or the said recited Act, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary so any with notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Duplicate of any Remittance Bill or Bills, made out in Favour of, or granted, in the manner heretofore directed in the different Enacts specified, to any Ad-
ministrators, Executors, Widow, next of Kin or Creditor of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be produced and delivered to any Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Cheque, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, he is hereby required and enjoined to examine such Duplicate, and enquire into the Truth thereof by the Oath of the Person producing the same (which Oath he is hereby authorized and directed to administer), and upon being duly satisfied, to testify the same on the Back of each Bill, and immediately to pay to the Person or Persons to whom such Bill shall be made payable, and who shall be entitled to receive the same, without Fee or Reward, on any Pretence whatsoever, the Sum contained in such Bill, taking his, her or their Receipt for the same on the Back thereof; which Bill so paid, upon being produced and delivered, together with the Duplicate thereof, at the Navy Office, shall be immediately allowed for Payment by Three or more Commissioners of the Navy, and shall be immediately repaid, by the Treasurer of the Navy, to such Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, Clerk of the Cheque, or to the Order of any of them respectively, who shall have paid such Bill; but in case the Duplicate of such Bill shall not be produced and delivered, and the Payment thereof be demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, then the said Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, shall return such Bill to the Treasurer of the Navy, who shall cause such Bill to be immediately cancelled, and from and after the cancelling thereof, the Sum so contained in such Bill shall accrue and become payable to such Executor, Administrator, Widow, next of Kin or Creditor of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, for whose Wages or Pay it was made out (or their lawful Representative, in case they shall be dead), in the same manner as if such Bill had never been issued.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any such Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, to whom the Duplicate of any of the Bills heretofore directed to be made out and added to him as aforesaid, shall be inclined for Payment, shall not then have in his Hands Public Money sufficient to answer the same, and shall for that reason refuse or delay the immediate Payment thereof, such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, shall immediately make on the Back of the said Duplicate the Day of its being so tendered to him, and the Cause of his Refusal or Delay to pay the same, and shall appoint thereon, for the Payment of such Bill, some future Day, within the Space of One Month at the farthest, from the Day of its having been first tendered to him as aforesaid, and such Duplicate with the Indorsement thereon shall immediately be delivered back to the Person producing the same; and if upon Complaint, so be made to the respective Commissioners appointed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to manage the said several Duties of the Land Tax, Customs or Excise, or to the Commissioners of the Navy, if the Person complained of be a Clerk of the Cheque, it shall appear that such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque hath unreasonably and wilfully refused or delayed the Payment of such Bill, or that such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, or any Persons employed by or under any of them, hath directly or indirectly received or taken any Fee, Reward, Gratuity, Discount or Deduction whatsoever, on account of the Payment of the said Bill, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Three or more of the said Commissioners to convict and fine any such Offender under their respective Directions, in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence; and such Fine shall be assigned, levied and recovered, in such and the same manner to all Issues and Purposes, as any Convictions may be made, and any Penalty or Fine may be levied and recovered for any Offence against any Law by which any Customs or Excise is imposed or laid; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Treasurer or Exchequer against such Offender or Offenders.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Bill or Bills, Duplicate and Duplicates respectively, heretofore directed to be made out and paid as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as good and sufficient Vouchers for the Treasurer of the Navy, for so much Money as shall have been so directed to be paid upon all or any of such Bill or Duplicates respectively, and as shall have been paid by him thereon, and shall be allowed as such in settling his Accounts.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when any Remittance Bill, made out under the Provision of this Act, or any Act or Acts of Parliament as now in force, is allowed or granted to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or to any other Person, for the whole or any part of the Wages or Pay due to such Person or Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, and which Bill has been transmitted to the Receiver General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque, as respectively directed, shall be returned by such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise or Clerk of the Cheque respectively to the Treasurer or Commissioners of the Navy, by his or their Direction, or the Directors of the Paymaster of His Navy, for any Cause whatsoever, before the Expiration of Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof in Great Britain, and Nine Calendar Months from the Date thereof in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Treasurer or Commissioners to cause such Bill to be immediately cancelled, and

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also, on its being certified on one Part of the original Bill by the said Treasurer, Commissioners or Paymaster, that sufficient Cash had been assigned by the Party to whom such Bill may be payable, for the cancelling of the said Bill before the Expiration of Six Months from its Date in Great Britain, or Nine Months from its Date in Ireland, for the proper Officer or Officers to make out or cause to be made out another like Remittance Bill or Bills, for the Sum of Money contained in such Bill so cancelled as aforesaid; which new Remittance Bill shall be signed in Duplicate, attested, forwarded and paid, in such and the same manner as is provided by this Act and the said respective Acts, with respect to the original Bill or Bills hereby and thereby directed to be issued; and if such new Bill or Bills shall not be paid within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof in Great Britain, and Nine Months from the Date thereof in Ireland, the same shall be returned and cancelled, in like manner as is by the said Acts also provided with respect to such original Bill or Bills; and the Sum or Sums of Money so contained in such new Bill or Bills shall then accrue and become payable to such Paymaster or Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, for whose Wages or Pay it was so made out, or to his lawful Attorney or Attorneys, or his Representatives, in case he shall be dead, or to other the Person or Persons entitled thereto, in the same manner as if such new Bill had never been issued; any thing in this Act or in the said recited Acts to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall receive his Pay, or shall attempt to receive the same or any Part thereof, upon any Certificate purporting to be a Certificate of Service or a Certificate of Discharge, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited; or if any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or any other Person, shall falsely make, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully sell or assist in the false making, forging or counterfeiting of any such Certificate, every such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or other Person being therein lawfully convicted, shall be punished as in cases of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall sign or falsify any Petition or Application to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, falsely and wilfully representing himself or himself to be the Widow, or the widow or one of the next of Kin of any deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall have belonged to or served on board any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or write or publish any such Petition or Application so signed or falsified as aforesaid, containing such false and wilful Representation as aforesaid, in order to obtain a Certificate from the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers to procure Letters of Administration to the Effects of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or to procure Payment of any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money under Twenty Pounds, for or in respect of Services on board any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; or if any Person or Persons shall demand or receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowance of Money due or supposed to be due for or in respect of the Services of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, upon or by virtue of any Certificate from the said Inspector of Seamen's Wills, knowing such Certificate to have been obtained by false Representations or Pretences, every such Person shall, on being convicted of any such Offence as aforesaid, be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of Seven Years, in like manner as Persons convicted of Felony are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes in this Behalf.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall falsely make, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or wilfully sell or assist in the false making, forging or counterfeiting the Signature of any Minister or Householder of any Parish, to any Certificate issued or intended to be issued or continued in any Clerk or Petitioner for a Certificate, as required, defined and mentioned in this Act, to enable any Person or Persons to obtain Probate of any Will or Letters of Administration to any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine; or shall utter or publish as true, any such Certificate signed or supposed to be continued in any such Clerk or Petitioner, with any false, forged or counterfeited Signature of any such Minister, or Householder of any Parish subscribed therein, knowing the same Signature to be false, forged or counterfeited, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate whatsoever, then every such Person so offending, and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony and shall be transported as a Felon for the Term of his or her natural Life, or for the Term of Fourteen Years, or Seven Years, as the Court before which such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, shall adjudge.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or knowingly personate or falsify assert, or make or procure any other Person to personate or falsify assert the Name or Character of any Commission, Warrant or Petty Officer, or Seaman, or any Commissioned or Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or any other Person entitled or supposed to be entitled to any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, for or in respect of Services performed, or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Wife, Widow, Executor or Administratrix, Relation or Creditor, of any such Officer, Seaman or other Person as aforesaid, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, due or supposed to be due, for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed, or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; or shall falsely make, forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, counterfeited or altered, or wilfully sell or assist in the false making, forging, counterfeiting or altering any Letter of Attorney, Power, Ticket, Certificate purporting to be a Certificate from the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers or his Assistant, Assignment, last Will, or other Power

Person Offender.
to Transport, &c.
Certificates.

Perjury.
Falsely representing
himself, &c.
to be, &c.

Transportation.

Forgery, &c.
Minister of
Ministry, &c.

Transportation.

Personating, &c.
Petty Officer, &c.
&c.

Forging, &c.
Letter of At-
torney, &c.

or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, due, or supposed to be due, for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed, or supposed to have been performed on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate whatsoever; or shall utter or publish as true, any false, forged, counterfeited or altered Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Certificate purporting to be a Certificate from the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Powers or his Assistant, Allowances, full Will, or other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, due, or supposed to be due, for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed, or supposed to have been performed, on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate whatsoever, knowing the same to be false, forged, counterfeited or altered; or shall willingly and knowingly take a false Oath, or cause or procure any other Person to take a false Oath, to obtain the Produce of any Will or Wills, or to obtain Letters of Administration, in order to receive or to enable any other Person to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, due, or supposed to be due, for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed, or supposed to have been performed, on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; or shall demand or receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money due, or supposed to be due, for or in respect of the Services of any such Officer, Seaman, Marine or other Person as aforesaid, performed, or supposed to have been performed, on board of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, upon or by virtue of any Probate of any Will or Letters of Administration, knowing the Will on which such Probate shall have been obtained, to be false, forged and counterfeited; or knowing the Produce of such Will or such Letters of Administration as last aforesaid, to have been obtained by means of any such false Oath as aforesaid, with Intention to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate whatsoever, then every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted according to the Course of Law, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy. [87 J4 G. 3. c. 55. § 35.]

Death. XXXIII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Person who shall be liable to the Defection of Petty Officers and others in His Majesty's Navy, and Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines, within the Powers of the several Acts before recited; Be it therefore enacted, That, for the Purposes of this Act, all and every Part of the Complement of every Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Navy, shall be and are hereby declared to be Petty or Inferior Officers, Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, excepting such as appear by the Books of such Ships, to be Admirals or Flag Officers, Captains, Lieutenant, Midship, Second Masters and Pilot, Physician, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Chaplain, Secretaries to Flag Officers and their Clerks, Port or Boatkeepers, Gunners, Cooperers and Commissioned Officers of Marines.

XXXIV. And Whereas by the last recited Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and by another Act passed in the said Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to replace and amend an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more efficiently manning the Majesty's Navy during the present War*; and for other Purposes; and also by the last recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; it is enacted, That the several Powers and Privileges thereby respectively restricted upon Persons, for Officers committed or Acts done contrary to the Provisions of the said Acts of Parliament, shall be and for in the Name of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, or in the Name of the Commissioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, as the case may require; And Whereas it is expedient, that the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being should have Power to see for such of the said Powers as are by the last recited Acts respectively made applicable to the Use of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, and liable for in their Names; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Powers and Privileges incurred or to be incurred by any Person or Persons for Offences committed or Acts done by him, her or them, contrary to the said Taxes and mentioned Acts of Parliament, or either of them, or against the Act, so far as the same relate to the Naval Service, and the Powers and Privileges of which Act are applicable to the Use of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, shall and may be and for by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person by his Authority; say being in the last recited Acts or in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all and every such Powers and Privileges so and for by the said Treasurer, or by his Authority, shall, when recovered, go and be applied to the Use of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich.

XXXVI. And Whereas by the last recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, certain Provisions are made to prevent Absence with respect to any Orders that may be drawn upon the Agents to the Captains of any Prize, or the proper Officers of Greenwich Hospital, for any Share of Prize or Bounty Money, and it is expedient to call the same in Person resident in Ireland, and in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark and Man; Be it enacted, That if the Person making such Order, as in the Schedule to the last Act marked (B.) is expressed, shall be absent in any Place in Ireland where no Deputy to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital resides, then the Certificate to be therein subscribed, containing such Particulars as in the said Schedule is also expressed, shall be signed by the Master and one of the Churchwardens; and if resident in either of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or

Now, then by the Master of the Port or Place in which such Person shall reside at the time of making such Order; and that every such Order and Certificate, when so respectively made, signed and attested as aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been respectively made, signed and attested, according to the Direction of the said recited Act; any thing in the laws Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Assignment, Bargain, Sale, Order or Contract which shall be made or given by any Warrant Officer, for or in respect of any Prize or other Money in the Hands of Prize Agents, or paid into Greenwich Hospital, shall be valid, unless such Assignment shall truly express the Consideration Money actually paid by the Parties or Parties in whose Power such Assignment, Bargain, Sale, Order or Contract is made to the Parties making and executing the same, and upon every such Assignment, Bargain, Sale, Order or Contract, the Agent or Agents for Prizes and the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital respectively, shall only pay to the Parties or Parties claiming under or by virtue thereof so much Money as shall appear to have been advanced and paid as such Consideration Money as aforesaid.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Forfeitures and Penalties respecting the Distribution of Prize Money, and the accounting for and paying over the Proceeds of Prize of the said Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, shall be extended to all Returns under the Revenue Laws, all Grants of His Majesty, all Bounties granted by Act of Parliament, and all other Monies whatever, coming to and being in the Hands of the Prize Agents of the Officers and Crews of any of His Majesty's Ships of War for their Use and Benefit, by reason of the Services of such Officers and Crews in any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or other Ships or Vessels hired for or to the Service of His Majesty.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Agent or other Person licensed by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, pursuant to the Direction of the Act aforesaid heretofore mentioned to have been passed in the Forty ninth Year (a) of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall, after his Licence hath expired or been revoked, be entitled to receive Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money belonging to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Mariner, by virtue of any Power of Attorney, or any Order or Orders given to, or received by him during the time in which his Licence was in force, but that such Powers of Attorney and Orders shall be null, void and of no Effect; and any Agent or Agents who shall, after the Expiration or Revocation of his Licence, receive on demand any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money as aforesaid, unless it be proved that he had received such Licence, shall be guilty of a Misdemeanour, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be punished as in cases of Misdemeanour, by Fine and Imprisonment, or both, at the Discretion of the Court before which any such Person shall be convicted.

(a) [40 G. 3. c. 125. § 37.]

XI. And Whereas by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Agents for Prizes are prohibited from paying any Prize Money or Bounty Money in any Person's name upon any Order made within the Distance of Five Miles of the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable (such Prize Money or Bounty Money being in Course of Distribution at the time of making such Order) under the Penalty therein mentioned; Be it further enacted, That if any Agent licensed by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, pursuant to the last recited Act passed in the Forty ninth Year (b) of the Reign of His said Majesty, shall insert or cause to be inserted in any Order for Payment of Prize Money or Bounty Money due or payable for or in respect of the Services of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Mariner in His Majesty's Navy, the Name or Names of any Captured Ship, Vessel, Fortrels or Place, the Proceeds of which, or the Bounty Money payable in respect whereof, shall be then in Course of Distribution or Payment within Six Miles of the Place where such Name or Names shall be so inserted, and where such Order shall be intended to be attested under the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act, or shall tender any such Order with the Name or Names of any such Captured Ship, Vessel, Fortrels or Place inserted therein to any Agent for Prizes, or to the Treasurer or Clerk of the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital, for the Purpose of demanding or receiving Payment of any Prize Money or Bounty Money for in respect of such Captured Ship, Vessel, Fortrels or Place, such Prize Money or Bounty Money being then in Course of Distribution or Payment within Six Miles of the Place where such Order shall have been made or drawn and attested, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Escheat, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparison shall be allowed. Our Majesty of which Forfeiture shall go to the Use of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, and the other Money to him or them who will sue for the same.

(b) [40 G. 3. c. 125. § 37.]

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Letters and Packets addressed to or sent by the said Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy for the time being, shall be sent and received free from the Duty of Postage, in the same manner and under the same Regulations (a) as the Clerk of the Admiralty and Chief Clerk without Dues of the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland now send and receive the same.

(a) [See G. 3. c. 35. § 3. — 42 G. 3. c. 69. § 5.]

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Letters and Packets addressed to and sent from the Inspector of Revenue's Wife and Solicitor of Attorney for the time being, or his Assistant, upon any Business or Affairs of or relating to the said Office of Inspection, shall be free from the Duty of Postage; and all Letters and Packets being upon any Business or Affairs relating to the said Office of Inspection of Revenue's Wife, that shall be forwarded by the said Inspector or his Assistant for the time being, shall be under Cover, with the

Assignment to
be valid or
Certificate
cancelled.

Provisions of
the Act, &c. &c.
and the Dis-
tribution
of Prizes
extended to
Seamen under
Revenue Laws,
&c.

Agents not to
receive any
other Expen-
diture, &c. &c.
Licences.

Misdemeanour.

14 G. 3. c. 25.
§ 40.

Agents not to
produce Orders
for Payment of
Prize Money
received within
Five Miles of
Place of Pay-
ment.

Penalty.

Licence, &c. of
Treasurer, &c.
of Navy Sec.

Licence, &c. of
Inspector, &c.
Sec.

Words

Letters, &c. to the

Admiral.

Expenses, for

Printing other

Papers, &c. on

the Service.

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Words "Parliament to Act of Parliament, 55 Geo. III." printed upon the same, and the said Inspector or his Assistant shall write his Name under the same. [See 40 G. 3. c. 106. § 4.]

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Inspector or Assistant Inspector of Seamen's Wills, or any other Person, shall find or convey under any of the Covers aforesaid, any Writing, Paper or Parcel, other than those relating to the Duties or Affairs of the said Office of Inspector of Seamen's Wills, the Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds. [See 40 G. 3. c. 106. § 5.]

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That all Bargains, Sales, Bills of Sale, Contracts, Agreements and Assignments whatsoever, of, for or concerning any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money of any Kind, due or to grow due to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, for or in respect of Services on board any of His Majesty's Ships, made or entered into, or hereafter to be made or entered into, shall be and are hereby declared to be void and of none Effect, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the Treasurers of the Navy for the time being, the Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich for the time being, and all and every Agent or Agents for Prizes in and are hereby authorized, directed and required to pay or cause to be paid to all such Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, as shall appear in Perfora on the Pay Table, or in their Abstracts to the lawful Attorneys empowered by them, in such manner as it is heretofore directed, or in their Abstracts or Administrators of such Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, to their respective Attorneys or Attorneys, duly authorized in such matters as it is heretofore directed, the respective Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or Allowances of Money of any kind due to them, without regard to any Bargain, Sale, Bill of Sale, Contract, Agreement or Assignment whatsoever, made or to be made, of, for or concerning any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money or Allowances of Money of any kind; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof is any wise notwithstanding.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be discharged for any Cause, from any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, the Captain or Commanding Officer of such Ship or Vessel shall make or cause to be made out a Certificate, in the Manner and Form following, or to the like Effect;

"No. _____
 I, _____, do hereby certify, That A. B. has served as _____ on board of His Majesty's
 "Ship _____ under my Command, from the _____ Day of _____ to the _____
 "in _____ Port _____ Dated the _____ Day of _____ A. D. _____
 "_____ Fathoms high, is of a _____ Compliance, and aged _____ Years."

Which he shall sign with his Name, and deliver, or cause to be delivered to such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, at the time of his being discharged; and no Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be entitled to receive his Wages, Pay or other Allowances, for Services on board any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, unless at the time of paying such Wages, Pay or Allowances, he shall be produced by One or more of the Captain or Commanding Officer who belonged to the Ship or Vessel at the time or during some Part of the time for which he may be claiming the Payment for such Services, or unless he shall produce a Certificate as above directed, and directed to be delivered to him as aforesaid; and no Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall be discharged from any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, nor any other Ship or Vessel in such Service, shall be entitled to receive his Wages, Pay or Allowances of any Kind, for his Service on board of the Ship to which he shall have last belonged, unless he shall enter and be mustered Three times in the Ship or Vessel into which he shall be discharged, or shall appear upon the Books of the Ship or Vessel into which he shall next go, to be regularly discharged therefrom; or if such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be taken by the Enemy, unless he shall voluntarily return and enter on board some Ship or Vessel, in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in a reasonable time after he shall be released from Prison; or if the Ship or Vessel in which such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, last served, shall have been lost or destroyed, and the Crew, or any Part of the Crew, shall have been fired, unless he shall enter again in a reasonable time on board some Ship or Vessel in such Service; or if such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be discharged from the Ship or Vessel to which he belonged, to any of His Majesty's Hospitals, unless he shall enter the Ship or Vessel to which he shall be discharged from such Hospital, or be discharged out of the Service, or unless in any of the above specified Events, reasonable Cause shall be shown and allowed by the Commanding Officer of the Navy, commanding such Payment, and the Clerk of the Treasurer of the Navy making the same, for not producing such Certificate, or for Non-Compliance with any thing being directed.

XLVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds shall be due and payable by the Rules of the Navy, to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in respect of his Services in the Navy, it shall and may be lawful for such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, to give an Order in Writing for Payment of the same upon the Treasury of the Navy, which Order shall be receivable, as in the case of Powers of Attorney, and shall be payable to the Person to such Order named, or to his Order; and the same shall be attested by the Captain or Commandant, or any other of the signing Officers or a Lieutenant

of the Ship or Board of which such Services were performed, accompanied with a Certificate from One of the signing Officers or Lieutenants of such Ship, certifying the Particulars of the Services of the Drawer of such Order; and the said Order and Certificate shall be laid before the said Inspector, who shall examine the same, and if he sees no cause to suspect the Authenticity thereof, he shall stamp and pass the same for Payment; but if he shall be made to suspect the Authenticity of such Order, he shall report the same to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy, and shall enter his Consent against the same, which shall prevent any Money from being paid and received thereon, until the same shall be authenticated to the Satisfaction of the said Treasurer or Paymaster; but if any such Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds shall be due and payable to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall have been discharged from His Majesty's Service, then and in such case, the Order for Payment thereof shall be attested in such and the like manner as a Lieutenant's discharge with respect to the Attestation of Letters of Attorney, made by such Person after their Discharge from His Majesty's Service; and such last mentioned Orders shall be accompanied by the like Certificates of Service, and be signed to such and the like Examinance by the Inspector of Seamen's Wills and Passes, and such Consent against any Payment to be made under the Authority thereof, as is above directed with regard to Orders made by Persons in His Majesty's Service: Provided always, that if the Party making such last mentioned Order shall have been discharged from His Majesty's Service, at his own Request, or for any other Cause or Reason than being unseaworthy, he shall not be entitled to immediate Payment on such Order, but shall wait for the Payment of the same, according to the Rules of the Navy, until the Ship from whence he shall have been discharged shall come in course of Payment.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That no Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall be marked on the Books of any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as having run short-hand, shall receive his Wages, Pay, Prize Money or other Allowance of Money for such Ship or Vessel, or for any other Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Service in which he may have served, unless such Mark shall be taken off by Order of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Ship or Vessel having been Twelve or more Calendar Months in Sea Pay, shall be or arrive in any Port of Great Britain, where any Commissioners of the Navy shall be or reside, and Money shall have been issued for Payment of the Wages due upon the Books of such Ship or Vessel, sufficient time shall be allowed for sending to the Navy Office, preparing and examining the Books of the said Ship or Vessel, and the Wages due to the Officers or Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, of or belonging to such Ship or Vessel, for the time during which the said Books shall have been examining and preparing, which shall be done without Delay, shall be returned and kept as a receipt, over and above the Six Months ordered to be left unpaid by the said Act made in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That all Months mentioned in this and preceding Acts of Parliament relating to the Navy shall be counted and reckoned Calendar Months, excepting only as the Computation of Pay, Wages and other Allowances, which shall be computed and call by reckoning Twenty eight Days to the Month, according to the usual Practice of the Navy.

L. And, for the Purpose of more effectually preventing Frauds and Forgery in the Execution and attesting of Letters of Attorney, Wills, Orders or Certificates, made by or in favour of Petty Officers, Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines or Marines, be it enacted, That every Lieutenant on board His Majesty's Ships shall, upon a Page of every Master Book of such Ship, sign his Name, for the Purpose only that the Inspector of Seamen's Wills, or such Person as shall be deputed by him, may have the Opportunity of comparing the same with the Name of any such Lieutenant attesting the Will, Letter of Attorney, Certificate or Order, executed by or in favour of any Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine.

LI. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Captain or Commander of any Ship or Vessel belonging to His Majesty shall sail from any Foreign Station at a time when an Opportunity shall offer of transmitting to the Navy Board the Master Books, Tickets and Lists, by any Acts of Parliament directed to be made out and transmitted, then and in every such case such Captain or Commander shall leave such Master Books, Tickets and Lists, with the Naval Officer (if any such Officer shall be and reside at such Place) or if there shall be no Naval Officer at such Place, then and in that case, with some respectable Merchant or other Person, with proper Directions to forward the same to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, by the first safe Opportunity thereafter; and that such Naval Officer, respectable Merchant, or other Person shall give a Receipt for the Master Books, Tickets and Lists so left, and which Receipts shall be forwarded by the Captain or Commander to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, at the time of paying his Accounts.

LII. And be it further enacted, That if any Captain or Commander shall be removed from any Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Service, he shall forward to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy a perfect Master Book, for the time between the ending of the last Two Monthly Master Books, and the Date of his quitting the Command, and he shall deliver or cause to be delivered over to his Successor One complete Master Book, signed by himself and the proper Officers, made up to the time of such Removal, and for which he shall receive a Receipt from his said Successor; and the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy are hereby strictly directed and required not to give to any such Captain or Commander the general Certificate, to entitle him to his Wages or Pay for such Ship or Vessel, unless such Receipt shall be produced to them, or unless therein required by particular Order from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or from the Commissioners.

Consent

Proviso

Not More to be received Wages until taken off.

Ships Twelve Months in Sea Pay to be paid

21 G. 3. c. 10. s. 6.

Months reckoned by Calendar Months. Forfeiture.

Lieutenant or any Person in Master Books

Transmitting Master Books.

Delivering Master Books.

Commissioners for erecting the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or any Three or more of such Commissioners in order of Succession, and on his being made aware to their Satisfaction, that the Certificate herebefore given in this behalf have been complied with, as far as the nature of the Service will admit.

1790. c. 33.

LIII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending and amending an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled An Act for the Encouragement of Vessels employed in the Royal Navy, and for settling a regular Method for the purchase, fitment and certain Payment of their Wages, and for enabling them more easily and readily to serve the same for the Support of their Wives and Families, and for permitting Friends and Abolish attending such Payments; and for further extending the Benefits thereof to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, serving or who may have served on board any of His Majesty's Ships, Provision was made, among other things, for the Payment of Wages due to Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, who should be duly discharged in disabled or under disability: And Whereas it is expedient to give further Facility to the Attainment of such Object, in cases not provided for in the said Act, in Ports and Places where there shall be no resident Commissioner of the Navy: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Naval Storekeeper or Naval Officer, at any of the Ports or Places within the United Kingdom, where there shall be no resident Commissioner of His Majesty's Navy, to receive from any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall have been duly discharged or disabled or not receivable, or to any other who duly discharged, and who shall be desirous to receive Payment of any Ticket or Certificate which shall have been made out on his Account, as by the said recited Act is directed, and also to require a Certificate from the Master of the Packet or Vessel in which such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall have come Home, or from some respectable Inhabitant of such Place, as the Purport and Effect respectively as required by the said recited Act; and thereupon such Naval Storekeeper or Naval Officer, being satisfied in every respect with regard to the Identity of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, as in the said Act is mentioned, shall in such case grant an Acknowledgment or Receipt to him for such Ticket and Certificate as he shall so receive, and immediately transmit the same, together with the Certificate of the Master of the Packet or Vessel, or of the Inhabitant of such Place, as the case may be, with the Address of the Party, to the Commissioner of His Majesty's Navy, who, on Receipt thereof, shall direct the Day on which they shall receive the same to bea forth-then, and shall immediately make such Ticket and Certificate to be returned by the Master Books, if received, and thereupon return such Ticket and Certificate to the said Naval Storekeeper or Naval Officer, with an Order to him *to deliver* thereof, or to deliver thereof, to pay to the Petty Officer, or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, therein named, the net Balance due upon such Ticket and Certificate, or upon the Ship's Books for which such Ticket or Certificate shall have been made out, in case the Ship or Ships shall have been paid for the time; and which Amount the said Naval Storekeeper or Naval Officer shall pay to such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, only taking his Receipt thereon, duly attested, and shall charge the same in his Account with the said Commissioner; and the said Commissioner, being satisfied that such Payment hath been duly made, shall allow the same in the Accounts of such Naval Storekeeper or Naval Officer accordingly; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.*

1790. c. 33.

LIV. Provided always, and he it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or alter any of the Provisions of the before mentioned Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, except in so far as the same is hereby extended to authorize the Treasurer of the Navy for the time being to sue for Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or to be incurred by any Person or Persons, for Offences committed, or Acts done contrary to the said Act; and except in so far as the same Act is hereby amended with regard to the Attestation of Orders made in *Ireland*, and in the Islands of *Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark and Man*; and as to the instituting a Penalty on licensed Agents who shall refuse the Name of any Person, or Orders for Payment of Prize Money, payable within Six Miles of the Place where such Orders shall be drawn; and as to the Attainment of so much of the said Act as extends the Penalties threat to Seamen under the Revenue Laws, and to Grants of Money as therein mentioned.

1790. c. 33.

LV. And, for the more speedy and effectual bringing to Justice Persons who shall commit any of the Offences punishable under the Authority of this Act, it is further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurer and Commissioners of the Navy for the time being, or any One or more of them, and they, and he is and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered from time to time in all Places whatever, to do, perform, execute and execute the Office and Duty of a Justice or Justices of the Peace, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, in causing any Person or Persons who shall at any time or times, from and after the passing of this Act, be charged with any of the Offences mentioned in this Act, to be apprehended, committed and prosecuted for the same, and all Constables, Headboroughs, Keepers of Goals and Prisons, and all other Officers whatever, shall and may or lawfully respectively required from time to time diligently to execute, perform and obey all such Warrants and Warrants as shall be made, directed, issued or given to them, or any of them, by any One or more of the Persons aforesaid made, by any of the Masters and Thugs heretofore contained; and all and every the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, made and now in force for the Safe, Safety and Protection of Justices of the Peace in the Execution of their Office, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Treasurer and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, acting in the Execution of this Act, and to all Constables and Headboroughs, or other Peace Officers, or Persons acting under the Warrant or Authority of the said Treasurer or Commissioners, or any of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were known, and hereby repeated and re-enacted,

as to and for the Safe, Safety and Protection of the said Treasurers and Commissioners, and the Consuls, Heads of House and other Peace Officers or Persons residing under their or any of their Warrants or Authority.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect at the following Periods; that is to say, at all Places in the *West Indies* and *America*, at the Expiration of Six Months, at all Places in the *East Indies* at the Expiration of Twelve Months, at all Places in the *Mediterranean* and in the *Red Sea*, at the Expiration of Four Months, and at all other Places, at the Expiration of Two Months respectively next after the passing of the same.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Navy shall deliver sufficient Quantities of blank Certificates of Discharge, in the Form prescribed by this Act, to all Captains and Officers in the Command of any of His Majesty's Ships; and the Treasurers of the Navy shall cause to be printed as Abstracts of the Provisional and Regulations contained in this and other Acts of Parliament, respecting the Payment of the Royal Navy, and send or deliver a competent Number of Copies thereof to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy at Home and Abroad, to the Commissioners for taking Care of sick and wounded Seamen, to the Commissioners for conducting His Majesty's Transport Service, to the Commissioners of Excise and of the Customs in *England*, *Ireland* and *Scotland*, to the Governors of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, and to the Governors of the Settlements within the Charter of the *East India Company*, to His Majesty's Consuls abroad, to the Receiver General of Land Tax throughout *Great Britain*, to the Registrars and Deputy Registrars of the Prerogative Court of *Chancery*, to the Clerks of the Cheque of His Majesty's Dock Yards, to the Governors and Agents of Royal Hospitals, to the Commanding Officers of the several Divisions of Marines; all of whom are hereby strictly directed and enjoined to hang up and affix the same in some conspicuous Part of their several Offices, and to promulgate the same as effectually as they can in their respective Stations; and the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom for the time being, shall cause a competent Number of Copies of the said Abstracts to be delivered to the Captains and Commanders of all the Ships and Vessels in His Majesty's Service; and every such Captain or Commander, as soon as the Ship or Vessel under his Command shall be put into Sea Pay, shall cause One of the said printed Abstracts, together with the Articles of War, to be hung up and affixed to the most Public Place of such Ship or Vessel, and shall cause the same to be carefully kept up and renewed, so that they may be at all times accessible to the Inferior Officers and Seamen on board of such Ships or Vessels; and every such Captain or Commander shall cause such Abstracts to be read and distinctly read over once every Month, in the Presence of the Officers and Seamen of such Ships or Vessels, immediately after the Articles of War are read; and the reading of the Articles of War and of the said Abstracts, and the Days when read, shall be attested by the Captain or Commander and the said signing Officers of such Ship or Vessel, at the Foot of the Muller Books of such Ship or Vessel, before they are transmitted to the Commissioners of the Navy; and the said Commissioners are hereby strictly charged and directed to inquire whether the Directions hereby given for hanging up and affixing the said Abstracts and Articles of War, and for reading of the same as aforesaid, have been duly observed by the Captain or Commander of such Ship or Vessel, which Commissioners shall not grant to such Captain or Commander his general Certificate until they are fully satisfied thereof; to the End and Intent that every Seaman employed in the Royal Navy of the United Kingdom, may at One and the same time hear and know the Forewords and Paragraphs he is liable to for any Neglect or Delinquency, and likewise the Encouragements and Rewards to which he is entitled by a due and faithful Performance of his Duty; and that upon suffering any Oppression or Injury in such Service, he may be better enabled to lay his Complaint before the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, who are hereby respectively charged and directed, upon any Complaint being laid, forthly to inquire into the circumstances of the same, and to grant immediate Redress thereof, if such Complaint shall be justly founded, and to take special and constant Care that this Act, and others relating to the Navy, be fully complied with and gradually carried into Execution.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

* CERTIFICATE.

* Navy Pay Office,

Day of 18

* HAVING duly examined a Claim, presented to me as Inspector of Seamen's Wills, and Letters of Attorney, by A. B. of Rating, that he, (he, or, they) is (or, are) the Creditor (or, Creditors) of C. D. of Ship, of the crew of and lately a Seaman (or, Marine) of His Majesty's Ship, and who died at on the Day of

* I hereby certify, That the said Demands in Writing presented to this Office by the said A. B. as Creditor (or, Creditors) of the said C. D. under the Authority of the Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty King George the Third, Chapter Section have been duly examined agreeably to the Provisions of the said Act, and that I believe the Sum of to be due and owing by the late C. D. to the said A. B. and that the said A. B. is, (or, are) therefore entitled to receive by virtue of this Certificate the said Sum of out of whatsoever Wages, Prize Money, Bounty Money or other Allowances of Money, may be due to the said C. D. deceased, for his Services in His Majesty's Navy, and no more.

* Signed (J. B.) Inspector.

Act when to commence.

Commissioners to deliver blank Certificates, and Treasurers to print Abstracts.

Hang up in Office.

Hang up in Ship.

Read once a Month.

SCHEDULE (B.)

TABLE of FEES to be taken for Probates of Wills, Letters of Administration, and Letters of Administration with Will annexed, of Warrant and Petty Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers of Marines, and also of Common Seamen and Marines, in pursuance of this Act.

PROBATES.

Under what Name the Effects come.		Where the Deceased was a Warrant or Petty Officer in the Navy, or a Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines.				Where the Deceased was a common Seaman or Marine.			
		If the Executor be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Executor be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.		If the Executor be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Executor be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.	
		£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.	
If the Executor come in London - - -	20	-	-	7	-	-	-	7	-
	40	-	3	-	6	-	-	11	-
	60	-	3	6	-	-	-	14	6
	100	-	3	8	6	-	-	19	-
If the Executor come in the Country by Commission - - -	20	-	-	10	-	-	-	19	-
	40	-	3	17	-	-	-	7	6
	60	-	3	1	6	-	-	12	-
	100	-	3	8	-	-	-	18	6

ADMINISTRATIONS, and ADMINISTRATIONS with Will annexed.

Under what Name the Effects come.		Where the Deceased was a Warrant or Petty Officer in the Navy, or a Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines.				Where the Deceased was a common Seaman or Marine.			
		If the Administrator be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Administrator be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.		If the Administrator be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Administrator be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.	
		Administrations without Will annexed.	Administrations with Will annexed.	Administrations without Will annexed.	Administrations with Will annexed.	Administrations without Will annexed.	Administrations with Will annexed.	Administrations without Will annexed.	Administrations with Will annexed.
If the Administrator come in London - - -	20	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10
	40	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5
	60	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5
	100	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6
If the Administrator come in the Country by Commission - - -	20	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10	£. 10
	40	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5
	60	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5	s. 5
	100	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6	2 12 6

ADMINISTRATIONS, and ADMINISTRATIONS with Will annexed.

Under what Name the Effects come.		Where the Deceased was a Warrant or Petty Officer in the Navy, or a Non-Commissioned Officer of Marines.				Where the Deceased was a common Seaman or Marine.				
		If the Administrator be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Administrator be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.		If the Administrator be a Wife, Child, Parent, Brother or Sister, of the Deceased.		If the Administrator be more remotely related, or a Stranger in Blood to him.		
		Administration without Will annexed.	Administration with Will annexed.	Administration without Will annexed.	Administration with Will annexed.	Administration without Will annexed.	Administration with Will annexed.	Administration without Will annexed.	Administration with Will annexed.	
If the Administrator come from the London.	£	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
	20	— 19 6	— 13 —	1 3 —	1 8 —	— 14 6	— 15 —	1 3 —	1 8 —	
	40	3 5 6	3 9 —	3 14 —	3 14 —	— 14 —	— 19 6	3 4 6	3 12 6	
	60	3 9 —	3 14 —	3 6 6	3 14 —	— 19 6	1 4 6	3 12 —	3 4 6	
100		2 13 6	2 18 6	3 9 —	3 16 6	1 4 —	1 9 —	3 19 6	3 7 —	
	If the Administrator come from the Country by Commission.	20	— 19 6	1 3 —	1 12 6	1 18 6	— 19 6	1 2 —	3 13 6	1 18 6
		40	3 12 —	3 6 6	3 15 —	3 17 —	1 7 6	1 14 —	1 7 6	1 9 6
		60	3 6 6	3 6 6	4 5 6	4 10 —	3 13 —	3 19 —	3 17 6	4 2 —
100		2 18 —	2 13 —	4 1 —	4 13 6	1 18 6	3 3 6	2 13 6	4 2 —	

CAP. LXI.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain increased Rates, Duties and Taxes in *Ireland*, in respect of Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles. [Eighth May 1815.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

• **WE**, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the increased Rates, Duties and Taxes, hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be levied, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, mentioned, specified and expressed, in the several Schedules marked (A.) (B.) (C.) (D.) (E.) (F.) and (G.) in this Act inserted, the several annual Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes, as they are respectively defined and set forth in the said respective Schedules; and that the said several Schedules, and all the Rules, Regulations and Exemptions, therein specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, shall be in lieu and instead, and in full Satisfaction of all Duties and Taxes, granted upon or in respect of the like Articles, Matters and Things, in and by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all Rates, Duties and Taxes, on or in respect of the said several Articles, Matters and Things, or any of them, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, except so far as relates to any Arrears of the said Rates, Taxes or Duties, due and payable before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and except in cases where any such Rates, Taxes or Duties, for the Year beginning on the said Fifth Day of January, shall have been actually paid before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act; and also except the several Duties of One Pound and of Ten Shillings, under an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Royal, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Bricks, Horses, Male Servants and Windows, in lieu of former Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles, payable by Coachmakers or Makers of Carriages, chargeable with Duty, and, sold or constructed, by such Coachmakers or Makers of Carriages for Sale, or on Carriages sold by any Person in Ireland by Auction or on Commission, which Duties shall continue payable, and shall be paid by such Coachmakers and Persons selling such Carriages for and in respect of any Carriages chargeable with Duty under this Act.* (a) [See 48 G. 3. c. 42.—55 G. 3. c. 59.]

II. And be it further enacted, That all Rates, Duties and Taxes, by this Act and the Schedules hereinafter annexed granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency; and that all and every the said Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and that the Sum of Six pence in the Pound and all other Fees which shall or may be payable to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, Clerk of the Peers, or any other Officer of the Treasury of Ireland, upon issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, shall be carried to the said Consolidated Fund, in Aid and in Addition to the Duties hereby granted, and shall be accounted for accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates, Duties and Taxes, by this Act and the Schedules hereinafter annexed granted and made payable, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and paid for, and recovered in the same Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying and managing of the like Rates, Duties and Taxes in and by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, with respect to the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, and with and under all such Powers and Authorities as are given in and by any Act made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Bill of Rates therein intitled*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Royal, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, except only so far as the same are altered or repealed by this present Act, with like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Appeal Act or any of them is or may be provided.

Duties levied in Ireland, according to the said Act.

Schedules part of Act. Duties, etc. in lieu of former Duties. Duties, etc. of former Acts in force.

Exemptions.

48 G. 3. c. 42.

Duties paid in British Currency. Consolidated Fund. Application of current Fund.

Duties under Management of Customs and Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and levied in former Duties.

14 G. 3. c. 2. 15 G. 3. c. 2. 46 G. 3. c. 106. &c.

Paying former
Rates before
pay Difference
between new
and former
Rates.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person in Ireland shall, at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and before the Expiration of Two Days after the passing of this Act, have been charged with and shall have actually paid to any Officer of the Commissioners of Island Rates or Taxes in Ireland, any Rates, Duties or Taxes, upon or in respect of Windows, Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, for the Year beginning on the first Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and ending on the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers appointed by or acting under the Orders and Direction of the Commissioners of Island Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in the collecting or superintending the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to charge, and such Officer and Officers is and are hereby authorized and required to charge any and every such Person or Persons so having paid such former Rates, Duties and Taxes, with the whole of the Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, for the Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid, and such Charge shall be made by the said Officers on the Persons so having paid the said former Rates, Duties and Taxes, at the same time when the Charge of the Rates, Duties and Taxes on or in respect of Windows, Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, granted by this Act, shall be made on other Persons by such Officers for the Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid; and so much and such Part of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes payable under this Act for the said Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid as shall exceed the Amount which shall have been so previously actually paid by any Person or Persons for such former Rates, Duties or Taxes, shall be payable and paid by such Person, and shall be collected by the proper Officers at the same time and in such manner as the Rates, Taxes and Duties payable under this Act by any other Person or Persons for the Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid shall be payable, and so much and such Part of such Rates, Duties and Taxes payable under this Act as shall exceed the Amount so paid under any former Act or Acts for the said Year, shall be collected, levied and paid, and recovered and recoverable by, with, under and subject to all such and the like Powers and Remedies as are given for the collecting, recovering and levying any of the said Rates, Taxes or Duties under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the said Rates, Taxes and Duties, or any of them; and in case any Person or Persons having paid such former Rates, Duties or Taxes for such Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid, shall produce to the Officer demanding Payment of the Rates, Duties and Taxes for such Year under this Act, the Receipt for such former Rates, Duties and Taxes, and shall pay such Excess as aforesaid to such Officer, and shall deliver such former Receipt to such Officer, and shall require of such Officer a Receipt for the whole of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable for the said Year under this Act, such Officer shall give such Receipt accordingly in lieu of such former Receipt, or otherwise shall give to the Party paying such Excess a Receipt for the whole of the Excess payable for the said Year, specifying the Sum so formerly paid, and also specifying the Amount of the Excess paid in Satisfaction of such Rates, Duties and Taxes under this Act for such Year so beginning and ending as aforesaid.

^a Owners of Houses estimated for Three Months to be relieved of Payment of Duty on Windows and

^b Months for that Period, &c.

[Repealed, *post*, c. 140. s. 1.]

All sheweth, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See *post*, c. 67. s. 140.]

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

WINDOWS.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates and Duties payable annually for and out of every TENEMENT or DWELLING HOUSE having more than six Windows or Lights, in respect of the Windows or Lights in every such Tenement or Dwelling House respectively.

In respect of 7 Windows or Lights -	s.	d.	In respect of 22 Windows or Lights -	s.	d.
8 - Do. -	1	0	23 - Do. -	13	0
9 - Do. -	1	13	24 - Do. -	13	15
10 - Do. -	2	0	25 - Do. -	14	11
11 - Do. -	2	16	26 - Do. -	15	8
12 - Do. -	3	12	27 - Do. -	16	5
13 - Do. -	4	9	28 - Do. -	17	2
14 - Do. -	5	6	29 - Do. -	17	10
15 - Do. -	6	3	30 - Do. -	18	16
16 - Do. -	7	0	31 - Do. -	19	12
17 - Do. -	7	17	32 - Do. -	20	9
18 - Do. -	8	14	33 - Do. -	21	6
19 - Do. -	9	10	34 - Do. -	22	3
20 - Do. -	10	7	35 - Do. -	23	0
21 - Do. -	11	4	36 - Do. -	23	16
22 - Do. -	12	1	37 - Do. -	24	13

SCHEDULE (A.)—continued.

In respect of	37	Windows or Lights	s.	d.	c.	In respect of	100 to 109	Windows, &c.	s.	d.	c.
38	-	Do.	15	10	6	110 to 119	Do.	18	10	6	
39	-	Do.	17	4	0	120 to 129	Do.	20	16	6	
40 to 44	Do.	18	17	6	130 to 139	Do.	22	6	0		
45 to 49	Do.	31	13	6	140 to 149	Do.	24	16	0		
50 to 54	Do.	34	10	0	150 to 159	Do.	26	5	6		
55 to 59	Do.	37	6	0	160 to 169	Do.	28	15	6		
60 to 64	Do.	39	15	6	170 to 179	Do.	30	5	0		
65 to 69	Do.	42	0	6	180	Do. or upwards	32	2	6		
70 to 74	Do.	44	5	0	And for every such Dwelling House						
75 to 79	Do.	46	10	0	which shall contain more than 180						
80 to 84	Do.	48	15	0	Windows or Lights, for every Win-						
85 to 89	Do.	51	0	0	dow or Light exceeding the Num-						
90 to 94	Do.	53	4	6	ber of 180	-	-	0	5	0	
95 to 99	Do.	55	9	6							

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office, and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth, near Dublin, shall be wholly exempt from the said Duties.

Any Warehouse or Workhouse being a distinct and separate Building, and not a Part or Part of the Dwelling House nor Shop, nor occupied in part nor in the whole as a Dwelling House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin to or have internal Communication with the Dwelling House, shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

If in any House containing Eight Windows or more, any Room or Rooms shall be occupied by any Lodgers or Lodgers, not paying respectively a Rent exceeding Five Pounds yearly for each Lodging, so much of the Tax on such House is exempt of all the Windows or Lights therein, as shall in respect of the Windows or Lights in the Part of such House is occupied, exceed One Shilling for each Window or Light, shall be deducted from the whole Charge of such House:

Any Hospital, Charity School or House provided for the Reception and Relief of Poor Persons, or any Goal, Prison or Sessions House, or any Hall, Office or Public Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Windows therein otherwise than in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms or Apartments in any such Public Building being occupied by any Officer or belonging to or employed in the same, or by any Servant of such Officer; and if all such Rooms or Apartments shall not contain more than Six Windows or Lights, shall be charged with the Tax in respect of Windows, at the Rate of One Shilling for each Window or Light therein; and if all such Rooms or Apartments shall contain more than Six Windows or Lights, then they shall be charged with the said Tax as if they were an entire House; and the Officers or Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servant such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Taxes as Occupiers of inhabited Houses are by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same:

Any Dwelling House or other Building in respect of any Window which shall be occupied with or used for a Loom which shall be standing at such Window, and really used in weaving:

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied as a Boarding School for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or the Justices at Sessions, shall not be charged with any higher Rate of Tax than One Shilling for each Window or Light therein.

SCHEDULE (B.)
MALE SERVANTS.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE SERVANT retained or employed by any Person or Persons in the several Capacities herein mentioned.

NUMBER THEREOF.	Amount of Duty payable for each Servant.		NUMBER THEREOF.	Amount of Duty payable for each Servant.
1 each Servant	£. s. d.		7 each Servants	£. s. d.
2 Do.	3 8 0		8 Do.	5 5 0
3 Do.	3 16 0		9 Do.	6 8 0
4 Do.	4 7 0		10 Do.	6 13 0
5 Do.	4 18 0		11 Do. and upwards	7 13 0
6 Do.	5 3 0			

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ each Male Servant or Servants, and shall be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed by any Person at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, *Manne d'Hotel, House Steward, Master of the Horse, Groom of the Chambers, Valet de Chambre, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Cookhouse, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Running Footman, Coachman, Groom, Postilion, Saddle Boy or Helper in the Stables, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Housekeeper or Whippers-in, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants really acting in any of the said Capacities shall be called or known, or whether each Male Servant shall have been or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business jointly with any one or more of the same, and for every Servant hired with any Carriage or Horses for one Year, or for any longer Period.*

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Servant (other than such as are herein specified, and in respect of whom the Master is subject to Duty) who shall be really retained or employed for the Purpose of Housework or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who shall act as any time be employed in any Capacity in respect of which a Tax is payable for any Servant:

Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or any Butler, Cook, Gardener or Porter of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near Kinsale, or of the New Coat Hospital or Lying-in Hospital in Dublin, or of any Hospital or Charitable Institution:

One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons under the Rank of not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, provided such Officer retires no more than One Servant, and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry or Marines, or Corps of Engineers, such Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which such Officer shall belong, and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander, in actual Employment, such Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong:

One Servant of any Officer as Half Pay from His Majesty's Navy, Army or Marines, provided such Officer shall retain no more than one such Servant only:

Any Boy appointed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years by the Foundling Hospital, the Incorporated Society, the Hibernian School for Soldiers' Children, the Hibernian Marine Society, or any Society or Charitable Institution in Ireland for the Care and Education of Children supported in the whole or in Part by Public Money or Alms.

SCHEDULE (C.)
CLERKS AND SHOPMEN.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every MALE PERSON retained or employed in the several Capacities hereinafter mentioned.

	£. s. d.
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade or exercising any Profession whatever as a Clerk or Book Keeper or Office Keeper (except Apprentices for or with whom no higher Sum than Twenty Pounds Sterling has been paid or contracted for as a Fee or Reward) the yearly Sum of	1 0 0
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid) for the Purpose of exposing to Sale or selling Goods, Wares or Merchandise in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the yearly Sum of	2 0 0

SCHEDULE (C.)—*revised.*

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons who shall retain or employ such Male Person or Persons, and shall be paid for every Male Person who shall be retained or employed in any of the said Capabilities by any Person or Persons at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following.

SCHEDULE (D.)

CARRIAGES.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually on all CARRIAGES of any of the Descriptions after mentioned.

NUMBER OF CARRIAGES.							Amount of the Duty for each Carriage.
For Carriages with Four Wheels:							<i>£. s. d.</i>
For 1 such Carriage, the Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	-	-	12 0 0
2 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 0 0
3 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 0 0
4 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 0 0
5 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 10 0
6 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 0 0
7 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 0 0
8 Do.	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 10 0
9 Do. and upwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 0 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 6 0
For Carriages with less than Four Wheels:	-	-	-	-	-	-	
For every such Carriage drawn by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and no more	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 10 0
And for every such Carriage drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 0 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Sum of	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 9 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be respectively charged for every Coach, Berke, Landau, Chariot, Calash, Chaise Marse, Chaise, Sociable or Caravan with Four Wheels; and for every Calash, Chaise Marse, Chaise, Curicle, Chair or Car, with less than Four Wheels; and for any Number of such Carriages respectively; and for every other Carriage with Four Wheels, or with less than Four Wheels respectively, used or to be used for the like Purposes by whatever Name or Names the same shall be called or known which any Person shall keep or have in his or her Possession at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January following, or which shall be hired by the Year or any longer Period; and upon all such Carriages as shall be kept to be let out to hire by any Person letting out Horses to travel Post, or by the Mile, who shall charge, demand or receive a higher Rate of Payment for drawing any such Carriage travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage, than such Person charges for his or her own Carriage of the same Description travelling Post in like manner; and which Duties shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons keeping such Carriages, and shall be chargeable upon the Body, or if more than One, upon the Bodies of such Carriages respectively, according to the Number thereof successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, and not in respect of the Wheels thereof, or any other Parts of such Carriages to which the Wheels shall be attached.

EXEMPTIONS.

Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, Hackney Chaises and Coaches and other Carriages kept to be let for Hire, except such Carriages kept to be let for Hire as are subject to Duty under the foregoing Rules for charging the said Duties:

Carriages kept for Sale for which a Duty of One Pound or Ten Shillings shall have been paid by the Maker thereof, according to the Act for that Purpose. 18 G. 3. c. 43. s. 4.

SCHEDULE (E.)

HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for all HORSES, MARES and GELDINGS, kept by any Person or Persons for the Purpose of Riding, or for the Purpose of Drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty.

NUMBER OF HORSES.			Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding.	NUMBER OF HORSES.			Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding.
			£. s. d.				£. s. d.
For 1 such Horse, Mare or Gelding			2 17 6	For 11 such Horses, Mares or Geldings			6 7 0
2 such Horses, Mares or Geldings			4 14 6	12 - Do. - -			6 7 0
3 - Do. - -			5 4 6	13 - Do. - -			6 7 6
4 - Do. - -			5 10 0	14 - Do. - -			6 7 6
5 - Do. - -			5 11 6	15 - Do. - -			6 7 6
6 - Do. - -			5 16 0	16 - Do. - -			6 7 6
7 - Do. - -			5 19 6	17 - Do. - -			6 8 0
8 - Do. - -			5 19 6	18 - Do. - -			6 9 0
9 - Do. - -			6 1 6	19 - Do. - -			6 10 0
10 - Do. - -			6 7 0	20 - Do. or upwards -			6 12 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be payable annually for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, which any Person shall keep or have in his or her Possession, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, or which shall be kept by the Year or any longer Period, for the Purpose of riding or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage whatever, chargeable with Duty, and which Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons using such Horse, Mare or Gelding, except as after mentioned.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding, under Three Years old :

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding, which shall be used truly and without Fraud, for the Purpose of Husbandry only on Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse or other Beasts, or for the Purpose of drawing any Waggon, Cart or Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to Duty), or carrying Barthen in the Courts of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall belong, although such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be used for riding on the Occasions and in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Load or Barthen shall have by such Horse, Mare or Gelding, been drawn or carried, or in going to any Place from whence any Load or Barthen shall be to be brought back by any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of going to or from Market, or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Court of Justice, provided such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose, save as aforesaid :

One Horse, Mare or Gelding used only for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, not chargeable with any Duty under this Act by any Person occupying a Farm, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or by any Person carrying on a Trade and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly; or by any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of One hundred Pounds or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Prebend or otherwise :

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private in any of the Regiments of Cavalry, or in the Artillery :

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Person enrolled or to be enrolled, and serving in any Troop of Yeoman Cavalry as *Avant*, who shall have attested on Horseback One Half at the least of the Number of Days appointed for him to exercise or be on Duty in the Year; and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or Postmaster Sergeant of his having done so, and of Pay having been drawn for him for the said Number of Days.

SCHEDULE (F.)

RACE HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Duty payable annually on RACE HORSES.

For every Horse, Mare or Gelding bona fide kept for the Purpose of Racing, or racing for any Prize, Purse or Sum of Money, or other Thing, or kept in Training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stable of the Proprietor or Proprietors, or of any other Person or Persons	£. s. d.
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[SCHEDULE (C.)
DOGS.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually on DOGS.

	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
For every Greyhound kept by any Person, whether the same be his or her Property or the Property of any other Person or Persons	1	0	0
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, where only One such Dog is kept	0	11	6
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, and for every other Dog, where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs of whatever Description or Designation the same may be, except Greyhounds, whether the same be the Property of him or her or them, or of any other Person or Persons	0	14	0
For every Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, kept by any Person, having One such Dog and no more, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or the Property of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0	3	0

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Dog or Whelp which shall not be actually of the Age of Six Calendar Months:
All Dogs kept by any Person who shall, in respect of the several Dogs kept by such Person in each Year, pay the full Sum of Thirty six Pounds British Currency, by way of Compensation for all such Dogs, before the Twenty fourth Day of June in each Year.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain increased Duties of Excise in Ireland on Malt.

[25th May 1815.]

Enacted by His Majesty's most Excellent Majesty,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and received, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several additional and increased Duties of Excise following; that is to say,

For and upon every Barrel of Malt ground or unground which shall have been, or shall be in the Possession of any Person in Ireland, at any time on or after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act; and which shall have been charged or chargeable with the Duty payable thereon, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, an Excise Duty of Four Shillings and Four pence British Currency, in Addition to the Duty with which such Malt shall have been charged or chargeable under any such Act or Acts:

[See 25th c. 139. § 4. 7.]

For and upon every Barrel of Malt, containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure, which at any time or times from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act shall be made of Barley or any other Cere or Grain in Ireland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, whether the same shall be or shall not be for Sale, the Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence British Currency, and is proportionably for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act.

II. And Whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the increased and additional Duties imposed on Malt made in Ireland, increased Countervailing Duties should be charged upon Malt and upon Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, respectively imported from thence into Ireland, sufficient to counterbalance the said increased and additional Duties: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be charged on all such Malt, and on all such Beer or Ale the Countervailing Duties following, to wit and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever, payable upon such Malt, or on such Beer or Ale, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; that is to say,

For and upon every Barrel of Malt, containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure, made in Great Britain, and imported directly from thence into Ireland, the Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence British Currency:

§ 5 Geo. III.

X

For

Beer or Ale

Liquorosity

Drawback

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75 G 3 p. 16.

75 G 3 p. 16.

75 G 3 p. 16.

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For and upon every Barrel of Beer or Ale, containing Thirty two Gallons, brewed or made in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the Sum of Twelve Shillings British Currency:

And that upon the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of any Malt, or of any Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland from Malt, on which the Duties payable under this Act shall have been fully paid and satisfied respectively, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Conserving Duty hereby granted on Malt and on Beer or Ale made in Great Britain, and exported from thence into Ireland; and such Drawback shall be in lieu of all Drawbacks payable by virtue of or under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, in respect of such Malt or Beer or Ale exported from Ireland to Great Britain.

III. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of all former Drawbacks on Malt or on Beer or Ale made in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, there shall be paid to every Person who shall legally export from Ireland to any other Place than Great Britain, any Malt or any Strong Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland from Malt, on which the Duties payable under this Act shall have been fully paid and satisfied, the Drawbacks or Allowances following; that is to say,

For every Barrel of such Malt, containing Four English Winchester Measure, the Sum of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence British Currency; and for every Barrel of such Beer or Ale the Sum of Twelve Shillings British Currency:

And all the said Drawbacks shall be paid by the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District from which such Malt or Beer or Ale shall be exported, out of any Money in his Hands, on such Certificate from the Collector, Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Port from whence the same shall be exported, as is required by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, imported and from Ireland* in case of Drawbacks on Exportation of Goods in respect of any internal Duty of Excise paid thereon.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the several Drawbacks or Allowances payable under any Act or Acts in force, immediately before the passing of this Act, upon Malt or upon Beer or Ale exported from Ireland to Great Britain, or elsewhere, shall continue to be paid and allowed on all Malt, and on all Beer or Ale so exported, upon which the additional or increased Duty in respect whereof the increased Drawbacks are given and allowed by this Act, shall not have been fully paid and satisfied: Provided also, that the increased Drawbacks and Allowances by this Act made payable, shall not be paid or allowed on any Malt, or on any Beer or Ale so exported, unless the Persons respectively who shall export such Malt, or Beer or Ale respectively, shall make Oath that the additional or increased Duties on account of which such Drawbacks shall be acquired respectively, have been fully paid and satisfied; and shall also perform all such Regulations, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions as are or shall be required to be performed and observed by Persons exporting any Article whereas any Drawback or Bounty is payable for obtaining the same.

V. And, in order to secure the additional Duty of Four Shillings and Four pence per Barrel on Malt imposed by this Act, be it enacted, That any Officer or Officers of Excise in Ireland shall and may take an Account of the just and true Quantity of all Malt, whether ground or unground, in the Possession of any Person in Ireland at any time on or after the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and on or before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, in such manner as such Officer or Officers or are now required by Law to take an Account of any Malt; and such Officer shall make a Return or Report in Writing to the Collector of the District in which such Person shall reside, or in which he or her Malt House or Stacks shall be situated, of the just and true Quantity of all such Malt, and of the Amount of the additional Duties payable thereon under and by virtue of this Act, over and above the Duty thereupon paid or payable thereon; and such Return or Report shall be a Charge on every such Person respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Excise on Malt in Great Britain, granted or made payable by any Act in force in Great Britain at the time of the passing of this Act, or any Part of such Duties in Great Britain shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain, Provision shall be made that in such case the Duty of Excise on Malt granted by this Act, and made payable in Ireland, as shall be equal to the Duties which shall so cease or determine or be repealed as aforesaid in Great Britain, shall in like manner cease or determine, or be repealed and shall not be payable in Ireland, at any time after the time when such Duties of Excise, or any Part thereof, shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in Great Britain; and the Duty of Excise on Malt made payable by this Act, shall be reduced accordingly.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons charged with the said additional Duty on Malt shall, within Three Calendar Months from the time they shall be charged therewith, pay to the Collector of the District all such Duty as shall be due from them respectively, for or on account of so, such additional Duty, unless such Malt shall be sooner removed, in which case the said additional Duty shall be paid for all such Malt, before the same shall be removed, and before any Person for removing or conveying the same shall be granted.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Malt for which a Permit shall have been granted at any time on or before the Thirtieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall have been sent out of the Stock or Possession of any Person, and shall not have arrived or come into the Stock or Possession of some other Person at some time before the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, it is to be chargeable with the said additional Duty of Four Shillings and Four pence by this Act imposed, such additional Duty of Four Shillings and Four pence shall be paid and payable by

the Person who shall have obtained such Permit for the Removal of such Malt, as if such Malt had remained and been in the Possession of such Person on or after the said First Day of May.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all *Messes* arising from the several Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges of paying and collecting the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person so having Malt in his or her Possession, who shall not within the time aforesaid pay the additional Duty to be charged on all such Malt, or who shall remove any such Malt without having paid or cleared the said additional Duty, or in whose Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise, there shall appear to have been any Decade of such Malt, without having obtained from the proper Officer a Permit authorizing the Removal of such Malt, is deficient, shall be liable to and shall pay Double the Amount of such additional Duty chargeable on such Malt, and shall also forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Offence.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted and allowed and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, paid for, recovered and applied, in such Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Powers and Authorities, as are appointed, devised and expressed, for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties or Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new English upon His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, according to the Book of Rates shewn aforesaid*, or as and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act in pursue of the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Customs and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Tolls in Ireland*, or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said several Acts made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Duties of Excise on Malt, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Penalties, Classes, Matters and Things therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the new and additional Duties by this Act granted on Malt, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to repeal the additional Duty on *Brandy-made Wine* or *Sweets* granted by an Act of this Session of Parliament.

[25th May 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April or thereof, right hundred and sixteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Spirits, Tobacco, Sugar and Brandy Licences, an additional Duty of Excise is imposed for Liquor made in Great Britain for Sale, by Infusions, Fermentations or otherwise from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said additional Duty: He it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Eighteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said additional Duty shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall and they respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to cause any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been charged as any such additional Duty for or in respect of any such *Brandy-made Wine* or *Sweets* to be discharged from and out of the Books and other Documents containing any Entry or Entries of or relating to any such Charge, or Sum or Sums of Money.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, as far as relates to the granting Grants by the *East India Company*.

[25th May 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, for constituting in the *East India Company*, for a further Term, the Possession of the *British Territories* in *India*, and for other Purposes, after reciting therein, that it was expedient that the said Company should be put under reasonable Limitations as respects to the granting of Concessions, it was enacted, that, from and after the passing thereof, it should not be lawful for the Court or Directors of the said Company to charge the Funds of the said Company with the Payment of any Grants to any Officer, Civil or Military, or any other Person, exceeding the Sum of Six Hundred Pounds, unless the Grant or Rebate for that Purpose should have been sanctioned by the Court of Proprietors, and approved and confirmed by the

Money carried to Consolidated Fund.

Regulating Payment of Duty, &c.

Penalty.

Duties, &c. have been and paid.

25th 15 Oct. 18
(1) 1815. A. 1. 1. 1.
48 G. 3. r. 106.
Act.

Appeal.

Acts in force
extended to sub-
jecting Duties.
Act.

Act altered, &c.

Amo. 1815

Duty on Spirits
or Made Wines
repealed.

Entries of
Duties all
charged

25 G. 3. c. 112

1815

* Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India; and that Copies of all Warrants or Instruments, granting any Salary, Pension, or Gratuity, should be submitted to both Houses of Parliament within One Month after such Grant, if Parliament should be then sitting, or if not, within One Month after their then next Meeting; And Whereas the said last mentioned Enactment doth not fully express the Intention expressed in the Preamble thereto; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the said Company, or for the Court or Directors of the said Company, with the Sanction of the Court of Proprietors of the said Company, to charge the Funds of the said Company with the Payment of any Gratuity to any Officer, Civil or Military, or other Person exceeding the Sum of Six hundred Pounds, unless the Grant or Resolution for that Purpose shall have been approved and confirmed by the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India; and that Copies of all Warrants or Instruments granting any Salary, Pension or Gratuity, shall be submitted to both Houses of Parliament, within One Month after such Grant, if Parliament should be then sitting, or if not within One Month after their then next Meeting.

C. A. P. LXV.

An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain.

[15th May 1815.]

18 G. 3. c. 1.

18 G. 3. c. 20.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to accept the Services of a Preparation of the Militia out of the United Kingdom, for the vigorous Prosecution of the War*; And Whereas another Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to enable and amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of a Preparation of the Militia out of the United Kingdom, for the vigorous Prosecution of the War*; and to extend the Provisions thereof to the Regiment of Artillery of Cornwall and Devon; And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to Half Pay of Officers appointed by His Majesty to serve in Provincial Battalions of Militia under the said Acts; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Provisions of the said intitled Acts as to Half Pay shall extend and be deemed and construed to extend to Officers appointed by His Majesty under the Provisions of the said intitled Acts, and who shall have served upon extended Service under the said Acts, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as to Officers whose Services have been accepted by His Majesty under the said Acts; any thing in the said Acts or either of them to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provisions of Acts as to Half Pay to extend to Officers appointed by His Majesty to serve in Provincial Battalions.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is entitled to Half Pay shall be deemed or taken to forfeit or quit such Half Pay, during the time he shall serve as a Captain in the Militia, but the same shall nevertheless continue; and every such Captain shall take the like Oath as Subalterns in the Militia receiving Half Pay.

Captain in Militia not to forfeit Half Pay. Same Oath as Subalterns.

III. And whereas the Militia of some of the Counties, Ridings and Places in Great Britain, have been kept embodied after the Militia of other Counties have been disembodied; and it is therefore reasonable and expedient that the Expence incurred, in Allowances to the Wives and Families of such Militia, should be reimbursed; Be it therefore enacted, That all Sums of Money which shall have been paid, by any County, Riding, Stewartry, Division, City, Town or Place, in Great Britain, or by any Parish, Township or Place therein, for or in respect of any Allowance to the Wives or Families of any Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers or Private Men, of the Militia of England or Scotland respectively, after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, under or in pursuance of any of the Provisions of the Acts in force in relation to such Allowances in England and Scotland respectively, shall, upon the Certificate of Two or more of the Justices of the Peace in England, or of any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace in Scotland, be repaid, by the respective Receivers General in England, and by the Collectors of the Cuts in Scotland, to the Treasurers or Overseers of the Poor or Parish Officers respectively, or other Persons, of the Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Towns or Places, for or in respect of which such Allowances shall have been advanced, out of any Public Monies in their Hands; and all such Payments shall be allowed in other Accounts of such Receivers General respectively.

Allowance to Wives and Families of Militia retained, embodied after 14th June 1814, repaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which a sufficient Number of Officers cannot be found within the Town where any Sergeant Major, Sergeant, Corporal, Drum Major or Drummer of the Militia were disembodied, it to be tried by any Court Martial, or within Two Miles thereof, it shall be lawful for the Colonel, or the Commandant or Senior Field Officer, as the case may be, to order any such Number of other Officers of the Militia of the County, Riding or Place, to which the Regiment shall belong, residing beyond such Two Miles, as may be necessary to complete the Court Martial, to attend and assist as Members of the Court, who shall at the time required thereupon attend and assist accordingly; and all such Officers shall be entitled to Pay during such Attendance, and to One Shilling and Six pence for every Mile for going to such Court Martial at the Commencement thereof and returning after the Conclusion of the Proceedings of the Court.

If sufficient Officers cannot be found for Court Martial, disembodied Militia Officers ordered to attend, Pay and travel expence.

V. And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to authorize the training and exercising the Militia of Great Britain for Twenty eight Days*; And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to order and direct the Assembly for Training and Exercise for a less Period than Twenty eight Days; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to order and direct that the Militia shall be trained and exercised for any Period

41 G. 3. c. 15.

Number of Days for Training reduced.

not exceeding Twenty eight Days in any Year, as His Majesty shall deem most expedient; any thing in the said second Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia of Great Britain to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to regulate and establish a Militia Force in Scotland: And Whereas* no Provision is made in the said Act for the Expence of providing convenient Places for the keeping of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing and other Stores, of the Militia under the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That such convenient Places and Depôts shall be provided for the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing and other Stores, of the Regular Militia of Scotland, in like Manner and under such and the like Rules and Regulations, as are contained, in relation to Places and Depôts for the Arms and Clothing of the Local Militia, in an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia in Scotland.*

VII. And Whereas certain Persons serving in the Militia of Great Britain, as Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers, have lately been and are now employed in raising Men for the Militia, by Beat of Drum, under an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His Majesty's Reign; and it is reasonable that their Families should receive the same Relief as if the corps to which they belonged were embodied: Be it therefore enacted, That where any such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, who shall be so employed on the Recruiting Service, shall have left a Family at the Head Quarters of the Regiment unable to support themselves, the Overseer or Overseers of the Parish, Tything or Township, where the Family of such Person shall dwell, shall, by Order of some one Justice of the Peace, pay to the Family of every such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, out of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor of such Parish, Tything or Township, such and the like Weekly Allowance as would have been payable to such Family under any Act now in force, if such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer had been embodied and called out into actual Service; such Allowance to commence and be calculated from the fourteenth Day of April next before the passing of this Act, and to be continued during the time such Non Commissioned Officer and Drummer shall be absent from Head Quarters upon such Recruiting Service; and if any Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer belonging to the Militia of Great Britain, who shall hereafter be employed in the Recruiting Service, shall leave a Family at the Head Quarters of the Regiment unable to support themselves, although the Militia to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer shall belong shall not be embodied, such and the like Allowance shall be payable to the Family of such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, during the time he shall be absent from Head Quarters upon such Recruiting Service, as would have been payable, under any Law now in force, to such Family, if such Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer had been at the time embodied and called into actual Service.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Surgeon of Militia, who shall be required by any Two Deputy Lieutenants to attend the Enrolment of any Man or Men in the Militia, for the Purpose of examining such Man or Men, at any Place specified by such Deputy Lieutenants, and not being more than Ten Miles from the Place of the Head Quarters of the Regiment where such Surgeon is bound to reside, shall and he is hereby required to attend at the Time and Place required, without any Fee or Reward, except an Allowance of One Shilling for each and every Mile of going to and returning from such Place of Attendance: Provided always, that in case no Surgeon of the Militia shall reside within such Distance of Ten Miles from the Place of Enrolment, it shall be lawful for any Two Deputy Lieutenants to summon any other competent Surgeon, who shall upon such Summons, with Two Days' Notice in Writing of the Time and Place at which he will be required to attend, acted accordingly, and examine into the Fitness of the Man or Men to be enrolled; and every such Surgeon shall in any such case be entitled to receive and shall have for such Attendance a Sum not less than One Guinea nor exceeding Two Guineas, as the Deputy Lieutenants shall direct in that behalf, for each Day's Attendance upon every such Examination; and every Surgeon of Militia, or other Surgeon, shall, before he shall begin any such Examination, take the following Oath; which Oath any Deputy Lieutenant is hereby authorized to administer; viz.

I, A. B. do swear, That I will, to the best of my Ability, faithfully and truly report as to the Fitness for Service of the Man or Men about to be submitted to my Examination; and that I will not receive from any of them any Fee or Reward whatever for any such Examination.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in any case of the Illness or Absence from any County, Riding or Stewartry in Great Britain, of the Lieutenant thereof, it shall be lawful for the Vice Lieutenant of such County, Riding or Stewartry, being authorized for that Purpose by the Lieutenant, as sworn-Commissioner to take Oaths to serve in the Militia of Great Britain, Riding or Stewartry, upon any Vacancy which shall then happen in the militia of the Lieutenant thereof, and to do all Acts, Matters and Things which might lawfully be done by the Lieutenant, and the same shall be good and valid so long, as if done by the Lieutenant himself.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Ballotted Man shall be exempt from serving in the Militia of Great Britain, by reason of being under the Height of Five Feet Four Inches, provided such Man shall be of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches; any thing in any Act or Acts (a) of Parliament relating to the Militia of Great Britain to the contrary notwithstanding. (a) [See 43 G. 3. c. 90. § 33—43 G. 3. c. 91. § 48.]

43 G. 3. c. 91. § 48.

Depôt for Arms of Scotch Militia

43 G. 3. c. 48. § 14.

51 G. 3. c. 20. § 42.

Families of Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers employed on Recruiting Service relieved.

Attendance of Surgeon, and Allowance for Examination.

Fee. Penalties.

Fee.

Oath.

Vice Lieutenants authorized by Lieutenants, may in Absence, do all Acts, Matters and Things which might lawfully be done by the Lieutenant.

Ballotted Men of Five Feet Two Inches high to serve.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act for allowing Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid to take Salt Duty-free for making such Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime for bleaching Linens and Cotton; for repealing the Excise Duties on Glauber Salt, and on Bleaching Powder imported from Ireland; and to allow a further Draw-back on Foreign Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitriol.

[25th May 1815.]

28 O. 1. 4. 8p.

18p.

18p.

§ 9th. 9s.

43 O. 2. 6. 8p.

28b. (C.)

23 O. 1. (4)

+ 2s.

43 O. 2. 5d. 1s.

c. 50. 4. 2.

18 O. 2. 1. 10p.

Allowances in
excise.
Makers to de-
duct from
Works for
making Oxygen-
ated Muri-
atic Acid, an
Amount for the
Appropriation.

What Quantity
of Salt delivered
1 cask.

30s Salt deliv-
ered but no Pre-
ference of Office
Taxes of Quan-
tity, &c.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for repealing the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Remissions paid thereon, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Remissions thereon, the whole of the Duties then payable on Salt of English Manufacture (dissolving Soda and a Half per Centum in consequence of the Increase in the Weight of the Salt by the Moisture of the Air) were directed to be drawn back and allowed to actual Bleachers of Linen or Cotton, for all Salt of English Manu-
facture, used, employed, spent and consumed in making of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid in England, for the Purpose of being made use of in the Bleaching of Linen and Cotton; and the whole of the Duties then payable on Salt of the Manufacture of Scotland, dissolving as aforesaid, were also directed to be drawn back and allowed to actual Bleachers of Linen or Cotton, for all Salt of the Manufacture of Scotland, used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid in Scotland; under and subject to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions by the said Act in that behalf provided and preferred: And Whereas by another Act made in the Forty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, the said Duties were repealed, and other Duties on Salt imposed, and Allowances of the said last mentioned Duties (dissolving as aforesaid) were made for all Salt used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid: And Whereas by another Act made in the Fifty fifth (a) Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting Additional Duties on Salt in Great Britain*, Additional Duties were imposed on Salt made in Great Britain; and by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, an Allowance was made of the said Additional Duties for all Salt used, employed, spent and consumed in making such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid: And by another Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, the said Allowances were extended to Salt used, employed, spent and consumed in making any such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, for the Purpose of being made use of in the Bleaching of Linen, or Cotton Yarn or Twist: And Whereas it is expedient to discontinue the said Allowances, and to allow all Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime respectively, to take Salt in manner hereinafter mentioned, for making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said Allowances shall cease and determine; and from and after that Day it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime in Great Britain, to receive and have delivered to him, her or them from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine, Salt Pit or Salt Work, Salt for making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime for the sole Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid, upon Bond or Security to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Two or more of them, or the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them respectively for that Purpose, being first given in Duplicate the Duty of such Salt, and that all such Salt shall without any unnecessary Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch be carried and removed to, and delivered at and on the Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime Work or Works specified in the Condition of such Bond or Security; and also that all such Salt shall, within Six Months next ensuing the Date of such Bond, be really and truly employed, spent and consumed at the said Work or Works by such Maker or Makers in the making of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed, in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid: Provided, that no such Maker or Makers shall obtain, receive or have any such Salt to be delivered to him, her or them, in any less Quantity than Fifty Bushels, nor unless such Maker or Makers shall have first made such Entry as hereinafter mentioned. (4) [45 G. 3. c. 14. § 1.]*

II. And be it further enacted, That no such Salt shall be delivered from or out of any Warehouse belong-
ing to or adjoining any Salt Mine, Salt Pit or Salt Work, for or under Pretence of making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, but in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, who shall make and keep an Entry in Writing, containing the true and real Weight or Quantity of the Salt so delivered, together with the Day and Hour of such Delivery, and the Name of the Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, to or for whom the same shall be so delivered, and the Place where the Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime Work or Works of such Maker or Makers, at which such Salt is to be used, employed, spent and consumed as aforesaid, shall be situate.

111. And

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, before he, she or they shall begin to make or manufacture any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, shall take out such Licence or Licences, authorizing him, her or them, to make and manufacture Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them; which Licences respectively shall be granted in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make any such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the time being, shall from time to time appoint for that Purpose; but if any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, in any Part of the Kingdom of England, out of the Limits of the said Chief Office, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Superintenders of Excise whose their respective Collectors and Districts; and in case any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being; or if any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, in any Part of Scotland, out of the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, then the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Superintenders of Excise in Scotland, within their respective Collectors and Districts; and each respective Commissioners of Excise, or Two or more of them respectively, and the Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collectors and Superintenders are hereby respectively authorized and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, on the Person or Persons applying for the same first paying the Sum of Two Pounds and Ten Shillings for each such Licence which shall be granted previous to the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime or either of them, until the said Tenth Day of October; and the Sum of Five Pounds for each such Licence which shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Makers to take
out Licence.

Regulation as
regarding
Licences.

Duty on
Licences.

Licence Duty
to remain paid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money by this Act directed to be paid for such Licences respectively shall be paid for each respective Licence to such Person as are hereinafter in that behalf respectively mentioned; that is to each thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out of any Part of Great Britain, out within the said respective Limits, shall be paid to the Collector of Excise granting such Licence.

Licence to remain
paid yearly.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall make any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, after the Expiration of such law, law or their Licence, unless such Person or Persons shall take out a fresh Licence for the like Purpose, in the manner herebefore directed, Ten Days at the least before the Expiration of such former Licence, and in like manner renew every such Licence from Year to Year; and if any Person or Persons shall make or manufacture, or begin to make or manufacture any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, without taking out a Licence authorizing him, her or them so to do, or, as the case may require, renewing the same as herebefore in that behalf directed, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Licence to be granted under or by virtue of this Act shall remain and continue in force until and upon the Tenth Day of October next ensuing the granting thereof, and no longer; Provided always nevertheless, that Persons in Partnership, and carrying on the Making or Manufacturing of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them, in one House or Place only, shall not be obliged to take out more than one Licence in any one Year, for making such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime, or either of them; and no Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make or manufacture Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, in any other Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room, or other Place, than such Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room, or other Place, whereof Entry shall have been made by such Maker or Makers at the Office of Excise, in his, her or their own Name or Names, for making such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid and Oxymuriate of Lime respectively, or one of them, at the time of granting such Licence.

How long
Licences to re-
main in force.
Partnerships and
Licences for one
House only.
Licence to be
used only in
House, &c. but
not every
place.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons shall, before he, she or they shall commence to make or manufacture any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, make true and particular Entry in Writing of every Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room and other Place, and also of every Utensil or Vessel by him, her or them respectively made use of, or intended to be made use of, in or for the keeping of Salt, Vitriol Acid or Manganese, or in or for the making, manufacturing or keeping of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, or any Refiduum or Materials remaining, unless or

Makers, to
make Entry at
Writing &c.

produced

Evening; and any Notice given for any such Mixing at any other time than between the said Hours, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes: Provided also, that no Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime shall be at Liberty to mix with Vitriolic Acid, Mangnese and Water, or any or either of them, at any one time, any less Quantity than Two Bushels of Salt: nor shall any such Maker or Makers be at Liberty to mix or make use of any Water, which the Vitriolic Acid used in such mixing shall be rectified.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where at the Works of any such Maker of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, there shall at any time be Officers of Excise in daily Attendance at such Works, and between the Hours of Five of the Clock in the Morning and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, on Account of Soap making or any other Excise Manufacture there carried on, then and in that case such Officers shall be obliged to attend daily once in each Day the Mixture of such Salt and other Ingredients as aforesaid, such Officer nevertheless not being obliged to attend longer than Two Hours after the Hour at which his Attendance shall have been required in the Notice hereby directed to be given, or at any other Hour than the Hour specified in such Notice: Provided always, that if any additional Expense shall arise in consequence of such Attendance, the same shall be borne by the Parties requiring it.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers attending, and being any Quantity of Salt not less than Two Bushels mixed in manner authorized by this Act for the Purpose of being used, employed, spent and consumed in making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linnen or Cotton Cloth, or Linnen or Cotton Cloth, or Linnen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linnen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime for the sole Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid, and upon receiving or having received an authentic Permit for such Salt, he shall give and grant to the Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid entitled to receive the same, a Certificate, specifying the Quantity of Salt so mixed, used and employed as aforesaid; and upon such Maker's producing to the Collector of Excise of the Collection in which the Oxygenated Muriatic Acid Works shall be situated, such Certificate, and making Oath before such Collector (which Oath such Collector is hereby authorized and empowered to administer) that all the Salt mentioned in such Certificate has been duly and lawfully used, employed, spent and consumed in making such Oxygenated Muriatic Acid as aforesaid, for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linnen or Cotton Cloth, or Linnen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linnen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent and consumed, as the case may be, in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime for the Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid, the said Collector shall thereupon by Indorsement on such Certificate certify the making of such Oath, and shall return the said Certificate with such Indorsement to the Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, for the Purpose of discharging such Bond or Security in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XIV. And, for the Purpose of preventing Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid from impeding on the Officer or Officers, Salt mixed with adulterating Materials, as or for Salt by this Act authorized to be delivered from or out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine, Salt Pits or Salt Works, be it further enacted, That no Certificate of any such Mixing as aforesaid shall be granted, for or in respect of any Salt or Saline Substance, other than genuine merchantable Salt, otherwise called Muriate of Soda, unmixed with any Dirt, Rubbish, or other extraneous Material or Ingredients whatsoever, such merchantable Salt being in the usual and ordinary State of Dryness, and fit and proper for salting Provision for the Food of Man; nor shall any such Certificate of Mixing be granted for any more or other Salt than shall be actually mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Mangnese and Water, in the presence of the proper Officer of Excise, and in the Proportion of at least Forty four Pounds Weight of rectified Vitriolic Acid, Twenty Pounds Weight of Mangnese and Ten Pounds Weight of Water, to every Fifty six Pounds Weight of Salt; or of Fifty six Pounds Weight of unrectified Vitriolic Acid, Twenty Pounds Weight of Mangnese and so Water, to every Fifty six Pounds Weight of Salt; nor shall any such Certificate of Mixing be granted unless the Vitriolic Acid made use of in such Mixing shall be at the least of the specific Gravity hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if the Vitriolic Acid be made use of shall be rectified, the same shall be of the specific Gravity compared with Water at One thousand of One thousand eight hundred and fifty, or such that a Vessel capable of containing Ten Ounces of Water only shall be capable of containing not more than Eighteen Ounces and a Half of such rectified Vitriolic Acid; and if the Vitriolic Acid be made use of shall be unrectified, the same shall be at the least of a specific Gravity compared with Water at One thousand of not less than One thousand six hundred and fifty, or such that a Vessel capable of containing Ten Ounces of Water only shall be capable of containing not more than Sixteen Ounces and a Half of such unrectified Vitriolic Acid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or of Oxymuriate of Lime shall, he, she, it and they is and are hereby required to provide and keep proper, sufficient and just Scales and Weights at the Place or Places where he, she or they shall make or manufacture any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, and shall, at his, her or their own Expense, find, provide and affix a fit and proper Mark or Staple, in a convenient and proper Place, to be approved of by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise of the Division or District in which such Place shall be situated, and also provide and deliver any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same at all times for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of the Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Mangnese and Water respectively, and also the Rubbish, Caput Mortuum, Refuse or Remains of Salt, or any other Material or Materials used or employed in the Making, Manufacture or Procurement of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime respectively, which shall at any time be in the Possession of such Maker or Makers respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to provide or to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them,

What Quantity of Salt Makers permitted to mix

Attendance of Officer.

Permits

Officer to give Certificate of Mixing

On Maker's Production of Certificate, and on Oath of Application of salt, Collector to make due Certificate

In what case Certificate are granted.

No Certificate shall be granted unless Vitriolic Acid of certain specific Gravity

Makers to provide Scales, &c.

Weighing, to be made before, &c.

or shall act at his, her or their own Expense, find, provide and affix in manner aforesaid, such fit and proper Book or Staple, in a proper and convenient Place, to be approved as aforesaid, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same; or if any such Maker or Makers shall, in the Weighing of any Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganese or Water, or of any such Refsdawn, Caput Mortuum, Residue or Remains as aforesaid, make use of or cause or procure or suffer to be made use of, any false, unjust or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall attempt or endeavour to do so, or shall purchase any Art, Device or Contrivance by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from taking the just and true Weight of any such Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganese, Water, Refsdawn, Caput Mortuum, Residue or Remains respectively; then, and in every such case, such Maker or Makers for offending Salt, for each and every such Officer, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such false, unjust or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or of Oxymuriate of Lime, shall, and he, she and they as and are hereby also required to provide and keep, at the Place or Places where he, she or they shall make or manufacture any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, a proper, sufficient and just Hydrometer, and also a proper, sufficient and just Measure, for trying and ascertaining the specific Gravity of all his, her or their Vitriolic Acid to be mixed with Salt, Manganese or Water, for the Purpose of making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid; and also to permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same respectively, for trying and ascertaining the specific Gravity of such Vitriolic Acid as aforesaid; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to provide or to keep such Hydrometer and Measure as aforesaid, or either of them, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same or either of them; or if any such Maker or Makers shall, under Pretence of trying or ascertaining the specific Gravity of any such Vitriolic Acid, or of having such specific Gravity tried or ascertained, make use of, or cause or procure or suffer to be made use of, any false, unjust or insufficient Hydrometer, Infrustrum or Measure, or shall purchase any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from trying or ascertaining the just and true specific Gravity of any such Vitriolic Acid; then and in every such case all and every such Maker or Makers for offending Salt, for each and every such Officer, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with such false, unjust or insufficient Hydrometer, Infrustrum and Measure respectively.

XVII. Provided always nevertheless, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to increase the Frequency of mixing or mingling of Salt, allowed by the Laws in force immediately before the passing of this Act, to Bleachers of Linen or Cotton, or of Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, unless such Bleacher shall take out a Licence or Licences under or by virtue of this Act; or to prevent any such Bleacher not so licensed from mixing or mingling any Quantity of Salt not less than One Bushel with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, in the Proportions prescribed by this Act, such Vitriolic Acid being of the specific Gravity directed by this Act; or to subject any actual Bleacher of Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, to any such Licence, if such Bleacher shall act at any time felt, deliver or otherwise dispose of to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, any Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or any of the Refsdawn, Caput Mortuum, Residue or Remains of any Salt, or other Material or Materials by him or her used or employed in the Making, Manufacturing or Processment of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or any Preparation or Mixture containing any Glauber Salt, or Refsdawn, Caput Mortuum, Residue or Remains thereof, but shall extend and make use of the whole of the Oxygenated Muriatic Acid by him or her made, in his or her own Bleaching of Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime shall, before the mixing of any Salt intended to be mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, or with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese, under or by virtue of this Act, clandestinely add to such Salt any Water or other Liquor, or any extraneous or adulterating Material or Materials, or Substance or Substances whatsoever, nor shall clandestinely increase the Weight of any such Salt, or shall attempt or endeavour to do so, by putting, depositing, laying or keeping the same in any wet, moist or damp Place, or by wilful or unnecessary Exposure of such Salt to a heated Atmosphere or other Moisture; and if any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime shall, before the mixing of any Salt intended to be mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, or with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese, under or by virtue of this Act, clandestinely add to such Salt any Water or other Liquor, or any extraneous or adulterating Material or Materials, or Substance or Substances whatsoever; or shall clandestinely increase the Weight of any such Salt, or shall attempt or endeavour to do so, by putting, depositing, laying or keeping the same in any wet, moist or damp Place, or by wilful or unnecessary Exposure of such Salt to a heated Atmosphere or other Moisture; or shall mix or weigh, for the Purpose of mixing with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, or with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese, any Salt of one Receipt or Delivery or Permit as or for Salt of another Receipt or Delivery or Permit, or any Salt not received by or delivered to him, her or them, from or out of any Warehouse belonging or adjoining to any Salt Mine, Salt Pit or Salt Works, under or by virtue of this Act, as or for Salt received by or delivered to him, her or them, from or out of any such Warehouse under or by virtue of this Act; the Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime for offending Salt, for each and every such Officer, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all such Salt and the Casks or other Packagings containing the same.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Salt shall be brought into any Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room or other Place, made use of by any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, without an authentic Permit granted and given according to Law, which Permit shall be produced to and left with the Officer of Excise; under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be, as Pail of delivering all such Salt to be brought in without such Permit, or without such Permit being produced to and left with such Officer of Excise, and the Casks and Packages containing the same.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, who shall receive any Salt, shall within Six Hours next after such Salt shall be received or delivered at or into any Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse, Room or other Place, as him, her or them belonging, give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, Notice in Writing of the Receipt and Delivery thereof; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to give any such Notice, such Maker or Makers is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all Claims to any Certificate for or in respect of any mixing thereof with Vitriolic Acid, Manganic Acid and Water, or any of them.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, shall from time to time and at all times, keep all Salt received by him, her or them, under or by virtue of such Permit, separate and apart from all other Salt in his, her or their Custody or Possession; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to keep such Salt and every Part thereof separately received by him, her or them, under or by virtue of such Permit, separate and apart from all other Salt, said such Salt is received under or by virtue of such Permit shall be mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganic Acid and Water, or Vitriolic Acid and Manganic Acid, according to the Directions of this Act; or shall mix any Salt of such Receipt or Delivery with any Salt of any other Receipt or Delivery; then and in every such case the Maker or Makers is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Maker of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, to whom or for whose Use or as whole Account any Salt shall be so delivered, or in case any other Person or Persons shall use the same, or any Part thereof, or any Acid Materials to be produced therefrom after being used in the making of such Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime as aforesaid, for any other Purpose than that of making Oxygenated Muriac Acid, for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods whatsoever of Linen or Cotton, or that of being used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime for the Purpose of such bleaching as aforesaid, the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, and all such Officers are hereby authorized and empowered to take at any time or times a Sample or Samples of any Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Muriac Acid, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, Muriac Potash, Potash, Soda, or any other Salt or Acid, or any Materials alleged or pretended to be, or passing under the Denomination of Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Muriac Acid, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, Muriac Potash, Potash, Soda, or any other Salt or Acid, at any time in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, paying for the same (if demanded) the Value thereof; and in case any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime shall refuse to permit any such Officer or Officers to take any such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon his or their paying for the same (if demanded) such Maker or Makers is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise, whether any Substance, Matter or Material, Substances, Matters or Materials, which shall be found as or for Salt, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, or any other Substance, Matter or Material, Substances, Matters or Materials formed under or by virtue of this Act, be Salt, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, or such other Substance, Matter or Material, Substances, Matters or Materials, the Proof of such Substance, Matter or Material, Substances, Matters or Materials is found, set being Salt, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, or such other Substance, Matter or Material, Substances, Matters or Materials, shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, shall hide, conceal, take, remove or carry away, or cause, procure, permit or suffer to be hid, concealed, taken, removed or carried away, any Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganic Acid, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, or any Salt, or other Material, arising or produced in or from the making or preparing of Oxygenated Muriac Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, for the Purpose of preventing the Discovery or Examination thereof by any Officer or Officers of Excise, the Maker or Makers is offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all the Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganic Acid, Oxygenated Muriac Acid, Oxymuriate of Lime, or any Salt, or any Material, arising or produced in or from the making or preparing of Oxygenated Muriac Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, is hid, concealed, taken, removed or carried away.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That such Bond or Security as aforesaid shall be executed and discharged, upon such Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriac Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime producing to and leaving with the proper Officer of Excise a Certificate, under the Hand of the Officer or Officers of Excise, in whole Produce the said Salt shall have been mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganic Acid and Water, or Vitriolic Acid and Manganic Acid in manner heretofore mentioned, testifying that all and every Part of the

Salt brought in without Permit.

Penalty.

On Receipt of Salt, Notice given to Officer.

Penalty.

Salt of each Receipt or Delivery kept separate from all other Salt, and mixed with Vitriolic Acid and Manganic Acid.

Penalty.

Using Salt delivered to Makers for any other Purpose than making Muriac Acid.

Penalty.

Officers may take Samples.

Makers receiving Officers.

Penalty.

Owner produces.

Makers receiving, &c. Salt, &c. to enable Delivery by Officer of Excise.

Penalty.

Bond discharged, as Direction of Officer of Excise of Mixing.

Salt mentioned in such Bond or Security had been really and truly weighed in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, and mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganoic and Water, or Manganoic and Vitriolic Acid, in manner hereinbefore mentioned; and stating the time or times of such mixing or mixings, and the Quantity of Salt so weighed and mixed at each such time, for making Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid for the sole Purpose of Bleaching Linnen or Cotton Cloth, or Linnen or Cotton Yarn or Twine, or other Goods manufactured of Linnen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in making Oxysulphate of Lime for the sole Purpose of such Bleaching as aforesaid.

Search Warrant.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall have cause to suspect that any Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime is privately making in any Place or Places whatsoever, or that any Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime privately made, is kept or deposited in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in such case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by

Oath.

such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in England, for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or in case such Place shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be privately making, or if privately made, to be kept or deposited (which respective Oaths they the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, and Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, are hereby authorised and empowered to administer), setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful as and for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, as the case may require, before whom such Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to enter and

Constables.

seize such Officer or Officers, by Day or by Night, but if so the Night then in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every such Place or Places where he or they shall so suspect such Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime respectively to be privately making, or if privately made to be kept or deposited, and to seize and carry away as forfeited all such Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid and Oxysulphate of Lime respectively, which be, the or they shall then and there find privately making, together with all Materials fit or proper for making the same respectively, which be or they shall then and there find, and all such privately made Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid and Oxysulphate of Lime respectively, which be or they shall then and there find; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall let, abet, or hinder any such Officer or Officers to do as aforesaid or empowered, or any other Person or Persons shall in his or their Aid or Assistance, in the Execution of any such Warrant, or of any Warrant granted by the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, or by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, (as or for any such Warrant) $\frac{1}{2}$ s. from entering any such Place or Places where such Officer or Officers shall so suspect such Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime to be so making, or any such privately made Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime to be kept or deposited, or is letting or carrying away any Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid, Oxysulphate of Lime, or any Material fit or proper for making the same respectively, is found, or any Substance, Matter or Thing seized as or for Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime, or as or for any such Materials as aforesaid, or in the due Execution of any such Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Addressing, &c.

Executive of

Search Warrant.

§ 21.

Penalty.

$\frac{1}{2}$ s. [Q. 2 The Words in Brackets.]
XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall give or offer to give any Bribe, Recompence or Reward whatsoever to any Officer or Officers of Excise, in order to corrupt, persuade or prevail upon any such Officer or Officers either to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever, contrary to the Duty of such Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore to be made, relating to Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime; or to neglect to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatsoever, belonging or appertaining to the Duties or Duty of such Officer or Officers, in the Execution of any such Act or Acts of Parliament; or to connive at or conceal any Fraud or Frauds relating to any of the Regulations by this or any such other Act or Acts of Parliament prescribed, or not to discover the same; all and every the Person or Persons so offending, shall for each and every such Offence (whether such Offence be accepted or not) forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Bribe, &c.

Offence.

Penalty.

Offending, &c.

Offence.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall assault, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given or granted to any such Officer or Officers; or shall by Force or Violence, after such Officer shall have seized any Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganoic Water, Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime, or any Substance, Matter or Material, Solubles, Matters or Materials, as or for Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime, forfeited under or by virtue of this Act, or any other Substance, Matter or Thing, forfeited under or by virtue of this Act, refuse or refuse to be seized any such Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganoic Water, Oxysulphated Muriatic Acid or Oxysulphate of Lime, or any Substance, Matter or Material, Solubles, Matters or Materials, after the same shall have been seized by any such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, or shall attempt or endeavour to do so; or after such Seizure, or whilst any such Officer or Officers is or are attempting to seize any such Salt, Vitriolic Acid, Manganoic Water, Matter or Material, shall force, break or otherwise destroy or damage any Cask, Vessel, Bottle, Jar or other Package, wherein the same shall be contained; all and every the Person or Persons so offending, shall for every such Offence, for which no other Penalty is particularly provided or imposed by this Act, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

XXX. And

XXX. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a Perjury, false Oath in any case in which an Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to the Fines and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Person whatsoever, being a Maker of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, or who is or shall be in any wise interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making or dealing in Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxygenate of Lime respectively, shall during such time as or they shall be so interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making or dealing in Oxygenated Muriatic Acid or Oxygenate of Lime, act as a Justice of the Peace in any Matter or Thing whatsoever which shall in any wise concern the Execution of the Powers or Authorities given or granted by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, presume to exercise any such Power or Authority, or to do any Act hereby authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, all such Acts so executed or done by such Person or Persons shall be utterly null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such ways, means or methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XXXIII. And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the Duties of Excise now payable on Glasser Salt made or produced in Great Britain, and the Drawbacks by Law granted or allowed on the Exportation thereof to Foreign Parts as Merchandises: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said Duties and Drawbacks shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, and incurred before or on the said last mentioned Day.

[See also in *Exp'n Act*, *vol. i. p. 162.*]

XXXIV. And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the Act hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to impose a Counter-vailing Duty of Excise on Bleaching Powder imported from Ireland*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

[See also in *Exp'n Act*, *vol. i. p. 162.*]

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which is and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenants in Capite and by Knight's Service and Paragonage, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in his thereof*, or by any other Law or Laws now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided or established (other than in such cases for which other Penalties or Provisions are made and prescribed by this Act) shall be practised, used and put in Execution in and for the Purposes of this Act, and for preventing, detecting and punishing Frauds and Offences relating thereto, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

XXXVI. And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for dispensing the Duty on Exportation of Oil of Vitriol, and allowing a Drawback of a Proportion of the Duties paid on the Importation of Foreign Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitriol*, whereby Nine Tenth Parts of the Duties of Customs paid on the Importation into Great Britain of Brimstone was allowed in respect of such Brimstone used and consumed in making and preparing Oil of Vitriol: And Whereas an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting certain additional Duties of Customs imposed into and exported from Great Britain, under which Act Brimstone became subject to an additional Duty*; but no Provision was made in the said Act for allowing any additional Drawback in respect of any Brimstone used and consumed in making Oil of Vitriol, upon which such additional Duties of Customs should have been paid: And Whereas it is expedient that such Drawback should be allowed: Be it therefore enacted, That a Drawback of Nine Tenth Parts of all such additional Duties as shall have been paid on the Importation into Great Britain of any Foreign Brimstone, shall be allowed in respect of all such Foreign Brimstone which, since the passing of the said last recited Act, shall have been used and consumed in making and preparing Oil of Vitriol, or which shall be so hereafter used and consumed; and the Amount of such Drawback, in respect of such additional Duties, shall be ascertained, paid and allowed to the Manufacturer of such Oil of Vitriol, under the Regulations and Restrictions contained in the last recited Act passed in the Fifth Year aforesaid, and under and subject to the like Provisions upon the Manufacturer of such Oil, for delivering any Bill Account in respect of Foreign Brimstone used and consumed in his Manufactory with as Intent to defraud His Majesty.

Makers not to act as Justices.

Penalty, &c. how recovered, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 59.
8th. (A.) (C)
45 G. 3. c. 14.
§ 2.
As to Glasser Salt repealed.

74 G. 3. c. 13.
repealed.

Duties of
25 Geo. 2. c. 24.
re-enacted in
Act.

30 G. 3. c. 40.

14.

53 G. 3. c. 23.

Drawback on Foreign Brimstone.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of certain Male Servants, Carriages and Horses kept to be let to Hire.

[7th June 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties and Taxes hereinafter mentioned, and most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Male Servants, Carriages and Horses mentioned, described and expressed in the Schedule to this Act annexed, which shall be kept to be let to Hire by any Person in Ireland, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January following, the several yearly Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively specified, mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule; and the said Schedule, and all the Rules and Regulations, Exceptions and Exemptions in the said Schedule specified and contained shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person shall at any time after the passing of this Act and before the Fifth Day of January, which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, keep for the Purpose of letting to Hire, or shall let to Hire for any Period of time less than One Year, between the passing of this Act and the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Male Servant, Carriage or Horse, for which such Person shall be liable as Duty under this Act, such Person shall be subject and liable to and shall pay for or in respect of any Servant, Carriage or Horse which shall be let to Hire, or shall be let to Hire, One Half only of the Amount of the several Annual Duties in the Schedule annexed to this Act mentioned, specified and contained; any thing in this Act, or the Schedule thereto annexed, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act, and the Schedule hereto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable, according to the Amount thereof, in English Currency; and that all and every the said Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, the necessary Charges of rating and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and that the Sum of Six pence in the Pound and all other Fees which shall or may be payable, to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer in Ireland, Clerk of the Pells, or any other Officer of the Treasury of Ireland, upon filing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund in Aid and Addition to the Duties hereby granted, and shall be accounted for accordingly.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person in Ireland shall hire, or shall let to Hire, for any Period of time, whether annually or otherwise, any Servants, Carriages or Horses, which if let or hired for any time less than a Year would be liable to Duty under this Act, every Person so using the same on Hire shall deliver to the Collector of the Taxes on Fire Houses, or to some Officer appointed by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, a true List or Account in Writing, signed by or on behalf of such Person, of the Number of all such Servants, Carriages and Horses, so used on Hire, in like manner, and within and for the like Period, and at all such times and under the like Penalties, as Returns of other Servants, Carriages and Horses liable to Duty are directed to be made under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to Duties on Servants, Carriages and Horses, immediately before the passing of this Act; and every such List shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons from and by whom such Servants, Carriages and Horses shall have been or shall be hired and let to Hire, and the Period of each letting to Hire of every such Servant, Carriage or Horse respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That where any Servants, Carriages or Horses shall be let to Hire, and the Person using such Servants, Carriages or Horses on Hire shall not make such Return as by this Act is required, then and in such case the Duties chargeable in respect of such Servants, Carriages and Horses respectively for One Year, shall and may be charged upon and shall be paid by the Person or Persons using such Servants, Carriages and Horses on Hire, over and above the Penalty incurred for any Neglect or Omittance as aforesaid, unless the Person or Persons by whom such Servants, Carriages or Horses shall have been let to Hire, shall have been duly charged for such Servants, Carriages and Horses respectively; and in every case where the said Duties shall be chargeable on the Person or Persons using such Servants, Carriages and Horses on Hire, making Default of Return as aforesaid, the progressive Duties made payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to any Duty on Servants, Carriages or Horses respectively, shall be charged upon such Person or Persons using such Servants, Carriages or Horses on Hire, in respect of such Servants, Carriages or Horses so used on Hire, in like manner as if such Servants, Carriages or Horses had not yet been hired, and as if they were the Property of the Person using the same on Hire respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland who shall keep any Servant or Servants, Carriage or Carriages, or Horse or Horses, for the Purpose of letting the same to Hire, or shall let to Hire any Servant, Carriage or Horse, shall return and deliver Lists signed by or on behalf of such Person of the Number of such Servants, Carriages and Horses kept by such Person to be let to Hire, or let to Hire by such Person whenever such Person shall be thereto required by any Collector of Taxes on Fire Houses, or by any Officer

Officers appointed and authorised by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and also at such times and in like manner and for the like Purposes, and under the like Penalties, as before Return of Servants, Carriages and Horses shall be to any Duty are directed to be made and delivered by the Perfon or Persons keeping the same under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Duties on Servants, Carriages or Horses, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and every such List shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Perfon or Persons for whose Use or in whose Service such Servants, Carriages and Horses shall have been or shall be employed on Hire, and the Number of each lot to hire to every such Person, and the Period of each Letting; and according to the Number of Servants, Carriages and Horses, which shall or ought to be contained in such List, the said Duties by this Act made payable shall be charged on the Perfon or Persons keeping such Servants, Carriages and Horses to be let to hire, or letting to hire such Servants, Carriages or Horses, as the said may require.

VII. And be it further enacted, That within Sixty one Days after the passing of this Act and yearly within Sixty one Days after the Fifth Day of January in each and every Year and at such other times as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall from time to time order, direct and appoint, the Supervisors of the Taxes on Fire Houses, or the Collectors thereof in their respective Divisions, or any other Officer appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, shall cause to be affixed such General Notices on the Doors of Churches, Chapels, Market Houses and Public School Houses, and shall give or serve, or cause to be given or served, such particular Notices within their respective Districts, to or for all Persons required to make out and deliver any Lists or Accounts required by this Act; and to or for all Persons liable or supposed to be liable to the Duties under this Act, on Servants, Carriages and Horses, let to hire, requiring such Persons to deliver such Lists or Accounts respectively in like manner, as is and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horses and Dogs, in Ireland*, is required and directed to be done by such Supervisors, Collectors or other Officers, with respect to the Duties in the said recited Act mentioned; and such Notices or any of them, shall and may be in such Form and Terms as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes may from time to time order, direct or appoint, and shall and may be made Part of or separate from the Notices required by the said recited Act, as the said Commissioners shall direct; and all Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, in the said recited Act mentioned, expressed and contained, with respect to the Notices in the said Act mentioned, shall be applied with respect to the Notices as to the Duties under this Act, to all Inhabitants and Persons whatsoever, as if such Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures were expressly repeated and enacted in this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland living in Hire any Servants, Carriages or Horses, shall from time to time enter in a Book an Account of all such Servants, Carriages and Horses, and the Number thereof, and the Periods of each Letting, and also the Names of such Servants and the Descriptions of such Carriages, all which Books shall at all reasonable times in the Day time, be open to the Inspection of the Collector of the Tax on Fire Houses, or of any other Officer appointed to superintend the Collection of the said Tax in the District where the Person required to keep such Account shall reside and carry on his Business; and every Person hereby required to enter and keep such Account respectively, shall within Twenty Days after the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July, in each and every Year, deliver a true Copy in Writing, of all and every Entry made in such Book or Books respectively within the preceding Quarter of the Year ending as every such Quarter Day respectively, containing the several Matters and Things before directed, to the Collector of Excise of the District where such Person required to keep such Account shall reside; and when required to do so by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or by the Collector of Excise in such District, every such Person, or his or her Chief Servant or Manager, shall make Oath or (being a Quaker) an Affirmation of the Truth of such Account, according to the best of his Knowledge and Belief; and every such Copy of the Account to be delivered by such Person shall, to the best of his or her Knowledge or Belief, express the Christian and Surname of every Person required to be entered in such Account, and the Place or Places of his, her or their usual Residence; and if any such Person shall neglect to keep such Account as is directed by this Act, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pence *sterling* Currency.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall cause to be prepared and affixed to every Person applying for the same, and leaving his or her Name and Place of Abode in Writing at the Excise Office in Dublin, or such any Collector of Excise for the District where the Person making such Application shall reside, proper Forms for entering the Accounts heretofore required to be made of Servants, Carriages and Horses let to Hire as aforesaid; and in default of such Application the Party shall be obliged to provide proper Forms for the said Purpose, and shall cause all such Entries to be duly made therein as are before directed by this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act and the Schedule hereto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and shall be levied, collected, paid and sent for and recovered to the same Manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures; and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be recovered, levied and applied in such manner as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying and managing of any Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in Ireland upon or in respect of Male Servants, Carriages or Horses, in or by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes*.

Makes given to
allowing in
List.

of G. 3. c. 35.
14-2.

Perfor the
Notice.

Accounts of
Landing of Ser-
vants, Ac. kept
for Inspectors,
and Copy of
which delivered
Quarterly to
Collector of
Excise.

Each.

Notifying to
keep Account
Penalty.

Forms for keep-
ing Accounts
delivered to Per-
sons applying
the same.

Duties here
levied.

of G. 3. c. 35.
c. 35.

Taxes

Order returned
to Clerk of
Peace, returned
and sealed at
Quarter Sessions

Highway, Bridleway or Footway, is ordered to be diverted, turned or stopped up, or any Part thereof, shall be, on Three successive Sundays, subsequent to the making of such Order; and the said several Notices having been published, the said Order shall at the Quarter Sessions which shall be holden within the Term where the Highway, Bridleway or Footway, is diverted and turned or stopped up, shall be, next after the Expiration of Four Weeks from the First Day on which such Notices shall have been published as aforesaid, be returned to the Clerk of the Peace in open Court, and lodged with him; and the said Order shall at each Quarter Session be confirmed, and by the Clerk of the Peace enrolled amongst the Records of the said Court of Quarter Sessions.

Appel.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any such Highway, Bridleway or Footway, shall be is ordered to be stopped up or inclosed, and such new Highway, Bridleway or Footway, be not as aforesaid appropriated is less than as aforesaid, or where any unnecessary Highway, Bridleway or Footway, shall be is ordered to be stopped up as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons injured or aggrieved by any such Order or Proceeding, or by the Inclosure of any Road or Highway, by virtue of any Inclosure taken upon any Writ of *Ad quod damnum*, to make his or their Complaint thereof, by Appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the said Quarter Sessions, upon giving Ten Days' Notice in Writing of such Appeal to the Surveyor of the Highways of the Parish, Township or Place wherein such Highway, Bridleway or Footway shall be situated; and also affixing such Notice to the Door of the Church or Chapel of such Parish, Township or Place; and the said Court of Quarter Sessions is hereby authorized and empowered to hear and finally determine such Appeal.

If an Appel
made, or if Order
returner, or if
all Writings
proceedings
conclusive, and
Highways after
wards to con-
tain Public
Highways, &c.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if no such Appel be made, or, being made, such Order and Proceedings shall be confirmed by the said Court, the said Inclosures may be made, and the said Ways stopped; and the Proceedings thereupon shall be binding and conclusive to all Persons whomsoever; and the new Highways, Bridleways and Footways, so to be appropriated and set out, shall be and for ever continue a Public Highway, Bridleway or Footway, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; but on Inclosures of such old Highways, Bridleways or Footways (except in the case of stopping up of such old Highways, Bridleways or Footways, as heretofore is mentioned) shall be made, until such new Highway, Bridleway or Footway, shall be completed and put into good Condition and Repair, and be certified by Two Justices of the Peace upon view thereof; which Certificate shall be returned to the Clerk of the Peace, and by him enrolled amongst the Records of the Court of Quarter Sessions, next after such Order is aforesaid shall have been confirmed or enrolled pursuant to the Directions heretofore contained; but from and after the Enrolment of such Order and Certificate, such old Highway, Bridleway or Footway, shall be stopped up, and the Soil of such old Highway or Bridleway sold, in the manner, and subject to the Restrictions and Regulations in the said recited Act mentioned, with respect to Highways to be diverted by virtue of the said recited Act.

25 G. 3. c. 78.
§ 47.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act or any Thing herein contained shall not, and shall not be construed to extend, or in any way affect or impeach any Order or Proceeding for the diverting or stopping up any Highway, Bridleway or Footway, made or had previous to the Day of passing of this Act, but such Order and Proceedings may be proceeded in and completed in the same manner, and shall be valid and binding on all Persons whatsoever, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had not been made; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

26 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 4.

VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty*, it is, among other things, enacted, that Two or more Justices of the Peace, at their Special Sessions to be holden in the Week next after Michaelmas yearly, shall fix such Rates, as they shall adjudge reasonable, as a Composition in lieu of Tolls, Cuts, Haries, Ores or Labours: And Whereas certain other Matters relative to the Highways are directed to be done by Justices of the Peace, at their Special Sessions to be holden in the Week next after the said Michaelmas Quarter Sessions: And Whereas the Time for holding the said Michaelmas Quarter Sessions has been altered by an Act made in the Fifth fourth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating the Time of holding the Michaelmas Quarter Sessions*: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace, aforesaid in their Special Sessions in the Week after the said Michaelmas, to do and perform every Act which they might heretofore legally have done in the Special Sessions directed to be holden in the Week after the said Michaelmas General Quarter Sessions of the Peace.

14 G. 5. c. 30.
Michaelmas
Special Sessions

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.) FORM OF NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on the _____ Day of _____ last, an Order was signed by J. A. and T. B. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of _____ [if the Order be for turning, diverting and stopping up, *See here to fill in*, and describe the Road ordered to be turned, diverted and stopped up, — if the Order be for stopping up a whole Road, *See here to fill in*, and describe the Road ordered to be stopped up]; and that the said Order will be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden at _____ in and for the said County, on the _____ Day of _____ next, and also that the said Order will at the said Quarter Sessions be confirmed and enrolled, unless upon an Appel against the same to be then made, it be otherwise determined.

C. A. B.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act to regulate Madhouses in Scotland.

[7th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for the proper Reception and the due Cure and Confinement of furious and furious Persons and Lunatics, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriffs and Stewards Depute and Substitutes, of every County and Stewartry in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, and they are hereby empowered to grant Licences, in the manner directed by this Act, for the Reception and the Care and Confinement of furious and furious Persons and Lunatics, within their respective Counties and Stewartries.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to keep a House for the Reception and the Cure or Confinement of furious and furious Persons and Lunatics, within any Part of Scotland, or to detain any such Persons therein, without a Licence for that Purpose, granted and received in the manner directed by this Act; in which shall be specified the Name, Description and Age, of every such furious or furious Person or Lunatic; and if any Person or Persons shall keep a House for the Reception and Care or Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, without such Licence, or shall, upon any Pretence whatsoever, conceal, harbour, entertain or detain, in any House or Place kept for the Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, in any Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, any furious or furious Person or Persons, or Lunatic, or Lunatics, or any Person or Persons so kept, without having a Licence as required by this Act, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and the Expenses attending the Recovery of the same.

III. And be it enacted, That every such Licence shall be made out by the Sheriff or Stewart Clerk of the County or Stewartry wherein the same is granted, and the same shall be renewed every Year; and for the First and every Annual Licence there shall be paid at the Rate of Two Guineas for every furious or furious Person or Lunatic specified therein; and all Moneys received by any Sheriff or Stewart Clerk for such Licences shall be paid by him, after deducting the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, as his Fee for making out such Licence, and form Part of the Roges Money in such County or Stewartry; from which Fund all the Expenses required to be defrayed in the Execution of this Act shall be paid and defrayed, upon the Order of the Sheriff or Stewart Depute of the County or Stewartry; and if any Sheriff or Stewart Clerk shall neglect or delay to pay to the Collector of the Roges Money all Moneys received by him for such Licence, subject to such Deductions, for the Space of Ten Days after the same shall have been received by him, every such Sheriff or Stewart Clerk shall, for every such Neglect or Delay, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and the Expense of recovering the same.

IV. And be it enacted, That within One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, and thereafter annually, the Royal College of Physicians in Edinburgh shall elect Four of their ordinary Resident Fellows as Inspectors of Madhouses; and that the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons in Glasgow shall in like manner within One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, and thereafter annually, elect Four of their ordinary Resident Members as Inspectors of Madhouses.

V. And be it enacted, That within Two Calendar Months after the passing of this Act the Sheriff Depute or Substitutes of Edinburgh or Mid Lothian shall employ any of the said Four Fellows of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh to inspect every House which shall be then kept for the Reception, Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics within the City of Edinburgh or County of Mid Lothian, and the Sheriff Depute or Substitutes of Lanarkshire shall employ any of the said Four Members of the said Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow to inspect every such House in Lanarkshire; and the Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes in every other County or Stewartry in Scotland, where any House shall be kept for the Reception, Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, shall employ for the said Inspection, Physicians qualified to make such Inspection, unless where local or other circumstances shall render it inexpedient to employ such Physicians, in which case they shall employ either Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London, or of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh, or of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, or Medical Men having a Diploma from the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh or from the Royal College of Surgeons of London, or from the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons in Glasgow, or who have acquired a Right to practise from having served in the Army or Navy.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes (where, from their Distance from the Place of Inspection or other circumstances, Medical Professors of the above Descriptions cannot be easily procured) to employ any Medical Person or Persons of Character to make such or any Inspection hereinafter directed by this Act; and to pay to every Medical Person employed by them in the Execution of this Act such Sum of Money or reasonable Allowance for his Attendance and Trouble, as to such Sheriff Depute or Stewart Depute shall seem adequate; subject to the Control and Direction of the Commissioners of Supply of such County or Stewartry.

VII. And be it enacted, That the said Sheriffs and Stewards Depute or Substitutes shall order and direct every Matter and Thing to be done which may be necessary, for the Purpose of ascertaining whether any Person or Persons confined in such Houses ought to be confined therein, as a furious or a furious Person or Persons or Lunatic.

Z z

Shall to grant Licences.

Madhouses not kept without Licence.

Penalty.

Licences renewed every Year.
Rate.Application of Moneys.
Sheriff, &c., neglecting to pay Moneys.
Penalty.

Inspection directed.

Within what time Madhouses inspected.

Other Medical Persons employed.

Sheriff, &c., to direct and ascertain, when Persons ought to be confined.

License or Licence, and to make such Order for their Care or Confinement, or for their being set at Liberty, as the circumstances of the case may seem to require.

Sheriff, &c. to
make Order for
Reception of
Lunatics.

VIII. And be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons shall be received into any House kept for the Reception and the Care or Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, without an Order made by the Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes of the County or Stewartry where such House shall be, who shall forthwith signify himself to the Proprietor of such House as Order, by the Certificate or Report of Medical Persons, and otherwise, as the circumstances of the case may seem to require; pursuant to which Order a Licence shall be granted in the manner directed by this Act, for which a Fee of Two Guineas shall be paid for every Person specified therein, to be accounted for and paid into the Royal Treasury of such County, by the Sheriff or Stewart Clerk, after deducting the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, as his Fee for making out such Licence; and every furious or furious Person or Lunatic, for the Reception of whom such Order shall have been made, shall be specified and described in the next annual Licence granted to the Person or Persons, by whom he shall have been so received to be taken care of and confined as a furious or furious Person or Lunatic; and if any Person or Persons shall receive any furious or furious Person or Lunatic, to be taken care of or confined in any such House kept for the Reception and the Care and Confinement of such Person or Persons, without such Order and Licence, every such Person or Persons is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and the Expenses attending the Recovery thereof: And if any Medical Person shall sign or give any such Certificate or Report, without having carefully viewed and examined the Person to whom it relates, and without having endeavored to ascertain in a proper manner, by such Examination and otherwise, that such Person is a furious or furious Person or Lunatic, and proper to be confined in a House for the Reception of such Persons, every such Medical Person shall forfeit and pay for each Offence or Neglect the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Expenses of recovering the same.

Lunatic
Person.

Person to be
described.

Receiving with
out Order, &c.

Penalty.
Saying Card
given, &c. with-
out enclosing
Persons.

Penalty

Report or Certi-
ficate signed by
Medical Person

IX. And be it enacted, That every Certificate or Report, upon which a Sheriff Depute or Substitutes shall give an Order for the Confinement of any Person in a House kept for the Reception, Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, shall be signed by a Medical Man, who is either a Physician, or has a Diploma from the Royal College of Surgeons in Edinburgh or of London, or from the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow, or who has acquired a Right to practise from having served in the Army or Navy, except in those cases where no Medical Man of the above Description can be conveniently applied to, in which Event such Certificate may be signed by any Medical Practitioner of Character whom such Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes may think proper to employ.

Sheriff, &c. may
make return
there.

X. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any such Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes to make such Order, or to give such Directions, as the circumstances of the case may seem to require, for the Care and Confinement of any furious or furious Person or Lunatic, in the mean time, until he shall be furnished that he ought to grant an Order for the Reception and the Care and Confinement of any such Person in any House kept for the Reception and Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics, in the manner hereby directed, not exceeding a Period of Fourteen Days.

Mathews in-
cluded Texts
Year.

XI. And be it enacted, That every House kept for the Reception and Care or Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics in Scotland, shall be inspected at least Two several times in the Year, once by the Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes, and once by the Sheriff or Stewart Depute in Person, of the County or Stewartry where the same shall be situated, and each of the Medical Inspectors above described, and taking them such Medical Person or Persons as he shall think proper to assist to accompany him, on each Day or Days as he shall think proper from time to time to appear for that Purpose; and it shall and may moreover be lawful for such Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitutes, or to order such Inspection to be made, as often as he may think proper.

Inspection may
be made in any
time.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to any of the said Inspectors appointed by the Royal College of Physicians in Edinburgh, at any time with Concurrence of the Sheriff Depute of *Mid Lothian* and to any of the said Inspectors appointed by the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow, with Concurrence of the Sheriff Depute of *Lowland*, to inspect any of such Houses for the Reception, Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics within the respective Districts of the said Sheriffs, and to report to the said Sheriff Deputes: Provided always, that for such Inspections no Sum of Money shall be paid, and no Allowance given for Attendance and Trouble.

When if, &c. may
be further con-
sidered at &c. &c.

XIII. And be it enacted, That if, upon any Inspection made as directed by this Act, it shall appear that any Person or Persons are improperly detained in any such House as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff or Stewart Depute, or Stewart of the County or Stewartry where such improper Detention shall take place, to set such Person or Persons at Liberty, or otherwise to do in the Premises as the circumstances of the case may seem to require.

Lunatic to
be set free.

XIV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Sheriff or Stewart Depute to send any Licence which may have been granted pursuant to this Act, if it shall appear to him proper to do so, upon a Report to that Effect made to him by any Two of the Inspectors acting under the Authority of this Act as aforesaid.

Sheriff, &c. may
make Rules and
Regulations.

XV. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff and Stewart Depute of every County or Stewartry in Scotland, from time to time to make such Rules and Regulations as such Sheriff or Stewart may think proper, for the proper Management of Houses kept for the Reception and the Care and Confinement of furious or furious Persons or Lunatics within their several Counties or Stewartries, which may tend to the due Preservation of the Health, and ordering the proper Treatment of the Persons confined therein, and to enforce the same by such Penalties not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds for each Offence, as such Sheriff or

Stewart Depote shall think proper, to be returned and applied as any Privilege or Forfeiture granted by this Act may be received, and so applied; such Rules and Regulations being first duly certified in Writing to the Clerk or Justice by whom any such House or Houses may be kept.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That before any such Rules and Regulations shall be put in force, the said Sheriff or Stewart Depote shall transmit a Copy of the said Rules and Regulations to the Clerk of the High Court of Justiciary, who shall by the first before the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary for their Consideration, and such Lords Commissioners of Justiciary shall forthwith signify to the said Sheriff or Stewart Depote what shall appear to them thereupon, and upon being approved of by the said Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, all such Rules and Regulations shall receive Effect in the manner in which they shall have been finally settled pursuant to such Communication thereof to and to the said Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, who shall send the same to be entered in the Records of such Court.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any of the Public Hospitals, or Public Lunatic Asylums in Scotland, further than to authorize the said Sheriffs or Stewards to visit and inspect the same, or to order such Inspections as aforesaid.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any House where only One Person or Persons or Persons or Persons are confined, unless such Person shall be confined in such House for Gain or Reward.

XIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Procurator Fiscal of every County or Stewartry where any House for the Reception and the Care or Confinement of Persons or Persons or Persons or Persons is situated, and he is hereby required to enforce the due Execution of this Act, and to see far and recover all Penalties or Forfeitures granted by this Act, by Action or Complaint before the Court of Session, or the Sheriff or Stewart's Court: Provided always, that such Action or Complaint shall be brought within Twelve Calendar Months after the Offence shall have been committed, or the Penalty incurred.

XX. And be it enacted, That all Penalties recovered by virtue of this Act shall be paid into and form Part of the Roges Money of the County or Stewartry by whose Procurator Fiscal the same shall have been recovered; and all the Expenses incurred in carrying this Act into Execution shall be paid out of such Roges Money.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the Sheriff or Stewart Depote or Substitutor of every County or Stewartry in Scotland, where any House is kept for the Reception and the Care or Confinement of Persons or Persons or Persons or Persons, shall by and under or cause to be transmitted, as Account of all Expenses incurred by his Deputies in carrying this Act into Execution, and of all Monies received by the Sheriff or Stewart Clerk of his County or Stewartry, for any Licence or Licence granted in pursuance of this Act, and of all Monies received by the Procurator Fiscal of his County or Stewartry, by virtue of this Act, to the Commissioners of Supply of his County or Stewartry, on the Day on which they assemble to every Year for the Assessment of the Land Tax.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the Sheriff or Stewart Depote or Substitutor of every County or Stewartry in Scotland, where any House is kept for the Reception and the Care or Confinement of Persons or Persons or Persons or Persons, shall at the same time transmit a Copy of such Account, with a Report of all that shall have been done by and under his Direction in the Execution of this Act, containing a Statement of the Number of Houses kept in their respective Counties or Stewartries, for the Reception and the Care or Confinement of Persons or Persons or Persons or Persons, and the Names, Number and Address of Persons confined therein, to the President of the Royal College of Physicians in Edinburgh, and also to the Clerk of the High Court of Justiciary at Edinburgh, who shall cause such Account and Report to be entered in the Records of such Court.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the Powers and Authorities granted by this Act to Sheriffs and Stewards Depotes and their Substitutors shall be without prejudice and in addition to all Powers and Authorities now competent to them by Law; all which Powers and Authorities shall and may be exercised in the Execution of this Act, as well as the Powers and Authorities hereby granted.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. LXX.

An Act for better regulating the Formation and Arrangement of the Judicial and other Records of the Court of Session in Scotland. [7th June 1815.]

WHEREAS the due Arrangement of the Judicial Records of the Court of Session, framed in the Officers of the several Clerks and Extraordinary Clerks of that Court, preparatory to their accounts Depositions in His Majesty's General Register House, is essential to the Usefulness of that Clerk of the Public Records of Scotland; And Whereas there is not at present any adequate Provision or Official Establishment for that Purpose; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on the Fifteenth Day of April and the Fifteenth Day of August in every Year, from and after the passing of this Act, the several Clerks of Session, or their Assistants and Extraordinary Clerks, shall transmit all the Concluded and Extraordinary Proceedings in their Possession at such Periods respectively, into an Office to be prepared and set apart for that Purpose by the Lord Clerk Register, who is hereby authorized and required to prepare and set apart the same; and the said Clerks of Session or their Assistants shall cause before such concluded Proceedings to an Officer

Register
concluded in
Court of
Justiciary.

Act not to be
returned to Public
Register.

not to be
returned to Public
Register.

Procurator
Fiscal to enforce
Act and recover
Penalties.

Limitation of
Actions.

Application of
Penalties
Expense of carrying
Act.

Shew Act to be
transmitted to
Commissioners of
Supply.

Copy of Ac-
count to Col-
lege of Physi-
cians, and to
Clerk of
Justiciary.

Powers granted
by Act to be
without Pre-
judice to Powers
granted by Law,
Public Act.

Extraordinary
Proceedings
transmitted
into Register
Office.

Officer to be called *The Keeper of the Records of the Court of Session*, so to be appointed by the Lord President of the College of Justice for the time being; who is hereby authorized and required forthwith after the passing of this Act, and from time to time thereafter, as often as there shall be occasion, to choose and nominate some fit Person to hold the said Office, *ad vitam et regnum*, who shall progressively arrange the whole of their Records into one Series, and carefully preserve the same until they shall be finally deposited in His Majesty's General Register House.

II. And be it further enacted, That on the Fifteenth Day of August in every Year, the fore-said Clerks of Session, or their Assistants, shall also transmit to the said Keeper of the Records of the Court of Session all such Process as have been concluded, and have been in a Situation to admit of Extract, on or before the Twelfth Day of July in the Year preceding respectively, although the said concluded Process have not been then actually extracted: *Provided always*, that if an Extract of any such Process shall be thereafter demanded it shall be compliance for the Extractor of such Process to refer to the Office of the said Keeper and there make such Extract accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Officer to be called *The Keeper of the Records of the Court of Session*, shall be bound to discharge his said Office in Person, and shall act in conformity to such Orders and Regulations as may from time to time be made and communicated to him by the Lord Clerk Register for the time being, subject always to the Review and Control of the Court of Session; and the said Keeper of Records shall, from and after the Date of his Appointment, be entitled to a Salary of Two Hundred Pounds *per Annum*, payable out of the Fee Fund of the Court of Session, to be paid to him Quarterly by the Collector of the said Fee Fund, in the same manner with the Salaries of the Clerks and other Officers of the Court of Session.

IV. And Whereas certain Irregularities and Defects have prevailed in the Formation of the Register of Deeds, Probative Writings and Instruments of Protest, in the Books of Council and Session, and certain new Arrangements have become necessary for the more regular and efficient Discharge of the Duties to be performed by the Keeper of the said Register: Be it enacted, That, from and after the Twelfth Day of November next, instead of Six Keepers of the said Register, there shall be One principal Keeper and Two Assistant Keepers, who shall be bound to discharge the Duties of their said Office in Person; and who shall be entitled to the Fees now drawn by the Six Keepers of the said Register in the following Proportion; that is to say, Three seventh Parts to be payable to the Principal Keeper, and Two seventh to each of the Two Assistant Keepers; the said Fees being always liable in the said Instance to the Burden of defraying the whole Expence of Register Books, and Minute Books, for the Record of Deeds, Probative Writings and Instruments of Protest, and the whole of the Fees or Dues payable to the Writing or Copying Clerks.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal and Assistant Keepers shall be appointed by the Principal Clerks of Session in the same manner as the Six Keepers have hitherto been appointed; but it is hereby specially provided, that the said Keepers be chosen and preferred by the Principal Clerks of Session shall not be admissible by the Lords of Session into the said Office, unless their respective Appointments shall have been approved of in Writing by the Lord President of the College of Justice, and the Lord Clerk Register for the time being.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Principal Keeper and his Assistant Keepers to be first appointed as aforesaid, shall be chosen from among the present Six Keepers; provided always, that such Appointment shall receive the Approbation of the Lord President, and the Lord Clerk Register as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Six Keepers as shall not be chosen and appointed to any of the said Offices of Principal or Assistant Keepers shall within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act present to the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, a joint Claim Setting forth the Amount of those Emoluments of which they have been deprived by the Operation of this Act, together with the Vouchers and Evidence by which the same is meant to be supported; and the Barons of the Exchequer after due Enquiry made by them into the circumstances of the case of each of the Claimants respectively, are hereby authorized and required to determine and ascertain the Amount of the Fees and Emoluments of which the aforesaid Claimants shall have been deprived by the Operation of this Act, and what Sums will form a just and reasonable Compensation to such Claimants respectively, by Annuities during their respective Lives; and so soon as such Compensation shall have been ascertained it shall and may be lawful for the said Barons, and they are hereby directed and required from time to time to issue their Warrant or Warrants for the Payment thereof, in such manner and at such time or times as they shall direct, out of any Monies charged or made chargeable by several Acts made in the Seventh and Tenth Years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, with the Fees, Salaries and other Charges allowed or to be allowed for keeping up the Courts of Session, Justiciary and Exchequer.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act to regulate Hawkers and Pedlars in Scotland.

[7th June 1815.]

* **W**HEREAS it is expedient to regulate the Trade of Hawkers, Pedlars, Petty Chapmen, or other Persons going about to sell Goods, Wares or Merchandises in Scotland; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August next, it shall not be lawful for any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or any other Person or Persons, to go from Place to Place, or to other Men's Houses, travelling on Foot or with any Horse or Horses, or otherwise, in Scotland, carrying to sell or exposing

Overlaid Pen-
sions, through
this overlaid,
historical.

Keeper of Re-
cords to attend
personally.

Salary.

Number of
Keepers re-
duced.
Fees.

Appointment
approved of by
Lord President
and Lord Clerk
Register.

Keepers chosen
from among pre-
sent Keepers.

Compensation to
reduced
Keepers.

3 Ann. c. 16.
1 Geo.
10 Ann. c. 46.
§ 20th.

Hawkers, &c.
are to go about
without License.

leg to Sale, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, without having a Licence granted in the manner directed by this Act.

II. And be it enacted, That the Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, the Sheriff Depute and Sub-sheriff of the County of Edinburgh, the Sheriff Depute of the County of Haddington, and the Sheriff Depute of the County of Linlithgow, shall be Commissioners for granting Licences in the manner directed by this Act.

III. And be it enacted, That every Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other Person, going from Place to Place or to other Men's Houses, and travelling either on Foot or with any Horse, or otherwise, in Scotland, carrying to sell or expoling to Sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, shall take out a Licence from the said Commissioners or any Two of them, who are hereby empowered to grant such Licence, upon Payment of the Sum of Four Pounds for every such Person travelling on Foot, and the like Sum of Four Pounds for every Horse, Afs, Mule or other Draft, bearing or drawing Barriage, any such Person shall travel with, and above the said fee mentioned Sum of Four Pounds; which Licence shall be taken out upon the First Day of August in every Year, and shall continue in force for One Year and no longer.

IV. And be it enacted, That before any Person shall receive any such Licence, every such Person shall produce to the said Commissioners, or some Two or more of them, a Certificate signed by the Minister of the Parish or Place wherein such Person has his usual Residence, and also by Two respectable Householdholders in such Parish or Place, attesting that the Person so applying to be licensed is of good Character and Reputation, and is a fit Person to be licensed to exercise the Trade of a Hawker, Pedlar and Petty Chapman; which Certificate shall be in the Form and to the Effect following:

"We, A. B. the Minister, and C. D. and E. F., being Two Householdholders residing at _____ in the Parish of _____ in the County of _____ do hereby certify, That G. H. _____ hath been known to us for the Space of _____ Years last past, and during all that time hath actually resided in the said Parish (or otherwise, as the case may be) and is a Person of good Character and Reputation, and is a fit Person to be licensed to exercise the Trade of a Hawker, Pedlar and Petty Chapman. Dated the _____ Day of _____

"A. B. Minister.
"C. D. } Householdholders.
"E. F. }

V. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners from time to time to appoint a Clerk, to whom such Certificates shall be delivered at such Place or Office as the said Commissioners may from time to time appoint, where the Licensees authorized by this Act to be granted shall be filed, and who shall otherwise assist them in the Execution of the Duties imposed upon them by this Act; which Clerk shall also receive and keep an Account of the Sums to be paid for Licences to be granted under the Authority of this Act, and shall send Quarterly for his Remuneration to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to grant and direct to be paid to such Clerk such Allowance, for Trouble and Expenses, as they shall think reasonable, out of the Moneys to be paid for Licences to be granted pursuant to this Act; and after satisfying and paying such Allowance and Expenses, all Moneys received for or in respect of such Licences shall forthwith after the Receipt thereof be paid to the Receiver General of Scotland, and shall be paid and accounted for by him in the same manner with any other Public Moneys which come to his Hands.

VI. And be it enacted, That if, without having a Licence in the manner directed by this Act, any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or any other Person, shall, after the First Day of August next, go from Place to Place, or to other Men's Houses, or shall travel either on Foot or otherwise, for the Purpose of selling any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or shall open an occasional Shop or Shop, and expole to sale by Retail any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in any Town, Parish or Place, such Person not being a Householdholder there, or the same not being the usual Place of his or her Abode, or by any Means or Device shall vend or sell, either by himself or herself, or by any Auctioneer, whether herebefore or now, Books, Apparels, Apparels, Apparels or other Persons, or his or her Debut, any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, by any Mode of Sale at Auction whatsoever, or whereby the best and highest Bidder is of shall be deemed to be the Purchaser; every such Person shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty five Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Person to whom any such Licence as aforesaid shall be granted under or by virtue of this Act, and who shall trade with or under Colour of such Licence, shall cause to be written, printed or printed, in large legible Roman Capitals, upon the most conspicuous Part of every Pack, Box, Bag, Trunk, Case, Cart or Waggons, or other Vehicle or Conveyance in which he or she shall carry his or her Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and of every Room and Shop in which he or she shall be trade, and likewise upon every Hand-bill or Advertisement which he or she shall give out, distribute or publish, the Words "Licensed Hawker," together with the Number, Name or other Mark or Marks of Distinction so written or printed upon his or her Licence as aforesaid; and that every such Person in any respect making Default herein shall forfeit for every Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time, from and after the said First Day of August next, any Person other than to whom such Licence shall have been so granted as aforesaid, shall vend, point, or give, or cause to be written, printed or printed, or kept or continue written, printed or printed upon any Pack, Bag, Box, Trunk, Case, Cart, Waggons or other Vehicle or Conveyance for any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or in any Room or Shop as which he or she shall sell or expole to Sale, or keep for Sale any Goods,

Commissioners for granting Licences.

Licences taken out.

Dues.

Certificate produced.

Form of Certificate.

Clerk of Commissioners, Appointment and Duties.

Going about without Licence.

Penalty.

Package of Hawker to have Words "Licensed Hawker" &c.

Penalty. Person not licensed selling such Goods. 10s.

Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Words "Licensed Hawker" or "Licensed Pedlar," or any other Word or Words to that Effect, every Person offending herein, shall forfeit for each Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or other trading Person as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said First Day of August next, be convicted of knowingly dealing in, vending or selling any Kind of forged, counterfeited or prohibited Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or knowingly dealing in, vending or selling any Goods, Wares or Merchandise fraudulently or dishonestly procured, either by themselves or through the Medium of others with their Privy and Knowledge, every such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman or trading Person, shall, from and after such Conviction, forfeit his or her Licence, and for ever thereafter be incapable of obtaining or holding any new Licence, or dealing, trafficking or trading under the same, and that over and above all such Forfeitures and Incapacities, Fines and Penalties, to which he or she is or shall be by Law subject and liable for such illicit and illegal Trafficking and Dealing.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any fifth Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman, or other trading Person so travelling as aforesaid, shall, from and after the said First Day of August next, trade as aforesaid, without or contrary to or otherwise than as shall be allowed by such Licence, such Person shall, for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned; and that if any Person trading under or by virtue of any Licence to him or her granted as aforesaid, upon Demand made by any Person or Persons authorized or appointed to demand any such Licence by the Commissioners appointed by this Act, or any Two of them, under their Hands, and upon producing or showing such Authority or Appointment, to such Person for trading as last aforesaid, or upon Demand made by any Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitute, Justice of the Peace, Proctor, Constable or other Officer of the Peace of any County, Stewartry, Borough or Place where he or she shall be trade, or by any Officer of the Customs or Excise, or by any Person to whom such Hawker, Pedlar or Petty Chapman shall offer any Goods to Sale, shall refuse to produce and show his or her Licence for so trading as aforesaid, or shall not have his or her Licence ready to produce and show unto such Person authorized or appointed as last aforesaid, or unto such Sheriff, Stewart, Justice of the Peace, Proctor, Bailiff, Constable, or other Officer of the Customs or Excise, that then the Person so refusing, or not having his or her Licence ready to produce and show as aforesaid, shall forfeit Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned, and for Nonpayment thereof shall be treated as a Common Vagrant, and be committed to the next Gaol or House of Correction.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall forge or counterfeit any Licence or Licences by this Act directed to be granted, or travel with or produce or show any such forged or counterfeited Licence or Licences, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Three hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter directed; or shall be punished according to Law, as guilty of the Crime of Forgery or of using forged Writings knowing them to be such.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person shall let out, or hire or lend any Licence to him or her granted as aforesaid, or shall trade with or under Colour of any Licence granted unto any Person whatsoever, or of any Licence in which his or her own real Name shall not be inserted as the Name of the Person to whom the same is granted, the Person letting out or hiring or lending any such Licence, and the Person so trading with or under Colour of any Licence granted to any other Person, or any Licence in which his or her own real Name shall not be inserted as the Name of the Person to whom the same is granted, shall each of them forfeit the Sum of Twenty five Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereinafter mentioned; and in case any Person shall be convicted or have Judgment against him for letting his or her Licence to any other Person or Persons contrary to this Act, such his or her Licence shall be from henceforth forfeited and void, and he or she shall be utterly incapable of having any Licence again granted to him or her to trade as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, to seize and detain any such Hawker, Pedlar, Petty Chapman, or other trading Person as aforesaid, who shall be found travelling from Place to Place, or trading without a Licence contrary to this Act, or who, being so found, shall refuse or neglect to produce to such Person or Persons a Licence according to this Act, after being required to do so for a reasonable time, in order to give Notice to a Constable or other Peace Officer or Officers, who are hereby required to carry such Person so found, unless they shall in the mean time produce their respective Licences, before the Sheriff or Stewart Depute or Substitute, or some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Stewartry or Place where such Offence or Offences shall be committed; which said Sheriff or Stewart or Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and strictly required to examine into the Facts or Facts charged; and upon the Proof, either by Confession of the Party offending, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that the Person so brought before him had so traded as aforesaid, and no such Licence being produced by such Offender before the said Sheriff, Stewart or Justice, to commit the Offender to trading without a Licence; and thereupon, it shall be lawful for such Sheriff or Stewart or Justice, and he is hereby required, by Warrant under his Hand, to cause the said Sum of Twenty five Pounds to be levied by Pounding and Sale of the Goods, Wares or Merchandise of such Offender or Offenders, or of the Goods which such Offender or Offenders shall be found trading as aforesaid, rendering the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner or Owners thereof, after deducting the reasonable Charges of such Pounding and Sale, and out of the said Sale to pay the said respective Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid; and in the mean time to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the County, Stewartry, City or Place where the said Offence shall be committed, there to remain until the said Penalties and Forfeitures, and the reasonable

Charges

Charges of such Pawning and Sale, shall be levied as aforesaid, or until the same shall be otherwise paid or satisfied by such Offender.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Constable or other Officer or Officers of the Peace shall refuse or neglect upon due Notice, or on his or their own view, to be aiding and assisting in the Execution of this Act, being thereto required, and each and every such Officer or Officers being himself or themselves upon his Commissions, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses before the Sheriff or Steward, Depute or Substinate, or Justice of the Peace for the County, Stewartry or Place where the Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit for each and every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as hereafter mentioned.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to hinder any Person or Persons from selling or exposing to Sale any Sorts of Goods or Merchandise in any Public Fair or Market legally established and held within Scotland, but such Persons may do therein as they lawfully might have done before the passing of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prohibit any Person or Persons from selling within Twenty Miles of his or her usual Place of Residence any Printed Papers Issued by Authority, or any Fish, Fruit or Vintages; nor to hinder the real Worker or Workers, or Maker or Makers of any Goods, Wares or Manufactures of Great Britain, or his, her or their Children, Apprentices or known Agents or Servants actually residing with such real Workers or Makers only, from carrying Abroad or exporting to Sale, and selling by retail or otherwise, any of the said Goods, Wares or Manufactures of his, her or their own making, in any Market or Fair, and in any City and Market Town.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or a greater Sum than Twenty five Pounds, shall be recovered, together with Expenses, in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, whereas an Efforts, Protection, Prodiges or Wager of Law, or more than One Imprehension, shall be allowed; and one Moiety of every such Penalty or Forfeiture shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the pecuniary Penalty by this Act imposed does not exceed the Sum of Twenty five Pounds, it shall be recoverable before the Sheriff or Steward Depute or Substinate, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, of the County, Stewartry, City, Burgh or Place where the Offence shall be committed, as proof of the Offence, either by voluntary Confession of the Party or Parties accused, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses; and one Moiety of every such last mentioned Penalty shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Informer or Informers prosecuting for the same; and in case of Nonappearance, the said Sheriff or Steward or the said Justice, by Warrant under his Hand, shall cause the same to be levied by Pawning and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Effects, or of the Goods and Effects with which such Offender shall be found trading, and the Overplus of the Money raised, after deducting the Penalty and Expense of the Pawning and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner, and shall also consent the Offender to the Prison of such County, Stewartry, City, Burgh or Place, there to remain until the said Penalties and the reasonable Charges of the said Pawning and Sale shall be levied as aforesaid, or until the same shall be paid or satisfied by such Offender; and it shall be lawful for any such Sheriff or Steward or such Justice of the Peace, by his Warrant to cause such Offender to be apprehended and brought before him, to shew to any Charge or Complaint for any such Penalty, and to commit such Offender to Prison as aforesaid, until the Hearing of such Charge or Complaint, which he or she shall do as soon as a bond before such Sheriff, Steward or Justice, with Two sufficient Sureties in a sufficient Sum, to be ordered by such Sheriff, Steward or Justice, to appear at the Hearing of such Charge or Complaint.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, the Sheriff Depute and Substinate of the County of Edinburgh, and the Sheriff Depute of the Counties of Middlesex and Leicestershire, to grant Commissions, and to do every other Matter or Thing which a Justice of the Peace or Sheriff or Steward may do under this Act, notwithstanding they are hereby appointed Commissioners for carrying the same into Execution.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person committed to any Gaol or House of Correction for any Offence committed against this Act, shall be detained in such Gaol or House of Correction for any longer Space of time than Three Calendar Months.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall find himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice, then he, she or they shall or may, upon entering into a Bond with Two sufficient Sureties, to be approved by such Justice, to the Amount of the Value of such Penalty and Forfeiture, together with a Sum which is the Judgment of such Justice shall be adequate to the Amount of the Expenses which may be awarded, conditioned to pay the Amount of such Penalties, Forfeitures and Expenses as shall be adjudged in case such Judgment shall be affirmed, appeal to the Justice of the Peace at the next General Sessions for the County, Stewartry or Place, who are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the same, or at their Discretion to state the Facts especially for the Determination of the Court of Exchequer; and in case the Judgment of such Justice shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for such Court to award the Person or Persons to pay such Expenses, occasioned by the Proceedings before them, as to those shall seem meet.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Commission made or Decree given under or by virtue of this Act, by any Sheriff or Steward Depute or Substinate, shall be removed to the Court of Session by Advocation, as is now used.

nor shall the same be suspended; but any Sheriff or Steward, upon being required by the Party or Parties after they shall have granted Bond with Two sufficient Sureties in the manner above directed in the case of an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions, shall cause the Party specially for the Determination of the Court of Eschequer; and in case the Judgment of such Sheriff or Steward shall be affirmed it shall be lawful for the said Court to award the Person or Persons to pay such Expenses occasioned by the Proceedings before them, as to them shall seem meet.

Fines for
Use of the
Majesty re-
covered.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That every Sheriff, Steward or Justice before whom any Person shall be convicted for any Penalty under the Authority of this Act, shall take and receive His Majesty's Share of the Penalty levied or paid under or by virtue of such Conviction, and shall pay the same to the Collector of the Cofs of the County or Stewartry wherein the same shall have been paid or levied; which Collector shall forthwith transmit every Sum so paid to him to the Receiver General of Scotland, in the same manner that he transmits to such Receiver General other Public Moneys received by him, but distinguishing the same in such manner as to enable the said Receiver General to transmit to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, on the First Day of August in every Year, an Account of all such Moneys so received by him in the preceding Year, which Account the said Receiver General is hereby required to transmit to the Clerk of the said Commissioners; and every Sheriff, Steward or Justice, before whom any such Conviction shall be had, shall transmit an Account of the Amount of the Penalty therein to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, within One Calendar Month after the Date of every such Conviction.

Where recover-
ed in Court of
Eschequer.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the Court of Eschequer by whose Judgment shall be given for any Penalty under and by virtue of this Act shall by the Judgment direct and authorize the Sheriff or Steward within whose County or Stewartry the Offender may reside, or within which his Goods may be situated, to collect and levy His Majesty's Share of such Penalty; and upon receiving the same, such Sheriff or Steward shall pay the Amount to the Collector of the Cofs, who shall transmit the same to the Receiver General of Scotland, and send an Account thereof to the Clerk of the said Commissioners, as in the manner above directed in the case of Penalties recovered upon Convictions made by any Sheriff, Steward or Justice of the Peace.

Convicted, &c. in
transmission
of Penalty.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if any Person, who is hereby directed to transmit as Account of any Penalty in the manner hereby directed, shall omit or neglect to do so, every Person guilty of such Omission or Neglect shall be liable in a Penalty not exceeding double the Amount of the Sum or Sums of which as Account ought to have been transmitted; and if any Person, who ought to pay any Sum or Sums of Money in the manner hereby directed to any Collector or to the Receiver General of Scotland, shall omit or neglect to do so in the manner directed by this Act, every such Person shall be liable in a Penalty equal to the Amount of the Sums omitted or neglected to be paid; and if any such Person shall appear to have wilfully omitted or neglected to make any such Payment, every such Person shall be deprived of his Office, and shall be incapable of serving His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in any Office of Trust or Emolument; all which Penalties shall and may be recovered and applied in the manner in which other Penalties may be recovered and are directed to be applied by this Act.

General Writ.

XXVI. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time be fined, sequestered or prosecuted, for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may, in the Court of Eschequer in Scotland, plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence for him or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to him or them against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; and in the Court of Session in Scotland, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may deny the Libel, and shew that the Act complained of was done in pursuance of and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if the Action or Process shall be found irrelevant or otherwise dismissed, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall not prosecute the Action or Process or suffer the time to fall away, or if Decree shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs or Expenses, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Expenses in other cases in Scotland.

Treble Costs.
Libel denied.

Treble Costs.

Liability of
Actions.

XXVII. And be it enacted, That all Suits, Actions or Prosecutions, for any thing done, or for Penalties incurred under or by virtue of this Act, shall be commenced within the Space of Three Calendar Months after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, or the Penalty shall have been incurred, and not afterwards.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to fix the Election for *Glenorgyshire* at a central Place within the said County.

[7th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Elections of Knights to serve in Parliament for the County of *Glenorgy* should be holden and determined at a convenient and central Place within the said County: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon every Election to be made of any Knight to serve in this present or any future Parliament for the County of *Glenorgy*, the Sheriff of the said County shall hold his County Court for the same Election and every Adjournment thereof at the Town of *Bridged*, within the said County, and shall proceed to and determine the said Election at the said Town of *Bridged*, and at no other Place.

Shall hold the
Court of Elec-
tion.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [7th June 1815.]
[60,000 *£*sterlins.]

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills; and for raising a Sum of Money by Annuities, for the Service of Great Britain. [7th June 1815.]

[See ante, c. 58. *post*. c. 124. 16p.]

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to continue the Encouragement of Persons making Discoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or other useful Discoveries and Improvements in Navigation, and for making Experiments relating thereto; and for discharging certain Debts incurred by the Commissioners of the Longitude, in carrying the Acts relating thereto into Execution. [7th June 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *46 G. 3. c. 71*
An Act for continuing the Encouragement of Persons making Discoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or other useful Discoveries and Improvements in Navigation, and for making Experiments relating thereto; and for discharging certain Debts incurred by the Commissioners of the Longitude in carrying the Acts relating thereto into Execution; the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude were empowered, whenever they should be satisfied of the Probability of any Proposal or Proposals that should be made to them for Discovery of the Longitude, or making any other useful Discovery and Improvement in Navigation, in so to think it proper to cause Experiments to be made thereof, to certify the same to the Commissioners of the Navy, and also in case they should adjudge any Person or Persons to have made any Discovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which though not of so great Use as to be entitled to any of the great Rewards specified in an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, yet that such Discovery was of considerable Use to the Public, or to have made any other Discovery or Discoveries, Improvement or Improvements useful to Navigation, to certify such less Reward or Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners for the Discovery of Longitude should think reasonable to be paid to such Person or Persons; and the Commissioners of the Navy were thereby authorized and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treasurer of the Navy, for such Sum or Sums as they should think proper to be paid to such Person or Persons; and immediately to such Person or Persons out of any Money which should be in his the Treasurer's Hands, as applied to the Use of the Navy; and it was thereby further enacted, that all such Sum or Sums of Money as should be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy by virtue of the said Act, as well for the Purpose of discharging the several Debts which had been incurred and were then growing due, as of making such Experiments as aforesaid, and of rewarding in a lesser Degree lesser Discoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, and also other Discoveries and Improvements useful to Navigation, should not altogether exceed the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds: And Whereas by several Payments made by the Treasurer of the Navy pursuant to the Directions of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude have expended the whole of the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds granted by the said Act for the Purposes aforesaid: and moreover several Debts have been incurred and are now growing due, for sundry Matters and Things done by Order of the said Commissioners in carrying the said Acts into Execution, and for Service tending to the Benefit of Navigation: And Whereas it is highly necessary that the said Debts should be discharged, and that the said Encouragements and Rewards for the Purposes mentioned in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude shall and may certify the Amount of such Debts, together with the Names of the Persons in whom the same are or shall be respectively due, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commissioners of the Navy, who are hereby authorized and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treasurer of the Navy, for such Sum or Sums of Money as may be necessary for discharging the said Debts, which Sum or Sums the said Treasurer is hereby required to pay to the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be so certified to be due respectively out of any Money which shall be in his the said Treasurer's Hands, as applied as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude, and they are hereby authorized and empowered whenever they shall be satisfied of the Probability of any Proposal or Proposals that shall be made to them for Discovery of the Longitude, or making any other useful Discovery and Improvement in Navigation, in so to think it proper to cause Experiments to be made thereof, to certify the same to the Commissioners of the Navy, and also in case they shall adjudge any Person or Persons to have made any Discovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which though not of so great Use as to be entitled to any of the great Rewards specified in the said Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty; yet that such Discovery is of considerable Use to the Public, or to have made any

other Discovery or Discoveries, Improvement or Improvements useful to Navigation, to certify such Invention or Invention to be paid to such Person or Persons; and the Commissioners of the Navy are hereby authorised and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treasurer of the Navy for such Sum or Sums as shall be so certified to them by the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude, and the said Treasurer of the Navy is hereby authorised and required to pay immediately such Sum or Sums to the Person or Persons who shall be appointed by the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude, to make such Experiments or to receive such Invention or Invention of Money for making better Discoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or any other Discoveries and Improvements useful to Navigation, out of any Monies which shall be in his the said Treasurer's Hands supplied to the Use of the Navy.

Debt incurred
and new Pa-
ments not to
be made except.

New Rewards
certified.

Certificates not
to be made
except.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy by virtue of this Act, as well for the Purpose of discharging the several Debts which have been incurred and are now growing due in respect aforesaid, as of making such Experiments as aforesaid, and of rewarding in a better Degree lesser Discoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, and also other Discoveries and Improvements useful to Navigation, do not together exceed the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds: Provided also, that in case any such Reward or Sum of Money to be given or paid for any of the Purposes aforesaid shall not exceed the Sum of One thousand Pounds, that then and in every such case it shall be certified to the Commissioners of the Navy as aforesaid, under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude, or any Two or more of them, but if any such Reward or Sum of Money shall exceed the Sum of One thousand Pounds, that then the same shall in every such case be certified as aforesaid, under the Hands and Seals of the First Commissioners of the Admiralty, the First Commissioner of the Navy, the President of the Royal Society, the Royal Astronomer at Greenwich, and the Commander of the Navy for the time being, they respectively being, by virtue of the several Offices held by them, Commissioners for the Discovery of the Longitude as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such Certificates signed and sealed respectively as herein before is directed, shall not be considered, deemed or taken to be Deeds or Instruments liable to any Stamp-Duty, but that the same shall be good and valid, and shall and may be given in Evidence in any Court of Law or Equity as Oathes shall require, without being stamped in any manner whatsoever, any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. A. P. LXXVI

An Act to enable His Majesty, until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to accept the Services of the Local Militia, either in or out of their Counties, under certain Regulations.

[14th Jan 1815.]

WHEREAS it is highly expedient, in the present circumstances, that His Majesty should be empowered to accept of a limited Extension of Service of the Local Militia for a short Period for the mutual Defence of Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to accept the Services of such Parts of the Local Militia of Great Britain as may make voluntary Offers, duly certified by their respective Commanding Officers, of service under this Act, either in or out of the Counties within which they shall be enrolled, and as His Majesty may think proper to permit to so extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary Offers as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by the Principal Secretary of State, directed to the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Local Militia Forces of Great Britain, to propose to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or any Part or Parts thereof, to so extend their Services, under such Rules and Regulations, and upon such Allowances, as His Majesty may think fit to make and appoint in that behalf, subject nevertheless to the Restrictions contained in this Act; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty to call out and employ, from time to time, any such Part or Portions of any Local Militia so volunteering as aforesaid, at such times and in such manner as he shall think fit, either in or out of their Counties, for any Period not exceeding such as is allowed by this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Local Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty
may accept
Offers of Local
Militia, to serve
either in or out
of Counties

Services not to
extend to more
than all Days
exclusive of
Days of March.

Regulations as
to extended
Local Militia to
extend to Local
Militia in extended
Seasons.
Continuation.
Act altered, &c.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Local Militia shall be allowed to extend its Services, or be liable to be kept assembled upon any such extended Service under this Act, for any longer Period than Twenty eight Days in the whole in any One Year, exclusive of the Days of March, and Days of Arrived at and Departure from the Place where it is to be assembled to do Duty; and all Days of Service under any such voluntary Offers as aforesaid shall be deemed Part of the Days of Training and Exercise, under the Acts already in force for the Regulation of the Local Militia in England and Scotland respectively.

[4] [52 G. 3. c. 38. § 38.—52 G. 3. c. 68. § 67.]

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Rules, Regulations, Orders, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, in the said Acts respectively contained, as to the Local Militia when embodied for Service in case of Invasion, shall extend and be construed so extend to the Local Militia when serving under any such voluntary Offers under this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were severally and respectively re-enacted as to each Service of the Local Militia.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts which may be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act to authorize, under perfect Circumstances, the Drawing out and Embodiment of the British and Irish Militia, or any Part thereof. [14th June 1815.]

• WHEREAS it is expedient, under perfect Circumstances, in the perfect Situation of the Country, there being the Prospect of an immediate War with France, to authorize the Drawing out and Embodiment of the British and Irish Militia, or any Part thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, under the perfect Circumstances, at any time after the passing of this Act and before the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to draw out and embody the whole or any Part of the Militia of Great Britain, in like manner as His Majesty is by the Laws now in force relating to the said Militia empowered to draw out and embody the said Militia, or any Part thereof, or any Proportion of the Militia of any County, Riding, Shire, Sovereignty City, Town or Place, in case of Invasion or upon imminent Danger thereof, or Rebellion or Insurrection.

His Majesty may embody Militia of Great Britain.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, under the perfect Circumstances, at any time after the passing of this Act and before the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to order and direct that the Whole or any Part of the Militia of Ireland shall be drawn out and embodied, in like manner as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being is by the Laws now in force in Ireland empowered or authorized to order and direct, that the said Militia or any Part thereof, or any Parts of the Militia of the several Counties in Ireland, or any Regiment or Battalions thereof, shall be drawn out and embodied in cases of actual Invasion, Rebellion or Insurrection, or upon imminent Danger thereof.

Lord Lieutenant must empowered to order both Militia to be embodied.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Regulations, Provisions and Classes contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in any way relating to the Drawing out and Embodiment of the British and Irish Militia, or either of them, and now in force, shall extend and apply to the Drawing out and Embodiment of the said Militia respectively under perfect Circumstances, as fully and effectually as if such Regulations, Provisions and Classes, were in this Act severally and separately so enacted and repeated; and that all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Regulations, Provisions, Forfeitures, Classes, Matters and Things contained in the several Acts relating to the British and Irish Militia, or either of them, and now in force, in relation to such Militia or either of them, shall be respectively also, applied and enforced, for the Drawing out and Embodiment of the said Militia, or either of them, or any Part or Proportion thereof, under this Act, and as in such Militia, or either of them, when so drawn out and embodied, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Forfeitures, Classes, Matters and Things were in this Act severally and respectively so enacted and repeated, and made Part thereof.

Regulations of former Acts extended in Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts which may be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Act amended, &c.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof. [14th June 1815.]

• WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Rates and Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon other Articles and Things under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to establish and simplify the same, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and singular the Duties under the Care of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland, and all Allowances on the Purchase of Stamps granted and now payable by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland (and except only the Duties on Lottery Licences (a)), shall, from and after the Commencement of this Act, cease and determine: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent or be in any wise deemed, taken or construed to prevent the recovering, allowing or paying at any time after the Commencement of the Act of any Arrears of Duty or Allowances which shall then remain unpaid.

28 G. 3. c. 87.
Sch. A. to last Act, 1815.
(C.) wholly.
24 G. 3. c. 218.
3 s.
repealed.

(a) [See 46 G. 3. c. 54. Sch. (A.) No. VI.]

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in lieu and instead of the said Duties and Allowances by this Act repealed, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected and paid in Ireland unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Instruments, Articles, Matters and Things mentioned, enumerated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed the several Sums of Money and Duties as they are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedule, and in each and every Part thereof; and that there shall be made, allowed and paid, for or in respect of all such Articles, Matters or Things as are inserted, enumerated and described therein in that behalf, the several Allowances inserted, described and set forth in the said Schedule; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid or given in the Nature of Discount or Allowance in the Purchase of Stamps, other than such as is and are expressed and directed in the said Schedule; any thing in any former Act or Acts

Stamp Duties defined in Schedule hereto.

Allowance granted in Schedule made.

In what order
Duties, &c.
payable in
Irish or Irish
Currency.

Duties under
Commissioners
of Stamp Duties.
Duties paid to
Revenue Commis-
sioners, and by him
to Receiver.

Commissioners
of Stamp Duties.

Part of the Duties
on Advertisements,
&c. accounted
for to Treasurers
of His Majesty's
Revenue.

Conveyances of
Realty, or Right
of Redemption
or Reversion of
mortgaged Prop-
erty to pay of
various Duties as
on a Sale, &c.
including all re-
sidual Mortgage
Duty previously
paid.

How Convey-
ances of Prop-
erty purchased
of different Per-
sons charged.

Conveyances on
Sale containing
other Matters in
any further
Duty.

Power of Acts
relating to
Stamp Duties in
Ireland.

Commissioners
of Stamp Duties.

Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the said Schedule, and every Matter and Thing therein respectively contained, shall be deemed, taken and considered as Part of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, except only such of the said Duties as are under the Sum of Six pence, or between the Sum of Six pence and the Sum of One Shilling, and which said Duties shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in Irish Currency: Provided always, that in all cases where any Duties or Stamps or any Allowances in respect thereof are directed to be ascertained by the Amount of any Sum referred to, in respect whereof such Duties are imposed, such Amount so referred to shall be taken and deemed to be, and shall be computed in Irish Currency.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances by this Act and the Schedule therein contained, granted and made payable, shall be under the Government, Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising by the several Duties by this Act and the Schedule therein contained, granted, shall be paid from time to time by the several Distributors of Stamps in Ireland into the Hands of the Receiver General of Stamp Duties for the time being in Ireland, and to no other Person whatever; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Receiver General shall pay the same (the necessary Charges of making, paying and accounting for the same being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, in such times and in such manner as the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, are by Law directed to be paid; and all Money so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland shall cause to be kept a distinct Account of the Sum of Ten Pounds, Part of the several and respective Duties of Thirty Pounds, in the Schedule mentioned, on the Admission of any Student into the Society of King's Inn, and on the Admission of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister in the Inns of Court, and of the Sum of Seven Pounds, Part of the Duty of Fifty Pounds, in the said Schedule mentioned, upon each Part of Indentures binding an Apprentice to an Attorney; and that the Receiver General of Stamp Duties shall pay the same at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office for the time being, shall cause the said respective Parts of the said respective Duties of Twenty five Pounds and of Fifty Pounds to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Society of King's Inn, to be applied by him in such manner as shall be directed by the said Society.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Equity or Right of Redemption, or any Reversionary Right or Interest of, in, or out of any Lands or other Property in Mortgage, or standing pledged or charged for or with the Payment of any Sum of Money, shall be conveyed or disposed of either in Consideration of the Money for due on Mortgage, or in Consideration of that and of any further Sum paid or agreed to be paid, the Conveyance of such Equity of Redemption or Reversionary Right or Interest, shall be deemed and taken to be a Conveyance upon the Sale of Property, and the Money due on Mortgage shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchase Money or Part of the Purchase Money for the same, in the case may be, and the Conveyance shall be liable to such Duty in respect of the whole of such Consideration, as any other Conveyance upon the Sale of Property is liable to, including thereon, severals, such of various Duty, if any, as shall have been previously paid on the Execution of such Mortgage, in respect of so much of the Principal Sum lent on such Mortgage, as shall then remain unpaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Lands or other Property separately contracted to be purchased of different Persons, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser, or according to the Purchaser's Direction, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the several Duties, which shall be then by Law payable on Conveyances on the Sale of Property for and in respect of the separate Persons paid or agreed to be paid for such Lands or other Property, and not for and in respect of the aggregate Amount thereof.

IX. And be it further enacted, That where any Deed or Instrument, operating as a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property, shall also operate as a Conveyance of any other than the Property sold by way of Satisfaction, or for any other Purpose whatever, or shall also contain any other Covenant, Matter or Thing, besides what shall be incident to the Conveyance of the Property sold, every such Deed or Instrument shall be charged in addition to the Duty and progressive Duty to which it shall be liable as a Conveyance on the Sale of Property, with such further Stamp Duty as any separate Deed containing the other Matters would have been chargeable with, exclusive of such Duty and progressive Duty.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Resolutions and Forfeitures contained in any Act (a) for regulating any Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, or for regulating the Collection or Management of such Duties which shall from time to time be in force and unrevoked, shall be applied and put in Execution for the raising, levying, paying, collecting, enforcing and issuing the Duties and Allowances, by this Act granted and made payable, in fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been hereby specially enacted, and had made Part of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not before.

[See as to Stamp Duties payable on Licences to deal in Exchangeable Commodities, c. 19. anno. See as to Great Britain, page 11. 184. 185.]

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE.

PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, &c. on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION and SECURITY for Money; on DEEDS in general; and on other INSTRUMENTS, Matters and Things, not falling under either of the following Heads.

PART THE SECOND:

Containing the Duties on LAW PROCEEDINGS, on Proceedings in the Admiralty and Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the several Courts of Law and Equity in Dublin, and other Courts in Ireland; and in the Offices belonging thereto, and before the Lord High Chancellor or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, in Matters of Bankruptcy and Lunacy.

PART THE THIRD:

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of WILLS and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland; on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE FOURTH:

Containing the Duties on NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS; ARTICLES set stamped on VELLUM, PARCHMENT or PAPER.

PART THE FIFTH:

Containing ALLOWANCES on the Purchase of STAMPS.

SCHEDULE, —PART THE FIRST.

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, &c. on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION and SECURITY for Money; on DEEDS in general; and on other INSTRUMENTS, Matters and Things, not falling under either of the following Heads.

PART THE FIRST.	Duty.
ADMISSION (a) of any Person to act as an Advocate of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland; for the Register or Entry thereof	£ s d. 30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister at Law, in the Inns of Court in Ireland; for the Register or Entry thereof	30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Attorney, Solicitor or Proctor, in any Court in Ireland	30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person as a Master in Chancery, or as one of the Six Clerks of the Court, or as one of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or other Clerk or Officer whatsoever, in any Court in Ireland, who must necessarily be employed to do certain official Business, and whose Emoluments shall be thereby so far fixed and certain;	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments of the Office or Appointment shall not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> per Annum	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum	12 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 750 <i>l.</i> per Annum	35 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 750 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	75 0 0
(a) [See as to Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Admissions of Advocates, Proctors, &c. <i>post</i> c. 79.]	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION—continued.	s. d.
And where the same shall amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	150 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards per Annum	200 0 0
The said Fees and Enclosures to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for three Years preceding, if practicable; and if not, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
Where any Officer shall be admitted annually, every Admission after the first shall be free of Duty, provided the proper Duty shall have been paid on his first Admission.	
All Admissions of Officers, proceeding upon any Grants of or Appointments to Office, which shall be charged with the Duties hereinafter mentioned.	
But in all Cases not expressly excepted, the proper Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.	
ADMISSION of any Person to sit in a Notary Public. —	
—See LISSAGE and FACILITY.	
ADMISSION of any Person into the Society of King's Inns	25 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Fellow of the College of Physicians or Surgeons	10 0 0
<i>Note.</i> —The said heretofore mentioned Duties on Admissions are, in all Cases not expressly provided for, to be charged on the Register, Entry or Memorandum of each Admission, in the Rolls, Books or Records of the Court, College, Inn or Society, in which the Admission shall be made.	
ADMISSION of any Person into any Corporation, Guild or Company, in any City, Borough, Bergh or Town Corporate in Ireland; for the Register, Entry, Minute or Memorandum thereof, in the Court Book, Roll or Record of such Corporation, Guild or Company;	
Where the Admission shall be in respect of Birth, Apprenticeship or Marriage	1 0 0
And where the same shall be upon any other Ground	3 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
The Admission of any Person into a Corporation or Company for the Duration of any Charitable Institution exclusively.	
ADMISSION to Ecclesiastical Benefices. —See COLLATION.	
AFFIDAVIT, or AFFIRMATION, made in pursuance of any Law for amending or repairing Public Roads, or made before the Trustees of any Turnpike, relative to the Roads or Turns of such Turnpike, or made for the Purpose of granting thereon any Permits or of any Grand Jury, or for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or any other Public Purpose, or for accounting for any Public Money, or discharging Quizzes on Permits;	
Where the Amount of the Money to be permitted, raised or accounted for, shall not exceed 20 <i>l.</i>	0 2 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 20 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i>	0 3 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 50 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 4 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 200 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 200 <i>l.</i>	0 6 0
Any Affidavit not otherwise charged; for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, on which the same shall be written or printed	* 1 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
Affidavits required or authorized by Law, to be made before any Justice or Justices of the Peace; or before any Commissioner or Commissioners of any Public Board of Revenue, or any of the Officers appointed or acting under them; or before any other Commissioner	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
AFFIDAVIT — <i>continued.</i> or Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Act of Parliament or by the Crown.	s. d.
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations relating to Criminal Prosecutions.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations for the Purpose of Refreshing Memory.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before any Justice or Justice of the Peace, or before a Magistrate of any Corporation acting as a Justice of the Peace, unless hereby otherwise charged.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations to be taken before a Magistrate acting in any Court of Sessions, or of a summary Jurisdiction, or before any Judge of Assize, Commissioner of Oyer and Terminer, or Recorder, or Assistant Recorder, relative to Preliminary or Trial of Indictments, or in Civil Suits.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations made in pursuance of any Act relative to the Hempen and Linnen Manufactures: And Affidavits or Affirmations as to the Payment of Corn Premiums: And Affidavits or Affirmations made before the Dublin Society.</i>	
<i>Affidavits which may be required at the Bank of Ireland, to prove the Death of any Proprietor of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds, to identify the Person of any such Proprietor, or to remove any other Impediment to the Transfer of any such Stocks or Funds, or in any matter relating to the Loans, Mortgages or Discharges of any Bank Note or Bank Pay Bill.</i>	
AGREEMENT , or Contract, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, or other Security on any Estate or Property therein comprised.— <i>See Mortgages.</i>	
AGREEMENT , or any Minute or Memorandum of Agreement, made in Ireland under Hand only, (and not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor exempted from all Stamp Duty,) where the Matter thereof shall be of the Value of 10 <i>l.</i> or upwards, whether the same shall contain an actual Contract, or shall be actual Evidence of a Contract, or obligatory upon the Parties from its being a written Instrument, together with every Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or referred thereto or annexed thereto.	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein, after the first.	0 10 0
Provided always, that where diverse Letters shall be offered in Evidence to prove any Agreement between the Parties who shall have written such Letters, it shall be sufficient if any one of such Letters shall be stamped with a Duty of 1 <i>l.</i>	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Memorandum or Agreement for the Hire of any Labourer, Artisan, Manufacturer or Manual Servant.</i>	
<i>Memorandum, Letter or Agreement, made for or relating to the Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise.</i>	
<i>Memorandum or Agreement made between the Master and Mariners of any Ship or Vessel, for Wages, or any Voyage Casually from Port to Port in Ireland.</i>	
<i>Letters containing any Agreement (not before exempted) in respect of any Merchandise, or Evidence of such an Agreement, which shall pass by the Post, between Merchants and other Persons carrying on Trade or Commerce, in Ireland, and residing and actually being, at the time of sending such Letters, at the Distance of Forty Miles from each other, or between one or more Merchants in Ireland, and one or more Merchants in any other Country.</i>	
APPOINTMENT , in execution of a Power, of Land or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Use or Interest therein, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will.	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first.	0 10 0
<i>If made by Deed.—See Deeds.</i>	
APPOINTMENT of a Chaplain, operating as a Qualification to hold Two Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland.	2 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
APPOINTMENT—continued.	d. s. d.
APPOINTMENT of a Game Keeper.—See DEPUTATION.	
APPOINTMENT to Office.—See ATTORNEY, CLERK.	
APPRENTICESHIP.—Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements for or relating to the Service of any Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, who shall be put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade or Employment whatsoever; except Articles of Clerkship or Apprenticeship in Medicine and Surgery, hereinafter specifically charged;	
If the Sum of Money, or the Value of any other Matter or Thing which shall be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, or be intended to be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, to or for the Use or Benefit of the Master or Mistress, with or in respect of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or both the Money and Value of such other Matter shall not exceed 50l.	0 5 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l.	0 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 100l. and shall not exceed 200l.	1 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 200l. and shall not exceed 300l.	3 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 300l. and shall not exceed 400l.	6 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 400l. and shall not exceed 500l.	10 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 500l. and shall not exceed 600l.	12 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 600l. and shall not exceed 800l.	16 0 0
And where such Sum or Value shall exceed the Sum of 800l. for every 100l. of such Excess, a Duty of	3 0 0
And where there shall be no such Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the Master or Mistress	0 10 0
APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements for or relating to the Service of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, as aforesaid, who shall be put or placed to or with a new Master or Mistress, either by Assignment or Turnover, or upon the Death, Absence or Incapacity of the former Master or Mistress, or otherwise;	
Where there shall be any such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the said Master or Mistress, exclusive of any Part of the Consideration to the former Master or Mistress, which may be returned, or given, or transferred to the new Master or Mistress	
And where there shall be no such new Consideration	
<i>Exceptions from the preceding Stamp Duties.</i>	
Indentures or other Instruments where an Apprentice Fee shall be given, or if any be given, where such Apprentice Fee shall not exceed the Sum of 10l.	
And all Assignments of such Apprentices as before excepted; provided there shall be no such valuable Consideration as aforesaid given to the new Master or Mistress, other than what may have been or shall be given by any Public Charity.	
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as an Apprentice or Clerk to an Attorney or Solicitor, in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Courts in Ireland, on each Part of such Articles or Contract	50 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as an Apprentice, in order to any such Admission as aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for	

Such and the like Duty in Proportion to the Amount or Value of such new Consideration only, as is before charged on any original Indenture of Apprenticeship.

0 10 0

SCHEDULE, PART L.	Duty.
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP— <i>continued.</i> which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated by Consent, or by Rule of Court, or in any other Event	s. d. c. 1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indentures or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Professor in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts in Dublin, on each Part of such Articles or Contracts	50 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indentures or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland, or in any Ecclesiastical Court first as aforesaid, on each Part of such Articles or Contracts	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indentures or other Instruments, for binding a Clerk or an Apprentice to a Notary Public, in order to his becoming a Notary Public, on each Part of such Indentures	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument or Contracts, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Professor or as a Notary Public in any of the Courts aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated, or in any other Event	1 10 0 1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	
ASSIGNMENT upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCES.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Mortgage, or other Similar Security.—	
—See MORTGAGES.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Property, Real or Personal, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	0 15 0
For every Skin after the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper after the first	0 5 0
AWARD under Hand and Seal, or under Hand only, made in Ireland, and whether the same shall or shall not be enrolled of Record in, or made a Rule of any Court	1 0 0
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage.—See CONVEYANCES.—MORTGAGES.	
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate, upon any other Occasion than the Mortgage or Sale thereof, over and above all other Duties	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 5 0
Ireland BILL of EXCHANGE (B), Promissory Note or other Note, whether of Banknote or otherwise, Draft or Order for the Payment to the Bearer or to Order, either on Demand or otherwise, of any Sum of Money, not otherwise charged or expressly exempted,	
Where the Sum therein expressed shall not exceed 10l.	0 0 6
Where the Sum shall exceed 10l. and shall not exceed 50l.	0 1 6
Where the Sum shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l.	0 2 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 100l. and shall not exceed 1000l.	0 3 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 1000l. and shall not exceed 10000l.	0 4 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 10000l. and shall not exceed 100000l.	0 5 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 100000l. and shall not exceed 1,000,000l.	0 8 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 1,000,000l. and shall not exceed 3,000,000l.	0 15 0
Where each Sum shall exceed 3,000,000l.	1 5 0
Ireland BILL, Draft or Order for the Payment of any Sum of Money, though not made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf	

The same Duty as on a Bill of Exchange for the like Sum, payable to Bearer or Order.

(B) [See as to Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Bills of Exchange in Ireland, *post*. c. 100.]

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>BILL—continued. <i>Island BILL</i>, Draft or Order for the Payment of any Sum of Money, Weekly, Monthly, or at any other stated Periods, if made payable to Bearer or to Order, or to the Payee or some Person on his or her Behalf, or which shall be delivered to the Payee or such Person, where the Total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be specified therein, or can be ascertained therefrom.</p> <p>And where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be indefinite.</p> <p>And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be <i>Island Bills</i>, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of Money, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule; viz.</p> <p>All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money by a Bill or Promissory Note, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Note in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money; where such Drafts or Orders shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf.</p> <p>All Receipts given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, for Money received, which shall entitle, or be intended to entitle, the Person or Persons paying the Money, or the Bearer of such Receipts, to receive the like Sum from any Third Person or Persons.</p> <p>And all Bills, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of any Sum of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be available, or upon Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed or happen, if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf.</p>	<p><i>d. in d.</i></p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Bill payable to Bearer or Order, for a Sum equal to such total Amount.</i></p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Bill for the Sum therein expressed only.</i></p>
<p>Foreign BILL of EXCHANGE</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills not otherwise charged; Promissory Notes for any Sum not exceeding 2l. nor passed on account of Taxes, or for Money lent by, or payable to, any Society for Charitable Uses, or by or to their Trustees, in trust for them.</i></p> <p>All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money to the Bearer on Demand, and drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, who shall reside or transact the Business of a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Drafts or Orders shall be drawn; provided such Place shall be specified in such Drafts or Orders; and provided the same shall bear Date on or before the Day on which the same shall be paid; and provided the same do not direct the Payment to be made by Bills or Promissory Notes.</p> <p>All Bills, for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for the Expensures liable to be charged on the Public Regimental or District Accounts, which shall be drawn according to the Forms now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by His Majesty's Orders, by the Paymasters of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officer or Officers authorised to perform the Duties of Paymaster-General during a Vacancy, or the Absence, Suspension or Incapacity of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; save and except such Bills as shall be drawn in favour of Contractors or others, who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts and Agreements shall be liable to pay the Stamp Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them.</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on an Island Bill of the same Amount and Tenor.</i></p>
<p>BILL of LADING, which shall be signed of or for any Goods, Merchandise or Effects, to be exported or carried Coastwise.</p>	<p>0 1 5</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<i>BILL—continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
BILL of SALE absolute. — See CONVEYANCE.	
BILL of SALE as a Security. — See MORTGAGE.	
BOND is <i>Ireland</i> , or other obligatory Instrument, conditioned for the Payment of any principal Sum, not otherwise particularly charged, not exceeding 100 <i>l</i> .	0 10 0
Exceeding 100 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 200 <i>l</i> .	1 0 0
Exceeding 200 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 300 <i>l</i> .	1 10 0
Exceeding 300 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 500 <i>l</i> .	3 0 0
Exceeding 500 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l</i> .	3 10 0
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l</i> .	3 10 0
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l</i> .	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 4,000 <i>l</i> .	4 10 0
Exceeding 4,000 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 5,000 <i>l</i> .	6 0 0
Exceeding 5,000 <i>l</i> .	10 0 0
BOND given as a Security for the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, whether together with or without any Sum already advanced;	
Where the Total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable, shall be uncertain and without any Limit	13 10 0
And where the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum	The same Duty as on a Bond for such limited Sum.
	The same Duty as on a Bond for a Sum of Money, equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured, according to the average Price thereof, on the Day of the Date of the Bond, or on either of the Ten Days preceding.
BOND given as a Security for the Transfer, or Reassignment, of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company or Corporation	
BOND is <i>Ireland</i> , commonly called a Mortgage or Annuity Bond, or Bond given as a Collateral Security for or in respect of any Mortgage or Annuity	0 10 0
BOND given as the only or principal Security for the Payment of any Annuity upon the original Creation and Sale thereof. — See CONVEYANCE upon the Sales of Lands, &c.	
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except upon the original Creation and Sale thereof), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any Principal Sum or Rent reserved, or payable upon any Lease) for any definite and certain Term, in that the Total Amount of the Money to be paid can be previously ascertained	The same Duty as on a Bond of the like Nature for the Payment of a Sum of Money equal to such total Amount.
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except as aforesaid), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved, or payable upon any Lease) for the Term of Life or any other indefinite Period, in that the whole Money to be paid cannot be previously ascertained;	
Where the Annuity, or Sums secured, shall not amount to 10 <i>l</i> . per Annum	0 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 10 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 50 <i>l</i> . per Annum	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 100 <i>l</i> . per Annum	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 200 <i>l</i> . per Annum	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 300 <i>l</i> . per Annum	2 10 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND—continued.	s. p. d.
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 400 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 400 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	3 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	4 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	7 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum -	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> per Annum or upwards -	12 10 0
BOND for indemnifying any Person who shall become bound or engaged as Surety or Cautioner for the Payment of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or for the Transfer of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before-mentioned -	1 0 0
BOND for the due Execution of an Office, and to account for Money received by virtue thereof -	1 0 0
BOND given pursuant to the Directions of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or Excise, as any of their Officers, for or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise or Taxes, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for any other Matter or Thing relating thereto -	0 10 0
BOND of any Kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty -	1 0 0
GENERAL DIRECTIONS respecting BONDS.	
Where any such Bond as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indented thereto, shall be written on more than one Skin of Vellum or Parchment, or on more than one Sheet of Paper, there shall be charged for every other Skin or Sheet of Paper as aforesaid, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of -	0 10 0
Where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, or an Annuity, or both, as for the Payment of an Annuity, and also of a Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each.	
And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Annuities or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Annuity or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the Aggregate Amount thereof.	
And where any Bond shall be given as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money, or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, such Bond shall be charged with the same Duty as if the same had been immediately given for the Payment or Transfer of such Money, or Annuity, or Share of the said Stocks or Funds.	
And where any Bond for the Payment or Transfer, or for the Performance of any Covenant for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, shall be contained in one or the same Deed or Writing, with any other Matter or Thing, in this Schedule specially charged with any Duty (<i>except any Declaration of Trust of the Money, Annuity, Stock or Fund secured</i>), such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties as such Bond and other Matter or Thing would have been charged	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND — <i>continued</i> . with, if contained in separate Deeds; but where a Bond for the Performance of Covenants or Agreements (other than for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money, or Annuity, or any Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds,) shall be contained in the same Deed or Writing with any other Matter or Thing, the same shall not be charged separately, but the whole shall be considered as one Deed and be charged accordingly under its proper Denomination.	<i>l. s. d.</i>
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Administration Bonds, given by the Widow, Child, Father, Mother, Brother or Sister of any Common Seaman, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i>	
<i>Administration Bond given by any Person, where the Estate to be administered shall not exceed £100. or Value.</i>	
CERTIFICATE of having registered a Deposition as a Game Keeper (c)	3 3 0
CERTIFICATE to authorize any Person not being a Game Keeper to kill Game in Ireland (c)	3 3 0
CERTIFICATE to entitle any Person to receive a Drawback of any Duty. — See DRAWBACK.	
CERTIFICATE (d) to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts in Dublin, and by every Person admitted as a Professor in any of the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts in Ireland, and by every Person admitted as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney or Procurator, in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Damage doth exceed Forty Shillings;	
If such Attorney or Solicitor, Professor, Agent or Procurator, has been admitted for Three Years and upwards	5 0 0
Or if he shall not have been admitted for Three Years	3 0 0
CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, who shall issue any Promissory Notes for Money payable to Bearer on Demand, and allowed to be received, of such Banker or Bankers having registered the Form of his House according to Law	30 0 0
CHARTER PARTY , or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter of any Ship or Vessel, or any Memorandum, Letter or other Writing between the Captain, Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, and any Person for or relating to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods or Effects, on board of such Ship or Vessel	1 0 0
CLERKSHIP , Articles or Contract of. — See APPRENTICESHIP. — ARTICLES.	
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in Ireland, of the Yearly Value of 100 <i>l.</i>	5 0 0
And for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Yearly Value thereof, exceeding the first 100 <i>l.</i> a Year, a further Duty of	5 0 0
The Value to be ascertained by Certificates of the Archbishop, Bishop or Vicar General of the Diocese: Provided always, that Two or more Benefices episcopally united shall be deemed One Benefice only.	
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever in Ireland. —	
— See PROMOTION and INSTITUTION.	
COMPOSITION DEED , or other Instrument of Compromise between a Debtor or Debtors, and his, her or their Creditors	1 0 0
CONSTAT of Letters Patent. — See EXEMPTIONS.	
CONVEYANCE , whether Grant, Assignment, Transfer, Release, Rescission, or of any other Kind or Description whatsoever, upon the Sale, Settlement or Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim in, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or	
(c) [See as to Collation and Management of Stamp Duties on Game Certificates in Ireland, <i>post</i> c. 100.]	
(d) [See as to Collation and Management of Stamp Duties on Attorneys, Solicitors and Professors in Ireland, <i>post</i> c. 79.]	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE — <i>continued.</i>	<i>s. s. d.</i>
other Property whatsoever in <i>Ireland</i> , which shall be executed by the Grantor or Grantors of any of them;	
Where the Money therein or thereupon expressed shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	1 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 300 <i>l.</i>	1 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 300 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 500 <i>l.</i>	1 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 750 <i>l.</i>	3 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 750 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i>	4 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i>	6 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i>	12 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i>	17 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i>	24 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 6,000 <i>l.</i>	32 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 6,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i>	47 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i>	65 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i>	85 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i>	120 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i>	175 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i>	225 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i>	275 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i>	350 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 100,000 <i>l.</i>	500 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in such Part of such Conveyance, Settlement, Deed or Instrument, after the first Skin, a further Duty of	6 10 0
NOTE. —The Purchase or Consideration Money is to be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length, in or upon every such Deed or Instrument of Conveyance.	
And where any Lands or other Property contracted to be sold at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed in separate Parts or Parcels by different Instruments, the Purchase or Consideration Money shall be divided and apportioned in such manner as the Party shall think fit, so that a distinct Consideration for each separate Part or Parcel may be set forth in or upon the Principal or only Instrument of Conveyance relating to such Part or Parcel.	
And where any Lands or other Property shall be sold and conveyed, subject to any Mortgage, Bond or other Debt, or to any annuity or other Sum of Money, to be afterwards paid by the Purchaser, such Debt or Sum of Money shall be deemed part of the Consideration, in respect whereof the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty is to be paid.	
And where, upon the Sale of any Annuity or other Right not before in Existence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warranty of Attorney, Covenant, Contract, or otherwise, the Bond or other Instrument by which the same shall be secured, or some one of such Instruments, if there be more than one, shall be deemed and taken to be liable to the same Duty as any actual Grant or Conveyance.	
And where there shall be several Deeds or Instruments for completing the Title to the Property sold, each of them as are not liable to the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any general or particular Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule.	
<i>Exceptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>All Transfers of Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, and in the Stock or Funds of the Bank of Ireland, or of any Company or Corporation in Ireland.</i>	
CONVEYANCE of Lands and Tenements belonging to The Crown.—	
— See GRANT.	
CONVEYANCE of any Estate or Property, in Trust for Sale, which shall be intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.— See MORTGAGE.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE.—continued.

CONVEYANCE, *Lease, Release, Indenture, Deed or Instrument of any Kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein* - - -

For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein - - -

COPY or EXTRACT of any Will or Codicil deposited in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland; - - -

For every entire Quantity of 90 Words, over and above the first 90 Words, a further *proportional* Duty of - - -

COPY or EXTRACT of any Memorial, or of the Register of any Memorial registered pursuant to an Act of Parliament made or to be made for the Public registering of Deeds and Conveyances in Ireland - - -

And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Copy or Extract shall be written, a further *proportional* Duty of - - -

REBENTURE or CERTIFICATE for raising any Pension or annuity any Drawback of any Duty or Duties, on Part of any Duty or Duties of Customs or Excise, or any Bounty payable out of the Revenue of Customs or Excise, for or in respect of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise exported or shipped to be exported from Ireland to any Part beyond the Sea; - - -

If the sum shall exceed 100l. - - -

If the sum shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 300l. - - -

If the sum shall exceed 300l. and not exceed 500l. - - -

If the sum shall exceed 500l. - - -

DECLARATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will - - -

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein, after the first - - -

DEED of any Kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty; for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein - - -

For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein - - -

DEFEAZANCE DEED, or other Instrument of Defeazance, of any Conveyance or Disposition apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE. - - -

DEPUTATION for any Person to be a Sheriff or Steward of a Manor - - -

DISCHARGE for Money.—See RECEIPT. - - -

DISPENSATION for holding Two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or a Dignity or Benefice, in Ireland - - -

DISPENSATION or Faculty from the Lord Archbishop of Armagh or Master of the Faculties for the time being - - -

And in all other cases - - -

DONATION.—See PERSUASION. - - -

DRAFT for Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE. - - -

EXCHANGE of Lands or other Hereditaments; - - -

Any Deed or Instrument of Exchange where an Sum of Money, or only a Sum of 100l. shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange - - -

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -

And where a Sum of 100l. or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange; - - -

If the Exchange shall be effected by separate Deeds or Instruments of Conveyance, there shall be paid for the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to each Party - - -

The same Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money, of equal Amount with the Money paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
EXCHANGE — <i>continued.</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
And if the same shall be effected by mutual Conveyances, in One Deed or Instrument, there shall be paid for such Deed or Instrument	The same Duty as for a Conveyance as the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of more the Amount of the Money paid, or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange.
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 10 0
EXEMPLIFICATION or Confirm , under the Great Seal of Ireland, of any Letters Patent or Grant, made or to be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any of His Royal Predecessors, of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchise, Liberty or Privilege to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or of any Lands, Office or other Thing whatsoever	30 0 0
EXTRACTS from <i>Registres</i> and <i>Records</i> in Ireland. — See CORR.	
FURTHER CHARGE. — See MORTGAGE.	
GRANT of Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland;	
Of the Honour or Dignity of an Archbishop _____ of a Duke _____ of a Marquis _____ of an Earl _____ of a Viscount _____ of a Bishop _____ of a Baron _____ of a Baronet	150 0 0 150 0 0 300 0 0 250 0 0 200 0 0 100 0 0 150 0 0 100 0 0
Of any other Honour, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever, or of any Franchise, Liberty or Privilege, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate	30 0 0
And where Two or more Honours or Dignities shall be granted by the same Letters Patent to the same Person, such Letters Patent shall be charged with the proper Duty in respect of the highest in point of Rank only.	
And where any Honour or Dignity, Honour or Dignities, shall be granted to any Person or Persons, in remainder, the Letters Patent shall be charged with such further Duty, in respect of every Remainder, as would have been payable for an original Grant of the same Honour or Dignity, Honours or Dignities.	
And where any such Grant or Letters Patent shall be contained in more than One Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, then for every Skin, Sheet or Piece thereof, after the first, a further progressive Duty of	30 0 0
<i>Exempted from the preceding Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Commissions of Robberies in France.</i> <i>Letters Patent or Grants for collecting Charitable Contributions.</i> <i>Letters Patent for conferring any Dispensations heretofore charged with a Duty.</i>	
GRANT , or Warrant of Precedence to take Rank	50 0 0
GRANT of an <i>Ennoblement</i>	40 0 0
GRANT of any Land in Fee, Lease for Years, or other Grant for Profit, and herein particularly charged, that shall pass the Seal of the Exchequer, except Customary Leases	3 0 0
GRANT from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, out of the Civil List, or out of any other Fund, not being Part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament;	
Of any definite and certain Sum or Sums of Money, Not amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> Amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 250 <i>l.</i> Amounting to 250 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 500 <i>l.</i> Amounting to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 750 <i>l.</i> Amounting to 750 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> Amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards; for every 100 <i>l.</i> thereof	1 10 0 4 0 0 10 0 0 20 0 0 30 0 0 5 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<i>GRANT—continued.</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
<i>Of any Annuity or Pension,</i>	
Not amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	1 10 0
Amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 200 <i>l.</i>	4 0 0
Amounting to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 400 <i>l.</i> per Annum	10 0 0
Amounting to 400 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 600 <i>l.</i> per Annum	20 0 0
Amounting to 600 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 800 <i>l.</i> per Annum	30 0 0
Amounting to 800 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	40 0 0
Amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum and upwards	50 0 0
But where any such Grant of an Annuity or Pension shall be made in Confirmation or by way of Renewal only, for any former Grant of the like Amount and Description, then only a Duty of	1 10 0
And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but where the Grant shall be of any Annuity or Pension, or to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the Whole.	
<i>GRANT, or Appointment by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or by any other Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, or of or to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed or other Writing;</i>	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto, shall not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> per Annum	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum	5 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 400 <i>l.</i> per Annum	20 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 400 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	30 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 600 <i>l.</i> per Annum	40 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 600 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 700 <i>l.</i> per Annum	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 700 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 800 <i>l.</i> per Annum	75 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 800 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 900 <i>l.</i> per Annum	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 900 <i>l.</i> per Annum or upwards	150 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding, where practicable; and in other cases, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
And where any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to each Person.	
Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged, in respect of any Person in whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any manner augmented; and so that also, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in Proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.				Duty.
INDENTURES of Apprenticeship.—See APPRENTICESHIP and ARTICLES.				£ s d
INSTITUTION, granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor or other Ordinary, or by any Ecclesiastical Court, is and to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in Ireland, provided that no Institution to Two or more Benefices, spiritually united, shall be considered as an Institution to a single Benefice.				0 0 0
Collation by an Archbishop or Bishop to be considered as equivalent to Presentation and Institution, and subject to the Two Duties accordingly.—See COLLATION and PRESENTATION.				
INVENTORY.—See SCHEDULE.				
LEASE, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article for letting or dwelling Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives or Thirty one Years, whether with or without a Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof, on the first Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper thereof;				
Where the annual Amount of the Rent referred, or agreed to be referred (any Penal Rent, or any Increase of referred Rent in the Nature of a Penal Rent, not being included in such Amount), shall not exceed 10 <i>l</i> . and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 100 <i>l</i> .				0 5 0
Where the annual Amount				
of such Rent or of such Fine or Consideration				
shall exceed	and shall not exceed	shall exceed	and shall not exceed	
£ 10	£ 20	£ 100	£ 150	0 10 0
£ 20	£ 30	£ 150	£ 200	0 15 0
£ 30	£ 100	£ 200	£ 300	1 0 0
£ 100	£ 150	£ 300	£ 500	1 10 0
£ 150	£ 200	£ 500	£ 1,000	2 0 0
£ 200	£ 250	£ 1,000	£ 1,500	3 10 0
£ 250	£ 300	£ 1,500	£ 2,000	5 0 0
£ 300	£ 350	£ 2,000	£ 2,500	5 10 0
£ 350	£ 400	£ 2,500	£ 3,000	4 0 0
And where the annual Amount of such Rent referred, or agreed to be referred, shall exceed the Sum of 400 <i>l</i> . or such Fine or Consideration shall exceed the Sum of 1,000 <i>l</i> . then for every 100 <i>l</i> of the whole Amount of such Rent, and for every 100 <i>l</i> of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of				0 0 0
Where there shall be both Rent and Fine Duty to be paid in respect of each, which may be denoted by either One or Two Stamps;				
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article, after the first Skin or Sheet a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of				0 10 0
LEASE, Release, or Deed, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article for letting or dwelling Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, for any Term exceeding Three Lives, or Thirty one Years, for every Skin after the first				Subject to double the Amount of the Duty payable on the foregoing Leases. The like Duty as in the foregoing Leases.
And in case such Indenture, Lease, Release, Minute, Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article shall be executed by the Lessor or Lessors therein, or any of them, by Letter of Attorney for that Purpose, then for every Five Pounds of the annual Amount of such Rent referred, or agreed to be referred, and for every Twenty five Pounds of Fine or Consideration, a further Duty in all cases on the first Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any of such Instruments, of				0 1 0
LEASE, Release, Deed or Instrument, for dwelling Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, executed by any Master in Chancery, or Officer				

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
LEASE — <i>continued</i> .	d. s. d.
of the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, or executed by any single Creditor, or any Lease of Lands, Townships, Hereditaments, under Evilson for Nonpayment of Rent, and redeemable, where such Lease shall not exceed the Period during which the same shall continue to be redeemable, on the first Sixty or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, where such Rent shall not exceed 200 <i>l.</i> by the Year, or that Rate for any Portion of a Year	0 10 0
Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of 200 <i>l.</i> by the Year, and shall not exceed the Rate of 400 <i>l.</i> by the Year	1 0 0
Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of 400 <i>l.</i> by the Year, then for every 200 <i>l.</i> of the yearly Rate of such Rent	0 10 0
Every Sixty, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in every such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute or Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article, after the first Sixty or Sheet	0 10 0
LETTER or Power of Attorney, made by any Petty Officer, Seaman or Marine, or Soldier serving as a Marine, for Recovery of Prize Money	0 1 0
LETTER of Attorney for the Sale, Transfer, Acceptance or Release of Dividends, of any Government, Parliamentary, or other Stock or Funds	0 10 0
LETTER or Power of Attorney, of any other Kind, not otherwise charged	0 10 0
LETTER of Attorney, empowering any Person to receive Rents in Ireland, except Letters of Attorney to receive Rents under Customhouse or Elms	5 0 0
LETTER of Attorney, empowering any Person or Persons to execute any Lease or Leases of Lands in Ireland, on the Part or Behalf of any Lessor or Lessors	
If such Letter of Attorney shall be limited to the executing of any Lease or Leases in which the annual Amount of the Rent referred, or to be referred (any Penal Rent, or any Increase of referred Rent, in the Nature of a Penal Rent, not being included in such Amount), shall not exceed 5 <i>l.</i> and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 20 <i>l.</i>	2 0 0
And where such Letter of Attorney shall not be limited	10 0 0
LETTER of Attorney which shall be limited to any larger Rent or Fine, or which shall not specify the Amount of the Rent or Fine to be referred or received on such Lease	20 0 0
LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person to execute any Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of Lands or Townships in Ireland, where the Consideration of such Conveyance shall not exceed 200 <i>l.</i>	3 0 0
And where the Amount of such Consideration shall exceed 200 <i>l.</i> or where the Amount of the Consideration shall not be expressed in such Letter of Attorney	10 0 0
LETTER of License from Creditors to a Debtor	1 0 0
LETTERS Patent. — See GRANT.	
LICENCE (s) Special for Marriage, to be issued from the Court of Prerogative in Ireland	5 0 0
If by any other Authority	0 10 0
LICENCE to be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Vicar General, or other competent Authority in Ireland, for the Non Residence of any Clergyman upon his Living	3 0 0
LICENCE of any Kind, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland	1 10 0
LICENCE to deal in or retail Stamps in Ireland	1 0 0
LICENCE to refuse against Fire	0 5 0
LICENCE to act as a Notary Public. — See DISSENTATION.	
LICENCE to keep one or more Printing Presses or Presses	0 1 0
MARRIAGE LICENCE . — See LICENSE.	
MEMORIAL of any Deed, Conveyance, Will or Deeds, which shall be registered or enrolled in the Public Office for registering of such Memorials, or entered in the Courts of Record in Ireland, except single adworts hereby charged	0 10 0

(s) [See as to Collection of Stamp Duties on Licences granted by Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, page 212.]

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
MEMORIAL — <i>continued.</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
And for every Skin of Vellum or Parchment, or Paper upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	0 10 0
MEMORIAL , of the <i>Assignment</i> of any Judgment;	
Where the Possibility of such Judgment is assigned shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
And where the Possibility of the Judgment is assigned shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 10 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a further Duty of	0 10 0
MEMORIAL of any <i>Deed</i> , or of any Agreement to do so.	0 2 6
MORTGAGE or other Security, of or affecting any Lands, Estate or Property, Real or Personal, whatsoever, also any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, in Trust, to be sold or otherwise converted into Money, which shall be intended only as a Security, and shall be vendible before the Sale or other Disposal thereof, either by express Stipulation or otherwise;	
Any Deedsman or Deed for defencing or making redeemable any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, which shall be apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security;	
Also any Agreement, Contract or Bond, accompanied with a Deposit of any Title Deeds for making a Mortgage, or any such other Security or Conveyance as aforesaid, of any Lands, Estate or Property, comprised in such Title Deeds, or for pledging or charging the same as a Security;	
Where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment of any definite and certain Sum of Money, advanced or lent at the time, or previously due and owing, or hereafter to be paid, being payable, and shall be attested by the Grantor or Grantors thereof, or of any of them,	
Not exceeding 100 <i>l.</i>	0 15 0
Exceeding 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 200 <i>l.</i>	1 0 0
Exceeding 200 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 300 <i>l.</i>	1 5 0
Exceeding 300 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 500 <i>l.</i>	1 10 0
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i>	2 0 0
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i>	2 10 0
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i>	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i>	5 0 0
Exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i>	5 0 0
Exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i>	10 0 0
Exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i>	12 0 0
Exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i>	15 0 0
Exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i>	20 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in such Part of such Mortgage or other Instrument, after the first Skin.	0 10 0
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment of Money, to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, together with any Sum already advanced or due, or without, as the case may be;	
If the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit.	10 0 0
But if the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum.	
And where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Transfer or Retention of any Share, in any of the Governments or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company, in Consideration of Stock or Money advanced or lent at the time, or previously due and owing, or hereafter to be paid, being payable.	

The same Duty as on a Mortgage for such limited Sum.

The same Duty as on a Mortgage for a Sum of Money, equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured, according to the average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Mortgage or other Instrument aforesaid, or on either of the Ten Days preceding.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
MORTGAGE — <i>continued</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
And where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer or Re-transfer of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds, the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each.	
And in case the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds; the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged for and in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.	
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in such Part of such Mortgage or other Instrument, after the first Skin	0 10 0
MORTGAGE, &c. Any Transfer or Assignment of any Mortgage, or of any such other Security as aforesaid, or of the Benefit thereof, and of the Money or Stock thereby secured, in all cases where the Parties entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion shall not be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment; and also where the Persons who originally made the Mortgage or Security shall continue entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, and shall be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, provided so further Sum of Money or Stock be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured	1 20 0
And in all other cases such Transfer or Assignment shall be charged with the same Duty as an original Mortgage or other Security.	
<i>Exceptions from the said ad valorem Duty as Mortgages, &c. but not from any other Duty to which the same may be liable.</i>	
<i>Any Deed or other Instrument made in pursuance of and conformably to any Agreement, Contract or Bond, herby charged with, and which shall actually have paid the said ad valorem Duty.</i>	
MORTGAGE , or other Security, with a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion, or other Matter in the same Deed; viz.	
Where any Deed or Writing shall operate as a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, and also as a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of any Lands, Estate or Property, therein comprised, to, or in trust for, or according to the Direction of a Purchaser, such Deed or Writing shall be charged not only with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, but also with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty heretofore charged on a Conveyance upon the Sale of any Property, but where the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion shall be thereby conveyed or limited in any other Manner, such Deed or Writing shall be charged only as a Mortgage;	
And in all other cases where a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing with any other Matter or Thing (<i>except what shall be incident to such Mortgage or other Instrument</i>), such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties (<i>except the progressive Duty</i>) as such Mortgage or other Instrument and such other Matter or Thing would have been separately charged with if contained in separate Deeds or Writings.	
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, contained in the Deed or Writing mentioned in the Two First Classes, after the first Skin or Sheet, a further Duty of	0 10 6
NOTARIAL ACT ; any whatsoever not otherwise charged in this Schedule	0 5 0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 5 0
ORDER for the Payment of Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.	
PARDON or Remission. (<i>except Pardon paid in forma pauperis of or for any Crime or Offence</i>) or for any Crime, Offence, or of any Money or Portion whatsoever, exceeding 50 <i>l.</i>	4 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
PARTITION of Lands or other Hereditaments, by Deed or Instrument of Partition, where the Sum of Money, or only a Sum under 500 <i>l</i> . shall be paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Partition.	s. s. d. 1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper contained in such Deed, after the first Skin or Sheet, a further Duty of	0 10 0 <i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands, for a Sum of Money of equal Amount with the Money paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Partition.</i>
And where a Sum of 500 <i>l</i> . or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Partition	0 10 0 <i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of Twice the Amount of the Money paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Partition.</i>
And if the same shall be effected by mutual Conveyances in One Deed or Instrument, there shall be paid for such Deed or Instrument	0 10 0
For every Sheet or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 10 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Life or Lives or upon any Event or Contingency relating to or depending upon any Life or Lives.	0 10 0
Where the Sum insured shall not amount to 500 <i>l</i> .	1 0 0
And where it shall amount to 500 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> .	1 0 0
And where it shall amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 5,000 <i>l</i> .	1 10 0
And where it shall amount to 5,000 <i>l</i> . and upwards	2 0 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made of or upon any Building, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property, from Loss or Damage by Fire only	0 1 0
POWER of ATTORNEY.—See LETTERS OF ATTORNEY.	
PRESENTATION, or DONATION, which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, or by any other Patron,	
To any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion of the yearly Value of 100 <i>l</i> .	5 0 0
And for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the yearly Value thereof exceeding the first 100 <i>l</i> . a Year, a further Duty of	5 0 0
The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop or Bishop, or Vicar General of the Diocese; Provided always that Two or more Benefices episcopally united shall be deemed One Benefice only.	
To any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever in Ireland	10 0 0
PROCURATION, Deed of, or other Instrument of	0 10 0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first Skin or Sheet	0 10 0
PROMISSORY NOTE (<i>f</i>), whether in the Form of a Bank Note, Bank Post Bill, or otherwise, which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or by any Banker or Bankers, who shall have registered his or their Name or Names or Firm, in Manner directed by Law, where the Sum therein expressed shall not amount to 5 <i>l</i> .	0 0 1
Shall amount to 5 <i>l</i> . and not to 1 <i>l</i> .	0 0 2
Shall amount to 1 <i>l</i> . and not to 50 <i>l</i> .	0 0 2
For Notes exceeding 50 <i>l</i> .—See ISLAND BILL.	
PROMISSORY NOTE.—See ISLAND BILL.	

(*f*) (See as to Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Promissory Notes in Ireland, 5*g*l. c.100.)

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
PROMISSORY NOTE — <i>continued</i> .	
PROMISSORY NOTE , for the Payment of any Sum of Money by Instalments, or for the Payment of several Sums of Money, at several Days or Times, so that the whole of the Money to be paid shall be definite and certain.	<i>d. s. d.</i> <i>The same Duty as on a Promissory Note, for a Sum equal to the whole Amount of the Sums to be paid.</i>
And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Promissory Notes, within the Meaning of this Schedule; <i>vide</i> post.	
All Notes, providing the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and if the same shall be definite and certain, and not amount to the whole of Twenty Pounds.	
PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, for any Sum of Money.	
Not amounting to 5 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
Amounting to 5 <i>l.</i> or upwards	0 5 0
PROTEST of any other kind	0 5 0
PURCHASE DEED .—See Conveyance on the Sale of Lands, &c.	
RECEIPT (r) or Discharge, for or upon the Payment of Money, or on the Delivery of any Check, Draft, Bill or other Order for any Sum of Money.	
Amounting to 1 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 5 <i>l.</i>	0 0 1
Amounting to 5 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 10 <i>l.</i>	0 0 4
Amounting to 10 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 50 <i>l.</i>	0 0 8
Amounting to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 100 <i>l.</i>	0 1 0
Amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 500 <i>l.</i>	0 3 0
Amounting to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 1000 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
Amounting to 1000 <i>l.</i> and upwards	0 5 0
And where any Sum of Money whatever shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands	0 5 0
<i>Exceptions from the preceding Duties on Receipts.</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Agent, for Money employed in him, on account of the Pay of the Army or Ordnance.</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Officer, Surgeon, Marine or Soldier, or their Representatives respectively, for or on account of any Wages, Pay or Pension, due from the Navy Office, Army Pay Office or Ordnance Office.</i>	
<i>Receipts for any Sum of Money paid for or on account of the Pension of the Widow of any Officer of His Majesty's Land Forces payable in Ireland.</i> [See 53 G. 3. c. 51.]	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given for the Consideration Money for the Purchase of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and for every Dividend paid on any Share of the said Stocks or Funds respectively.</i>	
<i>Receipts given for Money deposited in the Bank of Ireland, or in the Hands of any registered Banker or Bankers, to be accounted for on demand; provided the same be not repaid to be received of or by the Hands of any other than the Person or Persons to whom the same is to be accounted for.</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges written upon Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, duly stamped according to the Law in force at the Date thereof; or upon Bills of Exchange drawn out of but payable in Ireland.</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges given upon Bills or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.</i>	
<i>Letters by the General Post acknowledging the safe Arrival of any Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money.</i>	
<i>Receipts or Discharges indorsed or otherwise written upon or contained in any Bond, Mortgage or other Security, or any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument whatsoever, duly stamped according to the Law</i>	
(2) [See as to Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Receipts in Ireland, <i>post</i> c. 100.]	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
RECEIPT — <i>continued</i> <i>in force at the Date thereof, acknowledging the Receipt of the Con- solidation therein expressed, or the Receipt of any principal Money, Interest or Annuity thereby secured.</i> <i>Receipts or Discharges exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act of Parlia- ment are expressly registered in that respect.</i> <i>Receipts or Discharges for Money, by Bonds duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof.</i> <i>Receipts or Discharges given for Drawbacks or Bounties for the Ex- portation of any Goods or Merchandise from Great Britain.</i> <i>Receipts or Discharges for the Return of any Duties of Customs upon Certificates of Draw Entry.</i>	<i>℥. s. d.</i>
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money -	0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Performance of any Contract, Contract or Agreement; or for indemnifying any Person or Persons against any Matter or Thing -	0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant or Statute Staple, and Entry of Record in any Court or Office not herein otherwise charged - <i>Exemptions.</i>	0 10 0
<i>Recognizances taken before any Justice or Justices of the Peace.</i> <i>Recognizances on an Appeal from a Decree or Dismissal made or pro- nounced by any Assistant Barrister in their respective Counties, or the Chairman of Quarter Sessions, or by the Recorder of the City of Dublin.</i>	
REGISTER , or Entry of the Degree of a Barrister at Law, taken in virtue of the Laws of Court.—See ADMITTANCE.	
RELEASE upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
RELEASE , Conveyance or Surrender of any Grant or Grants, or Office or Office, Release or other Deed whatever (except Indemnities of Attorneys or Proctors, Appointments and Assignments thereof, and Assignments of Judg- ments) which shall be enrolled of Record in any of the Courts of the City of Dublin, or in any Court of Record whatsoever, over and above all other Duties - For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first -	1 0 0 0 10 0
RENUNCIATION upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
REQUISITION , or any Request, Note for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any excisable or other Goods, and any Request, Note or Requisition, for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law -	0 2 0
REVOCATION of any Will or Trust, Will or Trusts, of or concerning any Estates or Property Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will - For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first Skin -	1 0 0 0 10 0
SURRENDER upon the Sale of Lands or other Property.—See CON- VEYANCE.	
SURRENDER (not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty) of any Term or Terms of Years, or of any Free- hold or common Interest, in any Lands or Hereditaments - For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first -	1 0 0 0 10 0

SCHEDULE 1.—PART THE SECOND.

Containing the Duties on LAW, EQUITY, and other PROCEEDINGS.

Which Duties are to be paid and payable for and in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the several Instruments, Matters and Things herein charged, shall be respectively written or printed; except where the Duties are imposed according to the Number of Words therein contained, or are expressly charged in any other manner.

And all the Instruments, Matters and Things herein charged with a Duty, in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the same shall be written or printed, shall respectively be written or printed upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and in such and the same Manner and Form, as the like Instruments, Matters or Things, have been heretofore accustomed to be, or are now usually written or printed.

And where a Court of Law or Equity is mentioned generally, the same shall be taken to mean not only the Four Courts in the City of Dublin, but also any other Court in Ireland, holding Pleas where the Debt or Damages shall exceed Forty Shillings.

PART THE SECOND.	Duty.		
I. PROCEEDINGS in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland.	<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts	0	2	0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any Interlocutory Decree or Order of any of the said Courts	10	0	0
APPEARANCE, as the Entry of, for each Defendant	0	4	0
ATTACHMENT issuing out of any of the said Courts except in Suits for Recovery of Seamen's Wages	1	2	6
BAIL BOND, or Recognizance, taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same, where the Sum intended therein shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i>	0	5	0
And where the Sum intended therein shall exceed 50 <i>l.</i>	0	10	0
And where the Sum shall exceed 150 <i>l.</i>	0	15	0
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts, including such Summons as may (due for the Attendance of any Witness, save in Suits for the Recovery of Seamen's Wages)	0	5	0
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	10	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Affidavit filed, read or used, in any of the said Courts	0	0	3
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Citation, Motion or Warrant issued out of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions or Inventory, filed in any of the said Courts	0	0	4
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order of any definitive Sentence or final Decree, made in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise	0	1	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, save those having the Force of a definitive Sentence, made in any of the said Courts	0	10	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, having the Force or Effect of a definitive Sentence	1	0	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	0	4	0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	0	15	0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts, save as aforesaid	0	7	6
RECOGNIZANCE.—See Bail Bond.			
RELAXATION of any Attachment or Inhibition issued out of any of the said Courts	1	0	0
RULE or ORDER made or given on any Petition or Motion, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise	0	1	0

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SCHEDULE, PART II.		Duty.		
		s.	d.	c.
SENTENCE Definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts, save as aforesaid		1	0	0
SENTENCE Interlocutory		0	10	0
WARRANT issuing out of any of the said Courts, save in Suits for the Recovery of Seamen's Wages		0	7	6
II. PROCEEDINGS in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters, in Ireland.				
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts		0	2	0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts		0	4	0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts		0	4	0
APPEARANCE, as the Entry of, in any of the said Courts, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry		0	4	0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any Interlocutory Decree or Order, of the Prerogative Court, or any Archiepiscopal Court		10	0	0
APPEAL from any Diocesan Court		5	0	0
CAPIAS, Writs of.—See Warr. III.				
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts, except in any Suit for Tithes, and not being otherwise charged		0	7	6
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts, not hereby particularly charged		0	7	6
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any of the said Courts		0	2	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Inventory filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts		0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Citation, Mandamus, Mandate, Prohibition, Summons or Requisition, issued out of any of the said Courts		0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any other Process of what Nature or Kind soever, that shall issue out of any of the said Courts		0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories or Depositions, filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts		0	1	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree of any of the said Courts		0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise		0	1	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, not having the Force and Effect of a definitive Decree, Order or Sentence		0	10	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, having the Force and Effect of a definitive Decree or Sentence		0	10	0
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts		0	10	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the Court		0	5	0
DISMISS		0	7	6
EXCEPTION to Allegation, Libel, Answer, Depositions, Report or other Pleading, upon each and every Bill containing such Exceptions or Exceptions		0	10	0
EXEMPLIFICATION under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein		0	15	0
INJUNCTION issuing out of any of the said Courts		1	0	0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts		0	4	0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts		0	5	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts		0	4	0
MANDATE issuing out of the said Courts		0	5	0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts, save as aforesaid		0	5	0
ORDER or Fiat for Order made on any Petition		0	1	0
PETITION on the Entry of each		0	3	6
PROCESS of Contempt for not appearing or for not answering		0	5	0
PROCESS of whatsoever other Nature or Kind soever that shall issue out of said Courts		0	5	0
REQUISITION		0	7	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
RULE or ORDER made or given on any Petition or Motion, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise	d. 1 0
SENTENCE Interlocutory	0 10 0
SENTENCE Definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	0 10 0
SUMMONS	0 5 0
<p>III. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts of Law and Equity in Dublin, and in all other Courts in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.</p>	
ACTIONS in the Courts of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of Dublin, and in the Courts of all Corporations, and in all other Courts in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings; for the Entry of every Action or Plea, except where the Debt or Damage claimed or demanded shall not exceed Forty Shillings	0 1 0
AFFIDAVIT, Affirmation or Deposition, not heretofore otherwise charged or expressly exempted, taken before any Person or Persons authorised by Law to take the same	0 2 0
AFFIDAVIT made to enter a Plea, or to ground any Application against a Contemner or Sheriff	0 5 0
ANSWER in any Court of Equity	0 4 0
ANSWER filed by or on behalf of an Attorney or Solicitor, who shall sue or be sued as an Attorney or Solicitor in his own proper Person, on the first Shilling over and above all other Stamp Duties	0 2 6
APPEARANCE (on the Entry of any) in any of the said Courts to any Action or Suit in any Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings, by any S ^r Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor or other Agent, for each and every Defendant named in each Entry	0 4 0
ASSIGNMENT of a Bail Bond by any Sheriff or other Officer	0 4 0
BAIL Common, to be filed in any Court of Law	0 1 0
BAIL Special, to be filed in any Court of Law	0 1 0
BAIL BOND taken by any Sheriff or other Officer	0 4 0
BANKRUPT's Certificate, the Confirmation thereof, by the Lord Chancellor, or by the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal	0 2 6
BILL filed in any Court of Equity	0 4 0
BILL filed in any Court of Equity on behalf of an Attorney, on the first Shilling over and above all other Stamp Duties	0 2 6
CERTIFICATE by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, of any Default of any Person, in any Suit or Proceeding before them	0 5 0
CERTIFICATE of the Number of Stamps appearing on the Face of any Pleading in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer	0 1 0
CHARGE or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity	0 1 0
COMMISSION to take Affidavits, or Special Bail, out of any Court of Law or Equity	1 5 0
COMMISSION of Bankrupt	0 10 0
COMMISSION of Lunacy	1 0 0
COMMISSION out of any Court of Law or Equity, for the Examination of Witnesses, or taking Depositions	0 10 0
COMMISSION of any other kind, out of any Court of Law or Equity, except Commissions of the Peace	0 10 0
COPY verified of any Charge or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity	0 1 0
COPY verified of any Account or Report filed in any Cause in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer	0 3 0
COPY of any Account or Report filed in Chancery in the Matter of any Minor or Lunatic	0 2 6
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of any Affidavits therein filed, which Copy shall be read or used in any Court of Law or Equity, except in Actions or Suits, where the Debt or Damage, or Thing claimed and demanded, shall not exceed the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings	0 0 3

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
COPY— <i>continued</i> .	<i>d. s. d.</i>
COPY attested of any Affidavit made to enter a Fine, or to ground any Application against a Sheriff or Coroner	0 0 6
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of any Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder or other Pleading, or of any Interrogatories or Depositions, by Commission or otherwise, in any Court of Equity	0 0 4
COPY of any Declaration in Ejectment, or other Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law	0 0 4
COPY of any Record to be furnished to any of the Judges, for hearing of Causes in Error in the Court of Exchequer Chamber, or in the Court of Delegates	0 0 4
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of Interrogatories, or the Depositions or Answers thereto, in any Court of Law	0 0 4
COPY, attested or otherwise, of any Rule or Order, made or given on any Petition or Motion in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively, by way of Fiat for so Order	0 1 0
COPY of any Summons, whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Bailiff, Steward or Steward of a Manor, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary way by Civil Bill, save and except Stewards or Stewards of a Manor holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall not exceed Forty Shillings	0 1 2
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismissal or Order, made in or by the Court of Chancery	0 4 6
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismissal or Order, made in or by the Court of Exchequer	0 4 6
COPY or Extract, attested or otherwise, issuing out of any of the Public Offices, of any Record, Report or Proceeding whatsoever, in any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, not otherwise charged in this Schedule	0 1 0
COPY of any Writ, Mandate or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts in Dublin, whether the same be the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts	0 0 6
CUSTODIAN under the Seal of the Exchequer, grounded on Outlawry, in any Civil Action	0 3 0
DECLARATION in any Court of Law	0 4 0
DECLARATION in any Court of Law, on Behalf of an Attorney, on the fact Skin, over and above all other Stamp Duties	0 2 6
DECREE or Dismissal made in or by the High Court of Chancery, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer	0 4 6
DECREE or Dismissal made in or by the Court of Exchequer, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer	0 4 6
DECREE which shall be made or pronounced by, or any Warrant which shall issue under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Bailiff, Town Clerk or Steward, or by any Judge of Assize, or other Judge whatsoever, in Causes heard by Civil Bill, except Decrees by any Steward or Steward of a Manor, where the Debt or Damages do not exceed Forty Shillings:	
Where the Sum decreed shall be under Five Pounds	0 2 0
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to Five Pounds and not amount to Ten Pounds	0 4 6
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to Ten Pounds or upwards	0 7 6
DECREE—Renewal of a Decree or Dismissal, by whomsoever made, on any Proceeding by Civil Bill, save as aforesaid	0 1 6
DEMURRER in any Court of Law	0 4 0
DEMURRER in any Court of Equity	0 4 0
DEPOSITIONS taken by virtue of a Commission out of any Court of Equity (except the Paper Drafts thereof before the same are engrossed)	0 4 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
DEPOSITIONS — continued.	
DEPOSITIONS in any Court of Equity, taken by the Examiner, or other proper Officer, and not by Commission (except the Paper Dues thereof before the same are repaid)	0 4 0
DEPOSITIONS to answer to any Interrogatories in any Court of Law	0 4 0
DISMISS made or pronounced by any Recorder, Chairman, Assize, Bench or Judge of Assize	0 4 0
DISMISS made or pronounced by any Sheriff or Steward of any Manor in any Proceeding by Civil Bill, save as aforesaid	0 1 6
EXCEPTIONS filed in any Court of Equity, for each Exception, whether alone or joined with any others or other	0 5 0
EXCEPTIONS filed in the Matter of any Bankrupt or Lunatic	0 5 0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any Court of Law or Equity whatever, of any Record or Proceeding therein (except Exemplification under the Great Seal charged in the First Part of this Schedule)	0 15 0
GRANT of the Custody of the Person or Estate of any Lunatic. — See COMMISSIONER or LUNATIC.	
INDENTURES or Chirograph of a Fine levied in any Court, for each Part or Indenture	0 10 0
INQUISITION taken by or before any Sheriff or his Deputy, or by or before any Coroner or Escheator, in any Action at Law	0 10 0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Law	0 4 0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	0 4 0
JUDGMENT, Interlocutory, in any Court of Law in Ireland	0 5 0
JUDGMENT (not Interlocutory), or the Entry thereof in any of the Superior Courts at Dublin	
For any Sum under 100l.	0 5 0
For 100l. or upwards, and not exceeding 200l.	0 10 0
And for every 200l. after the Sum of 200l. a further Duty of	0 0 6
Where the Sum is such Judgment shall exceed 200l. or any proportionable Sum of 200l. each, by any fractional Part of 200l. for each fractional Part	0 0 6
LETTERS of Guardianship under the Great Seal of Ireland	1 0 0
ORDER or Rule made or given in any Petition or Motion in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any Court in Ireland holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage doth exceed Forty Shillings, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fee for an Order	0 1 0
Except such as shall be made on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.	
PETITION, on the Entry of, in any Suit or Matter in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity	0 3 6
PLEA in any Court of Law	0 4 0
PLEA in any Court of Law on Behalf of any Attorney, on the first Skin, over and above all other Stamp Dues	0 3 6
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Equity, not otherwise charged in the Schedule	0 4 0
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Equity, not otherwise charged in the Schedule, filed by or on Behalf of any Attorney or Solicitor, on the first Skin, over and above all other Dues	0 3 6
POSTEA	0 10 0
PROCESS, commonly called Process of Contempt, on each	0 1 0
PROCESS of Contempt, on the Entry of each and every, for not appearing or for non answering, which shall be entered in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, for each Defendant	0 3 0
RECORD of Nisi Petas	0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE on an Appeal from any Decree or Judgment, by whomsoever made or pronounced in any Proceeding by Civil Bill	0 3 6
REJOINDER in any Court of Law	0 4 0
REJOINDER in any Court of Equity	0 4 0
REPLICATION in any Court of Law	0 4 0
REPLICATION in any Court of Equity	0 4 0

SCHEDULE. PART II.	Stamp.
REPORT made by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy	0 1 0
RULE or Order, made or given in or by any of the Courts of Law or Equity which shall be issued or delivered out, by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer, to the Party obtaining it	0 1 0
And for the Entry of every such Rule or Order, in the Book kept by the Clerk of the Rules or other Officer for that Purpose, whether written on One or more Sheets or Leaves	0 1 0
RULES to plead and reply, and all other Rules, of any of the said Courts of Law, not filed as above mentioned, but which shall be entered in the Books kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officers, for that Purpose; for the Entry of every such Rule	0 1 0
SUBPENA.—See WRIT.	
SUMMONS, or Process, whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear, or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Steward or Steward of a Manor Court, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary way by Civil Bill	0 0 2
Save and except Stewards and Stewards of a Manor holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed 40s.	
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of any of the Superior Courts of Law	0 2 0
For the Duty as the Copy of the same.—See COPY of any SUMMONS.	
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of a Court of Equity	0 2 0
Except such as shall be issued on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.	
WARRANT or Subpoena, issued by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Prothonotaries of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, or by the Chief or Deputy Clerk of the Pleas in the Exchequer, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Registrars of the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or by any other Officer or Officers of any Court of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in Ireland, for the Purpose of proceeding to settle any Decree or Proceeding to any Order of Reference, or taking Costs, or any other Purpose for which Subpoenas or Warrants are usually issued by such Officers respectively	0 1 0
WARRANT to any Attorney to enter up a Judgment or testify a Judgment entered of Record in the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer in Dublin	0 2 6
WARRANT of Attorney to vacate any Recognizance entered into in the Court of Chancery or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, and any Order obtained to vacate the same	0 5 0
WRIT of Appeal	1 0 0
WRIT of Covenant for levying a Fine	2 0 0
WRIT of Entry for levying a Common Recovery	2 0 0
WRIT of Error or Certiorari, on any Appeal in any Civil Case (except from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Discretionary or Ecclesiastical Court, or from any Discretionary or Decree in any Civil Bill, or from any Manor Court)	1 0 0
WRIT of Superintendence of a Commission of Bankruptcy	0 2 6
WRIT of Habeas Facias Subjunctum or Præjunctum, or Writ of Rehibition or Possession	0 10 0
WRIT, Mandamus, Subpoena, Writ of Habeas Corpus, or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts in Dublin, whether the same be the Superior Courts of Law or Equity or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts	0 4 0
GENERAL EXEMPTIONS from all Stamp Duties.	
All Proceedings for or on the behalf of any Person legally admitted to sue or defend in jure Proprietor.	

SCHEDULE,--PART THE THIRD.

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland; and on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE THIRD.	Duty.
PROBATE of a Will or Letters of Administration to be granted in Ireland, and any Letter of Administration, except Administrations <i>pro tempore</i> for, of whatever Number of Skins or Pieces of Parchment or Vellum, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper the same may consist;	d. s. d.
Where the Estate and Effects for or in respect of which such Probate or Letters of Administration respectively shall be granted (exclusive of what the Deceased shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not himself) shall be	
of the Value of 50 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 100 <i>l.</i>	0 10 0
of the Value of 100 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 200 <i>l.</i>	1 10 0
of the Value of 200 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 300 <i>l.</i>	2 0 0
of the Value of 300 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400 <i>l.</i>	3 0 0
of the Value of 400 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500 <i>l.</i>	4 0 0
of the Value of 500 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 600 <i>l.</i>	5 0 0
of the Value of 600 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 700 <i>l.</i>	6 0 0
of the Value of 700 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 800 <i>l.</i>	7 0 0
of the Value of 800 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 900 <i>l.</i>	8 0 0
of the Value of 900 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,000 <i>l.</i>	9 0 0
of the Value of 1,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,500 <i>l.</i>	15 0 0
of the Value of 1,500 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 2,000 <i>l.</i>	20 0 0
of the Value of 2,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 3,000 <i>l.</i>	25 0 0
of the Value of 3,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 4,000 <i>l.</i>	30 0 0
of the Value of 4,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 5,000 <i>l.</i>	35 0 0
of the Value of 5,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 6,000 <i>l.</i>	40 0 0
of the Value of 6,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 7,000 <i>l.</i>	45 0 0
of the Value of 7,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 8,000 <i>l.</i>	50 0 0
of the Value of 8,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 9,000 <i>l.</i>	55 0 0
of the Value of 9,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 10,000 <i>l.</i>	60 0 0
of the Value of 10,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 12,500 <i>l.</i>	110 0 0
of the Value of 12,500 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 15,000 <i>l.</i>	135 0 0
of the Value of 15,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 17,500 <i>l.</i>	160 0 0
of the Value of 17,500 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 20,000 <i>l.</i>	185 0 0
of the Value of 20,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 25,000 <i>l.</i>	210 0 0
of the Value of 25,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 30,000 <i>l.</i>	260 0 0
of the Value of 30,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 35,000 <i>l.</i>	310 0 0
of the Value of 35,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 40,000 <i>l.</i>	360 0 0
of the Value of 40,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 45,000 <i>l.</i>	410 0 0
of the Value of 45,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 50,000 <i>l.</i>	460 0 0
of the Value of 50,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 60,000 <i>l.</i>	550 0 0
of the Value of 60,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 70,000 <i>l.</i>	650 0 0
of the Value of 70,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 80,000 <i>l.</i>	750 0 0
of the Value of 80,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i>	850 0 0
of the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i>	950 0 0
of the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 125,000 <i>l.</i>	1,100 0 0
of the Value of 125,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 150,000 <i>l.</i>	1,400 0 0
of the Value of 150,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 175,000 <i>l.</i>	1,600 0 0
of the Value of 175,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i>	2,000 0 0
of the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i>	2,500 0 0
of the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i>	3,000 0 0
of the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i>	3,500 0 0
of the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i>	4,000 0 0
of the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i>	5,000 0 0
of the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards	6,000 0 0
LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION, <i>pro tempore</i> for	5 0 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Letters of Administration, or Probate of the Will of the Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Non-Commenced Officer, Common Sergeant, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.	
Letters of Administration, de bono non.	

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.
LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION—continued.	s. p. d.
<i>Products that shall be taken out by any Executor coming after another Executor shall have obtained Products of the same.</i>	
RECEIPT or Discharge for any Legacy, (specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and charged upon or given out of any Real or Personal Estate, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, or Monies arising from the Sale of any Real Estate directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged.)	
Alto for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue of the Personal Estate of any Person dying testate or intestate, or for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue, devised to any Person or Persons, of any Monies arising, or that may arise, by the Sale of any Real Estate, directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument (after deducting all Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies, and other Charges first made payable thereout), if any;	
For every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value of any such Legacy, or Residue, or Part or Proportion of Residue, paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, and for any fractional Part thereof, over and above any Sum or proportionate Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> the Sums following, viz.	
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Dependunt of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased;	1 5 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Dependunt of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased;	2 0 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Dependunt of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased;	3 10 0
And where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of any Person, in any more remote Degree of collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is above described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in Blood to the Deceased; or to any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or other Public Institution (except Charitable Institutions);	5 0 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Child of the Deceased, or any Dependunt of a Child of the Deceased, then for every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value thereof	0 10 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
<i>Legacies, and Residues, or Shares of Residues, of any such Estate or Effects as aforesaid, given or devolving to or for the Benefit of the Husband or Wife of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of any of the Royal Family.</i>	
<i>Legacies given for the Education or Maintenance of poor Children in Ireland, or to be applied in support of any Public Charitable Institution in Ireland.</i>	
<i>Legacies consisting of Books, Prints, Pictures, Statues, Gems, Coins, Medals, Specimens of Natural History, or other Scientific Articles, which shall be given or bequeathed to or in Trust for any Body Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, or any Society, or any endowed School, in order to be kept and preserved by such Body Corporate, Society or School, and not for the Purpose of Sale.</i>	

SCHEDULE 1.—PART THE FOURTH.

Containing the Duties on NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS, ARTICLES not stamped on VELLUM, PARCHMENT or PAPER.

PART THE FOURTH.	Duty.
VII. NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS. (A)	<i>d. s. d.</i>
Any Newspaper or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Communications	0 0 2
Any Head Bill containing a single Advertisement, not otherwise charged, except Head Bills respecting Charities, Robberies, Murders, Loss of Property, and Sales and Orders, Warrants, or Executions, or for Rent	0 0 0½
Any Almanack or Calendar for any particular Year, or for any time less than a Year	0 0 9
Any Almanack or Calendar made to serve for any longer time than a Year, or for several Years	0 7 6
Any Dublin Directory	0 0 6
Any Army List (except such Lists respectively as shall be published with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being)	0 0 6
Any Account or Bill of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, printed or published Daily, Weekly, Monthly, or at any other time or times, as an Account or Abstract of Account of such Goods for each Day's Account, or Abstract of Days' Account contained therein, whether the same be printed or published separately, or included in or with any other Publication, and in Proportion to the Number of Days' Accounts, or Abstracts of Days' Accounts contained in such Publications, for each and every of such Publications (except such Daily or other Accounts, or Bills of Imports or Exports, as shall be printed or published by some Person authorized to print the same by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland)	0 0 1
<i>Articles, not stamped on Vellum, Parchment or Paper.</i>	
For every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Journal or Daily Accounts, to be published Weekly or oftener, or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet delivered or made Public Yearly, Monthly, or at any other Interval of Time, or in any Head Bill, containing more than One Advertisement, and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, or the Privy Council of Ireland, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Account, other than the Dublin Gazette	0 2 6
For every Pamphlet or Paper, not exceeding Six Sheets, Octavo, or in a lesser Page, and not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper, contained in One printed Copy or Impression thereof, a Duty of	0 2 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
<i>Advertisements published by the Treasurers of Hospitals, relative to the Business of such Hospitals.</i>	
Any Act of Parliament, Proclamation, Order of Council, Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving, or any Act of State which shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to be printed or published; or any Vote or other Matters which are or shall be ordered to be printed by either House of Parliament; or any Books commonly used in any of the Schools in Ireland; or any Books containing only Matters of Devotion and Piety; or any Weekly Bills of Mortality; or any Daily Accounts, or Bills of Goods imported or exported, so as such Daily Accounts or Bills do contain no other Matter than Abstracts of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, and the Particulars relating to such Imports and Exports, or the Arrival or	

(1) [See as to Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Pamphlets, Almanacks and Newspapers in Ireland, *post*, c. 30.]

SCHEDULE, PART IV.	Duty.
<i>Exemptions—continued.</i> <i>Selling of any Vessel or Vessels in or from any Port in Ireland, and so as the same shall be printed and published by such Person and Persons as shall be authorized thereto by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the time being.</i>	<i>d. s. d.</i>
For any ASSURANCE or INSURANCE, viz. For any Assurance or Insurance of any Ship or Ships, Goods or Merchandise, or any other Property or Interest whereon Insurance may be lawfully made, against Loss in any Voyage or Voyages, or from the Dangers of or other Perils at Sea, where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of Premium, actually and <i>bona fide</i> paid or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings <i>per Cent.</i>	
For any Voyage to or from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from or to any other Place in the said Kingdom or Islands;	
Where the Sum insured shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> or any less Sum	0 1 3
And so progressively for every 100 <i>l.</i> so insured	0 1 3
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> or any progressive Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> each, by any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> for each fractional Part	0 1 3
For any other Voyage, where the Sum insured shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> or any less Sum	0 2 6
And so progressively for every 100 <i>l.</i> so insured	0 2 6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> or any progressive Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> each, by any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> for each fractional Part	0 2 6
And where the Premium or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, for such Insurance, actually and <i>bona fide</i> paid or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings <i>per Cent.</i> for any Voyage, then a Duty, in all cases, equal to double the Amount of the foregoing Duties respectively.	
Any Assurance or Insurance for or upon any Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> or any lesser Sum that is or shall be insured by any Person or Persons in or by any Policy of Insurance for insuring Houses, Goods, Furniture, Warehouse, Merchandise or other Property, from Loss by Fire, yearly	0 2 6
And for every 100 <i>l.</i> of such Insurance, after the first Hundred, a like Sum of	0 2 6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> or any progressive Sums of 100 <i>l.</i> each, by any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> a Duty in Proportion for each fractional Part.	
And so in Proportion for any shorter Period than a Year, in all the said cases of Insurance from Loss by Fire.	
For and upon every Pack of Printed, Painted or Playing Cards, made, manufactured or used in Ireland	0 8 0
For and upon every Pair of Dice made, manufactured or used in Ireland	0 15 0

SCHEDULE 5.—PART THE FIFTH.

ALLOWANCES.

To any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the Stamp Office in Dublin to be stamped, or who shall buy any Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the said Stamp Office, the Duties whereof, respectively, shall amount to Twenty Pounds or upwards (*Five and eight Pounds, Parchment and Paper is stamped with any Duty of Ten Pounds or upwards, or with any Number of Stamps amounting in the whole to Ten Pounds, or one Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper*), an Allowance, after the Rate of One Pound and Ten Shillings, for every One hundred Pounds, upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to be brought or stamped.

To Stationers and Shopkeepers who shall purchase Stamps for Receipts to the Amount, at one and the same time, of Five Pounds, in Consideration of their making no Charge to the Public for the Paper stamped for Receipts, but actually and *bona fide* filling the same for the Price of the Stamp Duty only, Seven Pounds Ten Shillings for every One Hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Duty on such Stamps for Receipts, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Sum not under the Sum of Five Pounds; this Allowance being over and above the Allowance on the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties to the Amount of Twenty Pounds and upwards.

C.A.P.

CAP. LXXIX.

An Act to regulate the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Law Proceedings, Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors and Corporate Officers in Ireland. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that permanent Regulations should be made for the better and more effectual Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Law Proceedings, and in respect of Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors and Corporate Officers in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person who shall apply to be sworn or admitted as Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer, in any Court in Ireland, in respect of whose Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable, shall, previous to being so sworn and admitted, produce and deliver to the proper Officer to whom he shall apply to be so admitted a Certificate signed under the Hand or Hands of some Person appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, stating that such Person has paid such Duty as shall be due by Law payable on or in respect of such Admission, and stating the Amount of such Duty, which Certificate shall remain in the Custody of such Officer, to be used and disposed of as hereinafter mentioned; and that every such Officer shall keep Two Books, in each of which the Names of all Persons who after the Commencement of this Act shall be admitted by him as aforesaid, together with the Amount of the Stamp Duty paid by every such Person, according to such Certificate, shall be fairly written in due and regular Order; and such Officer shall Four times in every Year, on the Second Monday in January, the Second Monday in April, the Second Monday in July and the Second Monday in October, deliver or cause to be delivered, between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon and Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, if the Court in which such Person shall be so admitted shall sit or be holden in the County, or County of the City of Dublin, to such Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps; and if such Court shall sit or be holden in any other Part of Ireland, then in the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Court shall sit or be holden, at the Office of such Distributor one of the said Books with the Names of all Persons so admitted, and the Stamps paid by them as aforesaid in written form, together with all the said Certificates to be delivered by the several Persons, if any, who shall have been so admitted in the Quarter of a Year ending on the Quarter Day preceding the Delivery of such Book; and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit to the Stamp Office in Dublin every such Book, together with the Certificates so delivered to him therein, and every such Book which shall be so delivered at or transmitted to the said Stamp Office in Dublin, shall be forthwith examined by an Officer appointed for that Purpose, and shall be compared with the Certificates accompanying the same, and if they shall be found to agree, then such Officer shall certify in the Foot of the Names there entered in such Book the Number of Admissions appearing therein for the last Quarter, and that the proper Stamp Duty has been paid thereon, and thereupon such Book shall be stamped with one or more Stamps denoting the Payment of such Duty, and shall be returned without any unnecessary Delay to the proper Officer of such Court.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be bound an Apprentice to any Attorney, Proctor or Notary Public in Ireland, shall in the manner aforesaid, from some Person appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps, a written Certificate of his having paid the Duty which shall be by Law payable on such Indenture of Apprenticeship at the time of executing the same; which Certificate shall be lodged with the proper Officer of the Court in which such Indenture shall be enrolled, or of the Court, or One of the Courts, to which the Matter of such Apprenticeship shall belong, or in the case of Notaries, with the Registrar of the Court of Probate; and the Officer or Officers of such Court as and are hereby required to take Charge of and keep such Certificates, so that the same may and shall be produced and read in open Court before any such Person shall be admitted to be an Attorney, Proctor or Notary, and shall be produced to a Master of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, before any such Person shall be admitted and sworn a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person, in respect of whose Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable, shall be capable of practicing or acting as an Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer in any Court whatsoever in Ireland, under or by virtue of any Admission made after the Commencement of this Act, nor shall such Admission be valid or effectual, unless his Name shall appear so written in the said Books required by this Act to be kept as aforesaid, or in such of them as shall from time to time be in the Possession of the proper Officer of the Court, and shall be duly stamped as aforesaid; and then no such Officer of any Court shall deliver the same Book in Two successive Quarters, but that One of the said Books shall be delivered as aforesaid in January and in July, and the other of the said Books in April and in October, so that each of the said Books as shall from time to time remain in the Hands of the proper Officer of the Court shall appear to have been inspected and stamped at the Stamp Office in its Turn.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Books shall be kept so as to agree as nearly as possible with each other, and that whenever any such Book shall be returned from the Stamp Office as aforesaid to the proper Officer of the Court, he shall forthwith cause to be fairly and regularly entered therein the Names of all Persons admitted in such Court while such Book was out of his Possession, so as to correspond in that respect with the other of the said Books which remained in his Possession; and if any such Officer of any Court shall neglect or omit to so deliver, or cause to be delivered, any such Book as aforesaid, together with such Certificates conformable thereto, at the times and in manner herebefore required, he shall, for such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if such Officer shall wilfully deface or destroy any such Book, or make

Act, c. 41.

The Admission of Attornies, &c. by this Act produces Certificate of Payment of Duty in Dublin, which shall enter Names, &c. in Books, one of which must be sent quarterly to the Stamp Office to be stamped with proper Duty, and returned to the Officer.

Like Certificate of Payment of Duty on Admission of Clergymen.

No Person admitted whose Name does not appear in Books.

Books of Admissions truly kept.

Penalty.

Dealing, &c.

Professy.

Attorney not to
profess except
in Court where
he is, &c.Annual Certifi-
cate of practi-
sing Attorney,
&c.Certificats
when to issue
and when
to expire.Entry of Certifi-
cates on Books
of each Court
where Solicitor
or Attorney
practises.

Fee.

Attorney pro-
ceeding without
Certificate.Delivering
Writ, &c.
Residence, &c.

Penalty.

Attorney in-
suable for
Action or in
Writ which he
sues.Offence not to
procure Attorney
or practice till he

any full Entry therein, or shall, without the Order of the Court, create or alter any Entry therein, or shall knowingly permit or suffer any of the said Matters to be done, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and shall be for ever after incapable of holding any Office under His Majesty in anywise connected with the Administration of Justice.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Attorney shall practise in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Attorney in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, or in any Court of Record whatsoever in Ireland, in which Attorneys are admitted, except only in such Court or Courts in which he shall actually have been admitted and sworn an Attorney, on pain of the Person so practising being rendered incapable of being sworn or practising as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in Ireland; and every Attorney who shall be practising in any Court in which he shall not have been admitted and sworn an Attorney, shall be disabled from recovering the Costs of any Proceedings carried on by him in any Court.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person admitted, sworn, enrolled and registered as a Solicitor or Attorney, or as a Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of His Majesty's Courts in Dublin, or in any Ecclesiastical Court, or in any Court of Admiralty in Ireland, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings or more, shall assiduously before he shall commence, carry on or defend any Action, Suit or Proceeding whatsoever, in any of the said Courts, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to some Officer or Officers appointed by them for that Purpose, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, a Paper or Note in Writing containing the Name and usual Place of Residence of such Person, and stating whether he has been so admitted Three Years or not, and thereupon and upon Payment of the Duties which shall then be by Law imposed on him as such Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, according to the time he has been admitted as stated in such Paper or Note in Writing, every such Person shall be entitled to a Certificate duly stamped, to denote the Payment of the said Duty by him, deferring him in such Certificate according to the Description contained in the said Note in Writing by him, which Certificate the said Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by them for that Purpose, shall cause to be immediately issued under the Seal and Name of the proper Officer in such Manner and Form as the said Commissioners shall devise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate issued to any Solicitor or Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator under the Direction of this Act, shall bear Date on the Day on which the same shall be issued, and shall commence and be of force on and from the Day of issuing the same, or on and from the First Day of January next following, according as the Person obtaining the same shall desire, and every such Certificate shall expire and determine on the First Day of January next after the Day on which the same shall be commenced and be of force.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Annual Certificate so to be obtained as aforesaid shall be produced in every Court in which the Person described therein shall be admitted, enrolled, sworn or registered, to some Officer or Officers of the said Court, to be appointed for that Purpose by the Judges of the said Courts respectively, before such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, shall be permitted to practise as aforesaid, and every such Officer to be so appointed shall and he is hereby required from time to time upon the Production of such Annual Certificate duly stamped, and upon the Payment of the Fee of One Shilling, to enter in its Order alphabetically the Name of the Person described in such Annual Certificate, together with the Place of such his Residence and the time he has been admitted as aforesaid, and the Date of such Annual Certificate in a Book or Roll to be prepared for that Purpose, to all which Books or Rolls in the said Courts respectively, all Persons shall and may at all reasonable times have free Access, without Fee or Reward.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall so in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person or Persons sue out any Writ or Process, or commence, prosecute, carry on or defend any Action or Suit, or any Proceeding as an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of the Courts aforesaid, without having obtained such annual Certificate which shall be then in force, and sealed the Manner therein directed to be entered in such Court, in such manner as heretofore is directed; or shall deliver in to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to the Officer to be appointed by them for the Purpose of stamp, granting or registering such Annual Certificate, any false or fictitious Place of Residence, or any false or fictitious Statement of his having been admitted as Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, or of the time when he shall have been so admitted; every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be and is hereby made incapable to maintain or prosecute any Action or Suit in any Court of Law or Equity, for the Recovery of any For, Reward or Debetment, on account of practising, carrying on or defending any such Action, Suit or Proceeding.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in whose Name, either singly or together with that of any other Person or Persons, any Writ or Process shall be sued out, or any Action, Suit or Proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended in any of the said Courts, shall on any Trial or Hearing whatsoever, whether for or relating to any Penalty under this Act, or for or relating to any other Purpose whatever, be deemed and taken to have in fact out such Writ or Process, or to have so commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended such Action, Suit or Proceeding as aforesaid premises to such Trial or Hearing such Writ, Process or Proceeding shall have been set aside by the Court on Examination into the Facts on Oath, and not by Confess, as having been so sued out, commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended without the Direction, Privy or Permission of the Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator in whose Name such Writ or Process shall be sued out, or such Action, Suit or Proceeding shall have been commenced, carried on or defended.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Officer of any Court whatsoever shall suffer any Writ or Process to be issued or sued out or any Action or Suit to be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended, or

any Proceedings had or taken in or from his Office, in the Name of any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, either singly or together with any other Person or Persons, unless such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall have previously obtained such especial Certificate as aforesaid, which shall be then in force, and shall have caused the Matters therein stated to be entered in such Court; and if any such Officer shall offend herein, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and it shall not be any Excuse in any Proceeding for the Recovery of such Penalty to prove that any such Officer was himself personally concerned in any of the Matters aforesaid, but it shall be sufficient that such Officer was concerned in his Office or Department.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Appearance for any Defendant or Defendants in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, in a Book to be three parts for that Purpose, and that any Appearance in any other Office, or in any other manner, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that such Registrar, as also the proper Officer in whose Office any such Appearance shall be entered in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or in any of the Courts of Common Law or Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, shall for every such Appearance receive the Sum of Five pence, and no more, and shall thereupon give a Certificate of such Appearance, which Certificate shall be stamped on, and filed together with, the said Answer, Plea, Demurrer or other Pleading, of what Nature or Kind soever, which shall be thereafter put in, in such Cause, by or on behalf of the Party to appearing; and if any such Answer, Plea, Demurrer or other Pleading shall be filed without having such Certificate annexed thereto, then any Officer receiving or filing the same, and also the Solicitor in whose Name the same shall be filed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Ten Pounds each.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That a Memorandum of every Petition to the Court of Chancery in Ireland shall, before delivering the same to the Secretary of the Lord Chancellor or to the Person then acting as such Secretary, or on his behalf, be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, for which Entry such Registrar shall receive a Fee of One Shilling and no more, and such Registrar shall thereupon certify at the Foot of such Petition that the same is so entered, and if such Secretary or Person acting as or on behalf of such Secretary, shall receive any such Petition without such Certificate at the Foot thereof, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and any Order made on such Petition shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Six Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney or Solicitor or any Proctor in any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court in Ireland, or any other Person whatsoever, shall charge to or receive from the Plaintiff or Defendant, Promisor or Impugner in any Suit, or to or from any other Person whatsoever, on any Occasion, the Amount of any Stamp Duty, and shall not have actually made use of or filed or filed the Warrant, Writ, Motion, Proofs, Pleading, Rule, Order, Return, Indentment or Proceeding, for which such Charge shall be made, or such Amount shall be received, duly stamped with the Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time of its being, issuing or filing the same, such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person shall charge to or receive from any Plaintiff or Defendant, Promisor or Impugner or other Person, any Sum as and for the Costs, Expenses or charge of or for any Warrant, Writ, Motion, Proofs, Pleading, Rule, Order, Return, Indentment or Proceeding, and shall not at the same time charge, demand or receive as Part of such Sum a separate and distinct Sum expressly as and for the Amount of the Stamp Duty on such Warrant, Writ, Motion, Proofs, Pleading, Rule, Order, Return, Indentment or Proceeding, such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor or Proctor shall thereupon, and without further Evidence, be deemed and taken to have made use of, issued or filed such Warrant, Writ, Motion, Proofs, Pleading, Rule, Order, Return, Indentment or Proceeding, without the same having been duly stamped, and shall be liable to all and every Penalty and Penalties provided in such case, and no Evidence to the contrary thereof shall be received.

XV. And be it further enacted, That where any Bill of Costs shall be taxed in any of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery or Exchequer in Ireland in which there shall be any Charge or Charges for drawing, or for engrossing on Parchment any Bills, Answers, or other Equity Pleadings in the said Courts respectively, which shall be engrossed or written, or filed in either of the said Courts, or for drawing or engrossing any Deed or Deeds, the Officer who shall tax such Bill of Costs shall tax the Charges for drawing and engrossing such Bills, Answers and other Pleadings, or such Deeds respectively, so as not to exceed the actual Charge by the Sums according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on such Pleadings or Deed respectively; and such Officer, if the Bill of Costs to be taxed be in a Cause in the Court of Chancery, shall signify at the Foot of such Bill of Costs that the Number and Amount of Stamps appearing on the Pleadings mentioned therein hath been certified to him by the Deputy Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or his Deputy; and if such Bill of Costs be in a Cause in the Court of Exchequer, or if any Deed shall be charged for therein, the Officer who shall tax the same, shall signify at the Foot of such Bill that he hath respected the Engrossment of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs, or the Ongoing Deed so charged for; and in case such Officer respectively who shall tax such Bill of Costs as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse to apply to the Clerk of the Rolls for such Certificate as aforesaid, or to inspect the Engrossment of the Pleadings, or of the Deeds or Deed mentioned in such Bill of Costs, or shall neglect or refuse to tax the Charges for drawing or engrossing such Bills, Answers or other Pleadings or Deeds in manner herebefore directed, every such Officer so neglecting or refusing respectively as aforesaid shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Ten Pounds; and in case the Deputy Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery shall neglect or refuse to inspect and certify the Number and Amount

See abstract
Certificates

Penalty.

Appearance
as taxed and entered
in it, and Law
Entry filed with
said Pleading

Penalty.

Entering M.
memorandum
Petition in
Court only.
See

Penalty.

Amounts for
not paying stamp
Duty charged
by them.

Penalty.

Chancery with
no stamping
stamp booklets
of having made
and made it.

Charge by the
the Equity
the bills, etc.
according to the
law of Stamp
and Costs, taxed
in Chancery, ac-
cordingly.

Officer taxing
Bills of Costs
and other
Bills, etc. in
Chancery, ac-
cordingly.
Penalty
if not Master
of the Court
shall be liable to
penalty.

ity Member,
Ex. Off. Secy,
Presby.
Perfection
how entered.

White Bills,
Ex. Off. Secy,
Presby.
Perfection
how entered.

Presby.

Admission
Ex. Off. Secy,
Presby.

Traditions of
Records in
Exchequer
Chamber,
Records, Re-
marks, &c.
used.

Attached Copies
of Depositions,
Ex. Off. Secy.

In what order
attached Copies
duly stamped.

In what order
attached Copies
not
stamp.

Presby.

Presby.
Number of
Bills marked
on attached
Copies of
Proceedings.

Presby.
How far re-
lated Copies of
Records, &c.
given by
Gleason, &c.

of Stamps appearing on every such Pleading as aforesaid to the proper Officer of such Court, upon being applied to him for that Purpose, such Deputy Master or Keeper of the Rolls shall, for every such Neglect or Refusal, forfeit in like manner the Sum of Ten Pounds; which said several Forfeitures, together with the Costs of recovering the same, shall as to the Pleadings and Proceedings in the said Courts be enforced in a summary way, upon Motion by Order of the said Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, upon Complaint made to them respectively against any Officer who shall be guilty of any such Neglect or Refusal, and shall extend to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and as to Deeds shall be recovered as other Penalties under this Act.

XVI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Charge to be made for registering any Bill, Answer or other Pleading in Equity, or Deed, the whole Contents of which shall not amount to the Number of Two thousand one hundred and fifty Words.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Copy of every Affidavit which shall be read in any Court whatever in Ireland, shall be engrossed or written in such manner as that the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper shall not be deemed more than One Sheet, according to the manner in which the Officers of the Courts in which such Affidavit shall be respectively filed charge by the Sheet for such Affidavit; and if any Officer of any Court shall charge or demand for the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which any Copy of such Affidavit shall be written, more than the Fees to which he would be entitled for One Sheet, according to the Course of the Court in which such Affidavit shall be filed, he shall, for every such Charge so made or demanded, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, with Treble Costs of Suits, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That where more than One Side or Page of any Sheet of Paper shall be stamped or marked with the Duties which shall then be by Law charged on the Paper on which such Copy of an Affidavit shall be written, each Side or Page so marked or stamped shall be deemed a separate Sheet or Piece of Paper within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and of every Act in force from time to time, for the Impole, Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty, unless the contrary shall be expressly declared.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Record, or Transcript of a Record, to be brought in as the perfect Court of Exchequer Chamber in Ireland, shall, when copied for the Judges or others, be copied in like manner as in the former Court of Exchequer Chamber in Ireland.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Records, Writs, Pleadings and other Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity, and Ecclesiastical Courts, Courts of Admiralty, and all other Courts in Ireland, and all Office Copies thereof respectively, which shall from time to time be charged with any Stamp Duty, shall be engrossed or written in such manner as they usually have been accustomed to be written, save as is or may be otherwise provided by Law.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every attested Copy of any Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Deposition or Depositions, in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, shall be signed by the Examiners of the said Courts respectively, and every such Examiner shall file and appoint in Writing, at the Foot of every such attested Copy, whether the same is to be read by or on the Part of any Complainant or Plaintiff, or by or on the Part of any Defendant, in the Suit in which such Interrogatories or Depositions shall have been taken; and it shall not be lawful for any such Complainant or Plaintiff to read or give in Evidence any Copy of such Interrogatories or Depositions which shall be so appointed to be read on behalf of any Defendant in such Suit; nor for any Defendant to read or give in Evidence any such Copy which shall be so appointed to be read on behalf of the Complainant, unless the same respectively shall be doubly stamped; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Depositions shall be entered as read on behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendant respectively, until the Officer entering the same shall have inspected the Copy from which the same was so read, and have seen that the same was either doubly stamped, or duly attested as aforesaid, to be read for the Party in default to enter the same; and if any such Officer shall offend herein, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and if any such Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, shall read on behalf of any Plaintiff any Copy so appointed to be read on the Part of the Defendant or Defendants, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, or shall read on behalf of any Defendant any Copy appointed to be read on the Part of the Plaintiff, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, any such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland shall make out, attest or deliver any attested Copy of any Pleading or Proceeding of any nature or kind whatever in such Court, such Officer shall in the Book in which Entry shall be made of any such Pleading or Proceeding mark on Figures the Number of Office Sheets of which such Copy shall consist, and shall in like manner mark on the back of every such Copy the Number of Office Sheets contained therein, and if such Officer shall neglect or omit to do so, he shall, for every such Neglect or Omission, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, shall give or deliver, or cause or permit to be given or delivered, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, any Copy or Extract of any Pleading, Proceeding, Record or Document filed or remaining in such Court, or in any Office thereto belonging, unless such Copy or Extract shall be duly attested, and that no such Officer shall attest any such Copy, unless the Veritas, Perseverant or Paper on which the same shall be written shall be duly stamped in such manner as shall be then by Law required for such attested Copy or Extract; and that no such Officer shall permit any Person whatsoever to write, or take

down in Writings, any Copy or Extract of or from any such Pleading, Proceeding, Record or Document, unless such Person shall so write or take down the same on Paper, Parchment or Vellum duly stamped in such manner as shall be then by Law required for such Copy or Extract when duly attested; and if any such Officer shall give, or deliver, or sit, or shall knowingly cause or permit to be given, or delivered, or attested, or written, any such Copy or Extract, contrary to the Direction of this Act, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Penalty.

XXV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Person shall require that any Copy of any Record, Document, Proceeding, Matter or Thing whatsoever, which shall have been made and attested by the proper Officer of any Court, shall be again attested by the proper Officer, and to respect of which attested Copy any Stamp Duty shall be payable, greater in Amount than was paid or payable at the time of such first Attestation, it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper Officer to again to attest such Copy, if the same shall have thereto, and on the several and respective Stamps thereof, due and lawful Stamps to the Amount of the Duties payable thereon at the time of such Request, although any such Copy may have been before attested by the proper Officer for the time being, and through such Stamps, or any of them, shall have been on such Copy at the time of such former Attestation, and may have been the Stamps or Stamp in respect whereof such former Attestation was made, and every Copy so attested, on Stamps to the proper Amount respectively, shall be deemed to be duly stamped to all intents and Purposes; and if any Copy of any such Record, Document, Proceeding, Matter or Thing, having any Stamps thereon, shall be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin to be further stamped, then and in every such case, if such Copy shall appear to have been previously attested, and to have had any Stamp or Stamps thereon, at the time of such previous Attestation, such other and further Stamps shall be imposed thereon as shall be required by the Person so bringing the same, such Person first paying the Amount of such Stamps; and in such case the Officer to whom the same shall be produced at the said Stamp Office shall draw a Line across such former Attestation, and shall write the Initials of his Name, and the Date of the Month and Year, under the same, and thereupon such Copy shall sever after he read or used by virtue of such Attestation, nor until such Copy shall be again attested by the proper Officer at some time subsequent to the same being so stamped; and if such Copy be to be brought to such Stamp Office shall not appear to have been previously attested, then such Stamp or Stamps as shall be required by the Person bringing the same shall be imposed thereon, he or she first paying the Amount thereof; and if any such Officer so attested any Stamp on any such Copy so formerly attested, and shall not in manner aforesaid draw a Line across such Attestation, and write his Initials under the same as aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Stamps for Copies required to be re-attested.

XXVI. And he is further enacted, That every Officer or Clerk belonging or that shall hereafter belong to the Court of King's Bench, Court of Common Pleas, or Law Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, who shall sign any Writ or Process before Judgment to arrest any Person or Persons thereupon, shall at the time of signing thereof set down upon such Writ or Process the Day and Year of signing the same, which shall be entered upon the Remembrance Roll, or in the Book wherein the Abstract of such Writ or Process shall be entered, upon Pain to forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of such Officer or Clerk as aforesaid.

Penalty.

Signing Writs for Arrest.

XXVII. And he is further enacted, That, when any Person whatsoever shall desire to have any Judgment marked or any other Entry whatsoever made in or upon any Record, Book or Roll of any Court of Justice in Ireland, in respect of which Entry any Stamp Duty shall be payable, and shall not produce a Certificate of having paid such Stamp Duty where such Certificate is required by Law, such Person shall, over and above the Fee, if any, payable for such Entry of such Judgment or other Matter, pay to the Officer when he shall be required to make such Entry, the Amount of such Duty, and such Officer shall afterwards pay over such Duty in manner hereinafter mentioned; and if any such Officer shall make or suffer to be made any such Entry without Production of such Certificate when required, or without having received the Amount of such Stamp Duty thereon where such Officer is to receive such Stamp Duty, such Officer shall be responsible for such Duty, and be bound to pay over the same in manner hereafter provided, in the same manner, in all respects, as if he had actually received such Duty.

Penalty.

Duty on Entry put to Office marking fines.

XXVIII. And he is further enacted, That any Officer who shall have the Custody of any Book wherein Judgment shall be entered in Ireland, shall keep and have a Duplicate of every such Book wherein all such Entries of Judgments shall be truly copied, and shall in Consideration thereof be entitled to have and receive from the Person entering any such Judgment, a Fee of Six pence over and above all other Fees, if any change, shall thereon.

Duplicate kept of Judgment Books. Fee.

XXIX. And he is further enacted, That every Officer of every Court of Justice, which shall be held or shall sit in the County or County of the City of Dublin, having the legal Custody of the several Records, Rolls or Books belonging to such Court respectively, or of any of them, wherein any such Entry whatever shall be made relating to the Rules or other Proceedings, Process or Judgments of such Courts, shall, within Ten Days after the first Day of such and every Term, produce and bring every Duplicate Book of the Entry of Judgments required to be kept as hereinafter mentioned, and every original Record, Roll or Book of any of the said other Entries, to some Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in Dublin; and every such Officer so bringing any such Record, Roll or Book, shall insert therein, immediately after the last Entry therein, at the time of producing the same, a Certificate duly signed by him, stating the Number of such Entries made thereon or therein in the Term and Vacation immediately preceding, as are required by Law to any Stamp Duty or Duties, and every such Officer shall thereupon pay the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties as shall be then by Law payable for or in respect of all such Entries therein respectively, and every such Record, Roll or Book shall thereupon be stamped respectively

Stamping Books of Courts.

with these Stamp or Stamps denoting the full Amount of the whole of the Stamp Duties which shall be then paid, in respect of the several Entries to made therein respectively, is each preceding Term and Vacation, which Stamp or Stamps shall be as few in Number as can conveniently be, to denote the full Payment of the Amount of the said Duties in Pounds, Shillings and Pence, and shall be placed in the same Page or Place on which the Certificate of each Officer shall be written as aforesaid; and if any Officers of the said Courts shall neglect or omit to bring any such Record, Roll, Book, or to furnish each Certificate therein, or pay such Duties as aforesaid, or shall make any false Entry or Copy, or omit to make any true Entry or Copy, in any such Duplicate Book of Judgments, then and in every such case every such Officer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and in each case whenever such Record, Roll or Book shall be produced at the said Stamp Office, if such Certificate shall not appear therein, the proper Officer at the said Stamp Office shall himself make the said Certificate, and on Payment of the Duties thereby appearing to be due, the said Record, Roll or Book shall be duly stamped as aforesaid.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court shall make any Judgment not introductory, whether for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or for the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them, the Amount of the Sum, if any, to be recovered thereby, whether in respect of Debt, Damages or Costs, shall be stated in the said Entry thereof, so far as the same shall be then ascertained, in order that the Stamp Duty payable in respect thereof may be then calculated and paid, and be afterwards accounted for and paid over by such Officer as aforesaid; and if on any such Judgment, whether for Plaintiff or Defendant, Costs shall be recoverable, and the Amount of such Costs shall not be then ascertained, then a Blank shall be left for the Amount of such Costs, whether Single, Double or Treble; and as soon as the said Costs shall be ascertained and before any Record shall be made up, or Execution issued on such Judgment, such Blank shall be filled up with the Amount of such Costs, and the Person requiring such Entry, if Costs only shall be recovered in such Judgment, shall pay the Stamp Duty in respect of such Amount; and if Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages also be made recoverable therein, then such Person shall pay the Difference between the Stamp Duty, if any, theretofore paid as aforesaid, in respect of such Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages, and the Duty payable in respect of the whole Amount adjudged; and if by any reason such Stamp Duty shall not have been theretofore paid, then the Person requiring such Entry shall pay to such Officer the whole Stamp Duty payable in respect of the entire Sum adjudged, and such Officer shall in any of the said cases fill up the said Duplicate Book, and account for and pay over the Sum so received by him in manner aforesaid; and if any such Judgment shall have been so marked or entered on or previous to the last Day of the Term immediately preceding the filing up of such Blank, then such Officer when he shall be so required to fill up such Blank, and before he shall fill up the same, shall enter a Memorandum thereof in his Book, in the same Place as if such Memorandum were a Judgment entered on that Day, and such Memorandum shall state the Amount of such Costs, and shall refer to the Judgment so previously marked and then about to be filled up, so that the same may immediately be found by such References, and a Reference to such Memorandum shall also be made in the Margin of such Judgment; and when such Officer shall afterwards certify, in the Duplicate of such Book, the Amount of the Stamp Duties for the Term and Vacation next preceding as aforesaid, he shall include therein the Duty to be payable on the filing up of such Blank as aforesaid; and if any Officer shall neglect or enter any such Judgment without stating therein the Amount of the Sum recoverable thereby, so far as the same shall be then ascertained, or shall omit or suffer to be filed any Execution on any such Judgment, or shall suffer any Record thereof to be made up before full Entry shall have been made, of the Sum to be recovered by such Judgment as aforesaid, or shall omit to make such Memorandum as aforesaid, every such Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Process which shall be entered or obtained to enforce the Appearance or Appearances of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, or to enforce the Answer or Answers of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Equity in Ireland, shall be engrossed and made out upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with the Duty which shall be then payable upon such Process; and in case the Officer or Officers who shall enter or cause such Process to be entered as aforesaid, shall neglect to have such Process made out as aforesaid, he and they shall, for every such Neglect, forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Ten Pounds, which Sum shall be enforced in a summary way upon Motion by Order of the Court in which such Process shall be entered, together with the Costs of so recovering the same.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Writ of Attachment, Alias Process, Proclamation, Commission of Rebellion, Subpoena at Arms, or Sequestration, which shall issue in or from the Court of Chancery in Ireland, shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, and that such Registrar and also the proper Officer for entering such Writs in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, shall receive a Fee of Six pence and no more, for every such Writ which shall be so entered by him, and shall certify such Entry on the Back of such Writ, and that every such Writ shall be so entered and filed before the Return Day thereof, and not afterwards; and that none of the said Writs, after the said Writ of Attachment, shall be so entered or filed, unless all the preceding Writs in the Order aforesaid shall previously have been actually and duly entered and filed as aforesaid; and that no Order, return or Proceeding shall be made or taken in or by either of the said Courts grounded on any such Writ or Process, nor shall such Court take any Notice of the Existence of any such Writ, until such Writ and the Certificate of the Entry thereof, shall have been produced and read to such Court: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Officers respectively, to file any such Writ or Writs at any time after the Return or Returns thereof respectively, so as the same shall be done under an Order specially made for that Purpose by the Court either on Consent of Parties or on the particular circumstances of the case, and that every such Order shall be liable to a Duty equal to the full Amount of the Stamp Duties payable on each and every Writ

which shall or by Possibility may be issued under the Authority thereof, and that in each case, any Writ which shall be afterwards issued under such Order shall have a Memorandum written on the Face of such Writ referring to such Order as the Authority for issuing the same, and signed by the proper Officer for issuing such Writ, and thereupon such Writ shall not be subject to any Stamp Duty; and if any of the aforesaid Writs shall be issued without having been so entered, the same shall be void to all Intents and Purposes, and each and every Person concerned in so issuing the same, and any Person who shall make any Charge for the same, in any Bill of Costs or otherwise, and also the Officer from whose Office the same shall be so issued, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity or of any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court in Ireland, shall certify, subscribe, engross or vouch any attested Copy, or any other Matter whatsoever in any writ relating to the Business of such Court in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall be payable, and whomsoever any such Clerk in Chancery, or any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, Procurator, Notary Public or Scrivener, shall certify any Pleading, Order or Proceeding whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duties shall be payable, to be filed in any such Court, or shall by himself, his Clerks, Agents or Servants prepare or cause to be prepared or written or engrossed, any Deed, Instrument or Writing in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable; and in case it shall happen that the Vellum, Parchment or Paper upon which such attested Copy or other Matter, Pleading, Order or Proceeding, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be written or engrossed, shall be stamped or marked with a file, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, every such Officer, Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Procurator, Proctor, Notary Public or Scrivener respectively, shall, for every such file, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds Sterling Currency, unless he shall prove that the Vellum, Parchment or Paper so stamped or marked was bought with the Stamps or Marks thence at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or of some Distributor or Sub-Distributor of Stamps, or of some Person licensed to sell Stamps.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Deed or other Instrument which shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever shall be delivered for Registry to the Registrar or Deputy Registrar for registering Deeds in Ireland, or shall be delivered for Enrollment to any Officer of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts in Dublin, or to any Clerk of the Peace or other Person authorized to enroll Deeds in Ireland, such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person shall, before the same shall be so registered or enrolled respectively, examine carefully such Deed and the Stamp thence, for which Examination the Person actually making the same, whether Principal or Deputy, shall receive for his own proper Use from the Person so delivering such Deed or Instrument, a Sum or Fee of Six pence and no more, over and above all other lawful Fees, and if such Deed shall not be stamped with a proper and legal Stamp, to denote the Payment of the Duty which shall appear to be payable thereon, such Registrar or such Person shall not cause such Deed to be registered or enrolled respectively, until the same shall be duly stamped; and if any such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person, shall offend herein, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Memorial shall be received for Registry by any such Registrar, or Deputy Registrar, in Ireland, unless he shall receive at the time time the Deed or other Instrument required to be registered thereby; and if any such Registrar or Deputy Registrar shall receive such Memorial without such Deed or other Instrument, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no attested Copy of any Final Judgment which shall have been entered in Ireland before the Commencement of this Act, and which shall have required a Stamp, shall be given or received in Evidence, unless the Officer attesting the same shall certify, not only that the same is a true Copy of such Judgment, but that such Judgment has been duly stamped as aforesaid respectively; and if any Officer shall certify the same falsely, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That, if any Person or Persons shall be arrested by virtue of any Writ or Process of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, at the Suit of any common Person, and the Sheriff or other Officer shall take Bail from such Person against whom such Writ or Process shall issue, the Sheriff or other Officer, at the Request and Call of the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit, or of his lawful Attorney, shall duly assign to the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit, the Bail Bond or other Security taken from such Bail by Endorsement according to Law; and also when and so often as it shall become necessary for any Sheriff or other Officer in Ireland, having Authority to grant Replevin, to assign any Bail Bond of any Plaintiff in Replevin to the Avowant or Defendant in such Action, then and in every of the said cases such Assignments may be made without any Stamp: Provided nevertheless, that no Assignments shall be brought under any Assignment until the same shall have been first duly stamped with such Stamp as shall be then by Law required for such Assignments, and the said several Assignments shall, on Application at the Stamp Office in Dublin, at any time before any Assignments be brought thereupon, be duly stamped, in each manner as shall be then required by Law, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum, save only the Duty which shall be then payable thereon.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all cases of the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim, in, to, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, or other Property where a Duty is or shall be from time to time imposed on the Conveyance thereof, in Proportion to the Amount of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein or thereupon expressed, the full Purchase or Consideration Money, which shall be directly or indirectly paid or incurred, or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Writing at length in or upon the Principal or only Deed or Instrument, whereby the Land or other Thing sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, released, reassigned or otherwise conveyed to

Pensley.

Officers, &c. who have sold Stamps which brought at Stamp Office, or of some Distributor or Sub-Distributor licensed.

Penalty.

Stamps contained before Registry or Enrollment.

Pen.

Penalty.

Officer not to receive Memorial without Deed or Instrument in.

Penalty.

Certificates of Judgment being stamped.

Penalty.

Stamping Assignments of Bail Bonds after Execution thereof.

Penalty.

On Sale of Property, Purchase or Consideration Money fully and truly set forth in Conveyance, &c.

or sold in the Purchase or Purchases, or to or in any other Person or Persons by his, her or their Direction, and also where upon the Sale of any Annuity, Easement, Servitude or other Right, not before in Evidence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be created by Deed, Warrant of Attorney, Contract, Contract or other Security, the full Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be directly or indirectly paid or secured or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length, in or upon the Deed or other Instrument or Instruments by which the same shall be secured; and if in any of the said cases the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed and set forth in manner hereby directed, the Purchaser or Purchasers, Seller or Sellers shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with, and be liable to the Payment of Five times the Amount of the Excess of Duty, which would have been payable for such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, in respect of the full Purchase or Consideration Money, in case the same had been truly expressed and set forth in or upon such Deed, Bond or Instrument, beyond the Amount of the Duty actually paid for the same, which Quintuple Duty shall be deemed and taken to be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Party or Parties respectively hereby made liable to pay the same, and may be recovered by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer against such Party or Parties, or any one or more of them, in like manner as any unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament made or to be made in that behalf.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any or either of the Parties hereby made liable to the Payment of such Penalty and Quintuple Duty as aforesaid, shall give Information to the Commissioners of Stamps whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty, or any Part thereof, shall be recovered from any other Party or Parties liable thereto, the Party or Parties giving the Information shall not only be indemnified and discharged of and from such tax, but also be rewarded by the Commissioners of Stamps out of the Penalty or Quintuple Duty so recovered, as such Estate as the said Commissioners shall think proper, but not exceeding One Half of what shall be so recovered; and where any other Person shall give Information whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty shall be recovered, he or she shall be rewarded in the like manner.

XL. And be it further enacted, That where the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed or set forth in the manner hereby directed, it shall be lawful for the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any of them, or his, her or their Executors or Administrators, to recover back from the Seller or Sellers, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, so much and such Part of such Purchase or Consideration Money as shall not be expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or the whole thereof, if so Part of the same shall be so expressed and set forth, either in an Affidavit for Money had and received for the Use of the Party or Parties suing for the same, or by Affirmation of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, wherein no Oaths, Protestation, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed, together with Double the Costs of Suit; but such Purchase or Conveyance shall not therefore be affected or impeached for any Want or Inadequacy of Consideration, but the same shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect, as if the Sum so recovered had been expressed in the Deed or other Conveyance as the Consideration or Part of the Consideration thereof, and had been duly paid and received accordingly.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person, who shall be employed in or about the preparing of any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument in or upon which the full Purchase or Consideration Money is hereby required to be truly expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or who shall be employed for any of the Parties therein, in any wife about or relating to the Transaction therein mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully insert or set forth, or cause to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, any other than the full and true Purchase or Consideration Money directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, or shall in any wife aid or assist in the doing thereof respectively, every such Attorney, Solicitor or other Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and every Attorney and Solicitor so offending, and bring himself lawfully convicted, shall also be from thenceforth disabled to practise as an Attorney or Solicitor; and any other Person being enabled, entrusted or suborned to prepare any such Deed or other Instrument in virtue of any Public Office or Employment, and being guilty of such Offence, in the Execution of his Office or Employment, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall also forfeit and lose his Office or Employment, and be from thenceforth incapable of holding the same.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Party, Attorney, Solicitor or other Person whatsoever, shall be liable to any Penalty, Disability or Forfeiture whatsoever, by reason of the full Purchase or Consideration Money not being truly expressed and set forth in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, unless the Duty or Duties actually paid for the same, shall be less than would have been payable for the same, in case the full Purchase or Consideration Money had been truly expressed and set forth according to the Direction of this Act.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That where there shall be Duplicates or Triplicates, or more than One Part made of any Instrument which shall be then by Law charged with any ad valorem Duty, one of such Duplicates, Triplicates or Parts shall be charged with the full ad valorem Duty, and the other or others of them shall be exempted therefrom, but shall nevertheless be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds and Conveyances in general, and the said Commissioners of Stamps upon all the Parts of the said Instruments being produced to them, duly stamped as hereby required, shall cause the Duplicates, Triplicates, or all other Parts, except that on which the ad valorem Duty shall be stamped, to be also stamped with some particular Stamp, for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said ad valorem Duty, and thereupon, but not before or otherwise,

Purchaser, or
making Default
Penalty.

Debt to His
Majesty.

Parties liable to
summarily applied
whereby information
induced and re-
warded.

Where Con-
sideration not
truly set forth,
Purchaser may
recover back so
much of Con-
sideration
Money as shall
not be stated.

Attorney, &c.
not inserting full
and true Con-
sideration in
Conveyance, &c.

Penalty.

But not to be
liable unless Duty
paid less than
Duty payable on
full Con-
sideration.

In case of Du-
plicates of Instru-
ments, &c. no
Part, One Part
only charged
with ad valorem
Duty.

otherwise, such Duplicate or Triplicate, or other Part, shall or may be received as Evidence in any Court of Justice.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That where there shall be several Deeds or Instruments for effecting the Conveyance of any Property upon the Sale thereof, and any Doubt shall arise which is the Principal Deed or Instrument chargeable with the *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of such Sale, it shall be lawful for the Parties concerned to determine for themselves which shall be the Principal Deed or Instrument, and upon all the said Deeds or Instruments being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to make such which shall not be stamped with the *ad valorem* Duty to be also stamped with some particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment thereof, and thereupon, but not otherwise, such Deeds which shall not be stamped with the *ad valorem* Duty shall and may be received as Evidence in any Court of Justice.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That an Affidavit made for the Purpose of grounding thereon any Processment of any Grand Jury, for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or for any other Public Purpose, shall be lodged with or received by the Secretary of any Grand Jury, nor shall be entered in any Schedule delivered to any Grand Jury, nor shall any such Affidavit be delivered by him to or laid by him before any Grand Jury, unless such Affidavit shall be written on Paper stamped with the Stamp which shall be then by Law required for the same, nor shall any Affidavit for accounting for any Money protested by any Grand Jury, be laid before any Grand Jury by the Secretary, or be read in Court, or authorize the Court to discharge any Query, unless it shall be written on Paper duly stamped.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That so Collation, Presentation or Donation, to or of any Benefice, or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in Ireland, shall be good, valid or effectual, unless the same shall be in Writing under Hand and Seal, and shall be duly stamped, if a Stamp shall be necessary thereon; and that every such Writing, as aforesaid and every Presentation or Donation under the Great Seal of Ireland, shall be deposited with the Registrar of the Diocese, who shall forthwith cause the same to be filed in the Registry of the Diocese, and shall give to the Person so depositing the same a Certificate that the same has been so deposited, and such Certificate shall further state either that such Instrument is duly stamped or that the same is not by Law subject to any Stamp, and shall also state the Date of such Instrument, and the Day of the Month and Year when such Instrument was so deposited or filed; and no Person shall be inducted into any Benefice or Promotion in Ireland, who shall not, previous to and at the time and Place of such Induction, produce such Certificate to the Person or Persons authorized to make such Induction; and if any Induction shall be made contrary to this Provision, the same shall be wholly void and of no Effect, and every Person making the same shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Registrar shall, for so receiving and filing such Instrument, and granting such Certificate thereof, be entitled to receive a Fee of Two Shillings and Six pence and so many, and a Fee of One Shilling and Six pence for any new Certificate of the same Matter that may be afterwards required; and if any such Registrar shall refuse, neglect or omit to receive and file such Instrument, or to grant any such new Certificate on reasonable Demand thereof, or shall certify therein any thing which shall not be true (of the Truth whereof the Proof shall be on him), he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds Sterling.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, from and after the Commencement of this Act, shall receive any Benefice, or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in Ireland, shall be bound to produce and prove, and shall produce and prove such Certificate as aforesaid, as Part of his Title to such Benefice or Promotion, upon any Trial or Hearing of any Action, Suit or Proceeding for the Recovery of any Title or Glebe, or other Purpose whatever, before any Court of Law or Equity, or any Ecclesiastical Court, or any summary Jurisdiction whatsoever, wherein it shall be necessary for him to produce or prove such his Title; and that without the Production and Proof of such Certificate, such Court or Jurisdiction shall deem such Title to be imperfect and not duly proved, and shall decide accordingly, notwithstanding any Objection or Admission of the Parties, or of any of them.

XLIX. And Whereas the Payment of Stamp Duties imposed on the Admissions of Fellows into the College of Physicians or Surgeons, and of Freeman and others into other Corporations, Guilds or Companies in Ireland, has been and may be evaded; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said College of Physicians or Surgeons, and for every Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company in Ireland, which shall admit any Person or Persons into any such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, by themselves, or by some Person or Persons employed by such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, and they are hereby required, personally to the Admission of any such Person into such College, Corporation or Company, to demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person so admitted, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall be then by Law payable so the Entry, Mixture or Memorandum of Admission of such Person into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, and the proper Officer of such College, or Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation or Company, shall make an Entry, Mixture or Memorandum of such Admission, upon the proper Stamp, in some Book, Roll or Record of such College, Corporation or Company, within One Month after such Person shall be so admitted into such Corporation or Company; and of such Officer shall neglect or refuse so to do, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such College, Corporation, Guild or Company shall be answerable for all such Duties, without any Proof of the same having been so received, or whether the same respectively shall have been so received or not, and the same shall be a Debt to His Majesty, and recoverable with Costs, by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer, as any other unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under any Act of Parliament now made or hereafter to be made.

In case of Deeds effecting Conveyance of Property sold, and Donations, and such other which is Principal Deed, liable to the *ad valorem* Duty, Parties to determine.

Affidavits for grounding Processment to be stamped.

Presentation, to, or in Writing on Stamps, and lodged with Registrar of Diocese.

Induction without Certificate.

Penalty.

Fees on Clergy, Glebe, &c.

Refusing, or in such Instrument, &c.

Penalty.

Certificate to be Part of Title.

† Do.

Admissions into Corporation, Stamp.

Penalty.

Debt to His Majesty.

L. And

Impression of
Corporate Books
by every
Officers.

L. And be it further enacted, That any and every Officer of the College of Physicians or Bachelors, or of any Corporation, Guild or Fraternity in *Ireland*, who shall from time to time have in his Custody any Book, File, Record, Remembrance, Docket or Proceeding of or belonging to such College, Corporation, Guild or Fraternity, the Sight or Knowledge whereof may tend to the securing any of His Majesty's Stamp Duties which now are or shall at any time be by Law payable in *Ireland*, or to the Proof or Discovery of any Fraud or Omission in relation thereto, or to any of them, shall at all reasonable times permit any Person thereto authorized by the Commissioners of Stamps, to try, search, inspect and view all such Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets and Proceedings as aforesaid, without Fee or Reward, and to take thereout such Notes and Memoranda as shall be necessary for the Purpose last mentioned, without Fee or Reward, and if any such Officer shall refuse or neglect so to do upon Demand made by such Person so authorized as aforesaid, such Officer in refusing or neglecting shall, for every such Refusal or Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Fines.
Commencement
of Act.

LL. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not before.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to provide for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties on Pamphlets, Almanacks and Newspapers in *Ireland*.
[14th June 1815.]

Act, c. 78.
Sess. Part IV.
One Copy of
Pamphlets
Indued at Stamp
Office.

WHEREAS it is expedient that permanent Regulations should be made for the better and more effectual Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Pamphlets, Almanacks and Newspapers in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, One printed Copy of every Pamphlet which shall be printed or published within the City of Dublin shall, within the Space of six Days after the printing thereof, be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin, and the Title thereof, with the Number of Sheets contained therein, and any Stamp Duty which shall be then by Law payable in respect thereof, shall be registered or entered in a Book to be there kept for that Purpose, which Duty shall be thereupon paid to the proper Officer or Officers appointed to receive the same, or his or their Deputy or Clerks, who shall thereupon give a Receipt for the same as such printed Copy; and that One printed Copy of every such Pamphlet shall be printed or published in any Place in *Ireland*, not being within the City of Dublin, shall, within the Space of Fourteen Days after the printing thereof, be brought to some Distributor of Stamps, or Person employed by the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland*, or any of them, to execute the Office of Distributor for the time being, who is hereby required forthwith to enter the Title thereof, with the Number of Sheets contained therein, and the Duty which shall be then payable in respect thereof as aforesaid, in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose; which Duty shall be thereupon paid to such Distributor, who shall give a Receipt for the same as such printed Copy.

Duty not paid
on Pamphlets.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any such Pamphlet shall be printed or published as aforesaid, and the Duty which shall be then by Law payable in respect thereof as aforesaid shall not be duly paid as aforesaid, within the respective times aforesaid, then the Printer or Publisher, and all and every other Person or Persons concerned in and about the printing or publishing of such Pamphlet, shall for every such Offense forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and all and every Author, Printer and Publisher of such Pamphlet, shall forfeit and lose all Copyright therein.

Fines.

Proof of Pay-
ment of Duty
on Printer.

III. And be it further enacted, That on all Trials whatever of Offenses, Informations, Complaints or Suits, for Recovery of the aforesaid Penalty for Nonpayment of the aforesaid Duty, within the respective times aforesaid, the Proof of the Payment of the said Duty shall be upon the Printer or Publisher of such Pamphlet.

Selling un-
licensed Al-
manacs, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall print, publish, sell, hawk, carry about, utter or expose to sale, any Almanack or Calendar, or Dublin Directory, or any Book, Pamphlet or Paper, deemed or construed to be, or serving the Purpose of an Almanack, Dublin Directory or Daily Account of Goods imported and exported, not being marked or stamped with the proper Stamp, if any Stamp Duty shall be then by Law payable thereon, every such Person shall, for every such Almanack, Calendar, Dublin Directory, Book, Pamphlet, or Paper so printed, published, sold, hawked, carried about, uttered or exposed to Sale, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; which Penalty shall be to the sole Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons who shall without Fraud or Covin first sue for the same.

Fines.

Distillation of
Almanacs.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Books and Pamphlets, serving chiefly for the Purpose of an Almanack or a Directory, by whatever Name or Names entitled or denominated, are and shall be considered as Almanacs and Directories, and not as Pamphlets or other printed Papers within the Meaning of this Act, or of any Act or Acts from time to time in force for the Imposing, Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty, unless the contrary shall be expressly provided; and where any Almanack shall contain more than One Sheet or Piece of Paper, it shall be sufficient to stamp one of the Pieces of Paper upon which such Almanack shall be printed.

How stamped.

Hawking, &c.
Hand Bills, &c.
unstamped.

VI. And, for the better securing the Payment of Stamp Duties on Hand Bills, Almanacks, Pamphlets and Newspapers in *Ireland*, be it enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall at any time or times after the Commencement of this Act, hawk, carry about, dispose, dilute or distribute any Hand Bill, Almanack, Pamphlet or Newspaper, not stamped or marked with the Stamp Duty which shall be then by Law required, every

every such Person being thereof duly convicted before any Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Shillings to the Person who shall prosecute for the same, together with all and every such undamped Hand Bill, Almanack, Pamphlet or Newspaper, which shall and may be found and delivered over to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and in Default of immediate Payment of the Sum of Five Shillings, such Offender shall and may be committed by such Justice to any Common Gaol within his Jurisdiction for One Week, or until such Offender shall pay such Penalty; and it shall and may be lawful for any Person to seize, apprehend and carry before any Justice of the Peace of the County, City or Place, when such Offence shall be committed, any such Person is offending as aforesaid.

Penalty.

Imprisonment.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer shall print or cause to be printed any undamped Hand Bill containing a single Advertisement whether mixed with other Matter or not, such Hand Bill being then subject to a Stamp Duty, and shall be duly convicted thereof before any Justice of the Peace, such Printer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds to any Person who shall prosecute for the same.

Printer printing undamped Hand Bills.

Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Hand Bill or other printed Paper which shall contain more than One Advertisement shall be deemed and taken to be a Newspaper, in all Intests and Purposes whatsoever.

Publication of Hand Bills.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall sell or expose to Sale in Ireland, any Pamphlet or Newspaper without the true Name and Surname or Names and Surnames, and Place or Places of Abode of some known Person or Persons by or for whom the same shall have been or shall be really and truly printed or published being written or printed thereon, upon Pain that every Person offending herein shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and that on all Tracts of Advertisements, Informations, Complaints or Suits for Recovery of such Penalty, the Proof that the true Name and Surname, or true Names and Surnames, and Place or Places of Abode of some known Person or Persons by or for whom such Pamphlet or Newspaper shall have been really and truly printed or published, was or were written or printed thereon, shall be on the Defendant in such Action, Information, Complaint or Suit.

Printer's Name on Newspaper and Pamphlets.

Penalty.

Onus probandi.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper in Ireland, whether for himself or in Trust for any Bookseller, Laster, Jobster, Press Cover, or Person beyond the Seas, or for any Number of such Persons, shall before he shall print or publish, or cause to be printed or published such Newspaper, and as often afterwards as the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, shall by Notice in Writing or otherwise require the same, within Ten Days after being so required, give to the said Commissioners at their Office in Dublin, or to the proper Officers in whole Districts such Newspaper shall be printed, at their respective Offices where stamped Paper shall be distributed, such Affidavit and of such Import as Printers, Publishers or Proprietors of Newspapers are or shall be by any Law or Laws directed to make, which Affidavit or Affidavits shall remain with such Commissioners of Stamps or Officers, to be produced in manner hereafter mentioned, as often as Occasion may require; and every Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper in Ireland, whether for himself or in Trust for any Bookseller, Laster or other Person or Persons, who shall print or publish or cause to be printed or published any Newspaper before he shall have given to the Commissioners of Stamps such Affidavit as aforesaid, or when required thereunto as aforesaid shall neglect or omit to give in such Affidavit within the time and at the Places aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, Neglect or Omission, pay a Penalty of Forty Pounds, and shall be disabled from receiving any Stamps for printing such Newspapers upon, and shall be deemed and taken as if he, she or they ever had been qualified to print or publish any Newspaper, until he, she or they, shall make and deliver in such Affidavit as aforesaid.

Affidavits of Proprietors of Newspapers.

Penalty.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or for such Officer or Officers by them appointed for the Distribution of stamped Paper as aforesaid, to take such Affidavits or Affidavits as aforesaid, which Affidavit or Affidavits shall be so made and taken without Fee or Reward; and if any such Affidavit shall contain a Falsehood, every Person securing such Affidavit may be indicted for wilful and corrupt Perjury thereon, and shall, upon due Conviction of such Offence, incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury, are or shall then be by Law liable and subject to, in Ireland.

Before whom such Affidavits made.

Perjury.

XII. And be it further enacted, That such and every such Affidavit shall be produced as Occasion may require, at or before the Trial of all such Actions, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations or Indictments, as shall be had or commenced, filed or found, touching such Newspapers, or any Publications therein contained, and such Affidavit or Affidavits shall on every such Trial be received and admitted against all and every the Person and Persons who shall have signed and sworn the same as conclusive Evidence of all such Matters therein, as shall be by Law required to be therein contained, and all of the Contents of all such Matters in the same Pledge and Condition to the time in question, on such Trial, unless it shall be proved that previous to such time such Person or Persons became insane, or served a Notice in Writing at the Office where such Affidavit shall have been taken, of any of the said Matters therein being changed, or unless it shall appear that previous to such time a new Affidavit of the same or a further nature respectively, was or were made concerning the same Newspaper in which the Person or Persons sought to be affected on such Trials did not join; and whenever any such Affidavit shall be produced in Evidence on any such Trial, it shall be sufficient to prove that the Name of the Person or Persons then sought to be charged therewith, is of law, her or they the Hand Writing, and it shall not be necessary to produce the Person who administered such Oath, or to prove the signing of such Affidavit in any other manner.

Affidavits to be produced against Parties.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Printer, Publisher and Proprietor of a Newspaper printed or published in the County or County of the City of Dublin, which is or has been used to time shall be liable to any

Copies of Newspapers lodged in Stamp Office.

to be Evidence
against Proprietors.

Stamp Duty, shall, on every Day of Publication thereof, or on each Day next following, which shall not be an Holiday, between the Hours of Ten and Three on each Day, cause to be delivered to the Person who shall be duly appointed for that Purpose in the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, one Copy of the Newspaper to be printed or published, with the Name of some Printer, Publisher or Proprietor thereof, written thereon, after the time shall be passed, by his or her own proper Hand Writing in his or her accustomed manner of signing the same; and every Printer, Publisher and Proprietor of a Newspaper printed or published in any other Place in Ireland, shall on each Day of the Publication of such Newspaper, or on each Day next following, which shall not be an Holiday, in like manner between the Hours of Ten and Three of the Clock cause to be delivered to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Newspaper shall be printed or published, Two Copies of every such Newspaper to be printed or published, with the Name of some Printer, Publisher or Proprietor thereof, written thereon after the time shall be passed, by his or her proper Hand, in his or her accustomed manner of signing the same, for which several Copies so delivered the respective Printers, Publishers and Proprietors thereof, or the Person or Persons so delivering the same, shall be paid the usual and current Prices of such Copies; which said several Copies so delivered as aforesaid shall be, and they are hereby declared to be Evidence against the several Proprietors, Publishers and Printers of such Newspapers respectively, in all Complaints, Suits, Actions, Indictments, Informations, Prosecutions and Proceedings, to be commenced and carried on as well touching such Newspapers respectively, as every Matter and Thing therein contained, and touching any other Newspaper, and any or every Matter or Thing therein contained, which shall be of the same Title, Purport or Effect, with such Impression or Copy so delivered as aforesaid, although the same should vary in some Instances or Particulars either as to Title, Purport or Effect; and the Printers, Publishers and Proprietors of the Copies so delivered as aforesaid, shall in all Intents and Purposes be deemed Printers, Publishers or Proprietors respectively, of all Newspapers which shall be of the same Title, Purport or Effect, with such Copies or Impressions so delivered as aforesaid, notwithstanding such Variance as aforesaid, unless such Printers, Publishers or Proprietors respectively shall prove that such Newspapers respectively were not printed or published by them respectively, or by or with their Knowledge, Privity or Concurrence; and every Printer, Proprietor or Publisher, of such Newspaper or Newspapers, who shall neglect or omit to deliver or cause to be delivered such Copies or Copy, signed as aforesaid as heretofore directed, shall, for every such Offence, pay a Penalty of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Copy require
not to be sent in
Form of Pri-
vate, unless
against him.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Newspaper so delivered shall be deemed a sufficient Copy in so to protect any such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor from the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds, unless the Title thereof shall be the same as that for which such Person shall have been registered at the Stamp Office in Dublin, as the Printer, Publisher or Proprietor thereof; but if any such Newspaper is delivered shall have a Title sufficient to denote that such Newspaper is the same for which such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor is so registered, of which the Court is in all cases to judge, every such Newspaper is delivered as aforesaid at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or to any Distributor, as the same may be, shall be Evidence in all cases against all and every the Printers, Publishers and Proprietors so registered, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Newspapers so delivered bore the same Title as that for which such Person shall have been so registered.

Commodities
may other Pri-
vate to Judge
Paper with
Distinction.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper, which shall not be printed and published in the County or County of the City of Dublin, shall find it more convenient to cause such Copies of such Newspaper to be delivered to any other Distributor of Stamps than to the Distributor in whose District such Newspaper shall be published, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, to raise such Matter by Petition to the Commissioners of Stamps in Dublin, and to pray that he may have Liberty to cause such Copies to be delivered to such other Distributor as he shall so name at the Office of such Distributor, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps to order the same accordingly, and from and after the Date of such Order, the Place of Publication of such Newspaper shall for that Purpose only be deemed and taken to be within the District of such other Distributor, until the same shall be otherwise ordered by the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being.

Days of Publi-
cation to be
noted.

XVI. And Whereas Doubts may be entertained as to what shall be the Days of Publication of any such Newspaper; Be it enacted, That on whatever Day or Days of the Week any such Newspaper shall have been published in the Week next immediately preceding the Commencement of this Act, such Day or Days shall, as against any registered Printer, Proprietor or Publisher thereof, be deemed the Days of Publication thereof; and every Printer, Publisher and Proprietor thereof, shall be deemed and taken to have published the same on the said Days in any future Week, until Notice of a Change in that respect shall have been duly served at the Stamp Office in Dublin by some registered Printer, Proprietor or Publisher thereof, which it shall be expressly proved that such Newspaper was not so published on the particular Day or Days in question; and that in all Affidavits which shall hereafter be made or given the Commissioners of Stamps is sworn, by any Printer, Proprietor or Publisher of a Newspaper, under the Penalties of this Act, or of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for securing the Liberty of the Press, or for amending any such Act, such Affidavit shall except only the Matters heretofore required by Law to be stated therein, but also on what Day or Days of the Week such Newspaper is intended to be published, and from thenceforth the said Day or Days shall be deemed the Day or Days of Publication of such Newspaper; and every Printer, Proprietor and Publisher thereof, shall be deemed and taken to have published the same on the said Day or Days in every succeeding Week, until a new Affidavit shall be made according to Law, differing in that respect, or until Notice of a Change in that respect shall have been duly served at the Stamp Office in Dublin by some registered Printer,

Affidavits.

† See.

Proprietor or Publisher of such Newspaper, or unless it shall be expressly proved that such Newspaper was not published on the particular Day or Days in question.

* XVII. And whereas many Printers and Publishers of Newspapers print or strike off a Second Impression thereof, containing many Advertisements or other Matter than are contained in the Copy or Copies given to the Stamp Office in Dublin as aforesaid, or to the Distributor, if in the Country, by which Means the Duty payable in respect of such Newspaper may be evaded and other Mischief and Inconvenience arise; Be it therefore enacted, That every Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper in Ireland, who shall vary any of such Publications, or publish such Second Impression without giving in, in manner aforesaid, One Copy of such Second or varied Impression or Publication to the Stamp Office in Dublin, or Two Copies thereof to the Distributor of Stamps, signed as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Second or varied Impression or Publication shall be deemed to be unlawful; and every Proprietor, Printer and Publisher thereof, shall be liable to all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the same were unlawful.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon all Trials in any Suit, Action, Indictment, Information or Prosecution, to be commenced or carried on touching any Newspaper, or any Matter or Thing therein contained, any Newspaper having the same Title as that for which any Defendant in any such Action, Indictment, Information or Suit, shall be registered at the Stamp Office as Printer, Proprietor or Publisher, or having such Title as shall be sufficient to denote that such Newspaper is the same for which such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, shall have been so registered, of which the Court is to judge, shall be sufficient Evidence that such Paper was printed and published by such Person or Persons so registered, unless the Defendant in such Action, Indictment or Information or Suit, shall show the contrary, by satisfactory Evidence; and that upon all such Trials, the Proof that the Defendant or Defendants therein did give in, or deliver in manner aforesaid, a Copy of such Impression, signed as aforesaid, if in Dublin, to the Stamp Office as aforesaid, or if in the Country, Two Copies to the Distributor of Stamps, signed as aforesaid, shall lie upon such Defendant or Defendants.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if the Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper in Ireland, upon any Trial to be commenced or carried on touching such Newspaper, or any Matter or Thing therein contained, shall not admit that any Copy of the Paper left at the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, or with the Distributor of Stamps in the Country, was printed or published by him or her, then and in such case any such Copy or Impression which shall have been left at the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, or with the Distributor of Stamps in the Country, at the time heretofore directed, shall be considered as printed and published by him or her, whether such Newspaper so delivered shall be of the same Title for which such Person shall have been registered at the Stamp Office as Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, or of a Title sufficient to denote that such Newspaper is the same for which such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, shall have been so registered, of which the Court shall judge; and such Newspaper shall be so considered, although the same shall not appear to be duly signed as by or her Head Writing, and though it shall not appear by whom the same was left, unless he or she shall prove that he or she left, or caused to be left, at the time by this Act required, a printed Copy, or Two printed Copies, of the Paper published by him or her, with the Officer or Person with whom he or she is by this Act directed to leave the same, with his or her Name written thereon in his or her own Hand Writing, in the manner directed by the Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer or Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper in Ireland, shall be, by due Course of Law, outlawed for any criminal Offence, or receive Judgment for printing or publishing a treasonous or seditious Libel, the said Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, and their Officers, for destroying Stamped Villains, Parchment or Paper, respectively, are hereby prohibited to fill or deliver to or for the Use of any such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, so outlawed, or who shall have so received Judgment for such Libel, any Stamped Paper for printing any Newspaper.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper, which shall be at any time published in Ireland, shall have become a Bankrupt, or any receiver, or shall be outlawed for any Crime, or shall receive Judgment for printing or publishing any treasonous or seditious Libel, then and in every such case such Printer or Printer, Publisher or Publisher, Proprietor or Proprietor respectively, shall no longer be entitled to print or publish such Newspapers, but shall, as to any such Right, be considered from thenceforth as if he, she or they, never had made such Affidavit as aforesaid.

XXII. And Whereas it may happen that no Debt, a License, or a Fine Court, or the Commission or Assignments of a Bankrupt or Insolvent, may become or be entitled to the Profits, or to any Part, Share or Proportion of the Profits of any Newspaper; Be it enacted, That in any such case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons who shall think proper so to do, to join in any Affidavit required by this or any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland, in respect of such Newspaper; and that such Affidavit shall in such case state, besides all other Matters by Law required, that the Maker thereof is a Publisher of such Newspapers, in Trust for any such disabled or incapacitated or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, or of any Number of such Persons, and shall also state which of the said Causes of Incapacity or Disability affects every such Person for whom he is Trustee as aforesaid; and thereupon such Affidavit shall be of the same Force and Effect for the printing and publishing of such Newspaper, as if the said Person or Persons were perfect, and had sworn an Affidavit in the usual Form; and from thenceforth every such Trustee shall be deemed and taken to be a Publisher of such Newspapers, and responsible as such in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided nevertheless, that no such Affidavit shall be deemed sufficient to authorize the Publication of such Newspaper, until such Trustee or Trustees the same shall have performed

Copy of Second Edition of Newspaper lodged in the Stamp Office in Dublin.

Title of Paper signed in Stamp Office Dublin upon Trial.

Stamp paid.

Copy is lodged in Stamp Office Dublin.

Printers outlawed, etc. not to receive stamps for Papers.

Printers becoming Bankrupt, etc. not entitled to print Newspapers.

Affidavit made in Trust for an incapacitated Person.

performed all and every Requisites and Requisites ordained by any Law then in force to be previously performed by all the Publishers thereof.

Where an Act
shall be
repealed.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person whatsoever shall in any wise be concerned in the printing or publishing of any Newspaper, or in recovering the Profits, or any Share or Proportion of the Profits thereof, in Trade for any other or others, under any Pretence whatsoever, unless such Person shall have previously made and lodged in the Stamp Office such Affidavit as aforesaid; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Review of Pro-
cesses in Printing
Office followed.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Leaving or Service of any legal Process in any Suit, Information or Indictment, Prosecution or Proceeding, to be brought, filed, issued, returned or carried on against any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of any Newspaper or Pamphlet in Ireland, for the Purpose of recovering any Debt or Penalty under this Act, or any other Act from time to time in force in Ireland, relating in any wise to the Collection or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty, or for any Matter or Thing contained in such Newspaper or Pamphlet, or in any writ relating thereto, at the Printing Office or Place where such Newspaper or Pamphlet respectively shall be then usually printed and published, shall be deemed and considered to all Intents and Purposes good Service of such Process.

New Affidavit
made on charging
Place of
Publication.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That any Newspaper in Ireland shall be deemed and taken to be usually printed and published at the Place mentioned in that behalf, in the last or only Affidavit which shall have been made by the Printers, Publishers and Proprietors thereof, and deposited in the Stamp Office or Dublin according to Law; and that if in any Bill be at any time intended to change the Place of printing or publishing any such Newspaper, a new Affidavit shall thenceforward be made, stating such new Place of Publication, and filing all other Matters required by Law to be contained in such Affidavit, as if such Newspaper had never before been published.

Review, &c. on
Stamp Office
papers.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall buy or sell, or shall without lawful Excuse keep in his, her or their Possession in Ireland any unstamped Newspapers, shall be subject and liable to the Penalty of Ten Pounds for every unstamped Newspaper so bought or sold, or found in his, her or their Possession; and every Printer, Proprietor or Publisher, of any unstamped Newspaper shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Newspaper so unstamped, which he, she or they shall print or publish, as aforesaid to be paid or paid.

Penalty.

Printer not to
supply other
with stamps.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person or Persons who is, are or shall be entitled to obtain from the said Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, or their Officers, stamped Paper for the printing of any Newspaper of which he, she or they, is, are or shall be Printer or Printers, or Publisher or Publishers, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall furnish or supply any other Person or Persons with any such stamped Paper, every such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if any Person or Persons shall make use of any stamped Paper for the printing of any Newspaper which he, she or they shall receive or be furnished with, by or from any other Person or Persons than the said Commissioners of Stamps, or their Officers or Distributors, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Payment of
Duty on Adver-
tisements.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Printer who shall print or publish in Ireland, any Advertisement or Advertisements in any Pamphlet, Newspaper or other Literary Performance, shall within the Space of Thirty Days next after the last Day of each Month, if such Advertisement or Advertisements shall be printed or published within the City of Dublin, pay or cause to be paid the Stamp Duty or Duties which shall be then by Law charged in respect thereof to the respective Persons appointed to receive the same, or to their respective Deputies or Clerks, and if printed or published in any Part of Ireland, out of the Limits of the City of Dublin, then to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Pamphlet, Newspaper or Literary Performance, shall be printed; and the said Commissioners of Stamps and their Officers, or each of them, to whom it shall appear, are hereby required, upon Payment of the said Duties in respect of such Advertisements, to give a Receipt or Receipts for the Duty or Duties so paid, and upon Payment thereof in the manner and within the time hereinafter for that Purpose limited, the said Commissioners, or their Officers receiving the same, shall make to the Printer or Person paying the same out of the Sum so to be paid, such Allowance, if any, as shall be then exacted by Law, and in Default of such Payment within the time hereinafter for that Purpose limited, the Printer, Publishers and Proprietors, of every such Pamphlet, Newspaper or other Literary Performance, and each and every of them, shall be liable to pay Twofold the Amount of the Duties then by Law chargeable thereupon, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by summary Application to the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, in the same manner as any unpaid Stamp Duties; and if any Printer, Publisher or Proprietor of a Newspaper, shall within the time hereinafter limited for the Payment of the said Duties in respect of Advertisements neglect to pay the same, the said Commissioners and their Officers for distributing Stamp Paper and Purchases respectively, are hereby prohibited to sell or deliver to or for the Use of such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor, any stamped Paper for printing any Newspaper upon which such Printer, Publisher or Proprietor is in Arrear shall have paid and discharged, all Arrears of Advertisement Duty, to the Payment of which he was subject, up to and for the last Day of the Month next preceding the Month in which such Payment shall be made; and if any Officer acting under the said Commissioners shall knowingly sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing a Newspaper, or Part of a Newspaper upon, contrary to the aforesaid Prohibition, he shall upon Conviction thereof forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if Judgment shall be entered against any such Officer upon Information for such Offence, every such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from holding any Office under the Commissioners of Stamps.

Penalty.

Power, &c. re-
lating to pay
Duties, Com-
missioners pro-
hibited to sell
Stamp Paper.

Penalty.

XXIX. And

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Printer or other Person or Persons shall publish in Ireland any Newspaper, unless he, she or they, together with the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Paper, and together with Two sufficient Sureties, shall previous thereto have entered into Security by Bond in a Sum not exceeding Three hundred Pounds, nor less than Two hundred Pounds, to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, conditioned for the Payment of the Duties which shall or may from time to time be payable on all Advertisements which shall be printed therein, upon Pain that every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and no Officer appointed for distributing Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper in Ireland, shall sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing any Newspaper to any Person, unless such Person shall have previously given such Security for the Payment of the said Duties; and if any Officer shall sell or deliver any Stamped Paper for printing a Newspaper to any Person who shall not have entered into such Security, knowing that such Security was not entered into, he shall upon Conviction thereof forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if Judgment shall be entered against such Officer upon Information for such Offence, every such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from holding any Office under the Commissioners of Stamps.

Printer, &c. to enter into Bond for the Payment of Duty.

Fines.

Fines.

Printing Materials seized for Duty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all Materials and Utensils for printing used in and kept at, or belonging to any Printing House in Ireland, in which any Newspaper or any Paper serving the Purpose of a Newspaper as aforesaid hath been or shall be printed, into whose Handssoever the same shall have come or shall come, or by whatsoever Conveyance or Title the same shall be claimed, shall be in the first Place liable and subject to, and the same are hereby charged with all and every such Sum and Sums of Money as shall have become due for the Duties which are or have been, or from time to time shall be by Law charged on the Advertisements which have been or shall be printed or published in such Newspaper, and as shall be due for Fines or Penalties adjudged against the Printer or Printers, Publisher or Publishers, Proprietor or Proprietors of such Newspaper, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts, which shall be then in force in Ireland, relating in any wise to the Collection or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty, during such time as such Materials or Utensils shall have belonged to or been used in or kept at such Printing House as aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful in all cases to levy such Sum and Sums of Money upon such Materials and Utensils in like manner as if the Printer or Printers of such Newspaper, or other Paper as aforesaid, were the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Materials and Utensils at the time of levying the same.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and all and singular the several Provisions and Regulations herein contained and mentioned, shall commence and be in force from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not before.

Commencement of Act.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties in general.

[14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *“An Act to repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to grant to His Majesty certain Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to explain and amend the said recited Act made in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's Reign: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts should be repealed, and that Regulations should be established for the Collection of all Duties which shall be from time to time hereafter under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, in so far as the same is practicable;” May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the said recited Acts shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save and except so far as the said Acts, or either of them, repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein contained; and save as to any Proceeding commenced or to be commenced in any Court, Civil or Criminal, or otherwise, against any Person or Persons for any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for or in respect of any Offence committed or to be committed against the said Acts, or any of them, or for the levying or collecting any Duty that may be due under the said Acts, or either of them, previous to the Commencement of this Act; and save that all Licences and Certificates granted, and all Advertisements of any Printers, Publishers or Proprietors of any Newspaper under the said Acts respectively, before the Commencement of this Act, shall have Continuance, Force, Virtue and Effect according to the Terms and Nature thereof, and to all the legal Consequences thereof respectively, as if this Act had not been passed, except where it is therein otherwise provided.*

32 G. 2. c. 126.

34 G. 2. c. 126.

repealed.
excepted.

II. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland in like time being, shall have Power from time to time and at all times to appoint Commissioners for the Stamping and marking of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and that the said Commissioners shall be called “The Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland;” and that the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall have Power under their Hands and Seals to appoint such inferior Officers as they shall from time to time think proper, for the marking or

Appointment and Oath of Commissioners and Officers.

G g 2

Stamping

Stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and for collecting and paying such Duties as shall from time to time be under the Management of the said Commissioners; and that every Commissioner or other Officer so appointed, before he shall proceed to the Execution of his Office under such Appointment, shall take and subscribe the Oath following; that is to say,

Oath. *I, A. B. do swear, That I will, during my Continuance in the Office of*
faithfully execute the Trust committed to me therein, without Fraud or Concealment; and that I will,
from time to time, true Account make of all such Acts as I shall do therein, and deliver the same to such
Person or Persons as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, hath or have appointed, or hereafter shall appoint, to
review such Account; and that I will take no Fee, Reward or Profit, for the Execution or Performance
of the said Trust or of the Duties relating therein, from any Person or Persons other than such as shall be
paid and allowed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by some Person or Persons for that Purpose
authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or
Governors of Ireland for the time being. * So help me GOD."

By whom administered. And such Oath shall and may be administered to any such Commissioner or Commissioners by the Chancellor, Treasurer, Lord Chief Baron, or any other of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, or to their Absence by any of the Justices of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, and that they are hereby respectively required and empowered to administer such Oath; and any of the said Commissioners, or any Justice of the Peace within Ireland, within his proper Jurisdiction, shall and may administer the like Oath to any of the inferior Officers aforesaid.

Periods for which to be appointed. III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall affect or be construed to affect an Act passed in Ireland in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to regulate the Qualifications of Persons appointed to Offices in this Kingdom, wherein Two or more Grants are made under One Grant, Commission or Appointment, but that the said Act and every Part thereof shall remain in full Force as if this Act had not been passed.*

Three Commissioners & Quorum. IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it shall not be otherwise directed or provided by any Act or Acts of Parliament, all and every Right, Power and Authority which from time to time shall be vested in the said Commissioners, shall and may be used and exercised by any Three or more of the said Commissioners, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes asable herein could be used or exercised by all the said Commissioners for the time being; and that all and every Powers and Authorities vested in any Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or in any Commissioners for stamping Vellum, Parchment and Paper, under whatever Name or Title by any Act not hereby repealed, shall be vested in the said Commissioners under this Act to all intents and Purposes.

Officers to hold Engagements till Death or Removal. V. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners and inferior Officers heretofore appointed for the working or stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Duties thereupon, and now actually holding and executing such Offices respectively, shall continue to act in the several Offices to which they have been so appointed, in like manner, with the same Powers and Authorities, and subject to such Restrictions and Limitations as if appointed and sworn under this Act; and that every such Commissioner now appointed or hereafter to be appointed, shall continue to hold and execute his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and that every such inferior Officer now appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, shall continue to hold and execute his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

Representatives to direct Appointment. VI. And be it further enacted, That if in any Court whatsoever, on any Trial, Proceeding or Question whatsoever, and wherever shall be the Parties thereto, any Question shall arise concerning the Right of the said Commissioners or inferior Officers, or of any of them, or of any Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners for the Purpose of executing any Duty whatsoever under any Act imposing any Stamp Duty, or regulating the Collection or Management of any such Duty, to hold, exercise or enjoy their said Office, or to execute such Duty respectively, then and in every such case it shall be sufficient to prove that such Commissioner or Commissioners or inferior Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons, were or was at the time in question commonly reputed to be such Commissioners or Commissioners, or Officer or Officers, or was or was not appointed or authorized respectively, without producing any Patent, Appointment or Commission, and without proving two Evidence of having performed the several Requisites prescribed by Law, to enable them to execute the said Officer's Duty respectively.

Notice of Officers of the Stamp Duties. VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, out of the Revenue of the said Stamp Duty in which shall be payable in Ireland, to cause such Sum and parts of Money as he or she shall think fit to be expended and paid from time to time for Salaries and incident Charges, as shall be required by and for the managing, collecting and paying of the same, of the said Duties; any Thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Execution of Stamp Duties. VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Duties which shall from time to time be under the Care or Management of the said Commissioners shall be deemed and denominated Stamp Duties, in whatever way the same shall or may be paid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or other Officers heretofore appointed, or Officers to be hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Officers employed or to be employed or authorized by or under their Direction, shall be allowed, shall from time to time observe such Rules, Methods and Orders in the Execution of their Duty as several Officers and Treasurers, as they respectively have received, or shall receive from time to time from His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or from the Lord High Treasurers of Ireland for the time being, or from the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurers, or any Three of them, for the time being respectively.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall keep their Stamp Office in some convenient place within the City of Dublin, and that none of the Duties which shall or may be from time to time under their Management, shall be received or collected by or paid to the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, or any One or more of them, to administer Oaths and Affirmations, and take Affidavits and Affirmations in all cases where he or they shall respectively think as Oath or Oaths or an Affirmation or Affirmations necessary to be administered or taken for the Purpose of carrying into effect this Act or any Part thereof, or any Matter or Thing relating therein, or to the Management of any of the Stamp Duties now payable or hereafter to be payable.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners to be a Distributor or Distributors of Stamps shall verify by Affidavit, or (if a Quaker or Quakers) by Affirmation, his, her or their respective Accounts, furnished by him, her or them, to the said Commissioners; such Affidavit or Affirmation, if made in Dublin, to be made or affirmed before One of the said Commissioners, and if in the Country, before a Justice of the Peace of the County in which the said Distributor or Distributors respectively shall have his Office, and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Commissioners and Justices respectively are hereby required and authorized to receive and take as aforesaid, or if the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, shall by Notice in Writing, require the same, then before the Justices of the Peace, as a Quarter Sessions of the Peace: to be held in and for the County in which such Distributor shall have his Office, and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Justices are hereby required and authorized to receive and take; and if any Distributor shall neglect or refuse to verify any of such Accounts as aforesaid, within such reasonable time as he or she shall be called upon by the said Commissioners of Stamps or any One or more of them so to do, he or she shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Affidavits or Subj., connected or to be connected against any Distributor of Stamps or Person in charge as a Distributor of Stamps, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or against both or either of the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any such Distributor or Person in charge, or three or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, every Acknowledgement in Writing of the Receipt of any Stamps given or sent to such Distributor or Person in charge by or from the Stamp Office in Dublin, signed by such Distributor or Person in Charge as a Distributor, or by any Person duly authorized by any such Distributor or Person in charge respectively, shall be accepted, taken and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence of the Receipt of the several Papers and Stamps of stamped Papers, Pledges and Vouchers in such Acknowledgement stated to have been received by or for such Distributor or Person in charge as a Distributor, and of the Value thereof, and of the Stamps thereon respectively; and that all and every Account or Accounts, furnished and verified by Oath or Affirmation by such Distributor or Person in charge according to the Direction of this Act, shall be accepted, taken and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence against such Distributor or Person in charge as a Distributor, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or against both or either of the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or three or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators of the several Debts in any such Account severally contained; but any such Account, by whomsoever produced, shall not be Evidence of the Credits therein claimed or filed by such Distributor or Person in charge as Distributor.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One of them, to appoint by Warrant under Hand and Seal, any Person or Persons to be his, her or their Deputy or Deputies or Sub Distributor or Distributors within his, her or their District, or any Part or Parts that may be specified in such Warrant; and every such Distributor or Distributors shall be accountable for the Conduct of every such Deputy or Sub Distributor in all Matters relating to the said Office of Distributor; and every such Deputy or Sub Distributor shall have full Power to sell Stamps for the said Distributor or Distributors, according to the Terms of such Warrant, in the same manner as the said Distributor or Distributors might personally do, but not to execute any other Part of the Business or Office of such Distributor or Distributors; and as each Warrant for appointing any such Sub Distributor shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, or any One or more of them, as often as it shall seem fit to him or them so to do, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals to authorize any Person or Persons, with the Affidavit of a Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace to enter into the House or Houses of any Distributor of Stamps, or of any Deputy or Sub Distributor, or Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor, or having Charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular time; and if on Demand, and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any inner Door thereof, shall not be opened, then to break open the same respectively, and to force or take

Stamp Office in Dublin

Commissioners may take Affidavits.

Stamp Duties
to be paid by
Persons who
shall be called
upon to do so.

Produce

Subjunctive
A. Commission
of the said
of the said
of the said

A. Commission
of the said
of the said
of the said

A. Commission
of the said
of the said
of the said

take into his, her or their Possession all stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be then found in the House, Custody or Possession of such Distributor or Sub Distributor, or Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor, or having Charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular time; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons as aforesaid, with the Assistance of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to enter accordingly into the House or Habitation of any such Distributor or Deputy or Sub Distributor, or other Person as aforesaid; and if on Demand, and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Distributor or Deputy or Sub Distributor or other Person as aforesaid shall dwell, or any inner Door thereof, shall not be opened, then with the Assistance and in the Presence of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to break open the same respectively, and to seize and take into his or their Possession all stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be found in the House, Custody or Possession of such Distributor or Deputy or Sub Distributor, or Person or Persons acting under such Distributor, or having charge of the Office or Business of such Distributor for any particular time as aforesaid; and all Magistrates and Peace Officers are hereby required, upon the Request of any Person or Persons acting under such Warrant, to aid and assist him and them in the Execution thereof.

Commissaries
may for Dis-
cussing Stamp
Duty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any Three of them, shall have Power from time to time, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to give any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, or of the Orders of the said Commissioners, or of any One or more of them, in any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for any one Offence; the Amount of such Fine to be paid by such Distributor or Distributors to the Receiver General, for the Use of His Majesty's Revenue, together with his, her or their next Payment, and as Part thereof; and it shall be lawful for such Receiver General, and he is hereby required to apply the same Money that he shall receive from such Distributor, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, to the Payment of such Fine, whatever may be the Purpose for which the same may be due.

Officers to keep
Accounts
Time of Pay-
ment of Stamp
Duties.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in levying, collecting or receiving any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof; and that the several Distributors of Stamps in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, shall pay all Moneys received by them for or by reason or on account of any of the said Stamp Duty or Duties, or of any Penalties imposed by this Act or by any other Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, and then in the Hands of such Distributors respectively, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, on every Day or on such and in many Days in each Week as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners; and the Distributors of Stamps employed in any other Parts of Ireland shall, as *Whodays* in every Week, unless the same shall be as *Holidays*, and then on the next ensuing Day which shall not be a *Holiday*, or as frequently after such *Whodays* or other Day as the Distance of such Distributors respectively shall permit, or as much oftener and at all such times as the said Distributors shall be required by the said Commissioners, or any of them, pay or cause to be paid all Sums received by them in like manner, and then in their Hands respectively, to the said Receiver General of Stamp Duties; and the said Receiver General shall, on each and every Day or on such Day or Days in every Week as shall be directed for the Purpose by the said Commissioners, pay all Moneys so received by him, and then in his Hands, into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland; and the said Receiver General shall on each Day after his making any such Payment into the said Exchequer, and every Distributor of Stamps on each Day after his or her making any such Payment to the said Receiver General, or on the first Opportunity after the said times respectively, give Notice of such Payment and of the Amount thereof to the said Commissioners of Stamps; and if such Receiver General shall at any time neglect or omit to pay into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer the Sums so by him payable as aforesaid, at the time and in the manner aforesaid, or shall detain any Part of the Moneys so by him payable, then and for every such Offence he shall be deemed from his said Employment and shall be incapable to serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall be charged with Interest for the Moneys so detained in his Hands after the Rate of Twelve Pounds by the Hundred by the Year, the same to be recovered with Costs of Suit, by Action, Suit or Information, or by any other of the Means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Public Accountants or Debtors; and if any such Distributor or Distributors shall neglect or omit to pay or cause to be paid to such Receiver General as aforesaid, the Sums so by him, her or them payable as aforesaid, or shall detain the Moneys by him, her or them so payable as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, then for the first of such Offences he, she or they shall forfeit all and every the Discharge, Forfeiture or other Pen, Profit or Reward to which such Person or Persons is or are entitled or might otherwise be entitled, for or by reason of the Sums so detained, or so neglected or omitted to be paid to such Receiver General; and for the second of such Offences every such Distributor or Distributors shall forfeit the said Discharge, Forfeiture, Pen, Profit or Reward, and shall be deemed from his or her said Office, and shall, from the time of such Default, be incapable of serving His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors in any Civil Capacity whatsoever, and shall also be charged with Interest for the Money so detained after the Rate of Six Pounds by the Year for every Hundred Pounds; the same to be recovered in the same manner and with like Costs, as the Interest is recoverable from the said Receiver General as aforesaid; and the said Discharge, Forfeiture, Pen, Profit or Reward to be forfeited by such Distributor or Distributors, shall, in every of the said cases, be paid to such Officer or Officers of the Stamps as shall first discover and inform the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties of such Neglect, Omission or Detention, if the said Commissioners of Stamps or the major Part of them shall think proper so to order the same, and if they shall make no Order thereupon, it shall be carried to the Account of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland.

Receiver Gen-
eral to pay into
the Exchequer.

Notice of Pay-
ment
Receiver Gen-
eral to give
Notice of
Amount.

Distributors
paying to
Receiver Gen-
eral.

Second Offence.

Interest.

Forfeiture
discharge of.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Average of the Monthly Sales of any such Distribution, or of his Prodecessor or Prodecessors for Twelve Months next preceding, shall not have exceeded the Sum of Twenty Pounds per Month, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time as often as they shall see just and necessary Occasion, by Order under their Hands, to enlarge and extend for any time not exceeding One Month, the time lawfully allowed to such Distributors respectively, for paying unto such Receiver General the several Sums by them respectively from time to time received as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That there shall be kept in His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, One Book in which all Monies that shall be paid into the said Treasury in Ireland by virtue of this Act, or of any Act or Acts for imposing of Stamp Duties in Ireland, shall be entered apart and distinct from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from any Account whatsoever; and that neither the five pence per Pound, nor any other Fee, shall be payable to, or be deducted or received by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Treasury, for or on Account of the issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money arising by, or which shall be received for or on account of any Stamp Duties, or of any Payment to be made by the Receiver General of Stamp Duties in manner aforesaid, but that the same shall be received and duly accounted for to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and all the Money paid into the said Treasury, on the account of such Duties, shall be carried to, and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have been or who shall be respectively employed in receiving, collecting or paying any Stamp Duties, shall exhibit their respective Accounts of such Duties to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts of Ireland for the time being or the major Part of them, when called on by them, or any One or more of them for that Purpose, and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts are hereby respectively authorised and required from time to time to examine upon Oath the said Persons who shall be so employed in raising, receiving or collecting the said Duties, as to their said Accounts, and as to the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been by them or any of them respectively raised, collected or received within the time of such their Accounts, and likewise what Part thereof shall have been by them or any of them paid to the Receiver General, or into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and at what times respectively; and in accounting before the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, the said Persons shall produce proper Vouchers for any Sum or Sums of Money by them received and paid; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorised and required finally to adjust and settle such Accounts; which said Accounts when so audited and settled shall be signed by the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, and shall be at all times to the Officers therein concerned a full and sufficient Warrant and Discharge of all Liabilities and Purposes, according to the true Intent, Meaning and Import thereof respectively.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Types, Marks and Stamps, which are already kept or used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards, or on Dice, the several and respective Duties heretofore granted, or any of them, or which shall hereafter be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards, or on Dice, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable thereon respectively by Law in Ireland, shall be the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps, for the stamping and impressing of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, on which any of the several Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall from time to time be payable, have been or shall be engraven or written, and for stamping Playing Cards or Dice according to Law; and that if at any time there shall not be any such Type, Mark or Stamp, denoting the precise Amount of any of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall think proper, so direct that Two or more of such Types, Marks or Stamps, the Duties denoted whereby shall in the whole amount to the Stamp Duties to be payable respectively, shall be used on the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, for denoting such Duties, or at their Discretion to cause to be provided new Types, Marks or Stamps for denoting such Duties or any of them, and to cause all Vellum, Parchment and Paper chargeable with such Duties to be stamped or marked with the same.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Devices or Marks used or to be used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards or on Dice, the Stamp Duties which shall be payable from time to time, or any of them, may be changed, varied or altered from time to time, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, or any Three of them, shall think fit; provided, that whenever such Devices or Marks shall be changed, varied or altered, there shall in every such case Public Notice of every such Change, Variation or Alteration shall be given by Advertisement to the Dublin Gazette, and in some other Public Newspaper, a convenient time before the Types, Marks or Stamps on which such new Devices or Marks shall be made, be used.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland shall cause separate and particular Stamps or Marks to be provided and used to denote the Duties which shall from time to time be payable, not only on any Article or Articles for which separate or particular Stamps or Marks shall be required from time to time by any Law or Laws, but also on such other Articles, Matters and Things, as to the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time shall seem requisite and necessary, or as the said Commissioners of Stamps shall be required by His Majesty, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or by the Commissioners for examining the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being; and all such Articles, Matters and Things respectively,

Further than al-
lowed in Dis-
tribution by
Commissioners.

Accounts.

His Post or
Treasury for
receiving Stamp
Duties.

Consolidated
Fund.

Accounts of
Stamp Officers
audited.

Oath.

Vouchers.

Types, &c. for
Stamps to be
provided.

Directions as to
Stamping.

Duties on, the
Stamp on other goods,
&c.

Marks in
Gazette.

Particular
Stamps for cer-
tain Duties.

refusably, which shall be issued or granted, made or written after One Month from the Date on which Public Notice shall have been or shall be given in the Dublin Gazette by the said Commissioners of Stamps, that such separate or new or particular Stamps or Marks for the same have been or are respectively provided, and which shall be engraved, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, without such Stamps or Marks, or having any other Stamps or Marks than shall be provided or used for the Purposes aforesaid respectively, although such Stamps may be of the Amount by Law required, or of any greater Amount, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been written or printed on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not marked or stamped; and all Persons who shall write or print any such Article, Matter or Thing on any Paper, Vellum or Parchment, having any other Stamp than shall be provided for the Purposes aforesaid, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as they would be liable to in case such Article, Matter or Thing respectively had been written or printed on Paper, Vellum or Parchment not marked or stamped.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That so often as the Devices or Marks aforesaid, or any of them, shall be changed, altered or altered, it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall at the times respectively of such Alteration or Change have in their Custody or Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked with the Impression of the Type, Mark or Stamp which shall have been so changed, varied or altered, and upon which none of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable, shall have been engraved or written, to bring or send at any time within the Space of Four Months after the Publication of such Advertisement as aforesaid, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the said Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or to any Distributor of Stamps, or to any Person appointed to act as a Distributor of Stamps; and thereupon the proper Officer at such Stamp Office and such Distributor or Person appointed to act as such respectively, shall, and he, she and they are and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered in his, her, or their behalf, the due Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, as shall have been so brought or sent as aforesaid, with the Impression of such new Type, Mark or Stamp, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the same, any Money or other Consideration whatsoever, under the Penalty of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the said Stamps or Marks which have been so given or sent in that, in every such case, be immediately cancelled; And in case any Person shall neglect or omit, within the time aforesaid, to bring or cause to be brought and delivered unto the said Commissioners or Officers as aforesaid, any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so marked with the Type, Mark or Stamp, which shall have been so changed, the same is hereby declared to be of no other Effect than if such Vellum, Parchment or Paper had never been stamped; and that all Matters and Things which shall be engraved or written thereon after such time as shall be appointed by such Advertisement as aforesaid, for making use of such changed or altered Type, Mark or Stamp as aforesaid, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been engraved or written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not marked or stamped; and all Persons who shall engrave or write any Matter or Thing, chargeable with any of the Duties aforesaid, on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, after the said time, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as is herein directed to be inflicted on Persons writing or engraving on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any of the Dominions thereto belonging, shall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or forged any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp to resemble any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp as any time heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped any of the Duties charged thereby by any Act or Acts which has been or shall be at any time from time to time, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, may not be kept or used at the said Stamp Office at the time of such forging or counterfeiting; or if any Person or Persons (five and except such Person or Persons as shall be lawfully entitled to have and to use the same for the Purpose of stamping Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being) shall have in his, her or their Possession any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp to resemble any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp heretofore kept or used or hereafter to be kept or used at the said Stamp Office for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped, any of the Duties charged thereby as aforesaid, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp shall not be then kept or used at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty directed thereby shall not be then payable in Ireland; or shall mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper or other Matter which heretofore was or hereafter shall be directed to be stamped, any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office in Dublin for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter or Thing is directed to be stamped, any of the Duties charged thereby by any Act of Parliament which shall be or shall have been in force in Ireland at or before the time when such Mark or Device shall have been so used or kept at the said Office though such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Device, Mark or Impression, may not be used or kept at the said Office at the time of such Offence committed; or if any Person shall affix, write, read, or fill, or cause to be affixed, uttered, uttered or sold, or shall have in his or her Possession, with intent to use, utter, read or fill the same, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter, with any counterfeit Device, Mark or Impression thereupon, to resemble any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, though not then at or kept for the said Purpose, or any of them, or though the Duty directed thereby shall not be then payable in Ireland, knowing such Device, Mark or Impression to be counterfeit; or if any Officer or Officers in the Employment of the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors,

mark

Marking Paper, &c. with any of the said

Marking Paper, &c. with any of the said

Marking Paper, &c. with any of the said

Marking Paper, &c. with any of the said

mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, or be aiding, abetting or assisting in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, any Stamp, Mark or Impression denoting any of the Duties aforesaid, on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter directed to be stamped, not delivered to him or them, or by the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the Purpose of being stamped with any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid for the denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any of the Duties charged or to be charged thereon by any Act of Parliament, though such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp shall not be then kept at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty denoted thereby should not be then payable in Ireland; or if any Person or Persons shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, knowingly have in his, her or their Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other Matter required to be stamped, is fraudulently stamped, or marked with any Mark or Stamp to denote any of the aforesaid Duties, then and so every of such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof fully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall, for the first Offence aforesaid wherein he or she shall be convicted, be transported for the Term of Seven Years; and for any of the Offences aforesaid which he or she shall commit after such Conviction, shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Vellum, Parchment and Paper intended to be charged with any Stamp Duty shall, before any of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, shall be thereto registered or written be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid, to be stamped and marked; and the said Commissioners and Officers are hereby required, upon Demand of the Person or Persons in bringing the same, forthwith without any Fee or Reward to stamp or mark any Quantity or Parcel of Vellum, Parchment or Paper is brought, such Person or Persons paying to such Officer or Officers as the same be appeared in that behalf the respective Duties which they shall require to have so stamped or marked as the same.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioner, or other Officer appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, shall fix or impose any such Mark or Stamp to or upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, which shall be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid to be stamped or marked, before the Duty or Duties denoted thereby shall be duly answered or secured to be paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in such cases where such Security may by Law be taken, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where under or by the Provision of this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, any Stamps shall at any time be made or become applicable to the Purposes for which the same were intended, then and whenever it shall so happen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any of them, upon request of any Person or Persons producing any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, stamped with such Stamp or Stamps to order, if they shall think proper so to do, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper be stamped with Stamps denoting such Duties as the Person or Persons requesting the same shall require; the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be given, paying the Difference in Amount (if any) between the Stamps which shall have been first impressed or marked on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and such Stamps as shall be so required to be impressed or marked as the same.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That upon Proof on Oath or solemn Affirmation (if by a Quaker) made before the said Commissioners or any of them, or before any inferior Officer by them in that behalf appointed (and which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby empowered to administer) to the Satisfaction of such Commissioner or Officer, that any Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, printed, engraved or written upon, and inadvertently and undesignedly spoiled or obliterated, or by any other means rendered unfit for the Purpose intended, hath not been executed or signed by any Party or Parties, or used for any of the Purposes for which the same was or were intended; and that the Person making such Affidavit or Affirmation hath not, nor hath any other Person on his Account received, and that such Person will not receive any Money or other Consideration for the Stamp thereupon, and that the said Stamp or Stamps in or on are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and have or hath been paid for by such Person to the full Amount of the Duty thereon; and that such Person will be a Lender to such Amount, unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in lieu thereof, and upon the Person or Persons who shall produce such Proof, delivering such Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, rendered unfit for use as aforesaid, and delivering also at the same time a like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to be stamped, then and in every such case, the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked with the several and respective Duties stamped, marked or impressed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, is rendered unfit for use, or with any other Duties which may be required, the Person so requiring the same first paying the Difference in Amount of any: Provided always, that such spoiled Stamps shall be brought to the Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in Dublin, within six Calendar Months next after the same shall have been spoiled, or rendered unfit for use, if the same shall belong to the Person resident in Dublin, or within Ten Miles of the City of Dublin, or within Twelve Calendar Months after the same shall have been spoiled, if such Stamps shall belong to Persons resident elsewhere.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to allow as spoiled, and to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of any such Stamps as shall have been used for or upon any Proscriptions to Ecclesiastical Benefices, which shall not be followed by fullness, or for or upon any Instruments which shall have been signed by any Party or Parties, but which shall be afterwards found to be absolutely void in Law from the beginning, or which, by reason of any Error or Mistake therein, shall be afterwards found unfit for the Purpose originally intended, or which, by reason of the Death of any Person whose Signature shall be attested thereon, without having signed the same, or by reason of the Refusal

Seals, &c. with
Legal Duties with
any Authority in
Commissioners.

Having in the
Office Paper,
&c. as aforesaid
stamped.

First Officer,
Second Officer.

Paper Stamped
before written
upon.

Officers Stamp
before Duty
paid.

Denial.
Additional
Stamps put on
old Stamps.

Spoiled Stamps
altered by
others.

Application for
Allowance of
spoiled Stamps
made within
fixed time.

Persons of
Commissioners
of stamps in
other and ap-
propriate spoiled
Stamps accord-
ing to a variety
of rules of law.

Provision signed
by Patrons.

Ministers of
State.

Private.

After care for
spotted stamps
on Bills of Ex-
change, &c.

Delivery of
stamps.

Commissioners
of Stamps may
under Regula-
tions and receive
Affidavits re-
specting spotted
stamps.

Deeds, &c.
written on one
stamped paper
may be stamped.

Fine.

Fine.

Deeds, &c.
written on
Paper having
stamped stamps
thereon may be
stamped.

of any such Person to sign the same, cannot be completed so as to effect the Transference in the Form proposed, or which, for want of the Signature of some material and necessary Party, shall be incomplete and insufficient for the Purpose intended, or which, by reason of the Refusal of any Person to sign under the same, or by the Refusal or Non-acceptance of any Office or Trust thereby granted, shall fulfil their intended Purpose, or which, for want of Intention within the time required by Law, shall become null and void, or which shall become null in consequence of the Transference therein mentioned being effected by some other Instrument or Instruments duly stamped; so that the Instruments for which an Allowance of Stamps shall be claimed in the several cases aforesaid shall be delivered up to the said Commissioners to be cancelled; and provided the Application for the Relief which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give shall be made within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or within Six Calendar Months after the Date of the Instrument in question, except where the same shall become void for want of Intention within Six Calendar Months from the Date, and in those cases within Six Calendar Months next after the same shall so become void, and except where the same shall have been first shown, and in those cases within Six Calendar Months after the same shall be received back; and provided no Affidavits shall have been brought or sent commenced, in which such Instrument could or would have been given or sworn in Evidence, and provided all the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be duly proved by Oath (or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers) to their Satisfaction.

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to allow as spoiled, and to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of all such Stamps that shall have been used for any Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, which shall have been signed by or on the Behalf of the Drawers thereof, but which shall not have been delivered out of their Hands to the Payees thereof, and any Person on their Behalf, or deposited with any Person as a Security for the Payment of Money, or any way negotiated, used or put in Circulation, or made use of in any other manner whatsoever; and which Bills of Exchange shall not have been accepted by the Drawers, or endorsed for such Acceptance; provided that such Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes shall be brought for Allowance, and be delivered up to the said Commissioners at their Stamp Office in Dublin, to be cancelled within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or within Six Calendar Months after the Date of such Bills and Notes, or after the signing of the same, if they shall not bear Date; and provided all the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be fully proved by Oath or solemn Affirmation to their Satisfaction.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to make such Rules and Regulations, and to require Affidavits or solemn Affirmations in the case of Quakers, of all such Facts and Circumstances as regard to the Allowance of spoiled or worn Stamps, in all or any of the cases aforesaid, as they shall in their Discretion judge necessary or expedient for the Purpose of preventing Frauds and Trefactions, such Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before the said Commissioners or any One or more of them, or before any Officer to be appointed by the said Commissioners, who may rely respectively authorized to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose.

XXXIII. And he it further enacted, That if any Person hath engraved or written at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in Ireland, or shall at any time hereafter engrave or write, or cause to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any of the Matters or Things for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper at the time of such Writing or Engraving was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty (save and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons) before such time as the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath been or shall be marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as was or shall be by Law required for the same, or hath or have engraved or written the same, or caused the same to be engraved or written, or shall engrave or write the same, or cause the same to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper not stamped with any Duty, or stamped or marked for any lower Duty than the Duty payable at the time, in respect of what hath been or shall be so engraved or written thereon, then and in every such case there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Remainder or the whole of the Amount of the Duty, in the case may be, as payable by Law for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing; and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Expiration of such Deed, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty or Remainder of Duty payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty or Remainder of Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

XXXIV. And he it further enacted, That if any Person hath engraved or written at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in Ireland, or shall at any time hereafter engrave or write, or cause to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper any of the Matters or Things for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper at the time of such Writing or Engraving was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty, and such Vellum, Parchment or Paper shall have been or shall be marked or stamped with one or more forged Mark or Stamp or Marks or Signs superseded thereon, or if any Person or Persons hath or have engraved or written, or shall engrave or write any such Matter or Thing, or hath or have caused, or shall cause any such Matter or Thing to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Mark, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons (other than such Person or Persons who shall have engraved or written or caused to be engraved or written, or shall engrave or write, or cause to be engraved or written

any

any such Matter or Thing upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp, knowing such Stamp to be forged or counterfeit, or who shall have impeded any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or shall have caused the same to be impeded with any such counterfeit Stamp or Mark) to bring such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the Stamp Office in Dublin, to be stamped with the Stamp or Mark denoting the Duty payable by Law thereon; and there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Amount of such Duty to be payable by Law for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing; and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the space of Five Years from the passing of this Act, or from the Expiration of such Deed, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty to be payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That when any Instrument, now and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons shall be engrossed or written on Parchment, Vellum or Paper not duly stamped, and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners of Stamps upon Oath or Affirmation or otherwise, that the same hath happened either by Accident or Inadvertency, or from urgent Necessity or unavoidable circumstances, and without any Intention on any Party to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument, then and in any of the said cases, if such Instrument shall within Sixty Days from the first Execution thereof be brought to the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin to be stamped, and the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument shall be paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think proper so to do, to remit the Penalty payable as aforesaid, or stamping such Instrument or any Part thereof to executed without being stamped, and in such case such Instrument to be stamped with the proper Stamp, and every Person concerned in engrossing any such Instrument, or executing the same, shall be thereupon exempt from all Penalties on account thereof.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, and they are hereby authorized to stamp any Instrument executed out of Ireland, upon Payment of the Stamp Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time when such Deed shall be required to be stamped, without Payment of any additional Duty or Penalty, within the Space of Six Calendar Months from the first Execution thereof respectively, in case of the same being executed in any Part of the United Kingdom, or within the Space of Two Years from the Execution thereof, in case of the same being executed in any Place out of the United Kingdom, Proof being first made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Instrument was executed out of Ireland, and in the United Kingdom, or out of the United Kingdom, as the case may be, and within the times aforesaid respectively.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Matters and Things in respect whereof any of the said Stamp Duties shall be payable shall be written or printed, or written and printed in such manner (and if printed or written in Part, or conversely, before being stamped, shall be so stamped) that such Part of the Writing or Printing thereof shall be on the Stamps or Marks which shall in pursuance of any Act or Acts then in force be placed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper thereof; and such writing or printing shall from thence be so continued in the usual Form of writing, printing or engraving Deeds or Writings, in that no Blank Space shall be left whereby such Stamp might be made applicable to any other Deed or Instrument whatever, upon Due that the Person who shall write, engrave or print, or stamp, or cause to be written, engrossed or printed or stamped, any such Writing, Matter or Thing contrary to the true Meaning hereof, shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall engrave or write, or print, or cause to be engraved, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any Instrument, Writing, Matter or Thing for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper ought, according to the Laws which shall be then in force, to have a Stamp or Mark denoting the Payment of any Stamp Duty, or shall write, print, accept, receive or knowingly have in his or her Possession, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having such Instrument, Writing, Matter or Thing engraved, written or printed, or partly printed and partly written thereon, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper being then not duly marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as shall be by Law required for such Instruments, Writings, Matters or Things, at the time of its engraving, writing or printing the same; or marked or stamped for any lower Duty or Duties than the Duty or Duties which shall be, then by Law payable thereon, in respect of the Matter or Thing so engraved, written or printed thereon, or marked or stamped with any Mark or Stamp which shall have been previously used for any other Purpose, such Person to be adjudged liable, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case any Person or Persons shall, at any time, file or cause to be filed in any Court of Law or Equity any Pleading, Affidavit or other Proceeding, Matter or Thing whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, and there shall not be any vote expressly allowed by Law for stamping the same after the filing thereof, and that such Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, Matter or Thing, shall not, at the time of being stamped, be so stamped, then and in every such case every Person who shall file the same or cause the same to be filed, and the every Officer of such Court who shall receive the same, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case any Clerk, Officer or other Person who, in respect of any Office or Employment, is or shall be entitled or intrusted to make, engrave or write any Record, Entry, Book, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, which shall be then chargeable with a Stamp Duty under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which shall be then existing or in force in Ireland, or to issue any Process, or to file any Proceedings, or to do any Act in the Execution of his Office with respect to any Act, Matter or Thing

In case only when the Duty is stamped with a Penalty

Duty assessed out of Ireland may be stamped

Part of the Stamp to be on Stamp

Penalty.
Person and Officers of Court writing.
Duty on Paper.
Stamp

Penalty.

Penalty

Thing chargeable with any such Duty, shall be guilty of any Fraud, Practice or Neglect, by means whereof His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may be defrauded of any such Duty, by making, engraving or writing any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, or by causing the same to be made, engraved or written upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not duly marked or stamped according to such Laws as shall be then existing and in force, or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked or stamped with any Mark, Stamp or Impression which he shall know to be counterfeited, or by engraving or writing any such Record, Deed, Instrument or other Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, which shall be marked or stamped for a lower Duty than the Duty which shall be then by Law payable for the same, or by neglecting to do any thing required by him to be done in the Execution of his Office, or by doing any thing contrary to the Duty of his Office in relation to any Stamp Duty or Duties, that then and in every such case such Clerk, Officer or Person be guilty of any such Fraud, Practice or Neglect, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and shall also upon Conviction for such Offence forfeit his Office, Place or Employment respectively, and be debilitated to hold or enjoy the same for the future; and if any Attorney belonging to any Court whatsoever shall be guilty of any such Fraud as aforesaid, and shall be convicted thereof, he shall be disabled for the future to practise as an Attorney; and if any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, on which any such Stamp is or shall be by Law charged and made payable by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of that Act, be written or engraved by any Person or Persons whatsoever, not being a known Clerk or Officer, who in respect of any Office or Employment is or shall be entitled to the making, writing or engraving the same upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped according to Law, or shall be written or engraved upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped for a lower Duty than is by Law payable thereon (except under the Rules, Regulations and Directions in this Act contained), then and in every such case there shall be due and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, over and above the Stamp Duty charged and payable thereon by Law, the Sum of Ten Pounds, and no such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be pleaded or given in Evidence in any Court, or admitted in any Court, or by any Person, to be good, useful or available in Law or in Equity, until as well such Stamp Duty as the said Sum of Ten Pounds shall be first paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and a Receipt produced for the same under the Hand or Hands of some Officer appointed to receive the Duties of Stamps, or until the Vellum, Parchment or Paper on which such Records, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be written or made, shall be marked or stamped with the proper Mark or Stamp to denote the Duty payable thereon; and the proper Officer or Officers are hereby enjoined and required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds, unto him or them to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark or stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp proper for such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

Officers on
Duties for
Acts in Office.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of any Court in Ireland, who shall usually act in Person in such Matters, and the known Deputy of any Officer who shall not usually so act, in whose Office any Petition, Affidavit, Proceeding, Matter or Thing shall have been received, shall, as to the Purposes of this Act, be deemed and taken to have received the same; and that every Clerk, Officer or other Person as aforesaid, who shall make, engrave or write, or cause to be made, engraved or written any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped with any Mark, Stamp or Impression which shall be counterfeited, shall, in any Proceeding for the Recovery of the Penalty in that respect aforesaid, be deemed and taken to have known such Mark, Stamp or Impression to be counterfeited, unless he shall prove that the same was bought at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or at the Office of some Distributor or Sub-Distributor of Stamps, or in the Office or Shop of a Person duly licensed to sell Stamps.

Cl. and Dis-
tributed and
Stamp
Penalty.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Playing Cards or Dice shall be uttered, vended, sold, or exposed to Sale, or played with, or shall be kept by any Person with Intent to utter, vend, sell, expose to Sale, or play with the same, which shall not be duly indented, marked and stamped respectively, according to Law, upon Pain that every Person who shall utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale, or knowingly play with, or have in his or her Possession, with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, any such Cards or Dice which shall not be so indented, marked or stamped, shall forfeit for every such Pack of Cards and for every such Die so uttered, vended, sold or exposed to Sale, or played with, or so in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, the Sum of Two Pounds.

Penalty.
Also doing
Duties.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, for the Purposes of evading any of the Stamp Duties, which shall at any time be payable under any Act or Acts then in force in Ireland, execute any stamped Instrument without a Date, or which shall bear Date prior to such Execution thereof, or shall fraudulently erase or scrape out, or cause to be erased or scraped out the Name or Names of any Person or Persons, or any Date, Sum or Thing engraved or written in such Instrument, Matter or Thing as aforesaid, or shall fraudulently cut, tear or take off any Mark or Stamp from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or any Part thereof, with Intent to use such Mark or Stamp for any other Writing, Matter or Thing, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, then and in every such case, every Person so offending in any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and any Deed, Instrument or Writing, wherein any of the said Frauds shall have been committed, shall be deemed not to have been duly stamped: Provided nevertheless, that if any Deed or Instrument shall have been duly executed by any of the Parties thereto, on the Day when the same bears Date, such Deed or Instrument may be lawfully executed at any time afterwards by the other Parties thereto, or any of them, notwithstanding any intervening Change in the Stamp Duty or Duties payable on such Deed or Instrument, if the same shall have been duly stamped at the time of such prior Execution thereof, and such Deed or Instrument shall in such case be deemed to be duly stamped.

Penalty.

Proviso.

XLII. And

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties charged and to be charged by Law in *Ireland* upon any Probates or Letters of Administration, or Receipts for Legacies, or Shares or Proportions of any Estate or Effects, shall be deemed and taken to be charged and payable only in respect of the Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects as shall be situated in *Ireland*, and of such Legacies as shall be payable out of Estates and Effects in *Ireland*.

Duty payable only for Estates that are in *Ireland*.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the Probate of the Will of any Person deceased, or the Letters of Administration of the Effects of any Person deceased, heretofore granted or to be hereafter granted in *Ireland*, shall be deemed and taken to be valid and available by the Executors or Administrators of the Decedent, for recovering, transferring or assigning any Debt or Debts or other Personal Estate or Effects, whomever or wherefore the Decedent was possessed or entitled, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, notwithstanding that the Amount or Value of such Debt or Debts, or other Personal Estate or Effects, or the Amount or Value of so much thereof or such Interest therein as was Trust Property in the Decedent, as the case may be, shall not be included in the Amount or Value of the Estate, in respect of which the Stamp Duty was paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration.

Validity of Will and Probate.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall be desirous of transferring or of receiving the Dividends of any Share standing in the Name of the Decedent, or of any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds transferable at the Bank of *Ireland*, or of any in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, or of any in the Stock and Funds of any other Company, Corporation or Society whatsoever, passing by Transfer in the Books of such Company, Corporation or Society, under and by virtue of any such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid, and shall allege that the Decedent was possessed thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and for any such other Company, Corporation or Society as aforesaid, or their respective Officers, for their Indemnity and Protection, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Facts shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to permit such Executors or Administrators to transfer the Stock or Fund in question, or receive the Dividends thereof, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have Occasion to recover any Debt or Debts or other Personal Effects due or apparently belonging to the Decedent, and shall allege that the Decedent was possessed thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons liable to pay or deliver such Debt or Debts or other Effects, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Facts shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to pay, deliver or make over the Debt or Debts or other Effects in question to such Executors or Administrators, or as they shall direct, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have Occasion to assign or transfer any Debt or Debts due to the Decedent, or any Chattels Real or other Personal Effects whomever or wherefore the Decedent was possessed or entitled, and shall allege that the same respectively were or were due or vested in the Decedent either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use such Debt or Debts, Chattels Real or other Personal Effects shall be assigned or transferred, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Facts shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to accept the proposed Assignment or Transfer, without regard to the amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects.

Transfer of St. & Govt. Stocks & Funds.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That upon any such Requisition as aforesaid, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, or some other Person or Persons to whom the Facts shall be known, shall make a special Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and circumstances of the case, stating the Property in question; and that the Decedent had not any beneficial Interest whatever in the same, or no other beneficial Interest therein than shall be particularly mentioned and set forth, as the case may be, but was possessed thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or in Part, as the case may be, in trust for some other Person or Persons whose Name or Names or other sufficient Description shall be specified in such Affidavit or Affirmation, or for such Purposes as shall be specified therein; and that the beneficial Interest of the Decedent, if any, in the Property in question both not exceed a certain Value to be therein also specified according to the best Estimate that can be made thereof, if recoverable or contingent, and that the Amount or Value of the Estate for which the Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or on the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects, is sufficient to include and cover such beneficial Interest of the Decedent, as well as the will of the Personal Estate, whomever or wherefore the Decedent was beneficially possessed or entitled, and for which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as far as the same have come to the Knowledge of such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators; and where the Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and Circumstances of the Facts shall be made by any other Person than the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators shall make Affidavit or Affirmation that the same are true to the best of his, her or their Knowledge, and that the Property in question is intended to be applied and disposed of accordingly; which Affidavits or Affirmations shall be sworn or made before a Master in Chancery, Ordinary, or Extraordinary (who is hereby authorized to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmations for that Purpose), and shall be delivered to the Party or Parties requiring the same, and shall be sufficient to indemnify and protect the Party or Parties acting upon the Faith thereof; and if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Affirmation as aforesaid, shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or con-

Affidavit made by Executors, Administrator or Administrators.

Perjury.

Unpaid Stamp
Duty, Debt on
The Crown.Nothing is to
pay Duties con-
sidered as
Costs of Ex-
chequer.Stamps (soli-
dity) sealed.Duties on higher
Stamps than re-
quired, solid
value on sale of
unexpended
Stamps.Impression of
Stamps in
Courts and
Offices in Courts
therein.Prices of
Stamped Paper
altered and, and
Duties on of
same through
Ireland.Enactment of
Acts.

concerning any of the Matters as be therein specified and for forth, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of willful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who hath written, printed, engraved or executed, or who shall write, print, engrave or execute any Record, Deed, Instrument, Copy, Manuscript or Thing, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty is or shall be payable, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, which hath not been or shall not be duly stamped to discharge the Payment of such Duty, and also every Person who in any other manner whatsoever is or shall be liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty, and who by any Contumacious, Neglect or Omission, shall have omitted or neglected to pay any Stamp Duty, which, in respect of any Act, Matter or Thing heretofore done or caused to be done by him, or hereafter to be done or caused to be done by him, shall have been by Law payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for such Duty, and the Amount thereof shall be a Debt from such Person to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, upon Application to be made for that Purpose on behalf of the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon such Affidavit or Affidavits as to the said Court may appear to be sufficient, to grant a Rule requiring such Person or Persons to show Cause why he, she or they should not deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamps an Account, upon Oath, of all such Duties so due, and why the same should not be forthwith paid according to Law, and to make any such Rule of Court absolute in every case in which the same may appear to the said Court to be proper and necessary for enforcing the Payment of any of the said Duties, together with such Costs of such Proceedings as the said Court shall think proper to award and direct.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That all Courts of Justice and Judges in Ireland shall, without Allegation or Proof in that behalf, take judicial Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps heretofore or now kept or used, or to be hereafter kept or used as aforesaid, as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for denoting the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable in Ireland, and that no Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing whatever (for which the Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same is or shall be written or printed, is or shall be or at the time of writing or printing the same was or shall have been by Law chargeable with any Stamp Duty, though such Law has been or shall have been repealed), shall, on any Pretence whatsoever, be pleaded or given or received as Evidence in any Court in Ireland, or admitted in any Court in Ireland to be good or available in Law or Equity, unless the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same hath been or shall be so written or printed, shall be duly marked or stamped with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Record, Deed, Instrument or Printing respectively: Provided always, that if any Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall happen to be executed or written on any Stamp of an Amount greater than the Stamp Duty payable for such respective Deed, Instrument or Writing, at the time of the Execution thereof, the same shall be considered as duly stamped, to all Intents and Purposes: Provided nevertheless, that if such Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be of a Kind for which separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall have been provided as aforesaid, then and in such case the same shall not be considered as duly stamped, for or in respect of having thereon any Stamp of any Amount greater than the Stamp Duty then payable thereon, unless such greater Stamp is impressed thereon shall be One of the Stamps or Marks so appropriated to such Kind of Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being shall and may, from time to time as they shall be directed, appoint One or more fit Person or Persons to attend in any Court or Courts, Office or Offices in Ireland, which Person or Persons shall have full Power and Authority to inspect and examine the Vellum, Parchment and Paper upon which any of the Matters or Things in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall at any time be payable shall have been engraved or written or put; and also the Marks or Stamps thereupon, and also all other Matters and Things tending to secure the Duties which have been or shall from time to time be payable upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and that the Judges in the several Courts in Ireland, and such others to whom it may appear, at the Request of the said Commissioners, or of any of them, shall make such Orders in their respective Courts, and do such other Matters and Things for the better securing of the said Duties as shall be lawfully and reasonably directed in that behalf.

XLIX. And for the better Distribution of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and in order that all Persons may have the same with Convenience, and at as easy Rate, be it enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall, as often as he or they shall think proper, fix the Prices at which all Sets of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper shall be sold; and the said Commissioners of Stamps shall stamp the Prices so fix upon every Sheet or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, and on every Piece and Sheet of Paper for by them to be sold, and that the said Commissioners shall take special Care that the several Parts of Ireland shall be from time to time sufficiently furnished with such Vellum, Parchment and Paper stamped or marked as aforesaid, so that all Persons may have it in their Election to buy the same of the Officers or Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners at the usual Rates above the said Duty, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped as aforesaid, or to furnish themselves from others who shall be legally entitled to sell or sell it, as they shall think fit.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done under the Authority of or in pursuance of this Act or of any Act which shall be then in force in Ireland relating to any debt to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties due where otherwise particularly directed, then and in every such case the said Action or Suit shall be con-

removed within Six Calendar Months after the Fall committed, and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought may plead the General Issue and give the Special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the same was done in pursuance of and by the Authority of this Act or any other Act as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any County, City or Place other than aforesaid, then and in every such case the Plaintiff in such Action shall be considered as one of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be so or otherwise satisfied, or shall discontinue his, her or their Action, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Reversal for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

LII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which then are or shall be in force in Ireland, in any wife relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, shall be paid and payable and mustered and receivable in British Currency, unless otherwise expressly directed.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed, or to be imposed, by or under this Act, or any other Act or Acts which then are or shall be in force in Ireland, in any wife relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, may be recovered with Costs of Suit, by any Person who shall sue for the same, first where the contrary is particularly directed, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, in which an Affidavit, Pleading or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Records, Chancery or Assistant Barrister, within whose Local Jurisdiction such Offence shall have been committed; and that every such Penalty, not particularly directed to be otherwise applied, shall be paid and distributed, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person suing for the same; and that the like Appeal shall and may be lawful from the Decision on any such Civil Bill, and under the same Terms, Regulations and Conditions as in the case of any Civil Bill, for any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds in an Action of Debt on a Bond, Bill or Specialty for Payment of Money only.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which by or under the Provisions of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in Ireland, relating in any wife to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duties, any Seizure is directed or permitted to be made, the Person or Persons making such Seizure shall within Ten Days from the time of making such Seizure leave at the Office of the Distributor of the District wherein such Seizure shall have been made, a Note in Writing signed by such Person or Persons stating the Time and Place of such Seizure, and the reason for making the same, which Note shall be immediately filed at the said Office; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Owners, or any of the Owners of such Goods so seized, or of any Part thereof at any time after the filing of such Note, and within Twenty one Days from the Day of such Seizure to require and obtain at such Office a Copy of such Note, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to leave at such Office a Claim in Writing, signed by such Person or Persons, stating his or her Place of Abode, and claiming such Goods to be seized, or any Part thereof that may be specified therein, as or on behalf of the Owner or Owners, or One of the Owners thereof; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Person or Persons making such Seizure, at any time not exceeding Thirty Days from the making of such Seizure, to require a Copy of such Claim, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to make Application to any Justice of the Peace in and for the County, County of a City or County of a Town, wherein such Seizure shall have been made, for a Summons, to the Person or Persons in making such Claim, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue such Summons accordingly, thereby requiring every such Claimant to appear before him at a Time and Place to be therein named, for the Decision of such Claim; and such Summons, being duly served on such Claimant or Claimants either personally or at his, her or their Place of Abode mentioned in such Claim, and Copies of such Seizure Note and Claim stuffed by the Distributor of such District, or Person or Persons acting as such, being produced before such Justice of the Peace, he shall and may proceed to hear the Merits thereof, and such Evidence or Affidavits, if any, as may be produced or made applicable thereto, and shall thereupon or upon the Nonappearance of either Party decide on the Merits of such Seizure, and make his Adjudication thereon accordingly: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for either Party against whom such Adjudication shall be made, at any time within Ten Days from the making thereof, to appeal thereupon in manner hereinafter mentioned to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held after fourteen clear Days from such Adjudication, who shall in a summary way hear and decide on the same, and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices as Justices as aforesaid to award the Person or Persons in appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal, as to him or them shall seem most.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if the Person or Persons in making such Seizure shall not leave such Notice in Writing at such Distributor's Office as aforesaid, or in case of such Claim being put in as aforesaid, shall not cause such Summons to be issued and served as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been unlawfully made; and if after the filing of such Seizure Note as aforesaid, such Claim shall not be made as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been lawful and just; and if such Summons shall have been issued, then the Adjudication of such Justice, if not officially appealed from, and in case of such Appeal, the Decision of the Court of Quarter Sessions, shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

L.V. And

Grand Issue.

Treble Costs.

Penalties in British Currency.

Penalties, &c. to be paid for, &c.

Appeal.

Continuance of Goods seized before any Justice, who may determine Claims in such Goods.

Appeal.

Seizure returned for want of Notice, &c.

Recognizance
and Appeal.

Penalties not
extending fol-
lowed by
free Justice of
Peace.

Warrant.

Imprisonment.

Recognizance.

Appeal.

Shaler.

Cash.

Commitment.

Process served
at Place of
Abode or Office.

Not to be used
in England.

Witnesses re-
siding in
the same
place.

Penalty.

LV. And be it further enacted, That the Party defences of making such Appeal shall, within Ten Days from the making such Adjournment, enter into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties, before the Justice making such Adjournment, or in his Absence before any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City, in such Sum as such Justice shall think proper to pay, the Costs, if any, which may be adjudged against him, her or them therein, and if he, she or they shall not do so, such Appeal shall be null and void.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland within whose Jurisdiction any Offence, for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pounds, shall be committed against the Act, or against any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in Ireland relating to any wife in the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty in which it is not expressly directed to the contrary; and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon any Informations or Complaint in Writing, in such case to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses, if any, on either Side, and to examine into the Facts, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment for such Penalty and Costs to be satisfied by such Justice, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal for keeping such Penalty and Costs, as the Goods of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any), and where Goods sufficient cannot be found to satisfy such Penalty and Costs, such Justice of the Peace or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City or Town, in which such Conviction shall be, is hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison for such time as he shall judge to be proper, not less than One Calendar Month nor more than Three Calendar Months, unless such Penalty and Costs shall be sooner paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Person, upon giving sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, in case such Appeal shall be by the Prosecutor, to pay such Costs as shall be awarded in such case such Judgment shall be affirmed; and in case such Appeal shall be by the Party convicted, then upon giving such Security to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed and the Costs awarded by such Conviction, together with such further Costs as shall be, to appeal to the Justice or Justices at the next General Sessions of the County which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from the Day in which such Conviction shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party Ten clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively, and such Justice or Justices shall examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices as aforesaid to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal as to him or them shall seem most; and such Justice or Justices of the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects as the Justice making such Conviction might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place, and on Conviction shall in any Place be granted to examine or examine any such Conviction whether before or after any such Appeal.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force from time to time, for the Payment of any Stamp Duties or Duty, or for regulating any such Duties or Duty, or the Collection thereof, whether the same shall be Bill, Pleint or Informations, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, or by Civil Bill, or by any Proceeding before a Magistrate or Magistrates, or on any Writ of Error or Appeal from any Decision that the Original or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever, should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants or any of them, but it shall in all such cases be sufficient that the same be served on him, her or them then Place or Place of Abode; and if any such Defendant shall be an Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, and if such Proceeding shall in any such case be the Business of his Office, or any Officer, Act or Neglect therein, then it shall be sufficient to serve such Original or other Process, or Summons, or Notice, or Order, in manner aforesaid, at his Office, or some Person acting or employed in the Business thereof.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be liable to be committed before any Justice of the Peace for any Offence committed against this Act or any other Act, compelling or in any wife relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duty, unless Complaint shall be made within Twelve Months from the time of committing such Offence.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any of the said cases, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear (the Expector of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered, without a reasonable Excuse to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices of Sessions respectively, or, upon appearing, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LX. And

LX. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Pendency under this Act or under any Act, imposing or in any wise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, whether in any Suit to be instituted in any of the said Superior Courts, or by Civil Bill, or before a Justice or Justices, or at Sessions, any Informer or other Person who, in the Event of a Conviction, would be entitled to the Pendency to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, shall nevertheless be received and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding, and such Testimony shall, if believed, be sufficient thereon, to all Intents and Purposes, as far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence against any Act in any wise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*, which Conviction shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, without setting forth the Evidence, or stating the case in any more particular manner; that is to say,

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ (or, County of the City or Town of _____ as the case may be) was convicted before me C. D. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of _____ (or, County of the City, &c.) for that the said A. B. on the _____ Day of _____ now last past at _____ in the said County of _____ did (here state the Offence), contrary to the Statute in that case made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. B. to be bound for a Sum of _____ British Currency; and _____ for the Costs, which amounted together to the Sum of _____ Given under my Hand and Seal the _____ Day of _____

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Parchment and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County or County of a City or County of a Town (as the case may be), or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit to do, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Ten Pounds.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace for levying any Sum under any such Conviction from the Goods of any such Offender shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; that is to say,

To M. and N. and each of them, and their and each of their Assigns.

WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ now last past E. F. of _____ was duly convicted, for that he (or, she) on the _____ Day of _____ then last past at _____ in the said County of _____ (or, County of the City or Town of _____ as the case may be) did (here set out the Offence) and thereupon the said E. F. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty of _____ British Currency, and to _____ Costs, making together the Sum of _____ I do therefore by these Presents authorize and command you, and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said E. F. or a Sufficiency thereof, for levying the Sum last mentioned thereon, whenever you shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are by Public Sale thereof to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said E. F. the Overplus (if any) and the said Sum to be levied you shall bring to me without delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ One thousand _____

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Pendency, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, to the Words 'I do therefore by these Presents' which Words, and all from thence to the Words 'disposed of' according to Law, inclusive, shall be omitted, and then Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Place; to wit,— And Whereas on the _____ Day of _____ a Warrant was issued to levy the last mentioned

Sum from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum; I do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said E. F. wherever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before me the said C. D. or any other Magistrate of the said County.

And the Form of Command, for committing any such Offender to Prison, shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words 'I do therefore hereby authorize and command you,' there shall follow these Words, 'to recover unto your Custody the Body of the said E. F. and him (or, her) fairly to keep for _____ from the Date hereof, until the said Sum shall be sooner paid.' Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ One thousand _____

Penalty sought the same, provided nevertheless, that if the Person against whom an *Assessment* Proceeding shall be taken shall be an *Admiral* of any of the Superior Courts in *Ireland*, then the Service of Notice of a Detachment filed shall, *in such* Purposes stand, as if the same Effect as the Service of Summons or Process as aforesaid.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer in *Ireland*, shall neglect or refuse in any Instance to carry into execution the Act, or any Act or Acts which in or shall be in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, or any of the Provisions thereof, upon proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties by Order and under the Direction of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* to investigate any Evils, Penalties or Forfeitures which shall be incurred by any Delinquent of Stamps as aforesaid, or which shall at any time be imposed under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in *Ireland*, relating in any way to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in *Ireland*, in far as concerns the Properties of such Person, Penalty or Forfeiture imposed by such Justice of Peace, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not former.

[See as to the Stamp Duties, ante, c. 78.]

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to grant Duties of Customs, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from *Ireland*, in lieu of former Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties; and to make further Regulations for securing the Duties of Customs in *Ireland*. [14th June 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland* in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twelfth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided) without any Discount whatever upon the Importation into *Ireland* of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandise mentioned and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) the several several Duties of Customs inserted, defined and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule, according to the respective Amounts of the said Duties, and for and during, and from and after the several Periods and Times in the said Schedule mentioned, specified and set forth; and that on the Exportation of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandise from *Ireland* (except to Great Britain), there shall still be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks in respect of the said Duties of Importation, as the same are also respectively inserted, specified and set forth in the said Schedule marked (A.), and that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* (except to Great Britain) of the said Manufactures of *Ireland* defined in the Schedule marked (C.) to this Act annexed, there shall be paid and allowed the several Bounties and Allowances as the same are set forth and described in the Words and Figures therein mentioned, and that the said Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties payable in *Ireland* upon the Importation or Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the like Sorts under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or alter any of the Provisions contained in Two Acts for the Union of Great Britain and *Ireland*, the one made in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the other made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts in force on and immediately before the said Twelfth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, by which any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain, imported from Great Britain into *Ireland*, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Ireland*, exported from *Ireland* to Great Britain, are respectively made, to remain liable to, or are charged with, or exempted from any Duties of Customs or Excise, whether constituting or others, or by which any Drawbacks or Bounties are allowed or given in respect of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, save and except as to the Constituting or other Duties and Drawbacks granted by the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and *Ireland*, and which are or may be altered by this Act, or have been or may be altered by any other Act or Acts made or to be made in pursuance of the Provisions in the said Acts of Union for that Purpose.

be reported from *Ireland*, at any time after the said Twelfth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that the several and respective Drawbacks and Bounties, granted, allowed and made payable by or under this Act, or the said Schedules annexed, or any of them, shall be paid and allowed only on the Exportation of such Articles as shall have paid the several and respective Duties imposed thereon by this Act, and the Schedules (A.) and (B.) thereto annexed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Customs or Excise in *Great Britain* granted or made payable by any Act in force in *Great Britain* at the time of the passing of this Act upon any Articles on which any Duty is imposed by this Act, or the Schedules marked (A.) and (B.) thereto annexed, or any Part of such Duties in *Great Britain*, shall cease or determine or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in *Great Britain*, Provision shall be made that so much of the Duties of Customs granted by this Act and made payable in *Ireland*, as shall be equal to the Duties which shall be cease or determine or be repealed as aforesaid in *Great Britain*, shall in like manner cease or determine or be repealed, and shall not be payable in *Ireland* at any time after the time when such Duties of Customs or Excise or any Part thereof, shall cease or determine, or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in *Great Britain*, and the Duties of Customs made payable by this Act shall be reduced accordingly.

X. And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Rates and Duties, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*, it is, among other things, enacted, that whenever it shall happen that any of the Duties of Customs or Excise in *Great Britain*, granted or made payable by any Act in force in *Great Britain* upon any Articles on which any Duty is imposed by the said recited Act or the Schedules thereto annexed, or any Part of such Duties, in *Great Britain*, shall cease or determine or be repealed, or be or become no longer payable in *Great Britain*, Provision shall be made that so much of the Duty of Customs granted by the said recited Act and made payable in *Ireland*, as shall be equal to the Duties which shall be cease or determine or be repealed in *Great Britain*, shall in like manner cease or determine or be repealed and shall not be payable in *Ireland*: And Whereas under and by virtue of the Exemption contained in an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act in continuation and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandises*, a certain Proportion of the Duties of Customs in *Great Britain* on the Importation of Cotton Wool in certain Ships will cease and determine from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and it is therefore just and necessary that a certain Proportion of the Duties on Cotton Wool imported into *Ireland* on certain Ships should in like manner cease and determine pursuant to the intent and meaning in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Sums of Eight Shillings and Four pence *British* Currency, Part of the several and respective Duties payable upon every One hundred Pounds Weight of Cotton Wool imported into *Ireland*, under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, shall cease and determine, and shall no longer be payable in *Ireland* upon any Cotton Wool which shall be imported into *Ireland* in *British* or *Irish*-built Ships, registered and registered according to Law, or which shall be imported into *Ireland* from any of the Dominions of the Crown of Portugal in any Foreign-built Ship: Provided always, that the several and respective Duties granted and made payable under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or the Schedules thereto annexed, on Cotton Wool imported into *Ireland* in any other Ships or Vessels, shall continue and remain payable as if this Act had not been made.

XI. And Whereas, by an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in the first eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to permit certain Goods imported into Ireland to be warehoused or stored without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid*, it is, among other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises enumerated and described in the Schedule to the said Act annexed marked (B.) which shall be legally imported or brought into the Port of Dublin, or into any Port in *Ireland* to which Tobacco may by Law be imported, to land any such Goods, Wares and Merchandises without Payment, at the time of the first Entry thereof, of the Duty on the Importation thereof: And Whereas it is expedient to permit and suffer such Goods, Wares and Merchandises to be imported, landed and imported in any Port in *Ireland*, although the same shall not be a Port at which Tobacco may by Law be imported: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Consignee or Consignees of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises enumerated or described in the said Table marked (B.) to the said Act annexed, which shall be legally imported or brought into any Port in *Ireland* whatever, to land any such Goods, Wares and Merchandises at such Ports without Payment at the time of the first Entry thereof of the Duties due on the Importation thereof, and such Goods, Wares and Merchandises may be landed or secured in any Port or in any such Place, and under such Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the Commissioners of Customs, and Port Duties, or any two or more of them, shall from time to time order, appoint and direct; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: and all and every the Provisions, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in the said Act annexed shall extend and be construed to extend to such Goods, Wares and Merchandises in every respect, to all Intents and Purposes, and if the same had been entered, landed and secured in any of the Ports in the said Act mentioned, under the Provision and Authority of the said recited Act of the first eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

XII. And

Duties reported
on Cotton Wool
imported into
Ireland in
British or
Irish-built
Ships shall
cease.

24 G. 3. c. 137

§ 12

Act, c. 25.

Duty on Cotton
Wool imported
into Ireland to
cease.

Tobacco.

24 G. 3. c. 24.

§ 8.

Goods described
in Act landed
in any Port within
and between of
England, and
Ireland, under
such Regulations
as Comptroller
may think fit.

Goods delivered
into such Quay
shall enjoy
Duty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Quantity of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which shall have been lodged in Warehouses, or secured without Payment of Duty, shall at any time or by any means fall short or be deficient of the actual Quantity which might or be or might have been or should have been, after allowing for so much and such Part of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, as shall have been delivered for Exportation or Home Consumption, if any such shall have been so delivered, the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be subject and liable to the full Duties due and payable upon such Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively, at the time when such Deficiency shall be ascertained, for or in respect of the Quantity so deficient as aforesaid, and shall pay and satisfy the same before the Bond given or entered into on the warehousing or securing of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be delivered up or cancelled, and before any of the said Goods, Wares or Merchandise is warehoused or landed, then remaining, shall be permitted to be taken out, either for Exportation or for Home Consumption; and all such Goods, Wares or Merchandise so remaining, shall be subject to the Duties so deficient, and shall and may be sold for Payment of the same, and of Warehouse Rent, and other Charges, upon the Expiration of the time for re-accepting the same, or paying the Duties thereon.

Goods entered
for Exportation
shall be
subject to
Duty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, which shall have been warehoused or otherwise secured in *Ireland*, according to the Directions of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for that Purpose, shall, after having been entered for Exportation, be fraudulently smuggled or reloaded, except by necessity or Distress, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise in *Ireland*.

Goods of the
United States
imported from
any Port or
Place in the
United States,
shall be
subject to
Duty.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to import directly or through *Great Britain*, from any Port or Place whatever within any Foreign State, or from *Madeira* or *Gibraltar*, any Sort of unmanufactured Tobacco in *British* or *Irish*-built Ships, towed, navigated and registered according to Law, or in Ships or Vessels belonging to any Country or State in Amity with His Majesty, navigated in any manner whatever, into any of the Ports of *Ireland* into which Tobacco may by Law be imported, and in such land, and lodge or store such Tobacco in any Warehouse or Warehouses provided according to Law for the Reception of Tobacco in *Ireland*; and that such Tobacco may be exported from *Ireland* in like manner, or entered for Home Trade or Consumption in *Ireland*, on Payment of the like Duties as Tobacco of the Growth or Product of the United States of *America* may be exported from *Ireland* or entered for Home Trade or Consumption in *Ireland* respectively at the time; and that the Exporter of any such Tobacco which shall be so imported shall, upon the said Tobacco being manufactured in *Ireland*, and exported according to Law, be entitled to and shall be allowed such and the like Drawbacks as are severally and respectively allowed upon the several Sorts and Descriptions of Tobacco manufactured from Tobacco of the Growth or Product of the United States of *America*, legally exported from *Ireland*.

Malagasy, and
other
goods, when
imported, shall
be subject to
Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who at any time after the passing of this Act shall import into *Ireland* any Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals, shall make Entry of such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals respectively, within One Calendar Month next after Report shall be made of the Entrance of the Vessel in which such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals shall be imported; and if any Importer of such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals shall neglect so to make such Entry within such time as aforesaid, such Importer shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds *British* Currency; and in case any such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals, shall be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, all such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals, shall be cleared and taken out of and from the Warehouse or Place in which the same shall have been lodged and secured within Fifteen Calendar Months, to be computed from the Expiration of such Calendar Month next after such Report is made; and in case of Failure or Neglect in clearing and taking out such Timber within such Term of Fifteen Calendar Months, to be computed as aforesaid, such Mahogany, Timber, Wood or Deals shall be sold, and the Produce thereof applied in such manner as is directed with respect to all Goods, Wares and Merchandise, by the said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's King, for the permitting Goods imported into *Ireland* to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

Goods imported
from
Leeward
Islands, shall
be subject to
Duty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandise of the Produce of Countries within the *Leeward Sea*, imported into *Ireland* under the Authority of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable in *Ireland* to the Leeward Company, in like manner as if such Goods, Wares and Merchandise had been imported into *Ireland* directly from Turkey.

On Exportation
of Beef, Pork,
Tongues, Hams
or Bacon, from
Ireland, shall
be subject to
Duty.

XVII. And be it declared and enacted, That upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to any Place except *Great Britain* of any Beef, Pork, Tongues, Hams or Bacon, salted in *Ireland*, with Salt the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Ireland*, there shall be paid and allowed to the Exporter of such Beef, Pork, Tongues, Hams or Bacon, the like Allowance or Bounty in the way of Drawback, for or in respect of the Duties charged upon such Salt used in the salting of such Beef, Pork, Tongues, Hams or Bacon, as is by Law allowed, and made payable on Beef, Pork, Tongues, Hams or Bacon, salted in *Ireland*, with Salt the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain*.

Certificates
shall be
issued for
Coffee, Sugar
and Tea.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for Importing Merchants, in Ports in *Ireland* where Tobacco may by Law be imported, to give Certificates for all such Coffee, Sugar and Tea as they shall sell to Persons residing within the same Port or Place where they

they shall have imported the same, of the several Parcels or Quantities of such Coffee, Sugar or Tea which they shall have shipped, which Certificate shall have the same Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes to protect such Coffee, Sugar and Tea within each Port or Place as Passes have in respect to Goods coming or carrying from one Place to another; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall, within any Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek in Ireland be put on board any Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Barge or Boat, in order to be shipped or put on board any other Vessel, Slip or Barge for the Purpose of being exported from Ireland, and also whenever any Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall, within any Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek in Ireland be shipped, or taken out of any Ship or Vessel in order to be put into or on board of any Lighter, Wherry, Barge or Boat, for the Purpose of being retailed and landed in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or for the Collector or Surveyor of the Port, or Tide Surveyor, or other Officer appointed by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any of them, in each and every of the respective places aforesaid, to place an Officer or Officers of the Customs, not exceeding Two in Number, on board such Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Barge or Boat, from the time that any Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be begun to be put into or on board such Lighter, Gabbard, Barge or Boat, there to remain for such time as to the said Commissioners, Collector, Surveyor or other Officers aforesaid in their Discretion shall seem fit; and every Owner, Master or other Person or Persons having charge of any such Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Barge or Boat, in the respective cases aforesaid, shall provide such Officer or Officers with a Bed or Hammock to rest or sleep in under the Deck, or in some other Covered Part or Place of such Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Barge or Boat, as shall be deemed good and sufficient by the superior Officer or Officers of such Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek, to protect such Officer or Officers as placed on board from the Inclemency of the Weather, and shall also provide such Officer or Officers with good and sufficient Food during the time of his or her being placed on board, and shall land such Officer or Officers at such Place within each Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek, as such superior Officer or Officers aforesaid shall direct; and for any Neglect or Refusal in any of the cases aforesaid, such Owner, Master or other Person having charge as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Irish Currency.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties, and Drawbacks and Bounties, by this Act granted or allowed, and made payable, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied in the same Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed, for the raising, collecting, levying and paying and managing of Duties, Drawbacks or Bounties payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Ireland, or for the levying and applying any Fees, Penalties or Forfeitures, as and by any Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Bill of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by any Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal, as and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid is provided.

On Shipping Goods, Officers of Customs shall be put on board Lighters, &c. and be provided for.

Penalty.
Duties and Drawbacks have been and paid.

22 & 23 Geo. 4.
(1) Sect. 4 & 5.

46 G. 3. c. 106.
Sec.

Appeal.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

INCREASED DUTIES of Customs to be paid and DRAWBACKS to be allowed upon the following Goods, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Articles.

	DUTY.		DRAWBACK.	
	British Currency	Irish Currency	British Currency	Irish Currency
For and upon every Pound Weight Avordupois of Hops, the Growth and Produce of Great Britain, imported directly from thence into Ireland.	4s. 6d.	4s. 6d.	4s. 6d.	4s. 6d.
For and upon every Hundred Weight of solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark and other Vegetable Substances imported into Ireland, to be used for the Purpose of Tanning Leather, and for no other Purpose whatsoever, not being the Manufacture of Great Britain.	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3
[See Duties in Great Britain, c. 95. § 1. 1st.]	0 3 0	—	—	—

SCHEDULE (A).—*continued*

Silk, the Growth or Produce of any Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, For every lb. containing 16 Ounces Avoirdupois Weight of Kinds or Hanks of Silk, the lb. - - - - - Raw Silk; viz., Bengal Raw Silk, the lb. - - - - - - - - - - of any other Sort, the lb. - - - - - Waste Silk, the lb. - - - - - —, the Growth or Produce of any other Place, For every lb. containing 16 Ounces Avoirdupois Weight of Kinds or Hanks of Silk, the lb. - - - - - Raw Silk, the lb. - - - - - Thrown Silk, organised, dyed, the lb. - - - - - - - - - - not dyed, the lb. - - - - - - - - - - not organised, dyed, the lb. - - - - - - - - - - not dyed, the lb. - - - - - Waste Silk not otherwise enumerated or defructed, the lb. - - - - -	From 1 st 1 st Day of January 1812, to 31 st 12 th of January 1817, inclusive.			From 1 st 1 st Day of January 1817, to 31 st 12 th of January 1818, inclusive.			From and after 1 st 1 st Day of January 1818.					
	Duty		Dutiable	Duty		Dutiable	Duty		Dutiable			
	British Currency.			British Currency.			British Currency.					
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
	0	2	7	—	0	3	9	—	0	3	9	—
	0	3	8	—	0	4	3	—	0	5	7½	—
	0	2	7	—	0	3	9	—	0	3	9	—
	0	3	8	0	1	1	0	3	11	0	1	8
	0	3	8	0	1	10	0	4	7	0	3	9
	1	10	4	0	12	8	1	17	11	0	15	11
	0	9	9	0	4	1	0	12	8	0	5	1
	1	10	4	0	12	8	1	17	11	0	15	11
	0	19	6	0	8	2	1	4	4	0	10	2
	0	3	7	0	1	8	0	3	3	0	1	8
	0	3	7	0	1	8	0	3	3	0	3	11½

SCHEDULE (B.)

COUNTERVAILING DUTIES.

Upon Silk Manufactures of Great Britain imported into Ireland, Upon every lb. containing 16 Ounces Avoirdupois, of	From the 1 st 1 st Day of May 1815, to 31 st 12 th Day of January 1817 inclusive.		From 1 st 1 st Day of January 1817, to 31 st 12 th Day of January 1818 inclusive.		From and after 1 st 1 st Day of January 1818.	
	British Currency.		British Currency.		British Currency.	
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
All Ribbons and Stuffs of Silk only, the lb.	0	4	10	0	6	1
All Silks and Ribbons of Silk mixed with Gold and Silver, the lb.	0	6	4	0	7	11
All Silk Stockings, Silk Gloves, Silk Fringe, Silk Laces, Stitching and Sewing Silk, the lb.	0	2	10	0	3	7
All Manufactures of Silk not otherwise enumerated or defructed, the lb.	0	3	9	0	4	8
All Stuffs of Silk and Grosgrain Yarn, the lb.	0	1	1	0	1	4
All Stuffs mixed with Jacone or Cotton, the lb.	0	1	8	0	2	1
All Stuffs of Silk and Woolled worsted, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	12
All Stuffs of Silk mixed with any other Material, the lb.	0	1	2	0	1	6

SCHE-

SCHEDULE (C.)

BOUNTIES on EXPORTATION of the SILK MANUFACTURES of Ireland to Foreign Countries; *vide* list.

Manufactures of Ireland made of or mixed with Silk, exported under the Regulations required by Law; <i>vide</i> list.	Duty per Cwt.	
	£.	s. d.
Upon every lb. containing 16 Grains Avoirdupois Weight of Ribbons and Stuffs of Silk only, the lb. - - - - -	0	5 0
Gases or Crapes, the lb. - - - - -	0	5 0
N. B. Two Thirds on Gases, One Third on Crapes, to be deducted for Gains or Drains.		
Silk Stockings, Gloves, Fringes, Laces, Stitching or Sewing Silk, the lb. - - - - -	0	5 0
— and Ribbons of Silk, mixed with Gold and Silver, the lb. - - - - -	0	0 8
— Stuffs of Silk and Geogran Yarn, the lb. - - - - -	0	1 3
— Stuffs of Silk mixed with Woollen or Cotton, the lb. - - - - -	0	1 8
— Stuffs of Silk and Woollen, the lb. - - - - -	0	0 10

CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act to regulate the Payment of the Duties of Customs on Foreign Goods imported into Great Britain from Ireland, or into Ireland from Great Britain; and of the Drawbacks on the Exportation of Goods the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland, having been imported into either Country from the other. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS by the Acts passed in the Parliaments of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it is, among other things, enacted, that His Majesty's Subjects of Great Britain and Ireland shall be entitled to the same Privileges, and be on the same Footing generally in respect to Trade and Navigation in all Ports and Places in the United Kingdom and its Dependencies, and that all Duty charged on the Import of Foreign or Colonial Goods into either Country shall, on their Export to the other, be either drawn back, or the Amount (if any be retained) shall be placed to the Credit of the Country to which they shall be so exported: And Whereas Duties of Customs are imposed in Great Britain and Ireland respectively on certain Foreign Goods, Wares and Merchandise, imported in British-built Ships, and higher Duties of Customs are imposed on the like Goods, Wares and Merchandise, if imported in Foreign Ships; and Doubts may arise what Duties Foreign Goods are liable to, which, having been imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, are afterwards imported into either Country from the other: Be it therefore enacted and declared by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on the Importation of any Foreign or Colonial Goods, Wares and Merchandise, into Ireland from Great Britain, or into Great Britain from Ireland respectively, which shall have been previously imported from Foreign Parts into the Country from which the same shall be exported to the other, such Import Duty of Customs shall be paid and payable as if such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, had been imported from Foreign Parts either in a Foreign Ship or in a British Ship, according as they were in fact first imported from Foreign Parts into the Country from whence they shall be exported to the other.

II. And, for the Purpose of ascertaining whether any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise were first imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, in a British or Foreign Ship, be it enacted, That in every Cocket or Clearance of any Foreign Goods, Wares or Merchandise, which shall be exported from Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to Great Britain respectively, it shall be specified and set forth whether such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, were first imported in a British-built Ship, or in a Foreign Ship into the Country from whence they shall be so exported to the other, and the Import Duty of Customs on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be payable in the Country into which they shall be imported from the other accordingly; and if it shall not be expressed and set forth in such Cocket or Clearance of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, whether the same were in fact imported in a British Ship or in a Foreign Ship, then and in such case such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be and be deemed liable to such Import Duties of Customs in the Country into which they shall be imported from the other, as if the same had been imported into such Country in a Foreign Ship; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, it is, among other things, enacted, that certain Articles the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either Country, imported into each Country from the other, shall be subject to certain specific Duties in the said Acts mentioned, and that any Articles of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either Country, which are or may be subject to Internal Duty, or to Duty on the Materials of which they are composed, may be made subject on their Importation into each Country respectively from the other, to Consuering Duties in manner in the said Acts mentioned, and certain Articles (specified in a Schedule in the said Acts contained) are subjected to the

55 Geo. III.

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C. 82.

Counterselling Duties therein set forth, liable to be taken off, diminished or increased, in manner in the said Acts specified; and it is provided that upon the Export of the said Articles from each Country to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given equal to Amount to the Counterselling Duty, which shall be payable as such Articles on the Import thereof into the same Country from the other: And Whereas Duties have arisen with respect to the Drawbacks payable under the Intent and Meaning of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, on the Exportation of any of the said Articles to Foreign Parts, or to the Country from whence the same were imported; Be it therefore enacted and enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, which shall have been exported into either Country from the other, shall be exported from either Country to the other, or to Foreign Parts, the Exporter of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall be entitled to and shall be allowed and shall receive a Drawback equal to the full Amount of the Duty, whether counterselling or others, which shall have been actually paid on such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, when the same were imported into Great Britain or Ireland respectively from each other, according to the Intent and Meaning of the said Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, increase or diminish any Drawback payable by Law on any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, Article, Matter or Thing exported directly from Great Britain or Ireland respectively to Foreign Parts, in any case where the specific Amount of such Drawback is or may be ascertained by any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by the said Acts granted or allowed and made payable shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied in the same manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, Penalties and Forfeitures, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed, for the raising, collecting, levying, paying and applying of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandise imported into and exported from Great Britain or Ireland respectively, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like remedy of Appeal as and for the Duty or Duties agreed, as is provided in and by the said Acts or any of them in Great Britain or Ireland respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to import into Great Britain from Ireland and into Ireland from Great Britain respectively, as well for Sale as for Private Use, Foreign Wines of any Sort in Bottles or Flasks, in Packages, each of which shall contain at the least Six Dozen sealed Quart Bottles or Flasks, upon Payment of the several and respective Duties, as well of Customs as Excise due and payable on the Importation of such Wines into Great Britain or Ireland respectively, provided that such Wines shall be imported in British or Irish-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in such Manner, and under and according to such and the like Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, and subject to such and the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are provided and enacted in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, relating to the Duties of Customs and Excise, in far as the same are applicable thereto; and in case any Foreign Wines in Bottles or Flasks shall be imported in any less Quantity or otherwise than in such Packages, and in such Ships or Vessels as aforesaid, the same shall be and are hereby declared to be forbidden, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise in Great Britain or Ireland respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to amend so much of an Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, as relates to fixing the Limits of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, and also so much of an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to granting Letters of Administration to the Effects of Persons dying intestate within the several Presidencies in the East Indies, to the Registrar of the Ecclesiastical Courts; and to enable the Governor in Council of the said Presidencies to remove Persons not being British Subjects; and to make Provision for the Judges in the East Indies in certain Cases. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, made and passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain Limitations; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating in certain Uses the Revenue and Profits of the said Company; and for making Provision for the good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay*; it was, amongst other things, enacted, that if any Question should arise touching or concerning the true Limits and Extent of the Towns and Factories of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay respectively, or any of them, the same should be enquired into by the Governor General in Council at Fort William, in respect to the Limits and Extent of Calcutta, and by the Governor in Council at Fort Saint George in respect to the Limits and Extent of Madras, and the Governor in Council at Bombay in respect

When Goods
Imported into
either Country
from the other
Duties exported,
Exporters al-
lowed Drawback
equal to Duty,
&c.

Proviso for
Drawback pay-
able by Law.

Duties and
Drawbacks here
and paid.

Agreed.

Foreign Wines
in Bottles, &c.
containing Six
Dozen Quart
Bottles, or Flasks
Imported into
either Country
from the other.

Act amended,
&c.

3501-18

1815

to the Town of *Bombay*; and that such Limits as the said respective Governments by Order in Council should declare and prescribe to be the Limits of the said Towns and Factories respectively, should be held, deemed and taken in Law as the true Limits of the same; any Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And Whereas by reason of the Increase of the Population of the Towns of *Calcutta*, *Madras* and *Bombay*, it is expedient that the several Governments of *Fort William*, *Fort Saint George* and *Bombay* in the *East Indies*, should be farther empowered, in manner hereinafter mentioned, to extend from time to time the Limits of the said several Towns: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor General in Council at *Fort William* in *Bengal*, from time to time, as circumstances shall in their Judgment require, to extend the Limits of the Town of *Calcutta*; and to and for the Governor in Council at *Fort Saint George*, from time to time, as circumstances shall in their Judgment require, to extend the Limits of the Town of *Madras*; and to and for the Governor in Council at *Bombay*, from time to time, as circumstances shall in their Judgment require, to extend the Limits of the Town of *Bombay*; and that such extended Limits as the said respective Governments shall from time to time, to and by their respective Orders in Council, or by their Regulations, declare and prescribe as aforesaid to be the Limits of the said Towns respectively, shall, from the time of publishing such Orders in Council, or Regulations by Proclamations, at the respective Periods, be held, deemed and taken, as and for the true Limits of the same; and from time to time, as any Extension shall be made thereof, all Jurisdictions, Powers and Authorities which by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Charter or Charters, or any Law or Usage, shall or may be bounded or regulated by the Limits of the said Towns respectively, shall thenceforth be bounded and regulated by the Limits of the said Towns respectively, as they shall be declared and prescribed from time to time in manner herebefore mentioned: any Custom, Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Order in Council or Regulation aforesaid to be made, and ordering or prescribing the Limits of any of the said Towns, shall be valid or effectual, until it shall have been sanctioned, or shall have been authorized to be made and passed by the Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, with the Approbation of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of *India*.

Limits of Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

Provis.

11. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for abolishing further Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India, and for the better Administration of Justice within the same*, it was enacted, among other things, that whenever any British Subject should die intestate, within either of the Presidencies of *Fort William*, *Fort Saint George* or *Bombay*, or the Territories subordinate to or become subordinate thereto, and on Return of the Statute to be filed from the proper Ecclesiastical Court, no next of Kin or Creditor should appear and make out their Claim to the Administration of the Effects of the Intestate to the Satisfaction of the said Court, it should and might be lawful for the Registrar of such Court, and he was thereby required to apply for, and such Court was thereby directed to grant Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, to such Registrar, in manner as the said Act forth said: And Whereas the said Act doth not expressly provide for the case of Executors or Administrators, or Persons entitled to Administration, as hereinafter mentioned, not resident within the Jurisdiction of such Courts, who may have appointed Attorneys resident or being therein; and it hath been doubted whether the said Courts were not required under the said Act, to grant Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration to their Registrars, in preference to Attorneys so appointed; and it is fit that such Doubts be removed: Be it therefore enacted and declared, That when the Executor or Administrator lawfully appeared, or the Person entitled to Administration as next of Kin or ordinary Legatee with the Will annexed, or any Person deceased, whose Effects shall be subject to the Jurisdiction of any of the said Courts in respect to the granting of Administration, not being resident within the Jurisdiction of such Court, shall have appointed or shall hereafter appoint, either by Power of Attorney under Seal, or by any other sufficient Authority, to be sworn to the Satisfaction of the said Court, any Person or Persons resident or being within such Jurisdiction to act for such Executor or Administrator, or Person entitled to Administration as aforesaid, in collecting or administering in any manner the Effects of the Deceased, the Person or Persons so appointed shall be entitled to obtain Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, either General or Special, as the Town of such Authority and the nature of the case may require, preferably to the Registrar of such Court, and all other Persons to whom such Executor or Administrator, or Persons entitled as aforesaid would have had a preferable Claim, if personally resident within the Jurisdiction of the said Court.

30 & 40 G. 3. c. 21.

s. 21.

A.

Enacted Act, which does not mention the Executors.

12. And be it further enacted, That where any Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration shall have been granted to the Registrar of such Court, and Application shall be afterwards made by any Person or Persons as aforesaid for the Revocation thereof, in order to grant any other Letters to such Person or Persons, the Letters so granted to such Registrar shall be revoked, unless it shall appear to the said Court that there has been unreasonable Delay, either in the Transference of the Authority under which such Application is made, or in making such Application: Provided always, that when any Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration shall have been already granted to the Registrar of any such Court by virtue of the Act herebefore recited, and shall be revoked on the Application of such Attorney or Attorneys as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Court, if they shall think fit, to direct that the whole or Part of any Commission, in respect to the Administration of Affairs which may arise or become due by virtue of any reasonable Custom, obtaining within the Jurisdiction of such Court, shall be allowed to such Registrar out of any Affairs which may have come to his Hands, regard being had to the Trouble and Responsibility actually incurred, and to the Service rendered by the said Registrar in the Collection of such Affairs: Provided also, that nothing in this

Letters of A. B. may be used in England and Wales.

Provis.

Act contained shall be confined to render necessary the taking out of Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration from any of the Courts aforesaid, by any such Attorney or Attorneys, otherwise than it would have been if this Act had not been made; and that no Claim or Right to any such Commission in respect of Administration of Estates as aforesaid, shall be deemed to accrue to any such Attorney or Attorneys by reason of Letters *ad colligenda* or Administration, taken out by him or them in virtue of such Authority as aforesaid, nor any other or further Commission that would have been payable to him or them as Agents, either according to the usual and reasonable Rates of such an Agency, or by special Agreement.

Not to affect Rights of Persons entitled to Probate of Wills or Administration of Estates of Persons deceased before passing of Act, &c.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not, nor shall any thing herein contained, in any way prejudice or affect the Rights, Claims, Actions, Suits or Appeals of any Person or Persons being entitled or claiming to be entitled, either as Principal or Principals, Attorney or Attorneys, to the Probate or Probates of any Will or Wills, Codicil or Codicils, or Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration of the Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Person or Persons who shall have died before the passing of this Act: nor the Rights, Claims, Actions, Suits or Appeals of any Person or Persons claiming or suing, or to claim or sue for the Recall or Repeal of any Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, granted of the Goods, Chattels or Effects of any Person or Persons who shall have died before the passing of this Act, which may have been or shall be granted to any such Registrar as hereinafter mentioned: nor to the Rights, Claims, Actions, Suits or Appeals of any Person or Persons claiming or to claim as Executors, Legatees, or next of Kin of any Person or Persons who shall have died before the passing of this Act, in any way relating to the Goods, Chattels, Property, Estate or Effects of such deceased Person or Persons, or to the Trustees, Agents, Attas, Deeds, Neglects, Delinquents, Intermeddlings or Accruals of any such Registrar relating to any such Goods, Chattels, Property, Estate or Effects, or under or by Pretence of any Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, which may have been granted to him; nor in any way to entitle any such Registrar to any Commission, Compensation or Allowance in respect of any thing done or to be done by him in relation to the Goods, Chattels, Debits, Credits, Estate or Effects of any Person or Persons who shall have died before the passing of this Act, which he would not have been entitled to if this Act had not been passed; but every Person being entitled to or claiming any such Probate or Probates, Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, or to have any such Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration, recalled or repealed, or having or being entitled to or claiming or to claim any such Cause or Causes of Action, Suit or Appeal, shall be entitled thereto, and all Benefit and Advantage thereof, and to prosecute and carry on the same, in the same manner as he, she or they would have been entitled if this Act had not been passed.

Registrar, when appointed Administrator, to enter in Book Register Accounts.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the Registrar of any of the said Courts shall be appointed Administrator under the aforesaid Act, besides filing an Inventory and Account Current according to the Tenor of the Administration Bond and the usual course of the Ecclesiastical Court, he shall enter into a Book to be kept by him for that purpose, separate and distinct Accounts of such Estate, and of all such Sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities for Money, Goods, Effects and Things, as shall come to his Hands, or to the Hands of any Person employed by him, or in trust for him by virtue of any Letters *ad colligenda* or of Administration granted to him under the Authority of the said Act, and likewise of all Payments made by him for or on account of the said Estates, and of all Debts due by or to the same, specifying the Dates of such Receipts and Payments respectively; which said Book shall be kept in the Registrar's Office, and shall be open for the Inspection of all such Persons, Practitioners in the said Courts or others, as may have Occasion to inspect the same, at Office Hours, paying such reasonable Fee as may be fixed therefore by the said Courts, and so more; and the said Registrar shall twice in every Year; that is, on the First Day of March and the Twenty second Day of October, or on the First Day after those Days on which their respective Courts shall be sitting, exhibit and deliver in open Court, a true and perfect Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds or other Securities, received on account of each Estate remaining under their Charge, together with the Payments made thereon, and the Balances; and also of all Administrations whereof the Balances shall have been paid over to the Persons entitled to the same, since the Period of exhibiting the last Schedule, specifying the Amount of such Balances, and the Persons to whom paid; which Schedule shall be filed of Record in the said Courts, and shall within Fourteen Days afterwards be published in the Gazettes of the Presidencies within which such Courts are respectively situated, by the said Registrar, who shall likewise cause Copies thereof, in triplicate, to be delivered to the Chief Secretary at each Presidency, and the same shall be transmitted by the respective Governments at such Presidencies to the Court of Directors of the East India Company, who, upon the Receipt thereof, shall cause the same to be published in the London Gazette.

Registrar to exhibit Schedule of Money, &c. received on Account of Estates under their Charge, &c.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient that the several Governments in the East India should be enabled to prevent Subjects of Foreign States from residing or sojourning within the British Territories there, applied to the Councils of such Governments respectively. Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor General in Council, and to and for the Governor in Council or Chief Officer for the time being of any Presidency, or of any Place not being subordinate to any Presidency under the Government of the United Company of Merchants of England trading in the East Indies, to cause Notice in Writing to be given to any Person, not being a Native of any Part of the British Territories in India, or within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, other than such natural born Subjects of His Majesty as may from time to time lawfully resort to or reside in the East Indies, to remove himself or herself from such Presidency, or from all or any Part of the British Territories in the East Indies, as may be deemed expedient, within a time to be limited by such Notice: And in case any such Person shall not obey such Notice, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor General in Council or Governor in Council or other Chief Officer, as the case may be, of the Place where such Person shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended.

Minister of Person not being British Subjects.

apprehended and brought before the Court of Civil or Criminal Judicature, to the Satisfaction whereof such Place may be Subject; and upon Proof being made upon Oath to the Satisfaction of such Court, that such Person is an Alien and the Subject of a Foreign State, and that such Notice as aforesaid has been served on such Person, either personally or by leaving the same at his Dwelling-house, unless such Person shall prove that he is a natural born Subject of His Majesty authorized to reside in India, or a Native of the British Territories in India, or within the Limits of the Charter of the Company, for the making whereof Proof reasonable time and Opportunity shall be allowed by the said Court, such Person shall be removed by the said Court into the Custody of the Governor General, Governor or Chief Officer, who shall, as soon as may be, cause such Person to be removed in such manner as his or her Rank, State and Condition in Life shall require, by the first convenient Opportunity, to the Country or Place to which he or she shall belong, if he or she shall be willing to go thither, or otherwise to such Country or Place as the Governor General, Governor or Officer by whose Authority he or she shall have been apprehended or shall be detained, shall be of opinion shall be most proper, regard being had to the Convenience of the Person to be removed, and the Peace and Security of the British Territories in the East Indies, and of the Allies of His Majesty and of the East India Company, and of any neighbouring Prince or States; and in the mean time and until such Person can be conveniently and properly removed, a Jail and may be lawful to detain him or her in such Custody or under such Guard as the Person by whose Authority he or she shall have been apprehended or shall be detained shall see fit and necessary, so as that the Person detained may be put to as little inconvenience as shall be, consistent with the Object of his or her Detention: And in case any such Person, having removed him or herself in pursuance of any such Notice, or, having been so removed, shall again wilfully return to any Country or Place from which he or she shall have had Notice to remove, without the Consent of the Government or Chief Officer of the Place to which he or she shall be return, it shall and may be lawful to send for the Governor General in Council, or Governor in Council, or Chief Officer of the Place where such Person shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended and detained in safe Custody, until he or she shall be discharged out of Custody, upon such Terms and Conditions as the Governor General in Council, Governor in Council or other Chief Officer at the Place where he or she shall be detained, shall deem sufficient for the Peace and Security of the British Territories, and of the Allies of His Majesty and of the East India Company, and of the neighbouring Prince and States.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to carry into Execution any Warrant or Authority for the Apprehension, Detention or Removal of any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, notwithstanding he, she or they may be in Custody, or delivered to Bail, or in Execution on any Civil Process, and notwithstanding any Licence, Privilege or Protection whatsoever; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no British Subject, nor any Native of the British Territories in India, or within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, shall be apprehended, detained or removed, by virtue of any of the Provisions herein contained, nor shall any thing herein contained in anywise alter or affect any Law or Statute under or by virtue of which any British Subject may resort to or be restrained from resorting to the East Indies: Provided also, that it shall not be lawful to apprehend, detain or remove any Person being the Subject of any Foreign State, under or by virtue of this Act, in any way inconsistent with any Treaty made or to be made by His Majesty or the East India Company, and in the Benefit of which such Person shall be entitled.

VIII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the better Administration of Justice at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, and for preventing British Subjects from being concerned in Laws in the Native Princes in India*, it was enacted, among other things, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, under certain Limitations in the said Act expressed, to direct the Payment of a Yearly Sum out of the Territorial Revenues in India to any Chief Justice or other Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, who should have resided in India as Judge of the said Supreme Court for Seven Years; and to any Recorder of the Court of Judicature at Bombay, who should have resided in India as such Recorder for Five Years, and who, from Age, Infirmary or other Cause, is approved by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, should return to Europe, not exceeding to any such Chief Justice Two thousand Pounds *per Annum*, to any such Judge Fifteen hundred Pounds *per Annum*, or to any Recorder of Bombay Twelve hundred Pounds *per Annum*: And Whereas also by the Act aforesaid passed in the Thirtieth and Fortieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, it was enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, under certain Limitations therein also expressed, to direct an Allowance from the said Revenues to any Chief Justice or Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, who should have resided in India for Seven Years, either as Chief Justice or Passed Judge of the said Court at Fort William, or of the said Court at Madras, and should return to Europe, for any such Cause, and with such Approbation as aforesaid, not exceeding, to such Chief Justice Sixteen hundred Pounds *per Annum*, nor to such Passed Judge Twelve hundred Pounds *per Annum*: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made respecting the said Allowances in case of the Promission or Removal of any Person from any of the said Courts to any other thereof, and also in case of the Resignation of any Chief Justice, Judge or Recorder of any of the said Courts, with the Approbation of His Majesty, although the Person so resigning should not return to Europe: Be it therefore enacted, That where any Person shall have resided in India Seven Years, either as Chief Justice or Judge of His Majesty's Supreme Courts of Fort William or Madras, or Recorder at Bombay, and shall, from Age, Infirmary or other Cause, be approved of by His Majesty, resign such Office, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct the Payment out of the Territorial Revenues, to such Person, of a yearly

Warrant or Authority
to carry into Execution
provisions.

Part II.

Proviso.

31 G. 3. c. 12
s. 8

s. 11.
s. 17.

39 G. 3. c. 2.
s. 79. s. 8.

Chief Justice or
Judge of Fort
William, the
Recorder.

Advances.

Perils.

Limitation of
Action.

General War.

Tribute Costs.

yearly sum not exceeding the highest Rate of Allowance limited by the said Acts to each one of the said Officers of Chief Justice or Judge at *Feri Willem*, Chief Justice or Judge at *Middlen*, or Recorder at *Brady*, as the said Perils shall have filed, provided he shall have filed the same for Four Years at the least; and that such Allowance shall be payable to such Person, although he shall not return to *Exoner*: Provided, that if such Person be thereafter re-appointed to any of the said Offices, such Payment shall from thenceforward cease.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against the said United Company, or any of their Servants, or any Person or Persons whomsoever, for any thing done in pursuance or under colour of this Act, until Twenty Days' Notice shall have been given to the said Company, or to the Person or Persons respectively against whom the same is to be brought, or after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof shall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after Three Years next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or that a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made before the Commencement of such Action or Suit, or that such Action or Suit hath been commenced after the time limited for bringing the same, or in any other manner than as directed by this Act, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied; and in such case, or in any other case wherein the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or discontinue his or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or wherein Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs upon Demurrer, or Objection in nature of a Demurrer, or where a Verdict, or Judgment in nature of a Verdict, shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, he or they shall have Treble Costs awarded, to be paid by the respective Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Action or Suit.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to amend and continue for One Year, and until Twelve Months after the Termination of the present War by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, Two Acts of His present Majesty, for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist and serve as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and to enable His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of Foreign States to serve as Officers, under certain Restrictions.

[14th June 1815.]

44 G. 3. c. 13.

45 G. 3. c. 13.

enrolled.

Foreigners not
to hold Com-
missions in any other
Regiment than
their specified.

Act not to ex-
tend to Scotch
Regiments, &c.

Act amended,
&c.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and for enabling His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of Foreign States to serve as Officers or as Engineers, under certain Restrictions; and to indemnify all Persons who may have advised His Majesty to enlist any such Soldiers, or grant any such Commissions as aforesaid*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service; and to indemnify those who have advised His Majesty to lend such Soldiers in this Kingdom*: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary, under the present circumstances, that the said Acts should be amended and continued for a further Period: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said intitled Acts, and all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions and Clauses therein contained, shall be, and the same are hereby continued for One Year, from the Period of the Expiration of the said Acts respectively, and until Twelve Months after the Termination of the present War by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person born out of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Dominions thereto belonging, to hold a Commission in any other Regiment, Battalion or Corps in His Majesty's Service than the Regiment, Battalion or Corps in the said Acts specified, unless such Person shall by the Laws of the Realm be entitled to the Rights and Privileges of natural born Subjects of His Majesty.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to His Majesty's Scotch Regiments of Foot, or to the holding of Commissions in the said Regiments, nor to any Officer not being a natural born Subject of His Majesty, or entitled to the Rights and Privileges of a natural born Subject of His Majesty, who shall at the time of the passing of this Act hold any Commission in any other Regiment, Battalion or Corps in His Majesty's Service, or to prevent any such Officer from continuing to hold such Commission, or to accept and receive any higher Regimental Commission in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Service.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act which may be passed in this Session of Parliament.

[See post. p. 186.]

CAP. LXXXVI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting the Importation of Masts, Yards, Bowsprits and Timber for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act, made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to permit, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Importation of Masts, Yards and Bowsprits, or of Timber fit for Naval Purposes, from the British Colonies in North America, Duty free; which said Act was, by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, last continued until the End of the present Session of Parliament, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty.* 45 Cl. 3. c. 111 continued [14 G. 3. c. 134.]

CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act to relieve certain Foreign Vessels resorting to the Port of London, in respect of Pilotsage; and to regulate the Mode of Payment of Pilotsage on Foreign Vessels in the said Port. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made and passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Regulation of Pilots, and of the Pilotsage of Ships and Vessels in the Coast of England, certain Rates of Pilotsage, in the Schedule to the said Act mentioned, were made payable for and in respect of Ships and Vessels of all Descriptions according to their Draught of Water;* And Whereas it is expedient that further Provision should be made for Relief of such Foreign Vessels as come to the Port of London with Fish, Corn or other Provisions: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Corporation of *Trinity House of Dapford Street*, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to make all such Regulations in relation to the piloting of Ships not having a British Register, bringing Fish, Corn or other Provisions into the Port of London, for the Ease and Relief of such Ships and Vessels, in respect of the Rates or Amount of Pilotsage now payable or demandable for such Ships and Vessels, or for the Exemption of such Ships or Vessels from any such Rates, or Amount, or from any Rules or Regulations as to the Pilotsage of such Ships or Vessels, under the Provisions of the said Act or of any other Act of Parliament relating to Pilotsage, or under any Rules, Restrictions or Regulations made in pursuance of any such Act or Acts of Parliament, to be piloted by Pilots licensed by the said Corporation, as the said Corporation of *Trinity House* shall from time to time deem just, proper and expedient, in relation to such Ships and Vessels respectively; any thing in the said Act or Acts, or in any Rules or Regulations made under or in pursuance thereof contained to the contrary notwithstanding. 31 G. 3. c. 139

II. And, in order to prevent Impediments and Disputes respecting the Charges for and the Payment of the Pilotsage of Foreign Ships and Vessels trading to and from the Port of London, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Master or Commander or other Person having the Charge of every Ship or Vessel, not having a British Register, required by Law to be piloted by a Pilot licensed by the said Corporation, which shall enter into or sail from the said Port of London, or the Confine of or Arrive at such Ships and Vessels respectively, shall pay or cause to be paid at the *Trinity House in London*, to such Person or Persons as shall from time to time be in that behalf appointed by the said Corporation of *Trinity House*, all such Sums of Money as are or shall be or become due and payable for the Pilotsage of every such Ship or Vessel; and the Person or Persons to be appointed by the said Corporation shall (on the Production of a Certificate in Writing under the Hand of the Master or other Person or Persons having the Charge of every such Ship or Vessel or of the Confine of or Agent for such Ship or Vessel, or in case of any Refusal, to grant Certificates upon Proof in the Satisfaction of the said Corporation, that such Pilotsage Service was duly performed) pay over to the Pilot duly licensed, who shall have had charge of every Ship or Vessel, all such Sums or Sums of Money as shall be due and payable to such Pilot, for or in respect of such Pilotsage Service so by him performed; any thing in the said Act or Acts, or any Law or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And, in order the better to facilitate the ascertaining and settling the Amount of the Pilotsage Outward of Foreign Ships and Vessels in the Port of London under the Authority of this Act, be it further enacted, That the Rates or Amount of Pilotsage Outward to be payable and paid in respect of all such Ships and Vessels, shall from time to time be calculated and made out according to the Scale or Amount of the Tonnage of every such Ship and Vessel, upon or according to which such Ships and Vessels shall be rated in the said Port of London, to the Payment of the Light and Port Dues of such Ships and Vessels respectively, or according to the Draught of Water thereof, as the said Corporation of *Trinity House* shall in their Discretion think most proper; any thing in the said Acts or any of them to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IV. And

Thirty Pence or more Regulations, with respect to Pilotsage of such Foreign Ships.

Payment of Pilotsage.

Amount of Pilotsage Outward of Foreign Ships according to Tonnage.

Certificates of
Paymaster of
Postage given.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons to be appointed by the said Corporation of *Trinity House* to receive the Pilotsage in respect of Foreign Ships and Vessels under the Authority of this Act shall, upon his or their receiving such Pilotsage, give to the Person paying the same a Certificate in Writing thereof under his or their Hand or Hands; and that no Foreign Ship or Vessel shall be cleared at the Office of His Majesty's Customs in the said Port of London on her outward-bound Voyage, without the Production of such Certificate as aforesaid.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for rendering more easy and effectual Redress for Assaults in Ireland. [14th June 1815.]

14 G. 3. c. 181.
17.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to render more easy and effectual Redress for Assaults in Ireland*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that when it shall appear that any Defendant against whom any Sum for Costs and Expenses shall have been awarded on a Trial and Conviction, in manner therein mentioned, has not any Goods or Chattels on which such Sum can be levied, as therein provided, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury, at the Assize at which such Trial shall be had, to make a Perpetuance for levying such Sum, in manner as the said Act mentioned: And Whereas the Trials in those cases in which Costs are by the said Act authorized to be given, usually take place at Sessions of the Peace, and not at the Assizes, and it is reasonable that the same Provision should be extended to such cases: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury, at every Assize and Prefessing Term in Ireland, to make one or more Perpetuance or Perpetuances for levying, in like manner as in the said Act is mentioned, all and every such Sum and Sums as at any time subsequent to the First Day of the then immediate preceding Assize for such County shall or may, at any Session of the Peace held in and for such County, or in and for any District or Place within such County, have been ordered or adjudged to be paid for Costs, Expenses and Loss of time, in manner in the said recited Act provided, by any Defendant who shall appear not to have any Goods or Chattels on which such Sum can be levied as aforesaid: and that every such Perpetuance shall be made in the same manner, and shall be of the same Force and Effect in all respects, as by the said Act is provided in case of Perpetuances made for Costs and Expenses under the Provisions of the said Act as aforesaid.

Grand Jury at
Assizes may
make Perpetu-
ances for Costs
adjudged at
Sessions.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reize, for making Regulations for the building and repairing of Court Houses and Sessions Houses in Ireland. [14th June 1815.]

23 G. 3. c. 131.

11.

WHEREAS in and by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reize, entitled *An Act to make further Regulations for the building and repairing of Court Houses and Sessions Houses in Ireland*, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that whenever any such Court House shall have been erected for any County in Ireland according to the Provisions of the said Act, if it shall so happen that the same shall be built within a County of a City or County of a Town where the Assize or Prefessing Term for such County have been usually held, the said Court House with its Appurtenances shall be deemed and taken to be Part and Parcel of the County at large for which the same shall have been built as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient to amend and extend the said Provision: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Court House in Ireland, whether erected according to the Provisions of the said Act or not, which is or shall be built for any County at large within a County of a City or County of a Town within which the Assize or the Commencement of Oyer and Tenor or of for such County at large shall have been usually held, shall, with their Appurtenances thereof, be and be deemed and taken to be Part and Parcel of the County at large for which the same shall have been built.

Court House
built within
County of City,
&c. deemed
Part of County
at large.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever such Tenement shall come to be a Court House of such County, whether by reason of the building of a New Court House or otherwise, then and from thenceforward such House and the Site and Appurtenances thereof shall be and be deemed and taken to be Part and Parcel of the County of a City or County of a Town within which the same shall be so situated.

Site only while
Court House is
erect in such
County.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury at any Assize or Prefessing Term in Ireland, to present such reasonable Sum or Sums as they shall think proper for providing Fuel for such and every or any Court House or Court Houses in or belonging to their respective Counties, and also such Sum or Sums as a Salary or Payment for the Keeper of any such Court House, not exceeding Twenty Pounds in any one Year for any such Court Keeper: which Sum or Sums so presented shall be levied of the County at large in the usual Mode of County Perpetuances.

Fuel provided
for Court
Houses, and
Salary for
Keepers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Sum so presented shall be paid by the Treasurer of such County until some one Person, to whom such Sum so to be presented for Fuel shall be payable under such Perpetuance, shall produce to such Treasurer an Affidavit sworn by him before a Justice of the Peace for such County (which Oath every such Justice is hereby empowered to administer) stating that the Sum required to be paid hath been duly expended in the Purchase of Fuel for the Use of such Court House pursuant to such Perpetuance, and that the whole of such Fuel had been consumed in the said Court House, and for the Use and Benefit thereof;

Money here
provided.

thereof; or if any Part of such Fee shall not have been consumed, stating how much thereof has been consumed, and that the Residue then remains in safe keeping to be applied to the Use of the said Court House in like manner.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XC.

An Act to explain an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, relative to Inland Navigations there, so far as it relates to the Limitation of Actions against Canal Companies and others.

[14th June 1815.]

W^{HEREAS} by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend certain Laws relating to the Inland Navigations of this Kingdom*, it is, among other things, enacted, that if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against the Companies or Persons in the said Act mentioned, who have respectively undertaken the making and finishing of Canals and Inland Navigations in Ireland, or any Person or Persons acting under them or any of them, for or in respect of any Matter or Thing by them or any of them done or executed by virtue of or in pursuance of the said recited Act, or of other Acts relative to Inland Navigations, or the making Canals in Ireland, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months after the alleged Cause of such Action or Suit shall have commenced, and not afterwards: And Doubts have arisen whether such Limitation of Actions extend to all Actions that may be brought against such Companies or Persons; and it will tend greatly to the Promotion and Advancement of Inland Navigations in Ireland, that the said Limitation as to Actions should be extended generally in favour of the aforesaid Companies and Persons in manner hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all such Actions or Suits whatsoever shall be brought or commenced against any Companies or Persons who have respectively undertaken the making of Canals and Inland Navigations in Ireland, or against any Person or Persons acting under such Companies or Persons, or any of them, for and in respect of any Matter or Thing whatsoever, by them or any of them done or executed, by virtue of or in pursuance of any Acts passed in Ireland, or in force in Ireland, relating to Inland Navigation or the making Canals there, such Actions or Suits shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the alleged Cause of such Actions shall have accrued and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action may plead the General Issue, and give the Act and the recited Act of the Thirty second Year and any other such Act or Acts and the Special Matter in Evidence on every Trial to be had thereon; and that such Matter or Thing was done or executed in pursuance of and by Authority of some or any of the aforesaid Acts relating to Inland Navigation and the making Canals in Ireland.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall hinder or prevent any Person or Persons who may have been afflicted or injured by any Act, Matter or Thing heretofore done or executed by any of the aforesaid Companies or Persons, or by any Person or Persons acting under them, and who now hath or have any Cause of Action against any of the aforesaid Companies or Persons for or by reason of such Matter or Thing, from commencing the same, within Three Calendar Months after the passing of this Act; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XCI.

An Act for the Payment of Costs and Charges to Prosecutors and Witnesses, in Cases of Felony in Ireland.

[14th June 1815.]

W^{HEREAS} many Persons are deterred from prosecuting or attending to give Evidence against Persons guilty of Felony in Ireland, upon Account of the Expence attending such Prosecutions and Attendance: And Whereas it is just and reasonable, and may tend to future to the Prevention of Crimes, and to the due Prosecution of all Offenders against the Laws in Ireland, that every Prosecutor and every Person appearing as Recognitors or Subpoenas to give Evidence, should be allowed his reasonable Expences; and also in case he be poor, a reasonable Satisfaction for his Trouble and Loss of time; and that such Allowance should be made, even though the Person accused be acquitted, provided it shall appear to the Court before which the Prisoner shall have been tried, that there was a reasonable Ground of Prosecution, and that the Prosecutor had bona fide prosecuted: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be in the Power of the Court before whom any Person shall have been tried and convicted of any Felony whatsoever in Ireland, or before whom any Person shall have been tried and acquitted of any Felony whatsoever in Ireland, in case it shall appear to the said Court that there was a reasonable Ground of Prosecution, and that the said Prosecutor hath bona fide prosecuted, to order, upon Prayer of the said Prosecutor, the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town in which the Offence shall have been committed, or shall have been alleged to have been committed, to pay unto such Prosecutor such Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable, not exceeding the Expences which it shall appear to the Court the Prosecutor was bona fide put unto in carrying on such Prosecution; making, in case the said Prosecutor shall appear to the Court

55 Geo. III.

L 1

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Every Justice of the Peace shall be allowed for his Expences; and if poor, a Reasonable Sum for Loss of Time.

to be in poor circumstances, a reasonable Allowance to each Professor for Trouble and Loss of time; which Order the Clerk of The Crown, or Clerk of the Peace respectively, is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver unto each Professor, upon being paid for the same the Sum of One Shilling and six pence, and the Treasurer of the said County, County of a City or County of a Town, is hereby authorized and required, out of any Public Money then in his Hands, upon sight of such Order, forthwith to pay to each Professor, or other Person authorized to receive the same, such Sum of Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts.

Count may also
be admitted of
Witnesses and
Recognitors
in this manner.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be in the Power of the Court where any Person shall appear as Recognizor or Subpoena to give Evidence as to any Felony whatsoever in Ireland, whether any Bill of Indictment be preferred or not to any Grand Jury, provided the said Person shall, in the Opinion of the said Court *bona fide* have attended the said Court in Obedience to such Recognizance or Subpoena, to order the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, in which the Offence shall have been committed, or shall have been supposed to have been committed, to pay unto such Person such Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable, not exceeding the Expenses which it shall appear to the said Court the said Person was *bona fide* put unto by reason of the said Recognizance and Subpoena; making, in case the said Person shall appear to the said Court to be in poor circumstances, a reasonable Allowance to such Person for Trouble and Loss of time; which Order the Clerk of The Crown, or the Clerk of the Peace respectively, is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver to such Person, upon being paid for the same the Sum of Six pence and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, County of a City or County of a Town, is hereby authorized and required, out of any Public Money in his Hands, upon sight of such Order, forthwith to pay to such Person, or to any other Person authorized to receive the same, such Sum of Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts.

Grand Jurors to
make Protes-
tations for Ex-
penses, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury at each and every Assizes and Preparing Term in Ireland, and they are hereby required, to perfect all such Sums as shall have been so paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, under any such Order, and which shall not have been previously perfected; such Sums to be so performed either on the County, County of a City or County of a Town, or on any Barony, Half Barony or Parish, which shall or may appear to such Grand Jury to be justly and peculiarly liable thereon.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fiftheth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, relating to Prison in Ireland, so far as concerns Contracts for building or repairing such Prisons. [14th June 1815.]

39 G. 3. c. 103.

§ 5.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fiftheth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for regulating the several Laws relating to Prisons in Ireland, and for re-mediating such of the Provisions thereof as have been found alfish, with Amendments*, the Grand Jurors at the several Assizes and Preparing Terms in Ireland are empowered respectively, after Provisions duly made as therein mentioned, to contract with any Person or Persons for building, rebuilding, repairing, altering, improving or enlarging any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, as in the said Act is mentioned, or any Buildings or Conveniences belonging thereto, at a certain Sum, Payment or Allowance for the same, such Contractor or Contractors giving sufficient Security by Recognizance in Double the Sum to be contracted for, and to be approved of by such Grand Jury, for the due Performance thereof, to the respective Clerks of the Peace: And Whereas it is expedient to amend and alter the said Provisions in manner hereinafter following: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Security to be so given by any such Contractor shall be in Manner and Form here following, and so other that it is so say, the same shall be by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be made and executed by such Contractor or Contractors, and Two other Persons, to be approved of as sufficient Sureties by such Grand Jurors respectively, in Half the Sum to be so contracted for; which Bond shall be conditioned for the due and faithful Performance and Fulfillment of such Contract, and for the due and faithful Expediture and Application as to and to or towards the Fulfillment of such Contract, of all and every such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be advanced to such Contractor or Contractors for that Purpose from time to time, by the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or County of a Town; and every such Bond shall be attested by the Clerk of the Peace, and by the Secretary to the Grand Jury, and such Secretary shall under Two Copies thereof, and shall keep One of the said Copies in his Office for the Use of the said Grand Jury, and shall deliver the other of such Copies to the Treasurer of such County, to be kept in his Office; and such Clerk of the Peace shall cause such original Bond to be forthwith deposited in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, with the proper Officer for keeping Bonds to His Majesty, who shall forthwith file the same in the proper Office of the said Court.

Security given
by Contractors
by Bonds to
Be made to His
Majesty, his
Heirs and
Successors.

Bond attested by
Clerk of Peace,
his Secretary
made and dis-
posed of as
aforesaid.

Treasurer of
County may ad-
vance Money to
Contractor from
time to time, on
Approval of
Contractors.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever such Treasurer shall have in his Hands any Money applicable to the Purposes of such Provisions, whether such Money shall have been advanced to such Treasurer from His Majesty's Treasury, or by any Individual or Individuals pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act, or shall have been lent pursuant to such Provisions; then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for such Treasurer, and he is hereby required to advance thereout to such Contractor or Contractors, for the Purposes of such Provisions, any Sum which such Contractor or Contractors may require, by Application in Writing under his Hand, with the Approbation of Three of the Commissioners to be appointed by the Grand Jury under the said revised Act, for causing such Provisions to be carried into Execution and

Effect, to be testified by the Signatures of the said Commissioners to the said Application, not exceeding for any one time One Fourth Part of the Amount of the Sum for which Security shall have been given as aforesaid; and that when and as soon as any Sum so advanced shall have been fully and faithfully expended, in, upon and towards the Execution and Fulfilment of such Contract, and that the same shall be made to appear by the Affidavit of such Contractor or Contractors, which Affidavit any Justice of the Peace for such County, County of a City or County of a Town, is hereby authorised and required to take, it shall be lawful for such Treasurer to make a further Advance in like manner, and with the like Consent of such Three Commissioners, to be testified as aforesaid, and so on from time to time, as long as he shall have any such Money in his Hands.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such Advance shall be made out of any Money in the Hands of any such Treasurer, which shall be applicable by Law to the Payment of any Indulgence, on any Sum previously advanced to such Treasurer as aforesaid from His Majesty's Treasury, or by any individual or Individuals.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Affidavit, to be made by such Contractor or Contractors, shall be kept by such Treasurer in his Office, to be produced when necessary; and that if any such Contractor shall swear falsely therein, and shall be duly convicted thereof, he shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall be punished accordingly.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as any Plan and Estimate for the building or rebuilding any Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or other Prison, shall have been submitted to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, according to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Regency, and such Plan and Estimate shall have been approved, it shall and may be lawful for the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, in which such Gaol, Bridewell, House of Correction or Prison shall be situate, and he is hereby required to pay to the Commissioners appointed by the Grand Jury for Superintending such Work, or to the Order of such Commissioners, such Sum as may be required by such Commissioners for the Payment of the Expenses incurred in procuring Plans and Estimates for such Work, and in advertising for Contractors to execute the same: Provided always, that a Certificate, signed by such Commissioners, or Three of them at the least, shall be previously lodged with such Treasurer, stating that the Sum so required by them has been fairly and honestly expended in obtaining such Plans and Estimates, and in advertising as aforesaid, which Certificate shall be kept by such Treasurer in his Office, to be produced when necessary.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed, during the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act to repeal the Duties payable on, and the Permission to enter for Home Consumption, Silk Handkerchiefs imported by the *East India Company*. [14th June 1815.]

• WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*; it is enacted, that, from and after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace between His Majesty and the Republic of France, it should and might be lawful for the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies* to export to Sale, either for the Purpose of being worn or sold in Great Britain, or for Exportation, any Silk Handkerchiefs of the Manufacture of *Proper, China or the East Indies*, that should have been or might thereafter be secured in the Warehouses of the said United Company, subject nevertheless to the Duties by that Act imposed thereon, and that all such Silk Handkerchiefs on which such Duties should have been paid, should and ought to be ware and sold in Great Britain, or sold or exported to Sale therein, and should not be subject to Seizure or Forfeiture; and that the Person or Persons who should wear or use the same, or who should sell or export to Sale the same, or have the same in his, her or their Custody or Possession, should not be liable to any Penalty or Penalties, or Fine or Fines whatever on account thereof: And Whereas by another Act, made in the Forty ninth Year of His said Majesty's Regency, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, a Permanent Duty of Customs of Twenty five Pence Twelve Shillings and Six pence, and also a Temporary Duty of Customs of Eight Pence Two Shillings and Six pence is imposed for every One hundred Pounds of the Value of Handkerchiefs of Silk, printed, stained, painted or dyed, imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, and secured in Warehouses: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal in much of the said first recited Act as is herein recited, and also the said Duties of Twenty five Pence Twelve Shillings and Six pence and Eight Pence Two Shillings and Six pence respectively: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Provision contained in the said Act of the Forty third (a) Year of His said Majesty's Regency, and also the said Duties (b) of Twenty five Pence Twelve Shillings and Six pence, and Eight Pence Two Shillings and Six pence respectively, shall be and the same respectively are hereby repealed. (c) [See similar Provision 49 G. 3. c. 98. § 23, 24.]

(d) [These Duties were repealed, 54 G. 3. c. 38. § 1.]

• II. And Whereas it is also expedient to repeal an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for imposing on *East India* Company a Silk Handkerchiefs sold by the East India Company for Home Consumption*: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said last mentioned Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

L 1 a

Advances and re-
payments of in-
dulgence by
Treasurers.

Treasurer to
produce Affidavit of
Contractors.
Perjury.
Treasurer to
make Certificate for
Plans and Estimates.

Proviso.

Act amended,
&c.

43 G. 3. c. 48.

124

49 G. 3. c. 98.

Tab. B.

repealed.

54 G. 3. c. 38.

repealed.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to continue and amend several Acts relating to the *Brish White Herring Fishery*.

[14th June 1815.]

48 G. 3. c. 110.

51 G. 3. c. 102.

58 G. 3. c. 173.

[54 G. 3.
c. 109.]

made perpetual.

Letters Patent,
Sec. in form.Advocate and
Solicitor General
of Scotland, Clerk
to Council.
Essex.
Commissioners
Jews.

Oath.

Reports made of
Proceedings.41 G. 3. c. 69
S. 6. (U) in
Documents.repealed.
51-2.
52-1.

to read.

New Bounty.

Orders of Ship
and Sailing may
be used or kept.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the further Encouragement and better Regulation of the British White Herring Fishery; and another Act was passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for amending the said Act; and another Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to rectify a Mistake, and to every one more effectual Execution the Purposes of the last recited Act; which several Acts were, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, continued in force until the end of the present Session of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be amended and made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Acts shall, subject to the Alterations and Amendments hereinafter contained, be and the same are hereby made perpetual, and from the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen all Letters Patent, Appointments, Rules, Regulations, Orders and Directions granted, made or given under or by virtue of the said Acts, or any or either of them, and in force at the time of passing this Act, shall be good and effectual, and remain and continue in force, unless or until any of them shall be altered, varied or repealed, under any of the Powers or Authorities of the said Acts or of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to appoint the Advocate and Solicitor General for Scotland, or either of them for the time being, to be Commissioners, in addition to the Number authorized by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Herring Fishery.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person hereafter to be appointed One of the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, by virtue of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act, shall before he proceeds in Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities vested in the Commissioners under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act (Save only in the administering the Oath hereinafter mentioned), take and subscribe the following Oath: That is to say,

I, A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the several Powers and Trusts reposed in me by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act [here insert the Title of the said Act]* as the same is amended by Two Acts passed in the Fifty first and Fifty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and further amended and continued by Two Acts passed in the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His said Majesty's Reign, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Acts; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, concerned as an Adverser in the White Herring Fishery, or as a Covey of Herring; nor will I, so long as I shall continue to act as a Commissioner under the said Acts, be concerned, either directly or indirectly, as an Adverser in the said Fishery, or as a Covey of Herring.

* So help me GOD.]

Which Oath any one of the said Commissioners may administer to the other or others of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall, and they are hereby required to deliver in annually, on or before the First Day of November in every Year, to the Board of Trustees or Commissioners for Fisheries and Manufactures in Scotland, appointed under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, a full and accurate Report of their Proceedings for the Year preceding; and shall also cause to be laid before each House of Parliament, within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of every Session, a Copy of the said Report, signed by the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery.

V. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 1801, intitled *An Act to extend the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and in great other Duties in form thereof, it is, among other things, enacted, that on every Barrel of White Herrings, containing Thirty two Gallons, and which shall be exported to Foreign Parts, there shall be paid a Bounty of Two Shillings and Eight pence: Be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, so much of the said Act as is above recited be and the same is hereby repealed.*

VI. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is, among other things, enacted, that there shall be paid for every Barrel of White Herrings caught in the British Fisheries and landed in Great Britain, and which shall be cured and packed according to the Direction of the said Act, a Bounty of Two Shillings: Be it further enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said Bounty of Two Shillings shall enure and determine, and in lieu thereof a Bounty of Four Shillings a Barrel shall be granted; which Bounty of Four Shillings shall be paid for every Barrel of Herrings which shall be caught, landed, cured and packed according to the Direction of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of this Act, and which shall be produced to and inspected by the proper Officer of the Fishery after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Master and Crew of any Barge or Vessel employed out for the British White Herring Fishery in the Deep Sea, under the Regulation of the said Acts, to take Cod or Ling, and to cure the same with Salt to be taken on board for that Purpose; such Cod or Ling to be

be fowed in Bait; and that in every Instance where Cod or Ling shall be so taken, cured and fowed on board any such Bait or Vessel as aforesaid, the first Bait be fowed and exported out of that Part of the Coast prescribed to be taken by the Master of every such Bait or Vessel, as his Return from the said Fishery, whereas such Master is required to fowar that no Fish other than Herrings were taken by the Crew of the said Bait or Vessel.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
43b

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officer who shall be appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to Superintend the White Herring Fishery in the Deep Sea, to proceed, after the Deep Sea Fishery shall be ended, to such Place or Places on the Coast of Great Britain as the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall direct, there to perform Order among the Persons employed in the Herring Fishery carried on on the Coasts and in the Bays of Great Britain; and the said Officer shall have and exercise the like Powers as are hereby given to any Superintendent to be specially appointed for the Loch and Coast Fishery pursuant to this Act; and any Person or Persons who shall impede or obstruct such Officer, or any Person employed by him in the Exercise of the Powers hereby given him, shall be liable to the like Penalty as is hereby imposed on any Person or Persons obstructing such Superintendent as aforesaid.

Superintendent of Deep Sea Fishery is empowered, after it is over, to Bait and Coast.

Penalty.

Superintendent of Loch and Coast Fishery appointed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, upon the Application of the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, from time to time to appoint a Commissioned Officer of His Majesty's Navy, as Superintendent of the British Herring Fishery carried on in the Lochs and upon the Coast of Great Britain, not in the Deep Sea, for the Purpose of preserving Order among the Fishermen and other Persons engaged in the said Fishery as aforesaid; which Person to be appointed Superintendent, shall take an Oath in such Terms and before such Persons as by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty is required to be taken by the Superintendent of the British Herring Fishery carried on in the Deep Sea; and it shall be lawful for such Commander and Superintendent of the Loch and Coast Fishery, or any Person acting by his Order, at all times whenever he shall think fit to go on board any of the Vessels or Boats employed in the Fishery under his Superintendence, and to inspect the Certificate of Registry, Excise Permit, Licence, Certificate of Fishery Officers, and the Account kept by the Master, or other Document, which is or are respectively required by Law to be on board such Vessel or Boat; all which the Master of every such Vessel or Boat shall produce and deliver to the said Superintendent or other Person aforesaid, upon Demand, for his Inspection and Examination; and the said Superintendent or other Person aforesaid, is hereby empowered to detain any such Vessel or Boat, till all or any of such Documents shall be produced and delivered to him; and all Powers given by the said Act to the Superintendent of the Deep Sea Fishery, to enable him to perform Order in the said Fishery, shall extend to the Superintendent of the Herring Fishery in the Lochs and on the Coast of Great Britain, and to every Officer of the Fishery, wherever such Officer shall be appointed or employed to execute the Duties of his Office; and all Penalties imposed by the said Act on any Person or Persons, for refusing the Superintendent of the Deep Sea Fishery, or for refusing any Officer of the Fishery in the Execution of the Powers given him by the said Act, shall extend to every Person or Persons refusing the Superintendent of the Herring Fishery in the Lochs and on the Coast of Great Britain, or any Person or Persons acting under him, or any Officer of the Fishery respectively, in the Execution of the Powers hereby extended to him or them for preserving Order in the said last mentioned Fishery.

48 G. 3. c. 110.

59

His Depy.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every Net lawfully by the said Act passed in the Forty eighth Year (a) of His Majesty's Reign, shall and may be used by any Superintendent of the Herring Fishery, or any Person acting under his Order, or by any Officer of the Fishery.

Superintendent authorized to use Nets.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Herring Net shall be set or hauled in any River or Loch or Sound, or at any Place on the Coast thereof, or within Two Leagues of the same, after Twelve of the Clock at Night on Saturday, and before Twelve of the Clock at Night on Sunday, or having been set before Twelve of the Clock at Night on Saturday, shall not be hauled before the same Hour; every such Net shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Superintendent of the Herring Fishery, or any Person employed under him, or by any Officer of the Fishery.

Herring Nets set or hauled on Sunday forfeited.

XII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for encouraging the Fisheries in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*, it is, among other things, enacted, that the Staves of all Barrels in which White Herrings shall be packed or put up in Scotland, shall be at least One Half Part of as Inch in thickness throughout, of made work; and that if any Barrel containing White Herrings shall be found to be of less Thickness than One Half Part of as Inch in any Part of the said Barrel, any Officer of Customs or Excise is thereby authorized and required to seize the same; and upon Proof thereof before any Two Justices of the Peace, the Owner or Possessor of such Fish shall forfeit both Fish and Barrel: And Whereas it is expedient that in such of the said Act as is there enacted should be amended, and the Operation thereof extended throughout Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no White Herring shall be cured, packed or put up in Great Britain, or on board any Vessel or Boat employed in the British Herring Fishery, in any Barrel which shall be made in Whole or in Part of Fir, or which shall not be One Half Part of as Inch in Thickness throughout of made work, or which shall not contain Thirty or more Gallons English Wine Measure; and that if any White Herring shall be cured, packed or put up in any Barrel which shall be made in Whole or in Part of Fir, or which shall not be One Half Part of as Inch in Thickness throughout of made work, or which shall not contain Thirty or more Gallons English Wine Measure, all such Herrings, with the Barrel containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery, Customs or Excise.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
14

What Barrels of White Herrings cured, &c. &c.

Forfeited.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery be and they are hereby empowered to fix and determine, by Rules or Regulations to be made by them for that Purpose, the Labour or Capacity

Commissioners empowered to fix the Labour or Capacity

which Fish
Herrings brought
and sold.

Capacity of every Measure commonly called a Crin, by which Fresh Herrings, taken in the *British* Herring Fishery, shall be brought and sold; also the Form or Dimensions thereof, the Sort or Sorts of Wood of which it shall be made, the Thickness of every Part thereof, the Number and Dimensions of the Hoops with which it shall be bound, and whether the Whole or what Part of such Hoops shall be of Iron; and also to determine and direct what Marks or Characters shall be set, and upon what Part or Parts of every such Measure; as also to appoint a fit Person or Persons, at each Place or Places as they shall think proper, to examine the same; and upon finding any such Measure to be conformable in all respects to the Rules or Regulations to be made by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, to cause such Marks or Characters as aforesaid to be branded thereon with as hot Iron in his Presence, according to the Rules and Regulations aforesaid; and if at any time after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Crin or Measure, not so marked or branded as aforesaid, shall be made use of in the buying or receiving, selling or delivering of Fresh Herrings in the *British* Herring Fishery, or on any Part of the Coast or Shores of Great Britain, every Person so making use thereof shall forfeit the said Crin or Measure, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, and the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall cause the said Crin or Measure to be destroyed; and that the Provisions made by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, against the fraudulent branding of Barrels of Herrings with any Mark or Character by that Act appointed to be branded thereon, by Order and in Presence of an Officer of the Fishery, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Subject of this Provision, and be put in Execution against any Person or Persons fraudulently branding any Measure called a Crin with such Marks or Characters as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or with any Marks or Characters countering the same.

Penalty.

48 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 12.

Regulations for
clearing out
Vessels (other
than Baiters or
Tonnage
Boats) for
British Herring
Fishery.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vessel or Boat, for which it is not meet the Tonnage Bounty shall be claimed, shall be intended to be fitted out at any Port or Place in Great Britain, where an Officer of the Fishery shall be stationed for the *British* Herring Fishery, it shall be lawful to say Salt, Netting, Barrels and other Stores, on board such Vessel or Boat, without the Presence of such Officer; provided the Person intending so to fit the same shall first give such Notice thereof in Writing to the said Officer of the Fishery, and shew him specially such Particulars as by the said Act are required; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Officer to give Permission under his Hand to such Person (as be written at the Foot of the said Notice) to ship or put on board the Stores therein specified; and when the same shall be so shipped or put on board, the Shipper shall make a Declaration thereof under his Hand, to be shewn to the said Personification, and return the same to such Officer; whereupon the said Officer, being satisfied of the truth of the said Declaration, shall give the Master of the said Vessel or Boat a Certificate, that the said Stores, specifying the Quantities and Sorts thereof, were respectfully entered and declared to be shipped, mentioning the Name of the said Vessel or Boat, and the Name of the Master thereof; and such Certificate shall be of the same Force and Effect under the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, and of this Act, as if the said Salt, Netting, Barrels or other Stores, had been shipped in Presence of an Officer of the Fishery, and a Certificate had been granted by such Officer to the Effect prescribed in such cases by the said Act.

48 G. 3. c. 120.

Unlawful Not
intended.
48 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 12.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Net which according to the Tenor of the said Act may not be used for the taking of Herrings, shall be shipped or put on board any such Vessel or Boat as aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited.

Regulations for
clearing out
Vessels for and
discharging them
from the British
Herring Fishery,
not so intended to
be used as aforesaid
Boats of
British Tonnage.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said Act or in this Act contained, relative to any Vessel or Boat which shall be intended to be or which shall be fitted out for the *British* Herring Fishery, with Salt, Netting, Barrels or other Stores, or which shall proceed to the said Fishery having on board Salt to be used in the curing of Herrings, or on board of which Herrings shall be cured, or which shall return with the Herrings so cured to any Port of Great Britain, so far as relates to the Regulations directed by the said Act and this Act to be performed by the Person or Persons intending to fit out such Vessel or Boat, or by the Master thereof, or as relates to any Penalty or Forfeiture thereby provided for any Default or Contravention of any of the said Regulations, shall extend or be construed to extend to the case of any Boat in which Salt shall be shipped or put on board for the said Fishery, or which shall return with Herrings cured with such Salt to any Port of Great Britain; provided such Boat shall not exceed the Burthen of Four Tons.

48 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 12-14.

XVII. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is, among other things, enacted, that the Master of every Vessel or Boat which shall proceed to the *British* Herring Fishery, having on board Salt to be used in the Curing of Herrings, shall keep a Account (among other things) of the Quantity of Herrings which he shall cure or cure to be cured every Day, and the Quantity of salt used in the Curing thereof; which Account, signed by him, the said Master shall bring, with the Herrings which shall have been cured on board thereof, to any Port of Great Britain to which the said Vessel or Boat shall return or arrive for the Discharge thereof, and shall verify the same as

In part repeated.

Masters to make
Oath with
Quantity of Salt
used, &c.

Oath before such Officer, as thence mentioned." Be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as requires that the Quantity of Salt used every Day be specified in such Account as aforesaid, and as relates to any Penalty or Forfeiture for the Quasi thereof, is hereby repealed; and that the Master of every such Vessel or Boat shall, before the same Officer in whose Presence he shall, according to the Directions of the said recited Act, verify the Account of the Particulars by the said Act required to be specified therein, and not lawfully dispensed with, make Oath what Quantity of Salt has been used or expended in the Curing of the Herrings (mentioning the Number of Barrels, or, if cured in bulk, the Number of Herrings) specified in the said Account, and that as Part of the said Salt was embarked, sold or in any manner disposed of, otherwise than as expressed in the said Account; which Oath shall be so made by the Master of such Vessel or Boat as aforesaid, before any Herring, Salt or other Fishing Stores, shall be loaded or unshipped with Intent to be loaded

loaded out of the same, under the like Forfeiture as is provided by the said second Act in case such Account as aforesaid shall not be verified on Oath as thereby required.

XVIII. And Whereas by the said Act it is, among other things, enacted, that the Bounty thereby granted shall not be paid or allowed for any Herrings which (among other things) were not originally guted; and further, that the Master of any Vessel or Boat laden with Salt or other Stores for the British Herring Fishery, or any Person having Salt Stowed on Shore at any Place where the said Fishery is carried on, and intending to cure Herrings therewith, shall each of them respectively keep an Account (among other things) of the Quantity of Herrings cured every Day, and of the manner in which the same were cured; that as to say, whether they were cured, gutted or ungutted; Be it further enacted, That no Herrings shall be deemed to be gutted within the meaning of the said Act or this Act, unless they were gutted, cured and packed within Twenty four Hours after they were taken or caught.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Master of any Vessel or Boat arriving from the British Herring Fishery in any Port or Place in Great Britain, having on board Herrings cured with Salt which had been carried from any Port or Place in Great Britain to the said Fishery is a different Vessel, shall bring with the said Herrings a Declaration, signed by the Master of the said Vessel or Boat in which the said Salt was carried to the Fishery (with a Copy indorsed thereon of the Certificate by the Officer of the Fishery, in whose Presence or by whose Permission the Salt was shipped), such Declaration specifying the Name of the Vessel or Boat in which the Herrings shall be shipped, the Name of the Master thereof, the Number of Barrels of Herrings shipped or put on board the same, with the Marks set on the said Barrels respectively, the Day on which the Herrings contained in each of the said Barrels respectively were cured, and the manner in which the same were cured, and what Quantity of the Salt specified in the said Certificate was used in the Curing thereof, as is directed by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty; the said Declaration, although it shall not have been verified on Oath by the Master of the Vessel in which the said Salt was carried out, as by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty is required, shall be of the same Force and Effect as if the same had been so verified; provided the Master of the Vessel or Boat is arriving and having on board the said Herrings, shall make Oath at the Port thereof, before the Officer of the Fishery at the Port or Place where he shall so arrive, that there was no Officer of the Fishery at the Place where the said Herrings were shipped or put on board, before where the said Declaration could have been verified, and that he verily believes that the said Declaration is true.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons having Salt Stowed at any Place as Shown where the Herring Fishery is carried on, shall begin there to cure Herrings with such Salt as aforesaid, before having given such Notice of his Intention so to do to the proper Officer of the Fishery, as is required by the said Act made in the Forty eighth Year (a) of His Majesty's Reign; or if such Person or Persons shall not keep such Account thereof as is required by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, and the said Act; or if the Curer of such Herrings shall not deliver such Account as is required by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, and this Act; every such Person so offending shall not only be entitled to no Bounty in respect of such Herrings, but also (unless the Quantity of Salt which he shall have Stowed as aforesaid shall not exceed Thirty Bushels) shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Pounds.

(a) (38 G. 3. c. 110. s. 35.)

XXI. And Whereas by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, it is enacted, that each Officer of the Fishery shall deliver a Copy of such Account, and of such Oath thereon as aforesaid (certified by him to be a true Copy) to the Person by whom the same shall be so delivered and verified, as by the said Act is directed; Be it further enacted, That in each of the said Acts as is above recited, he, and the same is hereby repealed; and that the said Officer shall, in lieu of such Copy, deliver to such Person as aforesaid, a Copy of so much only of the said Account as shall relate to Herrings cured gutted; and in case the Curer thereof shall produce the Whole or any Part of the Herrings comprised in such Copy to the said Officers, at the Place where the Herrings were so cured, in order to obtain thereon the Bounty hereby granted, such Curer shall thereupon deliver up the said Copy to such Officer; and in case the said Curer shall have so produced a Part only of the Herrings specified in the said Copy, the said Officer shall give him a Copy of the said Account, as far as relates to the Residue of the said Herrings; and the like Proceedings shall be had as often as any Part of the said Herrings shall be so produced at the Place where the same were cured as aforesaid; and that every such Copy as aforesaid shall be certified by the said Officer of the Fishery to be a true Copy of or Extract from the Account of the said Curer, verified by him upon Oath, specifying the date when and Place where it was so verified.

XXII. And Whereas by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, it is, among other things, enacted, that the Bounty thereby granted on White Herrings shall not be paid or allowed for any Herrings contained in any Barrel on which such Mark or Marks, Character or Characters, shall not have been set at the Fishery as is directed by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, or which shall not remain thereon distinctly legible, denoting the Day on which the same were cured, and that the same were cured gutted; and further, that if any Herrings packed in any such Barrel shall be produced to an Officer of the Fishery, to be landed in his Presence, and opened by him, for the Purpose of obtaining the said Bounty, all such Herrings, with the Barrels containing the same, shall be forfeited: And Where as Herrings packed out of Barrels in which they were originally cured, cannot be repacked into the same Number of Barrels, and it therefore became necessary, when the Herrings packed in any Number of Barrels are intended to be repacked, that an additional Number of Barrels be provided to contain the Surplus of the said Herrings which shall remain after the original Number of Barrels shall have been filled

* with

48 G. 3. c. 110.
s. 35-36.

When Herrings
are not gutted.

Declaration of
Landholders
valid at Port
of Landing.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
s. 35.

Proviso.

Herrings cured
on Shore, ac-
count delivered
to proper Officer
of Fishery.

Penalty.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
s. 36.

as now repealed.

Copy of Part of
said Account
relating to gutted
Herrings, deliv-
ered by
Officer of Curer.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
s. 36.

s. 36.

In what case not
to extend to ad-
ditional Barrels,
&c.

Ceils.

Bag-packed
Herrings
branded for
Bounty re-
packed, and
branded Barrels
branded, but no
Bounty allowed
thereon.

Perils.

Barrels filled
wherein there
is Bulk not
wound with Her-
ring cured in
Bulk.

Fishhook.

Barrels cured
in Bulk packed
in Barrels
packed Bulk.

Barrels
Packed.

* with such Herrings? Be it further enacted, That for each of the said Act as is above recited, shall not extend to such additional Number of Barrels, or any of them, which shall be so provided, and in which such Surplus of the said Herrings shall be so repacked as aforesaid, or to the Herrings contained therein; nor to any Barrel, or the Herrings therein contained, which Barrel shall be different from that in which the same Herrings were originally cured and packed, in case such said mentioned Barrel shall have been rendered unsafe by accidental Damage to contain such Herrings; but every Barrel of such surplus Herrings, or of Herrings repacked out of such another Barrel rendered unsafe by accidental Damage to contain the same as aforesaid, shall, upon the Oath of the Curer thereof, verifying the Fact before the proper Officer of the Fishery, be deemed to be in the same Manner or Condition, within the Meaning of the said Act and the Act, as if the Barrel were the same in which the Herrings were originally cured, and on which the like Marks or Characters were set as the Fishery, as directed by the said Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Curer or Proprietor of any Number of Barrels of Herrings Bag-packed, on which the Bounty granted by the said Act or the Act shall have been allowed, shall intend to repack the same with Great Salt in the same Barrels, and as many in Addition thereto as with the original Number shall be necessary to contain the same in a repacked State, the said Curer or Proprietor shall give Twenty four Hours' Notice in Writing under his Hand, of his said Intention, to the proper Officer of the Fishery; and if upon Production of the said Herrings so repacked as aforesaid, the said Curer or Proprietor shall, upon the Request Note (which, according to such Regulations as shall be made by the said Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, he shall have delivered or caused to be delivered to the said Officer) make Oath before him that the Herrings contained in the Barrels so produced (containing the Number) in a repacked State, are the very same Herrings, without any Addition or Mixture whatsoever, that were originally in a bag-packed State contained in that Part (mentioning the Number) of the said Barrels, whosever each is branded with Marks or Characters denoting that the Bounty granted by the said Act or by this Act was allowed or paid thereon; and if the Barrels of Herrings so produced shall, upon due Inspection and Examination, be found by the said Officer to be each of them well cured, properly repacked, and in all respects such as a Barrel of White Herrings, on which the said Bounty is claimed or allowed, is by the said Act and this Act required to be, he shall cause each of the said Barrels in which the said Herrings were originally cured, and in which the greater Part thereof are now repacked, to be branded with such Marks or Characters, in addition to that which shall have been already branded thereon, as the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall direct, and as shall denote that the same are repacked, and by what Officer the same were inspected and examined after the repacking thereof; and the said Officer shall cause each of the Barrels in which the remaining Part of the said Herrings shall be repacked, to be branded with such Marks or Characters as by the said Act or this Act are directed to be branded thereon, in case the same were produced to the said Officer in order to obtain the Bounty granted by the said Act, and had been by him deemed to be entitled thereto, with such Addition to the same as the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall think fit to direct, and as shall denote that the same are so branded under the Authority of this Provision. Provided always, that no Bounty shall be paid or allowed, nor shall any Certificate be granted for that Purpose, in respect of any such Barrel or Barrels of Herrings repacked and branded with such Marks or Characters, and with such Addition thereto as last above mentioned, but that the same shall nevertheless be liable to Forfeiture in all cases where any Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, on which the said Bounty shall have been allowed, would by the said Act or this Act be liable thereto.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Herrings cured otherwise than in Bulk, shall be mixed with Herrings cured in Bulk, whether packed or not; nor shall any Herrings cured in Bulk, or any Herrings which, although otherwise cured, shall have been afterwards laid in Bulk, be packed in any Barrel or Cask, unless the Word "Bulk" shall have been first branded thereon in manner herein directed; and if any Herrings cured otherwise than in Bulk, shall be mixed with Herrings cured in Bulk; or if any Herrings cured in Bulk, or which, although otherwise cured, shall have been afterwards laid in Bulk, shall be packed in any Barrel or Cask, Barrels or Casks, unless the Word "Bulk" shall have been first branded thereon in the manner herein directed, and shall remain thereon indelibly legible; all such Herrings, with the Barrels or Casks containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or Customs.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That when any Herrings in Bulk shall be brought or imported into any Port or Place in Great Britain from the English Herring Fishery, or from any other Port or Place in Great Britain, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions, such Herrings shall upon the Landing thereof be conveyed to a Place proper for the packing of the same, and shall there without Delay be packed in Barrels, on each of which the Word "Bulk" shall have been first branded in the manner herein directed, and shall not afterwards be laid in Bulk; and if any Herrings in Bulk brought or imported from the English Herring Fishery, or from any such other Port or Place as aforesaid, shall not upon the landing thereof be conveyed to such Place as aforesaid, or shall not there without delay be packed in Barrels, on each of which the Word "Bulk" shall have been first branded, or within Twenty four Hours afterwards shall be branded in the manner herein directed, and shall remain thereon indelibly legible, or, having been so packed, shall be afterwards laid in Bulk, the said Herrings, with the Barrels or other Packages in which the same shall be contained, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery; Provided always, that no Herrings cured or laid in Bulk, which shall be intended to be made into Red Herrings, and which on the landing thereof shall be conveyed to a Manufactory of Red Herrings, shall be required to be packed in Barrels so marked as directed by this Act; nor shall any Herrings cured or laid in Bulk, which on the landing thereof were packed in Barrels on each of which the Word "Bulk" shall have been branded in the

remore barrels directed to be taken out of such Barrels as a Manufactory of Red Herrings, provided that they be immediately put in Process for being made into Red Herrings.

XXXV. And he it further enacted, That all Herrings, being the Refuse of the Manufactory of Red Herrings, shall be packed in Barrels, on each of which the Word "Refuse" shall have been branded in the manner herein directed; and all such Herrings not packed in Barrels on each of which the Word "Refuse" shall be so branded, shall remain distinctly legible, as well as all Herrings whatever mixed with Herrings of the said D. Company, whether packed or not, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs.

XXXVI. Provided always, That so much of this Act as enacts, that Herrings cured otherwise than in Bulk shall not be mixed with Herrings cured in Bulk, and that Herrings cured in Bulk shall not be packed in any Vessel or Cask unless the Word "Bulk" shall have been branded thereon in manner herein directed, shall not extend or be construed to extend to Herrings cured originally in Bulk, in eight Vans, Pans, Coffers, Hogsheads, or Casks of a larger Size than Hogsheads, and therein preferred in the Pickle produced by their own and Care, till the Label thereon has been packed in Barrels, and which, having been so packed in Barrels, shall not have been afterwards laid in Bulk; or to any Herrings cured otherwise than in Bulk, mixed with Herrings so cured as aforesaid.

XXXVII. And he it further enacted, That when any White Herrings, packed in Barrels or Casks, shall be imported or brought into any Port or Place in Great Britain, from any Port or Place in Ireland, the *Isle of Man*, or from any other Island or Colony under His Majesty's Dominion, the Barrels or Casks containing the said Herrings shall have been, or within Twenty-four Hours after the landing thereof and before the same shall be put into any Warehouse, shall be branded with such Word or Words as after mentioned respectively; that is to say, if imported from any Port or Place in Ireland, with the word "Irish"; if imported from the *Isle of Man*, with the word "Man"; if imported from any other Island or Colony under His Majesty's Dominion, with a Word or Words Descriptive of the Name of such other Island or Colony respectively; which Word or Words shall be branded on every such Barrel or Cask respectively in the manner herein directed, and shall remain thereon distinctly legible; nor shall any such Herrings be afterwards packed in any other Barrel or Cask, unless such Word or Words respectively as aforesaid shall have been so branded thereon as aforesaid; nor shall any such Herrings be laid in Bulk, or mixed with any other Herrings, unless the same shall be so laid in Bulk or mixed in a Manufactory of Red Herrings, for the Purpose of being made into Red Herrings; and if any White Herrings, imported in Barrels or Casks from any such Port or Place as is above mentioned, shall be found in Bulk, or mixed with any other Herrings unless as aforesaid, or packed in Barrels or Casks on which such Word or Words shall not have been branded respectively, or shall not remain thereon distinctly legible as aforesaid contrary to this Act, all such Herrings, with the Barrels or Casks containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery or of the Customs: Provided always, that nothing in the said Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Kings, or in this Act contained, relative to the Seal or Ticket of the Barrels or Half Barrels in which White Herrings shall be packed, or against their being made of Fir, or relative to the Exportation of White Herrings, shall extend or be construed to extend to White Herrings imported in Barrels or Casks from Ireland, the *Isle of Man*, or from any other Island or Colony under His Majesty's Dominion, such Barrels or Casks being branded in the manner herein directed.

XXXIX. And he it further enacted, That where any Word or Words is or are by this Act directed or required to be branded on any Barrel or Cask, the same shall be so branded with an Iron on the Bulge thereof, in legible, conspicuous and permanent Letters, whereof each shall not be less than One Inch and a Half in Length.

XXX. And he it further enacted, That any Barrel of Herrings repacked or bung-packed, shall be deemed entitled to the Bounty of Four Shillings per Barrel granted by this Act, unless a Space of time not less than Fifteen Days shall have intervened from and after the Day when the first repacked Herrings were originally cured and packed, and before the Day when the same were begun to be repacked, or unless a Space of time not less than Fifteen Days shall have intervened from and after the Day when such bung-packed Herrings were originally cured and packed, and before the Day when the same were completely bung-packed; and if any Barrel of Herrings repacked or bung-packed shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to obtain the said Bounty, not being entitled thereto according to the Provisions of this Act, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery.

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That the Bounty of Four Shillings per Barrel granted by this Act shall not be paid or allowed for any Barrel of Herrings bung-packed, or repacked with Small Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and Thirty five Pounds Weight of Fish at the least; or for any Barrel of Herrings repacked with Great Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of Fish at the least; And if any Barrel of Herrings, bung-packed, or repacked with Small Salt, and not containing, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and Thirty five Pounds Weight of Fish at the least; or if any Barrel of Herrings, repacked with Great Salt, and not containing, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of Fish at the least; shall be tendered to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to obtain the aforesaid Bounty thereon, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That the Bounty hereby granted shall not be paid or allowed for or in respect of any Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, unless the same shall be produced to the proper Officer of the Fishery, and branded as hea Preface, in manner by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Kings directed, at each Port or Place as is hereinafter directed respectively, and so

Refuse of Red Herrings packed, and marked Refuse.

Forfeited.

Barrels of Red Herrings cured in Bulk, as in the Vans, Pans, Coffers, &c.

Regulations respecting White Herrings imported from Ireland, &c.

Forfeited. Penalty for not complying with the Act, &c.

Seal of Letters where Words required to be branded on Barrels. Having Fifteen Days in Bulk before entitled to Bounty.

Forfeited.

Bounty not paid on Barrels under certain Weights.

Forfeited.

At what Ports or Places Herrings packed for the Bounty.

other; that is to say, if the said Herrings were cured with Salt stored on Shore at a Place where the Herring Fishery was carried on, then the said Barrel or Barrels of Herrings shall be so produced and branded as aforesaid, at the Port or Place where the said Herrings were so cured, or at some other Place within the same Port, or at the next Place without such Port, to which the same shall be removed or carried; or if the said Herrings were cured with Salt carried out in any Vessel or Boat fitted out for the British Herring Fishery, and were brought from the said Fishery in the same or any other Vessel, according to the Regulations of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign and this Act, then the Barrel or Barrels of the said Herrings shall be so produced and branded as aforesaid, at the Port or Place to which the same shall have been so brought from the said Fishery; nor shall the said Bounty be paid or allowed in respect of any Barrel or Barrels of Herrings, unless the Carer thereof, who shall produce the same to the proper Officer of the Fishery for that Purpose, shall, after the same shall have been so produced and inspected by such Officer, make Oath before him, which Oath the said Officer is hereby authorized to administer (such Oath to be written at the Foot of the Request Note, which pursuant to any Regulation made or to be made by the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, such Carer shall have delivered to the said Officer, in order to his attending to inspect the said Herrings), that the said Herrings and every Part thereof were, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, gutted and packed within Twenty four Hours after they were caught, and that the same or any Part thereof were not, either in the same or in different Barrels, before that time produced to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to obtain the Bounty granted by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, Herrings, in respect of which the Bounty hereby granted shall be intended to be claimed, shall be gutted with a Knife, in the manner practised by the Dutch Fishermen; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to make Rules and Regulations for carrying the Purpose of this Provision into effect; and every Person who is required by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year (a) of the Reign of His present Majesty to keep an Account or Journal of Herrings cured, or to give a Declaration thereof (b) (over and above the Particulars by the said Act required) mentions therein, whether the Herrings taken, cured and gutted every Day, or what Part thereof at the least, were wholly gutted with a Knife, according to the Regulations to be made pursuant to this Act, and shall verify the Fact upon Oath, as by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year (d) of the Reign of His present Majesty is directed; and if any Barrel or Half Barrel of Herrings, which shall have been gutted otherwise (that is with a Knife in the manner hereby directed, shall be produced to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to be branded and certified for the Bounty hereby granted, the said Officer shall, in the Certificate to be granted by him pursuant to the said Act, describe or distinguish such Barrel or Half Barrel of Herrings as have been gutted otherwise than as hereby directed; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery to make to be delivered and withheld a Part of the Bounty granted by this Act, not exceeding Six pence for each and every Barrel, and Three pence for every Half Barrel of such Herrings as last above mentioned. (a) [48 G. 3. c. 110. § 35.]

(b) [48 G. 3. c. 110. § 36.]

XXXIV. And Whereas by the said Act it is, among other things, enacted, that no White Herrings shall be exported or shipped, or tendered to be shipped, for any Port or Place out of Europe, unless such Herrings shall have been repacked, and a Space of time not less than Fifteen Days shall first intervene, from the Day when the same were originally cured and packed, and before the same were repacked; all which shall be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer of the Fishery and of the Customs, at any Port or Place to which the same shall be brought Coastwise for Exportation, by Certificate to be granted by the proper Officer of the Fishery at the Port or Place from which the same were so first Coastwise as aforesaid, and Oath made thereon by the Exporter or his Agent before any such Officer, that the Herrings tendered for Exportation are the same that were brought Coastwise with such Certificate: And Whereas such Certificate and Oath are rendered unnecessary by the Provisions of this Act, with respect to any Barrel of White Herrings upon which the Bounty of Four Shillings hereby granted shall have been allowed; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so much of the said Act as is above recited shall be repealed, so far as respects any Barrel of Herrings in respect of which it shall appear, by the Mark thereon, that the said Bounty of Four Shillings shall have been allowed.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Barrel of Herrings repacked with Great Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, the Quantity of Five hundredweight mentioned respectively, at the least; that is to say, if intended to be exported to any Port or Place in Europe, Two hundred and twenty four Pounds Weight, or if intended to be exported to any Port or Place out of Europe, Two hundred and twelve Pounds Weight, shall be shipped or tendered to any Officer of the Fishery, in order to be shipped for Exportation to any such Port or Place as aforesaid respectively; or if any Barrel of Herrings being packed, or repacked with Small Salt, which shall not contain, exclusive of Salt and Brine, Two hundred and thirty five Pounds Weight of Fish, at the least, shall be shipped or tendered to any Officer of the Fishery in order to be shipped for Exportation to any Port or Place in Europe; the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Fishery.

XXXVI. And Whereas the Provisions in the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for sending Disputes to some Officer of the Fishery and Carer or Proprietors of Herrings, in certain cases in the said Act mentioned, have not been found effectual; Be it enacted, That in every such case, any Justice of the Peace, to whose Application shall be made either by the Officer or Carer, shall appoint Two disinterested Persons, who shall have as Interest in the Matter in Dispute, One to be nominated by the Officer

Herrings intended for
Bounty hereby
granted, gutted
with Knife.
Whether or not
packed, specified
in Account or
Journal.

Part of Bounty
withheld from
Herrings not
gutted with
Knife.

48 G. 3. c. 110.
§ 40.

In part repealed.

Barrels under
Weight not al-
lowed to be ex-
ported.

If intended to be
shipped for foreign

48 G. 3. c. 110.
§ 43.
Means of settling
Disputes be-
tween Officers
and Carers.

Officer and the other by the opposite Party; and if either Party shall fail to make such Nomination before or at the time when he shall be required by Authority of the said Justice (not being longer than Twenty four Hours from the time of being required to make such Appointment) so to do, then the said Justice shall nominate One fitful Person, not interested in the Matter in Dispute, in his Place; and the Person so appointed, upon Examination of the Matters in Dispute, shall certify on their Oaths, to be taken before the said Justice, their Opinions on the Matters aforesaid; and if they shall agree in their Opinions, the Matters in Dispute shall be determined accordingly; but if the Arbitrators so to be appointed shall differ in Opinion thereon, the said Justice shall require them to name one other fitful Person, not interested in the Matter in Dispute, which Person he afterwards shall examine the Matters in Dispute, and upon such Examination shall certify upon Oath, to be made before the said Justice, his Opinion thereon, and the said Matter shall then be finally determined accordingly.

XXXVII. And Whereas by the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, it is, among other things, enacted, that the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall be authorized to allow Penalties or Bounties, not exceeding the Sum of Three thousand Pounds in the whole in any one Year, to be paid to Persons who shall employ Boats of a Burthen not less than Fifteen Tons by Admeasurement, in the taking of Herrings on the Coast of Scotland, and who shall cure and pack the same according to such Plan and to such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall make and publish in that behalf: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Benefit of the said recited Clause to the Fife of Man, hereinafter provided: Be it therefore enacted, That such Penalties or Bounties as aforesaid shall and may be allowed to Persons who shall fit out Boats of such Burthen as aforesaid from any Port or Place in Scotland, and employ the same in the taking of Herrings on the Coast of Great Britain, Ireland or the Fife of Man, and who shall cure and pack the same according to such Plan and to such Rules and Regulations as aforesaid.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Vessel or Boat which shall be laden at any Port or Place in Great Britain with Salt in Bulk or in Barrels, intended to be used in the Curing of Herrings in Bulk or in Barrels, by the Master and Crew thereof, such Herrings having been taken by the said Master and Crew on any Part of the Coasts of Great Britain, Ireland or the Fife of Man, or purchased from by the said Master, on any Part of the said Coast, from the Crews of other British Boats by whom the same were taken, shall be deemed and taken to be a Vessel or Boat fitted out for the British Herring Fishery, within the Meaning of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of this Act; and where any such Vessel or Boat, having been so fitted out for the British Herring Fishery, and proceeded to any Part of the Coast of Great Britain, Ireland or the Fife of Man, where the Fishing of Herrings shall have been carried on, and of which the Master and Crew shall have taken or purchased Herrings fresh, and cured the same in Bulk or in Barrels, shall arrive laden therewith in any Port or Place of Great Britain; or where any Herrings, taken or purchased and cured as aforesaid, shall have been transhipped on to any such Vessel or Boat as aforesaid, into any other Vessel or Boat which shall arrive laden with the said Herrings in any Port or Place in Great Britain; then and in either of these cases all such Herrings shall be deemed to have been brought from the British Herring Fishery, within the Meaning of the said Act and this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Herrings, Barrels, or Casks, Salt, Nets or Netting, or any Boats, shall be seized as forfeited by virtue or in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery, or any Three of them, on Evidence given to their Satisfaction that the Forfeiture arose without any Intention of Fraud in the Proprietor or Proprietors, Claimant or Claimants, and Person or Persons having the Custody, Care or Management, for the time being, of such Herrings, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets, Netting or Boats, to order the same to be restored to such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, in such manner and on such Terms and Conditions as, under the circumstances of the case, shall appear to the said Commissioners to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; and if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, shall comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by such Commissioners, it shall not be lawful for such Herrings, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets or Netting, or Boats, to be proceeded against in any manner by the Commissioners thereof; but if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants shall not comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, such Herrings, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets or Netting, or Boats, may and shall be proceeded against for the Commissions thereof, as if this Provision had not been made: Provided always, that if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants, shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners, such Proprietor or Proprietors, or Claimant or Claimants respectively, shall not, nor shall any of them, have or be entitled to any Recompense or Damage, on account of the Seizure or Detention of such Herrings, Barrels or Casks, Salt, Nets or Netting, or Boats.

XL. And be it further enacted, That every Half Barrel of Whole Herrings shall, if bagged or re-packed, contain Half the Quantity of Fish, exclusive of Salt and Brine, which a Barrel of Herrings bagged, packed or re-packed in by the said Act and this Act prepared to contain respectively; and shall be entitled to Half of the Bounty, and be subject to all Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which a Barrel of Herrings in the like case is liable.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Herring Fishery shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make and amend, or alter, or vary, any Rule or Regulation made by them pursuant to the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, and as lies thereof to make another Rule or Regulation for the same Purpose, which shall be of full force.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture by the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, or by this Act imposed, except in any case where other Provision

of C. 5. s. 110
s. 25.

Provision extended to Scotland being on Coast of G. B. &c.

Where Vessels drawn to land are for British Herring Fishery.

and when Herrings drawn brought from Fishery

Commissioners to seize and to re-seize Penalties.

Proviso.

Half Barrels entitled to Half Bounty. of G. 3. s. 120. s. 44.

Commissioners may alter Rules.

Penalties and Forfeitures have full force.

is thereby made, shall or may be paid for, recovered, levied and mitigated, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied and mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and one Moiety of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons as shall inform or sue for the same.

Encl. 10. 18
1815

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in the before recited Act, and all the Penalties and Forfeitures imposed thereby, shall be in full Force and Effect, as if the same were re-enacted in this Act, unless where the same are altered, varied or repealed by or under the Authority of this Act.

C A P. XCV.

An Act to repeal the Duties payable on the Importation into Great Britain of solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, and other Vegetable Substances used in the Tanning of Leather; and to grant a Duty in lieu thereof. [14th June 1815.]

49 G. 3. c. 98
Encl. (A.)

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into Great Britain of any solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark and other Vegetable Substances used in the Tanning of Leather, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifthenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into Great Britain of any solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, and other Vegetable Substances used in the Tanning of Leather, and for no other Purpose whatever, do cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that from and after the said Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon every Hundred Weight of such solid Vegetable Extract from Oak Bark, and other Vegetable Substances to be used for the Purpose of Tanning Leather, and no other Purpose whatever, the Sum of Three Shillings.

New Duty.

Duty levied at
other Duties of
Customs.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered; and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for carrying the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Fines, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures, for any Offences whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Provisions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were as largely repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Application of
Duty

III. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duties (the ordinary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Permanent Duties imposed by the said recited Act of the First year of the Reign of His present Majesty are directed to be appropriated and applied.

49 G. 3. c. 98.
Encl. 10. 1815

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

[See Duties in Ireland, c. 22. 5th (A.) sess.]

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to grant a further Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate to accompany the Title of Earl Nelson, and also to amend Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign for making such Purchase. [14th June 1815.]

49 G. 3. c. 100

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for making and securing a certain Annuity to the Earl Nelson, and the Heirs Male of his Body, and such other Persons as within the Title of Earl Nelson may descend; and for granting a Sum of Money to purchase an Estate to accompany the said Title; and also, for granting a Sum of Money for the Use of the Heirs of the late Vice Admiral Pakenham Nelson; in Consideration of the services and special Services performed by the said late Vice Admiral Nelson to His Majesty and the Public; a Sum not exceeding Sixty thousand Pounds was granted out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, to the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or First Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the First Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty, and the Treasurer of the Navy for the time being respectively, the Honourable George Keppel, Alexander Douglas Elphinstone and William Howard Eliot, who were thereby required to erect the same in the Purchase of a Mansion House, and of any Freehold Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, of a good Estate of Inheritance in Fee*

Simple, in Reversion, to arrive from Incumbents, except Fee Farm Rents, Quit Rents, and other
 Hereditary Services, and to be devised in any Part of Great Britain, and the Manors Houles to be called *Trustee's*
Houles; and it was enacted, that the said Manors Houles, Freehold Manors, Lands, Tenements and Heredi- 517
 tamentaries, should when so purchased be forthwith settled, conveyed and assured, to the Use of the Reverend
 William Earl Nelson, and the Heirs Male of the Body of the said Earl Nelson, and to such other Person to
 whom the Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Nelson should descend, pursuant to the Limitations of the
 Patent, whereby the said Dignity was granted; and it was further enacted, that it should be lawful for the
 Trustees for the time being, with the Consent of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the
 Reversion and Profits of the Hereditaments so to be purchased as aforesaid, to convey by way of Sale or Exchange
 for any other Freehold Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of a good Estate of Inheritance
 in Fee Simple and Possession, and to be free from Incumbents, and future as aforesaid, all or any of the
 Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to be purchased as aforesaid, except such of them as should
 consist of a Capital Manors Houles, Gardens and Park intended for the actual Residence and Occupation of
 those who for the time being should be entitled in Possession to the Reversion and Profits of the said purchased
 Estates: And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of 52 G. 3. c. 134
 His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for*
settling and securing a certain Annuity, and for purchasing an Estate for the Earl Nelson, it was enacted,
 that so long as the said Title, Honour and Dignity of Earl Nelson should endure, neither the said Earl Nelson,
 nor any other Person to whom the said Manors Houles, Freehold Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments
 so to be purchased, should or might defend or stand limited by virtue of the Limitations directed by the
 said recited Act, should have any Power to hinder, nor or discontinue any the Person or Persons to or upon
 whom the said Manors Houles, Freehold Manors, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments were by the said
 recited Act to be settled or limited from holding or enjoying the same according to the said Limitations,
 other than and except as in the said Act now in recital is excepted; and it was further enacted, that as
 failure of the Heirs Male of the Body of the said William Earl Nelson, and as failure of the said Title,
 Honour and Dignity of Earl Nelson, the said Manors Houles, Freehold Manors, Lands, Tenements and Heredi- 53
 tamentaries so to be purchased as aforesaid, should remain to the Use of the said William Earl Nelson, and
 his Heirs and Assigns for ever; and it was thereby further enacted, that in case the said Trustees should
 think it fitting it should be lawful for them to repair, and put in complete Repair, and make any Additions
 to, or Alterations in any Messuage or Manors Houles, Out Offices and Out Buildings that should or might
 be standing or being upon the Lands which should be so purchased as aforesaid, and to make any Enclosure
 or Buildings, Plantations or other Improvements, or any Alterations in, or Additions to, or Substitutions
 for all or any Part or Parts of the Lands so to be purchased, which should have been already sold
 out, or should be deemed proper to be laid out as and for a Garden or Gardens, Park or Pleasure Ground
 or Grounds, so as in the Judgment and Discretion of the said Trustees to render the whole fit for such
 Residence as aforesaid, and to pay and apply sufficient Part of the said Sum of Ninety thousand Pounds,
 but not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, in satisfying and discharging the Collected Expences
 of such Repairs, Alterations, Additions, Substitutions and Improvements, till theretofore men-
 tioned: And Whereas an Opportunity has offered of purchasing from the Devisee under the Will of
 Henry Dawson Esquire, for the Sum of Ninety three thousand four hundred and fifty Pounds, the Manor
 of Sandjark, in the County of Wilts, a Manors Houles, and certain Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Tenements,
 Mills, Farms, Tithes, Woods, Woodlands, Fisheries and other Hereditaments, situate in Sandjark,
 Dorsetshire, Cheshire, Stafford and Wiltshire, in the said County of Wilts, of which Hereditaments the
 said Manors Houles and Tenements hundred and forty five Acres, or therabouts, are Freehold of Inheritance;
 Four hundred and fifty six Acres, or therabouts, are Copyhold of Inheritance; Ninety three Acres,
 or therabouts, are Copyhold for Lives; and a small Part of the said Hereditaments is subject to an on-
 erstanding Term of Years, determinable as One Life; and other Parts thereof are subject to certain Fee Farms
 Rents, Water Rents, Quit Rents and other Rents: And Whereas it will require the Sum of Three thou-
 sand Pounds, or therabouts, to put the said Manors Houles and Buildings on the said Estate into a proper
 State of Repair: And Whereas the said Estate is well calculated to be successed to the said Title, Honour
 and Dignity of Earl Nelson, and the Trustees appointed by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His 45 G. 3. c. 134
 Majesty's Rings an address of purchasing the same for that Purpose; but as the Value of the said Estate
 exceeds the Sum granted by the said first recited Act, and as the said Trustees are not expressly enabled, by
 the Provisions of the said recited Act, to purchase any other than Freehold Lands of Inheritance, nor Lands
 in Reversion, see Act 45 G. 3. c. 134 to say Rent, charge Fee Farm Rents, and Quit Rents, and other Rents
 Services, the said Purchase cannot be effected by the said Act: And Whereas it is desirable, for increasing the
 Value of the said Estate to be purchased, that the Trustees of the said Estate should be empowered to purchase
 the said Estate, and to purchase the Rents to which the same may be subject, and that
 the Powers of Sale and Livery given by the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's
 Rings should be further extended: And Whereas the said Purchase cannot be completed, or the said Powers
 legally given to the Trustees of the said Estate, except by the further Aid of Parliament: Now We, Your
 Majesty's most Gracious and Most Excellent, the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, duly
 considering Your Majesty's most gracious Letters underwritten in the said Part recited Act of the Forty sixth
 Year of Your Majesty's Rings, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be enacted,
 by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tem-
 poral, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a fur-
 ther Sum, not exceeding Nine thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, shall be paid out of the Com-
 mons

46 G. 3. c. 23.

Warrants and
Debetures
made with
without Fee.

Not necessary.

Treasury, in
every thing
necessary with-
out Fee.Acquaintances of
Treasury (fol-
lowing Discharge,
&c.Certain Fees
had not in
Furnish of Stand-
ing Manner,
&c.46 G. 3. c. 23.
11 G. 3. c. 134.Amount, bid not
in making Re-
purchases in
Market House
in London.Refuse bid not
in London.

forfeited Fund of Great Britain, after paying, or tendering sufficient to pay, all such Sum and Sum of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon the said Fund, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, to the Treasurers for the time being under the said Act of the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and to be applied by them in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and the High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer and Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, to make forth and pass Debentures for paying the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, from time to time as the same shall be required, for any of the Purposes aforesaid, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; which said Warrant, and the Debentures to be made forth and passed thereupon, shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds to such Treasurers as aforesaid, without any further or other Warrant to be made forth, had or obtained in that behalf.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That after the signing of such Warrant the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof, and of this Act, and shall not be determined or revocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty (whom God long preserve!), or any of his Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Offices of them, or any of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the Treasury now and for the time being, and the High Treasurer for the time being, the Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlains and Barons of the Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Members of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and strictly enjoined and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such Acts, Matters and Things, as are herebefore directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them, or any or either of them, in order to make this Act, and the several Payments hereby directed, effectual.

V. And be it enacted, That the Acquaintances or Acquaintances, Receipt or Receipts, of the said Treasurers, for the Sums to be directed to be paid to them, or for any Part thereof, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of the same, without any further or other Warrant to be had for or obtained in that behalf; and that the said Sums, and every Part thereof, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions and other Public Charges whatsoever; and is and shall be one of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or to do any Act necessary to enable the said Treasurers to receive the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, then the said Treasurers may from time to time sue, prosecute and impound such Officers, or any of them, their Executors and Administrators, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall or may recover Judgments, and for out Expenses thereupon, against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Payment of the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Treasurers, and they are hereby required, to lay out and invest the Sum of Eighty seven thousand Pounds, Part of the Sum of Ninety thousand Pounds granted by the said Act of the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and so much of the Sum of Nine thousand Pounds hereby granted as aforesaid, as shall be necessary in the Purchase of the Manor, Messuage, House, Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Tenements, Mills, Farms, Tithes, Woods, Woodlands, Fisheries and other Hereditaments whatsoever situated, subject to the Incumbrances to which the same are subject as aforesaid; which said Freehold and Copyhold Estates, when so purchased, shall be foreverwell settled, conveyed, surrendered and assured, to the same Uses, (subject to the same Powers and Redemptions, and in the same manner as in and by the said Acts of the Forty Sixth and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign is directed, with respect to the Manor House, Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, by the said first mentioned Act directed to be purchased, or as near thereto as the Nature and Tenor of the said Estates will admit, and also subject to the Power hereafter expressed and contained.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Treasurers, and they are hereby required, to lay out and invest the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, the remaining Part of the said Sum of Ninety thousand Pounds granted by the said Act of the Forty Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any Part or Parts of the same, in making such Repurchases in the said Market House at Standards aforesaid, and of the Statute, Out Buildings, Mill, Garden Walls and Officers belonging to the same, or hold thereof, or any of them, as the Treasurers in their Discretion shall think proper; and that the said Treasurers may either themselves pay and apply the said Sum of Three thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, as herebefore is mentioned, or entrust the Person for the time being entitled in Possession to the Rents and Profits of the said Estate with the Payment and Application thereof, on taking his Receipt or Receipts for the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Treasurers and they are hereby required to apply the Residue of the Sum of Nine thousand Pounds hereby granted, in procuring the Encroachments

of all or any Part of the Copyhold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments purchased or received in Exchange in pursuance of this Act, and in the Purchase of the Free Farm Rents, Water Rents, Quay Rents and other Rents Services affecting the Freehold and Copyhold Hereditaments, which shall have been so purchased or received in Exchange as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, and in Execution of any of the Trusts and Powers contained in the said Acts of the Forty sixth and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and in the Purchase of any Freehold or Copyhold Hereditaments, which shall in the Judgement of the said Trustees be convenient to be held and occupied with the Bulk of the Estate heretofore directed to be purchased, or to be given in Exchange for any other Lands convenient to be held and occupied therewith, or for the Freehold of any of the said Copyholds, and the Freehold or Copyhold Hereditaments so to be purchased, shall be conveyed and settled to the same Uses, and subject to the same Powers and Restrictions to and subject to which the Freehold and Copyhold Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance of this present Act, shall then stand limited and subject.

X. And Whereas Parts of the Copyhold Hereditaments heretofore directed to be purchased, are Parcel of a Manor whereof the Lord Bishop of Winchester is Right of his See is Lord, and other Parts of the said Copyhold Hereditaments are Parcel of a Manor of which the Warden and Scholars, Clerks, of *Saint Mary's College Winchester near Winchester*, are Lords; and other Parts of the said Copyhold Hereditaments, and some of the Rents to which the Estates heretofore directed to be purchased are subject, are or may be held in some Corporation, Infant, Feme Covert, Lattine, or other Person or Persons under some Disability or Incapacity, or having only a partial or qualified Estate or Interest therein; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Bishop of Winchester, and the said Warden and Scholars, Clerks, of *Saint Mary's College* for the time being, and any such Corporation as aforesaid, and the Guardians, Husbandmen, Trustees and Committees of such incapacitated Persons, and for the Persons having such partial or qualified Estate or Interest as aforesaid, to enfranchise the said Copyhold Hereditaments, or to convey the Freehold thereof in Exchange for the same, and to sell the said Rents upon such Terms as shall be agreed upon between them and the Trustees for the time being under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign; and that it shall be lawful for the said Bishop and the said Warden and Scholars for the time being, and for such Corporation, and the Guardians, Husbandmen, Trustees and Committees of such incapacitated Persons, and for the Persons having such partial or qualified Estate or Interest as aforesaid, to enter into, make and execute all such Contracts, Agreements, Sales, Exchanges, Conveyances and Assurances, as shall be requisite and necessary for effectuating the Purposes aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Consideration Monies to be paid for the Enfranchisement of any Copyhold Hereditaments which shall be Parcel of any Manor whereof the Bishop of Winchester is Lord, as shall be agreed to be given for the Right, Title and Interest of the said Bishop in the same, shall be paid to the Bishop of Winchester for the time being, and that his Receipts shall be as effectual Discharge for the same; and that it shall be lawful for the said Bishop and his Successors, at their respective Discretion, to apply all or any Part of the said Monies in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or other Incumbrances or Part thereof, affecting any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, belonging to the See of Winchester, or in the Purchase of the Land Tax affecting any Leases or Livings in the Possession of the said See of Winchester, and until such Consideration Monies can be so applied, the said Bishop and his Successors shall until the same in Government or Real Securities, and the Dividends and Interest thereof shall be received by the Bishop of Winchester for the time being.

XI. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Consideration Monies to be paid for the Enfranchisement of any Copyhold Hereditaments which shall be Parcel of the Manor whereof the said Warden and Scholars, Clerks, of *Saint Mary's College of Winchester near Winchester*, are Lords, as shall be agreed to be given for the Right, Title and Interest of the said Warden and Scholars therein, shall be paid to the said Warden and Scholars for the time being, and that their Receipts shall be as effectual Discharge for the same; and that it shall be lawful for them and their Successors to apply all or any Part of the said Monies in the Purchase of the Land Tax or Discharge of any Debt or Debts or other Incumbrances or Part thereof, affecting any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments belonging to the said College, or in the Purchase of the Land Tax affecting any Leases or Livings in their Possession, and until such Consideration Monies can be so applied, the said Warden and Scholars shall until the same in Government or Real Securities, and the Dividends and Interest thereof shall be received by the said Warden and Scholars.

XII. And be it further enacted, That where any Enfranchisements of Copyholds or Sales of Rents shall be made in pursuance of this Act, by any other Corporation or by any Person having such partial or qualified Estate or Interest as aforesaid, or by the Guardians, Husbandmen, Trustees or Committees of such incapacitated Persons as aforesaid, the Consideration Monies for such Enfranchisements and Sales shall be paid to Three Persons, Two of whom shall be appointed by the Person or Persons making such Enfranchisements or Sales, and the other by the Trustees for the time being under the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, by Writing under their respective Hands; and the Receipts of such Three Persons shall be effectual Discharge for such Consideration Monies, and shall exonerate the Persons paying the same from all Obligation of doing to the Application, and all Liability for the Misapplication or Nonapplication of the said Monies; and the Three Persons to be so appointed shall at the Option of such Persons having a partial or qualified Estate or Interest, or such incapacitated Persons respectively, or their respective Guardians, Husbandmen, Trustees or Committees respectively, signified by Writing under their respective Hands, cause the said Monies to be issued in the Names of them the said Trustees, either in the Purchase of Freehold or Copyhold Hereditaments

ment of Copyhold Possession.

Bishop of Winchester, Assent given to enfranchise Freehold and Copyhold.

Application of Consideration Money paid to Bishop of Winchester.

Application of Consideration Money paid to Warden and Scholars of Winchester.

Application of Consideration Money paid to other Corporation or incorporated Persons.

ments of Inheritance in Fee Simple, or of Land Tax, or of Three Pounds *per Acre* Consolidated Bank Annuities, or Three Pounds *per Acre* Reduced Bank Annuities, and Bond and be seized and possessed of and interred in the said Hereditaments, Land Tax, and Bank Annuities, so to be purchased as aforesaid, and the Yearly Income and Produce of the same respectively, upon such Trusts (as far as the Rules of Law and Equity will admit) as shall be similar to and correspond with the Uses and Trusts which would have been fulfilling in the Estates and Interests alienated and disposed of by the last Enrolment and Sale if the same had not taken place, and effects, convey and fulfil the same accordingly.

21. *Supposed notice to be laid out in manner directed by the Statute in Exchange Bill, &c.*

XIII. And he is further enacted, That if on Payment of the said Nine thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, to the Trustees under the Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, the said Trustees shall not be able to apply the same in the manner herein afore directed and authorized, then and in such case the said Trustees shall and they are hereby required to put out the same in Exchangeable Bills, or any other Government Securities, and to keep the same so invested in Exchangeable Bills or Government Securities bearing Interest until the same can be invested in the manner heretofore directed and authorized, and in the mean time to pay and apply the Interest arising therefrom in such manner as they in their Discretion shall judge most for the Benefit and Improvement of the Estate to be purchased as aforesaid.

22. *Notice to be laid out in manner directed by the Statute in Exchange Bill, &c.*

XIV. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Person for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments to be purchased as aforesaid, if such Person shall be of full Age, and if such Person shall be under the age of Twenty-one Years, then to and for his Guardian or Guardians during his Minority, to fell and cut down or cause to be felled and cut down from off the Lands to be purchased as aforesaid, such Timber or Timber-like trees, except Timber or Timber-like Trees serving for Purposes of Ornament or Shelter, as shall from time to time be wanting for the new buildings, repairing or amending the Messuage House, Messuages, Mills, Buildings, Out Houses and other Erections, which shall from time to time be standing and long upon the said Lands, or any Part thereof, and for making and repairing the necessary Palings, Gates, Fences, Stakes, Hedges and Boundaries thereof, and to cause the said Timber and Timber-like Trees, which shall be to be felled and cut down, to be applied to and about such new Buildings, Reparations and Amendments, so that the Estate to be purchased as aforesaid may at all times be supported and kept in a proper State.

23. *Copyhold Lands and Premises sold to be held with the Estate purchased subject to Exchange for Part thereof, &c.*

XV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees for the time being, with the Consent and Approbation of the Person for the time being entitled to Possession to the Rents and Profits of the Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, as he purchased as aforesaid (such Consent and Approbation to be testified by Writing under his Hand and Seal, and attested by Two or more Creditable Witnesses), to receive any Copyhold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments contiguous to or defensible to be held with the Bulk of the Estate to be purchased as aforesaid, in Exchange for such of the Freehold and Copyhold Hereditaments to be purchased as aforesaid, as by virtue of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Kings, and of this Act, will become subject to the Powers of Sale and Exchange contained in the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid; and also upon any Exchange which shall be made in pursuance of the said Powers to receive any Sum or Sums of Money by way of Equivalency of Exchange, and upon the Receipt of any Sum or Sums of Money to and from any Sale or Exchange to be made in pursuance of the said Powers, to sign and give Receipts in Writing for the same, which Receipts shall be effectual Discharges to the Person paying the same, for the Money therein mentioned and acknowledged to be received, and shall exonerate them from all Obligations of doing to the Application, and all Liability for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof; and that it shall be lawful for the said Trustees for the time being, with such Consent and Approbation, and in reliance as heretofore is mentioned, to lay out and revert any Part of the Monies which shall arise from any such Sales or Exchanges as aforesaid, in the Purchase of any such Copyhold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as heretofore is mentioned, and the Copyhold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be received in Exchange or purchased in pursuance of this Clause, shall immediately upon such Exchange or Purchase be felled and altered to the same Uses, upon the same Trusts, and subject to the same Powers and Restrictions, as, upon and subject to which the Hereditaments, which shall have been disposed of by way of Sale or in Exchange, would under and by virtue of the said Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, and this Act, have been felled and altered if the same had not been sold or exchanged.

24. *Free Fees, Rents, &c. payable out of the said Rents and Profits of the Estate purchased.*

XVI. Provided also, and he is further enacted, That the said Free Fees, Water Rents and other Rents, and also all Fines and Fees which shall from time to time be payable in respect of the Copyhold Hereditaments which shall be purchased or received in Exchange in pursuance of the Act, shall be payable out of the Annual Rents and Profits of the Estate to be purchased as aforesaid; and that if the Person for the time being entitled to the said Rents and Profits shall not pay and discharge the said Fines and Fees, and also such Free Fees, Water Rents and other Rents, as and when the same shall become payable, it shall be lawful for the said Trustees for the time being to receive and upon the said Estate, and to receive a competent Part of the Rents and Profits thereof, and apply the same in Discharge of the said Rents, Fines and Fees accordingly.

C A P. XCVII.

AN ACT to grant to the Judges of the Commissary Court of Edinburgh a fixed Salary in place of their present Salary and certain Fees and Payments. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for discharging the Payment of Sinecure Money and other Fees of Court to the Judges of the Court of Admiralty, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and the Payment of Sinecure Money to the Judges of the Commissary Court in Edinburgh; for granting Salaries to the Judges of the said Courts in lieu thereof; and for regulating the Appointment of the said Judges; by which it is enacted, that in lieu of Sinecure Money theretore in use, as well as for the better Provision of the said Judges of the Commissary Court of Edinburgh, they should be entitled to and receive the Sum of One hundred Pounds Sterling each of Salary, payable in the same Form and upon the same Establishment as the Salaries of the Court of Session, Judiciary and Exchequer, are paid in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for rectifying the Salaries of the Judges of the Court of Admiralty in Scotland, and of the Judges of the Commissary Court of Edinburgh*, it is enacted, that in Addition to the Salary then paid to each of the Judges of the said Commissary Court in Edinburgh there should be paid and payable to each of them, and each of their Successors in Office, the Sum of Six hundred and fifty Pounds yearly, in the same Form and upon the same Establishment as the Salaries granted by the said recited Act are therein made payable: And Whereas the Judges of the said Commissary Court are further entitled to and at present receive certain Fees and Payments, and it is expedient to make a more salubrious Provision for the said Judges, May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June in this present Year, there shall be paid to each of the said Judges of the said Commissary Court (and each of their Successors in Office), in lieu of the Salary and of all Fees and Payments to which each or any of them is now entitled, the Sum of Six hundred Pounds Sterling yearly: which Sum shall be paid and payable to each of the said Judges, and to each of their Successors in Office, in the same Form and upon the same Establishment as the said Salaries of the Judges of the Courts of Session, Judiciary and Exchequer are paid in Scotland, without being subject to Fees or other Deduction whatsoever.*

II. And be it enacted, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, no Payment of Bishops' Fees in Scotland shall be made to any of the Judges of the said Commissary Court; and from and after the same Period all Fees or Dues paid or payable to the said Judges for or in respect of Confirmations of Testaments, Testaments or Dames, and all other Fees or Dues of every Kind or Description paid or payable to the said Judges, or any of them, shall cease and determine and be abolished: Provided always, that such Confirmations shall in all other respects be granted as at present; and that all Fees or Dues which are now chargeable or payable and belonging by Law to the Clerk or other Officers of the said Commissary Court of Edinburgh, shall continue to be payable to the said Clerk or other Officers as at present, until the same shall be altered or otherwise regulated according to Law.

C A P. XCVIII.

AN ACT to enable the Select Committee on the Downpatrick Election to re-assemble, and to suspend the Transmission of the Warrants and other Proceedings for the Appointment of Commissioners to examine Witnesses in Ireland. [14th June 1815.]

WHEREAS a Petition was presented in the present Session of Parliament by Edward Esdaile, Esquire, a Candidate at the last Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for the Borough of Downpatrick, in the County of Down, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, complaining of an undue Election and Return for the said Borough of Downpatrick: And Whereas a Select Committee was appointed for trying and determining the Merits of the said Petition in manner directed by several Acts passed for regulating the Trials of Controversed Elections or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament: And Whereas it was reported from the said Select Committee that the Parties before the said Committee had applied for a Commission under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trials of Controversed Elections or Returns of Members to serve in the United Kingdom for Ireland: and that it appeared to the said Committee, from the nature of the case and the Number of Witnesses to be examined relative to the Allegations in the said Petition, that the same could not be effectually required into better the said Committee without great Expence and Inconvenience to the Parties; and that the said Committee had therefore thought it necessary to order and had accordingly made an Order for the Nomination and Appointment of Commissioners to examine Evidence in Ireland respecting all Matters and Things referred to the said Committee; and that Commissioners had accordingly been appointed, and a Warrant issued by the Chairman of the said Committee for the Meeting of the said Commissioners: And Whereas in pursuance of the said Report, and of Leave requested by the said Committee for that Purpose, the said Select Committee had Leave to adjourn until such time as the Speaker of the House of Commons should by his Warrant direct the said Committee to re-assemble: And Whereas the said Commissioners hath therefore adjourned; and the said Edward Esdaile

Messing of this Act, and the Period between the Twenty-fifth Day of November and the Fifth Day of January shall be also deemed a Calendar Month within the Messing of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That in every Notice which shall be given by any Master or Maker of Malt, for commencing or recommencing to work at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no other Day shall be mentioned than the Sixth Day of some Month in the Year; and that no Master or Maker of Malt shall commence or recommence working, except on such Sixth Day of any Month respectively; and that every Malthouse shall be performed to be kept regularly at work from the Day mentioned in any Notice to be given by any Master or Maker of Malt for the commencing or recommencing to work, and such working shall be daily discontinued according to Law, and that the Day mentioned in any Notice for so discontinuing or ceasing to work, shall be the Fifth Day of some Month in the Year.

IV. And be it further enacted, That at the time specified in any such Notice of Discontinuance, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise in charge of the Malthouse of such Master or Maker of Malt, and he is hereby required to go to the said Malthouse, and there to search and see whether the working of such Malthouse is discontinued in pursuance of such Notice; and if such Officers shall be prevented from so doing by any Person at such Malthouse, or in consequence of the Malthouse being locked, and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officer, or otherwise, or if at any Time after the Day mentioned in such Notice of Discontinuance, and before the Day mentioned in any Notice for recommencing to work, any Corn or Grain shall be found wetted or damped in such Malthouse, or in the Process of being made into Malt, (except under the Powers hereinafter mentioned) such Master shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall be charged with and pay Duty as if he had not given any Notice of Discontinuance; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, and he is hereby authorized and required to make a Return within Ten Days after Detention or Discovery as aforesaid, to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties chargeable on such Quantities of Malt in such Malthouse or Maker of Malt: would have been chargeable with if such Notice of Discontinuance had not been given; and every such Master or Maker of Malt shall, within Ten Days after such Return shall have been made, pay the Amount of the Duties so charged, and secured, or in Default of Payment within such time every such Master or Maker of Malt shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with Double the Amount of such Duties.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in lieu and instead of the monthly and yearly charges on Masters and Makers of Malt in Ireland, under any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, every such Master or Maker of Malt shall be charged according to the Proportions hereinafter mentioned and expressed; That is to say, every Master or Maker of Malt in Ireland shall, between the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Fifth Day of January following, and so in like manner between the Fifth Day of January in every succeeding Year, and the Fifth Day of January following, during the Continuance of the Licence of such Master or Maker of Malt, be charged with and pay Duty of Excise for a Quantity of Malt after the Rate of Eighty Barrels of Malt for every One hundred Feet Square of Working or Drying Floor or Floors, which shall be contained in such Malthouse in which such Master or Maker of Malt shall be licensed to make Malt, and so in Proportion for any greater Number of Square Feet, and also for as much more Malt as such Master or Maker of Malt shall actually make within the said Period.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Charge of such yearly Duty of Eighty Barrels shall be made in manner following: That is to say, every such Master or Maker of Malt shall be charged for not less than Eight Calendar Months in every Year, and for every such Calendar Month such Master or Maker of Malt shall be charged with and pay Duty for Ten Barrels of Malt for every One hundred Feet Square of such Working or Drying Floor or Floors, and so in Proportion for any greater Number of Square Feet; and every Master or Maker of Malt over and above the respective Quantities aforesaid, be also charged with and pay Duty for as much more Malt as could be produced after the Rates mentioned and performed in the said recited Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Master, or any Act or Acts in force for amending the same, from any Corn or Grain actually wetted by such Master or Maker of Malt within every such Period of One Calendar Month*; and the Surveyor or Gauger in Charge of the Malthouse of every such Master or Maker of Malt shall, within Ten Days after the Expiration of every such Calendar Month while such Malthouse shall be chargeable as a working, make a Return of such Quantities respectively as aforesaid, and of the Duties thereon, and such Return shall be a Charge upon every such Master or Maker of Malt who shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, and subject to such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, and for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Malt made in Ireland, as if the said Rules, Regulations, Directions, Fines and Penalties were herein enacted and applied hereto in the said Duty, and the Payment thereof in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as the same are by the said Acts or any of them applied to the Duties and the Payment thereof in the said Acts mentioned.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Quantity of Malt charged upon any Master or Maker of Malt in any one Year ending on the Fifth Day of January, shall not amount to the full Quantity of Malt after the Rate of Eighty Barrels aforesaid, for which such Master or Maker of Malt is chargeable with Duty within any Year according to the Rates aforesaid, the Surveyor or Gauger in charge of the Malthouse of any such Master or Maker of Malt shall, within Twenty Days after such Fifth Day of January, make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Malt

Malthouse of an 1 reg. after Jan. 1 1816, to be only a Sixth Day of the Month, and Notice for discontinuing Fifth Day of the Month.

Malthouse (closed).

Discretion, as making Malt in Malthouse during the Month of Discontinuance, &c.

Penalty

Penalty.

After Jan. 1 1816, instead of monthly Charge, yearly Charge made.

Manner of making year's Charge.

45 G. 3. c. 12.

Surveyors, &c. to make Returns.

If Quantity of Malt is short of Amount for which Malthouse chargeable, Officer to make Return to Collector.

before, by which
Charge made.

Penalty.
In case of
Grant in Possession
of Malt, on
Maltsters the
discontinuing
work, all Days
allowed in some
place Malt.

Power of Abolition
of Quantity
of Malt for
which Maltster
is chargeable.

45 G. 3. c. 33
§ 30.

Increase of Quan-
tity beyond
Such Account
forfeited.

Penalty.
Duty how paid.

45 G. 3. c. 33

house shall be stored, or of such Quantity of Malt and of the Duties thereon, as, with the Quantities comprised in former Returns of Malt against such Maltster or Maker of Malt in the Year ending on such Fifth Day of January, shall amount to the full Quantity of Malt, for which such Maltster or Maker of Malt is made chargeable with Duty according to the Rates aforesaid, and such Return shall be a Charge on such Maltster or Maker of Malt, who shall pay the Duties appearing by such Return to have been incurred and become due within One Month after such Return shall have been made, or in Default thereof shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Duties which shall be so returned.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maltster or Maker of Malt shall on the Fifth Day of January in any Year, or on the Day mentioned in any Notice for discontinuing to work in manner aforesaid, have any Corn or Grain on any Floor or Floors in the Maltings of such Maltster or Maker of Malt, in Process of Mashing or being made into Malt, it shall and may be lawful for such Maltster or Maker of Malt to proceed in completing the Process of making such Corn or Grain into Malt, and such Malt in draft off; provided always, that such Process shall be completed within Sixteen Days after the said Fifth Day of January, or after the Day mentioned in any such Notice for discontinuing working, at the wife only be; and that no such Corn or Grain shall be or shall have been wetted on or after the Third Day of January, or on or after the Third Day of any Month in which any such Notice of discontinuing working, at the wife only be; and that such Maltster, or Maker of Malt shall be subject and liable to all other Regulations in this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland contained, with respect to such Malt, five and except that the Duty payable upon the same shall be charged and included in the Return to be made for the Month ending the Fifth Day of the Month in which such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall discontinue working.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to reduce or abate the Quantity of Malt, for which any Maltster or Maker of Malt is under this Act chargeable with Duty, during the Continuance of his Licence in any Year, on such Occasions and under such Regulations and Restrictions, as the Commissioners of Excise or any Number of them are empowered to reduce or abate any Charge under the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, any yearly or other Charge or Matter in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that if any Abatement shall be sought for as a concession or by reason of a Part of the Year commencing the Fifth Day of January in any Year having elapsed before the taking out of such Licence, on Abatement shall on such Account be made unless such Licence shall have been taken out after the Twenty-fifth Day of February in such Year.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Quantity of Malt shall be found in the Possession of any Maltster or Maker of Malt at any time after such Maltster or Maker of Malt shall have given any Notice to discontinue working, greater than the Quantity which by the Stock Account of any Officer of Excise ought to be in the Possession of such Maltster or Maker of Malt, all such increased Quantity shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and the Maltster is whose Possession the same shall be found shall forfeit for every Barrel thereof the Sum of Forty Shillings British Currency.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Charge by this Act directed to be made against any Maltster or Maker of Malt, and the Duty in respect thereof, shall be made and returned by the Officer, and the said Duty shall be paid by the Maltster or Maker of Malt in such manner and order and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Modes of Recovery thereof, as are contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, intimated *in Act for the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Maltster, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland* relating to the Collection of the Malt Duties, so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other, save and except such Rules and Regulations as are expressly altered by this Act; and that all such Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Modes of Recovery thereof, so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other, and (except as aforesaid) shall be applied in the stamping, levying, collecting and recovering all such Duties, as fully and effectually to all Levies and Payments as if the said Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

C A P. C.

An Act to provide for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties payable on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates, in Ireland. [22d June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make permanent Regulations, for the better Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, if any Person or Persons in Ireland shall issue, or cause to be issued any Bill, Draft or Order, for the Payment of Money to Bearer on Demand, drawn upon or made payable by any Banker or Bankers, which shall be dated on any Day subsequent to the Day on which it shall be issued, or which shall not truly specify and express the Place where it shall be issued, or which shall not, according to the true Intent and Meaning of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the issuing such Bill, Draft or Order, be exempt from the Stamp Duty on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Drafts or Orders, for Payment of Money, unless such Bill, Draft or Order, shall be duly stamped as a Bill of Exchange, according to the Law in force when the same shall be issued, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Person shall knowingly receive or take any such Bill, Draft or Order, in Payment of or as a Security for

Act, c. 78.

Issuing Bills, &c.
paid dated, or
without order
drawing Place
where drawn,
without Stamp,
&c.

Penalty.
Receiving Bills,
&c.

for the Sum therein mentioned, the Person or Persons receiving or taking such Bill, Draft or Order, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Banker or Bankers, upon or by whom any such Bill, Draft or Order, shall be drawn or made payable, shall pay or cause or permit to be paid the Sum of Money therein expressed, or any Part thereof, knowing the same to be so paid dated, or knowing that the Place where it was filed is not truly specified and for such offence, such Bill, Draft or Order, not being stamped according to Law as a Bill of Exchange, then the Banker or Bankers so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and moreover shall not be allowed the Money so paid or any Part thereof in Account against the Person or Persons by or for whom such Bill, Draft or Order shall be so drawn, or against the Executors or Administrators, Assignees or Creditors of such Person, or against any other Person or Persons claiming under the Person or Persons by or for whom such Draft or Order shall have been so drawn.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance of any Bank Post Bill shall be written on and across the Face of such Bank Post Bill and the original Word, or Figure, thereof, and no Bank Post Bill shall under any Pretence be re-issued.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiation of One Calendar Month next after the Commencement of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons in Ireland (except the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland), at any time between the Twenty fifth Day of March in any Year, and the Twenty fifth Day of March following, to issue any Promissory Note for Money payable to Bearer on Demand, which shall by Law be liable to a Stamp Duty, and allowing to be re-issued in manner hereinafter mentioned, under an Entry and Registry of the Firm of the Bank or Banks to which such Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, do or shall respectively belong, and of the Name or Names of all the Partners in such Bank or Banks shall be previously made and entered for each Year, by or on behalf of such Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, in a Book to be kept for that Purpose at the Stamp Office in Dublin, by some Person appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps; and every such Entry or Registry shall specify every Town and Place where any such Promissory Notes shall be issued or made payable by any such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons, or by any Agent or Agents, for or on account of any such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons; and all Persons so registered as Bankers shall, on all Intents and Purposes for each Year, be considered as Bankers within the Meaning of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland respecting Bankers, unless the contrary shall be expressly declared in such Act or Acts.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Entry and Registry of such Firm shall be made at the Stamp Office in manner aforesaid, at any time between the Twenty fifth Day of March in any Year and the Twenty fifth Day of March following, a Certificate of such Entry and Registry shall be granted by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or by some Person deputed and authorized by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, to the Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons by whom or on whose behalf such Entry and Registry shall be made, and such Certificate shall be written on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper duly stamped with the Stamp required for such Certificate, and a separate and distinct Certificate on a separate Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, with a separate and distinct Stamp, shall be granted for and in respect of every Town and Place where any such Promissory Note shall be issued or made payable by any such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons, or by any Agent or Agents for or on account of such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons, save only and except that one Certificate shall be sufficient for all the Towns or Places where any such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons shall have established a Branch of his or their Bank, or shall have employed an Agent for the issuing of such Promissory Notes as aforesaid, at any time previously to the Commencement of this Act; and that every such Town or Place shall be notified to the Stamp Office, and be specified in the Certificate to be granted in pursuance of this Act; and that an Affidavit of the Truth shall be transmitted to the Stamp Office at the time of applying to make such Entry and Registry as aforesaid; and every such Certificate shall specify the proper Name or Names and Place or Places of Abode of the Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons so registered, and also the Name of the Town or Place, Towns or Places where, and the Name of the Bank, Firm or Title under which such Notes are to be issued; and where any such Certificate shall be granted to Partners in Partnership, the same shall specify and set forth the Names and Places of Abode of all the Partners concerned in the Partnership, whether all their Names shall appear on the Promissory Notes to be issued by them or not, and in Default thereof such Certificate shall be absolutely void, and every such Certificate shall be dated on the Day on which the same shall be granted, and shall have Effect and continue in force from the Day of the Date thereof until the Twenty fifth Day of March following, both inclusive.

V. And be it further enacted, That if, after the Commencement of this Act, any Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons in Ireland (except the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland), shall at any time between the Twenty fifth Day of March in any Year and the Twenty fifth Day of March following, issue any such Promissory Notes without having made or caused to be made such Entry and Registry as aforesaid for each Year, and obtained a Certificate or Certificates thereof for each Year in manner required by this Act; every such Banker or other Person shall, for every such Neglect or Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds British Currency.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Banker or Bankers who at any time since the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, may have obtained any Licence or Licences for the issuing of such Notes in manner required by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act, to apply at the Stamp Office in Dublin at any time within One Calendar Month after the Commencement of this Act, and to make or cause to be made such Entry and Registry

Provision
Bankers
paying first

Provision.

Acceptance of
Bank Post Bill.

Bankers shall
register Firm at
Stamp Office.

Certificate of
Annual Registry
provided
Stamps.

Bankers doing
to double
No in without
such Certificate.

Provision.

Bankers licensed
under former
Laws may
choose if others
for Certificate
under Act.

Register them, and to obtain such Certificate or Certificates as are by this Act required; and upon the Production of such Licence or Licences duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the time of granting such Licence or Licences, and on Payment of the Difference, if any, between the Amount of the Stamp Duty on such Licence or Licences, and on the Certificate or Certificates required by this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps or any Person authorized by them for that Purpose, to give to the Party or Parties so applying a Certificate or Certificates in lieu of such Licence or Licences, and such Certificate or Certificates shall be in force until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and no longer; and in such case such Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons shall not be liable to any Penalty under this Act, for having issued any such Notes at any time within One Calendar Month after the Commencement of this Act.

Register and
Certificate when
made and sit-
uated.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons in Ireland, intending to issue any such re-issuable Provisionary Notes within any Year beginning on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, to apply at the Stamp Office in Dublin at any time within Ten Days previous to such Twenty-fifth Day of March, for the Purpose of making such Registry and Entry, and obtaining such Certificate or Certificates as is and are required by this Act for One Year commencing on such Twenty-fifth Day of March; and in such case the Certificate or Certificates of such Entry and Registry shall be in force for One Year from such Twenty-fifth Day of March, and no longer.

Provisionary
Notes re-issued.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such registered Banker or Bankers in Ireland, or other Person or Persons who shall have made and issued any Provisionary Notes or Note for the Payment to the Bearer on Demand of any Sum of Money not exceeding One hundred Pounds each, duly stamped according to any Act or Acts in force at the time of issuing thereof, from time to time after the Payment thereof, and within the Term of Three Years from the Date thereof, but not afterwards, to re-issue any such Provisionary Notes or Note, without being liable to pay a further Duty in respect thereof; and it shall not be lawful for any such Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, to re-issue any Provisionary Note, Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order for the Payment of Money whatsoever, (save as aforesaid,) and if any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act issue or cause to be issued for the full time any Provisionary Note for the Payment of Money to the Bearer on Demand, bearing Date subsequent to the Day when the same shall be actually issued, such Banker or Bankers shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Provisionary Notes are allowed to be re-issued for the Term of Three Years from the Date thereof, but not afterwards, shall upon the Payment thereof, at any time after the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof, and all such Bills, Provisionary Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for Money not allowed to be re-issued, shall, upon any Payment thereof respectively, be deemed and taken to be thereupon wholly discharged, vacated and finished, and shall be as long as negotiable or available in any manner whatsoever, but shall be forthwith cancelled by the Person or Persons so paying the same, and if any Person or Persons shall re-issue or cause or permit to be re-issued, any Provisionary Note so allowed to be re-issued as aforesaid, at any time after the Expiration of the Term or Period allowed for that Purpose; or if any Person or Persons shall re-issue, or cause or permit to be re-issued any such Bill, or any Provisionary Note, Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order for Money not allowed to be re-issued at any time after the Payment thereof; or if any Person or Persons paying or causing to be paid any such Bill, Note, Bill, Draft or Order as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to cancel the same according to the Directions of this Act; then and in any of the said cases the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and in such case any such Bill, Note, Bill, Draft or Order shall be re-issued contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Person or Persons so-offending the same, or causing or permitting the same to be re-issued, shall also be severally and accountably to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for a further Duty in respect of every such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, of such and the same Amount as would have been chargeable thereon in case the same had been then issued for the first time, and so from time to time as often as the same shall be so re-issued, which further Duty shall and may be paid for and recovered accordingly, as a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by a Summary Application to the Court of Exchequer, in the same manner as any unpaid Stamp Duty may be paid for and recovered under any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland; and if any Person or Persons shall receive or take any such Bill, Note, Bill, Draft or Order in Payment of or as a Security for the Sum therein expressed, knowing the same to have been re-issued contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.

X. And be it further enacted, That all such Notes, Bank Post Bills, and Foreign or Inland Bills of Exchange, and Provisionary or other Notes, Drafts or Orders, drawn on or made payable by any Banker or Bankers in Ireland, being written or printed, or partly written and partly printed on any Paper stamped with a Stamp of less Amount than the sum ought to be according to Law, which shall bear Date or which shall be issued in Ireland at any time after the Commencement of this Act, or which shall bear Date at any time before the Commencement of this Act, but which shall not have been actually issued before the Commencement of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be absolutely null and void, and shall not be issued or deliverable, or negotiable or transferable, to any Person or Purpose whatsoever; and that no such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, which shall bear Date at any time before the Commencement of this Act, and which shall have been actually issued before the Commencement of this Act, shall at any time after the Commencement of this Act be re-issued or re-deliverable, nor shall be negotiated or transferred, or negotiable or transferable by or on behalf of the Banker or Bankers who originally issued the same, or by or on behalf of any other Person or Persons whatsoever, at any time after such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, shall come or

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shall have come into its Hands, Custody or Possession of such Banker or Bankers, after the Commencement of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Receipt shall be received in Evidence as a Discharge, or as any Proof of the Payment of any Sum not actually expressed and specified therein, unless such Receipt shall have the proper Stamp for a Receipt in full of all Demands.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Duties which shall at any time be charged on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Drafts, Orders or Receipts, shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be paid by the Payee or Persons giving the same respectively: Provided always, that if any Person shall, on paying any Sum of Money, demand a Receipt in full of all Demands, the Person so requiring the same shall be liable to pay to the Person giving the same, the Difference (if any) between the Duty payable in respect of the Sum so then paid, and a Receipt in full of all Demands; provided also, that every Receipt or other Discharge given by any Officer of the Revenue on Payment of Money for or on account of any Duty on Dwelling Houses in respect of Heards or Windows, or on Coaches and other Carriages, or on Horses or on Male Servants, shall be written or printed, or written and printed, on the proper Receipt Stamp, according to the Amount of the Sum to be paid, and that the Duty on every such Receipt shall be paid by the Person to whom such Receipt shall be given by the Officers of the Revenue.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, who shall have Occasion to pay any Sum of Money to any Person or Persons whatsoever, whether for himself, herself or themselves, or for any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate whatsoever, to bring and tender as Part of the Sum so to be paid, a Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, of sufficient Size and duly stamped with the proper Stamp, denoting the Duty payable on a Receipt for such Sum, and to require a Receipt thereon, or on some other Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper duly stamped, and thereupon the said Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper so tendered, shall be received in the Payment of such Sum so if the same were lawful Money, to the Amount of such Duty, and the same shall be a good Tender to that Amount.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Person receiving Payment in *Jewels* either by Money or by any Bill or Bill, Draft or Drafts, Cheque or Cheques, Note or Notes, or other Security or Securities for Money, who shall, upon Demand, refuse to give a Receipt for the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make, write, sign or affix, or cause to be made, written, signed or affixed, or shall accept or pay, or cause or permit to be accepted or paid, any Receipt, Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order, or Promissory Note, for the Payment of Money which shall be due by Law liable to any Stamp Duty without the same being duly stamped for denoting the Duty so charged thereon, be, he or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the whole Sum for which any Receipt shall be given in *Jewels*, shall be really expressed in such Receipt unless the same shall have a Stamp for a Receipt in full of all Demands; and if any Person or Persons shall give or cause to be given in *Jewels* any Receipt or other Discharge in which a half Sum shall be expressed than the Sum actually received, with an Intent to evade any of the Duties which shall be then payable on such Receipt or Discharge, or shall divide or cause to be divided the Sum actually paid into divers Receipts, or shall by any general Acknowledgement or Use of the Words "billed" or "paid" or "by Cash" or "entered," or by such like or any other Word, Letters or Marks intended to answer the Purposes of a Receipt, or to denote that the Money for such a Receipt ought to be given as, has been paid, or shall by any other means endeavour to evade any of the Duties which shall be then payable on Receipts, or be guilty of or concerned in any Fraud or Contrivance whatever to evade any of the said Duties, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in *Jewels* is in the Employment of another or others shall for the Use of his Employer or Employers, whether in the Name or Names of such Employer or Employers, or in his own or any other Name, give any Receipt or other Discharge in which a half Sum shall be expressed than the Sum actually received either in Cash or by any Cheque, Draft, Bill, Note or other Security for Money, with an Intent to evade any of the Stamp Duties which shall be then payable, or shall divide the Sum actually paid as aforesaid into divers Receipts, or shall by any general Acknowledgement or Use of the Words "billed" or "paid" or "entered" or "by Cash" or such like or any other Word, Letters or Marks intended to answer the Purposes of a Receipt, or to denote that the Money for which a Receipt ought to be given has been paid, or by any other means endeavour to evade any of the said Duties, or shall be guilty of or concerned in any fraudulent Contrivance to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties, such Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and such Act of such Person or Persons so offending shall, as to all necessary Purposes as to which such Matter shall be subject under this or any other Act of Parliament, be considered as the Act of the Person or Persons in whose Employment the Person so offending shall be; and the Clerk or other Person for committing any of the Offences aforesaid mentioned, upon being convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be punished by Fine and Imprisonment and other Corporal Punishment, or any One or Two of the said Modes at the Discretion of the Court before whom he or she shall be tried.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That separate and distinct Stamps and Marks shall be kept at the Stamp Office in *Duties* for denoting the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable on any

Receipt not in full, Evidence only of Stamp Duty on Money and Receipts, by stamp.

Receipt Stamp included as Part of Money paid.

Refusing to give Receipt.
Penalty.

Violence, &c. Bills or Promissory Notes not duly stamped.

Receipts in Jewels not paid or stamped as Money in full.

Penalty, &c. giving Receipts not stamped.

Penalty.

Misdemeanor.

Separate Stamps for Money and Bankers &c. &c.

Bank Notes or Bank Post Bills of the Bank of Ireland, or of any Private Bank or Banks or Bankers or Bankers whatsoever.

Competition for
Stamps on Notes
of Bank of Ire-
land.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills, which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, shall be exempt from the Stamp Duties which may from time to time be charged thereon respectively (unless otherwise expressly provided in the Act or Acts charging the same), from every Twenty-fifth Day of March for One whole Year next following; provided the Governor and Company of the said Bank shall on the said Twenty-fifth Day of March respectively have paid into His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, such Sum of Money as shall have been from time to time agreed upon by and between the said Governor and Company, and the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, as a Compensation for and to be in lieu of and in full Satisfaction for all Stamp Duties payable upon all Notes and Bills to be issued by the said Bank during the Year next ensuing respectively, and that any such Competition heretofore made shall be in force according to the Terms thereof, as it this Act had not passed.

Cancelling
Stamps on Notes
of registered
Bankers.

XX. And be it further enacted, That although any Bank or Bankers Note or Notes shall be signed or otherwise executed by any Banker or Bankers duly registered in manner heretofore mentioned, or by his or their Servant or Servants, yet if the same shall remain in a Book and be Part of the Leaves, or any one Leaf thereof, and not cut or separated therefrom, then and in every such case if such Note or Notes remaining in such Book shall be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, or any Officer by them duly authorized, and they are hereby required to cancel the Stamps thereon respectively, and to mark or Stamp any Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be brought to the said Office by the Purser or Purser in bringing such Note or Notes with any Marks or Stamps which he or they may require, on such Person or Persons paying the Difference or Price (if any) between the Stamps so cancelled, and the Stamps or Marks so required to be marked or stamped on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper so brought to the said Stamp Office.

Regulation as
to Duties on
Game Carri-
ages.

XXI. And for the better securing the Payment of Stamp Duties on Certificates with respect to the Killing of Game in Ireland, be it enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person in Ireland not acting as a Game Keeper under or by virtue of a Deputation or Appointment duly registered as hereinafter directed, who shall keep or use any Dog, or any Gun, Net or Engine for the Taking or Destruction of Game, shall previously deliver in a Paper or Account in Writing, containing the Name and Place of Abode of such Person to the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, if such Person shall reside or have a Residence in the County or County of the City of Dublin, and if not, then to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Person shall reside; and if such Person shall have more than One Residence, each of which shall be in the County or County of the City of Dublin, then to any Distributor of Stamps in whose District any of such Residences shall be, and shall annually take out a Certificate thereof from such Officer or Distributor respectively, which Certificate shall be in the Form here following, or in some other Form of Words to the same Effect respectively; that is to say, if such Certificate shall be taken out at the Stamp Office in Dublin, then the same shall be as follows, or to the same Effect;

CERTIFICATE.

" I *A. B.* being the proper Officer in that behalf, do hereby certify, That *being a*
Residence at *in the County of Dublin, (or, in the County of the City of Dublin, as the*
case may be), is at Liberty to kill Game until the Twenty-fifth Day of March next ensuing the Date
hereof. Dated this Day of *in the Year* "

And if such Certificate shall be taken out in any other Part of Ireland, then the same shall be as follows, or to the same Effect;

" I *A. B. Distributor of Stamps of the County or Counties of* *(or, for the*
District of *as the case may be), do hereby certify, That* *having a Residence*
at *within the said County of* *(or, the said District, as the case may be),*
is at Liberty to kill Game until the Twenty-fifth Day of March next ensuing the Date hereof. Dated
this Day of *in the Year* "

FEE.

For which Certificate such Person shall pay a Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence *British* Currency, and no more, over and above the Price of the Vellum, Parchment or Paper on which the same shall be written, and of the legal Stamps thereon.

Deputation of
Game Keepers
registered.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That every Deputation or Appointment of a Game Keeper granted to any Person by any Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person having a Right to make such Deputation or Appointment in Ireland, shall be registered with the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, if the Manor, Lands or Tenements to or over which such Deputation or Appointment as described in such Deputation shall extend, or any Part thereof, shall be situate in the County or County of the City of Dublin; and if no Part thereof shall be so situate, then with any Distributor of Stamps within whose District any of the Manor, Lands or Tenements comprised in such Deputation or Appointment as described therein shall be situate.

Manner of grant-
ing Certificates
to Game Keepers.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Game Keeper to whom any such Deputation or Appointment shall be so granted, registering the same in manner aforesaid, and producing annually a Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with the Duty which shall be then by Law required thereon, and also paying the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence *British* Currency to such Officer or Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid for his Trouble, and requiring a Certificate thereof, shall be thereupon granted to such Certificate; and every such Officer or Distributor of Stamps shall thereupon issue a Certificate on such stamped Paper, and

Witness my Hand, as the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say, If the same shall be at the Stamp Office in Dublin,

I *A. B.* being the proper Officer in that behalf, do hereby certify, That of Certificate.
 in the Parish of in the Barony of and County
 (or, City, as the case may be), hath registered a Deposition, whereby he is appointed Game Keeper by
 of the Lands and Townships herein following; that is to say [here set out the Messuages,
 Lands or Townships, as stated in the Deposition] and by virtue of this Certificate the said
 is at Liberty to act under such Deposition, until the Twenty fifth Day of March next ensuing the Date
 hereof. Dated this Day of in the Year

And if the same shall be at the Office of any Distributor thereof, in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I *A. B.* Distributor of Stamps for the County (or, Counties) of (or, for the District of
 as the case may be), do hereby certify, That of
 in the County of hath registered a Deposition, whereby he is appointed Game Keeper by
 of the Lands and Townships herein following; that is to say [here set out the Messuages, Lands
 and Townships, as stated in the Deposition] and by virtue of this Certificate the said
 is at Liberty to act under such Deposition, until the Twenty fifth Day of March next ensuing the Date
 hereof. Dated this Day of in the Year

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That such Distributor of Stamps or other Officer, after he shall have
 signed such Certificate, shall forthwith issue the same duly stamped to the Person or Persons respectively
 requiring the same in manner aforesaid, and shall procure the Delivery thereof be executed to demand and
 receive of and from each Person the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence as aforesaid, for his own Treason in
 that behalf; and in case any such Distributor of Stamps or other Officer shall upon Payment or Tender to him
 of the said Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, and on Production of such Paper, Vellum or Parchment so
 stamped as aforesaid, neglect or refuse to issue to such Person as aforesaid to deliver such Paper or Account
 in Writing, or registering such Deposition as aforesaid, a Certificate in manner and Form as hereinbefore is
 directed; every such Distributor of Stamps or other Officer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the
 Sum of Twenty Pounds, and moreover be liable to pay to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Duty
 payable on such Certificate. Penalty.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Certificate issued by any Distributor of Stamps or other
 Officer as aforesaid, shall bear Date on the Day of the Month and Year on which the same shall be issued, and
 shall endure and remain in force from thence until the Twenty fifth Day of March next following the Date
 thereof, and no longer; and if any Distributor of Stamps or other Officer shall after any Certificate to any
 Person otherwise than as hereinbefore directed, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds. Penalty.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in Ireland shall have, keep or use any Greyhound,
 Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher or other Dog, or any Cat, Net or other Engine for the
 Taking or Destruction of any Hare, Pheasant, Partridge, Heath Fowl commonly called *Blind Game*, or
 Game commonly called *Red Game*, or any other Game whatsoever, without having a Certificate for the same,
 or a Certificate of having registered a Deposition, whereby such Person is appointed a Game Keeper according
 to Law; every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds. Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall have or obtain any Deposition or Appoint-
 ment as a Game Keeper, or shall act as a Game Keeper without having such Certificate of the Registry thereof
 as aforesaid according to Law; every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay
 the Sum of Twenty Pounds. Penalty.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Distributors of Stamps in Ireland shall on or before
 the Fifth Day of every Month transmit to the Commissioners of Stamps at their Office in Dublin, a correct
 List in Alphabetical Order of the Certificates by them respectively issued in the then last preceding Month,
 and shall keep in their respective Offices correct Copies of such Lists; and in case any Distributor of Stamps
 shall neglect or refuse to make out and transmit any of such Lists as aforesaid, or to keep a correct Copy
 thereof, or shall use or refer to such Lists a full, true and perfect account as hereinbefore directed of the Name
 of all the Persons the same ought to contain; then and in every such delinquent such Distributor shall, for
 every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds. Penalty.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That every such List, upon such Transmittal to the said aforesaid, shall
 be deposited and kept at the Stamp Office in Dublin; and that the same, and also the Copy thereof to be kept by
 the Distributor sending the same, shall and may, within the respective Office Hours, be returned to and inspected
 by any Person whatever, as Payment of One Shilling and no more; and if such Distributor, on Demand
 duly made within Office Hours, and on Payment or Tender to him of the said Sum of One Shilling, shall
 refuse, decline, neglect or omit to produce such Copy so kept at the Office of such Distributor to the Person
 or Persons so demanding the same, every such Distributor shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum
 of Five Pounds to the Person or Persons so aggrieved, or any One or more of them, who shall first sue for
 the same. Penalty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, if it shall seem to them
 expedient so to do, and so when, and at such times in every Year as they shall think fit, shall and may publish
 the Lists so transmitted to them, or cause the same to be inserted in the Newspapers circulating in each
 respective County, or in such Public Newspapers as to them shall seem most proper. 1st published.

How Deposition
on Removal of
Game Keeper.

XXXI. And Whereas such Deposition of a Game Keeper may be revoked or cease by Death, Resignation or Removal, before the Expiration of such Certificate, and the Person entitled thereon to make a new Deposition may be unable to get Possession of such Certificate: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Lord or Lady of a Manor, or other Person as aforesaid, shall make any new Deposition or Appointment within the Year, of a Game Keeper, for any Manor or Lands, in the room of the Person previously appointed, and so when any Certificate as aforesaid shall have been previously issued, and such Person so newly appointed shall register such new Deposition or Appointment with the Distributor of Stamps in the same District in which such former Certificate was granted, and obtain a new Certificate thereof, every former Certificate granted in the same Year, on a Deposition signed by the same Person, shall from thenceforth be null and void: and any Person acting under any such former Certificate, after the granting of such new and other Certificate, having Notice thereof, shall be liable to all Penalties which are or shall be prescribed by Law, in the same manner as if no Certificate had been granted to such Person: Provided always, that in every such case the Distributor granting such further Certificate within the Year, shall write at the Foot thereof these Words: to wit, "Second" (Third, Fourth, and so on, as the case may be) "Certificate within this Year," and shall subscribe such Memorandum with his Name; and that every such further Certificate so subscribed shall not require any Stamp, but shall be good and valid as if duly stamped.

Penalty.

Penalties of
Offence.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be found using any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine for the taking or Destruction of Game, it shall and may be lawful for the Occupier of the Land where he shall be so found, or for any Owner or Proprietor of or any Person or Persons having any Estate whatsoever in the same Lands, whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion or future Interest, or for any Person who has obtained a Certificate in manner heretofore directed, and who shall produce the same, to demand and require from the Person so using such Dog, Gun, Net or Engine as aforesaid, to produce and show a Certificate issued to him for that Purpose as heretofore is directed; and every such Person shall upon such Demand and Requirement as aforesaid, produce such Certificate to the Person so demanding and requiring the same, and shall permit the same to be inspected accordingly; and if any such Person shall wilfully refuse to produce and show a Certificate issued to him for that Purpose and then in force, or shall decline to produce or show the same, or shall refuse on being required so to do, to give and declare his Name and Surname and the Place of his Residence, or shall give or declare any false or fictitious Name, Surname or Place of Residence, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful for the Occupier of the Land where any Person shall be found who shall refuse to produce such Certificate, or who shall refuse to declare his Name and Surname and Place of Residence, or for any other Person or Persons present at the time of such Refusal, to apprehend the Person so refusing as aforesaid, and to convey him forthwith before any Justice of the Peace within whose Jurisdiction such Offence shall be committed, and such Justice shall proceed to the Conviction of such Offender for such Offence in like manner as if such Offender had been summoned to appear before such Justice upon any Information or Complaint for such Offence; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Refusal, &c.

Penalty.

Certificate not a
Qualification.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Certificate hereby directed to be issued by any Distributor of Stamps or other Officer shall not authorize or enable any Person to use any Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Lurcher or other Dog, or any Gun, Net or other Engine, for the Taking or Destruction of Game, at any time or times, or in any Place or in any manner prohibited by any Law now in being or hereafter to be made, nor shall give to any Person any Right to use any Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel or other Dog, or any Gun, Net or other Engine for the Taking or Destruction of Game unless such Person shall be otherwise duly qualified by Law so to do, nor in any Place in which such Person would not otherwise have a Right to use the same.

Game prohibited.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Prosecution or Proceeding shall be had or commenced against any Person, for keeping or using any Dog, Gun, Net or Engine, for the Taking or Destruction of Game, without having obtained a Certificate duly stamped in manner required by Law, the Proof that such Person has obtained such Certificate duly stamped shall be on the Party against whom such Prosecution or Proceeding shall be had or commenced, and not on the Party complaining; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. 100, 101.
of A.D.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not sooner.

C A P. CL.

An Act to regulate the Collection of Stamp Duties on Matters in respect of which Licences may be granted by the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland. [22d June 1815.]

Act, c. 78.

WHEREAS it is expedient that permanent Regulations should be made for the better securing the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Matters in respect whereof Licences may be granted by the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland to grant any Licence or Licences on which any Stamp Duty is imposed by Law to any Person or Persons who shall require the same in Writing, and shall be duly qualified for and entitled to receive the same, and such Licence shall be granted without Fee or Reward on Payment of the Stamp Duty

Commissioners
of Stamps may
give a Licence
subject to Stamp
Duty.

also thereon, and that in all such Licences shall be contained and set forth the Purpose of such Licence, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Residence of the Person or Persons to whom such Licence shall be granted, the Date of issuing the same, and the time for which the same shall be in force, in Manner and Form as may be from time to time directed by the said Commissioners of Stamps for that Purpose, and the House or Houses, Place or Places, in which the Business for which such Licence is granted, is to be carried on, so far as the nature of the Business shall allow it to be confined to any Place or Places capable at the time of being specified or described.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Licence to be granted by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps shall have Force from the Day of granting the same, or from such Day subsequent thereto, as shall be mentioned in such Licence, unto and until the Twenty fifth Day of March next following the Day on which the said Licence shall so begin to have Force, and so longer, except only in the cases hereinafter mentioned; but if any such Licence shall be granted to Two or more Persons, and any or either of them shall die before such Twenty fifth Day of March next following, nevertheless such Licence shall continue in force for the Benefit of the Survivors or Survivors during the time aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons in Ireland shall use, exercise or follow any Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling, on the Licence for the using or exercising whereof a Licence shall be granted by or under the Authority of the Commissioners of Stamps, without having previously taken out such Licence duly stamped, and in manner by Law directed, and that every Person officiating herein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pounds; and that in any Proceeding for Recovery of the said Penalty, whether the same shall be by Bill, Plea or Information, or by Civil Bill, or before a Magistrate, or at the Sessions, or on any Appeal, the common Reputation of the alleged Fact of following such Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling, shall be sufficient Evidence of so following such Trade, Business, Occupation or Calling, against the Defendant, unless he or she shall swear that he or she, at the time in question, did not so follow the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Prosecution or Proceeding shall be had or commenced against any Person for carrying on any Trade, Business, Profession or Calling, or doing any Matter or Thing, without having a Licence for it so doing, by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps, in manner required by Law, the Proof that such Person has obtained such Licence, duly stamped, shall be on the Party against whom such Prosecution or Proceeding shall be had or commenced, and on the Party contending; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Licence shall at any time be granted by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps to any Person or Persons to sell Stamps, or any other Matter or Thing, or to carry on any Trade, Business, Profession or Calling whatsoever, in any particular House or District mentioned in such Licence, such Person or Persons shall not be thereby authorised or entitled to sell such Stamps, or other Matter or Thing, or to carry on such Trade, Business, Profession or Calling in any other House, Place or District, but shall as to every such other House, Place or District be considered as unlicensed, and subject to all Penalties and Forfeitures in such Law as herein otherwise particularly provided.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if the Person who shall have obtained any such Licence, shall be minded to remove from the Place mentioned in such Licence for carrying on such Business, and to carry on the same in any other House in the same City, Town or Township, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person to carry or send such Licence to the said Commissioners, or any of them, or to any Officer or Officers to be by them appointed for that Purpose, who shall endorse the same on the said Licence, and thereupon and from thenceforth such Licence shall be good, valid and effectual, according to the Contents thereof and the said Indorsement, in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such House to which had been mentioned in the Body of such Licence for carrying on such Business, and which is the Place of the House originally intimated therein, and not otherwise; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who is or shall be authorised or empowered to grant or use any Licence on which a Stamp Duty is or shall be by Law imposed, shall grant or use any such Licence on unlicensed Villages, Parishes or Paps, or on Villages, Parishes or Paps not stamped, with the Stamp which is or shall be by Law required, or in any other Manner or Form than that which shall be required by Law, or directed by the said Commissioners every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if Judgment shall be entered against any Person, as any Information for such Offence, such Person shall forfeit his Office, and shall be for ever disabled from being again appointed thereto.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, in their Discretion, to grant a Licence under their Hands and Seals, to any Person or Persons whom they shall think fit and proper for the Purpose (not being a Distributor of Stamps appointed by the said Commissioners), to deal in and send Stamps, which Licence shall be duly stamped: Provided always, that every Person acquiring such Licence shall enter into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors with Two sufficient Sureties, which Bond the said Commissioners, or any of them, are hereby empowered to take by His Majesty's Writ in the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, conditioned that such Person shall not sell or offer to sell, or have or keep in his or her Possession any forged or counterfeited Stamp; and that such Person shall not purchase any Stamp or Stamps, save only at the Office of the said Commissioners in Dublin, or from some Distributor of Stamps duly appointed by the said Commissioners: Provided also, that no such Licence shall be granted to any Person to deal in or to send Stamps in any Town or Place in Ireland (except within the

Annual Com.
mission of
Licences

Unlicensed Per-
sons requiring
Trade stamp-
ing Licence.
Penalty.
Common Repu-
tation Evi-
dence of car-
rying Trade.

Once proved.

Licences to be
issued only in
certain man-
ners.

Not an Renewal
of former Li-
cences in En-
dorsement made
on Licence.

These Licences
on unlicensed
Paps.

Penalty

Commissioners
may issue Per-
mits to deal in
Stamps.

District of *Dakka* Metropolis) where a Distributor of Stamps shall have been appointed by the said Commissioners, and shall reside and sell as such Distributor.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, by Notice in Writing at any time, to revoke, annul and make void any such Licence, or any Licence for selling Stamps, or Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or any of them, heretofore granted or hereafter to be granted.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons who shall have had such Licence, shall at the time of his or her Death, or at the Expiration or Revocation of such Licence have in his, her or their Possession, any Quantity of such Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and be or be the if living, or if dead, then his or her Executors or Administrators, or next of Kin, or any of them, shall within one Calendar Month next following, send the same to the Stamp Office in *Dakka*, the said Commissioners or such Officer as they shall appoint shall receive the same, and shall pay for the same the full Value thereof, deducting thereout such per Centage, if any, as such Person shall have been allowed for such Stamps on purchasing the same, and thereupon such Stamps shall be immediately cancelled: Provided always, that such Person or Persons who shall send or carry such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the said Stamp Office, shall make an Affidavit before the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or any of them, or before some Justice of the Peace, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper was actually in the Possession of the Person or Persons so dying, or having had such Licence so expired or revoked for the Purpose of Sale at the time when such Person or Persons so died, or the said Licence expired or was revoked; and shall make Proof to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, that such Stamps were purchased at the Stamp Office in *Dakka*, or from a Distributor of Stamps by the Person or Persons who obtained such Licence.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons other than such Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid, or a Sub Distributor of Stamps shall vend or sell in any Part of *Ireland* any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped or marked with any Stamp or Mark denoting or purporting to denote the Stamp Duties which shall be then payable, without having obtained from the said Commissioners of Stamps a Licence for that Purpose which shall be subsisting in force and unrevoked at the time of such Vendue or Selling; and if any Person or Persons other than such Distributor or Sub Distributor as aforesaid, shall without having obtained such Licence, or after the same shall have expired or been revoked as aforesaid, utter, vend or sell any such Parchment or Paper so stamped or marked, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Proceedings shall be had for Recovery of such Penalty of Twenty Pounds, whether in any Court in *Dakka*, or by Civil Bill, or before a Magistrate, and it shall appear thereon that the Stamps impressed on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so sold, or any of them, were or was false, forged or counterfeited, although the same shall not have been so alleged in the Information or Pleading, then and in such case the said Penalty shall be doubled, and Judgment shall be given against the Party offending for the Sum of Forty Pounds; and the said special Matter shall be stated in such Judgment as the Cause of such Increase of Penalty; and if on any such Proceeding any issue shall be tried by a Jury in which the selling of such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with Stamps thereon shall be in question, such Jury shall be required to say whether such Stamps, or any of them, was or were false, forged and counterfeited, or not: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt any Person selling any Vellum, Parchment or Paper with false, forged or counterfeited Stamps thereon, from the Consequences of selling the same, knowing the same to be forged, if such Knowledge shall be duly proved in a Proceeding properly had for that Purpose.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, as often as it shall come to his or them so to do by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to authorize any Person or Persons, with the Assistance of a Magistrate, or any Peace Officer in the Day time, to enter into the House or Habitation of any Person suspected to sell Stamps as aforesaid; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof shall not be opened, then to break open the same respectively, and to search for, inspect and examine all such Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, as shall be in the House whereon such Person shall dwell, in order to see whether the Stamps thereon, or any of them, be forged; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid, with the Assistance of a Magistrate or Peace Officer in the Day time, to enter into the House or Habitation of such Person or Persons so suspected to sell Stamps; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Person shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof, shall not be opened, then with the Assistance and in the Presence of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to break open the same respectively; and in case the said Stamps, or any of them, shall appear to be counterfeited or forged, then and in that case to seize and carry away the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall keep any Printing Press, or Types for printing in *Ireland*, without having first taken out a Licence for that Purpose, from the said Commissioners of Stamps, and that the said Commissioners shall, from time to time, enter their House and Seals, grant such Licence for keeping Printing Presses or Types to such Person or Persons as shall apply for the same, and who shall have performed the Requisites which shall by any Act or Acts from time to time in force in *Ireland*, be necessary to be performed previous to the granting thereof, which Licence shall state the House whereon such Press or Presses, or Types, are to be used; and every Person or Persons who shall keep or use such Press, or a Printing Press or Types for Printing, without having obtained such Licence, or in any other House save the House so mentioned in such Licence, shall forfeit such Printing Press and Types, and the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XIV. And

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being shall, under their Hands and Seals, usually grant a Licence for insuring Houses, Furniture, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property from Loss by Fire, and also for insuring Goods, Wares or Merchandise from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, and for effecting Insurances on Lives, or on Events or Contingencies upon or relating to Lives, to all and every Body and Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons applying for the same, which Licence shall be forth the Name or Names, or other Description of the Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons taking out the same, and also the House or other Place where such Benefits of insuring from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas, or other Perils at Sea, or of effecting Insurances on Lives, shall, at the time of taking out such Licence, be principally carried on.

XV. And be it further enacted, That where such Benefits of Insurance is or shall be carried on by a Company consisting of a greater Number than Four, the Licence so to be granted by the said Commissioners, in manner aforesaid, shall be granted for and on behalf of the whole Company or Partnership, to such Two or more of such Company or Partners, or if such Company or Partnership shall be a Single Company or Partnership, then to such Agent or Agents resident in Ireland, as shall be named to the said Commissioners, under Authority from such Company or Partnership; and in every such case the Licence so granted, whether to such Partners or Agent or Agents, shall continue in force for the Benefit of such Company or Partnership, until the regular time of Expiration thereof, notwithstanding the Death of the Person or Persons in whose such Licence shall be so granted, or of either or any of them, if more than One, or although the said Person or any of them may withdraw from such Partnership or from being Agent thereto.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall at any time, either publicly or privately, inform or open or keep any Office in Ireland, for insuring Houses, Furniture, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property from Loss by Fire, or for insuring Goods, Wares or Merchandise from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, or for Insurances on Lives, or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, without having first taken out and obtaining to take out annually a Licence for that Purpose from the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties in manner aforesaid, and having such Licence in force at the time of making such Insurance, or opening or keeping such Office.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politic or Corporate, who now do or hereafter shall inform, or set up or keep in Ireland any Office for insuring Houses, Furniture, Goods, Wares or Merchandise or other Property from Loss by Fire, or for insuring Goods, Wares or Merchandise from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, or for effecting Insurances on Lives, or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, without such Licence aforesaid, or as any act or House or Place except the House or Place to be named in such Licence as aforesaid, or such other House or House, Place or Place as shall be subordinate to the House or Place so to be named in such Licence, and to be kept by such Person or Persons employed as Agent or Agents to such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Person or Persons having such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other manner contrary to such Licence, or to the intent and Meaning of this Act, or of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland, relating in any wise to the Collection or regulating of Stamp Duties, shall forfeit for every Day on which such Offence shall be committed the Sum of Forty Pounds, and also Double the Amount of the Premiums or Premiums of Insurance which such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Person or Persons shall receive on any such Day in such House or Place.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall act in Ireland as Agent or Agents for any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, in publicly or privately informing or receiving Subscriptions for insuring or insuring out Policies or Receipts, for Insurance from Loss by Fire or from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, or on Lives or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, except for such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, as shall be duly licensed as aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Insurances for insuring Houses, Furniture, Merchandise or other Property from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, or on Lives or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, which shall be made or effected by any Person resident in Ireland, and appointed by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance in London, or by the Corporation of London Assurance, or either of them, or by any Company in Great Britain for insuring Property, as the Agents of such Corporation or Companies respectively, shall be subject and liable only to the Duties which shall from time to time be payable on such Insurances in Ireland, and to no other Duties whatsoever; although the Policies by which such Insurances shall be made shall be under the Common Seal of the said Corporation or Companies respectively, and although the same shall be completed in the whole or in Part previous to their being sent to such Agents in Ireland; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Insurances whatever for insuring Property from Loss by Fire, or from the Danger of the Seas or other Perils at Sea, or on Lives or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, for which Subscriptions shall be received or Policies or Receipts shall be delivered out or respecting which any other Matter or Thing shall be done in Ireland, by any Person or Persons who shall act for or on behalf of any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate in Great Britain, shall be liable to all Duties made payable in respect of the several Insurances under or by virtue of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland; and that all and every Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate in Great Britain, and every Person or Persons acting in Ireland for or on behalf of such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate in Great Britain, who shall effect such Insurances, or cause the same to be effected, shall

It is enacted that Insurances on the said Acts shall be void.

Licences to Companies or Partnerships for Insurances.

Note that Licences to Persons or Companies to be in the Insurances.

Making Insurances by Persons out of Ireland.

Penalty

Agents who are not licensed Persons.

Penalty.

Insurances made in Ireland for British Companies shall only be liable to the Duties.

Insurances made in Ireland shall be liable to the Duty and Regulations.

in respect of such Insurances be subject to all such Acts, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things as are or shall be contained in any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland, relating to Insurances by any Person or Persons or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or their Agents in Ireland.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Courts of Justice and Judges in Great Britain shall without Allegation or Proof to that behalf taken judicial Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps which shall from time to time be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for stamping or marking any such Insurances, or whereunto the same may or ought to be stamped as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for the said Purpose, and that no such Insurance shall as any Person whatsoever be pleaded, or given, or received in Evidence in any Court in Great Britain, or admitted in any Court in Great Britain to be good or available in Law or Equity, unless the Vellum, Parchment or Paper whereon the same shall be so written or printed shall be duly stamped accordingly.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, and Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, to whom any such License as aforesaid shall be granted, shall at the time of receiving such License give each Brochure with sufficient Services to be approved of by the said Commissioners of Stamps by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in such Summ respectively as the said Commissioners may think reasonable, having respect to the probable Amount of the Duty payable by such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate respectively, for Half a Year, with Condition that if such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall faithfully make out, sign and deliver an Account of all Moneys received for such Duties upon Insurances, and shall well and truly make Payment of all such Sums of Money as shall be due and payable thereon, in such manner as shall from time to time be required by Law, and also do and shall truly and faithfully observe and perform all the Directions, Matters and Things then by Law required on his, her or their behalf to be observed and performed, such Bond shall be void, but otherwise shall remain in full Force.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, who shall be licensed, who shall grant any Policy of Insurance for insuring Property from Loss by Fire, or from the Damages of the Sea, or other Perils at Sea, or on Lives, or on Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, or shall continue to insure on any Policy, shall, previous to the granting or continuing such Policy of Insurance (by themselves or by some other Person or Persons employed by or under them), demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person or Persons for or on behalf of whom such Insurance shall be so effected, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, the Duty which shall be then by Law payable on such Insurance, and shall give a Receipt for the Duty so paid, expending the Period for which the same was so paid, and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, so granting such Policy, shall in all cases be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for said Duty, as if the same had actually been so received.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Policy of Insurance upon any Ship, or upon any Share or Interest therein, shall be made in Ireland for a certain Term longer than Twelve Calendar Months; and every Policy which shall be made expressly for any longer Term shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, who shall have obtained a License for any Office of Insurance, or who shall receive or take any Premium for Insurance against Loss by Fire or the Damages of the Sea, or other Perils at Sea, or on Lives or Events or Contingencies relating to or depending on Lives, shall from time to time keep true and faithful Accounts in Writing of the Number of every such Policy or Instrument of Insurance which shall be issued or granted or continued by such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons; as also of the Name or Names of the Person or Persons insuring, and the Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, the Sum insured, and the time for which the same shall be so insured; and also the Day of the Month and Year in which every such Policy shall be issued upon Payment of the Duty, for not keeping such Accounts, or for wilfully making any false Entry therein, or omitting therefrom any Entry which ought to be contained therein, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; which Accounts shall at all times be open for the Inspection of any Person or Persons duly authorized, under the Hand and Seal or under the Hand and Seal of One or more of the said Commissioners of Stamps, as respect the same without Fee or Reward; and if any Person who shall have any such Account so his or her Power or Custody shall not on demand produce the same without Fee or Reward to any Person so authorized, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, and Body and Bodies Politic or Corporate, who shall have any License for any Insurance Office in Ireland, shall from time to time, within the Space of Two Months after the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September, the Twenty fifth Day of December and the Twenty fifth Day of March in each and every Year; and also at such other time and times, as they shall, by fourteen Days' previous Notice in Writing, be required by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them, deliver or cause to be delivered true Copies of the Accounts heretofore directed to be kept by such licensed Insurance Office or Offices, Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate respectively, for the Quarter which shall have been completed next before each Day of Delivery or Notice as the case shall be, and at the same time shall pay all such Sums and Sums as shall appear to be due on such Accounts, every such Delivery and Payment to be made as follows respectively; that is to say, if the House owned by the Licensee of such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, in conducting the Business of such Insurance, shall be in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, then such Accounts shall be so delivered to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed to receive the same at the Stamp Office in Dublin, and such Payment shall be made to the Receiver General of Stamp

British Courts
Judicial Notice
of the Nature of
such Insurances
Stamps

Bond by Persons
licensed to do
business

Duty demanded
from Persons
making In-
surances

Ships Insured for
Twelve Months
only

Insurance Cor-
porations, &c. to
keep Accounts
of Insurances

Penalty.

Penalty.

Accounts to be
delivered to Stamp
Commissioners,
and Duty paid
Quarterly.

Stamp Duties for the time being at the said Stamp Office; and if such House shall be in any other Part of Ireland, then such Account shall be furnished, and such Payments be made to the Distributor or Distributors of the District in which such House shall be, or to the Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners to act as Distributor or Distributors for the said District, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Default in not delivering such Copies of the said Accounts as aforesaid, the Sum of Forty Pounds, and for every Default in not paying the Money due on the said Accounts as aforesaid, double the Amount of all Moneys due on the said Accounts respectively at the time of such Default.

Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, and Bodies Politic or Corporate, be it so declared as aforesaid respectively, shall be entitled to retain for their own Use, for their Cares and Trouble in recovering the said Duties, and making out such Accounts as herein directed, after the Rate of One Shilling to the Pound out of the Moneys by them accounted for and paid to the Receiver General, or Distributors, or Persons acting as such respectively, according to the Directions herein contained.

Allowance of the said Sum to be Paid by Account.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Bond, Instrument, Note or Memorandum, Letter, Manuscript or Writing, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, or for making any valuable Consideration for, or on the Life of any Ship or Vessel, Goods, Monies or Effects, or upon any Loan by Face, or from any Loan whatsoever from the Decease of the Sea, or other Perils at Sea, or on the Decease of any Person or Persons, or on the Fall of any Life or Lives, or on any Event or Contingency relating to or depending on any Life or Lives, shall be construed, deemed and adjudged to be a Policy of Insurance within the Meaning of this Act, and of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in Ireland, for imposing any Duty on such Policies of Insurance, or by which any such Duty, or the Collection or Management thereof, shall or may be regulated, unless the contrary shall be expressly provided.

Policy of Ins. to insure the said.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, may under their Hands and Seals grant a Licence to any Person to enable him to act as a Public Notary, and that no Person shall act as a Public Notary in Ireland without having obtained such Licence for that Purpose; and that any such Person who shall act as a Public Notary in Ireland, without having obtained such Licence, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; provided nevertheless, that such Licence shall not authorize or empower any Person to act as such Public Notary who shall not be duly authorized and empowered so to do.

Licence to act as Public Notary.

Penalty.

XXX. And Whereas it may happen that Public Notaries who may note Bills of Exchange for Non-payment or Nonacceptance, and Promissory Notes for Nonpayment, may neglect to present the same respectively in due Form of Law, by which the Payment of the Duties upon such notes or Notarial Acts may be evaded: Be it enacted, That every Public Notary in Ireland shall once in every Two Months deliver or cause to be delivered at the Stamp Office in Dublin, to the Commissioners of Stamps, or to some Person authorized by them or any One of them for that Purpose, a faithful Account in Writing (verified upon Oath before the Commissioners of Stamps, if such Notary shall reside in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, or before a Justice of the Peace if he shall reside in any other Part of Ireland), of all such Bills of Exchange and Notes which shall have been noted by such Notary for Nonacceptance or Nonpayment since the last preceding Account so delivered by the said Notary, or if no such Account shall have been so delivered by him, then since the obtaining of his Licence, and shall at the same time pay unto the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties the Duty which would then by Law be payable for or in respect of every such Bill of Exchange, or Note, if presented in due Form of Law; and in case any Public Notary shall neglect to account as aforesaid, or to pay the Duties aforesaid, every such Public Notary shall, for every such Neglect or Default, in delivering a true Account of such Notes, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and for every Default of Payment of the Money due on such Account Double the Amount of the Money due on such Account at the Time of such Default.

Accounts delivered to Com. in Dublin and to be paid every Two Months.

Penalty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act in respect the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in the third*; and for transferring the Management of the Duties on Playing Cards and Dice from the Commissioners of Ireland Excise to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, as relates to the said Duties on Playing Cards and Dice, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, except only in far as relates to any Licences which may have been granted, or to any Penalties which may have been incurred under the said recited Act at any time before the Commencement of this Act; and that, from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, under their Hands and Seals, to grant Licences to such Person or Persons as they shall think proper, for the making of Dice, or of Playing, Blank and Messing Cards, for any Term not exceeding Three Years from the time of granting such Licences; and if any Person or Persons shall exercise or carry on the Trade or Employment of making any Dice, or any Playing, Blank or Messing Cards, without such Licence or Licences first had and obtained, and then so far as the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such Dice and Cards, and all such Materials and Implements used in the making of Dice or Cards, as shall be found in his, her or their Possession; all which Dice, Cards, Materials and Implements shall and may be seized, carried away and lodged in such Place as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners of Stamps for that Purpose, by any Distributor of Stamps or other Person duly authorized thereto, under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners.

54 G. 3. c. 82.

Act (B.) is not repealed. I accept.

Dice and Card Materials seized.

Carrying on Trade without Licence.

Penalty.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be so licensed unless he, she or they shall with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties have executed a Bond to His Majesty, in the penal Sum of Two hundred

No Dice or Card Materials to be used without Bond.

standing on a
Bank.

It shall be
lawful for the
Bank,

Card Makers to
be following

And

Commissioners or
other Officers
Powers.

Dice or Cards
made only by
Dublin, Cork
and Limerick.

Penalty.

Stamp Makers
for Cards and
Dice appointed
in Dublin, Cork
and Limerick.

Commissaries to
appoint what
Marks, for the
purpose of Dice,
and also as
Wrappers of
each Pack of
Cards.

Provide.

Stamps on Cards
and Dice on
must not be
changed by
Commissioners

Provide.

hundred Pounds, conditioned that the Person or Persons so licensed, their Executors or Administrators, shall deliver and pay to His Majesty all such Duties as such Person or Persons shall be liable to on account of making any Dice, or any Playing, Blank or Mortgage Cards, as the case may be, during the time such Person or Persons shall carry on the Business of a Maker of Dice or Cards under such License.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon Drafts made in the Payment of any such Duty or Duties as such Person or Persons is licensed as aforesaid shall or may be liable to, or upon Commission for any Fraud or Offence the Penalty or Penalties for which shall amount to Ten Pounds, by Notice or Instrument in Writing, to receive, withdraw and utterly make void, any such License to such Person or Persons for making Dice and or committed as aforesaid; and if such Person or Persons after such Revocation shall continue to exercise the Trade, or carry on the Business of making Dice or Cards respectively, he, she or they shall be subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures as if such License or Licenses had never been granted.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of Dice or Cards shall at the time of entering and paying the Duties on any Number of Pairs of Dice or Packs of Cards, make Oath, or if a Quaker solemnly affirm, before the Distributor or other proper Officer with whom such Entry shall be made, in the Words following; to wit,

I A. B. do swear (or if a Quaker, do affirm), That the Number of Pairs of Dice, or of Packs of Cards (as the case may be) now entered by me, is the full Amount of the Quantity of Dice, or of Pairs of, Spotted and Playing Cards (as the case may be) manufactured by me or for my Use, from the Day of to the time of (his my present Entry, except Packs of Cards made up by me for Expectation, which are now lodged in His Majesty's Stores, or have been reported (as the case may be) :

Which Oath or Affirmation such Distributor or other proper Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of Dice or Cards, who shall endeavour to defraud His Majesty by any Concealment or undue Entry, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall set up or exercise the Employment of making Dice or Cards, or shall make or cause to be made any Dice or Cards, in any Town or Place in Ireland, other than in the Cities of Dublin, Cork and Limerick, or the respective Liberties thereof, and that every Person or Persons who shall set up or exercise the Employment of making Dice or Cards, or shall make or cause to be made Dice or Cards, in any other Town or Place wherever in Ireland, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and for every Day that such Business shall be continued or carried on after the first Day thereof, a further Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in Ireland for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time, to appoint fit and proper Persons in the Cities of Dublin, Cork and Limerick respectively, who shall be called Stamp Makers, and shall have the Custody and Keeping of the Marks, Stamps and Seals heretofore mentioned, and shall, from time to time, put such Marks or Stamps upon all Dice, and such Marks or Seals upon the Paper and Thread enclosing every such Pack of Cards, and affix on One of the Cards of such Pack, on the printed or spotted Side thereof, which shall be duly entered, and for which the Duties then legally payable thereon shall be duly paid to the proper Officers in the said Places respectively.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to devise and to appoint Marks, Stamps or Seals, such as they shall think fit to be put or impressed on Dice and on every Label or Paper to be affixed to every Wrapper as which each Pack of Cards shall be enclosed or wrapped, and that the said Label or Paper shall be so contrived and shall be so fastened on the said Wrapper as that the said several Stamps, Marks or Seals shall appear on the Sides of such Pack of Cards, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct; and that the said several Stamp Makers respectively shall number each Label in Alphabetical Progression under each Mark, Stamp or Seal to be put thereon in manner aforesaid, so that the Number appearing on the opposite Sides of each Pack of Cards, when enclosed in the said Label, shall be like or corresponding Numbers: Provided always, that all Cards belonging to each Manufacturer shall be numbered in Progression with the following or progressive Numbers of the Cards of such Manufacturer, beginning with the Number One, and that every Stamp Maker shall, after every Twenty fifth Day of March, Twenty fourth Day of June, Twenty sixth Day of September and Twenty fifth Day of December, begin to number the Cards to be stamped by him for each Manufacturer, with Number One, and continue so regularly from thence during each Quarter.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Marks, Stamps and Seals, heretofore in full force or used for stamping, marking and sealing Dice and Cards, and the Wrappers of Cards respectively, be and under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps, shall continue to be the Marks, Stamps and Seals for such Purposes respectively, until the same shall be altered respectively; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps to alter and change the face or any of them, from time to time, as they shall think proper, and that such Marks, Stamps and Seals as shall in fact be kept and used from time to time by or under the Authority of the Commissioners of Stamps aforesaid, for stamping or marking Dice, Cards and Wrappers respectively, shall, from time to time, be the only proper and lawful Stamps, Marks and Seals for the said Purposes respectively: Provided always, that whenever any such Change shall be made, and

that any Stamp, Mark or Seal shall be abandoned or laid aside for any new Stamp, Mark or Seal, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to use, utter, vend and sell any Dice or Cards which shall have been duly stamped, marked or sealed with the Stamps, Marks or Seals which shall have been so abandoned or laid aside, without incurring any Penalty, Forfeiture or Punishment for the same, unless such Notice of such Change as is hereinafter mentioned, shall have been published by the said Commissioners of Stamps in Three successive *Dakia* Gazettes, whereof the Production of the said Gazettes shall be sufficient Evidence.

XL. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Pack of Cards on the Labels on which any Number shall be enfolded or shewed, shall be deemed and taken to be Cards not stamped or marked, and shall be forfeited and seized, and every Person who shall utter, vend, sell or expose the same to Sale, or shall have in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale the same, shall be liable to all Penalties to which Persons by the Laws then in being shall be subject for uttering, vending, selling or exposing to Sale, or having in Possession with Intent to vend Cards not stamped.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time or times make, counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be made, counterfeited or forged any Mark, Stamp or Seal to resemble any Mark, Stamp or Seal which shall be used by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, for stamping, marking or sealing any Dice or Cards, or any Label or Paper enclosing any Cards, or shall equivoque or resemble the Impression of the same respectively, upon any Dice or Cards, or on any Paper for enclosing Cards, or shall cause or shew any Number to be put on such Paper or Label as aforesaid, with Intent thereby to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duties upon Dice or Cards, or shall utter, vend or sell any Dice or Cards with the Impression of such counterfeit Mark, Stamp or Seal thereon respectively, or on the Paper or Label enclosing such Cards, knowing the same to be counterfeit, or shall utter, vend or sell any Cards on the Paper or Label enclosing which any Number shall be enfolded or shewed, knowing the same to be enfolded or shewed, or shall fraudulently use any Mark, Stamp or Seal to be used to purchase of this Act, thereby to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties upon Dice or Cards, then every such Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and be transported for Seven Years.

XLII. And for preventing any Mistake or Fraud in stamping or marking any Dice or Cards not duly entered, or for which the Duties by Law payable thereon shall not have been duly paid, be it further enacted, That the Distribution of Stamps in the said Cases of Card and Lowry respectively, and such Officer or Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose in *Dakia* by the said Commissioners of Stamps, shall upon Request of the Person or Persons who shall duly enter any Dice or Cards, and pay the Duties then by Law payable thereon, certify in Writing, the Number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards which shall have been so entered, and for which the said Duties shall have been so paid, and also the Names and Places of Abode of such Persons who shall have made such Entries, and paid the said Duties, upon the Delivery of which said Certificate to the Person who for the time being shall be appointed to keep the said Mark, Stamp or Seal, the said Person so appointed shall cause the said Certificate to be kept by him for that Purpose, and afterwards with all convenient Speed shall mark, stamp or seal each and every Pair of Dice and Packs of Cards as shall be mentioned to be contained in such Certificate, and the Person so marking, stamping or sealing such Dice or Cards, is hereby required to enter under the said Certificate in the said Book to be kept for that Purpose, the Number of the Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards which he shall so mark, stamp or seal, pursuant to the said Certificate, with the Days and Times of his so marking, stamping and sealing the same, till the full Number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards which shall be contained in such Certificate shall be duly marked, stamped and sealed, which said Book at the End of every Year, or otherwise, if required by the Commissioners of Stamps, shall be returned to the said Commissioners to be examined by them, or any other Person or Persons to be appointed by them to examine the same.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person appointed as aforesaid, to mark, stamp or seal such Dice or Cards, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to mark, stamp or seal the Number of Pairs of Dice or Packs of Cards contained in such Certificate, then the Person so neglecting or refusing shall forfeit for every such Default the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided always, that no Person shall be obliged to mark, stamp or seal any Dice or Cards, but Three times in every Week; that is to say, on *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday* in every Week, and between the Hours of Nine in the Morning and Twelve at Noon, and between the Hours of Two and Four in the Afternoon of the said Days.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That as often as the said Commissioners of Stamps shall think it to alter, change or renew the Seals, Marks or Stamps for Dice or Cards, or the Paper enclosing such Cards, or any of the said Marks, Stamps or Seals, it shall and may be lawful for all Persons who shall at such respective times have in their Custody or Possession any Dice or any Cards and Papers enclosing Packs of Cards marked with the Seals, Marks, or Stamps to intended to be shewed, changed or renewed respectively, to sell or expose to Sale such Dice or Cards respectively, for and during the Space of Two Calendar Months, and no longer, after Notice in Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners of such Intention of renewing, changing or altering such Stamps, Marks or Seals, shall have been published in the *Dakia* Gazette for Three successive Days of Publication, whereof the Production of the said Gazette shall be sufficient Evidence.

XLV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Dice or Cards marked with the old Stamps, Marks or Seals shall remain upon Hand and unsold, it shall be lawful for any Maker or Retailer of Dice or Cards, at any time within the said Two Months, to bring or send such Dice, Cards and Papers enclosing Packs of Cards with the old Stamps, Marks or Seals to the respective Stamp Masters, or to such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed in that behalf by the said Commissioners of Stamps at their respective Offices in the Cases of *Dakia, Card and Lowry*, and the said Stamp Masters and Officers respectively are hereby required to mark

Packs of Cards in which Number is enfolded or shewed

Counterfeiting Marks, &c. used on Dice or Wappers of Cards, &c.

Transported

Distributions of Stamps in each Number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards for which Duty paid, and enter Certificates in Book, &c.

Neglecting to mark Number contained in any Certificate. Penalty.

Commissioners may change Marks or Stamps for Dice or Cards.

Dice or Cards remaining on hand when at Price appointed to get new Stamp put on, &c.

Forfeits.

with the new Stamps, Marks and Seals respectively, such Dice and Cards so brought in, and so many Papers enclosing Packs of Cards as shall be equal to Number to the Papers so brought in, such new Stamps, Marks and Seals to be given in lieu of the old, free and exempt from the Payment of any further Duty or Fee whatsoever for the same: *Provided also*, that if after the Expiration of the said Two Months, any Dice or Cards with such old Stamps, Marks or Seals shall be found in the Possession of any Maker or Retailer of Dice or Cards, the same shall be forfeited, and it shall be lawful to and for any Person duly authorized for that Purpose, under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners of Stamps, to seize and carry away the same; and the Person or Persons in whose Possession the same shall be found shall be liable and subject to all such Penalties and Forfeitures to be, the or they would be liable to if the said Dice, Cards or Papers containing Packs of Cards never had been stamped, marked or sealed respectively.

Dice or Cards not duly stamped, marked, and Sealed, as aforesaid.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Dice or Pair of Dice, or Pack or Packs of Playing Cards, shall be found in the House, Shop, Room or Place of any Maker or Retailer of Dice or Cards respectively, without being marked, framed or stamped as shall be then by Law required, the same shall be adjudged forfeited, and may be seized and carried away by any Person duly authorized for that Purpose under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners of Stamps, and the Maker or Retailer of Dice or Cards in whose Possession such Dice or Dice, or such Pack or Packs of Cards shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty. Every package of Playing Cards deemed a Pack.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every unopened Pack of Pattern, Spotted or Playing Cards enclosed in a Paper Cover or Paper Covers which shall be exposed to Sale by or found in the Shop of any Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards shall to all intents and Purposes be construed and taken to be a whole Pack of Playing Cards within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and each Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty. Selling Cards that have been played with.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall sell or expose to Sale any Playing Cards which have been sold, opened or played with, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Dice and Cards exceeding Two Pairs or Two Packs deemed playing cards. Cards not deemed Wafers unless marked as aforesaid.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That all Dice and Cards, exceeding in Quantity Two Pairs of Dice or Two Packs of Cards respectively, which shall hereafter be found in any House, Out-house, Warehouse or elsewhere in the Possession of any Shopkeeper or Retailer of Dice or Cards, shall be deemed and considered as Dice or Cards exposed to Sale within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Penalties.

L. And be it further enacted, That no Cards shall be deemed Wafers unless a Cover of every such Card shall be cut off, and unless the same be sold or exposed to Sale in Papers without being enclosed in any Paper Cover whatsoever; and if any Card Maker, Shopkeeper or Retailer of Cards shall sell or expose to Sale as Wafers any Cards enclosed in Paper Covers, or not cut in the manner aforesaid, he, she or they so offending shall be liable to the Penalties, and incur all the Forfeitures inflicted for selling or exposing to Sale Pattern, Spotted or Playing Cards without Stamps.

Dice or Cards found in Possession of Hawkers forfeited.

LI. And be it further enacted, That all Dice, and all Pattern, Spotted or Playing Cards which shall be found in the Possession of any Hawker, Pedlar, Ferry Chapman or other trading Person travelling from Place to Place, shall be forfeited, and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Distributor of Stamps, or other Person or Persons thereunto duly authorized under Hand and Seal by the said Commissioners, to seize all such Dice and Cards, and to lodge the same in such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being.

Card Maker to show Officer Stock on Hand.

LII. And be it further enacted, That every Card Maker who shall make any Cards, or his Foreman, Head Servant, or Person employed in attend such Business, from time to time and as often as such Card Maker or other Person employed as aforesaid shall be required by the Officer or Officers appointed to view and take an Account of the same, shall show to such Officer or Officers all the Stock then on Hand of Cards and all Materials for making the same belonging to such Card Maker or Card Makers, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds,

Penalty.

in case of Refusal to be furnished by such Card Maker or Card Makers, and of Five Pounds to be forfeited by the Foreman, Head Servant or other Person employed in assisting as aforesaid, and that in default of the Payment of such Sum of Five Pounds, such Foreman, Head Servant or other Person so employed shall suffer One Month's Imprisonment; and that in case such Officer or Officers shall afterwards find any Cards or Materials for making Cards of the Stock then on Hand over and above the Quantity so shown as aforesaid, such Cards and Materials shall be forfeited, and it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or Officers to seize and carry away the same; and such Card Maker or Card Makers shall respectively forfeit a Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Twelve Dozens of Sheets of Paper Materials for Card making which shall be found over and above the Quantity that shall have been shown as aforesaid.

Officers to take Account of Cards and Materials in Possession of Card Makers.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to appoint such Officer or Officers as they shall think proper to keep an Account of all Cards and Materials for making Cards, which shall from time to time be shown by him or them in the Possession of any Card Maker or Card Makers; and upon any Default or Deficiency of such Stock of Cards and Materials not properly accounted for, to charge such Card Maker or Card Makers with all Duties payable for such Cards not accounted for; and also with the Amount of the Duties as in many Cards at night be made from or with such Materials not accounted for as aforesaid; the said Duties to be paid by such Card Maker or Card Makers upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers as aforesaid before such Officer as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps in Dublin, and before the Distributor of Stamps in Cork and Limerick respectively, ascertaining the Quantity so deficient and brought to charge, which Oath the said Officers respectively are empowered and required to administer.

In case of Deficiency on Entry allowed.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer or Distributor, or any Stamp Master of Cards, after Power made of such Deficiency, shall allow any Entry to be made by, or shall stamp any Cards or

belonging to such Card Maker or Card Makers, before he, she or they shall have answered or paid all Charges made on account of such Decree or Defence, then and in every such case such Officer, Distributor or Stamp Master shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

L.V. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Card Maker or Card Makers shall make up Cards intended for Exportation, be, she or they shall within One Hour after the same are made up give Notice thereof to the Stamp Master of the Place where such Cards shall be made up, and shall in the Presence of the said Stamp Master deposit such Cards in some of His Majesty's Stores *Headed* in the Place where such Cards shall be made up, the said Cards there to remain until a Certificate from the Collector of the Port shall be produced to the said Stamp Master, which Certificate shall express or import that all legal Requisites relative to such Cards have been performed; and if such Card Maker or Card Makers shall at any time remove such Cards to be deposited as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or shall suffer the same to be removed without Permission of the Stamp-master or Surveyor of His Majesty's Stores first had and obtained, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

L.VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where a Forfeiture of Dice, or of Painted, Spotted or Playing Cards, or of Utensils or Materials for making Cards, shall be incurred by virtue of any Act or of any Act or Acts from time to time in force in *Ireland*, it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers who shall detect the Fraud or Offence for which such Cards, Utensils or Materials shall become forfeited, to seize and attach and carry away all such Cards, and the same to lodge in such Place as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps, there to be detained and kept until disposed of by due course of Law.

L.VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not sooner.

C A P. . CII.

An Act to repeal certain Duties on Leather dressed in Oil in Great Britain, or imported from *Ireland*. [22d June 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *As* *Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain on Glass, Sticks, and Tobacco and Snuff, a Duty of Six pence is imposed for every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Skins, and of all Parts or Pieces of Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, other than Sheep and Lamb Skins;* and by the said Act a Countervailing Duty of Six pence is also imposed for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of all Skins dressed in Oil in *Ireland*, other than Sheep and Lamb Skins, and imported from thence into Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Duties, so far as the same extend to Beek, Deer and Elk Skins, or Beek or Lamb Leather dressed in Oil; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Duty of Six pence per Pound Weight, and the said Countervailing Duty of Six pence per Pound Weight, so far as the same extend to Beek, Deer and Elk Skins, or Beek or Lamb Leather dressed in Oil, shall be and the same respectively are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Ireland* respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall and they respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to cause any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been charged as such Duty or Duties for or in respect of the Duties by this Act repealed, and which shall not before the passing of this Act have been already collected, received or paid, to be discharged from and out of the Books and other Documents containing any Entry or Entries of or relating to any such Charge or Sum or Sums of Money.

C A P. CIII.

An Act to regulate the Postage of Ship Letters to and from *Ireland*. [22d June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to alter so much of the several Acts in force in *Ireland* as relates to the Rates of Postage of Ship Letters, and to the several Regulations respecting such Letters, and to give effect to the Rates of Postage in lieu of such former Rates: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, so much of an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, for establishing a Post Office in *Ireland*, and also so much of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for repealing certain Duties upon Letters and Packets sent by the Post within *Ireland*, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, as granted a Rate of Postage of One Penny for every Letter or Packet directed as aforesaid, or brought or sent from on board any Ship or Vessel riding or stopping in any Port within *Ireland*, over and above all other Rates chargeable on any such Letters; and also so much of the said recited Act of the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, as directs that the Sum of One Penny shall be paid to the Masters of Ships or Vessels, or other Persons, for every Letter or Packet delivered to the Deputy Post Master of the Port or Place in *Ireland* at which such Ships or Vessels shall touch or arrive; and all Provisions, Restrictions and Regulations, in the said last recited Act mentioned respecting such Letters, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed, save and except only so far as relates to the Recovery of any Rates imposed by any such Act, which may be remaining unpaid.

Penny:
Card for Ex-
portation depo-
sited in some of
His Majesty's
Warehouses;

and not returned
a certain Penalty
due.

Penny.

Forfeitures
subject to such
Place as Commis-
sioners shall
appoint.

Commencement
of Act.

§ 5. s. 1-14.

§ 6. (A.)

§ 6. (B.)

Duties on Beek,
Deer and Elk
Skins, or Beek
or Lamb Leather,
imported.
Does not im-
plement the repeal.

§ 3. s. 24. c. 2.
§ 1. s. 13. § 12.
§ 4. c. 2. § 12.
§ 1. s. 10.
repealed.

§ 3. s. 24. c. 2.
§ 1. s. 13. § 12.

§ 10. and 24. in
1817 repealed.
Exception.

Duty paid on
Post Letters.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Postmasters General for Ireland, and their Deputies and Deputies by them thereto authorized, and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take for every Letter and Packet which shall be brought by Ships and Vessels other than Packet Boats, from Places within His Majesty's Dominions (other than Great Britain), and from any Kingdoms and Countries beyond the Seas into Ireland, the Sum of Six pence *half* Currency, for every Single Letter; and for every Double Letter, and for every other Letter and Packet exceeding a Quarter of an Ounce in weight, the Sum of One Shilling *half* Currency in Addition to any Island or Internal Postage which may arise upon the Island Conveyance of such Letters and Packets in Ireland.

Persons bringing
Letters to Post
Office, and pay-
ing certain Rates
of Postage in-
consequence of
same shall be
deemed by any
Vessel to be
Post Office.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's said Postmasters General of Ireland, and their Deputies, to receive Letters and Packets directed in Places within His Majesty's Dominions (other than Great Britain), or to Kingdoms and Countries beyond the Seas, from any Person or Persons who may bring the same to any Post Office in Ireland, and who may be desirous to forward such Letters themselves, and to affix upon each Letter and Packet such Stamp, Mark of Postage or Designation, as the said Postmasters General in their Discretion shall think proper and order; and thereupon to demand and receive for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Rate of Postage of One third Part of the Rates and Duties payable by Law for such respective Letters and Packets, if the same were conveyed by Packet Boats; and to cause where no Rate of Postage is already established, there to demand, have, receive and take for such Letters and Packets, as near as can be ascertained, equal to One third Part of what is now paid for Letters sent beyond the Seas, and upon Payment thereof, to return such Letters and Packets to the Person or Persons bringing the same; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Person and Persons to forward such Letters and Packets to the Place to which they may be directed, by any Ship or Vessel that he or they may think proper, not being Packet Boats, without incurring any Penalty therefor, and without Payment of any other Rate or Duty of Postage; any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Postmaster
General may
authorize Per-
sons to collect
Letters and to
demand there-
of by Vef-
sels where such
Packet Boats,
or Letters brought
to Post Office
and Postage paid.
† &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's said Postmaster General of Ireland, by Writing under their or either of their Hands, and under Seal of the Office of Postmasters General of Ireland, to license and authorize any Person or Persons whatsoever to collect Letters and Packets in Ireland, directed in Places within His Majesty's Dominions (other than Great Britain), and to Kingdoms and Countries beyond the Seas, for the Purpose of being forwarded according to their Directions, by any Ship or Vessel other than Packet Boats; provided that such Person or Persons shall, previous to forwarding the same, bring such Letters and Packets to the Post Office of the Town or Place from whence such Letter or Letters or Packets is or are to be sent, to have a Stamp, Mark of Postage or Designation put thereon respectively; which Stamp, Mark of Postage or Designation the Postmasters General and their Deputies, are hereby authorized and required to put thereon; and to demand, receive and take for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the same Rates of Postage as are hereby made payable for Letters and Packets to be forwarded by Persons bringing the same, in manner hereinbefore provided; and upon such Payment being made to return such Letters and Packets to the Person or Persons to be licensed; and that it shall and may be lawful for such authorized Persons to forward such Letters and Packets by any Ship or Vessel that he or they may think proper, not being Packet Boats, without incurring any Penalty therefor, and without Payment of any other Rate of Postage; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Masters of Ves-
sels in Ports
allowed to deliver
Letters collected
by them to re-
spective Persons,
who on receiving
so, for every 50
Letters, or put
them into sealed
Bag, and return
them to Masters.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons authorized by the said Postmasters General for Ireland, or by the Postmasters General for Great Britain, in Places within His Majesty's Dominions and Countries beyond the Seas, to receive from the Masters of Vessels coming from thence into any Port in Ireland, Letters and Packets which may be collected and brought by such Masters to them for the Purpose of being transmitted by the Authority of the said Postmasters General, and also to receive from such Masters with such Letters at the Rate of Three Shillings for every Fifty Letters or Packets, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Number; and such Person or Persons so authorized by the said Postmasters General, shall make up in a Bag or Parcel, all such Letters so received, and indorse thereon a Certain State of the Number of Letters contained in the same, and an Impression of the Seal which shall be affixed to each Bag or Parcel, and the Date when the same shall be sealed; and shall send the Bag or Parcel with the Seal of which an Impression shall have been so affixed, and deliver the same Bag or Parcel to such Masters, for the Purpose of being brought by them to the Port at which they shall arrive in Ireland.

On delivering
Bag, at any Post
Office in Ireland,
Masters of Vessels
shall pay, and to
receive so, for
every Letter.

VI. And in order to encourage Masters of Ships and Vessels, not being Packet Boats, coming from Places within His Majesty's Dominions (except from Great Britain) and from Places beyond the Seas, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Masters of Vessels to collect Letters and Packets in Places within His Majesty's Dominions (except as aforesaid), and in Countries beyond the Seas, in as such Letters and Packets shall be collected for the Purpose of being transmitted by the Authority of the said Postmasters General to Ireland; and provided that such Masters shall deliver all such Letters to some Person or Persons authorized by the said Postmasters General to receive the same, for the Purpose aforesaid; and that the Masters shall, upon delivering the same, pay unto the Person or Persons so authorized, the Sum of Three Shillings for every Fifty Letters, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Number, and shall also receive the same Letters back from such Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid, in a sealed Bag or Parcel; and shall, upon Delivery of such Bag or Parcel made up and sealed in such manner as is hereinbefore mentioned, in a perfect State, at any Post Office in Ireland, be repaid the Sum of Money which they shall have so advanced as aforesaid; and also Two pence *per* Letter and Packet for every Letter or Packet which shall be contained in such Bag or Parcel.

VII. And

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Master of such Ship or Vessel shall open any Bag or Bags of Letters or Packets with which he shall have been entrusted, or shall take out of such Bag any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets whatsoever, or shall not duly deliver such Bag, with the Letters and Packets, at the Place where he shall arrive, to the Person who may be authorized to receive the same, without wilful or unreasonable Delay after his Arrival, every such Master so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, One Moiety to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin, whereas an Edict, Proclamation, Proving or Wager of Law shall be admitted.

Opening Bag.
&c.

Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall send any Letter or Packet by any Ship or Vessel of which he shall not be Owner, without having the Official Mark of the Postage having been paid thereon; or if any Master shall have on board, or carry any Letter or Packet, not being the Letter or Packet of his Owners, without such Official Mark thereon, every such Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Letter or Packet so sent or found on board or carried as aforesaid.

Sending Letters
not having Post
Office Mark.

Penalty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs, at any Port or Place whatsoever, and they are hereby authorized and required to search every Ship or Vessel, at any Port or Place, for Letters or Packets which may be on Board contrary to the Provisions of this Act, and to seize and take all such Letters and Packets, and to forward the same to the Postmaster General or his Deputy at the Port or Place; and that the Officers seizing and forwarding the same shall be entitled to sue for the Penalty for any such Offence, and shall be entitled to One Moiety of such Penalty when recovered.

Officers of Customs may search
Ships for Letters
&c.+ See
Penalty

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Collector, Comptroller or other Officer of the Customs, and he is hereby authorized and required to administer an Oath to every such Master before he departs, that he has not any Letters or Packets which have not paid the Rates of Postage hereby imposed, on board his Ship or Vessel, and being the Letters or Packets of the Owners of his said Ship or Vessel.

Officers of Customs may administer Oath to
Masters of Vessels

XI. And be it further enacted, That on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel in Port, the Master shall sign a Declaration in Writing, in the Presence of the Person authorized by the Postmaster General at the Port or Place, who shall also sign the same, that to the best of his Knowledge and Belief he has delivered, according to the Provisions of this Act, all the Letters and Packets, or Bags or Parcels of Letters and Packets which were on board his Vessel; and that until such Declaration shall be signed, the Officer of the Customs shall not permit such Ship or Vessel to break Bulk; and in case such Master shall wilfully neglect to make such Declaration, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, One Moiety thereof to be paid to the Informer.

Declaration
made at Delivery
of Letters before
Vessel breaks
Bulk.

Penalty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officer hereby required to prohibit any Ship or Vessel from breaking Bulk until the Requisition of this Act shall be complied with, shall permit such Ship or Vessel to break Bulk, such Collector, Comptroller or Officer, in permitting such Ship or Vessel to break Bulk, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, One Moiety thereof to be paid to the Informer.

Officers requiring
Delivery &c.

Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That One Moiety of the several pecuniary Penalties hereby imposed, shall be payable to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to any Person who shall and will inform or sue for the same; and that all and singular the said Penalties (except the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds heretofore mentioned) shall and may be recovered by Information before any Two Justices of the Peace of the County, County of the City, City or Town Corporate where such Offences shall be respectively committed, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, which said Justices are hereby empowered to administer; and if any Person or Persons committed of any such Offence, shall not forthwith pay the Penalty which he, she or they shall have incurred, it shall be lawful for such Justices of the Peace to send such Person or Persons to the Workhouse, or House of Correction, there to remain at Hard Labour for such time as such Justices shall think proper, not exceeding Three Months.

Penalties how
applied and re-
covered.

Penalty not paid.

Imprisonment.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge or counterfeit or cause to be forged or counterfeited any Stamp, Mark of Postage or Designation, upon any Letter or Packet hereby authorized to be so stamped, marked or designated, with Intent to avoid or prevent the Payment of the Rate of Postage hereby imposed, each and every Person and Persons so offending shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment.

Forgery, &c.
Post Office
Mark.

Misdemeanor.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Rates and Duties imposed by this Act shall form Part of the Revenue of the Post Office of Ireland, and be applied as such.

Duty Post Office
Revenue.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act amended,
&c.

C A P. CIV.

An Act to make further Provisions for the issuing of Licences to Persons to deal in, retail, make or manufacture Spirits and other Excisable Commodities in Ireland, and for securing the Duties of Excise payable by the Persons so licensed.

[22d June 1815.]

Amo. 1. 19.

Ed. A.

§ 1.

Licences to be
out after Jan. 5.
1816, to pay
Duty under
Act, c. 19
to be issued
to be issued
to be issued

Amo. 1. 19.
Ed. A.

Spirit Licences
applied for be-
fore Jan. 5.
1816, on Con-
firmation from
March 25, 1815,
shall pay Duty
imposed by
35 G. 3. c. 19.
with 2s. 6d.
Penalty of
Amount.
Act, c. 19.
§ 10.

repealed.

Regulations for
issuing Licences
to be issued
to be issued

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirits and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the Issuing of such Licences; and to discourage the unwholesome Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland; certain Duties are imposed and made payable upon the several Licences therein mentioned, according to the respective times at which such Licences respectively shall be taken out, and amongst other, certain Duties are imposed and made payable on the several and respective Licences therein mentioned, which shall be respectively taken out after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas under the Provisions of the said recited Act, Licences may be taken out within Ten Days previous to the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to be in force after the said Fifth Day of January: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Assent of the same, That the several and respective Duties by the said Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, imposed and made payable upon all such Licences, if the same respectively shall be taken out after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be charged and paid on all such Licences respectively which shall be taken out to be in force after the said Fifth Day of January, although such Licences respectively may be taken out and may issue at any time within Ten Days before the said Day; any thing in the said Act or in the said Schedule to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.*

II. And Whereas in and by the Laws in force in Ireland, at and immediately before the passing of the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament, all Licences to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail were to continue in force until the Twenty sixth Day of September next after the Date thereof: And Whereas in and by the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament, certain Duties are imposed upon such Licences to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, as should be taken out after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas Persons who, previous to the said Twenty fifth Day of March, had obtained Certificates from the Clerks of the Peace to entitle such Persons to such Licences, ought by Law to have taken out such Licences previous to the said Twenty fifth Day of March, and to have paid the full annual Amount of the Duties then payable by Law thereon, but may nevertheless have sold Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail without taking out such Licences: Be it enacted, That in every case where any Person, from and after the Commencement of this Act, and before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall apply for any Licence to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, upon any such Certificate which shall bear Date before the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, such Person shall, before any such Licence shall be granted to him or her, pay to the Collector of Excise upon his granting such Licence as aforesaid, and as for the Duty thereon, such Sum as under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament, and the Schedule thereto annexed, is fixed to be the annual Amount of the Duty on such Licence if taken out after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, together with the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of such Duty; any thing in the said recited Act, or the Schedule thereto annexed, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act of this present Session of Parliament it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no Licence shall be granted to any Person to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in the City of Dublin, or within the Civil or Real forerunning the said City, or within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, unless the Person applying for such Licence shall obtain an Order signed by the Lord Mayor for the time being, and by One or more of the Police Magistrates of the District or Division in which such Person shall reside, that such Person applying for a Licence is a proper Person to be licensed, nor unless the Person who shall be proposed to be Sureties for the Person so applying be named in such Order, and therein approved of by such Police Magistrate or Magistrates; and that all Orders so given shall be preserved by the Clerks of the Peace of the City of Dublin, and shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by them for the Purpose, and such Book or Books shall be open at all times for the Inspection of any Magistrate, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and their Officers, without Fee or Reward; and such Clerk of the Peace, or Recorder of such Order, shall deliver to the Person applying for such Licence a Certificate in the Form therein prescribed, to entitle such Person to such Licence: Be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of the said recited Act as is aforesaid recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Licence shall be granted to any Person to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail in the City of Dublin, or within the Civil or Real forerunning the said City, or within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, unless the Person applying for such Licence shall have obtained an Order for the same signed by the Lord Mayor for the time being, and shall have and obtain a Certificate, signed by the Divisional Justices of the Division in which the

Call

Cattle of Dublin shall be, or any One of them at the Head Office, that the Person applying for a License is a proper Person to be licensed, nor will the Person who shall be proceeded to be Sentries for the Person to applying be issued in such Certificate, and therein approved of by such Divisional Justices or any One of them, at the said Head Office, and that such Orders of the Lord Mayor for the time being for said Licenses, and such Certificates as aforesaid, shall be granted without Fee or Reward, and shall be preserved by the Clerks of the Peace of the City of Dublin, and shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept by them for that Purpose, and such Book or Books shall be open at all times for the Inspection of any Magistrate, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and their Officers, without Fee or Reward; and such Clerks of the Peace, or Clerks of such Order and Certificate, shall deliver to the Person applying for such License to enable such Person therein a Certificate in the Form following, instead of in the Form prescribed by the said recited Act; that is to say,

Act, c. 39.
§ 20.

I *A. B.* or we *A. B.* and *G. D.* Clerks of the Peace of the City of Dublin, do certify that *E. F.* (or, *E. F.* and *G. H.*) is (or, are) duly entitled to receive a License for selling Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methagals or Mead, by Retail at _____ No. _____ in the Parish _____ in the City of Dublin. (or, within the District of the Metropolitan of Dublin, as the case may be), until and upon the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and _____ (naming the Year); and that the Lord Mayor hath ordered, and Oat or more of the Divisional Justices of the Division in which the Cattle of Dublin is situate at the Head Office have certified, that the said *E. F.* (or, *E. F.* and *G. H.*) is (or, are) a proper Person (or, Persons) to be so licensed, and that *J. K.* of _____ and *M. N.* of _____ have been approved of as Sentries for the said *E. F.* (or, for the said *E. F.* and *G. H.*)

Certificates for
selling
Liquors.

Dated this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____
A. B. or A. B. and C. D.
Clerks of the Peace.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, no more of the said recited Act as authorities or empowers the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin within his Jurisdiction, or any Two or more of the Police Magistrates of the District or Division in which the Persons shall reside, to issue any License granted to any Person or Persons for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors in Ireland, and also in much of the said Act as authorizes or empowers the said Lord Mayor or the said Police Magistrates to sign any Notice to be served on any Person of such Person's License having been annulled, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

Act, c. 19.
§ 46, in part re-
pealed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Divisional Justices of the Division in which the Cattle of Dublin shall be, or any One of them, at the Head Office, to issue any License granted to any Person or Persons for retailing Spirituous and other Liquors, within the District of the Metropolitan of Dublin; and if any Person whose License shall be so annulled, or on whom a Notice shall be served of the same being annulled, signed by such Divisional Justices of the Division in which the Cattle of Dublin shall be, or any One of them at the Head Office as aforesaid, shall retail any Spirituous or other Liquors, every such Person shall be subject to the same Penalties as Persons selling Spirituous or other Liquors without having obtained a License for that Purpose are liable to under the Provisions of the said recited Act, and which Penalties and Forfeitures shall be paid for, recovered and applied, in the like manner, to all Inquests and Purposes, as Penalties and Forfeitures under the said recited Act are directed to be paid for, recovered and applied.

Divisional Jus-
tices of the
District may an-
null Licenses.

Penalties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Divisional Justices of the Division in which the Cattle of Dublin shall be, or any One of them at the Head Office, upon Application made for that Purpose by any Person being licensed to retail Spirituous and other Liquors within the District of the Metropolitan of Dublin, to allow such Person to sell such Liquors by Retail at any House or Place within the said District, other than the House or Place defined in such License for the Remainder of the Year for which such License shall be granted; and the Statute of such other House or Place shall be particularly defined in an Indentment to be made on such License, and signed by the Head of such Divisional Justices or Justice: Provided always, that every such Indentment shall be entered and registered in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace of the City of Dublin, and also in the Office of the Collector of Excise of the District of Dublin; and every such License shall thereupon be absolutely null and void in respect to the House or Place for which the same was originally granted.

Justices may al-
low Persons
whose Licenses
have been an-
nulled to sell
Liquors for the
Remainder of the
Year at some other
Place.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Collectors of Inland Excise and Taxes in their respective Districts, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the said Excise and Taxes, or any other Person or Persons appointed to grant Licenses by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to issue Licenses for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Methagals and Mead, by Retail, to the same Persons and at or for the same Houses or Places as shall have been licensed in the Year last immediately preceding; provided that such Persons respectively shall previously take and subscribe the Oaths by the said recited Act (a) of the previous Session of Parliament prescribed to be taken and subscribed by Persons applying for Licenses to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and that such Persons respectively, together with their Sentries to be approved of by Two Magistrates of the County residing within Seven Miles of the Habitations of such Person, shall enter into a Bond in such Amount, and conditioned as it is and by the said recited Act (b) mentioned respecting the Bond therein mentioned, required to be entered into by Persons applying under the Provisions of the said Act to be licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors and other Liquors by Retail: Provided always, that every such Application of such Magistrates shall be entered in the Crown Book by the acting Clerk of the Peace, and thereupon it

Collectors of In-
land Excise and
Taxes to issue
Licenses to Per-
sons having been
licensed in Year
preceding, on
taking Oaths
prescribed by
Act, entering
into Bond, &c.

Penalty.

(a) [Act, c. 19. § 39.]

(b) [Act, c. 19. § 37.]

shall

shall and may be lawful for such Clerk of the Peace to give or cause to be given to the Person entitled thereon, a Certificate pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act.

*Certificates may
be given to
Persons who
have been
ordered to
give or cause
to be given to
the Person
entitled thereon,
a Certificate
pursuant to
the Provisions
of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

Persons.

*Certificates may
be given to
Persons who
have been
ordered to
give or cause
to be given to
the Person
entitled thereon,
a Certificate
pursuant to
the Provisions
of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

*Persons who
have been
ordered to
give or cause
to be given to
the Person
entitled thereon,
a Certificate
pursuant to
the Provisions
of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

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of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

*Persons who
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of the said
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and this Act.*

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the Person
entitled thereon,
a Certificate
pursuant to
the Provisions
of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

*Persons who
have been
ordered to
give or cause
to be given to
the Person
entitled thereon,
a Certificate
pursuant to
the Provisions
of the said
recited Act
and this Act.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Collectors of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, in their respective Districts, or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of any such Duties, or any other Person or Persons appointed to grant Licences by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to issue Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Porter, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Malt-wine and Mead, by Retail, in any Place, five and except in the City of Dublin, or within the Circular Road surrounding the said City, or within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, to any Person or Persons whom any Three Magistrates residing within Seven Miles of the Habitation of such Person or Persons shall think proper Persons to be entrusted with such Licences, and to whom they shall, by Order under their Hands and Seals, direct such Licences to be issued; provided that such Persons respectively shall, before the granting of such Licence, take and subscribe the Oaths by the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament prescribed to be taken and subscribed by Persons applying for Licences to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail; and that such Persons respectively, together with their Sureties, to be approved of by such Magistrate, shall enter into a Bond in the Amount, and conditioned as is in and by the said recited Act mentioned, respecting the Bond therein mentioned required to be entered into by Persons applying under the Provisions of the said Act to be licensed to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail: Provided always, that every such Order of such Magistrates shall be entered in the Crown Book by the acting Clerk of the Peace, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for such Clerk of the Peace to give or cause to be given to the Person entitled thereon, a Certificate pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act.

X. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace to give any such Certificate to any Person who shall have applied at any Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, for an Order for the giving of a Licence to such Person, and who shall have been refused the same; and any such Licence which shall be granted to any such Person shall be and the same is hereby declared to be null and void, and such Person shall be liable and subject to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures to which inebriated Retailers of Spirituous or other Liquors are under the said recited Act liable and subject; and which Penalties and Forfeitures shall be paid for, recovered and applied in the like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as Penalties and Forfeitures under the said recited Act are directed to be paid for, recovered and applied.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in every Certificate to be given by the Clerk of the Peace to entitle any Person or Persons to a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, there shall be mentioned and inserted the Names and Additions of the Person who shall be approved of by the Justices of the Peace as the Sureties of such Person or Persons applying for such Licence; and every such Certificate shall be lodged with the Collector or other Officer or Person appointed to grant Licences before he shall give such Licence.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be convicted of the Offence of selling Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, shall be Defaulter of Payment of the Penalty, if the Offence shall be the First Offence, be committed to Gaol for a Space not exceeding Four Calendar Months nor less than Two Calendar Months, and in Default of Payment of the said Penalty, if the same shall be for the Second or any further Offence, shall be committed to Gaol, there to remain for the Space of Six Calendar Months, and no longer: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to take away or affect the Power given by the said recited Act, of mitigating any such Penalty, and of thereupon discharging any such Person from Confinement before the Expiration of such respective Periods.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Sub-Commissioner of Inland Excise and Taxes of the proper District, or for any Person authorized and appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to take any Bond, and also to take and administer any Oath or Affidavit which is in and by the said recited Act of the present Session of Parliament required to be executed, given, sworn or taken by any Person; and that any such Bond, and Oath, or Affidavit respectively, so taken or administered by any such Sub-Commissioner, or by any Person so authorized as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if such Bond or such Oath or Affidavit had been taken under the Provisions of the said Act; say thing therein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and that if any such Person who shall take any such Oath or Affidavit shall wilfully and knowingly swear falsely therein, every such Person being convicted thereof shall suffer the Pain and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of the said recited Act as enacts that no Person shall be entitled unto, or shall maintain any Cause, Action or Suit for or recover either in Law or Equity any Sum of Money, or Demand for or on Account of any Spirituous Liquors sold in Ireland, in any Quantity less than One Pint at any one time, nor for or on Account of any particular Item or Article in any Account or Demand for Spirituous Liquors so sold, where the Quantity shall be less than One Pint, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Person shall be entitled unto or shall maintain any Cause, Action or Suit for or shall recover either in Law or Equity any Sum of Money, or Demand for or on Account of any Spirituous Liquors sold in Ireland, in any Quantity less than Two Quarts at any one time, or for or on Account of any particular Item or Article in any Account or Demand for Spirituous Liquors so sold, where the Quantity shall be less than Two Quarts.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer of Excise, to grant any Permit for any Spirits made in Ireland, on the Credit of Two or more Certificates; unless the Person applying for such Permit shall have sufficient Credit on One Certificate for the Quantity and Quality or Kind of Spirits for which such Permit shall be required; and every Officer granting any Permit for any such Spirits upon the Credit of any Certificate or Certificates (when the Party shall not have sufficient Credit as aforesaid, upon One Certificate) shall endorse on each Certificate the Date and Number of such Permit, Quantity, Strength and Quality of the Spirits for which the same shall be granted, and the Marks and Numbers of the Casks or Vessels, or Mark and Number of the Cask or Vessel containing the same, and the Name of the Person to whom and the Place to which such Spirits are to be carried under such Permit; and in case the Permit on which any such Certificate shall be granted shall, before the time at which the same is or shall be required to be delivered up and renewed, be filled up with the Indorsements herein directed to be made thereon, the proper Officer for granting Certificates shall upon such Certificate with the Indorsements thereon being delivered up to him, grant a new Certificate for the Purports aforesaid, and the Officer to whom such Certificate with the Indorsements thereon shall be so delivered up shall annex the same to the Duplicate of the new Certificate.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Certificate, or any such Indorsement made thereon, shall be fraudulently erased, obliterated or altered, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to arrest or withdraw the Licence which shall have been granted to the Person or Persons whose Certificate or any Indorsement thereupon shall have been so erased, obliterated or altered; and every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XVIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend the several Acts relating to the making of Malts and the granting of Permits and Certificates; and the Regulation of Brewers and of Persons employing more than One Still in Ireland*, after reciting that by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Consumption and Production of certain Excisable Goods therein mentioned, and to prevent Frauds by Dealers in or Retailers of such Goods*, certain Possibilities and Forfeitures are imposed in cases where Goods or Commodities are found without the Certificate required by the said Act of the Fourth Year, to be given by Officers of Excise for the putting on of Goods, and also in cases where such Certificates are not delivered up, or renewed according to the Provision of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year, it is enacted, that as Penalty or Forfeiture whatsoever shall accrue, or be incurred by any Person or Persons whatever, nor shall any Goods or Commodities be forfeited, nor be liable to be seized, nor shall any Information, Suit or Prosecution be filed, had, commenced, prosecuted or proceeded as for any such Penalty or Forfeiture, or for the Commencement of any such Goods or Commodities, by reason or in consequence of the Expiration of any such Certificate, or by reason or in consequence of such Certificate not being delivered up, or not being renewed in manner required by the said recited Act of the Fourth Year, unless Notice shall have been given by some Officer of Excise to the Holder of such Certificate six Days at the least previous to the filing of any such Information, or the commencement of such Suit or Prosecution, requiring such Holder to surrender such Certificate, or to deliver up the same as the case may require, and to take out a new or other Certificate pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fourth Year to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Be it enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of the said recited Act of the Fifth Year aforesaid as is herein recited, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of the said recited Act of the Fourth Year, whereby such Penalties and Forfeitures are imposed, shall be put in Force and Execution in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Fourth Year; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fifth Year to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person licensed to sell Spirits in any manner to sell or deliver out under any Permits any Spirits which shall be of a less Degree of Strength than the Strength at which such Person shall have received the same; and if any such Person shall so sell or deliver out under Permit any Spirits which shall be of a less Strength than as aforesaid, all such Spirits which shall be so first sold or delivered shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, nor any Cask or Package containing any such Spirits, shall be forfeited or liable to be seized for or by reason of any Excess or Deficiency of Strength of such Spirits, nor more than Three per Centum above or below the Strength of such Spirits specified in any such Permit or Certificate; any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Permit which shall be first with any Excisable Goods to any Dealer in or Retailer of Excisable Goods, shall not be lodged with the proper Officer within the respective times limited and appointed by Law, every such Dealer or Retailer shall forfeit for all such Goods and Commodities named in such Permit or Permits, the respective Sums and Penalties hereinafter mentioned: that is to say, for every Gallon of Wine, Brandy, or other Potable Spirits, or Spirits made in Ireland, the Sum of Ten Shillings; for every Pound Weight of Tobacco or Snuff the Sum of Ten Shillings; and for every Barrel of Malt the Sum of Ten Shillings.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Complaint or Information shall be had or preferred against any Person or Persons for or on Account of the obtaining or procuring, or sending to be obtained or procured any Permit or Certificate, or for or on Account of the not returning or delivering up any Permit or Certificate, or for or on Account of any Act, Matter or Thing, in any manner relating to or concerning any

Permit not
granted for
Spirits in Great
Britain or Ireland,
or any such
Certificate, or any
such Indorsement
thereon, shall be
void.

Licensee
shall not
be liable to
forfeiture
by reason
of the
expiry of
the
term of
the
license.

15

repealed.

Proviso for
4. 18. 18
18. 18.

Spirit of
Distillation
of Potatoes
shall be
subject to
the same
Penalty
as
Spirits.

There is no
duty on
Spirits
distilled
in
Ireland.

Not a
Permit, with
the
proper
Officer, shall
be
void.

Duplicate
of
Permits or
Certificates
shall be
void.

any Permit or Certificate, or if it may be necessary to prove the granting or issuing of any such Permit or Certificate, the Dispenser of such Permit or Certificate respectively shall in all cases be deemed and taken and shall be admitted as Evidence, that such Permit or Certificate was granted and issued to the Person or Persons, and from the Persons mentioned therein without producing or requiring the Production of the original Permit or Certificate which had been granted to such Person or Persons; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That whosoever any Spirits distilled in Ireland, and upon which the full Duties payable by Law shall not have been paid, secured or satisfied, shall be conveyed or delivered to any Person or Persons, or shall be sold or passed, or in the Course of Conveyance or Delivery to or in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons by virtue of or under pretext of any Permit or Permits, every Person who shall have obtained, or made use of such Permit, or in whose Name such Permit shall be granted, shall forfeit the Sum of Thirty Shillings British Currency, for every Gallon of Spirits mentioned in such Permit or Permits by virtue of or under pretext whereof such Spirits shall have been conveyed, or shall be sold or passed, or in the Course of Conveyance, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person, and all such Spirits shall be forfeited and may be seized, together with the Casks or Vessels in which the same shall be contained; and every Officer of Excise who shall knowingly or willingly grant any Permit for the Conveyance of any such Spirits, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds British Currency, and shall be disabled and disqualified for ever after upon Complain for such Offence, from holding any Office or Place under His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the Proof that all Duties have been paid, secured or satisfied on such Spirits shall be on the Person to whom or in whose Name such Permit shall be granted.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person in Ireland, licensed to keep a Still or Stills to rectify or to compound Spirits or Strong Waters, to sell, send out or deliver any Spirits or Strong Waters rectified and prepared by them in Imitation of Brandy, Rum or other Foreign Spirits in any Quantity not less than Two Gallons; any thing in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue, Motives and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or in any other Act or Acts in the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.*

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Candles and Soap or either of them shall be found exposed to Sale in the Possession of any Person, the same shall be conclusive Evidence that such Person is a Manufacturer thereof, and had manufactured the same for Sale; and every such Person if not duly licensed to manufacture Candles and Soap or either of them for Sale, shall be subject and liable to the like Penalties as Manufacturers of the same for Sale without Licence are by Law subject and liable to, unless such Person shall make due Proof that the Candles or Soap which shall be so found were made by and received from some licensed Manufacturer thereof, and which Penalties shall be paid for, recovered and applied in the like manner to all Intents and Purposes as Penalties under the said recited Act are directed to be paid for, recovered and applied.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Maker of Bottles made of Common Bottle Metal in Sea and inland of the Ezary be as by Law required to make, shall once in every Month, that is to say, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of each Month, make a true Entry in Writing at the Excise Office for the District in which his, her or their Glass House shall be situate, of the Number of Bottles and the Description thereof, with respect to the Quantities of Liquor they shall be required to be capable of containing, made within such Month, ending on such Fifth Day of such Month respectively, under and subject to such Rules and Regulations, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Mode of Recovery thereof, as are contained in any Act or Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Bottles made of Common Bottle Metal in Ireland, with respect to any Entry required to be made by any such Maker of Bottles under the Provisions of the said Act or Acts.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whosoever any Person or Persons subject and chargeable with any Duty or Duties of Excise, payable to His Majesty in Ireland, shall give or serve, or cause to be given or served, any Notice or Notices for any of the Purposes for which any such Person or Persons is or are, or shall be by Law required to give a Notice or Notices, every such Notice and Notices given or served upon any of the Persons upon whom by Law the same ought to be given or served, shall according to the true Meaning and Intent of such Notice or Notices, be taken to be good and effectual, as against the Person or Persons only who shall have given or served, or caused to be given or served the same, although such Notice or Notices shall not be in the Form or shall not have been given or served on all the Persons or within the time or times by Law directed, prescribed, limited or appointed for giving or serving the same, and upon the Trial of any Information or any other Proceeding relating to or in any manner touching or concerning any such Notice or Notices, it shall not be competent to or for such Person or Persons to allege any Imperfection or Defect in the Form of or in the giving or serving of any such Notice or Notices.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer or Officers of Excise shall at any time have neglected or omitted, or shall at any time neglect or omit, to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Ireland, against any Person or Persons chargeable with or liable to any Duty or Duties of Excise, it shall and may be lawful so and for such Officer or Officers or for any other Officer or Officers of Excise, and he and they are respectively required to report the same to the said Commissioners of Excise; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, and they are hereby required to give Notice to such Person or Persons of the Amount of the Duty omitted to have been returned by reason of such Neglect or Omission, and such Person or Persons shall not within One Calendar

Month next after such Notice shall sufficient Cause to such Commissioners why such Person or Persons should not be charged with and pay the Amount of the Duty so omitted to have been returned, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to order a Return to be made by any such Officer or Officers to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties within which such Person or Persons shall then be licensed, to carry on, in, or on their Trade or Business, of the Amount of such Duty, and shall return a Surcharge on such Person or Persons; and if such Person or Persons shall not upon Demand or within Ten Days after such Demand, pay the full Amount of such Duty, such Person or Persons shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of such Duty, provided that no such Return shall be a Charge on such Person or Persons unless it shall have been made and the Amount thereof demanded within Nine Calendar Months after the Expiration of the time within which such Return is omitted to have been made, ought to have been made.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied in such Manner, and under such Powers and Authorizations, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates then printed*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in Force in Ireland, relating to the Revenues of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted with the like remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing thereof, and not before.

CAP. CV.

An Act to make further Provisions for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Hides and Skins tanned in Ireland. [21d June 1815.]

WHEREAS in consequence and by reason of the Alteration which has been made, in respect of the Duration of Licences to any Person or Persons to keep a Tan Yard or Tan Pit, or to Tan Leather in Ireland, by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Exportable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties and to regulate the issuing of such Licences; and to abridge the immediate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*; it is expedient to provide for regulating, in manner hereinafter mentioned, the charging of any Tannor of Hides and Skins with Bark, who shall take out any Licence to be in force after the Twenty-ninth Day of September in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Session of Parliament, and by the Authority of the same, That every Tannor of Hides and Skins with Bark, who shall take out any such Licence between the Twenty-ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen and the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be charged with and pay Duty for a Quantity of tanned Hides and Skins according to the whole Amount of the Number of Cubic Feet contained in all the Pits (except Loose Pits, Maltsters and Water Pools, for single Water) used in his, her or their Tan Yard or Tan Pits, or other Place or Places whatever, called Vats, Handlers and Latches, or other Pits or Vells used with or containing Bark; that is to say, every such Tannor shall be charged with and pay a Duty within each Period ending the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at the Rate of Nine pence by the Year, for and in respect of each and every Cubic Foot contained in all the Pits in his, her or their Tan Yard or Tan Pits, or other Places called Vats, Handlers and Latches, or other Pits or Places in which Bark is used, without making any Allowance whatever for the Contents of any Pit called Latches; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make Monthly Returns to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Tan Yard shall be situated, of the Duty at the Rate aforesaid; that is to say, such Officer or Officers shall monthly, within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of the respective Months of November and December One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, make a Return of One Twelfth Part of the whole Amount of the Sum which such Tannor is by this Act chargeable with, in respect of the whole Number of Cubic Feet in his or her aforesaid Pit, and such Return shall be a Charge on every Tannor against whom the same shall be made and returned, and shall be recovered as and for the Amount of the Duty payable by Weight and Tale on Hides and Skins tanned with Bark only, and every such Tannor shall pay the Sum so charged and returned: Provided always, that the Period between the Twenty-ninth Day of September and the Fifth Day of November shall be deemed a Calendar Month within the Meaning of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Tannor of Hides and Skins with Bark, who shall take out any Licence to be in force after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall

Taxers deliv-
ing out Lic-
ences after
the 1st of Feb.

between the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and within every Year following ending on the Fifth Day of January, be charged with and pay Duty for a Quantity of taxed Hides and Skins according to the whole Amount of the Number of Cubic Feet contained in all the Pits (except Lane Pits, Malheries and Water Pools for simple Water) in his, her or their Tan Yard or Tan Yards, or other Place or Places whatsoever, called Vans, Handlers and Latches, or other Pits or Vells or used with or containing Bark; that is to say, every such Tanner shall be charged with and pay a Duty at the Rate of Nine pence by the Year, in respect of each and every Cubic Foot contained in all the Pits in his, her or their Tan Yard or Tan Yards, or other Places called Vans, Handlers and Latches, or other Pits or Places in which Bark is used, without making any Allowance whatever for the Contents of any Pits called Latches; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make monthly Returns to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duty in which such Tan Yard shall be situated at the Duty at the Rate aforesaid; that is to say, such Officer or Officers shall monthly within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of every Month, make a Return of One Twelfth Part of the whole Amount of the Sum which such Tanner is by this Act chargeable with in respect of the whole Number of Cubic Feet in his or her aforesaid Pits within the Year, and such Return shall be a Charge on every Tanner against whom the same shall be made and returned, and shall be recovered as and for the Amount of the Duty payable by Weight and Tals on Hides and Skins taxed with Bark only; and every such Tanner shall pay the Sum so charged and returned.

Taxers deliv-
ing out Licences
after the 1st of
Feb. 1815, shall
be liable to pay
the Duty on the
1st of Feb. 1815.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Tanner with Bark shall, at any time between the Fifth Day of May and the Fifth Day of October in any Year, be driven to discontinue the working or using of any of the Pits or Vats in his or her Tan Yard, used with Bark (being not more than One Fourth of the Number of such Pits or Vats, nor more than the Number of Pits or Vats as shall contain One Fourth of the Number of Cubic Feet in the whole Number of such Pits or Vats), such Person shall be allowed in so doing, and be subject to all the Regulations, Provisions, Restrictions and Conditions, Penalties and Forfeitures, in and by an Act made in the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Collection of the Duties on Hides and Skins taxed or dyed in Oil, and on Fellen and Parchment made in Ireland, and for preventing Frauds in His Majesty's Revenue thereon*, directed, required, appointed and inserted in respect to the discontinuing the working or using of any Pits or Vats under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were hereto re-enacted and applied to the discontinuing of the Work of any Tanner with Bark as aforesaid.

1st G. 3. c. 40.
An Act to amend
the Act in that
Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery and Satisfaction of Duty, provided, mentioned, contained and allowed in and by the said last recited Act of the Fifth third Year, or in any other Act (s) or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Hides and Skins taxed in Ireland, shall be applied and put in Practice in the taking, filing, collecting, recovering, issuing, paying or allowing any Duties chargeable against any Tanner under this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if all the said Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Modes of Recovery and Satisfaction of Duty had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act and applied thereto, except in far as the same are altered by this Act; and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, in so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are altered by this Act.

After altered
in Oct. 1815.

(s) [See 54 G. 3. c. 120. § 6, 7.]

C. A. P. CVL

An Act to make further Provisions for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Paper printed, painted or stained in Ireland, as Free for Hangings and other Uses. [22d Decr 1815.]

Year, c. 15.

WHEREAS in consequence and by virtue of the Alteration which has been made in respect of the Duties of Licence to Persons to manufacture Paper Hangings in Ireland, by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences; and to discharge the immediate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland; and to provide for regulating, in manner hereinafter mentioned, the charging of every Paper Stainer in Ireland who shall have taken out or shall take out any such Licence to manufacture Paper Hangings after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen*: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Paper Stainer who shall have taken out, or shall take out, any such Licence, to be in force between the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen and the fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, for each and every Calendar Month within such Period, while any Table or Tables of such Paper Stainer shall be by Law chargeable as working, be charged with, and pay for each and every such Table worked or used, or chargeable as aforesaid, not less than the Sum of Four Pence Three Shillings and Four pence, as and for the Duty, according to the Number of Square Yards of posted, painted or stained Paper, which may be stamped, pressed, painted or stained, at any such Table, within each Month: Provided always, that if the Duty chargeable by Measure on the Paper which shall be actually stamped, printed, painted or stained at such Table, within each Month, shall exceed the said Sum of Four Pence Three Shillings and Four pence, then such Paper Stainer shall be charged with and pay

Minister of
the Treasury
shall be liable to
pay the Duty on
the 1st of Feb.
1815, c. 15.

Ten Shillings of the Duty on all such Paper, according to the Measure thereof; and such Duties shall be charged and returned, and every such Paper Sticker shall pay the same, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, and Subject to such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, intituled *An Act to amend, and the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and five, and several several Acts, for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and on Paper printed or issued in Ireland, in force for Hangings or other Uffs, or under any Act or Acts in force for continuing or extending the same, as if the said Rules, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, were hereby confirmed and applied to the said Duties, and the Payment thereof, in the same manner, to all Incomes and Purpools, as the same are by the said recited Act, or any other Act or Acts, applied to the Duties and the Payment thereof in the said Act remitted: Provided always, that the Period between the Twentieth fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen and the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be deemed a Calendar Month, within the Measure of this Act.*

11. And be it further ordained, That every Notice which shall be given by any Paper Stainer for commencing or recommencing to work at any time after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, on either Day shall be returned that the Sixth Day of same Month in the Year; and that no Paper Stainer shall commence or recommence working, except on such Sixth Day of such Month respectively; and that every Table shall be prepared to be kept regularly at work, from the Day mentioned in any Notice so to be given by any Paper Stainer for the commencing or recommencing to work, until such Working shall be duly discontinued according to Law; and that the Day mentioned in any Notice for so discontinuing or ceasing to work shall be the Fifth Day of same Month in the Year.

1111. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January. One thousand eight hundred and Ninety, in and to each of the monthly and yearly Charges on Paper Stickers in Ireland, under any Act or Acts in force, every such Paper Sticker shall be charged, in manner hereinafter mentioned and expressed; that is to say, every such Paper Sticker shall, for each and every Calendar Month while any Table or Tables of such Paper Sticker shall be in Use chargeable as working, be charged with and pay for each and every such Table worked or sold or chargeable as aforesaid, not less than the Sum of Four Pence Three Shillings and Four pence, and for the Duty, according to the Number of Square Yards of printed, printed or stained Paper, which may be stamped, printed, painted or stained in any such Table, within each Month: Provided always, that if the Duty chargeable by Measure on the Paper which shall be actually stamped, printed, painted or stained, at such Table, within each Month, shall exceed the said Sum of Four Pence Three Shillings and Four pence, then such Paper Sticker shall be charged with and pay such Excess of the Duty on all such Paper, according to the Measure thereof; and the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of the Manufactory of such Paper Sticker shall make Monthly Returns to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Manufactory shall be situate, of the Sum of Money with which such Paper Sticker is hereby chargeable; that unto say, each Officer or Officers shall Monthly within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of every Month make a Return of the Sum of Money with which such Paper Sticker is hereby chargeable for each Period of One Calendar Month for and in respect of such and every such Table, and also of the Quantities, in Square Yards, of Paper actually printed, painted or stained by such Paper Sticker within each Period of One Calendar Month, and of the Duty thereon according to the Measure thereof; and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Sticker for each Calendar Month, and each Paper Sticker shall pay the Duty, appearing by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable, within Fourteen Days after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made; and every Paper Sticker shall, for every Default in Payment of say, such Duty, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Duty so returned and charged; and every such Officer shall and is hereby required to issue a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Paper Sticker, or at such Manufactory, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pence for every such Neglect or Omission so to do.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Duty charged on any Paper Stainer is any One Year ending on the Fifth Day of January shall not amount to the full Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings for and in respect of each and every Table for hanging, printing, putting or raising Paper Hangings, which shall have been kept, or used, or worked by any such Paper Stainer at any time within the Year ending on the said Fifth Day of January, then and in such case the Officer or Officers in charge of the Manufactory of any such Paper Stainer shall within Two Days after such Fifth Day of January make a Return to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District in which such Manufactory shall be situate, of such Sum of Money for and in respect of each such Table as with the Same comprised in former Returns against such Paper Stainer in the Year ending on such Fifth Day of January shall amount to the full Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings for and in respect of each and every such Table kept, or used, or worked by any such Paper Stainer at any time within such Year; and such Return shall be a Charge on such Paper Stainer, who shall pay the Same appearing by such Return to have been incurred and become due within Seven Days after such Return, or in Default thereof shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Same which shall be so incurred.

V. And he is further cradled, That every Charge by this Act directed to be made against any Paper-Printer, and the Duty in respect thereof shall be made and assessed by the Officers, and the said Duty shall be paid by the Paper-Printer in such manner and under and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Discharges, and Modes of Recovery thereof, as are contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year abovesaid, for regulating and securing the Duties on Paper printed, painted or stained in Ireland, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relative to the Duties on such Paper; Is for so much of the said Statute in that behalf made, as may be contrary to the said Statute in that behalf made.

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laws are consistent and compatible with each other, save and except such Rules and Regulations as are expressly altered by this Act; and that all such Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Modes of Recovery thereof, in far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other, and (except as aforesaid) shall be applied in the charging, levying, collecting and receiving all such Duties as fully and effectually in all Incomes and Purposes as if the said Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures were repealed and re-enacted in this Act.

C A P. CVII.

An Act to regulate the Appointment of Governors of the Richmond Lunatic Asylum in Dublin.

[22d June 1815.]

WHEREAS it hath been found necessary to build and erect, in the City of Dublin, an Asylum or Hospital for the Reception and Management of Lunatic Patients: And Whereas the building of such Asylum hath been begun and proceeded on, under the Care and Direction of the Governors of the House of Industry in Dublin, and hath been and is called and known by the Name of "The Richmond Lunatic Asylum;" and divers Sums, for or towards such Building, have been included in the Estimates returned to Parliament by or from the said Governors, and have accordingly been included in the Grants from time to time made to the said Governors; and it is expedient that the said Asylum or Hospital should be from henceforth under the Care of separate and distinct Governors: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant; or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint any Person, not exceeding fifteen in Number, to be Governors of the said Asylum; and from time to time to fill up all Vacancies which shall happen in the said Body, by whatever means, and to appoint new Governors; but so as that the Number of such Governors shall not at any one time exceed Fifteen, and from time to time to remove any of the said Governors at his or their Will and Pleasure.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Governors shall be a Corporation in Deed and in Name, and shall have perpetual Succession in manner aforesaid, and shall be called "The Governors of the Richmond Lunatic Asylum in Dublin;" and shall have a Common Seal, and shall have full Power to make By-Laws for the Regulation, Discipline and Management of themselves, and of the said Asylum and of the Patients therein, and of all and every Physicians, Surgeons, Apothecaries, Housekeepers, Nurses, and other Attendants, Officers and Servants, of what Nature or Description soever, of or belonging to the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Governors shall obey all lawful Orders of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, signified to them by the Chief Secretary, or, in his Absence, by the Under Secretary for the Civil Department.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governors from time to time, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint such and so many Housekeepers, Nurses, and other Attendants, Officers and Servants, as and for the said Asylum, as may seem fitting and proper; and that it shall also be lawful for the said Governors from time to time, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to appoint such and so many Medical Attendants for the said Asylum as may seem fitting and proper, and with such Consent and Approbation to dwell and pay out of such Funds as shall be at their Disposal, to all and every the Person or Persons so appointed as aforesaid, whether as Physicians, Surgeons or Apothecaries, or as Housekeepers, Nurses, or otherwise, such yearly or other Sums as they shall think reasonable; and it shall be lawful for the said Directors to suspend or remove at their Pleasure any of the said Persons.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governors from time to time to make and receive, by Gift, Grant, Devotee or other Conveyance of what nature or kind soever, for the Use of the said Asylum, and for or towards defraying the several Expenses thereof, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, not exceeding in the whole the yearly Value of Five hundred Pounds at the time of its acquiring the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Three such Governors may do and perform any thing required to be done by the said Governors under this Act, as fully and effectually as all the said Governors might do if personally present; and that the Majority of Governors assembled at any Meeting at which not less than Five shall be present, shall have full Power to do all Acts which all the Governors duly assembled would be competent to do.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, the said Building and all Ground and Soil thereto belonging or therewith intended to be used, occupied or enjoyed, shall be and remain vested in the said Governors and their Successors for ever, together with all Materials thereof; and that all Sums granted or to be granted to the Governors of the House of Industry, and not actually paid or expended on, in or towards the building or erecting of such Asylum, or procuring Ground or Materials for the same, shall be forthwith paid over and delivered to the Governors of the said Asylum, by the Governors of the said House of Industry; and that all and every Materials, Matters and Things, for the purchasing or procuring of which Credit shall be claimed by the Governors of the said House of Industry, and which shall not have been actually used, applied or expended in or for the same, shall also be forthwith delivered in like manner to the Governors of the said Asylum, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and for that Purpose the said Governors of the House of Industry shall forthwith account, before the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts in Ireland, for all and every Sum and Sums herebefore granted

granted to them as aforesaid, or otherwise, for or on Account of the said *Asylum*, and which shall not have been fully accounted for at some time before the Commencement of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Governors of the House of Industry shall have contracted any Debts to Workmen, or otherwise, for or on account of the said *Asylum*, which shall remain unpaid, they shall state the same in passing their said Accounts; and if the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that the same were fairly incurred for the Benefit or Purposes of the said *Asylum*, they shall certify the same at the Foot of such Accounts; and thereupon the said Corporation so created under this Act shall be liable to pay the same, in like manner as the said Governors of the said House of Industry would have been; and from the signing of such Certificate, the said Governors of the House of Industry shall be altogether freed and discharged therefrom.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Governors of the said *Asylum* shall once in every Year, at such times as they shall be required by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts in *Ireland*, truly and fully account before the said Commissioners, for all and every Sum and Sums of Money received and paid by them, for or on Account of the said *Asylum* in any manner whatsoever, or from any Person, or out of any Fund whatsoever, whether Public or Private.

X. And be it enacted, That if it shall be or be deemed necessary at any time hereafter to enlarge the Building of the said *Asylum*, or the Out Offices thereof, or the Ground in or necessary to be enjoyed therewith, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governors, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, but not otherwise, to make such Enlargement or Extension accordingly, by and with such Funds and Means as they may think proper for that Purpose; and for that Purpose to take and receive, by Gift, Grant, Devise or otherwise, such Ground as may be necessary, and as may be defended in such Warrant of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, which shall or may be over and above such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed in this present Session of Parliament.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and every Clause and Matter therein shall commence and begin to have Effect from and after the Expire of One Calendar Month next after the passing thereof, and not sooner.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [12th Jan^y 1815.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, in time of Peace, unless it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and the present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be continued for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crowns, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and twenty thousand seven hundred and sixty seven effective Officers and Men, exclusive of His Majesty's Forces employed as the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, the Foreign Corps in Spanish Pay, and the embodied Militia: And Whereas no Man can be exempted of Life or Limb, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment without this Reason, by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the maintaining all the before mentioned Forces in their Duty, that so much Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow: Be it therefore enacted by The King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be Commissioned or is Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be Lieut^{nt} or is Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, excite, cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall not use his utmost Endeavour to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer, or shall disclose the same if before the Enemy; or shall successfully abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend, or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post, to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words, or use any other means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to rebel before the Enemy; or successfully to abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before a Siege; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or way whatsoever; or shall treat or enter into any Treaty with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's License, or Leave of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other

of Public Accounts.

On Certificate of *Asylum* being in Debt remaining due for raising *Asylum*.

G. A. 107, 108. of *Asylum* raised once yearly by the *Asylum*.

Building, Act of *Asylum* enlarged under Warrant of Lord Lieutenant.

Act 107, 108, 109.

Commenced 1815.

Number of Forces 13, 14, 15.

Officer or Soldier during Coast service of Act, deserting, &c.

First sleeping on his Post, &c. striking or disobeying Superior Officer.

Death.

Soldiers entitled
to enter Regi-
ment, &c.
deserted before
Death.

Defences milita-
ry in other
Regiments, &c.
Particulars.

Particulars of Men
deserted.

Manner.

Defence trial-
trial.

Particulars of Men
deserted in
Trial.

Death.

His Majesty's
Army, &c.
Manner of trial
Capital Punish-
ment, &c.
Officer, &c.
in command.

Death.

Defence trial-
trial, &c.
Particulars of
Men deserting.

Particulars of
trial, &c.
Manner of trial
Capital Punish-
ment, &c.
Officer, &c.
in command.

Particulars of
trial, &c.
Manner of trial
Capital Punish-
ment, &c.
Officer, &c.
in command.

Particulars of
trial, &c.
Manner of trial
Capital Punish-
ment, &c.
Officer, &c.
in command.

of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land, or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and enacted, That no Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall desert His Majesty's Service, shall be exempt from the Punish and Penalties imposed by this Act for such Offence, by again enlisting into His Majesty's Service; but any such Soldier shall, notwithstanding such subsequent Enlistment, be deemed to have deserted His Majesty's Service, and shall as before suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

III. And Whereas Deaths have arisen, amongst Soldiers, who of Right belong to Corps from which they have deserted, may be proceeded against and tried for deserting any other Corps in which they may afterwards have enlisted, or from His Majesty's Service, if they shall not after such subsequent enlisting have been placed in any Corps, or for any Crime committed by them whilst serving therein: It is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Soldier shall be liable to be tried by a Court Martial, and punished in like manner as if he had originally enlisted in, and of Right belonged to the Regiment, Corps, Troop, Company, Detachment or Party, in which he shall be at the time of any subsequent Desertion, or committing any Offence, notwithstanding it shall have been committed or known that he had previously belonged to some other Regiment, Corps, Troop or Company, Detachment or Party, and had not been discharged therefrom: Provided always, that if such Person shall be charged by such other Regiment, Corps, Troop or Company, Detachment or Party, and be proceeded against as a Defecter therefrom, his self-avowed Desertion from any one or more Corps in which he may have successively enlisted, may (unless he shall already have been tried for the same) be given in Evidence as an Aggravation of his Crime; previous Notice being always given to such Defecter of the Facts or Facts intended to be produced as Evidence upon his Trial.

IV. And be it further enacted and declared, That in case of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, tried and convicted of Desertion, whatsoever the Court Martial which shall pass Sentence upon such Trial shall not think the Offence deserving of Capital Punishment, such Court Martial may, instead of awarding a Corporal Punishment, adjudge the Offender according to the Nature of the Offence, if they shall think fit, to be transported as a Felon for Life or for a certain Term of Years: And if such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, having been adjudged to be transported as a Felon shall afterwards (without Leave from His Majesty, or from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported) return into or be found at large, without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Possessions Abroad, other than the Place to which he shall have been transported, before the Expiration of the Term limited by such Sentence, and shall be convicted thereof in the ordinary course of Law, every such Person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Treason, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

V. Provided, and be it enacted, That in all cases wherein a Capital Punishment shall have been awarded by a Court Martial, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, instead of causing such Sentence to be carried into Execution, to order the Offender to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for a certain Term of Years, as to His Majesty shall seem meet; and if the Person so transported, in pursuance of such Order from His Majesty, shall afterwards (without Leave from His Majesty, or from the Governor or Commanding Officer of the Place to which he shall have been transported) return into or be found at large without Leave as aforesaid, or other lawful Cause, within any Part of Great Britain or Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Possessions Abroad, other than the Place to which he shall have been transported, before the Expiration of the Term limited by such Order, and shall be duly convicted thereof, he shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or General Regimental Court Martial to sentence any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, convicted of Desertion by such Court, to general Service as a Soldier, and that His Majesty may thereupon direct that such Service shall be in any Regiment or Regiments, or Corps, and at any Country, or Place or Places, Abroad or otherwise, as He may think fit.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier is any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular Forces, is convicted of Desertion, shall appear to have enlisted for a limited Term of Years, it shall be lawful for such Court to sentence any such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be enlisted in any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular Forces to serve for Life as a Soldier, or for any Number of Years beyond the Period for which such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have enlisted in the Regiment in which he is enlisted, or generally as any Regiment or Corps which His Majesty shall please so direct; and any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier may, in any case, in addition to any Sentence, be further adjudged to forfeit all Benefit or Advantage as to Inheritance of Fee, or as to Profits or Discharges, which might otherwise have accrued to such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier from the Length or Nature of his Service.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Court Martial, before which any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be tried and convicted of Desertion, to direct, if it shall think fit, in addition to any other Punishment such Court may award for any such Offence, that such Defecter be marked on the left Side, Two Inches below the Anus, with the Letter (D.) such Letter not to be less than Half an Inch long, and to be marked upon the Skin with Iron Ink or Gunpowder or other Perpetuating, so as to be visible and conspicuous and not liable to be obliterated.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall return any Sentence of a Court Martial of Transportation to be carried into Execution, he shall be graciously pleased to extend His Mercy, upon Condition of Transportation, to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Court

Court

Court Martial, such Sentence, together with His Majesty's Pleasure upon the same, shall be notified in Writing by the Commander in Chief for the time being of His Majesty's Forces in Great Britain, or in the Absence of the Commander in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the time being, to any Justice of the King's Bench, Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Chief; and thereupon such Justice or Baron shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Justice or Baron is authorized to make or do by an Act passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act for the effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders, and to accelerate the Removal of Prisoners in various respects; and for other Purposes therein mentioned* (a); with respect to Offenders in such Act mentioned, tried at any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Goal Delivery in England, as in the said Act mentioned; and such Order and Orders to be made as aforesaid, and all such Acts as shall be so done as aforesaid, shall be obeyed and done by such Person in whole Custody such Offender shall at that time be, and all other Persons whom it may concern, and shall be as effectual and have all the same Consequences as any Order made under the Authority of the said Act with respect to any Offender in the said Act mentioned; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Order and Orders, be assiduous in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Disobedience or interrupting the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made under the Authority of the aforesaid Act; and every Person so ordered to be transported as aforesaid, shall be subject respectively to all and every the Provisions and Penalties made by Law, and now in force concerning Persons convicted of any Crime and sentenced to be transported, or receiving His Majesty's Pardon on Condition of Transportation.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Baron who shall make any such Order as aforesaid, under any such Notification of His Majesty's Pleasure as aforesaid, shall direct the said Notification, and his own Order made thereupon, to be filed in the Office of the Clerk of The Crown of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and to be there kept of Record; and the said Clerk of The Crown shall receive a Fee of Two Shillings and Six pence, and no more, for filing the same.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Clerk of The Crown of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench shall, upon the Application of any such Offender who shall be ordered by His Majesty to be transported as aforesaid, or of any other Person applying on his behalf, or on the Application of any Person on behalf of His Majesty, deliver a Certificate in Writing under his Hand (not taking for the same more than Two Shillings and Six pence), certifying as Accused of the Christian Name and Surname of such Offender, of his Offence, of the Place where the Court was held, before whom he was convicted, and of the Terms and Conditions on which His Majesty's Order for such Offender's Transportation was given; which Certificate shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Sentence of such Offender, and also of the Terms on which such Order for his Transportation was given, in any Court, and in any Proceeding wherein it may be necessary to enquire into the same.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Sentence of Transportation passed by any Court Martial holds in the *East Indies* or in His Majesty's Settlements of the *Cape of Good Hope* or *Ceylon* or in any Settlement occupied by His Majesty's Forces beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, it is to be carried into Execution, or Mercy shall be extended to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of any such Court Martial, upon Condition of Transportation, the same shall be notified in Writing by the Officer commanding in Chief His Majesty's Forces in *India* or at the *Cape of Good Hope*, or in the Island of *Ceylon*, or at any other Foreign Settlement, Island, Territory or Country belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the *East Indies*, or in the Absence of the Officer commanding in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the time being, to some Judge of one of the Supreme Courts of Judicature of the Provinces of *Fort William*, *Fort Saint George* or *Bombay*, or the Chief Justice or other Judge at the Island of *Ceylon* or the *Cape of Good Hope*, or any such other Settlement, Island, Territory or Country respectively as aforesaid, and thereupon such Judge shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Judge is authorized to make or do with respect to Offenders ordered to be transported by Sentence of the Criminal Courts in *India*, and the Governor and Council of such Presidency, or Governor of such Settlement, Island, Territory or Country respectively shall, and they are hereby required to take Order for the Transportation of all such Offenders accordingly.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender under Sentence of Death by a Court Martial as aforesaid, shall obtain His Majesty's conditional Pardon as aforesaid, and all every the Laws now in force, respecting the Escape of Felons under Sentence of Death, shall apply to such Offender, and to all Persons aiding, abetting or assisting in any Escape, or intended Escape of any such Offender, or contriving any such Escape from the time when such Order shall be made by such Justice or Baron as aforesaid, and during all the several Proceedings which shall be had for the Purposes aforesaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Majesty may, from time to time, grant a Commission, under the Royal Sign Manual, for the holding of General Courts Martial within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in like manner as has been heretofore used; and that His Majesty may likewise, from time to time, by His Royal Commission, appoint the Chief Governor or Governors of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called *Ireland*, the Governor of *Gibraltar*, and the Governor of any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas respectively, or the

Commander in Chief or Adjutant General to any Justice of K. B. who shall make Order for Transporters
100. 10. 10.
110. 1. 100. 1.
10. 10. 10.

Such Notification, as directed in Office of Clerk of The Crown.
For

Who shall on Application deliver Certificate of Conviction.

Sentence of Transportation in India, notified by Officer commanding in Chief to some Judge of one of Supreme Courts, who shall make Order for Transporters.
100. 10. 100.

Offenders under Sentence of Death under conditional Pardon, subject to Laws of Escape, &c.

King may grant Commissions for holding Courts Martial.

Person or Persons *there commanding* is chief His Majesty's Forces for the time being, and may also from time to time extend his Royal Warrant to the Commander of the Forces in that Part of the said United Kingdom called *Ireland*, and to any General or other Officer having the Command of a Body of His Majesty's Forces within the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, or to the General or other Officer commanding such Body of Forces for the time being, empowering them respectively to appoint General Courts Martial, as well as to authorize any Officer under their respective Commands, not below the Degree of a Field Officer, to convene General Courts Martial, as Occasion may require, for the Trial of Offences committed by any of their Forces under their several Commands, whether the same shall have been so committed before or after such General Officer shall have taken upon himself such Command; all which Courts Martial shall be constituted, and shall regulate their Proceedings according to the several Provisions hereinafter specified.

Special Courts
Martial Officers

XV. Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, That no Officer or Soldier, being acquitted or convicted of any Offence, shall be liable to be tried a Second time by the same or any other Court Martial for the same Offence, unless in the case of an Appeal from a Regimental to a General Court Martial; and that no Sentence given by any Court Martial, and signed by the President thereof, shall be liable to be reviewed more than once.

Ordinary Courts
Martial

XVI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to exempt any Officer or Soldier whatsoever from being proceeded against by the ordinary Courts of Law.

Offences committed
by any
General Court
Martial, for the
Trial of any
Officer or
Soldier, by
the
Civil Magistrate,
&c.

XVII. Provided also, That if any Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall be accused of any Capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land, the Commanding Officer and Officers of every Regiment, Troop, Company or Party, it and are hereby required to use his and their utmost Endeavours to deliver over such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate; and shall also be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the taking and apprehending such Offender, in order to bring him to Trial; and if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, or to be aiding or assisting to the Officers of Justice in apprehending such Offenders; every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted, upon any Information or Indictment in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in any of His Majesty's Courts in *Ireland* or in *Dublin*, shall be deemed and taken to be *guilty* *ipso facto*, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or in His Majesty's Service, and a Certificate thereof shall be transmitted to the Judge Advocate in *London*, if His Majesty's Service shall be in *Great Britain*, or to the Judge Advocate in *Dublin*, if such Certificate shall be in *Ireland*.

Persons acquitted,
&c. by Civil
Magistrate,
&c.

XVIII. Provided also, That no Person or Persons, being acquitted or convicted of any Capital Crime, Violence or Offences, by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court Martial for the same, otherwise than by confinement.

Officers and Soldiers
imprisoned upon Charge of
Capital Offences, to receive
no Pay during
Confinement,
but if acquitted
entitled to Arrears
of Pay, and if
convicted to forfeit
Pay during
Confinement.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be arrested and committed to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Commitment till the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong; provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offence for which he was committed, he shall upon his Return to his Corps be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing due during the time of his Confinement; but if he shall be convicted he shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the time of his Confinement as well under the original Commitment as under any Commitment consequent upon such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, or if in *Ireland* the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department, to order the Issue and Payment, to any such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during any such Commitment or Imprisonment, or either of them, or any Part thereof, of the Pay of any such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, or of any Proportion of such Pay, or of any Arrears thereof, either during such Commitment or Imprisonment, or after the Discharge of such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, after Conviction, or otherwise, as shall appear to the Secretary at War, or if in *Ireland* to such Chief or Under Secretary as aforesaid, to be proper, and the Order of the Secretary at War, or such Chief or Under Secretary in *Ireland* as aforesaid, for the Payment of such Pay or Arrears shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

General Courts
Martial, when
held at Marshes.

XX. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That all General Courts Martial held under the Authority of this Act shall consist of Thirteen or Nine Commissioned Officers, as the case may require; except the same shall be holden upon any Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier of His Majesty's Forces, which shall be serving in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*; in which cases any General Court Martial may consist of any Number not less than Seven, and except the same shall be holden in *Africa*, or in *New South Wales*, in which Places such General Courts Martial may consist of any Number not less than Five; of whom none shall be under the Degree of a Commissioned Officer; nor shall the President of any General Court Martial be the Officer commanding in Chief, or Governor of the Garrison where the Offender shall be tried, nor under the Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had; nor in any case whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain.

In what role
Officers or

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Officer commanding any Station, or commanding any Division, Brigade, Detachment or distinct Party belonging to any Army

Army of His Majesty, which may at any time be serving in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, upon Complaint made to him of any Crime or Crimes, Offence or Offences done or committed against the Property or Person of any Inhabitant of or resident in any such Countries by any Non Commissioned Officer, Soldier or other Person serving with or belonging to His Majesty's Armies in the Field, being under the immediate Command of any such General or other Officer, to summon and cause to attend a General Court Martial which shall consist of not less than Three Officers at the least for the Purpose of trying any such Person or Persons accused or suspected of having committed any such Crime or Crimes, Offence or Offences as aforesaid, notwithstanding such General or other Officer shall not have received from His Majesty, or from any Person having His Majesty's Authority in that behalf, any Warrant or Warrants empowering such General or other Officer to summon or attend Courts Martial, and every such Court Martial shall have Power to try any such Person or Persons as accused or suspected as aforesaid, and to adjudge any such Person or Persons to suffer any such Punishment as shall be preferred for any Crime or Crimes, Offence or Offences with which any such Person or Persons shall be charged before such Court Martial: Provided always, that no Sentence of any such Court Martial shall be executed, until the General commanding in chief the Army of which the Division, Brigade, Detachment or Party to which any Person is tried, convicted and adjudged to suffer Punishment shall be present, shall have approved and confirmed the same: Provided also, that every such Court Martial shall have such and the same Powers for summoning and examining Witnesses and Witnesses guilty of Perjury, on Examination before them, shall be subject and liable to the same Penalties and Punishments as are or shall be by any Law or Usage in force in relation to any other Court Martial or to any Witnesses examined before any other Court Martial.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no General Court Martial for the Trial of any Officer (except the time shall be holden in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, and out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, or in *Africa* or *New South Wales*), shall consist of less than Thirteen Members.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no General Court Martial, consisting of any less Number than Thirteen Commissioned Officers, shall holden in any Place beyond the Seas out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, or in *Africa* or *New South Wales* as aforesaid, shall sentence any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to Loss of Life or Limb, or Transportation.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any such General Courts Martial, by their Sentence or Judgment, to inflict Imprisonment, solitary or otherwise, or Corporal Punishment, not exceeding to Life or Limb, as such Court shall think fit, on any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier for Immorality, Misbehaviour or Neglect of Duty, or to adjudge a Forfeiture of all Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Pay, or as to Pensions which might otherwise have accrued to such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier from the Length or Nature of his Service: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for any General Regimental Court Martial to award such Forfeiture of Benefit or Advantage as to Increase of Pay or as to Pension as aforesaid.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any General or other Court Martial to sentence any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to Imprisonment in any House of Correction, Common Gaol or Public Prison, or in any other Place which such Court may deem fit and convenient for that Purpose; and all Gaolers and Keepers of such Houses of Correction or Prisons shall receive into their Custody, and keep in Confinement for such time as they shall be respectively required to do, or until discharged, any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier who may have been sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial, and shall provide a proper Place for the Confinement of any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, according to the Sentence of such Court during the Period of his Imprisonment upon receiving an Order, in Writing, from the Commanding Officer of the District within which such General Court Martial shall have been held, or from the Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Corps in which such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier is tried by any Regimental Court Martial as aforesaid shall belong; and every such Gaoler or Keeper of any such House of Correction shall, upon receiving any Order in Writing, from any such Commanding Officer as aforesaid, deliver any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to any Person, on producing such Order, although the Period for which he was originally sent to such Gaol or House of Correction shall not have expired; and every Gaoler and Keeper of a House of Correction or Prison, who shall refuse to receive and to confine any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier in answer as aforesaid shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or Information for the Use of His Majesty.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier sentenced to Imprisonment by any General or other Court Martial shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the time of such Imprisonment; and also that during the Continuance of any Imprisonment in any Gaol or House of Correction, the Gaoler or Keeper of such Prison or House of Correction in Great Britain, and in Ireland the Inspector under whose immediate Inspection such House of Correction, Gaol or Prison shall be, shall receive and apply to the Maintenance of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier the Sum of Nine pence per Diem out of the Subsidies of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier during the time that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall continue in Custody, which said Sum the Secretary at War in Great Britain, and in Ireland the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department, is hereby authorized and required to pay to be paid to the said Gaoler or Keeper, or Inspector respectively as aforesaid, upon receiving an Application in Writing signed by any Justice of the Peace for the County or Riding in which such Gaol, Prison

after Officers commanding Garrison should may General Courts Martial.

Proviso

Proviso.

Perjury

General Courts Martial (excepted) not to consist of less than 12 Members. No General Court Martial to sentence but to Sentence but, not to Life or Limb, &c.

General Courts Martial may inflict Corporal Punishment or Imprisonment, &c. for Immorality, &c. Proviso.

General or other Courts Martial may sentence Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers to Imprisonment in House of Correction or Gaol, &c.

Gaoler refusing to receive Detention Proviso.

In what case Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers to forfeit Pay. A Sum of Nine pence per Diem, &c.

Provided

or House of Correction shall be locally situate, together with a Copy of the Order under which the said Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier was confined: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War, or for such Chief Secretary as aforesaid, or in his Absence for the Under Secretary for the Military Department for the time being, if he should think fit, in order the Issue and Payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay, or any Partials thereof, or of any Arrears thereof, or on account of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, during or after the Expiration of the Period of his Imprisonment, in any Gaol, House of Correction or Place of Military Confinement.

Where Writs
shall be
taken by
Members of
Officers

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all General and other Courts Martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required to administer an Oath to every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Officers that shall come before them.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Judge Advocate, or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same); that is to say,

'YOU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you.
So help you GOD.'

Oaths taken by
Members of
General Courts
Martial.

'I A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Fear or Affection; and if any Donations shall arise (which is not explained by the said Articles, or Act or Parliament) according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in the like cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court until it shall be approved by His Majesty, or by some Person duly authorized by Him; neither will I, upon any Account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in due Course of Law.

'So help me GOD.'

Judge Advocate
swears.

And so soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

Oath.

'I A. B. do swear, That I will not upon any Account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice or a Court Martial, in due Course of Law.
So help me GOD.'

In the case of
Death, when
Number of
Officers witness
required.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender in such case by any General Court Martial, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein (except such General Court Martial shall be holden in any Place beyond the Sea out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa, or in New South Wales as aforesaid); and in all cases where a Court Martial shall consist of more Officers than Three, and also in any Place beyond the Sea out of His Majesty's Dominions, or out of any of the Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or in Africa, or in New South Wales as aforesaid, when the same shall consist of a lesser Number of Officers, then such Judgment shall pass by the Concurrence of Two thirds at the least of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate Example: Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like manner as Witnesses attending any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged; and that if any such Witness shall be unduly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any Judge of the Court of King's Bench in London or in Dublin, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, according as the case shall require, upon his being made appear to such Court or Judge, by Affidavit in a summary way, that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from, or attending upon such Court Martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Courts, shall be liable to be attached in the Court of King's Bench in London, or Dublin, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies respectively, upon Complaint made to the said Courts of King's Bench, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, in like manner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in that Court.

Proceedings
in Trials by
Courts Martial
shall have
General Courts
Martial.

XXIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by any Courts Martial, other than General Courts Martial, which shall be held by virtue of this Act, or of any Articles of War established by His Majesty in pursuance thereof, every Member sitting at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereon, shall take the following Oath upon the Holy Evangelists (which Oath shall and may be administered by the President of the Court to the other Members thereof, and to the President by any Member, having first taken the said Oath); that is to say,

Oaths taken by
Members of
Courts Martial.

'YOU shall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you.
So help you GOD.'

I do. &c. to wit, That I will duly consider Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Parliament of Manx and Derry, and other Comers therein mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affectation; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles, or Act of Parliament, according to my Conference, the best of my Understanding and the Custom of War in the like cases.

So help me GOD.

And the President of every such Court Martial (not being under the Rank of a Captain) shall be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Detachment or Brigade, or the Governor or Commander of the Garrison, Fort, Castle or Barrack, judging such Court Martial.

XXX. And Whereas it may be expedient in certain cases, and particularly in such Matters wherein any of His Majesty's Marine Forces may be interested, that Officers of the Marine should be associated with Officers of the Land Forces, for the Purpose of holding Courts Martial; Be it enacted and declared, That where and as often as it may be necessary, it shall and may be lawful for Officers of the Land and Marine Forces to sit in Conjunction upon Courts Martial, and to proceed in the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of the Land Forces in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Courts Martial were composed of Officers of the Land Forces only; and the Officers of the Land and Marine Forces are in such cases to take Rank according to the Seniority of their Commissions in either Service.

XXXI. And Whereas it may also be expedient that Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, when employed in Conjunction with Officers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, should in certain cases be associated for the Purpose of holding Courts Martial; Be it enacted and declared, That when and as often as there may be Occasion, it shall and may be lawful for Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, and of the Forces in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, to sit in Conjunction in Courts Martial, and to proceed in the Trial of any Officer or Soldier, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Courts Martial were composed of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces or of Officers in the Service of the said United Company only; with this Difference, that upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of His Majesty's Land Forces, agreed shall be had to the Regulations and Proceedings made by or in pursuance of this Act; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court Martial shall be in the Terms by this Act prescribed; and upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier in the Service of the said United Company, regard shall be had to the Regulations and Proceedings made by or in pursuance of an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Disorders of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies*; and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the said Indies, or at the Island of Saint Helena; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court Martial shall be in the Terms prescribed by the same Act.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Party tried by any General Court Martial within Europe (except in the Garrison of Gibraltar) shall be entitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of such Court Martial, upon Demand thereof made by himself, or by any other Person or Persons as he shall (he or they paying reasonably for the same), at any time not sooner than Three Months after such Sentence; and in case of Trial by any General Court Martial at Gibraltar, at any time not sooner than Six Months after the Sentence given by such Court Martial; and in the case of Trials by any General Court Martial in His Majesty's other Dominions beyond the Seas, or in Foreign Parts, at any time not sooner than Twelve Months after the Sentence given by such Court Martial, whether such Sentences be approved or not; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Judge Advocate, or Person offering as such at any General Court Martial do, and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedition as the Opportunity of time and Distance of Place can admit, the original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court Martial to the Judge Advocate General in London, unless such Court Martial shall have been appointed in Dublin, in which case they shall be transmitted to the Judge Advocate General for that Part of the United Kingdom in Dublin; and the said original Proceedings and Sentences are to be carefully kept and preserved in their respective Offices, to the end that the Persons entitled thereto may be enabled, upon Application to such Offices respectively, to obtain Copies thereof, according to the true Intent and meaning of this Act.

XXXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared, That none of the Proceedings of any General or Regimental Court Martial, nor any Entry or Copy thereof, shall be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatsoever; any thing contained in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his heirs, and assigns, to make and establish Articles of War, for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, which Articles shall be judicially taken Notice of by all Judges, and in all Courts whatsoever.

XXXVI. And for the more effectual Execution thereof in the several Judges and Persons hereinafter mentioned, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Copies of all such Articles of War passed by the King's Printer, shall, from time to time, as soon as conveniently may be after the same shall have been made and established by His Majesty, be transmitted by His Majesty's Secretary at War for the time being, signed with his own Hand and Seal, to the Judges of His Majesty's Superior Courts at Westminster, Dublin, and Edinburgh respectively, and also to the Governors of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations and Territories abroad.

XXXVII. And

Agreement of
Peoples.

Officers of Land
and Marine
Forces being in
Conjunction
upon Courts
Martial; Rank

Officers of
King's Forces
and Officers in
the Company's
Service may sit
in Conjunction
in Courts Mar-
tial, &c.

By O. S. &c.

Party entitled
to Copy of Sen-
tence and Pro-
ceedings of
Court Martial.

Proceedings, &c.
of Courts
Martial must
be sent to Judge
Advocate
General, &c.

Stamp Duty.

His Majesty
empowered to
make Articles
of War
Copies of Ar-
ticles of War
transmitted to
Judges, &c.

His Majesty in
Council shall
be in force
in the Colonies
as in and
about the said
Colonies.

None of the
Articles of War
shall be in force
in the Colonies
excepted until
it is passed by
the Council.

Offenders in
any of the
said Articles

Muster Trials
& Trials.

No Muster in
Windsor, or
in any of the
Colonies, or in
any of the
Colonies.

Oath.

Muster Rolls
to be made
in the Colonies
and to be
sent to His
Majesty's
Secretary.

Giving false
Certificates
in the Colonies
shall be
punished.

Penalty.

Offenders making
false Muster
Rolls.

Colonies.

Offenders making
false Muster
Rolls in the
Colonies.

Penalty on
those who
make false
Muster Rolls.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, for bringing Offenders against such Articles of War in Justice, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to erect and constitute Courts Martial as well as to grant His Royal Commissions or Warrants, to the Judges and in the manner hereinafter mentioned and expressed, for convening and authorizing others to convene Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Crimes or Offences by such Articles of War, and to inflict Penalties by Sentence or Judgment of the same; as well within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, and the Islands thereto belonging, as in His Majesty's Garrison of Gibraltar, and in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas.

XXXVIII. Provided always, That no Person shall, by such Articles of War, be subjected to any Punishment extending to Life or Limb, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or any of the Isles thereto belonging, for any Crime which is not expressed to be so punishable by this Act; nor for such Crimes as are expressed to be so punishable, in any manner, or under any Regulations, which shall not accord with the Provisions of this Act.

XXXIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Soldier shall in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, commit any of the Offences for which he may be liable to be tried by Courts Martial by virtue of this Act, and shall alter the Commission of such Offences or be sent to any other Station or Part of His Majesty's Dominions in the Course of Service abroad, or come or be brought into this Realm, or into Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or the Islands thereto belonging, before he be tried by a Court Martial for such Offences, such Officer or Soldier shall be tried and punished for the same at such other Station or Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or within the Realm, or any such Island as aforesaid, as if the said Officer had been committed where such Trial shall take place.

XL. And Whereas it is of essential Importance, as well to the due Observance of Public Economy, as to the Discipline of His Majesty's Forces, that they should be regularly mustered, and that the Musters should be taken with the strictest Accuracy and Exactness: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Musters shall be made, had or taken, of every Regiment, Troop or Company, in His Majesty's Service, Twice at the least in every Year, at such times as shall be appointed.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That no Commissary shall make any Regiment, Troop or Company, within the City of Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and Liberties thereof, but in the Presence of Two or more Justices of the Peace, not being Officers of the Army, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, and of being discharged from his Office, unless such Justices, upon Forty eight Hours Notice being given to Six of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing within the City and Liberties aforesaid respectively, shall signify to attend such Muster; and in case of such Neglect, such Commissary may proceed to muster such Regiment, Troop or Company; provided that Oath be made before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within Forty eight Hours after such Muster taken, that such Notice was given to Six Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, which Justices if attending are hereby empowered to sign the said Muster Rolls, and to take Recognizance of such Muster, and to examine the Truth thereof before they sign the same.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Muster Rolls and Pay Lists which are required to be verified upon Oath, shall be sworn before and attested by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, who are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath and swear the same, without Payment of any Fee or Reward whatever in respect thereof, either to such Justice or Magistrate or the Clerk of any such Justice or Magistrate.

XLIII. And, for preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the mustering of Soldiers, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person do make or give, or procure to be made or given any false or untrue Certificate, whereby to excuse any Soldier for his Absence from any Muster, or any other Service which he ought to attend or perform, upon Pretence of such Soldier being employed on some other Duty of the Regiment, or being sick, in Prison, or on Furlough; then every such Person, in making, giving or procuring such Certificate, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall be forthwith cashiered and displaced from his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in His Majesty's Service; and any Certificate shall excise the Absence of any Soldier but for the Reasons above mentioned or one of them.

XLIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, and every Commissary, Muster Master, or other Officer, who shall willingly or wilfully allow or sign the Muster Roll, wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof; and also every Commissary, Muster Master, or other Officer, who shall directly or indirectly take, or cause to be taken, any Sum or Sum of Money, or any other Gratuity, as or for the mustering any Regiment, Troop or Company, or on or for the signing of any Muster Rolls, or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court Martial, to be thereupon called (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), shall, for such Offence, be forthwith cashiered and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in His Majesty's Service.

XLV. And it is enacted, That if any Officer or Commissary shall make any Person by a wrong Name knowingly, upon Conviction thereof before a General Court Martial, the said Officer or Commissary shall suffer such Penalties, and in such manner as is directed and intimated by this Act, upon those who shall make false Musters.

XLVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall be falsely mustered, or offer himself falsely or deceitfully to be mustered, upon Proof thereof made upon Oath by Two Witnesses, before any Justice of the Peace for the County residing near the Place where such Muster shall be made, and upon

upon Certificate thereof in Writing, under the Hand of the Commissary of the Musters, or Master Masters as aforesaid, made to such Justice of the Peace, the said Justice is hereby authorized and required to commit such Offender to the House of Correction, there to remain for the Space of Ten Days: And if any Person shall willingly lend or furnish any Horse to be masted, which shall not truly belong to the Trooper or Troop in which the said Horse is falsely masted shall be forfeited to the Informer if the same doth belong to the Person lending or furnishing the said Horse; or otherwise the Person lending or furnishing the said Horse shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before some Justice of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Master shall be made; which Twenty Pounds shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice, by Sale and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person in default, under the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner: And in case such Offender shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalty to be recovered against him, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after such Conviction; then and in such case such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice; and the said Forfeiture shall be given or paid to such Person or Persons that shall give Information thereof; and the said Informer or Informers, if belonging to the Service, shall have a Right to be discharged forthwith, if he or they shall demand the same.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Great Britain the Deputy or Deputies of the Commissary General shall, upon every Half-yearly Muster taken by him or them respectively of any Regiment, Troop or Company, in His Majesty's Service at any Place Two Miles distant from London, cause the Master Rolls of the said Regiment, Troop or Company, within Twenty four Hours after such Muster shall have been made; and shall return the Rolls to be taken by the Post or other safe Consequence, within Seven Days after their being closed, to the Office of the Commissary General of Musters, who shall, and he is hereby directed and required to transmit One Set of every of the said Rolls to the Secretary at War, One to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces, and One to the Comptrollers of the Accounts of the Army, on or before the Fifth Day of May and the Twentieth Day of September respectively following such Half-yearly Muster: And no Alterations or Indorsements shall be made in or upon the said Master Rolls, other than in the case of Orders of Leave or Discharge of Commission, and other than involuntary Errors or Mistakes in writing or transcribing the said Master Rolls, upon Pain of forfeiting their respective Employments, and the Sum of Twenty Pounds to any Person that will sue for the same, for every such Offence.

XLVIII. And Whereas, by the Statute of Right, in the Third Year of King Charles the First, it is enacted and declared, that the People of the Land are not by the Laws to be burthened with the Joynering of Soldiers against their Wives; and by a Clause in an Act of the British Parliament, made in the One and thirtieth Year of the Reigne of King Charles the Second, for granting a Supply to His Majesty of Two hundred and six thousand four hundred fifty two Pounds Seventeen Shillings and Three pence, for paying and disbursing the Forces, it is declared and enacted, that no Officer, Civil or Military, nor other Person whatsoever, shall receive from themselves preference to place, quarter or billet, any Soldier or Soldiers upon any Subject or Inhabitant of this Realm, of any Degree, Quality or Profession whatsoever, without his Consent; and that it shall and may be lawful for Subject, Seignior or Inhabitant to refuse to quarter any Soldier or Soldiers, notwithstanding any Demand or Warrant or Billeting whatsoever: But notwithstanding as at this time, and during the Continuance of this Act, there is and may be Occasion for the marching and quartering of Regiments, Troops and Companies, in several Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, for and during the Continuance of this Act, and no longer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constables, Tithingmen, Headboroughs and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns and Villages, and other Places within England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in their Default or Absence, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village or Place, and for so others; and such Constables, and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, and Persons receiving Pay in His Majesty's Army, in Inns, Lodging Houses, Alehouses, Victualling Houses, and the Houses of Soldiers of War by Retail, whether Bought or Foraged, to be drunk in their own Houses, or Places thence belonging, other than and except Customs held and occupied under the Authority of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barbours, or of the Department of the Ordnance, and other than and except Persons who keep Taverns only, being Freeman of the Company of Victuallers of the City of London, who were admitted to the Freedom before the Fifth Day of July One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, or who then have or shall hereafter be admitted to their Freedom of the said Company in Right of Freeman or Apprenticeship, notwithstanding such Persons who keep Taverns only have taken out Victualling Licences; and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder or Metheglin by Retail, to be drunk in Houses, other than and except the House or Houses of any Distillers, who sell Houses or Places for Distilling Brandy and Strong Waters, and the House of any Shopkeeper whose principal Dealings shall be in other Goods and Merchandises than in Brandy and Strong Waters (as in such Distillers and Shopkeepers do not permit or suffer Tipping in his or their Houses), and in no others, and in no Private Houses whatsoever; nor shall any more Billets at any time be ordered than there are effective Soldiers present to be quartered; all which Billets when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables shall be delivered into the Hands of the Commanding Officer present: And if any Constable, Tithingman, or such like Officer or Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall refuse to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any such Private House, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier, in such case such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law against such

any Offence
shall be
in default
thereof.

Penalty.
Forfeiture to be
levied.

Impressment.
Soldiers giving
Information of
this Statute,
warranted to Dis-
charge.

Master Rolls.
Ten Miles dis-
tant from Lon-
don, dated 24
Hours after
Muster, and re-
turned to Genl
Dykes Com-
missary General
of Musters, &c.

Penalty.

Prison of
Eight, 2 Cl. 1.
34 Cl. 2 & 3.

§ 14.

Constables, &c.
in England to
quarter Officers
and Men in
Inns, Alehouses,
&c.

but in no Of-
ficers or Shop-
keepers Houses
or in Private
Houses.

Constables, &c.
not to quarter
in Private
Houses, &c.

Officers quar-
tering, necessary
to A.D.

Colonel.

Performing
duties as
Magistrate in
his own
District.

Article 11 of the
Act.

Not to be
quarantined
in Ireland.

Refusing.

Refusing.

Officers quar-
tering, necessary
to A.D.

Performing
duties.

Refusing, In-
dication of

such Magistrate or Officer, for the Damage that such Owner or Occupier shall sustain thereby: And if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than is licensed and allowed by this Act, or shall do or suffer any Minister or Compulsion to do upon any Major, Constable, or other Civil Officers before mentioned, tending to deter and discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed; such Military Officer shall, for every such Offence (being thereof convicted before any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses), be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Felony, and shall be utterly disabled to serve or hold any Military Employment within that Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate in London, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the Commander in Chief and Secretary at War: And in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved, in that such Constable, Townswoman or Headborough, Chief Officer or Magistrate (such Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of the Peace), has quartered or billeted in his House a greater Number of Soldiers than he was liable to bear in Proportion to his Neighbourhood, and shall complain thereof to One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City or Liberty, where such Soldiers are quartered; or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City or Liberty, such Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to remove such Person, by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed and quartered upon such other Person or Persons as they shall see Cause; and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

"XIX. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, entitled *As it is provided the Disorders that may happen by the marching of Soldiers and providing Carriages for the Regiments of Soldiers in their March*, it was amongst other things, enacted and declared, that no Officer, Soldier or Trooper in the Army, nor the Servant of any Officer, nor any Attendant on the Train of Artillery, nor any Yeoman of the Guard of His Majesty, nor any Officer commanding the said Yeoman, nor any Servant of any such Officer, should at any time thereafter have, receive or be allowed any Quarters in any Part of Ireland, save only during such time as he or they should be and remain in force Sea Port Town in order to be transported, or during such time as there should be any Commotion in any Part of Ireland, by reason of which Emergency the Army or any considerable Part thereof should be commanded to march from any Part of Ireland to another, or during such time or times as he or they should be on their March as aforesaid: And Whereas the Barracks of Ireland are not at present sufficient to lodge all the Forces upon in Military Establishments: And Whereas it may be necessary to station Part of the Troops in Places where there are not Barracks or not sufficient Barracks to hold them: Be it enacted, and it is hereby declared and agreed by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, notwithstanding the said recited Act, and for the Constables and other Civil Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, Villages and other Places in Ireland, and in their Default or Absence for any One Justice of the Peace residing in or near any such City, Town, Village or Place, and for so others, and such Constables and other Chief Magistrates as aforesaid, or in their Default, such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale Houses and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail, to be drunk in their own Houses or Places according to licence, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder or Mead by Retail; and where there shall not be found sufficient Room in such Houses, then in such manner as has been heretofore customary, taking Care not to billet less than Two Men in any One House, except only in case of billeting Horse or Dragoons in numbers heretofore mentioned; nor shall any Justice at any time be ordered for more than the Number of effective Soldiers pursuant to be quartered: all which Bilets, when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables, or Justice of the Peace, as the case may be, shall be delivered into the Hands of the Staff Officer employed, or of the Commanding Officer present; and if any Constable or other Chief Officer or Magistrate as aforesaid shall refuse to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any House not within the Meaning of this Act, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier thereof, then such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law against such Magistrate or Officer for the Damage that such Owner or Occupier shall sustain thereby, and such Constable, Chief Officer or Magistrate, being duly convicted of such Offence by Indictment, shall be imprisoned for the Space of One Calendar Month; and if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than is licensed and allowed by this Act, or shall do or suffer any Minister or Compulsion to do upon any Mayor, Constable or other Civil Officer before mentioned, tending to deter or discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed, or to induce any of them to do any thing contrary to their said Duty, such Military Officer shall for every such Offence, being thereof convicted before any Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Felony, and shall be utterly disabled to serve or hold any Military Employment whatsoever: Provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Assizes or Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, or County of a City or Town, and a Certificate thereof transmitted to the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence to the Under Secretary for the Military Department in Dublin: and in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved, in that such Constable, Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of the Peace, has quartered or billeted in his House a greater Number of Soldiers than he ought to bear in proportion to his Neighbourhood, and shall complain thereof to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City or Liberty, where such Soldiers are quartered, or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City or Liberty, such Justice or Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to remove such Person by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed and quartered upon such

other Person or Persons as he or they shall see Cause, and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

L. And as very great Detriment and Inconvenience arise to the Service, from the disposing and billeting of Soldiers when on a March at a great Distance from the Place or Places where they are meant to be quartered, and contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said last recited Act, and by reason of which they are placed wide of their intended Route for the next Day's March: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at no time when Troops are on a March shall any of them be billeted above One Mile from the Place or Places mentioned in the Route.

Soldiers not billeted above One Mile from Place mentioned in Route.

L.I. And Whereas Soldiers are often billeted and quartered on the March unequally, and to the Prejudice of some of His Majesty's Subjects, by reason that the Places mentioned in the Route are on the Borders of Counties, and that the Keepers of Houses in which Soldiers may be quartered being out of the Parish or Place mentioned in the Route, although in the immediate Vicinity thereof, refuse to receive such Soldiers upon Billets granted by the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs or other Persons of such Places to whom the quartering of Soldiers belongs: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That in any such case it shall be lawful for the Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Person to whom the quartering of Soldiers in any Place mentioned in any Route on the Border of any County shall belong, and he and they is and are hereby required to quarter and billet all Soldiers and their Horses on their March on a just and equal Proportion upon the Keepers of all Houses within One Mile of the Place mentioned in any such Route, although some of such Houses may be in the adjoining County, in like manner in every respect as if such Houses were locally situate within such Place; and all Powers, Authorities, Clauses, Privileges, Exemptions and Immunities in this Act contained in relation to the Billeting and Quartering of Soldiers shall extend and be applied to all Billets so granted as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, and in like manner in every respect as if such Houses were locally situate within the Place mentioned in the Route: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to subvert or impinge any Constable, Tythingman, Headborough or other Person to billet or quarter Soldiers out of the County to which they belong, in any case in which any Constable, Tythingman or Headborough or other Person of the adjoining County shall be present, and undertake to billet and quarter the due Proportion of Men in such adjoining County.

Billeting of Soldiers on Borders of Counties to be equal.

Penalty.

L.II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, or any Two Magistrates, within their respective Jurisdictions, to grant or transfer any Licence for selling Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, to be drunk or consumed in any House or Houses or Premises where more Houses or Premises than one shall be held together by the same Person or Persons as a Tavern, or any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquor by Retail, to any Person or Persons applying for the same, who shall hold any Caskin under any Lease thereof, or any Agreement or other Authority from any Two of the Principal Officers of the Board of Ordnance, or from any Two of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barnack, without regard to the time of Year, or any Notices or Certificates specified or required in relation to the applying for or granting any such Licence; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding. And it shall also be lawful for His Majesty's Commissioners of Excise in England, Ireland and Scotland, respectively, or any Person appointed or employed by the said Commissioners in England or Ireland respectively in that behalf, or for any Collectors or Supervisors of Excise within their respective Districts, and they are hereby required to grant Licences for selling Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed in the Houses or Premises occupied as a Tavern, or the Person or Persons applying for such Licence, or any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquors by Retail, to any such Person or Persons who shall hold any such Caskin under any such Licence or Transfer of any such Licence of any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for any Person or Persons holding any such Caskin under any such Lease, Agreement or Authority as aforesaid, and having such Licences as aforesaid to keep such Caskin, and to use and sell therein, and in the Premises thereto belonging, and not elsewhere, Vintals and all such Excisable Liquors as he and they shall be licensed and empowered in full under the Authority and Permission of any such Excise Licence as aforesaid, without being subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Licence for keeping Caskins.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor for the time being of Ireland, to denote by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, some proper Person to sign Routes for the marching of any of His Majesty's Forces in Ireland in the Name of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor.

Lord Lieutenant to appoint Person to sign Routes.

L.IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Justice or Justices of the Peace having or exercising any Military Office or Commission in any Part of the United Kingdom shall and may, during the Continuance of this Act, directly or indirectly be concerned in the quartering, billeting or appointing any Quarters for any Soldier or Soldiers in the Regiment, Troop or Company under the immediate Command or Commands of such Justice or Justices, according to the Dispositions made for quartering of any Soldier or Soldiers by writ of the said Act; but that all Warrants, Acts, Matters or Things, executed or appointed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, far or concerning the same, shall be void; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Justice having any Military Office concerned in billeting Soldiers.

L.V. And be it further enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever any Order shall issue for the quartering or billeting the Officers or Soldiers of His Majesty's Regiments of Foot Guards within the City and Liberties of Winchester, and Places adjacent, lying in the County of Middlesex, and in the County of Surrey and in the Borough of Southwark in the said County of Surrey, the High Constable shall deliver out Precepts to the several Petty Constables, Headboroughs or Tythingmen, of each Parish, Ward, Hamlet and District, within their respective Jurisdictions, to billet and quarter such Officers and Soldiers of His

High Constables Act, may also Precepts for billeting Foot Guards in Winchester, &c.

Majesty's Regiments of Foot Guards on such Houses only as by this Act is limited within their respective Parishes, Hamlets or Districts; and such Petty Constables, Headboroughs and Tythingmen, shall, in pursuance thereof, billet and quarter every such Officer and Soldier in such Houses to be billeted thereby by this Act equally and proportionably according to the Number of such Officers and Soldiers to be billeted and quartered, and of the Houses to be subjected to receive them; and such Officers and Soldiers of the Foot Guards shall be quartered within the said City and Liberties of *Windsor*, and the Places adjacent, lying in the said County of *Middlesex* (except the City of *London*), and in the said County of *Surrey*, and in the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey*, in the same manner, and under the same Regulations, as in other Parts of *England*, in all cases for which particular Provision is not made by this Act.

LVI. And, for the better preventing Abuse in billeting and quartering such Officers and Soldiers in the said City and Liberties of *Windsor*, and Places adjacent, lying in the said County of *Middlesex*, and in the said County of *Surrey*, and in the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey*, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Petty Constables, Headboroughs and Tythingmen of their respective Parishes, Wards, Hamlets and Districts, within the same, shall, at every General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said City and Liberties of *Windsor*, in the said County of *Middlesex* and the said County of *Surrey*, and the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey* respectively, make and deliver to the Justices then in open Sessions assembled, upon Oath (which Oath they the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer), true Lists signed by them respectively of all such Houses, together with the Number of all such Persons respectively inhabiting the same, within his or their Parish, Ward, Hamlet or District respectively, as are subject and liable by this Act to receive such Officers and Soldiers, together with the Names and Rank of all such Officers and Soldiers as are quartered and billeted in each House respectively; and such Lists shall remain with the Clerks of the Peace of the said City and Liberties of *Windsor*, the said County of *Middlesex*, the said County of *Surrey*, and the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey* respectively, to the latest that all and every Person and Persons may be at Liberty to request the same without any Fine or Reward; and such Clerk shall forthwith from time to time make and deliver to every or any Person of Persons who shall require the same, true Copies of all and every or any such Lists, upon being paid Two pence a Sheet for each and every such Copy to be taken, each Sheet to be completed at and contain One hundred and Fifty Words; and if Default or Neglect shall be made by any Petty Constable, Headborough or Tythingman of any such Parish, Ward, Hamlet or District, in the delivering such Lists to the Justices at their Quarter Sessions as aforesaid; or if he or they shall be dilatory or cause to be delivered in, any false or defective List, not including and specifying therein all and every such House and Houses liable by this Act to receive such Officers and Soldiers, or the Names and Rank of all such Officers and Soldiers as are quartered and billeted in each House respectively, such Petty Constable, Headborough and Tythingman, or any of them so offending therein, shall, for each such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of such respective Parishes, Wards, Hamlets and Districts; to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said City and Liberties of *Windsor*, for the said County of *Middlesex*, and for the said County of *Surrey*, and for the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey* respectively (which Warrant or Warrants the said Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered and required to make and issue); and for Want of sufficient Districts to be found for such Purpose, the said Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered and required, by Warrant or Warrants, under his or their Hands and Seals, to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Gaol of the said City of *Windsor*, the said County of *Middlesex*, the said County of *Surrey*, or the said Borough of *Southwark* in the said County of *Surrey*, there to remain for any time to be limited by such Justice or Justices not exceeding Three Months nor less than One Month, without Bail or Mainprize.

LVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers, Men and Horses, belonging to His Majesty's Horse or Dragoons, and also all Bat and Baggage Horses belonging to any of His Majesty's other Forces, and also the Horses belonging to Staff and Field Officers in His Majesty's Forces when upon actual Service, not exceeding for each Officer the Number for which Forage is or shall be allowed by His Majesty's Regulations, shall and may be quartered and billeted in the Inns, Livery Stables, Alehouses, Victualling Houses, and other Houses in which Officers and Soldiers are by this Act allowed to be quartered and billeted, and that they shall be received and furnished by the Owners or Occupiers of such Inns, Livery Stables, Alehouses, Victualling Houses and other Houses in which they are so allowed to be quartered and billeted, with Diet and Small Beer, and with Stables, and Hay and Straw for such Horses, paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in that respect.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when any of His Majesty's Horse or Dragoons, or any other Horses as aforesaid, shall be quartered or billeted upon the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of any Alehouse, Victualling House or other House in which Officers or Soldiers may be quartered by virtue of this Act, who have no Stables; then and in such case, and upon Complaint made by the Person or Persons having no Stables, to Two or more Justices of the Peace of the Division, City or Liberty where such Horse or Dragoons or other Horses shall be so quartered and billeted, and upon his or their making such Allowance in lieu of his or their quartering such Horse or Dragoons or other Horses, as such Justices shall think reasonable, in full and may be lawful for such Justices to order the Men and their Horses, or such Horses only, as the case may be, to be removed and quartered upon some other Person or Persons who by this Act are liable to have Officers and Soldiers quartered and billeted upon them who have Stables, and to order and send a proper Allowance to be made by the Person

Landlord, &c.
to deliver
Lists of Quarter
Sessions, &c.
of Houses liable
to receive
Soldiers, &c.

unpaid and
not Paid.

Copies of Lists
written by Clerk
at 2d. per Sheet.
Penalty.

Forfeiture
of Lists.

Penalty.

How levied.

Sequestration.

Officers, Men
and Horses
belonging to Horse
or Dragoons, and
also Bat and Bag-
gage Horses, &c.
how quartered,
&c.

Dragons, &c.
quartered on
Persons who
have no Stables
may be removed
to those who
have Stables,
&c.

or Persons having no Stables, is ten of his or their quarters: each Horse or Dragoon, or other Horse so to be removed as aforesaid; and also to order and direct that each Allowance shall be paid by the Perfon or Persons from whom such Men and Horses shall be drawn, to or amongst the Perfon or Persons to whom such Men and Horses shall be so removed as aforesaid, or be applied in the furnishing of Quarters for the Reception of such Men and Horses, as the case may require, and as such Justices shall think fit.

LIX. And Whereas great Inconveniences have arisen, and may arise in such Places where Horses or Dragoons are or may be quartered, by the billeting of the Men and their Horses at different Houses, and at times at great Distances from one another, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Places where Horses or Dragoons shall be quartered or billeted in pursuance of this Act, for the future, the Men and their Horses shall be billeted in One and the same House (except in case of Necessity); and that in no other case whatsoever there be less than One Man billeted where there shall be One or Two Horses, nor less than Two Men where there shall be Four Horses, and so in Proportion for a greater Number; and in each case each Man shall be billeted as near his Horse as possible.

LX. And Whereas some Doubts have arisen whether Commanding Officers of any Regiment, Troop or Company, may exchange any Men or Horses quartered in any Town or Place, with another Man or Horse quartered in the same Place, for the Benefit of the Service; Be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Exchange as above mentioned may be made by such Commanding Officers respectively, provided the Number of Men and Horses do not exceed the Number at that time billeted on such Horse or Horses; and the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of the Cities, Towns and Villages, or other Places where any Regiment, Troop or Company shall be quartered, are hereby required to billet such Men and Horses so exchanged accordingly.

LXI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer shall take or cause to be taken, or knowingly suffer to be taken any Money of any Perfon for excusing the quartering of Officers or Soldiers, or any of them, in any House followed by this Act, every such Officer shall be cashiered, and be incapable of being in any Military Employment whatsoever.

LXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Perfon whatsoever, who by virtue or colour of this Act, shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting any Officers or Soldiers in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall neglect or refuse to quarter or billet any Officer or Soldier on Duty when thereunto required, in such manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Troops; or shall receive, demand, contract or agree for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward whatsoever, for or on account of excusing, or in order to excuse any Perfon or Persons whatsoever, from quartering or receiving into his, her or their House or Houses, any such Officer or Soldier; or in case any Vestriever, or any other Person liable by this Act to have any Officer or Soldier billeted or quartered on him or her, shall refuse to receive or receive any such Officer or Soldier as quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid; or shall refuse to furnish or allow according to the Directions of this Act the several things hereinafter respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to New Quartered Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billeted as him or her as aforesaid; or shall neglect or refuse to furnish good and sufficient Stables, together with good and sufficient Hay and Straw for each Horse so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid, at the Rate that is or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at that respect, and shall be thereof convicted before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty, within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered to administer), every such High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Perfon so offending, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices, before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall in his or their Discretion think fit); to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Perfon offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be directed to any other Constable within the County, City or Liberty, or to any of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell; which said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, shall be applied in the first Place in making such Satisfaction to any Soldier for the Expence he may have been put to by reason of his not being billeted or quartered as aforesaid, as such Justice or Justices shall order and direct; and the Remainder shall be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish if in England, and to the Churchwardens of the Parish if in Ireland, whereas the Offence shall be committed, or to some One of them, for the Use of the Poor of the said Parish.

LXIII. And, for the better preventing Abuses in quartering or billeting the Soldiers in pursuance of this Act, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace within their respective Counties, Cities or Liberties, in any Part of the United Kingdom, by Warrant or Order under his or their Hand or Seal or Hands and Seals, at any time or times during the Continuance of this Act, to require and command any High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer who shall quarter or billet any Soldiers in pursuance of this Act, to give an Account in Writing unto the said Justice or Justices requiring the same, of the Number of Officers and Soldiers who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and also the Names of the Housekeepers or Persons upon whom every such Officer or Soldier shall be quartered or billeted, together with an Account of the Sum or Sums of Money which every such Housekeeper owes, and of the Sums (if any) belonging to such Horses, to the end it may appear to the said Justice or Justices where such Officers and Soldiers are quartered or billeted, and

Dragoons, &c.
and their
Horses billeted
in their Houses.

Number of
quartering Men
and Horses.

Officers taking
Money to ex-
cuse from quar-
tering;
Provision,
Constables, &c.
taking Money on
excusing from
quartering.

and on Vestriv-
ers relating to
quarter Soldiers.

Penalty.

Distress.

Justices may
order Constables
to give an Ac-
count of the
Number of Sol-
diers quartered,
&c.

that he or they may thereby be the better enabled to prevent or punish all Absences in the quartering or billeting of them.

Justices may arrest
Rascals and
vagrants.

LXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace at the Request of any Officer or Non Commissioned Officer commanding any Soldiers requiring Quarters or Billets, in any case in which it shall appear to such Officer or Justice that better Accommodation can be given to the Troops by extending any Rents or enlarging the Dwelling where such Quarters and Billets shall be required to enlarge such Rents, and extend such Quarters and Billets in such manner as shall be most convenient to the Troops to be quartered and billeted; any thing in this Act or any other Act, or any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers and
Soldiers to pay
Rents for Quarters.

LXV. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, That the Officers and Soldiers so quartered and billeted as aforesaid, shall be contented and satisfied with Diet and Small Beer by the Owners of the Inns, Livery Stables, Alehouses, Victualling-houses and other Houses in which they are allowed to be quartered and billeted by this Act; paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in that respect. [Ratebook, page c. 154.]

If Individuals furnish Men
quartered on them with Coal
fire, Vinegar and Salt, &c., the Man
quartering them on a
March, &c. to
provide them with
and Small Beer.

LXVI. Provided always, That in case any Landholder, or other Person on whom any Non Commissioned Officers or Private Men shall be quartered by virtue of this Act (except on a March or employed in Recruiting, and likewise except the Recruits by them raised, for the Space of Seven Days at most for each Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers who are recruiting and the Recruits by them raised), shall be delinquent to furnish such Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers with Coal, Vinegar and Salt, &c., and allow to each Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers the Use of Fire, and the necessary Unwield for dressing and mending their Coat, and shall give Notice of such his Delinquency to the Commanding Officer, and shall furnish and allow the same accordingly; and in such case the Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers so quartered shall provide their own Victuals and Small Beer; and the Officer to whom it belongs to recover, or that does actually receive the Pay and Subsistence of such Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers, shall pay the several Sums to be payable out of the Subsistence Money for Diet and Small Beer to the Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers as aforesaid, and not to the Landholder or other Person on whom such Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers are quartered; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers receiving
Pay to be in
Demand of
Landholders.

LXVII. And, that the Quarters both of Officers and Soldiers may hereafter be duly paid and satisfied, and His Majesty's Duties of Excise better advanced, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, every Officer to whom it belongs to receive, or that does actually receive the Pay or Subsistence Money, either for a whole Regiment, or particular Troops and Companies, or otherwise, shall every Four Days, or before the Troops shall quit their Quarters, if they shall not remain so long as Four Days, settle the just Demands of all Persons keeping Inns, or other Places where Officers or Soldiers are quartered by virtue of this Act, out of the Pay and Subsistence of such Officers and Soldiers, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed to either of them respectively: And if any Officer or Officers as aforesaid shall not fairly, content and pay the same, upon Complaint and Oath made thereof by any Two Witnesses, at the next Quarter Sessions for the County or City where such Quarters were (which Oath the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions are hereby authorized and required to administer), the Secretary at War in England, and the Clerk Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department in Ireland, is hereby required and authorized (upon Certificate of the said Justices before whom such Oath was made, of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and the Persons to whom the same is owing) to give Orders to the Agent of the Troop or Company to pay and satisfy the said Sums, and to charge the same against such Officer.

If Quarters are
paid for before
Marching of
Troops, Certificate of Account
immediately in
Agree.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Troop or Company being suddenly ordered to march, and that the respective Commanding Officers are not enabled to make Payment of the Sums due for the Lodgings of the Men, and Stabling for the Horses, every such Officer shall before his Departure make up the Account with every Person with whom such Troop or Company may have been quartered, and sign a Certificate thereof, which Account and Certificate shall be transmitted to the Agent of the Regiment, that immediate Payment may be made, which he is hereby required to make accordingly, and to charge the same to the Account of such Officer.

Soldiers' Wives,
Aid, are quartered
and widows
Children.

LXIX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer, Military or Civil, by this Act authorized to quarter Soldiers in any Houses hereby appointed for that Purpose, shall, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, quarter any of the Wives, Children, Maids or Maid Servants of any Officer or Soldier, in any such House, against the Consent of the Owners; the Party offending, if an Officer of the Army, shall, upon being convicted thereof before a General Court Martial, be cashiered; and if a Gentleman, Tythingman, or other Civil Officer, he shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved Twenty shillings, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the next Justice of the Peace; to be levied by Warrant of such Justice, by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendering the Overplus to the Party, after deducting reasonable Charges in taking the same.

Penalty.

Soldiers' Wives,
Aid, and Children
where quartered
in England.

LXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the County, Town or Place where any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be quartered in that Part of Great Britain called England, in such such Non Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier have either Wife or Child or Children, to cause such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to be summoned before them, in the Town or Place where such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be quartered, in order to make Oath of the Place of their last legal Settlement (which Oath the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer); and such Non Commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers as aforesaid are hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justice is hereby required to give an attested

Copy

Copy of such Affidavit to be made before him as the Justice making the same, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer, in order to be produced when required; which attested Copy shall be at any time admitted in Evidence, as to such full legal Settlement, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or as any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace: Provided always, that in case any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him formerly taken being produced by him, or by any other Person on his behalf, such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such attested Copy of Examination, if required.

Presby.

LXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes or Accommodations in England, Ireland and Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires, Liberties and Parishes, being daily required thereto, by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, if in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or by an Order from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or from the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in Ireland, or other Person duly authorized in that behalf, shall, as often as such Order is brought or shewn unto One or more of them by the Quarter Master, Adjutant or other Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, be ordered to march, if he or his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of, or to any Constable or Constables acting or having Authority so to do in the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Parish, from, through, over or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages, and Horses or Oxen, with able Men to drive the same, as is contained in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parishes may not always bear the Burthen; and specifying in the said Warrants the Place or Places to which the said Carriages shall, by virtue of such Order as aforesaid, be required to travel, which shall not exceed the Day's March of the Troop, as prescribed in the Order produced to the Magistrate, unless in case of pressing Emergency or Necessity, and shall in no case whatever exceed Twenty five Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence; and in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division or Parish, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being brought or shewn to One or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division or Parish, as shall be most convenient for the Purposes aforesaid, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required, at the same time to pay down to Hand to the said Constable, or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Mares, the Sums hereinafter mentioned respectively, for which respective Sums he or she provided the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same: And each Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses and Oxen and Mares, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and on Person owning or driving, or causing to be driven, any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage be Rapped or detained by means of any Weight in any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen; but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to such prescribed or paid for under the Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of which Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's Warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due time for their Return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant (except such as are sick), or any Woman to ride in the Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage aforesaid; or shall force any Constable or Petty Constable, by threatening or menacing Words to provide said Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners, by themselves, Servants or Soldiers, every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Secretary at War in England, or if in Ireland to the Chief Secretary, or to his Adjutant the Under Secretary for the Military Department, who is hereby authorized and required to give Orders for the Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

Carriages for Forces marching in England and Ireland.

Warrants to specify Places to which Carriages shall travel, &c.

Officers sending Waggon to travel must take Magistrate's Warrant specifying, &c.

Presby.

Sums paid for Carriages in England.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Sums to be paid into the Hands of such Constable or Petty Constable in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be according to the following Rates; that is to say, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine pence for every Mile any Waggon with Narrow Wheels, or any Cart with Four Horses respectively, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of Six pence

for

for every Mile every Cart or other Carriage with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; or any further than not exceeding Four Pence for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two pence for every Mile any Cart or Carriage, with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen hundred Weight, shall travel, according as the same shall be heard and ordered by the Justices of the Peace for any County or District, assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, the said Justices having regard to the Peace of Hay and Owe at the time of fixing such additional Rates: Provided always, that in cases where the Day's March shall exceed Fifteen Miles, such further Compensation shall be made and paid in like manner to the Owners of the said Carriages as shall be deemed reasonable by the Magistrate who granted the Warrant for imposing them, not exceeding the aforesaid Rate and Hire of such Carriages: Provided always, that every Order of the Justices assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace, fixing a further Sum to be paid for the Hire of Carriages aforesaid, in Addition to the customary Rate of One Shilling and Nine pence, and Six pence per Mile respectively, shall Specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any case exceed Ten Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District next ensuing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order, signed by the Chairman or presiding Magistrate, and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall, within Three Days after the making thereof, be transmitted to the Secretary at War; and no such Order shall be valid or effectual unless a Copy thereof be so signed and transmitted as aforesaid: Provided also, that in every case of any increased Rate being allowed for the Hire of any Carriage, the Justice of the Peace granting or signing the Warrant shall insert, in his own Hand, the Amount of such increased Rate for each Defection of Carriage as he authorized by the Justices at the Quarter Sessions as aforesaid; and such Warrant shall be given to the Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Regiment, Corps, Company, Detachment or Party requiring such Carriages, as his Voucher for the Payment of such increased Rate; and no increased Rate shall be demanded, but such as shall be so inserted by the Justice in the Warrant.

§ 1. LXXIII. And Whereas great Inconvenience often arises from there being no Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to Places specified in Warrants at which Soldiers are to halt, and be billeted and quartered on the March, to these Warrants for the providing of Carriages: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Constable, Tythingman or Headborough, duly authorized for that Purpose by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, riding abroad to such Place or Places, to make and give Orders for the providing of Carriages for the Baggage of Soldiers on March, and to appoint Persons having Carriages within their respective Liberties or Jurisdictions to provide and furnish such Carriages, without having any special or particular Warrant for that Purpose; and all such Orders and Appointments shall be and be deemed to be as valid and official in all respects, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been made and given by the Justice or Justices of the Peace giving such Authority: Provided always, That every such Justice of the Peace shall, at the time of giving such Warrant and Authority, and thereafter once in each Year, or oftener, if necessary, cause a List or Lists to be made out of all Persons liable to furnish such Carriages under such Warrant, and of the Number and Description of Carriages belonging respectively to the Persons he is liable to be required to furnish Carriages for Baggage, or for Troops on the March; and such Lists shall, at all reasonable Hours, be open to the Inspection of all Persons whose Names shall be inserted therein; and all Orders and Appointments for such Carriages shall be made and taken from such Lists in regular Rotation, as far as the same can be done, so as that the providing of such Carriages shall be equally distributed among the several Persons liable to furnish the same under the Provision of this Act.

§ 1. LXXIV. And Whereas, from various Local Circumstances, the Rates of Carriage of *Articles* ought to be regulated in some manner, the said Rates are therefore enacted, That the Rates to be paid for the Carriage of such *Articles* shall be as follows:— that is to say, For every Hundred Weight which the Owner or Owners of any *Wheeled Carriage* shall take as heading on such *Wheeled Carriage* the Sum of One Penny and One Sixth Part of a Penny for every *Male* or *engaged Male* he or they shall therewith amount, or according to such Rate as shall be fixed and ordered by the Justices of the Peace for any County or District, the said Justices having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at the time of fixing such additional Rates.

LXXV. And Whereas it may sometimes become necessary, in cases of Emergency, to provide proper and speedy Means for the Carriage and Conveyance, not only of the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage and other Equipage of and belonging to His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, but also of the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children and other Persons of and belonging to such Forces: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for enforcing prompt Obedience to such Orders to His Majesty or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor in Ireland may in such cases think fit to issue, in pursuance of the Powers by Law vested in Him for the Advancement of the general Good and Public Welfare of the Realm: Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors in Ireland, by His or their Order, officially stating that such case of Emergency doth exist, signed by the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence by the Under Secretary for the Military Department for the time being, to say General or Field Officers commanding His Majesty's Forces in any District or Place, or to the Commandant in Chief of Stores and Provisions at Home or Person acting in that Capacity, to authorize such General or Field Officers or Commandant in Chief as aforesaid, or Person aforesaid, by Writing under his Hand

receiving such Order of His said Majesty, or Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor aforesaid, to require all the Justices of the Peace within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Liberties and Precincts in England, Ireland, Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to issue his or their Warrant or Warrants for any of the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and such Justice or Justices shall, when and as often as such Requisition in Writing as is last mentioned shall be brought and shown unto any One or more of such Justices, by the Quarter Master, Adjutant or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, be ordered to be conveyed, or by any Officer in the Department of the said Constabulary General, to issue out his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables, or Petty Constables, of the County, Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred and Precinct, from, through, near or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company shall be so ordered to be conveyed, requiring them to make such Provision not only of Waggon, Wain, Cart, and Cart horse by or belonging to any Person or Persons, and for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, but also of Saddle Horses, Coaches, Chaises and other four-wheeled Carriages usually let to Hire, or kept for that Purpose, and also of Boats, Barges and other Vessels, not for the Carriage of Coals, Stones, Limestone, or of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or any other Articles or Commodity whatsoever, upon any Canal or Navigable River, with able Men and Horses to draw, navigate and draw the same, as shall be contained in the said Warrant or Warrants, therein specifying the Place or Distance to which such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels and Men shall go and be conveyed, and allowing such Constables sufficient time to make such Provision, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case such sufficient Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels and Men, cannot be provided within any such County, Riding, Division, Hundred, City, Liberty or Precinct, then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, shall, upon such Requisition in Writing as is last aforesaid being brought or shown to any One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, City, Liberty, Division, Hundred or Precinct, for the Purposes last aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officer or Officers who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant or Warrants from the Justice or Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the said Warrant or Warrants shall be directed, is and are hereby required at the same time to pay down to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, such reasonable Sum and Sums of Money, as the said Justice or Justices shall be and by his or their said Warrant or Warrants order and direct, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such and the like Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Length of the Journey or Voyages in such particular case, but making an Allowance for Post Horse Duty, or Tarpon, Casual, River or Lock Tolls (which Duty or Tolls are hereby declared not to be demandable or payable in such and the like cases, for any such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels, whilst employed in such Service, or returning therefrom); for which said respective Sum and Sums so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing, but without any Stamp, to the Person or Persons paying the same; and such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels and Men, within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, and Men, according to the Warrant or Warrants aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and it shall and may be lawful in such cases to and for all and every Military Officer and Officers, for the Use of whom, or of whose Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, such Horses, Carriages, Boats, Barges or other Vessels shall be provided in such cases, to carry and convey, and permit to be carried and conveyed, on the same respectively, not only the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Baggage, Tents and other Equipage of such Regiment, Detachment, Troop or Company, but also the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Wives, Children and other Persons of and belonging to the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; but if any such Officer or Officers shall force and constrain any Horse, Carriage, Boat, Barge or other Vessel to travel or proceed beyond the Distance or Place to be allowed and specified in such Warrant or Warrants, without the special Licence or Order of One or more other such Justice or Justices of the Peace in that behalf, and which Licence or Order One or more of such Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to give and make at his and their reasonable Discretion, every such Officer for every such Offence shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, who are to severally the same to the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland to the Chief Secretary, or to his Attorney Under Secretary for the Military Department, who is hereby authorized and required to give Order for Payment of the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Precinct, and for deducting the same out of such Officer's Pay.

LXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Waggon, Wain, Cart or Carriage, impressed by Authority of this Act, shall be liable or obliged by virtue of this Act, to carry above Thirty Hundred Weight; any thing to the contrary contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That an Owner of any such Carriage in Ireland shall be compelled or obliged to take any Loading until the same shall be first duly weighed at the Expense of the Owner or Owners of such Carriage, if he or they shall think fit, and if the same can be done in a reasonable time without Let or Hindrance of His Majesty's Service; and if any Officer requiring such Carriage shall force or compel the Owner to take any Loading until the same shall be first duly weighed, if the same can

Officer, demanding same, to pay for their Hire such sums as Justices shall direct.

Constable to give a Receipt without Stamp, and to order Horses, &c. to be provided.

What things may be conveyed in such Carriages.

Officers forcing Horses, &c. to travel beyond Distance specified in Warrant without Licence Penalty.

What Weight Waggon, &c. is to carry.

Owners of Carriages in Ireland are obliged to take Loading &c. weighed.

be done in a reasonable time, as aforesaid, or shall, contrary to the Will of the Owner of such Carriage, or his Servant, put or permit any Person whatsoever to put any greater Load upon any Carriage than is hereinafter directed, either at the time of Loading or on the March, every such Officer shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings to the Party injured, upon such Proof and in such manner as is hereinafter appointed.

Penalty.

What Weight Carriages in Ireland shall be allowed to carry.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Carriage impressed by Authority of this Act in Ireland shall be liable or obliged to carry above Six Hundred Weight; and if the Owner shall consent to carry above Six Hundred Weight on any Carriage he shall be allowed and paid at the Rate of One Penny One Sixth Part *per Mile* for every Hundred above the Weight of Six Hundred Pounds put on his Carriage, and the Owner or Owners of such Carriage or Carriages shall not be compelled or obliged to proceed with such Carriage or Carriages under the Sum of Seven pence *per Mile* or *per Mile* at the least, in case he or they shall be required to carry a less Weight on such Carriage or Carriages than Six Hundred Pounds Weight for each Carriage.

Manner in Lord Mayor of Dublin to be before March of Troops, to provide Carriages.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That Notice shall be given to the Lord Mayor of the City of Dublin at least Twenty four Hours before the March of any Troops or Companies of Soldiers out of the said City, or in case of Emergency, as long before such March as the nature of the case shall permit, of the Number of Troops or Companies appointed to march; whereupon the Lord Mayor for the time being shall furnish a proportionable Number of Cans out of the Licensed Cars, Brick Cars, and other Cars within the County of the said City, and in from time to time the said Cars are by Tunes to be employed in carrying the Baggage of such Troops or Companies, at the Prices and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned; and it is hereby directed that no Country Cars or Carriages coming to the Market of the said City, nor any Cans or Carriages coming to any of the Markets in Ireland shall be detained or employed against the Will of the Owners, in carrying the Baggage of the Army on any Pretence whatsoever.

Number of Carriages for Troops in Ireland regulated by Lord Lieutenant.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That the Number of Carriages to be allowed each Troop or Company in Ireland shall be from time to time regulated by Order of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in Proportion to the Establishment of such Troop or Company; and the Same ordered to be attended as aforesaid, for the Payment of the Carriage of Baggage by the Officers or Officers respectively, shall be at their time paid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland for the same being, without Fee or Reward, on Oath made by such Officers or Officers before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Corporate Town, of his or their Payment of such Sum or Sums for Carriages as aforesaid, and an Account of the same being produced by the Agent of the Regiment, which Account shall have been certified by the Quarter Master General to be charged conformably to the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and the Regulations prescribed by this Act.

Constable, &c. supplying Dray.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable or Petty Constable shall wilfully neglect or refuse to execute such Warrant or Warrants of the Justices of the Peace, as shall be directed unto them for providing Carriages, Horses, Bents, Barges and other Vessels as aforesaid; or shall demand or receive for the Use of the Owners furnishing such Waggons, Wans, Cars, Cans or Carriages, more than the Rates hereinafter allowed respectively; or if any Person or Persons, appointed by such Constable, or Petty Constable, to provide or furnish any Carriage, Man, Horse, Bent, Barge or other Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to produce the same; or if such Person or Persons, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall wilfully do any Act or Thing whereby the Execution of the said Warrant shall be hindered or frustrated, every such Constable, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of such Parish or Parishes adjoining to the Parish where such Offence shall be committed, as shall be fixed upon by the Justice or Justices by whom such Offence shall be enquired of, heard and determined: And all and every such Offender and Offenders shall and may be enquired of, heard and finally determined by any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace dwelling in or near the Place where such Offence shall be committed, who has hereby Power to make the said Penalty to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owners.

Penalty.

Dilatory.

Money paid by Lord Lieutenant for Carriages provided on March.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Constable or Petty Constable to whom such Money shall have been paid in Ireland, is and are hereby required, before the Owner of any Carriage or Horse in Ireland shall be compelled to take any Loading, or be forced to proceed in the March with his Carriage, to pay down in Hand to the Owner of such Carriage, or his Servant, the full Sum to which the Owner of such Carriage would be entitled for the March in the said Warrant directed to be made, according to the Rate at which such Constable or Petty Constable shall herebefore be paid for the same as aforesaid.

LXXXIII. And Whereas in consequence of certain Exemptions from Toll, expressly allowed by several Acts of Parliament for His Majesty's Forces on their March or on Duty, and for the Horses and Carriages attending them, Doubts have arisen whether it is just to exempt the Officers and Soldiers, and the Carriages and Horses belonging to His Majesty, or employed in His Service, and returning therefrom, may not be charged with the Payment of Tolls: Therefore, for obviating such Doubts, it is hereby enacted and declared, That all His Majesty's Officers and Soldiers, and their Horses, or Duty, or on their March, and all Carriages and Horses belonging to His Majesty, or employed in His Service, and returning therefrom, or employed in His Service, when conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children or other Persons of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage and other Equipage, or belonging to His Majesty's Forces on their Marches, or any Ordnance, or Ammunition, or Commissariat, or other Public Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or returning therefrom,

Officers and Soldiers, &c. on Duty, and Carriages, &c. employed in His Majesty's Service, exempted.

returning therefrom, were and are, and shall be exempted from Payment of any Duties and Tolls otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act of Parliament already made, or hereafter to be made, for Porten, Harbours or Carriages, or any Baggage of any Troops embarking or disembarking from or upon any Pier, Wharf, Quay or Landing Place, or passing Terrestrial Roads or Bridges, whith by such Act it has been or shall be expressly provided that the said Officers, Soldiers, Carriages and Horses, are and shall be liable equally with others to the Duties and Tolls therein authorized to be demanded and taken: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt from the Payment of Tolls any Boats, Barges or other Vessels employed in conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children or other Persons or of belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage and other Equipage, or of belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or any Military Stores, along any Canal, but the same shall be liable to Toll in like manner as other Boats, Barges and Vessels are liable thereto.

LXXXIV. And Whereas the respective Sums of Money by the Act aforesaid to be paid to the Constables by the Officers depending such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges or other Vessels, may not, in many cases, be sufficient to answer the Charge and Expence of providing the same, inasmuch that the said Constables may frequently be at great Charges over and above what is received by them of the said Officers, to the great Burthen of the Townships of which they are Constables, or else the Parishes providing such Charges are grievously oppressed: For Remedy whereof, and that the said Overplus Charge may be borne by each County or Riding at the General Charge of such County or Riding, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurers or Treasurers of each respective County or Riding shall, without Fee or Reward, pay unto such Constable all and every such reasonable Sums or Sums of Money, to be by him paid or laid out for such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels, over and above what was or ought to have been paid by the Officer requiring such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels out of the Public Stock of such County or Riding, according to such Rates, Orders, Rules and Directions, as the said Justices of the Peace, in their Quarter Sessions assembled, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, make, direct and appoint (which Orders shall be made without Fee or Reward); agreed being always had to the Statute of the Year and the Length and Condition of the Ways by and through which such Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels, are to travel and pass.

LXXXV. And, in order that the said Public Stock of the County or Riding be not exhausted (over and above the other Purposes for which it was raised) to supply the extraordinary Charge of Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels before mentioned, it is hereby further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, in the General Quarter Sessions, shall have Power from time to time to raise Money upon the respective Counties or Ridings, in such manner as they now raise Money for County Gaols and Bridges to satisfy the said extraordinary Charge of Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges and other Vessels.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in Scotland, in such and the like Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in force in Scotland at the time of its Union with England; and that the Possessions of such Houses shall only be liable to search the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in force at the time of the said Union was provided; and that no Officer shall be obliged to pay for his Lodging where he shall be regularly billeted, except in the Suburbs of Edinburgh.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Carriages for the Service of the Forces from time to time quartered or marching in Scotland, shall be provided in like manner, and at the Rates, and the Furniture of such Carriages shall be paid, as was directed by the Law in force in Scotland at the time of its Union with England.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Troops or Parties upon Command have Occasion in their March to pass regular Ferries in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, it shall and may be lawful for the Commanding Officer either to pass over with his Party, as Passengers, or to hire the Ferry Boat entirely to himself and his Party debarking others for that time in his Option; and in case he shall chuse to take Passage for himself and Party as Passengers, he shall only pay for himself and for each Person, Officer or Soldier under his Command, Half of the ordinary Rate payable by single Persons at any such Ferry; and in case he shall hire the Ferry Boat for himself and Party, he shall pay Half of the ordinary Rate for such Boat or Boats; and in such Places where there are no regular Ferries, but that all Passengers hire Boats at the Rate they can agree for, Officers, with or without Parties, are to agree for Boats at the Rate as other Persons do in the like case.

LXXXIX. And, for the better Preservation of Game in or near such Place where any Officers or Soldiers shall at any time be quartered, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, any Officer or Soldier shall without Leave of the Lord of the Manor, under his Hand and Seal first had and obtained, take, kill or destroy any Hare, Coney, Pheasant, Partridge, Pigeon, or any other Sort of Fowl, Poultry or Fish, or His Majesty's Game, within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and upon Complaint thereof shall be, upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, convicted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, who is and are hereby empowered and authorized to hear and determine the same; that in so say, every Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be distributed among the Poor of the Place where such Offence shall be committed; and every Officer commanding in chief upon the Place, for every such Offence committed by any Soldier under his Command, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be paid and distributed in manner aforesaid; And if upon Conviction made by the Justices of the Peace, and Demand thereof also made by the Constable or Overseers of the Poor, such Officer shall refuse or neglect, and not within Two Days pay the said respective Penalties, such Officer is offending or neglect-

from Payment
of Tolls.
Expence.

Ferries.

Treasurers of
Counties to
pay Constables
extraordinary
Charges.

Money for the
Parishes here
mentioned.

Officers, &c.
quartered in
Scotland, as
in Union with
England.

Carriages to
be hired, here
mentioned.

How Troops to
pay in passing
Ferry in
Scotland.

Officers or Sol-
diers destroying
Game.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Verily,

Receiving Public Money
without Oath.Oath and Attestation
to His Majesty's
Honour and Successors.Refusal of Public Money
without Oath.Such Persons
not paying Public
Money without Oath
shall be liable to
penalty, unless they
take the Oath of
Fidelity, and unless
they take the Oath
of Allegiance, and
unless they take the
Oath of Fidelity, and
unless they take the
Oath of Allegiance.Persons entitled
to the Office of
Secretary of State,
and to the Office of
Secretary of War,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Navy,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Admiralty,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Treasury,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Colonies,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the India Company,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Bank of England,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Bank of Scotland,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Bank of Ireland,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Bank of North America,
and to the Office of
Secretary of the Bank of the United States,
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Secretary of the Bank of the Republic of France,
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Secretary of the Bank of the Republic of Norway,

Penalty.

engleaving shall forfeit, and he is hereby declared to have forfeited his Commission, and his Commission is hereby declared to be null and void.

XC. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall receive Enlisting Money from any Officer employed on the Recruiting Service, or from any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party under the Command of such Officer, or from any Person employed on the Recruiting Service, he being an attested Soldier, shall be deemed to be enlisted as a Soldier in His Majesty's Service, and shall, while he shall remain with the Recruiting Party, be entitled to be enlisted and quartered as a Soldier in His Majesty's Service; Provided always, that every such Person so enlisted shall be entitled to all the Benefits herein enacted for the Relief of Persons lawfully enlisting themselves.

XCI. And Whereas it is highly expedient that as Doubts should remain as to Service of Soldiers, by a refusal of any Oath of His Majesty's Honour and Successors is any Oath of Attestation; Be it therefore declared and enacted, That any Oath and Attestation of Service hereunto or hereafter taken and made to His Majesty, is and shall be deemed and confirmed to be an Oath of Service to His Majesty's Honour and Successors, in the Sovereign of the Realm for the time being, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Words Honour and Successors had been inserted in any such Oath or Attestation.

XCII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not longer than Twenty-four Hours, after such enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed as the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being near to, or within the Vicinity of the Place and sitting for the Division or District where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Consent to such enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Enlisting Money, and also such Person or Persons paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, together with such full Rate allowed by Law for the Subsidience as Diet and Small Beer furnished to such Recruit subsequent to the Period of his having been enlisted, such Person or Persons so enlisting shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty-four Hours to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent voluntarily before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their Assent voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall and he is hereby required forthwith to read over, or in his own Presence to cause to be read over to such Person or Persons the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Session, and the First Article of the Sixth Session, of the Articles of War against Money and Defections, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.); or if the Person shall be desirous of enlisting without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and if such Person or Persons shall take the said Oath, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the enlisting and swearing, together with the Place of the Birth, Age and Calling of each of such Person or Persons in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.); if the Oath in the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the case of Recruits enlisted in force either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled *An Act for better regulating the Forces of the East India Company*, in which case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty-sixth Year of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such Enlistment and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and except also in the case of Recruits enlisted for the special Purpose of Service in the *East India*, in the Service of the *East India Company* only, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intitled *An Act in regard to the raising Men for the Service of the East India Company*, and the quartering and keeping such Men, and in Trade by Regimental Courts Martial, in which case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, take the Oath directed to be taken by the said Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.); and instead of the Oath of Service contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, shall take the Oath directed to be taken by the said recited Act of the Fifth Year aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H.); and the Justice or Magistrate shall certify such Enlistment and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.); and if any such Person or Persons to be enlisted, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer

For making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered: Provided always, that every Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier who shall enlist any Recruit, shall at the time of such enlisting require the Christian and Bonaire and Place of Abode of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing, or give the same to the Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be so taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have lawfully enlisted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Dismissal within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Dismissal under this Act, notwithstanding so Officers, Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate, upon the Examination of such Recruit or of any other Person, that the Recruiting Party has left the Place where such Recruit was enlisted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-Commissioned Officer belonging to such Party to go with such Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum payable by such Recruit upon his Discharge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same: Provided always, that in every case wherein any Person shall have received Enlisting Money, and shall have absconded or have absented himself from the Party as aforesaid, so that it shall not be possible immediately to apprehend him, and bring him before a Magistrate, the Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer commanding the Party shall produce to the Magistrate before whom the Recruit would regularly have been brought for Attestation, a Certificate of the Name and Place of Residence of such Person, and the Magistrate to whom the Certificate shall be produced shall, after satisfying himself that the Person who had absconded cannot be found and apprehended, transmit a Duplicate thereof to His Majesty's Secretary at War, or if in Ireland, the Chief Secretary or Under Secretary as aforesaid, in order that in the Event of such Person being afterwards apprehended and reported as a Defecter, the Path of his having received Enlisting Money and having absconded may be ascertained before he is finally adjudged to be a Defecter as having been duly enlisted.

XCIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the Enlisting Money from any such Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, Private Soldier, or other Person employed on the Recruiting Service (knowing it to be such), and shall abscond, or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, or if any Person having received any such Enlisting Money as aforesaid, shall thereafter absent himself from the Recruiting Party with which he enlisted, or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him, to go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, under the Provisions of this Act, within such Period of Four Days aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be enlisted, and a Soldier in His Majesty's Service, as fully to all intents and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Drifter, or for being absent without Leave under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion; nor shall any such Person who shall not have been released with, or who shall not have been returned to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him as aforesaid, be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Four Days as aforesaid, unless it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Justice of the Peace that the true Name and Residence of the Person enlisted was disclosed and known to the Recruiting Party, and that no Notice was given to the Person enlisted or left at his last usual Place of Abode of his having so enlisted.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall enlist into His Majesty's Forces, and who shall be discovered to be incapable of active Service by reason of any Infirmary which shall have been contracted by such Person, or not declared before the Justice of the Peace at the time of his Attestation, and mentioned at the Foot thereof, may be transferred into any Garrison or Veterans or Invalid Battalion, or into His Majesty's Marine Forces, notwithstanding he shall have enlisted for any particular Regiment, and shall be entitled to receive such Proportion or Release of Bounty only as shall be allowed by His Majesty by any Regulation made in that behalf, in and about of the Bounty upon which such Man shall have been enlisted; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Rules and Regulations relating to Soldiers, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall knowingly, wilfully and deliberately make any false Representation of any Particular contained in the Oaths respectively sworn (A.) and (B.) and Certificates marked (C.) and (D.) in the Schedule to this Act respectively contained and annexed, before the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the time of his Attestation, for the Purpose of obtaining and shall obtain any Enlisting Money or any Bounty by receiving into His Majesty's Service, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences, within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Payment of Persons who shall claim or attempt to obtain Possession of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences*; for promoting the unlawful gaming of Goods; for the safe Redemption of Goods pawned; and for promoting Gaming in Public Houses, by Juvenators, Laborers, Servants and Apprentices; and the Production of such Certificate, and Proof of the Hand Writing of the Justice of the Peace giving such Certificate, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Party having represented the several Particulars contained in the Oaths sworn by him, and specified in the Certificate of the Justice at the time of his being attested.

XCVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace or Magistrate before whom any Person shall be brought who has enlisted, and who shall be proved upon Oath before them and counselled of having wilfully concealed any such Infirmary upon being attested, or of having knowingly, wilfully and deliberately made any such false Representation as aforesaid, to adjudge

Name and Residence of Recruits taken down.

Justice may discharge but does not take down his name unless on giving discharge on giving Enlisting Money.

Magistrate is entitled to receive Enlisting Money or War, Duplicates of Certificates of Name and Residence of Persons receiving Enlisting Money and absconding.

Person receiving Enlisting Money and absconding, etc. deemed duly enlisted.

Person receiving Enlisting Money or War, transferred to Garrison, Veterans, or Invalid Battalion, or His Majesty's Marine Forces.

Person making false Representation for Purpose of obtaining Money, guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences.

Person attested wilfully concealing Infirmary.

Punishment. such Person to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and such Person shall thereupon be subject to such Punishment as by and under any Statute or Laws now in force may be inflicted upon Rogues, Vagabonds and Vagrants and inconvertible Rogues, to be adjudged by the Justice of the Peace or Magistrates in conformity any such Person as aforesaid.

Service of Soldiers. XCVII. And be it further enacted, That the Service of every Soldier, whether he shall have been or shall be enlisted for limited Service or for Life, shall be to the reckoning Years of Service, for the Purpose of clearing any Arrears of Pay or any Pension by means of any Length of Service, under any Act or Acts of Parliament, or under any Regulations made by His Majesty, in relation to any such Increase of Pay or Pensions, be deemed and construed to commence and be reckoned from the Quarter Days; that is to wit, from the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fifth Day of June, the Twenty fifth Day of September, the Twenty fifth Day of December respectively, immediately antecedent to the Day of settling, and not from the Day of Attestation; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Soldier shall be entitled to receive any Pay for any Period preceding the Day of his actual settling.

Advertising for Recruits. XCVIII. And Whereas various Persons are in the habit of advertising for Recruits for Regiments of the Line, the Militia, or for the Service of the Honourable The East India Company; and also under the Pretence of procuring Substitutes for the same, by the great Detriment of the Service: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Persons whatsoever, who shall after the passing of this Act advertise, post or dispense, or cause to be advertised, posted or dispensed Bills for the Purpose of procuring Recruits or Substitutes, or shall open or keep any Houses or Places of Residence purporting in any manner whatever to be connected with the Recruiting Service or Department for the Line, Militia or East India Company, or shall manifest or be concerned directly or indirectly in any manner or way therewith (except such Recruiting Parties as may be licensed under the Command and Direction of the respective Field Officers of Districts, without the express Permission in Writing of the Adjutant General, if for the Line or Militia, or of the Court of Directors, if for the Honourable East India Company's Service), or shall in any way Peruse or Peruse as aforesaid at his House or Office under any such Bill or Advertisment on any Premises whatsoever, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence; to be recovered on Conviction before a Magistrate, One Month in the Inferior and the other to the Poor of the Parish; which such Information shall be laid; and on Default of Payment thereof, shall be consigned to the Common Gaol or other Public Prison, at the Discretion of the Magistrate, for any Period not exceeding Three Months, and not less than One Month for each and every such Offence.

Apprenticeship. XCIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly bound as an Apprentice shall enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, and shall state to the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate before whom he shall be carried, that he is not an Apprentice, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to be imprisoned in any Gaol or House of Correction, and kept to hard Labour for Two Years, may be indicted and punished for obtaining Money under false Pretences under the Provisions of the last recited Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and shall, after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, whether such Person shall have been so convicted and punished or not, be liable to serve as a Soldier in any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if, on the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, he shall not deliver himself to some Officer authorized to receive Recruits, may be taken as a Soldier from His Majesty's Forces.

Master's Oath. C. And be it further enacted, That no Master in England shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in England for the full Term of Seven Years, not having been above the Age of Fifteen when he bound; and if it is proved for the full Term of Five Years at the least, not having been above the Age of Sixteen when he bound, a fourth such Master shall within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (K.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule, to this Act annexed marked (L.).

Master's Oath. CI. And be it further enacted, That no Master in Scotland shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him for the full Term of as full Year Years by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship, duly extended, signed and sealed, and binding on both Parties by the Law of Scotland, prior to the Period of Enlistment, and unless such Contract or Indenture, so duly executed, shall within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enlistment, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and there shall have been satisfied thereby by such Justice a Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when, and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to indorse and sign; and unless such Apprentice shall, when claimed by such Master, be under Twenty one Years of Age, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace, and before such Justice of the Peace take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (K.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to give in the Form of the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (L.): Provided always, that any Master of an Apprentice indentured for the Sea Service shall be entitled to claim and receive any such Apprentice

Apprentice in the Form and Manner above directed, notwithstanding such Apprentices may have been bound for a less Term than Seven Years in England, or Four Years in Scotland.

CII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Master in Scotland shall be precluded from claiming any Apprentice who shall hereafter exist, by reason of the Contract or Indenture not having been produced to a Justice of the Peace in the manner directed by the Act of the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act for punishing Murther and Drunkenness; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, within the time therein limited, provided the same shall be produced to any Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and be sworn to as therein directed, at any time within Three Months after the passing of this Act.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That any Master of any Apprentice who shall have enlisted as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Forces shall, upon his consenting to give up the Indentures of Apprenticeship within One Month after the enlisting of such Apprentice as a Soldier, be entitled to receive to his own Use so much of the Bounty payable to such Recruit, after deducting therefrom Two Guineas, which shall be referred in order to provide the said Recruit with Necessaries, as shall not have been paid to such Recruit before Notice given of his being an Apprentice.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That no Apprentice, who shall be claimed by his Master, shall be taken from the Regiment, Troop or Recruiting Party with which he shall be, but under a Warrant granted by some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place, and residing near to the Place where such Apprentice shall happen to be when so claimed; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required, on Proof on Oath of Notice having been given to the Officer commanding the Regiment or Troop or Company or the Recruiting Party with which such Apprentice shall then be, or some Non-Commissioned Officer of such Recruiting Party, of such Warrant, and that a Copy thereof has been left with such Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer, and of such Person being an Apprentice, and having exhibited and declared that he was no Apprentice, and on Production and Proof of the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to commit such Person to gaol, as aforesaid, if required to do so by such Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to the Common Gaol of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place, where such Person shall be at the time when he shall be so claimed by his said Master, there to remain until he shall be discharged by due Course of Law, or, if not so required, to deliver such Apprentice to his Master.

CV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, in residing near to the Place where the Apprentice shall be claimed as aforesaid, except in Scotland as hereinafter mentioned, before whom such Person is offending shall be to take as aforesaid, to examine into the Matter alleged against such Person upon Oath, and which Oath the said Magistrate is hereby empowered to administer; and also to keep in his Custody the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to be produced at Occasion then required, and to send one to the Master claiming such Person and any other Persons in any such proper, to give Evidence in the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Session of Oyer and Terminer, at which the Trial of such Person is hereinafter directed to be had against such Person for offending; and the Production of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, with the Certificate of the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate that the same was proved before him, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Indenture of Apprenticeship.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Offender, except in Scotland, as hereinafter mentioned, may and shall be tried at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Sessions of Oyer and Terminer for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Place wherein the Offence charged shall have been committed, next after such Offender's being brought before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, or the Sessions immediately succeeding such next Session, unless the Court shall think fit to put off the Trial on Juri Cause.

CVII. And be it enacted, That every such Offender in Scotland shall and may be tried by the Judge Ordinary in such County or Stewartry, in such and the like manner as any Person may be tried in Scotland for any Offence not inferring a Capital Punishment.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Justice to whom any Notice shall have been given that any Person is in his Custody for any Offence is a Soldier liable to serve His Majesty on the Expedition of his Impression, shall give One Month's Notice to the Secretary at War, or if in Ireland to the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence to the Under Secretary for the Military Department, before the Day on which the Imprisonment of such Person will expire, according to his Commitment or Sentence of the Period of Expiration of such Imprisonment.

CIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person whatever except an Apprentice who has enlisted or shall exist bound into His Majesty's Service as a Soldier as aforesaid, shall be liable to be enrolled or taken out of His Majesty's Service by reason of the Warrant of any Magistrate or Magistrates, on account of any Breach of Contract or Engagement, to serve or work for any Master or Employer whatsoever.

CX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall have been hired to serve any Master for a Year or otherwise, shall, before the Expiration of his Term of Service under such Hiring, enlist into His Majesty's Service, such Person shall be entitled to such Proportion of Wages as the Magistrate shall think proper from his Master, for the time he has actually served under such Hiring, notwithstanding he shall have failed, in consequence of such enlisting, in completing the full Term of Service agreed for under such Hiring; and the Magistrate shall give as Order and take such other Steps as shall be necessary to enforce the Payment of such Proportion within Four Days after the Amount shall have been declared by such Magistrate.

CXI. And

Masters in Scotland in which case are precluded from claiming Apprentices.
24 G. 3. c. 20. 43.

Notice of Apprentice enlisting under any contract to receive Part of Bounty Money.

As persons claimed by Masters called before Justice and committed.

Imprisonment

Justice is to examine upon Oath, and to keep Indenture to be produced on Trial.

Offenders tried at next Quarter Sessions.

And in Scotland by Judge Ordinary.

Justice to give Notice to Secretary at War, Dec. of Expiration of Imprisonment of Soldier.

No Person except Apprentice liable to be enrolled out of His Majesty's Service, for Breach of Contract; by which rule is to be taken notice of in this Act.

When a Soldier is
brought in order
to receive his
Pay, he shall
be paid in full.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Regiment or Company shall be relieved at any Station or Place beyond the Seas, in order to their Return to Great Britain or Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers thereto authorized by the Officers commanding in chief at such Station or Place respectively, to enlist as many of the Soldiers belonging to such Regiment or Company, returning to Great Britain or Ireland, as shall be willing, and who shall appear to be fit for Service, and to incorporate them in any Regiment or Company which shall be appointed to remain; and every Soldier so enlisted shall be and is hereby deemed to be discharged from the Regiment or Company in which he before served; and the Occasion of his quitting such former Corps shall be noted in the enlisting Certificate; and a Duplicate, or an attested Copy whereof, shall be delivered to such Soldier, to prevent him from being any ways molested upon Suspicion of his having deserted.

Particulars
shall be
made by His
Majesty's
order, in
writing, and
shall be
subject to
His Majesty's
order.

XXII. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the enlisting and enrolling of Soldiers desirous of re-enlisting, and others desirous of enlisting Abroad; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person duly authorized and appointed by His Majesty by any Warrant signed by the Secretary at War in that behalf, and not being a General Officer nor holding any Regimental Commission, to enlist and enroll out of Great Britain or Ireland any Soldiers desirous of enlisting, or re-enlisting into His Majesty's Service, and to send such Oaths as are directed and required to be administered in that behalf by Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom in relation to the enlisting or re-enlisting of Soldiers, and any Person so authorized and appointed shall have all such Powers and Authorities in that behalf as are given to any Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom in relation to the enlisting or re-enlisting of Soldiers, and shall for all such Purposes as aforesaid be deemed and taken to be Justices of the Peace, any Person so enlisted or re-enlisted shall be deemed and taken to be so enlisted or re-enlisted under the Provision of any Act in force in relation to enlisting of Soldiers, and to the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, in like manner in every respect, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Oath had been administered, and such Attestation had been made, and enlisting or re-enlisting taken place before a Justice of the Peace in the United Kingdom.

Soldiers
enlisted
shall be
paid in full
of their
Pay, and
shall be
subject to
His Majesty's
order.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Soldier enlisted to his Discharge under any Order or Regulations made by His Majesty, or upon the Expiration of any Period for which he shall have engaged to serve, shall, if then serving Abroad, be sent to Great Britain or Ireland free of Expence, and be entitled on his Return to, and have and receive Marching Money from the Place of his being landed to the Port or Place in which he shall have been originally enlisted, at the Rate per Day, and for retreating Soldiers on the March, reckoning Two Miles for each Day's March; and every Soldier so entitled to his Discharge, who shall be discharged at any Place in the United Kingdom, other than that in which he shall have been enlisted, shall be entitled to the like Marching Money, from the Place of his Discharge to the Place of his Attestation as aforesaid.

Persons
may
be
enlisted
under
this
Act.

XXIV. And Whereas several Soldiers, being duly enlisted, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise abiding themselves illegally from His Majesty's service; It is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Headborough or Tythingman of the Town or Place where any Person who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Defector shall be found, or if no such Constable, Headborough or Tythingman can be immediately met with, then for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service to apprehend, or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or any such Town or Place, who hath lawful Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall without Fee or Reward to himself or Clerk forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Goal of the County or Place where he shall be found, or the House of Correction, or other Public Prison in such Town or Place where such Defector shall be apprehended; or to the Sheriff, in such case such Defector shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; or to the Provost Marshal in such case such Defector shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent, and confined as Aforesaid thereof in the Prison preferred in the Schedule annexed to this Act, marked (N.); to the Secretary at War for the time being in London; or if the Defector be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Governors thereof, to the end that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law; and the Keeper of every Goal, House of Correction or Prison, in which such Defector shall at any time be confined, shall receive such Satisfaction for the Maintenance of such Defector during the time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations or shall from time to time be directed in that behalf; and the Keeper of every Goal, House of Correction or other Public Prison of the City, Town or Place, at or at which the Party or Person conveying such Defector shall take on the March, shall, and he is hereby required to receive and confine every such Defector, who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Not Commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be conveying such Defector under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended, to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace, or on which such Defector shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for the safe Custody of the said Defector, while the Party or Person conveying him shall take on the March; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Regulations
shall be
made by His
Majesty's
order, in
writing, and
shall be
subject to
His Majesty's
order.

XXV.

XXV. And,

CKV. And, for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to sue or apprehend such Delinquents from His Majesty's Service, be it further enacted, That such Justice of the Peace shall also file his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Money of the Parish or Township in Great Britain, where any Delinquent shall be so convicted, or as *relates* to the Collector or Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue in the District where any Delinquent shall be so committed, for paying out of the Land Tax Money or Revenue arised or to arise in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, into the Hands of such Person or Persons as shall apprehend or cause to be apprehended, any Delinquent from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every such Delinquent as shall be apprehended and committed; which Sum of Twenty Shillings shall be paid by such Collector or Collectors to whom such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Accounts.

CKVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Delinquent from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular or Militia Forces, or who, upon being apprehended for Delinquency or any other Offence, shall in the Presence of the Magistrate, exalt himself to be a Delinquent from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted, and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

CKVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Commissioned Officer shall break open any House to search for Delinquents without Warrant from a Justice of the Peace; and that every Commissioned Officer who shall without Warrant from One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace (which said Warrants the said Justice or Justices are hereby empowered to grant), forcibly enter into or break upon the Dwelling House or Out House of any Person whatsoever, under Pretence of searching for Delinquents, shall upon due Proof thereof forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CKVIII. And Whereas Soldiers absent from their Regiments or Furlough granted to them by their Commanding Officers, are sometimes prevented by Sickness or other unavoidable Cause from returning to their Duty before the Expiration of the time limited by such Furlough, and Doubts have arisen whether in such case the Extension of a Soldier's Furlough by a Justice of the Peace be sanctioned by legal Authority, and if effectual for preventing such Soldier from being apprehended upon Suspicion of having deserted his Regiment? Be it further enacted, That any Justifying Field Officer stationed on the Recruiting Service, or any Officer of the Rank of Captain, or of Superior Rank, or any Adjutant of Local Militia, stationed within the District, or in any case there be no such Officer as aforesaid within a convenient Distance, that any Justice of the Peace may, and be it hereby authorized to grant, in Writing under his Hand, an Extension of Furlough to any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier applying for the same on account of Sickness or other Cause, which shall on due Enquiry appear to render such Extension necessary; and that every Field Officer or Justice of the Peace, who shall grant to any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier an Extension of Furlough as aforesaid, shall immediately certify the same, with the Cause of his being so granted, to the Agent of the Regiment to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall belong; and that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier during the Period to which his Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, shall not be liable to be apprehended or otherwise molested on the Ground of his having deserted the Regiment to which he shall appear by his Furlough to belong, or of criminally absconding himself from the same: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to exempt any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, whose Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, from being proceeded against and punished according to the Provisions of this Act, should it thereafter appear that such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier had obtained the Extension of his Furlough by false Representations made to such Officer or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, or in applying for and obtaining the same had committed any Offence to the Prejudice of good Order and Military Discipline: Provided also, that no such Furlough shall be extended by any Justice of the Peace for any longer Period than One Month, unless with the Approbation of the General Officer commanding in the District where such Soldier shall be.

CKIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Extension of Furlough shall be granted as aforesaid in England and upon the Request of any such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier to whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace granting the same, or where the same shall be granted by any Field Officer as aforesaid, for any Justice of the Peace, upon the Production of a Certificate in Writing from such Officer, whereby he is hereby required to give, to make an Order in Writing, in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (O.), under his Hand, upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place, wherein such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier shall reside, requiring them to pay to such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier would amount to for the Period in which such Furlough shall be extended as aforesaid; such Justice of the Peace taking particular Care so that upon the Furlough in Words the Amount so directed by him to be paid, and the Periods from and to which the same has been ordered to be paid, both inclusive, corroborating the Statement of his Signature, and further specifying upon the Order to the Parish Officer the Date of the Furlough originally granted, and the Name of the Commanding Officer by whom signed; and the same to be authorized him to be paid accordingly, upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order, by any such Parish Officer out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor; and the same to be advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township or Place shall be situated, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person out of

Remedy for
taking of De-
linquents.

Person vol-
untarily surren-
dering himself
Delinquent, deemed
duly enlisted.

Officer search-
ing upon House
without War-
rant.

Fidelity.

When Officers
and Justices may
grant Extension of
Furlough to
Non Commis-
sioned Officer or
Soldier applying
for same, on
account of
sickness, &c.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Justice of Peace
granting Exten-
sion of Furlough,
or Field
Officer as afo-
resaid, to sub-
scribe Pay to
Soldiers.

Reimbursed by
Collector of
Excise.

such Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon Account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to entitle such Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgment and Outlawry, and to have an Execution thereupon, other than against the Body or Bodies of him or them so Effed as aforesaid; this Act, or any thing herein, or any former Law or Statute in the contrary notwithstanding.

CEKIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from the passing of this Act, no Soldier being arrested or confined for Debt in any Prison, Gaol or other Place, shall be entitled to any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Arrest or Confinement, until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong.

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Soldier who shall be taken Prisoner by the Enemy shall forfeit all Right and Claim to Pay during the Period of his remaining a Prisoner, and until he shall again return to His Majesty's Service: Provided always, that upon the Return of every Soldier to His Majesty's Service, due Enquiry shall be made as to the Conduct of such Soldier in relation to his being made Prisoner, and arising from the loss of his to remain a Prisoner, and before Return to Service, by some General or Regimental, or Garrison or other Court Martial which shall be constituted under any Articles of War made by His Majesty for the Purpose of investigating such cases, and every Soldier who shall prove to the Satisfaction of the Court by Oath of himself or others, or in such manner as such Court shall require, and which Oath every such Court is hereby authorized to administer, that he was fairly and unavoidably taken Prisoner in the Course of Service, without any wilful Neglect of Duty on his Part, and that he hath not forfeited with or under or in any manner aided or assisted the Enemy, and that he hath returned as soon as possible to His Majesty's Service, shall thereupon be entitled to receive, either the whole of any such Arrears of Pay, or a Proportion thereof, as shall be adjudged by any such Court: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, or if in *Ireland*, for the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence the Under Secretary for the Military Department, to order the Issue of such Arrears, or of any Hypocoten thereof, or of any such Pay, or of any Proportion thereof, as shall under all the circumstances appear to be proper, notwithstanding any such Forfeiture, and before any such Investigation, and from time to time to stop the Continuance of any such Issue of Pay, as the Case and Conduct of any such Soldier, in relation to his being Captured by the Enemy, and set returning to His Majesty's Service when enabled to do so, may require, and the Orders of the Secretary at War, or of such Chief or under Secretary for the Payment of any such Arrears or Pay, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for such Payment.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Comissaries, upon making up their Accounts, and also upon returning from any Foreign Service, shall take the Oath described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked [M.], which Oath, if taken in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall be taken before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and if taken on Foreign Service before the Officer commanding in Chief, or the Second in Command, or the Quarter Master or Deputy Quarter Master General, or any Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army to whom he shall be attached, who shall respectively have Power to administer the same.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Paymaster or other Commissioned Officer of His Majesty's Forces, or any Storekeeper, or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissaries Department, or in any manner in the Care or Distribution of any Money, Provisions, Forage or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, who shall embezzle, or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition or other Military Stores, to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court Martial; and it shall be lawful for each Court Martial to adjudge any such Paymaster or other Commissioned Officer, Storekeeper or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person, to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Pillory, Fine, Imprisonment, Disfranchisement from His Majesty's Service, and Incapacity of serving His Majesty in any Office Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, and every such Officer or Person shall in Addition to any other Punishment, make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damages sustained which shall have been ascertained by such Court Martial; and the Loss and Damages so ascertained as aforesaid may be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in any other Courts of Law having Jurisdiction, where any Person adjudged by a Court Martial to have incurred any such Penalties, or to make good any such Losses or Damages, shall be resident after the said Judgment shall be confirmed and made known; and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Non-Commissioned Officer who shall be credited at a General or Regimental Court Martial, of having embroiled or misapplied any Money with which he may have been entrusted, for the Payment of the Men under his Command, or for enlisting Men into His Majesty's Service, shall be reduced to serve in the Ranks as a Private Soldier, and be put under Stoppage until the Money be made good, and suffer such Corporal Punishment (not extending to Life or Limb) as the Court Martial shall think fit.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, no Paymaster General, or Paymaster of the Army, Paymaster of the Marine, Secretary at War, Comptroller, Mails Master, Paymaster of a Corps or Detachment, or any other Officer whatsoever, or their Under Officers, shall receive any Fees or make any Deductions whatsoever out of the Pay of any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army, or from their Agents, which shall grow due from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Confidential for
Euler, not to
renew. Eng.

Soldiers taken
Prisoners in the
first Day, included
an being ad-
judged by Court
to have been
living taken and
allied properly.
Secretary at
War may ob-
tain Pay &
allowance with
Consent of
Court.

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Commission
upon making up
decisions, or con-
ferring from
Foreign Bar, in
this Club.

Officers, Inc. are:
 Mervyn Storer,
 Inc. and by
 Court Island.

Phacelia serena,

Application of Paradoxes

New Carroll
County OH, on
encompassing Sel-
don's Page, Inc.
refused, etc.

Mr. Dymally.
Mr. to make
Declaration out
of Office of
Foreign Men's
Pan.

Receipts

other than the said Deductions allowed by His Majesty's Regulations; and such other necessary Deductions as shall from time to time be required to be made under any Act of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made or directed by His Majesty, under His Royal Sign Manual.

Tending way
also and Money
for the Clothing
every Six
Months.
Paymaster Gen-
eral to pay
Clothing Money
to Persons hav-
ing Allowances
Paymaster, &c.
Drawing On
Pay.

CXXX. And, for the Encouragement of the Sale and well clothing of the Troops, be it hereby further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, may, if he or they see convenient, at the End of every Six Months, after the Money due for the Clothing of the several Regiments, Troops and Companies: And the Paymaster General for the time being is hereby directed to notify the Receipt of the Money to the Secretary at War, who shall immediately grant him Warrants for the Payment of the proper Sum or Sums to such Persons or Persons only as have a regular Allowance, from the Colonel or Commandant or Person authorized by him to make such Allowance.

Penalty.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Paymaster, Agent or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop or Company, shall unlawfully detain or withhold, for the Space of One Month, the Pay of any Officer or Soldier (Clothes and all other just Allowances being deducted), after such Pay shall be by him or them received; or if any Officers having received their Soldiers' Pay, shall refuse to pay, each One Commanded Officer and Soldier their respective Pay, when it shall become due, according to the several Rates established by His Majesty's Orders, then upon Proof thereof before a Court Martial, as aforesaid, to be for that Purpose duly held and summoned, every such Paymaster, Agent, Clerk or Officer is offending, shall be discharged from his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Informer, upon Conviction before the said Court, One hundred Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid, and the Informer, if a Soldier (if he demands it), shall be and he is hereby discharged from any further Service; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Agents & Agents
by Order.

CXXXII. And, for enforcing a prompt Obedience of the Rules and Orders established, or to be established for the due Appropriation of the Public Funds applicable to Army Services, and that a true and regular Account may be kept and rendered by the Agents of the several Garrisons, Regiments and Independent Troops and Companies, the said Agents are hereby required and directed to observe such Orders and Directions as shall from time to time be given by His Majesty, under his Sign Manual, or by the Secretary at War for the time being, by His Majesty's Command, or by His Majesty's Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by the Lord Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and if any Person being or having been an Agent shall refuse or neglect to observe and comply with such Orders and Directions, in relation to his Duty as Agent, he shall, for the First Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt or Information, for the Use of His Majesty; and, if still an Agent, for the Second Offence be discharged from his Employment as Agent of the Garrison, Regiment, Battalion, Independent Troop or Company, in relation to which he shall have been guilty of such Offence, and be utterly disabled to have or hold such Employment thereafter; or if he shall have refused to be such Agent shall, for the Second and every succeeding Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds to be recovered as aforesaid.

First Offence.

Second Offence.

Succeeding Offences.

CXXXIII. And Whereas great Inconvenience has arisen to His Majesty's Service from Persons, not being authorized Agents of Regiments, Troops or Companies, negotiating for the Purchase, Sale and Exchange of Commissions in His Majesty's Forces, and much larger Sums than are allowed by His Majesty's Regulations are often given and received for Commissions, and great Frauds committed; be it therefore enacted, That every Person, not being an authorized Agent to some Regiment, Troop or Company of His Majesty's Forces, who shall negotiate to sell as Agent for and in relation to the Purchase, Sale or Exchange of any Commission in His Majesty's Forces, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and every Person, whether authorized or not, as Agent to some Regiment, Troop or Company, who shall take, accept or receive any Commission, Sum of Money or Reward, for any Negotiation relative to the Purchase, Sale or Exchange of any Commission in His Majesty's Forces, or who shall negotiate, bargain for or receive for his own Use or for the Use of any other Person or Persons any Sum of Money or other Consideration above the Amount of the Price allowed by His Majesty's Regulations for the Purchase, Sale or Exchange of any such Commission, or any Sum of Money or other Consideration, where no Price shall be allowed by His Majesty's Regulations, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and Triple the Value of such Sum of Money or other Consideration as he shall negotiate, bargain for or receive above the Amount of the Price allowed by His Majesty's Regulations for such Commission, in such cases where any Price shall be allowed by His Majesty's Regulations, or Triple the Value of the Sum or other Consideration negotiated, bargained for or received in such cases in which no Price shall be allowed by His Majesty's Regulations.

Persons selling
or buying Agents
without Author-
ity.
Penalty.

Penalty.

Paymaster, &c.
to account with
Executors.

CXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every present and future Paymaster, Agent or Clerk, of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop or Company, who is or shall be liable to account with any of the Executors and Administrators of every Officer or Soldier, for any of the Pay of such Officer or Soldier by him or them received, shall, on reasonable Demand made by such Executor or Administrator, deliver a just and true Account to any such Executor or Administrator of such Sum or Sums of Money as he or they shall have respectively received for such Officer or Soldier, and for which they ought to be account as aforesaid, such Executor or Administrator paying for the same, and shall account with such Executor or Administrator for the same; and that every such Paymaster, Agent or Clerk, of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop or Company, offending herein, shall forfeit the like Penalties, and to be recovered in like manner, as appointed by this Act, for such Colonels or Agents not giving due Accounts of or for the Pay of the said Officers or Soldiers, so and for such Officers and Soldiers themselves.

Comptroller.

CXXXV. And Whereas it may otherwise be doubted, whether the Officers and Persons serving in the Royal Artillery, and those hired to be employed in the Troops of Artillery, or the Officers serving in the Corps of Royal Engineers, or the Officers and Persons serving in the Corps of Royal Military Surveyors and Draftsmen, or the Corps of Royal Sappers and Miners, or the Master Gunners, and Gunners under the Ordinance, be within the Intest and Meaning of this Act; it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers and Persons serving and hired to be employed, or who shall serve and be hired to be employed in the Royal Artillery, and in the several Troops of Artillery, and all Officers serving or who shall serve in the Corps of Royal Engineers, and all Officers and Persons serving or who shall serve in the Corps of Royal Military Surveyors and Draftsmen, or in the Corps of Royal Sappers and Miners, and all Master Gunners, and Gunners who now are or shall be under the Ordinance, shall be at all times subject to all the Penalties and Punishments mentioned in this Act, and shall in all respects whatsoever, be held to be within the Intest and Meaning of every Part of this Act, during the Continuance of the same, and shall be quartered and billeted, together with the Horses employed for the Service of the said Corps, in the same Manner and under the same Penalties and Regulations as are directed by this Act to be observed in quartering and billeting the Officers, Soldiers and Horses, of His Majesty's other Forces; and all Jackkeepers and others on whom the Officers and Persons serving in the said Corps, and the Horses employed thereon, shall be legally quartered, refusing to receive and provide for them as is directed for the Officers, Soldiers and Horses in His Majesty's other Forces, shall be subject to the same Penalties as in the case of His Majesty's other Forces.

CXXXVI. And Whereas great Mischief and Inconvenience may arise if it should be doubted whether Troops in Pay, raised or serving in any of His Majesty's Provinces, Governments, Colonies or Dominions, or in Countries, Colonies or Places in Possession of or occupied by His Majesty's Subjects, or any Towns of His Majesty, are, while under the Command of any Officer having any Commission immediately from His Majesty, liable to the same Rules and Articles of War, and the same Penalties and Punishments, as His Majesty's other Forces are (subject to), To prevent such Mischief, and remove all Doubts, be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Officers and Soldiers of any Troops being enlisted and in Pay which have been or are or shall be raised or serving as aforesaid, shall at all Times and in all Places be liable to Martial Law and Discipline in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as His Majesty's other Forces are, and shall be subject to the same Trial, Penalties and Punishments.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall extend to all Sergeants and Non Commissioned Officers or Persons employed on the Recruiting Service, receiving any regular Pay in respect of such Service; and all such Sergeants and Non Commissioned Officers and Persons employed on the Recruiting Service, receiving any regular Pay in respect of such Service, shall be liable to Martial Law and Discipline, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty's other Forces, and be subject to the same Trial, Penalties and Punishments.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Negroes purchased by or on account of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and serving in any of His Majesty's Forces, shall be and be deemed and taken to be free, to all Intents and for all Purposes whatever, in like manner in every respect as if such Negroes had been born free in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions; and that such Negroes shall also to all Intents and Purposes whatever, be considered as Soldiers having voluntarily enlisted in His Majesty's Service.

CXXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, as to enlisting for any limited Periods of Service, or contained in any other Act as to any Rules or Regulations for the granting any Penalties or Allowances to any Soldiers discharged, after certain Periods of Service, shall extend or be deemed or construed in any manner to extend to any Negroes purchased by or on account of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and serving in any of His Majesty's Forces.

CXL. And Whereas the Officers and Soldiers of the said Troops, being taken Prisoners, are frequently sent over to Great Britain or Ireland in a very distressed Condition: And Whereas their Pay is not sufficient to provide them with necessary Lodgings and Accommodations: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That during the Continuance of this Act it shall be lawful for the Constables, and other Civil Magistrates, within England, Ireland, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers of such Troops in all such Houses as are liable by this Act to receive the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's other Forces, and the said Constables and other Civil Magistrates are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers of such Troops in the same Manner and under the same Regulations and Penalties, as are directed by this Act to be observed in quartering and billeting the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's other Forces; and all Persons on whom the Officers and Soldiers of the said Troops shall be legally quartered, refusing to receive and provide for them, as is directed for the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's other Forces, shall be subject to the same Penalties as in the case of His Majesty's other Forces.

CXLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be in any way construed to extend, to concern any of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Alderney, or the Islands thence belonging, excepting only in such case where, by any Act or Acts, for regulating any of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, the Provisions contained in this Act, or in any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, which shall be then in force, are extended and meant to take Place in respect to the Officers and Soldiers of the Militia Forces or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland; and also except so far as relates to the Mustering of the said Militia Forces, according to the Provisions hereinafter mentioned.

Officers, &c. of Troops of Artillery, &c. subject to Act.

Jackkeepers refusing to receive Soldiers.

Troops enlisted or serving in His Majesty's Provinces, &c. as in Commission with His Majesty's other Forces liable to Martial Law.

Men, &c. on Recruiting Service, and receiving regular Pay, subject to Provisions of Act.

Negroes purchased and serving in Forces mentioned.

Provisions respecting Negroes purchased by or on account of His Majesty.

Officers and Soldiers of such Troops sent over to G. B. or Ireland. How quartered and billeted.

All not to extend to Militia, &c. Soldiers there directed by Laws relating thereto.

European.

Militia and Fe-
sible Men when
in actual Ser-
vice regul-
manner, &c.

In what cases
Aid is re-
quired to Per-
jury, &c.

Perjury.

General Issues.

Treble Costs.

Edict brought in
Court of Re-
cord or Trial
Judge, or in
Dublin, or
Court of Session
in Scotland.

In Scotland
Aid is pre-
ferred in Court
of Session.
Treble Costs.

Habeas Corpus,
Arrestion, &c.
Perjury.

Officer re-
voked of his
commission,
&c.

In England,
Arrestion, &c.
of Soldiers
or Defectors,
&c.

Perjury
by the Oath,
or by the
Magistrate's
Oath.

CKLII. And, for the better maintaining the Number of effective Men of the Regiments of Militia, when embodied and in actual Service, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this Act, every Regiment or Corps of Militia and Fesible Men, when embodied and in actual Service, shall be regularly embodied by Commanders appointed for that Purpose, in the same manner and as often as the rest of the Army is usually embodied; and the Magistrates shall have the same Powers and Authorities, and both Officers and Men shall be subject to the same Regulations, Restrictions and Penalties as are imposed on the Officers and Soldiers of the rest of the Army by virtue of this Act.

CKLIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be confined to extend to the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Men, and the Islands thereto belonging, as to the Classes thereto for enlisting and paying, and to the Penalties for the Trial and Punishment of Officers and Soldiers who shall be charged with Mutiny or Desertion, or any other of the Offences which are by this Act declared to be punishable by the Sentence of a General, or Garrison, or Detachment, or Regimental Court Martial; and also to the Classes which relate to the Possession of Persons who shall conceal Defectors, or shall knowingly buy, exchange or otherwise receive any Arms, Clothes, Caps or other Furniture, belonging to the King, or any such Articles generally deemed Regimental Necessaries, from any Soldier or Defector, or who shall cause the Colours of such Classes to be changed.

CKLIV. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any case wherein an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

CKLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid (except in Scotland, as hereinafter provided), That if any Affidavit, Bill, Pleint or Suit, shall be brought against any Person or Persons for any A.D. Matter or Thing, to be asked or done in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons sued at aforesaid, to plead thereto the General Issue, that he or they are Not Guilty, and to give such Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury which shall try the Issue; which Special Matter being pleaded, had been a good and sufficient Matter in Law to have discharged the said Defendant, or Defendants of the Trespass or other Matter laid to him or their Charge: And if the Verdict shall pass with the said Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein become moriant, or suffer any Disfranchisement thereof; that in every such case, the Justice or Justices shall order Judge before whom the said Matter shall be tried, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, allow unto the Defendant or Defendants his or their Treble Costs; which he or they shall have followed by virtue of their wrongful Verdict in Defence of the said Action or Suit; for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like Remedy as in other cases where Costs by the Laws of this Realm are given to Defendants.

CKLVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bill, Pleint, Affidavit or Suit, against any Person or Persons, for any A.D. Matter or Thing, to be asked or done in pursuance of this Act, or against any Member or Members of a Court Martial, in respect of any Sentence of such Court, or of any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of such Sentence, shall be brought in some of the Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or the Court of Session in Scotland, and in no other Court whatsoever.

CKLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be raised or Complaint shall be preferred against any Person or Persons in Scotland, for any A.D. Matter or Thing to be asked or done in pursuance of this Act, such Action shall be raised and Complaint preferred to the Court of Session, and if such Court shall be so to adjudge the Defendant, or dismiss the Complaint, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to him or them by the said Court.

CKLVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal or assist any Defector from His Majesty's Service, knowing him to be such, the Person so offending shall suffer for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said Penalty of Twenty Pounds shall be levied, by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; One Moiety of the said Penalty to be paid to the Lieutenant, and the other Moiety to be paid to the Agent of the Regiment or Corps to which any such Defector did belong, and shall be credited by such Agent in his Public Accounts, and a Report of the Penalty being adjudged shall be made to the Secretary at War by the Justice of the Peace by whom the same shall have been imposed; and in case any such Offender who shall be convicted as aforesaid of harbouring, concealing or assisting any such Defector, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels wherewith the said Penalty may be made, in the Value of the Penalty awarded against him or her for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after such Conviction, then and in such case such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, commit such Offender to the Common Goal, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of Six Months: Provided also, that if any Person shall knowingly detain, buy or exchange or otherwise receive from any Soldier or Defector, or any other Person upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, any Arms, Clothes, Caps or other Furniture, belonging to the King, or any Money, Drink, Beer or other Provision, provided under any Regulations relating thereto, or any such Articles belonging to any Soldier or Defector, or are generally deemed Regimental Necessaries, according to the Customs of the Army, being provided for the Soldier, and paid for by Deductions out of his Pay, or cause the Colours of any such Clothes to be changed, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Person shall buy or receive any Oath, Hay, Straw or other Fodder, provided for the Use of any Horse or Horses belonging to His Majesty's Service, from any Dragoon or other Soldier knowing him to be such, or shall

more, procurer, enstaid, felon or evicer any Dragoon or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise dispose of any such Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage as aforesaid, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said respective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, One Moiety of the said last mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and One Moiety of the said last mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and the Residue of the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Agent of the Regiment or Corps to which any such Delinquent or Soldier did belong, who shall report the same to the Secretary at War and credit the same in his Public Accounts; and in case any such Offender who shall be convicted as aforesaid, of having knowingly received any Arms, Cloaths, Caps or other Furniture belonging to The King, or any such Mount, Drisk, Boot, or other Provision, or any such Articles generally denoted Regimental Necessaries, or of having caused the Colours of such Cloaths to be changed, or of having bought or received any Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage, provided for the Use of any Horse or Horses belonging to His Majesty's Service from any Dragoon, or other Soldier, knowing him to be such, or of having moved, procured, enstaid, selected or received any Dragoon or other Soldier knowing him to be such, to sell or otherwise dispose of any such Oats, Hay, Straw or other Forage as aforesaid, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels wherewith to satisfy the Value of the Penalties recovered against him or her for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties upon such Conviction, or give sufficient Security for Payment thereof within the Space of Three Days from such Conviction, then and in such case such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, order certain such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly or privately whipped at the Discretion of such Justice.

CXLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall as any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, directly or indirectly, persuade or procure any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender, be convicted as aforesaid, hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements to the Value of One hundred Pounds, to pay and satisfy the same, or if from the Circumstances and Merits of the Crime, it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Offender is not a sufficient Person for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any time not exceeding Twelve Months, without Bail or Mainprize, and also to send in the Policy for the Space of One Hour in some Market Town next adjoining to the Place where the Offence was committed in open Market there, or in the Market Town itself where the said Offence was committed.

CL. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties by this Act imposed, for persuading or procuring any Soldier to desert within that Part of Great Britain called England, may and shall be sued for and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and for such like Offences as shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Ireland, shall be sued for and be recoverable in His Majesty's Courts of Record in Ireland, and for such like Offences as shall be committed in Ireland, shall be sued for and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for any such like Offences as shall be committed in any other of the Dominions of His Majesty, shall and may be sued for and be recoverable in any Court of Record of His Majesty, in the Place where the Offence shall have been committed; and for such like Offences as shall have been committed within the Island of Guernsey, the same shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such Offences as shall be committed within the Island of Jersey, the same shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Jersey; any thing contained in an Act passed in the First Year of King George the First to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

CLI. And be it further enacted, That for each of the said Offences as shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isles of Alderney and Sark, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isle of Man, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for and be recoverable in any of the Courts of Record in the said Island, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

CLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Action shall be brought or Prosecution carried on by virtue of this Act, for the Penalties aforesaid, unless the same be commenced within Six Months after the Offence is committed.

CLIII. And in order to prevent all Doubts that may arise in relation to punishing Crimes and Offences committed against former Acts of Parliament made in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, or against any of the Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Crimes and Offences which have been committed against any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, or against any of the Articles of War made and established by virtue of the same, shall and may, during the Continuance of this Act, be enquired of, heard, tried and determined, adjudged and punished, before and by the like Courts, Persons, Powers, Authorities, Ways,

Penalty.

Women.

Instruments.

Perducing &c. done by desert.

Penalty.

Inquisition. Policy.

Manner of suing for Penalties against persons inducing Soldiers to desert.

2 G. 1. Stat. 6. c. 45.

Penalties to be sued where first.

Limitation of Actions.

Offences against former Mutiny Acts punishable by Act.

Ways, Means and Methods, as the like Crimes and Offences committed against this Act may be required of, heard, tried, determined, adjudged and punished: And every Warrant for holding any Court Martial under any former Act shall remain in full Force, notwithstanding the Expiration of such Act, and all Proceedings of any Court Martial, upon any Trial begun under the Authority of such former Act, shall not be discontinued by the Expiration of the same, but it shall be lawful to proceed to Judgment upon any such Trial, and to carry such Judgment into Execution in like manner as if the Proceedings had been commenced under the Authority of this Act.

Offences against former Acts committed Three Years before closing Warrants for Trial, &c.

CLIV. Provided always, That no Person shall be liable to be tried and punished for any Offence against any of the said Acts, or Articles of War, which shall appear to have been committed more than Three Years before the issuing of the Commission or Warrant for such Trial; unless the Person accused, by reason of his having absented himself, or of some other sufficient Impediment, shall not have been accessible to Justice within that Period; in which case such Person shall be liable to be tried at any time not exceeding Two Years after the Impediment shall have ceased.

CLV. And, for the more easy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it enacted, That in case any Person shall be convicted of any Offences by which they shall become liable to any of the Penalties Positive under this Act, the following shall be the Form of Conviction:

Form of Conviction.

Court of } BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ at _____ in the County aforesaid, A. B. came before me [or, us] One [or, Two] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said County, and informed me [or, us] upon Oath, that G. H. of _____ on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, at _____ in the said County, did [here set forth the Fact in the manner described in the Statute]; whereas the said G. H. after being duly summoned to answer the said Charge, appeared before me [or, us] the said Justice [or, Justices] on the _____ Day of _____ in the said County, and having heard the Charge contained in the said Information, declared that he was not guilty of the said Offence; but the same being fully proved upon the Oath of I. K. a credible Witness, it manifestly appears to me [or, us] the said Justice [or, Justices], that he the said G. H. is guilty of the said Offence charged upon him in the said Information. It is therefore considered and adjudged by me [or, us] the said Justice [or, Justices], that he the said G. H. be convicted; and I [or, we] do hereby counsel him of the Offence aforesaid; and I [or, we] do hereby declare and adjudge that the said G. H. hath forfeited the Sum of _____ for the Offence aforesaid, to be distributed as the Law directs, according to the Statute in that case made and provided.

¹ *Gives, et cetera.*

Continuation of Act.

CLVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and continue in force, within Great Britain, from the Twenty fourth Day of *June* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and shall be and continue in force within *Ireland*, and in *Jersey*, *Guernsey*, *Mann*, *Sark* and *Isle of Man*, and the Islands thereto belonging, from the First Day of *July* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the First Day of *April* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and shall be and continue in force within the *Garrisons of Gibraltar*, and in *Spain* and *Portugal*, from the Twenty fifth Day of *August* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of *May* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and shall be and continue in force in all other Parts of *Europe* where His Majesty's Forces may be serving, and in the *West India*, *and North America*, and *Cape of Good Hope*, from the Twenty fifth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and shall be and continue in force in all other Places from the Twenty fifth Day of *February* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Act altered, &c.

CLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

[*Notes of Subjunctive, French, page c. 154.*]

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM OF OATH.

I _____ do make Oath, That I am [or, have been, as the case may be] [New Occupation, if any, or State if none,] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [New County, Parish, Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia, or to any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Period of [This Oath is to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for Artillery, if the Person making it is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to said Seven, Ten or Twelve Years, as the case may be.] Years, provided His Majesty should find so long requisite my Service, and also for such further Term, not exceeding Six Months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any Foreign Station, and not exceeding Three Years, as shall be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty: Provided always, that in the latter case the said additional Period shall determine whenever His Majesty shall be at Peace, to be reckoned from the Ratification of any Definitive Treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the Expiration of the said [Seven, Ten or Twelve, as the case may be] Years.

SCHE.

SCHEDULE (B.)

FORM OF OATH.

I *do* make Oath, That I am, (or have been, *as the case may be*) [*State Occupation if any, or state if of none*] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [*State County, Parish, Place, &c.*] and that I am of the Age of _____ Years; that I do not belong to the Militia, or any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, until I shall be legally discharged.

SCHEDULE (C.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

I *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of _____ (or, Chief Magistrate of _____) do hereby certify that *C. D.* appearing to be _____ Years old, _____ Feet _____ Inches high, _____ Complexion, _____ Eyes, _____ Hair, came before me at _____ on the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____, and stated himself to be of the Age of _____ Years, and that he had no Baptism, and was not troubled with Fits, and was so ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness, or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice; and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Bounty of _____ to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the _____ Regiment of _____ and did engage to serve for the Period of [*That Oath to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person making it is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to such Years, Ten or Twelve Years, as the case may be*] Years, provided His Majesty should be long require his Service; and also for such further Period as His Majesty shall please to direct, not to exceed any such Three Years, and to determine whenever Six Months shall have elapsed of continued Peace subsequent to the Expiration of the Term of [*Seven, or Ten, or Twelve,*] Years. And I do hereby certify, That in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section of the First Article of the Ninth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ on being attested, and that I have given to the said *C. D.* a Duplicate of this Certificate, signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (D.)

FORM OF JUSTICE'S CERTIFICATE.

I *A. B.* One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of _____ (or, Chief Magistrate of _____) do hereby certify, That *C. D.* appearing to be _____ Years old, _____ Feet _____ Inches high, _____ Complexion, _____ Eyes, _____ Hair, came before me at _____ on the _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____, and stated himself to be of the Age of _____ Years, and that he had no Baptism, and was not troubled with Fits, and was so ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness, or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice, and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Bounty of _____ to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the _____ Regiment of _____ until he should be legally discharged: And I do hereby certify, That in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Ninth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath to the Effect above set forth, and that he received the Sum of _____ on being attested, and that I have given to the said *C. D.* a Duplicate of this Certificate, signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (E.)

Oath of Allegiance, 35° Geo. III. c. 109.

I *A. B.* being entitled to serve, either in His Majesty's Troops or in the Forces of the East India Company, according to His Majesty shall think fit, do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George, and that I will, as in my Duty bound, defend Him in His Person, Crown and Dignity, against all His Enemies; and that so long as I shall remain in His Majesty's Service, I will duly observe and obey His Majesty's Orders and the Orders of the Generals and Officers set over me by His Majesty; and that if His Majesty shall please to appoint me to serve in the Forces of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, then I swear that I will also be true to the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.

SCHE-

SCHEDULE (F.)

I do hereby certify, That One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of
 Inches high, Complexion, Eyes, Hair, came before me at Feet,
 on the Day of One thousand eight hundred and , and acknowledged
 that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Bounty of to serve either in His Majesty's
 Army or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majesty shall think fit to order. And
 I further certify, That, in my Presence, the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section and the First
 Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him;
 that he took the Oath of Allegiance prescribed by the Act of 33rd Geo. III. c. 309. to be taken instead of
 the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath above set forth; and that he
 received the Sum of on being attested.

SCHEDULE (G.)

I A. B. being enlisted to serve in the Infantry [or, Artillery, as the case may be] of the East India Company,
 do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George, and that I will, as in
 Duty bound, defend Him in His Person, Crown and Dignity, against all His Enemies; and I swear that I
 will also be true to the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders
 of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.

SCHEDULE (H.)

I A. B. do make Oath, That I am (or, have been, as the case may be) [State Occupation if any, or Place if of
 rank], and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [State County, Parish or Place, &c.]
 and that I am the Age of Years, and that I do not belong to the Militia or to any Regiment
 in His Majesty's Service, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve the United Company
 of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, until I shall be duly and legally discharged [or if the
 Recruit enlists for limited Service, then leave out the Words forced and, and insert] for the Period of Twelve
 Years [if the Person enlisting is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards, but if under Eighteen Years, then
 the Difference between his Age and Eighteen is to be added to such Twelve Years, as the case may be, and such
 Period is to be inferred instead of Twelve Years] provided the said United Company should so long require my
 Service.

SCHEDULE (I.)

I do hereby certify, That One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of [or, Chief Magistrate of]
 Inches high, Complexion, Eyes, Hair, came before me at Feet,
 Day of , and stated himself to be of the Age of Years, and that he had no
 Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was no ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise,
 but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice legally bound so as to prevent
 his enlisting, and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted himself for the Bounty of to serve
 the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and did engage to serve for the
 Period of [this Blank is to be filled up by the Magistrate either until discharged or for Years, as
 is in the preceding Form of Enlistment] and I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth
 Articles of the Second Section and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against
 Mutiny and Desertion, were read over to him, and he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Act of the
 Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he received the Sum of
 on being attested, and that I have given to the said a Duplicate of this
 Certificate, signed with my Name.

SCHEDULE (K.)

FORM OF MASTER'S OATH.

I do hereby certify, That One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of [or, Chief Magistrate of]
 do make Oath, That I am by Trade a , and that
 I was bound to serve as an Apprentice to me in the said Trade, by Indenture, dated the Day of
 for the Term of Years; and that the said did on or about the
 Day of abscond and quit my Service without my Consent, and that, to the best of my Knowledge
 and Belief, the said is aged about Years. Witness my Hand, at the Day
 of One thousand eight hundred and .
 Sworn before me at this
 Day of One thousand eight hundred and }
 and .

SCHE-

C A P. CIX.

An Act to enable the Sheriff Depute or Substitue and Justices of the Peace of the County of *Clackmannan*, to incarcerate Persons in the Gaol of the Royal Burgh of *Stirling*, or the Common Gaol of the County of *Stirling*.
[28th June 1815.]

Sheriff Depute
or Substitue or
Justice of Clack-
mannan may grant
Warrant for In-
carceration in
Gaol of Burgh
or County of
Stirling.

WHEREAS it is expedient that Persons against whom Warrants of Incarceration may be granted by the Sheriff Depute or Substitue or by Justices of the Peace of the County of *Clackmannan* in *Strathclyde*, should be incarcerated in the Gaol of the Royal Burgh of *Stirling*, or the Common Gaol of the County of *Stirling*? May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and so be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff Depute or Substitue, and any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County of *Clackmannan*, to grant Warrants for incarcerating in the Gaol of the Royal Burgh of *Stirling*, or the Common Gaol of the County of *Stirling*, any Person or Persons in the County of *Clackmannan*, that ought by Law to be incarcerated; and every Person and all Persons in the County of *Clackmannan*, against whom any Warrant of Incarceration shall be issued by the Sheriff Depute or Substitue, or by any Justice of the Peace of the said County of *Clackmannan*, shall and may be incarcerated in the Gaol of the Royal Burgh of *Stirling*, or the Common Gaol of the County of *Stirling*, and shall and may be detained there, and otherwise dealt with according to Law, in the same manner as such Person or Persons would be in the Common Gaol of the County of *Clackmannan*, if such County had a Common Gaol, or as such Person or Persons would be if incarcerated by Warrant of the Sheriff Depute or Substitue, or any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County of *Stirling*.

Common Gaol
of County or
Burgh the Com-
mon Gaol of
Clackmannan.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Gaol of the Royal Burgh of *Stirling*, or the Common Gaol of the County of *Stirling*, shall be the Common Gaol of the County of *Clackmannan*, until there shall be a Common Gaol in this last County; and all Prisoners at Arms and other Officers of the Law whatsoever shall and may and are hereby required to act in the Execution of any such Warrant, in such and the same manner as if the same had been granted by the Sheriff Depute or Substitue, or any Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County of *Stirling*.

Burgh and
County of Stirling
free of Ex-
pense.
Rogee Money.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Expense attending or consequent upon any such Incarceration, or any thing to be done in the Execution of this Act, shall be borne or defrayed by the Royal Burgh, or by the County of *Stirling*; but all such Expense shall be borne and defrayed by the County of *Clackmannan*, and shall be paid out of the Rogee Money of the said County of *Clackmannan*.

C A P. CX.

An Act for charging certain Duties on Sweets or Made Wines in *Ireland* in lieu of former Duties.

[28th June 1815.]

47 (L. 3) & C. 1.
& C. 11.
Sch. (A.) (B.)

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Excise payable in *Ireland* upon all Liquors called *Sweets or Made Wines*, made in *Ireland*, and also the Countervailing Duties on *Brandy Sweets* or *Made Wines* imported into *Ireland*, should be decreased, in as much to extend the Duties payable thereon as in *Great Britain*? Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Duties of Excise payable in *Ireland* on Sweets or Made Wines made in *Ireland*, and all Countervailing Duties payable on *Brandy Sweets* or *Made Wines* imported into *Ireland* under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, shall cease and determine; and that in lieu thereof there shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of such Sweets or Made Wines the several Sums of Money and Duties following; that is to say,

New Duties of
Excise.

For and upon every Barrel containing Thirty two Gallons of all Liquor called *Sweets or Made Wines*, made for Sale in *Ireland*, by Infusion, Fermentation or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit and Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials, an Excise Duty of Two Pounds Seven Shillings *Brandy Currency*, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the respective Makers thereof.

Countervailing
Duty.

For and upon every Barrel containing Thirty two Gallons of *Brandy Sweets* or other *Brandy Liquors*, made by Infusion, Fermentation or otherwise from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit and Sugar mixed with any other Material or Ingredients whatsoever, commonly called *Sweets*, or called or distinguished by the Name of *Made Wines*, imported into *Ireland* from *Great Britain*, a Countervailing Duty of Two Pounds Seven Shillings *Brandy Currency*.

Drawback al-
lowed on Ex-
portation.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, or elsewhere, of any *Brandy* or *Brandy-made Sweets* or *Made Wines*, which shall have paid the Duties by this Act imposed, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Two Pounds Seven Shillings for and upon every Barrel containing Thirty two Gallons in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Drawbacks now allowed by Law for the same.

Duty under
Management of

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty of Excise by this Act imposed on Sweets or Made Wines made for Sale in *Ireland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Ireland*.

and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid in such manner and under such Rules and Regulations as are enacted and contained in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting unto His Majesty the several Duties therein mentioned as Duties on Made Wines, Mead and Pilsner*; and for securing the Collection thereof; and as if all the Rules, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things, in the said recited Act contained, for securing the Collection of the Duty granted by the said Act, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act with respect to the Duty of Excise granted by this Act, except only so far as relates to the Duration of the Licences in the said Act mentioned, and which Licences shall be in force in the Fifth Day of January in each Year; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Countervailing Duty on *Brandy* and *Wine* imposed into Ireland by this Act granted, and the Drawback by this Act allowed, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, allowed, paid for and recovered in the same manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed, for the raising, collecting, buying, paying, managing and allowing of any Duties, Taxes or Drawbacks, in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts which may be in force in Ireland relating to the Revenue of Excise and Customs, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all intents and Purposes, as if the same Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures, were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said Acts or any of them it or shall be provided.

C A P. CXI.

An Act for the better collecting and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

[18th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations for the securing of the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, in so much of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act, as regulates or defines the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, for the Quantity of Spirits producible wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of any Still or Stills used by such Distiller, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that, from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Distiller in Ireland shall, for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days during which any Still or Stills in the Distillery of such Distiller shall continue or shall be possessed to continue working or shall be chargeable as working, under the Regulations or Provisions of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, be charged with and shall pay Duty for each respective Quantity of Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force, from the several Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, severally set forth in the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every such Still being of the several Contents in the said Table specified and contained, in lieu of the former Charges in respect of such Stills; and that every such Distiller shall, over and above such several Quantities respectively, be charged with and shall pay Duty, in respect of each and every such Still or Stills, for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the Rates in the said Acts specified, from all Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wines or Singlings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above such several Quantities respectively; and the Officer or Officers in Charge of the Distillery of such Distiller shall make a Return of the Quantities of such Spirits and of the Duties thereon accordingly, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whosoever any Distiller licensed to keep a Still or Stills under One licensed Gallon Contract, and exceeding One hundred Gallon Contract, shall advert in the Notice which he is bound by Law to give to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger, before he commences or recommences to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner Six Days before the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still shall be chargeable as working, that such Distiller purports to work any Still or Stills in his Possession during the next succeeding Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, with Turf only not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, such Distiller shall for every complete Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days during which any such Still or Stills shall be worked with no other Fuel than Turf not charred, be charged with and pay Duty for each Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates aforesaid) from Five casks of the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines to which such Still would otherwise be liable, and also with Duty for

as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the said Rates, from all Pot Ale, Wash, Haglings or Low Wines, which such Distiller shall actually distil within each Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity producible from such reduced Number of Charges of Haglings or Low Wines as aforesaid.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Still in the Possession of any Distiller, shall at any time during any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in which the Distiller shall have given Notice of working any such Still or Stills with Turf only, be worked with any Coal, Coke, Charred Turf, or other Fuel than Turf not charred, all and every Still and Stills in the Possession of such Distiller, not stripped down, taken down or displaced in manner directed and appointed in and by an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the Statute upon Spirits made or dissolved in Ireland from Cereals to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof*; to make further Regulations for the Encouragement of hampful Distillers; and for amending the Laws relating to the Distillery in Ireland; shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Haglings or Low Wines for the whole of the said Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller shall have given such Notice that he proposes to work any such Still or Stills in his Possession during any Period with Turf only not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller, having given such Notice, to have or keep within his Distillery or any Premises connected therewith, at any time during such Period, any Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred; and if, during any such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Turf not charred, shall be found within the Distillery of such Distiller, or within any Premises connected therewith, all such Coal or other Fuel shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Distiller, within whose Distillery or other Premises such Coal or other Fuel shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and such Distiller shall also be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Haglings or Low Wines for the said Period, for and in respect of every Still in his Distillery, which shall by Law be considered as working, without any Allowance whatsoever for or in respect of the Use of Turf therein, and as if every such Still had been worked with Coal during such Period.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much and such Parts of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Tonnage in Ireland*, whereby it is enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any Distiller in Ireland, within any Period of Four Weeks during which such Distiller shall work or shall be chargeable as working any Still or Stills, to charge any such Still or Stills with any greater Quantity of Low Wines or Haglings than such Distiller in or may be required to do within any such Period, by any Law in Force at the time when such Distiller shall be so working or chargeable as working any such Still or Stills, as to make or distil in any such Still or Stills any greater Quantity of Spirits than such Distiller is or may be by Law chargeable with in respect of the Number of Gallons Contained of such Still or Stills, and in respect of the Number of Charges of Haglings or Low Wines in such Still or Stills within such Period of Four Weeks; and also so much of the said recited Act whereby any Charge of Double Duty or Penalty is imposed on any Distiller for any such Excess; and also so much of the said recited Act, whereby Provision is made in case any such Excess of Spirits shall not be greater than the Quantities therein respectively mentioned; and also so much of the said recited Act, whereby Provision is made with respect to any Notice that any Distiller intends, within any Period of Four Weeks, to distil any greater Quantity of Haglings or Low Wines than such Distiller is or may be required to do by Law, and with respect to any Charge and Payment of Duty in consequence of such Notice, and whereby any Double Duty or Penalty is imposed on any Distiller in respect of any Charge of any Still contrary to such Notice, or in respect of any Quantity of Spirits distilled by such Distiller, or for which such Distiller may be chargeable, greater than the Quantity mentioned in such Notice, shall extend and be construed to extend to such Stills only, the Content whereof shall not exceed Two hundred Gallons; and that as to all Stills the Content whereof shall exceed Two hundred Gallons, the said Enactments and Provisions of the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's reign, shall be and be the same are hereby repealed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller intended to keep any Still, still, under the Provisions contained in an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, or of an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Distillation of Pot Still and other Spirits distilled in Ireland, to the Warehousing of Spirits, and to the securing the Duties of Excise on Spirits distilled, and on Pot Still and other Wines brewed in Ireland*, let up or erect any Still in the Place and Stead of any Still which such Distiller shall have been or shall be bound to keep, such Still so let up and erected, shall be of the like Dimensions, and upon the like Place, and of like Content to the Still in the Place or Stead of which it shall be so let up and erected; and that if any Still so let up and erected in the Place and Stead of any other Still, shall be of a Place or of Dimensions different from the Still in the Place or Stead of which it is let up and erected, or shall exceed by Four Gallons or more the Content of the Still in the Place or Stead of which it is let up and erected, such Still so let up and erected shall be forfeited, and may be seized; and the Distiller in whose Distillery any such Still shall be so let up and erected, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be permitted or allowed to be stored in Warehouses in Ireland, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable in Ireland thereon, unless such Spirits shall be of the full Strength of One

Working Notice
of working with
Turf only. Still
worked with
Coal, &c. full
Number of
Charges made.
20 G. 3. c. 13.
§ 46. 15.

Coal, &c. found
within Distillery
during Notice
for using Turf.

Forfeited.
Penalty.
Distiller charged
with full Num-
ber of Charges.

24 G. 2. c. 110.

§ 20.

§ 66.

§ 68.

repealed.

Stills set up in
a place other than
the place of the
Still to be replaced,
& erected in an
other place.
24 G. 3. c. 13.
§ 46. 15.
§ 12.

Penalty.

Spirits not made
in Ireland shall
be stored in any
Warehouse in
Ireland 15 per

to Four or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof; and if on the Removal of any such Spirits from any Stillery for the Purpose of being warehoused, or if on the Arrival or Receipt of any such Spirits at such Warehouse, any Deficiency shall be discovered or found by any Officer or Officers of Excise, in the Strength of such Spirits below such Strength of One to Four or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, then and in every such case such Spirits, together with the Cask or Vessel, or Package, containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise: Provided always, that no such Spirits, nor any Cask, Vessel or Package containing such Spirits, shall be forfeited for or by reason of any Deficiency of Strength of such Spirits not more than Three per Centum below the said Strength of One to Four or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof; any thing notwithstanding contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Spirits shall be sent or delivered out of the Stillery or Store of any Distiller (except such Spirits which shall be sent or delivered to any of His Majesty's Warehousemen or Stores, pursuant to the Provision of any Act or Acts in Force for the Warehouseing of Spirits), upon which all the Duties chargeable thereon shall not have been paid, or which shall not have been accompanied by a legal Permit granted by the proper Officer to such Distiller, every such Distiller, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and also a Sum equal to double the Duty which would be by Law chargeable on a Quantity of Spirits equal to the Quantity which shall have been so sent or delivered out, and whereas it shall appear that the full Duty had not been paid; and upon the Trial of any Information for any such Offence, the Proof that all the Duties on the Spirits sent or delivered out had been actually paid before such Spirits were sent out or delivered, or that the Spirits sent or delivered out were accompanied by such legal Permit as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be on the Distiller, and not on the Officer or Persons prosecuting such Information.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable by any Distiller shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are or shall be by Law due and payable, it shall be lawful for the Collector of the Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Distillate in which the Distillery of such Distiller shall be situate, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Collector or other Officer respectively, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distress all Spirits, and all Sells, Still Heads and Worms, and all Coppers and other Vessels and Utensils for distilling, and all Mash, Cern and other Materials for distilling in any such Distillery, or in any Store or Place therein belonging, or in the Ulls, Calldry or Stillage of any such Distiller, and also all or any Spirits which having been warehoused by any such Distiller in any of His Majesty's Warehousemen or Stores, shall be in any such Warehouse or Store (any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding), and to cause the same to be sold by Public Auction, giving ten Days previous Notice thereof; and if after Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Distiller, and also the Duties on such Part of the Spirits which shall have been warehoused and distressed and sold as aforesaid, together with the Costs and Expenses of such taking and distressing and sale, there shall be any Surplus of the Produce arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith tendered and paid to such Distiller or his Representative: Provided always, that when any Spirits shall be so taken and distressed, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller or his Representative, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Permits for removing all or any Part of such Spirits, upon paying to the Collector or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties to due and payable, the real Value of all such Spirits as shall be required to be removed; and the same may be removed accordingly, and a proper Permit or proper Permits shall on due Application be given for the same, in like manner as if no such Distress had been made.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon the Trial of any Information for Recovery of any Penalty by Law imposed on any Person in Ireland, who shall knowingly buy or receive, or permit or suffer to be bought or received, for his, her or their Use, any Spirits in any Quantity whatever, the said Duties chargeable whereon had not been paid, or any Spirits whatever in any Quantity requiring a Permit by Law, which shall not have been shall and legally permitted and attended with proper Permit to the Buyer and Receiver thereof, the Defendant or Defendants in such Information shall be compelled, unless due Proof shall be made by such Defendant or Defendants, that the full Duty on such Spirits had been duly paid, or that such Spirits were bought by or for such Defendant or Defendants, and received from a licensed Distiller or some Person lawfully to sell Spirits, or that the same were attended with proper Permit or Permits to such Defendant or Defendants; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Classes, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Modes of Recovery, provided, mentioned and contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, shall be applied and put in Practice in the Execution of the Acts, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the Classes, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said Acts, or any of them, had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, nor made applicable to the Provision herein contained, except so far as the same are repeated or altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts; and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as One Act so all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, inflicted by this Act, shall be paid and recovered in Briefs Return; and shall and may be sued for in a summary, levied and applied, except as herein otherwise is provided, in such Manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second,

Case, 400
Proof
Spirits below
of found under
Strength.

If Spirits sent
out of Stillery
except to dis-
tillate for Du-
ties, shall be
liable against
Person of
Distillery.
Penalty.

Duties payable.

Collectors im-
powered to dis-
tress for Du-
ties, &c. in
shops of Dis-
tillers or in Ware-
houses.

Sale by Auction.

Penalty.

Time Trial of
Information for
Penalty for buy-
ing, &c. such
Spirits, Defen-
dant to prove
payment of
Duty, or that
Spirits were re-
ceived from
licensed Distil-
ler and legally
permitted.
Clerks, &c. of
Taverns &c. to
be sworn by Col-
lector of Du-
ties, and to Aff.

Act construed
as one.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties as
before.

14 & 15 Car. 2.
(1) 215 & 216.
215.

Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Excise or new Ings upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Act of Rates therein inserted, or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intests, Constructions and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, is provided.*

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect on the Monday Week next after the passing thereof, provided that such Monday be the Commencement of some Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which any Still or Stills on which any Charge shall be made under this Act, shall be chargeable as working by Law: Provided also, that no Charge by this Act imposed shall take Effect with respect to any Still or Stills which shall be chargeable as working on such Monday Week next after the passing of this Act, until after the End of such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days' working of such Still or Stills as shall have commenced before such Monday Week next after the passing of this Act, and that this Act shall as to such Still or Stills commence and take Effect immediately after the End of such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days as aforesaid.

TABLE referred to by this Act.

Notices of Charges of Stagings or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits producible wherefrom any Distiller in Ireland shall be chargeable with Duty, within a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in respect of every Still of such Distiller being of the several Contents following: that is to say,

CONTENTS OF THE STILL.				Number of Charges.
5,000 Gallons and upwards	-	-	-	84
under 5,000 Gallons and not less than 2,750	-	-	-	85
- 2,750 -	2,500	-	-	86
- 2,500 -	2,250	-	-	92
- 2,250 -	2,000	-	-	96
- 2,000 -	1,750	-	-	99
- 1,750 -	1,500	-	-	103
- 1,500 -	1,250	-	-	109
- 1,250 -	1,000	-	-	117
- 1,000 -	750	-	-	130
- 750 -	500	-	-	144
- 500 -	400	-	-	155
- 400 -	300	-	-	165
- 300 -	200	-	-	177
under 200 and exceeding	100	-	-	230
Not exceeding 100 and exceeding	65	-	-	90
Not exceeding 65 and not less than	46	-	-	180

C A P. CXII.

An Act for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein.

(24th June 1815.)

*WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and to make perpetual so much of an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty as relates to Paper Manufactures, printed or bound in Ireland; and also an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and also so much of an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Revenue, Masters and Traders, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; as provides for the more easy Collection of the Duties payable by Paper Makers in Ireland, and as authorizes any Three Commissioners of Excise to make any Abatement of any Charge of Duty against any Paper Maker, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed, except so far as the said first recited Act repeals any Part of any Act relating to the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and also except so far as the said first recited Act makes perpetual an Act therein recited relating to the Duty on Paper Manufactures, printed, printed or bound in Ireland; save so much of the said last mentioned Act as may have been or shall be altered by any Act (a) of****

(a) [See ante, c. 112. 104. 111.]

the

the perfect Session of Parliament; and also fine and except so far as the said Acts of the Forty seventh, and Forty ninth, and Fifty fourth Years aforesaid, relate to the charging, receiving, levying and paying, any Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*, or any Arrears of such Duties, or any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating to the same, or for making or allowing any Abatement of such Duties which shall or may be incurred or become due on or before the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that all and every the Regulations and Provisions, Powers and Authorities contained in the said recited Acts or any of them, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, for the charging, receiving, levying and paying the said Duties, and Arrears thereof, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and for making or allowing any such Abatement as if this Act had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Paper (other than Brown Paper made of Old Ropes or Cordage only without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar, or any Part thereof, and without Mixture of any other Materials therewith, and not being Glazed Paper for Clothes or Hot-presses, or Sheathing Paper, or Butte Paper, or Butte Board, which shall be made in *Ireland*) shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the First Class within the Meaning of this Act, and of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for granting or clearing the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*; and that all Brown Paper made of Old Ropes or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar or any Part thereof, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, or made of such Old Ropes or Cordage mixed with such refuse Materials only as are not fit for making any Paper chargeable with a Duty exceeding One Penny per Pound Weight, shall be liable to the said Duty of One Penny per Pound; and all Butte Paper, or Butte Board, which shall be made in *Ireland*, shall be respectively denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Second Class within the Meaning of this Act and the said Acts; and that all Pallboard, Milboard and Sashboard, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Sheating or Sheathing Paper, and all Glazed Paper for Clothes and Hot-presses, to be made, shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Third Class within the Meaning of this Act and the said Acts; and that all Paper which shall be made in *Ireland* shall be classed and denominated accordingly; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, is law and valid of any Charge under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, on any Paper Maker in respect of each and every Engine and Vat or Wet Press kept or used by such Paper Maker, every Paper Maker in *Ireland* shall be and is in respect of each and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker for the making of Paper of any Sort or Kind whatever, or which shall be employed in preparing any Stuff for making Paper of any Sort or Kind whatever, be charged with and shall pay for each and every Calendar Month in the Proportion and at the Rate of Two Shillings *British* Currency, for each and every Cubic Foot of the computed Contents of each and every such Engine, taken according to the greatest Length, Depth and Breadth thereof without any Allowance or Deduction whatever, for or on account of any Peculiarity of Shape or Form of such Engine, or of any Machinery which shall or may be connected thereto or on any other account, and which said Rates or Sums shall be charged and chargeable and paid and payable, as and for the Duty according to the Weight of such Quantity of Paper, as may be produced from any such Engine within each such Month as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Duty chargeable by Weight on the Paper made by any Paper Maker within any such Month as aforesaid, shall in any case exceed the Rate or Sum hereby directed to be charged for any such Month in respect of each and every such Engine, then and in every such case, such Paper Maker shall be charged with and pay such Excess of Duty on the said Paper according to the Quality and Weight thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers in Charge of any Paper Mill, of any Paper Maker in *Ireland*, shall, within Ten Days after the Twenty fifth Day of the Month of September, October, November and December, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in like manner within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of every Month while any Engine or Engines of any Paper Maker shall be working or shall be chargeable as working, make a Return to the Collector of Excess or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Paper Mill shall be situate, of the Amount of the Monthly Rates or Sums hereby directed to be charged for the Month ending on such Days respectively, in respect of all and every Engine or Engines kept or used by such Paper Maker at any time in such and every such Month, and also of the Quantity, Quality and Weight of all Sorts of Paper, which shall have been weighed at such Mill by such Officer in the course of such Month, and of the Duty chargeable thereon by Weight, and every such Return shall be a Charge on the Paper Maker to the Amount of the Monthly Rate or Sum payable under this Act in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, and every such Paper Maker shall be deemed to have made within such Month such Quantity of Paper as shall be subject according to Weight to a Duty equal to the Amount of the Rate or Sum so charged, and every such Paper Maker shall pay the Sum so charged and received; and in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all Paper of every Class, Denomination and Kind, specified in such Return as weighed within such Month, shall exceed the Amount of the Rate or Sum payable in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, then the Return of the Officer shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker for the Amount of such Excess, over and above the Amount of the Rate or Sum chargeable in respect of such Engine or Engines as aforesaid, and such Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appertaining by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable within Fourteen Days after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made; and every such Paper Maker shall for every Default in Payment of any such Duty forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Sum so returned and charged; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every

Pa, or less
class-d.

Instead of pre-
sent, Index of
Charges, Paper
Maker shall pay
Monthly for
each Engine
used by him, at
the Rate of two,
for every Cubic
Foot of Con-
tents of Engines.

If Duty by
Weight exceed
Monthly Rate,
Excess charged.

Officer to make
Return of
Monthly Rates
and Weight
of Paper to Col-
lector to amount
thereon.

Excess of Duty
on reprinted
Works Charge
on Paper
Makers.

Debit on Pay-
ment of Duty.
Proviso.
Officer to
leave Copy of
Return.

Penalty.

Before License granted to Paper Maker or Mill deliver in to Office of District in Account of Mill, &c.

every such Paper Maker or at each Paper Mill, upon pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission in so doing.

VI. And be it further enacted, That before any License shall be granted to any Person or Persons in England to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper after the Commencement of this Act, every such Person or Persons requiring such License shall, before the same be granted, make out, sign and deliver to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which the Mill or Mills of such Person or Persons shall be situate, an Account in Writing to be entered and registered in the Office of Excise of such District, containing his, her or their Name or Names and Place or Places of Abode, and the Place where such Mill or Mills shall be situate, and specifying every Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place, by him, her or them respectively intended to be used in or for the making, drying or keeping of any Paper, or any Materials proper to be made into Paper, and the Situation thereof respectively, and also specifying the Number and Situation of all the Engines, and of all Vats, Wet Presses, Utensils and Vessels respectively by him, her or them used or intended to be used in or for making any Paper, and the Number of Cubic Feet in every such Engine computed as aforesaid; and in such written Account the Person making the same shall distinguish every such Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place, and every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, by separate Numbers relating to each in Alphabetical Permutation, beginning with Number One, and upon seven visible Part of every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, and upon the Drive of every such Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Room or other Place, shall paint or cause to be painted with Oil Colour in Black upon a White Ground, or White upon a Black Ground, and shall keep them so painted in a visible and legible manner the Number of such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, and of each such Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place respectively, in conformity with such Account; and that the Surveyor of Excise within whose Survey such Mill shall be situate, shall at the Bottom of every such Account, before the same shall be delivered to or received by the Collector or other Officer in Charge as aforesaid, certify such Account by signing his Name thereto, and thereupon the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties shall file or enter and register such Account in the Office of Excise of the District, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Registry, by giving a Copy thereof, signed by him, to the Party who delivered such Account, and before any such License shall be granted, at any time after the Commencement of this Act, such Certificate shall be produced to the Person empowered to grant such License.

Numbers painted on Door of Mill and on Utensils.

Account registered in Excise Office.

Se Day's Notice given to Excise Officer when Additional or Change made in Engines, &c.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall from time to time intend to keep or make use of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, Wet Press or Wet Presses, in Addition to or in the Stead or Place of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, or Wet Press or Wet Presses of which such Account as aforesaid shall have been delivered, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker to do so, upon giving Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Excise, and also to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Mill of such Paper Maker, and upon an Account being made out, signed and delivered in manner aforesaid, and registered as aforesaid, and specifying the Number of Cubic Feet contained in any such Engine, and also all such other Particulars as are required as aforesaid, Six Days at the least before such Paper Maker shall make use of any such Engine, Vat or Wet Press, and such Paper Maker shall in such Notice and Account respectively hereby required to be given of such other Engine, Vat or Wet Press, except that the same is or are an additional Engine, Vat or Wet Press is or are intended to be kept or used in the Place or Stead of a former Engine, Vat or Wet Press, and such Engine, Vat or Wet Press shall be numbered in manner before directed.

+ 2c.

Making Paper before License, or making to give Numbers in Mills, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make any Paper of any Sort or Kind whatever, or shall make use of any Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place, or any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel for the making, drying or keeping of any Paper whatever, before such Person shall have made out, signed and delivered such Account as aforesaid, or without being duly licensed according to Law, or shall omit to paint or cause to be painted in manner before directed, or to keep painted in a visible and legible manner upon each such Mill, Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place respectively, the Number thereof respectively, in conformity with such Account, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and that all Paper of any Sort or Kind whatever, which shall be found in any Mill, Workhouse, Warehouse, Storehouse or other Place, and for which a License in force shall not have been duly granted, or of which such Account shall not have been made out, signed and delivered as is by this Act required, shall be forfeited and may be found by any Officer of Excise in England; and that if any Person requiring such License as aforesaid shall omit to make out, sign and deliver such Account as is by this Act directed, or the Number of Cubic Feet in each and every Engine, or shall make or deliver any false Account of the Engines, Vats, Wet Presses, Utensils and Vessels, or of the Cubic Feet in any Engine, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with each and every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel whereof any such Account or any false Account shall have been made.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Six Days' Notice given to Officer before recommencing to make and sell any work Engines.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall, before commencing to work any Engine, at any time after the Commencement of this Act, or at any time within any Year for which such Paper Maker shall be licensed to use any Mill for the making of Paper, and in like manner before recommencing to work any Engine after any Discontinuance in such Year as hereinafter provided, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of the Duties and Taxes in England, and to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of the Mill of such Paper Maker, distinguishing each such Engine by the Number and Description thereof, as the same is described in the Account by this Act required to be made out by such Paper Maker, and setting forth the Day and Hour when such Paper Maker intends to commence or recommence to work any Engine; and any such

Paper Maker who shall make any Paper, or shall have any Staff or Materials in Proofs for making the same into Paper, without having given such respective Notice in manner by this Act directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and on other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice of Commencement or Re-Commencement to work any Engine which shall be given after the Commencement of this Act and previous to the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, than the Twenty fifth Days of the Month of *April, September, October or November*, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and on Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice which shall be given after the Twenty fifth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen after than the Sixth Day of some Month in the Year for which such Paper Maker shall be licensed to use any Mill for the making of Paper, and as Paper Maker shall, after the Commencement of this Act, commence or recommence working, except on such Days and Times respectively.

X. Provided always, and he it enacted, That the Period between the Twenty fifth Day of November in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be deemed and taken to be a Calendar Month, within the Meaning and for all the Purposes of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Engine from the Day mentioned in any Notice for commencing or recommencing to work, shall be performed to be kept regularly at Work from that Day until the End of the Year for which the Paper Maker shall be licensed, and shall be chargeable, and charged accordingly, unless the working of any such Engine shall be discontinued in manner hereinafter mentioned; this is to say, if any such Paper Maker shall, at any time between the Fifth Day of May and the Fifth Day of November in any Year for which such Paper Maker shall be licensed, be desirous of discontinuing the working or using any Engine or Engines in his or her Paper Mill, or any One or more Month or Months ending on the Fifth Day of the Months of *June, July, August, September, October or November* respectively, in any Year, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker to do so, provided that such Paper Maker shall give Notice in Writing of such Intention to discontinue such working to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Paper Mill is Situated, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in Charge of such Paper Mill, Six Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned therein for discontinuing the same as herein provided, distinguishing each such Engine by the Number and Dimensions thereof respectively, as the same shall have been or ought to have been set forth in the Account required to be made out by such Paper Maker under this Act, and specifying the Hour of the Day at which such working is so intended to be discontinued: Provided always, that no other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice for such Discontinuance, except only the Fifth Days of the Months of *May, June, July, August, September or October* respectively; and that the Hour of the Day specified in such Notice shall be some Hour before Twelve of the Clock at Noon on such Day, and at the Day and Hour specified in such Notice the Officer in Charge of such Paper Mill shall attend and see that such Engine is no longer at work, and the Officer in Charge of the Paper Mill shall not charge the Paper Maker with any Duty in respect of such Engine if discontinued as aforesaid, for any Month between the said Fifth Day of May and the Fifth Day of November, in which the working of such Engine shall be discontinued in manner aforesaid; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That at the time specified in any such Notice of Discontinuance it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise in Charge of such Mill, and he is hereby required to follow and lock each and every Engine, the working of which shall be intended to be discontinued, in such manner as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, shall direct and appoint; and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, from time to time to make and issue such Orders and Directions as they shall think expedient to the several Paper Makers and Officers for the following or locking of any Engine, and all and every such Orders and Directions shall be complied with and obeyed by every such Paper Maker and Officer; and if any Paper Maker shall refuse or neglect to comply with or obey any such Orders or Directions which shall be made and issued, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall be prevented by any Person at such Mill from following and locking any Engine, the working of which shall be so intended to be discontinued, or in consequence of such Mill being locked and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officer, or if any such Engine shall in any Event not be followed or locked in manner aforesaid, or if at any time subsequent to the time any such Engine shall have been followed or locked, or by any of the Purposes of this Act ought to have been followed or locked, any such Engine shall be found not followed or locked pursuant to the Directions of this Act, or if any Roller, Plate, Lighter or Bed-Steel shall be found in any such Engine, unless due Notice shall have been given pursuant to the Directions of this Act, of the Intention again to work such Engine, every such Paper Maker shall, in each and every the respective case and cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Paper Maker shall discontinue the working of any Engine, such Paper Maker shall, before the time specified in any Notice for discontinuing the working of the same, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed, clear out of each and every such Engine, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Bed-Steels belonging to such Engine, and shall within Six Days thereafter following send or convey such Roller, Plate, Lighter and Bed-Steel, to the Excise Office of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situate, there to be kept until the same shall be returned to the Proprietor thereof, on his or her giving Notice pursuant to this Act of his or her Intention to work such Engine; and if any Paper Maker shall not before the time which shall be so specified in

Penalty.

Periods of given Notice of Commencement or Re-Commencement.

Period between Dec. 25 and Jan. 1, 1816, deemed Calendar Month.

After Notice for commencing Engines given, Engines to be kept at Work till Notice given of Discontinuance.

Period and Manner of giving Notice of discontinuing work.

Penalty.

Offences when Engines are Made Use of Discontinuance.

Paper Makers not complying. Penalty.

Obtaining Office from a Person Employed at Working Engines not Licensed, &c.

Penalty.

Roller, &c. of Engine removed as Notice being given to discontinue working.

Enslay.

Working Engine
after some time
used in making
of Discount-
mances.
Finally.

Finally.

Fallowings
provided by
Paper Maker

Finally.

Paper Maker
intending to re-
commence work-
ing to give No-
tice in manner
herein directed.

Engine discon-
tinued working
within certain
Period, Officer to
make Return of
Duty for
Months of
December and
January, so if
they had been at
work.

† Do.

Finally.

Paper Maker
not intending to
Paper one Bundle
and put
there into any
Cover or
Wrapper.

Finally.

§ 5 Do. & (4-1)

§ 10.

Admiral's Marks,
Cable and Data
of sailing, &c.

any such Notice dispense and remove, or cause to be dispensed and removed in manner aforesaid, every such Kettle, Plate, Lighner and Restler, or shall not feed or convey the same to the Excise Office as aforesaid within the time aforesaid, every such Paper Maker shall, for such Default or Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if at any time subsequent to the Day and Hour mentioned in any such Notice of Discontinuance, the Engine, or the discontinuance of the working of which such Notice shall have been given, shall be worked or used in any manner whatsoever in the Process of making of Paper (unless under a Notice of Recommencement of working in manner hereinafter mentioned), the Paper Maker in whose Mill the same shall be so worked or used, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with all such Sums of Money and Charges as he would have been liable to have been charged with under this Act, in case no such Notice of Discontinuance had been given as manner aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise whatever, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of any Month in which it shall have been or shall be discovered that such Engine was worked or used contrary thereto, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties on which such Mill shall be situate, of all such Sum or Sums of Money as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with for the Period or Periods from the time mentioned in the Notice of the discontinuance of the working of such Engine to such Fifth Day of the Month in which it shall have been discovered that such Engine was so worked or used, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable within Fourteen Days next after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Duty so returned and charged.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall from time to time provide such Fastenings or Locks and Keys to each and every Engine in his or her Mill, and shall keep the same in good and sufficient Order in such Manner as shall be approved of by the Surveyor of Excise in charge of such Mill, or shall pay for such Fastenings, Locks and Keys as shall be provided by such Surveyor; and if any such Paper Maker shall neglect to provide, repair or pay for such Fastenings, Locks and Keys within such time as shall be required by such Surveyor, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker who shall have discontinued the working of any Engine in manner aforesaid shall intend to set at work again any such Engine so discontinued, such Paper Maker shall deliver a Notice in Writing of such his Intention to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties, and to the Officers in Charge of the Paper Mill of such Paper Maker, Six Days at least before the Day on which such Paper Maker shall intend to recommence the working or using such Engine, distinguishing the same by the Number and Dimensions as set forth in the Account by this Act directed and required to be made out and delivered by such Paper Maker, and specifying the Day and Hour on which such Paper Maker intends to recommence the working or using any such Engine, which Day shall be the sixth Day of some Month in the Year, and such Officer shall attend on such Day and Time, and open the Locks and Fastenings of such Engine accordingly, and shall charge such Paper Maker in respect of each such Engine from the Day mentioned in such Notice for the Re-commencement of the working of such Engine in manner aforesaid.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Paper Maker, who shall have discontinued the working of all or any Engines or Engine in the Mill of such Paper Maker in manner authorized by this Act, shall not give Notice for the Re-commencement of the working of any and every Engine, the working of which shall have been so discontinued, so that any and every Engine shall be at work on and from the Sixth Day of November in every Year, until and upon the Fifth Day of January following, it shall and may be lawful for the Officer of Excise in charge of such Paper Mill, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of December and the Fifth Day of January next ensuing such Sixth Day of November, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Mill shall be situate, of all such Sums or Sums of Money, and Duty, as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with under this Act for the respective Months ending on the said Fifth Day of December and Fifth Day of January respectively in respect of each and every such Engine, if + any and every such Engine were or had been actually at work, and as if any and every such Engine had been so actually at work; and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker, who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable, within Fourteen Days after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Duty so returned and charged.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Maker of Paper to make up any Paper or any Quire of Paper into any Bundle or Bundles, or to inclose or tie up any Bundle of Paper in any Cover or Wrapper; and if any Maker of Paper shall make up any Paper or any Quire of Paper into any Bundle or Bundles, or shall inclose or tie up any Bundle of Paper in any Cover or Wrapper, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and it shall not be lawful for the Officer to stamp or mark any Cover or Wrapper containing any Bundle of Paper; any thing in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to favour the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds thereon, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.*

XX. And be it further enacted, That on every Cover or Wrapper, in which any Ream of Paper of the First Class, or of Paper of the Second Class, shall be inclosed before any such Paper shall be brought or produced to any Officer of Excise to be weighed, there shall be marked, written or printed by the Maker thereof,

or by his or her Servant, in large and legible Characters, and in Words at length, the Name and Residence of such Paper Maker, and the Words "First Clift," or "Second Clift," designating the Clifts of Paper inclosed in such Cover or Wrapper, and according to which the Duty in respect of the same is chargeable; and upon every such Cover or Wrapper shall also be written the Day of the Month and Year, denoting the Month and Year in which such Paper shall have been made, and after each D is there shall be written in Figures the true Number of such Reams of Paper according to the Numbers of such Reams of Paper of each such Clift made by the Maker thereof at the Mill in which the same shall be made during such Month, such Number to be in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One, according to the Number of Reams of Paper of each Clift made at such Mill in such Month; and that on each Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, there shall in like manner, before the same shall be produced or brought to the Officer to be weighed, be marked, written or printed, in large and legible Characters and in Words at length, the Name and Surname of such Maker, and the Description of such Parcel, and whether such Parcel is Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, and the Number of Sheets in each such Parcel with the Date of the Month and Year, and after each Date there shall be written in Figures the true Number of such Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according to the Numbers of such Parcels of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, made by such Maker at such Mill during such Month as aforesaid, such Number to be in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One, according to the Number of Parcels of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, made at such Mill in such Month; and if any Maker of Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall neglect to mark the said Parcels or Reams or Parcels in manner herein directed, or to cause the same to be numbered and marked as aforesaid, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, made in the Mill or Manufactory of any Paper Maker in Ireland, shall be produced and brought to the Officer in charge of such Mill or Manufactory to be weighed and charged with Duty, and shall be weighed and charged with Duty accordingly, within Four Days after such Paper or Palsboard shall have been inclosed in Wrappers or tied up in Parcels as directed by Law; and that if any Paper or Palsboard shall be found in any Mill or Manufactory of any Paper Maker which shall have been inclosed in Wrappers or tied up in Parcels for any longer Space of time than Four Days, and shall not have been weighed and charged with Duty, and referred by the Officer accordingly, all such Paper and Palsboard shall be forfeited and may be seized; and the Paper Maker in whose Mill or Manufactory the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in the Paper Mill of every Paper Maker there shall be safely kept such Minute Books as shall be from time to time delivered to such Paper Maker by the Officer in Charge of such Mill, to which Books such Paper Maker shall from time to time make or cause to be made true Entries of the Number of Engines, Vats and Wet Presses in such Mill, and the time when the same shall be at work or discontinued, as also of the Clifts, Descriptions, Kind and Quantity of all Paper and Palsboard, from time to time made by such Paper Maker at such Mill, and when the same shall be put up in Reams or Parcels to be weighed, and when the same shall be weighed and the Weight, Clifts, Descriptions and Kind thereof, and the Duty chargeable thereon, and of the Days and Times when any Paper shall be sent out of any Mill, and in what Parcels, and to whom and for what Purpose, which Minute Books shall be kept in such manner and according to such Form as shall be from time to time ordered and directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, and shall contain all the Matters and Things aforesaid, and also all such Matters and Things as shall from time to time be directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to be entered in the same; and in case any Paper Maker to whom the said Book shall be tendered by any Officer shall refuse to receive the same, or having received the same shall refuse to make or cause to be made such Entries therein, from time to time as are required by this Act, or shall be directed to be entered therein by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or shall wilfully tear, deface, obliterate or alter such Book or any Entry therein, or shall cause or procure or suffer the same to be torn, defaced, obliterated or altered, or shall make or cause to be made any false or untrue Entry therein, every such Paper Maker shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Paper Maker shall constantly keep or cause to be kept every such Minute Book in the Mill of such Paper Maker, for the Inspection and Examination of every Officer of Excise, and the same shall be delivered to the Collector of the District in manner hereinafter mentioned; and if on Demand of any Officer of Excise at such Mill, such Book shall not be produced to such Officer, or if such Officer shall not be permitted to inspect and examine the same, or shall be hindered or prevented by any Person from inspecting and examining the same, such Paper Maker shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker who shall be furnished with such Book shall, on every Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July, Fifth Day of October and Fifth Day of January, or within Ten Days after each of the said Days respectively, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Collector or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situated, all and every Book and Books used in the Mill of such Paper Maker, in the preceding Quarter of a Year, with

put on every Cover or Wrapper before Paper weighed.

Forfeited, to be seized.

Penalty. Paper, &c. weighed and charged with Duty within Four Days after being tied up.

Penalty. Minute Book kept at Mill, as with Entries of Engines, &c. in-ferred, Quantity of Paper made when weighed and sent out, and other Particulars.

Penalty.

Minute Book open for Inspection of Paper Maker.

Penalty.

Minute Book open for Inspection in Collection of District.

Fifty.

Paper Maker is
to make an Entry
at Exche Office
monthly, of
Paper made by
him, giving Particulars herein
mentioned.

Fifty.

§ 5. O. 1. (1)

6. 25.

40. U. 2. (4)

6. 26.

Glazing
Officers in
taking Account
of Engines, &c.

Fifty.

Paper not re-
mained without
Permit.

Permit to con-
tain certain
Particulars.

Court provided.

every Entry therein, legible and undelivered, or in Default thereof shall, for every Neglect, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall Monthly, that is to say, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of every Month, make a true Entry at the Exche Office of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situate, of all Paper, Postboard, Millboard, Sealboard, Glazed Paper, Shouting or Shouting Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, made by or for the Account of such Paper Maker, into Quires or Reams, within the Month, ending on such Fifth Day respectively, which Entry shall contain the true Classes of all such Paper according to the Three Classes in this Act mentioned, denominated and described, and the Number of Reams of Paper, and the Real Weights thereof of each Class, and also the real Number of Parcels, and the Quantity and Weight of all such Postboard, Millboard, Sealboard, Glazed Paper, Shouting or Shouting Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, for or in respect whereof any Duty of Excise is or shall be by Law imposed, and every such Paper Maker shall, in every such Entry, state and set forth this or Paper was first or delivered out of the Mill of such Paper Maker, within such Month, which had not been duly weighed and charged with Duty by the proper Officer in charge of such Mill, and every such Entry shall be verified by the Clerk of such Paper Maker, or his or her Chief Clerk or Workman to be made before the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, or any Surveyor of Excise of such District, or by any Person authorized by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, to administer Oaths in Revenue Matters, and which Oath every such Collector or other Officer aforesaid, Surveyor or other Person is hereby authorized and empowered to administer, and every such Paper Maker for every Neglect or Default of making such Entry verified upon Oath as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and every such Entry shall be in law and instead of the Entry which any Paper Maker is or may be required to make every Six Weeks or every Month, under the Provision of the said second Act made in Ireland in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, or of an Act made in Ireland in the Fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, for amending and continuing the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise at any time in the Day next to every into any Mill of any Paper Maker, and to examine and take an Account of each and every Engine, Vat and Wet Press in such Mill; and if any Paper Maker or his or her Servant shall not, on Demand made by any Officer of Excise at such Mill, or at the Dwelling House of such Paper Maker, admit such Officer and Officers into such Mill, or shall not permit such Officers and Officers to view, examine and take an Account of all and every such Engines, Vats and Wet Presses as aforesaid, or if any Paper Maker shall not, on the Demand of any Officer of Excise, clear or cause to be cleared all Staff and Materials out of each and every Engine which such Officer may require so to be cleared in order to enable him to measure the same, every such Paper Maker shall, for every such Neglect or Refusal by him or her, or his or her Servant, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Paper Maker to send or deliver any Ream of Paper or any Parcel of Postboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shouting or Shouting Paper, or Button Paper or Button Board, out of the Mill or Manufactory of such Paper Maker, to any Paper Stainer, or to any Stationer or Dealer in Paper, without a Permit for the Removal thereof, signed by the Officer in Charge of such Mill or Manufactory; and that every such Permit shall be written or printed in plain legible Characters, and shall contain such Particulars as shall from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, and also the several following Particulars; that is to say, the Date and Number of such Permit, and the District from whence issued, and the Place to which such Paper or Postboard as before described therein mentioned are intended to be carried, and shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, Quality and Denomination of Paper, Postboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shouting or Shouting Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, so intended to be conveyed under such Permit, and shall likewise contain the real Names and Surnames, and Place of Abode, and the Situation of the Mill or Manufactory of the Paper Maker sending such Paper or Postboard as before described, and the real Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Paper Stainer, Stationer or Dealer in Paper, to whom such Paper or Postboard as aforesaid is intended to be sent, and also the Place to which such Paper or Postboard as aforesaid shall be intended to be sent; and in every such Permit shall be expressed and set forth the Date of the Month and Year when such Paper or Postboard was weighed and charged with Duty by the Officer; and if any Ream of Paper or Parcel of Postboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shouting or Shouting Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be conveying or carrying, or carried or conveyed from the Mill or Manufactory of any Paper Maker, to any Paper Stainer, Stationer or Dealer in Paper, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, unless the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Possession the same shall be, shall, on Demand made by any Officer of Excise, produce a Permit under the Hand of the proper Officer of Excise, authorizing the Removal of such Paper or Postboard respectively; and upon the Trial of any Information for the Forfeiture of any such Paper or Postboard respectively, which shall be found conveying or conveyed, without such Permit as aforesaid, the Proof of the Perfor from and to whom, and the Place from and to which such Paper or Postboard as aforesaid shall be conveying or conveyed, shall be upon the Claimant or Claimants, and not on the Officer or Person producing such Information; and in case any false Name or Names, or the Name of any Person from or to whom such Paper or Postboard as aforesaid mentioned in any Permit shall not be intended to be sent, shall be inserted in any Permit or Permits, or in case such Paper or Postboard as aforesaid shall be delivered from or to any other Person, or from or to any other Place than from or to the Person or from and to the Place mentioned in the Permit,

Permit, such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid mentioned in such Permit shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and in every such Permit shall be likewise mentioned some reasonable limited time for such Permit being in force for the Conveyance of the Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid therein mentioned from one Place to another, and after the Expiration of such limited time, such Permit shall not be in force for protecting the Conveyance of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid, and the same shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and every such Permit in which there shall be any Erratum, Interlineation or Alteration, shall be null and void, and the Paper or Palletboard conveying or conveyed for the Protection of which any sealed, unsealed or altered Permit shall be produced, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and no such Permit shall be granted by any Officer, unless a Request Note or Requisition in Writing, duly stamped according to Law, shall have been delivered by or on behalf of the Party requesting such Permit; and every such Request Note or Requisition shall contain the Name and Residence of the Paper Maker, and Situation of the Mill or Manufactory of the Paper Maker sending such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid, and the Name and Residence of the Person to whom intended to be sent, and specifying whether such Person is a Paper Seller, Paper Stationer or Dealer in Paper, and also the Place to which such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid is intended to be sent; and such Requisition or Request Note shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, Quantity and Description of such Paper, Palletboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Batton Paper or Batton Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, and the Date of the Month and Year the same was respectively weighed and charged with Duty.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Carriage of any Paper, Palletboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Batton Paper or Batton Board, shall by means of any Accident be prevented from being performed within the time limited by the Permit, and that fully proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, or any Three Sub-Commissioners of Excise in their respective Districts, the Permit shall continue and be in force for the Carriage of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid to the Place of their Destination, for such time only and no longer as was lost or delayed by such Accident.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That on Oath made by the Carrier or Person in whose Possession any Paper, Palletboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Batton Paper or Batton Board, for which a Permit shall have been granted, shall be found, or the Loss of such Permit, and by the Paper Maker who shall have sent the same under such Permit, before any Commissioner or Sub-Commissioner of Excise, that such Permit was taken out and was not used or intended to be used to his Knowledge or Belief fraudulently to cover or protect any other Paper or Palletboard whenever, but was taken out for the said Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid to be sent, in such case the Entry from such Permit in the Books of the proper Officers, or a Copy thereof duly attested, shall be Evidence of such Permit having been taken out, and such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid shall nevertheless be returned to the Owner or Proprietor thereof: Provided always, that if the Carriage of any such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid shall be prevented from being fully performed within the time limited in such Permit by any unavoidable Accident, then as Notice having immediately been given by the Owner or Carrier of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid to any Officer of Excise, and a Ret or Story being made of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid at or near the Place where such Accident shall happen, the Officer of Excise to whom such Notice shall be given shall without Delay repair to the Place where such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid shall then be, and if such Officer shall find upon View or Enquiry that such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid were stopped or delayed in their Carriage by Accident, then such Officer shall thereupon, by Endorsement on such Permit, enlarge the time for the Carriage of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid to the Place of their first Destination; and if any Officer of Excise shall wilfully or negligently omit or refuse to do his Duty therein according to the Directions aforesaid, such Officer shall, on Proof being made thereof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in Ireland, or any Three or more of them, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XXX. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer granting or renewing any such Permit to examine upon Oath, which Oath he is hereby authorized to administer, any Person or Persons applying for such Permit, whether the Duty was actually paid for the Paper, Palletboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Batton Paper or Batton Board, for which such Permit shall be demanded, and as to the Identity of such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid, and to all such Matters as shall appear to such Officer or Officers necessary to satisfy him or them that the Duties payable on such Paper or Palletboard as aforesaid had been duly paid.

XXXI. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time counterfeit or forge any Permit or Let-pais for the Carriage of Paper, Palletboard, Millboard, Sealboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Batton Paper or Batton Board, or shall counterfeit any Inscription, Stamp or Mark provided or appointed or to be provided or appointed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes or Customs and Port Duties for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to be put in or upon such Permit or Let-pais, or shall make use of any such counterfeit or forged Permit or Let-pais with such counterfeit Inscription, Stamp or Mark, knowing the same to be counterfeited, such Person or Persons being thereof legally convicted shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Space of Seven Years.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any stamped, marked or labelled Cover or Wrapper which had before contained any Paper shall be found conveying or conveyed, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every Carriage in or on which any such stamped, marked or labelled Cover or Wrapper which had before contained any Ream or Bundle of Paper shall be found

If Paper not covered within time limited, through Accident, Permit not to remain in force.

Evidence of Loss of Permits taken.

Where Carriage of Paper prevented by Accident, Notice given, and time enlarged by Endorsement on Permits.

Officer enjoining Duty.

Penalty. Officer granting or renewing Permits to ascertain whether Duty on Paper paid.

Forging Permits, &c.

Transportation. Covers, the said letters, books conveying, sealed, &c.

in the Course of Conveyance, and every Horse or Team of Horses attached to any such Carriage, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Duties here
levied.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That small notes where any Duties payable by any Paper Maker shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are or shall be by Law made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Duties shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distress all or any Paper and Materials for making Paper, and all or any Engines, Vats, Wet Presses, or other Utensils for making Paper in any Paper Mill or other Place used by any such Paper Maker, and to cause the same to be sold by Public Auction, giving Six Days previous Notice thereof; and if after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Paper Maker, together with the Costs and Expenses of Sale taking, distressing and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith tendered and paid to such Paper Maker or his Representatives: Provided always, that when any of the Articles aforesaid shall be taken and distressed, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker or his Representatives at any time or times before the time appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the same to be delivered up to him or them upon his or their paying to the Collector or Officer in charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties so due and payable, together with the Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, the said Value of such Articles as he or they shall desire to have delivered up, and the same may be delivered up accordingly.

Provided

Abatement of
Duty made in
case of Acci-
dent.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That when any Paper Maker in Ireland shall by any Fire or unavoidable Accident have been prevented from working any Engine kept by such Paper Maker during the Whole or any Part of any Month for which such Paper Maker shall by Law be chargeable with Duty, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, on Proof on Oath made to their Satisfaction, that the Fire or Accident was unavoidable, and not owing to any Default or Negligence, to make any proportionate Abatement of any Charge of Duty which shall have been returned against such Paper Maker for and in respect of the Engine which such Paper Maker shall be so prevented from working: Provided always, that any such Abatement shall be first approved of by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland: Provided also, that if any Duty chargeable by Weight on the Paper made by such Paper Maker within such Month as aforesaid shall amount to the Sum by Law chargeable in respect of such Engine for such Month, then and in such case no such Abatement shall be made to such Paper Maker.

Whereby

All or any
kind of Paper
or all kinds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every thing in this Act contained relating to any Paper or Pulpboard or to any Paper Maker, shall be deemed and construed to extend and shall extend to all Paper of every Sort and Kind, and to all Pulpboard, Millboard, Scotchboard, and Glazed Paper, Paper for Hangings, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Buttton Paper and Buttton Board, and to every Maker and Manufacturer of every Sort and Kind of Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scotchboard, Glazed Paper, Paper for Hangings, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Buttton Paper and Buttton Board, and that every thing in this Act contained relating to any Paper Mill, shall be deemed and construed to extend and shall extend to every Manufactory and Place in which the making or manufacturing of any Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scotchboard, Glazed Paper, Paper for Hangings, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Buttton Paper or Buttton Board, shall be carried on or in which any Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scotchboard, Glazed Paper, Paper for Hangings, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Buttton Paper or Buttton Board, shall be dried or kept as fully as if such Matters and Things had been expressed and specified throughout the Body of this Act.

Perjury.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, any such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or suborn any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Oath or Affirmation, any such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or suborning shall for every such Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Fines and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

Subornation of
Perjury.

Power of exe-
cution Acts are
extended to Acts.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Rules, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, contained in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*; or in an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for continuing and amending the last recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall be applied in Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with the Provisions of this Act, and except in far as the same are expressly altered or repealed by this Act.

28 G. 3. (1.)
c. 18.
40 G. 3. (1.)
c. 76.

Penalties, &c. in
British Com-
monwealth,
How levied and
applied
24 & 25 Geo. 2.
(15) Stat. 4. c. 1.
45 G. 3. c. 108.
Act.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in *Newly Currency*, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and fees, recovered and applied in such Manner, and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures, and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein referred to*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Com-
missioners*

Import of Island Glass and Tents in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with the like remedy of Appeal, as and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and not before.

C A P. CXII.

AN ACT for altering certain Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties on Glass, for exempting Irish Glass Bottles from the Duty imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, and for exempting the Leather and Glass of Carriages belonging to certain Persons imported from Ireland for Private Use from Duty.

[28th Jan 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, a Drawback of One Pound Seven Shillings and Nine pence is allowed for every Hundred Weight of all Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in Great Britain, and exported to Foreign Parts or to Ireland as Merchandise, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and by another Act made in the Fifty first Year of the said Reign, among other things, for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flat and Panel Glass, and for granting, until the Day therein mentioned, other Duties in lieu thereof, a Drawback of Two Pounds Nine Shillings is allowed for every Hundred Weight of Flat Glass or of Panel Glass respectively made in Great Britain, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported to Foreign Parts or to Ireland as Merchandise, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and by another Act made in the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, among other things, for granting an additional Drawback on Flat, Panel and Crown Glass, an additional Drawback of Sixteen Shillings and Three pence is allowed for every Hundred Weight of Flat Glass and Panel Glass respectively made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported directly into Great Britain, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported to Foreign Parts as Merchandise, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and an additional Drawback of Seven Shillings and Two pence Halfpenny is allowed for every Hundred Weight of all Window Glass so made, paid Duty for, and exported, not being Spread Glass, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and by another Act made in the Year last aforesaid, among other things, for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise on Great Britain on Glass, a Drawback of Three Pounds Four Shillings and Three pence is allowed for every Hundred Weight of Flat Glass and of Panel Glass respectively made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts, and in the same Proportion as to any greater or less Quantity; and a Drawback of Two Pounds Four Shillings and Seven Pence Halfpenny is allowed for every Hundred Weight of all Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, and exported from thence to Foreign Parts, and in the same Proportion as to any greater or less Quantity: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said Drawbacks, and to allow such other Drawbacks as are hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said several Drawbacks shall be, and the same are hereby repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, arising thereon respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall, in Consideration of the Waste arising from the cutting of Tables of Crown Glass into Pans, be allowed the following Drawbacks; that is to say,

For every Hundred Weight of Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in Great Britain, and for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported in whole Tables, or Half Tables, or Quarter Tables, a Drawback of Three Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Six pence, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hundred Weight, or such Whole Tables, or Half Tables, or Quarter Tables, calculating the said Drawback upon the Weight of the Whole Table exported, although the same may be cut into Half or Quarter Tables for the Convenience of Exportation.

For every Hundred Weight of Pans of Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in Great Britain, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid,

Appeal.

Commencement of Act.

49 G. 3. c. 43.

§ 3.

51 G. 3. c. 43.

§ 3.

52 G. 3. c. 77.

§ 2.

50.

52 G. 3. c. 54.

Act 2.

is not repealed.

Following Drawbacks allowed.

Drawbacks.

paid, and which shall be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, other than *Ireland*, or the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark* or *Man*, such Papers being in regular rectangular Figures, cut being of less Dimensions than Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth, nor containing any Part of the Ballion or thick centre Part of the Table from which any such Papers shall have been cut, a Drawback of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hundred Weight of such Papers.

For every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass Wares, Vessels or Utensils, or of Phal Glass Wares, Vessels or Utensils, respectively, made in *Great Britain*, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported to *Ireland*, or the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark* or *Man*, a Drawback of Five Pounds Eighteen Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hundred Weight of such Flint Glass Wares, Vessels or Utensils, or of Phal Glass Wares, Vessels or Utensils respectively, made in *Great Britain*, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported to Parts beyond the Seas, other than *Ireland*, or the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark* or *Man*, a Drawback of Six Pounds Three Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Hundred Weight of such Flint Glass or of Phal Glass Wares, Vessels or Utensils.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Drawbacks by this Act allowed shall be paid and allowed out of the Duties of Excise by Law imposed for or in respect of Crown Glass, Flint and Phal Glass respectively, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, contained and provided in and by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for the Amendment of the several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the Exportation of Glass on Drawback, and except that in case and instead of the Oath required by the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid to be made by the Exporter, that he believes the Duties upon the Materials to have been fully paid, the Exporter shall make Oath that he believes the said Glass to be entirely of *British* Manufacture, and that the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect of such Flint Glass, Phal Glass or Crown Glass respectively intended to be exported, to have been fully paid (and which said last mentioned Oath the proper Surveyor or Supervisor, or Officer of Excise, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer) and any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully making a false Oath, in any case in which the said last mentioned Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures in which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

IV. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, among other things, for granting an additional Drawback on Flint, Phal and Crown Glass, a Countervailing Duty of Seven Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Window Glass (not being Spread Glass) whether finished or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*; and by the said last mentioned Act a Countervailing Duty of Sixteen Shillings and Three pence is also imposed for every Hundred Weight of Flint or Phal Glass made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*: And Whereas by the said Act made in the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, among other things, for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise on *Great Britain* of Glass, an additional Countervailing Duty of Two Pounds Four Shillings and Seven pence Halfpenny is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether finished or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in *Ireland* and imported from thence into *Great Britain*; and by the said last mentioned Act an additional Countervailing Duty of Three Pounds Five Shillings and Three pence is also imposed for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass or Phal Glass, made in *Ireland* and imported from thence into *Great Britain*: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Countervailing Duties of Seven Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny, and also Sixteen Shillings and Three pence, and also Seven Shillings and Ten pence Halfpenny, Part of the said Countervailing Duty of Two Pounds Four Shillings and Seven pence Halfpenny, and also Sixteen Shillings and Three pence, Part of the said Countervailing Duty of Three Pounds Five Shillings and Three pence: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the said first Day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the said recited Countervailing Duties, and Parts of Countervailing Duties, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, free and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may on that Day remain unpaid, or in any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto.

V. And Whereas by an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, among other things, for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Glass, it was enacted, that all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, who should make or cause to be made any Glass in *London*, or in any Parts within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, should Monthly and every Month, and all and every Person or Persons who should make or cause to be made any Glass in any other Part of *Great Britain* should once in every Six Weeks, make a true Entry in Writing at the next Office of Excise for the said Duties, of the true Quantities of the Metals and Materials used and used in each respective Making of Glass within such Month or Six Weeks respectively, and that the Entries should be made upon Oath by the Makers of such Glass, or by their Clerk, Workman or Servant, employed in making the same, according to the best of their Knowledge and Belief, unless such Maker, Clerk, Workman or Servant should be a known Quaker, or the solemn Affirmation of such Maker, Clerk, Workman or Servant to the same Effect, in case he, she or they should be a known Quaker, should and might be taken

Drawbacks paid
Export to Regi-
strars Office
mentioned.

26 G. 3. c. 37.
§ 3.

Perjury.

25 G. 3. c. 37.
§ 2.

25 G. 3. c. 34.
§ 2.

Countervailing
Duties repealed.

19 G. 3. c. 23.
§ 13.

in stead of such Oath; and the said Entries, Oaths and Affirmations to verify the same, should be made with and administered by such Persons respectively, as are in that behalf directed in and by the said Act: And Whereas the Duties for or in respect of the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations made use of in the making of Flint Glass, or Crown, Stained or Plate Glass, or Plate Glass, Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, and Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, or by the several Acts of Parliament in those cases respectively made and provided, repealed, and other Duties are by the several Acts of Parliament in that behalf imposed on Flint Glass, Plate Glass, Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass and Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, is less of the said Duties on the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations made use of in the making of the said last mentioned several Sorts of Glass, and by an Act made in the Thirty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, the Weight of the Common Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils made of Common Bottle Metal by Makers delivering such Declaration as is in the said Act in that behalf mentioned, and making the same under the Regulations by the said Act in that behalf prescribed, is to be determined and taken to be the Weight of the Materials, or Metal, or other Preparations from which such Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils respectively shall have been made; and it is therefore expedient, that in lieu of the said recited Oath or Affirmation, in so far as the same respectively related to the Materials above mentioned, such other Oath and Affirmation as hereinafter mentioned should be made: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever who shall make or cause to be made in London, or in any Parts within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, any Flint Glass, or Crown, Stained or Plate Glass, or Plate Glass, or any such Window Glass, or who, under the said Declaration and Regulations in that behalf prescribed by the said Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall in London, or within the said Limits, either or cause to be made any Common Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils of Common Bottle Metal, shall Monthly and every Month, and all and every Person or Persons who shall make or cause to be made any such Glass in any other Part of Great Britain shall once in every Six Weeks, in lieu and instead of the said recited Oath or Affirmation respectively, make a true Entry in Writing at the next Office of Excise for the said Duties of the true Weight of all such Flint Glass, Crown, Stained or Plate Glass, or Plate Glass, and also the Weight of all such Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, and the Weight of all Window Glass not being Spread Glass, whether fused or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, and the Weight of all such Common Bottles or other Vessels or Utensils made of Common Bottle Metal respectively, made by him, her or them within each Month or Six Weeks respectively, on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect of Entry the Sum of One Hundred Pounds; which Entries shall be made upon Oath by the Makers of such Glass, or by their Clerk, Workman or Servant employed in making the same according to the best of his, her or their Knowledge and Belief, which such Maker, Clerk, Workman or Servant be a known Quaker; and the solemn Affirmations of such Maker, Clerk, Workman or Servant, to the same Effect, in case he, she or they be a known Quaker, shall and may be taken instead of such Oath; and the said Entries, Oaths and Affirmations to verify the same, shall, for such Entries, Oaths and Affirmations as shall be made within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, be made with and administered by such Officers or Officers as shall be appointed by the Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them for the time being, who shall attend at the General Excise Office in London for that Purpose; and for all such Entries, Oaths and Affirmations, as shall be made in all other Parts of Great Britain, with or by their respective Collectors or Superintendents of the District or Division within which such Glass Houses shall be situated, without any Fee or Charge whatsoever to be demanded or taken for the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath or Affirmation in any case in which an Oath or Affirmation is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to the Penalties and Forfeitures to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

VII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, it is enacted, that the Exporter of such Glass, as in the said Act is in that behalf mentioned, shall, before the shipping the same, give such Security as in the said Act is in that behalf directed, that the particular Quantity of Glass intended to be exported, and every Part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and shall not be unshipped, unloaded or laid on Land, or put on board any other Ship or Vessel in Great Britain, Shroveton or other unseizable Accident excepted: And Whereas as time is by Law limited within which Glass intended for Exportation as a Drawback shall be shipped, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, every such Security shall be considered that the Glass, for the shipping and Exportation whereof such Security shall be given, shall be shipped within One Month next after the Date of such Security: Provided always notwithstanding, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, on any Three or more of them, being satisfied that the shipping of such Glass, within the time specified in the Condition of any such Security, has been prevented by unseizable Accident, to grant and give such further time not exceeding Three Months for the shipping thereof: Provided also, that no such granting or giving of further time shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to amend, vary or alter the Condition of any such Security or the legal Interpretation or Effect thereof, but the same shall remain in full Force and Effect and

21 C. 1. s. 104.
§ 25.Glass Makers as
London
Monthly, and
elsewhere as
C. 3. every Six
Weeks, to make
Entry of
Weight of Glass
as Oath.Perjury.
Oath.Quaker, &c.
where made.Pen.
Perjury.

26 G. 3. c. 73.

§ 2.

Security under
Act contained
the Glass ship-
ped within One
Month.Commissioners
of Excise may
give further
time.

be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if no Power or Authority had been given to the said Commissioners of Excise to grant or give such further time for the Shipping of any such Glass, save and except in any case where the Commissioners of Excise shall in their Judgment and Discretion think proper to put any such Security in Suit for any Breach of the Condition thereof; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

No Addition
made to Glass
after it is packed
up and sealed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Person or Persons who shall have given such Security as aforesaid, and any Glass shall have been packed up in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, as or for the Glass mentioned in such Security, and shall have been secured with such Packings, and sealed with such Seal or Seal or Seals or Marks as by Law required, no Person or Persons shall be at Liberty to make any Addition of Glass thereto, for the Purpose of making up any Deficiency which may be discovered in the Quantity or Weight of such Glass below the Quantity specified in any such Security, or for any other Purpose whatsoever.

No Drawback
allowed for Old
Glass, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Drawback shall be allowed for or in respect of any Glass which has been used and commonly called or known by the Name of Old Glass or Second-hand Glass, or for or in respect of any Lamp of Glass, or Case Glass, or Glass of any Kind, other than Vessels, Urnlike, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Lamps, or other Articles of Household Furniture; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Plating Glass,
made Flat, as
Glass in Pottery
are commonly
called Glass for
Exportation

X. And for the further Prevention of Frauds in the Exportation of Glass, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall lay, place or deposit, or cause to be laid, placed or deposited any Irish-made Flat Glass, Plate Glass or Crown Glass respectively, packed or packing for Exportation as Drawback, or shall lay, place or deposit, or cause to be laid, placed or deposited any Flat Glass, Plate Glass or Crown Glass made before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in any Case, Box, Chest or other Package containing Flat Glass, Plate Glass or Crown Glass respectively packed or packing for Exportation, in order to obtain the additional Drawback granted by this Act, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and every such Case, Box, Chest or other Package, and all the Glass contained therein, shall be forfeited.

Penalty.

§4 G. 3. c. 37.
§ 3.

¶ XI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for granting an Excise Duty on Common Glass Bottles imported, and Insured Duty of Eight Shillings and Two pence is imposed for every Hundred Weight of Common Glass Bottles (the same not being Picked) imported into Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to exempt from the said Duty, and also from the Rules, Regulations and Provisions by the said Act established or prescribed, all Common Glass Bottles, made in Ireland, and imported from thence directly into Great Britain: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all Common Glass Bottles made in Ireland, and imported from thence directly into Great Britain, shall be and the same are hereby exempted from the said Duty, and from the Rules, Regulations, Refinements and Provisions by the said Act established or prescribed.

Both Common
Glass Bottles
imported ex-
empted from
Duty under Act.
39 G. 3. c. 3.
§ 31. An. 6.
July A.

¶ XII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled *An Act for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland*, and other Acts as aforesaid, certain Countervailing Duties are imposed for Leather manufactured and actually made into Goods or Wares in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, and on Irish Glass imported into Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to exempt from the said Countervailing Duties the Leather actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landulet, Chaise or other wheel Carriage of and belonging to any Officer of State in Ireland, or any Member of either of the Two Houses of Parliament, which shall be imported into Great Britain from Ireland, for the sole and entire Use of such Officer of State, or Member of either House of Parliament respectively, and not as Merchandise or for Sale, and also on foreign Irish Glass actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landulet, Chaise or other wheel Carriage: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, no Countervailing Duty shall be paid or payable for or in respect of the Leather actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landulet, Chaise or other wheel Carriage as aforesaid, nor for or in respect of the Glass actually worked up and employed in the Construction of and composing a Part of any such Coach, Landau, Chariot, Landulet, Chaise or other wheel Carriage; any thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

No Countervailing
Duty payable in
Landed or Glass
employed in
Coach Carriages.

Repeated Duties
not collected
although out
of Book of
Entry.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall and they respectively are hereby authorized and empowered to cause any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been charged in such Duty or Duties for or in respect of which the Duties by this Act repealed, and which shall not be before the passing of this Act have been actually collected, received or paid, to be discharged from and out of the Books and other Documents containing any Entry or Entries of or relating to any such Charge or Sum or Sums of Money.

CAP. CXIV.

An Act to augment the Salary of the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, and to enable His Majesty to grant an addition of Twenty to such Master of the Rolls on the Resignation of his Office; and to regulate the Disposal of the Offices of the Six Clerks in the Court of Chancery in Ireland.

[18th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a further Augmentation should be made in the Salary of the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, and that further Provision should be made for Persons holding the Office of Master of the Rolls in Ireland, in the Event of their quitting the said Office; **W**hereas, His Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be issued and paid and payable to the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, out of and charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sums and Sums of Money as have been decreed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, such further and additional annual Sum as shall make up the whole Salary, Fees and Pecuniary Profit, belonging to the said Office of Master of the Rolls, the annual Sum of Four thousand three hundred Pounds five and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever; to be issued and paid Quarterly, in the Manner and subject to the like Account, and to all such Provisions, Rules and Regulations, as are directed by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Office of Master of the Rolls in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, and for augmenting the Salary annexed to the said Office*; the First Payment of such further and additional Sum to be made on the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to give and grant unto any Person who, having vacated the said Office of Master of the Rolls in Ireland, shall at any time after the passing of this Act resign the said Office, a further Annuity or yearly Sum of Six hundred Pounds Irish Currency; which said Annuity or yearly Sum shall be in addition to and in Augmentation of the Annuity or yearly Sum allowed to be given and granted to the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, under the Provisions of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty to grant Additions to the Lord High Chancellor, and to the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Master of the Rolls, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Exchequer, Judges or Commissioners of the Court of Probates, the Judges of the Court of Admiralty, the Chairmen of the Quarter Sessions of the County of Dublin, and Assistant Barristers of the several other Counties, on the Resignation of their respective Offices*; and to amend an Act, passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for increasing the Salaries of the Chief and other Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and of the Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in the Kingdom*; and in like manner to commence from and after the Period when the Person to whom any such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall be granted as aforesaid shall resign his said Office, and to continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of the Person to whom the same shall be granted as aforesaid; and every such Annuity or yearly Sum of Money shall be issued and payable out of and shall be charged and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and the said last recited Act of the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and all Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, so far as the same are applicable, and are not hereby altered, shall be in force, and be applied to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act in respect of the said additional Annuity.

III. And Whereas the Six Clerks in His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in Ireland have been accustomed at all times to fill their Offices: And Whereas it hath been customary that One Fifth Part of the Consideration of each Sale should be paid to the Use of the Master of the Rolls, or the Keepers or Guardians of the Rolls: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the further Prevention of the Sale and Brokerage of Offices*, it was, among other things, enacted, that it should be lawful for the Persons then holding the Offices of Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, so to proceed touching the Disposal and Appointment of their said Offices, in such and the like manner to all Intents and Purposes as had been accustomed; but that from and after the Death, Resignation or Removal of each of them, and the actual Appointment of any Person in the Room of the Person so dying, resigning or being removed, the Powers and Privileges of an Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth, against buying and selling of Offices, and of the said recited Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, should be applicable and applied to the Offices of Six Clerks in the said Court of Chancery: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for amending the said recited Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, so far as relates to the Offices of the Six Clerks in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, it was enacted, that nothing in the said Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign contained, for preventing the Purchase, Sale, Exchange or Brokerage of Offices should extend to any Purchase, Sale or Exchange of any Office or Offices of a Six Clerk or Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery in Ireland: And Whereas it is expedient to make new Provision for the Appropriation of such One Fifth Part of each Purchase Money: And Whereas if such Master of the Rolls were to refuse appointing the Person who shall agree for the Purchase of such Office, without affixing

Addition to Salary of Master of the Rolls.

Subject to Regulation in 45 G. 3 (10 K) c. 21.

Alteration on Notice of the 24th, an Act, 45 G. 3, 10 K, 21. Act is added in force given by 45 G. 3. (1) c. 49.

Consolidated Fund.

45 G. 3. (1) c. 49. in force.

45 G. 3. c. 124. 178.

45 G. 3. c. 119.

Six Clerks may sell, by Office, Perpetuities being approved of by Master of the Rolls, and paying One Fifth Part and Sixpence, to Auction of Value of Sale.

24 G. 3. c. 13. s. 4.

In case of Sale of all or part of the Rolls to any Person appointed, such Clerk as is appointed, with Approval of Lord Chancellor may freely use same.

Transit.

Proviso for Vacancies by Death supplied by Master of the Rolls with or pecuniary Consideration.

Transfer of Six Clerks' Office by Deed made in and under Seal in Chancery.

* Any Clerk for such Refusal, the Six Clerks might be prevented from obtaining the Benefit of the said Statute of 1801. For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery as aforesaid, from time to time respectively, to sell, transfer and dispose of their Office in the said Court to such Person or Persons as shall be qualified to execute the Duties of such Office, every such Person being approved of by the Master of the Rolls for the time being; and every such Person shall pay into the Bank of Ireland, to the Credit and Account of the Teller of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, One clear Fifth Part, without Deduction or Deductions, of the entire Consideration or Purchase agreed to be paid or moved upon every such Sale, Transfer or Disposal, or in case the Consideration of any such Transfer or Disposal shall not be a pecuniary Consideration, every such Person shall pay as aforesaid the Sum of One thousand two hundred Pounds; and the Teller of the said Exchequer, upon Production of a Certificate, or accountable Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Bank, shall give a Receipt for any such Sum, according to the Directions contained in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act for the more efficient Regulation of the Receipts and Issues of His Majesty's Treasury*, and for securing the due Application of Money coming into the Hands of the Public Accountants in Ireland.

19. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master of the Rolls shall refuse or unreasonably delay to approve of any Person to whom any Six Clerk hath agreed or shall agree to sell and dispose of his Office of a Six Clerk, for want of Qualification or any other Cause, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for such Six Clerk to present a Petition in a summary way to the Master of the Rolls, verified by Affidavit for the Purpose of obtaining such Approbation; which Petition such Master of the Rolls is required to bear moved in open Court with all reasonable Dispatch, and thereupon to make such Order, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act as shall appear fit; from which Order such Petitioner may and shall be at Liberty to appeal to the Lord Chancellor or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland; and in case an Order shall be made on such Appeal, approving of such Person, the Master of the Rolls shall without further Delay, and he is hereby required to nominate and appoint the Person so approved of, to be a Six Clerk in the room of the Person so selling or resigning: Provided always, that a sufficient Acquittance shall be produced to the Master of the Rolls for the sum being, for the Payment of the Money hereby required to be paid into the Bank of Ireland as aforesaid, before any Person shall be permitted to enter upon or exercise any such Office of a Six Clerk upon any such Sale, Transfer or Disposal as aforesaid.

20. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to extend to Vacancies by Death in any Office of a Six Clerk in the said Court of Chancery, or to prejudice the Right of the Master of the Rolls, in the Event of a Vacancy by Death as aforesaid, to appoint and fill up such Vacancy without any Money or pecuniary Consideration for so doing.

21. Provided also, and be it enacted, That before any Six Clerk shall be actually appointed in consequence of any Sale or Transfer under the Provisions of this Act, a Deed indented shall be duly executed between the Parties to the Contract for such Sale or Transfer, containing fully and truly all and every the Terms of such Contract; and that the Truth thereof shall be verified by the Affidavit of one or more Parties thereto, to be sworn before one of the Masters of the said Court of Chancery, and to be filed in the said Court; and that such Deed shall be sealed in the said Court, upon producing the attested Copies of such Affidavits.

C. A. P. CXV.

An Act to carry into effect a Convention made between His Majesty and the King of the Netherlands, and the Emperor of all the Russias.

[18th Janr 1815.]

Concurrence. London, 18th May 1815.

WHEREAS by a Convention signed at London on the Nineteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, between His Majesty on the One Part, and the King of the Netherlands and the Emperor of all the Russias respectively on the other, the following Articles, among others, were agreed upon; that is to say, His Majesty the King of the Netherlands thereby engaged to take upon himself a Part of the Capital, and Arraris of Interest, to the Effect of *Jeaux de Banque* one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, of the Russian Loan made in Holland through the Intervention of the House of Hope and Company, as *Amortisation*, to the Amount of Twenty five Millions of Florins Dutch Currency; the Annual Interest of which Sum together with an Annual Payment for the Liquidation of the same as therein specified, should be borne by and become a Charge upon the Kingdom of the Netherlands; and His Majesty engaged on His Part to recommend to His Parliament to enable Him to take upon Himself an equal Capital of the said Russian Loan, *vide* supra, Twenty five Millions of Florins Dutch Currency; the Annual Interest of which Sum, together with an Annual Payment for the Liquidation of the same, as therein specified, should be borne by and become a Charge upon the Government of His Majesty; and the future Charge to which His said *Highness* Majesty and His Majesty should be respectively liable in equal Shares on Account of the said Debt, was to consist of an Annual Interest of Five per Centum on the said Capitals, each of Twenty five Millions, together with a Sinking Fund of One per Centum for the Extinction of the same, the said Sinking Fund being subject however to be increased, on the Demand of the Russian Government, to any Annual Sum not exceeding Three per Centum, the same to be payable till the Capital of the said Debt should be fully discharged, when the aforesaid Charge for Interest and Sinking Fund should wholly cease to be borne by His said *Highness* Majesty and His Majesty respectively; and His said *Highness* Majesty and His Majesty respectively, bound themselves, on or before the usual Day or Days in each Year on which the Interest on the said Debt should be due and payable, to deposit with the Agent of the Russian Government in Holland, their respective Proportions of the said Interest and Sinking Fund, as above specified: Provided always, that previously to the Advance of each successive Installment to be paid,

the said Agent shall be authorized to furnish a Certificate to each of the said Two High Contracting Parties, declaring that the preceding Indultment had been duly applied in Discharge of the Interest, and in Release of the Principal of the said Debt, together with the corresponding Payments on account of the said Government, on that Part of the Debt which should remain a Charge on the said Government; and it was further agreed, That the Russian Government should continue as heretofore to be Security to the Creditors for the whole of the said Loan, and should be charged with the Amortisation of the same; the Governments of the King of the Netherlands, and of His Britannic Majesty, remaining liable and bound to the Government of His Imperial Majesty, and for the Principal Discharge as above of their respective Portions of the said Charge; and it was thereby understood and agreed between the High Contracting Parties, That the said Payments on the Part of the King of the Netherlands, and of His Majesty as aforesaid, should cease and determine, should the Possession and Sovereignty (which God forbid) of the said Provinces at any time pass or be lost from the Dominions of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, and premises to the complete Liquidation of the same; and it was also understood and agreed between the High Contracting Parties, That the Payments on the Part of the King of the Netherlands, and of His Majesty as aforesaid, should not be interpreted in the Event (which God forbid) of a War breaking out between any of the Three High Contracting Parties, the Government of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias being actually bound to its Creditors by a similar Agreement: And Whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom have resolved that Provision be made for enabling His Majesty to defray the Expenses which may be incurred in the Execution of the said Convention: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for Great Britain, or any Three or more of them, for the time being respectively, shall be and he and they in and be lawfully empowered from time to time, out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, to make to be issued such Sums of Money as shall be required for the Payment of the Interest on such Part of the Capital of the said Russian Loan as is agreed to be borne by His Majesty as aforesaid, and also for the Payment of a Sinking Fund of One Pound per Centum, or not exceeding Three Pounds per Centum, as the case may be, on the said Part of the said Capital, for the Extinction of the same, as and when the same may from time to time respectively become payable, and so long as the same should be payable conformably to the Tenor of His Majesty's Engagements, as specified in the said Conventions respectively, and also such Sums as may be required to pay and satisfy all the Expenses attending the Execution of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause to be prepared, and shall lay before both Houses of Parliament, within Twenty Days after the Commencement of every Session, an Account up to the Thirty first Day of December then next preceding, of the total Sums which shall from time to time have been issued and applied by virtue of this Act for paying and satisfying the Interest on the said Part of the said Loan as agreed to be borne by His Majesty, on all or any of the said Securities, and towards paying and satisfying the Principal thereof (in case the Principal of any of the said Securities shall then have been paid) and also for paying the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, and the Sinking Fund for the Extinction of the same; and such Account shall also specify how much of the said Part of the said Loan has been discharged, and how much remains to be discharged.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to appoint such Officers and Clerks as they may deem necessary for carrying this Act into Execution; and to grant such Salaries and Commissions to the said Officers and Clerks, for their Trouble and Labour therein, as they may think fit and reasonable in that behalf.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to make further Regulations for the Registry of Ships built in India. [28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Incentive and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation: And Whereas another Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to reform and render more efficient several Acts passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, and other Acts, made for the Incentive and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation: And Whereas another Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for the further Encouragement of British Mariners; and for other Purposes therein contained: And Whereas it is necessary to make further Provision for the Execution of the Provisions of the said Acts, in the Territories under the Government of the East India Company, and other Territories belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Collector of Duties payable at any Port to the East India Company, or other Person of the Rank to the said Company's Service of Tenor Merchant, or of Six Years' standing in the Service, being respectively appointed to act in the Execution of this Act by any of the Governments of the said*

Money issued out of Consolidated Fund, to pay Interest and Sinking Fund, conformably to Convention.

Account laid before Parliament.

Treasury may appoint Officers.

Act altered, &c.

26 G. 3. c. 69.

27 G. 3. c. 19.

34 G. 3. c. 68.

Collector of Duties to pay Port or East India, to register and certify ships

Eng

in Parts where
no Collector or
Comptroller of
Customs

East India Company in India, in any Ports in which there shall be an Collector and Comptroller of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, to register, and grant Certificates of the Registry of all Ships and Vessels built in any Territories, Counties, Islands or Places, under the Government of the *East India Company*, or belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, and belonging to each Port respectively, which are by the Provisions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, required and entitled to be registered; and all such Officers and Persons respectively are hereby authorized and required to do every Act, Matter and Thing, in relation to such Registers and Certificates, and as to all Transfers of Property of such Ships and Vessels, and all other *British* registered Ships, in the said Acts required to be done by any Officers respectively of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain*; and the said Governments of the *East India Company*, and all Governors and Lieutenant Governors of any Territories, Islands and Places, belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, are hereby authorized and empowered to do all Acts, Matters and Things, and make all such Orders in relation to the Registry of any such Ships or Vessels, and as to the Passes within which Ships shall before the passing of this Act may be registered, and the Ports at which any such Ships or Vessels may be registered, and as to all Matters and Things relating thereto, and to any Transfers of Property in any such Ships or Vessels, as any Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs are by the said Acts or any of them authorized or empowered to do in relation to Ships and Vessels built before or after the passing of the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid; and all Powers and Authorities given to the said Acts to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Officers of the Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain* respectively, in relation to the Registering of Ships and Vessels, as in any Act, Matter or Thing, relating thereto, or as to any Prerogatives or Forfeitures, or the Application thereof, and as to the fitting of any Ships or Vessels as forfeited under the said Acts for want of Certificates of Registry, shall be used, exercised, applied, enforced and put in Execution, in relation to all Ships and Vessels built in any Territories, Counties, Islands or Places, under the Government of the said *East India Company*, or belonging to His Majesty within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, either before or after the passing of this Act, and required and entitled to be registered under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act; and all such Ships and Vessels built, when registered, be deemed and taken to be *British*-built Ships, registered under the said recited Acts, and entitled to all the Privileges and Advantages of Ships built in the United Kingdom, and registered as such; except as in this Act hereinafter excepted.

Ships not for-
feited for want
of Registry, shall
be returned to
Port before
the first day of
January One
thousand eight
hundred and
sixteen, and
departed there-
from.

II. And Whereas it is necessary to give sufficient time for the Registry of Ships and Vessels, it is therefore enacted, That as such Ship or Vessel, carrying as Trade between India and the United Kingdom, or within the Limits of the Charter of the said *East India Company* as aforesaid, shall become forfeited, or subject to Seizure as forfeited, for want of a Certificate of Registry, until after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, unless such Ship or Vessel built, after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the said First Day of July, have returned to the Port or Place to which the said Ship or Vessel shall belong, and afterwards departed from such Port without being duly registered under the Provisions of the said recited Acts.

What Ships do
not require
Registry.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this or the said recited Acts or in any other Acts contained, shall subject any Ship or Vessel, built or to be built within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, which shall not be of the Burthen of Three hundred and fifty Tons; or any Ship or Vessel built within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, now the Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects within the Limits aforesaid, and employed in Trade as heretofore solely within the said Limits, including the Cape of Good Hope; or any Ship or Vessel which now is or at any time before the First Day of January in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen shall be building within the Limits aforesaid, on account of any of His Majesty's Subjects within the said Limits, and shall be employed in Trade solely within the said Limits, including the Cape of Good Hope, to any Faculty, Forfeiture, Disability or Impediment by reason of such Ship or Vessel not being registered, and not being *British*-built, or to affect the Property or any Transfer of Property in any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid which shall not be registered.

1st. Such Ships
although duly
registered, as to
be entitled to
the Privileges
of *British*-built
Ships, shall be
built in the
United Kingdom
before the
25th of March
1816.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Ships or Vessels, built in any Counties, Territories, Ports or Places under the Government of the *East India Company*, or belonging to His Majesty within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, and registered under the Authority of this Act as *British*-built, and owned by Subjects of His Majesty, and navigated according to Law, shall be entitled to the Privileges of *British*-built Ships, owned, registered and navigated according to Law, in any Voyages or Trade beyond the Limits of the said Company's Charter, other than except such as are specified in an Act, passed in the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Possession of the British Territories in India, together with certain exclusive Privileges; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the said Territories, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; and for regulating the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the said Company's Charter; and in another Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the further Regulation of the Trade to and from the Places within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company*; any thing in this Act, or in any or either of the said recited Acts, or in any other Act or Acts in Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.*

14 G. 3. c. 34.

No *British*-built
Ships registered.

V. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed in any manner to affect the Privileges of any Ship or Vessel *not* registered as *British*-built, or to affect the Rights of any Ship or Vessel now built or building to Registry as *British*-built.

Lafans and No
term of Indent

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no *Affairs* Sailors, Lafans or Natives of any of the Territories, Counties, Islands or Places within the Limits of the Charter of the *East India Company*, although

born in Territories, Countries, Islands or Places under the Government of His Majesty, or of the *East India* Company, shall at any time be deemed or taken to be *British* Sailors, Seamen or Mariners, within the Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act of the Thirty fourth Year aforesaid, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Navigation of *British* Ships by Subjects of His Majesty, for the Purpose of counting any Ship or Vessel to be deemed to be a *British* Ship, assigned according to Law, and to have the Privileges and Advantages of *British* Ships, having the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners *British* Subjects; any thing in the said recited Act of the Thirty fourth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Ship or Vessel belonging to any Port within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company, or usually navigated by such *African* Sailors, Lascars or Natives aforesaid, as Mariners, shall, while carrying on Trade to and from *India* to the United Kingdom, forfeit any Privileges or Advantages of a *British*-built Ship, to which the may be by Law entitled, by reason of having any Proportion of such Mariners, without the due Proportion of *British* Mariners, until the Expiration of Twelve Months of continued Peace after the Conclusion of the present War: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation, upon or after the Commencement of any Hostilities, to permit all Merchant Ships, or any other Trading Vessels, and all Privateers, to be manned wholly, or in any such Proportions as shall be specified in any such Proclamations, with such *African* Sailors, Lascars or Natives aforesaid, for and during such Periods as shall be specified in any such Proclamation as aforesaid.

VII. And Whereas Lascars, and other Natives of the *East*, are not deemed to be equal in Strength and Use to Europeans or other Seamen; and the requiring the Proportion of Three fourths of *British* Seamen, in Ships having, as Part of the Crew, Lascars and Natives of the *East*, would exempt such Ships to carry a larger Number of *British* Seamen than other Ships, or to employ a smaller Number of Lascars and Natives of the *East*, than would be sufficient to make a proper Crew: Be it therefore enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel, in fully registered, and carrying on Trade to and from *India* to the United Kingdom as aforesaid, and Manned in Part with Lascars or Natives of *India*, and which shall be commanded by a *British* Master, and navigated by Seven *British* Seamen as Part of the Crew, for every One hundred Tons of her registered Burthen, and is in Proportion for any Part of a One hundred Tons, shall be deemed, construed and taken to be navigated according to Law, as to the Crew of any such Ship or Vessel, although the Number of such *British* Seamen shall not be equal to the Proportion of Three fourths of the whole Crew of such Ship or Vessel; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law or Laws, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And Whereas it may not always be possible to procure the due Proportion of *British* Seamen, at Ports in *India*, for Vessels sailing from *India*: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the Governments of the *East India* Company in *India*, or for any Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any Colony, Territory or Island, belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the said Charter, and they and he are hereby required, an Application made by the Owner or Commander of any Ship or Vessel, and after having ascertained, by due Enquiry, that a sufficient Number of *British* Seamen cannot be procured for the Crew of any Ship or Vessel sailing from *India*, within Two Days from such Application to certify the same, and licence such Ship or Vessel to sail with a less Proportion of *British* Seamen than required by Law; and every such Ship, having on board such Licence, shall be deemed to be navigated according to Law, notwithstanding such Deficiency of *British* Seamen, until her Arrival at the Port of her Destination in the United Kingdom; but shall, on the Voyage back from the United Kingdom, have the full and proper Proportion of Seven *British* Seamen to every One hundred Tons.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to require any Number of *British* Seamen to be on board, as Part of the Crew or Mariners of any Ship or Vessel employed in Trade only between Ports and Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said Company including the Cape of Good Hope; or to prevent any such Ship or Vessel, while so employed, being manned and navigated wholly or in any Proportion as in *African* Sailors, or Lascars, or Natives of any Territories, Countries, Islands or Places, within the Limits of the said Company.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act to permit, until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland, in Neutral Vessels from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize; and to prohibit the Exportation of Copper; and to permit the Importation, in Neutral Vessels from States not in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize. [28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to permit, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland in Neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize;" and to empower His Majesty, by Order in Council, to prohibit the Exportation of Copper, and to permit the Importation in Neutral Vessels, from States not in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize: And Whereas it is expedient that in such of the said Act as permits the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland, in Neutral Vessels from States in Amity with His Majesty, of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandize in this Act

British Seamen
within twenty
of 24 G. 3. c. 62.

Ports.

Provis.

Proportion of
British Seamen
to Tonnage of
Ships, partly by
Lascars, &c. &c.
but, although
not exceeding
in Three fourths
of Crew.

In cases where,
in India, a full
complement
of British Sea-
men cannot be
obtained, Gov-
ernors may
license a Ship to
sail for Europe.

An Act to re-
quire, in British
Ships, as
boarded by His
Majesty's
Force and Part,

An Act, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 111.

* REGINA.

Wool and cotton
Gloves imported in
Foreign Vessels.

Organized
Throw Silk imported in
any Vessel
a V. & M.
S. 1. 69

Not to extend
to certain Silks.

Penalty.

Silk allowed to
be imported
brought to Col-
lins House in
London
Penalty.

Flax or Flax
Seed imported in
Foreign Vessels.

Persons free of
Turkey Com-
pany may import
Goods from
Levant Seas in
British or For-
eign Vessels.

No Entry of
Goods (revised)
all Regulations
herein inserted
compiled with
43 G. 3. c. 155

* enacted, should be continued' Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person to import into any Port or Place in Great Britain all Sorts of Wool, and also Cotton Wool; and to export into that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, all Sorts of Barilla, Mesta Bark, Linnæa Yarn, Hops, Indigo, Cocchine, Wool and Cotton Wool, from any Country or Place whatsoever, in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, navigated by Foreign Seamen; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to import or bring into the United Kingdom from any Port or Place in Amity with His Majesty, in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, Organized Thrown Silk, of the Growth or Production of Italy; any thing contained in an Act made in England in the Second Year of the Reign of their late Majesty King William and Queen Mary, intituled *An Act for discouraging the Importation of Thrown Silk*, or in any other Act or Acts in force in the United Kingdom or in Great Britain, or Ireland respectively, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend to give Liberty to import any Italian Thrown Silk that shall be counter to a San thereof known and distinguished by the Name of *Thor's Brand*, nor any Sorts of Silks commonly called *Tram* of the Growth of Italy, nor any other Thrown Silks of the Growth or Production of Turkey, Persia, East India, or China, under the Penalty of forfeiting all such Thrown Silk as shall be brought over, and exported contrary to the Purport, true Intent and Meaning of this Act; One Moiety whereof shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons who shall seize, inform or sue for the same; to be recovered in such Manner and Form as Goods forfeited may be recovered by any Law relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

III. And, for the better and more effectual Execution of this Act, and to prevent the Importation of any Sort of Thrown Silk not Organized, be it further enacted and declared, That all such Organized Thrown Silk as is allowed to be imported by this Act, if landed in any Port of Great Britain, shall be brought to His Majesty's Custom House at London, to the intent that no other Sort of Thrown Silk may be imported than that allowed by this Act, under the Penalty of forfeiting all such Thrown Silk as shall be imported contrary to the Purport, true Intent and Meaning of this Act; One Moiety whereof shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Person or Persons who shall seize, inform or sue for the same; to be recovered in such Manner and Form as Goods forfeited may be recovered by any Law relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs in Great Britain and Ireland respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into the United Kingdom any Sort of Flax or Flax Seed in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, navigated by Foreign Seamen, from any Port or Place whatsoever, upon the same Terms and Conditions, and subject to the same Duties, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, in any respect, as such Flax and Flax Seed would by any Law in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, have been subject and liable to if the same had been imported in Foreign Ships or Vessels of the Bank of the Country or Place of which such Flax or Flax Seed was the Growth, Production or Manufacture; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons admitted into and made free of the Company of Merchants of England, trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called or known by the Name of *The Turkey Company*, to import into the United Kingdom any Goods or Commodities which have heretofore usually been imported from Turkey or Egypt, or from any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior within the Levant Seas, in any Ship or Vessel built up or belonging to Great Britain or Ireland navigated according to Law, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, navigated by Foreign Seamen, from any Port or Place whatsoever, upon Payment of the same Duties if imported in British or Irish-built Ships, as the like Goods would be subject and liable to if imported in Dutch or French-built Ships directly from the Place of their Growth, Production or Manufacture, but if such Goods shall be imported in any Foreign-built Ship or Vessel, then and in such case the Goods so imported shall be subject to the Duties which such Goods would have been subject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in the United Kingdom, or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Entry shall be allowed to pass in any Custom House in the United Kingdom, for any such Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of Turkey or Egypt, or of any of the Dominions of the Grand Signior, as, before the passing of the last recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, might be imported only from such Ports or Places in the *Strait of Levant Seas* as are within the Dominions of the Grand Signior, or for any Drugs which would have been liable to the Payment of higher Duties when not imported directly from the Place of their Growth or Production, and which by the Authority of this Act are permitted to be imported in manner aforesaid, until the Person importing or sending the same shall produce to the Collector or other proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs in Great Britain and to the proper Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, at the Port of

of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand of the Collector of the Duties for the said Turkey Company, certifying that such Person is free of the said Company, and that he has paid the Duties imposed on such Goods by the said Company, and has conformed in all respects to the Rules and Regulations of the said Company relative thereto: Provided always, that all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of the Produce of Countries within the Levant Sea imported into Great Britain under the Authority of this Act, shall be subject and liable to the Duties payable to the Levant Company in like manner as if such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, had been imported into Great Britain directly from Turkey.

Permits for
Duties.

VII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That all such Goods as shall in pursuance of this Act be imported into the United Kingdom in any Foreign Ship or Vessel shall be subject and liable to all Duties in the same manner as they would be liable to by Law, if such Ships were of the Built of the Country of which the Goods are of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture.

Goods imported
in Foreign Vessels
to pay
Duties immedi-
ately,
and subject to
existing Regu-
lations.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, when so imported as aforesaid, shall be liable to all Duties of Customs and Excise, and shall be subject to all Rules, Regulations and Conditions, and to all Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, to which they would have been liable and subject if they had been imported into Great Britain or Ireland, according to any Law or Laws in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

IX. And Whereas the Public Safety may require temporary Restrictions upon the Exportation of Copper: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty from time to time, by Proclamation or Order in Council, and in Ireland for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council of Ireland, by Proclamation or Order in Council, whenever it shall from expedient to prohibit the Exportation of all Copper capable of being converted into a Naval Store, from any Port or Place within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to any Port or Place within the Limits of Europe.

Exportation of
Copper pro-
hibited.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful by Order in Council, or by License to be signed by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, under the Authority of an Order in Council for that Purpose, and in Ireland for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council of Ireland, by Order in Council, from time to time, when and as often as the same shall be judged expedient, to permit any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize as shall be specified in any such Order or License, to be imported from any Port or Place belonging to any Kingdom or State not in Amity with His Majesty, in Ships belonging to the Subjects of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty; any Law now in force in the United Kingdom or in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Importation of
Goods in Neu-
tral Vessels from
Countries not in
Amity with His
Majesty per-
mitted.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.

Commencement of
Act.

[See as to Intime 1-8. of this Act, ante, c. 8. which Act is EXP.]

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to regulate the Clearance of Vessels, and Delivery of Coast Bonds, at Creeks and Harbours in Great Britain; for exempting certain Ships and Vessels from being licensed by the Commissioners of Customs (a); for authorizing Officers of the Customs to seize Spirits (b) removing without Excise Permits; and for preventing Frauds in overhauling Keels and other Carriages used in conveying Coals for Exportation, or to be carried Coastwise. [28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to permit the Entry Inwards and Clearance Outwards, at Creeks, Harbours and Basins of Great Britain, of Ships and Vessels in the Fish Trade, which intend to land and discharge their Cargoes at such Creeks; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England for the time being, or any Four or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them, whenever and so long as they may deem it proper, to permit Ships or Vessels arriving from Ireland to enter Inwards at such Creeks, Harbours or Basins of Great Britain, where a principal Coast Officer or Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Customs, shall have been appointed and stationed, and before when it shall be lawful for the Master of any such Ship or Vessel to make Oath (which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer) of the Bulk, Batches, Contents and Lading of such Ship or Vessel, with the particular Marks, Numbers and Contents of every Parcel of Goods on board such Ship or Vessel, without of proceeding to the regular Customs House of the Port to which such Creeks, Harbours and Basins belong, for that Purpose; and also to do at any such Creek, Harbour or Basin, every Act, Manner and Thing, in relation thereto, conformably to the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, under and subject to such and the like Penalties and Forfeitures as such Entries upon Oath are now by Law required to be made, openly in the Customs House, before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port to which such Creeks, Harbours and Basins belong.

Commissioners may permit
Ships from Ire-
land to enter
Creeks where
Customs House
Officers ap-
pointed.

Penalties.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, whenever and so long as they may deem it proper, to permit the Masters of such Ships or Vessels as may intend to land and clear outwards at any such Creeks, Harbours and Basins, for any Port in Ireland, to enter such Ships or Vessels with the principal Coast Officer and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Customs, instead of proceeding to the regular Customs House of the Port to which such Creeks, Harbours and Basins belong, for

And may permit
Clearance of
Vessels from
such Creeks
in Ireland.

(a) [28th 4 and 5. relate to Ireland as well as Great Britain.]

(b) [Vessels, &c. in which Spirits
are removed, &c.]

that Purposes; and to make Oath before them [which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer] to the Truth of the Content of any such Ship or Vessel; and the Master thereof is hereby required to answer such Questions concerning such Ship or Vessel, and the Voyage on which he is about to proceed, as shall be demanded of him by the said principal Custom Officer and Comptroller, or other principal Officers of the Customs, under and subject to the like Penalties as are provided in such cases by the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, in respect to such Oaths and Questions as are so required to be taken and answered before the Collector, or other Chief Officers of the Port to which such Creek, Harbours or Basins belong.

III. And Whereas Ships and Vessels employed in the Coasting Trade of this Kingdom frequently take to their Lading at Creeks, Harbours, Basins and other Out Stations, where there are no Officers of the Customs authorized to take the Coast Bond required by Law, and great Inconvenience has arisen to the Merchants and Traders, and to the Masters of such Ships and Vessels in consequence thereof: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England, or any Four of them, and the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them, whenever it shall appear to them to be necessary and proper for the Relief and Accommodation of the Coasting Trade of this Kingdom, to authorize and require any Officer or Officers of the Customs stationed at any Creek, Harbour, Basin or Out Station of Great Britain, at which any Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Passengers, may be shipped, in order to be carried Coastwise within the same, to take the Coast Bond or Transits, or other Documents required to be given for the Clearance of such Vessels, and for the Delivery and Discharge of such Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Passengers, to the Port or Place for which the same shall have been entered, or in some other Port or Place in Great Britain, as the case may be; and for returning to the proper Officers of the Customs of the Port where such Bond or Transits, or other Documents, shall have been given, the Certificate or other Document which in any such case may be required to be produced to them from the Officers of the Customs of the Port, Harbour or Creek, Harbour or Basin, where such Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Passengers, were there loaded and discharged accordingly; and every Coast Bond, or Transit, or other Document, takes by and in the Presence of any such Officer, shall be deemed and taken to be as valid and official, as if taken and Purposes, as if taken at the Custom House, by and in the Presence of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs for the Port to which such Creek, Harbour, Basin or Out Station may belong or appertain; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IV. And Whereas it is expedient to permit the Navigation of square rigged Ships and Vessels exceeding the Burthen of Two hundred Tons, and other Ships and Vessels of her Majesty's Coastwise, without requiring the Owners thereof to take out Licences for that Purpose from the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Licence shall be required from the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland, for navigating any square rigged Ship or Vessel exceeding the Burthen of Two hundred Tons by Admeasurement, nor for any Ship or Vessel the Breadth whereof is not less than in the Proportion of One Foot to every Three Feet and in Half of the Length of such Ship or Vessel, nor for any Ship or Vessel where the Difference between the Draught of Water forward and aft shall not be greater than in the Proportion of One Inch for every Foot of the Breadth thereof, such Draught of Water forward and aft being ascertained when the Ship or Vessel is light loaded or in sailing Trim, and when the Bow-sprit is run out in such such Ship or Vessel shall have a running or sliding Bow-sprit, and no such Ship or Vessel shall be deemed liable to Seizure or Forfeiture under any Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, on Account of her Length, Ballast, Construction, Diminution or Description: Provided nevertheless, that if such Ship or Vessel shall be intended to be armed for Resistance, or to be navigated with any greater Number of Men than is allowed by Law in Proportion to the Number of Tons of her Admeasurement, or shall require to be licensed on any other Account; nothing in this Act contained shall exempt the Owner and Owners of every such Ship and Vessel from taking out a Licence for the Navigation thereof in the same manner as if this Act had not been made.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Licence which shall have been already granted, either by the Commissioners of the Customs of England, Scotland or Ireland, or by the Lord High Admiral, or the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being, for the Navigation of any Ship or Vessel except such being licensed under the Provisions of this Act, shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, within the Periods hereafter mentioned; that is to say, if such Ship or Vessel was licensed for the Coasting or Fishing Trade only, such Licence shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, within the Period of Two Months from and after the passing of this Act; or in case the said Ship or Vessel was licensed for trading to Parts beyond the Seas, then the said Licence shall be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs at the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, within Six Months from and after the passing of this Act; or if such Ship or Vessel shall then be in Sea, such Licence may be delivered up at any time within Two Months from and after the Period of her first Arrival at any Port of Great Britain or Ireland, as the case may be; or in case the Licence shall have been lost or taken by the Enemy, satisfactory Proof thereof on Oath shall within the next Periods respectively be made before the Collector or Comptroller of the Port to which such Ship or Vessel shall belong, which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer, and in such such Licence shall not be produced and be delivered up, and no such Proof shall be made within the said Periods respectively, the Owner and Owners, and also the Master of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds if of the Burthen of Fifty Tons and under the Burthen of One hundred and fifty

Tons:

Proviso.

Officers of Customs to take Coast Bond at Creeks.

Licences not required from Commissioners of Customs for navigating square rigged Ships of 200 Tons, or Vessels of the Burthen of 200 Tons.

Proviso.

Licences granted for Navigation of Vessels do, being up within Periods herein mentioned.

Penalty.

Tons: and One hundred Pounds if of the Burthen of One hundred and Fifty Tons or upwards, to be used for, recovered and disposed of, in like manner and by such Ways, Means and Methods, as any Person or Persons acting in pursuance of the Laws of the Customs, may now be used for, recovered and disposed of, according to the Laws in force as and immediately before the passing of this Act.

VI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirtieth sixth Year of His present Majesty, and in other Acts, the Officers of Excise are empowered to seize Vessels and Boats, Horfes and other Cattle and Carriages made use of in the Removal or Conveyance of Spirits, liable to Forfeiture for being removed without Permit (c), and it is expedient that the Officers of the Customs should have the like Power: Be it therefore enacted, That any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs shall have the like Power to seize and prosecute any Vessel, Boat, Cart, Carriage and all Cattle liable to Forfeiture by the second Act, or any other Act, for being employed or used in the Removal of Spirits, without the same being accompanied with a true and lawful Permit as is granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament to any Officer or Officers of Excise. [a] (q) For the Title of 39 G. 3. c. 78. by which it appears that the words of the Act relate to Scotland.]

39 G. 3. c. 78.

Officers of Customs are empowered to seize Vessels, boats, carriages, &c. liable to forfeiture for being removed without permit, as is granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament to any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VII. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made to prevent Frauds upon the Revenue by overloading Ketches, Boats, Waggones, Barrows, Carts, Coops or other Vessels or Carriages used in the Conveyance of Coals and Colm, in order to be laden on board Ships and Vessels for Exportation to Foreign Parts, or to be carried Coastwise: Be it therefore enacted, That if upon Examination of any Ketch, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coop or other Vessel or Carriage, employed in the Conveyance of Coals or Colm for the Purpose of being laden or shipped for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, or to be carried Coastwise, and which shall have been administered, weighed, numbered and marked, in the manner directed by the Laws in force as and immediately before the passing of this Act, there shall be found any greater Quantity of Coals or Colm than such Ketch, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coop or other Vessel or Carriage, is allowed to carry or convey according to the Numbers, Marks or other Marks set thereon, whether such Number, Mark or other Marks, denote the Quantity by Weight or by Measure, every such Ketch, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coop or other Vessel or Carriage so overloaded, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs: and such Forfeiture, after deducting the Charges of Prosecution, shall be divided, One Moiety to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Officer or Officers of the Customs as shall seize or see for the same, in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England or Scotland respectively.

Ketch, Boat, overloaded with Coals or Colm for Exportation.

Forfeited

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to enable the Trustees of Turnpike Roads to abate the Tolls on Carriages, and to allow of their carrying extra Weights in certain Cases.

[28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS it might tend greatly to the Preservation of the several Turnpike Roads within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, if the Trustees acting in Execution of the several Acts for the maintaining and repairing thereof, were enabled to grant certain Privileges and Abatements of Tolls to all Waggones, Carts or other such Carriages, having the Axletrees thereof horizontal, and the Wheels thereof standing perpendicular on the Ground, with six and level Follies, and of particular Bounties: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful as and for the respective Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, acting in Execution of any Act or Acts of Parliament for maintaining and repairing any Turnpike Road or Roads in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, at any of their respective Meetings to be holden in pursuance of such Act or Acts, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by Order to be made at any such Meetings (in case they shall think it proper and expedient), to exempt from the Payment of all or any Part of the additional Tolls for every One hundred Weight of One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, which any Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage, together with the Loading thereof, shall weigh at any Weighing Engine erected or to be erected, over and above the Weights allowed to each of them respectively, by any Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain, amend and reduce into One Act of Parliament, the several Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England; and for other Purposes*, imposed and granted by an Act, made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for explaining and abating an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to explain, amend and reduce into One Act of Parliament, the several Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England, and for other Purposes*; in so far as the same relate to the Payment of additional Tolls at Weighing Engines, and the Number of Horses to be used in Carriages drawn on Turnpike Roads, and for allowing certain Exemptions with respect to Weights and Payment of Toll in particular Cases: provided such Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage, shall have the Axles or Axletrees of the Follies of all the Wheels thereof of the Breadth of Six Inches, or of Nine Inches, or of Twelve Inches or upwards, shall be Cylindrical; that in so far, of the same Diameter as the Inside next the Carriage as on the Outside, so that when such Wheels shall be rolling on a flat or level Surface, the whole Breadth thereof shall bear equally on such flat or level Surface; and provided that the opposite Ends of the Axletrees of such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, in so far as the same shall be inserted in the respective Naves of the Wheels thereof, shall be horizontal and in the continuation of one straight Line, without forming any Angle with each other; and so that in each Pair of Wheels belonging to such Carriage, in lower Parts when rolling on the Ground, shall be at the same Distance from each other as the upper Parts

Trustees of Roads empowered to exempt Carriages having Wheels of the specified breadth from the payment of additional tolls.

3 G. 3. c. 14.

4 G. 3. c. 86.

Cuts where
Exemption not
allowed.

of each Pair of Wheels: Provided always, that no such Exemption from such additional Tolls or Penalties for Overweight, or from any Part or Parts thereof, shall be allowed or granted for or in respect of any such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage having the Felles of the Wheels thereof of Six Inches and upwards in Breadth, and less than Nine Inches in Breadth, notwithstanding the Wheels and Felles thereof shall be so made, and the Axletrees thereof so formed and fixed as aforesaid, in case such Overweight shall exceed Eight hundred Weight; nor shall any such Exemption be allowed or granted for or in respect of any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, having the Felles of the Wheels thereof of Nine Inches and upwards in Breadth, and less than Sixteen Inches in Breadth, notwithstanding the Wheels and Felles thereof shall be so made, and the Axletrees thereof so formed and fixed as aforesaid, in case such Overweight shall exceed Six hundred Weight; nor shall any such Exemption be allowed or granted for or in respect of any such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, having the Felles of the Wheels thereof of Sixteen Inches and upwards in Breadth, notwithstanding the Wheels and Felles thereof shall be so made, and the Axletrees thereof so formed and fixed as aforesaid, in case such Overweight shall exceed Thirty hundred Weight.

Traffic may
reduce other
Tolls.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, acting in Execution of any Act or Acts of Parliament for maintaining and repairing any Turnpike Road or Roads in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, as any of their respective Meetings to be holden in pursuance of such Act or Acts, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in case they shall think it proper and expedient, to reduce any Part or Parts of the Toll or Tolls payable by virtue of such Act or Acts, for or in respect of such and every Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage, or the Horse or Horses, Bait or Baiters, or other Cattle drawing such Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, having the Wheels and Felles so made, and the Axletrees thereof so formed and fixed as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enable such Trustees to reduce such Toll or Tolls more than One fourth of the Toll or Tolls that might otherwise be demanded and taken for or in respect of such and every such Waggon, Cart or other such Carriage, or the Horse or Horses, Bait or Baiters, or other Cattle drawing the same.

Penalty

Tolls not re-
duced without
Consent of
Justices

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enable the said Trustees, or any Seven or more of them, to reduce any such Toll or Tolls, or any of such Penalties for Overweight, during the Continuance or Existence of any Lease or Leases thereof, without the Consent in Writing of the Lessors or Lessors first had and obtained for that Purpose.

C A P. CXX.

An Act to provide for the taking an Account of the Population of Ireland, and for the ascertaining the Increase or Diminution thereof.

[28th June 1815.]

WHETHERAS it is expedient to make Provision for the taking an Account of the Total Number of Persons from time to time within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Persons as shall be for that Purpose appointed in the manner hereinafter mentioned to take the Accounts required by this Act, shall, at the times and in the manner hereinafter directed, severally take an Account of the Number of Persons who shall be actually found, at the time of taking such Accounts, to be within the Limits of the several Parishes and Places within the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns, in Ireland respectively, according to the Provision in this Act contained.

II. And, for the more speedy and effectually obtaining of such Accounts, be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act shall from time to time be delivered by His Majesty's Printer in Ireland, to an Officer to be appointed by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and which Officer said Chief Secretary is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint, for digesting and arranging the several Returns to be made pursuant to this Act, whenever the said Printer shall be required by the said Officer, and the said printed Copies shall, by the said Officer, be transmitted to the several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks of the several and respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland; and Schedules of Instructions for carrying this Act into Execution, and Forms of the several Accounts and Returns required to be made by this Act, and of the Attestation of such Accounts and Returns, and of and for all other Matters and Things requisite for the Purpose of fully carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, shall be prepared by the said Officer under the Direction of such Chief Secretary; and printed Copies of such Instructions and Forms shall be transmitted by such Officer to be appointed by such Chief Secretary, to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks in every County, County of a City and County of a Town in Ireland, who shall distribute the same to the Chairman or Assistant Burdett in every County at large, and to the Recorder of every County of a City and County of a Town, and to the several Magistrates assembled in Sessions for the several Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland respectively, and under their Direction to the several Persons to be appointed to carry this Act into effect in the several Parishes and Places in Ireland, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and the said Officer is to be appointed by such Chief Secretary, shall from time to time communicate with the said Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks, and with such Chairman, Assistant Burdett, Recorder and Magistrates when necessary, in furtherance of the Purposes of this Act; and the said several Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks shall and they are hereby required to acknowledge the Receipt of this Act, and the said Schedule of Instructions, and other Forms; and shall with all convenient Speed cause the said Act, and the said Schedule of Instructions and other Forms, to be distributed in manner directed by this Act, within their respective Limits.

Arrangements
of Number of
Persons in Ire-
land by Parishes
appointed

Copies of Act
delivered by
King's Printer
to an Officer ap-
pointed by
Chief Secretary,
and by such Of-
ficer sent to
Clerks of Peace,
&c. for Dis-
tribution in Ire-
land, with
Forms of Ac-
counts, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Chairmen, or Assistant Barriers of the several Counties, and the Receivers of the several Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in Ireland, together with the Bench of Magistrates in such Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns respectively, upon receiving a Precept from the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland (which Precept such Chief Secretary is hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to issue, together with the Instructions for carrying the same into Effect) shall from time to time cause a Special Session of the Peace to be summoned and holden from time to time, for the Purposes of this Act, within their respective Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, within such Period and at such Times as shall be agreed in such Precept; and shall at the First Meeting of such Special Sessions come and appear, according to such Instructions as shall accompany the Precept of the Chief Secretary as aforesaid, in and for each Parish within such County, County of a City or County of a Town, or in and for any Barony, Half Barony, Townland, District, Division or Place within such County, County of a City or County of a Town, as to such Special Sessions shall seem fitting and agreeable, One fit and proper Person, residing in each such Parish or Barony, Half Barony, Townland, District, Division or Place respectively, as they shall in their Discretion think fit to appoint, for the Purpose of taking the Account required by this Act, and shall thereupon make out a List of the several Parishes or Barons, Half Barons, Townlands, Districts, Divisions and Places, in and for which Persons shall be to be named and appointed, and shall transmit such List to the Officer to be appointed by the Chief Secretary as aforesaid, and having so done shall adjourn such Special Session, to such Day and Time as shall be directed and appointed by the Precept or Instructions of such Chief Secretary; and at such Adjourned Sessions, such Chairman or Assistant Barrier or Recorder, and Bench of Magistrates shall proceed, according to such Instructions as they may receive for that Purpose, to order and direct every such Person so appointed to take an Account in the several Parishes, or in the several Barons, Half Barons, Townlands, Districts, Divisions or Places, respectively, of the several Matters and Things required by this Act, and to make a Return thereof to the said Sessions, at such Adjournment of such Session as shall be mentioned in such Order.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in any such Person so to be appointed to take such Account shall happen to die without taking such Account and making such Returns as is required by this Act, for the Parish, District or Place, for which such Person shall be so appointed, or if any such Person shall be incapable of acting, or shall neglect to act in the Execution of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to appoint another fit and proper Person in the Room and Stead of the Person so dying or being incapable of acting or neglecting to act, and every such Person so appointed shall in all respects perform the same Duties and have the same Powers, and be subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Penalties, as the Person originally appointed, under or by virtue of this Act; and Notice of every such Appointment shall be given (by the Officer to be appointed by such Chief Secretary for the Purposes of this Act) to the Chairman, Assistant Barrier or Recorder of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, within which such Person shall be so appointed.

V. And be it further enacted, That all such Persons so appointed to take the Account required by this Act, wherever they shall consider it necessary, shall and may take to their Assistance and employ the Churchwardens, Constables and other Peace Officers within each Parish, Barony, Townland, District, Division or Place respectively, as also the Sub Constables and other Persons employed in apportioning and collecting the Grand Jury Assessments within the same respectively; which said several Persons are hereby required to be aiding and assisting herein; and all such Persons so appointed to take the Account required by this Act, in the several Parishes, Barons, Half Barons, Townlands, Districts, Divisions or Places respectively, shall, either by themselves, or with such Assistance as aforesaid, if they shall consider it necessary, within such time as shall be directed by such Order of Session as aforesaid, proceed to take an Account of the Number of Persons at that time within the Limits of the respective Parishes, Barons, Half Barons, Townlands, Districts, Divisions or Places, in which they shall have been so appointed, and to inform themselves of all Particulars relating to the Matters of which an Account is required to be given, according to the Form to be transmitted to them for that Purpose, by proceeding from House to House, and by continuing such their Examination from Day to Day, without Interruption, or neglect or wilful Delay, until the same shall have been fully completed; and from such Information as aforesaid shall forthwith prepare an Answer or Return, containing all Matters of which an Account is required to be given, according to the Form to be transmitted to them for that Purpose; and such Persons so making such Returns shall themselves sign the same, with their Names and ordinary Designations and Places of Abode, and shall attach the Corroborative thereof on Oath before the Chairman, or Assistant Barriers in Counties, and before the Receivers in Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns and Bench of Magistrates respectively, at the Adjournment of the said Quarter Sessions to be specially holden for that Purpose, at the Day and Time mentioned for that Purpose in the Order of the said Sessions; and the better to enable all such Persons to make such Answers or Returns as aforesaid, such Persons, and their said Assistants and Persons by them employed, are hereby authorized and empowered to ask all such Questions of all Persons within the respective Parishes, Barons, Half Barons, Townlands, Districts, Divisions and Places, in which they shall take the Accounts required by this Act, respecting themselves, and the Number, Age and Occupation of the Persons constituting their respective Families, as shall be necessary for fitting the Particulars required to be stated concerning them, in the Answers and Returns aforesaid; and that every such Person refusing to answer, or wilfully giving a false Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall for every such Refusal or false Answer, on Proof thereof being made before any Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Person shall reside, on the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the said Justice before whom the Complaint thereof shall have been made.

Magistrates, on Proof of such Refusal, to hold Special Sessions, for appointing Persons in such Parish, or to give Notice of such Refusal, and to make Returns to Adjournment of Session

In case of Death, &c. of Person making Return, Lord Lieutenant to appoint another.

In what manner Persons appointed, shall take Account of Population in each Parish, &c.

Refusing, &c. to answer, &c.

Penalty.

VI. And

Accounts and Returns hereof
presented to Chief
Secretary, and
Admitted pro-
prio et lido
before Parli-
ment every
Session.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the several original Accounts to be taken in Writing, and attested as aforesaid by the Persons so appointed as aforesaid, together with all Answers and Returns prepared thereupon, shall be from time to time transmitted by the Chairman or Assistant Barriers of Counties, and Recorders of Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns within One Calendar Month after the Receipt of the same, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, a Copy thereof having been previously made by the several Clerks of the Peace of the Counties, and Town Clerks of the Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, whereas they were respectively taken, and lodged among the County Records; and which Copies such Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks are hereby strictly required and enjoined to make or cause to be made, and safely to keep and preserve in their respective Offices, and to deliver over to their Successors in Office respectively; and that such Accounts, Answers and Returns so transmitted to the Office of such Chief Secretary, shall be digested and reduced into order by such Officer as such Chief Secretary shall from time to time appoint for the Purpose; and that an Abstract thereof shall be from time to time laid before both Houses of Parliament.

In case of
Neglect or Dis-
obedience of Re-
turns, by Chief
Secretary may
direct Process
for same Re-
turns.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases whereof Returns shall not be made in pursuance of any Precept from the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, or where it shall appear that the Returns made are defective or inaccurate, and whenever it shall from respect to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, that Returns should be made under this Act, it shall and may be lawful for such Chief Secretary for the time being to issue his Precept to the Chairman or Assistant Barriers of any of the Counties in Ireland, or to the Recorder of any Counties of Cities, or Counties of Towns in Ireland, forthwith to proceed to cause due Returns to be made in any County, County of a City or Town, or in all or any Parish or Parishes, or Place or Places named and specified in such Precept, under the Provisions and Powers of this Act.

Compensation to
Persons employ-
ed in Execution
of Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and allowed, for the Trouble and Expence of the several Persons employed in the Transmissions aforesaid, for the Returns which shall be so made pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, the Sums following; that is to say, to the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, for every Return which shall be made, and a Copy thereof lodged in his Office, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence, and also a further Sum not exceeding Six pence for every Seventy two Words and Figures contained in every such Return; and to the several Persons to be so appointed to take the Accounts, and make the Returns required by this Act, a reasonable Compensation, to be estimated by the Chairman or Assistant Barriers and Bench of Magistrates in Counties, and by the Recorders and Magistrates in Counties of Cities and Towns; and that such Compensation shall be calculated according to the nature of the Work performed, and the Quantity of time employed, to which shall also be added the Expenses (if any) incurred by every such Person in the Execution of this Act; and that such Work and Services shall be duly certified by the Chairman and Assistant Barriers of Counties, and Recorders of Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, and the Bench of Magistrates in each of the said Counties respectively, and shall also be approved of by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being; and it shall and may be lawful for the Collectors of Excise in their respective Districts in Ireland, to pay such Sum or Sums of Money so certified and approved as aforesaid to the Persons producing such Certificates and Approbations, and also to pay all such other Sum and Sums of Money as shall appear to such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to be requisite and necessary, and as he or they shall order to be paid for any reasonable Expenses incurred by any Person in the Execution of this Act, to such Persons as shall produce such Order, and all Sums so paid by such Collectors of Excise shall be allowed them in their Accounts.

Persons free of
Pollage.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Letters and Packets containing the Accounts of Returns of Population as aforesaid, and all other Communications relative to this Act, coming to or from the Officer to be from time to time appointed by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland as aforesaid, shall be earned and conveyed by means of His Majesty's Post Office, and delivered without Pollage, or any Charge being paid or payable for the same.

Officers, for
neglecting or
misdoing default
in Execution of
Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That every Person to be so appointed as aforesaid, to take the Accounts required by this Act, and every Churchwarden, Constable, Peace Officer, or other Person whatsoever required to assist in the Execution of the Act, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to act in Execution of this Act, or shall make any wilful Default or Falsification in any of the Matters required of them respectively in this Act, shall, for every such wilful Neglect, Default or Falsification, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Justice of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, before whom such Person shall be convicted of such Offence, as the Oath of Oor or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses; and that the several Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by this Act shall, if not immediately paid, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace having Jurisdiction where such Offender shall dwell, returning to the said Offender the Overplus (if any) after the Charge of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted; and in case such sufficient District shall not be found, then it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for a Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless the said Forfeiture and Charges shall be sooner paid; and the said Forfeitures shall be paid Out Money to the Informers, and the other Money to the Collector of Excise for the District where the said Offender shall be committed, to be by him applied to Aid of the Expensures incurred by reason of this Act.

Penalty.

Forfeiture, Ac-
cording to
Act.

Impediments.

CAP. CXXI.

An Act to amend and to make an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for maintaining and keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges made in Scotland for the Purpose of Military Communications, and for making more effectual Provision for maintaining and repairing Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland, under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges.

[28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for maintaining and keeping in Repair certain Roads and Bridges made in Scotland for the Purpose of Military Communications; and for making more effectual Provision for maintaining and repairing Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland, under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges*, which requires to be amended and explained in some Respects: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in place of saying Three Fourths of the Money expended in repairing and keeping in Repair the Roads and Bridges in any County described in the said recited Act in the manner therein directed, it shall and may be lawful for the Freeholders of any County, excepting the County of Jersey, at the ensuing Affricshire Head Court, or at any Meeting of the Freeholders and Commissioners of Supply, which shall be held in any County for this special Purpose within Two Months thereafter, to order and direct the way and manner in which such Affricshire Head and may be made and levied during the Continuance of the said recited Act, in each County, in each and every Year, either separately or along with any other Affricshire in each County: Provided always, that any Affricshire for the Purposes of the said recited Act shall be borne and defrayed by the several Counties of Jersey, Guj, Sutherland and Caithness respectively, and not by any particular District or Districts within each County.

II. And be it enacted, That a Copy of the Order thereupon to be made, signed by the Preses of such Affricshire Head Court or Meeting, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Clerk of the Commissioners of Supply of each County, and the same shall be laid by the Clerk of Supply before the next Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply which shall be held thereafter, and from and after the Receipt of such Order, the Commissioners of Supply of each County are hereby directed to proceed accordingly.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That unless and until such Order shall have been made and transmitted as herein directed, the Commissioners of Supply shall make the Affricshire in the manner directed by the said recited Act.

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in each such Order shall be transmitted to the Clerk of Supply of any County, before an Affricshire shall have been made, in the manner directed by the said recited Act, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County to assemble, upon Twenty Days' Notice from their Clerk, which he is required to give, for the Purpose of making an Affricshire, or otherwise providing the Sum due for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in the way and manner directed in each Order; provided that Six Months' Interest, at the Rate of Five Pennies per Centum per Annum, be added to the Amount of the Sum due, and be therewith transmitted to the said Parliamentary Commissioners, or their Agent at Edinburgh, in manner directed by the said recited Act.

V. And be it enacted, That every Royal Burgh and Burgh of Regality shall be affricsh with the County in which it is situated for the Purposes of the said recited Act; provided nevertheless, that in making such Affricshments regard shall be had to an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for affricshing the Proprietors of Lands in the County of Roxburgh, and such Parts of the Counties of Cromarty and Nairn as lie in the said County of Roxburgh, towards the Expense of making and supporting such Roads and Bridges therein as shall be approved of by the Commissioners appointed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland*; also, to an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for affricshing the Proprietors of Lands in the County of Inverness, towards the Expense of making and supporting such Roads and Bridges therein as shall be approved of by the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland*; and also, to an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for continuing, altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His present Majesty as relates to making effectual the Secret Land in the Shire of Inverness, and levying a Contribution of Money in lieu thereof, and otherwise regulating, making and repairing Highways and Bridges in the said Shire*; and all Purposes and Parts of Purposes, and Places, and Lands, and Estates, mentioned in the said Three recited Acts shall be affricsh for the Purposes of the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the same manner that such Purposes, Parts of Purposes, Places, Lands and Estates are directed to be affricsh for the Purposes of the said Three recited Acts.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the due Proportion of the Money expended in the repairing the Roads and Bridges described in the said recited Act, shall be raised in every Year in every County in which an Affricshire is directed to be made by the said recited Act, and shall be transmitted to the said Parliamentary Commissioners, or their Agent at Edinburgh, as therein required.

VII. And Whereas it is provided by the said recited Act, that the Sum of Affricshire to be levied in any Year in any County, shall not be higher than the Rate of Three Half-pennies in the Pound upon the

[45] J. 1. 18

Mode of levying
Affricshire de-
termined by
Municipal
Head Courts.

Proviso.

Order trans-
mitted to Com-
missioners of
Supply, for
Consent.

Proviso in case
an Order made.

Affricshire when
made.

Burghs affricsh
with County.

[45] G. 3. c. 10.

[45] G. 3. c. 110.

[45] G. 3. c. 10.

[45] G. 3. c. 120.

Proportion of
Affricshire
raised.

[45] G. 3. c. 100.

1. Rota

* Rents and Profits affixed to the Property Tax in each County, under Schedule (A.) of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, in the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and to establish and render more efficient the Provisions for collecting the said Duties: And Whereas the Commissioners of Supply of any County are empowered to appoint a fit Person to be a Surveyor and Clerks, or other Officers, as they shall think necessary for the due Execution of the said recited Act, with such Salaries or Allowances as the said Commissioners of Supply shall think fit: And Whereas in Counties where the Assessment amounts to the Sum of Three Half-pence in the Pound upon the Rents and Profits affixed to the Property Tax as aforesaid, the Expense of such Surveyors, Clerks and Officers, is then thrown upon the said Parliamentary Commissioners, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the Salaries and Allowances of such Surveyors, Clerks and Officers, shall in all cases be borne and defrayed by the County or Counties in which they are appointed respectively, except in so far as the Commissioners appointed for the Purposes of the said recited Act shall think fit to permit.*

VIII. And be it enacted, That the said recited Act shall have Effect and remain in force in all respects, except in so far as regards the Alterations made by this present Act.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of Windsor Forest, in the County of Berks; and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest. [28th Jan 1815.]

22 G. 3. c. 25. **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of Windsor Forest, in the County of Berks; and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest; and some of the Provisions of the said Act require to be amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and all and every Person and Persons entitled to any Timber or other Trees standing and being on any of the Waste Lands intended to be inclosed by the said recited Act, at any time within the Period of Twelve Calendar Months after the Date of the Award directed by the said Act to be made by John Nash and John Davis, Commissioners named and appointed in and by the said recited Act, or their Successors, instead of within the Space of Two Years from the passing of the said Act, as in the said Act is directed, to sell, cut down, grub up, remove, fell and dispose of such Timber and other Trees, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, and the said John Nash and John Davis, and their Successors, are hereby required and directed to make and execute their said Award within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months from and after the passing of this Act, in the same Manner and Form and under the like Regulations in all respects as in the said recited Act is directed.*

33 G. 3. c. 15. **II.** And Whereas it would greatly tend to the Improvement of the Estates and Property belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits of the said Forest, in His private CapACITY, if the Powers in the said recited Act contained, in relation to the Sale or Exchange of Allotments made to His Majesty in Right of such Estates, were extended to all such Estates and Property: Be it therefore enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities, Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act contained, for authorizing the Commissioners therein mentioned and named and appointed by the said recited Act of the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to sell or exchange any Allotment or Allotments of Waste Land made to His Majesty under the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year aforesaid, shall extend and be construed to extend to authorize, empower and enable the said last mentioned Commissioners to sell or exchange all or any of the Messuages, Cottages, Timber, Orchards, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments whatsoever, belonging to His Majesty, within the Limits and Boundaries of the said Forest as His Majesty's Private Property, so as the said Commissioners shall deem any such Sales or Exchanges to be expedient and beneficial to the Estate of His Majesty; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to make any such Sales or Exchanges under the Powers, Authorities and Regulations in the said Act contained in relation to Allotments, in the same manner in every respect as if such Powers, Authorities and Regulations were hereby repeated and re-enacted, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if such Messuages, Cottages, Timber, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments had been included in the said recited Act; and the said Act and this Act shall for that Purpose be construed together as One Act.

34 G. 3. c. 15. **III.** And Whereas it hath been found that the specific Allotments required and directed by the said Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to be given to His Majesty, do in some Partishes exceed the proportionate Share of Nine Thirty Seconds intended to be given to His Majesty under the same Act, as far as relates to the Waste as such Partishes, and no Provision is contained in the said Act for making Compensation to such Partishes: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said John Nash and John Davis, and their Successors, and they are hereby required to ascertain the Amount and Value of such Excess in every such Partish as aforesaid, and the respective Amounts of the Value of such Excess shall thereupon be paid

paid to the respective Parishes entitled thereto, out of any Money to be raised under the Provisions of the said last mentioned Act, by the Sale of any Lands authorized by the said Act to be sold for the Payment of the Expenses of inclosing the Lands and Allotments which are by the said Act given to or may be awarded to His Majesty; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Commissioners in all such cases to mark out for Sale any additional Quantity of such Lands for the Purpose of raising the Amount of such Compensation to such Parishes respectively as aforesaid; and the Amount of the Value of every such Estate in each Parish shall be paid to the Commissioners or Commissioners under the said Act for the Parish for which the Compensation shall be given, and shall by such Commissioners or Commissioners respectively be applied in the Payment of any Expenses already incurred or which may hereafter be incurred in the Execution of the said Act in such Parish by the said Commissioners respectively in the respective Parishes, or their Clerks, or any Surveyors or Assistants, or in any other Costs or Charges incident to or incurred in the Execution of the said Act, and the Overplus, if any, shall be divided among the Proprietors of Estates in the Parish for which the Compensation is paid, in Proportion to their several legal Rights of Common therein, and shall be included in the Award of the Commissioners or Commissioners of such respective Parishes: Provided always, that the Sale of all Lands for the Purposes aforesaid shall be made in such Manner and Form and under such Regulations in all respects as are mentioned and preferred in and by the said Act of the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of the said recited Act respectively, or as may therein or as the circumstances of any Sales to be made in pursuance of this Act will admit.

IV. And Whereas it is enacted by the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty that certain Parts of the Waste of the said Forest therein particularly mentioned and described should be allotted to His Majesty; and it is expedient that Power should be given to include the said several Allotments, and such other Allotments to be made to His Majesty as may adjoin or be contiguous therein, previous to the Execution of the Award to be made by the said *John Nash* and *John Davis*, or their Successors, as by the said recited Act is directed: Be it therefore enacted, That where the said Allotments is directed to be made to His Majesty by the said last mentioned Act, and such other Allotment or Allotments as may adjoin or be contiguous therein, shall have been made and set out to and for His Majesty, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, immediately or at any time thereafter to include from time to time the said several Allotments, and to continue the same so inclosed, freed and discharged of and from all Common Rights of what nature or kind soever, although the said *John Nash* and *John Davis* or their Successors may not have made or executed their said Award in relation thereto at the respective Periods when such Inclosures shall be so made.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for making Compensation for Lands and Hereditaments taken for erecting Works at and near *Portsmouth* and *Hilsea*, in the County of *Southampton*, in pursuance of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Thirty six Millions by way of Annuities.

[See ante, c. 74. p. 3. c. 169.]

C A P. CXXV.

An Act to amend an Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the Relief of the Out Pensioners of the Royal Hospital at *Chilston*.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Relief of the Out Pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chilston*: And Whereas the Payment in Advance to Out Pensioners under the said recited Act has, through the Imprecision of such Provisions, been found to produce great Inconvenience, and it is therefore expedient that the said Act should be amended in relation to such Payments: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as requires that Payments shall be made to Out Pensioners of the remaining Number of Days of the current Half Year upon Admission and thereafter in Advance in Half-yearly Payments, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

11. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of *Chilston Hospital* to make such Regulations in relation to the Payment in Advance to Out Pensioners, upon their first Admission on the Pension List, of any of such Proportions of their Pensions at the time of Admission as the said Commissioners shall see fit, and for the Payment of the Residue of such Pensions for the current Quarter upon the Arrival of Pensioners at their Places of Residence, as shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners appear best adapted to prevent the immoderate Expenditure of such Pensioners, and the consequent Distress of such Pensioners; and the said Commissioners are hereby further authorized and directed to make all subsequent Payments of such Pensions by Quarterly Payments in Advance instead of by Half-yearly Payments; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

[See as to Relief of Out Pensioners of *Kilmainham Hospital*, p. 3. c. 135.]

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to authorize the allowing to Foreign Officers, Allowances equivalent in Amount to the Half Pay given to British Officers under the like Circumstances. [25th June 1815.]

34 G. 3. c. 43.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable Subjects of France to enlist as Soldiers in Regiments to serve in the Continent of Europe, and in certain other Places, and to enable His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of France to serve and receive Pay as Officers in such Regiments, or as Ensigns, under certain Restrictions: And Whereas*

46 G. 3. c. 73.

another Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service; and for enabling His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of Foreign States to serve as Officers, or as Ensigns, under certain Restrictions: and to indemnify all Persons who may have enlisted His Majesty to enlist any such Soldiers, or grant any such Commissions as aforesaid: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act, passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist as Soldiers in His Majesty's Service; and to indemnify those who have enlisted His Majesty to enlist such Soldiers in this Kingdom: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, relating to the Half Pay and Allowance of Officers retiring from Service; and to authorize the allowing to Foreign Officers, under the like Provisions and Allowances as are given to British Officers under the like Circumstances: And Whereas the said recited Acts of the Forty fourth and Forty sixth Years aforesaid, have been amended and amended by an Act (s) passed in the Eighth Session of Parliament: And Whereas it is just and expedient that Provision should be made for authorizing the granting to Foreign Officers, serving or who have served under any of the Provisions of the first Act, Allowances equal in amount to the Half Pay of British Officers in His Majesty's Service and in the like circumstances: May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time, to allow to any Foreign Officers in His Service, serving under any of the Provisions of the said recited Acts, upon the Reduction of their Corps, or the Expiration of the Period for which their Corps engaged to serve, Allowances equal in amount to the Half Pay of British Officers of like Rank in His Majesty's Service, and payable in the like manner and under similar Circumstances and Restrictions as Half Pay: or may be allowed and granted to any Officer, in His Majesty's Service by any Law or Regulation now in force, or which may be hereafter made and established in relation to the Half Pay of Officers who have held Commissions in His Majesty's Service; any thing, in the said recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.***

35 G. 3. c. 121.

(s) Act, c. 11. § 1.

Half Pay to Foreign Officers.

Allowance of retired soldiers.

11. And be it further enacted, That all such Allowances as may have been already granted by His Majesty to any such Foreign Officers upon the Disbanding or Reduction of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or under such and the like circumstances as would have entitled any British Officers to Half Pay, shall be deemed and taken to be so well and effectually granted, and shall be paid in like manner, in every respect, as if the same had been granted after the passing and under the Provisions of this Act; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act to repeal an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the Embarrassment of Stores; and to extend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, to all other Public Stores. [25th June 1815.]

38 G. 3. c. 10.
39 G. 3. c. 10.
40 G. 3. c. 10.
41 G. 3. c. 10.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Ninth and Tenth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, intitled *An Act for the better preventing the Embarrassment of His Majesty's Stores of War; and preventing Cheats, Frauds and Abuses in paying Soldiers's Wages; and by another Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King George the First, intitled *An Act for continuing some Laws, and enacting others therein contained, for punishing Apothecaries from serving Purcell and Ward Officers, as Surgeons and receiving in Lances; and in the Payment of Soldiers's Wages; and the Perpetration of Naval Stores of War; and concerning the Manners and Trophies of War; and against the making Running of Cannon Goods, and for the more effectual preventing Frauds relating to the Cannon, and Powder in military Stores; and for extending the same; and by another Act passed in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled *An Act to continue the several Laws therein contained for preventing Theft and Rape on the Northern Borders of England; for the more effectual punishing such and evil disposed Persons guilty thereof in Disobedience, and doing Injuries and Violence to the Person and Property of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the more speedy bringing the Offenders to Justice; for removing Two Clauses to prevent the raising of a Breaking down the Bank of any River, or Sea Bank, and to prevent the malicious cutting Highways; and for the more effectual Punishment of Persons maliciously setting on Fire any House, Ship or Dock of Coal, or Cannon &c. &c. and of Persons maliciously burning or setting any Red or White Linen in Fire, or Cheats, or cheating or swindling the Masters or other Officers in Foreign, Cheats or Purcell; and for granting a License to carry away of the Gravel, Sand, or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America, from the said Colonies directly to Foreign Ports in His Majesty's Colonies, and navigating according to Law; and to explain Two Acts relating***

42 G. 3. c. 40.
43 G. 3. c. 10.

Ar. Lands for
Signal or Tele-
graph Stations.

time being, from time to time, by any Writing under their Hands, to authorize any Person or Persons to survey and mark out any Lands or Hereditaments which are, shall or may be wanted for the Purpose aforesaid, or any or either of them, and so to treat and agree with the Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person or Persons interested therein, either for the absolute Purchase thereof for the Public Service or for the Possession thereof, for such Time or Term of Years as the Public Service shall require.

Obstructions re-
moved.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Obstructions should arise, grow or be occasioned, or should be intended to be made between any Two Signal or Telegraph Stations, in so much as the said Communications between the said Stations, it shall be lawful for the Lands Commissioners of the Admiralty to agree for the Removal or Prevention of such Obstructions in the same manner and under the same Powers and Provisions, as are hereinafter provided for the Acquisition of the Lands or Grounds necessary for the Erection of the said Signal or Telegraph Stations.

Belief of Public,
Ar. may con-
tinue for Sale of
Premises.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and all Freeholders or Trustees for Charitable or other Public Purposes, and for all Tenants for Life and Tenants in Tail, and for the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Commissioners, Carriers or Attorneys of each of the Owners or Proprietors of or Persons interested in any such Lands, or Hereditaments required for such Public Service as shall be Power Convey, Infants, Lunatics, Idiots or Persons beyond the Seas, or otherwise incapable of acting for themselves, to consent and agree with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, either for the absolute Sale of such Lands or Hereditaments, or for the Grant of any Lease either for any Term of Years certain therein, or for such Periods as the Public Service shall require, and to convey, forward, demise or grant the same unto the said Lands Commissioners of the Admiralty, in Trust for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, accordingly; and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, Surrenders, Leases and Agreements, shall be valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Persons refusing to
sell or to ac-
cept Compensation
offered,
Two Justices,
Ar. may put His
Majesty's Of-
ficers into
Possession, and
Jury summoned,
who shall find
Compensation.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Bodies or other Persons hereby authorized to contract on behalf of themselves or others as aforesaid, or any other Person or Persons interested in any such Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so marked out and surveyed for the Public Service, shall for the Space of Fourteen Days next after Notice in Writing, subscribed by such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, shall have been given to the principal Officer or Officers of any such Body, or to each other Person hereby authorized to contract on behalf of others or interested themselves as aforesaid, or left at his, her or their usual Place of Abode, refuse or decline to treat or agree, or by reason of Absence shall be prevented from treating or agreeing with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, or shall refuse to accept such Sum of Money as shall be offered by such Person or Persons as the Consideration for the absolute Purchase of such Lands and Hereditaments, or such annual Rent or Sum as shall be offered for the Hire thereof, either for a time certain or for such Period as the Public Service may require, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid to require Two or more Justices of the Peace, or Three or more Deputy Lieutenants (One of whom shall be a Justice of the Peace) or Two or more Deputy Governors for the County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place where such Lands or Hereditaments shall be, to put His Majesty's Officers into immediate Possession of such Lands or Hereditaments which such Justices or Deputy Lieutenants or Deputy Governors are hereby required to do, and shall for that Purpose use their Warrants under their Hands and Seals commanding Possession to be so delivered, and shall also use their Warrants to the Sheriffs of the County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place where such Lands or Hereditaments shall be situate, to summon a Jury, and every such Sheriff is hereby authorized and required to summon and return a Jury properly qualified of the Number of Twenty four, and in the manner required by the Laws of England, Ireland and Scotland respectively, who shall meet at some convenient Time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, out of whom a Jury of Twelve shall be drawn in such manner as Jurors for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster and Dublin are drawn by Law in England and Ireland respectively, and in such manner as Jurors are drawn by Law for the Trial of Offences in Scotland; and in case a sufficient Number shall not appear, the said Sheriff shall choose others of the Freeholders, or that can legally be procured, being qualified as aforesaid, and the said Jurymen may be challenged by the Parties on either Side, but not the Array; and the said Justices, Deputy Lieutenants or Governors respectively, may summon Witnesses, and adjourn any such Meeting if Jurymen or Witnesses do not attend, and the Jury, on hearing any Witnesses and Evidence that may be produced, shall on their Oaths (which Oaths, as also the Oaths of such Witnesses, the said Justices, Deputy Lieutenants or Governors respectively, are hereby empowered and required to administer) find the Compensation to be paid, either for the absolute Purchase of such Lands or Hereditaments, or for the Possession or Use thereof, as the case may be.

Agreed to Court
of Exchequer, if
in England or
Ireland, and in
Court of Session
if in Scotland.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, or any Person interested therein, shall be dissatisfied with the Verdict of any such Jury, it shall be lawful for them or their Attorneys in England and Ireland to apply to the Court of Exchequer at Westminster or Dublin respectively in the Term next, and in Scotland to apply within Fourteen Days after the finding any such Verdict to the Court of Session in Session in case of Session, or Lord Ordinary on the Bills in time of Vacations, and to suggest to the said Courts or Lord Ordinary respectively, that they have reason to be dissatisfied with such Verdict, and forthwith give Notice thereof to the said Lord High Admiral or Commissioners or Party, as the case may be, and thereupon in England and Ireland the Proceedings that shall have been had and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned into the said Courts of Exchequer respectively; and if it shall appear to the said Courts to be proper, a Writ shall be entered on such Proceedings as aforesaid, and a Writ shall thereupon by Rule of such Court or Order of any Judge of such Court be directed to the Sheriff of the County where such Lands or Hereditaments shall be, or if the

same

first shall be in Two Counties, to the Sheriff of either of such Counties, to wit, either a Common or Special Jury, according to the Application that shall have been made on that behalf, and as the Court or as such Judge shall allow, and who shall respectively be qualified according to Law, to appear before the said Judge or Judges of Assize or *Nisi Prius* of that County at the next Assizes orittings of *Nisi Prius*, if the issue shall not happen sooner than Twenty one Days after such suggestion, otherwise at the next succeeding Assizes orittings; and the Compensation to be paid either for the absolute Purchase or for the Possession or Use of such Lands or Hereditaments, as the case shall be, shall at such Assizes orittings be ascertained by such Jury, in like manner as any Damages may be enquired of upon any Inquisition or Enquiry of Damages by any Jury before any Judge of Assize or *Nisi Prius*, and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned to the said Court of Exchequer, and shall be final and conclusive; and in Scotland, if it shall appear proper to the said Court of Session or Lord Ordinary upon such Application to do so, the said Court or Lord Ordinary shall order and direct the Sheriff of the County where such Lands or Hereditaments shall be, or if the case shall be in Two Counties, the Sheriff of either of such Counties, to summon another Jury in the manner in which Juries are summoned in Scotland, properly qualified according to Law, to appear before the Lords or Lord of Justiciary at the next Circuit, if the issue shall not happen sooner than Twenty one Days after such Application, otherwise at the next succeeding Circuit; and the Compensation to be awarded for the Lands or Hereditaments, as the case may be, shall at such Circuit be ascertained by a Jury drawn from the Jury summoned as aforesaid, in such manner as Juries are drawn in Scotland, under the Direction of the said Lords or Lord of Justiciary as aforesaid, and the Verdict of such last mentioned Jury shall be final and conclusive, without being subject to Review or Challenge of any Kind, unless the Court that shall have allowed such Enquiry shall think fit, on any Application made within Four Days after the Commencement of the succeeding Term or Session, if in Scotland, to order any new Trial in relation thereto.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Jury impanelled before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, or Deputy Lieutenant or Deputy Governor, or before any Judge of Assize or *Nisi Prius*, to ascertain the Compensation to be paid for any Lands or Hereditaments under this Act, and they are hereby required to ascertain and settle the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation to any Person or Persons having any Interest as Lessees or Tenants in Will or otherwise, in any such Lands or Hereditaments, and the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation shall be returned on the Verdict: Provided also, that where any such Enquiry before any Judge of Assize or *Nisi Prius*, or Lords or Lord of Justiciary, shall be had on the Application of any such Lessee or Tenant in Will, or other Person having any inferior Interest in any such Lands or Hereditaments, who may have been dissatisfied with the Proportion of Compensation settled by the Jury to be paid in respect of such Interest, it shall not be lawful for the Jury in any such case to alter the Amount of the entire Compensation awarded by any former Verdict to be paid for such Lands or Hereditaments, but only the Proportion thereof to be paid to the Person or Persons having separate Interest therein; and it shall not be lawful for any Jury on any Enquiry had before any Judge of Assize or *Nisi Prius* or Lords or Lord of Justiciary, as to any such Compensation, on the Application of the said Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, in any case in which the whole Compensation awarded by the former Jury, to alter the Proportion that shall have been settled by any such former Jury as to any separate Interest in any such Lands or Hereditaments.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court or Judge or Lord Ordinary, making any such Rule or Order, to require that the Party or whole Application the same shall be made, shall give such Security as shall to such Court, Judge or Lord Ordinary seem proper for Payment of Costs under such Circumstances as shall be specified in any Rule or Order made for that Purpose.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Lands or Hereditaments shall have been taken under the Provisions of this Act, for any Term of Years or for such Period only as the Public Service shall require, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, or any other Person or Persons as aforesaid, at any time before the Possession of any Lands or Hereditaments which shall have been taken for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be delivered up to the Owner or Owners thereof, or other Person or Persons sitting on his, her or their behalf, as take down and remove all such Buildings or other Erections which shall or may have been built or erected thereon for the Public Service, and to carry away the Materials thereof, making such Compensation to the Owner or Owners of such Lands or Hereditaments, or other Person or Persons sitting on his, her or their behalf, for the Damage or Injury which may have been done thereon, or to the Soil thereof, by the Erection of any such Buildings, or removing and carrying away the same, or otherwise, in consequence of the same having been occupied for the Public Service, as the said Lord High Admiral or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral or such other Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid shall think reasonable, and as shall be agreed upon in that behalf, and if such Owner or Owners or other Person or Persons sitting on his, her or their behalf, shall not be willing to accept the Compensation so offered, it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, or other Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid, to apply to and require Two Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Striety, City or Place, to settle and ascertain the Compensation which ought to be made for such Damage or Injury as aforesaid; and such Justices shall settle and ascertain the same accordingly, and shall give a Certificate thereof, and the Amount of such Compensation is settled and ascertained and certified shall forthwith be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter, prejudice or affect any Agreement which hath been or shall be

Jury is summoned to ascertain Compensation for Proportion to be paid Lessee, &c.

Proviso.

Court to require Security for Costs.

In case where Lands taken for any Term of Years, all Expenses for Public Service incurred, as delivering up Lands to Owners.

Proviso.

may

may be entered into by any such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid with any Owner or Owners of any such Lands or Hereditaments, or other Person or Persons acting on his, her or their behalf, in relation to any such Buildings or Erections, but every such Agreement shall remain valid and effected in like manner, as if this Act had not been passed.

*Public Money
belonging to the
Government
to be paid by
Treasury or
Deputy
Remembrancer
of Exchequer
for their Use.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Money shall have been or shall be agreed or shall have been or shall be found by the Verdict of any Jury to be paid or given either for the Use or for the absolute Purchase of any Lands or Hereditaments taken by virtue of this Act, belonging to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or not having the absolute Interest therein, the same shall be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being, into the Hands of the Deputy of The King's Remembrancer of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at *Windsor, Edinburgh or Dublin* respectively, for the time being, for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons who is hereby authorized and required to receive or accept and to give a Discharge for the same, and upon the Acceptance or Receipt thereof to sign a Certificate to the Baron or Judges of the said Courts of Exchequer respectively under his Hand, purporting and signifying that such Money or other Consideration was received or accepted by and paid to him in pursuance of this Act, for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons who shall be named and described in such Certificate, and the said Certificate shall be filed or deposited in the said Court of Exchequer at *Windsor, Edinburgh or Dublin* respectively, and a true Copy thereof signed by the Deputy Remembrancer of such Court shall and may be read and allowed as Evidence for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned; and the said Deputy Remembrancer is hereby required upon Receipt of any such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid, to pay the same into the Bank of *England*, or Bank of *Scotland* or Royal Bank of *Scotland*, or Bank of *Ireland*, as the case may require, and immediately upon the filing or depositing of such Certificate the said Lands or Hereditaments shall be and become vested in or to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

*Money paid into
Bank.*

*Baron of Ex-
chequer, &c. on
Petition of
Person interested
to order Ap-
plication of
Money.*

X. And be it further enacted, That the Barons or Judges of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at *Windsor, Edinburgh or Dublin*, of the Degree of the Chief, for the time being respectively, or any Two or more of them, shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered in a summary Way upon Motion or by Petition, for and on behalf of any Person or Persons interested in or entitled to the Benefit of the Money so paid to and received by the Deputy Remembrancer at the Interest or Produce thereof, and upon reading the Certificate directed to be signed by the said Deputy Remembrancer concerning the same as aforesaid, and receiving such further Satisfaction as they shall think necessary, to make and pronounce such Orders and Directions for paying the said Money or any Part of the same, or for placing out such Part thereof as shall be Principal as the Public Funds or upon Government or Real Securities, and for Payment of the Dividends or Interest thereof or any Part thereof, to the respective Persons entitled to receive the same, or for buying out the Principal or any Part thereof in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments to be conveyed and settled on, for and upon the same Uses, Trusts, Tenants and Purposes as the said Lands and Hereditaments so taken had settled at the time of the Payment of such Money as aforesaid, as now in the same can be done, or otherwise, concerning the disposing of the said Money or any Part thereof, and the Interest of the same or any Part thereof, for the Benefit of the Person or Persons entitled to and interested in the same respectively, or for appointing any Person or Persons to be Trustee or Trustees for all or any of such Purposes as the said Court shall think just and reasonable.

*On Death or
Removal of De-
puty Remem-
brancer, Bonds
and Securities to
be in force.*

XI. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death or Removal of any such Deputy Remembrancer, all Bonds and Securities which in him by virtue of this Act shall well in the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the Purposes hereinafter mentioned without any Assignment or Transfer; and all Moneys paid into the said Banks respectively in pursuance of this Act, or remaining in the Hands of any Deputy Remembrancer at his Death or Removal, and not vested in the Funds or placed out on Securities as aforesaid shall be paid over to the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the time being.

*When no De-
puty, Powers to
act in King's
Remembrancer.*

XII. And be it further enacted and declared, That in any case The King's Remembrancer shall vacate the said Office in Person, then and in such case the several Treasurers and Authorities, by this Act referred in the said Deputy Remembrancer and his Successors, shall, during such time as no Deputy Remembrancer shall be appointed, be and be executed by the said King's Remembrancer for the time being.

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to increase the Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties on Tobacco; and to limit the Tonnage of Ships in which Wine may be exported when Duties are drawn back. [4th July 1815.]

Act, c. 30.

Sch (B)

*Additional
Drawbacks of
Bonds allowed
on Tobacco.*

WHEREAS the Drawback allowed by an Act of the present Session of Parliament intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Potatoes, Tobacco, Snuff and Foreign Liquors*, for and in respect of Short Cut Tobacco, Bag Tobacco, Roll Tobacco and Current Tobacco, manufactured as any of the Parts of Great Britain, into which Tobacco may lawfully be imported, or within Two Miles thereof, or is left in Preparation to the Duty by the said Act imposed on Tobacco, than the same ought to have been, and it is therefore expedient to grant the additional Drawbacks hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in the present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be allowed and paid for such manufactured Tobacco the several additional Drawbacks of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that it is to pay,

For

For every Pound Weight of Short Cut Tobacco manufactured at any of the Ports of Great Britain into which Tobacco may lawfully be imported or warehoused Two Miles thereof, from Tobacco for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid and exported as Merchandise by the Manufacturer thereof from such Ports to Foreign Parts, Two pence Farthing and One Tenth Part of a Farthing:

For every Pound Weight of Shag Tobacco, so manufactured and exported, One Penny Three Farthings and Four Fifth Parts of a Farthing:

For every Pound Weight of Roll Tobacco, so manufactured and exported, Two pence Farthing and One Tenth Part of a Farthing:

For every Pound Weight of Carrot Tobacco so manufactured and exported, One Penny Three Farthings and Four Fifth Parts of a Farthing.

II. And be it further enacted, That for all Short Cut Tobacco, Shag Tobacco, Roll Tobacco and Carrot Tobacco, manufactured at any of the Ports of Great Britain into which Tobacco may lawfully be imported, or warehoused Two Miles thereof, from Tobacco for which the Duties imposed by the said Act of the present Session of Parliament in respect thereof, as well as all other Duties imposed for or in respect thereof by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, shall have been paid, and exported before the passing of this Act as Merchandise by the Manufacturer thereof from any such Port, or to Foreign Parts, under and subject to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions by Law established for the Exportation of Tobacco on Drawback, there shall, in addition to the Drawback or Drawbacks by the said Act of the present Session of Parliament granted, be allowed and paid the additional Drawback by the said Act granted on manufactured Tobacco of the like Sort.

III. And, to counterbalance the Drawbacks granted on manufactured Tobacco, by an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled *An Act for granting in His Majesty's sixth Year of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on certain Tobacco, Snuff and Scented Linens*, and the additional Drawbacks granted on manufactured Tobacco by the said Act, be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the following Countervailing Duties; that is to say,

For every Pound Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain, Three pence:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Short Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Four pence Halfpenny:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Shag Tobacco, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Four pence Halfpenny:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Roll Tobacco, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Four pence Halfpenny:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Carrot Tobacco, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Four pence Halfpenny:

For every Pound Weight of every other Sort of Irish manufactured Tobacco, not hereinbefore enumerated or described, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Four pence Halfpenny:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Rappee Snuff, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Three pence Three Farthings:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Scented Snuff, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Five pence Farthing:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Brown Scotch Snuff, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Three pence Three Farthings:

For every Pound Weight of Irish manufactured Tobacco Stalk Flour, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Five pence Farthing:

For every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of Irish manufactured Snuff, or Snuff Works, not hereinbefore enumerated or described, imported from Ireland into Great Britain, Five pence Farthing.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Countervailing Duties by this Act imposed shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, applied and accounted for in such and the like manner as the Countervailing Duties on Tobacco and Snuff imposed by an Act made in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for granting in His Majesty's sixth Year of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain on Glass, Hides and Tobacco and Snuff*, &c. by any Law or Laws now in force to be raised, levied, collected, paid, applied or accounted for.

V. And be it further enacted, That the additional Drawbacks by the said Act granted shall be paid and allowed out of the Duties of Excise by Law imposed for or in respect of Tobacco, and under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Rules and Provisions contained and provided in and by an Act made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, entitled *An Act for regulating the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties on tea, sugar, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, relating to the Exportation of Tobacco on Excise Drawback*.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient to take the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels in which Ware may be exported or Drawbacks' Bent then here enacted, That no Ware on which the said Duties of Customs and Excise shall have been paid upon its Exportation therefrom into Great Britain, shall afterwards be exported for the Service of any Ship or Vessel whatever, which shall not be at the Barrels of seventy Two or upwards, subject also to the like Securities, Rules, Regulations, Provisions and Forfeitures as are made and provided by the Laws in force, on and immediately before the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks.

Additional
Duties on
Tobacco
imported
from
Ireland
into
Great
Britain
in
the
Fifth
Year
of
His
present
Majesty's
Reign
entitled
*An Act
for
granting
in
His
Majesty's
sixth
Year
of
April
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
sixteen,
additional
Duties
of
Excise
in
Great
Britain
on
certain
Tobacco,
Snuff
and
Scented
Linens*, &c.

Countervailing
Duties on
Tobacco.

Snuff.

Countervailing
Duties on
Tobacco
and
Snuff
imported
from
Ireland
into
Great
Britain
in
the
Fifth
Year
of
His
present
Majesty's
Reign
entitled
*An Act
for
granting
in
His
Majesty's
sixth
Year
of
April
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
sixteen,
additional
Duties
of
Excise
in
Great
Britain
on
Glass,
Hides
and
Tobacco
and
Snuff*, &c.

Additional
Duties on
Tobacco
and
Snuff
imported
from
Ireland
into
Great
Britain
in
the
Fifth
Year
of
His
present
Majesty's
Reign
entitled
*An Act
for
granting
in
His
Majesty's
sixth
Year
of
April
One
thousand
eight
hundred
and
sixteen,
additional
Duties
of
Excise
in
Great
Britain
on
Glass,
Hides
and
Tobacco
and
Snuff*, &c.

Ware exported
on Drawbacks
in
Ships
or
Vessels
of
72
Barrels
or
upwards.

C A P. CXXX.

An Act for further regulating the Issue and Payment of Money to His Majesty's Forces Serving Abroad. [4th July 1815.]

4 G. 3. c. 49.

§ 3.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for accelerating the Making-up, Examination and Audit of the Accounts of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that in the Examination of the Annual Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, for Monies paid, within the Period of the said Account, by his Deputies on Foreign Stations, the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts are directed and required to discharge the said Paymaster General of all Sums of Money paid by any Deputy on any Foreign Station, under the Warrant of the Officer Commanding in Chief on each Foreign Station: And Whereas it is expedient that Officers holding the Chief Command of Armies employed in active Operations Abroad should, in certain cases, be relieved from the Charge of personally signing all Warrants for the Issues from time to time for the Service of such Armies: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That notwithstanding any thing in the said recited Act contained to the contrary thereof, it shall be lawful for any Officer holding the Chief Command of an Army employed in active Operations Abroad, to authorize and empower a Comptroller of Army Accounts (in case a Comptroller of Army Accounts shall be attached by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being to such Army), or in the Event of no Comptroller of Army Accounts being attached to such Army, or of the Death or Absence of any such Comptroller, then to authorize and empower such other Person as may be appointed by the said Commissioners of the Treasury for that Purpose, to sign Warrants for the Issue and Payment of all Sums of Money which may from time to time be paid by any Deputy to the Paymaster General on Foreign Service, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act.

Commander in Chief on Foreign Station empowered to authorize a Comptroller of Army Accounts to sign Warrants.

Commanders of Armies to give charge Paymaster General of all Sums paid by Deputy under such Warrants.

All need to prevent Commanders in Chief signing Warrants signed directly, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That in the Examination of the Annual Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, for Monies paid, within the Period of the said Account, by his Deputies on Foreign Stations, the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts shall and they are hereby directed and required to discharge the Paymaster General of all Sums of Money paid by any Deputy Abroad, under any Warrant of any such Comptroller of Army Accounts, or other Person duly appointed and authorized for the Purpose of signing such Warrants as aforesaid, in like manner as if the same had been signed by the Officer commanding in Chief, pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to prevent any Officer commanding in Chief from signing such Warrants relating to the Expensiture of the Army under his Command, as he could or might have done before the passing of this Act in all cases where he may deem it expedient to sign himself such Warrants.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Warrants which at any time before the passing of this Act may have been signed by the Comptroller of Army Accounts attached to His Majesty's Army in the Netherlands, as any other Person authorized to sign such Warrants by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces there, shall be as valid and effectual for all the Purposes of this Act, as if the same had been signed after the passing thereof.

C A P. CXXXI.

An Act for discontinuing certain Deductions from Half Pay, and for further regulating the Accounts of the Paymaster General. [4th July 1815.]

His Majesty may direct that no Deduction be made from Half Pay, &c.

§ 4.

4 G. 3. c. 49.

§ 3. 4.

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain Deductions which are now made from the Half Pay and Military Allowances of Officers on the Establishment of Great Britain and Ireland should be discontinued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, from time to time to direct, that the Half Pay and Military Allowances of Officers belonging to the Establishment of Great Britain or Ireland should be paid to such Officers not and free from all or any of the Deductions which have heretofore been made from the same; and from and after the issuing of any such Warrant, all such Half Pay and Allowances shall be paid without any Deduction whatever; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or in any Law or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for accelerating the Making-up, Examination and Audit of the Accounts of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces*, certain Rules are prescribed for annually making up as well the General Account of the said Paymaster General as separate Accounts of Monies received and paid on Account of Half Pay of Classes of Officers, and of Persons on the Compassionate List: And Whereas it is expedient that the Payment of Officers of the Army allowed as retire upon Full Pay, of Persons in Wounded Officers of the Army, of Pay of General Officers not being Colonels of Regiments, and of His Majesty's Royal Bounty as Relatives of deceased Officers of the Land Forces, should, where not otherwise ordered by the Secretary at War, be made and accounted for in like manner as the above mentioned Services of Half Pay, Classes of Officers and Compassionate List: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Paymaster General shall in the present

present Year and in the next Year, besides the Separate Accounts directed by the said Act, make up other Separate Accounts of Monies received and paid within the Period comprised in the said General Account, an account of the above Services, so like manner in all respects as is required by the said recited Act to make up the separate Accounts therein specified; and that such other separate Accounts directed by this Act shall be transmitted, examined and declared, and the said Paymaster General shall be discharged and acquitted thereon, in the same manner in all respects as is by the said recited Act provided with regard to the separate Accounts thereby directed to be made up.

Paymaster General to make up Separate Accounts of Payments made in Discharge of Public Debts, and of Profits in Wounded Officers, &c.

C A P. CXXXII.

An Act to continue until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the last Session of Parliament for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

[4th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to regulate, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively*; and it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued from and after the End of this present Session of Parliament, and shall remain and continue in force from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament, and so longer.

24 G. 3. c. 109

enforced.

C A P. CXXXIII.

An Act to grant further Powers to the Commissioners of Charities and Greenwich Hospitals with respect to Penitents on their Establishments.

[4th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to empower the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital to commute Penitents for a Sum of Money in certain Cases*: And Whereas it is expedient to enlarge the Powers granted by the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Agent for the time being of the Out Penitents of Chelsea Hospital, and he is hereby empowered and required to pay and discharge, by accepting and paying Bills of Exchange, or otherwise, as may be ordered and directed by the Commissioners of the said Hospital as that behalf, out of the Funds provided by Parliament for the Use of Chelsea Hospital, in addition to the Commutation in lieu of Penitents allowed by the said Act, all such contingent Expenses as have already been incurred, or as may be hereafter incurred, on account of such discharged Soldiers as have been or may be permitted to commute their Penitents as aforesaid, whether for Passage Money, Ship's Provisions, Subsistence while detained by competent Authority at any Station Abroad, Lodges by Exchange upon Bills drawn on the said Agent for the commuted Penitents, or on any other Account, provided such Expenses shall have been duly incurred by or under any Regulations or Orders made and published in that behalf by His Majesty's Secretary at War: and the Payments so made by the said Agent and touched by Bills or Receipts for the same shall be accordingly allowed and admitted to his Accounts by the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts.

24 G. 3. c. 109

In Addition to Commutation in lieu of Penitents provided by the Act of 50th George 3. charged Soldiers allowed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital shall be and they are hereby empowered and required to make Arrangements for the Purpose of enabling Out Penitents who may be permitted to commute out of the United Kingdom, but within His Majesty's Dominions, to receive the Amount of their Penitents abroad, either by means of Bills of Exchange, to be drawn by such Out Penitents upon the Agent of Chelsea Hospital, or otherwise, as the said Commissioners may deem most expedient.

Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital to make Arrangements for paying Penitents Abroad.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or the Governors of Kinsale Harbour Hospital, to use and apply all the Powers, Authorities and Provisions of the said recited Act and of this Act, and all Rules and Regulations which may be made in pursuance thereof, as they may be respectively deemed expedient to use and apply, to the allowing to discharged Soldiers, placed on the Penitents List of the said Hospital, who may be desirous of commuting their Penitents, to commute such Penitents in such and the like cases in which such Commutation is allowed by the said Act or this Act, in like manner in every respect as if the said Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or the Governors of Kinsale Harbour Hospital, had been included in the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act, and as if all such Rules and Regulations had been made by them respectively in pursuance thereof.

Powers of Acts extended by 3 and 4 George 4. c. 10.

IV. And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners and Governors of Greenwich Hospital should be authorized and empowered to apportion the Penitents that may be granted to Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, as well by the Length of their Service on board the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty as by their Service in His Majesty's Army, and that the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital should have the like Power and Authority with respect to the granting Penitents to Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers for service in His Majesty's Navy, or as Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers in the Royal Marines: Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, upon all Applications to be hereafter made to them by any Person or Persons claiming Penitents on Account of their Service in His Majesty's Navy, to apportion the Penitents which shall be granted to such

Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital to apportion Penitents

according to
Length of Ser-
vice.

Commissioners
of Customs shall
pay to appropriate
Petitioners ac-
cording to
Length of Ser-
vice.

Person or Persons in their Discretion according to their Length of Service, allowing in the Appointment of such Persons all such time as the said Person or Persons shall have served (previously to his entering into the Navy or Marines) either as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine, or as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Soldier in any of His Majesty's Land Forces.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and lawfully be lawful for the Commissioners of the Royal Hospital at Chiswick, upon all Applications to be lawfully made to them by any Person or Persons claiming on Account of their Service in His Majesty's Army, to give Pensions to such Person or Persons in their Discretion according to their Length of Service, allowing in the Appointment of such Persons all such time as the said Person or Persons shall have served (previously to his entering into His Majesty's Army) either as a Petty Officer, Seaman or Landman in His Majesty's Fleet, or as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine.

C A P. CXXXIV.

An Act for altering the Rate at which The Crown may exercise its Right of Pre-emption of Ore in which there is Lead. [4th July 1815.]

J. A. & W. & M.
6. 6.

12.

13.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesty King William and Queen Mary, intituled *An Act to prevent Dissputes and Contentions concerning Royal Mines*, Owners of Mines within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, wherein any Ore should be discovered, and in which there is Copper, Tin, Iron or Lead, are authorised to hold and enjoy the same Mines and Ore, and to continue in Possession thereof, and to dig and work the said Mines, notwithstanding that such Mines or Ore should be pretended or claimed to be Royal Mines subject to a Right in Their Majesties, their Heirs and Successors, and all claiming any Royal Mines under them, to have the Ore of any such Mines in any Part of the said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, other than Two Ore in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, paying to the Proprietors or Owners of the said Mines certain Rates contained in the said Act, in the manner and according to the Limitations specified in the said recited Act: And Whereas the Rate therein directed to be paid for all Ore wherein there is Lead is in consequence of the Lapse of Time and Change of Circumstances since the passing of the said recited Act become inadequate to the increased Expence of raising the same, and it is reasonable therefore that the same should be increased: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Rate which shall be paid by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and all claiming any Royal Mines under them, in exercising the Right of Pre-emption given them by the said recited Act, as far as respects any Ore wherein there is Lead, shall be Twenty five Pounds per Ton for all Ore washed, made clean and merchantable, whereas there is Lead, valued of the Rate of Nine Pounds per Ton as by the said recited Act is directed; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and such increased Rate shall be paid, subject to the Provisions and according to the Regulations contained in the said recited Act, and now in force, with regard to the said original Rate of Nine Pounds per Ton.

Act, per 7. on
behalf of g.
Rate in which
His Majesty,
do, may exercise
Right of Pre-emption of
Ore in which
there is Lead

C A P. CXXXV.

An Act to alter the Conditions and Regulations under which Blubber and Train Oil of Newfoundland are admitted to Entry. [4th July 1815.]

W. & A. 2. 9. 6.
(12.)

Conditions under
which Blubber
and Train Oil of New-
foundland are ad-
mitted to Entry.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Conditions and Regulations contained in an Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting after Duties in lieu thereof, under which Blubber and Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shoers of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, were to be admitted to Entry as such, should be altered: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, before any Blubber and Train Oil imported into Great Britain, as being taken and caught on the Banks and Shoers of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty imposed on such Blubber or Train Oil by the said recited Act, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be imported shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs in the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Deputy Governor of Newfoundland, or of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port or Place in Newfoundland where the Train Oil or Blubber shall have been taken on board, or if on such Officer or Governor or Deputy Governor shall be residing there, then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Naval Officer or other principal Officer of the said Port or Place, or of One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District, testifying that Oath had been made before him (who is hereby authorised and required to administer such Oath and to grant such Certificate) by the Skipper of such Blubber or Train Oil that the same was really and bona fide the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and taken wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery, and usually residing in the Island of Newfoundland, or in His Majesty's European Dominions; and the Master*

or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blubber or Train Oil shall be imported into Great Britain shall make Oath before such Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same) that the Blubber or Train Oil so imported is the same as mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and the Importer or Importers, Consigner or Consignors of such Blubber or Train Oil shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath), at the time of Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Blubber or Train Oil so imported was actually caught and taken by British Subjects actually residing in the Island of Newfoundland, or in His Majesty's European Dominions; and on Failure of such Certificates being produced, and Proof on Oath as aforesaid being made, such Blubber and Train Oil shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishery, and charged with the Duty imposed by the said recited Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty on such Articles of Foreign Fishery.

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act for the Relief of the Out-Pensioners of the Royal Hospital of Kilmansham.

[4th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the Payment in Advance as heretofore made to Out-Pensioners of Kilmansham Hospital for so long a Period as Six Months has, through the Insuperableness of such Pensioners, been found to produce great Inconvenience; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Hospital of Kilmansham to make such Regulation in relation to the Payment in Advance to Out-Pensioners upon their First Admission on the Pension List of any of such Pensioners at their Places at the time of Admission as the said Commissioners shall see fit, and for the Payment of the Residence of such Pensioners for the current Quarter upon the Arrival of Pensioners at their Places of Residence as shall in the Judgment of the said Commissioners appear best adapted to prevent immoderate Expenditure of such Pensioners, and the consequent Distress of such Pensioners; and the said Commissioners are hereby further authorized and directed to make all subsequent Payments of such Pensioners by Quarterly Payments in Advance instead of by Half-yearly Payments; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners to make Regulations for Advances to Out-Pensioners on First Admission on their Pension List, as they think fit, &c. Pension paid Quarterly.

[See as to Payment of Pension by Commissioners of Kilmansham Hospital, 47 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 5. See as to Relief of Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, ante, c. 125.]

C A P. CXXXVII.

An Act to prevent Poor Persons in Workhouses from encumbering certain Property provided for their Use; to alter and amend so much of an Act of the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, as relates Justices of the Peace from ordering Relief to Poor Persons in certain cases for a longer Period than One Month at a Time; and for other Purposes therein mentioned, relating to the Poor.

[4th July 1815.]

WHEREAS many Persons, received into Public Workhouses established for the Relief, Maintenance and Employment of the Poor, pawn and dispose of their Clothes and Apparel, and the Goods and Chattels deposited in or belonging to such Workhouses; and Poor Persons relieved by having Clothes and Apparel given them by the Officers of Parishes, frequently pawn and sell the same; and by the Laws now in force no Possession can be insisted on them, or on the Person or Persons buying or receiving the same into Pawn; For Remedy whereof, May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Property of and to all and singular the Goods, Chattels, Furniture, Provisions, Clothes, Linen and Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials and Things whatsoever, had and to be had, bought, procured or provided for the Use of the Poor of any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, shall be and the same is hereby vested in the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places for the time being, and their Successors in Office, for the Purpose of this Act, who are hereby empowered to bring, or cause to be brought, any Action or Actions, or to prefer or order the preferring of any Bill or Bills of Indictment against any Person or Persons who shall steal, take or carry away, or buy or receive any such Goods, Chattels, Provisions, Clothes, Linen, Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials or Things whatsoever as aforesaid, or any Part thereof; and in every such Action and Indictment the said Goods, Chattels, Provisions, Clothes, Linen, Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials and Things, shall be laid or described to be the Property of the Overseers of the Poor for the time being of such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, without fixing or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of such Overseers: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to repeal any of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, whereby the Property of and in any such Goods, Chattels, Furniture, Provisions, Clothes, Linen, Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials and Things is or may be vested in any other Person or Persons jointly with, or independent of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places.

Property of Goods, &c. provided for Use of Poor vested in Overseers.

Not to repeal Provisions in Local Acts.

Each Officer
may cause
Goods, &c. to
be marked.

Taking in Pawn,
Borrowing,
Pledging, or
pledging for Poor
by Parish Of-
ficers;

Defence, &c.
Marked, &c.
Pleading.

On Non-Per-
mission of Parish,
Offenders com-
mitted.

Admiration with
Workhouse
Property com-
mitted.

Mark, &c. on
Articles of Re-
demption
How Mark put
on Wearing Ap-
proach.

Art. 3. c. 13.

Art.

Art.

Time for which
Justice may ex-
ercise Relief in
Poor Persons, &c.
shall not
be more than
one.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor, or other Person or Persons who may be appointed for the said ring, regulating, managing or providing for the Poor of any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places jointly with or independent of such Overseers of the Poor, shall or may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to cause all such Goods, Chattels, Furniture, Clothes, Linnen, Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials and Things, capable of being marked, and from time to time belonging to such Overseers, or other Person or Persons, to be marked, stamped or branded with the Word "Workhouse;" and such other Mark or Marks as they shall think proper for identifying the Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, by which the same shall here be denoted: And if any Person or Persons shall knowingly take in Pawn, buy, exchange or receive any Goods, Chattels, Furniture, Clothes, Linnen, Wearing Apparel, Tools, Utensils, Materials and Things, provided for the Use of any of the Poor who are or shall be received into the Workhouse of any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, or to whom the same shall have been given by the Overseers of the Poor, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid appointed as aforesaid, or of or for any such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, or any of them, or any of the Goods, or Materials carried into any such Workhouse or Workhouses to be wrought up, manufactured or used by the Poor there, or any of the Goods or Furniture of such Workhouse or Workhouses; or shall receive or buy any of the Furniture allotted to or provided for the Poor of such Workhouse or Workhouse, or shall be aiding or assisting therein; or if any Person or Persons shall cause such Mark or Stamp, Marks or Stamps, as aforesaid, to be obliterated or defaced, every Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, not less than One Pound upon Conviction thereof, either by the Confession of such Person or Persons, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, City, Town, Riding or Division wherein the Offence or Offences shall be committed; One Mooty of which said Penalty shall go to the Informers or Informers, and the other Mooty shall go and be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places to which such Articles or Things may belong, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places; and in case any Person or Persons who shall be convicted as aforesaid shall not pay such Penalty or Penalties upon Conviction, then and in such case such Justice or Justices of the Peace shall and may send him and are hereby required to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Space of time not exceeding Two Calendar Months; and if any Person or Persons shall desert or run away from any Workhouse or Workhouses, and carry away with him, her or them, any Clothes, Linnen or other Goods or Things as aforesaid, such Person or Persons being thereof lawfully convicted either by the Confession of such Party or Parties, or by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, shall by such Justice or Justices of the Peace be forthwith committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Calendar Months; and in all cases such Mark, Stamp or Brand, as any such Articles or Things as aforesaid (being duly authenticated) shall be evidenced and taken to be sufficient Evidence, without further Proof, of the Right of Property in such Goods or other Person or Persons appointed as aforesaid, as the case may be: Provided always, that such Mark or Stamp as aforesaid shall not at any time be placed on any Articles of Wearing Apparel so as to be publicly visible on the Exterior of the same.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty Sixth Year of His present Majesty, (a) entitled *An Act to amend the laws of an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of King George the First, relating to the Settlement, Employment and Relief of the Poor, as it extends the distributing occasional Relief to Poor Persons in their own Houses, under certain Circumstances* and in certain Cases, Justices of the Peace are authorized and empowered to direct and order Collection; and Relief to indigent Poor Persons at their Houses, in any Parish, Town, Township or Place, notwithstanding any any Comaith shall have been entered into or made with any Person or Persons for lodging, keeping, maintaining and employing any and all Poor Persons there, in a House or Houses for such Purpose lived or purchased; Provided that such Order should be given for and remain in force for a time not to exceed One Month from the Date of such Order, but that any Two Justices might make any further Order for the same or a like Purpose for any further time not exceeding One Month, and so on from time to time in the said Order should require: And Whereas it is expedient that Justices should be empowered to order Relief to be paid to Poor Persons, in the cases mentioned in the said Act, for longer Periods than One Month at a Time: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace, in the cases and in the manner mentioned in the said Act, to direct and order Collection and Relief to be paid to any Poor Person or Persons, at his, her or their House or Houses, House or Houses during such time or times as to such Justice or Justices may seem proper, not exceeding Three Months from the Date of such Order: Provided also, that it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices as aforesaid, to make any further Order for the same or the like Purpose, for any further time not exceeding Six Months from the Date of such Order, and so on from time to time as the Occasion shall require; such Justice or Justices shall administering as Oath as to the need and cause of such Relief, in each of the above cases, and thereupon summing up the Overseers or Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Town, Township or Place, to be charged with such Relief, to draw cause why such Poor Person or Persons should not receive such Relief in manner as by Law provided, in cases where no Contract for lodging, keeping and maintaining the Poor shall have been made; and in case it shall afterwards appear

appear to the Justice or Justices making such Order, that the Payment of such Collection or Relief to any such Person or Persons as aforesaid ought to be discontinued before the Expiration of the time for which any such Order or Orders shall have been made, such Justice or Justices shall and may order such Relief to be discontinued, and from thenceforth the Person or Persons to whom and on whose Account such Order shall have been made, shall not be entitled to it, or receive the same.

IV. And he is further enacted, That the Sum or Sums of Money which any such Justice or Justices shall or may order to be paid to any such Poor Person or Persons, for any longer Space or Period of Time than One Month, shall not exceed for each such Poor Person the Sum of Three Shillings per Week, or Three fourths of the Average weekly Expense which shall be usually borne or paid by the Parish or Parishes in which such Order shall be made for the Maintenance of such Poor Person, in any Workhouse or Workhouses in which such Poor Person or Persons shall be usually maintained and employed.

V. And Whereas Persons maintained in Public Workhouses sometimes refuse to work, or are guilty of Drunkenness and other Mischaviour, and by the Laws in being so sufficient Punishment is provided for such Offences; Be it therefore enacted, That in case any Person or Persons maintained in any Public Workhouse or Workhouses established for the Relief, Maintenance and Employment of the Poor, shall refuse to work at any Work, Occupation or Employment, suited to his, her or their Age, Strength and Capacity, or shall be guilty of Drunkenness or other Mischaviour, every such Person or Persons, being thereof lawfully convicted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, shall thereupon by such Justice or Justices of the Peace be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bed or Maintenance for any Period of time not exceeding Twenty one Days, and during such time to be kept to hard Labour.

VI. And he is further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act, no Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor, or other Person or Persons in whose Hands it is Collection of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor, or the providing for, ordering, Management, Control or Direction of the Poor of any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, shall or may be placed jointly with or independent of such Churchwardens and Overseers, or any of them, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall, either in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, provide, furnish or supply for his or their own Profit, any Goods, Materials or Provision, for the Use of any Workhouse or Workhouses, or otherwise, for the Support and Maintenance of the Poor, in any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, for which he or they shall be appointed as such, during the time which he or they shall remain such Appointment, nor shall he be concerned, directly or indirectly in furnishing or supplying the same, or in any Contract or Contracts relating thereto, under Pen of forfeiting the Sum of One hundred Pounds, with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall fail for the same by Action of Debt, or on the Case, or any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which Action or Actions no Effray, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparsonment shall be allowed: Provided nevertheless, that if it shall happen in any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, that a Person or Persons competent and willing to undertake the Supply of any of the Articles or Things required for such Workhouse or Workhouses, or for the Use of the Poor there, cannot be found within a convenient Distance therefrom, other than and except from or One of the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or other Person or Persons having the ordering, managing, control or direction of the Poor, in such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more neighbouring Justices of the Peace (Proof thereof having been first duly made before them upon Oath, and which Oath such Justices or any One of them are and is lawfully authorized and empowered to administer) by Certificate under their Hands and Seals, to permit and suffer any One or more of such Churchwardens and Overseers or other such Person or Persons as aforesaid, to contract and agree for the furnishing and supplying of any Articles or Things which may be required for such Workhouse or Workhouses, or otherwise, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, during the time which he or they may remain such Appointment; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Certificate shall be entered with the Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk of the County, City, Town or District, in which such Person or Persons shall reside, and a Copy thereof left with him, for which Entry every such Clerk shall receive One Shilling and no more; and from that time, every Person and Persons named in any such Certificate shall be discharged from any Penalty to which he or they would otherwise be liable under this Act, for furnishing or supplying any such Articles or Things as aforesaid; and in case any Action or Suit for the Recovery of any such Penalty as aforesaid shall be commenced against any Person or Persons to whom such Certificate shall have been granted as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons to plead generally, that he or they were or was duly discharged from any Liability to such Penalties, by a Certificate granted according to the Provision of the Act; and upon due Proof being given of such Certificate, and of such Entry thereof as aforesaid, the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant in such Action or Suit; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action, or if Verdict shall pass against him, her or them, or if Judgment shall be had against him, her or them, or in Default, then the Defendant or Defendants in such Action shall have Double Costs, and have such and the like Recovery for the Recovery of the fine, as any Defendant or Defendants have or hath for recovering Costs of Suit in any other cases by Law.

VII. And he is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when and so often as any Certificate or Certificate shall be made or entered into for the providing, furnishing or supplying any Articles, Materials or Things for the Use of the Poor in the Workhouse or Workhouses or in belonging to any Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, or for

Justice making Order may direct Payment of Relief to be discontinued.

Limitation of Allowance.

Mischaviour in Workhouses.

Imparsonment.

Persons having Management of Poor, not concerned in Contracts, &c. whilst in Office.

Penalty.

Exceptions.

Oath. Certificate.

Certificate entered.

Fine.

Penalty.

Double Costs.

Notice of Certificate for supply in Workhouses given.

the erecting of any Building or Buildings, the Expense whereof is to be defrayed out of any Rate or Rates or other Monies applicable to the Relief of the Poor, the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, or other Person or Persons having the Management, Control or Direction of the Poor in such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, shall cause Notice of their Intention to enter into such Contract or Contracts, and of the Time and Place where and where they shall assemble and meet for such Purpose, and of the Security which will be required for the Performance of such Contract or Contracts, to be affixed in a conspicuous manner on the outer Door of the Church or respective Churches to which such Parish or Parishes, Township or Townships, Hamlet or Hamlets, Place or Places, shall belong, or to be inserted in one or more of the Public Newspapers most generally circulated in the Neighbourhood, Seven Days at the least previous to such Meeting, in order and to the Intent that any Person or Persons willing to undertake the supplying or furnishing the same, may make Proposals for that Purpose to such Churchwardens and Overseers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, at the Time and Place mentioned in such Notice.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Justices of the Peace before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form, or to the like Effect, that is to say,

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ of His Majesty's Justice _____ of the Peace for the County of _____ [or, City, or, Liberty, of _____] as the _____ way be] of having [here state the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that case made and provided. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals, as the _____ way be] the Day and _____ Year first above written.

And that such Conviction shall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes, and shall not be qualified or in anywise, or adjudged void or insufficient, for want of any other Form of Words whatever; nor shall the same be removed by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, save any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, such Person or Persons may appeal to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County, City or Place wherein the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen; such Person or Persons at the time of his, her or their Conviction entering into a Recognizance, with Two Justices of the Peace conditioned periodically to appear at the said Sessions, to try such Appeal, and to abide the further Judgment of the Justices at such Sessions assembled; and the said Justices at such General or Quarter Sessions shall hear and determine the Cause and Matters of such Appeal in a summary way, and make such Order therein as the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determination of such Justices at their General or Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of the Forest of Essex otherwise known, in the Counties of *Surrey and Devon*; and for inclosing the said Forest. [4th July 1815.]

WHEREAS The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in Right of His Crown, is seized in Himself, his Heirs and Successors, of the Forest or Chace of *Essex* otherwise known, situate in the Counties of *Surrey and Devon*, containing by Estimation Twenty two thousand four hundred Acres of Land, or thereabouts, now lying open and uninclosed, subject to such Rights of Common and other Rights as the several Persons hereinafter mentioned are entitled to, within, upon or over the said Forest; and His Majesty is also seized in His Demesne as of Fee, of and in a certain Farm called *Sinclair's Bath Farm*, situate within the said Forest, containing by Estimation One hundred and eight Acres Two Roods, which Farm is inclosed, and separated and divided from the said Open and Unclosed Lands: And Whereas the Whole of the said Forest is Extra-parochial: And Whereas Sir Thomas Dyke Acland is or claims to be entitled to all Tithes arising, accruing and increasing within the said Forest: And Whereas the Right Honourable Henry George Earl of Carnarvon, the said Sir Thomas Dyke Acland Baronet, John Palmer Clerk of the Exchequer, Thomas Thwaites Esquire, William Myddelton Esquire Clerk, and divers other Persons, are Owners or Proprietors of certain Estates in the Parishes of *Hawbridge and Wally Park*, in the said County of *Surrey*, adjoining to the said Forest, and as such Owners owe Rent and Service to the *Stannington Courts of the King's Most Excellent Majesty*, held for and within the said Forest, and are called by the Names of *Freeholders*, and by ancient and remote Customs are entitled to depasture seasonally on the said Forest certain Numbers of Sheep and Cattle, and to cut and take certain Quantities of Turf, Heath and Fens, for the Consumption of their Houses, and are also entitled to fish in the Rivers within the said Forest: And Whereas the Owners or Proprietors of certain old inclosed Tenements, situate within the several Parishes of *Hawbridge and Wally Park, Exford, Stockers, Parbeck Collier, Gave, Brindon, Linton, Chalfonts, Highbury, North Moleton, Twicken, Meland, Wansford, Dunterton, Lasham, Cuscomb, Weston, Coar, Long, Cuscomb, Wally Park, East Ashby, Marston, Charles, Belsham, Nympton, East Brinkland and Ferrarville*, or some of them, in the said Counties of *Surrey and Devon*, who have been accustomed or ought to pay Quit or Chief Rents to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and who owe Rent and Service

at the *Swissnote Courts* within the said Forest, have or claim to have a Right, for their respective Tenants or Occupiers of such said inclosed Tenements, to turn out and depopulate their Sheep and Cattle upon the said Forest, upon Payment of certain Sums in respect thereof: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for consolidating in one Act certain Provisions already inserted in Acts of Inclosure, and for facilitating the Means of providing the several Facts usually required in the passing of such Acts*: And Whereas the said Open and Unclosed Lands, in their present State, are of little Value to His Majesty, or to the several Persons having such several Claims or Rights therein as aforesaid; and it would be of great Advantage to His Majesty and the Public in general, and be advantageous to the several Persons having such Claims or Rights as aforesaid, if the said Forest were divided, and specific Shares or Parts thereof were allotted to His Majesty, and the several Persons entitled to and interested in the same, under the Direction and subject to the Limitations and Restrictions in this and the said recited Act contained; but such beneficial Purposes cannot be effectually made and established without the Aid and Assent of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That *Richard Howland* of *Kingsbridge*, in the County of *Dorset*, Gentlemen, and *Thomas Abraham* of *White Langkings*, in the County of *Somerset*, Gentlemen, and their Successors, to be nominated and appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for dividing, allotting and enclosing the said Forest, and for conveying into Execution the several other Purposes of this Act, in such manner as is hereinafter provided or mentioned, and with such of the Powers and subject to such of the Rules, Orders, Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said recited Act, as are not varied, altered or otherwise provided for by this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Commissioner shall act in the Execution of any of the Powers by the said recited Act or this Act granted (save and except in the signing and giving Notice of the First Meeting of the said Commissioners) until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath, in addition to the Oath by the said recited Act directed to be taken, such Oath to be administered and enrolled in like manner as the Oath by the said recited Act prescribed to be taken by Commissioners for executing Acts of Inclosure is directed to be administered and enrolled: Which additional Oath shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

I, *A.B.* do swear (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm), That I am neither Proprietor or Occupier of, nor to the best of my Knowledge am I concerned as Guardian, Steward or Agent for any Proprietor of Messuages, Houses, Cottages, Lands or Grounds, or other Person having or claiming any Right of Common, or any Manorial Rights, Tithes, or any other Right or Interest whatsoever, in, over or upon the Open Commonable Grounds and Waste Lands to be inclosed by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *An Act (how right the God be help me) to divide the said Forest*.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case the said *Richard Howland*, or any Person to be nominated and appointed a Commissioner in his room or stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse or neglect to act, or become incapable of acting as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Refusal or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the room or stead of the said *Richard Howland*, or of such other Person nominated and appointed in his room or stead, as dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and so from time to time as often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues as aforesaid, shall die, refuse, neglect or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and in case the said *Thomas Abraham*, or any Person to be nominated and appointed in his room or stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, refuse, neglect or become incapable to act in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in every such case the signing or remaining Commissioner shall, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity shall happen to be known to him, summon a Meeting (of which Meeting Twenty one Days' Notice by Advertisement shall be given in the *Tamworth Journal* and *Wharfedale Newspaper*, if there published, or if not, then in some other Newspaper usually circulated in the Neighbourhood of the said Forest) of all and every the Owners or Proprietors claiming such Rights as aforesaid, to be holden within Thirty Days from the Date of such Notice; and the aforesaid Part in Value of such Owners or Proprietors who shall be present in Person, or by their respective Agents or Proxies duly authorized for that Purpose, at such Meeting or Meetings (such Value, in case of any Difference or Dispute touching the same, to be ascertained by Reference to the Land Tax Assessments of the several Parishes or Places wherein the several Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall lie, in respect whereof such Owners or Proprietors claim such Rights as aforesaid) shall and they are hereby required, at such Meeting, to nominate and appoint, by any Writing under their Hands, a proper Person or Persons (not interested in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the room or stead of the said *Thomas Abraham*, or of such other Person to be nominated and appointed in the room or stead of him as dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any such case shall happen; and every such Commissioner so to be nominated and appointed, shall, after taking

at G. 5. (U. K.) c. 109.

Commissioners appointed.

Commissioners sworn.

at G. 5. (U. K.) c. 109. s. 4.

Oath.

Appointment of new Commissioners.

If Commissioners
of Woods, or
Procurators of
Lands, &c. re-
fused to appoint
any Commis-
sioner within
two calendar
months after the
issuing of the
Appointments.

Commissioners
refused to at-
tend Meetings,
&c. considered
as Refused to do.

Commissioners
refused to
sign or affix
their Names.

Appointments of
Umpires.

Umpire to take
Oath.

Oath.

taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner as and by this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Persons claiming such Rights, or any of them, shall make Default in attending and appointing any new Commissioner as directed to be nominated and appointed by them or any of them respectively as aforesaid, within the respective times for that Purpose limited, and in answer aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the foregoing or remaining Commissioners, and he is hereby required from time to time, by Writing under his Hand, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of such respective times to allowed for nominating and appointing such new and succeeding Commissioner as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not named in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the room or stead of every such Commissioner so dying, refusing, neglecting or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and every Commissioner so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Power and Authority for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner as and by this Act.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if either of the said Commissioners hereby nominated, or any Commissioners to be nominated or appointed under or by virtue of this Act, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to attend at the First Meeting appointed to be held for carrying the said recited Act and this Act into Execution, and duly qualify himself, by taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf; or if either of the said Commissioners shall, at any time after the First Meeting, wilfully absent himself from any Three successive Meetings appointed to be held by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the Whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meetings being known to him either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him, or left at his last or usual Place of Abode, by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, and such Commissioner not having been prevented by sickness, or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioner, from attending or continuing at any such Meeting or Meetings; or if any Commissioners, to be nominated and appointed in answer to this Act directed, shall not attend and qualify himself to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, in the First Meeting of the said Commissioners after his Nominations or Appointment, or shall thereafter wilfully absent himself from Three successive Meetings to be held by virtue of this Act, or having been absent from Two successive Meetings shall not attend the Whole of the Third next successive Meeting, such Meetings being known to him either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him, or left at his last or usual Place of Abode, by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, and such Commissioners not being prevented by sickness, or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioner, from attending or continuing at such Meeting or Meetings, then and in every such case, such Absence or Nonattendance shall be deemed and taken to be a Refusal to act under the Intent and Meaning of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a Clerk or Clerks to assist them in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, and shall and may remove such Clerk or Clerks, and appoint another or others in his or their Room, as to them shall seem meet; and in case of the Death, Incapacity, or declining or neglecting to act of any such Clerk or Clerks, then and in any such case, the said Commissioners shall and may appoint any other Person or Persons they may think proper to be their Clerk or Clerks.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Difference shall arise between the said Commissioners, touching or concerning any Matter or Thing to be done by them by virtue or in the Execution of the said recited Act or this Act, whereas the said Commissioners shall differ in Opinion, then and in every such case, such Difference shall be forthwith reduced into Writing, and signed by the said Commissioners, and the same shall be thereupon referred to *John Brinkley* of *Bowdley*, in the County of *Devon*, Esquire, who is hereby appointed Umpire for that Purpose; and in case of the Death, Refusal or Disability to act of the said *John Brinkley*, or of any other Umpire appointed or to be appointed in his stead, then in such fit and proper Person (not interred in the said Division and Inclosure) as the said Commissioners shall, by Writing under their Hands, appoint; and the Matter upon which such Difference of Opinion shall or may arise, shall be decided and determined by the said *John Brinkley* or such other Person as aforesaid, whose Determination shall be reduced into Writing, and shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whatsoever (except as to such Right of Appeal as is given by the said recited Act or this Act); and for the Purpose aforesaid, but not for any other Purpose, such Umpire shall have, and be is hereby vested with the same Powers and Authorities as by the said recited Act and this Act are given to or vested in the said Commissioners.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as Umpire as aforesaid, until he shall have taken and subscribed an Oath in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to wit,

"I, *do swear*, That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform the several Powers and Authorities which are and reputed as me as an Umpire, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *An Act* [here insert the Title of this Act] according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Fear or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever."

"So help me GOD."

Which Oath the said Commissioners, or either of them, are and is lawfully empowered to administer; and each Oath, and also the Writing appointing such Umpire, shall be accorded to and sealed with the said Award of the said Commissioners.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for the time being, of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, so soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to nominate and appoint some fit and proper Person or Persons (not interred in the said Division) to be the Surveyor or Surveyors for viewing, surveying and measuring the open Commonable Grounds and Waste Lands in the said Forest; and such Surveyor or Surveyors is and are hereby accordingly authorized and directed, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to view, survey and measure the said Forest and the Open Commonable Parts thereof, and to describe and lay down the same, by way of Map or Plan, or to use for that Purpose any Map or Plan, or Maps or Plans already made, and thereon, or in a Book of Reference to be annexed thereto, shall be set forth the Number of Statute Acres, Roods and Perches of the said Open and Commonable Grounds and Waste Lands; and that when and so soon as the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall have finished and completed the said Survey, Map or Plan, he or they shall, by Notice in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, apprise the said Commissioners thereof, and appoint a Time and Place for a Meeting with them, of which Two Days' Notice at the least shall be given unto each of the said Commissioners; at which Meeting the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall deliver unto the said Commissioners perfect at such Meeting, his or their Survey and Plan and Book of Reference, and shall subscribe the same with his or their Name or Names in the Presence of the said Commissioners, who shall att. R the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall act as a Surveyor in the Execution of any of the Powers hereby given, until he shall have taken and subscribed the Oath following; that is to say,

"I do swear, (as, being one of the Persons called Quakers, do solemnly affirm,) That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the several Powers and Authorities vested and reposed in me as a Surveyor, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intitled *[here insert the Title of this Act]*, without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever."

"So help me GOD."

Which Oath it shall be lawful for either of the said Commissioners to administer; and the said Oath, when he takes, shall be written on Parchment and subscribed by the said Surveyor, and duly attested by the said Commissioners under their Hands, and that be attested with the said Award to be made by the said Commissioners.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Surveyor or Surveyors so to be appointed as aforesaid, or any succeeding Surveyor or Surveyors to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall die, refuse, neglect to act, or become incapable of acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after such Death, Refusal, Neglect or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, to nominate and appoint some other fit and proper Person (not interred in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stead of any Surveyor so dying, refusing or neglecting to act, or becoming incapable of acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor under and by virtue of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall make Default in nominating and appointing any Surveyor or Surveyors to be nominated and appointed by them as aforesaid, within the time for that Purpose limited, and as aforesaid aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners acting in the Execution of the said recited Act and this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time, by Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of the time so allowed for nominating and appointing any new and succeeding Surveyor or Surveyors as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interred in the said Division and Inclosure) to be a Surveyor in the Room or Stead of any such Surveyor so dying, refusing or becoming incapable of acting as aforesaid; and every Surveyor so nominated and appointed shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities, and shall be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally appointed a Surveyor under and by virtue of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall have made and delivered his Survey of the said Forest to the said Commissioners in manner herein before directed, they the said Commissioners shall proceed in the Execution of this Act with as little delay as possible; and that their said Award shall be made within Two Years after they shall receive the said Survey from the said Surveyor; and that in the said Award shall be made within Four Years after the passing of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid to each and every one of the said Commissioners, and also to the Umpire for the time being, the Sum of Three Pounds Three shillings and six pence, for each and every Day's actual Attendance towards the Execution of the said recited Act or this Act, and in travelling to and from such Meetings, including all Charges and Expenses of such nature, amongst the Money actually paid for the Rents or Rovers when such Meetings shall be held, and for the Clerks attending such Meetings;

Commissioners,
Proprietors and
others to pay
their own Exp-
enses.

Meetings; and that no Commissioner or Umpire shall require or be entitled to receive any Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, except the said Sum of Three Pounds Three Shillings per Day; and that at all Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act the said Commissioners and Umpire shall thereout pay their own Expenses; and that the said Proprietors, their Attornies and Agents, shall also pay their own Expenses when they or any of them shall attend any of the Meetings to be held in pursuance of the said recited Act or this Act; and that the Surveyor and Clerk to be appointed in manner aforesaid shall be paid such Sum or Sums of Money per Day, or otherwise, for their respective Pains and Trouble in attending the said Commissioners or Umpire in the execution of this Act, as to the said Commissioners shall seem just and reasonable; and in all cases in which the Objection or Approbation of the Proprietors to any Act, Matter or Thing to be done in pursuance of the said recited Act or this Act, is directed to be made and testified at any Meeting or Meetings, it shall be lawful for the Proprietor or Proprietors to attend such Meeting or Meetings by him, her or their respective Agents or Proxies duly appointed by Writing under his, her or their Hand or Hands, whose Acts or Votes shall be as effectual as if such Proprietors respectively were present in person.

First and other
Meetings, and
Notice given of
time.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the first Meeting of the said Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, shall be held at the *Red Lion in Dalwinton*, in the said County of Inverclyde, or at some other convenient House or Place in *Dalwinton* aforesaid, within Two Calendar Months at the farthest next after the passing of this Act; and that the said Commissioners shall cause Notice in Writing to be affixed upon each of the principal outer Doors of the several Churches of the Parishes heretofore mentioned, and also Notice by Advertisement to be inserted in the *Towness Journal* and *Wharfedale Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper or Newspapers, usually circulated in the said Counties of *Inverclyde* and *Dumfries*, of the Time and Place of their first and every subsequent Meeting (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) for the Execution of the Powers of this Act vested in them, Fourteen Days at least before the times appointed for each respective Meetings; and in each only One of the said Commissioners shall attend at the Time and Place appointed for any Meeting, or to which any Meeting shall be adjourned, it shall be lawful for such Commissioner, and to and for the Clerk of the said Commissioners, to cause either of the said Commissioners to attend, to adjourn the said Meeting, to be holden on any future Day, not exceeding Twenty One Days from the Day of Adjournment, as the same or some other convenient Place within Twelve Miles of the Boundary of the said Forest; and the Commissioner or Clerk in making such Adjournment is and are hereby required to give timely Notice thereof to the absent Commissioner or Commissioners; and that the said Commissioners shall have Power to adjourn any Meeting to be held by virtue of the said recited Act or this Act, from time to time, as they may think necessary or convenient.

Other Notices
how given.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all other Public Notices requisite or necessary to be given by the said Commissioners, shall be given by Advertisement to be inserted in the said *Towness Journal* and *Wharfedale Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Two Newspapers usually circulated in the said Counties of *Inverclyde* and *Dumfries*.

Allowance for
Repairs of
Roads, &c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after setting or marking out Ground for Public Roads and Highways, as authorized by this Act, to let out, in such Places as they shall deem most convenient as the said Forest, such Port and Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall think necessary and sufficient for the general Use and Accommodation of His Majesty and His Lieges and Tenants, and of all other the Proprietors of Lands to whom any Allowance shall be made under this Act, and their Lessees for the time being, for the Purpose of getting Stone, Marl or Clay for Bricks, Gravel, Sand and Earth, to be used upon the Lands lying within the Limits of the said Forest, or for the Repairs of the Turnpike Roads and Public Highways, and Private Roads and Paths within the said Forest, and to and for such other Uses and Purposes as the said Commissioners shall by their final Award direct or appoint, but the same shall not be sold or conveyed out of the said Forest on any Account whatsoever; and also to let out Watering Places on the said Forest for Cattle and Barks, for the common Use and Benefit of all Persons occupying Lands within the Limits of the said Forest.

Watering Places
for Cattle and
Barks.

No Marl, &c.
carried out of
Forest.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to sell or convey or cause to be sold or conveyed out of the Limits of the said Forest, any Stone, Gravel, Sand, Marl, Clay or other Materials, that may be found or raised upon the said Allowances, heretofore directed to be let out for the common Use of the said Forest as aforesaid; and that if any Person shall sell or convey or cause to be sold or conveyed, out of the Limits of the said Forest, any Stone, Gravel, Sand, Marl, Clay or other Materials, that may be found or raised upon the said Allowances heretofore directed to be let out for the common Use of the said Forest as aforesaid, any Justice of the Peace for the County in which the same shall be found, upon due Proof thereof made before him upon Oath (which Oath any such Justice is hereby empowered to administer) shall and he is hereby required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, directed to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to cause any Sum of Money, not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any Person offending in the Premises, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale; and the Means to be used by way of Penalty as aforesaid, shall be applied towards defraying the Costs and Charges of executing this Act.

Power to let out
new, or to alter,
&c. and to erect
and stop Roads.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to let out and appoint any new and additional Public Roads, or any new and additional Tracts and Ways for such new Roads, or any new Paths, as and over the said Forest; and to stop, discontinue or divert and turn, or abate and stop up any ancient Carriage Road or Way, Roads or Ways, or any ancient Footways or Paths, as, through, upon or over the said Forest, and to make such Order or Orders as to them shall seem proper for that Purpose; subject nevertheless to the Restrictions, Provisions and Directions of this Act: Provided always, that no Turnpike Road

Road shall be altered or diverted without the Consent of the Trustees having the Care and Management thereof, or any Five or more of them; or any Public Highway or Road be first up or discontinued with the Roads so marked out as intended to be and remain Public Highways, shall be set out and made according to the Directions of this Act, and until the same shall be properly formed and made convenient and safe for Horses, Cattle and Carriages: Provided also, that all Private Roads, Ways and Footpaths which shall be set out and approved by the said Commissioners, shall be made and be ever maintained and kept in Repair by such Persons and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall, by their Award, or by any other Writing under their Hands either direct or appoint: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to be construed to extend to subject or make liable, nor shall His Majesty, or the Free Settlers of the said Forest or their Tenants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, be liable or be deemed to be liable to any Rate or Assessment, or to any Statute Duty, or to any towards the making, maintaining or repairing any of the Public Roads now made, or which may be made or marked out, in, over or across the said Forest; save and except the Bridge Roads, Occupation Ways and Footpaths hereinafter mentioned; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby empowered to set out and appoint such Bridge Roads, Occupation Ways and Footpaths, in, over, through and across the said Forest, as they shall think requisite and proper; and shall by their said Award direct and appoint by whom, in what manner, at what time, and in what Proportions, the same respectively shall be maintained and kept in Repair, and to and for whole Use, Convenience or Benefit the same shall severally be set out and appointed; and no Person or Persons whatsoever (other than the Person or Persons to or for whole Use, Convenience or Benefit the same shall be set out and appointed) shall have or be entitled to any Right, Title or Privilege whatsoever to call for or insist upon the making, forming or repairing such Bridge Roads, Occupation Ways or Footpaths, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That when the Survey of the said Forest shall have been made and delivered to the said Commissioners, and the Boundaries thereof shall have been duly settled, and when, pursuant to the Powers heretofore contained, the several Pieces of Ground for Roads, Highways, Bridge Roads, Footpaths, Watering Places for Cattle, and Places for getting Materials for the Repair of Roads and other Purposes, shall have been set out, the said Commissioners shall as soon as may be proceed to value the Whole of the said Forest; and when and so soon as such Valuation shall have been made, the said Commissioners shall set out and allot, in Severalty, unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, so much and such Part or Parts of the said Forest (Quantity, Quality and Situation considered) as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be equal in Value to Twelve Tenth second Parts of the Whole of the said Forest which shall remain after making such Allotments as aforesaid, which Allotment for His Majesty shall be set out as near to the Centre of the said Forest as conveniently may be; and so soon as the same shall be severed from the Lands adjoining thereto, such Allotment shall become and remain the exclusive and absolute Property of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, fixed, concentrated and forever discharged of and from all Right of Common, of Pasture, of Tithing, Common of Estovers, and all other Rights of what nature and kind soever, of all and singular the Free Settlers and other Owners and Occupiers of Minors, Messuages, Cottages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, who at the time of the passing of this Act were entitled to any such Rights thereto, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required, in the next Place, to set out, allot and award, unto and for the said Sir Thomas Dyle Arden, or the Person or Persons entitled thereto, such Part or Parts of the Residue or Remainder of the said Forest, as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be equal in Value (Quantity and Quality considered) to One eighth Part of the Whole of the said Forest, for and in lieu of all Tithes yearly arising, issuing and payable out of all and every the Lands and Grounds within the said Forest; and such Allotment is to be set out, allotted and awarded for such Tithes as aforesaid, shall be in full Satisfaction and Discharge of and from all such Tithes, Dues and Payments whatsoever arising and receiving from and out of the Whole of the said Forest; which said Allotment in lieu of Tithes shall be set out as nearly contiguous to any other Property of the said Sir Thomas Dyle Arden as circumstances will permit.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Commissioners shall have set out the Allotment heretofore directed to be made and set out to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, they shall prepare an Award, with a Map or Plan annexed thereto, wherein there shall be Three Originals, one to be enrolled in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, another in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain as Record, and shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Minutes of the Office of the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being; such Award, or the Instrument thereof, to be produced, read and received in Evidence as all Oaths where any Question, Doubt or Controversy shall or may arise, relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in respect of any Allotment whosoever in The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act; and the Third of the said Awards shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the County in which the said Allotment to His Majesty shall be situate; and so also the said Allotment shall be situate in both the said Counties of Somerset and Devon, then with the Clerk of the Peace of the County in which the greatest Proportion of such Allotment to His Majesty shall be situate.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby directed and required to set out, allot and award unto, for and amongst the said Henry George Earl of Cornwall, Sir Thomas Dyle Arden, John Palmer Churchy, Thomas Thorne, William Noydridge Stowell, and the several other Persons being Owners or Proprietors of the aforesaid Estates, Tenants, Iping and being in the aforesaid Parishes

Ne Parishes liable to any Rate or Statute Duty towards repairing Public Roads, except Bridge Roads, etc.

Bridge Roads, etc. made.

Allotment to The King.

Allotment in lieu of Tithes.

Award of His Majesty's Allotment located in Exchequer and at Office of Auditor of Land Revenue.

Allotment to Free Settlers, etc.

of *Roadways and Fishy Pools* respectively, to which Estates Free Sums are attached, each Part and Parcel of the said Forest (after the Abbeys heretofore dissolved are let out and made, and with due regard to the Abbeys next heretofore directed to be made) as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners (Quantity, Quality and Situation considered) shall be equal in Value to the respective Ranges and Towns, which such Owners or Proprietors, or their respective Tenants or Occupiers for the time being of the said Estates, have respectively had and are entitled to receive in and upon the said Forest, according to the Proportions thereof annually made at the Court of Exchequer holden within and for the said Forest.

Abbeys of
Bridges of
Forest.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required (after the making such Abbeys as heretofore mentioned) to divide, let out, alien and vend all the Ranges and Remainder of the said Forest, unto and amongst the several Persons who are or shall be entitled thereto, in Right or in respect of their old inclosed Towns, Streets, lying and being in the several Parishes and Places aforesaid, the Owners or Occupiers whereof have been used and are ought to pay Rent or Chief Rents to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, or who owe Rent and Service at the Exchequer Courts within the said Forest, and who have usually and of Right been accustomed to pay any such Toll than Five pence per Head for depasturing their Sheep on the said Forest, in Proportion and according to the annual Value of such old inclosed Towns respectively; each Value to be estimated and determined by or according to the last Affidavit made under or by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the tenth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further addition of Rents and Duties in Great Britain, as to Rents and Duties in Proportion arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution to the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties prior to the passing of this Act, within and for the Parishes or Places in which such old inclosed Towns shall respectively be situate, they the said Commissioners having regard, in doing so, althogether and according to the same several Abbeys, as to the Quality, Situation and Contents any tenement respectively.*

Owners of Free
Sums, entitled to
Share of Ranges
in certain cases.

XXVI. Provided always nevertheless, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, so as to prevent any Owner of any Estate to which such Free Sum is attached, from having a proportionable Abatement in respect of such Estate, with other Profits entitled to Abatement of the Ranges of the said Forest, in case such Owner shall prove to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Owner is entitled to Stock or Depasture on the said Forest, at a less Toll than Five pence per Head, any greater Number of Sheep than he is entitled to in respect of his Free Sum.

Provisions to
produce an
Account of Lands
and Grounds in
respect whereof
they claim or be
entitled to
Ranges of Com-
mons, &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, claiming Rights of Pastureage, Aggraves or Commonage, or other Rights, in and upon the said Forest, as is directed and inclosed by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, at the time of their delivering in their respective Claims to the said Commissioners as directed by the said recited Act, shall produce and deliver to the said Commissioners a minute and exact Account of all and singular the Messuages, Lands and Grounds in respect whereof such Claims are or may be made, with the Names of all and every the Owners or Occupiers thereof respectively, designating each of the Premises as one of Freehold Tenure, from such as are of Copyhold, Customary or Leasehold Tenure, and of what particular Manors or Lordships or Persons the said Copyhold, Customary or Leasehold Tenements are or may be severally and respectively holden; and every Person or Body so claiming shall produce the last Affidavit to the Property Tax under the title (A.) made upon the Property in respect of which the Claim is made, and the said Commissioners shall, on the producing and delivering such minute Account as aforesaid, enquire, on the Oath as well of the Person or Persons producing and delivering the same, as of each other Person or Persons as they shall think fit (which Oath respectively the Commissioners are hereby authorized so to administer) into the Authenticity and Accuracy of all and every such Accounts; and in all cases where the said Commissioners shall not be satisfied that such Account is correct, they the said Commissioners shall cause their Surveyor or Surveyors to ascertain the Authenticity and Accuracy thereof, together with the Affidavits to the Tax thereon; and the Expense of making such Enquiries by the said Surveyor or Surveyors shall, in all cases in which it shall upon any such Enquiry appear that such Account was wilfully untrue, and that three such new Investigation was necessary, be borne and defrayed by the Person or Persons claiming Rights of Pastureage, Aggraves or Commonage, or other Rights, in and upon the said Forest, in respect of the Messuages, Lands and Grounds, in relation to which such inaccurate Account shall have been first delivered, and in case of law, her or their Refusal to pay such Expenses at the Time and Place appointed by the said Commissioners for the Payment thereof, then and in such case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be raised, levied and recovered in the manner in which Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered by the said recited Act.

Power for Com-
missioners to
sell for Property
Tax Abatement.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, in order the better to enable the said Commissioners to form a correct and so true Judgment of the Amount of the Rental or Value of such several and respective Messuages, Lands and Grounds as aforesaid, the said Commissioners, or the Person or Persons who shall act as their Clerk or Clerks in the Execution of this and the said first recited Act, may, and he and they are and is hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, as they may think necessary or expedient, to cause any of the Affidavits or Books of Affidavits of the aforesaid Tax, commonly called the Property Tax or Income Tax, in so far as the same relate or refer to, or in any wise contain the Statement of Property having Rights of Pastureage or other Rights on the said Forest, and the Rental or Valuation by which such Affidavits are made, returned and delivered, within any Parish, Town, City or Place in which such Estates to having Rights of Pastureage and other Rights on the said Forest are situate, to be brought before them, and to take

Copies of or Extracts from such Affidavits or Books of Affidavit, or any Part or Parts thereof, as they the said Commissioners, or their Clerk or Clerks, or any of them, shall think fit and necessary for the Purposes of this Act; and such Compensation shall be made to the Clerks or Persons having the Care or Custody of the Affidavits of the said Property Tax or Income Tax, by the said Commissioners, out of the Money arising or to arise by virtue of this Act, as the said Commissioners or their Clerk or Clerks shall think reasonable: And if any Person or Persons, in whose Care or Custody any of the said Affidavits or Books shall be, shall neglect or refuse (after Ten Days' Notice for that Purpose) to attend the said Commissioners or their Clerk or Clerks with such Affidavits or Books, or to permit them, or any of them, to take Copies thereof, or Extracts therefrom as aforesaid, then and in every such case, every Person who shall be neglect or refuse shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be recovered and applied in the same manner as other Penalties are by this or the said recited Act directed to be recovered and applied.

XXIX. And Whereas it may happen the Boundary Lines between the said Parishes hereby directed to be divided and inclosed, and the Lands in any adjoining Manor, Parish, Township or Place, if the said Commissioners were disposed to cause such Forces to be raised in such Direction as they shall deem most proper and convenient for fencing and making the same regular: But therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the Consent in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Lord or Lords of the Manor or Manors in which the Lands are situate, or the major Part in Value of Land Owners in any Parish or Township adjoining to the said Parish (first Value to be ascertained by the Land Tax Assessment of any such Parish, Township or Place) and under the Hand or Hands of the Owner or Owners of the Lands upon which such Force or Forces shall or may be intended to be made, to set out, ascertain and determine the Boundary Lines to be made between the said Parish hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, and the Lands lying in any such adjoining Parish, Township or Place, as they shall judge proper for the Purposes aforesaid; and after such Boundaries shall be so set out, ascertained and determined, the same shall be laid out and fenced by such Person or Persons, in such manner, and at such time or times, as the said Commissioners shall direct, and shall for ever thereafter be deemed and taken to be the Boundaries between the said Parish and such adjoining Manor, Parish, Township or Place respectively; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, situated in the aforesaid of the Boundaries of the said Parish, and of any Manor, Parish, Township or Place adjoining thereto, shall be dissatisfied with the Determinations of the said Commissioners or Umpires, made in pursuance of the Directions of the said recited Act or of this Act, respecting such Boundaries or any of them, and shall be desirous of having the Boundaries settled by such Determinations tried at Law, and shall, by themselves or their respective Agents or Attorneys, within Three Calendar Months next after the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpires shall have made and published by them, give Notice in Writing to the said Commissioners of such his, her or their Objection to the said Boundaries so determined by the said Commissioners or Umpires, and of such Desire to have the same Boundaries settled by Trial at Law, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, immediately on Receipt of such Notice as aforesaid, or as soon afterwards as conveniently may be, to give Notice to the Owners of the Party or Parties interested therein, who shall still upon the Boundaries so determined by the said Commissioners or Umpires, or to the respective Agents or Attorneys of each Person or Persons, by Writing under the Hands of them the said Commissioners, to be delivered to or left at the usual Place of Abode of each Party or Parties, Agents or Attorneys respectively; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons giving such Notice to the said Commissioners as aforesaid, or his or their Heirs, Successors or Assigns, after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the time of such Notice being given to the said Commissioners as aforesaid, to proceed to a Trial at Law for the settling of such Boundaries in object to it as aforesaid, in the First or Second Assizes to be held in the County in which the Boundaries so objected to shall be situate, next after the giving of such Notice to the said Commissioners, in an Action or Actions for that Purpose, to be commenced in One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by the Person or Persons giving such Notice to the said Commissioners as aforesaid, their respective Heirs, Successors or Assigns, against any such Person or Persons interested therein, who shall hold on the Boundaries so determined by the said Commissioners or Umpires as aforesaid; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions shall forthwith name an Attorney or Attorneys, who shall file Certificates, and appear in and accept one or more Affidavits or Affidavits, whereby all such Boundaries may be properly tried and determined (such Affidavits or Affidavits, if the Parties desire about the same, to be taken by the proper Officers of the Court where such Action or Actions shall be commenced); and the Day or Days when such trial of such Issues or Issues shall hold the Boundary or Boundaries of the said Parish, or of all or any of the Manors, Parishes, Townships, Hundreds or Districts so in dispute, and the same shall, under the Direction of the Judge who shall try the said Issue or Issues, be selected specially on the Record, on or before the time when the trial of such Issues for ascertaining such Boundaries; and the Verdict or Verdicts which shall be given in any such Action or Actions shall be used and conclusive to every Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate whatsoever, inside the County where such Action or Actions shall be brought, shall sit aside the Verdict or Verdicts to be given as aforesaid, and order a new Trial or Trials to be had thereon (which it shall be lawful for the said Court to do, and also upon sufficient Cause shown, to put off the Trial of such Issues, or to change the Venue, as is usual in other cases); and after any Verdict or Verdicts shall have been obtained and set on aside by the Court as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to conform to such Verdict or Verdicts; any thing

Penalty.

Boundary Forces may be raised.

Persons dissatisfied with Boundaries may try Rights at Law.

Certificates.

Calls to Defendants.

thing in the said rected Adt or in this Adt contained to the contrary notwithstanding and the Defendants or Defendants in every such Affidavit shall be, by the said Commissioners, reimbursed all the Costs, Charges and Expenses, which he or they shall reasonably pay, expend or be put unto, in the Defence of such Affidavits or Actions, by and out of the Money to be raised for carrying this Adt into Execution.

Calls of Rights delivered to Commissioners. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 129. § 4.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons having or claiming any Estate or Interest in or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, shall, by themselves or their Agents, deliver their respective Claims in Writing to the said Commissioners, at a Meeting or Meetings to be held for that Purpose, in the manner directed by the said rected Adt of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; of which Meeting or Meetings Twenty one Days Notice at the least shall be given by the said Commissioners, enclosing the Purports of such Meeting or Meetings, in the manner herebefore directed.

Power for Commissioners to divide Depots.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise between any of the Parties interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure, touching or concerning the respective Rights and Interests which they or any of them shall have or claim to have in the same, or touching or concerning any Matter or Thing relating to the said Division and Inclosure, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Umpire, and they and he or she and is hereby authorized and empowered to examine into, hear and determine the same respectively.

Commissioners not to determine Title to Estates.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Commissioners or Umpire to determine the Title to any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments whatsoever, but they shall assign and set out the several Allotments directed to be made, unto the Parties or Persons having the actual Seisin of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in right or in respect whereof such Allotments shall be made.

Commissioners may assist Calls.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners shall, upon the Hearing and Determination of any Claim or Objection be delivered to them in pursuance of the said first rected Adt or of this Adt, for cause to award any Calls, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to issue, assign and award such Calls, as they shall think reasonable, to be paid to the Party or Parties in whose Favour any Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire shall be made, by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Claim or Objection shall be thereby disallowed or over-ruled, or against whom the said Commissioners shall have determined as aforesaid; and in case the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be liable to pay such Calls, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same upon Demand, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to make such Calls to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, so neglecting or refusing to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand, to the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Claims and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold, after deducting the Calls and Charges according to such Direction and Sale.

Power to try Rights by Law.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, interested or claiming to be interested in the said intended Division and Allotments, shall be dissatisfied with any Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, touching or concerning any Claim or Objection which shall be delivered to the said Commissioners in pursuance of the said rected Adt or this Adt, or touching or concerning any Property, Right or Interest, intended to be affected by such Determination, and shall, within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination shall have been made in Writing to the Party or Parties interested, cause Notice in Writing of such Dissatisfaction to be delivered to or left at the usual Place of Abode of the said Commissioners, and of the Party or Parties in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, giving such Notice as aforesaid, so provided to a Trial at Law of the Matter so determined by the said Commissioners or Umpire, at the then next Assize to be held for the County in which the Land shall be situate; and in case such Land shall be situate in both the said Counties of *Surrey* and *Dorset*, then for the County in which the greatest Proportion of such Land shall be situate, unless such Affidavits shall happen within Two Calendar Months next after the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, and then and in that case, at the Second Assize to be held for the said County next after such Determination; and for that Purpose the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, giving such Notice as aforesaid, shall, within Two Calendar Months next after such Determination, cause an Affidavit to be brought in One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, upon a signed Oath, against the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made; and the Defendants or Defendants in such Affidavits or Actions shall, and he, she or they as and are hereby required to cause an Attorney or Attorneys, who shall appear therein on the Common Side, and accept one or more Oath or Oaths, whereby such Claims, and the Property, Right and Interest thereby assised upon, may be tried and determined; such Oath or Oaths to be sworn by the proper Officer of the Court in which the said Affidavits shall be commenced, in case the Parties shall differ about the same; and the Verdict which shall be given upon the Trial of such Affidavits shall be binding, final and conclusive to every Person and Persons, Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate whomsoever, unless the Court wherein such Affidavits shall be brought, shall sit aside such Verdict, and order a new Trial to be had therein, which it shall be lawful for the said Court to do in case the said Court shall think proper; and that after such Verdict shall be obtained and not set aside by the said Court, the said Commissioners shall and they are required to act in conformity thereto, and to allow or disallow the Claims, Property, Right or Interest thereby determined, according to the Event of such Trial or Trials: Provided always,

that if an such Notice shall be given, or if any such Notice shall be given, and such Action at Law shall not be commenced as aforesaid, or if any such Action shall be commenced, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein shall not proceed to a Trial within the time herebefore limited for that Purpose, then the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire shall be final and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided also, that if any of the Parties in any such Action to be commenced as aforesaid, shall die before the Determination thereof, such Action shall not abate by reason thereof, but shall be proceeded in as if no such Event had happened; and that in Default, Suit or Proceeding as aforesaid, nor any Difference or Dispute touching the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall impede or delay the said Commissioners or Umpire in the Execution of this and the said recited Act; but the Division and Allowments hereby directed to be made shall be proceeded in, notwithstanding any such Difference, Suit or Proceeding.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, in whole or in part any such Determination as aforesaid shall have been made, and against whom any such Action or Actions might have been brought, if living, shall die before any such Action or Actions shall have been brought, and before the Expiration of the time herebefore limited for bringing such Action or Actions, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Police, Corporate or Collegiate, who might have brought such Action or Actions against the Person or Persons so dying, to bring the same within the time so limited as aforesaid, against such Person or Persons as if actually living, and to serve the Clerk or Clerks of the said Council, Powers with Process for commencing such Action or Actions, in the same manner as the Party or Parties might have been served therewith if living; and it shall thereupon be incumbent on the Heir or Heirs, or other Person or Persons who shall claim the Benefit of such Determination as aforesaid, on receiving Notice of such Process from the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners (which Notice such Clerk or Clerks is and are hereby directed and required to give accordingly), to appear and defend such Action or Actions in the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so dead, and Proceedings shall be had therein, in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had been actually living; and the Rights of all Parties shall be equally bound and concluded by the Event of such Action or Actions.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enable the said Commissioners or Umpire to determine any Right between any Parties contrary to the Possession of any such Parties, except in cases of Encroachments made within the Period of Twenty Years; but in case the said Commissioners or Umpire shall be of Opinion against the Rights of the Person or Persons to be in Possession, they or he shall forbear to make any Determination thereupon, until the Possession shall have been given up by or recovered from such Person or Persons by Ejectment or other due Course of Law.

XXXVIII. Provided, and it is hereby declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to authorize or empower the said Commissioners to consider the said Fens, called *Simen Rath Fens*, as forming any Part of the Lands to be divided, allotted or inclosed under or by virtue of this Act, or as comprised within any of the Powers or Authorities hereby to them given; but that the same shall be and remain vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors for ever, exclusive of and over and above any Allowments or Allowments which shall be set out or made unto or for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors under or by virtue of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, fixed and discharged from all Taxes and all Rights of Common whatsoever; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Forest, and all the Lands and Grounds to be inclosed by virtue of this Act, shall at all times for ever, after the said Allowment in lieu of Tithes shall be set out in manner aforesaid, be encumbered, exempt and freed from all Tithes both Great and Small, or of what nature or kind soever; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Inclosures to be made in the said Forest by virtue of this Act shall be made and set out in such manner as not to interrupt or impede the necessary Communications in, over and upon the said Forest.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the several Outcroppings or Ring Fences of the Lands to be allotted to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors as aforesaid, shall be made in such manner and at such time or times as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint; and such Outcroppings or Ring Fences shall be raised and made, and for ever thereafter maintained, supported and kept in repair, at the Expence, Costs and Charges of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that the several Outcroppings or Ring Fences of the Lands to be so allotted to the said Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, or other Person or Persons entitled in lieu of Tithes as aforesaid, shall be likewise made in such manner and at such time or times as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint, and such Outcroppings or Ring Fences last mentioned shall be raised and made at the Expence, Costs and Charges of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; but the same shall for ever thereafter be maintained, supported and kept in repair by the said Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, or by the Person or Persons entitled to such Allowment in lieu of Tithes as aforesaid; and all Fences to be made in pursuance of this Act, for dividing and inclosing the Residue of the said Forest, shall be made, and at all times for ever thereafter be repaired, maintained and kept in Repair by and at the Expence of the Proprietors interested in such Residue, in such Parts, Shares and Proportions, and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall, in and by their final Award, direct and appoint; but no such Proprietor or Proprietors shall be compelled or compellable to fence his, her or their own Allowment or Allowments, or contribute to the fencing of any Allowment or Allowments belonging to any other Person or Persons, until the Owner or Owners of such last mentioned Allowment or Allowments shall have made and completed his, her or their Proportion of the same.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners or any Engineer to be by them employed, under the Powers and Authorities of this Act, shall find it unreasonable to drain any of the Moss Fens or Turbaries on the said Forest, so as to make the same fallaciously dry to be used as Arable or Pasture Land, then

as an Action brought, or not commenced, in Determination of Council, before said Trial, not in subject Execution of Powers of Act.

In case of Deaths of Parties before Action brought, time allowed as last directed in case deceased.

Persons in Possession not entitled.

Simen Rath Fens not to be subject to Powers of Commissioners, but to remain vested in His Majesty, free from Taxes, &c.

Forest by ever exempt from Tithes.

Inclosures not to impede all Communications.

Allowments by whom and how fenced, and Fences afterwards kept in Repair.

Moss Fens, &c. Inclosures of drainage left then

upon for Use of
Persons here-
after using them.

Turf not taken
away after
passing of Act.

Partly.

After Al-
lotment made
Rights of Com-
mon and other
Rights to exist.

Rights of Com-
mon to be
excepted
before Allo-
tment of Areas.

Owners of Com-
mon Rights
may have Al-
lotments sold
separately.

Alotments to
be made in Plan,
and given to
Proprietors.

If any Person
sell his Common
Right other
than made in
Particulars.

them and in each case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and em-
powered to leave such Moat Pits or Turbaries open and unenclosed, to be held and enjoyed by such Person or
Persons as, before the passing of this Act, have of Right held, used and enjoyed the same.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, after the passing of this Act, shall get,
remove or take away any Fens, Heaths, Gorse or other Article of the like Nature or Quality, from or off any of
the Lands or Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, or shall cut, dig, get or
take away any of the Turf or Soil of the Lands or Grounds to be inclosed by virtue of this Act, for any Use
or Purpose whatsoever and under any Right, Privilege or Claim, or Pretence of Right, Privilege or Claim what-
soever (other than and except any Person or Persons who may get any Turf out of any of the Moat Pits or
Turbaries which shall or may be left open and unenclosed by the said Commissioners as herebefore mentioned),
upon due Proof made before the said Commissioners on Oath (which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby
empowered to administer), the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, by Warrant under their
Hands and Seals directed to any Person or Persons whomsoever, to cause any Sum or Sums of Money not
exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Per-
son or Persons so offending in the Premises, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the Person or
Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges at-
tending such Distress and Sale; and the Money so to be levied as aforesaid, shall be applied towards the Pay-
ment of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of executing this Act.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That immediately after all the Allotments to be made and let out in pur-
suance of this Act, shall by Order of the said Commissioners be marked and set out, all the several Shares or
Allotments to be let out as aforesaid shall be and be deemed and taken to be in lieu of, and in full Compensa-
tion, Satisfaction and Discharge of and from all Taxes, Rights of Common and all other Rights whatsoever,
which the said Proprietors or any of them could or might have had or been entitled to, in, over and upon the
said Fens and other the said Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively; and
from that time, all Tithes, Rights of Common, and all other Rights whatsoever, in or upon the said Fens and
Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, shall cease, and be for ever annulled, abolished and extinguished.

XLV. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners,
at any time before the Execution of their said final Award, by Notice by Advertisement in one or more of the
Newspapers usually circulated in that Part of the said Counties of *Surrey and Devon* where the said Fens
lie, to order and direct all or any Part of the Rights of Common, in, over and upon the said Fens, and other
the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, to be extinguished, or the
Exercise thereof suspended for and during such time or times as shall be expressed in such Notice; and all such
Rights of Common as the said Commissioners shall by such Notice order and direct to be extinguished, or the
Exercise thereof to be suspended as aforesaid, shall, from the time mentioned in such Notice, cease, determine
and be extinguished, and the Exercise thereof shall be suspended accordingly; any Law, Usage or Custom to
the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any of the several Owners of several Messuages, Lands, Ten-
ements or Hereditaments, shall be desirous that their respective Shares in the said Open Commonable Lands and
Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed as aforesaid, in respect of their Common Right or
other Rights belonging to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, should be allotted together
in one or more Parcel or Parcels, and shall express their Desire in Writing to the said Commissioners, at such
time as the said Commissioners shall meet and appoint, then and in each case the said Commissioners shall and
they are hereby required to set out the several Parcels of Land to be allotted to such several Persons in one
Allotment, and such Allotment shall be used and enjoyed by the several Proprietors thereof, in each share
and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners shall in that behalf direct and appoint in and by their
said final Award.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Commissioners shall have assem-
bled the respective Rights of the Persons interested in the said intended Inclosure, and also the respective
Shares and Proportions by them proposed to be allotted to each Person respectively in less than if, if the
said Commissioners shall give Notice by Advertisement in one or more of the Public Newspapers usually cir-
culated in that Part of the said Counties of *Surrey and Devon* in which the said Fens lie, of the Day or
Days and Place, where all Persons interested may peruse a Schedule of such intended Allotments, and inspect
the Map or Plan wherein the same shall be delineated, and may have and receive a Copy of such Schedule, so
far as the same relates to each Person respectively; and as soon as the said Persons may, upon Request to the said Sched-
ule and Inspection of such Map or Plan, be satisfied with their intended Allotments, the said Commissioners
shall give or cause to be given Notice of One Meeting at least, to be held by them for hearing, Comparing and
Objections against such intended Allotments, and for hearing and determining all such Objections; and their
Determinations in the Premises, as to the Quantity, Quality and Situation, shall be binding, final and conclusive
upon all Parties.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall sell, or shall at any time
before the Execution of the final Award of the said Commissioners, sell his or her Right, Interest and Prop-
erty in, to, over or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any
Part thereof, to any other Person, then and in every such case, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners,
and they are hereby authorized and required, on Application made to them for that Purpose, by Writing under
the Hands of the contracting Parties, to make any Allotment of Land into the Vendor or Purchaser in every
such Sale, or to his or her Heirs or Assigns, for and in respect of such Right, Interest and Property to be sold as
aforesaid; and every such Vendor or Purchaser, or his or her Heirs or Assigns, shall and may, from and after
the

the Execution of their final Award, hold and enjoy the Land so to be allotted to him, her or them as aforesaid, in the same manner as the Vendor in every such Sale might, could or ought to have held and enjoyed the same, in case such Sale had not been made, or such Right, Interest or Property, had been vested in such Vendor at the time of making such Allowments as aforesaid.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by and with the Approbation and Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, on behalf of His Majesty, and they are lawfully empowered, to agree with and to purchase, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from any Person or Persons who shall be entitled to any Abatement or Allowments of Land under or by virtue of this Act, all or any Part or Parts of their respective Allowments to be made to them under this Act.

L. And be it further enacted, That all the Lands and Hereditaments which shall be allotted under or by virtue of this Act, shall be held by the same Tenants, and under the same Rents, Customs and Services, as the Lands and Hereditaments in respect whereof such Allowments shall be made, were respectively held before the passing of this Act, or would have been held in case this Act had not been passed.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Lands or other Hereditaments, which shall be allotted or exchanged under or by virtue of this Act, shall hold their respective Lands or Hereditaments by different Tenants or for different Estates, or under different Titles, the said Commissioners shall, upon the Request of such respective Proprietors in Writing under their Hands, signification and discharge the Lands or other Hereditaments held by or under such respective Tenants, Estates or Titles, and shall accordingly in their final Award set out and distinguish distinct and several Allowments for such respective Lands or other Hereditaments.

LII. And be it further enacted, That after the final Award of the said Commissioners shall be made and executed, all and every the Lands and Grounds lying and being within the Boundaries of the said Forest, as well those already included as those intended to be included under the Authority of this Act, shall be and the same are lawfully discharged, and shall be and continue unincumbered and discharged for ever thereafter from all Feudal Rights, Incumbrances and Authorities whatsoever (if any such remain) and from all Feudal Rents, Customs and Services which His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons, could otherwise claim therein.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to set out, allot and award any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the said Forest, or within any Parish or Place adjoining thereto, in lieu of and in Exchange for any other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the said Forest, or within any adjoining Parish, Township or Place, provided that all such Exchanges shall be ascertained, specified and declared in the final Award of the said Commissioners, and be made with the Consent of the Proprietor or Proprietors of the Premises which shall be so exchanged, whether such Proprietor or Proprietors shall be a Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, or a Tenant or Tenants in Fee Simple or for Life, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or by the County of England, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, with the Consent of the Lessor or Lessors, but not otherwise, or with the Consent of the Guardians, Trustees or Executors for Charitable, Pious or other Uses, Hospitals, Companies or Attorneys or of any such Proprietor or Proprietors who at the time of making such Exchange or Exchanges shall be respectively Infants, Femes Covert, Idiots, Lunatics, or under any other legal Disability, or who shall be beyond the Sea, or otherwise disabled to act for themselves, lawfully or herself, such Consent to be testified in Writing under the Common Seal of the Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and under the Hands of the other consenting Parties respectively; and all and every such Exchange and Exchanges so to be made shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided nevertheless, that no Exchange shall be made of any Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, held in right of any Church, Chapel or other Ecclesiastical Benefice, without the Consent testified as aforesaid of the Lord Bishop of the Diocese in which such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be situate, and of the Parson of such Church, Chapel, or other Ecclesiastical Benefice.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the making and completing of any Exchanges and Partitions to be made under or by virtue of the said Act, recited, Act and this Act, or either of them, shall be paid, borne and defrayed by the several Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, for whose Benefit such Exchanges or Partitions shall be made, in such manner and in such Proportions as the said Commissioners shall, by their final Award, order and direct.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Lease and Lessee at Rack or extended Rent now subsisting of any Messuages, Lands or Tenements having Rights within the said Forest, shall, as far as such Lease or Lessee shall or claim any Abatement or Allowments to be made of any Part of the said Forest, or Rights or Rights of Common therein, in respect of such Messuages, Lands or Tenements comprised in such Lease or Leases, be and the same is and are hereby declared to be null and void as to such Allowment and Allowments, and such Abatement and Allowments shall be made and allowed unto the Landlord or Landlords, and not to the Tenant or Tenants, Lessor or Lessors, and such Abatement and Allowments shall be fixed and discharged of and from all Right and Interest which may or otherwise might be claimed is or to be the same by virtue of such Lease or Leases; and the Person or Persons to whom the Messuages, Lands or Tenements comprised in such Lease or Leases shall belong, as Landlord or Landlords, shall make such Compensation, by way of Retainer or mutual Abatement of Rent or otherwise, to the Person or Persons entitled to the same, under such Lease or Leases, as the said Commissioners shall, by Writing under their Hands, direct, for the Right of Common

Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, &c. empowered to purchase Lands.

Allowments of Gene Tenants.

Separate Allowments made for Estates held by different Tenants.

Forest to be disencumbered.

Exchanges allowed in lieu of lands.

Proviso.

Payment of Expenses, &c. by whom paid.

Lessee at Rack Rent void as to Abatement of Common.

Notifying to
said Com-
missioners,

Wills and Ser-
vitudes not
affected.

For what time
Sheep, &c. and
kept in new
Inclosures, &c.

Reductions
made for new
and better
Fences.

Provis.

Commissioners
may make Al-
locations in all
inclosures, and in
Private Woods,
if they think
proper; but not
in His Majesty's
Alders.

Expenses of
Aid paid by His
Majesty.

When Expenses
paid by Pro-
prietors.

or other Rights or Interests, in, over or upon the said Forest or any Part thereof, appendant or appurtenant to such Messuages, Lands or Tenements, and which shall be extinguished by this Act; And if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to make any such assent or other Compromise to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, within Twenty one Days next after Demand made thereof, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, to raise and levy the sum for the Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons entitled thereto, by such ways and means as any Justices or Justices are directed by law or the said recited Act to be raised or levied.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to revoke, make void, alter or annul any Will, Settlement or Surrender, or to prejudice any Person or Persons having any Right or Claim of Dower, Jointure, Portion, Debt, Rest or Incumbency, out of, upon or affecting any Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in the said Forest, or any adjoining Manor, Parish, Township or Place, which shall be allotted or exchanged by virtue of the said first recited Act or this Act; but that each and every Proprietor shall stand and be bound of the Premises to be allotted or given in exchange to him or her as aforesaid, so such and the same Uses, and for such and the same Estates, and subject to such and the same Wills, Deeds, Settlements, Debts, Charges, Rents and Incumbencies (Right of Common and Common of Pasture as aforesaid, and such other Exceptions and Provisions as are herein made, only excepted, and no other), in the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments whereof such Proprietor or Proprietors was or were seized or possessed at or immediately before the Execution of the said Award of the said Commissioners, or for which or in respect whereof such Allotments or Exchanges shall be made, would have been subject to, charged with or affected by, in case this Act had not been passed.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That no Sheep or Lambs shall be kept in any of the new Inclosures to be made by virtue of this Act, during the Space of Seven Years from the Execution of the said first Award, unless the same shall be properly fenced, or the Person or Persons keeping such Sheep or Lambs shall do, at his, her or their own Expense, fence or guard his, her or their Neighbour's Quicksets (if any such there shall be) adjoining the Inclosures wherein such Sheep or Lambs shall be kept, in so to prevent any Damage being done to such Quicksets by such Sheep or Lambs; and it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to turn or put, or cause to be turned or put any Sheep, Lambs, Horses, Afirs or other Beasts or Cattle, into any of the Ways, Lanes or Roads, on either Side of which any new planted Fence shall be growing.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if going to the Situation or other Circumstances of any Allotment or Allotments, it shall happen that the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof shall not have a proportionable Share of Boundary Fencing thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, where they shall judge reasonable, to ascertain and appoint any Sum or Sums of Money, to be contributed and paid by such Proprietor or Proprietors, towards the Expense of the Boundary Fencing of such other or others of the said Proprietors who may happen to have too great a Proportion thereof, in order that the Expenses of the said Boundary Fencing may be brought as near as may be to a just and equal Proportion (regard being had to the several Subdivisions Fences within the respective Allotments); and the Money so to be ascertained and applied shall be levied and recovered in such and the same manner as the Charges and Expenses of executing any Act of Inclosure are by the said first recited Act directed to be levied and recovered: Provided, that no such Sum or Sums of Money so to be contributed and paid as aforesaid, shall be actually levied until the Fences, in respect whereof such Contribution is directed to be made, shall be put up and completed to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners.

LIX. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, at any time before the Execution of their final Award, to make any Alterations in the Allotments and Fences which they may have first set out and ordered, or in any Private Roads laid out to be laid out or to such Allotments, that they shall think right and expedient: Provided, that no Alteration shall be made in any thing directed by the said first Award relating to the Allotment or Allotments to be made to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, without the Consent in Writing of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, first had and obtained: And in case any Person or Persons shall be injured by such Alterations on Account of any Expenses he, she or they, may have been at, the said Commissioners shall ascertain and determine what Recompence shall be made to him, her or them, and shall direct by whom and in what manner such Recompence shall be made.

LX. And be it further enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the obtaining and passing of this Act, of Perambulation, of first surveying and valuing the said Forest, and of setting out the Allotments by this Act directed to be made and set out to and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to and for the said Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, or other Owner or Owners of the Tithes as aforesaid, and of valuing and herolling the said first Award, shall be paid and borne by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, out of any Money which is or shall be in the Hands of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That all other the Costs, Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, and of dividing, subdividing and allotting the Lands and Grounds by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, unto and among the several other Owners and Proprietors of Lands having Rights on the said Forest, shall be borne and defrayed by such Owners or Proprietors respectively, in such Shares and Proportions, at such Time or Times, Manner and Places, as the said Commissioners, either before or after the Execution of their said final Award, shall order, direct or appoint, by any Rate or Rates to be made by the said Commissioners for that Purpose (save and except The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in respect of the Allotment or Allotments to be made to Him by virtue of this Act, and save and except the said Sir Thomas

to

Dyke

Dyle Award, in respect of the Allotment or Allotments to be made in lieu of Taxes, or the Perpet or Persons entitled thereto, in respect of such Allotment or Allotments), and the Determination of the said Commissioners in the Premises shall be final and conclusive; and in case any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay his, her or their Share or Proportion of such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, within the time and in the manner appointed by the said Commissioners, then and in such case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be raised, levied and recovered in the manner prescribed and directed by the said first recited Act.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, on Application being made to them in Writing by any of the Husband, Guardians, Trustees, Committees or Attorneys, of or for any of the said Proprietors or Persons interested in the Premises, being under Coverture, Minors, Idiots, Lunatics or beyond the Seas, or under any other Disability or Incapacity, or by the Persons acting as such Guardians, Trustees, Committees or Attorneys respectively, or by any of the Proprietors of the Lands hereby directed to be divided and allotted, or any Part thereof, who are or shall be Tenant or Tenants in Tail, or for any Life or Lives, or any other Contingency, in mortgage or sell, either before or after the making the said Award, Part of the Allotment or Allotments to be made by virtue of this Act, to such incapacitated Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons, by whom or in whose behalf any such Application shall be made as aforesaid, for the Purpose of raising a Sum of Money sufficient to defray the respective Taxes and Proportions of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of executing the said first recited Act and this Act, which shall be charged upon or payable by such incapacitated Proprietors or other Person or Persons respectively, and of securing and inclosing and subdividing his, her or their Allotment or Allotments, and of making and completing such Mortgage or Sale; and such Mortgage or Sale shall be made by the said Commissioners in such and the like manner, and subject to such and the like Rules and Regulations, as are mentioned and prescribed in and by the said first recited Act, in respect to the Sale of any Lands authorized to be sold for paying the Expenses of obtaining and carrying into Execution any Act for dividing, allotting and inclosing any Lands and Grounds; and each and every Allotment, for which the full Purchase Money shall be paid, shall be conveyed by the said Commissioners, at the Expense of such Purchaser or Purchasers, unto such Purchaser or Purchasers, and his, her or their Heirs respectively, or as he, she or they shall appoint, and shall be inclosed and held by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively in fee simple, and the Receipt of the said Commissioners shall be a good and sufficient Discharge to such Purchaser or Purchasers for the said Purchase Money, which shall be applied by the said Commissioners in or towards defraying such last mentioned Costs, Charges and Expenses; and if any Surplus shall remain in the Hands of the said Commissioners, the same shall be applied and disposed of by them in the manner directed by the said first recited Act, with respect to Money which is thereby directed to be paid into the Bank of England for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be settled to the same Uses, or of any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which ought to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, as therein mentioned: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful to make by such Mortgage or Sale any further or greater Sum of Money than the Perpet or Persons, Part of whose Allotment or Allotments shall be mortgaged or sold as aforesaid, would have been empowered or authorized to borrow or charge upon his, her or their Allotment or Allotments, reckoning Five Pounds for each and every Acre thereof, under or by virtue of the said first recited Act: Provided always, that in all cases where any Lands shall be sold for Payment of Expenses as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Proprietor or Person whose Lands shall be so sold, to charge the Residue of his or her Allotment, by virtue of the said first recited Act or this Act, with any Money towards Payment of such Expenses.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, after having ascertained and completed such Subdivision and Allotment of the said Fens as aforesaid, draw up or cause to be drawn up their final Award, and the same, when enrolled in manner directed by the said first recited Act, shall be deposited and left with the Clerks of the Peace for the Counties of Somerset and Devon, where the same shall and may be inspected and perused at all reasonable times in the Day-time, for ever thereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, paying the Sum of One Shilling and no more, to the said Clerks of the Peace respectively, or their Deputies, for every such Inspection and Perusal; and Two Copies of such Award shall be enrolled, one of them in the Court of Exchequer in Westminster, and the other of them in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain, and shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Memorials of the Office of the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; such Award, or the Instrument thereof, as he produced and read in Evidence on all Occasions where any Dispute, Doubt or Controversy may arise, relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in respect of any Allotment vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That once at least in each and every Year during the Execution of this Act (such Year to be computed from the Day of passing thereof) the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to make a true and just Statement or Account of any Sums of Money, by them or either of them received and expended, or due to them for their own Treasable and Expenses in the Execution of this Act; and such Statement or Account, when it made, together with the Vouchers relating thereto, shall be laid before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Somerset, not interested in the said intended Division and Inclosure, to be by them examined and balanced at a Public Meeting (whereof Twenty one Days' Notice shall be given in the *Exeter Journal and Western Newspaper*), the said Justices being hereby authorized to take or call such Aid and Assistance in such Examination as they shall think fit, and to charge the incidental Expenses; and the Balance shall be by the said Justices stated in the Books of Account, to be kept in the Office of the Clerk or Clerks of the said Commissioners; and no Charge or Issue in such Ac-

Power to receive
pay or sell
Allotments.

Power.

Power.

Final Award.

Fee.

Accounts examined and balanced
by Two Justices, annually.

essents shall be binding on the Parties concerned, or valid in the Law, unless allowed by the said Justices of the Peace as aforesaid.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whomsoever shall advance and pay any Money towards the Expenses heretofore directed to be borne or defrayed by the Owners or Proprietors of Lands having Right in the said Forest, of carrying this Act into Execution, the Money so advanced and paid shall be repaid and intitled to him, her or them, by the Directors of the said Commissioners, together with lawful Interest for the same, from the time of the Advancement thereof.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, shall think himself, herself or themselves, aggrieved by any thing done or omitted to be done in pursuance of the said recited Act or of this Act (other than and except as to the said Claims, Matters and Things which shall be ascertained, settled, tried or determined by the Verdict of a Jury under the Power and Authority heretofore contained, or where, by any of the Provisions or Clauses of the said first recited Act or this Act, the Determinations, Orders, Acts or Proceedings of the said Commissioners or Umpire are declared or directed to be final and conclusive), then and in every such case, he, she or they may appeal to the Justices at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the said County of Somerset or Devon, as the case may be, within Three Calendar Months next after the cause of Complaint shall have arisen, or as going to the said Commissioners or either of them, and to the Party or Parties concerned, Twenty one Days' Notice in Writing of such Appeal and of the Matters thereof; and the Justices not invested in the Provision, in their said General Quarter Sessions, are hereby required to hear and determine the Matter of every such Appeal, and to make such Order and award such Costs and Damages as to them in their Discretion shall seem reasonable, and by their Order or Warrant to levy the Costs and Damages which shall be so awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties liable to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand, to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels, after deducting the reasonable Charges of such Warrant, Distress and Sale; and the Determination of the said Justices shall be final and conclusive on all Parties concerned, and shall not be removed or removable, by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, less any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or elsewhere; but in case such Appeal shall appear to the said Justices to be frivolous, vexatious or without sufficient Foundation, then the said Justices shall award such Costs to be paid by the Appellant or Appellants, as to the said Justices shall seem reasonable, and to be levied in manner aforesaid.

LXVII. And Whereas it may be expedient that such Allotment or Allotments of Land as shall be made or set out, unto or for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, under or by virtue of this Act, or some Part or Parts thereof, should be sold or disposed of, and that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, should be empowered to make such Sales; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to contract and agree for the Sale of, and absolutely to make sale and dispose of, all such Part or Parts of the said Forest as shall be set out or allotted unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, under or by virtue of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities herein contained, or of any Part or Parts thereof, and of all His Majesty's Rights and Interests in and to the same, and of all the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of, in and to all Mines of Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and other Minerals whatsoever, in or under the said Forest or any Part thereof, hereby referred to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and of all Powers of searching for, working, digging, raising and carrying away such Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and other Minerals for the best Prices or Considerations in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall be able to procure for the same; and all and every the Sums and Sums of Money which shall or may arise or be produced from such last mentioned Sale or Sales shall from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and placed in the Account directed by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for uniting the Office of Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of The Crown, and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases*, to be retailed in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, intituled "The Account of the Publick Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the Woods and Forests Fund," and shall be applied and disposed of in such and the like manner, and for such and the like Purposes, as the other Monies by such last mentioned Act directed or authorized to be paid in, carried into or placed in the same Account, are thereby authorized or directed to be paid, applied or disposed of.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of any of the said Lands, Hereditaments, Rights or Interests, hereby authorized to be sold as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall grant to the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof a Certificate under their Hands, delineating the Premises so agreed to be sold, and the Amount of the Purchase Money to be paid for the same, and which shall accordingly be paid into the Bank of England within Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate; and the Cashiers of the Bank or one of them shall, upon the Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Monies therein intimated, and carry the same to the Account therein specified, and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the same without Fee or Reward; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall be according to the Form contained in Schedule (A.) to this Act, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will admit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever; and every such Certificate and Receipt shall, within One Calendar Month after the Date of such Certificate, be taken to the Office of the

Auditor

And after the said Revenue for the District within which the said Lands or Hereditaments therein described are situate, and be there forthwith remitted in the proper Books for that Purpose; and such Assessor, having enrolled the said Certificate and Receipt, shall attest the same under his Hand, and shall upon receiving the usual Fees for such Enrolment return the said Certificate and Receipt to the Purchaser or Purchasers; and from and after such Enrolment and thereafter for ever, the respective Purchasers, their Heirs or Successors, shall, by force and virtue of this Act, be, and shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be the actual Seisin and Possession of the Lands, Hereditaments, Rights and Interests to be by them respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, as fully and amply to all Interests and Purposes, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place; and every such Certificate shall be respectively witnessed and attested, as to the signing thereof by the said Commissioners, by one of the principal Clerks or other Officers in their or his Office; and every such Certificate and Receipt, being enrolled as aforesaid, shall effectually discharge the respective Purchasers to whom the same shall be given or granted, of and from the Purchase or Consideration Money therein expressed, and such Purchasers shall never afterwards be liable to be called upon, sued, troubled, molested or questioned, for or in respect thereof, or of any Part thereof.

LXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank the Consideration Money therein to be specified, for the Space of Thirty Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to send such Certificate and the said Cashier's Receipt for the said Money, for the like Space of time, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be forfeited, unless the said Commissioners shall for any reasonable Cause to them shewn for the Omission of such Enrolment, order the said Certificate and Receipt to be enrolled *ex gratia* rear, and which upon such Cause being shewn, the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to order accordingly.

LXXX. And Whereas it may happen that some Part of the said Parish, may hereafter become inhabited, * so which calls the Inhabitants thereof, by reason of its remote Distance from any Parish Church, and of its * being locally situate out of the Limits or Boundaries of any Parish, with base no Place of Public Worship * to resort to; and it is therefore expedient that as well for the Convenience of such Inhabitants as for extend * ing the Benefit and Influence of Religious Worship and Instruction, that such Provision should be made in * that respect as are hereinafter contained; Be it therefore further enacted, That such a Quantity of Land as shall be necessary for the Site of a Church, and for a Churchyard or Cemetery, and for the Site of a proper Parsonage House and Offices to be erected and built, and for a Garden and Yard or Homestead to be attached thereto, in the Extent in the Whole of Ten Acres at the least, shall be reserved by The Crown out of the Lands so to be allotted to His Majesty as aforesaid, and shall not be sold; and that in case at any time hereafter the Number of Persons who shall be resident and inhabiting upon the said Parish shall, in the Judgment and Opinion of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Bishop of Bath and Wells for the time being, be such as shall render it expedient that a Church shall be erected upon the said Aforesaid, for the Performance of Divine Worship therein, and for the affording religious Instruction to the Inhabitants thereof, then and in such case the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall, by and out of the Land Revenue of The Crown, cause a new Church and a fit and convenient Parsonage House and Offices to be erected and built upon Part of the Lands so to be reserved as aforesaid, and shall appropriate other Part thereof near to the said Church, for a Churchyard or Burial Ground, and the Refectory thereof, as a Garden, Yard or Homestead to the said Parsonage House, and shall inclose the same accordingly, in such manner as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall think proper for such Purposes; and shall cause the said Church when so erected, and the Churchyard so to be attached thereto, to be duly consecrated according to the Usage of the Church of England; and the same Church shall be for ever thereafter set apart and dedicated as and for a Place of Divine Worship, according to the Rights and Ceremonies of the Church of England, for the Use of all the Inhabitants who shall in whole within the Bounds or Precincts of the said Parish, and shall be named and call *The Parish Church of Exminster*; and that the said Parish shall for ever thereafter form and be a distinct Parish of itself, and be called by the Name of *The Parish of Exminster*: Provided always, that there shall be set apart and appropriated in the Church to be erected and built by virtue of this Act, such a Number of Seats for the gratuitous Accommodation of the Poor of the said Parish, as the Lord Bishop of the Diocese shall think necessary, proper and convenient.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Erection and Consecration of the said Parish Church, the said Piece of Ground which shall be so inclosed and appropriated as a Churchyard or Cemetery as aforesaid, shall be and for ever continue to be a Churchyard or Place of Burial for all the Inhabitants of such Parish.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Plan or Design of such Church, Parsonage House, Offices and other Buildings, shall be submitted to and approved by the Bishop of Bath and Wells for the time being, before the same shall be erected; and that in such Church, Parsonage House or other Building shall be erected in pursuance of this Act, without the Approbation of the said Bishop signified in Writing under his Hand.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Church when built, completed and consecrated as aforesaid, shall be and is hereby declared to be a perpetual Cure and Benefice, and shall be called by the Name of *The Parish Church of Exminster*; and that every Minister of the said Church shall be by virtue of this Act incorporated and made a Body Politic and Corporate, by the Name of *The Officiating Minister of the Church of Exminster*; and shall have perpetual Succession, and be enabled to sue and be sued by that Name in all Courts of this Realm; and that the said Church and Churchyard or Burial Place, and the said Parsonage House,

Notwithstanding to pay Parish's Money into Bank within ten calendar Months.

Church erected when Population of Parish renders necessary.

Parish.

Ground sold as Churchyard to common use.

Plan of Church, as approved by Bishop.

Church declared a Perpetual Cure.

Horn, Garden, Yard or Homestead, shall be vested in the said Minister and his Successors for the time being, for ever; and that the said Church and the Ministers thereof shall be subject, in all respects, to the Visitation of the Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells for the time being, and shall also be subject to the Ordinary Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction by Law established; and that Divine Service shall be from time to time for ever thereafter performed in the said Church, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England as by Law established.

Minister's
Stipend.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That for the Maintenance and Support of the Minister of the said Church for the time being, he shall have and be allowed a yearly Stipend or several Sums of One hundred and fifty Pounds, to be paid to him Half yearly without any Deductions, by Warrant from the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, out of the Land Revenues of The Crown, and such Minister shall also have and be entitled to receive and take all such *Extras* Offerings, Dues, Surplice Fees, Donations and Emoluments as are or shall be usually payable for Parochial Duties in other Parishes.

Parishes of
Living.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Advowson, Right of Patronage, free Disposition, and Nomination of, in and to the same Church, when the same shall have been so rectified, built and consecrated as aforesaid, shall appertain and belong to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever.

Marriage
solemnized in
Church.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That when the said Church shall have been so built and consecrated as aforesaid, and at all times thereafter, Banns of Matrimony may be published and Marriages may be celebrated therein, in such manner and under such Restrictions and Regulations as the same may by Law be published and celebrated in any other Church or Public Chapel wherein Banns and Marriages are allowed by Law to be published and celebrated; and that every such Marriage shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; provided all such Banns and Marriages shall be published and celebrated according to the Laws and Canon which shall be then in force within that Realm in that behalf.

Chapel, or
As registered.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That after the said Church shall be so built and consecrated as aforesaid, Chapels and Buriall-houses and Sepulchres within the said Church shall be registered in Public Registers to be provided and kept for that Purpose, in like manner as by Law directed, or as is usually practised in other Parish Churches.

Parish, or
shall in all Laws
relative thereto.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Church shall have been so built and consecrated and the said Parish so formed as aforesaid, all the Laws and Statutes which shall be then in force within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, relating to Parishes or to Parochial Officers, shall be in full force and have Effect and Operation in all Respects, in relation to such new Parish and Parochial Officers of *Essex*, in like manner as if the same had been a Parish previously to the making and passing the same Laws and Statutes.

Parish may be
divided into
Townships.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the said Church shall be so built and consecrated, and the said Parish shall be so formed as aforesaid, any Number of the Inhabitants of such new Parish shall think fit to apply by Petition to the Justices at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be holden for the said County of *Essex*, to have the said Parish divided into Two or more Townships, then and in such case it shall be lawful to and for the Justices not attended in the Premises, in their said General Quarter Sessions, and they are hereby required to hear such Petition, and to investigate and enquire into the Allegations therein contained; and if upon such Hearing the said Justices shall think it requisite or expedient that the said Parish shall be divided into Two or more Townships, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, in their said General Quarter Sessions, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such Order and Award for the Division of the said Parish into Two or more Townships accordingly, and to give all such Directions in relation thereto as they shall think requisite and necessary; and in case such Order shall be so made, then and from thenceforth the said Parish shall be divided accordingly into such Townships, and such Townships shall be called by such Names as the said Justices shall so and by such Order direct; and every such Township shall from thenceforth be and thereupon provide for its own Poor, and have and enjoy and be vested with such and the like Powers, Privileges and Immunities, and be subject to such and the like Regulations as are or shall be then incident to and held and enjoyed by the several other Townships within the said County of *Essex*, by the Laws and Statutes in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* called *England*.

Parish for His
Majesty's Rights
in Mines, &c.

LXXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not defeat or prejudice the Right or Interest of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in or to any Mines of Coal, Lead Ores, Metals or any other Minerals whatsoever, in or under the said Parish, or any Part thereof, but that His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and his or their Lessees and Assigns, Servants and Workmen, may search for, work, dig, get, raise and carry away all such Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and all other Minerals whatsoever, as so freely and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, in so far as this Act had not been passed; save only, that they shall respectively do as little Damage as possible in the Lands to be included as aforesaid, and shall make reasonable Satisfaction and Recompence from time to time to the Person or Persons possessed thereof, for all Damage that shall or may be done thereby, or to any Part thereof, by searching for, working, digging, getting, raising and carrying away the said Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and all other Minerals, or any of them.

Parish for
Private Rights.

LXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not defeat or prejudice the Right or Interest of any Person or Persons in or to any Quarries of Stone, Limestone, and other Stone whatsoever, in or under any Allotment which shall be made to him, her or them, by virtue of this Act; but the same shall belong to him, her or them, and be the Property of the Person or Persons in Possession of any such Allotments, in or under which any such Quarry or Quarries shall be, and according to the Nature and Tenure of the Estate in respect of which such Allotments shall be made.

LXXXII. Saving

LXXXII. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all Bishops, Prelates, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Successors, and to all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Rights, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatsoever (other than and except such as in and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, destroyed or extinguished) as they, every or any of them had or enjoyed in, to or out of the said Forest and Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and apportioned as aforesaid, before the passing of this Act, or could or might have had and enjoyed, therein, in case this Act had not been passed.

General Saving.

SCHEDULE (A.) to which this Act refers.

FORM of CERTIFICATE of Contracts made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

THESE we to certify, That in pursuance of a Warrant from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, bearing Date the _____ Day of _____ A.D. and C. A. Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for and on behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, have contracted and agreed with A. B. of _____ for the Sale to the said A. B. of all [here describe the Premises to be sold] at or for the Price or Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid by the said A. B. into the Bank of England, and carried to "The Account of the Public Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the Woods and Forests Fund;" and from and immediately after the Payment of the said Sum into the Bank in manner aforesaid, and the Indorsement of this Certificate and the Receipt for the said Purchase Money in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and thenceforth for ever, the said A. B. and his [her or, their] Heirs [or, Successors] or Assigns, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seisin and Possession of the said Hereditaments and Premises to by law, [her or, them] purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, and in as full and simple manner to all Intents and Purposes, as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not been made. Given under their Hands, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

Signed by the above named,
in the Presence of _____

FORM OF RECEIPT.

RECEIVED the _____ Day of _____ of and from A. B. the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in the above [or, within] written Certificate. Witness my Hand,
For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England,
(Signed) _____ Cashier.

C A P. CXXXIX.

An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise in Ireland, upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain.

[6th July 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely and voluntarily refused to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties hereinafter mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and through that Part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

For and upon every Gallon of *Aqua Vita*, Strong Waters or Spirits, which, at any time from and after the Nineteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be made or distilled in Ireland, from Cereals, or Grains malted or unmalted, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, an additional Duty of Six pence, *British Currency*, over and above all other Duties payable thereon, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland, on or immediately before the said Nineteenth Day of June, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, and which said additional Duty shall be paid by the Full Maker or Distiller of such Spirits.

Additional

Duties.

Paid by Maker.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall also be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

For

Additional
Duty on each
in Hand.

For and upon every Gallon of *Apus Fide*, Strong Waters or Spirits, made or distilled in *Ireland*, from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, which shall have been in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Distiller in *Ireland*, or of any Person for the Use of such Distiller, on the said Nineteenth Day of June, the additional Duty or Sum of Six pence British Currency, over and above all other Duties which shall have been charged or paid on such *Apus Fide*, Strong Waters or Spirits, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity:

And also for and upon every Gallon of *Apus Fide*, Strong Waters or Spirits, made in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, which shall have been in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Importer of, Dealer in, Seller or Retailer of Spirits in *Ireland*, or of any Retailer or any Compounder of Spirits in *Ireland*, on the said Nineteenth Day of June, an additional Duty or Sum of Six pence British Currency, over and above all other Duties which shall have been paid on such *Apus Fide*, Strong Waters or Spirits, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity:

Provided.

Provided always, that no such Charge of Six pence per Gallon upon any Spirits in the Stock, Cellary or Possession of any Person, shall take place upon or after any Person who shall not in the whole have had the Quantity of Thirty Gallons in Stock, Cellary or Possession, on the said Nineteenth Day of June, and that no such Charge shall take place on any Spirits in the Stock of any Compounder of Spirits, which shall have been actually compounded before the said Nineteenth Day of June.

Duty on Spirits
imported, and
taken out for
Home Con-
sumption.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall ally be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon of *Apus Fide*, Strong Waters or Spirits, made or distilled from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted in *Ireland*, and which having been warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in *Ireland*, pursuant to Law, at any time after the Seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall, at any time on or after the said Nineteenth Day of June, be taken out for Home Consumption in *Ireland*, the Sum of Six pence British Currency; and for every Gallon of such Spirits, which having been so warehoused at any time before the said Seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall, at any time after the said Nineteenth Day of June, be taken out for Home Consumption, the Sum of Seven pence Halfpenny, British Currency, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity over and above all Duties of Excise on such Spirits payable thereon, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, on or immediately before the said Nineteenth Day of June.

IV. And Whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and *Ireland*, that in respect of the additional Duty by this Act imposed on Spirits made in *Ireland*, and in respect of the additional and increased Duties imposed on Malt made in *Ireland* by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, additional Countervailing Duties should be charged upon the like Spirits made in *Great Britain* and imported from thence into *Ireland*, sufficient to counterbalance the said additional Duty on Spirits and Malt made in *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, on all such Spirits, the Countervailing Duties following, over and above all Countervailing Duties whatever, payable upon such Spirits under or by virtue of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of such Importation; that is to say,

28 ½ d. G. S.
6 d.
40 G. S. (P)
6 d.
40 G. S. 6 d.
1 s.
Additional
Countervailing
Duties.

For and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled in *Great Britain*, from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, and which shall be imported from thence into *Ireland* at any time after the said Nineteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Sum of Seven pence Halfpenny, British Currency, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity.

Drawback on
Exportation to
G. S.

V. And be it further enacted, That for and upon every Gallon of Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Corn malted or unmalted, and on which the Duties by this Act payable thereon shall have been fully paid and satisfied, and which shall be exported from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, there shall be allowed and given an additional Drawback equal in Amount to the additional Countervailing Duty imposed by this Act upon Spirits made or distilled in *Great Britain* from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, and imported from thence into *Ireland*.

To any other
Place.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall export to any other Place than *Great Britain* Spirits distilled in *Ireland* from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, on which the additional Duties imposed by this Act shall have been fully paid and satisfied, shall be entitled to and shall receive for every Gallon of such Spirits a Drawback of Seven pence Halfpenny British Currency; provided that all such Spirits shall be of a Strength not less than of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof, and which said Drawback shall be over and above all Drawbacks payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of such Exportation in respect of such Spirits exported from *Ireland* to Foreign Parts.

Drawback on
Exportation of
Spirits that have
been ware-
housed
Johs. 6 d.
1 s.

VII. And be it further enacted, That on the Exportation of any Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, which shall have been or shall be warehoused in manner required by Law, at any time after the Seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of One Penny Halfpenny British Currency upon every Gallon of such Spirits, as and in and in respect of the additional and increased Duties imposed by an Act of the present Session of Parliament on the Malt used or consumed in the making of such Spirits, and which Drawback shall be over and above any other Drawback payable on such Spirits under any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* at the time of such Exportation; and the said Drawbacks shall be and is hereby required to be paid and satisfied on such Export, subject to all Rules and Regulations to be made in *Ireland* respecting Drawbacks.

Duties carried on
Consolidated
Fund.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duties granted by this Act (the ordinary Charges of making and paying the same being deducted) shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

IX. And

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty of Six pence per Gallon on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn, malted or unmalted, imposed by this Act, shall be charged on every Distiller in respect of the Quantity of Spirits which shall be made or distilled by such Distiller, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, to be computed, ascertained and charged in such Manner and under such Regulations, Directions and Provisions as are contained in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Range, intitled *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, or in any Act or Acts for amending the said Act or in this Act, or any other Act or Acts for granting, regulating or securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, or for warehousing the same; and that all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of proceeding thereof, provided, contained and contained in the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, or in any Act for amending the said Act, or in this or any other Act or Acts for granting, regulating or securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, or for the warehousing of any such Spirits, shall be applied and put in Practice in making Charges of Duty and other Charges on such Distiller, in respect of the said Duties on Spirits under this Act, and with respect to the warehousing of any Spirits charged with Duty under this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if all the said Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures had been expressly repeated and enacted in this Act.

X. And, in order to secure the said additional Duty of Six pence by this Act imposed on every Gallon of Spirits, as well British as Irish, in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every Distiller or Importer of, Dealer in, Seller, Retailer and Refisher of Spirits in Ireland, be it further enacted, That any Officer or Officers of Excise in Ireland shall and may, by gauging, or otherwise, take an Account of the Quantity of all such Spirits in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Distiller or Importer of, Dealer in, Seller or Retailer of Spirits, or of any Refisher of Spirits in Ireland, or of any Person for the Use of any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer or Refisher respectively, on the said Nineteenth Day of June, and also of all such Spirits not compounded, which on the said Nineteenth Day of June shall be in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Compounder of Spirits in Ireland; and every such Officer or Officers shall make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Distillers in which such Spirits shall have been on the said Nineteenth Day of June, of the just and true Quantity of all such Spirits, and of the Amount of the said Duty of Six pence per Gallon thereon respectively, payable over and above the Duty thereon paid or payable thereon, and such Return shall be a Charge as every such Person respectively; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall not, as Directed made by law or them, at any Warehouse, Storehouse, Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place or of belonging to any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller or Refisher, Refisher or Compounder, or any Place where any Spirits belonging to any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher or Compounder shall be, be admitted thereon, or shall not be suffered to take an Account of all such Spirits there; or if any such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher or Compounder, or Person having the Custody or Possession of such Spirits, shall neglect or refuse to show to such Officer all the Spirits in every such Warehouse or other Place, such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher, Compounder or other Person into or at whose Warehouse or other Place such Officer or Officers shall not be admitted, or shall not be suffered to take an Account of all such Spirits there; and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher, Compounder or other Person who shall refuse or neglect to show or cause to be shown to such Officer or Officers all such Spirits as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence or Default respectively in any of the cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher or Compounder, who on the said Nineteenth Day of June shall have had in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession (other than His Majesty's Warehouse, or under His Majesty's Locks) or in any Store Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any other Person, for his, her or their Use, any Spirits whatever, which shall be liable to the said additional Duty of Six pence per Gallon by this Act granted shall, within Thirty one Days after the passing of this Act, deliver at the Office of Excise of the District in which such Spirits shall have been on the said Nineteenth Day of June, a just, true and particular Account in Writing of the Quantity of all such Spirits, which, on the said Nineteenth Day of June shall have been in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher, Compounder or other Person, in every such Warehouse, Store Room, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Place, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person, for his, her or their Use, describing the Places where the same shall respectively be or may have been, and the Situation thereof; and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher, Compounder or other Person delivering such Account, shall make Oath, or if a Quaker a solemn Affirmation, before any Chief Commissioner or Sub Commissioner of Excise that such Account is a true, just and perfect Account of all such Spirits as aforesaid, which Oath or Affirmation any such Commissioner or Sub Commissioner is hereby authorized to administer, and every such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refisher or Compounder, who shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered the Accounts hereby respectively required, within the respective times aforesaid, or who shall neglect to make such Oath or Affirmation, or who shall deliver or cause to be delivered any false or untrue Account shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all such Spirits of which such Accounts shall not be delivered within the times aforesaid, or of which any false or untrue Account shall be delivered, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise in Ireland.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Person liable to the said additional Duty of Six pence per Gallon on such Spirits shall be chargeable and charged with the said Duty upon the Returns or Accounts to be made and delivered by the Officer of Excise, or by such Person respectively under this Act, according to

These duties on
the Importation
imposed by
48 G. 3. c. 11

Account of
Stock taken,
and Return
made in Col-
lection.

Collecting, &c.
Officers, &c.

Proby.

Distiller, he is
liable to Excise
Office Account
of Stock as
Oath.

Proby.

Return pro-
ducing highest
Amount of
Duty Charge on

*Distiller or
Dealer.*

to each of the said Returns or Accounts as shall produce the highest Amount of Duty, and that every such Person shall pay the said Duty accordingly, and when an Account shall have been delivered by any Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, the Return made by the Officer shall be a conclusive Charge on such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, and that every Person so charged shall, within Two Calendar Months next after the said Nineteenth Day of June, pay to the Collector of Excise of the District, all such Duty as shall be due by such Person for or on Account of the said additional Duty, or in Default of Payment thereof within the time aforesaid, every such Person is making Default shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount for which such Person shall be so charged as aforesaid.

Penalty.

*Removing
Spirits without
Permit.*

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person so chargeable with the said additional Duty and actually charged therewith pursuant to the Provisions aforesaid, who shall remove any Spirits after the said additional Duty shall have been charged thereon as aforesaid, without having paid and cleared off the said additional Duty, or in whole Stock Account kept by any Officer of Excise, there shall appear to have been any Decrease of such Spirits, without having obtained from the proper Officer or Officer a Permit or Permita authorizing the Removal of the Spirits so deficient, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the additional Duty chargeable on such Spirits: Provided always, that Whereas by reason of Quantities of Spirits being sold or used by Retailers of Spirits in Quantities so small as not to require a Permit for the Removal thereof, Deficiencies may arise between such Stock Account and the actual Quantity of Spirits in the Possession of such Retailer, the said Penalty for a Decrease in Stock shall not be inflicted on any Retailer in any case in which such Retailer shall satisfactorily prove that such Deficiency was fairly occasioned by the Consumption of Spirits out of such Retailer's Stock, in Quantities so small as not to require a Permit for such Removal.

*Penalty.
Permit.*

*Persons not
granted such
Duty paid.*

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall have sold or shall sell any Spirits chargeable with the said additional Duty, and shall be deficient of removing such Spirits, no Permit shall be granted for the Removal thereof, unless the said additional Duty hereby imposed, and all other Duties due thereon, shall have been previously paid.

*Spirits for which
Permit was
granted before
17th June
chargeable with
additional Duty.*

XV. And be it further enacted, That all such Spirits for the Removal of which from any Place in Ireland to any other Place within the same either Coastways or by Canal or Land Carriage, a Coast Cocket or Permit shall have been granted before the said Nineteenth Day of June, and which shall arrive at the Place of its Destination, on or after the said Nineteenth Day of June, shall on its arrival become chargeable with the said Additional Duty of Six pence for and upon every Gallon thereof, and after the same Rate for any greater or less Quantity, and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return thereof in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the District in like manner as is herein directed, with respect to the Return to be made by any Officer or Officers of Spirits in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Person on the said Nineteenth Day of June; and the Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, into whose Custody or Possession such Spirits shall come on or after the said Nineteenth Day of June, shall be charged with and pay the said additional Duty for the same; and every Person so charged shall, within Two Calendar Months next after the Arrival of such Spirits, pay to the Collector of Excise of the District all such Duty as shall be due by such Person for and on account of such Spirits, or in default of Payment thereof at the time aforesaid, every such Person so making default shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Duty for which such Person shall be charged as aforesaid, and no other Coast Cocket or Permit shall be granted for the further Removal of such Spirits until the said Duty on the full Quantity of Spirits for the Removal of which a Coast Cocket or Permit shall be required, shall be previously paid.

Penalty.

*Spirits not de-
livered before
17th June, de-
livered after
17th June
paid.*

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged with the Additional Duty by this Act imposed upon any Spirits in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, shall have sold or contracted to sell any such Spirits to any Person or Persons, and shall not have delivered the same to the Buyer thereof before the said Nineteenth Day of June, then and in every such case the Buyer of the said Spirits shall not be entitled to claim the Delivery of such Spirits without first paying the additional Duty which such Seller shall have been chargeable or charged with or shall have paid for such Spirits under the Provisions of this Act.

*Spirits delivered
on or after 17th
June no pay
Duty.*

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be charged with the Additional Duty by this Act imposed upon any Spirits in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, shall on or after the said Nineteenth Day of June have sold or contracted to sell any such Spirits to any Person or Persons, and shall have delivered the same to the Buyer thereof, then and in every such case the Buyer of the said Spirits shall pay to the Seller the Additional Duty which such Seller shall have been charged with or shall have paid for such Spirits under this Act.

*In case of Non-
payment of
Duty, Distiller
liable.*

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases when any Duty payable under this Act by any Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, for or on account of such Spirits in his or her Stock, Custody or Possession, or in the Custody of any other Person for his or her Use, shall be unpaid at the time when such Duty is by this Act made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise of the District, or other Chief Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to empower any Person or Persons to take and distill any Goods or Chunks in the Use, Custody or Possession of such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, swing such Duty, and to cause the same to be sold by Public Auction; and if after Payment of all Duties and Amounts due from such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compendizer, together with the Costs and Expenses of such taking, distilling and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall forthwith be rendered and paid to

such

fact Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compounder, or his or her respective Representatives: Provided always, that when any Spirit shall be so given and delivered, as shall and may be lawful for such Distiller, Importer, Dealer, Seller, Retailer, Refiner or Compounder, or his or her respective Representatives, at any time or times before the Day appointed for the Sale thereof, to obtain Permits for conveying all or any Part of such Spirit, upon his, her or their paying to the Collector or other Chief Officer thereof, towards discharging the Duties so due and payable, the real Value of such Spirit as he, she or they shall deliver to remove, and the same may be removed accordingly, and a proper Permit or proper Permits shall on due Application be given for the same in like manner as if no such Distiller had been made.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Drawbacks by this Act granted, allowed and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and allowed, paid for, recovered and applied in the same manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties and Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures as and by an Act made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the settling the Excise or new Duty upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein referred to* or to and by any Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Manners and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or to and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein expressed and recited, with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act, made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, among other Acts or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

C A P. CXL.

An Act to make further Provisions for the Collection of certain Duties on Male Servants, Carriages and Horses; and in respect of Houses in Ireland. [6th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is and by Two several Acts made in the present Session of Parliament, one intitled *An Act in great to His Majesty certain increased Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles*; and the other intitled *An Act in great to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of certain Male Servants, Carriages and Horses, kept in his late Majesty's House, certain Rates, Duties and Taxes are, among other things, granted, imposed and made payable upon Carriages, Horses and Servants respectively which shall be hired, or which shall be kept to be let out to Hire, or which shall be let to Hire in Ireland*: And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the more effectual Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes granted, imposed and made payable by the said Acts, shall and may be levied, collected and received by any Person who now is or hereafter shall be authorized and empowered to levy, collect and receive the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Fire Houses, without any new Warrant, Commission or Appointment for the same; and every such Person and Persons in and are hereby authorized and empowered to levy, collect and receive the said Rates, Duties and Taxes granted and imposed and made payable by the said Acts accordingly, in the same Manner and under and with such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are appointed, directed and expressed in the said Acts, or in any Act or Acts therein respectively enacted or referred to.

II. And Whereas by the said last recited Act of this present Session of Parliament, it is, among other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, on Application made to them for that Purpose by the Owner or Occupier of any House or Tenement in Ireland, which shall be unlet for any longer Term than Three Calendar Months in any one Year, and on Proof made on Oath, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that any such House or Tenement was so unletted, to discharge or relieve the Owner or Occupier of such House or Tenement from the Payment of any Duties or Taxes in respect of the Windows or Horses in such House or Tenement, or in respect of the Rent thereof, for such time as such House or Tenement shall be so unletted, by directing the Collector of the said Duties, or any other Officer, to make any such Abatement, Allowance or Repayment to such Owner or Occupier as the said Commissioners, under all the circumstances of the case, shall think fit and proper: Be it enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Clause shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, from time to time, to make any Repayment of any Part of the Duties or Taxes in respect of the Windows or Horses in any unoccupied House or Tenement, or in respect of the Rent thereof, on such Amount and in such manner and under such Conditions and Regulations as under all Circumstances of the respective cases may appear to them to be just and reasonable.

Proble.

Duties, by and
Parliament, Act.
have before, Act.18 11 C. 2.
(1) 644. 4. 18
18 11 C. 2. 1. 206.
18.

Appon.

Act, 4. 18.

Act, 4. 18.

Duties under
Authority
by Persons ap-
pointed to col-
lect Duties on
Fire Houses.

Act, 4. 18. § 2.

repealed.

Commissioners
may make Re-
payments of
Duties in re-
spect of Win-
dows, &c. of un-
occupied
Houses, &c.

C A P. CXL.

An Act to extend an Act made in this Session of Parliament to repeal former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges.

(6th July 1815.)

404. a. 33.

12.

59.

Duties on Importation of Goods levied in former Duties of Customs.

Goods, &c. subject to Regulation in future, &c.

Provisions, &c. of former Acts extended to Act.

Former Acts relating to Customs not repealed in Act.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to repeal the Privileges of former Acts, granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges*; it is, among other things, provided, that certain Duties shall be raised upon Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into any Part of the United Kingdom from any Place within the Limits of the sale and exclusive Trade hereinafter granted to the said Company, with certain Exceptions: And Whereas Provision is made in the said recited Act for raising or recovering Duties upon Exportation, but no Provision is made in relation to Duties of Customs upon Importation granted by the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Duties of Customs granted by the said recited Act upon, for or in respect of Importations of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, may and shall be respectively managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered and allowed, except where any Alteration is expressly made by the said recited Act or this Act, in such and the like manner, and by such and the same means, ways or methods, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandises in general, and also by such special means, ways or methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares or Merchandises of the same Sorts or Kinds were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered and allowed; and the Goods, Wares or Merchandises whereon Duties of Customs are by the said recited Act charged upon the Importation thereof into the United Kingdom, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Licenses and Forfeitures to which Goods, Wares or Merchandises in general, and also all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Licenses, Rules and Forfeitures respectively to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandises were subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on and immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Revenue of Customs, except where any Alteration is expressly made by the said recited Act or this Act; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures of whatever nature or kind the same may be, as well as Pains of Death or others, for any Offence whosoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, on and immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions and Duties contained in any such Act or Acts shall, unless where expressly altered by the said recited Act or this Act, and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put into Execution, far and in respect of the several Duties of Customs granted by the said recited Act, as-as full and simple manner, to all Imports and Exports whosoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Duties, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Act of Parliament in force in Great Britain, or Ireland respectively, on and immediately before the passing of this Act, by which any Rules, Regulations, Conditions or Restrictions were made, established or directed for the shortening the Value of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or for the remitting or allowing of any Deductions of any Duties on Account of Damage, or for the better securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the regular Importation into Great Britain or Ireland respectively of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises whatever, except where any Alteration is expressly made by the said recited Act or this Act, and all Provisions, Clauses, Powers and Things relating thereto, shall and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to the Subject of this Act, and for carrying the same into Execution, as fully and effectually as if they had been repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

C A P. CXLII.

An Act to reduce the Duties on all Sheep Wool the Growth of the United Kingdom, which shall be sold by Auction for the Growers or first Purchasers.

(6th July 1815.)

404. a. 33.

404. b. 30.

404. c. 31.

404. d. 32.

404. e. 33.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*; And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Auctions in Ireland, in lieu of former Duties therein*; and to provide for the raising and receiving the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein: And Whereas an Act passed in the Sixteenth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licenses*; and to provide for the raising and receiving the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein: And Whereas an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licenses*; and to provide for the raising and receiving the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein: And Whereas an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licenses*; and to provide for the raising and receiving the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein: And Whereas by the said recited Acts of the Forty third, Forty fifth and Fifty fourth Years respectively, certain Duties of Excise were made chargeable in Great Britain and Ireland, respectively, for every Twenty Shillings

• by the Purchase Money arising or payable by virtue of any Sale at Auction in Great Britain and Ireland;
 • respectively: And Whereas by the Provision of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of His present
 • Majesty, and of another Act, passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the un-
 • warranted Produce of Land is exempted from the Payment of the Duties granted by the said recited Act of
 • the Forty third and Forty fifth Years aforesaid, provided the Sale of such Produce is made whilst it continues
 • upon the Lands producing the same, and by the Owner or Owners thereof, their Steward or Agents: And
 • Whereas by the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid all Produce of Land sold by Auction on a
 • Land producing the same, and all Wool sold at any Sale by Auction by the Farming Society of Ireland, or
 • by the Cork Institution, in the manner as the Schedule to the said Act described, is exempt from the Duties
 • granted by the said Act: And Whereas it would greatly facilitate the Sale of Sheep's Wool of the Growth
 • of the United Kingdom, and benefit the Growers and Manufacturers thereof, if the Duties of Excise in
 • respect of all Sales of Sheep's Wool by Auction for the Growers or Part Purchasers thereof, not exempt
 • under the Provision of the said recited Act, were reduced: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it
 • may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
 • Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by
 • the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the several Duties granted by the
 • said Acts respectively upon or for or in respect of any Purchase Money arising upon any Sales by Auction
 • for the Benefit of the Growers or Part Purchasers of any Sheep's Wool, the Growth or Produce of any Part of
 • the United Kingdom, shall be reduced to the Sum of Two pence upon every Twenty Shillings of the Purchase
 • Money arising or payable by virtue of any Sale by Auction in Great Britain for the Growers or Part Purchasers
 • respectively of any Sheep's Wool, the Growth or Produce of any Part of the United Kingdom: Provided
 • always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any sales relating to the mowings of any Arable or
 • the said Duties respectively which may on the passing of this Act remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures
 • relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duty shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied,
 collected, answered, paid and recovered and applied, in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, in such and the
 like manner as the Duties hereby reduced were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected,
 answered, paid and recovered and applied; and all Sales by Auction of any such Wool shall be subject and
 liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as such Sales
 were subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this
 Act, in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

C A P. CXLIIL.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to the building and repairing of County Bridges.

[5th July 1815.]

• WHEREAS in and by an Act made and passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present
 • Majesty, intitled *An Act for remedying certain Defects in the Laws relative to the building and*
 • *repairing of County Bridges, and other Works maintained at the Expence of the Inhabitants of Counties in*
 • *England*, it is enacted, that it should be lawful to and for the Surveyor of Bridges and other Public Works
 • in each and every County respectively within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, appointed or
 • as he appointed by the Justices in any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, and
 • the said Surveyors were thereby authorized and empowered to search for, take and carry away Gravel, Stones,
 • Sand and other Materials, for the Repair of certain Bridges therein mentioned, and Roads at the Ends thereof,
 • being such as the Inhabitants of Counties are bound to repair, and to remove Obstructions and Annoyances,
 • from such Bridges and Roads, in such and the same manner as the Surveyor or Surveyors of any Common
 • Highways within that Kingdom is or are, by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His present
 • Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain, amend and alter the several Acts of Parliament, the Statutes now in being*
 • *for the Amendment and Preservation of the Public Highways within that Part of Great Britain called England;*
 • and for other Purposes, authorized to do; and the several Powers and Authorities thereby vested in the Surveyor
 • or Surveyors of Highways, as well for the getting of Materials as the preserving and repairing of all
 • Highways from such Bridges and Roads, should be, and the same were thereby vested in the Surveyor and
 • Surveyors of County Bridges, and the Roads at the Ends thereof as aforesaid; and the several Powers,
 • Forfeitures, Matters and Things in the said Act contained relating to Highways, should be, and the same
 • were thereby extended and applied as far as the same are applicable, to such Bridges and the Roads at the
 • Ends thereof as aforesaid, as fully and effectually as if the same and every Part thereof were therein repeated
 • and inserted; the Surveyor or Surveyors making Satisfaction and Compensation for all Trespases and Damages
 • done in the Execution of the Powers of that Act, in such and the same manner as the Surveyors of Highways
 • are required to make, in and by the said recited Act: And Whereas an Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year
 • of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Forty third*
 • *Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for remedying Defects in the Laws relative to the building and*
 • *repairing of County Bridges and other Works, maintained at the Expence of the Inhabitants of Counties in*
 • *England, and for extending the said Act to Bridges and other Works maintained at the Expence of Hundreds;*
 • And Whereas it is expedient, that Surveyors of County Bridges and other Persons, being under Control for
 • the rebuilding or repairing such Bridges, or Bridges repaired by the Inhabitants of Hundreds and other General
 • Sessions of Counties in the name of Hundreds, should have a more extended Power for procuring Materials
 • than is at present vested in such Surveyors of County Bridges, by the Operation of the said recited Act,

27 G. 3. c. 38.
 54 G.
 16 G. 3. c. 38.
 144.

22 G. 3. c. 25.
 54 G.
 16 G. 3. c. 38.
 144.

Duties on Purchase Money arising by Auction for the Benefit of Growers or Part Purchasers of Sheep's Wool reduced to 2d on every 20s of Purchase.

Duty levied and applied as heretofore.

41 G. 3. c. 39.

14.

24 G. 3. c. 39.

Surveyor of
County Bridges,
and Persons em-
ployed under
Contract, are
compelled to take
Bonds for Re-
pair of County
Bridges.
Contractors of
Two Justices of
Peace certify.

Quarries located
in Gardens, &c.
and used without
Consent of
Owners.

Sanctification for
Bridges, and
Highways.

In case of Re-
fusal to enter,
Justices in Self-
Help to make
Value of Stones,
and Amount of
Damages, as is
ascertained by
Jury.

Warrant issued
before Jury, as-
sessed on Oath.

Justices of
Peace may re-
fuse Oath or
Refuse to re-
turn Jurors.

Jury.

Fine on Jury
refusing to ap-
pear as to 10 shillings,
and on Parties
summoned, 10
shillings in gross
Fines.

Expenses of
Jury, how de-
termined.

'So far as relates to the procuring of Stones for such Purposes from Quarries?' Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for every Surveyor of such Bridges as aforesaid, and every County writhe that Part of the United Kingdom called England, appointed or to be appointed by the Justices at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County; and also to and for the Bridge Master or all and every Persons or Persons who may at the passing of this Act, or from and after the passing thereof, be under Contract for the rebuilding or repairing of any Public Bridge, built or repaired at the Expence of the Inhabitants of any such County, Hundred or General Division as aforesaid; and such Surveyor and Surveyors, and also such other Persons or Persons, are hereby authorized and empowered, with the Consent and by the Order of Two Justices of the Peace, sitting for the County in which such Bridge is situated to be rebuilt or repaired, first had and obtained for that Purpose, to search for, work, dig, get and carry away any Stone, or from or out of any Quarry or Quarries whatsoever, within the County or Counties to which such Bridge may belong; other than and except such Quarries as may be situated within a Garden, Yard, Avenue to a House, Lawn, Park, Paddock or inclosed Plantation, or as may now or hereafter have Ornamental Timber Trees growing thereon, without the Licence or Consent of the Owner or Owners of such Quarry or Quarries, as such Surveyor or other Person or Persons shall judge necessary for the rebuilding or repairing of such Bridges respectively, provided such Quarry or Quarries shall have been worked within the last Three Years preceding the time when such Bridge shall be about to be rebuilt or repaired; the said Surveyor or other Persons or Persons making such Satisfaction and Reconcompence for the Value of such Stone, and also for the Damage to be done to such Quarry or Quarries by the getting and carrying away the same, as shall be agreed upon between him or them, and the Owner, Occupier or other Person interested in such Quarry or Quarries respectively; and in case they cannot agree, or such Owner or Occupier or other Person interested shall refuse to treat, then and in every such case the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions, or any Two or more of them appointed for that Purpose, Fourteen Days' Notice having been given to the Owner or his Agent of the Intention to regulate a Jury, shall cause the Value of such Stones and Amount of such Damage to be required and ascertained by a Jury of indifferent Men of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Precinct wherein the same shall be situated; and to that end shall summons and call before such Jury and examine upon Oath (which Oath any Two or more of such Justices of the Peace is and are hereby empowered to administer) any Person or Persons whatsoever; and such Justices of the Peace, or any Two of them, shall, by ordering a View or otherwise, all all ways and means for the Information of themselves and of such Jury in the Premises; and when such Jury shall have required of and ascertained the Value of such Stones and Amount of such Damage, the said Justices of the Peace shall thereupon order that the Seen or Taken, which shall be found to be the Value of such Stones and Amount of such Damage shall be paid; which Verdict or Inquisition and Order shall be filed of Record by the Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer having the Custody of the Records of the said County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Precinct, and shall be final and conclusive in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all Parties and Persons whatsoever claiming or to claim in Petition, Remouder, Reversion or otherwise, their Heirs and Successors, as well abject as present, Infants, Lame, Idiots, and Persons under Contract, or any other Disability whatsoever, Corporations, Guilds, Companies, Hofbands, Truities and Attorneys, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever.

II. And, for the summoning and returning such Jurors, be it further enacted, That such Justices of the Peace or any Two of them, may issue their Warrant or Warrants, to the Sheriff or Bailiff of any particular County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Precinct, within the Limits of which the Quarry or Quarries shall be situated, requiring him to imprison, summon and return as indifferent Jury of Twenty four Persons qualified to serve on Juries to appear before the said Justices, or any Two of them, at such time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants shall be appointed; and such Sheriff or Bailiff is and are hereby required to imprison, summon and return such Number of Persons accordingly; and out of the Persons so imprisoned, summoned and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons, the Justices of the Peace, or any Two of them shall, and they are hereby empowered and required to draw by Ballot, and to swear or cause to be sworn, Twelve Men, who shall be the Jury for the Purposes aforesaid; and in Default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen so returned, the said Sheriff or Bailiff shall take such other honest and indifferent Men of the Byshoppes, or that can speedily be procured to attend that Service, to make up the Number of Twelve; and all Persons concerned shall have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen when they come to be sworn; and the said Justices of the Peace, or any Two of them, shall have Power from time to time to impose a Fine or Fines on such Sheriff or Bailiff, or his Deputy or Deputies, making Default in the Premises, and on any of the Persons who shall be summoned and returned on such Jury, and who shall not appear, or, appearing, shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury, or, being sworn, shall refuse to give or shall not give a Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his or their Duty therein, and also on any Person who, being summoned and required to give Evidence before the said Jury, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or, appearing, shall refuse to be sworn or to give Evidence, so that no such Fine be more than Ten Pounds, nor less than Twenty Shillings, on any one Person for one Offence.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury shall give in and deliver a Verdict for more Money as the Value of such Stones and Amount of such Damage, than what shall have been offered for the Purchase thereof by such Surveyor or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, the Costs and Expenses of summoning and maintaining the Jury and Witnesses shall be borne and paid out of the Rates to be collected within such County respectively; but if such Jury shall give in and deliver a Verdict for no more or for less Money than the Money which shall have been so offered by such Surveyor or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, then

the Costs and Expenses of summoning and maintaining the said Jury and Witnesses shall be borne and paid by the Parties or Persons with whom such Controversy or Dispute touching the Value of such Stones and Amount of such Damage shall arise, and shall be taxed by the Warden of one of the said Justices, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Parties or Persons made liable to the Payment thereof.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall or may think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may within the Space of Three Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County wherein the Cause of Complaint shall arise, every such Appellant first giving or causing to be given Fourteen Day's Notice at least in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Cause or Matter thereof, to the Parties or Persons against whom such Complaint shall be made, and within Three Days next after such Notice entered into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace acting for the County wherein the Cause of Complaint shall arise, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide by the Order of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Session aforesaid; and the said Justices at such Session, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of every such Appeal in a summary way, and make such Award to the Party appealing or appealed against, as the said Justices shall think proper; and the Determination of such Justices is aforesaid shall be binding and conclusive to all Events and Purposes.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that the Powers contained in an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for remedying certain Defects in the Laws relating to the Building and repairing of County Bridges, and other Works maintained at the Expence of the Inhabitants of Counties in England*, for authorizing the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to contract for maintaining and keeping in Repair Roads over County Bridges, and to such of the Roads at the ending thereof as by Law is to be repaired at the Expence of Counties, although an Proviso therein shall have been made of the want of Repair, as directed by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more easy raising, collecting and levying of County Rates*, should be extended to the Bridges as well as to the Roads at the End thereof: Be it further enacted, That, from and after the Day of passing this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, at their General Quarter Sessions respectively, to contract and agree, or to authorize any other Person or Persons to contract and agree, with any Person or Persons, for the maintaining and keeping in Repair any County or Hundred Bridge, and the Road over such County or Hundred Bridge, and so much of the Road at the Ends thereof as are by Law liable to be repaired at the Expence of any such County, Hundred, City, Riding, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, or any Part of the same; and the said Justices are hereby empowered to order such Sum or Sums of Money as may be contracted for and agreed to be paid for the repairing, extending and supporting such Bridges, and the Roads over the same, or the Ends thereof, to be paid (in cases where the County is liable to the Repair thereof) by the Treasurer of the County out of the County Rate, or (in cases where the Hundred is liable to the Repair of the same) by the Bridge Master (or other Public Officer charged with the Repair of Bridges) of the Hundred by which such Bridge is liable to be repaired, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, nor less than One, although no Proviso of the Inefficiency, Decay or want of Repair of the same shall have been made, and although no Notice shall have been given by the said Justices, at their respective General or Quarter Sessions, of their Intention to contract for the Repair of such Bridges, or the Roads at the Ends thereof, as respectively directed by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second: Provided nevertheless, that before any such Contract shall be made, the said Justices shall cause Notice to be given in some Public Paper circulated in such County, City, Riding, Hundred, Division, Town Corporate or Liberty, of their Intention so to contract.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to purchase Premises for the erecting additional Docks, Warehouses and Offices in Dublin. [6th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is found expedient that additional Docks, Warehouses, Stores and Offices should be made and erected in Dublin, for the Department of the Customs: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or of the Commissioners for securing the said Office, or any Three of such Commissioners, to contract with the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any House or Houses, or Building or Buildings, or Parcel or Parcels, or Plot or Plots of Ground, contiguous to the said Customs House in Dublin, and to the Docks there, and with the Lessor or Lessors of any such House, Building or Ground, or with any Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole or Aggregate, or with the Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, of any Island, River, wharf, Quay, Pier, Dock or Landing respectively, for the Purchase of any such House or Houses, Building

Appeal.

Notice.

Recognizance.

Justices to determine in a summary way.

43 G. 3. c. 15.

14.

15 G. 2. c. 59.

Justices to contract, &c. for Repair, &c. of County Bridges, &c.

12 G. 2. c. 59. Proviso.

Commissioners of Customs may not sell the Premises for erecting Docks, &c.

Building or Buildings, Parcel or Parcels, or Plot or Plots of Ground, and for the respective Interests of all such Persons who shall be entitled thereto, and which said Trustee or Trustees, Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, shall be and are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to contract and agree with, and to sell and convey unto the said Commissioners, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Estates, Rights and Interests of such Persons respectively as aforesaid, in order and for the Purpose of making and creating such additional Docks, Stairs, Warehouse and Office upon the Site of such House or Houses, or Building or Buildings respectively.

In case Persons
named upon
Jury returned to
assess Value
of Premises.

Penalty.

Priority.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners, and such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Lessee or Lessees, Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole, or Aggregate, or the Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Infant, His Majesty, His Grace, Duke, Marquis, Earl, Viscount, Baron, or any of them, cannot agree, the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, by Warrant or Precept under their Hands and Seals, to be directed to the Sheriffs of the City of Dublin, to command such Sheriffs to summon and return, and such Sheriffs are hereby directed and required, under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds (which Penalty such Commissioners may, by an Order under their Hands and Seals, remitt) to summon and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons, qualified to serve as Jurors, and being inhabitants of the said City, not less than Thirty or more than Sixty Persons, to appear before the said Commissioners, at such time and Place as by such Warrant or Precept aforesaid shall be directed and appointed, of which Time and Place such Persons so summoned as Jurors shall have Forty-eight Hours previous Notice; and every such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Lessee or Lessees, Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole, or Aggregate, Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Infant, His Majesty, His Grace, Duke, Marquis, Earl, Viscount, Baron, or any of them, if to be found, shall have Seven Days previous Notice, and an Advertisement thereof, and of such Warrant having issued, shall be published Three times in some Dublin Newspaper, the First Day of which Publication shall be Twenty Days at least previous to the Day on which such Jury shall be summoned to attend, and such Persons so summoned and returned are hereby required, under the Penalty of Five Pounds each (which such Commissioners, or any Three of them, may in like manner as aforesaid remitt) to appear before such Commissioners at such time and Place as in such Warrant or Precept shall be directed and appointed, and so attend until discharged by such Commissioners, and out of such Persons so returned, a Jury of Twelve indifferent Persons shall be drawn by Ballot by some Person to be appointed by such Commissioners; and such Jury shall upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as aforesaid, to such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence such Commissioners are hereby respectively authorized to administer) ascertain the Value of such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground, and the Value of the several and respective Interests of such Persons as shall have any Right or Title thereto, and the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall and may give Judgment for the Sum or Sums of Money at which such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground shall be so valued, and such Verdict and Judgment thereupon shall be binding and conclusive to all Parties.

On Payment of
Money awarded
to Person entitled
therein, or
where any In-
terestary or
Party to receive,
an Payment of
such Money into
the Court of
Chancery, legal
Conveyances
made of Premises
or Con-
veyances of
Advances and
Powers in
Trust for His
Majesty.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or Tender in Money or in Note of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, payable to Bearer, of such Sum or Sums of Money as to be awarded and adjudged to the Person or Persons entitled thereto if of full Age, or in case any such Person or Persons shall be an Infant or Infants, to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, or in case of any Claims of any Creditors, or of any Dispute or Difference arising with respect to the Person or Persons entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, or in case the Person or Persons entitled thereto be under any Disability or Incapacity, or infirm or possessed of only a particular or determinable Estate or Interest therein, upon Payment thereof into the Court of Chancery in Ireland, for the Use of the Person or Persons entitled thereto (which Sum or Sums the said Court shall and may receive), the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be paid or tendered, or in case such Sum or Sums shall be paid into the Court of Chancery as aforesaid, the Person or Persons to whom the legal Estate or Estates of and in such Premises, shall be then vested, shall within the Space of One Calendar Month to be computed from the time of such Payment or Tender make and execute to the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and to their Successors in Trust, for His Majesty and his Successors, good, legal and valid Conveyances and Assignments of their respective Interests, in and to such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so paid or tendered, and all Bargains, Sales and Conveyances to be made by Person of full Age, or by Guardians of Infants, to such Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, shall have the Force, Effect and Operation in Law to all Intents and Purposes, which any Van or Feme, Recovery or Remission whatsoever, would have if levied or suffered by the Person or Persons so conveying, or by any such Infant or Infants if of full Age; and such Commissioners and their Successors shall, from and immediately after the Execution of such Conveyance or Conveyances, or of any Conveyance or Conveyances pursuant to the Direction of this Act, have and hold such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground absolutely freed and discharged of and from all and every Judgment, Charge or Incumbrance whatsoever, acknowledged, had, made or created by any such Person or Persons so conveying, or by any Person or Persons from or under whom he, she or they derive Title.

When Premises
are vested by
Royal, and no
Person entitled
to convey, Pre-

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground shall be in any manner vested or entitled, and that there shall not be any Person or Persons in being entitled to convey by himself, herself or themselves, or by his, her or their Trustee or Trustees, Guardian or Guardians as aforesaid, the entire and absolute Estate and Interest of and in such Premises, or any of them, then upon Payment of the Sum or Sums, which shall be so awarded and adjudged for
such

each Premises into the Court of Chancery in Ireland, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall be entitled thereto, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons who shall be seized of such Premises, for his, her or their Life or Lives or otherwise, and they are hereby directed and empowered to convey the same, and all Rights, Title, Estate and Interest in or to the same, to such Commissioners and their Successors, freed and absolutely discharged of and from each Settlement or Estate, and all and every Lien, Mortgage, Charge and Condition in each Settlement contained; and the said Court of Chancery shall and may, upon a Petition to be presented for such Purpose, ascertain and direct to what Person or Persons, and to what Proportions such Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded and adjudged for any such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Parcel of Ground, shall neglect or refuse to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances to such Commissioners of such House or Houses, Building or Buildings, Plot or Plots, Parcel or Parcels of Ground, or to give such Commissioners the usual Pollition thereof, such Commissioners may make a Petition to the Court of Chancery in Ireland, praying that such Person or Persons who shall so neglect or refuse may be directed to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, and deliver the Possession of any such Premises; and the said Court shall upon hearing of such Petition, unless some good Cause shall be shown to the contrary, order and direct such Conveyance or Conveyances to be executed, and shall by the Issuance of the said Court cause such Commissioners to be put into the Possession of such Premises; and in case such Person or Persons who shall be so ordered and directed to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances shall neglect for the Space of One Calendar Month after such Order shall be pronounced, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery, to order and direct One of the Masters of the said Court, to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances of such Premises, to such Commissioners and their Successors, and every such Conveyance by such Master shall have the like Force and Effect in Law and Equity, as if the same had been executed by such Person or Persons so ordered and directed to execute the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to summon in Writing each Person or Persons as may be found necessary to give Evidence before any Jury to be impanelled for the Purpose of this Act, as well on behalf of the said Commissioners as of any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, Lessee or Lessees, Body or Bodies Corporate, Sole or Aggregate, Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Estate, House or Houses, Farm or Farms, Island, Locality or any of them, and in case such Person or Persons who shall be so summoned as aforesaid shall (having been tendered his or her reasonable Expenses) refuse or neglect to attend at the Place in such Summons to be specified within Twenty four Hours if resident in the City of Dublin, and if resident at a Distance from the said City, within a reasonable time after Service thereof, or shall refuse to give Evidence, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Three or more of them, upon Proof of the Service of such Summons by the Oath of some credible Person (which Oath they are hereby empowered to administer), to impose such Fine or Fines on such Person or Persons in refusing or neglecting to attend as aforesaid, or refusing to give Evidence, as to them the said Commissioners may seem proper, any such Fine not to exceed Fifty Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland for the time being, to pay all such Sums of Money as shall be necessary for the Purpose of this Act, out of any Money in their Hands, arising from the Duties of Customs payable in Ireland.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Penalty and Penalties imposed, or to be imposed by virtue of this Act, shall and may be sued for and recovered by Civil Bill to be brought for the same in the Name of the Secretary of the Customs for the time being, at any Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of the City of Dublin, and such Penalties when recovered shall be applied to the same Purposes as the Revenue arising from the Duties to the Importation of Goods under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs of Ireland.

C A P. CXLV.

An Act to increase the Allowance to the Post Office in Ireland, in respect of Packet Boats to Great Britain.

[5th July 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for abolishing certain Regulations concerning the Postage and Conveyance of Letters and Packets by the Post between Great Britain and Ireland*, it was, among other things, enacted, that until the General Post Office of Ireland shall have established Packet Boats for the Port and Conveyance of Letters and Packets from Ireland to Great Britain, there should be allowed in account from the General Letter Office or Post Office in Great Britain to the Revenue of the Post Office in Ireland, a Sum not exceeding Four thousand Pounds per Annum, by Quarterly Payments, so long as well as the Profits of the said Packet Boats in Compensation for other Purposes: And Whereas such Packet Boats have not yet been established by the General Post Office in Ireland, and it is expedient that the said Allowance should be increased: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the General Post Office of Ireland shall have established Packet Boats for the Port and Conveyance of Letters and Packets from Ireland to Great Britain, there shall be allowed in account from the General Letter Office

on the Possession
expressed in
Court of Chan-
cery to apply
Particular
Money.

Court of Chan-
cery to make
Conveyances to
be made, unless
good cause
shall be shewn
to the contrary

Witnesses rela-
ted, in the
Petition before
Jury.

Five
Money paid out
of Duties of
Customs.
Penalties here
levied and
applied.

24 G. 3. Stat. 4.
c. 6.

Until Packet
Boats established
from Ireland to
G. B. Post
Office

Office in G. B.
or other Irish
Post Office
per cent. per Ann.

Office or Post Office in Great Britain, to the Revenue of the Post Office in Ireland, a Sum not exceeding Nine thousand Pounds per Annum in the whole, by Quarterly Payments, in lieu as well of the Profits of the said Post Office as in Compensation for other Purposes.

C. A. P. CXI. VI.

An Act to authorize His Majesty to regulate, until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the Trade with any French Colony which may come into His Majesty's Possession or remain Neutral. [8th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, under the present Circumstances, that the Trade and Commerce to and from any French Colony or Plantation that may be captured by or surrendered to His Majesty's Arms, or that may be put under the Protection of His Majesty, or that may not take Part with His Majesty's Enemies in the present Hostilities, should be regulated for a certain time in such manner as shall seem proper to His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, notwithstanding the special Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament that may be construed to affect the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders to be issued from time to time, to give such Directions and make such Regulations touching the Trade and Commerce between any such Colony or Plantation and any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary; any thing contained in any Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Trade and Commerce with French Colonies regulated by Order in Council.
12. Ch. 2. c. 18.

Goods imported or exported from any Colonies captured with Vessels carrying them.
Forfeiture here and fee.

It shall be further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatever shall be imported into or exported from any such Colony or Plantation, or shall be exported from any Part of His Majesty's Dominions to any such Colony or Plantation, or if any Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be so imported or exported in any manner whatever, contrary to any such Order or Orders of His Majesty in Council, the same shall be forfeited, together with the Ship or Vessel in which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall respectively be imported or exported, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Furniture, Tackle and Apparel; and every such Forfeiture shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered by such and the like ways, means and methods, as any Forfeiture incurred by any Law respecting the Revenue of Customs may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered, in Places where respectively the Offences shall be committed, and the produce thereof shall be disposed of, paid and applied, in like manner in the said Places respectively; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Continuance of Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

C. A. P. CXI. VII.

An Act for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange the Parsonage or Glebe Houses or Glebe Lands, belonging to their Benefices, for others of greater Value, or more conveniently situated for their Residence and Occupation; and for amending such Houses and Lands, so taken in Exchange, to such Benefices as Parsonage or Glebe Houses and Glebe Lands, and for purchasing and amending Lands to become Glebe in certain Cases; and for other Purposes. [8th July 1815.]

WHEREAS in divers Ecclesiastical Benefices, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels, the Glebe Lands, or some Part or Parts thereof, be at a Distance from and are inconveniently to be occupied with the Parsonage or Glebe Houses, and the Parsonage or Glebe Houses of divers Benefices, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels, are small and inconvenient; and it would often tend much to the Comfort and Accommodation and thereby also to promote the Residence of the Incumbents of such Benefices, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels, if the Glebe Lands and Parsonage or Glebe Houses thereof could be by Law exchanged for other Lands of greater Value, or more conveniently situated, and for other and more convenient Houses: And Whereas there are also divers Lands and Tenements which have been accustomed to be granted or leased by the Incumbent for the time being of certain Ecclesiastical Benefices, Perpetual Curacies or Parochial Chapels, for One, Two or Three Lives, or for a Term or Terms of Years absolutely or determinable on a Life or Lives, as being holden by Copy of Court Roll or otherwise, under some Manor or Lordship belonging to such Benefices, Perpetual Curacies or Parochial Chapels, and it would therefore be advantageous to the said Benefices if the same Lands and Tenements, or some of them, or some Part thereof, were annexed as Glebe to the Living or Benefice to which they belong: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent for the time being, of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, by Deed indented, and to be registered in manner hereafter mentioned, and with the Consent of the Patron of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, and of the Bishop of the Diocese wherein the same is locally situate (to be signified as hereinafter mentioned),

Power to exchange Parsonage Houses and Glebe Lands for other Houses and Lands.

to grant and convey to any Person or Persons, and to his, her or their Heirs and Assigns, or otherwise, as he or they shall direct or appoint, or to any Corporation, Sole or Aggregate, and his or their Successors, the Parsonage or Glebe House, and the Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Appurtenances thereof, and the Glebe Lands, and any Pastures, Feedings or Rights of Common or Way appertaining, appurtenant or in gross, or any or either of such House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Glebe Lands, Pastures, Feedings, or Rights of Common or Way, or any Part or Parts thereof, belonging to any such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, in fee of and in exchange for any House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Appurtenances, and any Lands, or any or either of them, whether lying within the local Limits of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry or not, but so as that the same be situate conveniently for actual Residence or Occupation by the Incumbent thereof, the same also being of greater Value or more conveniently situated than the Premises to be given in Exchange, and being of Freehold Tenure, or being Copyhold of Inheritance, or for Life or Lives, holden of any Manor belonging to the same Benefice, and also for the Parson, Vicar or Incumbent for the time being of the same Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, by the same or a like Deed, and with the like Consent, and testified as aforesaid, to accept and take in Exchange to him and his Successors for ever, from any Person or Persons, or Corporation Sole or Aggregate, any other House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens, Elements and Appurtenances, and any other Lands, or any or either of such House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens, Lands, Elements and Appurtenances, the same respectively being of Freehold Tenure, or being Copyhold of Inheritance, or for Life or Lives, holden of any Manor belonging to the same Benefice, and being of greater Value or more conveniently situated, in fee of and in Exchange for such Parsonage or Glebe House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens, Glebe Lands and Appurtenances, and such Pastures, Feedings and Rights of Common or Way, or any or either of them, so to be granted and conveyed, and which said House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens, Lands and Appurtenances so to be accepted and taken in Exchange, by any Person, Vicar or other Incumbent, shall for ever, from and after fifth Green and Conveyance thereof, be the Parsonage and Glebe House and Glebe Lands and Premises of the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall become annexed to the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and be helden and enjoyed by such Incumbent and his Successors accordingly, without any Licence or Writ of *Ad quod damnum*; and that the Whole, or any Part or Parts of the said House, Outbuildings, Lands and Premises to be annexed, which before such Annexation were of Copyhold Tenure, shall for ever, from and after such Annexation, become and be of Freehold Tenure, the Statute of Mortmain, or any other Statute or Law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to withhold the granting or conveying in Exchange by any Person, Vicar or other Incumbent, either at one and the same time, and by one and the same Incumbent, or at different times, and by several Incumbents, and in several Portions, any greater Quantity in the whole than Thirty Acres of the Glebe Lands of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry: Provided also, that in all cases where such Exchange shall be made by any Owner or Owners having any less Estate or Interest than in Fee Simple or in Fee the Messuage, Buildings, Lands and Premises to be by him, her or them granted or conveyed in Exchange, or being any Corporation Aggregate or Sole, or Person or Persons under any legal Disability, the Parsonage House, Outbuildings and Glebe Lands respectively to be so taken in Exchange so aforesaid, shall at the time of making such Exchange be of equal Value with, or not of less Value than the said Messuage, Buildings, Lands and Premises respectively so to be granted and conveyed in Exchange to such Person, Vicar or other Incumbent.

II. Provided always, That in all cases where the Lands or any Part or Parts thereof to be conveyed in Exchange to any Person, Vicar or Incumbent, and to be annexed to Glebe to any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, under the Authority of this Act, shall either separately or jointly with other Lands or Tenements be, at the time of such Conveyance by any means whatsoever, exempt or discharged from the Redemption of Tithes in Kind, or subject to or covered by any Modus, Compensations Real or Prescription in lieu of Tithes in Kind, then the Lands or Premises to be conveyed in Exchange by such Person, Vicar or Incumbent, and which before such Exchange were Glebe or belonging to the same Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall (unless it be agreed between the Parties to such Exchange that the same shall become and be subject to the Redemption or Payment of Tithes in Kind) from and immediately after such Conveyance in Exchange (to such such still mentioned Lands no tenure as the same Parson, Vicarage or Parochial Chapelry, with the said Lands or Premises before Glebe thereof, or belonging thereto, but not otherwise) become and be either exempt or discharged from Tithes in Kind, in like manner with as (as the case may be) subject to or covered by the same Modus, Compensations Real or Prescription in lieu of Tithes in Kind, as the Lands to be conveyed in Exchange to the said Person, Vicar or Incumbent, were exempt or discharged from, or subject to or covered by, before such Exchange was made.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Incumbent of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, whom or in respect whereof any such Exchange so is authorized by this Act, shall have taken place, or his Successors, shall at any time thereafter be entitled or be deemed to be entitled to any Pastures and Easements of the House, Outbuildings, Lands and Premises, or any of them, which shall have been granted and conveyed in Exchange to such Incumbent, according to the Provision of this Act, by or by reason or in consequence of any Person or Persons, or Corporation Sole or Aggregate, claiming Right thereof, through any Title prior to that of or through any Defect of Title of the Person or Persons, or Corporation Sole or Aggregate, granting or conveying the same in Exchange; but notwithstanding that it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons, or Corporation, claiming such Right, and he, she or they is and are hereby authorized and empowered to have, use, exercise and enjoy all such and the same Powers and

Writ of Ad
quod damnum.

Parson

Parson.

Premises given
in Exchange
subject to Tithes
Tithes, &c. as
they taken in
Exchange (except
in certain
cases)

After Exchange
Incumbent not
entitled

Remedies in trying his, her or their Right to and in obtaining and recovering Possession of any House, Outbuildings, Land and Premises, or any of these, which shall have been granted in Exchange by any such Taxation, as the Parson or Parsons, or Corporation Sole or Aggregate, so claiming would, to wit that the Act had not been made, have been enabled to use, exercise and enjoy in trying the Right to and in recovering and obtaining Possession of the House, Outbuildings, Land and Premises, or any of these, in Exchange for which the same shall have been so granted and conveyed by any such Incumbent, under the Authority of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful as and for the Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, or of to which Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, any Minor or Lordship is Parcel or appurtenant, and as Parcel of or belonging to which Manor or Lordship any Lands or Tenements are or have been already granted or devised, or grantable or devisable by Copy of Court Roll, or otherwise, for any Life or Lives, or for any Term or Number of Years absolutely or determinable on any Life or Lives, by Deed indented (and to be registered as hereinafter mentioned) with the Consent of the Patron and Bishop (to be attested as hereinafter mentioned) to annex to the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, as and for Glabe Land, or Parsonage or Glabe House or Houses and Buildings thereof, all or any Part or Parts of such Lands or Tenements, whether lying within the Local Limits of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, or not, and that from and after such Annexation the said Lands and Tenements so annexed shall cease to be thereafter grantable or devisable by any Incumbent of the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel (otherwise than as Glabe Lands are or shall be by Law grantable or devisable) but shall from thenceforth be and become, and be deemed and taken to be the Glabe Lands and Parsonage or Glabe House or Houses of and annexed to such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, for ever, to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, without any License or Writ of *Ad quod damnum*; the Statute of Mortmain, or any other Statute or Law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no such Annexation shall in any wise usual, determine or affect any Grant or Demise then previously made and actually existing of the said Lands and Tenements to be annexed as last aforesaid.

V. And Whereas it is expedient to enlarge and amend the Laws now in being for providing Parsonage Houses with suitable Outbuildings and other Accommodations for the Residence of the Clergy, by way of Beneficence: Be it further enacted, That where there shall be no existing Parsonage or Glabe House on any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, or where the existing Parsonage or Glabe House, or the Outbuildings thereof, or any such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, shall be inconvenient or too small or inconveniently situated, it shall be lawful from and after the passing of this Act for any Parson or Parsons, being Owners in Fee Simple, or for any Corporation Sole or Aggregate, with or without Confirmation, as the case may require, and by and with such Consent, and to be signed as hereinafter mentioned of the Incumbent, Patron and Bishop, to give, grant and convey, by Deed indented, and to be registered as hereinafter is mentioned to any Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent of such Benefice, Curacy or Chapel, for the use being, who shall also have Power to accept the same, any Messuages, Outbuildings, Yard, Garden, Orchard and Croft, or any of them, with their Appurtenances, or any Right of Way, or other Easement, whether lying within the Local Limits of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel or not, but so as that the same be so conveniently situated for actual Residence or Occupation by the Incumbent thereof; and which Messuages, Outbuildings, Yard, Garden, Orchard and Croft, with their Appurtenances or Right of Way, or other Easement, shall for ever from and after such Grant and Conveyance thereof be and become annexed to and be deemed and taken to be the Parsonage or Glabe House, Outbuildings, Yard, Garden, Orchard, Croft, Appurtenances and Right of Way, or other Easement of the said Benefice, Curacy or Chapel, to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, and be holden and enjoyed by the said Incumbent and his Successors accordingly, without any License or Writ of *Ad quod damnum*; the Statute of Mortmain, or any other Statute or Law to the contrary notwithstanding; and from and after such Grant and Annexation it shall be lawful for the Incumbent for the use being of the said Benefice, Curacy or Chapel, to which such Grant and Annexation shall have been made, (with the Consent in Writing of such Patron and Bishop under their Hands and Seals to be duly registered as hereinafter is mentioned), to take down and remove any Parsonage or Glabe House, and Outbuildings, or any Part thereof, which before such Annexation belonged to the said Benefice, Curacy or Chapel (if the same or Part thereof cannot be better applied to the permanent Advantage of such Benefice, Curacy or Chapel), and with the like Consent as aforesaid, to apply the Materials, or the Profits thereof, if sold, towards some lasting Improvement of the said Benefice, Curacy or Chapel: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to enable any Parson, being Infants or Lunatics, or From Covert without their Heirs, to make any such Gift, Grant or Conveyance; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

VI. And Whereas an Act was passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to promote the Residence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Provision for the more speedy and official building, rebuilding, repairing or purchasing Rectories, and other auxiliary Buildings and Tenements for the Use of their Benefices*: And Whereas one other Act was passed in the Twenty-first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to regulate and amend an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to promote the Residence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Provision for the more speedy and official building, rebuilding, repairing or purchasing Rectories, and other auxiliary Buildings and Tenements for the Use of their Benefices*: And Whereas there are many Ecclesiastical Benefices, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels to which no Glabe Land, or only a small Portion of Glabe Land is belonging; and it is therefore expedient to enable the making Provision by Purchase, for the Annexation of Glabe Land to such Benefices, Perpetual Curacies and Parochial Chapels: Be it therefore

further created, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent for the time being, of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, the said Incumbent whereof shall not exceed Five Hundred Acres, with the Consent of the Patron and Bishop, to be signified as hereinafter mentioned, to purchase any Lands not exceeding in the whole Twenty Square Acres, with the necessary Outbuildings thereto, whether being within the Local Limits of the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, or not, but so as that the same be situate conveniently for building a Parsonage or a Glebe House, and Outbuildings, and for Gardens and Glebe thereof, or for any of the said Purposes, and for actual Residence and Occupation by the Incumbent thereof, such Land or Lands of Freehold Tenure, or being Copyhold of Inheritance, or for Life or Lives, holden of any Minor or Lordship belonging to the same Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry; and which Lands to be purchased shall for ever, from and after the Grant and Conveyance thereof, be and become annexed to and Glebe of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and be holden and enjoyed by such Incumbent, and his Successors accordingly, without any Licence or Writ of *Ad quod damnum*; and the Whole or any Part or Parts of the said Lands, which before such Annexation were or was of Copyhold Tenure, shall for ever, from and after such Annexation, become and be of Freehold Tenure; the Statute of Mortmain or any other Statute or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And, for the better effectuating such Purposes as aforesaid, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent for the time being, with the Consent of the Patron and Bishop (to be signified as hereinafter is mentioned), to borrow and take up at Interest (over and besides the Sum authorized to be borrowed under the Authority) and for the Purposes of the said recited Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty) such Sum or Sum of Money as shall be certified by a Valuation upon Oath of some faithful and experienced Surveyor to be the true and just Value of the said Lands at the time of the Purchase thereof, not exceeding Two Years clear Income and Produce of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, after deducting all Taxes and other Outgoings wherever, except the Salary to the Assistant Curate (if any); and as a Security for Repayment of the Money so to be borrowed, to mortgage the Titles, Rents and other Profits and Emoluments of or belonging to such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, to any Person or Persons who shall advance such Money by One or more Bond or Bonds (to be registered as hereinafter mentioned) for the Term of Twenty five Years, or until the Principal Money so to be borrowed, with Interest for the same, and all Costs and Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be fully paid off and satisfied; which Mortgage Bond or Bonds shall bind, as well such Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, as among such Mortgage or Mortgages, as also his Successors, and a Co-mortgagor thereof shall be executed by the Mortgage or Mortgages, and be kept by the Incumbent; and the Parson, Vicar or Incumbent for the time being of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall and he is hereby required to pay or cause to be paid to the Mortgage or Mortgages yearly and every Year, as the same shall become due, or within One Month afterwards, as well the Interest of the Principal Money secured by such Mortgage or Mortgages, as also the further Sum of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum of the Principal Money originally advanced on such Mortgage or Mortgages; and that every Incumbent who shall not reside Twenty Weeks in every Year upon such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, computing each Year from the Date of the First or only Mortgage Bond, shall and he is hereby required, within of the said Sum of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to pay within the Period specified the Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum of the Principal Money originally advanced on such Mortgage or Mortgages, and the whole of such Principal Money, with the Interest, Costs and Charges shall be fully paid off and discharged; and that every such Incumbent who shall pay only Five Pounds per Centum per Annum of such Principal Money shall, at the time of Payment thereof, produce and deliver to the Mortgagee a Certificate under the Hands of Two Rectors, Vicars or other Officiaries Ministers of some Parishes near adjoining, signifying that he had resided Twenty Weeks upon the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, within the Year for which such Payment became due; and in Default of Payment of the Principal, Interest, Costs and Charges in manner aforesaid, the Bishop shall have Power to stoppage the Profits of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, until such Payment shall be made; and if at any time or times the said Principal and Interest, or any Part thereof, shall be in Arrear and unpaid for the Space of Forty Days next after the yearly Day of Payment whereof the same shall have become due, it shall be lawful for the Mortgagee or Mortgages, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to recover the same, or such Part thereof as shall be so unpaid, and the Costs and Charges attending such Recovery, by Distress and Sale, in such manner as Landlords are or shall be by Law authorized to recover Rents in Arrear; and is order that the Payment of the same Principal and Interest may, in case of Avoidance by Death or otherwise, be justly and equitably ascertained and ascertained between the Parson, Vicar or Incumbent residing upon such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, or his Representatives, and his Successor, in such Proportions as the Profits of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall have been received by them respectively for the Year in which such Death or Avoidance shall happen, such Payment shall in case any Difference shall arise in settling the Proportions thereof, be ascertained and determined by Two indifferent Persons, the one to be named by the Person making such Avoidance, or his Representatives in case of his Death, and the other by the said Successor; and in case such Persons shall not be appointed within the Space of Two Calendar Months next after such Death or Avoidance, or in case they shall not agree in settling such Proportions within the Space of One Calendar Month after they shall have been appointed, the same shall be determined by some arbitrating Clergyman to be nominated by the Bishop, whose Determinance shall be final and conclusive between the Parties.

VIII. And

Power to purchase Land.

to be executed to Benefices as Glebe Land thereof.
Copyhold Land to be purchased holden of Freehold.

and by Mortgage of Tenure, or to take from for such Purposes.
17 G. 3. c. 25.

not exceeding Two Years clear Income.

Deputies of Queen Anne's County argued to limit fines.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, for satisfying the Purposes of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Governors of the County of Queens, June for the next Assizes of the said County, and yearly, to advertise and vend, to the highest bidder, for the said County, all the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, of the Poor's Clergy, from and out of the Monies which have arisen, or shall hereafter arise, from the said County, to advance and lend, to the use of such Poor, in the County of Queens, Fifty Pounds, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds, without interest, but the Repayment of the Principal whereof such Mortgage as is herebefore mentioned shall be exacted, and also to advance or lend, for or in respect of such Poor, Perpetual Causy or Parochial Charity, the clear annual improved Value whereof shall exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, any Sum not exceeding Two Years yearly Income of such Charity upon such Mortgage as aforesaid, and to receive Interest for the same at any Rate not exceeding Five Pence per Pound per Annum.

Collaborate with
local work on
wildlife transit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Hall and neither Halls for any College or Hall within the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or for any other Corporate Bodies, being Owners of the Patronage of Ecclesiastical Livings or Benefices, to advance and lend any Sum or Sums of Money of which they have the Power to dispose, for the Conveyance of the Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent for the time being of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry within the Patronage of such College or Hall, upon Mortgage as hereinbefore directed, either upon Interest or without any Interest.

Content of
Purser and
Bishop as all
Deeds of Pa-
changa, Mon-
page as Pur-
changa

W. Pringle, deceased, be and lawfully enacted, That when any Petition, View or other Instrument as aforesaid, shall be proposed as affecting any Exchange, Purchase or Mortgage under the Provisions of this Act, the Consent of the Patron and Bishop, or every one of them, as Exchanges, Conveyance or Mortgage shall, before the same shall be signed and sealed by the Patron, View or other Instrument, be signified by the said Patron and Bishop respectively, being made Parties to, and signed and sealed by the said Lord in the Presence of Two or more credible Persons, and shall by Indorsement, in those strict facts signing and sealing, and in which Attestation it shall be expressed that the same Deed was so signed and sealed by each Patron and Bishop before the Execution thereof by each Patron, View or other Instrument.

Persons associated
by Academics
and Schools
Name Faculty

XXII. Whereas it is well known that Decretes certain exceptiōs, privileges called *Perforas* belonging to the Archbishopps and Bishops and other Decretes, and also the consent of all the Powers and Authorities given to this Act by the Bishops of the Diocese that are so such *Perforas* be given to the Archbishop or Bishop to whom the same respectively belong, so it is therefore further enacted, That all and every the Powers and Authorities given by the Act to the Bishop of any Diocese shall, with respect to the several *Perforas* locally situated within such Diocese, be voided and be exercised by the Archbishop or Bishop to whom such *Perforas* shall respectively belong, and not by the Bishop within whose Diocese such *Perforas* shall be locally situated, but that within all and every Prefecture and Possession belonging to any other *Perfora* or Corporation than Archbishops or Bishops, such Powers and Authorities shall be voided and be exercised by the Bishop of the Diocese within which such *Perforas* shall be locally situated.

Power to Con-
troll the currency
on Exchange of
Gold

XII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Owner or Owners of any Dwelling, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, whether such Owner or Owners shall be a Corporation Sole or Aggregate, or Trust or Trustees in Fee Simple, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Life or Lives, and for the Guardians, Trustees or Executors for Charitable or other Uses, Heirs and Consueitors of or acting for any such Owner or Owners as aforesaid, who at the time of making any Exchange or Purchase authorized by this Act shall be respectively Infants, Females Covert or Lunatics, or under any other legal Disability, or otherwise disabled to act for themselves, himself or herself, by Deed or Deeds intended, and to be registered as hereinafter is mentioned, and with such Consent, and to be specified as hereinafter is mentioned, of such Incumbent, and of the Patron and Bishop, to grant and convey to any Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent for the time being of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, any Messuage, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Lands, with or without the Appurtenances, or any Messuages or Outbuildings only, or any Lands (with or without necessary Outbuildings) only of such Owner or Owners, to be had and in Exchange for any Parsonage House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Glebe Lands, and Pastures, Feedings and Rights of Common, or any of them, or any Part thereof, or of belonging to any such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapel, or (in cases of Purchase), to sell and convey to such Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent any Lands not exceeding in the whole Twenty Square Acres, with the necessary Outbuildings thereon, for such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be certified to be the true and full Value of the Land at the time of such Sale thereof, by a Valuation to be made as hereinafter is described; and which said Parsonage House, Outbuildings and Glebe Lands so to be granted and conveyed in Exchange by any Parson, Vicar or other Incumbent (with such Consent, and with such Money as shall be so certified) shall and lawfully shall be deemed to be conveyed to the

Formosa oil-
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to lower 100s.

Apparatus of
Pacheco Ma-
nion of Pre-
sencia, 1881.

and as to such Moneys as aforesaid, shall for the said three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years, or for any less time, be and become veiled as and settled upon the same Person or Persons, and to, for, and under the Name Of, Editors, Treasurers and Liquidators, and subject to the same Powers, Conditions, Charges and Incumbrances as the said Mortgage, Conveyances, Lands and Premises to be granted and conveyed in Exchange were veiled in, settled upon and subject to before such Exchange thereof, or would have been veiled in, settled upon and subject to in case such Exchange had not been made; and which said Sum or Sums of Money to be received for the Purchase of any Lands or Hereditaments shall in all cases where the Lands or Hereditaments do to be purchased belong to any Corporation Sole or Aggregate, Bishop, Dean, Canon, Layman, or Person or Persons under any other Disability or Incapacity, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Consent of the Assistant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account or among the Person or Persons or Corporation, who would have been entitled to the Rents, Issues and Profits of such Lands or Hereditaments, so the Interest that such Money shall be applied or laid out under the Direction, and with the Approbation of the said Court to be directed by an Order

made upon a Petition to be performed by or on behalf of the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents, Issues and Profits of such Lands or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or towards the Payment of any Debts or Incumbrances affecting the same Lands or Hereditaments, or other Lands or Hereditaments standing mortgaged to the same or the like Uses, or in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments to be conveyed, settled and made subject to and for upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Limitations and Dispositions, and in the same manner as the Lands or Hereditaments so purchased or mortgaged shall be conveyed, settled and made subject to and for upon such Purchase and Conveyance shall be binding, undisturbed and capable of being sold; and in the mean time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery upon Application thereon, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in some one of the Public Funds of this Kingdom, and the Dividends and Annual Profits thereof shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents, Issues and Profits of the said Lands or Hereditaments, in case no Purchase and Conveyance thereof had been made under the Provisions of this Act.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enable any Corporation Aggregate or Sole, or Town or Free Town General or Special, or far Life or Lives, or the Guardians, Trustees or Executors for Charitable or other Uses, Hospitals or Communities, or for selling for any such Owner or Owners as aforesaid, who at the time of making any Sale authorized by this Act, shall be respectively Infants, Fools, Mad, or Lunatics, or under any other legal Disability, or otherwise disabled to sell for themselves, himself or herself, to sell or convey (except by way of Exchange, as in manner by this Act directed) any Lands or Grounds whatsoever, for any of the Purposes of this Act, exceeding the Quantity of Five Statute Acres.

XIV. Provided also, That in all cases where any Exchange or Purchase shall be made under the Authority of this Act, Six Calendar Months previous Notice, describing the Particulars, Extent and Situation of the Premises respectively to be given and taken in Exchange or purchased, shall be given of the Intention to make such Exchange or Purchase, by the Infantes of the same Notice for Three consecutive Weeks in three several and the same Newspaper or and in general Circulation in each County wherein the Premises to be given and taken in Exchange or purchased, or any Part thereof, are situate; and also by affixing such Notice in Writing on a conspicuous Part of the Door of the Church or Chapel of each Parish or Chapel wherein such Premises or any Part thereof are situate, on Three Sundays successively whereas Divine Service shall be performed, and shortly before the Commencement of such Service on each Sunday in such Church or Chapel.

XV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Exchange or Purchase is intended to be made under the Authority of this Act, a Map or Maps under an actual Survey, on Oath (which Oath any Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to administer) by some competent Surveyor to be approved of by the Petition, Bishop and Incumbent, shall in cases of Exchange be made and taken of the whole of the said Gible Lands, or of such Part or Parts thereof as will sufficiently enable the Bishop to judge of the Convenience and Expediency of the proposed Exchange, and also of the Gible or Parsonage House, Buildings and Premises, any Part of which it is proposed to exchange, as well as of the other Lands, Houses, Buildings and Premises, proposed to be taken in Exchange; and shall in cases of Purchase be made and taken of the whole of the Lands or Hereditaments to be purchased; and in cases of Exchange the same Surveyor shall in like manner make a Valuation on Oath (to be administered as aforesaid) of the said Gible Lands and Gible or Parsonage House, Buildings and Premises, and also of the Lands, Houses, Buildings and Premises intended to be taken in Exchange, and in cases of Purchase the same Surveyor shall in like manner make a Valuation on Oath of the Lands or Hereditaments to be purchased; and every such Valuation shall include and distinctly specify the Value of all Timber and other Trees growing thereon, and of the Rights of Common, and of all Mines, Minerals and Quarries (if any), and of all other Rights, Profits and Advantages whatsoever (if any) to the said Premises or either of them, or any Part or Parcel of the same, respectively belonging.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases, as well of Exchange as of Purchase under this Act, the Bishop, on receiving such Map or Maps and Valuations shall, if he shall in the first Instance be far approved of the said Exchange or Purchase, issue a Commission of Enquiry under his Hand and Seal, directed to such Person as he shall think proper, not being fewer than Six in Number, and of whom Three at the least shall be Beneficed Clergymen actually resident in the Neighbourhood of the Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parsonage Chapel, wherein it shall be proposed to annex any Buildings or Lands by Exchange or Purchase under the Authority of this Act, and of whom One shall be a Barrister at Law of Three Years Standing at the least, to be named by the Senior Judge in the last preceding Commission of Nisi Prius for the County in which the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parsonage Chapel, shall be situate, and the Return to which Commission of Enquiry shall be made and signed by a Majority of the Persons therein named, after an actual Inspection by them of all the Premises, with such Map and Valuations before them, and not otherwise, and Three at least of the Persons making and signing the same shall be either Three such Beneficed Clergymen actually resident as aforesaid, or Two at least of such Beneficed Clergymen actually resident as aforesaid, together with such Barrister as aforesaid; and in no case whenever such any Exchange or Purchase be effected under the Authority of this Act, unless such Commission shall have been previously issued and returned, and unless the Return to such Commission, to be made and signed as aforesaid, shall certify that, after an actual Inspection and Examination of the Premises, such Exchange or Purchase, as the judgment of the Persons making the said Return, is fit and proper to be made, and will promote the permanent Advantage or Convenience of the Incumbent of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parsonage Chapel, and his Successors in the same.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Petition of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parsonage Chapel, to which the Provisions of this Act extend, shall happen to be a Minor, Infant, Lunatic or Feme, then in case of

Persons Impeached not to convey (except in Exchange) more than Five Acres.

Where Exchange or Purchase made shall be previously given.

Map and Valuation on Oath by Survey made of any such premises, and taken in Exchange or purchased.

Bishop to issue a Commission of Enquiry.

Order in case of Curacy.

Money, To-
money or Mar-
riage.

Centre, where
Living, being
in the County
or in County of
London.

Deeds and In-
struments de-
posited in Arch-
bishop's Re-
gistry.

Post of Regis-
try.

De what date
Power in S. 11.
S. 12 & 13.
S. 14 & 15.
S. 16 & 17.

All and to re-
peal any former
Law.

Consent, it shall and may be lawful for the Guardian, Committee or Husband of every such Patron to transact the several Matters, and execute the requisite Deeds as aforesaid, for such Patron, who shall be bound thereby in such manner as if he or she had been of full Age or sound Mind, or Feme Sole, and had done such Acts and executed such Deeds.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Patronage of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, to which the Provisions of this Act extend, shall be in The Crown, and such Living or Benefice shall be above the Yearly Value of Twenty Pounds in The King's Books, the Consent of The Crown to the several Patronages hereby mentioned respecting such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall be signified by the Execution of the Deeds or Instruments herebefore directed, by the Lord High Treasurer or First Lord Commissioner of the Treasury for the time being; but if such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall not exceed the Yearly Value of Twenty Pounds in The King's Books, such Consent shall be signified by such Execution by the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal for the time being; and if such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall be within the Patronage of The Crown, in Right of the Duchy of Lancaster, then such Consent shall be signified by the Execution of such Deeds or Instruments by the Chancellor of the said Duchy for the time being.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That our Part of all Deeds and Instruments to be made and executed in pursuance of or for carrying into Execution this Act, together with the Maps and Valuations, and the Commissions of Enquiry and the Returns to the same, hereinafter directed, shall, within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Date or Dates thereof, be deposited in the Office of the Registrar of the Diocese wherein such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall be locally situate, to be perpetually kept and preserved therein, except as to those Benefices which are under the peculiar Jurisdiction of any Archbishop or Bishop, in which case the several Documents before mentioned shall be deposited in the Office of the Registrar of that peculiar Jurisdiction, to which any such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry shall be subject, and such Registrars shall respectively deposit and preserve the same, and shall give and sign a Certificate of such Deposit thereof to be written on a Duplicate, or on any other Part or Parts of the said Deeds, or any or either of them, or on some other separate Parchment, Paper or Instrument; and every such Deed or Instrument shall be produced at all proper and usual Hours at such Registry, to every Person applying to inspect the same, and an Office Copy of each such Deed or Instrument, certified under the Hand of the Registrar (and which Office Copy, is certified, the Registrar shall in all cases grant to every Person who shall apply for the same) shall in all cases be admitted and allowed as legal Evidence thereof in all Courts whatsoever; and every such Registrar shall be entitled to the Sum of Ten Shillings and no more (over and besides the Stamp Duty, if any) for such Commission and the previous Requisites thereof; and the Sum of Five Shillings and no more, for so depositing as aforesaid the Deeds, Returns, Maps, Surveys, Valuations, Commissions and Instruments, and so as aforesaid certifying such Deposits thereof; and the Sum of One Shilling and no more for each such Search; and the Sum of Six pence and no more (over and besides the said Stamp Duty) for each Folio of Seventy two Words of each such Office Copy, to be certified as aforesaid.

XX. And be it further enacted, That such of the Forms contained in the Schedules of the said recited Acts of the Seventeenth and Twenty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, as are applicable to the Provisions of this Act, and with such Variations thereof as shall render them applicable, shall be used and applied to the Purposes of this Act as fully and effectually as if the same were hereby enacted and made Part of this Act.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to repeal or abridge any Law now in force, enabling any Person or Corporation Sole or Aggregate, to augment or improve any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry.

C A P. CXLVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Four millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

[6th July 1815.]

- * TREASURY empowered to raise 4,500,000, by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 2.—s. 1, 2. Treasury to apply Money raised. § 3. Principal of said Bills charged as First Supplies of next Session. § 4. Interest thereon of 3rd. per Cent. per Ann. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer after April 5. 1816.—§ 6. Bank of England empowered to advance 4,500,000, on credit of
- * Act, notwithstanding § 6 & 7. & 8. c. 20.—§ 7.

C A P. CXLIX.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

[6th July 1815.]

[On the like Terms as under c. 148. of this Session.]

CAP. CXL.

An Act to amend the Laws for imposing and levying of Fines, in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better and more speedy Collection of Fines upon Townlands and other Places in Ireland, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits, and to make farther Provisions for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much and such Parts of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend and amend the Regulations contained in several Acts of Parliament for imposing and levying of Fines upon Parishes, Townlands and other Places, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, or of any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the Commencement of this Act*, whereby it is enacted or provided, that any such Fine shall be imposed or levied on any Parish at large within which the Place shall be situate where any Offence shall be committed in respect of any uncollected Still or Part of a Still, or any Appendage to a Still, or any Wagon or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wells, Pits, Ales, Lows, Wines or flagstaps, found or used in such Place, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed; and that, from and after the Commencement of this Act, all and every such Fine and Fine in respect of any such Offence, shall be imposed and levied upon any Townland, Quarterland, Ballymore or other Place, District or Division whatever (other than a Parish at large) within which such Place shall be situate, and on which, under all the circumstances of the case, it shall appear expedient to the Court at any Assizes or Prefesting Term that any such Fine should be imposed and levied; any Clause, Matter or Thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts relating to the imposing or levying of such Fines on any Parish at large, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that all and every such Fines and Fine which may have been imposed on any Parish at large, at any time before the Commencement of this Act, and all Arrears thereof respectively, which shall not have been fully levied before the Commencement of this Act, shall be levied and paid under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been had or made.

11. And Whereas by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation in Ireland, in the Warehousing of Spirits, and in the fixing the Dates of Receipt on Spirits distilled, and on Wines and other liquors in Ireland*, it is enacted and provided, for the Purpose of preventing any Neglect or Delay in the Collection and Distribution of Fines imposed under the Acts for the preventing of the illicit Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes to appoint Persons for the collecting and levying of such Fines; and it is therefore enacted, that so much and such Parts of the said recited Acts of the last Session and this present Session of Parliament should be repealed, whereby it is provided or enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any Court or Judge at any Assizes or Prefesting Term or Quarter Session, to do or otherwise authorize the Payment or Application of any Sum of Money, for the making or repairing of any Road, or the building or repairing of any Bridge, or for the Building or repairing of any Schools, House or other Public Building, or for the performing or carrying on any Public Building or other Public Work whatsoever (except as in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament is excepted) in any Barony, Half Barony, City or Town, within which any Parish, Townland, Place, District or Division shall be situate, on which any Fine or Fines shall have been imposed under the said Act, until all and every such Fines or Fine imposed at any previous Assizes or Prefesting Term shall have been duly and fully paid; Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, all and every the Provisions and Regulations, Clauses and Clauses, in the said recited Acts or either of them contained, whereby the Court or Judge at any Assizes or Prefesting Term or Quarter Session, is or are prohibited or prevented or restrained from ordering the Discharge of any such or any other Aid, or from doing or authorizing the Payment of any Money for any of the Purposes aforesaid, until all such Fines shall have been duly levied as aforesaid, and all Matters and Things in the said recited Acts relative to such Prohibition or Provisions as aforesaid, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

12. Provided always, and it be enacted, That whenever the Court or Judge at any Assizes or Prefesting Term before the Commencement of this Act shall have decided that the Amount of any sums levied on any Parish, Townland, District or Division, by virtue or in pursuance of any Prefesting Term of any Grand Jury, for any Roads, Bridges or other Public Works wherever, should be returned in the Hands of the Treasurer of any County, County of a City or Town, for the Purpose of being applied in Payment or Satisfaction of all or any Fines or Fine which ought by Law to have been levied on or off such Parish, Townland, District or Division under the said recited Act, or said such Fines should be duly levied; all such Sums, or so much thereof as shall be requisite, shall be applied in Payment and Satisfaction of all or any such Fine or Fines, as at the Commencement of this Act shall not have been duly and fully levied upon or off such Parish, Townland, Place, District or Division respectively, and shall be paid, applied and disbursed accordingly, in manner directed by the said recited Act; any thing in this present Act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

13. And Whereas it is expedient to make effectual Provisions for the collecting and levying such Fines, pursuant to the Power given to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes for that Purpose, in and by the said heretofore recited Act of this present Session of Parliament, and for the more effectual

* suppressing illicit Distillation in Ireland, by appointing a sufficient Number of Assistants to the Collectors of
 * such Fines, and to the Officers of Excise in the Execution of their Duty? Be it therefore enacted, That
 whenever the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall be of Opinion that it is necessary or expedient
 that such Assistants should be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, the said Commissioners shall
 commission such Officers to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or to the Commissioners for executing
 the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being; and upon receiving the Concurrence and Approbation
 of such Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them, the said Com-
 missioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall cause Notice to be given either their Hands, or the Hands of any
 Three of them, by Publication in the Dublin Gazette, that it has been deemed expedient by the said Lord
 High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, upon the Representation of the said Commissioners of
 Inland Excise and Taxes, that such Assistants shall be appointed within any County, County of a City or
 Town respectively, from and after such time as shall be mentioned in such Notice.

V. And be it further enacted, That after such Notice shall have been given in the Dublin Gazette as afore-
 said, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes to nominate and
 appoint by Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them (or under the Hand
 of any Collector of Excise for any District, who shall be thereto specially authorized in Writing under the
 Hands of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them), one or more Persons or Persons to be aiding and
 assisting to any Person or Persons appointed by the said Commissioners for the collecting and levying any
 such Fines; and in like manner to nominate and appoint any one or more Person or Persons to be aiding
 and assisting in any Excise Office or Offices, or other Person or Persons authorized to sell or assist in en-
 forcing the Law for the Suppression of illicit Distillations; and all such Persons so appointed shall accordingly
 be aiding and assisting to such Collector in the levying of such Fines, and in doing all Matters and Things
 necessary or requisite for the efficient levying and collecting such Fines according to Law, and shall also be
 aiding and assisting to such Excise Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons in enforcing the Law for
 the Suppression of illicit Distillations, in such manner as shall be required by such Collector, Officer or other
 Person; and all and every Person and Persons who shall resist or oppose any such Collector, Excise Officer or
 other Person or Persons aforesaid, or his or their said Assistants, in the Execution of their Duty under the
 said recited Acts or this Act, shall be and are hereby declared guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be proceeded
 against and punished accordingly, in like manner as other Persons guilty of any Misdemeanor, may be pro-
 ceeded against and punished under any Act for the preventing of illicit Distillation in Ireland; and it shall
 be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, to pay or cause to be paid to such Assistants,
 such Sum and Sums of Money for their Travels, as to the said Commissioners, with Approbation of the
 Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office, or any Three of them,
 shall seem fit, not exceeding the Sum of Five Shillings for each and every Day so which such Assistant shall be
 employed or engaged in such Service, together with the reasonable Expenses incurred by such Collectors,
 Officers or other Persons, and such their Assistants, in the Performance of such Duty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases whenever any Person shall be appointed by the Com-
 missioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, for the collecting and levying any such Fines within any County,
 County of a City or Town in Ireland, all Powers of Arrest or other Collection shall cease and determine,
 with respect to the levying such Fines as shall remain unpaid at the time of such Appointment; and if any
 Arrest or other Collection or other Person, who immediately before such Appointment was empowered to
 levy any such Fines, shall refuse or neglect to deliver up all and every Warrant and Warrants in his Hands,
 which shall not have been fully executed, to the Person so appointed by such Commissioners, in manner
 required by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, then and in such case all such Warrant
 and Warrants shall cease and determine, and be of no Force, Virtue or Effect; and it shall be lawful for
 the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or Town, and he is hereby authorized and required, without
 Delay, to grant to the Person or Persons so appointed by the said Commissioners, and requiring the same,
 a new Warrant or Warrants, or Duplicate Warrant or Warrants, in which he shall insert the Name or
 Names of the Person or Persons so appointed by the Commissioners of Excise, for the collecting and levying
 of all such Fines as at the time of such Appointment shall not have been fully and fully levied, or for the
 collecting and levying so much thereof as shall not then have been fully and fully levied; and in such case such
 Treasurer shall refuse to deliver up any Warrant, pursuant to the Direction of the said recited Act of this
 Session of Parliament, or to grant any new Warrant or Warrants, or Duplicate Warrant or Warrants, in
 manner required by this Act, and such Refusal shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court or Judge in
 the Affairs for the County, County of a City or Town, it shall not be lawful for such Court or Judge to fix
 any Penalties for the Salary of or for any Per Centage or Allowance payable to such Treasurer.

VII. And Whereas it may have happened and may happen that certain Inhabitants of Towns or Places
 in Ireland on which Fines have been or may be imposed in respect of Offences against the Acts in force for
 the Suppression of illegal Distillation in Ireland, or other Persons, may, for the Purpose of procuring time to
 detect and prosecute the Persons actually committing such Offences, have undertaken and agreed, or may
 undertake and agree to pay the Amount of such Fines, or Part thereof, to the Collectors or Persons autho-
 rized to levy such Fines, and may have given and entered into or may give and enter into Securities for the
 Payment of such Fines, or Part thereof, to such Collectors or other Persons, and it is expedient to declare such
 Agreements and Securities to be void? Be it therefore enacted, That every Contract, Agreement or Un-
 derstanding, and every Bond, Bill, Note or other Security which at any time before the Commencement of this
 Act may have been, or which at any time after the Commencement of this Act shall or may be made, given or
 entered into by any Inhabitants or Inhabitant of, or any Proprietors or Proprietress of Lands within any
 District

When Com-
 mitters of Excise
 have an ex-
 pectation that the
 said Persons
 will be ap-
 pointed to Col-
 lect, and they shall
 then, with the
 Commis-
 sioners of Treas-
 ury, give Notice
 in the
 Gazette.

After Notice,
 Commissioners
 of Excise may
 grant and pay
 Allowances to
 Collectors in
 levying Fines;
 and also Allow-
 ances to Persons
 Officers in lev-
 ying illicit
 Distillations.

Misdemeanor.

On Appoint-
 ment of Excise
 Collectors of
 Fines, Powers of
 Arrest Collec-
 tion ceases.

On Refusal by
 the said Collec-
 tor to deliver up
 Warrants, Treas-
 urer to grant
 new Warrants
 on Excise Col-
 lection.

Act, c. 15, § 5.

Agreements,
 Securities made
 and given for
 Payment of
 Fines by Inha-
 bitants.

*Persons, &c. of
Dublin, &c. to
Collect or
Pay.*

*How Sums to
be paid by and
received.*

Definit or Place in *Ireland*, on which any Fine may have heretofore been or shall hereafter be actually imposed in respect of any Offence against any Act or Acts in force for the Suppression of illegal Distillations, in *Ireland*, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, for securing the Payment to any Collector or Persons authorized to levy any such Fine or Fines, of any such Fine or Fines, or any Part thereof, by any such Collector or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons, on behalf of all or any of the Persons liable to the Payment of such Fine or Fines within such District or Place, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all and every Sum and Sums of Money to be collected or agreed, or secured to be paid to any such Collector or other Person, shall be paid to such Collector or other Person at such time as shall be mentioned in any such Contract, Agreement, Bond, Bill, Note or other Security; or in Default of Payment thereof it shall be lawful for such Collector or Person aforesaid to levy such Fine or Fines, to levy the Amount of all and every such Sums and Sums of Money upon the Person or Persons who shall have contracted or agreed or given Security to pay the same, or upon any other Person or Persons within the District or Place in which such Fine or Fines shall have been imposed, or upon the Effects of any such Person or Persons, by all such ways, means and methods, and with all such Powers and Authorities as are given for the levying any such Fine or Fines by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force for the Suppression of illegal Distillations in *Ireland*, to all Intents and Purposes as if such Security had not been given; or it shall be lawful for such Collector or other Person with whom such Contract or Agreement shall have been made or to whom such Security shall have been given at any time either before or after the Commencement of this Act, to proceed at his Option against the Party who shall have made or entered into or given such Agreement, Contract or Security for the Amount of the Sum or Sums contracted or agreed or secured to be paid by such Party as for a Debt due to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and such Debt shall be recoverable and recovered by all such ways and means and with all such Powers and Authorities as are given by Law for the Recovery of Debts due to The Crown by any Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland*; and it shall be lawful for any Person who shall have paid, or who shall pay, any such Sum or Sums of Money, or on whom the same shall be levied or against whom the same shall be recovered in manner aforesaid, to proceed for the Reimbursement to him of the Money so paid by or less or in less, against any Person or Persons liable to the Reimbursement of any such Fine or Fines under or by virtue of the Provisions of the heretofore recited Act of the last Session of Parliament; and it shall be lawful for the Person so having paid such Money to recover and receive the same in manner and under the Regulations in the said last recited Act in that behalf specified and contained with respect to the Reimbursement of any such Fine or Fines as aforesaid.

*Persons, &c. who
shall be liable
to pay the same
to the Collector
or other Person.*

*Persons, &c. who
shall be liable
to pay the same
to the Collector
or other Person.*

*Persons, &c. who
shall be liable
to pay the same
to the Collector
or other Person.*

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Court or Judge at any Assizes or Prebending Term shall see any Townland, Quarterland, Ballybow, Manor, Lordship or other Place, District or Division whatever, in any Sum of Money under or by virtue of any of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illegal Distillations in *Ireland*, the said Court or Judge shall direct the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or Town, to include in his Warrant for levying any such Fine, the Sum of One Shilling in the Pound on the Amount of every such Fine, in Addition to the Amount of every such Fine respectively; and which said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound shall be levied in like manner, and with the like Powers, Authorities and Remedies, in case of Nonpayment thereof, as are provided by Law with respect to the levying of any such Fine or Fines; and the Amount of the said Sum of One Shilling in the Pound so levied, shall be paid to or received, or kept or retained to his own Use, by the Person who shall levy and collect the Fine in respect of which such One Shilling in the Pound shall be payable respectively, and who shall be authorized to collect and levy the same under the Provisions of the several Acts heretofore recited, or of this Act, or of any other Act or Acts for governing illegal Distillations in *Ireland*.

*Persons, &c. who
shall be liable
to pay the same
to the Collector
or other Person.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Fine and Fine which shall be imposed at any time after the Commencement of this Act, upon any Townland, Quarterland, Ballybow or other Place, District or Division whatever (other than a Parish or larger) under the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force relating to the illegal Distillation of Spirits in *Ireland*, after deducting thereon the Costs of recovering the same (if such Costs shall not be paid by the Directors of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, pursuant to the Provisions of the last recited Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Regency, but where such Costs shall be so paid, then the whole of such Fine without any Deduction shall be applied in manner following; that is to say, One Moiety thereof or of its worth thereof in full manner after deducting the Costs in the case aforesaid) shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or Town, to the Officer of Excise who shall have given the Information to a Justice of the Peace, and who shall in any approved manner to his Recognizance to prosecute the same, and shall be applied by him in rewarding himself and his Assistants, in such manner and according to such Proportions as the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes shall direct; and in case the Person giving such Information shall not be an Officer of Excise, then such One moiety shall be paid by such Treasurer, according to the Direction of the Court, either in such Information, or in such Justice as aforesaid; to be by him applied in rewarding such Informer, or otherwise promoting the happiness of unacquainted Stills within his Jurisdiction; and the other Moiety of every such Fine or Fine (or of its worth thereof respectively as any money after deducting the Costs in the case aforesaid) shall be paid by every such Treasurer to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection in the District in which such Townland, Quarterland, Ballybow or other Place, District or Division whatsoever is situated shall be, to be applied by such Collector, under the Orders and Directions of the said Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes, in or towards the Expenses incurred by Payments made or to be made to any Person appointed to establish Collections or Excise Offices or other Persons as aforesaid in the collecting any such Fine, or in the prosecution of illegal Distillations within such Townland, Place, District or Division; and the Remainder, if any, after Payment of such Expenses, shall be applied in such manner as any other Monies received by such Collector are by

Law

Law applicable; and, if any is the said revised Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Regn to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And for the more easy and speedy Re-emburment of any Inhabitant or Landholder in any Township, Place, District or Division, upon or by whom any Fine shall have been or shall be levied or paid by virtue of any Warrant issued or which shall be issued for the levying of such Fine, under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of House Disturbances in Ireland, be it enacted, That the Treasurers of every County, County of a City or Town, within which any such Fine shall have been or shall be levied, shall from time to time, within Fourteen Days after issuing any Warrant for the levying of any such Fine, and whenever thereon required by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, County of a City or Town, transmit to such Clerk of the Peace a true Copy of any and every such Warrant, signed by the Hand of such Treasurer; and such Copy shall be preferred by such Clerk of the Peace among the Records of the County; and that upon the Trial of any Action or Suit by Civil Bill by any such Inhabitant or Landholder, for the Recovery of any such Fine against the Owner of any unrevoked Still, or other Person subject to make such Re-emburment, such Copy of the Treasurer's Warrant is transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace, shall be deemed sufficient Proof that the Fine or Penalty therein mentioned had been imposed and levied, without other Proof of the imposing or levying of such Fine or Penalty.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the Commencement of this Act, any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, in the Grievance of or the obstructing or endeavouring to serve any Notice or Notices, for the Purpose of proceeding thereon to impose a Fine or Fines upon any Township, Manor or Lordship, or other Place, under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of the illicit Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, shall be killed, or shall be beaten, wounded or bruised, or shall be forcibly taken or carried away or detained, by any Person or Persons, in or at such Office or Offices, Person or Persons acting as his or their Aid, shall be deemed punishable of attacking, or shall be prevented from attending at such Office or Offices, Term, for the Purpose of giving Evidence in support of any Information which may or shall have been given, for proceeding to impose such Fine, or of giving Evidence touching the Service of such Notice, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom such Information shall have been returned to be tried, if it shall appear to the said Court that such Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons had been killed or beaten, wounded or bruised, or carried away or detained, whereby the Attendance of such Officer or Person shall be prevented, and such Court is hereby required, upon Production of such Information, and upon Proof of the Hand-writing of the Justice to such Information, before whom the same had been taken upon the Oath of any One credible Witness (if such Court shall for sufficient Evidence upon the Face of such Information, of the Evidence of the Facts and of the Offence charged therein) to impose a Fine pursuant to such Information, in like manner and as fully and as effectually as in all Instances and Purposes whatsoever, as if such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, had appeared before such Court, and had been or were then and there personally examined, and had given Evidence of the Service of the Notice, and in support of such Information. Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall take away or affect the Right which any Inhabitant of any such Township or Place shall or may have by Law to remove, or to offer to remove, the Facts stated in any such Information.

XII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall be found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Custody or Possession, any Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been duly paid, or for which, if the Quantity shall exceed One Gallon, a proper Permit shall not be obtained for the Removal thereof; or if any Person or Persons shall be found passing in any Part of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his or her Care, Custody or Possession, any unrevoked Still, Still-house, Works or Appurtenance of a Still, except removing from or to a Brandy, or Brandy or Maker of Stills, under a proper Permit; every such Person shall in each and every the respective case and cases aforesaid be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor; and if convicted of such, shall, exclusive of any other Punishment to which such Person may be subject, forfeit a Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, at the Court (that is in Discretion thereof) to be paid to the Treasurers; and such Person so convicted shall be imprisoned under such Fine shall be paid: Provided always, that the time of such Imprisonment shall not in any case exceed the Period of Six Calendar Months.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall be found passing in any Part of Ireland, or be found on board or discovered to have been on board any Boat or other Vessel being in any Port, Harbour, Haven, Creek, River, Lake, Canal or Dock in Ireland, as within Eight Leagues of the Shores of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Custody, any Keg, Cask, or Vessel, which before had contained any Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, on which all Duties payable by Law had not been duly paid (and in all such cases Proof that the Duties on such Spirits had been duly paid shall be upon the Party to be found) every such Person, except in the case hereinafter provided, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall suffer such Punishment as in other cases of Misdemeanor; and every such Keg, Cask or Vessel, and every Barrel, Mann, Nake, Ale or other Sort of Barthen, and every Can, Cask, Drap, Wain, Waggons or other Vehicle, and every Boat or other Vessel with all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, employed in conveying or carrying the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and it shall be lawful for any such Officer or Officers, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, to stop, arrest and detain all and every Person or Persons who shall be found passing or on board or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel, and to convey all and every such Person and Persons before any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, residing near the Place where any such Person shall be so taken and arrested; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby

On Trial for Re-emburment of all Amounts which have paid Fine imposed, Copy of Treasurer's Warrant sufficient Proof.

Officer, acting in his Aid, in the Grievance of or the obstructing or endeavouring to serve any Notice or Notices, for the Purpose of proceeding thereon to impose a Fine or Fines upon any Township, Manor or Lordship, or other Place, under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of the illicit Distillation of Spirits in Ireland, shall be killed, or shall be beaten, wounded or bruised, or shall be forcibly taken or carried away or detained, by any Person or Persons, in or at such Office or Offices, Person or Persons acting as his or their Aid, shall be deemed punishable of attacking, or shall be prevented from attending at such Office or Offices, Term, for the Purpose of giving Evidence in support of any Information which may or shall have been given, for proceeding to impose such Fine, or of giving Evidence touching the Service of such Notice, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom such Information shall have been returned to be tried, if it shall appear to the said Court that such Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons had been killed or beaten, wounded or bruised, or carried away or detained, whereby the Attendance of such Officer or Person shall be prevented, and such Court is hereby required, upon Production of such Information, and upon Proof of the Hand-writing of the Justice to such Information, before whom the same had been taken upon the Oath of any One credible Witness (if such Court shall for sufficient Evidence upon the Face of such Information, of the Evidence of the Facts and of the Offence charged therein) to impose a Fine pursuant to such Information, in like manner and as fully and as effectually as in all Instances and Purposes whatsoever, as if such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, had appeared before such Court, and had been or were then and there personally examined, and had given Evidence of the Service of the Notice, and in support of such Information. Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall take away or affect the Right which any Inhabitant of any such Township or Place shall or may have by Law to remove, or to offer to remove, the Facts stated in any such Information.

Persons for Right of Trespass.

Persons carrying on their Spirits, &c.

Misdemeanor, Penalty.

Proof for Imprisonment.

Persons found passing, or on board or discovered to have been on board any Boat or other Vessel being in any Port, Harbour, Haven, Creek, River, Lake, Canal or Dock in Ireland, as within Eight Leagues of the Shores of Ireland, knowingly and willingly having in his, her or their Custody, any Keg, Cask, or Vessel, which before had contained any Spirituous Liquors distilled in Ireland, on which all Duties payable by Law had not been duly paid (and in all such cases Proof that the Duties on such Spirits had been duly paid shall be upon the Party to be found) every such Person, except in the case hereinafter provided, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall suffer such Punishment as in other cases of Misdemeanor; and every such Keg, Cask or Vessel, and every Barrel, Mann, Nake, Ale or other Sort of Barthen, and every Can, Cask, Drap, Wain, Waggons or other Vehicle, and every Boat or other Vessel with all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, employed in conveying or carrying the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise; and it shall be lawful for any such Officer or Officers, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, to stop, arrest and detain all and every Person or Persons who shall be found passing or on board or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel, and to convey all and every such Person and Persons before any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, residing near the Place where any such Person shall be so taken and arrested; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby

Officers taking Kegs or Vessel.

herely required, upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Person was so found or taken or discovered as aforesaid (unless such Person shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Justice, that he had paid for or *has* *has* agreed to pay for his Passage on board such Boat or Vessel, and that he was so conveyed in the Property of such Boat or Vessel, or of the Spinnaker, or King, Clerk or Vessel, or the crew may be), to hold such Person to Bail, with Two sufficient Sureties for the Appearance of such Person, to answer to any Indictment or Information that may be brought against him or her in that behalf; and in case any Person is liable to be held to Bail, shall make default in finding such sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until such Bail shall be found, it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Person to the Goal of the County, Town or Place, in which such Person shall be committed, to answer as aforesaid.

XIV. And Whereas the illicit Distillation of Spirits is increased by Means of Corn made into Malt being obtained by Persons without Permit, or otherwise contrary to Law: Be it enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, if any Malt ground or unground, or any Corn or Grain wasted or steeped, to be made into Malt, shall be found in the Possession of any Person whatsoever in *Ireland*, not entitled by Law to have the same in his or her Custody or Possession; or if any Person or Persons shall be found passing in any Part of *Ireland*, knowingly and willingly having in him, her or their Possession, any Malt ground or unground, or upon which any Duties by Law payable thereon shall not have been paid, or for the Removal of which a proper Permit shall not have been given; or if any Person or Persons shall be found passing as any Part of *Ireland*, knowingly and willingly having in him, her or their Custody, any Corn or Grain wasted or steeped, whereof or with intent to make the same into Malt; every such Person so offending in any of the respective case and cases aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, to arrest, stop and detain all and every Person and Persons found or discovered as aforesaid, and to convey all and every such Person and Persons before any Justice of the Peace in *Ireland*, residing near the Place where any such Person shall be so taken and arrested, and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby required, upon Proof on Oath, by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Person had committed any of the Offences aforesaid, to hold such Person to Bail, with Two sufficient Sureties for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Indictment or Information that may be brought against him or her in that behalf; and in case any Person is liable to be held to Bail, shall make Default in finding such sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until such Bail shall be found, it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Person to the Goal of the County, Town or Place in which such Person shall be committed, to answer as aforesaid; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person, he or she shall plead thereto, without having time to traverse the same; and every Person committed of the Offences aforesaid, exclusive of all other Fines and Penalties to which such Person may be subject, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds or one fifth then Ten Pounds, at the Court before which such Person shall be committed, shall to its Discretion think fit, to be paid to the Prosecutor, and such Person so convicted shall be imprisoned until such Fine shall be paid: Provided always, that the time of such Imprisonment shall not in any case exceed the Period of Six Calendar Months, and for the General Officers of a like nature, such Court shall sentence such Person so committed, to be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

XV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, whenever any Malt shall be found by any Officer of Excise in the Mill of any Miller in *Ireland*, if on Demand by such Officer a Permit or Certificate, as the case may require, of license for such Malt, shall not be produced within a reasonable time after such Demand, all such Malt shall be forfeited and may be sold; and the Miller in whose Mill any such Malt shall be found, without such Permit or Certificate, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Clauses, Powers, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in the said heretofore recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, for imposing and levying of Fines in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits in *Ireland*, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, except only in far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts; and that the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other; and that the Provisions and Forfeitures imposed or inflicted by this Act, shall and may in all cases be otherwise provided for by this Act) be found for, recovered, levied and applied in such Manner and Time, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the better regulating of the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Bill of Rates therein intitled*; or by any other Law or Laws relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in *Ireland*, as fully and effectually as all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and re-enacted in this Act, with like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party and Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Act of Excise, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in *Ireland*, is provided.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect in the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, in *Ireland*, on and from the Fifth Day of the January Afters in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in every such County, County of a City and Town respectively.

C A P. CLII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, to be issued and applied towards repairing Roads between London and Holyhead, by Chelger, and between London and Shrewsbury.

[11th July 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, having granted to Your Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds for the present Year, towards defraying the Expence of repairing, altering or constructing such Roads as shall appear to be most immediately necessary for facilitating the Communication between London and Holyhead by Chelger, and between London and Shrewsbury Ferry by Shrewsbury, whereby the Intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland will be beneficially promoted; do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of any Monies granted for the Supply of the present Year there shall and may be issued and paid, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, without any Deduction whatever, to the Commissioners hereinafter named; which Sum shall be applied by the said Commissioners towards the repairing, altering, making or constructing such Roads as shall be judged proper, in the manner hereinafter directed, and to no other Use or Purpose whatsoever: Provided always, that the said Commissioners may invest the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds in Exchequer Bills, or India Bonds, to be lodged in the Bank of England, until the same shall be applied in manner hereinafter directed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Great Britain for the time being shall order and direct some fit and proper Persons or Persons to make a Survey or Surveys of the Roads which it shall be deemed most advisable to repair, alter, make or construct, between London and Holyhead by Chelger, and between London and Shrewsbury Ferry by Shrewsbury; and such Person or Persons shall report upon each of or their Opinion thereupon, together with an Estimate of the Expence of the repairing, altering, making or constructing respectively each of such Roads, to the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's said Treasury, who, or any Three or more of them, shall thereupon refer such Survey, Opinion and Estimate, to the said Commissioners hereinafter named; which said Commissioners shall then consider and determine which of the said Roads to survey and reported upon, and estimated, shall be repaired, altered, made or constructed, in the manner herein directed, and shall make a List and Description thereof, referring to such Survey, to be published in the London Gazette; and such List and Description shall also be sent to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for every and each County through which the said Roads, or any of them, do pass: Provided always, that if the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall be satisfied with any Survey or Surveys, and Estimate or Estimates, already made of any such Road or Roads, it shall and may be lawful for them to refer the same to the said Commissioners hereinafter named, who shall advertise and send Lists and Descriptions of the same in the manner herein directed; and the repairing, altering, making or constructing of such Road or Roads, may be thereupon proceeded upon, pursuant to this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Right Honourable William Fyfe Fox, General, Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer for that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; the Right Honourable Robert Peel, Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, or the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant for the time being; the four Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being; the Right Honourable John Macdonald Barry, Sir Thomas Mordaunt Barrett, Sir Henry Percival Barrett, Charles Wadkin Williams Wynne Elgar, David Gidley Elgar and William Smith Elgar, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act; and they are hereby directed to meet from time to time in London or Westminster, for the Purposes of this Act; and at all such Meetings, in case of an Equality of Votes, the Chairman shall have a casting Vote.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One or more of the said Commissioners to execute the Provisions of this Act; but that no Act shall be done by any of the said Commissioners, unless the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland, the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, or the four Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or One of them, shall be present at such Meeting.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case of a Vacancy or Vacancies by Death or Resignation of any One or more of the said Commissioners, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons in His Majesty's special Privilege, to supply such Vacancy or Vacancies; and that every Person so nominated and appointed shall be held and considered to be invested with all the same Powers as are delegated to the Commissioner appointed by this Act in whole Room such Person shall be so nominated.

VI. And be it enacted, That as soon as the said Commissioners shall have determined which of the said Roads to be repaired, altered, made or constructed, the said Commissioners shall direct an Account to be opened in the Books of the said Commissioners for such Road, and shall place to such Account a Sum equal to such estimated Expence; and such Road shall be forthwith directed to be repaired agreeably to the Plan and Survey herein directed to be made, or such other Plan as may upon subsequent Consideration be approved by the said Commissioners, so that the Expence thereof shall not exceed the said estimated Expence.

VII. Provided

Act. c. 152.

§ 19.

Statute: Head
note of Exche-
quer to Com-
missioners, vol'd
in Exchequer
Bills, &c.
Provis.

Survey is ap-
pointed Person
to make Survey of
Roads herein
mentioned, to
report upon
each, with Es-
timate of Expence
of Repairing, &c.
Survey and Es-
timate referred to
Commissioners.
List and Descrip-
tion of Roads
directed to Lon-
don Gazette, &c.

Commissioners

Chairman sel-
ling Vote.
What Commis-
sioners may sit.

In case of Va-
cancy His
Majesty may
supply it.

When Roads
directed to be
repaired, altered,
made, and then equal
to estimate
placed to it.

Commissioners
may make
Contracts

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That each and every such Road shall be repaired in conformity to the Plan and Survey thereof approved of in the manner herein directed: and the said Commissioners, or any of them, empowered and required to make such Contracts or Agreements with lawful Persons, and their Executors, for the repairing, altering, making or contraverting of such Road or Roads, and to appoint such Person or Persons as they shall think proper, who may from time to time, under such Regulations as the said Commissioners shall direct, draw for the necessary Sums to defray the Expence thereof; and such Payments from time to time shall be placed to the Account of the said respective Roads.

May take
to and making
beneficial use
Of them.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall be and they are hereby empowered to take and acquire all such Ground as may be necessary for the repairing, altering, making or contraverting of the said Roads, making such Satisfaction to the Proprietor or Proprietors, and Occupier or Occupiers, as may be agreed upon by and between the said Commissioners, and such Proprietor or Proprietors, Occupier or Occupiers; and in the Event that they cannot agree, then upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money, as shall be awarded by a Jury of Twelve Persons, summoned and chosen by the Sheriff of the County in each manner as Juries are summoned and chosen by Sheriffs of Counties in England, whose Determination is hereby declared to be final; and in the Event that such Jury shall award a larger Sum than may have been offered by such Commissioners, the Expence attending such Jury shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Monies transferred to the Account of such Road in manner herein directed; and if such Jury shall award no more as say Sum less than that offered by the said Commissioners, the Expence of such Jury shall be defrayed and borne by the Person or Persons who shall not have agreed with such Commissioners: Provided always, that in case where any Person or Persons shall, by reason of Absence, have been prevented from treating with the said Trustees, such Costs and Expence shall be borne and paid by the said Trustees: Provided always, that after having offered to any Proprietor or Proprietors of any Lands such Sum as such Commissioners shall think reasonable, it shall and may be lawful for them to enter onto and upon such Lands for the Purpose of this Act: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Commissioners to take any Land or Ground whereas any Herbs, Grass, or any Garden, Orchard, Planted Walk or Avenue to a House, or any Piece or Parcel of Ground planted or set apart as a Nursery for Trees, without the Consent in Writing of the Owner or Owners thereof.

In case Parties
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IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which are held under Estate, or are subject to Life-rents, Annuities or other Incumbrances, or shall belong to any Corporation, Married Woman, Infant, Lunatic, or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds or more, be with all convenient Speed paid into the Bank of England, to the Issue that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Court of Chancery, to be applied by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Purchaser or Redemption of the said Ten, or Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or such other Incumbrance or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing settled therewith in the same or the like Uses, Issues or Purposes, or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Issues and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, stood settled or bequeathed, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be occupied, undisturbed and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the Interest or Annual Produce of such Money shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

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X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardians or Committees in case of Infancy or Lunacy, so be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be either paid into the Bank of England, and be placed to his or their Account, in order to be applied in manner heretofore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option, to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the said Commissioners (such Nominations and Approbations to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Interest arising thereon, may be applied in any manner heretofore directed, so far as the case be applicable.

to be so paid that
the

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money to be agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy,

may,

done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time heretofore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Two Days' Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become bankrupt, or suffer a Discontinuance of law, law or their Actions or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other cases of Law.

Treaty Cont.

C A P. CLIII.

An Act for granting certain Rates on the Postage of Letters to and from Great Britain, The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies; and for making certain Regulations respecting the Postage of Ship Letters, and of Letters in Great Britain. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the Extension and Improvement of Commerce and Correspondence, and of His Majesty's Revenue, that Vessels be employed by His Majesty's Postmaster General for the Conveyance of the Public Dispatches of Government, and also the Mails of Letters and Packets between this Kingdom, The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies; and that such Vessels should, in certain cases, be permitted to carry Goods on Freight; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at any time after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Postmaster General, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to establish Vessels for the Conveyance of the Public Dispatches of Government, and also Mails of Letters, and Packings, between this Country, The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies; and that from and after the Establishment of such Vessels, it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Postmaster General, and his Deputy and Deputies, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take, for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by such Vessels from the Port of London, or from any other Port in Great Britain, to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius, or to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to The East Indies (save and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China), according to the Rates and Sums, in Sterling Money, hereinafter mentioned, the same being rated either by the Letter or by the Ounce; that is to say,

Postmaster General's orders, and N. 6. 1st Ed. Ind. 44

Example.

Rates of Postage.

For every Single Letter, Three Shillings and Six pence;
For every Double Letter, Seven Shillings;

For every Treble Letter, Ten Shillings and Six pence;

And for every Ounce in Weight, Fourteen Shillings; and so in Proportion for Letters and Packets above the Weight of an Ounce:

And for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by such Vessels from any Port or Place in The East Indies, within the Limits of the said United Company's Charter (save and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China), or from The Cape of Good Hope, or The Mauritius, to the Port of London, or to any other Port in Great Britain, the Rates and Duties following; that is to say,

For every Single Letter, Three Shillings and Six pence;

For every Double Letter, Seven Shillings;

For every Treble Letter, Ten Shillings and Six pence;

And for every Ounce in Weight, Fourteen Shillings; and so in Proportion for Letters and Packets above the Weight of an Ounce:

And for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by such Vessels between The Cape of Good Hope, or The Mauritius, and any Port of the Continent of Asia, and between The Cape of Good Hope, or The Mauritius, or the Continent of Asia, and all intermediate Places, and between all the intermediate Places respectively, the Rates and Duties following; that is to say,

For every Single Letter, One Shilling and Nine pence;

For every Double Letter, Three Shillings and Six pence;

For every Treble Letter, Five Shillings and Three pence;

And for every Ounce in Weight, Seven Shillings; and so in Proportion for Letters and Packets above the Weight of an Ounce.

Rules for Head-papers, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to send and receive by any Mails dispatched to and from The East Indies, The Mauritius and The Cape of Good Hope, any Newpapers or printed Papers, Currents, and also any printed Papers liable to the Stamp Duties, and duty stamped, paying for the same Three pence for each Packet, not exceeding One Ounce; and for each Packet exceeding One Ounce, at the Rate of Three pence per Ounce; and provided that the same be fast in Covers open at the Sides of Ends.

III. And, inasmuch as it may on some Occasions be of Advantage to Correspondence, that Letters and Packets should be sent to and from The East Indies and The Cape of Good Hope, by His Majesty's Ship of War and Store Ships, and by the Ships in the Service of the said United Company sailing between this Country

* and

and *India*, and *The Cape of Good Hope*, and by Ships employed in the Private Trade to and from *India*: He is therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Postmaster General in His Discretion, by and with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, to make up and send Mails of Letters to and from any Port or Place in *The East Indies*, within the Limits of the said United Company's Charter (save and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China), and to and from *The Cape of Good Hope*, by any of His Majesty's Ships of War and Store Ships, or by any of the Ships in the Service of the said United Company, or by Ships employed in the Private Trade to and from *India*: and that when and so often as Mails of Letters shall be so conveyed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster General and his Deputies, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to demand, have, receive and take the fare Rates and Duties, as if the Letters were conveyed by Vessels or Packet Boats, to be established under the Authority of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commander of any such Ship of War, with the Consent and Permission of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and the Commander of any such Ship in the Service of the said United Company, with the Consent of the said Company, and the Commander of any Ship employed in the Private Trade to and from *India*, with the Consent of his Owners, is hereby authorised and required to receive as board his Ship, such Mails of Letters and Packets, and to convey and deliver the same accordingly; and each Commander respectively shall not incur or be liable to any Penalty for receiving on board or conveying such Letters and Packets in manner aforesaid; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said United Company, or the Commander of any Ship in the Service of the said Company, or any Commander of any Ship in the Private Trade to and from *India*, to charge, demand or receive any Rate or Rates of Passage for any Mail of Letters, other and except any such Passage as may be legally due to the said Company for the Island Passage, or conveyance of any such Letters in *India*, or for any sealed Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters, which may at any time be forwarded by the Postmaster General, by the Ships of the said United Company, or by any such Private Ship.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Postmaster General, whenever the Ships of the said United Company, or any Private Ships, are employed as Packets, to pay the said United Company, and the Owners of any such Private Ships, for the Freight or Conveyance of any such Mails of Letters, such reasonable Sum, and in such manner, as shall be authorised and directed by the Lords of the Treasury, or any Three of them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That a Mail shall be made up and despatched to *India* once in every Month, as far as may be found practicable, either by the Vessels to be established and hired by the Postmaster General under the Authority of this Act, or by a Ship of War, or a Ship in the Service of the *East India Company*, or by a Ship employed in the Private Trade to and from *India*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Postmaster General, in such Proportions and in such Manner as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall by Warrant in Writing direct (any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding), to permit the Exportation on Freight, or on account of the Owners, or of the Public Service, in such Vessels or Packet Boats navigated according to Law, from the Port of *London*, or any Port or Ports within the Kingdom of Great Britain, or any Intermediate Port between Great Britain and *The East Indies*, to all Ports and Places within the Limits of the Charter of the said United Company, and to the Islands of *Saint Helena*, *The Mauritius* and *The Cape of Good Hope* (save and except the Dominions of the Emperor of China) any Goods, Wares and Merchandise (Tea excepted) which can now or may at any time hereafter be legally exported; and also to permit the Importation on Freight, or on account of the Owners, or of the Public Service, in such Vessels or Packet Boats, navigated according to Law, from all Ports and Places within the Limits of the said United Company's Charter, and from *The Cape of Good Hope*, *The Mauritius* and the Island of *Saint Helena* (save and except as aforesaid) into the Port of *London*, or any Port in Great Britain, of any Goods, Wares and Merchandise which are now or may at any time or times hereafter be legally imported; subject nevertheless to the several Restrictions, Conditions and Limitations in this Act contained.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to ship, carry or put on board, or permit or suffer to be shipped, carried or put on board such Vessels or Packet Boats, and any Ships or Vessels legally trading to and from *The East Indies*, such Quantity of Tea as shall be requisite for the Use of the Crew of any such Ship, during the Voyage, not exceeding Two Pounds for each Man on board; and in case there shall be found on board any such Ships or Vessels as aforesaid, on their Arrival at any Port or Place in the *British Islands*, or within Two hundred Miles of the same, any Tea exceeding in Quantity One hundred Pounds Weight, every Commander shall incur and be liable to a Penalty of Two Pounds for every Pound Weight of Tea exceeding such a Quantity.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to export or import any Goods, Wares or Merchandise in any Vessel or Packet Boat to be employed under the Authority of this Act, unless such Vessel or Packet Boat shall be of the Burthen of Three hundred and fifty Tons at the least.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Commander of any Vessel or Packet Boat to be established under the Authority of this Act, having received His Majesty's Mail on board, and having received his Clearance, shall wilfully neglect to sail and proceed on his Voyage within Twenty four Hours after the time of receiving the Mail on board and his Clearance (Wind and Weather permitting), or shall wilfully deviate from the Course of his Voyage, such Neglect shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Court of Directors of the said United *East India Company* to give Direction to alter the Sailing of any Ship or Vessel belonging to and employed

Mails carried by Ships of War, &c.

Keen

Commanders authorized to receive Mails.

R. I. Company not to charge Passage, except Island, &c.

Postmaster General to pay Company for Conveyance of Mails.

Mail made up Monthly for India.

Goods allowed to be carried in Packets.

Except Tea.

Quantity of Tea as board limited.

Penalty.

Goods not carried out in Vessels of 150 Tons, and upwards.

Duty on sailing after clearance, Mails.

Penalty. Forfeits.

by the said Company, for a time to be limited or specified, giving Notice of such Directions to the Postmaster General within Twenty four Hours thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted, That for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by Vessels not employed as Packets from Great Britain, to the Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies, there shall be charged and payable a Sea Postage of One Shilling and Two pence a Single Letter, and so in Proportion for Packets; such Postage to be paid on Delivery of the Letters at The Cape, The Mauritius and The East Indies, as the case may be.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall send without Authority of the Postmaster General to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius or The East Indies, any Letter or Packet, or if any Commander of any Ship or Vessel, or any other Person shall carry or convey any Letter or Packet without such Authority to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius or The East Indies, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Letter so sent or conveyed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Commanders of any Ship sailing to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius or The East Indies, is hereby authorized and required to take charge of and convey any Bags of Letters subject to the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling and Two pence, which shall be delivered to him by Order or Authority of the Postmaster General.

XV. And, for the Services performed by the Commanders of such Vessels, be it further enacted, That they shall be entitled to receive on their Arrival in Port, either in Great Britain or in India, on delivering in the Post Office all such Letters and Packets which they shall have on board, the Sum of Two pence for every Letter or Packet which he or they shall so deliver.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That for the Post and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that shall be carried or conveyed by Vessels not employed as Packets from The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies, to Great Britain, there shall be charged and payable a Sea Postage of Eight pence for each Single Letter, and so in Proportion for Packets.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That for Twelve Months from and after the passing of this Act, no Letter or Packet of whatever Weight or Description coming from The Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius or India, shall be chargeable with a higher Rate of Sea Postage than Five Shillings for each Letter or Packet; any thing to the contrary in this Act contained notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster General in his Discretion, to establish Post Offices, and appoint Deputy Postmasters and other Officers, for the due Execution of this Act, in the United Kingdom, and in any of the Possessions of the said United Company, and the same from time to time to remove and displace, and others to appoint in their stead; and that all such Persons to be appointed shall give Security to the Satisfaction of the Postmaster General or his Agents for the due Discharge of their respective Duties, and accounting for and paying unto the Treasurers of the said United Company, at their respective Possessions, on account of the Revenue of the Post Office, all Sums which they shall respectively receive for the Post of Letters and Packets, or in any other manner whatsoever; and that no such Postmaster or other Person shall at any time retain in his Hands more than One thousand Pounds of the Public Money.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurers of the said United Company, at their respective Possessions, shall and they are hereby authorized and required to receive all such Sums, and from time to time to send the same to the Postmaster General, in such manner and under such Regulations as shall be agreed upon by the said United Company and the Postmaster General.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the President of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets to and from The East Indies free from the Duties of Postage; and that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State for Colonial Affairs, and the Secretaries to the Treasury for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets to and from The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and Ceylon, free from the Duty of Postage.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Affairs of India, receiving Salaries in virtue of such Office, and for the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets to or from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the East India Company at The Cape of Good Hope, provided that the Letters and Packets to be sent and received by such Commissioners or Secretary, by any one Packet or other Vessel, appointed to carry the Mail, do not collectively exceed the Weight of Five Quarters, and Five Quarters lost, by each such Commissioners or by such Secretary.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the said United Company for the time being, and for One Year after the said Chairman and Deputy Chairman shall have quitted their respective Offices, to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage, to and from The East Indies only; provided that such Letters and Packets shall be upon the Consignments of the said Company only; and provided that such Letters shall be addressed or superscribed wholly in the Hand Writing of the Chairman or Deputy Chairman, and his Name added thereto in his Hand Writing; and also that it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company to send and receive Letters and Packets to and from The East Indies only, addressed and superscribed in like manner, free from Postage for One Year from and after the passing of this Act, and so longer.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage to and from The East Indies only, by the Ships of the said Company, provided that such Letters to be sent and received do not collectively exceed the Weight of Five Quarters, by each Ship of the said Company; and that such Directors shall and may

continue

continue to send and receive such Letters and Packets for One Year after he or they shall have gained the said Ships.

XXIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent such Public Officers who now send and receive Letters and Packets free of Postage, from sending and receiving Letters and Packets to and from *The Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius, Saint Helena and The East Indies*, in the same manner as they are now authorised by Law to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

XXV. And Whereas, by a certain Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend Three Acts made in the Thirtieth, Thirty first, and Forty second Years of His present Majesty, relating to the Conveyance of Letters and Packets by the Post*, amongst other things, His Majesty's Navy and Non Commissioned Officers in the Army, within any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, whilst actually employed in His Majesty's Service, were authorised to send and receive by the Post, on his or her own Private Conscience only, Single Letters, upon Payment of One Penny for each Letter, under the several Restrictions in the said Act contained: And Whereas it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said Act to Seamen in the Navy, whilst actually employed in His Majesty's Service in *The East Indies*, and to Non Commissioned Officers in His Majesty's Army, whilst actually employed in His Majesty's Service in *The East Indies*, and also to the Seamen and Non Commissioned Officers in the Army actually employed in the Service of the *East India Company*: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for each and every Seaman employed in His Majesty's Navy within any Part of *The East Indies*, and to and for every Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer, Trumpeter, Fifer and Private Soldier in His Majesty's Regular Forces, Militia, Fencible Regiments, Artillery or Royal Marines, whilst actually employed in His Majesty's Service in *The East Indies*, and also to and for every Seaman, whilst actually employed in the Service of the *East India Company*, and to and for every Sergeant, Corporal, Drummer, Trumpeter, Fifer and Private Soldier in the Service of the said Company, whilst actually employed in the Service of the said Company, and not otherwise, to receive by the Post, on his own Private Conscience only, free from Postage, Single Letters; provided that the several Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act heretofore enacted shall be complied with; and likewise to send Single Letters by the Post, on his own Private Conscience only, on Payment of One Penny upon putting the same into any Post Office, under the several Regulations and Restrictions in the heretofore recited Act contained.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Powers, Advantages, Penalties and Methods for the Recovery of the same, contained in the said recited Act, in far as relates to Soldiers and Seamen's Letters, shall be applied and extended, and shall be construed to apply and extend to this present Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

XXVII. And Whereas it is expedient to alter and amend an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Most Gracious Majesty, intituled *An Act for making certain Regulations respecting the Postage of Ship Letters, and of Letters in Great Britain*: Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act as authorizes the Postmaster General to take a Rate of Six pence a Letter for single Letters, and so on in Proportion for Letters brought by Vessels other than Packet Boats from Places within His Majesty's Dominions, and from Kingdoms and Countries beyond the Seas to Great Britain; and as authorizes Persons in Places within His Majesty's Dominions and Countries beyond the Seas to receive from the Masters of Vessels coming from thence into Great Britain, Letters and Packets which may be collected and brought by such Masters to them for the Purposes in the said Act mentioned, and to receive from such Masters at the Rate of Three Shillings for every Fifty Letters or Packets, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Number, and as directs the manner in which such Letters are to be transmitted by such Masters of Vessels to Great Britain; and so much of the said Act as authorizes the Masters of Vessels to collect Letters and Packets within His Majesty's Dominions and Countries beyond the Seas, for the Purposes in the said Act mentioned, and which directs the Sum of Three Shillings for every Fifty Letters, and is in Proportion for a greater or lesser Number, to be repaid to such Masters, and as authorizes the Payment of Two pence for every Letter to such Masters; and also so much of the said Act as imposes a Penalty of Five hundred Pounds upon any Master who shall upon any Flag or Bags of Letters, or who shall take out of such Bag any Letter or Letters, or shall not duly deliver such Bag at the Place where he shall arrive; and likewise so much of the said Act as imposes a Penalty of Five Pounds upon any Person sending any Letter or Packet by any Ship or Vessel of which he shall not be Owner, without bearing the Official Mark of the Postage having been paid thereon; and as imposes a like Penalty upon any Master having on board or carrying any Letter not being the Letter of his Owner, without such Official Mark thereon; and so much of the said Act as authorizes the Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officers of the Customs, to search Ships or Vessels for Letters or Packets, and to issue and forward the same to the Postmaster General; and also so much of the said Act as authorizes such Collector, Comptroller or Officer as aforesaid on Oath to such Master, that he has not any Letters which have not paid the Rate of Postage on board his Ship or Vessel, nor being the Letters of the Owners of his said Ship; and likewise so much of the said Act as directs, that on the Arrival of any Ship at Port, the Master shall sign a Declaration that, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, he has delivered all the Letters, Bags or Parcels of Letters on board his Vessel, and as imposes a Penalty of Fifty Pounds upon any Master neglecting or refusing to make such Declaration; and likewise so much of the said Act as imposes a Penalty of Twenty Pounds upon any such Collector, Comptroller or principal Officer who shall permit any Ship or Vessel to break Bulk until the Registers of the said Act be complied with; and also so much of the said Act as directs the Mode of recovering the Pecuniary Penalties by the said Act imposed, and the Application of the same; and also so much of the said Act as renders

Public Officers
now sent, to
have sent by
Vessels to and
from India.

46 G. 3. c. 91.

16 Geo. 3.

Seamen and Soldiers
shall have, as
if it had, the
same Privilege
of sending and
receiving Letters
free, on their
own Conscience.

Persons of
all ranks to be
included in Act.

34 G. 3. c. 106.

§ 2.

§ 3.

§ 4.

§ 5.

§ 6.

§ 9.

§ 10.

§ 11.

§ 14.

§ 15.

§ 16.

Persons

repealed.

Letters brought
by Vessels or
Packets, except
from India, and
to pay for the
Single Letters,
and otherwise
Vessels shall be
at.

Opening Bags.

Penalty.

Owners may
send Letters on
board their own
Vessels to India,
and from any
Portage, on cer-
tain Conditions.

Owners or Ship-
pers of a Ship
may do so.

Owners of Vessels
may receive
Letters in like
Manner.

as in Owners
or Consignees
of Goods.

All not to re-
ceive Letters of
Consignment,
of Vessels arriving
before 15th Feb.
1816.

Letters from
Governors of
Colonies, or by
Agents of such
Governments,
are chargeable
with Postage.

Owners' Letters
according
to right allowed
and not paid
Office.

Rate of Postage
for Consignment
of Letters.

Persons guilty of a Misdemeanor who shall forge or cause to be forged any Stamp, Mark of Postage or Designation upon any Letter, with Intent to avoid the Payment of the Rate of Postage, shall, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be and the same are hereby repealed.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Postmaster General to demand, have, receive and take for every Letter which shall be brought by Ships and Vessels (other than Packet Boats) from Places within His Majesty's Dominions, and from any the Kingdoms and Places beyond the Seas, into Great Britain, except from *The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies*, a Sea Postage of Eight pence for every Single Letter, and so in Proportion for Packets, in addition to any Inland or Internal Postage which may arise upon the Inland Conveyance of such Letters and Packets; and for the Encouragement of the Masters of such Ships or Vessels, it shall be lawful for the Postmaster General to allow all such Masters the Sum of Two pence a Letter or Packet upon all such Letters and Packets as they respectively, on their arrival from Ports beyond the Seas, shall deliver unto the Deputy or Deputies of the Postmaster General, for such Place or Port Town at which they shall touch or arrive.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Master of any Ship or Vessel shall upon any Inland Bag, Package or Parcel of Letters, with which he shall have been entrusted, or shall take out of such Bag, Package or Parcel any Letter or Letters whatsoever, or shall not duly deliver such Bag, Package or Parcel with the Letters at the Post Office on his arrival in Port, without wilful or unavoidable Delay after his Arrival, every such Master so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Owners, Chiefs or Consignees of Vessels, to send their Letters on board their own Ships, from any Port in *Great Britain to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies*, free from the Sea Postage; provided that such Letters shall be endorsed with the Words "Owners or Chiefs or Consignees Letters," and the Christian and Surname, and Place of Abode, of the Owner, Charterer or Consignee, or the Firm of the Owners who shall be the Writer of the same; and provided that the Letter be sent and endorsed by any Owner or Owners, Charterer or Consignee, as the whole Number of Letters, if there shall be more than One Letter, from each Owner or Owners, Charterer or Consignee, shall not collectively exceed the Weight of Twenty Ounces.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Owners or Shippers of Goods to send Letters with their Goods on board any Ship or Vessel from any Port in *Great Britain, to The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius and The East Indies* free from the Ship Letter Postage; provided that such Letter shall be endorsed with the Christian and Surname of the Writer, or the Firm of the Writers, and with the Words "Owners or Shippers of Goods" shipped on board the [*Join the Name of the Ship*] bound to [*Join the Place*]; and provided the Letter or Packet of any such Owners or Shippers, or the whole Number of Letters, if there shall be more than One, from each Owner or Shippers, shall not collectively exceed the Weight of Six Ounces.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Owners, Charterers or Consignees of Vessels resident in *Great Britain*, to receive their Letters by their own Vessels from any Place within His Majesty's Dominions, or Countries beyond the Seas, free from the Sea Postage; provided that such Owners, Charterers or Consignees shall be endorsed as such in the Address and Supercription of such Letters; and that such Letters to any One Owner, Charterer or Consignee, shall not, if coming from any Place in *The East Indies*, exceed collectively the Weight of Twenty Ounces; and if coming from any other Port beyond the Seas, exceed collectively the Weight of Six Ounces.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Owners or Consignees of Goods on board Ships arriving from Abroad to receive Letters free from the Sea Postage by such Ships, provided that such Owners or Consignees shall be described as such in the Address and Supercription thereof, and provided it shall appear by the Ship's Manifest that such Persons actually have Goods on board such Ships, and that the Letter or Letters addressed to any One such Owner or Consignee shall not collectively exceed the Weight of Six Ounces.

XXXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall extend to prevent the Letters of Owners, Consignees or Freighters of Ships arriving in this Country from *The East Indies* before the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to receive their Letters free of Postage as heretofore, although they may exceed the Weight herein limited, or may not be marked as directed by this Act.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this, or in any other Act contained, shall extend to charge with the Duty of Postage any Letters or Packets redelivered by the Governors of His Majesty's Settlements of *Ceylon, The Cape of Good Hope or The Mauritius*, or by the Secretaries of their Governments respectively, to the Agents of those respective Governments residing in *England*, or by their Agents to such Governors or Secretaries: Provided always, that the Customs of such Letters and Packets relate *Inter alia* to the Public Revenue, or Concerns of such Governments, and that they are supercribed by such Governors, Secretaries or Agents respectively.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Collector, Comptroller or other Officer of His Majesty's Customs, find any Letter or Letters supercribed in the Letters of such Owners, Charterers, Consignees or Shippers, exceeding the Number or Weight limited by this Act, then it shall and may be lawful for such Collector, Comptroller or other Officer to seize so many of the Letters as shall exceed the Remainder within the proper Weight, and shall take the same to the nearest Post Office, and the Postmaster of the Place shall pay to the Officer delivering the same at the Rate of Two Shillings and Six pence for each Letter or Packet so seized.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Rate of Postage for the Conveyance of Letters and Packets by Packet Boats, or Ships or Vessels employed as Packet Boats, to any Port of His Majesty's Dominions and Countries beyond the Seas, excepting *The East Indies*, shall and may with the Consent of the Lords Commis-

from of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, either be received at the Post Office in Great Britain, upon forwarding the same, or by the Deputy or Deputies of the Postmaster General upon their Delivery.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Collector, Comptroller or other Officer of His Majesty's Customs, at any Port or Place whatsoever, and he is hereby authorised to require a Declaration from any Commander of any Ship or Vessel sailing to *The Cape of Good Hope, The Mauritius or The East Indies*, that he has not nor will take any Letters on board his Ship which have not been delivered to him by Authority of the Postmaster General, or which are not exempted from Postage by this Act; which Declaration shall be in the Form, or to the Effect following:

'I, A. B. Commander of the [*State the Name of the Ship or Vessel*] bound to [*State the Place*] do, as required by Law, solemnly declare, That I have not to the best of my Knowledge and Belief on board my Ship or Vessel, nor will I take any Letters which have not been delivered to me by Authority of the Postmaster General, or which are not exempted from Postage.'

And in case any such Commander shall make a false or untrue Declaration he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That on the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel in any Port where there is a Post Office, or at the Port of its Destination, the Master shall immediately send to the Care of all the Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters, and all other Letters on board his Ship, and shall, to the utmost of his Power, procure all his Crew and Passengers to send any Letters which may be in their Possession, except such Letters as are exempted by this Act; and the Master shall at the same time, or at the Port or Place where the Ship or Vessel shall report, sign a Declaration in the Presence of the Person authorised by the Postmaster General at the Port or Place, who shall also sign the same; which Declaration shall be in the Form, or to the Effect following; that is to say,

'I, A. B. Commander of the [*State the Name of the Ship or Vessel*] arrived from [*State the Place*] do, as required by Law, solemnly declare, That I have, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, delivered or caused to be delivered at the Post Office at [*State the Place*] every Letter, Bag, Package or Parcel of Letters that were on board the [*State the Name of the Ship*] except such Letters as are exempted by this Act.'

And that until such Declaration shall be made and produced to the Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officer of the Customs, he or they shall not permit such Ship or Vessel to report.

XL. And be it further enacted, That if any Master of any Ship or Vessel shall wilfully refuse or neglect to make the several Declarations by this Act required, or to produce the last mentioned Declaration, he shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector, Comptroller or Principal Officer, hereby required to prohibit any Ship or Vessel reporting until the Requisites of this Act shall be complied with, shall permit such Ship or Vessel to report, such Collector, Comptroller or Officer, so permitting such Ship or Vessel to report, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Collector, Comptroller or Officer, at any Port or Place whatsoever, who, in the due Execution of his Duty as a Revenue Officer, shall discover any Letters or Packets on board any Vessel in any Port or Place whatsoever, contrary to the Provisions of this Act, to seize and take all such Letters and Packets, and to forward the same to the Postmaster General or his Deputy, at the Port or Place; and that the Officer seizing and sending the same shall be entitled to use Molesey of the Penalty which may be recovered for any such Offence; and that in all cases of such Seizure the Proof shall lie on the Person in whose Possession or Baggage the Letters or Packets shall be found that the Provisions of this Act have been complied with.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters shall be brought by any Ship of War, the Commander thereof shall cause the same and all Letters which may be on board (except the Public Dispatches of Government) to be immediately sent to the Post Office, at the First Port where he shall arrive; and such Commander shall, for all such Letters, be entitled to receive the same Allowances as are payable to Masters of Ship or Vessel.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen from any unforeseen circumstances, that the Master of any Ship or Vessel, or the Commander of any Ship of War, shall, upon delivering his Bags, Packages or Parcels of Letters, be prevented from receiving the Money to which he shall be entitled, such Master or Commander shall nevertheless be paid the same, by the Order of the Postmaster General, at such other Place as may be most convenient.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the Rates of Postage heretofore mentioned for the Conveyance of Letters and Packets by the said Packet Boats, Ships or Vessels from any Port in Great Britain, to any Port to *The East Indies*, shall be received by the Deputies of the Postmaster General, upon their Delivery in *India*, and that the Rates of Postage for the Conveyance of Letters from any Port or Place in *The East Indies* to Great Britain shall be received at the Option of the Person sending the same, or upon their Delivery in Great Britain or *Indo-China*, by the Deputies of the Postmaster General in *India* upon forwarding the same.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if, after the Master of any Vessel shall have delivered his Letters at the Post Office of any Port at which he may touch, prior to his arriving at that Port where the Ship or Vessel is to report, any Letter or Packet not exempted by this Act, shall be found on board his Vessel, in his Possession, or in the Possession of any of his Crew, or any Passenger on board, every such Person knowingly having such Letter or Packet in his Possession or in his Baggage, shall forfeit and pay for every Letter the Sum of Five Pounds.

General or Post Office.
Commanders of Vessels having Letters on board and in which follow-
ing

Declaration.

Penalty.

Top of Letter is delivered in Accord.

Declaration on Delivery of Letters.

Refusing to make Declaration.
Penalty.

Vessels being before Requisition complied with.
Penalty.
Officers or fourth Packages.

Great penalties.

Commanders of Ships of War to send Letters to Post Office.

Money due to Masters of Vessels by Postmaster General.

Postage paid on Delivery.

Forfeiting Letters on board of Ship or Vessel, if not Officer.

Penalty.

XLVII. And

Fully signed
Letters, 1 means
as being ship
owners, &c.
Payable.
Penalties here
are not and
applied.

† 30.

After 1st/20th
month, if these
Months shall
remain till
passing Public
Mail, any Pen-
alty may arise
to those without
being subject to
Penalties of Act.

Not to exceed 10
Chas. Lewis.

No Penalties ac-
cording to
Establishment of
Mails (which
have Effect within
the Month).

Admission levied
for carrying
Letters contrary
to 9 Geo. 1. c. 20.

Art. 1. s. 4. 21.
in this Act.

Once printed.

Application of
Rais.

Extension of
Actions.

General Office.

Tribute Cols.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall falsify or forge any Letter as being the Owner, Charterer or Consignee of the Vessel conveying the same, or the Owner, Shipper or Consignee of the Goods shipped in the Vessel, every such Person and Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That One Month of the several Penalties hereby imposed shall be payable to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Month to any Person who shall and will inform and sue for the same, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, or in the Colony or Place where the Offence shall be committed, wherein no Office, Protection or Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be admitted.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time hereafter the Establishment of such Vessels as aforesaid, a Space of Three Calendar Months shall have elapsed without any Public Mail having been dispatched from Great Britain to The Cape of Good Hope and The Mauritius, and the several Presidents of Fort William, Fort Saint George and Bombay in The East Indies, it shall be lawful for any Person to send, or take on board, and carry any Letters or Packets from Great Britain to each of the said Places to which no Mail shall have been so dispatched during the time aforesaid, or from each of the Places aforesaid from which no Mail shall have been so dispatched to Great Britain, without being subject thereto to any of the Penalties, Forfeitures, Payments or Restraints in this Act contained, until some Public Mail shall have been again dispatched from Great Britain to each Place, or from each Place to Great Britain.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Letters or Packets to or from China, but that they may be sent and carried as heretofore has been used; any thing to the contrary herein contained notwithstanding.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall incur or become liable to any of the Penalties by this Act imposed, so far as the same shall relate to Letters to be sent to and from India, unless the Provisions hereinafter contained, as to establishing Vessels for the Conveyance of Mails of Letters to The East Indies, shall be carried into Effect within Six Months from the passing of this Act.

LII. And be it further enacted, That in any Action or Suit against any Person or Persons, for collecting, carrying, conveying, delivering or sending Letters or Packets contrary to the Provisions in an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for establishing a General Post Office for all Her Majesty's Dominions, and for settling a weekly Sum out of the Revenues thereof for the Service of the War, and also Her Majesty's Successors, or contrary to the Provisions in an Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending so much of an Act, passed in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the forcing, embossing or disguising any Letter or Packet sent by the Post, and for the better Protection of such Letters and Packets, and for more effectually preventing Letters and Packets being sent otherwise than by the Post, or in either of them, or contrary to the Provisions of this Act, the Proof shall be on the Person or Persons against whom such Action or Suit shall be brought, for delivering or sending Letters or Packets, that the same were delivered or sent according to the Provisions contained in the said last mentioned Acts, or one of them, or according to the Provisions contained in this present Act.**

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Moneys to arise by the several Rats and Duties as aforesaid (except the Moneys which shall be necessary to defray such Expenses as shall be incurred in the Management and Collection of the same), shall be paid into the Receiver of the Exchequer at Westminster, and carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the same shall be commenced within Twelve Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or that such Action or Suit shall be commenced after the time before limited for bringing the same, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon a Verdict for the Defendant, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or defendant on his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Triple Costs, and have the like remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other case by Law.

C A P. CLIV.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[Orth July 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for providing Munition and Detention; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, it is enacted, that Officers and Soldiers shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer upon paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament; and an Oath is given to Innkeepers and others, upon whom Officers and Soldiers are quartered and billeted, to furnish certain Articles gratis, in lieu of Diet and Small Beer; and it is just and expedient that an adequate Allowance shall be made and established for Provisions and other Articles furnished to Officers and Soldiers; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with

the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non-Commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer within these Parts of the United Kingdom specified in the said recited Act by the Insubholders or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of Fourteen pence per Diem until the Twenty-fourth Day of July inclusive, and from and after that Day the Sum of One Shilling per Diem; and that for each Allowance of Fourteen pence and One Shilling, the Insulholder or other Person shall furnish One Meal, *videlicet*, a loaf of Bread as required in each Day, to each Non-Commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and billeted on him, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as have been or shall be specified and fixed on and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetable provisions to be brought cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed by the said Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Insulholder or other Person on whom any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Man shall be quartered within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Act, be furnished with Diet and Small Beer, at the Rate prescribed by this Act, such Insulholder or other Person on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been supplied, shall receive in Consideration thereof, One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier, which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rate aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Insulholder or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Articles belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Act, for Hay and Straw shall be One Shilling and Two pence per Diem for each Horse.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Insulholders or other Persons on whom they may be billeted, within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rate heretofore prescribed while on the March, as also annual for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day, in and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billeted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof; in which case it shall be lawful for the Insulholder, or other Person as aforesaid, to discontinue on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish to him touching the Articles in the said recited Act specified, and at the Rate heretofore prescribed.

V. Provided always, That if any Volunteer or other Personable by the said recited Act to have Soldiers billeted or quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of furnishing in kind, the Diet and Small Beer to which such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Act, every such Volunteer or other Person may be proceeded against and fined in like manner as if he or she had refused to furnish or allow according to the Direction of the said recited Act, the several Things respectively directed to be furnished to Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers to be quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto, shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Person as whom they shall be billeted at such intermediate Place, for such time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to the said Act.

VII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders, that it is not intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, shall halt for any longer time than One entire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of Halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Insulholder or other Person on whom the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be billeted, to discontinue on such Market Day, the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Insulholders and other Persons aforesaid, upon such Market Day as aforesaid, at the Rate heretofore prescribed, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto, if such Day had not been a Market Day; say thing heretofore contained to the contrary hereto notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in Recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March, and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are heretofore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit entitled after the Two Days subsequent to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rates heretofore prescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also nevertheless, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, in returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for such Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period be-

Allowance for
Diet of Non-
Commissioned
Officers and
Soldiers.

Further Allow-
ance of One
Halfpenny per
Diem.

Hay and Straw
at 1s 2d per
Diem and for
Hay and Straw.

Regulations
with respect to
Diet of Non-
Commissioned
Officers and
Soldiers on
March.

Paying Money
to Non-Commis-
sioned Officers,
Ac. on March in
lieu of Diet, Ac.
Penalty.

Proviso for Non-
Commissioned
Officers, Ac.
when halted.

If halting only
for Day after
Arrival and that
a Market Day,
Diet and Small
Beer not to be
interrupted.

Regulations as
to Recruiting
Parties and Rec-
ruits on March.

Proviso.

twice the time of their Removal from each Place, and their Return thither, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

Continuance of Act.

Proviso for Payment, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Continuance and be in force from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and that all Payments which have been made, and all Acts, Matters and Things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Act altered, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered and varied by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CLV.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers Wash, Spirits and Licences imposed by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty; and for enabling His Majesty by Order in Council to modify the Operations of the said Act, or reduce the Duties thereby imposed.

54 G. 3. c. 175.

41.

Part of Duties continued.

His Majesty by Proclamation or Order in Council may modify Operations or reduce Duties.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers Wash, Spirits and Licences; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; it was provided, that One Fourth Part of the said several Duties by that Act imposed should expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be continued for a time to be limited: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Fourth Part of the said several Duties by the said Act imposed, and which would expire on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be, and the same Fourth Part of the said several Duties is hereby further continued from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and shall remain and continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case His Majesty, at any time before the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall in His Royal Discretion judge it to be for the Benefit and Advantage of Scotland, or of the Highlands of Scotland, to modify the Operations or reduce the Duties by this Act and by the said Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty imposed on the Highlands of Scotland, for any time not exceeding the Space of Three Months after the then next Meeting of Parliament, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to so modify the Operations or to reduce the Duties so imposed on the Highlands of Scotland, in such manner as to His said Majesty shall seem meet, and as in such Proclamation or Proclamations or Order or Orders in Council shall be specified, stated and expressed.

C A P. CLVI.

An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders; to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

54 G. 3. c. 176.

repealed.

Exception, Proviso.

Parliament intendeth all of Crimes punishable by Transportation, transported accordingly.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the efficient Transportation of Felons and other Offenders, and for authorising the Removal of Prisoners in certain Cases; and for other Purposes therein mentioned*: And Whereas the said Act hath been continued by different Acts: And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to appoint certain Places, as well out of His Majesty's Dominions as within the same, to which Felons and other Offenders may be transported; and that the Regulations of the said Act should be amended, and more effectual Provision made for the Transportation of such Offenders: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act of the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall be and the same is hereby repealed: save and except as to all Acts done under the same before the passing of this Act; and also save and except as to all Proceedings commenced before the passing thereof: Provided always, that it shall be lawful in any case in which any Proceedings have been commenced under the said Act, to proceed after the passing of this Act, under the Provisions thereof, in relation to any Offender, in any case in which it shall be expedient so to do.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, before which any Person or Persons shall have been or shall be convicted at any Session of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, or at any General Session to be holden for the County Palatine of Chester, or within the Principality of Wales, or of Grand or Petty Larceny, or any other Offence for which such Person or Persons shall have been or be subject to be transported, to order and adjudge, or any subsequent Court holden at any Place for

the same County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place respectively, with like Authority, to order and adjudge that such Person or Persons so convicted as aforesaid, shall be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not exceeding the Number of Years or Terms for which such Person or Persons so or are or shall be liable by any Law to be transported; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to declare and appoint any other Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, in addition to such as shall have been heretofore declared and appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, either within His Majesty's Dominions, or elsewhere out of His Majesty's Dominions, to which any such Persons or other Offenders shall be conveyed or transported; and such Court as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to order such Offenders to be transported to the Use of any Person or Persons, and he or their Assigns, who shall contract for the due Performance of such Transportation; and when His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to extend Mercy to any Offender or Offenders who hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes, for which he, she or they is, are or shall be by Law excluded from the Benefit of Clergy, upon Condition of Transportation to any Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, either for a Term of Life or any Number of Years, and such Intention of Mercy shall be signified by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, it shall be lawful for any Court having proper Authority, to allow such Offender or Offenders the Benefit of a Conditional Pardon, and to order such Offender or Offenders to be transported for such Term of Life or Years as shall be specified in such Condition of Transportation as aforesaid, and to make such Order of Transfer as aforesaid; and when any Offender or Offenders hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes, for which he, she or they is or are by Law excluded the Benefit of Clergy, the Judge before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, or any Justice of The King's Bench, Common Pleas or Bases of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Court, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall have been tried in any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery in England, or any Justice of Chief or Peace, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted within any of their respective Jurisdictions, shall, on such Intention of Mercy as aforesaid being signified to him by One of the said Principal Secretaries of State, make an Order for the immediate Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and for such Offender or Offenders to be transported as aforesaid, in the same manner as if such Intention of Mercy had been signified by One of the said Principal Secretaries of State, during the Continuance of the Assizes or Sessions at which such Offender or Offenders was or were condemned; and such Order shall be considered as an Order made at such Assizes or Sessions as aforesaid, and shall be as official and have all the same Consequences as any Order for the Transportation of any Offender or Offenders, made by any Justice of Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, for any County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, during the Continuance of the Assizes or Sessions; and such Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, he or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of such Offender or Offenders for such Term of Life or Years for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported.

His Majesty
may appoint
Places.

His Majesty
may extend Mercy
to Offender
before or Death,
Court may or
for him to be
transported.

Courts may
have Property in
Service of
Offenders.

Clerks of Assizes,
the said Clerk
of the Peace.

Persons under-
taking to trans-
port Offenders
are sureties.

Court may ap-
point Justices to
contract for
Transportation
of Offenders, as
sureties by
Bond.

Provision for
Transportation.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough, Town or Place, the same Fee as hath been usually paid, or such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court is entitled to for the Order of Transportation of any Offender.

IV. And be it enacted, That every Person or Persons to whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be transferred as aforesaid, shall, before any of them shall be delivered over to him or them to be transported, give Security that he or they will transport or cause to be transported effectually such Offender or Offenders to such Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas respectively, as shall be appointed by His Majesty in such manner as aforesaid; and procure such Evidence as the nature of the case will admit, of the landing of such Offender or Offenders in Transmigration as aforesaid, in that Place or Part, or those Places or Parts beyond the Seas, whither he, she or they shall be ordered to be transported (Death and Catholism by Sea excepted); and that he, she or they shall not be suffered to return to Great Britain or Ireland by the willful Default of the Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, or of his or their Assigns.

V. And be it also enacted, That every such Court as aforesaid may appoint two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, where such Offender or Offenders shall have been convicted, who shall have Power and are hereby required to contract with any Person or Persons who shall be nominated by one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, for the Performance of the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and to order such Security to be taken as aforesaid; and also to cause such Offender or Offenders to be delivered, by the respective Gaolers or Persons in whose Custody he, she or they shall be, to the Person or Persons so contracting, or to his or their Assigns; which Contracts and Security shall be certified by the Justices, who shall make and take the same to the next Court to be holden with the like Authority for the said County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, to be filed and kept among the Records of such Court; and all Securities for Transportation shall be by Bond in the Name of the respective Clerks of the Peace or other Clerks of the Court, who shall prosecute such Bonds in their own Names; for which Purpose every such Clerk of the Peace or Clerk of the Court, and his Successors respectively, shall be deemed a Body Corporate, and shall have and be paid all such Costs as they shall sustain in any such Suit, as the Justices of the Peace shall at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace direct, out of the Public Stock; and all Moneys recovered on such Bonds shall be for the Use of the respective County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, and be paid to their respective Treasurers, to be Part of the Public Stock; and all Charges in or about making the Contracts, taking Securities, and conveying Persons and other Offenders, in order to be transported, shall be borne by

each County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, for which the Court was held within ordered such Offenders to be transported; and the respective Treasurers shall, by Order of the Justices in Quarter Sessions, pay all such Charges to the Persons employed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, and to whom any Offenders shall be delivered in order to be transported, or any Person or Persons directed by the said Justices (empowered to contract as aforesaid) or their Assigns, may in such manner as they shall think fit, carry and secure the said Offenders in and through any County of Great Britain, towards the Sea Port or Place from whence they are to be transported; and if any Person or Persons shall refuse such Offenders or any of them, or assist them or any of them in making their Escape from such Person or Persons as shall have them in their Custody as aforesaid, he, she or they shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender or Offenders who shall be so ordered by any such Court as aforesaid to be transported, or who shall agree to transport himself or herself on certain Conditions, either for Life or any Number of Years, to any such Place or Places, Part or Parts, as shall be appointed by His Majesty in manner aforesaid, shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, without force lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Time for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported, or shall have agreed to transport himself or herself as aforesaid, every such Offender being at large as aforesaid, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death; and such Offender or Offenders may be tried either before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, for the County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended and taken, or from whence he, she or they were ordered to be transported; and the Clerk of the Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Officers, or Clerk of the Court having the Custody of the Records where such Order of Transportation shall be made, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other Person on His Majesty's behalf, make out and give a Certificate in Writing signed by him, containing the Effect and Substance only (without the formal Part) of every Judgment and Conviction of such Offender or Offenders and of the Order for his or her Transportation, to the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, where such Offender or Offenders shall be indicted (not taking for the last more than Six Shillings and Eight pence) which Certificate shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Order for the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders; and whoever shall discover and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender or Offenders for being at large as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same, as any Person or Persons may be entitled unto for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction, Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway: Provided nevertheless, that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may pardon and dispense with such Transportation, and allow of the Return of any such Offender or Offenders to this Kingdom.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty from time to time, by an Order in Writing or be notified by One of the said Principal Secretaries of State, or for any Three or more of such of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place in which any Gaol shall be situated, as shall be authorized by His Majesty under His Sign Manual, to direct the Removal of any Male Offender or Offenders who shall be under Sentence of Death, but arrived during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation, and who having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, shall appear to be free from any period or infectious Disemper, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prison in which such Offender or Offenders shall be confined, to such Place of Confinement within England or the Dominion of Wales, either at Land, or on board any Ship or Vessel to be provided by His Majesty in the River Thames, or any Navigable or other River, or within the Limits of any Port or Harbour of England or Wales, at His Majesty, or any Three of such Justices authorized as aforesaid, shall from time to time appoint, under the Management of a Superintendent and Over-see to be appointed by His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices authorized as aforesaid; and every Offender who shall be so removed shall continue in the said Place of Confinement, or be removed to and confined in any other such Place or Places as aforesaid, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices authorized as aforesaid, from time to time shall appoint, until such Offender shall be transported according to Law, or by the Expiration of the Term of such Transportation or otherwise shall be entitled to his Liberty, as said His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices be authorized as aforesaid, shall direct the Return of such Offender to the Gaol or Prison from which he shall have been so removed; and the Sheriff or Gaoler having the Custody of any Offender whose Removal shall be ordered in manner aforesaid, shall with all convenient Speed, after the Receipt of the Notification of any such Order, convey or cause to be conveyed every such Offender to the Place appointed, and there deliver him to such Superintendent or Over-see, together with a true Copy, attested by such Sheriff or Gaoler, of the Caption and Order of the Court before which such Offender was tried, containing the Sentence of Transportation of each such Offender respectively, by virtue whereof he shall be in the Custody of such Sheriff or Gaoler; and also a Certificate containing his Age, and an Account of his Behaviour in Prison before and after his Trial, and the Gaoler's Observations on his Temper and Disposition, and such Information concerning his Connections as he may have come to the Gaoler's Knowledge; and such Superintendent or Over-see as aforesaid shall give a proper Receipt in Writing to the Sheriff or Gaoler for the Discharge of such Sheriff or Gaoler.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all reasonable Expences which the Sheriff or Gaoler shall incur in every such Removal shall be paid by the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, for which

Persons con-
tracting to
transport Of-
fenders, may
carry them
through any
County to Sea
Port.
Death.

Offender at
large before Ex-
piration of
Term.

Death.
Return where
Offenders tried.

Certificate.

Fee.

Informers.

Reward.

Proviso.

His Majesty
authorized to
order Removal
of Male Of-
fenders.

Gaoler, &c. to
deliver Off-
ender according
to Order with
Certificate, &c.

Expenses of
Removal.

which the Court in which the Offender was committed shall have been held, and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expenses from the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place; such Expenses being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in that behalf.

X. And be it further enacted, That where any Offender shall be brought to any such Place of Confinement as aforesaid, in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he shall be washed, cleaned and purified, and the Clothes in which he shall be then clothed shall be honest if necessary, or otherwise shall be purchased and taken Care of for him, by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement, and redelivered to him upon his quitting it, or sold for his Benefit, and the Produce thereof accounted for to him by the Overseer aforesaid; and when such Offender shall be finally discharged, either at the End or other Determination of his Term, such other decent Clothing as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Superintendent aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Offender by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement from which he is discharged, and also such Sum of Money for his immediate Subsistence, as the said Superintendent shall think proper, in as such Sum shall not in any case exceed Three Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That after the Removal of any Offender under this Act, the Superintendent or Overseer who shall have the Custody of him, shall, during the Term of such Custody, have the same Powers over him as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler, and in like manner be answerable for any Escape of such Offender; and also during such Custody shall see him fed and clothed according to a Scale of Diet and Clothing to be fixed on and settled in Writing by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Superintendent; and shall keep such Offender in Labour, at such Places, and under such Regulations, Directions, Limitations and Restrictions, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices so authorized as aforesaid, shall from time to time, by any Order to be directed to such Superintendent or Overseer from their Instructions, appoint: And it is hereby declared, that the time during which any Offender shall have continued in Gaol under Sentence of Transportation, or being removed under the Provisions aforesaid, shall continue confined by virtue of this Act, shall be taken and reckoned in Discharge or part Discharge or Satisfaction of the Term of his Transportation.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender shall, during such Custody under this Act, be guilty of any Misbehaviour or disorderly Conduct, it shall be lawful for such Superintendent or Overseer having the Custody of such Offender, to inflict or cause to be inflicted such moderate Punishment or Correction as may be inflicted by Law on Persons committed to a House of Correction; and if any such Offender shall break from or unlawfully escape from the Custody of such Superintendent or Overseer; or if any Person shall refuse or attempt to refuse, or add in refusing any such Offender from such Custody, or shall convey or cause to be conveyed any Disguise, Instrument for effecting Escape, or Arms, to such Offender, every such Offender shall be punishable in the same manner as if such Offender had been confined in Gaol or Prison in the Custody of the Sheriff or other Gaoler, for the Crime of which such Offender shall have been convicted.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendent of the several Places of Confinement to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall from time to time make returns specifying the Name of every Person in Custody in each of such Places of Confinement, the Officer of which he or she shall have been guilty, to the Court before which he or she shall have been committed, and the Sentence of such Court, together with his or her Age and bodily State, and his or her Behaviour whilst in Custody; and also the Names of such Offenders who shall have died whilst in such Custody, or shall have escaped, or have been lawfully discharged from the same; which Returns shall be made on the First Day of every Eighth Term and the First Day of every Michaelmas Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, on the Oath of the Overseer of such respective Places of Confinement, such Oaths to be made before the said Court, or any Commissioner authorized to take Affidavits in the same.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint one fit and able Person to be Superintendent of any Place or Places of Confinement, either at Land or on board any Ship or Vessel to which any such Offenders shall be removed by virtue of this Act, and One proper Person to be Overseer or keeper of such Ship or Vessel, who, with a sufficient Number of Officers and Guards, shall constantly reside on board; and said Superintendent shall personally visit and inspect such Places of Confinement Four Times in every Year, or oftener if Occasions shall require, and shall distinctly examine into the State of such Places of Confinement, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Offenders, Officers and Guards, the Treatment and Conditions of the Prisoners, and the Amount of the several Expences, and the Expenses attending every such Place of Confinement, and shall make a faithful Report of the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall cause such Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament, at the beginning of every Session; and such Superintendent shall also, in Matters of extreme Necessity, make a special Report thereof to His Majesty's said Principal Secretary of State, who may, if he shall see fit, submit such special Report to the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who are hereby authorized to afford such Redress or provide such Regulations as they shall deem proper; and such Superintendent and Overseers shall continue in Office during His Majesty's Pleasure, and shall receive such Salaries as His Majesty shall appoint; and such Superintendent shall be paid such Travelling and other reasonable Expences as shall be incurred by him in Discharge of his Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender shall already have been ordered to be transported to any Part beyond the Seas, or if any Order shall at any time hereafter be made for the Transportation of any Offender, and such Order cannot be immediately executed with respect to the Place in such Order mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, or (in the Vacant Time and out of Term) for any Two Justices

Writing, Ac.
and cloth, Ac.
Offenders.

Overseers to
have same
Powers as
Gaolers.

Superintendent
to make Part of
Term.

Overseer may
inflict moderate
Punishment, Ac.
Escape or Refuse
have punished.

Superintendent
to make Re-
turns to K. B.
Returns to K. B.

Appointment of
Superintendent.

Justices may
at any Session
of Transpor-
tation.

Justice of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Barons of the Court of Exchequer of the Degree of the Calf, to order that such Offender shall be transported to any other Port or Place beyond the Seas which shall have been appointed by His Majesty for the Transportation of such Offenders, to such and the like manner, and for the same Term of Years, as such Offender is or shall be liable to be transported to the Place mentioned in the original Sentence or Order for his or her Transportation; and such Order shall be considered as made at the same time, and shall be as effectual in every Intent and Purpose, and shall have all the same Consequences in every respect, as the original Order for the Transportation of such Offender; and such Offender shall be transferred, conveyed and made over to any Person who will contract for the Performance of such Transportation, and to his or their Assigns, in like manner as if such Offender had been transported to the Place mentioned in the original Order of Transportation; and such Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, his or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of the said Offender for the Remains of the Term for which the Offender was originally ordered to be transported; and in case any such Offender is ordered for Transportation shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain, without some lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender shall have been ordered to be transported, every such Offender being thereof lawfully convicted shall suffer Death, without Benefit of Clergy; and shall be tried before such Judges, and in such manner, and the same Evidence made use of for his or her Conviction, as is or shall be directed by the Laws now in being, or hereafter to be made for the Trial of other Offenders who shall be at large within this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term for which they were ordered to be transported; and whoever shall discover and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender, so being at large within this Kingdom as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same as any Person may be entitled to for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway.

Consent to have Property as Service of Offender.
Offender at large before Expiration of Term.
Death.
How tried, &c.
Informa.
Reward.
Amount of Reward lost in case of Conviction.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution, so far as the same relates to the Removal of Prisoners, convicted, and remaining in Custody under Sentence of Death, and ordered during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation to other Places of Confinement, and which are not otherwise provided for, shall be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament, and shall be provided for in the next Supply to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

General Use.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same be done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Plaintiff or Defendants, his, her or their Action or Actions after being taken, or if, upon Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and notwithstanding a Verdict shall be given to any Plaintiff in such Action or Actions as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Treble Costs.

Limitation of Actions.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County and Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

Commencement of Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force till the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and no longer.

C. P. CLVII.

An Act for the better Examination of Witnesses in the Courts of Equity in Ireland; and for empowering the Courts of Law and Equity in Ireland to grant Commissions for taking Affidavits in all Parts of Great Britain. [14th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer in Ireland should be respectively empowered to appoint fit Persons in Great Britain to be Examining Commissioners for the Examination of Witnesses and taking Affidavits and Depositions in Suits in Equity depending in such Courts respectively, and that the Power of granting Commissions for taking Affidavits, which is now vested in the Courts of Law and Equity in Ireland, shall be enlarged, by enabling such Courts respectively to grant Commissions for the same Purpose in all Parts of Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of Ireland, or other Person or Persons having the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland for the time being, to appoint, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to appoint one or more fit and proper Person or Persons to go to and examine, in England and Scotland, Witnesses who shall be produced before such Person or Persons in England or Scotland, to be sworn and examined in Suits depending in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, as a Court of Equity, and to take in England or Scotland Affidavits, Pleas and Depositions of Defendants in such Suits and Affidavits of Parties and others in such Suits, in such and the like manner as the Masters in Ordinary of the said Courts of Chancery may direct, and the Examiner of the said Court may examine such Witnesses, and shall send

Lord Chancellor may appoint Persons to examine Witnesses and take Affidavits, &c. of Parties in England, &c. in Suits depending in Chancery in Ireland.

Magistrates may take such Affidavits, Pleas and Denials, and such Affidavits, according to the Practice of the said Court.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be in like manner lawful, from and after the passing of this Act, for the Lord Treasurers, Chancellor and Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland for the time being, or any Two or more of them, whereas the Lord Treasurers, Chancellor or Lord Chief Barons for the time being shall be One, to appoint, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to appoint, One or more fit and proper Persons and Persons to serve and examine in England or Scotland, Witnesses who shall be produced before such Person or Persons in England or Scotland, to be sworn and examined as Witnesses in Suits depending in the said Court of Exchequer in Ireland, as a Court of Equity, and to take, in England or Scotland Affidavits, Pleas and Denials of Defendants in such Suits, and to take Affidavits of Parties and others as Suits depending in the said Court of Exchequer of Ireland, as a Court of Law or of Equity, in such and the same manner as the Barons of the said Court may swear, and may examine such Witnesses, and as the said Barons may take such Affidavits, Pleas and Denials, and such Affidavits, according to the Practice of the said Court.

Lord Treasurers and Barons of Exchequer in Ireland may appoint Persons to serve as Witnesses in England or Scotland.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, the Master of the Rolls, and the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and the Barons of the Exchequer, or Five or more of them, of whom the Lord High Chancellor or Lord Keeper for the time being, the Chief Justice of the King's Bench, the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, or the Chief Barons of the Exchequer, shall be One, shall from time to time order and direct the Fees to be taken by the several Commissioners to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, exclusive of Travelling Charges and Expenses, when any such Commissioners shall be required to travel from his Place of Abode for any of the Purposes of this Act; and shall also from time to time order and direct the Rates to be taken for such Travelling Charges and Expenses.

Lord Chancellor, &c. may direct Fees to be taken and Travelling Charges.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons so to be appointed by the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer in Ireland respectively, shall hold such Office during the Pleasure of the Court in appointing them, and shall be deemed and taken to be Officers of the said Court, and shall be called Extraordinary Commissioners thereof, for the Purposes aforesaid; and that such Extraordinary Commissioners respectively shall have full Power and Authority to attend and sit with the said Court respectively at such Times and Places as they shall respectively appoint, to be sworn and examined as Witnesses in Suits depending in the Courts in appointing them, in the same manner as Commissioners appointed by Special Commission by such Courts respectively may examine such Witnesses.

Authority and Title of Officers appointed.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall be appointed as Extraordinary Commissioner under the Authority of this Act, shall, previous to entering upon the Duties of such Office, take the Oath of Office hereinafter mentioned and prescribed; which Oath shall be taken by every such Officer as shall be appointed by the Court of Chancery of Ireland to such Duty in England, before One of the Masters in Ordinary of the Court of Chancery of England, or other Person in England appointed by the Court of Chancery of England to take Affidavits in said Court, who are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer the same; which Oath shall in like manner be taken by every such Officer as shall be appointed by the Court of Chancery of Ireland to such Duty in Ireland, before One of the Lords of the Sessions in Scotland, or other Person or Persons lawfully authorized to take Affidavits in the said Court, who are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer the same; which Oath shall in like manner be taken by every such Officer as shall be appointed by the Court of Exchequer of Ireland to such Duty in England, before One of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer of England, or other Person in England appointed by the Court of Exchequer of England to take Affidavits in said Court who are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer the same; and which Oath shall in like manner be taken by every such Officer as shall be appointed by the Court of Exchequer of Ireland to such Duty in Ireland, before One of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer of Scotland, or other Person in Ireland appointed by the Court of Exchequer of Ireland to take Affidavits in said Court, who are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer the same; and every Oath so to be taken shall be, immediately after the same hath been taken, transcribed by the Officer so taking the same to the proper Officer for filing Affidavits in the Court by which such Person has been appointed such Extraordinary Commissioner, who shall, upon Receipt thereof, file and preserve the same in such manner as other Affidavits made in said Court are filed and preserved in his Office.

Persons appointed Extraordinary Commissioners under Act shall take Oath.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Oath to be taken in manner before mentioned shall be in the Form following:

I do solemnly and sincerely swear, That I will duly and faithfully, and to the best of my Skill and Power, execute the Office of an Extraordinary Commissioner of the Court of _____ for the Purposes mentioned in an Act passed in the _____ Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled *As to the better Examination of Witnesses in the Courts of Equity in Ireland, and for empowering the Courts of Law and Equity in Ireland to grant Commissions for taking Affidavits in all Parts of Great Britain*, and shall in every respect, to the best of my Knowledge, conform to the Rules and Orders of the said Court, and Preamble, of the said Act.

Form of Oath.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer of Ireland respectively, shall from time to time make such General or Particular Orders touching the Conduct of such their Officers in their respective Offices, and touching the Examination of such Witnesses, and the taking

Courts of Chancery &c. may make Orders.

working Com-
mittee of Officers.

Perjury.

taking of such Answers, Pleas and Demurrers, and such Affidavits in their said Courts respectively, and watch-
ing the transmitting the same to the said Courts respectively, as to the said respective Courts shall from time to
time from fit and proper.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall in England or
Scotland, be sworn or deposed, and examined as a Witness, or sworn or deposed in the Truth of any Answer
or Plea or Affidavit before any Officer or Officers who shall be appointed under the Authority of this
Act for taking the same, and who shall, in his or her Answer, Plea or Affidavit, wilfully swear or depose
falsely, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall incur and be liable to the same Pains and Penalties as if
such Person had wilfully sworn or deposed falsely in the open Court, wherein the Suit in which such Oath was
so taken then depended.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Courts of King's Bench and Common
Pleas in Ireland respectively, shall from and after the passing of this Act, have such and the same Powers of
granting Commissions for taking Affidavits in all Parts of Great Britain, as the Courts of King's Bench and
Common Pleas in Ireland respectively now have in Ireland; and all and every Person and Persons wilfully
swearing falsely in any Affidavit to be made before any Person who shall be empowered to take Affidavits
under the Authority aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall incur and be liable to the same
Pains and Penalties as if such Person had wilfully sworn falsely in the open Court wherein the Suit in which
such Affidavit was so taken at such time depended.

Powers of
Courts of King's
Bench, &c. ex-
tended, as to
granting Com-
missions for
taking Affidavits
in G. B.
Perjury.

C A P. CLVIII.

An Act to enable Grand Jurors to present additional Sums for Costables in Ireland, and for the
secure Conveyance of Prisoners.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty second Year of His present
Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for regulating the Office of Costables, and for better enforcing the
Process of the Criminal Law in certain Parts of the Kingdom*; it is, among other things, enacted, that
the Grand Jury of each County at large shall and may at each Assizes present any Sum not exceeding Four
Pounds for every Costable, in every Barony or Half Barony in which a Costable shall be appointed by
the Grand Jurors, in certain Counties in Ireland under the said recited Act; And Whereas by an Act made
in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland,
by appointing superintending Magistrates, and additional Constables in certain Cases*, it is enacted by
an Act made in this present Session of Parliament, Constables may have been appointed or continued by Grand
Jurors in certain other Counties in Ireland; and it is expedient to provide for the better Payment of Con-
stables so heretofore appointed or continued, or who may hereafter be appointed or continued; Be it there-
fore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi-
ritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Grand Jury of every County at large in Ireland, shall and
may at each and every Assizes present any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for every Costable who shall
have been appointed or continued at any time before the passing of this Act, or who at any time after the
passing of this Act shall be appointed by the Grand Jury of such County at large, in every Barony or Half
Barony, under the Authority of the said recited Acts, or either of them, not exceeding such Number as may
by Law be appointed in any One Barony or Half Barony; and all Sums so to be presented shall be levied and
valued out of every such Barony or Half Barony, in such Proportions as the Justices of the Peace of the County at
large are rated on such Barones or Half Barones respectively; and such Sums shall be presented and raised
for such Constables, and shall be paid to them respectively by the Treasurers of the said Counties respectively,
under such and the like Rules and Regulations as are required and so far as respects the performing,
raising and paying the Sums payable to such Constables under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately
before the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury, at any Assizes
or Performing Term in Ireland, to present such Sum as shall be necessary from time to time for providing such
Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition as such Grand Jury shall deem necessary or fit for any and every such
Constable to have, in and for the Execution of his Duty; and the said Sums shall be paid by the Treasurers
of the County to such Person or Persons as such Grand Jury shall think proper to employ and contract with
for providing such Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition as soon as it shall appear to such Treasurer by
Receipt of the Constable, certified by the Affidavit of such Constable, that all such Arms, Accoutrements
and Ammunition have been duly furnished according to the Contract for that Purpose.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief
Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order and direct the Lord High Treasurer of
Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, to issue out of the
Consolidated Fund of Ireland, any such Sum and Sums of Money as he or they shall from time to time think
necessary for the providing and paying for any such Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition, or any Part
thereof, at such times and in such manner as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of
Ireland shall order and direct; and that whenever it shall be ordered by any such Grand Jury, that such
Arms, Accoutrements and Ammunition have been provided and paid for under such Orders of such Lord
Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, then and in such case, such Grand Jury shall not enter
into any Contract for the Supply of any such Arms, Accoutrements or Ammunition, or of such Part thereof
as shall be mentioned in such Notification; and thereafter such Sum or Sums as shall be presented for the same,

28 G. 3. (1)
c. 115.

54.

24 G. 3. c. 131.

Act, c. 14.

Grand Jurors
empowered to
present 10l. at
every Assizes,
for Constables
appointed by
Grand Jurors
under Acts.

Grand Jurors to
provide Sums
for Arms for
Constables.

Money for
Arms paid out
of Consolidated
Fund.

or such Part thereof as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the Treasurer of the County to the Collector of Excise of the District, to be by him applied in like manner as other Public Money in his Hands.

IV. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, as he or their Excellencies, as the Petition of any such Constable, supported by the Recommendation of the Grand Jury of the County within which such Constable shall be appointed, and by such Constables as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall require or direct, of the Commissioners of the Revenue of such Constable, and of his having executed the Duty of his Office with Diligence and Fidelity, to order that such Constable shall and may be superannuated, and shall and may receive such yearly Allowance, Remuneration or Superannuation, as in such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall from time to time appear, upon the Conditions, and not according to the Provisions in this Act mentioned; and thereupon such Constable shall cease to hold such Office, and the yearly Sum to which he shall be become entitled, shall be preferred by the Grand Jury in Two equal Sums, one at each Alliance, during his Life, on its being proved to the Satisfaction of such Grand Jury that such Person is living.

V. Provided always, and he is enacted, That the Condition and Proportion of such Allowance, Remuneration or Superannuation shall be as follows: Where any Constable shall be under Sixty Years of Age, it shall not be lawful to grant any such Allowance, Compensation, Remuneration or Superannuation, unless upon Certificate from the Grand Jury of the County that such Constable is incapable from Infirmary of Mind or Body to discharge the Duties of his Office; in which case if he shall have served with Diligence and Fidelity for Ten Years, it shall and may be lawful to grant to him by way of Superannuation, any annual Sum not exceeding One third of the Salary of his Office; if above Ten Years and less than Twenty, any such Sum not exceeding One half of such Salary; if above Twenty Years, any such Sum not exceeding Two thirds of such Salary; if such Constable shall be above Sixty Years of Age, and he shall have served Fifteen Years or upwards, it shall and may be lawful, although there shall be no such Certificate of Incapacity, from Infirmary of Mind or Body or Mute, to grant to him by way of Superannuation, any annual Sum not exceeding Two thirds of the Salary of his Office; if Sixty five Years of Age or upwards, and he shall have served Forty Years or upwards, any Sum not exceeding Three fourths of such Salary; if Sixty five Years of Age or upwards, and he shall have served Fifty Years or upwards, any such Sum not exceeding the whole of such Salary.

VI. And Whereas as the Removal of Persons under Sentence of Transportation, or pardoned on Condition of Transportation, from the Gaol of the County to the Place of Embarkation, the usual Course in Ireland hath been, that the Expense of every such Removal hath been borne by the County in which the Person is removed was committed; and it is doubtful whether the same be sufficiently provided for by Law; Be it therefore enacted, That whenever any Person under Sentence of Transportation, or pardoned on Condition of Transportation, shall be so removed, then and in every such case the Amount of all and every the Costs, Charges and Expenses of such Removal, being fully touched by the Affidavit of the Sheriff or Sheriffs or Sub Sheriff of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, in which the Person is removed shall have been committed, or by any other Officer having the Charge of such Removal, shall be preferred by the Grand Jury of such County, County of a City or County of a Town, at the next or any subsequent Alliance or Polling Term, to be raised on such County, County of a City or County of a Town; which Sum so preferred shall be so raised accordingly, and paid by the Treasurer thereof to such Sheriff or Sheriffs, or Sub Sheriffs or other Officer.

VII. And he is further enacted, That whenever any Constable shall, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace carry and convey and safely lodge in the County Gaol, any Person or Persons charged with any Treason or Felony, and committed to such Constable by such Justice, the Sums of Three pence per Mile for each Mile such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be carried or conveyed, shall be paid to each of such Number of Persons as such Justice shall think necessary for guarding such Prisoner or Prisoners to the County Gaol, and who shall go along with such Constable to the County Gaol with such Prisoner or Prisoners; which said Sums shall be preferred by the Grand Jury of the respective Counties at the next or any subsequent Alliance, to be raised on such County; which Sum so preferred shall be raised accordingly, and shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County: Provided always, that no such Sum or Sums shall be paid by any such Treasurer, unless such Person or Persons so employed in guarding such Prisoners to any such Gaol aforesaid, shall produce a Copy of the Minutes under which such Prisoner or Prisoners were committed, and a Receipt from the Gaoler of such County Gaol, acknowledging that such Prisoner or Prisoners were safely lodged in Gaol, and provided that the Number of Persons so employed shall not exceed Six on any Occasion.

C. A. P. CLIX.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to Hackney Coaches; and for licensing Carriages drawn by One Horse.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Drivers of Licensed Hackney Coaches*; for amending and amending an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty relating to Hackney Coaches; and for authorizing the licensing of a limited Number of Hackney Chariots: And Whereas the Provisions in the said Act contained, for granting and delivering Tickets, have been found impracticable: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That,

§ 1-12.

repealed.

Commissions
may be made and
additional Hack-
ney Chariots
above Number
within 24 H. 3.
c. 147 § 12.

Magistrates as to
Number of Per-
sons carried in
Chariots.

Carriages with
Two Wheels
drawn by One
Horse licensed.

Days on Lo-
cations.

Fees
To carry Two
Persons.
Oxen, &c. in
Horse Hackney
Coach Acts re-
lated to such
Carriage.

42 G. 3. c. 11.
§ 4.

repealed.
Acts and
Fees.

Penalty.

from and after the passing of this Act, in each of the said recited Acts as relates to the providing of Tickets, as in the said Act mentioned, or delivering any such Tickets to Persons paying Fares, or as prohibits Complainants unless Tickets are produced, or accounting for any such Tickets, and all Provisions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures in the said Act contained, in relation to such Tickets, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

§ 11. And Whereas the Hackney Chariots which have been licensed under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament have been found very useful and convenient, and it is expedient to allow of an additional Number of such Chariots: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, on any Three of them, to license any additional Number of Hackney Chariots not exceeding Two Hundred, over and above the said Number of Two Hundred in the said recited Act mentioned, and in Addition to the Number of Hackney Coaches allowed to be licensed, as and when in their Discretion they shall see fit.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Owner or Driver of any Hackney Chariot shall be compellable or compelled to carry more than Three (a) Persons (not being Children in Arms or Laps) in his Chariot, and a Servant on the Outside at the same time, but every Owner or Driver of any Hackney Chariot who shall actually carry any greater Number shall be entitled to demand and to receive for every such additional Person (not being a Child in Arms or Laps), the Sum of One Shilling, over and above his regular Fare; and if he shall carry any such additional Person into the Country, and bring the same or any other additional Person hack again, shall be entitled to demand and receive, over and above his regular Fare, the Sum of One Shilling for going into the Country, and the Sum of One Shilling for returning; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches to the contrary notwithstanding. (a) [See 54 G. 3. c. 147. § 17.]

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for licensing and regulating Hackney Coaches, by and with the Approbation and Direction in Writing of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered under their Hands and Seals to license each Number of Carriages with Two Wheels and drawn by One Horse, as shall be specified in any such Approbation and Direction as aforesaid; and the Owners and Drivers of such Two Wheeled Carriages shall be chargeable and charged with the like Stew for Licenses as are now payable for Licenses for Hackney Coaches, and shall be entitled to demand, take and receive Two thirds of the Amount of the Fares, Rates and Penalties established by Law for Hackney Coaches and Chariots; and no Owner or Driver of any such Two Wheeled Carriage shall be compellable to carry more than Two Persons; and all Orders, Rules, Regulations, Bye-Laws, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Provisions, Matters and Things, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches or Chariots in the Cities of London and Westminster, shall extend and apply to and be put in force in relation to all such licensed Carriages, and the Owners and Drivers thereof, and to all Persons along the same, in like manner in every respect, and as fully and effectually, as if the same were in this Act severally and respectively re-enacted and repeated in relation to such Carriages, and as if the said Carriages had been included in the said Acts.

§ V. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty relating to Hackney Coaches, Hackney Coachmen are authorized to demand certain Fares over and above the ordinary and established Fares, where Hackney Coaches are hired and driven into the Country after certain Hours, as in the said Act mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient that such additional Fares should be repealed, and other Fares substituted in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, such additional Fares shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and that from henceforth the several additional Fares after mentioned shall be payable and paid; that is to say, in case any Hackney Coach or Chariot shall be hired in any Part of the Cities of London and Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof, the Borough of Southwark, or any Place adjoining thereto, where there is a regular Continuance of Carriage-way Payment, or at any Standing for Hackney Coaches or Chariots beyond any such regular Continuance of Carriage-way Payment, and discharged after the Hour of Seven in the Evening, between the Periods of *Michaelmas Day* and *Lady Day*, and after the Hour of Nine in the Evening between the Periods of *Lady Day* and *Michaelmas Day*, at any Place where there is not a regular Continuance of Carriage-way Payment as aforesaid, then shall or may be demanded over and above the ordinary and established Fares, the full Rate or Fare allowed by the said recited Act, in the several Extremities of continued Carriage-way Payments, or to any Standing for Hackney Coaches or Chariots beyond any such regular Continuance of Carriage-way Payment, where such Coach or Chariot shall have been hired, at the Option of the Person discharging such Coach or Chariot; and in case any Hackney Coach or Chariot shall be hired and driven into the Country, and then discharged in the Day time, and not after the Hours heretofore respectively mentioned, then shall or may be demanded, for the Return thereof to the source. Extremity of continued Carriage-way Payment, or to any Standing for Hackney Coaches or Chariots beyond any such regular Continuance of Carriage-way Payment where such Coach or Chariot shall have been hired, at the Option of the Person discharging such Coach or Chariot, for each and every Mile above the Number of Four Miles, the additional Rate or Fare of Six pence: Provided nevertheless, no such Allowance for Return shall be made for any lesser Distance than Four Miles, calculated as aforesaid.

§ VI. And Whereas by the Laws (b) now in force, Authority is given to Justices of the Peace to award Satisfaction, in case of Persons refusing or omitting to pay to Coachmen or Chariotmen the Money due for the Hire of their Coaches, or wilfully ignoring such Coachmen or Chariotmen, and to issue their Warrants for bringing such Persons before them, but no Authority is given to enforce the Payment of such Satisfaction is awarded, and it is expedient that such Authority should be given: Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person shall

(b) [9 Geo. 2. c. 23. § 22.]

enforce

refuse or omit to pay the Debt of any Hackney Coach or Chariot, or any Chairmen, the Magistrate justly do so to him for the Hire of the Coach or Chariot or Chair-hire, or shall wilfully deliver or in any manner impair the same, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace upon Complaint thereof to grant a Summons, or if it shall appear to him necessary a Warrant, for bringing before him the offending Party or Parties, and upon Proof made upon Oath to award reasonable Satisfaction to the Party so complaining for his Damage and Costs, and also a reasonable Compensation for the Loss of time on his Attendance in establishing such Complaint, and upon Refusal to pay or make such Satisfaction, to commit such Person or Persons to Prison, there to remain for any time not exceeding One Month, or until the Amount of such Satisfaction shall be paid and discharged.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for regulating Hackney Coaches, or the major Part of them, to direct and regulate the Number or Numbers and Make or Makes of Driftcoaches, as well interior as exterior, to be adopted and used by each Coach and Chariot, and from time to time to make such Orders and Regulations in respect to such numbering or marking, as to them shall seem expedient; and every Owner of any Hackney Coach or Chariot, who shall neglect or refuse to comply therewith, shall be subject to the Revocation of his Licence, or shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them; and in case of Nonpayment, the same may be levied by Distress on his, her or their Goods and Chattels.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That upon any Complaint of the Owner of any Hackney Coach or Chariot licensed by the said Commissioners against his or her Driver, or of a Driver against his Master, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or the major Part of them, and they are hereby empowered to require into the same, and to determine therein, and to award such Compensation to be made to them respectively shall seem proper; and to punish any such Owner or Driver, by affixing any Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, and in case of Nonpayment the same may be levied by Distress on his, her or their Goods and Chattels.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Driver in whole Coach or Chariot any Property whatever shall be left, by any Person or Persons hiring the same, and who shall not carry such Property within Four Days after the same shall have been so left, to the State in which it was found, to the Hackney Coach Office, and deposit the same with one of the Clerks of the said Office, shall be subject and liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them; and the Clerk with whom such Property is deposited is hereby required to give a Receipt for the same, and to make an Entry in a Book to be kept at the said Office, of the Description thereof, the Name and Address of the Driver bringing the same, and the Day on which it is brought; and the Property so entered shall be returned to the Person or Persons respectively, who shall prove to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, that the same belonged to him, her or them, such Person or Persons previously paying all Expenses incurred, together with such reasonable Sum as the Drivers who brought the same, as well reference to the Value of the Property in Question the said Commissioners shall award; provided nevertheless, that if such Property shall not be proved to belong to said Person or Persons within One Year, the same being been admitted in such manner as the said Commissioners may direct, such Property shall be sold; and after deducting from the Produce of the Sale all the Expenses incurred, the Balance shall be paid to the Driver who deposited the same.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Agreement or Engagement whatever, at any time or on any Occasion made with the Driver of any Hackney Coach or Chariot, for the Payment of more than his established Fare, shall be binding on the Person or Persons making the same, but any such Person or Persons may, notwithstanding any such Agreement or Engagement, refuse, on discharging such Coach or Chariot, the Payment of any Sum beyond the established Fare; and in case such Person or Persons shall actually pay to the Driver of any Hackney Coach or Chariot, whether in pursuance of any such Agreement or Engagement, or not, any Sum exceeding his established Fare, which shall have been demanded or required by such Driver, the Person or Persons paying the same shall be entitled, on Complaint against such Driver, to recover the Overplus paid; and such Driver shall be subject and liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied in case of Nonpayment by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Driver of any Hackney Coach or Chariot shall leave his Coach or Chariot at any Theatre or other Place of Public Resort or Entertainment unattended, whether he shall be heard or not, it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector of Hackney Coaches, Officer of Police, Constable or other Peace Officer, Watchman or Patrolman, to drive away such Coach or Chariot, and deposit the same at the nearest Place of Deposit; and the Driver of such Hackney Coach shall be subject and liable to a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied in case of Nonpayment, by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of the Offender.

XII. And Whereas by the Laws (a) now in force, the Drivers of Hackney Coaches are allowed after they have been out with their Coaches Twelve Hours, to refuse to go with Persons desirous of hiring their Coaches: And Whereas, such Permission is frequently made the Plea for Extortion, and is otherwise inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Driver who shall ply for Hire shall refuse, on the Pretence of having been out Twelve Hours (although he may have been out that time), to go with any Person or Persons desirous of hiring his Coach or Chariot, in any Direction, or to any Distance prescribed by Law, at the established Fare.

(a) [2 Geo. 4. c. 87. § 4.]

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for the time being, or the major Part of them, or any Justice or Justices of the Peace, when it may appear to them necessary, upon any Complaint being lodged before them against any Owner or Driver of any Hackney Coach or Chariot, or against any Waterman or Assistant to Hackney Coaches, or against any Chairmen, to issue their Summons for the Appearance before them, or their Warrant for the Apprehension of such

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Persons relating to any Driver his Ticket or Receipt, before any Peace Officer or Waterman.

Impressment.

Commissioners to regulate numbering of Coaches and Chariots.

Penalty.

Commissioners to hear and determine C. in disputes between Owners and Drivers of Hackney Coaches, &c.

Drivers of Hackney Coaches who leave Property left, to carry same to Hackney Coach Office within certain time, or subject to Penalty.

Agreement to pay more than established Fare not binding.

Penalty.

Hackney Coaches leaving Coach unattended.

Penalty.

Drivers not to refuse Fare although they may have been out Twelve Hours.

Commissioners or Justice may examine any Complaint, Drivers, Defendants Waterman, before them.

Owner, Driver, Waterman or Chinaman, to be examined touching the said Complaint, or to answer the same, at the call may be.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Driver of any Hackney Coach or Chaise, or any Chinaman or Waterman, who shall make use of any abusive or insulting Language, or other rude Behaviour, or who shall exhibit any Insult to any Hackney Coachman, Officer of Police, Constable, or other Peace Officer, Watchman or Patrol, in the Execution of his Duty, and who shall on Complaint being made before any Justice of the Peace, or the Commissioners of the Hackney Coach, or the major Part of them, be convicted of the same, shall be subject and liable to a Penalty, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices, or Commissioners as aforesaid, not in any case exceeding Two Pounds; and in Default of the Payment of such Penalty, he to be awarded, to be committed to Prison for a Period not in any case exceeding Two Months.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures to be recovered under this Act, or under any former Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to Hackney Coaches, shall be applied, One Moiety thereof to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Informer; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures, of whatsoever nature the same may be, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches, in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, and for several Statutes, Powers, Provisions and Regulations contained in any such Act or Acts (in which were expressly stated by this Act) shall be, and the same are hereby declared to continue in as full Force and Effect as if this Act had not been made.

C. A. P. CLX.

An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more effectual Manning of His Majesty's Navy during the present War.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS His Majesty by His Order in Council dated the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, was pleased to order that General Exemptions be granted against the Ships, Goods and Subjects of France, subject to such Exemptions as His Majesty may at any time or times hereafter be pleased to declare, in that as well His Majesty's Fleet and Ships, as all its other Ships and Vessels that should be commissioned by Letters of Marque, or General Exemptions, or otherwise, by His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, shall and lawfully may seize all Ships, Vessels and Goods belonging to France, or to any Person being Subjects of France, or inhabiting within any of the Territories of France, being such Exemptions as His Majesty may at any time or times hereafter be pleased to declare, and bring the same to Judgment: And Whereas His Majesty hath, by His Royal Mandement, been graciously pleased, by His Proclamation dated on the said Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to declare His Intention to give the Benefit of all Prizes taken during the present War to the Captains thereof, being in His Majesty's Service, or duly commissioned, save as therein excepted: Now, for the Encouragement of the Officers and Seamen of His Majesty's Ship of War, and of His Armed Vessels in the Service of His Majesty, and of the Owners, and Officers and Seamen, of all other British Ships and Vessels having Commissions or Letters of Marque; and for inducing all British Seamen, who may be in any Foreign Service, to return into this Kingdom, and become serviceable to His Majesty; and for the more effectual securing and extending the Trade of His Majesty's Subjects, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Flag Officers, Commanders and other Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, on board any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Pay, shall have the whole Right and Intend to and in all and every Ship, Vessel, Goods and Merchandise, detained in the said Order in Council by which His Majesty has ordered General Exemptions to be granted against the Ships, Goods and Subjects of France, which they have taken subsequent to the Date of the said Order, or shall hereafter take during the Continuance of Hostilities against France, after the same shall have been adjudged lawful Prize to His Majesty, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, which shall be duly authorized to take Cognizance of the same, to be divided in such Proportions, and after such manner, as His Majesty, by His Proclamation, hath already ordered and directed, or as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall think fit to order and direct by any Proclamations hereafter to be issued; and the Commanders, Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, on board His Majesty's Armed Ships, shall have such Right and Intend to and in all and every Ship, Vessel, Goods and Merchandise, which they have taken or shall take as aforesaid, after Adjudication as aforesaid, as His Majesty, by His Proclamations, hath been pleased to direct, or as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may order and direct by any Proclamations hereafter to be issued: Provided nevertheless, that in all Prizes taken by any of His Majesty's Squadrons, Ships or Vessels, while acting in Conjunction with any Squadron, Ship or Vessel, of any other Power in Alliance with His Majesty, a Share of such Prizes shall be for a part, and be at His Majesty's Disposal, equal to that Share which the Flag and other Officers and Crews of such Squadrons, Ships or Vessels, would have been entitled to if they had belonged to His Majesty.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Flag Officers, Commanders and other Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, on board every Ship and Vessel of War in His Majesty's Pay, being armed, officered and employed in His Majesty's Service, who shall take any Fortress upon the Land, or any Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandise and Treasure, belonging to the State, or to any Public trading Company of any of His Majesty's Estates upon the Land, or any Ship or Vessel, or Goods or Merchandise

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Index on board the same, in any Creek, River, Haven or Road, belonging to and defended by such Fortresses upon the Land, shall have the Right and Interest to and in all and every such Ship or Vessel, Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandise and Treasure, after final Adjudication thereof as lawful Prize to His Majesty, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, duly authorized as aforesaid (which Courts are hereby required to proceed thereon as in other cases of Prize), to be distributed in such Manner and Proportion as in other cases of Prize.

III. And be it further enacted, That in Conquest Expeditions of the Navy and Army against any Fortresses or Possessions of His Majesty's Enemies upon the Land, the Flag and General Officers, and Commanders, and other Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, acting on such Conquest Expeditions, shall have such proportional Right and Interest in His Majesty's Share of the Spoils, as in all the Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandise and Treasure, belonging to the State, or to any Public trading Company of such Enemies, which shall be found in such Fortresses or Possessions, and also in all and every Ship or Vessel, with their Arms, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, and all the Goods, Merchandise and other Effects on board the same, which shall be captured in any Road, Haven, River or Creek belonging to such Fortresses or Possessions, after final Adjudication thereof as lawful Prize to His Majesty in any of the Courts aforesaid (which Courts are hereby required to proceed thereon as lawful Adjudication); and the Share allotted to the Fleet by such Distribution shall be distributed in the same Manner and Proportions as in other cases of Prize; and the Share allotted to the Army shall be distributed amongst the Officers and Soldiers, in such manner as His Majesty shall under His Sign Manual be pleased to direct: Provided nevertheless, that the Right and Interest hereby given to the Army employed on such Conquest Expeditions shall not extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to entitle the said Army to Share in the Distribution of any Ships or Vessels, Goods, Merchandise or Effects captured in the Voyage to or from such Fortresses or Possessions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons belonging to any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or to any Merchant Ship employed in His Majesty's Service, who shall run away, or withdraw himself or themselves from the Ship or Vessel by which any Prize or Prizes shall be taken from any of His Majesty's Enemies, or shall otherwise desert or withdraw himself or themselves from His Majesty's Service, before or after Notification as by Law directed shall be given, of the Day appointed for the Payment of the several Shares to the Captors of the said Prize or Prizes, or who shall be marked on the Books of any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as having run therefrom, shall have, or be entitled to have or claim, any Lot or Lots in or Benefit from the said Share or Shares of the said Prize or Prizes, or the Bounty Money or number men used, or any Part thereof, that shall then remain unpaid; but such Shares and also the Shares of all Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers and others, as well on board armed vessels as on board His Majesty's Naval War, which shall not be legally demanded within Six Years after the time have been paid to the Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, by virtue of any Law then in force, shall be forfeited, and to the Use of the said Hospital, which with respect to such Officers and Seamen as it shall be marked as "Run," such Mark shall be taken off by Order of the Commanders for securing the Office of Lord High Admiral or Grow Baron, or by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy; provided nevertheless, with respect to the Service of such Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers heretofore mentioned, which shall not be claimed within the time above limited in that behalf, that if reasonable Cause shall be shown and allowed by the Directors of Greenwich Hospital for the time being, or Time or more of them, or by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, why such said mentioned Shares were not claimed in due time, the said Shares shall not be forfeited.

V. Provided Always, and be it enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, or Boat, taken as Prize, or any Goods thereon, shall be proved in any Court of Admiralty having legal Cognizance thereof, so have belonged to any of His Majesty's Subjects (which Ships, Vessels, Boats or Goods were before taken or captured by any of His Majesty's Enemies, and at any time afterwards again captured and retaken by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or any Privateer, or other Ship, Vessel or Boat, under His Majesty's Protection and Orders), such Ships, Vessels, Boats and Goods as aforesaid, formerly belonging to His Majesty's Subjects, shall nevertheless (five in such as are hereafter excepted), be adjudged to be restored, and shall be, by the Decree of the said Court of Admiralty, accordingly restored to such former Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, or as they pay, for and in lieu of Salvage, if taken by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by armed vessels, One eighth Part of the true Value of the Ships, Vessels, Boats and Goods respectively to be restored, which said Salvage of One eighth shall be ascribed and paid to the Flag Officer, Captain, Officer, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, in His Majesty's said Ship or Ships of War, to be divided in such manner as before; and the Act is directed, touching the Share of Prizes belonging to the Flag Officer, Captain, Officer, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, whose Prizes are taken by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, and it is enacted, that by any Privateer or other Ship, Vessel or Boat, One sixth Part of the true Value of the said Ships, Vessels, Boats and Goods, all which Payments to be made to the Owner or Owners, Officer or Officers, or Seamen, or other Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be without any Deductions, and shall be divided in such Manner and Proportions as shall have been agreed on by them respectively: the Distribution of Prizes; and in case such Ship, Vessel, Boat or Goods, shall have been retaken by the joint Operations or Means of One or more of His Majesty's Ships, and One or more Private Ship or Ships, then the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or other Court having Cognizance thereof, shall order and adjudge such Salvage to be paid to the Recaptors by the Owner or Owners of such retaken Ship, Vessel, Boat or Goods, as he shall, under the circumstances of the case, deem fit and reasonable, which Salvage is to be adjusted, shall be accordingly paid by the Owners of such retaken Ship, Vessel or Goods, to the Agents

Greek, &c. distributed thereby, divided in other Prizes.

Division of Prize taken in Conquest Expeditions of Army and Navy.

Private.

Persons running away are not entitled to any Share; and Shares are claimed in Six Years, to give Greenwich Hospital.

On reasonable Cause, shown, Shares not forfeited.

Vessels, &c. of His Majesty's Subjects retaken from Enemy restored as Prizes of Salvage.

In what case
Ship taken as
Prize.

Agents of the Receivers, in such Proportions as the said Court shall adjudge; but if any Ship or Vessel taken and retaken as aforesaid, shall appear to have been, after the taking by His Majesty's Forces, by them first taken as a Ship or Vessel of War, the said Ship or Vessel shall not be referred to the former Owners or Proprietors, but shall, in all cases, whether captured by any of His Majesty's Ships or by any Privateers, be adjudged lawful Prize for the Benefit of the Captors.

Benefit of 1/2
for every Man
on board in
Liberation of
Enemy of any
Ship of War or
Enemy taken or
destroyed.

VI. And, as a further Encouragement to the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers and others, on board His Majesty's Ships of War, as also of Privateers, to attack any Ships of War or Privateers belonging to the Enemy, be it enacted, That there shall be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, upon Bills to be made forth by the Commanders of the Navy, to be paid according to the Course thereof, without Fee or Reward, unto the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers and others, who shall have been actually on board any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or hired armed Vessels, or of any Privateer, at the actual taking, sinking, burning or otherwise destroying, any Ship or Ships of War, or Privateer belonging to the Enemy, during the period War, Five Pounds for every Man who was being on board any Ship or Vessel so taken, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, at the beginning of the Attack or Engagement between them, the Number of such Men to be proved by the Oath of Three or more of the Chief Officers or Men who were belonging to the said Ship or Ships of War, or Privateer of the Enemy, or belonging to any of them at the time of her or their being taken as Prize, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed; or, in case to many as Three shall not swear the Engagement, upon the Oath of each of them as shall favour, before the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of the Port within any of His Majesty's Dominions, whereunto such Prize, or Officers or Men of such Ships as were taken, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, shall be brought, or before the British Consul or Vice Consul residing at any Neutral Port to which such Prize, or Officers or Men, shall be brought, which Oaths the said Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of any such Port, or Consul or Vice Consul, are hereby respectively empowered and required to administer; and the said Mayor or other Person shall, without Fee or Reward, forthwith grant a Certificate thereof, and also of the Depositions or Depositions having thereto made Oath that, to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief, no other Person belonging to the Enemy's Ships or Ship favored the Engagement, which Certificate shall be directed to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy; and, upon the Production thereof to them, together with an authentic Copy of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation of such Ship is taken; or where such Certificate cannot be had and obtained, then upon producing only a Copy of the Sentence or Decree of Condemnation, whereby the Number of Men on board such Ships of the Enemy shall appear to have been proved; or if such Ships be sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, on producing only a Certificate from the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, or Consul or Vice Consul as aforesaid, the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint for that Purpose, shall, according to the Course of the Navy, within Fifteen Days, make out Bills for the Amount of such Bounty, directed to the Treasurer of the Navy, payable to and to be divided amongst the Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, on board His Majesty's Ships of War, or hired armed Ships, in Manner, Form and Proportion, as by His Majesty's Proclamation for granting the Distribution of Prizes already issued or to be issued, is or shall be directed and appointed, and amongst the Owners, Officers and Seamen, of any Private Ship or Vessel of War, in such Manner and Proportion as by any Agreement in Writing they shall have entered into for that Purpose, shall be directed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases where such Oath and Certificate cannot be administered and granted at the said Port whereunto any Prize, or Officers or Men of such Ships as have been or shall be taken, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, shall be brought, such Oath or Oaths relating to any Prize or Prizes that shall be taken, or to any Ships of His Majesty's Forces that shall be sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed as aforesaid, shall and may be administered and taken by and before the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate of any Port within any of His Majesty's Dominions, or by or before the British Consul or Vice Consul residing at any Neutral Port whereunto such Prize or Prizes, or Officers or Men of such Ships belonging to His Majesty's Forces as have or shall be taken, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, shall at any time afterwards be brought, Proof being first made by Affidavit before such Person or Persons, of the Issuance of making such Oath or Oaths, and obtaining such Certificate at the said Port; and the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, Consul or Vice Consul, shall thereupon grant such Certificates as are hereinbefore directed, which Certificates shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were granted by the Mayor or other Chief Magistrate, Consul or Vice Consul, of the Port to which such Prize or Prizes, Officers or Men as aforesaid, shall be first brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that where such Oath of the Number of Men on board any Ship or Ships is taken, burnt, sunk or otherwise destroyed, cannot be had by reason of the total Destruction of the Officers and Crew of such Ship or Ships, then, and in every such case, the Number of Men on board such Ship or Ships, at the beginning of the Attack or Engagement, shall be ascertained by such Evidence, as, under the circumstances of the case, shall by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or by the Judge of any other Court of Admiralty duly authorized, be deemed sufficient Proof thereof: Provided likewise, that in any case in which Doubts shall arise, whether the Party or Parties claiming Head Money are entitled thereto, the same shall be summarily determined by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or by the Judge of any other Court of Admiralty, in which the Prize shall have been adjudged, subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the Lords Commissioners of Appeal in Prize Causes.

Oath.

Certificates.

Proofs.

Proofs.

Proofs.

Appeals.

Bills for Bounty
payable to
Agents.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Bill or Bills to be made out for the Bounty hereby granted to the Commanding Officers, Seamen, Marines and others of His Majesty's Ships of War, or hired armed Ships, for taking, sinking, burning or otherwise destroying any Ships of War or Privateers belonging to any of His Majesty's Enemies, shall be made payable to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized and appointed, as the Law directs, Agents for Appraisements and Sales of such Prizes in respect of which such Bounty shall be payable, the

same Bounty to be distributed and divided by the said Person or Persons so authorized and appointed amongst the Captains, or such Masters, Yards, and Proprietors as aforesaid; and the several Shares of such Captains as shall rise from His Majesty's Service and of such as shall not be legally despoiled within the times prescribed for the Demand of Prize Money, shall be applied to the Use of the said Royal Hospital at Greenwich, subject to the same Privileges and Exceptions as in the case of Prize Money; and that the said Bill or Bills to be made out for the Bounty hereby granted to Privateers for taking, burning, sinking or otherwise destroying, any Ships or Vessels belonging to any of His Majesty's Enemies, shall be made payable to such Person or Persons as shall be nominated and appointed by the Ower or Owners, Officers and Seamen of such Privateers or Privateers, who shall have taken, burnt, sunk or otherwise destroyed the same, or the major Part of them, to be divided in such Manner and Proportions as shall have been agreed as by them as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Regulations hereto contained respecting Prizes shall apply to all cases of Bounty Money granted by this Act, and in all cases of Salvage upon Receipts from His Majesty's Enemies.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects to confer, or to enter into any Contract or Agreement for confining any Ship or Vessel belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, or any Merchandise or Goods on board the same which shall be captured by the Subjects of any State at War with His Majesty, or by any Persons committing Hostilities against His Majesty's Subjects, whilst in the case of Neutrality, to be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Contracts and Agreements which shall be entered into, and all Bills, Notes and other Securities, which shall be given by any Person or Persons for ransom of any Ship or Vessel, or of any Merchandise or Goods on board the same, contrary to this Act, shall be absolutely void and of no Effect whatsoever.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, contrary to this Act, confer, or enter into any Contract or Agreement for ransoming any such Ship or Vessel, or any Merchandise or Goods on board the same, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Commander of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or of any armed Ship in His Majesty's Service, or of any Private Ship or Vessel of War, shall agree with the Commander or Commanders, or other Persons or Persons or of belonging to any Neutral or other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, or the respective Cargo or Cargoes thereof, or any Part thereof, for the Ransom of any such Ship, Vessel or Cargo, or any Part thereof, after the same shall have been taken as Prize, and shall, in performance of such Agreement, or otherwise by Collusion, actually quit, set at liberty, release or discharge any such Ship, Vessel or Cargo, or any Part thereof, instead of bringing the same into some Port belonging to His Majesty's Dominion, or after the same shall have been brought into Port, shall by Collusion release the same, that then every such Commander of such Ship or Vessel of War, or armed armed Ship, or Private Ship or Vessel of War, who shall agree for any such Ransom, and shall be as aforesaid quit, set at liberty, release or discharge, any such Ship, Vessel or Cargo, or any Part thereof, solely in case of Neutrality, to be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty, shall forfeit and suffer such Penalty or Fine as the said Court shall adjudge; and the Commander of such Private Ship of War shall likewise forfeit his Letter of Marque.

XIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it hereby enacted, That if any Ship, Vessel or Boat, belonging to any of His Majesty's Subjects, which shall have been taken by the Enemy, shall be retaken before she has been carried into an Enemy's Port, it shall be lawful for her, if the Recaptors consent thereto, to prosecute her Voyage, and it shall not be necessary for the Recaptors to proceed to Adjudication till after Six Months, or till the Return of the Ship to the Port from which she sailed; and it shall be lawful for the Master, the Owners, or their Agents, with the Consent of the Recaptors, to unload and dispose of their Cargoes before Adjudication; and in case the Vessel shall not return directly to the Port from whence she sailed, or the Recaptors shall have had no opportunity of proceeding regularly to the Adjudication within Six Months, on account of the Absence of the said Vessel, the Court of Admiralty shall, at the Instance of the Recaptors, decree the Restoration to the former Owners, paying Salvage, upon such Evidence as to the said Court shall, under the circumstances of the case, appear reasonable.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods or Merchandise, shall be taken by the Commander, or other Person having the Charge or Command of any Privateer by Collusion or Contrivance, the Ship and Vessel, and Goods and Merchandise so taken, shall upon Proof thereof, and that the said Ship, Vessel, Goods or Merchandise are lawful Prize, to be made in any Court of Admiralty having legal Cognisance thereof, be declared and adjudged to be good Prize to His Majesty; and one Month thereof shall be to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person who shall discover and sue for the same; and the Bread given by the Captain or Commander of such Privateer shall be, and is hereby declared to be, forfeited to His Majesty; and in case any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods or Merchandise as aforesaid, shall be taken by any Commander, Captain or other Officer having the Command of any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to His Majesty, or of any armed Vessel so His Majesty's Service, by Collusion or Contrivance, the said Ship, Vessel, Goods and Merchandise so taken, shall, on Proof thereof, and that the same are lawful Prize, to be made in any Court of Admiralty having legal Cognisance thereof, be declared and adjudged to be good Prize to His Majesty, and shall remain at the Disposal of His Majesty; and the said Commander, Captain or other Officer aforesaid, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds, One Month thereof to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of such Person who shall discover and sue for the same.

XV. And

Enforce and
Enforcement of
Bounty as of
Prize Money.

Regulations of
Prize to apply
to Bounty, &c.

No Ship or
Goods belong-
ing to His
Majesty's Sub-
jects captured.

Contracts for
Ransom void.

Ransoming con-
trary to Act.
Penalty.

Ransoming or
ransomably so-
lving, Ship or
Goods taken as
Prize.

Penalty.

Ship of His
Majesty's Sub-
jects, retaken
before carried
into Port, may
prosecute her
Voyage.

Collusion
Captains.

Penalty.

Commander de-
serving Commis-
sion for War,
or being one of
Comds having
His Majesty's
Dispatches, in
possession of these
in Indian Shores.

Private Ships
bearing Commis-
sion for War,
which under
Comds, not to
serve in Peace.

Admiral may
give Letters of
Marque.

Division of
Prize taken by
Private Commis-
sion Ships.

Exception to the
Vessels in Service
of Commerce
or Trade.

Application for
Letters of Marque
in Writing,
and to contain
Particulars con-
sidered.

Inspection made
of Ship.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Captain, or other Commander of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or hired armed Vessels in His Majesty's Service, having Transports or Merchant Ships or Vessels under Convey, shall wilfully desert or fall away from them, in pursuit of and with the view of capturing any Ship or Vessel of the Enemy (other than Ships or Vessels armed and fitted for War, and which shall be first having aboard or having down upon such Convey), or, having captured a Prize, shall wilfully desert the Convey for the purpose of carrying his Prize into Port; or if the Commander of any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, having His Majesty's Dispatches on board, shall fall out of his proper Course in pursuit of and with the view of making Prize of any Ship or Vessel of the Enemy, and shall be duly convicted thereof by Sentence of a Court Martial, such Commander shall forfeit the Share of all and every such Prize to His Majesty, for the Use of Greenwich Hospital.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall enable any Private Ship or Vessel having a Commission for War, and which shall receive General Orders and Instructions thereon, and put herself under the Convey of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, to serve as any Private or Prize taken by such Ships or Vessels of His Majesty, or by such Private Ship or Vessel, having a Commission for War, or Letter of Marque, whilst the said Commissioned Ship or Vessel shall remain under the Care and Protection of such Convey, unless such Private Ship or Vessel shall have received Orders from the Commander of the Conveying Ship to chase, or otherwise act hostily against the Enemy, and shall have been actually sailing and engag- ing as such Captain.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them empowered and appointed, shall, at the Request of any Owner or Owners, whom they shall deem fully qualified, of any Ship or Vessel duly registered according to Law (such Owner or Owners giving such Bill or Security as hereinafter is mentioned or expressed), cause to be issued in the usual manner one or more Commission or Commissions, or Letter or Letters of Marque and Reprieve, to any Person or Persons whom such Owner or Owners shall nominate to be Commander, or in case of Death, successively Commanders, of such Ship or Vessel, for the attacking, pursuing, taking, and taking by and with such Ship or Vessel, or with the Crew thereof, any Place or Fortress upon the Land, or any Ship or Vessel, Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods or Merchandise, belonging to or possessed by any of His Majesty's Enemies in any Sea, Creek, Haven or River; and that such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods and Merchandise whatsoever, with all their Tonnage, Tackle and Appurtenances, be taken by or with such Private Owner or Owners' Ship or Vessel, according to such Commission and Commissions, or Letter or Letters of Marque, after such Advertisement as lawful Prize in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any other Court of Admiralty in His Majesty's Dominions, which shall be duly authorized thereto, shall wholly and entirely belong to, and be divided between and among the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and the several Persons who shall be so divided the same, and be adding and adding in the taking thereof, in such Shares and Proportions as shall be agreed on with the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, their Agents or Factors, as the proper Goods and Charities of such Owner or Owners, and the Persons who shall be entitled thereto by virtue of such Agreements among themselves; and that neither His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, nor any Admiral, Vice Admiral, Governor or other Person commissioned by or claiming under His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, nor any other Person or Persons whatsoever, other than the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, being the Captain of such Prize Ship or Vessel, Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods and Merchandise, and the Persons claiming under such Agreements shall be entitled to any Part or Share thereof, except as in the Customs and Duties hereafter mentioned; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to enable any Person or Persons to any Interest in such Ship or Vessel, Goods or Merchandise, as may be captured by any Private Ship or Vessel of War belonging to or hired by, or in the Service of His Majesty's Commissioners of Customs or Excise, but that the same Ships or Vessels, Goods and Merchandise, so captured, shall belong to His Majesty, and be applied and disposed of in such manner as His Majesty, under His Sign Manual, shall order and direct, after legal Advertisement thereof.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons, who shall apply to the said Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, or any Person or Persons by him or them empowered and appointed, in order to obtain any Commission or Letter of Marque to be granted or issued forth in pursuance of this Act, shall make every such Application in Writing, and therein set forth a particular, true and exact Description of the Ship or Vessel, for which such Commission or Letter of Marque is required, specifying the Name and Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, what Sort of Built he is, and the Number and Nature of the Guns on board the same, to what Place belonging, and the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and the Number of Men intended to be put on board the same (all which Particulars shall be entered on every Commission or Letter of Marque to be granted in pursuance of this Act), and that every Commander of a Private Ship or Vessel of War, for which a Commission or Letter of Marque shall be granted in pursuance of this Act, shall produce such Commission or Letter of Marque to the Collector, Customhouse or Searcher for the time being, of His Majesty's Customs, residing at or belonging to the Port from whence such Ship or Vessel shall be first sent out, or to the lawful Deputy or Deputies of such Collector, Customhouse or Searcher; and the said Collector, Customhouse or Searcher, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies shall, as soon thereafter as conveniently may be, without Fee or Reward, inspect and examine such Ship or Vessel, so as to ascertain the Built and Burthen thereof, and the Number of Men, and the Number and Nature of the Guns

on board the said Ship or Vessel shall thereupon be found to be of such Build and Batches, and be manned and armed according to the Tonnage and Description inserted in such Commission or Letter of Marque, as aforesaid, or be of greater Batches or Force than shall be mentioned in such Commission or Letter of Marque, then, and not otherwise, such Collector, Customs or Searcher, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies shall, and he and they are hereby required, immediately upon the Request of the Commander of such Ship or Vessel, to give a Certificate thereof in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, gratis, to such Commander, which Certificate shall be deemed a necessary Passport, before such Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to sail from that Port; and if the Commander of any Ship or Vessel, for which any Commission or Letter of Marque shall have been granted in pursuance of this Act, shall depart with such Ship or Vessel from such Port of Clearance before he hath received such Certificate, or shall depart from any such Port, or proceed upon a Cruise with a Force inferior to the Force specified in such Commission or Letter of Marque, every such Commission or Letter of Marque, shall from thenceforth be absolutely null and void, and the Commander so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One thousand Pounds, and shall also be imprisoned for each Space of time as the Court in which the same shall be sued for as hereinafter directed, shall order, not exceeding One Year for any One Offence.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That before the granting or issuing of any Commission or Letter of Marque, in pursuance of this Act, such Bill and Security shall be taken as hath been usual in such cases, and that previous thereto the Persons who propose to be bound and give such Security, shall severally make Oath before the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, or Judge of any other Court of Admiralty, which shall be authorized as aforesaid, in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or his or their Surrogate, or other Person or Persons lawfully constituted by them, that they the said Persons who shall become Sureties are, at the time of their being sworn, respectively worth more than the Sum for which they are so to be bound, to wit and above all their just Debts, and moreover, and the Marshal for the time being of the said High Court of Admiralty, or of any of the said other Courts, or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons so commissioned as aforesaid, shall make diligent Enquiry, and certify himself or themselves of the Sufficiency of such Bill and Security, and make thereupon a Report to such Judge or his Surrogate, before any such Commission or Letter of Marque shall be granted.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector, Customs, or Searcher of His Majesty's Customs, or his or their lawful Deputy, or Deputies, shall grant a Certificate for any Ship or Vessel which shall not be of the Batches or Force specified in the Commission or Letter of Marque granted to the Commander or Commanders thereof, or shall certify to a greater Batches or Force than really belongs to her, he shall, for each Offence, forfeit his said Office, and be for ever incapable of holding any Office under Government whatsoever, and shall also forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always, that the Batches of such Ship or Vessel to be certified, shall be ascertained by the Certificate of Registry granted for such Ship or Vessel, according to Law, or an authenticated Copy thereof, in case the Ship shall be at Sea, which Certificate or authenticated Copy shall be produced to the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, before the issuing of any Commission or Letter of Marque for such Ship or Vessel: Provided nevertheless, that it shall not be necessary in the case of Ships belonging to, or hired by, or in the Service of, His Majesty's Commissioners of Customs or Excise, to produce such Certificates or authenticated Copies, in order to the obtaining a Commission or Letter of Marque.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and every Ship and Vessel, for which such Commission or Letter of Marque shall be granted as aforesaid, and for and during the time that such Commission or Letter of Marque shall remain in force under the Authority of this Act, and no longer, shall be deemed and taken to be a Ship or Vessel licensed pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in this Kingdom*, although the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel shall not have been furnished with the License required by the said statute Act.

XXXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case the Owner or Owners, Commander and Master, or other Persons having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, for which such Commission or Letter of Marque shall be issued as aforesaid, shall be guilty of any Offence contrary to any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made, for the Prevention of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise, or for the Prevention of Smuggling in this Kingdom, such Owner or Owners, Commander, Master and other Persons, shall forfeit the Commission or Letter of Marque so issued for such Ship or Vessel over and besides any other Penalties and Forfeitures which be or they shall have incurred by reason of such Offence.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, at any time or times hereafter, to revoke and make void, by any Order or Orders in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, any Commission or Commission, or Letter or Letters of Marque, which hath or have been, or shall be issued forth to any Person or Persons who hath, have been or shall be appointed Commander or Commanders of any Ship or Vessel, either in pursuance of His Majesty's Orders in Council, or of this or any Act of Parliament: Provided nevertheless, that the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being shall, with all convenient Speed, after every and any such Commission or Letter of Marque shall be so revoked, cause Notice thereof in Writing to be forthwith sent to the Owner or Owners of the Ship or Vessel caused or described in such Order or Revocation, or to his, her or their Agent or Agents, Survey or Surveyors, or some or One of them; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the Channel, the said Order of Revocation shall be affixed to the post and sent to the said Commission or Letter of Marque, at the

and Certificates granted.

Devolving upon the Certificate, or with inferior Force, &c.

Penalty. Imprisonment.

Security taken before granting Letters of Marque.

Method to make enquiry of sufficiency of such

Offices of Customs granting such Certificates.

Penalty. Forfeiture.

Penalty.

Vessel for which a License of Marque granted, deemed licensed according to Act of Parliament.

Letters of Marque forfeited for Offences against Revenue Laws.

Authority may revoke Letters of Marque.

Notice given of Revocation.

Article 17. The
Majesty in
Council, in
Order of
Admiralty.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Regulations re-
specting Con-
demnation of
Prizes.

Explosion of Twenty Days from and after such Notice given as aforesaid, or sooner, if Notice shall be actually given in Writing by the Secretary of the Admiralty to the Captain or Commander thereof; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the Northern Sea, at the Expiration of Thirty Days; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the Southward of Cape Finisterre, or in the Mediterranean, at the Expiration of Six Weeks; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in North America or the West Indies, at the Expiration of Three Months; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the East Indies, at the Expiration of Six Months from and after such respective Notice shall be given as aforesaid: Provided always, that any Commander or Commanders, Owner or Owners, Agent or Agents, Secretary or Secretaries, of any such Ship or Vessel whom such Commission or Letter of Marque issued or to be issued forth as aforesaid, shall be in violation as aforesaid, may comply thereto in His Majesty in Council within Thirty Days next after the Secretary to the Admiralty for the time being shall cause Notice thereof to be given as aforesaid; and the Determination of His Majesty in Council, touching every such Complaint, shall be final: Provided always, that in case any such Order of Revocation shall be superadded, such Commission and Letter of Marque shall be deemed and taken to have continued in force, and all Prizes taken by virtue thereof shall belong to and be the Property of such Owners and Captains, in such manner as the same would have been in case such Order of Revocation had not been made: Provided also, that no Person shall be liable (before he shall have received a peremptory Notice of such Order of Revocation) to be punished for doing any Matter or Thing which he might have lawfully done under the Authority of such Commission or Letter of Marque, in case such Order of Revocation had not been made.

XXIV. And, for the more speedy proceeding to Condemnation or other Determination of any Prize Ship or Vessel, Goods or Merchandise, already taken, or to be taken as aforesaid, and for lessening the Expenses in such cases, be it further enacted, That the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, and of any other Court of Admiralty which shall be duly authorized thereto, or such Person or Persons who shall be then constituted for that Purpose, within Five Days after Request made to him or them for that Purpose, shall forthwith the usual preparatory Examination of the Persons commonly examined in such cases, in order to prove the Capture to be lawful Prize, or to enquire whether the same be lawful Prize or not, and that the proper Motion shall in such cases shall be filed by the Person or Persons proper to file the same, and shall be executed by the Person or Persons proper to execute the same, within the space of Three Days after Request in that behalf made, and in case on Claim of such Captured Ship, Vessel or Goods, shall be duly entered in the usual Form, and attested upon Oath, giving Twenty Days' Notice after the Execution of such Motion, or if there be such Claim, and the Claimant or Claimants shall not within Five Days from the time of entering such Claim, give Security in the Sum of Sixty Pounds Sterling, to pay Costs to the Captain or Captain, in case the Judge shall decree Costs to be due, that then the Judge of such Court of Admiralty shall, upon producing to him the said Examination, or Papers thereof, and producing to him upon Oath all the Papers and Writings which shall have been found, taken in or with such Capture, or on board any other Captured Ship or Vessel regarding the same, or upon Oath made that no Papers or Writings were found, proceed with all convenient Speed or Sencure, either to discharge or accept such Capture, or to condemn the same to be good and lawful Prize, according as shall appear to him upon Perusal of such preparatory Examinations, and all the Papers and Writings found, taken in or with such Capture, or on board any other Captured Vessel regarding the same, if any such shall be found, or to allow further time for a Claim to be entered, or Security given; and in case any such Claim shall be duly entered and Security given thereupon, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, and there shall appear on Oath to enter into any other Examination, that then the Judge shall within Ten Days, if possible, after such Claim made and Security given, proceed to Sentence as aforesaid touching such Capture; but in case upon entering such Claim, and the Examination thereupon, or the producing of such Papers and Writings as aforesaid regarding such Captured Ship or Vessel, or Goods, and upon the said preparatory Examinations, it shall appear doubtful to the said Judge whether such Capture be lawful Prize or not, and it shall appear to him to be necessary, according to the circumstances of the case, for the clearing and determining such Doubts, or have an Examination of Witnesses on Affidavits given in by the Parties and admitted by the Judge, or such other lawful Mode of Enquiry as the said Judge may think requisite, that then the said Judge shall forthwith cause such Case to be appointed by Persons well skilled in the same, to be named by the Parties, and approved and appointed by the Court, and sworn truly to appraise the same, according to the best of their Skill and Knowledge, for which Purpose the said Judge shall cause, if he shall think fit, the Goods found on board to be valuated, and an Inventory thereof being first taken, if the Judge shall think necessary, by the Master of the Admiralty or his Deputy, shall cause them to be put into proper Warehouses, with separate Locks, of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, and where there is no Comptroller, then of the Naval Officer, and the Agents or Persons employed by the Captains and Claimants, at the Charge of the Party deriving the same, and shall after such Appraisement, and within the Space of Fourteen Days after the making of the said Claims, proceed to take good and sufficient Security from the Claimants to pay the Captains the full Value thereof, according to such Appraisement, in case the same shall be adjudged lawful Prize, and shall also proceed to take good and sufficient Security from the Captains to pay such Costs, as the Court shall think proper, in case such Ship, Vessel or Goods shall not be condemned as lawful Prize; and after such Security duly given, the said Judge shall make an Involuntary Order for releasing or delivering the same to such Claimant or Claimants, or his or their Agents, and the same shall be actually delivered and delivered accordingly.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Books, Papers and Writings found in any Ship or Vessel taken as Prize, shall, without Delay, be brought into the Registry of the Court of Admiralty, whereas such Ship or Vessel may be proceeded against in order to Condemnation upon Oath, as by Law required; but that only such

Books,

Papers, &c. to be
brought into the
Registry of

Books, Papers and Writings shall be made use of and translated, as shall be agreed or referred upon by the Proctors of the several Parties, Captains or Commanders, or in case of an Claim, shall be deemed by the Captain, his Proctor or Agent, or by the Registrar, to be necessary for ascertaining the Property of such Ship or Vessel, and otherwise thereof.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Claim on behalf of any alleged Joint Captors shall be admitted before Consideration, unless previously be given at the time of entering the same, that the Party shall contribute to the said Captors his Proportion of all Expenses that shall accrue the obtaining the Adjudication, as well in the first Instance as upon Appeal, and likewise his Proportion of all Costs and Damages that may be awarded against the said Captors on account of the Sentence and Detention; and after said Consideration an Allegation setting forth such alleged Interest shall be admitted, unless the Party shall have previously paid his Proportion of all such Expenses as shall have attended the obtaining such said Consideration, and unless he shall have given sufficient Cause to the Court why such Claim was not asserted at or before the Return of the Motion: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to the alleged Interest of any Admiral or Flag Officer claiming to share in any Prize by virtue of his Flag.

XXVII. And, for the Encouragement of the Capture of Armed Ships belonging to the Enemy, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Captors to include in One Adjudication any Number, not exceeding Sixty Tons each, and which shall have been taken within the Space of Three Months preceding the Application to the Court of Admiralty for such Adjudication.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Judge, Registrar or Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, or any other Officer whatsoever of or belonging to any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, or any Person or Persons practising as Advocate, Proctor or otherwise, in any such Court or Courts, shall be concerned or interested directly or indirectly as Owner, Part Owner, Share or Advertiser in any Private Ship or Ships, or Vessel or Vessels of War whatsoever, having any Commission or Commissions, or Letter of Marque as aforesaid; and in case any such Judge, Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Marshal, Deputy Marshal or other Officer, Advocate or Proctor, or other Persons as aforesaid, shall, notwithstanding this Act, be directly or indirectly concerned or interested as aforesaid, such Judge, Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Marshal, Deputy Marshal or other Officer respectively, shall, for every such Office (being thereof lawfully convicted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, or at any General Session of the Peace in any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations), absolutely forfeit his Office and Employment in and belonging to any such Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, of what Kind or Nature forever such Office or Employment may be, and shall also forfeit and pay to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and every such Advocate or Proctor, or other Person as aforesaid, respectively, shall for each last mentioned Office (being thereof lawfully convicted in manner aforesaid) be from thenceforth absolutely disqualified, and rendered incapable of practising either as an Advocate or Proctor, or otherwise, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty whatsoever.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Registrar or Deputy Registrar, nor any Marshal or Deputy Marshal, or of or belonging to any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty whatsoever, shall either directly or indirectly, by himself or themselves, or by any Agent or Agents, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, all or be concerned in any manner, either as an Advocate or Proctor in any Cause, Matter or Business whatsoever, that shall be depending in any such Court or Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, to which such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, shall then belong; and that every Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, who shall be guilty of such Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted, either upon an Information or Indictment in manner aforesaid), shall from thenceforth absolutely forfeit his respective Office and Employment of Registrar or Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, in and belonging to the same Court.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That no Proctor or other Person practising as Proctor in any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, or any Court of Appeal therefrom, being employed by any Captain or Captain, Command or Commandant, shall be concerned by himself or his Partner, or by any Person or Persons, directly or indirectly, as behalf of the adverse Party or Parties, in the Suit or Matter wherein he may be employed, nor shall receive any Allowance from the Bills, nor in any manner whatsoever participate in the Profits of the Proctor or other Person conducting or employed in the Cause of the adverse Party or Parties; and in case any Proctor or other Person practising as Proctor in any such Court shall, notwithstanding this Act, be directly or indirectly concerned or interested as aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted, either upon Information or Indictment in manner aforesaid), absolutely forfeit his Office or Employment in or belonging to any such Court of what Kind or Nature forever, and shall forfeit and pay to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and such Proctor or other Person respectively shall for each last mentioned Offence, being thereof lawfully convicted in manner aforesaid, be from thenceforth absolutely disqualified and rendered incapable of practising as a Proctor or otherwise in any of His Majesty's said Courts whatsoever.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Proctor of the High Court of Admiralty shall act as such, or permit or suffer his Name to be in any manner used in any Suit, the Prosecution or Defence wherein shall appertain to the Office of a Proctor, or as for or on account, or for the Profit and Benefit of any Person or Persons not entitled to act as a Proctor, or shall permit or suffer any such Person or Persons to demand or participate in such Profit and Benefit, and Complain thereof shall be made to the said Court, and Proof given to the Satisfaction of the said Court, that such Proctor hath offended therein as aforesaid, then and in such case every such Proctor

Court of Admiralty.

Claims of Joint Captors not admitted until an Inventory given for Contribution to all Expenses, &c.

Prize.

No Discretion, not exceeding 60 Tons, included in One Adjudication.

No Judge, Officer or Practitioner, of Court of Admiralty, concerned in Validating Letters of Marque.

Penalty.

Registrar or other Officer of Court of Admiralty, Office as Advocate or Proctor.

Penalty.

Proctors concerned only for One Party.

Penalty.

Proctor allowed, his Name to be used for or on account, or for the Profit and Benefit of any Person or Persons not entitled to act as a Proctor, or shall permit or suffer any such Person or Persons to demand or participate in such Profit and Benefit, &c.

Provision.

to offending shall be struck off the Roll of Proctors, and be for ever after disabled from practising as a Proctor, or be suspended from the Office, Functions and Practice of a Proctor in the said Court for so long a Period as the Judge of the said Court may deem fit; save and except as to any Allowance or Allowances, Fees or Sums of Money, that are or shall be agreed to be made to the Widows or Children of any deceased Proctor or Proctors by any surviving Partner or Partners of such deceased Proctor or Proctors; and also save and except as to any Agreement made, or understood to have been made between Proctors and Attended Clerks, whose Articles have been entered prior to the passing of this Act.

Surviving Partners of Proctors, not being duly enrolled.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Person or Persons shall be or be their own Name, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, make, do, act, execute or perform any Act, Matter or Thing whatsoever, in any way appertaining or belonging to the Office, Functions or Practice of a Proctor of the High Court of Admiralty, for or in Consideration of any Gift, Fee or Reward, or with a view to participate in the Benefit to be derived from the Office, Functions or Practice of a Proctor, without being admitted and enrolled, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.
Not to extend to Solicitors at Office of Great Years' Building.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Salary which shall be agreed to be paid by a Proctor, his Partner or Successor, to a Clerk really and bona fide serving in his Office at the time of the passing of this Act, and who shall have been bona fide serving in the Office of any Proctor or Proctors for Seven Years next before the passing of the same.

Table of Fees kept up in Courts of Vice Admiralty.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That a Table of Fees, authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, with the Advice of His or Their Privy Council, shall be kept up in some conspicuous Part of the Court in which the several Judges of the Vice Admiralty Courts shall hold their Courts, and that no Judge or Sargeant, Registrar or Deputy Registrar, nor any Marshal or Deputy Marshal, of or belonging to any of His Majesty's Courts of Vice Admiralty, shall, either directly or indirectly by himself, or themselves, or by any Agent or Agents, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, receive or take any Fee beyond those specified in the Table aforesaid; and that every Judge or Sargeant, Registrar or Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, who shall be guilty of such Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted, either upon Information or Judgment so aforesaid), shall from thenceforth absolutely forfeit his respective Office and Employment of Judge or Sargeant, Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Marshal or Deputy Marshal, or be belonging to the same Court.

Penalty.

Misdemeanor.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the demanding or receiving any Sum or Sums of Money, other than the Fees aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be Extortion and a Misdemeanor at Law, and shall be proceeded against and punished as such under and by virtue of this Act.

All not to interfere His Majesty from giving Directions in Courts and otherwise from.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to restrain His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from giving such further Rules and Directions from time to time as his respective Courts of Admiralty and Vice Admiralty, for the Advancement and Goodness of Peace, and for regulating the Fees of the said Courts, and amending and altering the Table of Fees therein, as by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall be thought necessary or proper.

Appeal.

XXXVII. And be it hereby further enacted, That if any Captor or Captors, Claimant or Claimants, shall set out, satisfied with the Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree having the Force of a Definitive Sentence, given or pronounced in the High Court of Admiralty in England, or in any Court of Vice Admiralty, duly authorized to proceed in Prize Causes, or shall and may be liable for the Party or Parties thereby aggrieved to appeal from the said High Court of Admiralty, or from any of the said Courts of Vice Admiralty, to the Commissioners appointed under the Great Seal of Great Britain, for receiving and determining Appeals in Causes of Prize, such Appeals to be incorporated and received in the like manner as Appeals to the Commissioners in Prize Causes have been usually incorporated and received from the said High Court of Admiralty, and good Security to be likewise given by the Appellant or Appellants, that he or they will officially prosecute such Appeal, and also pay such Costs as shall be awarded in case the Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree having the Force of a Definitive Sentence of such Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, be affirmed; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided always, that the Execution of any Definitive Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree having the Force of a Definitive Sentence, appealed from as aforesaid, shall not be suspended by reason of such Appeal, save as in hereinafter provided, in case the Party or Parties appellant shall give sufficient Security, to be approved of by the Court in which such Sentence or Interlocutory Decree shall be given, to render and deliver the Ship, Vessel, Goods or Effects, concerning which such Sentence or Interlocutory Decree shall be pronounced, or the full Value thereof, to the Appellant or Appellants, in case the Sentence or Interlocutory Decree is appealed from shall be reversed.

He who calls Execution of Sentence not suspended.

Persons interested in Appeal not to interfere with Appeal.

XXXVIII. And be it enacted, That in case any Person, who was not a Party in the said Judgment of the Court, shall intervene or interfere in Appeal from a Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree having the Force of a Definitive Sentence, given or pronounced in any Admiralty Court, such Person, or his or her Agent or Agents, shall at the same time enter his or her Claim, otherwise such Appeal shall be null and void.

Appeal prohibited unless within Twelve Months.

XXXIX. And Whereas great Inconveniences have arisen by Appeals in Prize Causes not being presented in a reasonable time, and from frequent Appeals, or Petitions of Appeal, being entered before a Notary Public, without any Notice given to the Court or Parties appellant, or their Proctors: For remedy thereof, be it enacted, That every Petition given to a Party or not a Party in a Prize Cause, in the High Court of Admiralty of England, or in any Vice Admiralty Court, and signed when a Sentence shall be thereupon given, or an Interlocutory Decree having the Force of a Definitive Sentence pronounced, and who shall appeal therefrom, shall prosecute such Appeal by taking out the usual Subpoena within Twelve Months after the time such Sentence

Sentence or Interlocutory Decree shall be given; and that after the Expiration of the said Term of Twelve Months, without any *Requisition* having been taken out, no Appeal shall be allowed to be prosecuted by any Person, being a Party or not a Party, in the said High Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, nor shall any *Requisition* be granted at the Prayer of such Person or his Proctor, but the said *Sentence or Interlocutory Decree* shall stand confirmed as to such Person: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of Appeals, in all cases in which it shall appear that a Distribution has not taken place, to permit an Appeal to be prosecuted after the Term of Twelve Months elapsed, where, upon special Case shewn, they shall deem such Permission fit and reasonable to be given.

XL. And be it enacted, That in case any Appeal shall be interposed from a *Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree* having the Force of a *Definitive Sentence*, given or pronounced in any Court of Admiralty, or Vice Admiralty, concerning any Ship or Vessel, or Goods or Effects, seized and taken as Prize, then and in such case, the Judge of such Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty shall and may, at the request, Costs and Charges, either of the Captor or Claimant (or of the Claimant only, in case where the Privilege is referred in Favour of the Claimant by any Treaty or Treaties subsisting between His Majesty and Foreign Powers), make an Order to have such Ship or Vessel, Goods or Effects, appraised, unless the Parties shall otherwise agree upon the Value thereof, and an Inventory to be made, and then take Security for the full Value thereof accordingly, and thereupon cause such Ship or Vessel, Goods or Effects, to be delivered to the Party giving such Security in like manner as a *lien-estate* is made, notwithstanding such Appeal; and if there shall be any Difficulty or Dispute as to the giving or taking Security, the Judge shall, at the Request of either of the Parties, order such Goods and Effects to be entered, landed and sold by Public Auction, under the Care and Colliery of the proper Officers of the Customs, and under the Direction and Inspection of such Person as shall be appointed by the Claimants and Captors; and the Moneys arising from the Sale shall be brought into Court, and, by the Registrar, Deputy Registrar or Deputy Registrar, of the said Court, be deposited in the Bank of England, or in safe the Captors and Claimants shall agree therein, in some Public Securities at Interest, in the Names of such Registrar and of such Treasurers as they the said Captors and Claimants shall appoint, and the Court shall approve; and if such Security shall be given by the Claimants, then the Judge shall give such Captured Ship or Vessel a *Pais* under his Seal, to prevent its being again taken by His Majesty's Subjects in its destined Voyage.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the *Sentence, or Interlocutory Decree* having the force of a *Definitive Sentence* of such Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, shall be finally reversed after Sale of any Ship or Goods, pursuant to the Direction in this Act contained, the Net Proceeds of such Sale (after Payment of all Expenses attending the same) shall be secured and taken to be the full Value of such Ship and Goods, and that the Party or Parties applicant, and their Securities, shall not be answerable for the Value beyond the Amount of such Net Proceeds, unless it shall appear that such Sale was made fraudulently or without due Care.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That no Agent shall be compellable to distribute any Proceeds of any Prize, except in the cases in this Act directed, until after the time of Appeal has elapsed.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or of the Vice Admiralty Court, in which any Prize shall have been condemned, shall certify that the Ship or Vessel is condemned taken under the Flag and *Pais* of the Enemy, or under any Commission of War granted by the Enemy, then and in such case, on the Application or by the Direction of the Captain or other Commander of the Ship or Vessel making such Capture, the Proceeds shall be distributed, and an Order of the Court may be obtained, at his Prayer, on the Agent or Agents, to distribute the Proceeds of such Prize before the time of Appeal is elapsed, subject nevertheless to the Liability of the Captor to answer any Appeal that may be returned thereafter during the time limited by Law for Appeals.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, in all cases in which the regular time of Appeal has elapsed, or in which the Appeal hath been discontinued, or for any Judge of any Court of Vice Admiralty Abroad in any such case as aforesaid, to which any Certificate from the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty shall be transmitted of the time of Appeal being elapsed, without further Production, together with an Order of Distribution thereon, to make an Order for Production and Verification of Accounts, and for the Distribution of the Proceeds, and to enforce the same by the Proceeds of the said Court, by Monition and Attachment upon the Agent or Agents in whose Hands the Proceeds may be lodged, or any other Person whomsoever to whom such Proceeds may have been committed, and likewise by further Process against the Sureties of the said Agent or Agents; and all Courts of Vice Admiralty are hereby empowered, directed and required to enforce upon all Persons within their Jurisdiction all such Orders, and all other Orders of the High Court of Admiralty, whether relating to Prizes, or to any Matter or Thing relating thereto, within their respective Jurisdictions.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all the Prerogatives, Rights, Regulations, Furniture and Privileges respecting the Distribution of Prize Money, and the accounting for and paying over the Proceeds of Prize in this Act contained, shall be extended to all *Sessions* under the Revenue Laws, all Grants of His Majesty, all Bounties granted by him or any other Act of Parliament, and all other Moneys whatever coming to and being in the Hands of the Prize Agents of the Officers and Crews of any of His Majesty's Ships of War, for their Use and Benefit, by reason of any Capture or Seizure made by the said Ships.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Conviction in the High Court of Admiralty, where there is no Claimant or Applicant before the Court, it shall be lawful for the said Court, at the Prayer of the Captors, to award the Agents, by Process of Monition and Attachment, to sell the Proceeds of the Property condemned in such Public Securities as the Captors shall elect, there to remain and accumulate, for the

Length of Appeal
may extend
more or less
until Cause shown

On Appeal
Prize is sold
and sold out
in Public giving
Security, at Sale

On Reversal of
Sentence, Net
Proceeds of Sale
shall be full
Value of Prize

Distribution
compellable.
Distribution before
time of
Appeal taking
out Ship taken
under Flag and
Pais of Enemy

Court of Adm.
shall may order
Production of
Accounts and
Verification
where time of
Appeal elapsed,
or Agent or
Agents
Orders enforced
by Vice Adm.
Court

Repeals as to
Distribution
and Accounts
of Prize extended
to Revenue
Laws

Court of Adm.
may in all
cases of
Property con-
demned, where
the

Wrights or imported into this Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Dominions, from the Pressing of any Customs or Duties, or from being sold to the Refractories and Regulations to which the same may or shall hereafter be liable by virtue of the Laws and Statutes of this Realm: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or for the Commissioners of the Customs, or such other persons whose Goods shall for the Market of this Kingdom have been brought as Prize into the Ports thereof, and have been sold from Necessity under an Order of the High Court of Admiralty, to reset the Whole or any Part of the said Duties, upon a Certificate from the Judge of the said Court, that the Goods have, since for the Markets of this Kingdom, have been sold as aforesaid, and that the Proceeds of such Sale, after Payment of Duties, will be sufficient to satisfy just and reasonable Claims.

LVI. And Whereas every Merchant of Ships of Foreign Nations may sell the Goods laden with Naval Stores, or other Goods carried to the Port of Commerce at War with His Majesty, whereby His Majesty's Enemies may be enabled to be fitted out and armed, and to destroy the Trade of His Majesty's Subjects, and may also be supplied with Materials to build and fit out Ships of War to annoy and invade His Majesty's Dominions: And Whereas every Ship of Foreign Nations laden as aforesaid, may be taken and brought into the Ports of Great Britain, and the Port of London, or any Naval Stores laden on board such Ships of Foreign Nations for the Service of His Majesty, may in many Cases be captured, without proceeding to the Condemnation thereof: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy or Victualling for the time being, or their Officers or Agents, that in the Contract of the prime War, to purchase as the Accessory, or for the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors only, all or any such Naval Stores found on board any such Ships of Foreign Nations, which have been, or shall or may hereafter be brought into any of the Ports of this Kingdom, or by any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or by any Private ships or Vessels of War, or other Ships or Vessels having a Commission or Letters of Marque; and that the Commissioners and Officers of the Customs for the time being shall and may permit and suffer such Naval Stores, so purchased as aforesaid, to be entered and landed within any of the Ports of this Kingdom; any thing in an Act of Parliament, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, entitled *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation*, or in any other Statute made subsequent thereto, contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Commodore or Commander, Officer or Officers, Seamen, Mariners, Soldiers or others, shall break Bulk, as aforesaid (except in case of Necessity, to be allowed by the Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty in which the same shall be brought to Adjudication), or embargo any of the Money, Jewels, Plate, Goods, Merchandise, Tackle, Furniture or Apparel, or of or belonging to any Prize or Prizes, such Commodore, Officer, Seamen, Soldier or other Person, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit his whole Estate as such Prize to His Majesty, for the Use of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, to be so applying in Proof thereof by the Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty as aforesaid, in which such Proof shall be made, and shall also forfeit Treble the Value of all such Money, Jewels, Plate, Goods, Merchandise, Tackle, Furniture or Apparel, as he or they shall embargo.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That all Captains as aforesaid, which shall be brought into any of His Majesty's Dominions Abroad, in order to be proceeded against to Condemnation in any of His Majesty's Courts of Vice Admiralty, being the strictly authorized, shall, without exception, Bulk, Baggage, and be under the strict Care and Custody of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, and where there is no Comptroller, then of the Naval Officer of the Port or Place where the same shall be brought; and the Captain or Officers thereof, or their Agent or Agents, shall to the Directors of such Court of Vice Admiralty, upon the same Bulk, by such Seamen, have been either cleared and discharged, or adjudged and condemned as lawful Prize, or that such extraordinary Order as aforesaid shall have been made for the releasing or discharging the same; and upon the said Condemnation or Adjudication thereof as lawful Prize, shall be immediately delivered into the Captors thereof or their Agents.

LVIII. And be it further enacted and declared, That it shall be lawful for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, or the Judge of any other Court lawfully commissioned to take Cognizance of Prizes, upon due Proof of the Breach of any of His Majesty's Instructions relating to Prizes, or of any Offence against the Law of Nations committed by the Captors in relation to any Prize, or to the Persons thereon, on board the same, to condemn the Prize, to His Majesty's Use and Disposal, five or one-half of the same with respect to break up of Bulk or Embargo; and where the Prize Bulk has been taken by a Ship having a Commission or Letter of Marque, to revoke the same, and to press the same to be forfeit to, and to compel Payment of the Penalty therein thereby, subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the Lords Commissioners of Appeals in Prize Cases.

LIX. And Whereas good and necessary Laws are in force within several of His Majesty's Colonies and Possessions, for preventing the carrying off from the said Colonies or Possessions any Corn or Grain, or the Coast of the Owners, or the carrying off from thence any other Persons or Persons whatsoever, and such Persons shall have taken out his Ticket from the Secretary's Office within such respective Colonies or Possessions, as such persons, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as is and be the said Statute: Let it be declared and provided, Be it therefore enacted, That all Commodore of Private Ships of War, or Merchant Ships having Letters of Marque, shall, upon their going into any of the Ports or Places in the said Colonies or Possessions, be subject to, and they are hereby declared to be subject to, the said Laws, Penalties, Forfeitures, and to press the same to be forfeit to, and to compel Payment of the Penalty therein thereby, subject nevertheless to an Appeal to the Lords Commissioners of Appeals in Prize Cases.

LX. And in Cases

* LIX. And Whereas in all Private Ships or Vessels of War, or Merchant Ships or Vessels for which Commissions or Letters of Marque shall be taken out, and likewise hired armed Vessels taken into His Majesty's Service, it is expedient, for the better Discipline and Government of such Ships and Vessels, that all Persons who enter themselves on board the same should be under proper Regulations, and pay Obedience to the lawful Commands of the Captains and Chief Commanders of the said Ships and Vessels: Be it therefore

Officers com-
mitted on board
Private Ships of
War and
committed on
Officers com-
mitted on His
Majesty's Fleet.
Officers com-
mitted on
Court Martial
called.

enacted, That all Officers committed by any Officer or Officers on board any Vessel having a Commission or Letter of Marque during the present Hostilities, or on board any hired armed Vessel in His Majesty's Service, shall be tried and punished in such manner as the like Officers are tried and punished when committed by any Person belonging to His Majesty's Fleet: Provided always, that all Officers who shall be accused of such Crimes as are cognizable by a Court Martial, shall be examined on board such Private, or Merchant Ship or Vessel, carrying Letters of Marque, in which such Officer shall be committed, until they shall arrive at some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or can meet with such a Number of His Majesty's Ships of War abroad, as are sufficient to make a Court Martial; and upon Application made by the Commander of such Ship or Vessel carrying Letters of Marque, or hired armed Vessel in His Majesty's Service, to the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, or to the Commander in Chief or Senior Officer of His Majesty's said Ships of War abroad, the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or such Commander in Chief or Senior Officer abroad, are hereby authorized and required, in the usual manner, to call a Court Martial for trying and punishing the said Offences.

Methods of Mar-
chand Vessels
under Convey
disobeying Sig-
nals, &c.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That if the Captain of any Merchant Ship under Convey shall wilfully disobey Signals or Instructions, or any other lawful Commands of the Commander of the Convey, or shall desert the Convey, without Notice given, and Leave obtained for that Purpose, he shall be liable to be arrested again in the High Court of Admiralty, at the Suit of The King in His Office of Admiralty, for the same; and upon Conviction thereof shall be fined, at the Discretion of the said Court, in any Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds, and shall suffer such Imprisonment, not exceeding One Year, as the said Court shall adjudge.

Penalty.

Penalty.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make Oath to any of the Matters hereinbefore required to be verified on Oath, or feign any other Person to do so, such Person or Persons shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as are incurred by Persons committing wilful and corrupt Perjury; and that if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit, create, alter or falsify any Commission for War or Letter of Marque, or any Warrant for making out the same, or any Certificate required or directed by this Act to be given for obtaining the same, or shall publish or make use of any such Commission for War, or Warrant for making out the same, or any Certificate as aforesaid, knowing the same to be counterfeited, created, altered or falsified, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Countersigning
the Letters of
Marque, &c.

Penalty.

LXIII. And for the more Speedy bringing of Offenders to Justice, and to prevent the Inconveniences occasioned by the want of frequently holding a Session of Admiralty for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, a Session of Oyer and Terminer, and Gaol Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, shall be held Twice at the least in every Year at Justice Hall in the Old Bailey, London (except at such times as the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery for the City of London, and County of Middlesex, shall be appointed to be there held), or in such other Place within that Part of Great Britain called England, and at such times in each Year, as the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall, by any Letter or Order in Writing under their Hands, directed to the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, for the time being, appoint.

Sessions held for
Trial of Offences
committed on
High Seas.

Commissioners,
Arc. and Justice
may take Informa-
tion, &c. of
Offences.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful not only to and for any One or more of the said Commissioners for the time being, sworn in the Commission of Oyer and Terminer for trying of Offences committed within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, but also to and for any One or more of the Justices of the Peace for the time being, of any County, Riding, Division or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered from time to time to take any Informations or Informations of any Writings or Writings in Writing upon Oath, touching any Murder, Felony, Robbery or other Offence done or committed, or charged to have been done or committed as or upon the Sea, or in any Haven, River, Creek or Place where the Admiral or Admirals hath or have Power, Authority or Jurisdiction; and thereupon (if such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively shall be Called) by any Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to cause the Person or Persons accused in such Information or Informations to be apprehended and committed to the Gaol of the County or Place wherein the same Information or Informations shall be taken there to remain until discharged by due Course of Law.

Imprisonment.

Persons accus-
ed to give Evi-
dence to wit-
ness Hearsay
evidence.

LXV. And it is hereby further enacted, That each of the Commissioners or Justices of the Peace, who shall cause any such Person or Persons to be committed as is last mentioned, shall be and he or they is and are hereby, by expressethy required, at the same time, to oblige all and every such other Person or Persons, whom such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace shall judge necessary, to prosecute and give Evidence against the Person or Persons who shall be so committed as aforesaid, to answer One or more Re-
cognizance or Recognizances to His Majesty, in a sufficient Penalty for him, her or their appearing at the next Session of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery to be held for the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, there to prosecute and give Evidence against the Person or Persons who shall be committed as aforesaid; and if any Person

Perfon shall refuse to enter into fuch Recognizance to prosecute or give Evidence as shall be required, he, she or they so refusing, shall be committed by any such Commissioner or Commissioners, Justice or Justices, to the Gaol of the County or Place in which the Perfon so refusing shall be, and the next Sessions of Admiralty shall be held, or such Persons shall enter into fuch Recognizance as shall be required as aforesaid, which Recognizance or Recognizances together with the Informations or Informations taken touching the Offence or Offences whereof the Perfon or Persons to be committed as aforesaid shall be charged, the said Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom the same shall be taken, shall and they are hereby respectively required to transmit with all convenient speed, to the Register for the time being of the High Court of Admiralty of England, to be by him forthwith laid before the Judge for the time being of the same Court, and afterwards to be kept among the Records of that Court.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Marshal of the Admiralty for the time being, and his Deputy or Deputies, and all Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Stewards, Constables, Headboroughs, Tithingmen, Keepers of Gaols and Prisons, and all other Officers whatsoever for keeping of the Peace (as well within Liberties as without), shall and they are every of them are hereby respectively authorized and required, from time to time diligently to execute, perform and obey all such Precepts and Proceps, Warrants and Warrants, and other Order and Orders, as shall at any time or times hereafter be made, directed, issued or given to them, or any of them respectively, by One or more of the said Commissioners named in the Commission of Oyer and Terminer, or Justices of the Peace, by writ or in pursuance of this Act, touching any of the Matters or Things herein contained.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That where the Offence of taking a false Oath, or falsifying any Person as to do, or any of the Offences by this Act made cognizable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, shall be committed out of the Realm, the same may be alleged to be committed, and may be laid, enquired of, tried and determined, in any County in England, in the same manner, to all Intent and Purposes, as if the same had been actually done or committed within the Body of such County.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, whensoever the same shall arise or become forfeited, may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Great Britain, or Motion and Attachment thereon in His Majesty's High Court of Admiralty, unless in cases where any other Mode is by this Act particularly directed; and all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, which shall arise or become forfeited in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions Abroad, may be recovered in any Court of Record of His Majesty in the Colony, Territory or Place where the same shall arise or have become forfeited, or in any of His Majesty's Vice Admiralty Courts having Jurisdiction there.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Agent or Person is by this Act made subject to the Forfeiture of any Sum of Money equal to any Money remaining in his Hands, or to the Amount of any Balances or Shares, such Sum or Sums of Money shall, on Recovery thereof, go and be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall have been aggrieved by the Misconduct of such Agent or Person, and all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, other than as aforesaid, and other than such as are by this Act directed to be otherwise applied and disposed of, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Royal Hospital for Sailors at Greenwich, and shall be paid for in the Name of the Commissioners and Governors thereof.

LXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action shall be brought against any Person or Persons whomsoever, for any Matter or Thing whatsoever, done or committed under or by virtue or in the Execution of this Act, unless such Action shall be brought within Three Years next after doing or committing such Matter or Thing: Provided also, that if any Action or Suit shall be lawfully commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any Matter or Thing done under, by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become convicted, or suffer Discontinuance, or further further Prosecution, or if Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, such Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, for which he, she or they shall have the like Remedy as where Costs by Law are given to Defendants.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by any Order in Council, from time to time, to fix and ascertain proper and adequate Salaries for the Judges of Vice Admiralty Courts established or to be established in the Barbadoes and Bermuda Islands, or in Jamaica or Barbadoes, and likewise at the Island of Antigua in the West Indies, not exceeding the Sum of Two thousand Pounds per Annum for any of such Judges; and such Salaries shall be fixed, payable and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and further, that such Salaries shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable, in like manner in every respect, and under and subject to such Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in an Act, passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and of the Lords of the Session, Lords Commissioners of Admiralty and Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland*; and for enabling His Majesty to grant Annuities to Persons in certain Offices in the said Courts of Westminster Hall, in their Resignation of their respective Offices.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to give and grant to any such Judge, upon his Resignation of any such Office, an Annuity for the Term of his Life, not exceeding One thousand Pounds, to be issued and payable, and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and such Annuity shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable in like manner in every respect, as the Salaries of the said Judges: Provided always, that no such Annuity granted to any such Judge shall be valid, unless such Judge shall have continued in One or more

Refusing to enter into Recognizance.

Marshal of Adm. who is to name the Sheriffs, &c.

Offence, one of which charges to be removed in any County.

Does not lose and forfeits to show the mode.

Penalties and Forfeitures how applied.

Liabilities of Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

King may grant Salaries to Judges of Vice Admiralty Courts in Barbadoes, &c.

29 O. 3. c. 125.

Annuity to Judges on Resignation.

Provided.

Division of
Profits of
Judges.

of the said Offices for the Period of Six Years, or shall be afflicted with some permanent Infirmary disabling him from the Execution of his said Office, which shall be definitely rectified in the said Grant.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Profits and Emoluments of the said Judges shall in no case exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds to each, or any, or either of the said Judges in any One Year, and be in Proportion for any Part of a Year, over and above the Salary of each Judge by this Act granted; and every such Judge shall keep a just and true Account of the Fees and Pecuniary Profits and Emoluments received by him as such Judge in each Year, ending on the First Duped January in each Year, and shall as soon after the said First Day of January as the same can be done, in every Year, transmit an Account thereof to the Commissioners of the Navy, and shall pay all Sums of Money exceeding the Sum of Two thousand Pounds as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, to such Person or Persons, and in such Manner, as the said Commissioners of the Navy shall direct in, and they shall for that Purpose direct.

43 G. 3. (W. K.)
c. 95.
introduced by order
during the 17th,
and confirmed
part of Act.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Regulations and Enactments contained in an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of His Majesty's Prize Courts in the West Indies and America, and for giving a more speedy and efficient Execution to the Decrees of the Lords Commissioners of Appeals*, shall extend and be applied to all like cases during the present War, and be considered as Parts of this Act, except in far as the same or any of them are by this or any other Act now in force altered or varied.

34 G. 3. c. 53.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That the several Regulations and Enactments, Provisions and Forfeitures, enacted by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Payment of Navy Prize Money, and the Transmission of Documents and Payment of Balances in Great Britain*, and also the several Regulations and Enactments respecting Captures made by His Majesty's Army and other Forces in Conquest, Expedition with His Majesty's Navy, and respecting Prize or Booty Money arising therefrom, and the Rights and Interests of the Royal Hospital in Claims relative thereto, and all Provisions and Forfeitures respecting the same, enacted by an Act passed in the same Year, intitled *An Act for regulating the Payment of Army Prize Money; and to provide for the Payment of undivided and perfected Shares in Claims*, shall extend and be applied to all like cases during the present War, and be considered as Parts of this Act, except in far as the same or any of them are by this or any other Act now in force altered or varied.

34 G. 3. c. 86.

extended to
Act.

Continued.
Exceptions.

LXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force during the present War, and no longer, save and except as to all such Matters and Things as shall be depending in Judgment in the High Court of Admiralty, or Courts of Vice Admiralty in His Majesty's Dominions abroad, or Courts of Appeal, or in any Court of Record in Great Britain, at the time when the present War shall cease; and also save and except as to all such other Matters and Things which shall be brought into Judgment before the said High Court of Admiralty, or Courts of Vice Admiralty in His Majesty's Dominions abroad, or Court of Appeal, or in any Court of Record in Great Britain, in consequence of any Captures or Captures made during the present War, or of any Offence or Offences committed contrary to this Act, as respects wherein this Act shall continue in full force and such Matters, and every Thing dependant thereon, shall be finally adjudged and determined; and also save and except as to the Power of this Act, or the Acts hereby contained, given to His Majesty, in grant to any Judge of any Court of Vice Admiralty any such Salary and Annuity as therein mentioned; and in such Cases and on such Conditions as therein mentioned; and also save and except the Regulations contained in this Act, or of the Acts hereby contained and applied, regarding Letters of Attorney and Orders of Petty Officers, and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines; and also save and except as to the Claims and Provisions in this or in the said Acts contained, by which the President attached to the Crimes of poisoning, Seamen, and of Forgery when committed with Intent to defraud any Person or Persons, is extended and made applicable to such Offences, when committed with Intent to defraud any Corporation or Corporations; and also save and except all Regulations in this or in the said Acts contained regarding all Powers and Interests given to the Treasurer of the Navy, and the Commissioners and Governors and other Officers of Greenwich Hospital; and also save and except the Claims and Provisions herein or in the said Acts contained regarding the Distribution and accounting for all Monies arising from Seizures, for Breach of the Revenue and other Acts; and also save and except the Claims herein contained respecting Producers arising for the Benefit of others, and Persons illegally exercising the Functions of Producers; all which shall continue in force until repealed by any subsequent Act of Parliament.

C A P. CLXI.

AN Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, to amend and regulate the Assessment and Collection of the Assessed Taxes, and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland. [18th July 1815.]

51 G. 3. c. 93.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend and regulate the Assessment and Collection of the Assessed Taxes, and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*, the Mode of collecting the said Assessed Taxes in Scotland has, as far as circumstances will admit, been assimilated to that of England, and it is just that the same Power and other Allowances paid to the Recovers General and Parochial Collectors in England, as respects the said Assessed Taxes, should be allowed to the Principal and Sub Collectors in Scotland, as respects the same Taxes; May it therefore please

pleaseth Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Principal Collector of Assessed Taxes of every County, Stewartry, City, Burgh or District in Scotland, shall have an Allowance of Three Halfpence in the Pound on all Money received by them at any time since the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, or which shall be hereafter received by them, under the Authority of any Act or Acts for the Assessment and Collection of the said Taxes, and paid over to the Receiver General at Edinburgh, his Deputy or Deputies, and also for what Money such Principal Collector shall pay out of such Duties to any Person or Persons in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, and shall duly account to the said Receiver General, or his Deputy, for such Payments; and that in every County, City, Burgh or District where a Sub Collector or Sub Collectors shall be nominated and appointed in pursuance of the above recited Acts, an Allowance of Three pence in the Pound on all Moneys received by them at any time since the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, or which shall hereafter be received by them and paid to the Principal Collector of the said County, City or Burgh, shall be allowed to the said Sub Collector or Sub Collectors in each County or City, in each Preboscote, and to such Assessor among the several Sub Collectors of each County, City, Burgh or District, as the Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, on due Consideration of the circumstances of each particular case, and of the Trouble, Expence and Responsibility of the several Sub Collectors of each such County, City, Burgh or District, shall from time to time allow and assign for their Recompensation: Provided always, that in the Event of any County, Stewartry, City or Burgh, not being divided into Districts, and consequently as Sub Collector or Sub Collectors being appointed therein, the Collector nominated and appointed under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to the Assessed Taxes, and doing the respective Duties of both Collector and Sub Collector, shall be entitled to the Allowance of Three Half pence in the Pound granted as aforesaid, to Principal Collectors, as also to an additional Allowance of Three Half pence in the Pound, amounting in whole to an Allowance of Three pence in the Pound, for all Moneys which shall be received and paid over by him to the Receiver General at Edinburgh, or his Deputy or Deputies, and also for what Money he shall pay over of such Duties to any Person or Persons in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, and for which he shall duly account to the said Receiver General or his Deputy, but declining always, that in every County, City or Place which shall here be divided into Districts, and Sub Collectors appointed, it shall not be lawful for any principal Collector to act also as Sub Collector, nor for any Sub Collector to act as Sub Collector for more than One District of any such County or Place, without the special Authority of the said Barons.

II. And Whereas by the aforesaid Statute, it is enacted, that the said Sub Collectors shall pay over the several Duties so received by them without Delay, or at furthest on or before the Fifth Day of next Month after receiving the said Duties to the Collector of the same Duties respectively, for the County, Stewartry, City or Burgh, within which such District or Division or Part thereof is situated; and Intention having arisen from the said Mode of Payment by the principal Collectors being obliged upon the Fifth Day of January, Fifth Day of April, Fifth Day of July and Tenth Day of October, to pay over the whole of the Duties received by them to the Receiver General, by which means it frequently happens that they have not Money in their Hands to make Payments of the several Sums directed to be paid by various Acts of Parliament: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Barons to allow the said several Sub Collectors to retain in their respective Hands so much of the said Moneys as shall appear to the said Barons to be necessary to enable the said Sub Collectors to advance the Payments to be made by them, under and by virtue of the said Acts of Parliament, for and during such time as the said Barons shall order, not later than the Twelfth Day of the succeeding Month after the said Sub Collectors shall have received the same; any thing in the aforesaid Statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the said Acts, as far as the same relate to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and by the said Act made to the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty*, it is enacted, that the respective Collectors of the Duties therein mentioned to be appointed for the several Counties, Cities and Burghs, shall make Returns of quarterly Statements of Taxes, and of Lists of Annors of Taxes, which said Returns and Lists shall be verified on Oath before the Sheriff Depute or Sub Sheriff of the Shire or Stewartry, or before the Chief Magistrate of the City or Burgh for which he or they is or are Collector or Collectors, Sub Collector or Sub Collectors of the said several Duties: And Whereas from the Pictors of Residence of many of the Collectors and Sub Collectors, the Verification of the said Statements and Lists before Sheriffs and Stewards Depute, or their Substitutes, or the Chief Magistrates of Burghs, has in certain cases been found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Collectors and Sub Collectors appointed or to be appointed to verify the said Statements and Lists before any of His Majesty's Justices of Peace in the Countess or Burghs in which they shall be Collector or Sub Collector, as well as before the Sheriffs and Stewards Depute, or their Substitutes, or the Chief Magistrates of Burghs; any thing in the Two recited Statutes before mentioned notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall wilfully give false Evidence, or make any false Oath or Affirmation or Avertise before the Commissioners for executing this or any other Act or Acts for granting Duties to be assessed under the Regulations of the Act, made in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amend-*

Collector to have an Allowance on Money collected from April 1813.

Allowance to Sub Collectors.

Whereas Sub Collectors appointed, Collectors in matters assigned to be done.

Twelve.

25 G. 3. c. 35.

Barons to allow Sub Collectors to retain Money in their Hands on account Pay. as may be ordered by Act.

43 G. 3. c. 39.

25 G. 3. c. 35.

Collectors to verify Statements of Taxes before Justices as well as before Sheriffs, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 39.

13th.

ing the said Acts, so far as the same relate to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or before the Sheriff Depute, Sheriff Substituted, Justices of the Peace or Magistrates of Burghs or others, by the said Act or by this Act empowered to administer the same, touching any Matter or Thing within the Intent and Meaning of the said Acts, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling, and be rendered incapable of again acting as Collector or Sub Collector in the Execution of any Act or Acts granting Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time hereafter abduct any Commissioner or Commissioners, Advertiser or Advertisers, Surveyor or Surveyors, Inspector or Inspectors, Collector or Collectors, Sub Collector or Sub Collectors appointed under the Provisions or by virtue of any of the Statutes passed or to be passed for the Assessment or Collection of the said Taxes, or of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in Scotland, or any of them, or any Constables or other Officers or Persons employed by the said Collector or Collectors, Sub Collector or Sub Collectors, in the due Execution of his or their said Office or Offices, Duty or Duties respectively, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling, and all Penalties under the said Act shall be recovered in such manner as any other Penalty is recoverable under the Provisions or in performance of the said Statutes, or any of them.

C & P. CLXII.

An Act to repeal the Excise Duties and Drawbacks on *Eggin* Salt.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Duties of Excise now payable on *Eggin* Salt made or produced in Great Britain, and the Drawbacks by Law granted or allowed on the Exportation thereof to Foreign Parts as Merchandise; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Duties and Drawbacks shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed, done and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying, any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, relating thereto respectively, and incurred on or before the said last mentioned Day.

[See also *Glender* (2d), ante c. 66. § 33.]

C & P. CLXIII.

An Act to regulate the issuing of Licences to allow Open Boats to proceed to Foreign Parts, and for revoking the same when necessary.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland and Ireland respectively, to revoke Licences which have been issued for Open Boats not belonging to Ships or Vessels, allowing such Boats to proceed to Foreign Parts, and in future either to refuse Licences for such Boats or to limit and confine their Employment or Navigation, in such manner as the said Commissioners respectively may see fit, whenever it shall appear to them expedient so to do, for the Prevention of Smuggling, and the Safety and Protection of the Revenue; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, or any Three or more of them, to revoke Licences which have been issued for Open Boats not belonging to Ships or Vessels, allowing such Open Boats to proceed to Foreign Parts, and in future either to refuse Licences for such Open Boats, or to limit and confine the Employment or Navigation thereof in any manner and within any Limits and Distances of the Coast of Great Britain or Ireland, as they the said Commissioners respectively may deem fitting and proper, whenever it shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively that such Revocation, Refusal or Limitation is expedient for the Prevention of Smuggling, and the Safety and Protection of the Revenue.

II. And be it further enacted, That after the said Commissioners respectively shall by any Order in Writing under their Hands have revoked any such Licence, a Copy of the Order of Revocation shall be left either with any One of the Owners of such Open Boat or with the Person having the Care or Custody thereof, and from and after the Delivery of a Copy of such Order as aforesaid, the Licence granted for such Boat shall and the same is hereby declared to be null and void, and the Owner and Owners in and are hereby required to cause the said Licence to be delivered up to the Collector of the Customs of the Port to which such Boat shall belong, within Three Months from the Day on which the Order of Revocation shall have been delivered as aforesaid; or in case of the said Licence being lost or taken by the Enemy, satisfactory Proof on Oath shall be within the same Period made before the Collector or Comptroller of such Port, which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer; and in case such Licence shall not be delivered up, and no such Proof shall be made within such Period as aforesaid, the Owner or Owners of such Open Boat shall within the Sum of Twenty Pounds; or if such Open Boat shall be used or availed after a Copy of the Order revoking the Licence shall have been delivered as aforesaid, every such Open Boat shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures created or imposed by this Act shall and may be sued for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of, in such manner and by such ways, means and methods, as any Penalties or Forfeitures for any Offence against the Laws of Customs may now legally be sued for, prosecuted, recovered and disposed of.

C A P. CLXIV.

An Act to enact, in certain Cases, Foreign Spirits imported during the Suspension of the Spirit Intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland, from the additional Duty imposed thereon.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled *An Act to revive and continue until the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so much of an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in the United Kingdom as relates to Great Britain; and to revive and continue another Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty, to prevent the Importation of British or Irish-made Spirits into Great Britain or Ireland respectively; and for granting certain Duties on Wines or Wines made from Sugar, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain; it was enacted, that during the Continuance of the Prohibition of the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain mentioned in the said Act, all and singular the Duties in the said Act as that behalf mentioned should be suspended; and that during such Suspension there should be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for all Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite*, or Strong Waters (except Rum of the Produce of the British Plantations), imported into Great Britain, and for which the Duties chargeable thereon should not have been paid on the Fourteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or imposed after that Day, an additional Duty of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings per Cask upon the Produce and Amount of the several Duties of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of the said Act: And Whereas by another Act made in the Fifty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things, to suppress the Importation of British or Irish-made Spirits into Great Britain and Ireland respectively, the said Suspension was continued, and the same, in consequence and by virtue of His Majesty's Order in Council published in the London Gazette, created on the First Day of December One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, on which Day there were remaining in the Warehouse in which the same had been lodged and incured under the Regulations of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be stored in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, and other Acts of Parliament relating to the warehousing of imported Goods without Payment of the Duties of Customs or Excise due on the Importation thereof, under the Joint Locks of The Customs and the Merchant, large Quantities of such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* and Strong Waters (out of the Produce of the British Plantations), and on which the said additional Duty of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings per Cask had become and was chargeable and charged, and which remained in the said Warehouse subject to the said additional Duty until the Month of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, at and after which time the said Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* and Strong Waters, were, under and by virtue of Orders given and issued by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or some of them, for that Purpose, to the Commissioners of Excise, delivered by the Officers of Excise from or out of the said Warehouse, without Payment of the said additional Duty; and it is expedient to encrease all such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* and Strong Waters, so delivered from the said additional Duty, and also to grant and give the Indemnifications hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* and Strong Waters respectively, so delivered from or out of any such Warehouse or Warehouses, in or after the said Month of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, without Payment of the said additional Duty of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings per Cask, shall be and the same are hereby recovered from the said additional Duty, and every Part thereof; and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, concerned in the giving or issuing any such Order or Orders, shall and they are hereby fully indemnified, for or in respect of giving or issuing any such Order or Orders, and the said Commissioners of Excise, concerned in causing any Officer or Officers of Excise to deliver any such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* or Strong Waters, in or after the said Month of July One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, from or out of any such Warehouse or Warehouses, without Payment of the said additional Duty, or to forward or collect or receive any such additional Duty for or in respect of any such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* or Strong Waters so delivered; and all such Officers of Excise who have so delivered any such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* or Strong Waters, or who have forborne to collect or receive the said additional Duty, or any Part thereof, for or in respect of any such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, *Aqua Fite* or Strong Waters so delivered, shall be and they respectively are hereby also fully indemnified for or in respect thereof respectively.**

C A P. CLXV.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Disbanded Militia in Great Britain, and of the Militia of Cornwall and Devon; and for granting Allowances, in certain Cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Sergeants' Mates and Sergeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Disbanded Militia, and of the Militia of Cornwall and Devon (when Disbanded), in Great Britain, from the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and also

* for making Allowances of Reduced Pay, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers and Sergeants' Mates of the Regular Militia, and Minors of Dragoon and Cavalry in Great Britain, while disembodied; and also Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of the Regular Militia, who have been or may be reduced; and to Adjutants and Sergeants, after long Service: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Secretary at War for the time being may and lawfully, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required to make to be paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia of Great Britain (when disembodied), in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for the Pay of the said Regular Militia at the Rates following; that is to say,

Secretary at War to the Orders required for Pay of Regular Militia.

Rate of Pay.

For each Adjutant, Eight Shillings per Diem:
For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Three Companies, and upwards, Six Shillings per Diem:
For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of Two Companies, Five Shillings per Diem:
For each Paymaster, in Corps consisting of One Company, Four Shillings per Diem:
For each Sergeant, Six Shillings per Diem:
For each Quarter Master, where One has been appointed in a Corps while collected at an Establishment of not less than Three hundred and forty Private Men, Five Shillings per Diem; and at an Establishment of less than Three hundred and forty Private Men, Three Shillings per Diem:
For each Sergeant Major, having been Sergeant Major of a Provisional Battalion of Militia, Two Shillings and Six pence per Diem:
For each Sergeant Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Ten pence per Diem:
For each Sergeant having been a Colour Sergeant in One of the Provisional Battalions of Militia, Two Shillings per Diem:
For each Sergeant, One Shilling and Six pence per Diem:
For each Corporal, One Shilling and Two pence per Diem:
For each Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, One Shilling and Six pence per Diem:
For each Drummer, One Shilling per Diem.

Pay (over when absent on Duty, &c.)

Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer shall during such Absence receive Pay at the following Rates, instead of those above mentioned; that is to say,

Every Sergeant Major, having been Sergeant Major of a Provisional Battalion of the Militia, Two Shillings per Diem:

For every Sergeant having been a Colour Sergeant in any Provisional Battalion of the Militia, One Shilling and Six pence per Diem:

For every Sergeant Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Two or more Companies, One Shilling and Four pence per Diem:

For every other Sergeant, the Sum of One Shilling per Diem:

For every Corporal, the Sum of Eight pence per Diem:

For every Drum Major, where One is appointed in Corps consisting of Three or more Companies, the Sum of One Shilling per Diem:

And for every Drummer, the Sum of Six pence per Diem respectively, and no more:

Clothing.

And also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when disembodied), at the Rate of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Ten pence for each Sergeant Major; Three Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight pence for each Sergeant; Two Pounds One Shilling and Ten pence for each Corporal; Four Pounds Six Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major; Three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence for each Drummer; and Two Pounds One Shilling and Four pence for each Private Man, together with the usual Expense of Package and Carriage, and such Charges for shoeing and fitting the Clothing as shall have been notified by the Secretary at War; and that such Sergeant Majors, Quarter Masters, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be stationed on Continent Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be clothed once in Two Years, and also at the Rate of Three pence per Month for each Private Man and Drumsman, for defraying the Contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

Contingent Expenses.

Reductions of Orders when Arms of Corps kept.

Proviso.

Provided always, that every Adjutant, Paymaster, Sergeant and Quarter Master of Regular Militia when disembodied, shall be constantly resident within the City, Town or Place where the Arms of the Corps to which such Officers belong, are kept, or within such District thereof as shall be sanctioned by the Secretary at War; and the said Officers and the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers shall be subject to the same Rules in respect to occasional Absence, as the Adjutants of disembodied Militia are by Law liable to: Provided always, that every such Adjutant, Paymaster, Sergeant, Quarter Master, Non Commissioned Officer or Drumsman shall receive his Pay for any Period during which he shall be absent without the Leave of the Colonel or Commandant of his Corps.

Quarter Master, &c. in last Charge of Arms, &c. Provision for for Military for

II. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter Master of each Regiment of Militia in which a Quarter Master is appointed, and when no Quarter Master is appointed, then the Paymaster shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Great Coat, Clothing, Non-Uniform, and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant; and the Paymaster shall, out of the Allowance of Three pence per Month for each Private Man and Drumsman directed by this Act to be paid and paid for defraying the

Contingent

Contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps from time to time when and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms and other usual Contingent Expenses upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commanding Officer, and after Payment of such Sums as aforesaid, he shall Three Times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expeditious thereof, showing the Balances remaining in his Hands (which said Balances shall form a Stock-Book for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps), and shall transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed, and the said Accounts followed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Paymaster, for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

[*Statute 3. in the 5th year of 16 G. 3. c. 183.*]

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Purse Men of the Regular Militia, shall for the Period or Periods during which they shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, or when called out for the suppressing Riots or Tumults, be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances as the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Purse Men of the Militia when embodied.

V. And Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of Great Britain while disembodied, under certain Regulations: Be it further enacted, That the following Allowances over and above the Pay to which they are entitled during the time of annual Exercise, or when called out for the suppressing of Riots or Tumults, shall be made and paid to the Amount, under the Regulations, and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Sergeant's Mate who hold or shall hold a Commission in the Militia of Great Britain, and who or shall be serving therein, when the Corps was or shall be disembodied: that is to say,

To a Lieutenant, Two Shillings and Six pence per Diem;

To an Ensign, Two Shillings per Diem;

And to a Sergeant's Mate, Two Shillings and Six pence per Diem;

Provided always, that all Officers of the Militia serving with the Rank of Captain Lieutenant, shall be deemed to be Lieutenants, and all Officers serving with the Rank of Second Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Ensigns for the Purpose of this Act.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall during the Continuance of this Act become possessed of such an Estate or Income as would by Law qualify him to hold the Commission of Captain of a Company in the said Militia, or who is or shall be appointed Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster or Quartermaster in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, nor any Officer on Full Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, shall have or be in any way entitled to the said Allowances or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary in and in any wife notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Sergeant's Mates of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words, or to the Effect following, to wit,

"I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the _____ of Militia when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the _____ Day of _____ last; and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the _____ Day of _____ last; and that I was not in my own Right, or in Right of any Wife during the said Period in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Households of such an annual Value above _____ Repenses, as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia; that I have not during the said Period held the Appointment of Adjutant or Surgeon in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor had any Person for me held or enjoy during the said Period any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Pay as _____ for the Period of _____ the Corps having afforded to be trained and exercised, or for the suppressing of Riots or Tumults, and my Half Pay as _____ So help me GOD."

Which Oath is taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Sergeant's Mate claiming the Allowance.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Sergeant's Mate of the Militia who shall be entitled or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, during the whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, or during the Period of being called out for suppressing Riots or Tumults, and shall during the said time punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Sergeant's Mate of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on Pen of forfeiting the said Allowance as well as the Ref. of his Pay, and every Part thereof, which may be due for the Current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend, and Commission of him having so attended and performed his Duty signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, shall be forfeited by the said Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which the Officer shall belong: Provided always, that in case any such Subaltern Officer or Sergeant's Mate claiming to be entitled to such Allowance shall by his Commanding Officer be permitted or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity to be absent during the Whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, or assembling for the suppressing of Riots or Tumults, for which Purpose it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence, then

Contingent Expenses of a Officer
by the Colonel.
Militia, uniform
Stock-Book.

Militia when
called out for
Training, &c.
entitled to Pay.

Allowances to
Subalterns and
Sergeant's
Mates.

Ensigns.

Ensigns.

Each claim to
entitle to
Allowance.

Subalterns and
Sergeant's Mates
to attend annual
Exercise, &c.

Penalty.

Certificates.

Commanding
Officer may
grant Leave of
Absence.

then and in each case it shall be lawful for such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate, who may be so permitted to be absent and have such Letter in Writing, to demand and receive the said Allowance and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the Whole of the said annual Exercise, or attending for the Suppression of Riots and Tumults: Provided always, that the reason for such Absence as well as the Duration thereof shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificate (in lieu of those before mentioned), to be signed by the Commanding Officer, and to be furnished as soon as conveniently may be to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, whereby such Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate shall be served.

Provided,

If Regiment not called out before Day fixed for Half-yearly Payment, Allowance paid on ending Oath before Justice, without Certificate of Attendance.

When Payment to pay Allowance.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia after the disembodiment thereof, and before the respective Days hereinafter fixed for the Half-yearly Payment of the said Allowances, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate belonging to any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and coming within the Definition of the said Act, who shall have taken and subscribed the Oath hereinbefore mentioned before any Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance as if such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps during the whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon each Oath and Certificate as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon the said Oath being presented to the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, in Addition to their Pay for the time of Training and Exercise or for the time of attending for the Suppression of Riots and Tumults, the Allowance above mentioned for Six Months or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of December next, and the other proper Proportion of the same, on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oath and Certificate before mentioned to be by them presented and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

On Neglect of Attendance of Subalterns, &c. being certified by Colonel, &c. his Clerk in Allowance for. fixed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates of the Militia entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments, Battalions or Corps to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied and called out upon actual Service, and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upon at such Times or for such Occasions as may be required, of them in pursuance of the Laws now in force respecting the Militia when disembodied, each and every such Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate shall on such Neglect or Refusal being established to the Lord Lieutenant and Paymaster, by the Colonel or other Commandant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate shall belong, forfeit his Claim to the said Allowance, and every Part thereof, and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his Commission to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

[Section 12. is the same as § 12. of 54 G. 3. c. 289.]

Persons on Half Pay, or entitled to Allowance as having served in Army, &c. empowered, if serving in Militia, to receive Subsidence Money instead of his pay, on taking following Oath.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Subsidence Money and Allowance by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quarter Masters, Surgeons and Surgeons' Mates, when assembled for annual Training, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults; and the receiving and taking any such Subsidence Money and Allowance by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter Master, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay, but as in any manner to prove such Person on Half Pay or being entitled to any such Allowance from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

I, A. B. do swear, I had not between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of _____ Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides any Allowance of Half Pay as a Retired _____ to His Majesty's Navy, [or, in the Marine, or, in _____ late Regiment of _____], or, Allowance as a _____ late Troop of Horse Guards, [or _____ Regiment of Horse reduced], and except my Subsidence or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster, or, Quarter Master, Surgeon, or, Surgeon's Mate, [as the case may be] for serving in the Militia of the County of _____

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to enable such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Men Council. Ensign Officers, &c. not to let's Right to Civil. Six Pounds, &c.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quarter Master, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Regular Militia, entitled to receive any Civil or Persons or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia, when assembled for Training, or when called out for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults, nor shall any Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate forfeit or lose his Right to receive any such Civil or Person or Allowance by reason of his receiving the Allowance of Two Shillings and Six pence or Two Shillings a Day granted by the Act, to Subalterns or Surgeons' Mates when disembodied.

[Section 15. is the same as § 15. of 54 G. 3. c. 289.]

Adjutants, after Service of 10 Years and with.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, every Adjutant of Regular Militia who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular

Regular Forces, or is the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Twenty Years as the Whole, whereof Ten shall have been in Service as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have been or shall be by Age or Infirmary rendered unfit for further Service, shall, on producing to the Paymaster of the Regiment a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, together with an Order from the Secretary at War be entitled to receive, and the Paymaster aforesaid shall be and is hereby authorized to pay to such Person producing such Certificate and Order as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Eight Shillings *per Diem*: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Ten Years as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Sergeant of Regular Militia, having faithfully served either in His Majesty's Regular Forces, or in the Militia for the full Term of Twenty Years, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Paymaster of the Regiment a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years in the whole (Ten of which he shall have served as a Sergeant of Militia), from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the said Paymaster shall be and is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, together with an Order from the Secretary at War, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings *per Diem*, commencing the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: but no Person receiving such Allowance, shall, by reason thereof, forfeit his Right to any Half Pay to which he may be entitled.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in and to every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia shall have already existed and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall exist and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings *per Diem* shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or from the time such Regiment shall exist and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay, by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XIX. And Whereas it is expedient, that an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the said Majesty King George, intituled *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and six, certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of Militia, disbanded under an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia, under certain Regulations*, which has been revised and continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, should be again revised and further continued, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act, and the Allowances therein granted and mentioned, to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revised from the said Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Provided always, that the Allowance to such Adjutant disbanded as aforesaid, shall, from the said Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be issued at the augmented Rate of Four Shillings *per Diem*.

Section 20. is the same as §. 20. of 54 G. 3. c. 189.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, Allowances and Consequent Expenses for the Regular Militia when disbanded as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he may deem it expedient to adopt from time to time in that behalf, and to authorize, empower and require the Agent General of the disbanded Militia to make such Payments accordingly.

[Section 22-23. are the same (except the Date) as the like Sections of 54 G. 3. c. 189.]

C A P. CLXVI.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Local Militia in Great Britain, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [15th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Consequent Expenses of the Local Militia in Great Britain, from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and fourteen to the Twenty fifth March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, and in every County, Sovereignty, City or Place in Scotland, where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered and required to cause to be issued and paid the within Sums required for the Local Militia, in the Manner and for the several Uses

Rate of Pay.

From hereafter mentioned; that is to say, For the Pay of the said Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, where the Establishment of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which he is appointed, shall not be less than Three hundred and Forty Private Men; and at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, where the Establishment shall be under that Number; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence a Day for each Sergeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six pence a Week for each Sergeant Major, where a Sergeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence a Day for every Corporal retained by Order of His Majesty; and so resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer to reside as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six pence a Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed: Provided always, that when any Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall draw such Absence money Pay at the following Rates, instead of the above mentioned; that is to say, Every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling per Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Six pence per Day respectively, and no more: And also for the Clothing of the Local Militia for each Century, Riding, Drummary, City or Fleet, at the Rate of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Two pence for each Sergeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight pence for each Sergeant, Two Pounds One Shilling and Two pence for each Corporal, Four Pounds Six Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence for each Drummer, and Two Pounds One Shilling and Four pence for each Private Man, together with the actual Expense of Passage and Carriage, and such Charges for storing and fitting the Clothing as shall have been settled by the Secretary at War; and that such Sergeant Majors, Drum Majors, Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at the Head Quarters, shall be clothed once in Two Years; and that such Sergeants, Corporals and Drummers, of Local Militia, beyond the regular Establishment of the Permanent Staff thereof, as may be serving on detached Pay, under the Provision of an Act passed in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, shall be clothed as new Clothing when their present Clothing shall have been actually and lawfully worn for Two Years: And also at the Rate of Three pence per Mile per Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the Contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

50 G. 3. c. 11

Contingent Expenses.

Non-Commissioned
Band Dr. &c.
Dr. Adjutant to
Provision of
50 G. 3. c. 11.
50
Allow 100 to 150
Sergeant

II. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of Local Militia serving upon Permanent Pay, shall be subject to the Provision of Two Acts made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reige for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England and Scotland respectively, as far as relates to the Allowance for Needles, although they may have been enrolled previous to the passing of the said Acts.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Local Militia assembled for Training in Addition to his Pay, the Sum of Five Shillings and Three pence per Week for every Hundred Rank and File for the Expense of the necessary Medicines for the Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men, and an Allowance of Six pence per Month for each of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expense of necessary Medicines and Apparatus given to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers on constant Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter Master of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, or in his Absence the Adjutant, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing or Needles, and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant, and fulfilment of the Money hereby directed to be paid and paid for defraying the Contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from time to time after tax and pay such Sum of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms, or other usual incidental Expenses, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn upon him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, he shall Three times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expensiture thereof, and of the Balance remaining in his Hands; which said Balance shall form a Book Pass for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall transmit the said Account to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps to be by him examined, allowed and signed, and the said Accounts so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Receipts of such Quarter Master for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Local Militia when assembled for Training shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia when drawn out and embodied: Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowances shall only extend to such Period or Periods for which the said Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of Annual Exercise or Training, or for supplying Rans or Tonnages, with the Addition of the Days of arriving at and Departure from and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Section 5. is the same as § 5. of 34 G. 3. c. 1176 Section 6. of the former Act is omitted.]

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quarter Master, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Local Militia entitled to receive any Gratuity Pension or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Local Militia.

• VIII. And

Quarter Master,
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Charge of Arms,
Dr. also shall
Allow Money
necessary for
Repairs on
Order signed by
Colonel.

100 to 150
Sergeant

Local Militia
entitled to Pay
same as Regular
Militia
40 G. 3. c. 11.
40 G. 3. c. 11.

Major to Quarter
Master not
entitled

* VIII. And Whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Local Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for such as in Consideration of their former Service? Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or as the Regular or Local Militia for the full Term of Thirty Years in the whole, Fifteen of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall on producing to the Quarter Master of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, together with an Order from the Secretary at War, be entitled to receive, and the Quarter Master aforesaid shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate and Order as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings a Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

Advances, after
years of 30
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vice, is another
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Stressors

• **Procella**

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall have already created and decreased, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall create and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings per Diem shall be paid to each Person as he actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or from the time such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall create and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided always, that no such reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as he is entitled to, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

1. Reduced Ad-
2. Same as previous
3. 40, 50, 100

1. *Staphylococcus aureus*

[Sections 10—14, are the same as G. 10—14, of 54 G. 9/1, 1975. Section 15, of the former AB is omitted.]

C. A. P. CLXVII.

An Act for defraying until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland, and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [15th July 1815.]

[SECTION 1. is the Date (insert the Date) as (1. of 14 G. 3. c. 133.)]

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, to issue and pay forth further Sums as shall be requisite for the Payment of the necessary Charges of the packing and covering of any such Clothing, and for any Allowance thereof to fit the Necessary Commissioned Officers and Private Men of the said Militia respectively.

[Solutions 3—8, are the same as § 3—7, of 14 G. 3, c. 137.]

IX. And he is further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County in the United Kingdom in which they shall respectively be, in the Words or to the Effect following: *whosoever* [The Oath and the remainder of this Article are in the same Words as (3. of 14 G. 2. c. 35.]

[*Indian no. is the same as 10. of 14th G. 3. p. 177.*]

X1. Provided always, that no Soldier or Private in any such Regiment or Battalion of the Field Militia, after the aforesaid day thereof, and before the respective Day of his/her discharge fixed for the Half-yearly Payment of the said Allowance, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, under Subaltern Officers and Adjutant Surgeons belonging to any such Regiment or Battalion, and coming within the Definition of this Act, who shall be taken and subjected to the Oath hereinbefore mentioned, before any such Officer, of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance, as if such Subaltern Officers and Adjutant Surgeons had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiments or Battalions during the Whole of the Year; by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officers of the Regiment or Battalion, had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion.

[Zeilberger 12=83, "are the same (except the Data) as (12=81, of 54 G. 1. c. 177.)

XXIII. And by it further enacted, That the Hire or Cost of any Hoose or Place to be provided for the keeping of the *Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing or other Stores*, and for the *Refidence and Accommodation* of the *Permanent Staff* belonging to any *Regiment or Battalion of Militia in Ireland*, when not embodied; that is to say, of the *Paymaster, Adjutant, Surgeon, and Quartermaster* thereof, shall be defrayed by the *County*, and the *assessory Sum* for that Purpose shall be granted by *Parliament* of the *Grand Jury* of the *said County*, and which *Parliament* the *Grand Jury* of the *County* is lawfully authorised and required to pass, on a *Vote* signed by the *Chief Secretary* of the *Lord Lieutenant* or *other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland* for the time being, or in the *Absence* of such *Chief Secretary* by the *Under Secretary* for the *Military Department*, and *Securing* the *Costs* incurred or to be incurred in, by *Hire* such *House or Place*,

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Clothing provided free.

Substance
claiming Allen,
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the Rent agreed to be paid for the same, or both Cattle and Rent, which Certificate shall be transmitted by such Chief Secretary to The Clerk of the Crown for each County, at any time prior to the First Day of the Assizes for each County, or if in the County or County of the City of Dublin, then prior to the First Day of the Parliament Term: Provided that in no case any greater Rent than Forty Pounds Irish Currency shall be protested by such Grand Jury for the annual Rent of each Place, nor a greater Sum than Two hundred Pounds Irish Currency shall be requested for building each House; here only in such cases wherein the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall think proper specially to permit or order a greater Rent or Sum, and then not more than One hundred Pounds yearly rent, exclusive of Taxes and Repairs, or a Sum of Five hundred Pounds; such Permits or Order to be certified to the Clerk of The Crown by the Chief Secretary, or in his Absence, the Under Secretary for the Military Department: Provided also, that the Grand Jurors of each County shall be entitled to purchase Ground for building and erecting each House, in the same manner as they are now by Law entitled to purchase Ground for building County Gaols.

XXIV. And Whereas the Sums heretofore allowed to be protested for such Purposes have been in some Instances found quite insufficient, and therefore larger Sums have been expended, or larger Rents agreed for, or both, and it is expedient and reasonable, that such extra Expenses should be defrayed in manner aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted, That in all cases in which the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall deem any such Agreement or Expenditure to have been proper and necessary, and that the same shall be so certified to the Clerk of The Crown in manner aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury of the County to protest the same to be paid in the same manner in all respects as they could or might do under this Act, in case of an Agreement or Expenditure under or in pursuance of a previous Provision or Order made under this Act.

[*Enforce 25-27. see the first at s 23-25. of 56 G. 3. c. 177.*]

C A P. CLXVIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen whether Officers, Non Commissioned Officers or Private Men, in the Militia, can be tried or punished after the Expiration of Periods of Training and Exercising, or after the Militia shall be disbanded, for any Offence committed against any Act in force for the Peace; of Mutiny and Desertion, or the Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, during the Period of each Regiment being embodied for Training and Exercise, or of such Regiment being embodied, and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer and Private Man of the Militia of Great Britain or Ireland, who shall, during the Period of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong being assembled for Training and Exercise, or being embodied, have been guilty of any Offence against any Act of Parliament in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, or any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, may be tried by any General or Regimental Court Martial, consisting of Officers of the Militia, and if found guilty may be punished for such Offence, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man shall belong, shall have been disbanded after Training and Exercise, or shall have been disbanded, in the manner as any Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man may be tried and punished during the Period of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps being assembled for Training and Exercise, or embodied.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That as such Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummer or Private, shall be liable to be tried or punished for any such Offence committed during the Period of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps being assembled for the Purpose of Training and Exercise, or embodied, unless the Charges against such Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Drummer, or Private Man, shall have been made out and delivered within Six Months after the Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall have been disbanded after Training and Exercising, or disembanded.

III. And be it further enacted, That whatsoever in any of the said cases it shall be necessary that a General Court Martial should be held for any such Trial, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to signify His Pleasure to such and to every Lieutenant of Counties, Ridings, Stewartries, Sheres or Places in Great Britain as His Majesty shall deem necessary, that Officers of their respective Counties will be required to assemble to form such Court, and every such Lieutenant shall thereupon give Orders to such Number of Officers as shall be required, who shall forthwith attend to form such Court, and that every such General Court Martial for the Trial of any Officer, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man of the Militia of Ireland, shall be appointed in the same manner, and by and under the same Orders and Authority in all respects, as if that Part of the Militia of the United Kingdom which shall have been raised and bound in Ireland were there drawn out and embodied as aforesaid; and all Officers who shall refuse or neglect to attend any such Courts Martial, shall be liable to be tried by a General Court Martial, to be assembled according to the Regulations of this Act, for such Disobedience of Orders; and all Officers attending to form such Courts shall be entitled to Pay during such Attendance, and to Two Shillings for every Mile for going to such Court Martial at the Commencement thereof, and returning after the Conclusion of the Proceedings of the

the Court; and every General Court Martial so appointed shall be sworn and held in the same manner as if the said respective Missions were drawn out and embodied at the time of holding the said Court Martial; and every such Court Martial shall have all such and the like Powers and Authorities, and shall be of the same Force and Effect in all respects as if the Missions from which the Officers thereof are appointed were then drawn out and embodied.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for holding a Regimental Court Martial in any of the said cases for which such Court Martial shall be proper, it shall be lawful for the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to appoint any Place which he shall think proper, within the County, City, Town or District to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, and to order any Officers of such Regiment or Battalion to attend and assist as Members of such Court Martial, who shall thereupon attend at the time required, and assist accordingly; and in Default of such Attendance shall be liable to be tried by a General Court Martial to be appointed pursuant to the Regulations of this Act, for such Disobedience of Orders, and the Officers who shall be Members of such Court Martial shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances as Officers who shall be Members of any General Court Martial, under the Authority of this Act.

Regimental
Court Martial
appointed.

C A P. CLXIX.

An Act to provide for the Charge of the Addition to the Public Funded Debt of Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen. [14th July 1815.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in His present Majesty's Reign relating to the Redemption of the National Debt, and for making further Provision in respect thereof*, it was enacted and declared, that for the Purposes of the said Act, an Amount of Public Debt equal to the whole Capital of the Public Debt in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities existing on the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, should be deemed to be satisfied and discharged, and so much of the Capital Stock so purchased and transferred as therein mentioned, and standing in the Names of the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt to the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as Parliament by any Act or Acts of the said Session should or might direct, should be cancelled in like manner as if the same had been transferred to the said Commissioners for the Redemption of Lord Tax, pursuant to the Provisions of the several Acts thereto relating, so order to make Provision for the charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Funded Debt of Great Britain, by way of Loan, or in any other manner for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and that where and so soon as such further Amount of the Capital Funded Debt of Great Britain should have been purchased by the said Commissioners, or transferred to them for the Redemption of Lord Tax, or the Purchase of Life Annuities, as together with the Amount so already purchased or transferred as aforesaid, should have produced an Interest or yearly Dividend equal in Amount to the whole annual Charge in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities of the Public Debt of Great Britain, existing on the Fifth Day of January One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, the said Commissioners should correspondently and declare the same to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who should cause the said Certificate and Declaration to be published in the *London Gazette*, and to be laid before Parliament (if Parliament should be then sitting), but if Parliament should not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the next Meeting of Parliament, and from time to time whenever such further Amount of the Capital Funded Debt of Great Britain should have been purchased or transferred as aforesaid, as should be equal to the whole Capital, and should have produced an Interest or yearly Dividend equal in Amount to the whole annual Charge in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities of such Loan contracted since the said Fifth Day of January One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, the said Commissioners should from time to time correspondently in like manner certify and declare the same to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who should in like manner cause every such Certificate and Declaration to be published in the *London Gazette*, and to be laid before Parliament; and whenever any such Certificate and Declaration should have been so made, published and laid before Parliament as aforesaid, the Amount of Public Debts to which such Certificate and Declaration should relate should from time to time be deemed and taken to be wholly satisfied and discharged, and an equal Amount of Capital Stock standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the South Sea Company, should be considered to be redeemed by Parliament, and should from time to time be cancelled as above mentioned, at such times and in such Proportions as should be directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for that Purpose, in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Funded Debt of Great Britain by way of Loan or in any other manner; and it was thereby further enacted, that whenever the Amount of the same to be raised by way of Loan, or in any other manner, which might enter in Addition to the Public Funded Debt of Great Britain, so that on any future Year, should exceed the Sum which on the First Day of February should have been or should be estimated to be applicable in the same Year to the Redemption of the National Debt, then and in every such case an annual Sum, amounting to the One hundredth Part of the Capital Stock created by so much only of the Monies raised by way of Loan, or in any other manner as aforesaid, in the Year, as should be equal to the Sum so estimated to be applicable to the Redemption of the National Debt within the same Year, should be issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer to the Account of the said Commissioners in the manner directed by the said therein recited Act of the

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§ 15.

Thirty

That second Year of His present Majesty, and with respect to the Excess of the Monies which might be so raised in any Year by way of Loan or in any other manner as aforesaid, above the estimated Sum applicable to the Reduction of the National Debt within the same Year, such an annual Sum as should be equal to One Half of the Interest of such Excess, should be set apart out of the Monies composing the Consolidated Fund, and should in like manner be issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to be by them placed to the Account of the said Commissioners: And Whereas the Sum which on the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and fifteen was estimated to be applicable in the present Year to the Reduction of the National Debt amounted to Eleven millions three hundred and twenty four thousand seven hundred and forty Pounds: And Whereas by Two several Acts passed in this present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for granting Annuities* and *to discharge certain Exchequer Bills*; and also, intitled *An Act for granting Annuities in discharge certain Exchequer Bills*; and for raising a Sum of Money by Annuities, for the Service of Great Britain, the Sum of Eleven Millions one hundred and twenty seven thousand five hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, and the Sum of Seven millions and eight thousand and eighty nine Pounds Three Shillings and Six pence in Money have been solemnly to be issued in the First Pounds per Centum Consolidated Annuities: And Whereas by another Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for raising the Sum of Thirty six Millions by way of Annuities*, the Sum of Twenty seven Millions was raised for the Service of Great Britain: And Whereas the Charge of the said several Sums will amount to the Sum of Three millions six hundred and eighty nine thousand three hundred and fifty one Pounds Ten Shillings and Two pence: One Farthing: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for a Part of such Charge in the manner directed by the said several Acts: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sum of Seven Millions seven hundred and twenty six thousand four hundred Pounds, Four Pounds per Centum Bank Annuities, and the Sum of Fifty one millions two hundred seventy one thousand four hundred and fifty seven Pounds, Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Annuities, bearing in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, shall from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be respectively cancelled, and the Interest or Dividends which would have been payable thereon shall from thenceforth respectively cease to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer, or to be charged upon the Consolidated Fund; and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying in Part the Charge occasioned by the Additions made or to be made to the Public Funded Debt of Great Britain in the present Year.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Monies arising from the Permanent Duties of Customs, Excise and Postage granted by several Acts in the last present Session of Parliament, shall be deemed a permanent Increase to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act of Parliament passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. CLXX.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and for the more effectually regulating the same. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia; and for the more effectually regulating the said Office, and to make further Provision for the Regulation of the Office of Agent General*: And Whereas it is in the said several Acts enacted, that the Agent General should be authorized and empowered to apply for Money for the Militia when disembodied, the Local Militia and Volunteers, or any other Service to which he should be authorized by the Secretary at War to act as Agent General, and to issue and account for the same agreeably to the Provisions in the said Act contained: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Agent General should also be empowered to act as Agent General for the Militia when embodied or called out into actual Service, or for any Part thereof, if authorized by the Secretary at War as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Agent General, if authorized as aforesaid, to apply for, receive, disburse and account for all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Regular Militia, or any Part thereof, when embodied or ordered out on actual Service, in the same manner as the Monies required for the Service of the Militia when disembodied have hitherto been applied for, received, disbursed and accounted for.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Matters and Things whosoever in the said several Acts of the last Session of Parliament shall extend and be construed to extend to all Sums to be issued or received by and to all Payments made by each Agent General, on account of the Regular Militia when embodied or called out on actual Service.

C. A. P.

CAP. CLXXI.

An Act to continue, for One Year, certain Acts for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to induce Persons Serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea and Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the several Acts heretofore mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Two Acts made in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the One in the Parliament of Great Britain, and the other in the Parliament of Ireland, for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to induce Persons Serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea or Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience, which Acts were to continue in force for the Term in the said recited Acts respectively mentioned; and which said recited Acts, by several Acts made in the Parliaments of Great Britain and Ireland, have been further continued, and are now in force until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and the said Acts are hereby further continued, on and from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for the Space of One Year and no longer.

37 G. 3. c. 38.
37 G. 3. (14)
c. 41.
continued.

CAP. CLXXII.

An Act to provide for the Support of captured Slaves during the Period of Adjudication.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the Acts now in force for the Abolition of the Slave Trade have not sufficiently provided for the Support and Maintenance of Slaves during the time when they may be waiting Adjudication as Prisoners of War, or as forfeited or liable to Forfeiture to His Majesty, or otherwise proceeded against under and by virtue of any Law: And Whereas it is expedient that further Provisions be made, in order to secure the necessary Support and Maintenance for such Slaves during the time they may be so waiting Adjudication: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when any Native or Natives of Africa, held and treated as Slaves, or other Persons or Persons held or treated as Slaves, within the Provisions of any Act of Parliament passed for the Abolition of the Slave Trade, shall be captured or seized as Prisoners of War, or as forfeited or liable to Forfeiture to His Majesty, or otherwise proceeded against in and by virtue of any Law, and brought to Adjudication in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any Court of Vice Admiralty, or in any Court in His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations, or elsewhere within His Majesty's Dominions, which is or may be authorized to hold Jurisdiction in such cases, it shall be lawful for the Persons or Persons claiming any Right or Property in, or the Possession of such Slaves, and he is hereby required to put such Slaves on Shore; and it shall be lawful for the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs in each Port or Place to which such Slaves shall be brought to Adjudication, and he is hereby required, to direct Enquiry to be made, whether the Persons or Persons claiming any Right or Property in or the Possession of such Slaves, shall have furnished, or shall be willing and able to furnish, sufficient Food and Necessaries for the Support and wholesome Maintenance of the said Slaves during the Proceedings which may have been or may be instituted respecting such Slaves; and such Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs shall, as soon as may be, report to the Governor or Lieutenant Governor, or other Person exercising the Authority of Governor in such Colony or Plantation or Place, the result of such Enquiry; and if it shall appear to the said Governor or Lieutenant Governor, or other Person exercising the Authority of Governor, that sufficient Food and Necessaries for the wholesome Maintenance of such Slaves during the Proceedings so instituted, or to be instituted as aforesaid, have not been furnished; and if the Persons or Persons claiming any Right or Property in or to such Slaves shall refuse or afterwards neglect or omit to supply proper Food and Necessaries for the Support and wholesome Maintenance of the said Slaves during such Proceedings, the said Governor or Lieutenant Governor, or other Person exercising the Authority of Governor, in such Colony or Plantation or Place, being satisfied of the Truth of the Report so made to him, shall authorize the said Collector or Chief Officer of the Customs to take on himself the immediate Care and Custody of such Slaves, and to provide proper Food and Necessaries for such Slaves during the Proceedings so instituted or to be instituted in any such Court as aforesaid, until the said Court shall have made its Decree, hereafter the Force and Effect of a definitive Sentence, condemning or releasing the said Slaves; and in case the said Court shall by such Decree absolutely release or condemn such Slaves, the said Court shall, on Application made to him by the said Collector or Chief Officer of the Customs for providing or having provided for the Support and Maintenance of such Slaves as aforesaid, direct the Accountants for the Provisions and Necessaries to be supplied for the said Slaves, as he brought into the Registry of the Court and examined, and direct the same, when confirmed, to be a Charge on the said Slaves, to be defrayed by the Persons retaining Possession thereof under the Decree of such Court.

Provision for
the Support of
Slaves during
Adjudication
as to be furnished.

§ 4.

11. Provided nevertheless, That in case the Court shall not immediately release or condemn the said Slaves, by Decree having the Force and Effect of a definitive Sentence, he shall direct further Proof to be made in the Cause, whereby the Release or Condemnation shall be deferred, and the Persons claiming any Right

If Sentence
not forthwith
given, Account
to be taken.

or Property in or the Possession of the said Slaves, shall not have happened, or at any time pending Proceedings in that Court shall refuse or neglect to supply proper Food and Necessaries for the said Slaves, it shall be lawful for the Court to direct a Valuation to be made of such Slaves, and to remove such Slaves, after such Valuation had and approved by the Court, to be delivered over to such Officer or Person as may be appointed by His Majesty to receive Slaves condemned to His Majesty's Use, according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Abolition of the Slave Trade*; and the same shall be dealt with and treated in all respects according to the Provisions of the said Act; save and except that the Bounty shall not be due or payable for such Slaves but in the Event of final Condemnation according to the Provisions of the said Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That if on further Proof the Slaves shall be decreed to be released, and there be no Appeal, and the said Slaves shall have been delivered over as above directed, Restitution shall be made in the Value of the said Slaves, according to the Valuation as above directed, together with Interest thereon, such Sum being deducted therefrom as may have been expended for the Support and Maintenance of the said Slaves by the Collector or Chief Officer of the Customs, as before directed, and shall remain unpaid; and the Value so adjusted shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy, in the same manner as Bounties are now paid for Slaves condemned to His Majesty's Use under the aforesaid Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, on the Production of the official Copy of the Sentence of Restitution, with the Valuation endorsed thereon by the Registrar of the said Court or his Deputy.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which there shall have been a Decree, having the Force and Effect of a Definitive Sentence, restoring or condemning the said Slaves, and the same shall be suspended by Appeal, it shall be lawful for the Court, notwithstanding such Appeal, and it is hereby required, to proceed forthwith to direct the Slaves so detained, to be valued as above directed; and after such Valuation had and approved by the Court, to be delivered over to such Officer or Person as may be appointed to receive Slaves condemned to His Majesty's Use, according to the Provisions of the aforesaid Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, as if the same had been finally condemned to His Majesty; and such Slaves shall be treated and dealt with, in all respects, in the same manner as if they had been finally condemned to His Majesty; save and except that the Bounties shall not be due or payable thereon but in the Event of final Condemnation to His Majesty, according to the Provisions of the said Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which such Slaves shall be finally restored in the Court of Appeal, Restitution in Value shall be made, for the Use of the Claimant or Proprietor thereof, according to the Valuation made as above directed, subject always to Revision in the Court of Appeal, together with Interest thereon, such Sum being deducted therefrom as may have been expended for the Support and Maintenance of the said Slaves by the Collector or Chief Officer of the Customs, as above directed; and the Value so adjusted shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy, in the same manner as Bounties are directed to be paid for Slaves condemned to His Majesty under the aforesaid Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, on the Production of an official Copy of the final Sentence of Restitution, with the Valuation of the said Slaves endorsed thereon by the Registrar of the said Court or his Deputy.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the said Courts, or any of them, having Jurisdiction in the principal Cause, from adjudging and determining the Captions, Seizures or Prosecutions in any such Cause as aforesaid, to pay out of their own proper Monies, in addition to the Restitution in Value directed to be made as aforesaid, such further Sums in the nature of Costs or Damages, as the said Court shall decree, where it shall appear to such Court that the Captains, Seizors or Prosecutors, or the Appell thereon as the behalf of the Captain, Seizor or Prosecutor, shall not be justified by the circumstances of the case.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions of the said Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the Disposal of Slaves condemned to His Majesty's Use, and for the Payment of Bounties thereon, in cases of Capture by Ships of War or Privateers, shall be applied to all cases of Slaves captured or seized and condemned as Prize of War, during the late War, or that may hereafter be captured, seized or condemned as aforesaid, or otherwise forfeited, or liable to Forfeiture to His Majesty, or subject to confiscation, by any Law whatsoever.

C A P. CLXXXII.

An Act for the better Prosecution of the Trade of the United Kingdom during the present Hostilities with France.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it will add to the Security of Trade to prevent Ships sailing without Coaveys, except in certain cases; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel belonging in any of His Majesty's Subjects (except as hereinafter provided) to sail or depart from any Port or Place whatever, unless under the Escort and Protection of such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels as shall or may be appointed for that Purpose.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel which shall sail or depart under the Protection of Coaveys, shall and is hereby required to affix its utmost address to continue with such Coaveys during the whole of the Voyage, or during such Part thereof, as such Coaveys shall be directed to accompany and protect such Ship or Vessel, and shall not wilfully separate

separate or depart therefrom upon any Pretence whatever, without Order or Leave for that Purpose from the Officer having the Command of such Convoy.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel which by this Act is required not to sail or depart without Convoy, shall, contrary to the Directions contained in this Act, fail or depart from any Port or Place whatever (except as hereinafter is provided) without such Convoy as shall be appointed for that Purpose, or shall afterwards desert or wilfully separate or depart from such Convoy, without Leave obtained from the Captain or other Officer in His Majesty's Navy entrusted with the Charge of such Convoy, before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at the Port or Place of her Destination, or is so far on her Voyage as such Convoy shall be directed to accompany and protect such Ship or Vessel, every such Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One thousand Pounds; and in case the Whole or any Part of the Cargo of any such Ship or Vessel shall consist of Naval or Military Stores, every Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel so loaded with Naval or Military Stores, who shall fail or depart without such Convoy as aforesaid, or shall afterwards desert or wilfully separate or depart from such Convoy without Leave obtained as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Court out of which the Record for the Trial of any Action or Suit for the Recovery of any such Penalty shall issue, to mitigate or lessen the same as the said Court in their Discretion shall think fit, having regard to the circumstances of the case and the Value of the Ship and Cargo, so as by such Mitigation the Penalty be made not less than Fifty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Ship or Vessel shall fail or depart without Convoy, or shall afterwards desert or wilfully separate or depart from such Convoy contrary to the Provisions of this Act, every Policy of Insurance, or Contract or Agreement for any Insurance upon such Ship or Vessel, or upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, laden or to be laden on board thereof, or upon any Property, Freight or other Interest arising out of the same, wherein Insurances may lawfully be made, and which shall be the Property of the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel so failing without Convoy, or wilfully quitting the same, or of any Person interested in such Ship or Vessel or Cargo, who shall have effected or have been any way privy to or instrumental in causing such Ship or Vessel to fail without Convoy or wilfully separating therefrom, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes, both at Law and in Equity, any Contract or Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding; and that nothing shall be recovered thereon by the Assured for Loss or Damage, or for the Premium or Consideration in the nature of a Pension which shall have been given for such Insurance; and if any Party to such Insurance, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, any Broker, Agent or other Person, shall knowingly make or effect, or procure to be made or effected, or shall negotiate or transfer any Settlement upon such Insurance, or pay or allow in Account, or agree to pay or allow in Account, or otherwise, any Sum or Sums of Money upon any Loss, Peril or Contingency, relating to any such Insurance, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs in Great Britain or Ireland to permit or suffer any Ship or Vessel, which is by this Act required not to fail or depart without Convoy, to be cleared Outwards from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom to Foreign Parts, until the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall have given Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with One sufficient Surety, in the Penalty of the Value of such Ship or Vessel, which Bond shall be taken by the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs at such Port or Place, who is lawfully authorized and required to take such Security with Condition that such Ship or Vessel shall not fail or depart without Convoy, contrary to the Directions contained in this Act, and shall not afterwards desert or wilfully separate or depart from such Convoy without Leave obtained from the Captain or other Officer in His Majesty's Navy, entrusted with the Charge of such Convoy, before such Ship or Vessel shall have arrived at her Port or Place of Destination, or is so far on her Voyage as such Convoy shall be appointed to accompany and protect such Ship or Vessel.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained by which Ships or Vessels are required not to fail or depart without Convoy, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship or Vessel which is not required to be registered by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force or so immediately before the passing of this Act, or to any Ship or Vessel for which a License shall be granted to fail or depart without Convoy either by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them; or to any such Person or Persons as shall be duly authorized by him or them or any Three or more of them for that Purpose, or to any Ship or Vessel proceeding with due Diligence to join Convoy from the Port or Place at which the same shall be cleared Outwards, in case such Convoy shall be appointed to sail from some other Port or Place, except nevertheless as to the Bond hereby required to be taken upon the Clearance Outwards of such Ship or Vessel, or to any Ship or Vessel bound from any Port or Place within the United Kingdom to any other Port or Place within the same.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Fee, Gratuity or Reward shall be demanded or received for any License granted in pursuance or under the Authority of this Act.

VIII. And Whereas it would not be expedient or possible to appoint separate Comvoys to sail from each of several contiguous Foreign Ports: Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the said United Kingdom for the time being, or any Three or more of them, whenever

Masters of Vessels sailing contrary to Directions at Act.

Penalty. If Cargo consists of Naval or Military Stores.

Penalty.

Penalty mitigated.

Insurances void in certain cases.

Penalty.

Bond taken from Masters of Vessels not to fail or depart without Convoy.

All not to extend to Vessels not required to be registered, nor to Vessels licensed by Admiralty, &c.

No Fee for License.

Admiralty to appoint Comvoys from several contiguous Foreign Ports as it shall be expedient.

wherever they shall judge it expedient for the Benefit and Security of the Trade of His Majesty's Subjects, to appoint One Foreign Port or Place at which the Ships and Vessels trading from certain other Foreign Ports or Places should assemble for the Purpose of taking Convey, to make Notice from time to time to be given to the *Lords and Dublin Gazette*, and also at the Custom Houses and Consular Offices of such Ports and Places in Foreign Parts, that one or more Convey or Convoys will sail from the Ports or Places to be named in such Notice for the Protection of the Trade of and from those Ports, and that if any Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any Merchant Ship or Vessel cleared out, or intending to sail from any Port or Place at which such Notice shall have been given, shall not proceed with such Ship or Vessel to such Port or Place as appointed for the Attendance of such Convey or Convoys, and shall not affix its proper Endorsement in and take the Benefit of such Convey, he shall be taken and considered as having sailed without Convey contrary to this Act, and shall be liable to all Penalties and Forfeitures herein provided against Persons so sailing without Convey: Provided also, that if any Ship or Vessel not hereby required to take Convey shall nevertheless place herself under Convey of any of His Majesty's Ships, such Ship or Vessel shall nevertheless be liable to all the Provisions of this Act.

Proviso.

And not to pass
without Convey
from sailing
where no such
order is appointed,
&c.

Masters given to
Masters of Vessels
to be taken on
board such
Flags, or on
such other
Great Signals, &c.

IX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship or Vessel sailing or departing without Convey from any Foreign Port or Place, nor to subject the Master thereof or any other Person to any of the Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties or Forfeitures hereby prescribed, directed and imposed, in case there shall not be any Convey appointed for such Ship or Vessel, nor any Person or Persons at such Foreign Port or Place, duly authorized by the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to appoint Convoys for such Ships or Vessels, or to grant Licenses to such Ships or Vessels to sail or depart without Convey, or in case that such Notice as aforesaid shall not have been given at another Port or Place to which the Ships or Vessels sailing from such Foreign Port or Place should proceed for the Purpose of taking Convey.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or such Person as shall be duly authorized by him or them, or any Three or more of them, for that Purpose, to give Notice that all Masters and other Persons having the Charge or Command of any Ships or Vessels which are by this Act required not to sail or depart without Convey, shall have on board their respective Ships or Vessels such Flags, Vases or other Materials as shall be necessary for the Purpose of distinguishing such Ships or Vessels, and of enabling such Masters or other Persons to answer the Signal or Signals made by the Captain or other Officer to His Majesty's Navy entrusted with the Care of such Convey, such Flags, Vases or other Materials to be provided by such Masters and other Persons having the Charge and Command of any Ships or Vessels which are required by this Act not to sail without Convey, which Notice shall be inserted in the *London and Dublin Gazette* and transmitted to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Ireland and Scotland, in order to the same being by them sent to the principal Officers of the Customs at the several Ports, for the Information of the Persons concerned, and that after such Notice on such Ship or Vessel shall be cleared Outwards, until it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer of the Customs that the Ship is provided with such Flags, Vases or other Materials.

Vessels to Dis-
pose their Ensign,
to make Signals,
and in case of
being boarded
shall not be
seized.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel, which by this Act is required not to sail or depart without Convey, shall be in imminent Danger of being boarded or taken Possession of by the Enemy, the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship shall make Signals by firing Guns or otherwise, to convey Information of his Danger to the Rest of the Convey as well as to the Ships of War under the Protection of which he is sailing; and that in case of such Ship being boarded and taken Possession of, he shall deliver all Instructions contained to him relating to the Convey; and every Master or Person having the Charge and Command of such Vessel, who shall neglect to make such Signals, or shall wilfully neglect to make such Signals, or shall wilfully omit to deliver such Instructions as before mentioned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Not to extend to
Vessels sailing
from convoys
1 hour or Period
before men-
tioned.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, with respect to Ships or Vessels sailing or departing without Convey, or afterwards departing or wilfully separating from such Convey, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship or Vessel which shall sail or depart from the Islands of *Greensey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Rhé*, or either of them, for or on account of such sailing or Departure on or before the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or from any other Port or Place in Europe, on or before the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or from any other Port or Place in the *West Indies*, or any other Part of America, on or before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or from any Port or Place in Africa or Asia, on or before the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Penalty for
not doing so
1 year

XIII. And be it further enacted, That One Month of all Pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed, as far as the same relate to Ships or Vessels sailing without Convey, or wilfully separating or departing from such Convey, or not proceeding to join and take the Benefit of Convey as hereinbefore mentioned, or to Indemnities, shall, if paid for within the Space of One Year from the time of any such Penalty or Forfeiture being incurred, be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Money thereof, with full Costs of Suit, to the Person or Persons who shall inform or farther prosecute the same aforesaid, unless such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid for by His Majesty's Attorney General in England or Ireland, or his Agent in Scotland, in which case the whole thereof shall belong to His Majesty: and which Penalty or Forfeiture shall and may be paid for as any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in England, or His Majesty's Court

of Exchange at *Edinburgh*, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, whether the Office shall have been constituted in any Part of the United Kingdom, or at Sea, or in Parts beyond the Seas, provided the Person securing such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be within the Jurisdiction of the Court in which such Action shall be brought at the time of the Commencement thereof, or of Service of Process upon him, and in which Action no Effray, Privilege, Waiver of Law, or more than Due Impudence, shall be allowed; and in Default of Prosecution within the time herebefore limited, no such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be afterwards recoverable, except in the name of His Majesty's Attorney General in *England* or *Ireland*, or Advocate in *Scotland*, by Information in the respective Courts aforesaid, in which case the whole of such Penalty or Forfeiture shall belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that all Penalties and Forfeitures, and Shares of Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred as aforesaid, belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in *England*, *Ireland* and *Scotland* respectively, for the time being, and shall go to and be deemed and taken as Part of the Consolidated Funds of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any such Prosecution shall be commenced by any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any such Penalty or Forfeiture as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Attorney General in *England* and *Ireland*, or Advocate in *Scotland*, in case it shall appear to their Satisfaction respectively that such Penalty or Forfeiture was incurred without any Intention of Fraud, to stop all further Proceedings on every such Prosecution of such Penalty or Forfeiture to which any such Person may claim to be entitled, upon such Terms as shall seem to the Court and otherwise as any such Attorney General or Advocate shall think reasonable.

XV. And be it enacted, That the Senior Officer of every Convoy to be appointed for the Protection of Trade shall cause to be endorsed on a Copy of the Instructions and Orders to the respective Masters or other Persons having the Charge or Command of the different Ships and Vessels sailing under his Protection, the Days of the Month and Year when Copies of such Instructions and Orders were delivered on Board such respective Ships and Vessels, and the Names of the Persons respectively to whom the same were so delivered, and the Names of the Persons delivering the same.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That none of the Provisions of this Act shall be in force until His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, shall order the same to be carried into Execution.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted or discontinued, his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Triple Costs and have the like remedy for the same as any Defendant hath in any other case to recover Costs by Law.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Ship or Vessel employed in the *Newfoundland* Fishery, being wholly laden with Fish or other Produce of the said Fishery, or with Articles of the Growth or Produce of the said Island of *Newfoundland*, or Coast of *Labrador*, to sail or depart from any Port or Place within the said Island or on the said Coast (except as hereinafter is provided) without being accompanied with or being under the Protection of Convoy, or without a License having been obtained, authorizing such Ship or Vessel so to sail or depart.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to permit or allow any Ship or Vessel to sail or depart from the Port of *Saint John's* in the said Island of *Newfoundland*, without being under the Protection of Convoy, or without a License being first obtained for that Purpose, during the time any Admiral or other Person duly authorized by the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or by the Commanders-in-Chief for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, to grant Licenses for permitting Ships or Vessels to sail or depart without being under the Protection of Convoy, shall be stationed or resident at the said Port of *Saint John's*.

XX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force during the present Session with *France*.

C. A. P. CLEXXIV.

An Act to extend the Exemption granted by Law on Coals and Cakes for which the Coast Duties have been duly paid, on being again exported and carried to any other Place in this Kingdom, to Cinders or Colored Coals burnt from Pea Coal, which has paid the Coast Duties. [18th July 1815.]

WHEREAS Coals or Cakes for which the Coast Duties have been duly paid or ferried at the Importation or Landing thereof are by the Laws in force exempted from the Payment of any further Duty upon being again exported and carried to any other Place in this Kingdom; and it is expedient to extend this Exemption to Cinders, or Colored Coals burnt from Pea Coal, which has paid the Coast Duties; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of

Cinders or
Coked Coals
which had
been
Duty free
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Duty
which had
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Duty

the same, Then, from and after the passing of this Act, no Duty of Customs shall be charged or payable upon any Cinders or Coked Coals brought or carried Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain, into any other Port or Place of England or Wales, provided it shall appear by a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs of the Port where the said Cinders or Coked Coals were taken on board, that the same and every Part thereof were made of Pit Coal which had been brought Coastwise and there landed, and that the Duties of Customs due and payable by Law at the time of the Importation and Landing thereof had been duly paid to the proper Officers of the Customs; but on Failure to produce such Certificate to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Landing Port as aforesaid, the said Cinders or Coked Coals shall be subject and liable to the Payment of such and the like Duty as they would have been subject and liable to if this Act had not been made.

C A P. CLXXV.

An Act to continue until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, Two Acts of the Fifth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Cakes and Cinders, to London and Westminster, by Inland Navigation. [11th July 1815.]

20 G. 3. c. 110.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in relation, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the bringing of Coals, Cakes and Cinders to London and Westminster, by Inland Navigation*, which was continued by Two Acts of the Fifty first and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty's Reign until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and it is expedient that the Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

21 G. 3. c. 119.

22 G. 3. c. 120.

23 G. 3. c. 121.

24 G. 3. c. 122.

25 G. 3. c. 123.

26 G. 3. c. 124.

27 G. 3. c. 125.

28 G. 3. c. 126.

29 G. 3. c. 127.

30 G. 3. c. 128.

31 G. 3. c. 129.

32 G. 3. c. 130.

33 G. 3. c. 131.

34 G. 3. c. 132.

35 G. 3. c. 133.

36 G. 3. c. 134.

37 G. 3. c. 135.

38 G. 3. c. 136.

39 G. 3. c. 137.

40 G. 3. c. 138.

41 G. 3. c. 139.

42 G. 3. c. 140.

43 G. 3. c. 141.

44 G. 3. c. 142.

45 G. 3. c. 143.

46 G. 3. c. 144.

47 G. 3. c. 145.

48 G. 3. c. 146.

49 G. 3. c. 147.

50 G. 3. c. 148.

51 G. 3. c. 149.

52 G. 3. c. 150.

53 G. 3. c. 151.

54 G. 3. c. 152.

55 G. 3. c. 153.

56 G. 3. c. 154.

57 G. 3. c. 155.

58 G. 3. c. 156.

59 G. 3. c. 157.

60 G. 3. c. 158.

61 G. 3. c. 159.

62 G. 3. c. 160.

63 G. 3. c. 161.

64 G. 3. c. 162.

65 G. 3. c. 163.

66 G. 3. c. 164.

67 G. 3. c. 165.

68 G. 3. c. 166.

69 G. 3. c. 167.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the bringing of a limited Quantity of Coals, Cakes or Cinders to London and Westminster by Inland Navigation*, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Cakes or Cinders brought along the Grand Junction or Paddington Canals nearer to London than the Stone or Toll thereby required to be erected and maintained, as or near to the Towing Path of the said Grand Junction Canal, or at near the North East Port of Great Port, and contiguous to the Wharf there in the Possession and Occupation of the Earl of Chelmsford: And Whereas the Amount of the said Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty fifth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by Schedule (A) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof*, other Duties are imposed to and therein upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cakes and Cinders, under the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, of the said first recited Act: And Whereas the said recited Acts were further continued by Two Acts of the Fifty first and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted, That the said first recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in so far as the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cakes and Cinders may be brought within One Year by the said Grand Junction and Paddington Canals nearer to London than the said Stone or Toll, and the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon and the Appropriation thereof, shall be and the same are hereby further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

C A P. CLXXVI.

An Act for allowing certain Tiles to be made Duty free for ferre for Draining. [11th July 1815.]

20 G. 3. c. 110.

21 G. 3. c. 119.

22 G. 3. c. 120.

23 G. 3. c. 121.

24 G. 3. c. 122.

25 G. 3. c. 123.

26 G. 3. c. 124.

27 G. 3. c. 125.

28 G. 3. c. 126.

29 G. 3. c. 127.

30 G. 3. c. 128.

31 G. 3. c. 129.

32 G. 3. c. 130.

33 G. 3. c. 131.

34 G. 3. c. 132.

35 G. 3. c. 133.

36 G. 3. c. 134.

37 G. 3. c. 135.

38 G. 3. c. 136.

39 G. 3. c. 137.

40 G. 3. c. 138.

WHEREAS This best into the Semi-cylindrical Form prescribed by an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, or as nearly into the said Form as may be, made free of Duty, for the sole Purpose of draining wet or marshy Land, iniquely require an horizontal Foundation or support made of Stone, Brick or Tile to prevent the Edges of such Draining Tiles from sinking down into the wet or marshy Land in which they are laid for draining the same; and it is therefore expedient to allow such Flat Tiles as are hereinafter mentioned, made for the sole Purpose of serving for the Foundations or Support of such Draining Tiles, to be made free of Duty; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whatever, to make, for the sole Purpose of serving for the Foundations or Support of Tiles best into the Semi-cylindrical Form prescribed by the said Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, or as nearly into the said Form as may be, and of the Dimensions and Length allowed by the said Act and another Act made in the Forty second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to be used for the Purpose of Draining wet or marshy Lands, flat Tiles not exceeding One Inch in Thickness, each thereof having in one End a semicircular Projection, and at the other a semicircular Arch

or Indent, each Projection and Arch being Portions of Circles of equal Diameters, and each such Tile being also not less than Nine Inches in Length and not exceeding Seven Inches in Breadth, each Flat Tile being also perforated with circular Holes, each thereof being not less than Two Inches in Diameter, and the Sum of the Areas of such Holes in each such Flat Tile amounting to not less than a Quarter Part of the Surface or superficial Content of such Flat Tile, and no such Flat Tile being fit or proper for the Purpose of being used in Buildings, or in the Roof or Covering of any House, Shed or other Building whatever, without being charged or chargeable with any Duty for or in respect of such Flat Tiles; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

[See further as to Draining Tiles, 45 G. 3. c. 128. § 3. 4.]

C A P. CLXXVII

An Act for the further Prevention of Frauds in the Manufacture of Sweets. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the Laws in force for the Prevention thereof, Makers of Sweets see Sale when they have Occasion to send or deliver Sweets to their Customers, do from time to time draw and take the same from their Stocks of Sweets containing greater Quantities than the Quantities for sent or delivered, and having so done, do immediately make Quantities of new Sweets equal and answerable to such Quantities so sent or delivered, and do then put in or mix such new Sweets to and with the remaining Part and Parts of such their Sweets in the Store, all which being frequently done and performed without the least Priority or Knowledge of the Officers of Excise, who should make Charges of the Duties for and in respect of such new Sweets so made as aforesaid, they the said Officers of Excise for the Want of Discovery and due Notice thereof, neither do or can make such Charges, whereby His Majesty is very much defrauded of and in his Duties upon such Sweets; For the Prevention whereof, he it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all and every Maker and Makers of Sweets or Made Wines for sale shall before he, she or they shall begin to draw off any Sweets or Made Wine from any Store, or from any Vessel or Urnstill in which the same shall have been made or manufactured, give to the Officer of Excise, under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be, Six Hours' Notice in Writing within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, and Twelve Hours' Notice in Writing in other Places in Great Britain, of his, her or their Intention to so draw off any Sweets or Made Wine; and of the time when and the particular Store, Vessel or Urnstill from or out of which such Sweets or Made Wine shall be intended to be drawn off, and the Quantity thereof; and such Officer shall, if he shall deem it expedient so to do, attend to for such Sweets or Made Wine so drawn off; and if such Officer shall attend for that Purpose, all such Sweets or Made Wine shall at the time specified in such Notice be, with all due Diligence and Dispatch, drawn off in the Presence of such Officer; and if any such Maker or Makers shall draw off any Sweets or Made Wine without giving such Notice as is so then behalf hereinbefore directed to be given, or shall neglect or refuse to draw off with all due Diligence and Dispatch, such Sweets or Made Wine on such Officer's Attendance, such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all such Sweets or Made Wine drawn off without such Notice having been given as aforesaid.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to subject any Maker or Makers of Sweets or Made Wines for Sale to the said last mentioned Penalty or Forfeiture, for or by reason of his, her or their not specifying in his, her or their Notice of his, her or their Intention to draw off any Sweets or Made Wines the Quantity thereof, in case the whole of the Sweets or Made Wines at that time contained in the Store, Vessel or Urnstill mentioned in such Notice, shall either by or virtue of such Notice, be intended to be drawn off; and such Maker or Makers shall have specified in such Notice that the whole of such Sweets or Made Wines are to be intended to be drawn off; and if the whole thereof shall be actually drawn off with all due Diligence and Dispatch, and the putting out of the Remains of such Sweets or Made Wines from the Vessel within the Space of Twenty two Hours at the farthest from the time of the Commencement of such drawing off; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of any Kind of Sweets or Made Wines, other than Mead, for Sale, shall sell or send out any Liquor made by Infusion, Fermentation or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines, in any less Quantity than in a whole Cask containing Twelve Gallons, on Pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall have in his, her or their Cellar or Possession any Liquor made by Infusion, Fermentation or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Ingredients or Materials whatsoever commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines, exceeding the Quantity of One hundred Gallons, shall be deemed and taken to be a Maker of Sweets or Made Wines, other than Mead, for Sale, and shall be subject to the Survey of His Majesty's Officers of Excise.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such ways, means or methods as any Pains, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Inform.

Makers to give Notice to Officer of Excise before Sweets drawn off, and to State Quantity

Single/ing

Twenty.

Makers not to be subject to Penalty for not specifying Quantity in Notice of whole of Quantities contained in Vessel drawn off.

Makers not to send out Sweets in less Quantity than a Cask of 12 Gallons. Penalty for not specifying Quantity in Notice of whole of Quantities contained in Vessel drawn off.

Penalties here levied and paid.

Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. CLXXVIII.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain*, which was to continue in force for Two Years from the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which said Act was by several subsequent Acts revived and further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty, except in much of either of the said Acts as relates to allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Customs on the Importation of Brimstone used and consumed in making Oil of Vitriol.

C A P. CLXXIX.

An Act to revive, amend and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, so much of an Act of the Forty first Year of His present Majesty as allows the Use of Salt, Duty-free, for curing Fish in Bulk or in Barrels; and to repeal certain Laws relating to the Allowance of Salt, Duty-free, for the North Sea and Scotch Fisheries. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned has, by Experience, been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act made in the Forty first (a) Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for allowing until the Fifteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and one, the Use of Salt, Duty-free, in the preserving of Fish in Bulk or in Barrels; and for discountenancing the Bounty payable on White Herrings exported, as relates to allowing the Use of Salt, Duty-free, in the preserving of Fish in Bulk or in Barrels, as was continued by Four Acts of the Forty second, Forty third, Forty fourth and Fifty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen (since where the same is altered by this Act), shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

(a) [The Act 41 G. 3. is referred to the End of this Act.]

II. And Whereas it is expedient that the proportional Credit or Allowance by the said Act preferred should be altered, so far as the same relates to Cod, Ling or Hake, cured and preserved under the Authority of the said Act by dry-salting in Bulk; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there may be given for or in respect of Cod, Ling or Hake, cured and preserved by dry-salting in Bulk, and produced to the proper Officer of Excise in a good, wholesome and merchantable state, a Credit or Allowance not exceeding Fifty Pounds of Salt for every one hundred Weight of such Cod, Ling or Hake, in cured, preserved and produced as aforesaid: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing heretofore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to authorize the making or giving any Credit or Allowance for Salt used in the salting, curing or preserving any such Cod, Ling or Hake, beyond the Quantity of Salt actually and lawfully employed and spent in the curing and preserving thereof by dry-salting in Bulk; any thing herein before contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And, to the Intent that no Bounty may be given, granted, allowed or paid for or in respect of any such Cod, Ling or Hake, so cured or preserved by dry-salting in Bulk, be it further enacted, That the Master of every Vessel in or on board of which any such Cod, Ling or Hake, so cured or preserved by dry-salting in Bulk, shall be imported or brought into any Port in Great Britain, in which the same are intended to be shipped, landed or put on Shore, or the Owner or Proprietor of such Cod, Ling or Hake shall, on the shipping or landing thereof, and before the same shall be removed from the Ship, set off in the Presence and to the Satisfaction of the proper Officer of Excise, Part of the Tonnage of all such Cod, Ling or Hake; and in case any such Cod, Ling or Hake shall be removed from the Shore before the Part of the Tonnage thereof shall be set off in manner aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, and the Master of the said Vessel, or the Owner or Proprietor of such Cod, Ling or Hake so removed, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IV. And Whereas it is expedient that an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty George the Fourth, intitled *An Act for allowing a Drawback upon the Exportation of Salt as is made use of for the curing of Fish taken at North Sea, or at Scotland*; and also that so much and such Parts of an Act made in the

* Twenty

41 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

42 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

43 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

44 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

45 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

46 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

47 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

48 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

49 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

50 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

51 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

52 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

53 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

54 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

55 G. 3. (2. 8.)
c. 56. § 1-16.

' Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, both cited *de Atq* for the further Encouragement of the British Fisheries, as heretofore intimated, should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her said late Majesty Queen Anne, and also in each and each Part of the said Act made in the said Twenty fifth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, as relates to the Taking from any Salt Works or Salt Pits Brine's Salt for the salting or curing of Fish without paying any Duty for the same, and the Provisions of the said Act for the Prevention of Frauds relating to such Salt, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

[Act 41 Geo. 3. (G.B.) c. 21.

' WHEREAS in order to procure a large Supply of good and wholesome Fish, it is expedient to allow Salt to be sold Duty-free, for a limited time, for the Purpose of curing or preserving Herrings, Pilchards, Mackerels, and all other Kinds or Species of wholesome Fish, either in Salt, or in Brine: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, whosoever the Continuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall catch or take, or purchase and cure or preserve any Herrings, Pilchards, Mackerels, or any other Kind or Species of wholesome Fish, or who shall fit out any Vessel for such Purpose, or to take and ship on board his or their Vessel, from his or their own Dock or Salt, or from the Dock or Salt of any other Fish Curer, or whom such Person or Persons shall purchase, or with whom he or they shall contract for Salt, any Quantity of Salt, Duty-free, that shall be deemed necessary for curing or preserving the Fish which may be exported to be taken or purchased in the Trip or Passage in or upon which he or they shall immediately intend to dispatch or convey his or their Vessel: Provided always, that any Person or Persons shall be allowed to ship or have on board any Vessel, at any time, any greater or larger Quantity of Salt, than in the Proportion of Ten Bushels for every Tonnage Burthen, by a Measurement of the Vessel in or on board of which such Salt shall be taken or shipped: Provided also, that before any Person or Persons whatsoever shall receive into his or their Custody or Possession, or take on board any Vessel or Vessels, any Quantity of Salt, free of Duty, for the Purpose of salting, curing or preserving Fish, such Person or Persons shall make Entry in Writing at the next Office of Excise, of his or their Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, and of the Number and Location of every Warehouse, in which he or they shall intend to make use of for the keeping or curing of Salt, and shall also give Bond or Surety (as it is expressed by the Commissioners of Excise, in the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, that he or they will duly account (a) with His proper Officer or Officers of Excise, according to the Direction of this Act, for all the Salt which he or they shall at any time take, ship, receive or have on board his or their Vessel or Vessels, for the Purpose of salting, curing or preserving Fish, and that such Salt, and every Part thereof, shall be fairly and bona fide employed, kept and consumed, in salting, curing or preserving Fish as aforesaid, so shall be returned into the Warehouse intended for the keeping or curing of Salt, Duty-free, from whence the same was taken: and that no Part of such Salt, so taken, shipped, received or had on board any such Vessel or Vessels as aforesaid, shall be fraudulently sold or disposed of, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. (a) [See 51 G. 3. c. 22. 17.]

II. And he is further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons intending to ship any such Salt for the Purpose aforesaid, shall give to the proper Officer of Excise of the Port or Place from whence such Salt shall be taken and shipped, a Notice in Writing specifying his or their Name or Names, the Name of the Vessel on board which the Salt is intended to be shipped, the Name of the Master thereof, the Burthen or Tonnage of such Vessel, the Place to which such Vessel is bound, the particular Sort or Species of Fish intended to be taken or purchased and cured, and the exact and true Quantity and Species of Salt intended to be shipped or put on board such Vessel.

III. And he is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any lawfully entered Fish Curer or Fish Curers, in delivery any Part of his Stock of Salt, Duty-free, into the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons who shall have made Entry and given Bond or Surety, as purchaser of and according to the Direction of this Act, for taking, or purchasing and curing or preserving Fish: Provided always, that such Salt shall be delivered under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions provided and prescribed by an Act passed in the Thirtieth eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for other Purposes.

IV. And he is further enacted, That when and so far as any Salt shall have been shipped or taken on board any Vessel for the Purpose of curing or preserving Fish as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the proper Officer of Excise in whom the Notice of shipping such Salt shall have been delivered as aforesaid, and such Officer is hereby authorized and required to give and grant to the Owner, Proprietor or Master of such Vessel, a Certificate specifying the Name of the Vessel and of the Master thereof, the Tonnage or Burthen of such Vessel, the Quantity and Species of Salt taken, and so received on board such Vessel, and the Name or Names of the Person or Persons from whose Dock or Salt the same was taken and shipped, the Place from whence taken and shipped, the time when shipped, and the Place to which the Vessel on board which the same Salt is so shipped is bound.

V. And he is further enacted, That if any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, or Master of any Vessel on board which any Salt shall be so taken or shipped as aforesaid, shall employ or employ, or single or procure to be employed or employ, or wilfully or knowingly permit or suffer to be employed or employ, any Part of any Cargo of salted or cured Fish, except as from a lawful Quay within the Kingdom of Great Britain, his or their Vessel, shall forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

41 G. 3. c. 21.
S. 2. 1. 11m-13.
repealed.

41 G. 3. (G. B.)
c. 21.

In what Pro-
visions salt
taken on board,
Duty free, for
curing Fish.

Before Salt re-
ceived, Duty-
free, Entry made
at Excise Office
of Name of
Person, No. and
Bond given for
duly accounting
for Salt.

Persons intend-
ing to ship Salt,
to give Notice
to proper Officer
of certain Particulars.

To whom Fish
Curers may de-
liver any Part of
Stock of Salt,
Duty free,
Salt taken and
received
15 G. 3. c. 21.

When Salt Duty-
free, 11m-13m to
give Certificate.

Unlawful
to use salt re-
ceived in a bonded
Vessel.
Penalty.

VI. And

Within six
Months after the
arrival in Port of
any Ship
Cargo of Fish
of which the
Master is to
make Entry,
with his
Officers, who
shall go on
board and ex-
amine, and give
Receipt for the
same, in the
Presence of
the proper
Officer of the
Customs, who
shall be sworn
to do so.

VI. And it is further enacted, That within Twenty four Hours after any such Vessel on board of which any such Fish shall have been taken or shipped as aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of which the Cargo of such Fish is to be landed or delivered, the Master of such Vessel shall make Entry in Writing with the proper Officer of the Customs of such Port, specifying the Quantity and Kind or Species of salted or cured Fish of which the Cargo of such Vessel shall consist; that as to the Quantity, according to the exact and true Number of Casks or Thirty four Gallons each, English Wine Measure, of fresh Herrings, which were taken or received on board the Vessel; of Pickled or Pickled, the exact and true Number of Barrels, consisting of Fifty Gallons each of the like Measure, which were taken or received on board the Vessel; and of any other Kind or Species of Fish, the exact and true Number of Barrels of Two hundred Pounds Weight each, or the exact and true Weight of such Fish; and also the exact and true Quantity of Salt actually employed and spent in curing and preserving such Fish respectively, and likewise the true Quantity of Salt which shall be then remaining, in or on board the Vessel, as aforesaid; and thereupon the proper Officer of the Customs shall go on board and inspect and examine all such Fish and Salt, and shall cause Permits, in Writing under his Hand, for unloading and landing all such Fish, which, if required by such Officer, shall be sealed (and if in Bulk, weighed) by such Officer, in the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs, or shall refuse to unseal the sealed Fish of which his Cargo shall consist, and to unseal or weigh such Part thereof as shall be imported in Bulk, in the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs, he shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VII. And it is further enacted, That the Certificate which shall have been received by any such Master for or in respect of any such Salt as aforesaid, shall be produced to the proper Officer of the Customs by whom the Cargo of the Vessel on board of which the Salt, for or in respect of which such Certificate as aforesaid shall have been granted, shall be imported, examined and taken account of; and if such Officer shall be satisfied that the Salt specified in such Entry to have been sold, shall have been fairly and bona fide sold and consumed in preserving or curing the salted Fish of which the Cargo shall consist, according to the Direction of this Act, then and in such case such Officer shall indorse on such Certificate the true Quantity of Fish cured or preserved and landed out of such Vessel, and the exact Quantity of Salt remaining on board; which Certificate, being produced to and left with the proper Officer of the Customs of the Port or Place at which or from whence the Salt to which such Certificate may have been received shall have been shipped or taken on board such Vessel, such last mentioned Officer shall give Credit for or write off from the Account of the Person or Persons who shall have charged in the Books or Accounts of the Customs with such Salt, in such Salt as shall appear by the Indorsement of the proper Officer of the Customs on such Certificate to have been actually sold, spent and consumed, in curing and preserving Fish, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall permit and allow all the Salt remaining unpaid in or on board such Vessel, as is returned upon the Warrant from whence the same was taken, and shall write off or give Credit for the Quantity of Salt actually so returned, or shall permit the same to be taken out, by and at the Option of the Master or Owner of the Vessel, for curing or preserving Fish on his next subsequent Trip or Passage, either with or without any additional Quantity of Salt (and according to the whole the Proportion heretofore mentioned), as he or they shall deem necessary; and every such Officer of the Customs shall, upon such subsequent Trip or Passage, and upon such Notice as he heretofore required, give to the Master of such Vessel, such and the like Certificate as it is by this Act before directed.

VIII. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That immediately upon the Delivery in the proper Office of the Customs of any such Entry as is heretofore directed, the Master of the Vessel making or giving the same shall make Oath before the proper Officer of the Customs (which Oath such Officer is hereby authorized and empowered to administer) in the Truth of such Entry, and every Part thereof, and that he has not taken or received on board his Vessel, or included in his Entry, any Fish whatever, live and except such Fish only as hath been fairly and bona fide sold, cured and preserved, on board the Vessel of which he is the Master, nor any Fish which he has any reason to know or believe have been imported on board any other Vessel whatever; that he has not directly or indirectly sold, consumed or fraudulently disposed of, or consumed, or consumed away, or suffered any other Person or Persons to sell, consume, dispose of, or consume or consume away, any Part of the Salt taken, shipped or taken on board his Vessel, for salting, curing or preserving Fish.

IX. And it is further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, at all times, to go and examine on board any such Vessel as aforesaid, and to inspect, examine and take Account of all Salt, and salted Fish, and other Articles or Commodities whatsoever, in or on board such Vessel.

X. And it is further enacted, That if the Quantity of salted or cured Fish actually unloaded or delivered from on board any such Vessel as aforesaid in the Presence of the proper Officer of the Customs, shall fall short of the Quantity specified in such Entry as aforesaid, in the Proportion of One Part in Five of the whole Quantity specified in such Entry, then and in such case such Entry shall be deemed and taken to be a false and untrue Entry, and the Master making the same shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XI. And it is further enacted, That no Credit or Allowance for Salt used in the salting, curing or preserving Fish, under the Direction or Authority of this Act, shall, at any time or in any case, be made or given beyond the Quantity of Salt actually and bona fide employed and spent in the salting, curing and preserving the Fish, for which such Credit or Allowance shall be claimed; nor shall any such Credit or Allowance exceed the following Proportions; that is to say, for every Cask consisting of Thirty four Gallons, English Wine Measure, of Herrings, actually salted, cured, preserved and produced to the proper Officer of the Customs in a good, whole and unbroken State, twenty five Pounds Weight of Salt; for every Barrel of Fifty Gallons, of the like Measure, of Pickled or Pickled, so salted, cured, preserved and produced as aforesaid, twenty five Pounds Weight of Salt; for every One hundred Weight of all other Fish, so salted, cured, preserved and produced as aforesaid, twenty five Pounds Weight of Salt; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

[See 55 G. 3. c. 179. § 2.]

XII. And

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Credit or Allowance for Salt shall be made, given or granted, for or in respect of any Fish for which the Credit or Allowance of Salt, by this Act given or granted, shall be claimed, for or allowed.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Bounty shall be given, granted, allowed or paid for or in respect of any Fish whatever, salted, cured or preserved, under the Authority, Directions or Privileges of this Act, other than and except such Herrings as shall be cured and legally packed as Red Herrings.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Master of every Vessel in or on board of which any salted Fish taken and cured under the Authority and Direction of this Act, shall be imported or brought into the Port of London, shall make the Entry and Oath heretofore directed, with and before the proper Officer of Customs at Gravesend, and shall then and there take out and send into the proper Bays or Lighters, all his Cargo of salted Fish, in the Presence of the proper Officer of Customs, in the manner, according to the Directions, and subject to the Penalty in case of Neglect, Refusal or false Entry, which is heretofore directed, in respect of Vessels arriving with and unloading salted Fish at any lawful Quay in Great Britain.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatever shall clandestinely or fraudulently conceal, concealment, sell, dispose of, or carry or convey away, any Salt that shall be taken or shipped on board any Vessel for the salting, curing or preserving of Fish, under the Powers and Authorities by this Act given or granted, every such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and all Salt so concealed, concealment, sold, disposed of, or carried or conveyed away, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs at Customs.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to take, purchase and sell and preserve Herrings in Salt, either for the Purpose of curing the same as Red Herrings, or for immediate Exportation to Ireland; and such Person shall be allowed such and the like Quantity of Salt for every Cask (consisting of thirty four Gallons of such Herrings) as is allowed for curing and preserving Herrings in Salt for Home Consumption; provided the Master of such Vessel shall comply with and conform to the several Rules, Regulations and Restrictions by this Act directed; and provided also, that the Master of every Vessel intending to export Herrings in Salt to Ireland, shall make a like Entry and Oath, with the Officer of Customs, at the Port through which the Herrings on board his Vessel, shall have been taken, or is required by this Act to be made for or in respect of Vessels arriving with salted Fish to be landed at any Port in Great Britain, and shall permit and allow the proper Officer of Customs, in respect, examine and take Account of all such Herrings accordingly.

"Customs Officers may take Account of Pickleds cured and packed in Casks of salted Fish Casks, and at Expiration of a Month give in a Declaration of Number of Barrels.—Before such Account taken, Owner, upon long request, shall deliver Declaration of Number of Barrels of Pickleds in his Custody, and whether any Declaration has been made out, or Bounty allowed, Penalty. 117. On Production of Declaration to Collector of Customs, he shall pay such Bounty as on Pickleds exported. 118. Officer shall brand Barrels of which an Account shall have been taken. 119. Altering, &c. Marks on Barrels. 120. Penalty. 120. Before any Bounty paid on Pickleds, Owner to make Oath that no Bounty has been paid, and that they are unbranded Fish. 121. Salt Pickleds may be sold for Home Consumption, or for Exportation, but only in original Barrels, which sold by Retail, in less Quantity than a Barrel. 122. No other Bounty than that given by Act paid for such Pickleds exported. 123. [Sections 17—23. are omitted.]

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Bond or Security given or taken for Salt to be used or employed in curing or preserving Fish, nor any Certificate made out in relation to any such Salt, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Fee, Gratuity or Reward, shall be taken or received by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue for or on Pretence of preparing or making out any Bonds, Certificates or Privileges required by this Act, or for or under any other Account or Pretence whatever, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit, forge or alter, or cause to be counterfeited, forged or altered, any Certificate in any case in which a Certificate is by this Act required to be given, given or granted, or shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any Instrument or any such Certificate, every such Person so offending shall suffer Three hundred Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the cases in which an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be liable to the same and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatever shall resist, oppose, molest, hinder or obstruct, any Officer or Officers of the Customs at Customs, in the due Execution of this Act, every such Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Owners or Consignors of any such Cargo of Fish, salted or cured under the Privileges of this Act, or the Master of any such Vessel laden with any such Fish as aforesaid, under this Act, to discharge and unload, and cause to be discharged and unloaded, all such Fish as aforesaid, by such Person, and in such Manner, and at such Times and Places (except as is provided by this Act with respect to the Officers of Customs), as such Owners, or Consignors, or Masters, respectively, shall judge proper; and no Person or Persons employed by any such Owner, Consignor or Master, in unloading any such Fish, or discharging any such Vessel, shall be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture, or subject to any Distinction in respect thereof; and no Port or other Fee or Duty shall be payable or paid in respect of the unloading of any such Fish or discharging of any such Vessel; any Act or Acts, Laws, Customs or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

"Persons employed in taking or curing Fish or preparing to depart on Voyages, or returning therefrom not included till October 1st. 1802, upon Certificates from Officers of Customs: § 30. EXP. Bounty granted by
 "§ 4 G. 3. c. 80. § 3. on *White Herrings* disallowed until October 1st. 1801. § 31. [Revised and continued,
 48 G. 3. c. 3. § 1. continued, 43 G. 3. c. 55. § 4. — 44 G. 3. c. 35. § 4. *See* *above* *captioned*.]

Provisions, &c.
 have recovered,
 &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such ways, means or methods, as any Lord, Peers or Peers may be found for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of England, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one Ministry of any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Ministry to him or them who will inform, discover or sue for the same.]

C A P. CLXX.

An Act to revise and continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain. [11th July 1815.]

48 G. 3. c. 110.

"WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting during the Continuance of the present War, and until the Month of May the Resignation of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain*, should be revised and continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be revised, and the same is hereby revised from the Expressions thereof, and continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

revised and con-
 tinued.

C A P. CLXXXI.

An Act for changing an additional Duty on certain Seeds imported. [11th July 1815.]

49 G. 3. c. 92.

"WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty should be imposed on all Seeds imported into Great Britain, except Rape, Oile, Hemp and Flax Seed, and Linseed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Seeds imported or brought into Great Britain from Ports beyond the Seas (except Rape, Oile, Hemp and Flax Seed, and Linseed), an additional Duty of Customs of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of the Produce and Amount of the present Duties of Customs due and payable thereon.

Duty levied on
 other Customs
 Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of the like nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered.

Money paid into
 Exchequer and
 applied in full
 manner to the
 service of the
 49 G. 3. c. 92.
 § 48.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duty, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the like manner as the Duties called *Proventus Ducum*, imposed by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

C A P. CLXXXII.

An Act to authorize the Directors General of Inland Navigation in Ireland so proceed in carrying on and completing the Canal from Dublin to Turinberry on the River Shannon. [11th July 1815.]

49 G. 3. c. 1
 10th.

C A P. CLXXXIII.

An Act to repeal the Bounties payable in Ireland on the Exportation of certain Calicoes and Cottons. [11th July 1815.]

49 G. 3. c. 18.

"WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Twentieth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and six, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*; and by the Schedule marked (E.) to the said Act assented, certain Bounties and Allowances were made payable on the Exportation from Ireland of all printed, painted, stained, dyed or dyed Calico or Cotton, or Cotton mixed with Linen, of the Breadth of Twenty five Inches or more, as in the said Act and the said Schedule thereto annexed is mentioned, specified and ascertained; and it is expedient that the said Bounties and Allowances should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twelfth

Sch. (E.)

Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fiftyeth, all the Bounties and Allowances in and by the said recited Act and the said Schedule annexed (E.) thereto assigned, specified, and thereby granted, allowed and made payable, upon the Exportation from Ireland of any printed, painted, stained, stamped or dyed Calico or Cotton, or Cotton mixed with Linen as aforesaid, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed, and shall no longer be paid or payable; any thing in the said recited Act, or the said Schedule thereto assigned, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to the contrary to any wife notwithstanding.

C A P. CLXXXIV.

An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other written or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Fire Insurances, and on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestates, now payable in Great Britain; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [11th July 1815.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

• **W**HEREAS it is expedient to grant certain additional Stamp Duties towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making such permanent Addition to the Public Revenue as shall be equal to the increased annual Charge, occasioned by the Funding of Eachquer; and also, and by the same made pursuant to any Act or Acts passed or to be passed for that Purpose, in this Session of Parliament; and it is also expedient to consolidate the additional with the existing Duties; We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, have resolved to grant unto Your Majesty the several Duties hereinafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Duties granted by the Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other written or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestates, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; and also the Duties on Licences for using and exercising the Trade or Business of a Pawnbroker, granted by the Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, in Great Britain, and to grant new additional Duties in lieu thereof*; and also the Duties granted by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, on Policies of Insurance of Property in the West Indies or elsewhere beyond the Seas, from Loss by Fire; shall cease and determine from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fiftyeth; and that the yearly *Per Centage* Duty on Insurances from Loss by Fire granted by the said Act, passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall cease and determine from and after the Twenty eighth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fiftyeth; and except such of the said respective Duties, or so much and such Part or Parts thereof respectively, as shall have become due or payable before or upon these Days, and remain in arrear or unpaid afterwards; and also save and except so much and such Part or Parts as shall remain to be paid of any Duties in respect of Legacies given by way of Annuity, or so that the Value thereof cannot be ascertained at once where Part of such Duties shall have been paid, or have become payable before or upon the said Thirty first Day of August; all which Duties or Parts of Duties so to arrear or remaining to be paid as aforesaid, shall be recoverable by the same ways and means, and with such and the same Privileges, and in such and the same Manner, in all respects, as if this Act had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in and throughout the Whole of Great Britain, for and in respect of the several Instruments, Matters and Things, mentioned or described in the Schedule hereunto annexed (except those falling under the Head of Exemptions) or for or in respect of the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which such Instruments, Matters and Things or any of them shall be written or printed, the several Duties or Sums of Money set down in Figures against the same respectively, or otherwise specified, and set forth in the same Schedule; and that the yearly *Per Centage* Duty on Insurances from Loss by Fire therein mentioned, shall commence and take place from and after the Twenty eighth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fiftyeth; and that all the other Duties therein mentioned, shall commence and take place from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fiftyeth; and that the said Schedule, and all the Provisions, Regulations and Directions therein contained, with respect to the said Duties, and the Instruments, Matters and Things charged therewith, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act, and shall be read and construed as if the same had been referred herein at this Place, and shall be applied, observed and put in Execution accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby granted, shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the time being appointed and authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to manage the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Great Britain; which said Commissioners (who shall be called "The Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain") and the major Part of them, are hereby empowered and required to provide proper and sufficient Stamps or Dies for expediting and denoting the several Duties hereby granted, or the Amount thereof in the case of *Per Centage* Duties (except those on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate, and the yearly Duties on Fire Insurances) upon the Vellum, Parchment or Paper chargeable therewith, and for expediting and denoting the Rate per Cent. of the Legacy

Duties upon the Receipts and Discharges to be paid for Legacies and Shares of Personal Estate, and for otherwise denoting or testifying the Payment of any Duty or Duties hereby granted, where necessary; and to order and receive such Stamps or Dies from time to time as Occasion shall require; and also to employ such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Acts and Things as shall be deemed necessary or expedient for effectually raising and collecting the Duties hereby granted, and for putting this Act into Execution, in the like and in as full and ample manner as they or any former Commissioners are or have been authorised to do for the raising and collecting of any former Stamp Duties, or for putting into Execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating therein.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to use any of the Stamps or Dies heretofore provided to denote any former Stamp Duties, for the Purpose of expelling and denoting any of the Duties hereby granted of the same Amount, and also to use Two or more Stamps or Dies for denoting the Amount of any One Duty hereby granted, as Occasion may require, until a single Stamp or Die shall be provided for that Purpose; and that all Instruments which shall be stamped with Two or more Stamps, for denoting the Amount of any single Duty charged or chargeable thereon, shall be as valid as if the same had been stamped with a single Stamp for denoting such Duty; but no Stamp appropriated to denote the Duty charged on any particular Instrument, and bearing the Name of such Instrument on the Face thereof, shall be used for denoting any other Duty of the same Amount, or if so used, the same shall be of no Avail.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to issue for the supply of the Country, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, which shall have been stamped for denoting any Duties hereby repealed, to be used for any of the Instruments hereby charged with Duties of the same Amount, and also, if deemed expedient, to cause any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to be stamped with any additional Stamp or Stamps, in order to make up the Amount of the increased Duty hereby charged on any of the Instruments for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, shall have been originally intended, and thereupon to issue the same to be used for such Instruments, or for any other Instruments charged with the same Amount of Duty; and it shall also be lawful for any Person having in their Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, stamped with any of the Duties repealed by this Act, or by the aforesaid Act of the Forty-fourth or Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and not already made use of, to use the same for any of the Instruments hereby charged with Duties of the same Amount: Provided always, that no Vellum, Parchment or Paper, bearing a Stamp appropriated by Name to any particular Instrument, shall be used for any other Purpose, or if so used, the same shall be of no Avail.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Persons having in their Possession any Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not made use of, and which by the Operation of this Act shall have been rendered unfit for the Instruments for which the same was originally designed, to send the same to the Head Office of Stamps, at any time within Twelve Calendar Months from the first Thirty-first Day of August, and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause the same to be re-embossed, and to deliver out or use thereof other Stamps of the same Kind and Description, as near as may be, and of equal Value to the Whole with the Stamps so returned; or otherwise at their Discretion to cause any additional Stamp or Stamps to be impressed on any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to make up the full Amount of the Duty hereby charged on the Instruments for which the same was designed, on Payment of the Duty or Duties denoted by such additional Stamp or Stamps.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Stamp or Die, or any Part of any Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made or used, in pursuance of this Act, or in pursuance of any former Act or Acts, relating to any Stamp Duty or Duties, or shall forge, counterfeit or resemble, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or resembled, the Impression or any Part of the Impression of any such Stamp or Die as aforesaid, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or shall stamp or mark, or cause or procure to be stamped or marked, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with any such forged or counterfeited Stamp or Die, or Part of any Stamp or Die as aforesaid, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties hereby granted, or any Part thereof, or if any Person shall utter or sell or expose to Sale any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeited Stamp or Die, or Part of any Stamp or Die, or any such forged, counterfeited or resembled Impression or Part of Impression as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged, counterfeited or resembled; or if any Person shall privately and secretly use any Stamp or Die which shall have been provided, made or used as aforesaid, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the said Duties or any Part thereof; or if any Person shall fraudulently cut, tear or get off, or cause or procure to be cut, torn or got off, the Impression of any Stamp or Die which shall have been provided, made or used in pursuance of this or any former Act, for expelling or denoting any Duty or Duties under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps, or any Part of such Duty or Duties, from any Vellum, Parchment or Paper whatsoever, with Intent to use the same for or upon any other Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or any Instrument or Writing charged or chargeable with any of the Duties hereby granted; then and in every such case every Person so offending, and every Person knowingly and wilfully aiding, abetting or assisting any Person or Persons in committing any such Offence as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

[See 52 G. 3. c. 143. § 7.]

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties, Punishes and Penalties contained in and imposed by the several Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties hereby repealed, and the several Acts of Parliament relating to any prior Duties of the same

Kind or Description, shall be of full force and effect with respect to the Duties hereby granted, and to the Vendors, Purchasers and Papers, Instruments, Matters and Things, charged or chargeable therewith, as far as the same are or shall be applicable, in all cases not hereby expressly provided for, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution for the raising, levying, collecting and receiving of the said Duties hereby granted and otherwise relating thereto, so far as the same shall not be superfluous by, and shall be consistent with the express Provisions of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been hereto repeated and specially enacted with reference to the said Duties hereby granted.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions and Regulations of former Acts relating to Agreements, shall be applied only to such Agreements as are hereby charged with a Duty of One Pound; and that the Agreements hereby charged with a Duty of One Pound Fifteen Shillings shall be subject and liable to the same Provisions and Regulations as Deeds hereby charged with a like Duty.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all Instruments for or upon which any Stamp or Stamps shall have been used of an improper Denomination or Rate of Duty, but of equal or greater Value in the whole with or than the Stamp or Stamps which ought regularly to have been used thereon, shall nevertheless be deemed valid and effectual in the Law; except in cases where the Stamp or Stamps used on such Instruments shall have been specially appropriated to any other Instrument, by having its Name on the Face thereof.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make, sign or affix, or cause to be made, signed or affixed, or shall accept or pay, or cause or permit to be accepted or paid, any Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order, or Promissory Note for the Payment of Money, liable to any of the Duties imposed by this Act, without the same being duly stamped for discharging the Duty hereby charged thereon, he, she or they shall, for every such Bill, Draft, Order or Note, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make and issue, or cause to be made and issued, any Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order, or Promissory Note for the Payment of Money, at any time after Date or Sight, which shall bear Date subsequent to the Day on which it shall be issued, so that it shall not in fact become payable in Two Months, if made payable after Date, or in Sixty Days, if made payable after Sight, next after the Day on which it shall be issued, unless the same shall be stamped for discharging the Duty hereby imposed on a Bill of Exchange and Promissory Note for the Payment of Money at any time exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, he, she or they shall, for every such Bill, Draft, Order or Note, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And, for the more effectually preventing of Frauds and Evasions of the Duties hereby granted on Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, under Colour of the Exemption in favour of Drafts or Orders upon Bankers or Persons acting as Bankers, contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, make and issue, or cause to be made and issued, any Bill, Draft or Order, for the Payment of Money to the Bearer on Demand, upon any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker or Bankers, which shall be dated on any Day subsequent to the Day on which it shall be issued, or which shall not truly specify and express the Place where it shall be issued, or which shall not in every respect fall within the said Exemption, unless the same shall be duly stamped as a Bill of Exchange according to this Act, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Bill, Draft or Order, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Person or Persons shall knowingly receive or take any such Bill, Draft or Order, in Payment of or as a Security for the Sum therein mentioned, he, she or they shall, for every such Bill, Draft or Order, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker, upon whom any such Bill, Draft or Order, shall be drawn, shall pay, or cause or permit to be paid, the Sum of Money therein expressed, or any Part thereof, knowing the same to be post dated, or knowing that the Place where it was issued is not truly specified and set forth therein, or knowing that the same does not in any other respect fall within the said Exemption, then the Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Bill, Draft or Order, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and moreover shall not be allowed the Money so paid or any Part thereof, in Account against the Person or Persons, by or for whom such Bill, Draft or Order, shall be drawn, or his, her or their Executors or Administrators, or his, her or their Assigns or Creditors in case of Bankruptcy or Insolvency, or any other Person or Persons claiming under him, her or them.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall be lawful for any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, who shall have made and issued any Promissory Notes for the Payment to the Bearer on Demand, of any Sum of Money not exceeding One hundred Pounds each, duly stamped according to the Directions of this Act, to re-issue the same from time to time, after Payment thereof, as often as he, she or they, shall think fit, without being liable to pay any further Duty in respect thereof; and that all Promissory Notes, so to be re-issued as aforesaid, shall be good and valid, and as available in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as they were upon the first issuing thereof.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Promissory Note for the Payment to the Bearer on Demand, of any Sum of Money not exceeding One hundred Pounds, which shall have been made and issued by any Bankers or other Persons in Partnership, and for which the proper Stamp Duty shall have been once paid according to the Provisions of this Act, shall be deemed liable to the Payment of any further Duty, although the same shall be re-issued by and as the Note of some only of the Persons who originally made and issued the same, or by and as the Note of any One or more of the Persons who originally made and issued the same, and any other Person or Persons in Partnership with him or them jointly; nor although such Note is made payable

Provisions of former Acts, respecting Agreements, applied only to those charged with a Duty of One Pound.
Instruments hereby charged with a Duty of One Pound Fifteen Shillings, but of different Values, void.
Exemption.
Money, &c. Bills of Exchange, &c. not duly stamped.
Penalty.
Paid during Rule of Exemption.

Penalty

Billings on-
drawn Drafts
on Bankers,
without specifying
Place where
issued, or if post
dated.

Penalty.
Receiving, &c.
such Drafts.
Penalty.
Banks paying
them.

Penalty.

Promissory
Notes re-issued
on Demand, not
exceeding 100*l*.
re-issued by original
Maker, without further
Duty.

Such Notes are
liable to further
Duty, though re-issued
by several
Persons not
jointly the original
Makers.

Notes and Bills
under Act G.
C. 149. of
1793. p. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
to contain re-
solutions and
of Three Years
from Date

In which only
Provisional Notes
shall be
valid.

Notes with
printed Dates,
from Act G.
C. 149. of
1793. p. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
to contain re-
solutions and
of Three Years
from Date

Issuing Notes
with printed
Dates for the
first time.

Issuing Notes in
future with
printed Dates.

Family.
Notes and Bills
for the first Per-
iod certified
on Payment
afterwards, and
Notes not re-
solutions, con-
tained immediately
on Payment.
Revolving
Notes, &c.
Not certified
Notes, &c.

Family.
Revolving
Notes, &c.
Not certified
Notes, &c.

Taking Notes,
to be issued
under Act G.
C. 149. of
1793. p. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
to contain re-
solutions and
of Three Years
from Date

Act G. C. 149.
of 1793. p. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
to contain re-
solutions and
of Three Years
from Date

at any other than the Place where drawn, shall be re-issued with any Alteration therein only of the Date or Place at which the same shall have been at first made payable.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Provisional Notes for the Payment to the Bearer on Demand, of any Sum of Money, which shall have been actually and bona fide issued and in Circulation, before or upon the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, duly stamped according to the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall then be re-issuable within the Interest and Meaning of that Act, or of an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, for altering, explaining, and amending the said former Act, with regard to the Duties on re-issuable Provisional Notes, shall continue to be re-issuable until the Expiration of Three Years from the Date thereof respectively, but not afterwards, without Payment of any further Duty for the same; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall at any time after the said Thirty first Day of August, issue or cause to be issued for the first time, any Provisional Note for the Payment of Money to the Bearer on Demand, bearing Date before or upon that Day, he, she or they, shall, for every such Provisional Note, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVII. Provided always, and, in regard that certain Bankers in England have issued Provisional Notes for the Payment to the Bearer on Demand, of a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds and Two Shillings each, until the Dates thereof printed thereon, and many such Notes have been and recently issued for the first time, although they may appear by the Date to be of more than Three Years' standing, be it further enacted, That all such Provisional Notes so last mentioned, which shall have been actually and bona fide issued and in Circulation before or upon the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, duly stamped according to the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and which shall bear a printed Date prior to the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall continue to be re-issuable until the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, but not afterwards, without Payment of any further Duty for the same; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall at any time after the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, issue or cause to be issued, for the first time, any such Provisional Note, bearing a printed Date prior to the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, he or they shall, for every Provisional Note so issued, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall not be lawful for any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, to issue any Provisional Note for the Payment of Money to the Bearer on Demand, liable to any of the Duties imposed by this Act, with the Date printed thereon; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall issue or cause to be issued any such Provisional Note with the Date printed thereon, he or they shall, for every Provisional Note so issued, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Provisional Notes hereby allowed to continue re-issuable for a limited Period, but not afterwards, shall upon the Payment thereof at any time after the Expiration of such Period, and all Provisional Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for Money, not hereby allowed to be re-issued, shall, upon any Payment thereof, be deemed and taken respectively to be thereupon wholly discharged, satisfied and satisfied, and shall be no longer negotiable or available in any manner whatsoever, but shall be forthwith cancelled by the Person or Persons paying the same; and if any Person or Persons shall re-issue or cause or permit to be re-issued, any Provisional Note hereby allowed to be re-issued for a limited Period as aforesaid, at any time after the Expiration of the Term or Period allowed for that Purpose; or if any Person or Persons shall re-issue or cause or permit to be re-issued any Provisional Note, Bill of Exchange, Draft or Order for Money, not hereby allowed to be re-issued at any time after the Payment thereof; or if any Person or Persons paying or causing to be paid any such Note, Bill, Draft or Order as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to cancel the same, according to the Direction of this Act, then and in either of those cases, the Person or Persons so offending, shall for every such Note, Bill, Draft or Order so re-issued, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and in case of any such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, being re-issued contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Person or Persons re-issuing the same, or causing or permitting the same to be re-issued, shall also be answerable and accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for a further Duty in respect of every such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, of such and the same Amount as would have been chargeable thereon, in case the same had been then issued for the first time, and so from time to time as often as the same shall be so re-issued; which further Duty shall and may be paid for and recovered accordingly, as a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and if any Person or Persons shall receive or take any such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, in Payment of or as a Security for the Sum therein expressed, knowing the same to be re-issued contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, he, she or they shall, for every such Note, Bill, Draft or Order, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Provisional Notes and Bank Post Bills, which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from and after the said Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be freed and exempted from all the Duties hereby granted; and that it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to re-issue any of their Notes after Payment thereof, as often as they shall think fit.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Composition payable by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the Stamp Duties on their Provisional Notes and Bank Post Bills, under the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall cease from the Fifth Day of April last; and that the said Governor and Company shall deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamps, within One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, and afterwards on the Fifth Day of May in every Year while the preface

perfect Stamp Duty, full money in force, a full and true Account, verified by the Oath of their Chief Accountant, of the Amount or Value of all their Promissory Notes and Bank Post Bills in Circulation, on some given Day in every Week, for the Space of Three Years preceding the Sixth Day of April in the Year in which the Account shall be delivered, together with the average Amount or Value thereof according to such Account; and that the said Governor and Company shall pay into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties in Great Britain, as a Compensation for the Duties which would otherwise have been payable for their Promissory Notes and Bank Post Bills issued within the Year, reckoning from the Fifth Day of April preceding the Delivery of the said Account, the sum of Three thousand five hundred Pounds for every Million, and after that Rate for Half a Million, but not for a half less than Half a Million, of the said average Amount or Value of these said Notes and Bank Post Bills in Circulation; and that One Half Part of the Sum so to be ascertained as aforesaid for each Year's Compensation, shall be paid on the First Day of October, and the other Half on the First Day of April next after the Delivery of such Account as aforesaid.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That upon the said Governor and Company refusing their Payments in Cash, a new Arrangement for the Compensation for the Stamp Duties, payable on their Promissory Notes and Bank Post Bills, shall be submitted to Parliament.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland, and the Royal Bank of Scotland, and the British Linen Company in Scotland respectively, to issue their Promissory Notes for the Sums of One Pound, One Guinea, Two Pounds and Two Guineas, payable to the Bearer on Demand, on unstamped Paper, in the same manner as they were authorized to do by the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign; they the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland, and the Royal Bank of Scotland, and British Linen Company, respectively giving such Security, and keeping and producing true Accounts of all the Notes so to be issued by them respectively, and accounting for and paying the several Duties payable in respect of such Notes, in such and the same manner, in all respects, as in and are prescribed and required by the said last mentioned A.D. with regard to the Notes thereby allowed to be issued by them on unstamped Paper, and also to receive such Promissory Notes respectively, from time to time after the Payment thereof, as often as they shall find fit.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall not be lawful for any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons (except the Governor and Company of the Bank of England), to issue any Promissory Notes for Money payable to the Bearer on Demand, hereby charged with a Duty and allowed to be re-issued as aforesaid, without taking out a License yearly for that Purpose; which License shall be granted by Two or more of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, or by some Person authorized in that behalf by the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, on Payment of the Duty charged therein in the Schedule hereunto annexed; and a separate and distinct License shall be taken out, for or in respect of every Town or Place where any such Promissory Notes shall be issued by, or by any Agent or Agents for or on account of, any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons; and every such License shall specify the proper Name or Names and Place or Places of Abode of the Person or Persons, or the proper Name and Description of any Body Corporate, to whom the same shall be granted, and also the Name of the Town or Place where, and the Name of the Bank, as well as the Partnership, or other Name, Style or Firm under which such Notes are to be issued; and where any such License shall be granted to Persons in Partnership, the same shall specify and set forth the Names and Places of Abode of all the Persons concerned in the Partnership, whether all their Names shall appear on the Promissory Notes to be issued by them, or not; and in Default thereof such License shall be absolutely void; and every such License which shall be granted between the Tenth Day of October and the Eleventh Day of November in any Year, shall be dated on the Eleventh Day of October; and every such License, which shall be granted at any other time, shall be dated on the Day on which the same shall be granted; and every such License respectively shall have Effect and continue in force from the Day of the Date thereof until the Tenth Day of October following, both inclusive.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Banker or Bankers, Person or Persons, shall be obliged to take out more than Four Licenses in all for any Number of Towns or Places in England; and in case any Banker or Bankers, Person or Persons shall issue such Promissory Notes as aforesaid, by themselves or their Agents, at more than Four different Towns or Places in Scotland, then after taking out Three distinct Licenses for Three of such Towns or Places, such Banker or Bankers, Person or Persons shall be entitled to have all the rest of such Towns or Places included in a Fourth License.

XXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where any Banker or Bankers, Person or Persons applying for a License under this A.D. would under the said Act of the Forty eighth (a) Year of His Majesty's Reign have been entitled to have Two or more Towns or Places in England, included in One License, if this A.D. had not been made, such Banker or Bankers, Person or Persons, shall have and be entitled to the like Privilege under this A.D.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons applying for any such License as aforesaid, shall produce and leave with the proper Officers, a Specimen of the Promissory Notes proposed to be issued by him or them, on the latest that the License may be framed accordingly; and if any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons (except the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England) shall issue or cause to be issued by any Agent, any Promissory Note for Money payable to the Bearer on Demand, hereby charged with a Duty, and allowed to be re-issued as aforesaid, without being licensed to do in the manner aforesaid, or in any other Town or Place, or under any other Name, Style or Firm,

Account of
Notes, &c.

Bank of England
to pay Compensation
for the Duties
on Bills and
Notes.

Compensation
made, when
Bank refuse
Cash Payments.
The Bank and
Royal Bank of
Scotland, and
British Linen
Company, may
circulate them
on unstamped
Paper, account-
ing for Duties
at 6s. 3d. 4d.
½ d.

Re-issuable
Notes not issued
by Bankers or
others, without
License.
Regulations re-
specting Li-
censes.

No Banker to
take out more
than Four Li-
censes for any
Number of
Towns in Scot-
land.

In what cases
Four or more
Towns
included in one
License.

On applying for
License, Specimen
of Notes to
be produced.
If any Notes
without License.

Penalty.

Licensees to receive in future any/whomsoever Allocations in Partnership.
Proceeding Notes made out of G. R. act on compulsory capital Stamp.

Circular ag. the
Said Stamp, &c.

Penalty
Under the
Indian

Conveyance of
Property
contracted to be
sold before April
15, 1805, un-
cramped from ad
valorem Duty.

Refusal, &c. of
Assurances, &c.
excepted from ad
valorem Duty
on Repurchase.

Duty on Five
Inferences, &c.
imposed by Com-
missioners
Acting June
22 G. 3. c. 45.

64. C. 12.

Quarterly Ac-
count rendered to
Inference
Commissioners,
containing certain
Particulars.

Advised.

at G. 3. c. 45.
Acting in the de-
partment, &c.

Penalty.

Firm, then shall be specified in his or their License, the Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons to be offering, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where any such License as aforesaid shall be granted to any Person in Partnership, the same shall continue in force for the issuing of Promissory Notes duly stamped, under the Name, Style, or Firm therein specified, until the Tenth Day of October inclusive following the Date thereof, notwithstanding any Alteration in the Partnership.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, Promissory Notes for the Payment of Money to the Bearer on Demand, made out of Great Britain, or purporting to be made out of Great Britain, or purporting to be made by or on the behalf of any Person or Persons resident out of Great Britain, shall not be negotiable or be assigned, or be circulated or paid in Great Britain, whether the same shall be made payable in Great Britain, or not, unless the same shall have paid such Duty, and be stamped in such manner, as the Law requires for Promissory Notes of the like Tenor and Value made in Great Britain; and if any Person or Persons shall circulate or negotiate, or offer in Payment, or shall receive or take in Payment any such Promissory Note, or shall demand or receive Payment of the Whole or any Part of the Money mentioned in such Promissory Note, from or on account of the Drawer thereof, in Great Britain, the same not being duly stamped as aforesaid; or if any Person or Persons in Great Britain shall pay or cause to be paid the Sum of Money expressed in any such Note, not being duly stamped as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, either as Drawer thereof, or in pursuance of any Negotiation or Appointment for that Purpose therein contained, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for every such Promissory Note, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that this Clause shall not extend to Promissory Notes made and payable only in Ireland.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That any Conveyance to be made after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, of Lands or other Property controlled to be sold prior to the Twelfth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eight, which, under the Provision of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Regency, would have been exempted from the ad valorem Duty thereby granted, shall be exempted from the ad valorem Duty imposed by this Act, and shall be charged with the ordinary Duty of One Pound fifteen Shillings in lieu thereof, together with the Progressive Duty of One Pound five Shillings, if any progressive Duty shall be chargeable thereon, under and subject nevertheless to the Conditions and Regulations prescribed by the said last mentioned Act.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Reliefes and other Conveyances of Annuities or Rent Charges made in the original Grant thereof, subject to be redeemed or repurchased, shall, as the Repurchase thereof, be exempted from the ad valorem Duty hereby imposed on Conveyances on the Sale of any Property, and shall be charged only with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the like Kind, not upon a Sale.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the *Pro Charge Duty on Inferences against Loss* by Fire granted by this Act, shall be collected and received of and from the Persons whose Property shall be insured, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by the Public Companies or other Person or Persons licensed or who ought to be licensed by the said Commissioners of Stamps, pursuant to the Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Regency, intitled *An Act for charging a Duty on Persons whose Property shall be insured against Loss by Fire*, and by the *Royal Exchange and London Assurance Corporations* respectively, at the time of their making, renewing or continuing of, or receiving the Premium for the Inferences in respect of which the Duty shall be payable, and for the whole Term or Period for which the Inferences shall be made, renewed or continued; and such Duty shall be accounted for and paid over, in the manner directed by this and the said last mentioned Act; and the *Royal Exchange and London Assurance Corporations* shall be subject to all the Provisions and Regulations of this and the said last mentioned Act, in the same manner as any other Public Companies, except only as to the taking out of a License from the said Commissioners of Stamps.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Quarterly Account to be delivered to the said Commis- sioners of Stamps, or their Officers, by the Corporations or Companies, or others insuring against Fire, pursuant to the Direction of the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Regency, shall contain a true and faithful Account of all the Policies and Inferences which shall have been issued and made or renewed or continued by them, whether for a Year or for more Years than one, or for any Period exceeding or falling short of a Year, from the first to the last Day of the Quarter (both inclusive) for which such Account shall be rendered; together with the Numbers and Dates of the Policies, the Names and Places of Abode of the Persons whose Property shall be insured, the Sum or Amount of the Sums insured by each Policy, the time for which each Inference shall be made or renewed or continued, and the Duty which shall have been received for the same; and there shall be annexed to and delivered with every such Quarterly Account, an Affidavit, or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers, made by the Secretary, or by the Secretary, by the Chief Clerk of the Corporation or Company, by whom it shall be delivered, stating that he has examined and checked the same with the Books of such Corporation or Company, and that to the best of his Knowledge, Information and Belief, it does contain a true and faithful Account of the several Matters and Things required by this Act, and also of any Allowances or Returns of Duty, in respect of trees cut down on Policies forwarded, which may be therein stated to have been made pursuant to the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Regency; and for any Defect in the Delivery of such Account, with such Affidavit or Affirmation therein annexed as aforesaid, the Corporation or Company, or Person or Persons making such Default, shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XXXIV. And

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That any Public Companies who shall use any other Quarter Days than those mentioned in the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, as the Period of the Commencement or Termination of their Infurances, shall be at Liberty to make up their Quarterly Accounts to the Quarter Days used by them, and to deliver the same to the said Commissioners of Stamps or their Officers, within Two Calendar Months after the Expiration of the Quarter for which they shall be made up.

Infurance Com-
pany may make
up Accounts to
their own Quar-
ter Days.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Companies and Persons having Offices or carrying on the Business of Fire Infurance at a greater Distance than Five Miles from London or Wylmington, shall, if required by the said Commissioners of Stamps, transmit their Quarterly Accounts, with such Affidavits or Affirmations as aforesaid therein enacted, immediately to the said Commissioners at their Head Office, and pay the Amount of the Duties due on such Quarterly Accounts, immediately to the Receiver General of the Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners; and in default thereof, shall be subject to the same Penalties as they would have been under the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, for not delivering their Accounts and paying the Moneys due thereon, conformably to the Provisions of that Act.

Country Infurance Com-
panies to transmit Ac-
counts immedi-
ately to Commis-
sioners of
Stamps if re-
quired.
22 G. 3. c. 48.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That as Allowance shall be made to the Corporations or Companies, and others carrying and receiving the said Duties hereby imposed on Infurances against Loss by Fire, and accounting for and paying over the same as required by this and the said Act of the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Reign; that in respect to those having their Head Office in London or Wylmington, an Allowance at and after the Rate of Four Pence per Crown on the Amount of the Duties collected and received at their Head Office, and at and after the Rate of Five Pence per Crown on the Amount of the Duties collected by their Agents out of London and Wylmington; and to those not having their Head Office in London or Wylmington, an Allowance at and after the Rate of Five Pence per Crown on the Amount of the Duties collected by them; provided they shall deliver their Quarterly Accounts containing all the requisite Particulars, and make Payment of the said Duties, within the time prescribed by this or the said last mentioned Act.

Allowance to
Insurances Com-
panies for col-
lecting Duties.
22 G. 3. c. 48.

XXXVII. And for better securing the Duties on Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration, be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, if any Person shall take Possession of, and in any manner administer, any Part of the Personal Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, without obtaining Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, within Six Calendar Months after his or her Death, or within Two Calendar Months after the Termination of any Suit or Dispute respecting the Will or the Right to Letters of Administration, if there shall be any fact, which shall not be ended within Four Calendar Months after the Death of the Decedent; every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also a further Sum, at and after the Rate of Ten Pence per Crown on the Amount of the Stamp Duty payable on the Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent.

Penalty.

Not proving
Will or taking
Letters of Ad-
ministration,
within a given
Time.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the passing of this Act, no Ecclesiastical Court or Person shall grant Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, without first requiring and receiving from the Person or Persons applying for the Probate or Letters of Administration, or from some other competent Person or Persons an Affidavit, or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers, that the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, for or in respect of which the Probate or Letters of Administration is or are to be granted, exclusive of what the Decedent shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not hereditarily, but including the Leasehold Estates for Years of the Decedent, whether absolute or determinable on Lives, if any, and without deducting any thing on account of the Debts due and owing from the Decedent, are under the Value of a certain Sum to be therein specified, to the best of the Deponent's or Affirmant's Knowledge, Information and Belief, in order that the proper and full Stamp Duty may be paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration; which Affidavit or Affirmance shall be made before the Sovereign or other Person who shall administer the said Oath for the due Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent.

Penalties.

Ecclesiastical
Court not to
grant Probate
or Letters of
Administration,
without Affi-
davit of Value,
of Effects.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That every such Affidavit or Affirmance, shall be exempt from Stamp Duty, and shall be transmitted to the said Commissioners of Stamps, together with the Copy of the Will, or Extract or Abstract of the Letters of Administration to which it shall relate, by the Registrar or other Officer of the Court, where Duty it shall be to transmit Copies of Wills, and Extracts or Abstracts of Letters of Administration, to the said Commissioners, for the better Collection of the Duties on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestacy; and if any Registrar or other Officer whose Duty it shall be, shall neglect to transmit such Affidavit or Affirmance to the said Commissioners of Stamps, as hereby directed, every Person so offending, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pence.

Affidavit before
transmitted.

Such Affidavit
free of Stamp
Duty, and trans-
mitted to Com-
missioners of
Stamps.
Registrar
negligence
Penalty.

XL. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person, on applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration, shall have claimed the Estate and Effects of the Decedent as if of greater Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall as consequence have paid too high a Stamp Duty thereon, if such Person shall produce the Probate or Letters of Administration to the said Commissioners of Stamps, within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects shall have been ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too high a Duty was first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration, and shall deliver to them a particular Inventory and Account, and Valuation of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, verified by an Affidavit, or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers; and if it should thereupon satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners, that a greater Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration than the Law required, it shall be lawful for the

Persons in debt
on their
Stamp Duty paid
on Probate, &c.

said Commissioners to cancel and expunge the Stamp on the Probate or Letters of Administration, and to falsify another Stamp for denoting the Duty which ought to have been paid thereon, and to make an Allowance for the Difference between them, as in the cases of Impaired Stamps, or, if the Difference be considerable, to repay the same in Money, at the Discretion of the said Commissioners.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person, on applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration, shall have obtained the Estate and Effects of the Deceased to be of 5*l*. Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall in consequence have paid too little Stamp Duty thereon, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, on Delivery to them of an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation of the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, on Payment of the full Duty which ought to have been originally paid thereon in respect of such Value, and of the further Sum or Fractions payable by Law for stamping Deeds, after the Revision thereof, without any Deduction or Allowance of the Stamp Duty originally paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration; Provided always, that if the Application shall be made within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects shall be ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too little Duty was at first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration, and if it shall appear by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Duty was paid in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of its not being known at the time that some particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonged to the Deceased, and without any Intention of Fraud or to delay the Payment of the full and proper Duty, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to remit the before mentioned Penalty, and to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, on Payment only of the Sum which shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been at first paid thereon.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in cases of Letters of Administration on which too little Stamp Duty shall have been paid at first, the said Commissioners of Stamps shall not cause the same to be duly stamped, in the manner aforesaid, until the Administrator shall have given such Security to the Ecclesiastical Court or Ordinary by whom the Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as ought by Law to have been given on the granting thereof, in case the full Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased had been then ascertained, and also that the said Commissioners of Stamps shall yearly or oftener transmit an Account of the Probates and Letters of Administration, upon which the Stamps shall have been reduced in pursuance of this Act, to the several Ecclesiastical Courts by which the same full have been granted, together with the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, upon which such Reductions shall have proceeded.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That where too little Duty shall have been paid on any Probate or Letters of Administration, in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of its not being known at the time that some particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonged to the Deceased, if any Executor or Administrator willing under such Probate or Letters of Administration shall sue, within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or after the Discovery of the Mistake or Misapprehension, or of any Estate or Effects not known at the time to have belonged to the Deceased, apply to the said Commissioners of Stamps, and pay what shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been paid at first on such Probate or Letters of Administration, he or she shall receive the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also a further Sum, at and after the Rate of Ten Pence per Centum on the Amount of the Sum wanting to make up the proper Duty.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months from the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Ecclesiastical Court or Person to call in and revoke, or to accept the Surrender of any Probate or Letters of Administration, on the Ground only of its being or too low a Stamp Duty having been paid thereon, as heretofore hath been practised; and if any Ecclesiastical Court or Person shall do so, the Commissioners of Stamps shall not make any Allowance whatever for the Stamp Duty on the Probate or Letters of Administration which shall be so recalled.

XLVI. And Whereas it has happened in the case of Letters of Administration on which the proper Stamp Duty hath not been paid at first, that certain Debts, Chattels and other Effects, due or belonging to the Deceased, have been found to be of such great Value, that the Administrator hath not been possessed of Money sufficient either of his own or of the Deceased to pay the requisite Stamp Duty, in order to render such Letters of Administration available for the Recovery thereof by Law: And Whereas the like may again happen, and it may also happen that Executors or Persons entitled to take out Letters of Administration may, before obtaining Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, find some considerable Part or Parts of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased to be circumvented as (not to be immediately got Possession of, and may not have Money sufficient either of their own or of the Deceased to pay the Stamp Duty on the Probate or Letters of Administration which it shall be necessary to obtain: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, on satisfactory Proof of the Facts by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation, in any such case as aforesaid which may apply to them to require Relief, to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, for denoting the Duty payable or which ought originally to have been paid thereon, and to give Credit for the Duty, either upon Payment of the before mentioned Penalty, or without, in cases of Probates or Letters of Administration already obtained, and upon which too little Duty shall have been paid, and either with or without Allowance of the Stamp Duty already paid thereon, in the same manner as, under the Provisions of this Act, provided in all such cases of Credit that Security be first given by the Executors or Administrators, together with Two or more sufficient Sureties to be approved of by the said Commissioners.

Commissioners, by a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, in Double the Amount of the Duty, for the day and full Payment of the Sum for which Credit shall be given, within Six Calendar Months, or any less Period, and of the Interest for the same, at the Rate of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the Expiration of such Period until Payment thereof, in case of any Default of Payment at the time appointed; and such Probate or Letters of Administration being duly stamped in the manner aforesaid, shall be as valid and available as if the proper Duty had been as first paid thereon, and the same had been stamped accordingly.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at the Expiration of the time to be allowed for the Payment of the Duty on such Probate or Letters of Administration, it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that the Executor or Administrator to whom such Credit shall be given as aforesaid, shall not have recovered Effects of the Deceased to an Amount sufficient for the Payment of the Duty, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to give such further time for the Payment thereof, and upon such Terms and Conditions as they shall think expedient.

XLVII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Probate or Letters of Administration is to be stamped on Credit as aforesaid, shall be deposited with the said Commissioners of Stamps, and shall not be delivered up to the Executor or Administrator until Payment of the Duty, together with such Interest as aforesaid, if any shall become due; but the same shall nevertheless be produced in Evidence by some Officer of the Commissioners of Stamps, at the Expense of the Executor or Administrator, as Occasion shall require.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Duty for which Credit shall be given as aforesaid, shall be a Debt to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, from the Personal Estate of the Deceased, and shall be paid in preference to and before any other Debt whatsoever due from the same Estate; and if any Executor or Administrator of the Estate of the Deceased shall pay any other Debt in preference thereto, he or she shall not only be charged with and be liable to pay the Duty out of his or her own Estate, but shall also forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if before Payment of the Duty for which Credit shall be given in any such case as aforesaid, it shall become necessary to take out Letters of Administration *à lauds* non of the Deceased, it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause such Letters of Administration *à lauds* non, to be duly stamped with the particular Stamp provided to be used on Letters of Administration of that Kind, for denoting the Payment of the Duty in respect of the Effects of the Deceased, on first prior Probate or Letters of Administration of the same Effects, in such and the same manner as if the Duty had been actually paid, upon having the Letters of Administration *à lauds* non deposited with the said Commissioners, and upon having such further Security for the Payment of the Duty, as they shall think expedient; and such Letters of Administration shall be as valid and available as if the Duty for which Credit shall be given had been paid.

L. And be it further enacted, in regard to Probate of Wills and Letters of Administration, That where any Part of the Personal Estate which the Deceased was possessed of or entitled to, shall be alleged to have been Trunk Property, if the Person or Persons who shall be required to make any Affidavit or Affirmation relating thereto, conformably to the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, shall retire out of England, such Affidavit or Affirmation shall and may be made before any Person duly commissioned to take Affidavits by the Court of Session or Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in Scotland, or before a Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary in Ireland, or before any Judge or Court Magistrate of any other Country or Place where the Party or Parties shall happen to reside; and every such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be as effectual as if the same had been made before a Master in Chancery in England, pursuant to the Directions of the said last mentioned Act.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where it shall be proved by Oath or proper Vouchers to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, that an Executor or Administrator had paid Debts due and owing from the Deceased, and payable by Law out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, to such an Amount as being deducted from the Amount or Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, for or in respect of which a Probate or Letters of Administration, or a Confirmation of a Testament, Testamentsary or Dative, shall have been granted after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or which shall be included in any Inventory calculated and recorded in a Consistory Court in Scotland as the Law requires, after that Day, shall reduce the sum to a Sum, which, if it had been the whole gross Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects, would have occasioned a less Stamp Duty to be paid as such Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation or Inventory, then shall have been actually paid thereon under and by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to return the Difference, provided the same shall be claimed within Three Years after the Date of such Probate or Letters of Administration, or Confirmation or the recording of such Confirmation as aforesaid; but where by reason of any Proceeding at Law or in Equity, the Debts due from the Deceased shall not have been ascertained and paid, or the Effects of the Deceased shall not have been recovered and made available, and in consequence thereof the Executor or Administrator shall be prevented from clearing such Return of Duty as aforesaid, within the said Term of Three Years, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury to allow such further time for making the Claim, as may appear to them to be reasonable under the circumstances of the case.

LII. And be it further enacted, That all Affidavits and solemn Affirmations in the case of Quakers, required by that or any former or future Act of Parliament, or which shall be required by the said Commissioners of Stamps, to be made for the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, of and concerning any Facts or Circumstances upon which they are to exercise the Powers vested in them by this or any other Act, or for

Commissioners may credit the said Security

Probate, for stamped on Credit as aforesaid, deposited with Commissioners

Duty for which Credit given Due to His Crown.

Posibly.

Proviso in case of Letters of Administration *à lauds* non, taken out before Payment of Duty for which Credit given.

Exception concerning all Cases made by Executors, in making out of England, relating to Trunk Property.

Reason of Duty on Probates, to be made in respect of Debt if claimed in Three Years.

Affidavits relating to Stamp Duty, if the respective Persons, made before the Commissioners, &c.

the Verification of any Accounts of or concerning the Duties under their Management, or for any other Purpose relating to such Duties, shall, in all cases not otherwise expressly provided for, be made before the said Commissioners or any One or more of them, or before a Master in Chancery, ~~Deputy~~ or Extraordinary in England, or before any Person duly commissioned to take Affidavits by the Court of Session or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in Scotland.

Perjury.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons before whom any Affidavits or solemn Affirmations in or shall be required or directed to be made by this or any former or future Act of Parliament relating to any Stamp Duties, shall be and they are hereby authorized to take the same and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose; and if any Person making any such Affidavit or Affirmation shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the Matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be felony and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force, Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury, are subject and liable to.

In what case
Groggers, &c. Law
receivers, and Com-
missioners, may
swear from
Stamps.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in this or any other Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with any Stamp Duties, Groggers and Peppermint Languers, or any other Article of Confectionary, unless the Person vending the same shall vend the same as Medicines, or as beneficial for the Prevention, Cure or Relief of any Distemper, Malady, Ailment or Disorder incident to or in any wise affecting the Human Body, nor to compel the Person or Persons vending the same to take out the Licence required by Persons vending Medicines.

Duties paid on
Revenue Gene-
ral, and by him
to the Exchequer.

LV. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys to arise from the Duties granted by this Act, and from the several other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Stamps, shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties in Great Britain, who shall from time to time pay the same into the Bank of England for safe Custody, pursuant to the Act in that behalf made and provided; and shall thereafter pay the same (after deducting the Charges of rating, collecting and accounting for the same, and all other Charges first payable thereout, and with the Exception of any Drawn on Lottery Licences and Shares of Tickets) into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in one Sum, at such times and in such manner as the several Stamp Duties are by the Laws in force directed to be paid; and that the Moneys so paid into the said Receipt, shall be entered to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and the same shall be appropriated in the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund and of the Public Debt of Great Britain, in such manner as shall be directed by any Act of the present Session of Parliament.

Consolidated
Fund.
1793, c. 23.
§ 46.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE.

PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, &c.; on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION and SECURITY for Money; on DEEDS in general; and on other INSTRUMENTS, Matters and Things, not falling under either of the following Heads.

PART THE SECOND:

Containing the Duties on LAW PROCEEDINGS, or Proceedings in the Admiralty and Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the several Courts of Law and Equity at Westminster, and other Courts in Great Britain, and in the Offices belonging thereto, and before the Lord High Chancellor or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, in Matters of Bankruptcy and Lunacy.

PART THE THIRD:

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on CONFIRMATIONS of Testaments, testamentary and devise; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Commissary Courts of Scotland; on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal, Moveable or Moveable Estate, and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal or Moveable Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE FIRST.	Duty.
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Advocate in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the High Court of Admiralty in England; or in any of the Courts of Justice in Scotland	£. s. d. 50 0 0
<i>Exemption from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Where an Advocate, admitted in one Court in England, shall be admitted as an Advocate in any other Court in England; or being admitted in one Court in Scotland, shall be admitted as an Advocate in any other Court in Scotland; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty, provided he shall have paid the proper Stamp Duty on his former Admission, according to the Law then in force.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister at Law, in either of the Inns of Court in England; for the Register or Entry thereof	50 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Attorney, Solicitor or Practitioner, in any Court in England; or as a Sworn Clerk, Side Clerk, Clerk in Court, or other Clerk or Officer, in any Court in England, whole Salaries and Emoluments (like those of an Attorney or Solicitor) shall depend upon his being retained and employed by Clients or Suitors, and shall therefore be wholly uncertain in Amount	15 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Where any Person duly admitted an Attorney in either of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in either of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Countess Palatine of Chester, Lancaster and Durham, shall be also admitted to act as an Attorney in any</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>ADMISSION—<i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>actor of the said Courts, or in any inferior Court of Law, or as a Solicitor in any Court of Equity, in England, the latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i></p> <p><i>And where any Person duly admitted a Solicitor in the Court of Chancery or Exchequer at Westminster, or in either of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Duchy of Lancaster, or of the Circuit Palatine of Chester, Lancashire and Derbyshire, shall be also admitted to act as a Solicitor in any other of the said Courts, or in any inferior Court of Equity, or as an Attorney in any Court of Law in England, the latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i></p> <p><i>Provided such Attorney or Solicitor shall have paid the proper Stamp Duty on his former Admission, according to the Law then in force.</i></p> <p><i>But in all cases not expressly exempted, the said Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.</i></p>	<p><i>2l. s. d.</i></p>
<p>ADMISSION of any Person to act as Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney or Procurator, in any Court in Scotland; or as a Clerk or Officer in any Court in Scotland, whose Salaries and Emoluments (like those of a Solicitor) shall depend upon his being retained and employed by Clients or Sutors, and shall therefore be wholly uncertain in Amount</p>	<p><i>1l. 0 0</i></p>
<p><i>And where any Person shall be admitted to act as a Solicitor, or Agent, in the Court of Session, Judiciary or Commission of Trials in Scotland, who shall not have served a Clerkship or Apprenticeship for Five Years, to a Writer to the Signet, or to a Solicitor or Agent, under regular Articles or Indentures of Clerkship, or Apprenticeship, which shall have paid the Stamp Duty, payable by Law for the same at the Date thereof; his Admission shall be charged with a further Duty of</i></p>	<p><i>6s. 0 0</i></p>
<p><i>And where any Person shall be admitted to act as a Procurator or Solicitor, in the High Court of Admiralty in Scotland, the Commissary Court at Edinburgh, or any inferior Court in Scotland, who shall not have served a Clerkship or Apprenticeship for Five Years, to a Writer to the Signet, or to a Solicitor, Agent or Procurator, under regular Articles or Indentures of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, which shall have paid the Stamp Duty, payable by Law for the same at the Date thereof; his Admission shall be charged with a further Duty of</i></p>	<p><i>3s. 0 0</i></p>
<p><i>Exempted from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p>	
<p><i>Where any Person duly admitted a Writer to the Signet, or a Solicitor, Agent or Attorney, in either of the Courts of Session, Judiciary, Exchequer or Commission of Trials, shall be also admitted to act in either of those Capacities in any other or others of the same Courts; his latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i></p>	
<p><i>Where any Person, duly admitted as a Solicitor or Procurator in the High Court of Admiralty, or in the Commissary Court at Edinburgh, shall be also admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in the other of those Courts, his latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i></p>	
<p><i>And where any Person, duly admitted a Solicitor or Procurator in any of the inferior Courts in Scotland, shall be also admitted a Solicitor</i></p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION—continued.	£. s. d.
<i>or Procurator in any other or others of the same Courts, his latter Admission shall be free of Duty.</i>	
<i>Provided in each of the foregoing cases, the proper Stamp Duty shall have been paid, on the former Admission of such Person, according to the Law then in force.</i>	
<i>But in all cases not expressly exempted, the said Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.</i>	
ADMISSION of any Person as a Master in Ordinary in Chancery, or as one of the six Clerks, or one of the Caritors, of the Court of Chancery in England, or as a Sworn Clerk, Sub-Clerk, Clerk in Court, or other Clerk or Officer whatsoever, in any Court in Great Britain, who must necessarily be employed to do certain official Business, and whose Emoluments shall therefore be so far fixed and certain ;	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments of the Office or Appointment shall not amount to 50 <i>l.</i> per Annum	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum	12 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	25 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 750 <i>l.</i> per Annum	35 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 750 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	75 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	150 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards per Annum	200 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for three Years preceding, if practicable, and if not, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
<i>Exemption from the foregoing and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Where any Officer shall be admitted annually, every Admission after the first shall be free of Duty, provided the proper Duty shall have been paid on his first Admission.</i>	
<i>All Admissions of Officers, proceeding upon any Grants of or Appointments to Office, which shall be charged with the Duties herein after mentioned.</i>	
<i>But in all cases not expressly exempted, the proper Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Notary Public.—See FACULTY.	s. d. c.
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Member of either of the Four Inns of Court in England - - - - -	25 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Member of either of the Societies commonly called Inns of Chancery in England - - - - -	3 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Fellow of the College of Physicians in England or Scotland - - - - -	25 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person by the College of Physicians in England or Scotland, to exercise the Faculty of Physic, or practice as a Licentiate - - - - -	15 0 0
ADMISSION or Matriculation of any Person in either of the Universities in England - - - - -	1 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Bachelor of Arts, in either of the Universities in England, for the Register or Entry thereof, If conferred in the ordinary Course of the University - - - If conferred by special Grace, or Royal Mandate, or by reason of Nobility, or otherwise out of the ordinary Course - - -	3 0 0 5 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to any other Degree in either of the Universities in England, for the Register or Entry thereof, If conferred in the ordinary Course of the University - - - If conferred by special Grace, or Royal Mandate, or by reason of Nobility, or otherwise, out of the ordinary Course, conferring any Right of Election in such University - - -	6 0 0 20 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of Doctor of Medicine, in either of the Universities in Scotland - - - - -	10 0 0
<p>Note.—The said hereinbefore mentioned Duties on Admissions are, in all cases not expressly provided for, to be charged on the Instruments of Admission, delivered to the Persons admitted, by whatsoever Name the same may be called, if there be any such, or if not, on the Register, Entry or Memorandum of each Admission, in the Rolls, Book or Records of the Court, College, Inn or Society, in which the Admission shall be made; or for want thereof, on the Receipt or Warrant for such Admission.</p>	
ADMISSION of any Person into any Corporation or Company, in any City, Borough, Burgh or Town Corporate in Great Britain; for the Register, Entry or Memorandum thereof, in the Court Book, Roll or Record, of such Corporation or Company;	
Where the Admission shall be in respect of Birth, Apprenticeship or Marriage - - - - -	1 0 0
And where the same shall be upon any other Ground - - -	3 0 0
Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.	
<p>The Admissions of Craftsmen or others entering in any Corporation, within any Royal Burgh, Burgh of Regality or Burgh of Barony, in Scotland, incorporated by the Magistrates and Council of such Burgh; provided such Craftsmen or others shall have been previously admitted Freeman or Burgess of the Burgh, and have paid the proper Stamp Duty on such Admission, according to the Laws then in force.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ADMISSION to Ecclesiastical Benefices in Scotland.—See COLLATION.	s. s. d.
ADMISSION or Admittance to Copyhold Lands.—See COPYHOLD.	
AFFIDAVIT, not made for the immediate Purpose of being filed, read or used, in any Court of Law or Equity; see every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, on which the same shall be written or printed	0 5 6
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Affidavits required or authorized by Law, to be made before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Commissioner or Commissioners of any Public Board of Revenue, or any of the Officers sitting under them; or before any other Commissioner or Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Act of Parliament.</i>	
<i>Affidavits to be made pursuant to the Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Grace, c. 149, by Persons transmitting such the personal or movable Estate or Effects of Persons deceased in Scotland.</i>	
<i>Affidavits to be made pursuant to this Act by Persons applying for Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration in England, regarding the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased.</i>	
<i>Affidavits which may be required at the Bank of England, to prove the Death of any Proprietor of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds transferable there, or to identify the Person of any such Proprietor, or to remove any other Impediment to the Transfer of any such Stocks or Funds.</i>	
<i>Also all Affidavits relating to the Loss, Mutation or Deplacement of any Bank Note or Bank Post Bill.</i>	
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>	
AGREEMENT, or Contract, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, Waiver, or other Security on any Estate or Property therein comprised.—See MORTGAGE.	
AGREEMENT, or any Minute or Memorandum of an Agreement, made in England under Hand only, or made in Scotland without any Clause of Registration (and not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty), where the Matter thereof shall be of the Value of 20l. or upwards, whether the same shall be only Evidence of a Contract, or obligatory upon the Parties from its being a written Instrument, together with every Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or inserted thereon or annexed thereto;	
Where the same shall not contain more than 1,000 Words (being the Amount of Fifteen Common Law Folios or Sheets of Seventy two Words each) -	1 0 0
And where the same shall contain more than 1,000 Words -	1 15 0
And for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a farther proportion Duty of -	1 5 0
Provided always, that where seven Letters shall be offered in Evidence to prove any Agreement between the Parties who shall have written such Letters, it shall be sufficient if any one of such Letters shall be stamped with a Duty of 1l. 15s. although the same shall in the whole contain twice the Number of 1,000 Words or upwards.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.	
AGREEMENT—continued.		£.	s. d.
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>			
Label, Slip or Memorandum, containing the Heads of Inferences to be made by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance, and London Assurance; or by the Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance of Houses and Goods from Fire and London Assurance of Houses and Goods from Fire.			
Memorandum or Agreement for granting a Lease or Tack, at Rack Rent, of any Messuage, Land or Tenement, under the yearly Rent of Five Pounds.			
Memorandum or Agreement for the Hire of any Labourer, Artificer, Manufactory or Manual Servant.			
Memorandum, Letter, or Agreement, made for or relating to the Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises.			
Memorandum or Agreement made between the Master and Mariners of any Ship or Vessel, for Wages, or any Voyage Consignee from Port to Port in Great Britain.			
Letters containing any Agreement (not before exempted) in respect of any Merchandise, or Evidence of such an Agreement, which shall pass by the Post, between Merchants or other Persons carrying on Trade or Commerce, in Great Britain, and residing and actually living, at the time of sending such Letters, at the Distance of Fifty Miles from each other.			
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>			
APPOINTMENT, in execution of a Power, of Land or other Property, real or personal, or of any Use or Interest therein, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will		1	15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words (being the amount of Thirty Common Law Folios or Sheets of Seventy-two Words each) or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,680 Words (or Fifteen Common Law Folios or Sheets) contained therein, over and above the first 1,680 Words, a further progressive Duty of		1	5 0
<i>If made by Deed.—See DEED.</i>			
APPOINTMENT of a Chaplain, operating as a Qualification to hold Two Ecclesiastical Benefices in England		2	0 0
APPOINTMENT of a Gunn Keeper.— <i>See DEPUTATION.</i>			
APPOINTMENT to Offices.— <i>See ADMISSION, GRANT.</i>			
APPRAISEMENT or Valuation of any Estate or Effects, Real or Personal, Moveable or Immovable; or of any Interest therein; or of the annual Value thereof; or of any Disputations; or of any Repairs wanted; or of the Materials and Labour used or to be used in any Buildings; or of any Artificers Work whatsoever;			
Where the Amount on such Appraisement or Valuation shall not exceed 50l.		0	2 6
And where it shall exceed 50l. and not exceed 100l.		0	5 0
And where it shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l.		0	10 0
And where it shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l.		0	15 0
And where it shall exceed 500l.		1	0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
APPRAISEMENT—continued.	<i>l. s. d.</i>
<p><i>Exceptions.</i></p> <p><i>Appraisements or Valuations made in pursuance of the Order of any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, or of any Court of Appeal from any Sentence, Adjudication or Judgment of any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty.</i></p> <p><i>Appraisements or Valuations of any Property, made for the Purpose of ascertaining the Legacy Duty payable in respect thereof.</i></p>	
APPRAISER, Licence to act as such.—See LICENSE.	
<p>APPRENTICESHIP AND CLERKSHIP.—Indenture or other Instrument or Writing containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements, for or relating to the Service of any Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, who shall be put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade or Employment whatsoever; except Articles of Clerkship to Attornies and others, heretofore specifically charged;</p>	
<p>If the Sum of Money, or the Value of any other Matter or Thing which shall be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, or be secured to be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, to or for the Use or Benefit of the Master or Mistress, with or in respect of such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or both the Money and Value of such other Matter or Thing shall not amount to 30<i>l.</i></p>	1 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 30<i>l.</i> and not amount to 50<i>l.</i> - -</p>	2 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 50<i>l.</i> and not amount to 100<i>l.</i> - -</p>	3 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 100<i>l.</i> and not amount to 200<i>l.</i> - -</p>	6 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 200<i>l.</i> and not amount to 300<i>l.</i> - -</p>	12 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 300<i>l.</i> and not amount to 400<i>l.</i> - -</p>	18 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 400<i>l.</i> and not amount to 500<i>l.</i> - -</p>	25 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 500<i>l.</i> and not amount to 600<i>l.</i> - -</p>	30 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 600<i>l.</i> and not amount to 800<i>l.</i> - -</p>	40 0 0
<p>If the same shall amount to 800<i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,000<i>l.</i> - -</p>	50 0 0
<p>And if the same shall amount to 1,000<i>l.</i> or upwards - -</p>	60 0 0
<p>And where there shall be no such Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the Master or Mistress; if the Indenture or other Instrument shall not contain more than 1,000 Words - -</p>	1 0 0
<p>And if the same shall contain more than that Quantity - -</p>	1 15 0
<p>APPRENTICESHIP AND CLERKSHIP.—Indenture, or other Instrument or Writing, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements for or relating to the Service of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, as aforesaid, who shall be put or placed to or with a new Master or Mistress, either by Assignment, Transfer or Turnover, or upon the Death, Absence or Incapacity of the former Master or Mistress, or otherwise; or any Writing whatsoever, whereby any such Assignment, Transfer or Turnover may be effected or ascertained.</p>	
<p>Where there shall be any such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the new Master or Mistress, exclusive of any Part of the Consideration to the former Master or Mistress, which may be returned, or given, or transferred to the new Master or Mistress - - - -</p>	<p><i>Such and the like Duty is Proportion to the Amount or Value of such new Consideration only, as is before charged on any original Indenture of Apprenticeship.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
APPRENTICESHIP and CLERKSHIP—continued.	s. l. d.
And where there shall be no such new Consideration, if the Indenture or other Instrument or Writing shall not contain more than 1,000 Words - - - - -	1 0 0
And if the same shall contain more than that Quantity - - - - -	1 15 0
And where there shall be <i>Duplicates</i> , or Two Parts, of any such Indenture or other Instrument or Writing, relating to any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant as aforesaid; each Part shall be charged with the Duty before mentioned, in all cases where the same shall not exceed Thirty five Shillings; and where the same shall exceed that Sum, only one Part shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, or Duty in proportion to the Consideration, and the other Part shall be charged with a Duty of - - - - -	1 15 0
<p><i>Note.</i>—And the Part, bearing the <i>ad valorem</i> or higher Duty, shall belong to and be kept by the Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or some Person on his or her behalf, upon his or her being first placed out; and in case of any subsequent placing out, by Assignment or otherwise, the Part bearing the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on that occasion (if any) shall belong to and be kept by the former Master or Mistress, or his or her Representative, or by the Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or some Person on his or her behalf; and in each of the first cases, the other Part, bearing the lower Duty hereby charged thereon, shall belong to and be kept by the original Master or Mistress, or the new Master or Mistress, as the case may be; and the same shall be respectively recorded in Evidence accordingly.</p>	
<p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p>	
<p><i>Indentures or other Instruments for placing out poor Children Apprentices, by or at the sole Charge of any Parish or Township, or by or at the sole Charge of any Public Charity, or pursuant to the Act of the 32d Year of His Majesty's Royal, for the further Regulation of Parish Apprentices.</i></p>	
<p><i>And all Assignments of such poor Apprentices; provided there shall be no such valuable Consideration as aforesaid given to the new Master or Mistress, other than what may have been or shall be given by any Parish or Township, or by any Public Charity.</i></p>	
<p>ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk; in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor, - - - - -</p>	120 0 0
<p>In any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster - - - - -</p> <p>In any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Connex Palace of Chester, Lancaster and Durham; or in any other Court of Record in England, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings - - - - -</p>	60 0 0
<p>And for any Counterpart or Duplicate of any such Articles or Contract of Clerkship - - - - -</p>	1 15 0
<p>ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person (not being an Attorney of One of the Courts at Westminster) shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Sworn Clerk, in the</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	D. S.
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP—continued.	s. l. d.
Office of the Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery, or as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court or Side Clerk, in the Office of Pleas, or the Office of His Majesty's Remembrancer, in the Court of Exchequer, in England -	120 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to any such Admission as aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term, for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated by Consent, or by Rule of Court, or in any other Event -	1 15 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
And where any Person, having entered into any Articles of Clerkship or Contract, duly stamped according to the Law in force at the Date thereof, in order to his Admission as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court or Side Clerk, in the Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, or in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the Courts at Westminster, shall afterwards enter into any such Articles or Contract as aforesaid, for any other of these Purposes; the said last mentioned Articles or Contract shall be charged only with a Duty of -	1 15 0
And the Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
And where the same Articles of Clerkship shall be a Qualification to any Person to be admitted, not only as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the Courts at Westminster, but also as a Sworn Clerk, Clerk in Court or Side Clerk, in the Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, or as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of the inferior Courts aforesaid; such Articles shall not be charged with more than one Duty of 120l.	
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in the High Court of Admiralty in England, or in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts or Doctors Commons -	120 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in any of the Courts aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated, or in any other Event -	1 15 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent or Attorney, in any of the Courts of Session, Justiciary, Exchequer and Commission of Teinds in Scotland -	50 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof -	1 15 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP— <i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.
to his Admission to act as a Procurator or Solicitor in the High Court of Admiralty, the Commissary Court at <i>Edinburgh</i> , or any other inferior Court in <i>Scotland</i> - - - - -	30 0 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - - - -	1 15 0
ARTICLES, or Indenture of Clerkship or Apprenticeship, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to any such Admission in <i>Scotland</i> as aforesaid, for the Release of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated, or in any other Event - - - - -	1 15 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - - - -	1 15 0
ARTICLES of CLERKSHIP, or Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship, whereby any Person, having been before bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to any such Admission as aforesaid either in <i>England</i> or <i>Scotland</i> , and not having completed or perfected his service so as to entitle him to such Admission, shall become bound afresh, for a new Term of Years, for the same Purpose - - - - -	The same Duty as would be payable on any original Articles, Contract or Indenture for such Purpose.
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - - - -	
But in this case, the Stamp used on the Articles, Contract or Indenture, first entered into for the first Purpose, shall be allowed as a spoiled Stamp, on being delivered up to the Commissioners of Stamps to be cancelled within Six Calendar Months after the Execution of the new Articles, Contract or Indenture.	
ASSIGNATION or Assignment, upon the Sale of any Property.	
—See CONVEYANCE.	
ASSIGNATION in Security.—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNATION of any Wadset, Heritable Bond, &c.—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Mortgage, or other similar Security—	
—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNATION or ASSIGNMENT of any Property, Real or Personal, Heritable or Moveable, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, are <i>exempted from all Stamp Duty</i> - - - - -	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive Duty</i> of - - - - -	1 5 0
AWARD in <i>England</i> , and Award or Decree-Arbitral in <i>Scotland</i> - - - - -	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive Duty</i> of - - - - -	1 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
BARGAIN and SALE (or Lease) for a Year, for vesting the Possession of Lands or other Hereditaments in England, and enabling the Bargainee to take a Release of the Freehold or Inheritance, upon the Sale or Mortgage thereof.	s.	d.	c.
Where the Purchase or Consideration Money expressed in the Release shall not amount to 20l.	0	10	0
And where the same shall amount to 20l. and not amount to 50l.	0	15	0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 150l.	1	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 150l. or upwards	1	15	0
BARGAIN and SALE (or Lease) for a Year, upon any other Occasion	1	15	0
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate of Freehold, in Lands or other Hereditaments in England, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage.—See CONVEYANCE.—MORTGAGE.			
BARGAIN and SALE (to be enrolled) of any Estate of Freehold, in Lands or other Hereditaments in England, upon any other Occasion than the Mortgage or Sale thereof	5	0	0
And where any such Bargain and Sale as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further <i>progratua</i> Duty of	1	5	0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Duty.</i>			
<i>Bargains and Sales, made by Commissioners to the Assigns of Bankrupts, which are to pay a Duty, only as Deeds in general.</i>			
Inland BILL of EXCHANGE, Draft or Order to the Bearer, or to Order, either on Demand or otherwise, not exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, of any Sum of Money,			
Amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 5l. 5s.	0	1	0
Exceeding 5l. 5s. and not exceeding 20l.	0	1	6
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 30l.	0	2	0
Exceeding 30l. and not exceeding 50l.	0	3	6
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.	0	3	6
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 200l.	0	4	6
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l.	0	5	0
Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l.	0	6	0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1,000l.	0	8	6
Exceeding 1,000l. and not exceeding 2,000l.	0	12	6
Exceeding 2,000l. and not exceeding 3,000l.	0	15	0
Exceeding 3,000l.	1	5	0
Inland BILL of EXCHANGE, Draft or Order for the Payment to the Bearer, or to Order, at any time exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, of any Sum of Money,			
Amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 5l. 5s.	0	1	6
Exceeding 5l. 5s. and not exceeding 20l.	0	2	0
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 30l.	0	3	6
Exceeding 30l. and not exceeding 50l.	0	3	6
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.	0	4	6
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 200l.	0	5	0
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l.	0	6	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.				Duty.		
<i>Inland BILL, &c.—continued.</i>				<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 500 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	8	6
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	12	6
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	15	6
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	1	5	0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	1	10	0
<i>Inland BILL, Draft or Order for the Payment of any Sum of Money though not made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, if the same shall be delivered to the Payer, or some Person on his or her behalf</i>				<i>The same Duty as on a Bill of Exchange for the like Sum payable to Bearer or Order.</i>		
<i>Inland BILL, Draft or Order for the Payment of any Sum of Money, Weekly, Monthly, or at any other fixed Periods, if made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or if delivered to the Payer, or some Person on his or her behalf, where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be specified therein, or can be ascertained therefrom</i>				<i>The same Duty as on a Bill payable to Bearer or Order on Demand for a Sum equal to such total Amount.</i>		
And where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be indefinite				<i>The same Duty as on a Bill on Demand for the Sum therein expressed only.</i>		
And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Inland Bills, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of Money within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule; <i>videlicet</i> ,						
All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money by a Bill or Promissory Note, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Note in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money; where such Drafts or Orders shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer, or to Order, or shall be delivered to the Payer, or some Person on his or her behalf.						
All Receipts given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, for Money received, which shall entitle, or be intended to entitle, the Person or Persons paying the Money, or the Bearer of such Receipts, to receive the like Sum from any Third Person or Persons.						
And all Bills, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of any Sum of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be available, or upon any Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed at Issues, if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or if the same shall be delivered to the Payer or some Person on his or her behalf.						
<i>Foreign BILL of EXCHANGE (or Bill of Exchange drawn in but payable out of Great Britain) if drawn singly and not in a Set</i>				<i>The same Duty as on an Inland Bill of the same Amount and Term.</i>		
<i>Foreign BILLS of EXCHANGE, drawn in Sets according to the Custom of Merchants, for every Bill of each Set, where the Sum made payable thereby shall not exceed 100<i>l.</i></i>				0	1	6
And where it shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 200 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	3	0
And where it shall exceed 200 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 500 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	4	0
And where it shall exceed 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	5	0
And where it shall exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	7	6
And where it shall exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	10	0
And where it shall exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i>	-	-	-	0	15	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

BILL—continued.

£. s. d.

*Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.**All Bills of Exchange, or Bank Post Bills, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.**All Bills, Orders, Remittance Bills and Remittance Certificates, drawn by Commissioned Officers, Masters and Surgeons in the Navy, or by any Commissioner or Commissioners of the Navy, under the Authority of the Act passed in the 35th Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the more expeditious Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to the Navy.*

21 G. 1. 4. 94.

*All Bills drawn pursuant to any former Act or Acts of Parliament by the Commissioners of the Navy, or by the Commissioners for Victualling the Navy, or by the Commissioners for managing the Transport Service, and for taking Care of Sick and Wounded Seamen, again, and payable by the Treasurer of the Navy.**All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money to the Bearer on Demand, and drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, or any Person or Persons acting as a Banker, who shall refuse or transact the Business of a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Drafts or Orders shall be issued, provided such Place shall be specified in such Drafts or Orders; and provided the same shall bear Date on or before the Day on which the same shall be issued; and provided the same do not direct the Payment to be made by Bills or Promissory Notes.**All Bills, for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for other Expenditures liable to be charged in the Public Regimental or District Accounts, which shall be drawn according to the Forms now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by His Majesty's Orders, by the Paymasters of Regiments or Corps, or by the Chief Paymaster, or Deputy Paymaster, and Accountant of the Army Depots, or by the Paymasters of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officer or Officers authorised to perform the Duties of the Paymastership during a Vacancy, or the Absence, Sickness or Incapacity of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; save and except such Bills as shall be drawn in favour of Contractors or others, who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts or Agreements shall be liable to pay the Stamp Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them.*

BILL of LADING, of or for any Goods, Merchandise or Effects, to be exported or carried Coastwise

0 3 0

BILL of SALE absolute.—See CONVEYANCE.

BILL of SALE as a Security.—See MORTGAGE.

BOND in England and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Payment of any definitive and certain Sum of Money,

Not exceeding 50l.

1 0 0

Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.

1 10 0

Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 300l.

2 0 0

Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l.

3 0 0

Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1000l.

4 0 0

25 Geo. III.

3 T

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
BOND—continued.		£.	s.	d.
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	5	0	0
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	6	0	0
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	7	0	0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	8	0	0
Exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	9	0	0
Exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	12	0	0
Exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	15	0	0
Exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	20	0	0
Exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i>	- -	25	0	0
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, together with any Sum already advanced or due, or without, as the case may be:				
Where the total Amount of the Money feared, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit	- -	25	0	0
And where the Money feared, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum	- -	<i>The same Duty as on a Bond for a limited Sum.</i>		
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Transfer, or Re-transfer, of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South Sea Company				
<i>The same Duty as on a Bond for a Sum of Money, equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund feared, according to the average Price thereof, on the Day of the Date of the Bond, or on either of the Ten Days preceding.</i>				
Heritable BOND in Scotland for any of the Purposes aforesaid.—				
—See MORTGAGE.				
BOND in England and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Payment of any Sum of Money, or for the Transfer or Re-transfer of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, which shall be in part secured by a Mortgage or Wadset, or other Instrument or Writing, hereinafter charged with the same Duty as a Mortgage or Wadset, bearing even Date with such Bond; or for the Performance of Covenants contained in such Mortgage or other Instrument or Writing; or for both these Purposes		1	0	0
BOND in England, and Personal or Heritable Bond in Scotland, given as the only or principal Security for the Payment of any Annuity, upon the original Creation and Sale thereof.—See CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c.				
BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, given as a collateral or auxiliary Security for the Payment of any Annuity, upon the original Creation and Sale thereof, where the same shall be granted or conveyed, or secured, by any other Deed or Instrument, liable to and charged with the ad valorem Duty, hereinafter imposed on Conveyances upon the Sale of any Property		1	0	0

SCHEDULE. PART I.	Duty.
<p>BOND in England, and Personal or Heritable Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except upon the original Creation and Sale thereof), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at Rated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease or Tail), for any definite and certain Term, so that the Total Amount of the Money to be paid can be previously ascertained</p>	<p><i>℥. s. d.</i> <i>The same Duty as on a bond of the like Nature, for the Payment of a Sum of Money equal to such total amount</i></p>
<p>BOND in England, and Personal and Heritable Bond in Scotland, given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except as aforesaid), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at Rated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease or Tail) for the Term of Life or any other indefinite Period, so that the whole Money to be paid cannot be previously ascertained:</p>	
<p>Where the Annuity, or Sums secured, shall not amount to 10<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	1 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 10<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 30<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	1 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 30<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 100<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	3 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 100<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 200<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	4 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 200<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 300<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	5 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 300<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 400<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	6 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 400<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 500<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	7 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 500<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 750<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	9 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 750<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 1,000<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	12 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 1,000<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 1,500<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	15 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 1,500<i>℥.</i> and not amount to 2,000<i>℥.</i> per Annum</p>	20 0 0
<p>And where the same shall amount to 2,000<i>℥.</i> per Annum or upwards</p>	25 0 0
<p>But where there shall be both a Personal and Heritable Bond, in Scotland, in separate Deeds of the same Date, for securing any such Annuity, or Sums payable at rated Periods, and the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty above charged thereon shall amount to 2<i>℥.</i> or upwards, the Heritable Bond only shall be charged with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, and the Personal Bond shall be charged only with a Duty of</p>	1 0 0
<p>BOND, commonly called Counterbond in England, and Personal Bond of Relief in Scotland, for indemnifying any Person who shall have become bound or engaged as Surety or Cautiomer for the Payment of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or for the Treasurer of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned</p>	1 15 0
<p>BOND in England, and Personal Bond in Scotland, for the due Execution of an Office, and to account for Money received by virtue thereof</p>	1 15 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND given pursuant to the Directions of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, or any of their Officers, for or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for any other Matter or Thing relating thereto - - - -	s. l. d. 1 0 0
BOND, entered into by any Person, on obtaining a Marriage Licence -	1 0 0
BOND, on obtaining Letters of Administration in <i>England</i> , or a Confirmation of Testament in <i>Scotland</i> - - - -	1 0 0
BOND, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, Wadset or other Security, on any Estate or Property therein comprised. See MORTGAGE.	
BOND, Declaration, or other Deed or Writing, for making redeemable any Disposition, Assignment or Tack, apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security. See MORTGAGE.	
BOND in <i>England</i> , and Personal Bond in <i>Scotland</i> , of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty - - - -	1 15 0
Heritable BOND in <i>Scotland</i> , of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty - -	1 15 0
GENERAL DIRECTIONS respecting BONDS.	
Where any such Bond as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, there shall be charged for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the last 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of - - - -	1 5 0
And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, or an Annuity, or both, or for the Payment of an Annuity, and also of a Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each.	
And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Annuities or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Annuity or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the Aggregate Amount thereof.	
And where any Bond in <i>England</i> shall be given as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money, or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, such Bond shall be charged with the same Duty as if the same had been immediately given for the Payment or Transfer of such Money, or Annuity, or Share of the said Stocks or Funds.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<i>BOND—continued.</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
And where in England any Bond for the Payment or Transfer, or for the Performance of any Covenant for the Payment or Transfer, of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing, with any other Matter or Thing, in this Schedule specifically charged with any Duty (except any Declaration of Trust of the Money, Annuity, Stock or Fund secured), such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties as such Bond and other Matter or Thing would have been charged with, if contained in separate Deeds.	
But where in England a Bond for the Performance of Covenants or Agreements (other than for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money, or Annuity, or any Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds), shall be contained in the same Deed or Writing, with any other Matter or Thing, the same shall not be charged separately, but the whole shall be considered as one Deed and be charged accordingly under its proper Denomination.	
<i>Exemptions from the granting and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Bonds of the Royal Exchange and London Assurance Corporation, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 6th Year of the Reign of King George the First, under which they were incorporated.</i>	6 G. 1. c. 18. s. 2.
<i>Bonds and other Securities, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 16th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force for the Encouragement of the British Fisheries.</i>	16 G. 3. c. 21. s. 31.
<i>Bonds, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 13th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, relating to the Exportation of Wool, or any Manufactures thereof, or Fuller's Earth, Felling Clay, or Tobacco pipe Clay; or by the Act of the 19th Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, relating to the Exportation of Tobacco from His Majesty's Warehouses.</i>	13 G. 3. c. 28. s. 29. 19 G. 3. c. 45. s. 41.
<i>Coast Bonds, or Bonds relative to the carrying of Goods or Merchandise Cargewife, whether the same shall be given pursuant to the Act of the 32d Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, for the Relief of the Coast Trade of Great Britain, or pursuant to the Directions of any Proclamation or Order in Council, by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i>	21 G. 3. c. 24. s. 11.
<i>Bonds and other Securities, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 33d Year of His Majesty's Reign, or any other Act now in force, for the Encouragement of Friendly Societies.</i>	13 G. 3. c. 24. s. 4.
<i>Bonds given by Cardmakers, for securing the Stamp Duties on Playing Cards.</i>	
<i>Bonds given by the Proprietors, Printers or Publishers of Newspapers, for securing the Payment of the Duties upon the Advertisements therein contained.</i>	
<i>Bonds given by Stationers and others, who sell stamped Paper for the printing of Newspapers, for the due Performance of the Statutes required of them by the Act passed in the 38th Year of His Majesty's Reign, for regulating the Printing and Publication of Newspapers.</i>	38 G. 3. c. 78. s. 10.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>BOND, Exemption—continued.</p> <p><i>Bonds given by Collectors of Assessed Taxes and their Sureties, for the due Payment of Monies collected by them, or otherwise relating to their Office.</i></p> <p><i>Administration and Confirmation Bonds, given by the Widow, Child, Father, Mother, Brother or Sister of any Common Soldier, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i></p> <p><i>Administration Bond in England given by any Person, where the Estate to be administered shall not exceed £20. in value.</i></p> <p><i>Confirmation Bond in Scotland, where the whole Personal Estate of the Deceased shall not exceed £20. in value.</i></p> <p><i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i></p>	<p>2. 1. 1.</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out <i>jointly</i>, by every Person admitted as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster and Durham, or in any other Court in England, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings;—and by every Person admitted as a Proctor in any of the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts in England;—and by every Person admitted as a Writer to the Signet, or as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney or Procurator, in any of the Courts in Scotland;—and by every Person admitted or enrolled as a Notary Public in England or Scotland;—and also by every Sworn Clerk in Court, and other Clerk or Officer in any of the Courts aforesaid, who, in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person, shall commence, prosecute, carry on or defend any Action, Suit, Prosecution or other Proceeding, in any of the Courts aforesaid, or do any Notarial Act whatever, for or in Expectation of any Fee, Gain or Reward, as an Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Proctor, Procurator or Notary Public, although not admitted or enrolled as such;</p> <p>If he shall reside in the City of London, or City of Westminster, or within the Limits of the Two Penny Post in England, or within the City or Shire of Edinburgh;</p> <p>And if he shall have been admitted, or been in Possession of his Office, for the Space of Three Years or upwards</p> <p>Or if he shall not have been admitted or been in Possession so long</p> <p>If he shall reside elsewhere;</p> <p>And if he shall have been admitted, or been in Possession of his Office, for the Space of Three Years or upwards</p> <p>Or if he shall not have been admitted, or been in Possession so long</p> <p>But no one Person is to be obliged to take out more than One Certificate, although he may act in more than one of the Capacities aforesaid, or in several of the Courts aforesaid.</p>	<p>12 0 0</p> <p>6 0 0</p> <p>8 0 0</p> <p>4 0 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CERTIFICATE —continued.	<i>l. s. d.</i>
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>Exemptions.</i></p> <p><i>All Clerks and Officers of any of the Courts aforesaid, who shall not or be concerned in the Conduct or Management of any Action, Suit, Prosecution or other Proceeding, by virtue and in the Execution of their respective Offices or Appointments only, and shall not be able retained or employed by any Party to such Action, Suit, Prosecution or other Proceeding, or by any Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Pleader or Procurator, on behalf of any Party therein, for or in Expectation of any Fee or Reward, other than the stipulated Fees due and payable in respect of their Offices and Appointments.</i></p>	
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly, by every Person, being a Member of One of the Four Inns of Court in England, who is the Charterer of Conveyancer, Special Pleader, Draftsman in Equity, or otherwise, shall, for or in Expectation of any Fee, Gain or Reward, draw or prepare any Conveyance of, or Deed or Instrument relating to, any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, or any other Deed or Contract whatsoever, or any Pleadings or Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity;</p>	
<p>If he shall reside in the City of London, or City of Westminster, or within the Limits of the Two Penny Post in England -</p>	<p>15 0 0</p>
<p>And if he shall reside elsewhere -</p>	<p>8 0 0</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>Exemptions.</i></p> <p><i>Serjeants at Law, and Barristers:</i> <i>Attorneys, Solicitors, Pleaders and Notaries Publick, and other Persons acting as such by virtue of any Office or Appointment, who shall respectively take out Certificates as their Chararters:</i> <i>Public Officers drawing or preparing Deeds or other Instruments, by virtue of their Office, and in the Course of their official Duty only, and not otherwise.</i></p>	
<p>CERTIFICATE of Admission to Degrees in the Universities.—See TYPIMONIAL.</p>	
<p>CERTIFICATE of Marriage, except of any common Soldier, Marine or Soldier -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE of any Person's having received the Holy Sacrament -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize having been duly entered inwards, which shall be entered outwards for Exportation, at the Port of Importation, or be removed from thence to any other Port, for the more convenient Exportation thereof from Great Britain, where such Certificates shall be issued for enabling any Person to obtain a Doleenure or Certificate, entitling him to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties of Customs, or any Part thereof -</p>	<p>0 4 0</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>See also DEBENTURE.</i></p>	
<p>CHARTER of Resignation, or of Confirmation, or of Novodamus, or upon Appraisal, or upon a Decree of Adjunction or Sale of any Lands, or other heritable Subjects in Scotland, holden of any Subject Superior -</p>	<p>0 9 0</p>
<p>And where the same shall contain 2,000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2,000 Words, a further progressive Duty of -</p>	<p>0 9 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CHARTER PARTY or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter of any Ship or Vessel, or any Memorandum, Letter or other Writing between the Captain, Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, and any other Person for or relating to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods or Effects, on board of such Ship or Vessel -	s. l. d. 1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the First 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of -	1 5 0
CLERKSHIP, Articles or Contract of.—See APPRENTICESHIP.—ARTICLE.	
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in <i>England</i> , of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards in <i>The King's Books</i> -	20 0 0
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever in <i>England</i> -	10 0 0
COLLATION, Institution or Admission, by any Presbytery or other competent Authority, to any Ecclesiastical Benefice in <i>Scotland</i> -	2 0 0
COMMISSION granted by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any Person or Persons duly authorized by him or them, to any Officer in the Army, or in the Corps of Royal Marines -	1 10 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Commissions granted to Officers of Yeomanry Cavalry, or Volunteer Infantry, and to Officers of the Local Militia.</i>	
COMMISSION granted by the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, to any Officer in the Navy -	0 5 0
COMMISSION, or Deputation, granted by the Commissioners of Excise -	1 10 0
COMMISSION, appointing any Person Receiver General of the Land and other Taxes, for any County or District in Great Britain -	25 0 0
COMMISSION appointing any Manager or Director, Managers or Directors, of or concerning any Lottery or Lotteries to be drawn pursuant to Act of Parliament -	20 0 0
COMMISSION to act as a Notary Public in <i>Scotland</i> .—See FACULTY.	
COMMISSION, in the nature of a Power of Attorney in <i>Scotland</i> .—See LETTER OF ATTORNEY.	
COMPOSITION—Deed, or other Instrument of Composition between a Debtor or Debtors, and his, her or their Creditors -	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the First 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of -	1 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONDITIONAL Surrender of any Copyhold or Customary Estate, by way of Mortgage.—See MORTGAGE.	s. l. d.
CONSTAT of Letters Patent.—See EXEMPLIFICATION.	
CONTRACT of Exchange in Scotland.—See EXCHANGE.	
CONVEYANCE, whether Grant, Disposition, Lease, Assignment, Transfer, Release, Restitution, or of any other Kind or Description whatsoever, upon the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, Heritable or Moveable, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim in, to, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property; that is to say, for and in respect of the Principal or only Part, by Deed or Writing, whereby the Lands or other Things sold shall be granted, leased, assigned, transferred, released, restituted or otherwise conveyed to, or vested in, the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, by his, her or their Direction;	
Where the Purchase or Consideration Money therein or thereupon expended shall not amount to 20l.	0 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 20l. and not amount to 50l.	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 150l.	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 150l. and not amount to 300l.	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l.	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l.	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l.	9 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l.	11 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 2,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,500l. and not amount to 3,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. and not amount to 3,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,500l. and not amount to 4,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 4,000l. and not amount to 4,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 4,500l. and not amount to 5,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 5,000l. and not amount to 5,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 5,500l. and not amount to 6,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 6,000l. and not amount to 6,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 6,500l. and not amount to 7,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 7,000l. and not amount to 7,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 7,500l. and not amount to 8,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 8,000l. and not amount to 8,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 8,500l. and not amount to 9,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 9,000l. and not amount to 9,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 9,500l. and not amount to 10,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 10,000l. and not amount to 10,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 10,500l. and not amount to 11,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 11,000l. and not amount to 11,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 11,500l. and not amount to 12,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 12,000l. and not amount to 12,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 12,500l. and not amount to 13,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 13,000l. and not amount to 13,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 13,500l. and not amount to 14,000l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 14,000l. and not amount to 14,500l.	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 14,500l. and not amount to 15,000l.	15 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
CONVEYANCE— <i>continued.</i>	<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
And where the same shall amount to 40,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 50,000 <i>l.</i>	450	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 50,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 60,000 <i>l.</i>	550	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 60,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 80,000 <i>l.</i>	650	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 80,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100,000 <i>l.</i>	800	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 100,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards—	1,000	0	0
And where any Freehold Lands or Hereditaments in <i>England</i> shall be conveyed by a Deed of Feoffment, with or without any Letter or Letters of Attowney therein contained to deliver or receive Sells, or by a Deed of Bargain and Sale <i>incalled</i> ; such Deed of Feoffment or Bargain and Sale, unless accompanied with a Lease and Release shall be charged with a further Duty as follows:			
If the Purchase or Consideration Money therein or thereupon expressed, shall be under 2 <i>l.</i>	0	10	0
If it shall amount to 2 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 5 <i>l.</i>	0	15	0
If it shall amount to 5 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 15 <i>l.</i>	1	0	0
If it shall amount to 15 <i>l.</i> or upwards—	1	15	0
But if there shall be both a Feoffment and a Bargain and Sale <i>incalled</i> , then the said further Duty shall not stretch on each.			
Note.—The Purchase or Consideration Money is to be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length, in or upon every such principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance.			
And where any Lands or other Property, of different Tenures or Holdings, or held under different Titles, contracted to be sold at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser in separate Parts or Parcels, by different Deeds or Instruments, the Purchase or Consideration Money shall be divided and apportioned in such manner as the Parties shall think fit, so that a distinct Price or Consideration for each separate Part or Parcel may be set forth in or upon the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance relating thereto, which shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty in respect of the Price or Consideration Money therein set forth.			
And where any Lands or other Property, contracted to be purchased by Two or more Persons jointly, or by any Person for himself and others, or wholly for others, at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed, in Parts or Parcels, by separate Deeds or Instruments, to the Persons for whom the same shall be purchased, for distinct Parts or Shares of the Purchase Money, the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance, of each separate Part or Parcel, shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, in respect of the Sum of Money therein specified as the Consideration for the same. But if separate Parts or Parcels of such Lands or other Property shall be conveyed to or to the Use of or in Trust for different Persons, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, then such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with			

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the aggregate Amount of the Purchase or Consideration Monies therein mentioned to be paid or agreed to be paid, for the Lands or Property thereby conveyed.

And where any Person, having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell to any other Person, and the same shall in consequence be conveyed immediately to the Sub Purchaser, the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein mentioned to be paid, or agreed to be paid, by the Sub Purchaser.

And where any Person, having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell the whole or any Part or Parts thereof, to any other Person or Persons, and the same shall in consequence be conveyed, by the original Seller, to different Persons, in Parts or Parcels, the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance, of each Part or Parcel thereof, shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect only of the Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be therein mentioned to be paid or agreed to be paid for the same, by the Person or Persons, to whom or to whose Use or in Trust for whom the Conveyance shall be made, without regard to the Amount of the original Purchase Money.

And in all cases of such Sub Sales as aforesaid, the Sub Purchasers, and the Persons immediately selling to them, shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchasers and Sellers, within the Intent and Meaning of the Provisions and Regulations of the aforesaid Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, relating to the *ad valorem* Duties on Conveyances on the Sale of Property thereby imposed, and which are to be observed and enforced with regard to the said *ad valorem* Duties hereby granted.

But where any Sub Purchaser shall take an actual Conveyance, of the Interest of the Person immediately selling to him, which shall be chargeable with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the Purchase or Consideration Money paid or agreed to be paid by him, and shall be duly stamped accordingly, any Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to be afterwards made to him, of the Property in question, by the original Seller, shall be exempted from the said *ad valorem* Duty, and be charged only with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same Kind not upon a Sale.

And where any Lands or other Property separately contracted to be purchased of different Persons, at separate and distinct Prices, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser, or as he shall direct, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument; such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the aggregate Amount of the Purchase or Consideration Monies, therein mentioned to be paid or agreed to be paid for the same.

℔. s. d.

48 G. 3. c. 109.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CONVEYANCE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p>And where any Lands, or other Property shall be sold and conveyed, in Consideration, wholly or in Part, of any Sum of Money charged thereon by way of Mortgage, Wadset or otherwise, and then due and owing to the Purchaser, or shall be sold and conveyed, subject to any Mortgage, Wadset, Bond or other Debt, or to any gross or other Sum of Money, to be afterwards paid by the Purchaser, such Sum of Money or Debt shall be deemed the Purchase or Consideration Money, or Part of the Purchase or Consideration Money, as the case may be, in respect whereof the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty is to be paid.</p> <p>And to prevent Doubts, respecting what shall be deemed the principal Deed or Instrument of Conveyance, in certain cases, it is hereby declared :</p> <p>That where any Lands or Hereditaments, in England, shall be conveyed by Bargain and Sale enrolled, and also by Lease and Release, or Feoffment with or without any such Letter or Letters of Attorney therein contained as aforesaid; the Release or Feoffment shall be deemed the principal Deed; and the Bargain and Sale shall be charged only with the Duty hereby imposed on Deeds in general.—(<i>See Deed.</i>)—but the same shall not be enrolled or be available, unless also stamped for testifying the Payment of the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on the Release or Feoffment.</p> <p>And where any Lands or Hereditaments shall be conveyed by Lease and Release, and also by Feoffment, with or without any such Letter or Letters of Attorney therein contained as aforesaid; the Release shall be deemed the principal Deed; and the Feoffment shall be charged only with the Duty hereby imposed on Deeds in general (<i>See Deed</i>). But the same shall not be available, unless also stamped for testifying the Payment of the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on the Release.</p> <p>And where any Copyhold or Customary Estate shall be conveyed, by a Deed of Bargain and Sale, by the Commissioners named in a Commission of Bankrupt, or by Executors or others, by virtue of a Power given by Will, or by Act of Parliament, or otherwise, where a Surrender shall not be necessary, the Deed of Bargain and Sale shall be deemed the principal Instrument.</p> <p>And in other cases of Copyhold or Customary Estate, the Surrender or Voluntary Grant, or the Memorandum thereof respectively, if made out of Court, or the Copy of Court Roll of the Surrender or Voluntary Grant, if made in Court, shall be deemed the principal Instrument.</p> <p>And Copies of Court Roll, made after the Thirty first Day of August 1815, of Surrenders and Voluntary Grants made in Court before or upon that Day, and subsequent to the 10th Day of October 1813, shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duties. But Copies of Court Roll, of Surrenders and Voluntary Grants made before or upon the 10th Day of October 1813, shall not be liable thereon.</p>	<p><i>℥. s. d.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE— <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
And Grants, and Copies of Court Roll of Grants, of Copyhold or Customary Estates for a Life or Lives, are to be charged, as well as those for any greater Interest.	
And where in Scotland there shall be a Disposition or Assignment, executed by the Seller, and any other Instrument or Instruments, Writing or Writings, to complete the Title, the Disposition or Assignment shall be deemed the principal Instrument.	
And where, upon the Sale of any Annuity or other Right not before in Reversion, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warrant of Attorney, Covenants, Contracts, or otherwise; the Bond or other Instrument, by which the same shall be secured, or some one of such Instruments, if there be more than one, shall be deemed and taken to be liable to the same Duty, as an actual Grant or Conveyance.	
And in the case of Leases or Tenants, where a yearly Rent of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards shall be reserved, as Part of the Consideration for the same, there shall be charged a further Duty;—for which see Title, LEASES.	
And where the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2,100 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2,100 Words, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of - - -	1 0 0
And where there shall be several Deeds, Instruments or Writings for completing the Title to the Property sold; such of them as are not liable to the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged with the Duty, to which the same may be liable, under any general or particular Description of such Deeds, Instruments or Writings contained in this Schedule.	
And where, in any case not hereby expressly provided for, of several Deeds, Instruments or Writings, a Doubt shall arise which is the Principal, it shall be lawful for the Parties to determine for themselves which shall be so deemed, and to pay the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty thereon accordingly; and, if necessary, the other Deeds, Instruments or Writings, on which the Doubt shall have arisen, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or relieving the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, upon all the Deeds or Instruments being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped in other respects.	
And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument, chargeable with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, exceeding 2 <i>l.</i> one of them only shall be charged thereon, and the other or others shall be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same Kind not upon a Sale; and on the whole being produced duly stamped as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or relieving the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty.	
And where any Deed or Instrument, operating as a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property, shall operate also as a Conveyance of any other than the Property sold by way of Settlement,	

SCHEDULE. PART I.	Duty.
<p>CONVEYANCE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p>or for any other Purpose, or shall also contain any other Matter or Thing besides what shall be incident to the Sale and Conveyance of the Property sold, or relate to the Title thereto; every such Deed or Instrument shall be charged, in addition to the Duty to which it shall be liable as a Conveyance on the Sale of Property, and to any progressive Duty to which it may also be liable, with such further Stamp Duty as any separate Deed, containing the other Matter, would have been chargeable with, exclusive of the progressive Duty.</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding Duties on Conveyances upon the Sale of Lands, &c.</i></p> <p><i>All Surrenders and other Instruments, relating only to Copyhold or Customary Estates, whose clear yearly Value shall not exceed Twenty Shillings; but which are hereinafter otherwise charged.</i></p> <p><i>All Transfers of Shares in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and of the South Sea and East India Companies; but which are hereinafter otherwise charged.</i></p> <p><i>All Leases and Tacks in Consideration of a Fine or Grosssum, for a Life or Lives not exceeding Three, or for a Term of Years determinable with a Life or Lives not exceeding Three, by whomsoever granted.</i></p> <p><i>All Leases in Consideration of a Fine for a Term absolute, not exceeding Twenty-one Years, granted by Ecclesiastical Corporations, Aggregates or Bids.</i></p> <p><i>And all voluntary Grants made by the Lord or Lady of any Manor of any Copyhold, or Customary Lands or Hereditaments for a Life or Lives for a pecuniary Consideration, and the Copies of Court Roll of such voluntary Grants.</i></p> <p><i>All such Leases, Tacks, Grants and Copies are hereinafter charged with ordinary Duty.</i></p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties, except the Duty on the Receipt for the Consideration Money.</i></p> <p><i>Conveyances of Rents purchased under the Act of the 74th Year of His Majesty's Reign, c. 75.* for the better Management of the Land Revenue of The Crown, and for the Sale of Her Farms and other unalienable Rents, upon subsequent Sales thereof by the Purchasers or their Heirs or Assigns, to the Owners of the Lands or other Hereditaments, out of which the same are payable; where the Consideration Money to be paid on such subsequent Sales shall not exceed the Sum of 100l.</i></p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p> <p><i>All Transfers of Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds.</i></p> <p><i>For other Exemptions, for the Titles, GRANT, LEASE, and at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i></p>	<p><i>£. s. d.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE of Lands and Rents belonging to The Crown.— —See GRANT.	s. l. d.
CONVEYANCE of any Estate or Property, in Trust for Sale, which shall be intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE.	
CONVEYANCE of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of Lands or other Property, to a Purchaser, in the same Deed with a Mortgage, Wadlee or other Security made thereon.— —See MORTGAGE.	
CONVEYANCE of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, <i>not expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty</i>	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 5 0
COPY, attested to be a true Copy, in the Form which hath been commonly used for that Purpose, or in any other manner authenticated or declared to be a true Copy, or made for the Purpose of being given in Evidence as a true Copy, of any Agreement, Contract, Bond, Deed or other Instrument of Conveyance, or any other Deed whatever, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, or of any Part thereof respectively,	
Where such a Copy shall be made for the Security or Use of any Person, being a Party to, or taking any Benefit or Interest immediately under such Agreement, Contract, Bond, Deed or other Instrument	} <i>The same Duty as for the original Instrument.</i>
And where any such Copy shall be made, for the Security or Use of any Person, not being a Party to, or taking any Benefit or Interest immediately, under such Agreement, Contract, Bond, Deed or other Instrument	
And for every entire Quantity of 720 Words contained therein, over and above the first 720 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 1 0
And all Copies, which shall at any time be offered in Evidence, shall be deemed to have been made for that Purpose.	0 1 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>All Copies attested or authenticated as aforesaid, which shall be made for the Private Use only of any Person having the Custody of the Original Instruments, or of his or her Counsel, Attorney or Solicitor.</i>	
COPY, attested or authenticated as aforesaid, or made for the Purpose of being given in Evidence as a true Copy of any original Will, Testament or Codicil, or of the Probate or Probate Copy of any Will or Codicil, or of any Letters of Administration; or of any Confirmation of a Testamentary or Dative, or of any Part thereof respectively	0 1 0
And for every entire Quantity of 720 Words, contained in any such Copy, over and above the first 720 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 1 0
And all Copies which shall at any time be offered in Evidence, shall be deemed to have been made for that Purpose.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
<i>Office COPY or Extract of any Will or Codicil, deposited in any Ecclesiastical Court in England</i>	<i>2d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
And for every entire Quantity of 90 Words, contained in any such Copy or Extract, over and above the first 90 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0	1	0
COPY or Extract of any Memorial, or of the Register of any Memorial, registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made, for the Public Registering of Deeds and Conveyances in England	0	5	0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Copy or Extract shall be written, after the First, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0	5	0
COPY or Extract of any Deed, or of any other Instrument <i>not falling under the Description of Low Proceedings</i> , which shall be made or taken from the Rolls or Records of any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster	0	2	0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Copy or Extract shall be written, after the first, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0	2	0
<i>Attested COPY or Extract, of any Deed, Instrument or Writing, given out from any Public Register, or from the Books or Records of any Court in Scotland, and not otherwise charged under the Head of Low Proceedings</i>	0	2	6
And where the same shall contain more than 600 Words, then for every entire Quantity of 600 Words contained therein, over and above the first 600 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0	2	6
And for any less Quantity of Words contained therein, over and above the first 600 Words, or over and above any Second, Third or other full Quantity of 600 Words, a further Duty of	0	2	6
<i>Exceptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>			
<i>Certified Copies of Proceedings and Interlocutors required or authorised in cases of Appeal to the House of Lords.</i>			
<i>Copies or Extracts of Privilege, upon Bills or Promissory Notes, for any Sum under Forty Shillings Sterling.</i>			
<i>Extracts of Commissions of Peace as Delegates or Representatives to the General Assembly, or to any Presbytery or Church Court, in Scotland; and of Commissions of Delegates to the Convention of Royal Burghs; and of Commissions of Delegates from any Royal Burgh for the Election of Members of Parliament.</i>			
COPYHOLD Estates; and CUSTOMARY Estates, passing by Surrender and Admittance, or by Admittance only, and not by Deed; INSTRUMENTS relating thereto, <i>not otherwise charged under the Head of Mortgage, or of Conveyance upon the Sale of Lands, viz.</i>			
Any SURRENDER made out of Court, or the Memorandum thereof; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	1	0	0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	0	5	0
<i>See also CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c. and MORTGAGE.</i>			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
COPYHOLD— <i>continued.</i>	s. l. d.
Any ADMITTANCE out of Court, or the Memorandum thereof; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	0 5 0
And where both a Surrender and Admittance, or more than one Surrender or Admittance, or the Memorandum thereof, shall be contained in the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whether upon a Sale, Mortgage or other Occasion, the proper Duty shall be paid, in respect to each Surrender and each Admittance.	
And where any Surrender or Admittance, or the Memorandum thereof, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or inserted thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
The COPY of COURT ROLL of any Surrender made in Court; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	0 5 0
<i>See also CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c. and MORTGAGE.</i>	
The COPY of COURT ROLL of any Admittance in Court; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	0 5 0
And where Copies of both a Surrender and Admittance, or of more than one Surrender or Admittance, shall be contained in the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whether upon a Sale, Mortgage or other Occasion, the proper Duty shall be paid, in respect to each Surrender and each Admittance, except in the case of a Recovery hereinafter provided for.	
And where the Copy of any such Surrender or Admittance, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or inserted thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	1 0 0
The COPY of COURT ROLL of the several Surrenders, Admittances and other Acts, which shall take place in Court, for the Purpose of perfecting a Common Recovery of any entailed Copyhold or Customary Estate or Estates, Tenement or Tenements, from the Surrender to make a Tenant of the Precipe, down to the Admittance of the Tenant in Tail, in Fee, or to the Admittance for Life of the former Tenant for Life, with Remainder to the Tenant in Tail, in Fee, upon the Surrender of the Demandant, both inclusive, or from the Surrender to make a Tenant to the Precipe, inclusive, to the Admittance of the Tenant in Tail, or Tenant for Life, otherwise than as aforesaid, or to the Admittance of any other Person, upon the Surrender of the Demandant, exclusive; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings	Five Times 1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings	Five Times 0 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
COPYHOLD — <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
And if the Copy of Court Roll of any other Admittance or Surrender, Admittances or Surrenders, shall be contained in the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with the Copy of Court Roll of the several Surrenders, Admittances and other Acts for the Purpose aforesaid; the same shall be charged with such and the same Duty or Duties, as if the same had been written upon a separate Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, over and above the said Duties hereby imposed on the Copy of Court Roll of the Recovery.	
Any VOLUNTARY GRANT by the Lord or Lady, or Steward, of any Manor, made out of Court, or the Memorandum thereof, with or without Admittance thereon; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	{ Twice 1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	{ Twice 0 5 0
<i>See also CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c. and MORTGAGE.</i>	
The COPY of COURT ROLL of any Voluntary Grant made in Court, by the Lord or Lady, or Steward of any Manor with or without Admittance thereon;—where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	{ Twice 1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	{ Twice 0 5 0
<i>See also CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c. and MORTGAGE.</i>	
And where any Voluntary Grant, or the Memorandum, or Copy of Court Roll thereof, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indented thereto, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the First 1,000 Words, a further <i>progreſſive</i> Duty of - - -	1 0 0
Any Licence to demise, or the Memorandum thereof, if granted out of Court; and the Copy of COURT ROLL of any Licence to demise, if granted in Court; where the clear yearly Value of the Estate shall exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	1 0 0
And where the same shall not exceed Twenty Shillings - - -	0 5 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
Original Surrenders not of Court, and Copies of Court Roll of Surrenders in Court, to the Use of a Will, or to a Trust for the Use or Purpose of a Will.	
The Court Rolls or Books of any Manor, wherein the Proceedings relating thereto shall be entered or minuted.	
<i>See also the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i>	
DEBENTURE or CERTIFICATE for enabling any Person to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties, or Part of any Duty or Duties of Customs or Excise, or any Bounty, payable out of the Revenue of Customs or Excise, for or in respect of any Goods, Wares or Men-	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
DEBENTURE— <i>continued.</i>	£.	s.	d.
chandise exported or shipped to be exported from Great Britain to any Part beyond the Seas;			
If the sum shall not exceed 100l. - - -	0	5	0
If the sum shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l. - -	0	10	0
If the sum shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l. - -	1	0	0
If the sum shall exceed 500l. - - -	2	0	0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>			
<i>All Debentures or Certificates for Bounties, which were heretofore exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts of Parliament, granting a Bounty on the Exportation of Linens or Wool Cloths.</i>			
DECLARATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will, nor otherwise charged in this Schedule -	1	15	0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of - - -	1	5	0
<i>If made by Deed.—See DEED.</i>			
DEED, whereby any real Burden shall be declared or created on Lands or Heritable Subjects in Scotland.—See MORTGAGE, DISPOSITION.			
DEED containing an Obligation to infect any Person, in Heritable Subjects in Scotland, under a Clause of Reversion, as a Security for Money, but without any personal Bond or Obligation thereon for Payment of the Money intended to be secured.—See MORTGAGE.			
DEED of any Kind whatever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty - - -	1	15	0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt, or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of -	1	5	0
DEFEAZANCE.—Deed, or other Instrument of Defeazance, of any Conveyance, Disposition, Assignment or Task, apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE.			
DEPUTATION by the Commissioners of Excise.—See COMMISSION.			
DEPUTATION or Appointment of a Gamekeeper - - -	1	15	0
DISCHARGE for Money.—See RECEIPT.			
DISPENSATION for holding Two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or a Dignity and a Benefice, in England, where either of them shall be above the yearly Value of Ten Pounds in The King's Books - - -	40	0	0
And in all other cases - - -	25	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
DISPENSATION of any other Kind, from the Archbishop of <i>Canterbury</i> , or the Master of the Faculties, for the time being, or from the Guardian of the Spiritualities during a Vacancy of the Archbishop's See -	<div> <div> <div>℥.</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>40</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> </div>
DISPOSITION of Lands or Heritable Subjects in <i>Scotland</i> to singular Successors or Parcellers.—See CONVEYANCE.	
DISPOSITION of Lands or other Heritable Subjects in <i>Scotland</i> , to a Purchaser, containing a Clause, declaring all or any Part of the Purchase Money, a real Burden upon or affecting the Lands or Heritable Subjects thereby disposed, or any Part thereof. Such Disposition shall be charged, not only with the <i>ad valorem</i> and <i>proportio</i> Duties hereinbefore charged on a Conveyance upon the Sale of Lands or Heritable Subjects in <i>Scotland</i> , but also with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty hereinafter charged on any Deed creating a real Burden on Lands in <i>Scotland</i> .— —See CONVEYANCE, MORTGAGE.	
DISPOSITION in Security, in <i>Scotland</i> .—See MORTGAGE.	
DISPOSITION of any Wadset, Heritable Bond, &c.—See MORTGAGE.	
DISPOSITION of any Lands or other Property, Heritable or Moveable, in <i>Scotland</i> , or of any Right or Interest therein, not otherwise charged in this Schedule - And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,050 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,050 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of -	<div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>2</div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div> <div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>1</div> <div>5</div> <div>0</div> </div>
DOCKET, made on passing under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, any Grant, Letters Patent, Exemplification, Confiat, or other Instrument, requiring a Docket -	<div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>0</div> <div>2</div> <div>0</div> </div>
DONATION, by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any other Patron, Of any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in <i>England</i> , of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards in The King's Books - Of any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever in <i>England</i> -	<div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>50</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> </div> <div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>50</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> </div>
DRAFT for Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.	
EKE 10 2 Reversion.—See MORTGAGE.	
EXCHANGE.—Any Deed, whereby any Lands or other Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects in <i>England</i> or <i>Scotland</i> shall be conveyed, or any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments in <i>England</i> shall be conveyed to be surrendered, in Exchange for other Lands or Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects; If no Sum of Money, or only a Sum under 300℥. shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange, the ordinary Duty of -	<div> <div> <div>£</div> <div>s.</div> <div>d.</div> </div> <div>1</div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
EXCHANGE— <i>c. of word.</i>	<i>l. s. d.</i>
And if a Sum of 500 <i>l.</i> or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange	<i>The same value as Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money equal to the Sum so paid or agreed to be paid</i> 1 5 0 1 0 0
And where any such Deed of Exchange, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,000 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of,	
If the Deed be Table, in the first Instance, to a Duty of 1 <i>l.</i> 15 <i>s.</i>	1 5 0
Or if liable to a higher Duty in the first Instance	1 0 0
And any Duplicate of any such Deed of Exchange shall be charged with the same Duty or Duties; and if the Exchange shall be effected or secured by separate Conveyances or Covenants, by distinct Deeds, each Deed shall be charged with the same Duty or Duties.	
And in case there shall be more than one Deed for completing the Title to the Lands or other Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects conveyed by either Party, the principal Deed only shall be charged under this Head of Exchange; and any subordinate or collateral Deed shall be charged with the Duty to which it may be liable under any other Description in this Schedule.	
EXEMPLIFICATION or Constat, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, of any Letters Patent or Grant, made or to be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any of His Royal Predecessors, of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchise, Liberty or Privilege, or of any Lands, Office or other Thing whatsoever;	
For every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Exemplification or Constat shall be written	5 0 0
EXTRACTS from Registers and Records in England and Scotland.— —See <i>COPY.</i>	
FACTORY, in the Nature of a Power of Attorney in Scotland.— —See <i>LETTER OF ATTORNEY.</i>	
FACULTY, Licence or Commission, for admitting or authorizing any Person to act as a Notary Public in England	30 0 0
FACULTY, Licence or Commission, for admitting or authorizing any Person to act as a Notary Public in Scotland	30 0 0
FACULTY from the Archbishop of Canterbury, or the Master of the Faculties for the time being, or from the Guardian of the Spiritualities during a Vacancy of the Archbishop's See, <i>not otherwise charged</i>	30 0 0
FEOFFMENT of Lands or other Hereditaments, in England, upon the Sale or Mortgage thereof.—See <i>CONVEYANCE—MORTGAGE.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
FEOFFMENT of Lands or other Hereditaments, in <i>England</i> , not otherwise charged	s. l. d. 1 15 0
And where the same shall contain any Letter or Letters of Attorney to deliver or receive Seigns, a further Duty of	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any such Letter or Letters of Attorney, and any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2,160 Words contained therein, over and above the first 2,160 Words, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	1 5 0
FURTHER CHARGE.—See MORTGAGE.	
GIFT of Unions, Hares, Balfards, Elfishes or Forfeiture, in <i>Scotland</i> .— —See GRANT.	
GIFT of the vacant Stipend of any Parish in <i>Scotland</i> , whereof the Presentation to the Church shall belong to The Crown	1 10 0
GRANT or Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of Lancaster, or under the Seal kept and used in <i>Scotland</i> , in Place of the Great Seal formerly used there;	
Of the Honour or Dignity of a Duke	350 0 0
Of a Marquis	300 0 0
Of an Earl	250 0 0
Of a Viscount	200 0 0
Of a Baron	150 0 0
Of a Baronet	100 0 0
Of a <i>Compt & Elder</i> , to any Dean and Chapter, for the Election of an Archbishop or Bishop	20 0 0
Of the Royal Assent to or Signification of the Election made by any Dean and Chapter, or of the Nomination and Presentation by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in default of such Election, of any Person to be an Archbishop or Bishop	30 0 0
Of or for the Restitution of the Temporalities to any Archbishop or Bishop	30 0 0
Of any other Honour, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever, or of any Franchise, Liberty or Privilege, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate	30 0 0
And where Two or more Honours or Dignities shall be granted by the same Letters Patent to the same Person, such Letters Patent shall be charged with the proper Duty in respect of the highest in point of rank only.	
And where any Honour or Dignity, Honour or Dignities, shall be granted to any Person or Persons, in consideration, the Letters Patent shall be charged with such further Duty, in respect of every Remainder, as would have been payable for an original Grant of the same Honour or Dignity, Honour or Dignities.	
And where any such Grant or Letters Patent shall be considered in more than One Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, then for every Skin, Sheet or Piece thereof, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	20 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>GRANT—continued.</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p> <p><i>Commissions of Retainer in Prætor.</i></p> <p><i>Letters Patent or Briefs for collecting Charitable Bequests.</i></p> <p><i>Letters Patent for confirming any Disposition heretofore charged with a Duty.</i></p> <p><i>Letters Patent appointing Sheriffs in England, and the Writs of Assistance accompanying such Letters Patent.</i></p>	<p><i>£. s. d.</i></p> <p>4 R 5 Ann. C. 14.</p>
<p>GRANT, or Warrant of Precedence to take Rank among Nobility, under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors -</p>	<p>100 0 0</p>
<p>GRANT or Licence under the Sign Manual, to take and use a Surname and Arms, or a Surname only, in compliance with the Injunctions of any Will or Settlement -</p>	<p>50 0 0</p>
<p>GRANT or Licence under the Sign Manual, to take and use a Surname and Arms, or a Surname only, upon any voluntary Application -</p>	<p>20 0 0</p>
<p>GRANT of Arms or Armorial Ensigns only, under the Sign Manual, or by any of the Kings of Arms of England or Scotland -</p>	<p>10 0 0</p>
<p>GRANT, Lease or Tack, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Seal of the Exchequer in England, or the Seal of the Duchy or County Palatine of Lancaster, or the Seal kept and used in Scotland, in place of the Great Seal formerly used there; or under the Privy Seal in England, or the Quarter Seal or Privy Seal in Scotland, unless directed to the Great Seal; or under the Royal Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, unless directed to any of the Seals aforesaid;</p>	
<p>Of any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects, whatever the Tenure thereof may be, which have or shall come to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by Escheat or Reversion, or as Ulterior Heirs, or by reason of the same being purchased by or for any Alien; or which His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, is or shall be otherwise entitled to, in Right of The Crown, and be authorized to dispose of, absolutely, as he or they shall think fit; whether such Grant, Lease or Tack, shall be in Fee or Fee Tail, or for Term of Life or Years;</p>	
<p>Of any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects belonging to the Duchy of Lancaster, or belonging to The Crown in Scotland, whereof His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, is or shall be authorized to make only certain limited Grants, Leases or Tacks; whether such Grant, Lease or Tack, shall be for Term of Life or Years;</p>	
<p>Of any Goods, Chattels, or Personal or Moveable Estate, or other Profit, whereof the Grant is not otherwise charged in this Schedule;</p>	
<p>Where such Grant, Lease or Tack, shall be intended to operate in any Degree, as a Gift, except in the case next hereinafter mentioned, then for every Skin, Sheet, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the same shall be written, a Duty of -</p>	<p>30 0 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
GRANT — <i>continued</i> .	s. l. d.
And where any such Grant, Lease or Tack, operating as a Gift, shall be of Lands or other Hereditaments, or Heritable Subjects, vested in His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by <i>Assize</i> or as <i>Ultimus Heres</i> , for want of Heirs of any Person, who was a <i>here Traitor</i> thereof, or seized into the Hands of The Crown upon any <i>Outlawry</i> , in a Civil Action, at the Sale of any of His Majesty's Subjects	£ 15 0
And if any such Grant, Lease or Tack, charged with a Duty of s. 1. 15. together with any Schedule, Receipt or other <i>Muster</i> , put or inserted therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	1 5 0
And where any such Grant, Lease or Tack, shall be made for what shall be deemed and intended as a <i>full and adequate Consideration</i> for the same, either in Money paid at once, or in Rent, or in Lands or Hereditaments given in Exchange, or otherwise	The same Duty as on a Grant, Lease or Tack of the like Description, made by any of His Majesty's Subjects.
GRANT , or Conveyance, under the Seal of the Duchy of Lancaster, made in pursuance of the Act passed in the 19th Year of His Majesty's Reign, c. 45, for enabling the Chancellor and Council of the Duchy, to sell certain Rents, and to enfranchise Copyhold and Customary Tenements within their Survey	The same Duty as for any other Conveyance or sale of any Property for a Consideration of the like Amount.
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties, except the Duty on the Receipt for the Consideration Money.</i>	See CONVEYANCE.
<i>All Grants and Conveyances under the Seal of the Duchy of Lancaster, made in pursuance of the said Act of the 19th Year of His Majesty's Reign, where the Consideration Money paid for the same shall not exceed 100.</i>	
GRANT , Lease or other Conveyance, from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Personal Estate, being respectively the <i>Private Property</i> of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and subject to Him or their absolute Disposal, by virtue of the Act passed in the 40th (a) Year of His Majesty's Reign, concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors (a) [39 & 40 G. 3. c. 88.]	The same Duty as on a Grant, Lease or Conveyance of the like Description, from any of His Majesty's Subjects.
GRANT under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Seal kept and used in Scotland in place of the Great Seal formerly used there; or under the Privy Seal in England, or the Quarter Seal or Privy Seal in Scotland, unless directed to the Great Seal; or under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, unless directed to any of the Seals aforesaid; out of the Civil List, either of England or Scotland, or out of any other Fund, not being Part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament;	
Of any definite and certain Sum or Sums of Money, Not amounting to 100l. - - - - - Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 250l. - - - - -	1 10 0 4 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
GRANT—continued.				
Amounting to 150l. and not amounting to 500l.	-	10	0	0
Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 750l.	-	10	0	0
Amounting to 750l. and not amounting to 1,000l.	-	30	0	0
Amounting to 1,000l. or upwards; for every 1000l. thereof	-	5	0	0
Or of any Annuity or Pension,				
Not amounting to 100l. per Annum	-	1	10	0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. per Annum	-	4	0	0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 400l. per Annum	-	10	0	0
Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 600l. per Annum	-	30	0	0
Amounting to 600l. and not amounting to 800l. per Annum	-	50	0	0
Amounting to 800l. and not amounting to 1,000l. per Annum	-	40	0	0
Amounting to 1,000l. per Annum or upwards	-	50	0	0
But where any such Grant of an Annuity or Pension shall be made in Commutation or by way of Renewal only, of any former Grant of the like Amount and Description, then only a Duty of	-	1	10	0
And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but where the Grants shall be of any Annuity or Pension, to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the whole.				
GRANT, or Appointment by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any other Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, or to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed or other Writing;				
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto, shall not amount to 50l. per Annum	-	2	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum	-	4	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum	-	6	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum	-	12	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum	-	35	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum	-	35	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum	-	50	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum	-	75	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum	-	100	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. per Annum	-	150	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. per Annum or upwards	-	200	0	0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding, where practicable; and in other cases, according to the best Information that can be obtained.				

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>GRANT—<i>continued.</i></p> <p>And where any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to or of Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person.</p> <p>Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged, in respect of any Person to whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment thereof, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on such former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any manner augmented; and in that case, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in Proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.</p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>GRANT by Copy of Court Roll.—See CONVEYANCE, COPYHOLD.</p>	
<p>GRANT upon the Sale of any Property not belonging to The Crown. —See CONVEYANCE.</p>	
<p>HERITABLE BOND.—See BOND, MORTGAGE.</p>	
<p>INSTITUTION, granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor, or other Ordinary, or by any Ecclesiastical Court, in and to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion, in England;</p> <p>Where the same shall proceed upon a Presentation - - - - - 2 0 0</p> <p>And where it shall proceed upon the Petition of the Patron to be himself admitted and instituted; if the Benefice, Dignity or Promotion, shall be of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards in The King's Books - - - - - 50 0 0</p> <p>Or if the same shall be of any other Description - - - - - 15 0 0</p> <p><i>But such Petition shall not be liable to any Stamp Duty.</i></p>	
<p>INSTITUTION, by any Presbytery or other competent Authority, to Ecclesiastical Benefices in Scotland.—See COLLATION.</p>	
<p>INVENTORY.—See SCHEDULE.</p>	
<p>LAND TAX. Instruments relating to the Redemption and Sale thereof.— <i>See the General Exemptions at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i></p>	
<p>LEASES, or Tacks of Lands, &c. belonging to His Majesty, in Right of The Crown, or otherwise.—See GRANT.</p>	
<p>LEASES, or Tacks of Lands, &c. not belonging to His Majesty, viz.</p>	
<p>LEASE (or Bargain and Sale) for a Year.—See BARGAIN and SALE.</p>	
<p>LEASE or Tack of any Lands, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects, granted in Consideration of a Sum of Money by way of Fine, Premium or Gratum, paid for the same, without any yearly Rent, or with any yearly Rent, under 20<i>l.</i> - - - - - 15</p>	<p><i>{ The same Duty as for the Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of the same Amount</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty
LEASE — <i>continued</i> .	<i>£. s. d.</i>
<i>(Save and except Leases and Tacks for a Life or Lives not exceeding Three, or for a Term of Years determinable with a Life or Lives not exceeding Three, by whomsoever granted, and Leases for a Term absolute not exceeding Twenty one Years, granted by Ecclesiastical Corporations, Aggregate or Sole.)</i>	
LEASE or Tack of any Lands, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects, at a yearly Rent, without any Sum of Money by way of Fine, Premium or Gratum, paid for the same;	
Where the Yearly Rent shall not amount to 10 <i>l.</i> - -	1 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> -	1 10 0
And where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> -	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 400 <i>l.</i> -	3 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 400 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 600 <i>l.</i> -	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 600 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 800 <i>l.</i> -	5 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 800 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> -	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards - -	10 0 0
LEASE or Tack of any Lands, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects, granted in Consideration of a Sum of Money by way of Fine, Premium or Gratum, and also of a yearly Rent amounting to 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards -	<i>(But the said valuations, Duties payable for a Lease or Confe-deration of a Place only, and for a Lease or Confe-deration of a Rent only, of the same amount.)</i>
<i>(Save and except the Leases and Tacks heretofore excepted.)</i>	
LEASE , or Tack of any Kind, not otherwise charged in this Schedule -	1 15 0
And for the Counterpart or Duplicate of any Lease or Tack, hereby charged with a Duty not exceeding 3 <i>l.</i> - -	<i>(The like Duty as on the Lease or Tack)</i>
And for the Counterpart or Duplicate of any other Lease or Tack whatsoever - -	
And where any such Lease or Tack, Counterpart or Duplicate as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of - -	1 10 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Leases or Tacks of waste or unincultivated Lands in any part or belonging to the Crown, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives, or Ninety nine Years, where the Fine shall not exceed Five Shillings, nor the reserved Rent One Guinea per Annum; and the Counterparts or Duplicates of all such Leases.</i>	
LETTER , or Power of Attorney, made by any Petty Officer, Seaman, Marine or Soldier serving as a Marine, or by the Executors or Administrators of any such Person, for receiving Prize Money -	0 1 0
- - - - - and for receiving Wages - -	1 0 0
LETTER of Attorney for the Sale, Transfer, Acceptance or Receipt of Dividends, of any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds - - - - -	1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.
		<i>l.</i> <i>s.</i> <i>d.</i>
LETTER or Power of Attorney, of any other Kind, or Commission or Faculty in the Nature thereof	-	1 10 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, or other Matter put or inserted thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	-	+ 1 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>Letters of Attorney for the Receipt of Dividends of any definite and certain Share of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, producing a yearly Dividend of less than Three Pounds.</i>		
LETTER of Licence from Creditors to a Debtor	-	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or inserted thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of	-	1 5 0
LETTERS of Marque and Reprisal	-	5 0 0
LETTERS Patent.—See GRANT.		
LETTER of REVERSION, in Scotland.—See MORTGAGE.		
LICENCE for Marriage, in England, if Special	-	5 0 0
if not Special	-	0 10 0
LICENCE to be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Vicar General, or other competent Authority, in England, for the Non Residence of any Clergyman upon his Living, pursuant to the Act of the 43d Year of His Majesty's Reign	-	1 0 0
LICENCE of any Kind, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court in England, or which shall be granted by any Prelate, or other Ecclesiastical Power, in Scotland	-	2 0 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>		
<i>Licences to Sizarship Clergymen in England, wherein the Annual Amount of the Sizarship shall be specified; and Licences for the Non Residence of Clergymen upon their Livings; where granted in the Ground of there being no House or no fit House of Residence thereon.</i>		
LICENCE to use and exercise the Calling or Occupation of an Appraiser	-	0 10 0
To be taken out yearly, by every Person who shall exercise the said Calling or Occupation, or make any Appraisal or Valuation, hereinafter charged with a Duty, for or in Expectation of any Gain, Fee or Reward, except <i>bonafide</i> Auctioneers.	-	
LICENCE to be taken out yearly by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons who shall issue any Promissory Notes for Money payable to the Bearer on Demand, and allowed to be re-issued	-	30 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
LICENCE to be taken out yearly for using or exercising the Trade or Business of a Pawnbroker, within the Cities of <i>London and Westminster</i> , or within the Limits of the Two Penny Poll And for using or exercising the Trade or Business of a Pawnbroker elsewhere	<i>l. s. d.</i> 15 0 0 7 10 0
LICENCE to exercise the Faculty of Physic.—See ADMISSION .	
LICENCE to act as a Notary Public.—See FACULTY .	
LICENCE to demise Copyhold Lands.—See COPYHOLD .	
MARRIAGE LICENCE .—See LICENCES .	
MATRICULATION in the Universities.—See ADMISSION .	
MEMORIAL to be registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made for the Public registering of Deeds and Conveyances in <i>England</i> And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	0 10 0 0 10 0
MEMORIAL to be registered or enrolled pursuant to Act of Parliament, of any Deed or Instrument, Deeds or Instruments, whereby any Annuity shall be granted or secured in <i>England</i> And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	1 0 0 1 0 0
MORTGAGE , Conditional Surrender by way of Mortgage, Further Charge, Waiver and Heritable Bond; Disposition, Assignment or Tack, in Security; and Eek to a Reversion; of or affecting any Lands, Estate or Property, Real or Personal, Heritable or Movable whatsoever; Also any Deed containing an Obligation to invest any Person in an Annual Rent, or in Lands or other Heritable Subjects, in Scotland, under a Clause of Reversion, but without any Personal Bond or Obligation therein contained, for Payment of the Money or Stock intended to be secured. Also any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, in Trust, to be sold or otherwise converted into Money, which shall be intended only as a Security, and shall be redeemable before the Sale or other Disposal thereof, either by express Stipulation or otherwise; <i>except where such Conveyance shall be made for the Benefit of Creditors generally, or for the Benefit of Creditors specified, who shall accept the Provision made for Payment of their Debts in full Satisfaction thereof, or who shall accept Four in Number</i> . Also any Deed of Discharge, Letter of Reversion, Back Bond, Declaration, or other Deed or Writing for defeating or making redeemable, or explaining or qualifying any Conveyance, Disposition, Assignment or Tack, of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, which shall be apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security; Also any Agreement, Contract or Bond, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds for making a Mortgage, Waiver or	

*This may have
reference to banking
- legal instruments
used in Scotland
for Banks - &c.
p. 184 v. 50.*

SCHEDULE, PART L	Duty.
MORTGAGE—continued.	<i>£. s. d.</i>
any such other Security or Conveyance as aforesaid, of any Lands, Estate or Property, comprised in such Title Deeds, or for pledging or charging the same as a Security;	
And also any Deed, whereby a real Burden shall be declared or created on Lands or Heritable Subjects in Scotland;	
Where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment of any definite and certain Sum of Money, advanced or lent at the time, or previously due and owing, or forborne to be paid, being payable,	
Not exceeding 50 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	1 0 0
Exceeding 50 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 100 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	1 10 0
Exceeding 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 200 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	2 0 0
Exceeding 200 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 300 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	3 0 0
Exceeding 300 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	4 0 0
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	5 0 0
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	6 0 0
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	7 0 0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	8 0 0
Exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	9 0 0
Exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	12 0 0
Exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	15 0 0
Exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	20 0 0
Exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	25 0 0
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment of Money, to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, together with any Sum already advanced or due, or without, as the case may be; other than and except any Sum or Sums of Money to be advanced for the Insurance of any Property comprised in such Mortgage or Security against Damage by Fire, or to be advanced for the Insurance of any Life or Lives, pursuant to any Agreement in any Deed, whereby any Annuity shall be granted or secured for such Life or Lives;	
If the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit - - - - -	25 0 0
But if the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum - - - - -	<i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage or Bond for such limited Sum.</i>
And where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Transfer or Re-transfer of any Share, in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South Sea Company, in Consideration of Stock or Money advanced or lent at the time, or previously due and owing, or forborne to be paid, being payable - - - - -	<i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage or Bond for a Sum of Money equal to the Value of the Stock or Bond secured, according to the average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Mortgage or other Instrument aforesaid, or on the Day of the Ten Days preceding.</i>

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

MORTGAGE—*continued.*

s. d.

And where the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer or Redemption of a Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds, the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged in respect of each.

And in case the same respectively shall be made, as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Shares in any of the said Stocks or Funds; the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged for and in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money, or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.

And where any such Mortgage or Wadset, or other Instrument hereby charged with the same Duty as a Mortgage or Wadset, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further *proportional* Duty of - - -

1 0 0

MORTGAGE, &c.—Any Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Assignment, of any Mortgage or Wadset, or of any such other Security as aforesaid, or of the Benefit thereof, and of the Money or Stock thereby secured, in all cases where the Person entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion shall not be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Assignment; and also where the Person who originally made the Mortgage, Wadset or other Security, shall continue entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, and shall be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Assignment; provided no further Sum of Money or Stock be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured - - -

1 15 0

And in all other cases such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Assignment, shall be charged with - - -

The same Duty or Duties as an original Mortgage, Wadset or other Security.

And where any such Transfer or Assignment, Disposition or Assignment, hereby charged with a Duty of s. 1. 15. together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further and *proportional* Duty of - - -

1 5 0

Provided always, that where several distinct Deeds or Instruments, falling within the Description of any of the Instruments hereby charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages and Wadsets, shall be made at the same time, for securing the Payment or Transfer of one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned; the said *ad valorem* Duty, if exceeding s. 2. shall be charged only on one of such Deeds or Instruments; and all the rest shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable, under any more general

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>MORTGAGE.—continued.</p> <p>Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule; and if required for the sake of Evidence, all the rest of such Deeds or Instruments shall be also stamped with some particular Stamp, for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, on all the said Deeds or Instruments being produced duly stamped with the Duties hereby charged thereon.</p> <p>And where any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments shall be mortgaged, by means of a conditional Surrender or Grant; the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged on the Surrender or Grant, or the Memorandum thereof, if made out of Court; or on the Copy of Court Roll of the Surrender or Grant, if made in Court. And Copies of Court Roll, made after the 31st Day of August 1815, of Surrenders and Grants made in Court before or upon that Day, and subsequent to the 10th Day of October 1808, shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duties. But Copies of Court Roll, of Surrenders and Grants made before or upon the 10th Day of October 1808, shall not be liable thereto.</p> <p>And where any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments shall be mortgaged, or charged, together with other Property, for securing one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned; the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged on the Deed or Instrument relating to the other Property.</p> <p>And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument, chargeable with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages and Wadsets, exceeding £1. one of them only shall be charged therewith, and the other or others shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable, under any more general Description in this Schedule; and on the whole being produced duly stamped as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty.</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the said ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, &c. but not from any other Duty to which the same may be liable.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument made in pursuance of and conformably to any Agreement, Contract or Bond, charged with, and which shall actually have paid the said ad valorem Duty, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages granted by the Act of the 44th Year of His Majesty's Reign before mentioned.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument, made for the further Assurance only, of any Estate or Property, already mortgaged, pledged or charged as a Security, by any Deed or Instrument, which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages or Heritable Bonds, imposed by the Act of the 44th or the Act of the 48th Year of His Majesty's Reign before mentioned.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument, made as an additional or further Security for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Share or Shares of any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, already secured by any Deed or Instrument, which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages or Heritable Bonds, charged by the said Act of the 44th, or the said Act of the</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

MORTGAGE.—*continued.*

£. s. d.

4th Year of His Majesty's Reign, to be exempt from the said *ad valorem* Duty hereby charged, so far as regards such Sum or Sums of Money, or such Share or Shares of any of the said Stocks or Funds, before secured, in case such additional or further Security shall be made by the same Person or Persons who made the original Security; but if any further Sum of Money or Stock shall be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured, or shall be thereby secured to any other Person, the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged in respect of such further Sum of Money or Stock.

And if necessary, for the sake of Evidence, the Deeds and Instruments hereby exempted from the said *ad valorem* Duty, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp, for denoting or testifying the Payment of the *ad valorem* Duty, upon all the Deeds and Instruments relating to the particular Transaction being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped with the Duties to which they were liable.

For General Exceptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties see the End of this Part of the Schedule.

MORTGAGE, Waiver, &c. with a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion, or other Matter in the same Deed, &c.

Where any Deed or Writing shall operate as a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with the *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages, and also as a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of any Lands, Estate or Property therein comprised, to, or in trust for, or according to the Direction of a Particular, such Deed or Writing shall be charged not only with the said *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages, but also with the *ad valorem* Duty heretofore charged on a Conveyance upon the Sale of any Property; but where the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion shall be thereby conveyed, or limited in any other manner, such Deed or Writing shall be charged only as a Mortgage;

And in all other cases where a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with the *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing with any other Matter or Thing (except what shall be incident to such Mortgage or other Instrument), such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties (except the progressive Duty), as such Mortgage or other Instrument and such other Matter or Thing would have been separately charged with if contained in separate Deeds or Writings.

And where any such Deed or Writing, as is mentioned in the Two preceding Clauses, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or inserted therein, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 2,000 Words contained therein, over and above the said 2,000 Words, a further progressive Duty of - - -

1 0 0

MUTUAL DISPOSITION or Conveyance in Scotland.—

See EXCHANGE and PARTITION.

SCHEDULE, PART I	Duty.
NOMINATION by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any other Patron, to any Perpetual Curacy in England - - -	s. l. d. 1 10 0
NOTARIAL ACT; any whatsoever not otherwise charged in this Schedule And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a further progressive Duty of - - -	0 5 0 4 5 0
ORDER for the Payment of Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.	
PARTITION.—Any Deed, whereby any Lands or other Hereditaments, or Heritable Subjects, in England or Scotland, shall be conveyed, or any Copyhold or Customary Lands or Hereditaments, in England, shall be covenanted to be surrendered, in order to effect a Partition or Division thereof, among Coparceners, Joint Tenants or Tenants in Common, Heirs Portioners, Cojux Fieri, or Joint Proprietors of any sort; If no Sum of Money, or only a Sum under 200l. shall be paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Partition or Division; the ordinary Duty of - - -	1 15 0
And if any Sum or Sums of Money, amounting to 200l. or upwards, shall be paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality - - - And where any such Deed of Partition or Division, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or inserted thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,100 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,000 Words, a further progressive Duty of, If the Deed be liable, in the first Instance, to a Duty of 1l. 15s. - Or if liable to a higher Duty in the first Instance - - - And any Duplicate of any such Deed of Partition or Division shall be charged with the same Duty or Duties.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> <i>The several valuations Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands, for 2000 of Acres equal to the Amount of the Sum or Sums so paid or agreed to be paid.</i> </div> 1 5 0 1 0 0
And in case there shall be more than one Deed, for completing the Title to the Estate or Interest conveyed by either Party, the principal Deed only shall be charged under this Head of Partition; and any subordinate or collateral Deed shall be charged with the Duty to which it may be liable, under any other Description in this Schedule.	
PASSPORT - - - - -	0 5 0
PAWNBROKER's Licence.—See LICENSE.	
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called; whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Life or Lives, or upon any Event or Contingency relating to or depending upon any Life or Lives, Where the Sum insured shall not amount to 500l. - - - And where it shall amount to 500l. and not to 1,000l. - - - And where it shall amount to 1,000l. and not to 3,000l. - - - And where it shall amount to 3,000l. and not to 5,000l. - - - And where it shall amount to 5,000l. or upwards - - -	1 0 0 2 0 0 3 0 0 4 0 0 5 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made of or upon any Building, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property, from Loss or Damage by Fire only, by any Public Company, or other Person or Persons duly licensed, or who ought to be licensed, by the Commissioners of Stamps, pursuant to the Act of the 23d Year of His Majesty's Reign, Cap. 45, or by the Royal Exchange or London Assurance Corporation</p>	<p>℥ s d</p> <p>— — —</p> <p>— 1 0</p>
<p>And for and in respect of every Insurance from Loss or Damage by Fire only, which shall at any time after the 25th Day of September 1815 be made or renewed, or continued by any Public Company, or other Person or Persons licensed, or who ought to be licensed, as above mentioned, or by the Royal Exchange or London Assurance Corporation, a Duty of Three Shillings for every 100℥. insured for a Year, and at and after that Rate for any fractional Part of 100℥. insured, and for any fractional Part of a Year, as well as for any Number of Years for which the Insurance shall be made or renewed, or continued; but no Fraction of a Penny shall be charged</p>	<p>per Centum per Annum.</p> <p>0 3 0</p>
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
<p><i>Inurances on Public Hospitals, and on Property in any Foreign Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i></p>	
<p>POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made, pursuant to the Act of the 50th Year of His Majesty's Reign, Cap. 35, by any Person or Persons, not being licensed pursuant to the said Act of the 23d Year of His Majesty's Reign, of or upon any Building, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or other Property, situated and being on any of the Islands, Settlements or Territories belonging to or under the Dominion of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in the West Indies, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, from Loss or Damage by Fire, for any Period of time not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months</p>	<p>0 2 6</p>
<p>And also the further or additional Duty following; viz.</p>	
<p>If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100℥.</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100℥. then for every 100℥. and also for any fractional Part of 100℥. whereof the same shall consist</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Ship or Vessel, or upon any Goods, Merchandise or other Property on board of any Ship or Vessel, or upon the Freight of any Ship or Vessel, or upon any other Interest in or relating to any Ship or Vessel which may lawfully be insured, for or upon any Voyage from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, or the Isle of Man, to any other Port or Place in the said Kingdom or Islands, or Isle of Man;</p>	
<p>Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and lawfully paid, given or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;</p>	
<p>If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100℥.</p>	<p>0 1 3</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

POLICY—continued.

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l*. then for every 100*l*. and also for any fractional Part of 100*l*. whereof the same shall consist

s. d.

0 1 3

And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and *bona fide* paid, given or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings *per Centum* on the Sum insured;

If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100*l*.

0 2 6

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l*. then for every 100*l*. and also for any fractional Part of 100*l*. whereof the same shall consist

0 2 6

But if the *separate Interests* of Two or more distinct Persons shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 1*2*. 3*d*. or 2*5*. 6*d*. as the case may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100*l*. as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100*l*. which shall be thereby insured upon any *separate and distinct Interest*.

POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Ship or Vessel, or upon any Goods, Merchandise or other Property on board of any Ship or Vessel, or upon the Freight of any Ship or Vessel, or upon any other Interest in or relating to any Ship or Vessel which may lawfully be insured, for or upon any other *Franchise* than is hereinbefore specified, or for any certain Term or Period of Time, not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months;

Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and *bona fide* paid, given or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings *per Centum* on the Sum insured;

If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100*l*.

0 2 6

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l*. then for every 100*l*. and also for any fractional Part of 100*l*. whereof the same shall consist

0 2 6

And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and *bona fide* paid, given or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings *per Centum* on the Sum insured;

If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100*l*.

0 5 0

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l*. then for every 100*l*. and also for any fractional Part of 100*l*. whereof the same shall consist

0 5 0

But if the *separate Interests* of Two or more distinct Persons shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 2*5*. 6*d*. or 3*5*. as the case may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100*l*. as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100*l*. which shall be thereby insured upon any *separate and distinct Interest*.

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance, commonly called a *Marine Insurance*, shall be made, or whereby divers Persons shall insure, or agree to insure, one another, without any Premium or Pecuniary Consideration, from any Loss, Damage or Misfortune, that may happen of or to any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods, Merchandise or other Property on board of any Ship or Vessel, or the Freight of any Ship or Vessel, or any other Interest in or relating to any Ship or Vessel, which may lawfully be insured;

s. s. d.

Upon any Voyage from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, or the Isle of Man, to any other Port or Place in the said Kingdom or Islands, or the Isle of Man;

For every Sum of 100*l.* and also for each and every fractional Part of 100*l.* thereby insured to any Person or Persons -

0 2 6

Upon any other Voyage whatsoever, or for any certain Term or Period of Time not exceeding Twelve Calendar Months;

For every Sum of 100*l.* and also for each and every fractional Part of 100*l.* thereby insured to any Person or Persons -

0 5 0

POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called; whereby any other *longland Insurance* whatsoever, not heretofore charged, shall be made upon any Property or Interest whatever, from Loss or Damage of any Kind;

Where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and bona fide paid, given or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured;

If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100*l.* -

0 2 6

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l.* then for every 100*l.* and also for any fractional Part of 100*l.* whereof the same shall consist -

0 2 6

And where the Premium or Consideration for such Insurance, actually and bona fide paid, given or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Centum on the Sum insured; and also where the Insurance shall be made for any other than a Pecuniary Consideration;

If the whole Sum insured shall not exceed 100*l.* -

0 5 0

And if the whole Sum insured shall exceed 100*l.* then for every 100*l.* and also for any fractional Part of 100*l.* whereof the same shall consist -

0 5 0

But if the *separate Interests* of two or more distinct Persons shall be insured by one Policy or Instrument, then the said Duty of 2*s.* 6*d.* or 5*s.* in the case may require, shall be charged thereon, in respect of each and every fractional Part of 100*l.* as well as in respect of every full Sum of 100*l.* which shall be thereby insured upon any *separate and distinct Interest*.

POWER of ATTORNEY.—See LETTER of ATTORNEY.

PRECEPT of Clare Court, to give Seisin of Lands or other Heritable Subjects in *Seotia* -

0 9 0

And where the same shall contain 1,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,000 Words contained therein, over and above the full 1,000 Words, a further *proportio* Duty of -

0 9 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
		s.	d.	d.
PRESENTATION by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any other Person;				
To any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in England, of the yearly Value of Ten Pounds or upwards, in The King's Books		30	0	0
To any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever in England		10	0	0
PROCURATION , Deed or other Instrument of		1	10	0
And where the same, together with any Schedule or other Matter put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>proportio</i> Duty of		1	0	0
PROMISSORY NOTE , for the Payment, to the Bearer <i>as Demanded</i> , of any Sum of Money,				
Not exceeding One Pound and One Shilling		0	0	5
Exceeding 1l. 1s. and not exceeding 1l. 2s.		0	0	10
Exceeding 1l. 2s. and not exceeding 1l. 5s.		0	1	3
Exceeding 1l. 5s. and not exceeding 10l.		0	1	9
Exceeding 10l. and not exceeding 20l.		0	2	0
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 50l.		0	3	0
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.		0	5	0
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 1000l.		0	8	6
Which said Notes may be nullified, after Payment thereof, as often as shall be thought fit.				
PROMISSORY NOTE for the Payment, in any other manner than to the Bearer <i>as Demanded</i> , but not exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, of any Sum of Money,				
Amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 1l. 5s.		0	1	0
Exceeding 1l. 5s. and not exceeding 20l.		0	1	6
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 50l.		0	8	0
Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.		0	2	6
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 1000l.		0	3	6
These Notes are not to be nullified after being once paid.				
PROMISSORY NOTE for the Payment, either to the Bearer <i>as Demanded</i> , or in any other manner than to the Bearer <i>as Demanded</i> , but not exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, of any Sum of Money,				
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l.		0	4	6
Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l.		0	5	0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1,000l.		0	6	0
Exceeding 1,000l. and not exceeding 2,000l.		0	8	6
Exceeding 2,000l. and not exceeding 3,000l.		0	12	6
Exceeding 3,000l.		0	15	0
The Notes are not to be nullified after being once paid.		1	5	0
PROMISSORY NOTE for the Payment to the Bearer or otherwise, at any time exceeding Two Months after Date, or Sixty Days after Sight, of any Sum of Money,				
Amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 1l. 5s.		0	1	6
Exceeding 1l. 5s. and not exceeding 20l.		0	2	0
Exceeding 20l. and not exceeding 50l.		0	3	6

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

PROMISSORY NOTE—continued.

Exceeding 50l. and not exceeding 100l.	-	-	-	0	3	6
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 1000l.	-	-	-	0	4	6
Exceeding 1000l. and not exceeding 10000l.	-	-	-	0	5	0
Exceeding 10000l. and not exceeding 100000l.	-	-	-	0	6	0
Exceeding 100000l. and not exceeding 1000000l.	-	-	-	0	8	6
Exceeding 1000000l. and not exceeding 10000000l.	-	-	-	0	12	6
Exceeding 10000000l. and not exceeding 100000000l.	-	-	-	0	15	0
Exceeding 100000000l. and not exceeding 1000000000l.	-	-	-	1	5	0
Exceeding 1000000000l.	-	-	-	1	10	0

These Notes are not to be re-issued after being once paid.

PROMISSORY NOTE for the Payment of any Sum of Money by Installments, or for the Payment of several Sums of Money at different Days or Times, so that the whole of the Money to be paid shall be definite and certain.

The first Duty is on a Promissory Note payable on less than Two Months after Date for a Sum equal to the whole amount of the Money to be paid.

And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Promissory Notes, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule; viz.

All Notes, promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, and if the same shall be definite and certain, and not amount in the whole to Twenty Pounds.

And all Receipts for Money deposited in any Bank, or in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, which shall contain any Agreement or Memorandum, imposing that Interest shall be paid for the Money so deposited.

Exceptions from the Duties on Promissory Notes.

All Notes, promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; where the same shall not be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and also where the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall amount to Twenty Pounds, or be indefinite.

And all other Instruments, bearing in any Degree the Form or Style of Promissory Notes, but which in Law shall be deemed Special Agreements, except those hereby expressly directed to be deemed Promissory Notes.

But such of the Notes and Instruments here exempted from the Duty on Promissory Notes shall nevertheless be liable to the Duty which may attach thereon, as Agreements or otherwise.

Exceptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.

All Promissory Notes for the Payment of Money, issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, for any Sum of Money.			
Not amounting to 10l.	0	3	0
Amounting to 10l. and not amounting to 100l.	0	3	0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 500l.	0	5	0
Amounting to 500l. or upwards	0	10	0
PROTEST of any other Kind	0	5	0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a farther proportionate Duty of	0	5	0
PURCHASE DEED. —See CONVEYANCE on the Sale of Lands, &c.			
REAL BURDEN on Lands in Scotland, Deed creating.—See MORTGAGE, DISTRESS, &c.			
RECEIPT or Discharge , given for or upon the Payment of Money,			
Amounting to 1l. and not amounting to 5l.	0	0	3
Amounting to 5l. and not amounting to 10l.	0	0	3
Amounting to 10l. and not amounting to 100l.	0	0	6
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 500l.	0	1	0
Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 1000l.	0	1	6
Amounting to 1000l. and not amounting to 5000l.	0	2	6
Amounting to 5000l. and not amounting to 10000l.	0	4	0
Amounting to 10000l. and not amounting to 50000l.	0	5	0
Amounting to 50000l. and not amounting to 100000l.	0	7	6
Amounting to 100000l. or upwards	0	10	0
And where any Sum of Money whatever shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received <i>in full of all Demands</i>	0	10	0
And any Note, Memorandum or Writing whatsoever, given to any Person for or upon the Payment of Money, whereby any Sum of Money, Debt or Demand, or any Part of any Debt or Demand therein specified, and amounting to Two Pounds or upwards, shall be expressed or acknowledged to have been paid, settled, balanced, or otherwise discharged or satisfied, or which shall import or signify any such Acknowledgment, and whether the same shall or shall not be signed with the Name of any Person, shall be deemed and taken to be a Receipt for a Sum of Money, of equal Amount with the Sum, Debt or Demand so expressed or acknowledged to have been paid, settled, balanced, or otherwise discharged or satisfied, within the latest and Meaning of this Schedule, and shall be charged with a Duty accordingly.			
And any Receipt or Discharge, Note, Memorandum or Writing whatever, given to any Person for or upon the Payment of Money, which shall contain, import or signify any general Acknowledgment of any Debt, Account, Claim or Demand, Debt, Account, Claim or Demands, <i>whereof the Amount shall not be therein specified</i> , having been paid, settled, balanced, or otherwise discharged or satisfied, or whereby any Sum of Money therein mentioned shall be acknowledged to be received <i>in full</i> , or in Discharge or Satisfaction of any such Debt, Account, Claim or Demand, Debt, Account, Claim or Demands, and whether the same shall or shall not be signed with the Name of any Person, shall be deemed and taken to be			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>RECEIPTS—continued.</p> <p><i>a Receipt for the Sum of 1,000l. or upwards, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule, and shall be charged with the Duty of Ten Shillings accordingly.</i></p> <p><i>And all Receipts, Discharges and Acknowledgments of the Description aforesaid, which shall be given for or upon Payments made by or with any Bills of Exchange, Drafts, Promissory Notes, or other Securities for Money, shall be deemed and taken to be Receipts given upon the Payment of Money, within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule.</i></p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding Duties on Receipts.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given by the Treasurer of the Navy, for any Money imprested to or received by him, for the Service of the Navy.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Agent, for Money imprested to him, on account of the Pay of the Army or Ordnance.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Officer, Seaman, Marine or Soldier, or their Representatives respectively, for or on account of any Wages, Pay or Pensions, due from the Navy Office, Army Pay Office or Ordnance Office.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for the Confiscation Money, for the Purchase of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or South Sea Company, and for any Dividend paid on any Share of the said Stocks or Funds respectively.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for any principal Money or Interest due on Exchangeer Bills.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts given for Money deposited in the Bank of England, or in the Bank of Scotland, or Royal Bank of Scotland, or in the Bank of the British Linen Company in Scotland, or in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, to be accounted for on demand; provided the same be not expressed to be received of or by the Hands of any other than the Person or Persons to whom the same it to be accounted for. But if such Interest—See Promissory Note.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges written upon Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof; or upon Bills of Exchange drawn out of but payable in Great Britain.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given upon Bills or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.</i></p> <p><i>Letters by the General Post acknowledging the safe Arrival of any Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, or other Securities for Money.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges indorsed or otherwise written upon or contained in any Bond, Mortgage, or other Security, or any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument whatsoever, duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof, acknowledging the Receipt of the Confiscation Money therein expressed, or the Receipt of any principal Money, Interest or Annuity thereby secured.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges for Money, by Bonds duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>

10 B. 2. + 25.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>RECEIPTS—<i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for Drawbacks or Bounties upon the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandise from Great Britain.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges for the Return of any Duties of Customs upon Certificates of Over Entry.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Acknowledgments of Payment indorsed upon any Bills, Orders, Remittance Bills or Remittance Certificates, drawn by Commissioned Officers, Masters and Surgeons in the Navy, or by any Commissioner or Commissioners of the Navy, under the Authority of the Act passed in the 35th Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the more expeditious Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to the Navy.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Acknowledgments of Payment indorsed upon any Bills, drawn pursuant to any former Act or Acts of Parliament, by the Commissioners of the Navy, or by the Commissioners for Victualling the Navy, or by the Commissioners for managing the Transport Service, and taking care of sick and wounded Seamen, upon and payable by the Treasurer of the Navy.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts given solely for the Duty on Insurances against Fire; and Receipts given for the Premium and Duty on such Insurances, to be paid only to the Receipt Duty in respect of the Premium.</i></p> <p><i>See also the General Enactments at the End of this Part of the Schedule.</i></p>	<p><i>£. s. d.</i></p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, Annuity or Annuities, or for the Transfer of any Share or Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South Sea Company;</p> <p>Where such Payment or Transfer shall not be already secured by a Bond or Mortgage, or by some other Instrument hereby charged with the same Duty as a Bond or Mortgage -</p> <p>And where such Payment or Transfer shall be already secured as above mentioned -</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as Duties on a Bond given for the like Purpose in England.</i></p> <p>1 0 0</p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant, Contract or Agreement; or for the due Execution of any Office or Trust; or for rendering a due Account of Money received or to be received; or for indemnifying any Person or Persons against any Mener or Thing -</p> <p>And where any such Recognizance or Statute as aforesaid, together with any Schedule or other Matter, put or indorsed thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the First 1,080 Words, a further proportionate Duty of -</p>	<p>1 15 0</p> <p>1 5 0</p>
<p>REGISTER, or Entry of the Degree of a Barrister at Law, taken in either of the Inns of Court in England.—See ADDITION.</p>	
<p>REGISTER, or Entry of Degrees taken in the Universities of Great Britain.—See ADDITION.</p>	
<p>RELEASE upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
RELEASE and Renunciation of Lands or other Property, Real or Personal, Heritable or Moveable, or of any Right or Interest therein; any Deed or Instrument of, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	s. d. 1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or interfolded thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 5 0
RENUNCIATION upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
RENUNCIATION of any Right or Interest in any Property, otherwise than upon a Sale.—See RELEASE.	
RESIGNATION; principal or original Instrument of Resignation, or Service or Cogitation of Heirs, or Charter or Seisin of any Houses, Lands, or other Heritable Subjects, in Scotland, holding Burgage, or of Burgage Tenure	0 9 0
RESIGNATION; Instrument of Resignation of any Lands or other Heritable Subjects, in Scotland, not of Burgage Tenure	0 9 0
And where any of the said Instruments shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	0 9 0
REVOCAION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will	1 15 0
And where the same, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter, put or interfolded thereon, or annexed thereto, shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 5 0
<i>If made by Deed.</i> —See DEED.	
SCHEDULE, Inventory or Catalogue of any Lands, Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects, or of any Furniture, Fixtures or other Goods or Effects; or containing the Terms and Conditions of any proposed Sale, Lease or Tack, or the Conditions and Regulations for the Cultivation or Management of any Farms, Lands or other Property leased or agreed to be leased; or containing any other Matter or Matters of Contract or Stipulation whatsoever, which shall be referred to in or by, and be intended to be used or given in Evidence as Part of, or as material to, any Agreement, Lease, Tack, Bond, Deed or other Instrument, charged with any Duty in this Schedule, but which shall be separate and distinct from, and not interfolded on or annexed to such Agreement, Lease, Tack, Bond, Deed or other Instrument	1 5 0
And if the same shall contain 2,160 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,080 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,080 Words, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of	1 5 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Printed Proposals, published by any Corporation or Company, respecting Incorporation, and which shall be referred to or by any Policy or Instrument of Insurance issued by such Corporation or Company.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
SEISIN —Instrument of Seisin, given upon any Charter, Precept of Clare Confiat, or Precept from Chancery, or upon any Wadlet, Heritable Bond, Disposition, Appoying, Adjudication, or otherwise, of any Lands or Heritable Subjects in Scotland, not of Burghage Tenure	0	9	0
And where the same shall contain 1,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,050 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,150 Words, a further <i>progreſſive</i> Duty of	0	9	0
SETTLEMENT. Any Deed or Instrument, whether voluntary or gratuitous, or upon any good or valuable Consideration, other than a <i>ſine ſole</i> pecuniary Consideration, whereby any definite and certain principal Sum or Sums of Money (whether charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects or not, or to be laid out in the Purchase of Lands or other Hereditaments or Heritable Subjects or not, and if charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments, or Heritable Subjects, whether so bequeathed at all Events or not), or any definite and certain Share or Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South Sea Company, shall be sealed, or agreed to be sealed, upon or for the Benefit of any Person or Persons, either in Possession or Reversion, either absolutely, or conditionally, or contingently, or for Life, or other partial Interest, or in any other manner whatsoever;			
If such Sum or Sums of Money, or the Value of such Share or Shares in all or any of the said Stocks or Funds, or both, shall not amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i>	1	15	6
And if the same shall amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i>	2	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i>	3	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 4,000 <i>l.</i>	4	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 5,000 <i>l.</i>	5	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 6,000 <i>l.</i>	6	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 6,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 7,000 <i>l.</i>	7	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 7,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 8,000 <i>l.</i>	8	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 8,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 9,000 <i>l.</i>	9	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 9,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 10,000 <i>l.</i>	10	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 10,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 11,000 <i>l.</i>	11	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 11,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 12,000 <i>l.</i>	12	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 12,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 13,000 <i>l.</i>	13	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 13,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 14,000 <i>l.</i>	14	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 14,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 15,000 <i>l.</i>	15	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 16,000 <i>l.</i>	16	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 16,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards	17	0	0
And where any such Deed or Instrument as last mentioned, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other Matter put or annexed thereto, or success thereto, shall contain 1,150 Words or upwards, then for every entire Quantity of 1,050 Words contained therein, over and above the first 1,150 Words, a further <i>progreſſive</i> Duty of	1	5	0
And for any Duplicate of any such Deed or Instrument as last mentioned			
<i>Exemptions from the preceding ad valorem Duties on Settlements.</i>			
<i>Bonds, Mortgages and other Securities operating as Settlements, if chargeable with the ad valorem Duties on Bonds and Mortgages heretofore granted.</i>			
<i>Deeds or Instruments of Appointment or Appoyment, in Execution of Powers given by any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, as or in favour of Persons specially named or described as the Objects of such Powers.</i>			

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

WADSET.—See MORTGAGE.

s. l. d.

WARRANT of ATTORNEY (with or without a Release of Errors) to confess and enter up a Judgment in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, or in any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the Courteen Palatine of Chester, Lancashire and Durham; which shall be given as a Security for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money, or for the Transfer of any Share or Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or of the East India Company, or of the South Sea Company;

The same Duty as on a Bond for the like Purpose.

Save and except where such Payment or Transfer shall be already secured by a Bond, Mortgage or other Security, which shall have paid the ad valorem Duty on Bonds or Mortgages imposed in this Schedule, or by the Act of the 44th or the 45th Year of His Majesty's reign before mentioned; and also except where the Warranty of Attorney shall be given for securing any Sum or Sums of Money, for which the Person giving the same shall be in Custody under an Arrest, and in those cases a Duty of

1 0 0

WARRANT or ORDER beneficial, under the Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, except where the same shall be for the Service of the Navy, Army or Ordnance

1 10 0

And where the same shall be for the Service of the Navy, Army or Ordnance

0 12 6

And where several Persons shall be separately and distinctly (and not jointly) benefited by one Warranty, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each such Person.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS FROM ALL STAMP DUTIES.

All Bonds, Contracts, Mortgages, Conveyances, Deeds and Instruments whatever, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 17th Year of His Majesty's reign, c. 54. or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, for promoting the Residence of the Perambled Clergy, by making Provision for building, repairing or purchasing Halls and other Buildings, for the Use of their Benefices.

All Affidavits, Contracts, Mortgages, Conveyances, Deeds and Instruments whatever, exempted from Stamp Duty by the Act of the 42d Year of His Majesty's reign, c. 116. or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax.

All Transfers of Shares in the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds.

All Grants, Leases and other Conveyances and Instruments, exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the Land Revenue of The Crown.

All Bonds, Contracts and Assignments, relating to the Transportation of Convicts.

44 G. 2. c. 54.
45 G. 2. c. 116.

SCHEDULE,—PART THE SECOND.

Containing the Duties on LAW PROCEEDINGS.

Which Duties are to be paid and payable in England, for and in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the several Instruments, Matters and Things herein charged, shall be respectively written or printed; except where the Duties are imposed according to the Number of Words therein contained, or are expressly charged in any other manner.

And all the Instruments, Matters and Things, herein charged with a Duty, in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the same shall be written or printed, shall respectively be written or printed upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and in such and the same Manner and Form, as the like Instruments, Matters or Things, have been heretofore accustomed to be, or are now usually written or printed.

And where a Court of Law or Equity is mentioned generally, the same shall be taken to mean not only the Courts at Westminster, but also the several Courts of Law or Equity of the Great Sessions in Wales, and in the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster and Derby, or elsewhere in England.

PART THE SECOND.	Duty.
L. PROCEEDINGS in the High Court of Admiralty; and in the Courts of the Cinque Ports, exercising Admiralty Jurisdiction; the High Court of Appeals in Prize Causes; and the High Court of Delegates, in Admiralty Matters in England.	£. s. d.
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts - -	0 5 0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts - - -	0 5 0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts - - - -	0 5 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order of any of the said Courts, or from any Court of Vice Admiralty, when interposed before a Notary Public in England -	15 0 0
ATTACHMENT issuing out of any of the said Courts - -	1 10 0
BAIL BOND, or Recognizance, taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same - - - -	1 0 0
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts - - -	1 0 0
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts - -	0 5 0
COPY, (i. e. Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read or used, in any of the said Courts - - - -	0 5 0
COPY, (i. e. Office Copy) of any Citation, Motion or Warrant issued out of any of the said Courts - - -	0 5 0
COPY, (i. e. Office Copy) of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions or Inventory, filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts - - - -	0 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
COPY, (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree, made in any of the said Courts -	s. 0 5 0
DECREE, or Order Interlocutory, made in any of the said Courts -	1 0 0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same -	0 5 0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein -	5 0 0
INHIBITION issuing out of any of the said Courts -	1 0 0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts -	1 0 0
RECOGNIZANCE.—See BAIL BOND.	
RELAXATION of any Attachment or Inhibition issued out of any of the said Courts -	1 10 0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts -	1 10 0
WARRANT issuing out of any of the said Courts -	0 15 0
WARRANT, Mandate or Authority, given to any Proctor, to commence, carry on or defend any Action, Suit or Prosecution, in any of the said Courts; for the Mensurandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed of Record -	0 5 0
<hr/>	
II. PROCEEDINGS in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters, in England.	
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any Interlocutory Decree or Order, of the Court of Arches, or the Prerogative Court of Canterbury or York -	15 0 0
CITATION issuing out of any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
COMMISSION issuing out of any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
COPY, (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
COPY, (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Citation or Monition, issued out of any of the said Courts -	0 5 0
COPY, (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions or Inventory filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts -	0 5 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.

Duty.

COPY (<i>i. e.</i> Office Copy) of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree of any of the said Courts	s.	d.	d.
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the time	0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	3	0	0
INJUNCTION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
WARRANT, Mandate or Authority, given to any Proctor, to commence, carry on or defend any Suit or Prosecution in any of the said Courts, for the Memorandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed of Record	0	5	0

III. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts of Law and Equity at *Windsor*, including the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, and in other Courts in England, and the Offices belonging thereto, and also before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, in Matters of Bankruptcy and Lunacy.

ACTIONS in the Courts of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of London, and in the Courts of all Corporations, and other Courts whatsoever in England holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings or above, and out of which no Writs, Process or Mandates issue, in the first instance; for the Entry of every Action or Pleas, except where the Debt or Damage claimed or demanded shall not amount to Forty Shillings	0	2	6
AFFIDAVIT, to be filed, read or used in any of the Courts of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the Connexa Palatine of Cheshire, Lancashire and Durham; or before any Judge or Master, or other Officer of any of the said Courts; or before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	0	2	6
AFFIDAVIT, to be filed, read or used in any other Court of Law or Equity, in England, except in Actions or Suits, where the Debt or Damage, or Thing claimed or demanded shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings	0	1	6
ANSWER in any Court of Equity	0	5	0
APPEARANCE filed or entered in any Action at Law wherein no Bail shall be filed or put in	0	2	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.				Duty.		
				£.	s.	d.
ASSIGNMENT of a Bail Bond	-	-	-	0	2	6
BAIL Common, to be filed in any Court of Law	-	-	-	0	2	6
BAIL Special, to be filed in any Court of Law	-	-	-	0	2	6
BAIL BOND in any Action, in any Court of Law	-	-	-	0	2	6
BANKRUPT'S Certificate; the Confirmation thereof, by the Lord Chancellor, or by the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal	-	-	-	0	2	6
BILL filed in any Court of Equity	-	-	-	0	5	0
CERTIFICATE by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, of any Default of any Person, in any Suit, or Proceeding before them	-	-	-	0	5	0
COMMISSION to take Affidavits, or Special Bail, out of any Court of Law or Equity	-	-	-	0	10	0
COMMISSION of Bankrupt	-	-	-	0	5	0
COMMISSION of Lunacy	-	-	-	0	5	0
COMMISSION out of any Court of Law or Equity, for the Examination of Witnesses, or taking Depositions	-	-	-	0	5	0
COMMISSION of any other kind, out of any Court of Law or Equity	-	-	-	0	5	0
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any of the Courts of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , or of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine; or before any Judge or Master, or other Officer of any of the said Courts, or before the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	-	-	-	0	2	6
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any other Court of Law or Equity, except in Actions or Suits, where the Debt or Damage, or Thing claimed and demanded, shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings	-	-	-	0	2	6
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Exceptions, Pleas, Replication, Rejoinder or other Pleading, or of any Interrogatories, or Depositions, taken by Commission or otherwise, in any Court of Equity; Where any such Copy shall be written wide, according to the Usage and Practice of the Court, and not contain more than 90 Words in a Sheet, one with another, then for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written	-	-	-	0	0	4
And where any such Copy shall be written close <i>Copp-wise</i> , according to the Usage and Practice of the Court, or in any other manner than a above manner; then for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written	-	-	-	0	2	6
+ 2. COPY of any Declaration, Pleas, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law	-	-	-	0	0	4
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of Interrogatories and the Depositions or Answers thereto, in any Court of Law, containing not more than 72 Words in a Sheet, one Sheet with another	-	-	-	0	0	4

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Charges.		
		s.	d.	
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Rule or Order, made or given in or by any Court of Law at <i>Windsor</i> , or by any Judge of any such Court		0	2	6
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Decree, Dismissal or Order, made in or by the High Court of Chancery at <i>Windsor</i> , or by the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0	3	0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which any such Copy shall be written after the First, a further <i>proportion</i> Duty of		0	1	6
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) of any Decree, Dismissal or Order, made in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster, at <i>Windsor</i> , or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine		0	2	6
COPY (i. e. Office Copy) or Extract of any Record, Report or Proceeding whatsoever, in any Court of Law or Equity at <i>Windsor</i> , not otherwise charged in this Schedule		0	1	0
DECLARATION in any Court of Law		0	0	4
DECREE or Dismissal made in or by the High Court of Chancery at <i>Windsor</i>		0	3	0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written, after the First, a further <i>proportion</i> Duty of		0	1	6
DECREE or Dismissal made in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster at <i>Windsor</i> , or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in <i>Wales</i> , or of the said Counties Palatine, or in or by any other Court of Equity whatsoever		0	2	6
DEMURRER in any Court of Law		0	0	4
DEMURRER in any Court of Equity		0	5	0
DEPOSITIONS taken by virtue of a Commission out of any Court of Equity (except the Paper Drafts thereof before the same are engrossed)		0	5	0
DEPOSITIONS in any Court of Equity, taken by the Examiner, or other proper Officer, and not by Commission		0	0	4
DEPOSITIONS or Answers to any Interrogatories in any Court of Law		0	0	4
DEPUTATION (Special) or Warrant by the Sheriff of any County, to any Person, to take an Inquisition under a Writ of Inquiry		0	10	0
EXCEPTIONS filed in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy		0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any Court of Law or Equity whatever, of any Record or Proceeding therein (except Exemplifications under the Great Seal charged in the First Part of this Schedule)		3	0	0
GRANT of the Custody of the Person or Estate of any Lunatic		2	0	0
INDENTURES or Chirograph of a Fine levied in any Court, for each Part or Indenture		0	10	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Duty.		
		s.	d.	d.
INQUISITION taken by or before any Sheriff or his Deputy, or Under Sheriff, or by or before any Person specially deputed or authorized by the Sheriff to take the same, or by or before any Coroner, in any Action at Law	- - -	0	10	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Law	- - -	0	5	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	- - -	0	5	0
JUDGMENT (not interlocutory), signed by the Master of any Office, or his Deputy or Secretary, or by any Prothonotary, or his Secondary, Deputy or Clerk, or by any other Officers belonging to any of the Courts at Westminster, who is or shall be authorized to sign Judgments	- - -	0	10	0
ORDER made in or by the High Court of Chancery at Westminster; or by the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, sitting in Matters of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	- - -	0	3	0
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written after the First, a further proportionate Duty of	- - -	0	1	6
ORDER made or given in or by the Court of Exchequer, or the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster at Westminster, or in or by any of the Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the said Counties Palatine	- - -	0	2	6
ORDER made or given by any Judge of any of the Courts of Law at Westminster	- - -	0	2	6
<i>Except such as shall be made on the Application of any Prisoner or Indebted Debtor; and except all Orders for the Delivery of the Particulars of a Plaintiff's Demand, or for staying Proceedings on Payment of Debt and Costs; and all Orders for Time to plead, reply or repine, after the first Order for that Purpose.</i>				
PETITION in any Suit or Matter in any of the Courts of Equity at Westminster; and Petition to the Lord High Chancellor, or the Lord Keeper or Commissioners of the Great Seal, in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy	- - -	0	2	6
PLEA in any Court of Law	- - -	0	0	4
PLEA in any Court of Equity	- - -	0	5	0
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Law, not otherwise charged in this Schedule	- - -	0	0	4
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Equity, not otherwise charged in this Schedule	- - -	0	5	0
POSTEA	- - -	0	10	0
RECORD of Nil Price	- - -	0	10	0
REJOINDER in any Court of Law	- - -	0	0	4
REJOINDER in any Court of Equity	- - -	0	5	0
REPLICATION in any Court of Law	- - -	0	0	4
REPLICATION in any Court of Equity	- - -	0	5	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.

Duty.

REPORT made by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy -	s. d.	
	0	2 6
RULE or Order, made or given in or by any of the Courts at Law at Westminster, which shall be issued or delivered out, by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officers, to the Party obtaining it -	0	2 6
And for the Entry of every such Rule or Order, in the Book kept by the Clerk of the Rules or other Officer for that Purpose, whether written on One or more Sheets or Leaves -	0	2 6
RULES to plead and reply, and all other Rules, of any of the said Courts of Law at Westminster, not issued as above mentioned, but which shall be entered in the Books kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officers, for that Purpose; for the Entry of every such Rule -	0	2 6
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of any of the Courts of Law at Westminster <i>Except such as shall be issued on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor; and except all summonses for the Delivery of the Particulars of a Plaintiff's Demand, or for staying Proceedings on Payment of Debt and Costs; and all summonses for Time to plead, reply or rejoinder, after the first summons for that Purpose.</i>	0	1 0
WARRANT, Mandate or Authority, given to any Attorney or Solicitor, to commence, carry on or defend any Action, Suit or Profection in any of the Courts at Westminster, or of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the said Counties Palatine, or in any other Court whatsoever, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings; for the Memorandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed of Record -	0	5 0
WARRANT or Summons, issued by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy -	0	1 0
WARRANT of Attorney, not otherwise charged in the first Part of the Schedule -	1	0 0
WRIT of Appeal -	1	0 0
WRIT of Certiorari -	1	0 0
WRIT of Covenant for levying a Fine -	2	0 0
WRIT of Entry for suffering a Common Recovery -	2	0 0
WRIT of Error -	1	0 0
WRIT of Superfideius of a Commission of Bankrupt -	0	2 6
WRIT, Mandate or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in the Schedule, which shall issue out of, or pass the Seal of any of the Courts at Westminster, or of the Great Sessions in Wales, or of the said Counties Palatine, or of any other Court in England, holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage amounts to Forty Shillings, except in Actions or Suits where the Debt, Damage or Thing claimed or demanded shall be under the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings -	0	5 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.

IV.—PROCEEDINGS IN THE COURTS IN SCOTLAND,

Upon which the relative Duties are to be charged only on the first Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, wherein the several Instruments, Matters and Things (specified) shall be written or printed, except where perquisite Duties are expressly mentioned.

For the Proceedings in the Court of Session, including the Bill Chamber, the Commission of Pleadings, the Court of Exchequer, and the High Court of Admiralty, the several Duties specified in the first Column.

And for the Proceedings in the Commissary Court of Edinburgh and all the Courts in Scotland (other than those above mentioned, and the Court of Juddiciary), the several Duties specified in the second Column.

	Duty.			Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
ADVOCATION, Letters of - - - - -	0	5	0	—	—	—
AFFIDAVIT, to be filed, read or used in the Court of Exchequer -	0	2	6	—	—	—
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written, after the first, a further perquisite Duty of -	0	2	6	—	—	—
AMENDMENT of Libel.—See SECTIONS.						
ANSWER to a Petition and Complaint, or to any original Petition or Application in any Process or Suit, other than a Bill of Advocation or Suspension - - - - -	0	5	0	0	2	6
ANSWER to any such Bill, or to a Reclamation or incidental Petition, or to a Representation, Condescendence, or any other Paper not being an original Application - - - - -	0	2	6	0	1	3
APPEAL.—See BILL OF ADVOCATION.						
APPLICATION, original, under whatever Title - - - - -	0	5	0	0	2	6
BILL OF ADVOCATION, Bill of Suspension Appeal - - - - -	0	5	0	0	2	6
BOND OF CAUTION or Surety in the Bill Chamber, or for Appearance, or in a Law Burrows, or incidental to any Process or Suit, or for Payment in Terms of the Decree to follow upon any Process or Suit - - - - -	0	2	6	0	2	6
BOND on a Confirmation of Testament and Bond judicial of any other Description.—See BOND in the first Part of this Schedule.						
CASE - - - - -	0	2	6	0	1	3
CLAIM, being the first Paper in a Process or Suit in behalf of the Party for whom it is offered - - - - -	0	5	0	0	2	6
CLAIM of any other Description - - - - -	0	2	6	0	1	3
<i>Except any Claim in any Process of Multiple Pleading or Ranking of any principal Sum under 100. in the Superior or 50. in the Inferior Courts.</i>						
COMPLAINT or Petition and Complaint - - - - -	0	5	0	0	2	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.			Fees.			Duty.		
			<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
CONDESCENDENCE of whatever Description	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
DECLARATION, judicial	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
DEFENCE of whatever Description	-	-	0	5	0	0	2	6
DEPOSITION or DEPOSITIONS, whether in presence of the Court, or taken by Commission, or otherwise	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written, after the first, a further <i>proportional</i> Duty of	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
DILIGENCE, or incidental Diligence, Letters of	-	-	0	3	0	0	2	6
DUPLY	-	-	0	5	0	0	2	6
EDICT.—See SUMMONS.								
ESTIMATE.—See REPORT.								
EXTRACT of any Decree (not being a mere Decree of Registration <i>pro forma</i>), or of any Abbreviate Act, Commission, Warrant or Protestation	-	-	0	10	0	0	5	0
INFORMATION	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
INTERROGATORIES exhibited in behalf of any Party to a Process or Suit	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
INVENTORY of any Interest in a Multiple Pleading or other Process or Suit, when not preceded or immediately accompanied by a Claim or other Step of Procedure charged in an original Application for or in behalf of the Party for whom such Inventory is exhibited (<i>other than and except any Inventory of an Interest in a Pro. of Multiple Pleading or Pleading, where the principal Sum claimed shall be under £10, in the Superior or £5, in the inferior Courts</i>)	-	-	0	5	0	0	2	6
INVENTORY of any other Description, when not immediately accompanying and referred to in a separate Paper or Step of Procedure charged in this Schedule	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
LABEL.—See SUMMONS.								
MANDATE.—See WARRANT.								
MEMORANDUM.—See WARRANT.								
MEMORIAL, of whatever Description	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
MINUTE, of whatever Description, which may be lodged by, or in behalf of, any Party to a Process or Suit	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
NOTE in any Suit or Process, except in the Bill Chamber	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
OBJECTION, being the first Paper in a Process or Suit in behalf of the Party for whom it may be offered	-	-	0	5	0	0	2	6
OBJECTION, of any other Description	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3
PETITION, being an original Application, or the first Paper, in a Process or Suit in behalf of the Party for whom it may be offered	-	-	0	5	0	0	2	6
PETITION, of any other Description	-	-	0	2	6	0	1	3

SCHEDULE, PART II.		Do.	Do.
PLEADING or STATEMENT, of whatever Description, whether written or printed, in any Suit or Process, offered in behalf of any Party, or by Order of the Court, and not otherwise charged in this Schedule -	- - - - -	0 2 6	0 1 3
PRECEPT, in the Nature of a Summons.—See SUMMONS.			
PRECEPT, in the Nature of a Diligence - - - - -	- - - - -	—	0 1 3
PREPARED STATE - - - - -	- - - - -	0 2 6	0 1 3
PROTESTATION, lodged in behalf of any Party in a Process or Suit	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
QUADRUPLY - - - - -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
REPLY - - - - -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
REPORT, ESTIMATE or SCHEME, prepared in consequence of the Appointment, Order or Authority of a Judge - -	- - - - -	0 2 6	0 1 3
REPRESENTATION - - - - -	- - - - -	0 2 6	0 1 3
SCHEME.—See REPORT.			
SIGNET LETTERS, or Writs passing His Majesty's Signet, of whatever Description, not otherwise charged in this Schedule (<i>other than and except Letters of Marrying and Finding, and Letters of Captain for Debt under 12^l.</i>) - - - - -	- - - - -	0 2 6	—
STATE of INTERESTS in any Process or Suit - - - -	- - - - -	0 2 6	0 1 3
SUMMONS of whatever Description, Libel, Amendment of Libel, Edict, Precept, of the Nature of a Summons - - -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
SUSPENSION, Letters of - - - - -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
TRIPLY - - - - -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6
WARRANT, Mandate or Authority, given to any Solicitor, Attorney, Agent or Procurator, to commence, carry on, defend or appear in any Action, Suit or Procedure, at the Instance or in behalf of any Party or Parties not having distinct Interests, for the Memorandum or Minute thereof to be entered or filed of Record -	- - - - -	0 5 0	0 2 6

V.—GENERAL EXEMPTIONS FROM ALL STAMP DUTIES.

Warrants, Mandates or Authorities to commence, carry on or defend any Actions, Suits or Proceedings in any Court, where the Debt, Damage or Thing claimed or demanded, shall not amount to or be of the Value of Forty Shillings.

Warrants, Mandates or Authorities to commence, carry on or defend any Proceedings or Proceedings upon Indictments, or upon any Information, Suit, Writ or Process, in the Name of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or at the Instance of the Attorney General of England, Lord Advocate of Scotland, or other Officer legally authorized to prosecute or sue in the Name or for the Interest of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

But these Exemptions are not to extend to Informations in the Nature of Quo Warrants, filed by His Majesty's Counsel and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench; nor to Informations in Courts of Equity, at the Relation of Private Parties; nor to Informations where any other Person than His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be entitled to any Penalty or Forfeiture, or any Share thereof.

SCHEDULE, PART II.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS—continued.

All Proceedings for or on the behalf of any Person legally admitted to sue or defend in foreign countries, and all Proceedings of Courts Martial, and all Proceedings in Criminal Suits and Profections whatsoever.

All Orders, Decrees and Proceedings of or before any Commissioners of Sewers, and of or in the Stannary Courts in England.

All Summons, Attachments, Executions and other Proceedings in or issuing out of any of the Courts established for the Recovery of Debts not exceeding Five Pounds, commonly called Courts of Request, in England.

All Warrants to sue and defend in the Courts Baron of any Honours or Manors in England, which hold Place in Actions or Suits for any Debt or Damages not exceeding Five Pounds; and all Pleas, Summons, Executions, Writs and other Proceedings in or issuing out of such Courts.

All Proceedings in the Courts called, or commonly known by the Name of, Small Debt Courts in Scotland.

And all Proceedings under the Scotch Statute relative to the Discharge of Poor Prisoners, or under the Act of Sederunt of the Court of Session in Scotland, relative to the Liberation of Prisoners on account of Sickness.

All Petitions, Proceedings and Copies, exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Appeals of Trusts for Charitable Purposes.

SCHEDULE, PART THE THIRD.

Concerning the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on CONFIRMATIONS of Testaments testamentary and datives; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Commissary Courts in Scotland; and on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal, Heritable or Moveable Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal or Moveable Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE THIRD.	Duty.
PROBATE of a Will, and Letters of Administration with a Will annexed, to be granted in England;	<i>£. s. d.</i>
CONFIRMATION of any Testament testamentary, or Eik thereto, to be expedited in any Commissary Court in Scotland, where the Deceased shall have died before or upon the 10th Day of October 1808, and subsequent to the 10th Day of October 1804;	
INVENTORY to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in Scotland, of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, who shall have died after the 30th Day of October 1803, and have left any Testament or testamentary Disposition of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate and Effects, or any Part thereof;	
Where the Estate and Effects for or in respect of which such Probate, Letters of Administration, Confirmation or Eik respectively, shall be granted or expedited, or whereof such Inventory shall be exhibited and recorded, exclusive of what the Deceased shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not heretofore, shall be	
above the Value of 200 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1000 <i>l.</i>	- 0 10 0
of the Value of 1000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 200 <i>l.</i>	- 2 0 0
of the Value of 200 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 300 <i>l.</i>	- 3 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART III.		Duty.		
PROBATE, &c.—continued.		£.	s.	d.
of the Value of 300 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 450 <i>l.</i>	-	8	0	0
of the Value of 450 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 600 <i>l.</i>	-	11	0	0
of the Value of 600 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 800 <i>l.</i>	-	15	0	0
of the Value of 800 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,000 <i>l.</i>	-	21	0	0
of the Value of 1,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,500 <i>l.</i>	-	30	0	0
of the Value of 1,500 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 2,000 <i>l.</i>	-	45	0	0
of the Value of 2,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 3,000 <i>l.</i>	-	50	0	0
of the Value of 3,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 4,000 <i>l.</i>	-	65	0	0
of the Value of 4,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 5,000 <i>l.</i>	-	80	0	0
of the Value of 5,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 6,000 <i>l.</i>	-	100	0	0
of the Value of 6,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 7,000 <i>l.</i>	-	120	0	0
of the Value of 7,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 8,000 <i>l.</i>	-	140	0	0
of the Value of 8,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 9,000 <i>l.</i>	-	160	0	0
of the Value of 9,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 10,000 <i>l.</i>	-	180	0	0
of the Value of 10,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 12,000 <i>l.</i>	-	200	0	0
of the Value of 12,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 14,000 <i>l.</i>	-	220	0	0
of the Value of 14,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 16,000 <i>l.</i>	-	250	0	0
of the Value of 16,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 18,000 <i>l.</i>	-	280	0	0
of the Value of 18,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 20,000 <i>l.</i>	-	310	0	0
of the Value of 20,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 25,000 <i>l.</i>	-	350	0	0
of the Value of 25,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 30,000 <i>l.</i>	-	400	0	0
of the Value of 30,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 35,000 <i>l.</i>	-	450	0	0
of the Value of 35,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 40,000 <i>l.</i>	-	515	0	0
of the Value of 40,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 45,000 <i>l.</i>	-	575	0	0
of the Value of 45,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 50,000 <i>l.</i>	-	635	0	0
of the Value of 50,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 60,000 <i>l.</i>	-	750	0	0
of the Value of 60,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 70,000 <i>l.</i>	-	900	0	0
of the Value of 70,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 80,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,050	0	0
of the Value of 80,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,210	0	0
of the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,350	0	0
of the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 120,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,500	0	0
of the Value of 120,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 140,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,700	0	0
of the Value of 140,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 160,000 <i>l.</i>	-	1,910	0	0
of the Value of 160,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 180,000 <i>l.</i>	-	2,100	0	0
of the Value of 180,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i>	-	2,300	0	0
of the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i>	-	3,000	0	0
of the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i>	-	3,750	0	0
of the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i>	-	4,500	0	0
of the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i>	-	5,250	0	0
of the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i>	-	6,200	0	0
of the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 600,000 <i>l.</i>	-	7,500	0	0
of the Value of 600,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 700,000 <i>l.</i>	-	9,000	0	0
of the Value of 700,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 800,000 <i>l.</i>	-	10,500	0	0
of the Value of 800,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 900,000 <i>l.</i>	-	12,000	0	0
of the Value of 900,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,000,000 <i>l.</i>	-	13,500	0	0
of the Value of 1,000,000 <i>l.</i> and upwards	-	15,000	0	0
LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION, without a Will annexed, to be granted in England,				
CONFIRMATION of any TESTAMENT <i>ratum</i> , to be expedited in any Consistory Court in Scotland, where the Deceased shall have died before or upon the 10th Day of October 1808, and subsequent to the 10th Day of October 1804;				

SCHEDULE, PART III.

Duty

LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION, &c.—continued.

£. s. d.

INVENTORY to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in England, of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased who shall have died after the 10th Day of October 1803 without leaving any Testament or Intestamentary Disposition of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate or Effects, or any Part thereof;

Where the Estate and Effects for or in respect of which such Letters of Administration or Confirmation respectively shall be granted or expedited, or whereof such Inventory shall be exhibited and recorded, *exclusive of what the Deceased shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not himself, shall be*

above the Value of 20l. and under the Value of 50l.	-	0	10	0
of the Value of 50l. and under the Value of 100l.	-	1	0	0
of the Value of 100l. and under the Value of 200l.	-	3	0	0
of the Value of 200l. and under the Value of 300l.	-	8	0	0
of the Value of 300l. and under the Value of 450l.	-	11	0	0
of the Value of 450l. and under the Value of 600l.	-	15	0	0
of the Value of 600l. and under the Value of 800l.	-	22	0	0
of the Value of 800l. and under the Value of 1,000l.	-	30	0	0
of the Value of 1,000l. and under the Value of 1,500l.	-	45	0	0
of the Value of 1,500l. and under the Value of 2,000l.	-	60	0	0
of the Value of 2,000l. and under the Value of 3,000l.	-	75	0	0
of the Value of 3,000l. and under the Value of 4,000l.	-	90	0	0
of the Value of 4,000l. and under the Value of 5,000l.	-	120	0	0
of the Value of 5,000l. and under the Value of 6,000l.	-	150	0	0
of the Value of 6,000l. and under the Value of 7,000l.	-	180	0	0
of the Value of 7,000l. and under the Value of 8,000l.	-	210	0	0
of the Value of 8,000l. and under the Value of 9,000l.	-	240	0	0
of the Value of 9,000l. and under the Value of 10,000l.	-	270	0	0
of the Value of 10,000l. and under the Value of 12,000l.	-	300	0	0
of the Value of 12,000l. and under the Value of 14,000l.	-	330	0	0
of the Value of 14,000l. and under the Value of 16,000l.	-	375	0	0
of the Value of 16,000l. and under the Value of 18,000l.	-	420	0	0
of the Value of 18,000l. and under the Value of 20,000l.	-	465	0	0
of the Value of 20,000l. and under the Value of 25,000l.	-	525	0	0
of the Value of 25,000l. and under the Value of 30,000l.	-	600	0	0
of the Value of 30,000l. and under the Value of 35,000l.	-	675	0	0
of the Value of 35,000l. and under the Value of 40,000l.	-	765	0	0
of the Value of 40,000l. and under the Value of 45,000l.	-	900	0	0
of the Value of 45,000l. and under the Value of 50,000l.	-	1,010	0	0
of the Value of 50,000l. and under the Value of 60,000l.	-	1,125	0	0
of the Value of 60,000l. and under the Value of 70,000l.	-	1,350	0	0
of the Value of 70,000l. and under the Value of 80,000l.	-	1,575	0	0
of the Value of 80,000l. and under the Value of 90,000l.	-	1,800	0	0
of the Value of 90,000l. and under the Value of 100,000l.	-	2,025	0	0
of the Value of 100,000l. and under the Value of 120,000l.	-	2,350	0	0
of the Value of 120,000l. and under the Value of 140,000l.	-	2,700	0	0
of the Value of 140,000l. and under the Value of 160,000l.	-	3,150	0	0
of the Value of 160,000l. and under the Value of 180,000l.	-	3,600	0	0
of the Value of 180,000l. and under the Value of 200,000l.	-	4,050	0	0
of the Value of 200,000l. and under the Value of 250,000l.	-	4,500	0	0
of the Value of 250,000l. and under the Value of 300,000l.	-	5,025	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.		
LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION, &c.—continued.	<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
of the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> -	6,750	0	0
of the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> -	7,875	0	0
of the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> -	9,000	0	0
of the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 600,000 <i>l.</i> -	11,250	0	0
of the Value of 600,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 700,000 <i>l.</i> -	13,500	0	0
of the Value of 700,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 800,000 <i>l.</i> -	15,750	0	0
of the Value of 800,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 900,000 <i>l.</i> -	18,000	0	0
of the Value of 900,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 1,000,000 <i>l.</i> -	20,250	0	0
of the Value of 1,000,000 <i>l.</i> and upwards -	22,500	0	0
<i>Exempt from all Stamp Duty.</i>			
<i>Probate of Will, Letters of Administration, Confirmation of Testament, and Etc. thereto, and Inventory of the Effects of any Common Lawman, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i>			
<i>Additional Inventory to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in Scotland; where the same shall not be liable to a Duty of greater Amount than the Duty already paid upon any former Inventory exhibited and recorded of the Estate and Effects of the same Person.</i>			
LEGACIES and SUCCESSIONS to Personal or Moveable Estate upon Intestacy.			
I. Where the Testator, Testatrix or Intestate died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1805.			
For every Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, of the Amount or Value of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument of any Person who died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1805, out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, after the 31st Day of August 1815.			
Also for the clear Residue (when devolving to one Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when devolving to Two or more Persons) of the Personal or Moveable Estate of any Person who died before or upon the 5th Day of April 1805 (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies, and other Charges first payable thereout), whether the Title to such Residue, or any Share thereof, shall accrue by virtue of any Testamentary Disposition, or upon a partial or total Intestacy; where such Residue, or Share of Residue, shall be of the Amount or Value of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, after the Thirty first Day of August 1815.			
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, so or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of Two Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum, on the Amount or Value thereof -			
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, so or for the Benefit			
<i>per Cent.</i> 2 10 0			

SCHEDULE. PART III.

Duty.

LEGACIES, &c.—continued.

of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased; a Duty at and above the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof

4. 0 0
per Cent.

Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased; a Duty at and above the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof

5 0 0
per Cent.

And where any such Legacy, or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of any Person, in any other Degree of collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is above described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in Blood to the Deceased; a Duty at and above the Rate of Eight Pounds per Centum on the Amount or Value thereof

8 0 0
per Cent.

II. *Where the Testator, Testatrix or Intestate, shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805.*

For every Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, of the Amount or Value of 20l. or upwards, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805, either out of his or her Personal or Movable Estate, or out of or charged upon his or her Real or Heritable Estate, or out of any Monies to arise by the Sale, Mortgage or other Disposition of his or her Real or Heritable Estate, or any Part thereof, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged after the 31st Day of August 1815:

Also, for the clear Residue (when devolving to One Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when devolving to Two or more Persons) of the Personal or Movable Estate, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805, (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies and other Charges first payable thereout), whether the Title to such Residue, or any Share thereof, shall accrue by virtue of any Testamentary Disposition, or upon a partial or total Intestacy; where such Residue, or Share of Residue, shall be of the Amount or Value of 20l. or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged after the 31st Day of August 1815:

And also for the clear Residue (when given to one Person) and for every Share of the clear Residue (when given to Two or more Persons) of the Monies to arise from the Sale, Mortgage or other Disposition, of any Real or Heritable Estate, directed to be sold, mortgaged, or otherwise disposed of, by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, of any Person, who shall have died after the 5th Day of April 1805 (after deducting Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies and other Charges first made payable thereout, if any) whose such Residue, or Share of

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.
LEGACIES, &c.— <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
Residue, shall amount to 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards, and where the same shall be paid, retained or discharged after the 31 st Day of August 1815:	
Where any such Legacy or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Child of the Deceased or any Defendant of a Child of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of the Father or Mother, or any legal Ancestor of the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of One Pound <i>per Centum</i> on the Amount or Value thereof	<i>per Cent.</i> 1 0 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Defendant of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of Three Pounds <i>per Centum</i> on the Amount or Value thereof	<i>per Cent.</i> 3 0 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Defendant of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of Five Pounds <i>per Centum</i> on the Amount or Value thereof	<i>per Cent.</i> 5 0 0
Where any such Legacy, or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Defendant of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of Six Pounds <i>per Centum</i> on the Amount or Value thereof	<i>per Cent.</i> 6 0 0
And where any such Legacy, or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved, to or for the Benefit of any Person, in any other Degree of collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is above described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in blood to the Deceased; a Duty at and after the Rate of Ten Pounds <i>per Centum</i> on the Amount or Value thereof	<i>per Cent.</i> 10 0 0
And all Gifts of Annuities, or by way of Annuity, or of any other partial Benefit or Interest, out of any such Estate or Effects as aforesaid, shall be deemed Legacies within the Intents and Meaning of this Schedule.	
And where any Legatee shall take Two or more distinct Legacies or Benefits under any Will or Testamentary Instrument, which shall together be of the Amount or Value of 20 <i>l.</i> each shall be charged with Duty, though each or either may be separately under that Amount or Value.	
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
<i>Legacies, and Residues, or Shares of Residues, of any such Estate or Effects as aforesaid, given or devolving to or for the Benefit of the Husband or Wife of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of any of the Royal Family.</i>	
<i>And all Legacies which were exempted from Duty by the Act passed in the 34th Year of His Majesty's Royal, c. 73, for exempting certain of the Legacies given in Bodies Corporate, or other Public Bodies, from the Payment of Duty.</i>	

CAP. CLXXXV.

An Act for repealing the Stamp Office Duties on Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Gold and Silver Plate, Stage Coaches, and Licences for keeping Stage Coaches, now payable in Great Britain: and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof. [11th July 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS it is expedient to grant certain additional Stamp and other Duties, towards raising the necessary Supplies, to defray Your Majesty's Public Expenses, and making such permanent Addition to the Public Revenue, as shall be equal to the increased annual Charge occasioned by the Funding of Exchequer Bills, and by any Loan made, pursuant to any Act or Acts passed or to be passed for that Purpose in this Session of Parliament; and it is also expedient to consolidate the additional with the existing Duties: We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, have resolved to grant unto Your Majesty the several Duties hereafter mentioned; and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Duties upon Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Pamphlets and Gold and Silver Plate, granted by an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof*, shall cease and determine from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that all the Duties on Stage Coaches and on Licences for keeping Stage Coaches, granted by the same Act, shall cease and determine from and after the Fourth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; five and except each of the said Duties, or so much and such Parts thereof, as shall have become due or payable before or upon these Days respectively, and remain in Arrear, or unpaid afterwards; all which Duties so in Arrear, or remaining to be paid, shall be recoverable by the same ways and means, and with such and the same Privileges, and in such and the same manner, in all respects, as if this Act had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in and throughout the whole of Great Britain, for and in respect of the several Articles, Matters and Things mentioned and described in the Schedule hereunto annexed (except those standing under the Head of Exemptions) the several Duties or Sums of Money, set down in Figures against the same respectively, or otherwise specified and set forth in the said Schedule; and that the Duties on Stage Coaches and on Licences for keeping Stage Coaches therein mentioned, shall commence and take place from and after the Fourth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that all the other Duties therein mentioned shall commence and take place from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and that the said Schedule, and all the Regulations and Directions therein contained, with respect to the said Duties and the Articles, Matters and Things charged therewith, shall be deemed and taken to be part of this Act, and shall be observed and enforced accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby granted shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain, which said Commissioners and the major Part of them are hereby empowered and required to provide and use proper and sufficient Plates, Stamps or Dies, for expressing and drawing the Duties hereby granted on Almanacks, Newspapers and Licences to keep Stage Coaches, upon the Paper on which the same shall be printed or written, and to alter and renew such Plates, Stamps or Dies in so much time as Occasion shall require; and also to employ such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Acts and Things as shall be thought necessary or expedient for effectually raising and collecting the several Duties hereby granted, and for putting this Act into Execution, in the like and in as full and ample manner as they or any former Commissioners of Stamps are or have been authorized to do, for the raising and collecting of any former Duties under their Care and Management, or for putting into Execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Penalties, Provisions, Clauses, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties contained in and imposed by the several Acts of Parliament, relating to the Duties hereby granted, and to any prior Duties of the same Kind or Description, shall be of full Force and Effect, with respect to the Duties hereby granted, and to the Articles, Matters and Things charged or chargeable therewith, as far as the same are or shall be applicable, in all cases not hereby expressly provided for, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution, for the raising, levying, collecting and bearing of the said Duties hereby granted and otherwise relating thereto, so far as the same shall not be repealed or altered, and shall be consistent with the express Provisions of this Act, as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes, as if the same had been herein repeated and specially enacted, with Reference to the said Duties hereby granted.

V. And be it further enacted, That in and under an Act passed in the Tenth Year of Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for laying several Duties upon all Paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequerd and striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Calicoes, Linens and Woollens, printed or stained; and upon several Kinds of Stamp Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets and Advertisements; for raising the Sum of Eighteen hundred thousand Pounds by way of Lottery, towards His Majesty's Supply; and for levying an additional Number of Hackney Chaises; and for charging certain Stacks of Cardboard Dues; and for better securing His Majesty's Duties in wigs in his Office for the Stamp Duties by Licences for Marriages; and otherwise; and for Relief of Persons who*

44 G. 3. c. 48.
Act (A. 1815.)
in part made in
this.

Exemptions.

Duties granted,
to be printed on
Schedule annexed.

Duties when to
commence.

Schedule part of
Act.

Duties under
Management of
Commissioners of
Stamps, who
are to put the
Stamps, &c.

Penalty, &c. of
former Acts
herein, and put in
Execution not
altered in Duties
granted.

10 Ann. c. 23.
§ 112.
in part repealed.

have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have left Enclaves Bills or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock (Part of the Capital of the South Sea Company) for the Use of the Public, as enacts, that the Author, Printer and Publisher of any Pamphlet, shall lose all Property of Copyright therein, unless the Duty of Two Shillings for every Sheet of Paper which shall be contained in one printed Copy thereof shall have been duly paid, and the Title of such Pamphlet registered, so as any Person may fairly (s) print and publish the same, shall be and the same as hereby repealed. (s) = [illegible] vide 10 Ann. c. 19. §. 118.]

Forging, &c.
Stamp, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Plate, Stamp or Die, or any Part of any Plate, Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made or used, in pursuance of this or any former Act, for expelling and denoting any of the Duties granted by this or any former Act, on Almanacks, Newspapers and Licences to keep Stage Coaches, or shall forge, counterfeit or resemble, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or resembled, the Impression or any Part of the Impression of any such Plate, Stamp or Die upon any Paper whatsoever, or shall stamp or mark, or cause or procure to be stamped or marked any Paper whatsoever, with any such forged or counterfeited Plate, Stamp or Die as aforesaid, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of any of the Duties hereby granted on Almanacks, Newspapers and Licences to keep Stage Coaches, or any Part thereof; or if any Person shall utter, or sell, or expose to Sale any Paper, having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeited Plate, Stamp or Die, or Part of any Plate, Stamp or Die, or any such forged, counterfeited or resembled Impression, or Part of Impression as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged, counterfeited or resembled; or if any Person shall privately and secretly use any Plate, Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made or used as aforesaid, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; then every Person so offending, and every Person knowingly and wilfully aiding, abetting or assisting any Person or Persons in committing any such Offence as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death.

Forging, &c.
Gold and Silver
Plate Duty
Mark, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, any Mark, Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made or used in pursuance of this or any former Act, relating to any Duties on Gold or Silver Plate made or wrought in Great Britain, for the Purpose of marking or stamping any such Gold or Silver Plate, in the manner directed by any such Act, or shall forge, counterfeit or resemble, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or resembled, the Impression of any such Mark, Stamp or Die, upon any such Gold or Silver Plate, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; or if any Person shall mark or stamp, or cause or procure to be marked or stamped, any such Gold or Silver Plate, or any Vessel or Ware of base Metal, with any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp or Die as aforesaid, or shall transcribe or remove, or cause or procure to be transcribed or removed, from one Piece of Gold or Silver Plate to another, or to any Vessel or Ware of base Metal, any Impression made with any Mark, Stamp or Die, which shall have been provided, made or used in pursuance of this or any former Act, for the Purpose of marking or stamping of any such Gold or Silver Plate as aforesaid; or if any Person shall sell, exchange or expose to Sale, or export out of Great Britain, any such Gold or Silver Plate, or any Vessel or Ware of base Metal, having thereupon the Impression of any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp or Die, as aforesaid, or any forged, counterfeited or resembled Impression of any Mark, Stamp or Die, so provided, made or used as aforesaid, or any Impression of any such Mark, Stamp or Die, which shall have been transcribed or removed from any other Piece of Plate as aforesaid, knowing the same respectively to be forged or counterfeited, or transcribed or removed as aforesaid; or if any Person shall wilfully and without lawful Excuse (the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused) have or be possessed of any such forged or counterfeited Mark, Stamp or Die, as aforesaid, or shall privately and secretly use any Mark, Stamp or Die, so provided, made or used as aforesaid, with intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; then every Person so offending, and every Person knowingly and wilfully aiding, abetting or assisting any Person or Persons in committing any such Offence as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death.

Private Ap-
prentices, &c.
printing Alman-
acks without
Consent.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Apprentice, Journeyman or Servant of any Printer or Printers, shall, without his or their Knowledge, print at his or their Press any Almanack or Calendar, or any Book or Pamphlet serving the Purpose of an Almanack or Calendar, liable to any Duty imposed by this Act, upon any Paper not duly stamped for denoting such Duty, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to seize and apprehend any such Apprentice, Journeyman or Servant so offending, and to carry him before any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Division or Place where the Offence shall be committed; and it shall be lawful for any such Justice of the Peace to commit any such Apprentice, Journeyman or Servant so offending, and being thereof convicted, by his own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses before such Justice of the Peace, to the House of Correction, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

Discount allowed
on Newspapers
Stamp.

IX. And be it further enacted, That a Discount, after the Rate of Twenty Pounds per Centum, on the gross Payment of any Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards for the Duties on Newspapers granted by this Act, shall be allowed to all Proprietors of Newspapers, who shall sell their Papers to the Public at a Price not exceeding Seven pence each, or at a Price not exceeding Two pence Halfpenny each, above the Price at which their Papers were sold, for the Space of Three Calendar Months or more, prior to the Twenty second Day of June One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven; and that a Discount, after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum and no more, on the gross Payment of any Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards for the

Duties

Duties on Newspapers granted by this Act, shall be allowed to the Proprietors of Newspapers, who shall sell their Papers to the Public at any higher Price than that above mentioned.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall provide Two Sets of Stamps for denoting the Duties hereby granted on Newspapers, one of which shall express the Allowance of Discount of Twenty Pounds per Centum, and the other not; and the Set of Stamps to express the Discount of Twenty Pounds per Centum shall be used for stamping the Paper of the Person to whom that Discount shall be allowed; and the other Set of Stamps shall be used for stamping the Paper of the Person to whom the Discount of Four Pounds per Centum shall be allowed: And if any Person or Persons shall print or cause or procure to be printed, any Newspaper, or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Communications, without printing thereon the full Price at which the same is to be sold, or shall sell or expose to Sale any such Paper or Newspaper at any greater Price than shall be printed thereon, or shall print or cause or procure to be printed on any such Paper or Newspaper, which shall be stamped with the Stamp expressing the larger Discount, any Price exceeding that, in respect of which the larger Discount is hereby directed to be allowed, or shall sell or expose to Sale any such Paper or Newspaper so stamped as last mentioned, at or for any Price exceeding that, in respect of which the larger Discount is hereby directed to be allowed, the Person or Persons in offending shall for every such Paper or Newspaper so printed or sold or exposed to Sale as aforesaid, contrary to the intent and Meaning of this Act, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XI. And Whereas divers Hackney Coaches have hitherto been licensed by the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches to be used as Stage Coaches, and the Coaches so licensed have been exempted from the Mileage Duties on Stage Coaches, and have paid only the same Duties as Hackney Coaches regularly employed as such, although they are prohibited from plying as Hackney Coaches, and are Stage Coaches to all Intents and Purposes: And Whereas it is expedient that all Stage Coaches should be placed on the same Footing and be subject to the same Duties: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all such Parts of any Act or Acts of Parliament as authorize the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches to license any Hackney Coaches to be used as Stage Coaches, and as exempt the Owners of Hackney Coaches already so licensed, from taking out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps; and from the Payment of the Mileage Duties on Stage Coaches, and from the Provisions of any Act or Acts relating to Stage Coaches, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and thus, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Owners of Hackney Coaches now employed as Stage Coaches shall be liable to take out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps, and be subject to such and the same Duties and to such and the same Provisions and Regulations as the Owners of any other Stage Coaches.

XII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, none of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches shall be deemed or construed to extend to prevent the Owners or Drivers of Stage Coaches, duly licensed by the Commissioners of Stamps, and paying the Mileage Duty, from taking up Passengers, within the Bills of Mortality, out of the Paved Streets of London or Westminster or Borough of Southwark, and any Continuation thereof, so that they do not deviate from their regular Road for such Purpose.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to arise from the Duties granted by this Act, and from the Duties granted by another Act of the present Session of Parliament, and thereby placed under the Management of the said Commissioners of Stamps, and from the several other Duties now under the Management of the same Commissioners, together with the Sums to be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as a Compensation for the Exemption of their Promissory Notes and Bills from Stamp Duty, pursuant to the Directions of the last other Act of the present Session, shall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver General of the Stamp Duties in Great Britain; who shall from time to time pay the same into the Bank of England for safe Custody, pursuant to the Act in that behalf made and provided, and shall thereupon pay the same (after deducting the Charges of raising, collecting and accounting for the same and all other Charges first payable thereout, and with the Exemption of any Duties on Lottery Licences and Shares of Tickets) into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster in one Sum, and at such times and in such manner as the present Stamp Duties are by the Laws in force directed to be paid; and that the Monies so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, out of the Monies to be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall be set apart, on the Fifth Day of January in every Year, so much of the Net Produce of the Duties on Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Pamphlets, Gold and Silver Plates and Stage Coaches, hereby granted, and of the yearly Per Contage Duty on Fire Insurances, and the augmented Legacy Duties, granted by the aforesaid Act of the present Session of Parliament, as shall be the just and due Proportion thereof, in respect of the Augmentations made by this and that Act to the present Duties on these several Articles; and there shall also be set apart, at the same time, the Surplus of the Net Produce of the Duties hereby granted on Stage Coach Licences, and of the several Duties granted by the aforesaid Act of the present Session of Parliament, except the Yearly Per Contage Duty on Fire Insurances, and the several Legacy Duties, after deducting out of each Net Produce Yearly (and to be Proportion for less than a Year) the Sums of Three Millions three hundred and thirty three thousand six hundred and forty two Pounds Three Shillings and Five Pence, being the aggregate Amount of the Net Yearly Produce of the Duties on Stage Coach Licences hereby granted, and of the Duties granted by the aforesaid Act of the present Session of Parliament, (except the yearly Per Contage Duty on Fire Insurances, and the several Legacy Duties) upon an Average of Two Years ending on the Fifth Day of January last; and there shall also be set apart, at the

Newspapers stamped, to denote the Discount.

Price of News papers printed.

Costs, and other in higher Price, &c.

Penalty.

44 G. 3. c. 38. s. 1.

44 G. 3. c. 38. s. 1. (B.)

in part repealed.

Hackney Coaches employed as Stage Coaches licensed by Council.

Stamps.

Stage Coaches not prohibited from taking up Passengers in Bill of Mortality.

Duties paid to Receiver General, and by Bank of England.

Act c. 184. s. 11.

Exemption.

Consolidated Fund.

Appropriation of Duties.

Act c. 184.

Act, c. 185.
§ 11.
48 G. 3 c. 149
§ 11.

the same time, so much of the Sum to be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as a Compensation for the Stamp Duties on their Notes and Bills pursuant to the Duties of the aforesaid Act of the present Session, as shall exceed the Sums hitherto paid by them under a former Act; and that the several Sums of Money, so to be set apart as aforesaid, shall be drawn as Addition to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament; and after setting apart the several Sums aforesaid, all the Rent and Rents of the Monies so to be paid into the Exchequer as aforesaid (including the before mentioned Sum of Three Millions three hundred and thirty thousand six hundred and forty two Pounds Three Shillings and Five Pence), shall be considered as the Produce of Duties granted for the Purpose of defraying the Annual Charge of Public Debt created in former Years, and shall be appropriated and appropriated accordingly in the Accounts of the Consolidated Fund and of the Public Debt of Great Britain, in such and the same manner as the Net Produce of the Duties now under the Management of the said Commissioners of Stamps would have been, in case this Act and the said other Act of the present Session had not been made.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	Stamp.
ADVERTISEMENT contained in the London Gazette, or in any other Newspaper or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Occurrences, printed and published in Great Britain; that is to say, for every such Advertisement	d. s. d. 0 3 6
ADVERTISEMENT contained in or published with any periodical Pamphlet whatsoever, printed and published in Great Britain, or in or with any Part or Number of any Book or Literary Work published in Parts or Numbers, for every such Advertisement	0 3 6
ALMANACK or CALENDAR, or any Book or Pamphlet serving the Purpose of an Almanack or Calendar, for any time not exceeding One Year	0 1 3
ALMANACK or Calendar, or any Book or Pamphlet serving the Purpose of an Almanack or Calendar for several Years; for each Year for which such Almanack or Calendar shall be made or intended	0 1 3
ALMANACK or Calendar Perpetual, or any Book or Pamphlet serving the Purpose of a Perpetual Almanack or Calendar	0 10 0
NEWSPAPER, or Paper containing Public News, Intelligence or Occurrences, printed in Great Britain, to be dispersed and made public; that is to say, for every Sheet, Half Sheet, or other Piece of Paper, whereof the same shall consist	0 0 4
PAMPHLETS, or Books, or Papers commonly so called, printed and published in Great Britain, containing One Whole Sheet, and not exceeding Eight Sheets, in Octavo, or any lesser Page, or not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper contained in One Copy thereof	0 3 0
<p>And all Parts or Numbers of any Book, or Literary Work, published in Parts or Numbers, exceeding One Whole Sheet, but not exceeding Eight Sheets, in Octavo, or any lesser Page, or not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, shall be deemed Pamphlets.</p> <p>Exemptions from the Duties on Pamphlets, Newspapers and Advertisements.</p> <p>Acts of Parliament, Proclamations, Orders of Council, Forms of Prayer and Thanksgiving, and Acts of State, ordered to be printed by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors.</p> <p>Printed Votes, or other Matters, by Order of either House of Parliament.</p> <p>Books commonly used in the Schools of Great Britain.</p> <p>Books containing only Matters of Devotion or Piety.</p> <p>Any Paper containing a single Advertisement printed and dispersed separately.</p> <p>Daily Abstracts or Bills of Goods, imported and exported, and the Weekly Bills of Mortality, provided such Bills or Abstracts do not contain any other Matter than what hath been usually comprised therein.</p>	
PLATE of Gold made or wrought in Great Britain, and which shall or ought to be touched, alloyed and marked in Great Britain, for every Ounce thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity	per Ounce 0 17 0
<p>Exemption.—Gold Work Cases.</p>	
PLATE of Silver made or wrought in Great Britain, and which shall or ought to be touched, alloyed or marked in Great Britain, for every Ounce thereof, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity	0 1 6
<p>Exemptions.</p> <p>All Work Cases, Chains, Neckers Bands, Lockets, Philigree Work, Silver Buttons or Buttons, Stamps, Medals, and Spectacles in China, Steel or Earthenware Tea Pots, of Silver, of any Weight whatsoever.</p>	

Examples—continued.	Dues.
<i>Typings, Sewings in Ribbons, not weighing Ten Pennyweights of Silver each, and not being Neck or Collar for Gowns, Coats or Dresses appertaining to any Sort of Bands or Frames, Wares of Silver not weighing Five Pennyweights of Silver each, but this Exception not to include Neck, Collar and Ties, for Gowns, Coats or Dresses, appertaining to any Sort of Bands or Frames; Buttons to be affixed to or fit on any Wearing Apparel, Gold Silver Buttons, and Gold Studs, not having a bevelled Edge soldered on, Wrought Tools, Blank Tools, Bottle Ties, Shoe Glasse, Patch Boxes, Salt Spoons, Salt Ladles, Tea Spoons, Tea Strainers, Caddy Ladles, Buckles and Pins of Gown, Cane, or Key Cases, or Tea Caddy, or Buttons, or Bands or Frames.</i>	d. s. d.
STAGE COACHES; that is to say, any Coach, Berrio, London, Chaise, Calash, Chaise Marais, Chaise, Diligence or other Carriage with Two or more Wheels, by what Namesoever the same may be called or known, which shall be employed as a Public Stage Coach or Carriage for conveying Passengers for Hire, to or to and from any Place or Places in Great Britain, and which shall be licensed for carrying not more than Four Inside Passengers (Children in Lap excepted), for every Mile any such Coach or other Carriage shall travel	0 0 3d
... which shall be licensed for carrying more than Four but not more than Six Inside Passengers (Children in Lap excepted), for every Mile any such Carriage shall travel	0 0 3
... which shall be licensed for carrying more than Six but not more than Eight Inside Passengers (Children in Lap excepted), for every Mile any such Carriage shall travel	0 0 4
... which shall be licensed for carrying more than Eight but not more than Ten Inside Passengers (Children in Lap excepted), for every Mile any such Carriage shall travel	0 0 4½
... which shall be licensed for carrying more than Ten Inside Passengers (Children in Lap excepted), for every Mile any such Carriage shall travel	0 0 5½
LICENCE to be taken out yearly by the Person or Persons who shall keep any Coach, Berrio, London, Chaise, Calash, Chaise Marais, Chaise, Diligence or other Carriage with Two or more Wheels, by whatsoever Name the same may be called or known, to be employed as a Stage Coach or Carriage for conveying Passengers for Hire to or to and from any Place or Places in Great Britain; that is to say, for each such Coach or other Carriage	0 10 0

C A P. CLXXXVI.

An Act for granting an additional Sum of Money for providing a suitable Residence and Estate for the Duke of Wellington and his Heirs, in Consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Duke to His Majesty and the Public. [11th July 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting a Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate for the Marquis of Wellington and his Heirs, in Consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Marquis of Wellington to His Majesty and the Public: And Whereas another Act, passed in the said Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend an Act of the previous Session of Parliament, for granting a Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate for the Marquis of Wellington and his Heirs, in Consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Marquis of Wellington to His Majesty and the Public: And Whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for joining and joining an Act as an Act of Wellington and his Heirs; and for empowering His Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to advance, out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, a Sum of Money in lieu of such Sum of Money in purchase an Estate, in order to accompany the said Title in Consideration of the eminent signal Services performed by the said Duke of Wellington to His Majesty and to the Public; and for making further Provision for the Disposal of a Sum of Money granted by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for purchasing an Estate for the said Duke then Marquis of Wellington: And Whereas His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the behalf of Your Majesty, by His most Gracious Message to Your Majesty's most faithful Commons, hath been pleased to declare, that having taken into His Consideration the most important and glorious Victory obtained by Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington over the French Army under the immediate Command of Buonaparte on the Eighteenth Day of June, in defence of manifesting the Stroke extended by His Royal Highness and the Country of this signal and splendid Achievement which has added fresh Renown to the British Arms, and which cannot fail to be productive of the most essential Advantages to Europe; and therefore recommended to Your Majesty's faithful Commons to enable His Royal Highness to grant such additional Provision to Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington as should afford a further Proof of the Opacity maintained by Parliament of the Duke of Wellington's transcendent Services, and of the Gratitude and Maintenance of the British Nation: Now, We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom, in Parliament assembled, do hereby considering*

4 D 4

Your

Warrant issued to Treasurers and Exchequerers for providing full and entire Receipts and Returns for Duke of Wellington.

Treasurer under Acts, Duties for Purposes of Act.

Warrant and Debitments made full, without Fee.

Warrant and Debitments.

Treasurer, in the Treasury Act.

Acquittance of Treasurers, fullness.

Tax free. In default of Payment Officers of Exchequer prohibited.

Treasurers are able to lay out Money immediately in providing Receipts or Returns, that full interest on Exchequer Bills, &c.

Power of Acts extended to Act.

Your Majesty's most gracious Intention, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, there shall and may be issued any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, free and clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, to the Treasurers under the said second Acts for better enabling the said Treasurers to build or provide or purchase a suitable Residence and Estate for the said Duke of Wellington and his Heirs.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurers for the time being for the Purposes of the said second Acts shall be Treasurers for the Purposes of that Act, and shall have all such Powers and Authorities, and be entitled to all such Rights, Privileges and Exemptions, and shall be subject to all the same Provisions and Regulations in the Execution of the Trust reposed in them by this Act, as they have and are entitled to in relation to the Trusts of the said second Acts.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Great Britain now being, or any Three or more of them, and the Lord High Treasurer and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, and Commissioners of the Treasury of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer as Great Britain now and for the time being, to make forth and pass Disbursements for paying the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; which said Warrant, and the Disbursements to be made forth and passed thereupon, shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds to such Treasurers respectively as aforesaid, to the said Duke of Wellington and the Heirs of the said Duke of Wellington, or to such other Person or Persons as shall be entitled to receive the same without any further or other Warrant to be sent for, had or obtained in that behalf.

IV. And be it further enacted, That after signing of any such Warrant, the same shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and true Meaning thereof and of this Act, and shall not be determinable or revocable by or upon the Death of His Majesty (whom God long preserve!) or any of his Heirs or Successors, or by or upon the Death or Removal of any of the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer or Under Treasurer, or by or upon the Determination of the Power, Office or Office of them, or any of them.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of the said Treasury now being, and the Lord High Treasurer of the said Treasury for the time being, Chancellor and Under Treasurer, Chamberlains and Barons of the said Exchequer, and all other the Officers and Ministers of the Court of Exchequer and the Receipt thereof, now and for the time being, shall and they are hereby authorized and strictly required and required to do, without Fee or Reward, all such Acts, Matters and Things as are hereinafter directed and required, or shall be necessary to be done and performed by them or any or either of them, in order to render this Act and the Payments hereby directed effectual.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Acquittance and Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of the said Treasurers respectively for the Sum so to be advanced to them, and of the said Duke of Wellington, or the Heirs of the said Duke of Wellington jointly with the four Treasurers, or of such other Person or Persons as shall be entitled or authorized to receive such Sum or Sums aforesaid, shall be a good and sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Sum so to be advanced, without any further or other Warrant to be sent for or obtained in that behalf; and that such Sum so to be advanced and every Part thereof shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Imposts, and other Public Charges whatsoever; and in case any of the Officers of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Sum so to be advanced, or any Part thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or shall refuse to do any Act necessary to enable the said Treasurers respectively, and the said Duke of Wellington and the Heirs Male of the Body of the said Duke, or such other Person or Persons as shall be entitled to receive the same, then the said Treasurers respectively, and Duke, and the Heirs of the said Duke, and such other Person or Persons as shall be entitled to receive the same, or any Part thereof, may from time to time sue, prosecute and impound such Officers, or any of them, their Executors and Administrators, by Bill, Plaint or Action of Debt, and shall or may recover judgments, and for such Executions thereupon against such Officers respectively, their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for so much of such Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds as shall have been in the Hands of the Officer or Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, at the time or times when Demands shall have been legally made of the Paymaster of the said Sum, or any Part thereof, as aforesaid, or for the Refusal or Neglect to do any Act necessary to be done by such Officer or Officers respectively.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if so the Payment of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds to such Treasurers as aforesaid, the said Treasurers shall not be able immediately to invest the same in the building, providing or purchasing of any such Residence or Estate as aforesaid, then and in such case the said Treasurers shall, and they are hereby required to lay out such Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, as so to be advanced or paid to them, or such Part thereof as cannot be so invested as aforesaid in Exchequer Bills, or in any other Government Securities, and to keep the same so invested in Exchequer Bills, or some other Government Securities, bearing Interest, until the same can be invested in any such Purchase as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations and Clauses in the said second Acts contained, for enabling the said Treasurers therein mentioned to build or repair or alter

	355,000	=	0	For Wages of 30,000 Men,	At per	d.	s.	d.	For 10 Lahrer Months commencing 1st April 1845.
	500,000	=	0	For Victuals,	Minister	"	1	15	6
	430,000	=	0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,	Month.	"	2	3	0
	70,000	=	0	For Ordnance fuel &c. Services,	"	"	0	7	0
XII.	4,371,485	13	9	For Salaries and Expenses of Admiralty, &c.					
	907,408	19	3	For Half Pay, &c. to Officers of Navy and Marines, &c.					
	57,323	16	0	For Superannuations, &c. to Admiralty					
	2,116,710	=	0	For Building and Repairs of Ships of War and Ketches					
	1,488,757	=	0	For Provisions for Troops and Quarters on Foreign Stations, and Rations for Troops embarked on Board Ships of War and Transports					For the Year 1845
	97,845	2	9	For Salaries and Contingencies of Transport Office and Officers for Sick and Wounded Seamen and Prisoners of War					
	3,350,521	3	0	For Transport Service					
	156,286	2	5	For Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad					
	181,567	14	0	For Prisoners of War at Home and Abroad					
	3,811	13	6	For Superannuations to Clerks, &c. belonging to Transport Service					
XI.	1,569,000	=	0	For paying off remainder of Bills of Credit under 54 G. 3. c. 13.					
XIII.	5,000,000	=	0	To make good Engagements which His Majesty has entered into with the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of Russia and the King of Prussia.					
XIII.	1,000,000	=	0	To enable His Majesty to carry into Execution the Conditions of a Convention with the King of Sweden dated 15th Aug. 1814.					
XIV.	1,451,056	8	3	To enable His Majesty to make good Subsidiary Engagements entered into with Foreign Powers previous to the Year 1815.					
XV.	39,448,013	16	41	For Land Forces and other Services; that is to say,					
	3,538,618	=	0	For Land Forces in Home and Abroad (excepting Regiments in Possession of East India Company and Foreign Corps in British Pay)					
	10,000	=	0	For Five Troops of Dragoons and Thirteen Companies of Foot for Recruiting Corps employed in Territorial Possessions of East India Company					
	245,000	=	0	For embodied Militia of United Kingdom and Royal Corps of Mores of Devon and Cornwall					
	85,000	=	0	For Pay of General Officers in Forces, not being Colonels or Brevetiers					
	800,000	=	0	For General and Staff Officers and Officers of Heliports serving with Forces and Charge of Garrisons					
	60,000	=	0	For Full Pay for Supernumerary Officers of Forces					
	106,000	=	0	For principal Officers, of certain Public Departments in United Kingdom, their Deputies, Clerks and Contingent Expenses					
	78,000	=	0	For Fees expected to be paid at Exchange by Paymaster General of Land Forces on Bills for Army Services					From 25 Dec. 1814. to 31 Jan. 1815.
	218,000	=	0	For Half Pay to Reduced Officers of Land Forces					
	7,000	=	0	For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of Land Forces					
	487,000	=	0	For Is and Out Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital and of Royal Hospital near Chelsea					
	30,000	=	0	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines					
	150,000	=	0	For Local Militia of Great Britain					
	857,000	=	0	For Foreign Corps in Service of United Kingdom					
	13,000	=	0	For Allowances to retired Chaplains and to Clergy-men officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad and Expenses of Office of Chaplain General and Contingencies					
	60,000	=	0	For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces and other Hospital Contingencies					
	25,000	=	0	For Allowances on Compensation Left to Children of deceased Officers of Land Forces, and to Wi-					

		Jews of Officers of Land Forces not entitled to Pensions, including Allowances as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to several Officers, and to Relatives of deceased Officers	
100,000	0 0	For Commuted Pensions in Ireland, including Charge of Passage for Cavalry in that Part of the United Kingdom	
200,000	0 0	For Barrack Department in Ireland	
135,000	0 0	For Regiments of Militia remaining in an Embodied State	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Feb. 1815.
55,000	0 0	For Volunteer Corps in United Kingdom	
6,750	0 0	For Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuation or retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in Great Britain and Ireland in respect of their having held Public Offices of a Civil nature	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Jan. 1815.
1,169,602	7 5	Land Forces at Home and Abroad (excepting Regiments employed in Territorial Possessions of East India Company and Foreign Troops in British Pay) including Charge of Pay and Daily Allowance of Commissioned Officers, &c. Charge of Clothing New Commissioned Officers, &c. Charge of Agency; and Charge of Annual Allowances made to Field Officers, &c. and Allowance for Forage, as also certain miscellaneous Charges on Account of Land Forces	
10,942	16 3	Five Troops of Dragoons and Thirteen Companies of Foot, for recruiting Corps employed in Territorial Possessions of East India Company	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Dec. 1815.
701,702	18 6	Corps of Militia of United Kingdom remaining in an embodied State	
106,496	13 9	Pay of General Officers in Land Forces not being Colonels of Regiments	
242,103	19 8	General and Staff Officers and Officers of Hospitals serving with Forces and Charge of Garrison	
35,086	2 5	Full Pay for Superannuated Officers of Forces	
97,380	7 10	Allowances to principal Officers of several Public Departments in United Kingdom, their Deputies, Clerks and Messengers	
111,000	0 0	Exchequer Fees in Great Britain and of Passage, Fells and Hospital Fees in Ireland upon Issues made for Army Services	For the Year 1815.
227,387	16 2	Half Pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including Reduced Officers of British American Forces and of Spanish Brigades late in Service of Spain	
12,218	18 2	Military Allowances to Reduced Officers of Land Forces including British American Forces	
372,254	17 4	In and Out Professions of Clergy and Ecclesiastical Hospitals and Internal Expenses of Land Hospitals	
17,443	9 10	Pensions to be paid to Widows of Officers of Land Forces, and Expenses attending same in United Kingdom	
113,038	4 8	Volunteer Corps in United Kingdom	
210,000	0 0	Local Militia maintained in Great Britain	
586,515	4 0	Foreign Corps in Service of United Kingdom	
6,450	16 11	Allowances to Regular Chaplains, and Allowances to Chaplains officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad, including Expenses of Office of Chaplain General and other Contingencies	

To complete Sum required for Charge of

4468 13 11	Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces and of other Hospital Contingencies	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Dec. 1815.	
38,168 0 3	Allowances on Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers of Land Forces and to Widows of Officers of said Forces not entitled to Pensions, including Allowances as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to several Officers and to Relatives of deceased Officers		
189,591 8 0	Commissariat Department in Ireland, including Charge of Forage for Cavalry in that Part of United Kingdom		
7,437 18 5	Allowances, Compensation and Emoluments in Nature of Superannuation or Retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Public Departments in Great Britain and Ireland in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employments of a Civil Nature		
38,260 1 11	For Augmentations to His Majesty's Land Forces	In the Year 1815.	
1,000,000 0 0	For Corps of Militia of United Kingdom and Royal Mines of Docks and Canals embodied	From 25th June to 24th Dec. 1815.	
50,000 0 0	For Augmentation to Staff of Land Forces		
50,000 0 0	For additional Charge on Account of Medicines, Surgical Materials and Hospital Contingencies for Land Forces	For the Year 1815.	
50,000 0 0	For Pay and Allowances for certain British Officers attached to the Portuguese Army	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Dec. 1815.	
59,816 0 0	For Barrack Department in Great Britain		
1,099,561 0 0	For Commissariat in Chief's Department, exclusive of any Parachute of Space	In the Year 1815.	
58,500 0 0	For Store Keeper General's Department		
13,388 14 4	For further Expenses of Barrack Department in Ireland (Irish Currency set)	From 25th Dec. 1814, to 24th Dec. 1815.	
47,008 0 6	For further Sum which may be eventually required for Commissariat in Ireland (Irish Currency set)	Between 25th June and 24th Dec. 1815.	
3,373 0 0	For Works intended to be done in Depot Barracks at Cork (Irish Currency)	Between 24th June 1815, and 24th Dec. following.	
50,000 0 0	On Account Charge of Disembodied Militia of United Kingdom		
8,000,000 0 0	Towards making good amount of Bills of Exchange drawn upon Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for extraordinary Expenses of Army, and which have been paid out of Money issued to Paymaster of Forces	Between 24th Dec. 1813, and 12 Nov. 1814.	
169,343 9 31	For extraordinary Expenses of Army incurred and paid	From 25th Dec. 1813, to 24th Dec. 1814.	
1,000,000 0 0	On Account of Extraordinary Services of Army of Great Britain and Ireland		
9,000,000 0 0	For further defraying extraordinary Expenses of Army of Great Britain and Ireland	For the Year 1815.	
XVI. 2,387,928 17 10	For Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain	For the Year 1815.	
20,551 0 4	Idem	not provided for in 1815.	
51,046 3 8	Idem	Do 1814.	
143,508 18 7	Idem	Great Britain on account of Allowances to retired General Officers, to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers Incurred, to Officers for good Services, and to Wounded Officers, to Superannuated and Disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of deceased Officers late belonging to several Ordnance Military Corps	For the Year 1815.
28,515 19 6	For Allowance to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers Incurred, to		

4,500	0	0	For paying off on 5th April 1815. Debentures called in pursuance of 53 G. 3. c. 41. 53.	
19,797	10	0	For Half Year's Interest on 5th April 1815. on Sum called by Debentures in pursuance of 53 G. 3. c. 41. 53.	
56,157	5	8	For paying off on 5th April 1815. Annuities granted by 57 G. 3. c. 57. and 42 G. 3. c. 53.	
20,000	0	0	For Amount of Bills drawn from New South Wales	For the Year 1815.
1,001	0	0	Fleet Prison	
327	0	0	Marshall's Prison	
4,491	0	0	King's Bench Prison	From 6th Jan. 1814.
2,110	0	0	Rolls House Chapel, &c.	to 5th Jan. 1815.
6,590	0	0	House of Parliament and Speaker's House	
60,000	0	0	For Penitentiary House at Millbank	
20,500	0	0	For Roads and Bridges in Highlands of Scotland under 43 G. 3. c. 50.	
50,000	0	0	For Indian Navigations from <i>Essex</i> to <i>Weymouth</i> Sea by <i>Swanage</i> and <i>Port William</i>	
136	0	0	For Superannuation Allowances to Two retired Clerks in Lottery Office	For the Year 1815.
60	0	0	Due to John Pogo formerly Assistant Engraver to the Mint	
255	13	4	Due to Joseph Platts Esq. formerly One of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills	
1,300	0	0	Due to retired Clerks and other Officers formerly employed in Office of Commissioners for Auditing Public Accounts	
146	16	7	For Deficiency of Grant for 1813. for Printing 1,350 Copies of Vol. 66. of Journals of House of Commons.	
1,300	0	0	For Printing 1,350 Copies of Vol. 68. of Journals of House of Commons being for Session 1813. and which may be incurred in 1815.	
10,000	8	9	For Deficiency of Grant for 1814. for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of House of Commons during full Session.	
16,000	0	0	For Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of House of Commons during present Session.	
4,000	0	0	Towards Reprinting Journals and Reports of House of Commons in 1815.	
1,500	0	0	For Printing Votes of House of Commons during present Session.	
3,618	14	11	For Deficiency of Grant for 1814. for Printing for House of Lords and for Printing Acts of Parliament.	
31,000	0	0	For Printing Acts of Parliament for two Houses of Parliament, for Sheriffs, Clerks of Peace, and Chief Magistrates throughout United Kingdom, and for acting Justices throughout Great Britain; and for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for House of Lords for 1815.	
3,500	0	0	For Stationery for Two Houses of Parliament	
1,880	0	0	For Salaries of certain Officers of Two Houses of Parliament	
4,100	0	0	For Expenses incident to Two Houses of Parliament	
1,673	17	0	For Poor French Refugee Clergy	
4,398	3	6	Do do	
753	13	6	For Protestant Dissenting Ministers in Ireland	
1,617	14	0	Do do in England	
18,000	0	0	For American Loyalists	
1,156	14	10	For small Charitable Allowances to the Poor of Saint Martin in the Parish of St. Martin	For the Year 1815.
3,000	0	0	For National Vaccine Establishment	
13,000	0	0	For Stipends for Convicted of Felony and Overpayments	
77,283	5	0	For confining, &c. Convicts at Home	
14,000	0	0	For Public Office New Street	
5,000	0	0	For Prosecutions relating to the Coin	
80,000	0	0	For Law Charges	
4,000	0	0	For Fees on passing Public Accounts	
3,000	0	0	For Repairing English Episcopal Church at Rouen.	

50,000	0	0	For Clergy and Lark of <i>Fraser, Telford and Gordon Emigrants, Salar</i> <i>Dawing Sufferers and Death Naval Officers.</i>	
1,000,000	0	0	For Interest on Exchequer Bills.	
150,000	0	0	Being the 100th Part of 15,000,000 } To be issued and paid by equal of Exchequer Bills authorized in last } Quarterly Payments to Bank of Session to be issued and charged upon } England, to be placed to Ac- Aids granted in present Session and } count of Commissioners for Re- Is respect of Debtors Hand under } duction of National Debt for 53 G. 3. c. 41. 53. } Year ending 1st Feb. 1816.	
10,000	0	0	For Half Year's Interest to 10th Oct. 1815. on Sum raised by Debtors	
10,000	0	0	in pursuance of 53 G. 3. c. 41. 53.	
40,727	13	7	For paying off on 10th Oct. 1815. Accounts granted by 53 G. 3. c. 57. and 48 G. 3. c. 57.	
5,000	0	0	For Compensation to Commissioners under 46 G. 3. c. 123. for affidavit, &c. during Three Years' Trial	
25,000	0	0	For extra Charge of Messengers of Three Secre- taries of State	
11,000	0	0	For extra Charge for Contingencies of Three Se- cretaries of State	For the Year 1815.
3,434	18	4	For Repair of Henry VIIIth's Chapel	
7,028	3	4	For Superintendence of Alms under 43 G. 3. c. 155.	
5,000	0	0	For Trustees of British Museum to carry on Trials reported to them by Par- liament.	
1,486	4	10	For further making Dittos.	
1,000	0	0	For Trustees of British Museum to proceed in making necessary Purchases for improving Collection of Printed Books.	
8,000	0	0	Dittos, to print the <i>Croce Almondine</i> .	
810	0	0	Dittos, for preserving and enlarging Collection of Natural History.	
9,000	0	0	To Trustees for Settling Annuity on Earl of Stirling.	
15,000	14	11	For Royal Naval Asylum	From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. 1815.
20,100	0	7	For Royal Military College	From 25th Dec. 1814 to 24th Dec. 1815.
12,818	14	8	Asylum at Chelsea	
470	11	8	For Deficiency of Grant for 1815. to defray Bills of Ulster of Court of Ex- chequer for supplying Court and Officers with Stationery, for Repairing the Court, and Fees to Officers.	
350	13	11	Dittos in 1814.	
3,178	14	6	For Bills of Ulster of Court of Exchequer, &c. in 1815.	
10,486	10	3	For Improvements at Wickham in 1815.	
897	16	0	For Deficiency of Grant for 1814. for Printing 1,750 Copies of 6th Vol. of Journals of House of Commons.	
12,000	0	0	For <i>Helhead Harbour</i> in 1815.	
8,984	0	0	For Embanking the <i>Thames</i> in Front of <i>Penitentiary House</i> at <i>Middlesex</i> .	
35,000	0	0	For Foreign and other Secret Services for 1815.	
4,530	0	0	For Buildings at the Mint.	
3,000	0	0	For Board of Agriculture.	
20,000	0	0	For repairing Road between <i>London</i> and <i>Helhead</i> . [See note, c. 152.]	
2,076	1	9	For Allowances, &c. to <i>Captain Haas, Balfour, Latham and Wright</i> , on Sum of Advantages as <i>Barrack Masters</i> of <i>Royal Marines</i> from 1st October 1813, to 1st June 1815.	
10,000	0	0	For Improvement of Buildings of University of <i>Edinburgh</i> .	
200,000	0	0	To Trustees for feeding <i>Asylum</i> on <i>Duke of Wellington</i> .	
800,000	0	0	To be distributed to Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Privates serving in <i>British Army</i> under the <i>Duke of Wellington</i> in <i>Portugal, Spain</i> and <i>France</i> during 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813 and 1814, for Captains taken and appropriated to Public Service.	
148,000	0	0	To be distributed to Officers, Non Commissioned Officers and Privates serving in <i>Army</i> under <i>Lieutenant General Sir Samuel Auchmuty</i> at <i>Capture of Island</i> of <i>Jura</i> for Ordnance and Stores taken and appropriated to Public Service.	
554,713	0	0	For Deficiency of Civil List on 31st April 1814.	
800,000	0	0	For Expenses of a Civil estate as do not form Part of Ordinary Charges of Civil List.	
100,000	0	0	For Commemoration of <i>Queen Anne</i> for Augmentation of Maintenance of Poor Clergy.	
10,000	0	0	For Augmentation of Maintenance of Poor Clergy of <i>Scotland</i> .	

58,767	24	10	{ To make good the deficiency out of Civil List	To several Persons for Public Services not being part of Ordinary Expenditure of Civil List.	
2,933	1	1		Not being part of Ordinary Expenditure of Civil List (herein- fore paid out of Proceeds of Old Naval Stores), and not re- placed by Parliament.	
1,806	5	0		For Parliamentary Services, or Services of a Public Descrip- tion.	
500	0	0		To Elizabeth Whitfield, only Daughter of late Lieutenant Ball of Royal In- fantry in Commutation of Merit of said Lieutenant Ball towards Attainment of Object of Preferring Lives of Shipwrecked Seamen and others.	
XXVI.	5878	Currency.		[In Ireland.]	
1,230	0	0		For General Public Officers for extraordinary Trouble in 1815.	
XXVII.	56,507	13	4	Board of Works	For the Year 1815.
24,765	14	5		Printing, &c. for Secretaries' Offices, &c. and Supplemental Allowances in Chief Secretary's Office	
10,500	0	0		Proclamations and other Matters in Dublin Gazette and other Newspapers	For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1816.
15,000	0	0		Criminal Prosecutions and other Law Expenses	
2,500	0	0		Apprehending Public Offenders	
1,047	10	2		Expence of Postage of Port of Dublin	For One Year ending 15th Dec. 1815.
2,432	19	11		Non Conforming Ministers	For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1816.
2,951	0	0		Support of Seceding Ministers from Synod of Ulster	For One Year ending 5th March 1816.
2,142	0	0		Lottery Officers	For One Year ending 24th Dec. 1815.
50,000	0	0		Harbour of Newry, Works &c.	For the Year 1815.
5,716	5	0		Printing 1,200 Copies of compressed Quarto Edition of Statutes of United Kingdom for Use of Magistrates, and 250 Copies of Folio Edition of same, bound for Use of Lords, Bishops and Public Offices.	
5,000	0	0		(British Currency, net) Expence of Preparatory Ministers towards Emigration of an Asylum Harbour in Bay of Dublin to Eastward of Dockyard Pier.	
1,500	0	0		Ditto, Treasury Incidents	For One Year to 5th Jan. 1816.
XXVIII.	21,600	0	0	Treasures of Linen and Hempen Manufactures	For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1816.
10,000	0	0		Building Churches and Glebe Houses and purchas- ing Glebes	
50,000	0	0		Treasures and Commissioners of Fish Fairs, towards building, &c. Churches, &c. building Glebe Houses and procuring Glebes	
19,180	0	0		Commissioners for making roads and convenient Streets in Dublin	For the Year ending 5th Jan. 1816.
500	0	0		Additional Allowance to Chairman of Board of Inland Navigation.	
50,000	0	0		Company of Undertakers of Grand Canal, for Liquidation of Debts of Company.	
20,000	0	0		Directors General of Inland Navigation for extending, &c. Royal Canal.	
1,800	0	0		(British Currency, net) Commissioners for examining Claims of Creditors of late Royal Canal Company.	
XXIX.	10,000	0	0	Dublin Society	
5,000	0	0		Farming Society	
50,000	0	0		Feeding Hospital at Dublin	
44,116	0	0		House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for Indigent Children in Dublin	
5,543	0	0		Hibernian Society for Soldiers' Children at Dublin	
2,945	0	0		Marine Society in Dublin	
3,447	0	0		Female Orphan House in Circular Road Dublin	
5,000	0	0		Widowhood Lock Hospital in Dublin	
3,151	0	0		Lying-in Hospital in Dublin	
1,534	0	0		Building St. Patrick's Hospital in Dublin	
1,558	0	0		Doctor Jones's Hospital	For the Year ending 5th Jan. 1816.
5,000	0	0		House of Recovery and Fever Hospital in Card Street	
4,360	0	0		Allegation for discountenancing Vice and pro- moting Knowledge and Practice of Christian Religion	

1400	o	o	First Infirmary	-	-
1400	o	o	Green Coat Hospital in City of Cork	-	-
1500	o	o	Royal Academic Institution	-	-
40,530	o	o	Protestant Clergy Schools	-	-
9075	o	o	Roman Catholic Seminary	-	-
600	o	o	Cannibiers of Charitable Donations and Bequests	-	-
6080	o	o	Publishing List in Dublin, and ending Model School Secretary for training Schoolmasters, and Repository for Society for promoting Education of Poor	-	-

XXX.	Sume issued to make good Payments out of Civil List, &c. paid without Fee	-	-	-
XXXI.	Supplies to be applied for Purposes aforesaid	-	-	-
XXXII.	Rules for application of Half Pay	-	-	-
XXXIII.	Half Pay to Officers of Naval Vessels	-	-	-
XXXIV.	Chaplains of Regiments although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices	-	-	-
XXXV.	Application of Orphan of Ben under 54 G. 3. c. 167. § 13.	-	-	-

As in 54 G. 3. c. 167.
§ 31—36.

C A P. CLXXXVIII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant to *John Francis Esquire of Mar Eglishe*, and his Heirs and Assigns, the Feu Duties and Quit Rents arising in the Lordship of *Strirling*, in Discharge of a Debt of greater Value created upon the said Feu Duties by a Grant from His Majesty King George the First.

[11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, in the 1. Stat. 1. c. 2. intituled *An Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire of the Estates of certain Treasurers, and of Peppin Recorders, and of Estates given to religious Uses, in order to raise Money out of them generally for the Use of the Public: And Whereas His said Majesty was, by the said Act, empowered to make Provisions for the Daughter of John Earl of Mar, who was attainted for his Assistance in the Rebellion in the Year One thousand seven hundred and Threes, out of His Estates, which were forfeited to The Crown: And Whereas His said Majesty George the First did, in pursuance of the said recited Act, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and Threes, grant to Lady Francis Esquire, the only Daughter of the said John Earl of Mar, a Portion or Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, together with the due and customary Interest for the time, to be payable forth of the said Earl of Mar's forfeited Estates, beginning the first Term's Payment of the said Interest at Martinmas One thousand seven hundred and Threes; and in Security of the said Sum and Interest thereof, His Majesty disposed the forfeited Estates of the said Earl, and the Feu Duties of the Lordship of *Strirling*, which belonged to The Crown, declaring always that the said Estates and Feu Duties should be redeemable by The Crown, on Payment of the said Portion or Sum of Money, and the Annual Rent which should be due thereon at the time of the Redemption: And Whereas John Francis Esquire of Mar (the Son and Heir of the said Lady Francis Esquire), who now claims to be entitled to the said Portion, and the Money remaining due thereon, and Interest thereof, has applied, by Petition, to the Lord Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in relation to the same, and for as Account to be taken of the Arrears remaining unpaid under the said Grant: And Whereas the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland have reported that the Earl of Mar's Estates were sold in the Year One thousand seven hundred and Twenty four, and produced little more than sufficient to pay off the prefrable Debts thereon, and that a very small Sum having been obtained towards the Redemption of the Ten thousand Pounds, granted by His Majesty King George the First to the said Lady Francis Esquire, and that the said Esquire, in return, which amounted for Payment of such Sum, and which was desired by the Commissioners of Forfeited Estates, to amount, on the Eleventh Day of August One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, to Nine thousand two hundred and fourscore Pounds Seven Shillings and Seven pence Half penny, were the Feu Duties of the Lordship of *Strirling*, which, as they belonged to The Crown, were not sold along with the Earl of Mar's Estates; and that ever since that time the said Lady Francis Esquire, and the said John Francis Esquire of Mar her Son, have continued to collect the said Feu Duties payable out of the Lordship of *Strirling*, towards Payment of the above mentioned Sum of Nine thousand two hundred and fourscore Pounds Seven Shillings and Seven pence Halfpenny; but, from the Amount of these Feu Duties being for many Years less than the legal Interest of the above mentioned Sum, the Sum has increased very considerably during the long Period the same has been due, and if now calculated, with Interest, would amount to a Sum of about Twenty eight thousand Pounds, and which is greater than the Value of the Feu Duties at the ordinary Rate of Purchase: And Whereas the said John Francis Esquire is willing and desirous to take the Feu Duties of the Lordship of *Strirling* in full Discharge of the before mentioned Sum and Interest thereon, and it is therefore expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to grant the Feu Duties of the Lordship of *Strirling* in full Discharge, and in lieu of the said Portion, and all Arrears thereof, upon certain Terms and Conditions: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to give, grant and dispose to the said John Francis Esquire Esquire of Mar, and to his Heirs and Assigns, all and whole the Feu Duties of the Lordship of *Strirling*, formerly payable to*

His Majesty
may grant to
J. F. Esquire
Esq. of Mar

Duties of Lord-
ship of Sirling.

the said Lady Francis Esqline, and to the said John Francis Esqline, or to the Chamberlains of the said Lordship, by the Proprietors of Lands, Tenements and others, lying within the Sherifdom of Sirling, Perth and Charlestown, and all Avenues due thereon, be the said John Francis Esqline, or his Heirs or Assigns, giving to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a full and complete Discharge and Acquittance of the said principal Sum of Nine thousand two hundred and Sixty-two Pounds Seven Shillings and Seven pence Halfpenny, and all Avenues of Interest due, or which may be claimed thereon, in such Form as shall be directed and approved by the Chief Baron and Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and which Discharge and Acquittance shall be entered and enrolled in the Offices of The King's Remembrancer and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, and in such other Offices in the said Court as the Barons shall direct.

Proprietors of
Lands in Lord-
ship of Sirling,
not subject to
Duties in
Duties.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act, or in any such Grant contained, shall subject the Proprietors or Possessors of the Lands within the Lordship of Sirling to the Payment of any higher or other Fee Duties than have hitherto been payable or paid, or shall by Law be payable in respect thereof, or in any manner to prejudice the Possessors of such Lands; and that the said Fee Duties be recovered by the Process of the said Court of Exchequer, and all Questions relating to the Amount or Mode of Payment thereof be determined by the Barons of the said Court, as heretofore.

General Enact.

III. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and His Royal Successors, the Commissions as Signatories and Tacks of Tens of the Lands of the said Lordship, passed in Exchequer, as well as Relief and Nonesuch Duties, and other Casualties of Superiority thereof, and all other Rights, except those which are authorized by the present Act to be given away, and to the said Proprietors and Vassals of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of the said Lordship, all Rights and Privileges of Property and Superiority as heretofore; and having also to the Governor of Sirling Castle, now and for the time being, all his Rights in and Emoluments arising out of the Fee Duties of the said Lordship.

With Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

C A P. CLXXXIX.

An Act for allowing Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, to brew, Duty-free, a Quantity of Strong Beer, the Duty on which will be equivalent to the Duty on the Beer sold, and to the Duties on the Malt and Hops expended in the Production of the Beer so sold.

[14th July 1815.]

W^{HEREAS} on or about the Seventeenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, Seven thousand three hundred and fifty five Barrels of Strong Beer, brewed within the last preceding Year by Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, Common Brewers, at their Brewhouse in the Parish of Saint Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, and for which Beer the Duties of Excise, amounting to Three thousand three hundred and twenty one Pounds had been duly paid, was, as it alleged by the said Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, lost by the accidental bursting of a Vat containing Part thereof, and the Staves of which burst Vat fell upon and broke of the Ditchings Cock of another Vat, and also broke a Pipe communicating with another Vat, such Two last mentioned Vats containing the Residue of the said Beer, and by the bursting of which Cock and Pipe the said Residue ran out and was lost, as it was alleged by the said Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry: And Whereas it has been computed that the Duty on the Malt and Hops expended in the Production of the said Beer amounted to the Additional Sum of Three thousand three hundred and twenty three Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Four pence, amounting together to the Sum of Six thousand six hundred and twenty four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Four pence; and it is expedient to grant such Relief as is hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them, to permit and suffer the said Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, to brew free of Duty in those said Brewhouses, under the Superintendence of the proper Officers of Excise, at such Times and on such Occasions as to them the said Commissioners of Excise shall seem meet, within the Space of Nine Months next after the passing of this Act, such and so many entire Casks of Strong Beer, not more than Four hundred Barrels, the Duty for or in respect whereof would amount to the said Sum of Six thousand six hundred and twenty four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Four pence, or so much thereof as they the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them, shall judge: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend, to authorize or require the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them, to permit or suffer the said Henry Mear, Thomas Sterling Baynes, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, or any or either of them, to brew, free of Duty, any greater Quantity of Beer than such Quantity as the Beer Duty thereon will amount to the Duties on Beer, Malt and Hops, according to such Mode of Computation as aforesaid, for the actual Quantity of Beer which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of them the said Commissioners of Excise or Three or more of them (the Sufficiency of such Proof thereof being left to the Satisfaction, Judgment and Decision of them the said Commissioners, or Three or more of them, who are lawfully authorized and required to investigate the same, and examine the Witnesses upon Oath, which Oath they the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, are lawfully authorized and empowered to administer), to have been so brewed by them the said Henry Mear,

Commissioners
of Excise to per-
mit Henry
Mear, & Co.
to brew five
of Duty, within
Nine Months, &
twenty Casks of
Strong Beer, if
Duty would
amount to
6444s. 14s. 4d.
provided Laid in
that Amount
proved to Com-
missioners.

Moss, Thomas Starkey Baylis, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, and by them paid Duty Set, and contained in the said Vets at the time of the said burning of the first of the said Vets, and to have been actually left by the said burning of the said Vets and breaking of the said Cocks and Pipes, and the said burning to have been accidental, and not to have arisen from any Negligence or Overlook, or for Want of due or reasonable Care on the Part of them the said Henry Moss, Thomas Starkey Baylis, Florence Thomas Young, Richard Latham and John Newberry, or any or either of them, or of any Person or Persons in their Service or Employment; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any writ notwithstanding.

C. A. P. CXI.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, to improve the Land Revenue of The Crown, so far as relates to the Great Forest of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock; and for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of the said Forest; and for inclosing the said Forest. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *48 G. 3. c. 73*
As to improve the Land Revenue of The Crown in England, and of His Majesty's Duchy
of Lancaster: And Whereas it is expedient that so much of the said Act as directs that it should be lawful
for the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenue for the time being to contract with any Person
or Persons for the Sale of the Soil, Mines or other Minerals, or other Substances or Herbage, or any
other Rights or Interests of His Majesty, in the Great Forest of Brecknock, in the County of Brecknock,
at the best Prices or Considerations in Money which the said Surveyor General should be able to procure for
the same, and which should be approved of by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury
for the time being, and that the Purchase Money to be paid for the same should be paid into the Bank of
England, and applied as therein directed; and that such Sales should be made in the same manner and
under the same Regulations, and the Certificates and Receipts to be given should be in the Form therein
directed with respect to the Sales of Crown Lands; and immediately after the Enactment of the said Cer-
tificate and Receipt in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, the respective Purchasers should
be adjudged to be in the actual Possession and Possession of the Premises in by them respectively purchased,
freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands which could or might be made by His Majesty, his
Heirs or Successors, or by any Person or Persons lawfully claiming under him or them, and of and from all
Inconveniences whatsoever; should be repealed: And Whereas all the Powers and Authorities which were
vested in the said Surveyor General have, in pursuance of an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign
of His present Majesty, intitled As to vesting the Office of Surveyor General of the Land Revenue
of The Crown and Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Parks and Chases, become vested
in the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues: And
Whereas it is expedient that Power should be given to the said Commissioners to sell and dispose of all
such Part or Proportion of the said Forest, as upon the Division and Inclosure thereof pursuant to the
Act shall be allotted or set out unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and of His Majesty's Interests in
the several Mines, Minerals and other Substances within the said Forest; Be it therefore enacted by His
Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Parts of the
said recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as are heretofore recited and
referred to, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to contract and agree for the Sale of, and absolutely to make Sale and dispose of all such Part or Parts of the said Forest as shall be set out or allotted unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, under or by virtue of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities herein contained, or of so much or such Parcels or Portions thereof as they the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, with such Approbation as aforesaid, shall think it expedient to sell, and of all His Majesty's Rights and Interests in and to the same; and of all the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of, in and to all Mines of Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and other Minerals whatsoever in or under the said Forest or any Part thereof, hereby reserved to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and of all Powers of Searching for, working, digging, raising and carrying away such Coal, Lead Ores, Metals and other Minerals, for the best Prices or Considerations in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall be able to procure for the same; and that all and every the Sums and Sums of Money which shall or may arise or be produced from such Sale or Sales, shall from time to time be paid into the Bank of England, and placed to the Account directed by the said Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to be raised in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, intitled "The Account of the Public Money of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the Woods and Forests Fund;" and shall be applied and disposed of in such and the like Manner and for such and the like Purposes as the other Monies by said last mentioned Act directed or authorized to be paid or carried over or placed to the same Account, are thereby authorized or directed to be paid, applied or disposed of.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of any of the said Lands, Hereditaments, Rights or Interests thereby authorized

48 G. 3. c. 73

48 G.

20 G. 3. c. 45.

51

48 G. 3. c. 73

48 G.

repealed

Commissioners
 of Woods and
 Forests: and
 the Bank's
 Accounts, &c.

20 G. 3. c. 45

514

Purchasers or
 Promoters to have
 Certificates, &c.
 for Purchase

the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as are not altered, *and as amended provided for* 45 G. 1. (U.K.)
by this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Commissioner shall act in the Execution of any of the Powers by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, granted (save and except the Power of signing and giving Notice of the first Meeting of the said Commissioners) until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath, in Addition to the Oath by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty directed to be taken; *such Oath to be administered and inserted in like manner as the Oath by the said last mentioned Act, prescribed to be taken by Commissioners for executing Acts of Indulgence, is directed to be administered and inserted; which additional Oath shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,*

I, A. B. do swear (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm), That I am neither Oath.
Proprietor or Occupier of, nor to the best of my Knowledge am I concerned as Guardian, Steward, or
Agent for any Proprietors of Messuages, Cottages, Houses, Lands or Grounds, or other Premises having or
claiming any Right of Common or any Manorial Rights, Tithes or any other Right or Interest whatsoever
in, over or upon the Open Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by
virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled [here insert
the Title of this Act.] So help me GOD."

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said *Henry de Brays*, or any Person to be nominated or appointed a Commissioner in his Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall die, neglect, refuse to act or become incapable of acting as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, then and in each case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, by any Writing under their Hands, within One Calendar Month after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity as aforesaid shall be made known to them, to nominate and appoint a proper Person (not interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said *Henry de Brays*, or of such other Person nominated or appointed in his Room or Stead, so dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and so from time to time as often as any Commissioner, to be nominated and appointed by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues as aforesaid, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, then and in every such case the surviving or remaining Commissioner shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Death, Neglect, Refusal or Incapacity shall happen to be known to him, summon a Meeting (of which Meeting Twenty one Days' Notice at the least, and of the Purpose thereof, shall be given by Advertisement in the *Cambridge Newpaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper printed or circulated in the said County of *Berkshire*) of all and every the Owners or Proprietors claiming such Rights as aforesaid, to be holden within Thirty Days from the Date of such Notice; and the major Part in Value of such Owners or Proprietors who shall attend such Meeting in Person or by their Agents or Proxies duly authorized for that Purpose (such Value in case of any Difference or Dispute as to the same, to be determined by Reference to the Land Tax Assessments of the several Parishes wherein the several Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in respect whereof such Owners or Proprietors claim such Rights as aforesaid, are situate) shall and they are hereby required at such Meeting to nominate and appoint, by any Instrument in Writing under their Hands, or under the Hands of their Agents or Proxies, some fit and proper Person, not interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Inclosure, to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of the said *Johs Chely*, or of such other Person nominated and appointed in his Room or Stead, so dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming incapable to act as aforesaid; and so from time to time, as often as any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed by such Persons having Rights of Common or other Rights as aforesaid, or by their Agents or Proxies, shall die, neglect, refuse or become incapable to act as such Commissioner in the Execution of the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act; and every Person to be nominated and appointed to act as a Commissioner in manner aforesaid, shall, after taking and subscribing the Oaths herein prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Authorities in every respect, for carrying the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, into Execution, and shall be subject and liable in the like Manner, Regulations and Restrictions, as if such Person or Persons had been originally nominated a Commissioner or Commissioners in and by this Act.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Persons having such Rights of Common or other Rights as aforesaid, or their Agents or Proxies as aforesaid, or either or any of them respectively, shall make Default in summoning and appointing any new Commissioner to be directed to be nominated and appointed by them respectively, as aforesaid, within the respective times for that Purpose limited and in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the surviving or remaining Commissioner, and he is hereby required, from time to time by Writing under his Hand, within One Calendar Month next after the Expiration of such respective time so allowed for summoning and appointing such new and succeeding Commissioners as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint a fit and proper Person (not interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Inclosure) to be a Commissioner in the Room or Stead of such Commissioner so dying, neglecting, refusing or becoming

If Commr's
Enter of
Woods, &c., and
Proprietors of
Lands, to, in-
terest to appoint
new Commrs.
Whereas within
limited time
acting Commrs.
Enter to make
Appointment.

at O. 3. (U. K.)
6. 10p.

Commissioners
regarding to sit
at Meetings
in the City
of London.

becoming incapable to sit as aforesaid; and every Commissioner for the said Year, shall, after taking and subscribing the Oath herein prescribed in that behalf, have the like Powers and Privileges for carrying the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, into Execution, and shall be subject and liable to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as if he had been originally nominated a Commissioner as and by this Act.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if either of the said Commissioners has been nominated, shall refuse or be sick to attend at the said Meeting appointed to be held in pursuance of this Act, and the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, and duly qualify himself by taking and subscribing the Oath herein prescribed in that behalf, and the absence of the said Commissioners shall at any time after the said first Meeting signify about him or from any Two following successive Meetings appointed to be held by virtue of this Act, or by his Agent or Clerk, Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, or if any Meetings being known to him either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks in the said Commissioners, and such Commissioners not having been prevented by Sickness, or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or continuing at such Meeting or Meetings; or if any Commissioner to be nominated and appointed in manner by this Act directed, shall not attend, and qualify himself as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act and the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, at the first Meeting of the said Commissioners after his Nomination or Appointment, or shall otherwise signify about himself from Three following successive Meetings to be held by virtue of this Act, or, having been absent from Two successive Meetings, shall not attend during the whole of the Third or next succeeding Meeting, such Meeting being known to him either by his being present at the Appointment thereof, or by Notice thereof in Writing having been given to him or left at his last or usual Place of Abode by the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, and such Commissioners not being prevented by Sickness, or other reasonable Cause to be allowed by the other Commissioners, from attending or continuing at such Meetings; then and in every of such cases such Absence or Nonattendance shall be deemed and taken to be a Refusal to sit within the intent and Meaning of this Act.

Umpire to
appoint.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Difference shall arise between the said Commissioners, touching or concerning any Matter or Thing to be done by them by virtue or in the Execution of the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, whereupon the said Commissioners shall differ or not agree in Opinion, the said Commissioners from time to time, when and so often as such Difference or Disagreement of Opinion shall arise, shall by Writing under their Hands appoint some fit and proper Person (not being interested in the said intended Division, Aliquot and Inclosure, nor being the Attorney or Agent of any Person so interested) to be an Umpire between them; and the Matter upon which such Difference or Disagreement of Opinion shall or may arise, shall be referred to and shall be settled and determined by such Umpire, whose Determination shall be made in Writing, and shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whatsoever (except as to such Right of Appeal as is given by this Act or the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty); and for the Purposes aforesaid, but not for any other Purposes, such Umpire shall have and be lawfully vested with the same Powers and Authorities as are by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, given to or vested in the said Commissioners; but no Person shall be capable of sitting as such Umpire as aforesaid, until he shall have taken and subscribed an Oath in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to say,

at O. 3. (U. K.)
6. 10p. 1 p.

Umpire's Oath

I, **I** do swear, That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform the several Powers and Authorities vested and imposed in me as an Umpire, by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled *An Act [three infers the Title of this Act]* according to Equity and good Conscience, and without Fear or Affection, Prejudice or Partiality, to any Person or Persons whatsoever.

So help me GOD.

Which Oath the said Commissioners or either of them are and is hereby empowered to administer; and such Oath, and also the Writing appointing an Umpire, shall be assented to and enrolled with the said Award of the said Commissioners.

Commissioners
may appoint a
Clerk or Clerks.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a Clerk or Clerks to assist them in the Execution of this Act and the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and shall and may remove such Clerk or Clerks, and appoint another or others in his or their Room or Rooms, as to them shall seem meet; and in case of the Death, Incapacity or declining, or neglecting to act of any such Clerk or Clerks, then and in any of such cases the said Commissioners shall and may appoint any other Person or Persons they may think proper to be their Clerk or Clerks.

Surveyors ap-
pointed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That *Several Members of Grays Inn* in the County of *Middlesex*, and *Divers Members of Lincolns Inn* in the County of *Bedford*, Land Surveyors, shall be and they are hereby appointed Surveyors, for the Purpose of viewing, surveying and measuring the said Fields, and all the Open Commonable Lands and Grounds within the same; and such Surveyors are hereby accordingly authorized and directed, as soon as conveniently may be, to view, survey and measure the said Town, and all the said Open and Commonable Lands, and all the Buildings and Encroachments whatsoever made in and upon the same, and to describe and lay down the same by way of Map or Plan, whereon, or in a Book of Reference to be assented thereto, shall be set forth the Number of Acres and decimal Parts of an Acre of the said Field, and

and shall require and find out, and is and by the Survey and Plan thereof, and in a Book of Reference to the same, set forth a minute and exact Account of all and singular the Premises for Surveyed, and the Quantity and Contents of each several Parcel, Inclosure and Parcel of Land thereof, with the Names of all and every the Owners and Occupiers thereof respectively; thereby distinguishing such of the Premises as are of Freehold Tenure from such as are of Copyhold or Customary or Leasehold Tenure, and of what particular Manors or Lordships or Persons the said Copyhold or Customary or Leasehold Tenements are severally and respectively holden.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons having in his, her or their Capacity or Possession any actual Surveys, Maps or Plans of any of the Lands or Grounds in respect whereof the Owners or Occupiers of the same are entitled to Rights of Common or other Rights, to produce and deliver such Surveys, Maps and Plans to the said Commissioners at such time or times as they shall appoint for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners thereupon shall require as the Oath as well of the Person or Persons producing and delivering such Surveys, Maps and Plans respectively, as of such other Person or Persons as they shall think fit (which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to administer) into the Authenticity and Accuracy of every such Survey, Map or Plan: And in all cases where the said Commissioners shall be satisfied that such Surveys, Maps and Plans are authentic and have been accurately made, and will answer the Purpose of a new Survey (but not otherwise) they the said Commissioners shall deliver the same over to the said Surveyors, with Directions to insert and copy the same into the Surveys of the Lands, the Owners or Occupiers whereof are entitled to Rights of Common, or any other Rights or Interests, instead of making a new Admeasurement and Plan of the Lands and Grounds to be compiled and delimited in the Maps and Plans aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That out of the Money which shall be raised for defraying the Expenses of obtaining, passing and executing this Act, the said Commissioners shall be paid the Sum of Three Pence each, and no more, for each Day they shall be actually attending in and about the Execution thereof, and in travelling to and from the Meetings necessary for that Purpose, the same to include and be in Satisfaction of all Costs and Expenses in travelling and otherwise, which they shall be put to in executing the same; and that the Surveyors and the Clerk or Clerks shall be paid and allowed for their Pains and Trouble such Sum or Sums of Money as the Commissioners shall think just and reasonable; and that every Proprietor, Attorney and Agent, who shall attend the said Commissioners at any of their Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act, or the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall pay his own Expenses at all such Meetings; and in such cases as the Objectors or Appraisers of the Proprietors, of any Act, Matter or Thing to be done, or proposed to be done in Pursuance of the said last recited Act and this Act, is directed to be made and settled at any Meeting or Meetings, it shall be lawful for the Proprietors or Agents of such Meeting or Meetings by their respective Agents or Process duly authorized, whose Acts or Votes shall be as effectual as if such Proprietors were present in Person.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the First Meeting of the Commissioners for putting this Act and the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty into Execution, shall be held at the House known by the Sign of *The Bull's Head*, in the Village of *Draycote*, in the County of *Berkshire* aforesaid, within Two Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or as soon after as circumstances will admit; and that the said Commissioners shall cause Notice in Writing to be affixed upon each of the Principal Outer Doors of the several Churches or Chapels of the several Parishes or Hamlets, Townships or Places aforesaid, and also a like Notice by Advertisement to be inserted in the *Gazetteer Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper usually circulated in the said County, of the Time and Place of their First and every future Meeting (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) for the Execution of the Powers hereby and by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty vested in them, Fourteen Days at least before the same appointed for such respective Meetings; and in case only One of the said Commissioners shall attend at the Time and Place appointed for any Meeting, or to which any Meeting shall be adjourned, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, and to and for the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners, in case neither of the said Commissioners shall attend, to adjourn the said Meeting to be holden on any future Day, not exceeding Twenty one Days from the Day of Adjournment, at the same or some other convenient Place within Eight Miles of the said Parish; and the Commissioners, or Clerk or Clerks making such Adjournment, is and are hereby required to give timely Notice thereof to the absent Commissioner or Commissioners.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all other Notices requisite or necessary to be given by the said Commissioners, shall be given by Advertisement, to be inserted in the said *Gazetteer Newspaper*, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper usually circulated in the said County of *Berkshire*.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Intakes or Encroachments made on the said Commutable Lands and Grounds within the said Parish, and which have been made within the Space of Thirty Years now last past, and for which no Licence, Consent or Grant hath been obtained from The Crown, shall be deemed and constituted Part and Parcel of the Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and enclosed by virtue of this Act, as if the same were already lying open and unenclosed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, before they proceed to make any Division or Allotment directed by this Act, to set out and appoint any new and additional Public Roads or Highways, or any new Tracks or Ways for foot Public Roads or Highways, in and over the said land Forest, and to make such Order or Orders as to them shall seem proper in relation thereto, subject to the Restrictions, Provisions and Directions of this Act; and that the said Commissioners shall or may turn or chain and stop up, or cause or order to be turned or chained and stopped up, any street

Carriage

Carrage Road or Way, Road or Ways, or any ancient Footway or Path, Footway or Paths, or, through, upon or over any of the Lands and Grounds within the said Forest, where they shall arise in exigence or convenience, and to make such Order or Orders as to them shall seem proper for that Purpose, subject nevertheless to the Provisions, Restrictions and Directions of this Act: Provided always, that no Turnpike Road shall be altered or directed without the Consent of the Treasurers having the Care and Management thereof, or any Five or more of them, at a Public Meeting of such Treasurers to be convened by due Notice, and hold for that Purpose; nor any Public Highway or Road be shut up or discontinued, until the Road or Roads be marked out or intended to be and remain Public Highways, shall be set out and made according to the Directions of this Act, and until the same shall be properly inclosed and made convenient and safe for Horses, Cattle and Carriages: Provided also, that all Private Roads, Ways and Foot Paths, which shall be set out and appointed by the said Commissioners, shall be made and for ever maintained and kept in repair by such Person or Persons, and in such manner, as the said Commissioners shall, by their Award, or by any other Writing under their Hands, orders, direct or appoint.

Proviso.

Proviso.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after setting out the Public Roads and Highways as by this Act is directed, to set out and allot unto and for the Formation and Repairs of the Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Forest, so much and such Part and Parts of the Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds within the said Forest, and in such Places as the said Commissioners shall think proper, for getting Stone, Gravel or other Materials for the Formation or for the Repairs from time to time for ever of the Public and Private Roads and Highways made or to be made within the Limits of the said Forest; and the Gravel and Hedges arising therefrom shall be vested in such Person as the said Commissioners shall allot the same unto; and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby also authorized and required to set out Watching Places in the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, for Cattle and Beasts, for the common Use and Benefit of all Persons occupying Lands and Grounds in Right of which they are or shall be entitled to Rights of Common in or over the said Forest.

Allotment for Repairs of Roads.

and for Watching Places in the Forest.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, in the best place, to set out and allot such Part or Parts, or Parcel or Parcels of the Lands and Grounds by this Act directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as and for Public Limestone Quarries, for the Purpose of getting Lime Stone and other Stones therefrom, with convenient Roads and Ways to and from the same respectively, to be used as common, as well by the Proprietor or Proprietors, or the Lessee or Lessees of His Majesty's Allowment or Allowments hereby directed to be made, as also the Proprietors of Estates entitled to Rights of Common on the said Forest, and their Tenants for their respective necessary Uses within the said Forest, or in or upon the Estates in respect whereof they are entitled to Rights of Common, and for the Repairs of the Public and Private Roads within the said Forest; and such Allowment or Allowments shall be vested in such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners shall, by Writing under their Hands, or by any Award to be made by virtue of this Act, appoint in Trust for the Purpose aforesaid; and shall be inclosed and fenced in such manner, and shall be subject to such other Regulations and Directions as the said Commissioners shall in and by these said Award order or direct.

Allotment for Public Limestone Quarries for general Use.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, to divert, order and award all Streams of Water, Springs and Watercourses, within the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, to be carried and conveyed in such Course, and through such of the said Lands and Grounds as they shall think proper to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as they in their Discretion shall think necessary and proper for the Purpose aforesaid: Provided always, that no such Streams of Water, Springs or Watercourses, shall be diverted or turned, without the Consent of the Person or Persons from and into whose Lands the same shall be carried or conveyed.

Commissioners empowered to turn Watercourses.

Proviso.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall mark and set out such Part and Parts of the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as by the Sale thereof will, in the Judgment of the said Commissioners raise a sufficient Sum of Money to defray and discharge all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to and attending the obtaining and passing this Act, and of preparing and insinuating the Award or Awards to be made by the said Commissioners, and of surveying, advertising, planning, valuing, dividing and allotting the Lands and Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, and of surveying, advertising and planning such other Lands as shall by virtue of this Act be surveyed, measured and planned; and all the Charges of the said Commissioners and Umpires, their Surveyors, Assessors, Clerks, Assistants and Servants, and all the other necessary Expenses of the several Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners in and about the same; and all the Expenses of fencing, occupying and repairing the Public Carrage Roads and Highways to be set out by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, and all other Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, as soon after the passing of this Act as they shall think proper, and so from time to time as often as they shall think necessary, to sell by Public Auction, in the Manner, and subject to the Directions and Regulations mentioned and performed in and by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, unto any Person or Persons who he or they will be willing to become the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, such Part or Parts of the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, as they shall mark and set out and deem sufficient for the Purpose aforesaid; and the Purchase Money of the said Lands in so be sold as aforesaid shall be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners within such time and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall appoint, and the Receipt or Receipts of the said Commissioners for such Purchase Money shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Purchaser or Purchasers for the same; and immediately after Payment of such Purchase Money, and after such Receipt or Receipts shall be given to such Purchaser or Pur-

Lands sold for Payment of Land-tax.

41 G. 3. (1847) c. 102. § 30.

Purchaser, the Allotments, Pieces or Parcels of Land so purchased by him, her or them shall, by virtue of this Act become vested in her, her or them, and in his, her or their respective Heirs and Aliens, in absolute Fee Simple, and shall be included and held in Sovereignty by the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof respectively as his, her or their Private and Absolute Property, and shall be allotted accordingly by the said Commissioners; and the said Purchase Money shall be applied in defraying such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid.

§ 36. And be it further enacted, That in case such Part or Parts of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be sold as heretofore mentioned shall be sold for more Money than will be required to defray such Costs, Charges and Expenses as aforesaid, then and in each case such Surplus Money shall be divided and apportioned between His Majesty and the several Persons interested in the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, in such Shares as shall be in Proportion to such their respective Property, Rights and Interests; and the Share of His Majesty shall be paid to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and the respective Shares of such other Persons as shall be Tenants in Fee Simple of their respective Allotments, shall be paid to them respectively; and the Shares of such other Proprietors or Persons of and in such Surplus Money, shall be applied and disposed of in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in cases where any Money is to be paid for the Purchase or Exchange of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Timber or Wood growing thereon, and which Money ought to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be suited to the same Uses.

§ 37. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the Persons interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Enclosure, shall be desirous of having the Whole of their respective Shares and Allotments of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, let out and allotted to them without any Allotment for or in respect of the said heretofore directed Sale, for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall by themselves or Agents signify the same in Writing to the said Commissioners, at the time of the Delivery in of their respective Claims as heretofore directed, or within such time afterwards as shall be limited and prescribed by the said Commissioners, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to set out and allot to all such Persons respectively, all such Shares and Proportions of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds as they would have been severally entitled to under and by virtue of this Act, in case no Provision had been hereby made for Sale of any Part of the same Lands and Grounds, and without any Deduction or Allotment whatsoever on that account; and to adjust and settle what Sum and Sum of Money ought to be borne and paid by such several Persons, their Heirs or Aliens, for and in respect of their several and respective proportionable Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution; and in case such Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay such Sum or Sum of Money as aforesaid, that then and in each case the same shall be levied and recovered in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall give to the said Commissioners any Power to charge such Persons interested as aforesaid with any Part of the Expenses attending or occasioned by the Sale heretofore directed.

§ 38. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the Persons interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Enclosure, shall be desirous of having the Whole of their respective Shares and Allotments of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, let out and allotted to them without any Allotment for or in respect of the said heretofore directed Sale, for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall by themselves or Agents signify the same in Writing to the said Commissioners, at the time of the Delivery in of their respective Claims as heretofore directed, or within such time afterwards as shall be limited and prescribed by the said Commissioners, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to set out and allot to all such Persons respectively, all such Shares and Proportions of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds as they would have been severally entitled to under and by virtue of this Act, in case no Provision had been hereby made for Sale of any Part of the same Lands and Grounds, and without any Deduction or Allotment whatsoever on that account; and to adjust and settle what Sum and Sum of Money ought to be borne and paid by such several Persons, their Heirs or Aliens, for and in respect of their several and respective proportionable Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution; and in case such Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay such Sum or Sum of Money as aforesaid, that then and in each case the same shall be levied and recovered in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall give to the said Commissioners any Power to charge such Persons interested as aforesaid with any Part of the Expenses attending or occasioned by the Sale heretofore directed.

§ 39.

§ 40. And be it further enacted, That in case any of the Persons interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Enclosure, shall be desirous of having the Whole of their respective Shares and Allotments of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, let out and allotted to them without any Allotment for or in respect of the said heretofore directed Sale, for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall by themselves or Agents signify the same in Writing to the said Commissioners, at the time of the Delivery in of their respective Claims as heretofore directed, or within such time afterwards as shall be limited and prescribed by the said Commissioners, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to set out and allot to all such Persons respectively, all such Shares and Proportions of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds as they would have been severally entitled to under and by virtue of this Act, in case no Provision had been hereby made for Sale of any Part of the same Lands and Grounds, and without any Deduction or Allotment whatsoever on that account; and to adjust and settle what Sum and Sum of Money ought to be borne and paid by such several Persons, their Heirs or Aliens, for and in respect of their several and respective proportionable Charges and Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution; and in case such Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay such Sum or Sum of Money as aforesaid, that then and in each case the same shall be levied and recovered in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall give to the said Commissioners any Power to charge such Persons interested as aforesaid with any Part of the Expenses attending or occasioned by the Sale heretofore directed.

XXVIII. And, in order to the making of an adequate Compensation for the Great and Small Tithes arising and accruing within the said Forest hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, to the several and respective Persons entitled to such Tithes, be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby directed and required, in the next Place, to set out and allot unto and for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in lieu of all Tithes both Great and Small, and all Modifines, Compositions and other Payments in lieu of Tithes, arising, accruing, increasing, happening or payable out of, from or in respect of such Part or Parts of the Open and Commonable Lands within the Limits of the said Forest as are or shall be found to be Encompassed, such Part and Parcel of the said Lands or Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be a full Satisfaction and Compensation for all such Tithes both Great and Small, and all Modifines, Compositions, and other Payments in lieu thereof; and also to set out and allot unto and for the Person or several Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who or they are or shall be entitled to Tithes in Kind, in, over or upon such Part or Parts of the said Open and Commonable Lands as it or are locally situate within the Bounds or Limits of any Parish or Parishes, of any Part or Parts of the said Lands were or are to be, for and in lieu of all Tithes both Great and Small, and all Modifines, Compositions, and other Payments in lieu of Tithes whatsoever, arising, growing, accruing, increasing, happening or payable within or from the said Forest, out of or from, or for or in respect of such last mentioned Lands, such Parts and Parcels of the said Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and included, as in the Judgment of the said Commissioners shall be a full Satisfaction and Compensation for all such last mentioned Tithes, Modifines, Compositions and other Payments in lieu of Tithes; all which said Tithes both Great and Small, and all Modifines, Compositions and other Payments in lieu of Tithes, shall respectively emit and be for ever relinquished, from and inmediately after the making and setting out of such Allotment or Allotments in lieu thereof, and Notice given by the said Commissioners, by Writing under their Hands, to be affixed on the principal outer Doors of the several Parish Churches adjoining the said Forest, that the said Allotment or Allotments may be forthwith entered upon respectively, or from and after such other time as the said Commissioners shall in and by such Notice direct and appoint.

§ 41. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required, by Examination of Witnesses upon Oath or otherwise (which Oath they are hereby empowered to administer) to ascertain, settle and determine to whom the said last mentioned Allotment or Allotments shall belong; and when they shall have so ascertained the same, they are hereby authorized and required to apportion and

and divide the same respectively, between, unto and amongst the Person or several Persons who shall appear to them to be entitled thereto.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever Allotment shall be made to His Majesty, in lots of Tithes, of such of the said Open and Commonable Lands as are or shall be found to be Extraneous, that, immediately after the same shall be set out, become and remain the exclusive Property of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and shall be subject to the said Rules and Regulations in every respect, as the Allotment herebefore directed to be made and set out to His Majesty, in subject to.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, after making and setting out the several Allotments heretofore mentioned, to divide, set out and allot, One full Moiety or Half part of all the Rent, Residue and Remainder of the said Parcel, due regard being had to the Quality and Situation thereof, unto The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and which Allotment, as far as the same shall be allotted and severed from the Lands adjoining thereto, shall become and remain the exclusive and absolute Property of The King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, freed, exonerated and forever discharged of and from all Rights of Common, Common of Pasture and Turbary, and all other Rights of what nature or kind soever.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to set out such and to survey Private Roads and Ways, as shall be necessary for giving convenient Access to such Allotments as shall be so as aforesaid made to or for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That when and as far as the said Commissioners shall have set out the Allotment or Allotments heretofore directed to be made and set out to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, they shall prepare a separate Award, with a Map or Plan of such Allotment awarded thereto whereof three shall be Three Originals; One to be enrolled in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, another in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, there to remain as Record, and which shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Minutes of the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being; and the said Award or the Instrument thereof shall or may be produced, read and received in Evidence, on all Occasions where any Question, Doubt or Controversy may arise, relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in respect of any Allotment so be vested in The King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act; and the Third of the said Awards shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Brecknock.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required, in the next Place, to set out and allot the Residue of the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and excluded, unto and amongst all and every the Persons entitled to Commonage, in, over or upon the same respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively (other than and except The King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors) in Proportion to the real Value of their several and respective Messuages, Cottages, Lands and Tenements, in respect whereof they are entitled to such Rights of Common, and to the Part or Parts of the Lands to be allotted, in, over or upon which their respective Rights of Common shall extend due regard being had in settling the Question of such Allotment, to the Quality and Situation of the Land to be comprised therein; and shall also set out and award every Person's Allotment as near to his Messuage or Messuages, Cottages, Sites, Lands and Tenements, in respect whereof he is or shall be entitled to Right of Common as conveniently may be.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Persons having or claiming any Estate or Interest in or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and excluded, shall by themselves or their Agents deliver their respective Claims in Writing to the said Commissioners, at a Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, of which Meeting Twenty one Days Notice in Writing under the Hands of the said Commissioners expressing the Purpose of such Meeting, shall be given to the manner heretofore directed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Claims of any Right or Rights of Common upon the said Open Commonable Grounds or Waste Lands or any Part or Parts thereof, to be delivered to the said Commissioners in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall (whether the same be generally objected to or not under the Provisions of the said recited Act, by any Person or Persons, or Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, intitled or claiming to be intitled in the Premises) be intitled by the said Commissioners or the major Part of them, as far as conveniently may be after Delivery thereof: Provided always, that the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to give Fourteen Days Notice in the last of their Meetings for such Purpose, by Advertisement in the Cambrian Newspaper, if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper circulated in the said County of Brecknock; and the said Commissioners shall with all convenient Speed, after such Intelligences of the said Claims, cause printed Lists or Schedules of the same, distinguishing therein all such of the said Claims to which they shall have any Objections, or to which Objections shall have been made by any other Person in pursuance of the said Act, to be lodged for the Purpose of Public Inspection, in such and in many convenient Places as the said Commissioners shall think proper, of which Places Public Notice shall be given by Advertisement in the said Cambrian Newspaper if then published, and if not, then in some other Newspaper circulated in the said County of Brecknock; and shall also cause Copies or Extracts thereof, in so far as shall concern or relate to the respective Claims to which Objections shall arise or be made, to be left at the last or usual Places of Abode of the respective Persons whose Claims shall be objected to, or of their Steward or Agent; and any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who find or claiming to be intitled in the Premises, may after Objections to any Claim contained in such Schedule or List, within Three Months next after the aforesaid Publication thereof, by delivering

A Award to
The King in
lots of Tithes,
subject to his
Rules as to what
Allotments to
His Majesty.
Allotment to
The King.

Commissioners
to set out Roads
to His Majesty's
Allotments.
Award of His
Majesty's Allotments, enrolled
in Exchequer at
Westminster, and
Office of Audit
of Land Revenue.

Residue allotted
to Persons entitled
to Commonage.

Claims of Right of
Common.

Claims to be
lodged for
Public Inspection.

Persons.

delivering the Particulars of such Objection to the said Commissioners in Writing, in manner prescribed by the said recited Act; and so such Objection shall afterwards be received, unless for some legal Disability or special Cause to be shewed by the said Commissioners.

Power to Com-
missioners to
make Disputes

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute or Difference shall arise, between any of the Parties interested or claiming to be interested in the said intended Division, Allotment and Inclosure, touching or concerning the respective Rights and Interests which they or any of them shall have or claim to have in the Lands, or touching or concerning any other Matter or Thing relating to the said Division, Allotment and Inclosure, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Umpire, and they and he are and is hereby authorized and empowered to examine into, hear and determine the same respectively.

Commissioners
may determine
Title in Dispute

XXXVIII. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Commissioners or Umpire to determine the Title to any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments whatsoever; but they and he shall assign and set on the several Allotments directed to be made, unto the Person or Persons having the actual Seisin or Possession of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in right or in respect whereof such Allotments shall be made.

Power to settle
Costs relative to
disputed Claims
or Objections.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners shall, upon the Hearing and Determination of any Claim or Claims, Objection or Objections, to be delivered to them in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, for Costs to award any Costs, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby empowered, upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to settle, assign and award such Costs and Charges as they shall think reasonable to be paid, either to the Public Account for or towards the Expenses occasioned in or relating to the investigating, finding and determining of such Claim or Claims, if finally disclosed, or to the Party or Parties in whose Favour any Determination of the said Commissioners shall be made, by the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Claim or Claims, Objection or Objections, shall be thereby disclosed or overruled; and in case the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be liable to pay such Costs and Charges, shall neglect or refuse to pay the same on Demand, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Writs under their Hands directed to any Person whatsoever, to cause such Costs and Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in neglecting or refusing to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) upon Demand, to the Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold, after deducting the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale.

Distress

Parties may try
Matters by Issue
at Law.

XL. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, overruled or claiming to be overruled in the said intended Division and Allotments, shall be dissatisfied with any Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, touching or concerning any Claim or Claims of the Right to the Soil of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, or of any Rights of Common or other Rights or Interests whatsoever, in, over or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any Part or Parts thereof, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate so dissatisfied, to proceed to a Trial at Law of the Matter so determined by the said Commissioners, at the then next Great Session, or at the Great Session following the next, to be holden for the County of *Berkshire*, or at the then next Assizes, or at the Assizes following the next, to be holden for the County of *Berkshire*, and for that Purpose the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall be so dissatisfied with the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, shall cause an Action to be brought upon a signed Issue, against the Person or Persons in whose Favour such Determination shall have been made, or against the said Commissioners, if the Subject of Determination shall be of such a nature as will affect the Person in general interested in the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire shall have been notified in Writing to the Party or Parties interested; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions shall, and he, she or they and are hereby required to name an Attorney or Attorneys, who shall appear thereto or file Committal Bail, and accept one or more Issue or Issues, whereby such Claim or Claims, and the Right or Rights thereby included on, may be tried and determined; such Issue or Issues to be settled by the proper Officer of the Court in which the said Action or Actions shall be commenced, in case the Parties shall differ about the same; and the Verdict or Verdicts which shall be given in such Action or Actions shall be binding, final and conclusive upon all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, unless the Court otherwise such Action or Actions shall be brought, shall set aside such Verdict or Verdicts, and order a new Trial to be had thereon, which it shall be lawful for the Court to do, as also to put off the Trial of such Issue if it shall think fit, or as usual in other cases; and after such Verdict or Verdicts shall be obtained, and set aside by the Court, the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to act in Conformity thereto, and to allow or disallow the Claim or Claims thereby determined, according to the Event of such Trial or Trials; and in every case in which the said Commissioners shall be Defendants, the Costs and Charges payable by the said Commissioners in such Action or Actions, shall be paid and discharged out of the Monies to be raised by them for the Purpose of this Act.

Common Bail.

Determination
of Commission
not final.

XLI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, touching such Claim or Claims of Right to the Soil of the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, or of any Rights of Common or other Rights or Interests, in, over or upon the Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any Part thereof, shall (in case such Determination shall not be ob-
jected

jected to, or being objected to, such Action or Actions at Law shall not be brought and proceeded in, within the time and in manner hereinafter for that Purpose mentioned; he shall and conclude upon all and every Petition and Petitions, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, in whose Favour any such Determination as aforesaid shall have been made, and against whom any Action or Actions might have been brought if living, shall die before any such Action or Actions shall have been brought, and before the Expiration of the time hereinafter limited for bringing such Action or Actions, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who might have brought such Action or Actions against the Person or Persons so dying, to bring the same within the time so limited as aforesaid, against such Person or Persons as if actually living; and to fore the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners with Process for commencing such Action or Actions, in the same manner as the Party or Parties might have been forced therewith if living; and it shall thereupon be deemed as the Heir or Heirs, or other Person or Persons, who shall claim the Benefit of such Determination as aforesaid, to appear and defend such Action or Actions in the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so dead, and Proceedings shall be had therein in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had been actually living; and the Rights of all Parties shall be equally bound and concluded by the Effect of such Action or Actions.

XLIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend to enable the said Commissioners or Umpire to determine any Right between any Parties, contrary to the Possession of any of such Parties (except in cases of Encroachments); but in case the said Commissioners shall be of Opinion against the Right of the Person or Persons in Possession, they or the said Umpire shall forbear to make any Determination thereupon, until the Possession shall have been given up by or recovered from such Person or Persons by Ejectment or other due Course of Law.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such Difference, Dispute or Proceeding, touching the Title to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall impede or delay the said Commissioners in the Execution of this Act, or the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but the Duration and Continuance hereby directed to be made, shall be proceeded in notwithstanding any such Difference, Suit or Proceeding; and the said Commissioners shall, by proper Marks and Bounds, set out the Lands and Grounds which shall be allotted in Right or in Lien of such Situated Property, in that the same may be distinguished from any other Lands and Grounds, and may be had and taken by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who, upon the Determination of such Difference or Suit, shall be entitled to the same.

XLV. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend to preclude the said Commissioners from adjudging and determining the Quantity and Value of the Land, in virtue whereof any Person or Persons shall be allowed to have a Right of Common upon the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted or inclosed, or any Part thereof, but the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorised to adjudge and determine the Quantity and Value of all and every such Lands respectively, and rate and estimate the same as to them shall seem just and reasonable, according to the real Value thereof, for the Purposes of Husbandry, without regard to any artificial or extraordinary Value arising from local or temporary, or other peculiar Advantages; and such their Judgment and Determinations shall be binding and conclusive upon all Parties whatsoever: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Commissioners to consider any ancient Mellings or Buildings or Sites thereof, in respect of which any Right of Common shall be allowed, at any more or greater Value than any other ancient Mellings or Buildings or Sites thereof, but the said Commissioners shall rate and estimate all ancient Mellings and Buildings and Sites thereof, at an equal Value, one with another, and at such Value as they shall think most expedient.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, shall consider himself, herself or themselves prejudiced or aggrieved by the Determination of the said Commissioners or Umpire, respecting the Limits or Boundaries of any Parish, Manor, Township, Hamlet, Division or Place, upon the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or of any Parish, Manor, Township, Hamlet, Division or Place adjoining thereto, as the same shall be set out and ascertained by the said Commissioners, pursuant to the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and shall by Writing under their, his or her Hands or Hand give Notice to the said Commissioners, within Three Calendar Months next after such Determination, of their, his or her Desire to have the same determined by an Issue at Law, instead of an Appeal to the Quarter Sessions under the Provision of the said last mentioned Act, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, so dissatisfied with such Determination, to have the same ascertained and settled by Trial of an Issue at Law, under the Provisions of this Act, in case of any disputed Right or Claim.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall dig, cut or take away any of the Turf, Breaux, Underwood or Soil, of the Lands or Grounds to be divided, allotted and inclosed by virtue of this Act, for any Use or Purpose whatsoever, or under any Right, Privilege or Claim, or Pretence of Right, Privilege or Claim whatsoever, other than except the Owners of the Soil, for the Purpose of digging or searching for and carrying away any Gravel or Stone for the Repair of Roads, then and in every such case, so due Proof made before the said Commissioners on Oath (which Oath the said Commissioners are hereby empowered to administer) the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby required, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals directed to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to cause any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so offending.

In case of Death of Person whose Action brought before and concluded on and entered on their Names.

Persons in Possession may be enabled to maintain due Course of Law.

Tells not in subject Extension of Years of Act.

Commissioners may adjudge Quantity, Val. of Lands, &c. but all ancient Mellings considered of equal Value.

Proviso.

Title of Parochial Boundaries by Issue at Law, instead of Appeal to Quarter Sessions. 41 G. 3. (U.K.) c. 199 § 2.

No Turf taken away after settling of Act.

Penalty.

if met, then in some other Newspaper published or circulated in the said County, and also by Writing to be affixed on the principal outer Doors of the Churches of the Parishes adjoining the said Forest, of the Day or Days and Place, where all Persons interested may peruse a Schedule of such intended Allotments, and inspect the Map or Plan whereas the same shall be delineated, and may have and receive a Copy of such Schedule, as far as the same relates to each Person respectively; and as soon as Persons may, upon Perusal of the said Schedule, and Inspection of such Map or Plan, be satisfied with their intended Allotments, the said Commissioners shall give Notice of such Meeting or Meetings as shall be deemed necessary to be holden by them, for hearing Complaints and Objections against such intended Allotments, and for hearing and determining all such Objections; and their Determinations in the Premises, as to Quantity and Situation, shall be binding, final and conclusive upon all Parties.

LIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons interested in the said Division and Inclosures, hath or have hold, or shall at any time hereafter and before the Execution of the said final Award, sell his, her or their Right, Interest or Property in, over or upon the said Commonable Lands and Grounds hereby directed to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or any Part thereof, to any other Person or Persons, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required, on Application made to them for that Purpose, by Writing under the Hands of the contracting Parties, to make an Allotment of Land into the Vendor or Purchaser in such Sale, or to his or her Heirs or Assigns, for or in respect of such Right, Interest and Property sold; and every such Vendor or Purchaser, and his and her Heirs and Assigns, shall and may, after the Completion of such Sale, hold the Lands and Grounds to be allotted to him, her or them as aforesaid, in the same manner pursuant to the Terms of such Sale, to all Intents and Purposes, as the Vendor in every such Sale, might, could or ought to have held and enjoyed the same, in such Sale had not been made, or such Right, Interest or Property had been sold in such Vendor at the time of making such Sale as aforesaid.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, and with the Approbation and Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, on behalf of His Majesty, to agree with and to purchase from any Person or Persons who shall be entitled to any Allotments of Land under this Act, all or any Part of his, her or their respective Allotments to be made to him, her or them under this Act, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; such Lands when purchased to be inclosed and appropriated to the Growth and Cultivation of Timber.

LV. And be it further enacted, That the several Outcrops or Ring-fences of the said Moiety of the said Forest to be allotted to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as aforesaid, and also of any Allotment or Allotments which shall be made to His said Majesty, in lieu of Tithes, in respect of such Part or Parts of the said Open and Commonable Lands as are or shall be found to be Extraparochial, shall be made in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint, and such Outcrops or Ring-fences shall be raised and made, and for ever thereafter maintained, supported and kept in Repair, at the Expence, Costs and Charges of His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, save and except as to such Part or Parts thereof as shall adjoint the Allotment or Allotments to be made to any other Person or Persons in pursuance of this Act, which last mentioned Part or Parts of such Outcrops or Ring-fences shall be made, supported and kept in Repair, in such Parts and Proportions, and in such manner and by such Persons as the said Commissioners shall by their Award direct and appoint; and all Powers to be made for dividing and enclosing the Reversion of the said Open and Commonable Lands and Grounds shall be made and at all times for ever thereafter repaired and maintained by and at the Expence of the Proprietors interested in such Reversion, in such Parts and Proportions, and within such time, and in such manner, as the said Commissioners shall in and by their final Award, order, direct or appoint.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if owing to the Situation or other Circumstances of any Allotment or Allotments, it shall happen that the Proprietors or Proprietors thereof shall not have a proportionable Share of Boundary Fencing thereon, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, where they shall judge practicable, to ascertain and appoint any Sum or Sums of Money to be contributed and paid by such Proprietor or Proprietors, towards the Expence of the Boundary Fencing of such other or others of the said Proprietors who may happen to have too great a Proportion thereof, in order that the Expences of the said Boundary Fencing may be brought as near as may be to a just and equal Proportion (regard being had to the necessary Subdividing Fences within the respective Allotments) and the Money so to be ascertained and applied shall be levied and recovered in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, at any time before executing their final Award, to make any Alterations in the Allotments and Fences which they may have set out and ordered, or in any Private Roads laid out or to be laid out or to such Allotments, that they shall think right and expedient; and to cause any Person or Persons be injured by such Allotments, on account of any Expence he, she or they may have been at, the said Commissioners shall ascertain and determine what Recompense shall be made to him, her or them, and shall direct by whom and in what manner such Recompense shall be made.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Execution of the final Award of the said Commissioners, all Feudal Rights and Privileges whatsoever of The King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and His or their Heirs or Lords, Grantors or Quarters, and of all other Persons whatsoever, within, upon and over the said Forest, shall cease, determine and be for ever extinguished, and the Whole of the said Forest shall be dissevered to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

See of Allotments below
Description of
Awards

Commissioners
of His Majesty's
Woods, are em-
powered to par-
tial Lands.

Allotments
Grant.

Subdivision
made for un-
equal Shares of
Boundary
Fences.

41 G. 5. (U. K.)
c. 109 s. 83.
Proviso.

For 2 dist.
Inclosed.

Concessions
to other in Ex-
change.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to let out, alien and award any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the Forest, or in any adjoining Parish, Township, Hamlet or Place, the Owners whereof are entitled for or in respect of the same to any Right of Common upon the said Forest, or upon the said Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, or any Part thereof, in lieu of and in Exchange for any other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whatsoever, within the said Forest, or in any of the Parishes, Townships, Hamlets or Places in which the said Open Commonable Lands or Grounds respectively lie or are situate, or which are entitled to Right of Common as aforesaid, or within any adjoining Parish, Hamlet, Township or Place: Provided that all such Exchanges be ascertained, specified and declared in the said final Award of the said Commissioners, or in some other Deed or Deeds, Instrument or Instruments, in Writing under their Hands and Seals, and be made with the Consent of the Owners or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so exchanged, whether such Owners or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be a Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or a Trust or Trusts in Fee Simple, or for Life, or in Tail General or Special, or by the County of England, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, with the Consent of the Lessor or Lessors, but not otherwise, or with the Consent of the Guardians, Treasurers, Feoffees for Charitable or other Uses, Husbandmen, Commuters or Attorneys of or acting for any such Proprietors or Owners as aforesaid, who at the time of making such Exchanges or Exchanges shall be respectively Infants, Femes Covert, Lunatics, or under any other legal Incapacity, or who shall be beyond the Seas, or otherwise disabled to act for themselves, himself or herself: such Consent to be testified in Writing, under the Common Seal of the Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and under the Hands of the other Parties consenting respectively; and all and every such Exchanges or Exchanges so to be made, shall be good, valid and official in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided nevertheless, that no Exchange shall be made of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments held in right of any Church, Chapel, or any Ecclesiastical Benefice, without the Consent testified as aforesaid, of the Parson thereof, and of the Bishop of the Diocese or other Ordinary of the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, in which such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so to be exchanged shall lie or be situate.

Expenses of
Exchanges here
paid.

LXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses attending the making and completing of all Exchanges and Partitions under the Powers and Authorities of this Act and the said recited Act of the Forty first Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, or either of them continued, shall be paid and borne by the several Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, making such Exchanges or Partitions, and in such Proportions as the said Commissioners shall order and direct.

Allowances to
tenants of Copy-
hold Lands.

LX. And be it enacted, That all and every the Allowances to be made in pursuance of this Act, for or in respect of any Freehold Estates, shall be deemed and taken to be and held and enjoyed as Freehold Estates (subject nevertheless to the Superior Rights of the Lords of the respective Manors in which the same are situate), and all and every the Allowances to be made for or in respect of any Copyhold or Copyhold Estates held of any Manor or Manors in which such Copyhold or Copyhold Estates respectively lie or are situate, shall be deemed and taken to be as Copyhold or Copyhold Estates, and shall be held of the Lords of the Fee thereof, under the same Rents and by the same Customs and Services as the Copyhold or Copyhold Lands and Hereditaments for or in respect of which they were so allotted are or ought to have been held, and shall pass by the like Surrenders as the Copyhold or Copyhold Lands and Hereditaments in respect whereof such Allowances shall be made now do pass.

Wife and her-
editaments are
affected.

LXI. And be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed, adjudged, deemed or taken, to revoke, annul or make void any Settlement, Deed, Will or Lease whatsoever, or to prejudice any Person or Persons having any Right or Claim of Coverture, Jointure, Rent, Service, Oblit, Charge or Incumbrance, in, out of, upon or over, or affecting the said Forest, or upon the Commonable Lands and Grounds so to be divided, allotted and inclosed, or exchanged by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty first Year aforesaid, or of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof; but that the several Allowances so to be allotted or given in Exchange upon such Division or Allotment or Inclosure thereof, to the several Owners and Proprietors respectively, shall immediately shew such Allowances or Exchanges shall be made and fit out, be, remain and endure, and be held and enjoyed, and the several Persons to whom the same shall be so allotted or exchanged as aforesaid, shall, from the Execution of the said final award, deed, be seized and possessed thereof respectively, to such and the same Uses, and for such and the same Estates, and with such and the same Powers and Authorities for making Leases thereof or otherwise, and subject to such and the same Wills, Limitations, Conditions, Settlements, Trusts, Provisions, Reservations, Reversions, Deductions, Charges and Incumbrances (Right of Common and Common of Pasture as aforesaid, and such other Exemptions and Privileges as are herein made, only excepted), as the said several Lands and Hereditaments, in respect of which the same were, or in Right whereof such Allowances were and are to be made to them respectively, stood severally limited, or disposed and liable unto at the time of making such Allowances respectively, or of the Execution of the said final Award.

Lands in such
Rent reserved.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all the Allowances of the Land to be made of the said Forest by virtue of this Act, in respect of any Manors, Houses or Lands held by Lease or Leases at Rent Rent, or for which Lands or Houses are reserved thereon as have been paid to the Grantors or Lessors as the Considerations for the same, shall be allotted to and held by the several Owners and Proprietors of such Manors, Houses and Lands, freed and discharged from all Right or Claim of such respective Lessors, to, or upon the said Allowances or any Part thereof, to be derived under or by virtue of such Leases; and in case any of such Lessors shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved thereby, and such Lessors and Lessors shall not settle the same in their mutual Satisfaction, then and in every such case it shall

and

and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners an Application made to them by either Party, to take the Matters in Question into their Consideration, and by their Orders to make into every such Lease, for his, her and their Leds of Commensure, or other Lessee by means of the said Deed, Allotment and Inclosure, such a fair and adequate Allowance and Compensation, either in Money to be paid down, or by way of Abatement or Reduction in the Rack Rent, by such Lessee returned, as the said Commissioners shall think just and equitable.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sheep or Lambs shall be kept in any of the new Inclosures to be made by virtue of this Act, during the Space of Ten Years from the Execution of the said final Award, which the Person or Persons keeping such Sheep or Lambs shall do, at his, her or their own Expense, four or five hundred, her or their Neighbour's Quickset along the Inclosures wherein such Sheep or Lambs shall be kept, in so to prevent any Damage being done to such Quicksets by such Sheep or Lambs; and it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to turn or put or cause to be turned or put any Sheep, Lambs, Horses, Asses or other Beasts or Cattle, into any of the Ways, Lanes or Roads, on either Side of which any newly planted Fence shall be growing.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall advance any Sum or Sums of Money for defraying the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, or of carrying the same into Execution, every such Person shall be repaid the same with Interest, after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, out of the first Moneys that shall be raised or received by the said Commissioners by virtue of this Act, for defraying such Expenses.

LXV. And Whereas some of the Owners or Proprietors to whom Allotments shall be made by virtue of this Act, may have occasion to borrow Money to defray their respective Shares and Proportions of the Charges and Expenses of obtaining and carrying this Act into Execution: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Owners or Proprietors, and for all other Persons whatsoever interested in such respective Allotments, being a Tenant or Tenants for Life or Lives, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or by the Courtesy of England, or Lessee or Lessees for any Life or Lives, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives; and also to and for the Husband, Guardian, Trustee and Committee of any of the said Owners or Proprietors, being under Coverture, Minors, Idiots, Lunatics, beyond the Seas, or labouring under any other Disability whatsoever; and also to and for all Persons acting as Guardians, Trustees or Committee of any Owners or Proprietors, being under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, whether such Owners or Proprietors respectively be Tenants for Life with or without Impediment of Waste, Tenants in Fee Tail General or Special, or Tenants by the Courtesy of England, or Lessee or Lessees for any Life or Lives, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, by any Deed or Deeds, Writing or Writings, under their respective Hands and Seals, to be duly executed and attested by Two or more credible Witnesses, to charge such Lands and Grounds as shall be allotted to such Owners and Proprietors respectively with any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, for each and every Acre thereof, for defraying their respective Proportions of the Charges and Expenses of obtaining and executing this Act, and of inclosing and subdividing their respective Allotments, as the said Commissioners shall think proper for such Purpose, the same to be paid to such Person or Persons, and to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint; and for securing the Repayment of such Sum or Sums of Money, with Interest for the same, to grant, lease, demise, mortgage, surrender or otherwise subject their said respective Allotments or any Part thereof, unto any Person or Persons who shall advance and lend such Sum or Sums of Money respectively, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for any Term or Number of Years; in that any such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security be made with a Provision or Condition to enure and be void, or with an express Trust to be secured, when such Sum or Sums of Money thereby to be secured, and the Interest thereof, shall be fully paid and satisfied; and in that in every such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security, which shall be made by any Person or Persons interested in or entitled unto the Premises for the Term of their natural Life only, or by his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, there be contained a Provision or Condition, that the Owner or Proprietor of the said Premises shall duly pay and keep down the Interest of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereby secured, during their respective Lives; and no Person afterwards becoming seized or possessed of the said Premises shall be liable to the Payment of any further or larger Amount of Interest than for One Year preceding the time at which the Title to such Possession shall have commenced; and every such Grant, Lease, Mortgage, Demise, Surrender or Security of the said Premises, shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law, for the Purposes thereby intended.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, after having finished and completed each Subdivision and Allotments of the said Parish, draw up or cause to be drawn up their final Award, in the manner prescribed by the said second Act of the said Forty first Year of the King of His present Majesty, and which shall be made within Five Years after the passing of this Act, and the same when enrolled in manner directed by the said Act shall be deposited and left with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Devon, and, where the same shall not be deposited and enrolled at all feasible time in the Day-time, for ever thereafter, by any Person or Persons whatsoever paying the Sum of One Shilling and no more, to the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, for every such Inspection and Perusal; and Two Copies of such Award shall be enrolled, one of them in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, and the other of them in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue, those to remain on Record, and shall afterwards be filed and preserved amongst the Minutes of the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue; such Award, or the Instrument thereof, to be produced and read in Evidence on all Questions where any Doubt on Controversy may arise relating to or affecting the Rights and Interests of His Majesty,

Quickset not to be damaged by Sheep.

Money advanced repaid with Interest.

Tenants for Life, &c., empowered to borrow Money.

Final Award.

41 G. 3. (13 E.) c. 42. s. 42.

Enrolled.

Myself, his Heirs and Successors, in respect of any Assentment vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by virtue of this Act.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That once at least in each and every Year, during the Execution of this Act (such Year to be computed from the Day of passing thereof) the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby required to make a true and just Statement or Account of all Sums of Money by them or any of them received and expended, or due to them for their own Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of this Act; and such Statement or Account, when so made, together with the Vouchers relating thereto, shall be by them, if required, laid before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Berkshire* (not interested in the said intended Division, Assentment and Inclosure, to be by them examined and balanced at a Public Meeting of the Proprietors, whereof Twenty-one Days' Notice shall be given in the *Cambridge News-paper*), such Justices being hereby authorised to take or call such Aids and Affidavits in such Examination as they shall think fit, and to charge the incidental Expenses thereof; and the Balance shall be by such Justices thrust in the Books of Account to be kept in the Office of the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners; and as Charge or Item in such Accounts shall be binding on the Parties concerned, or valid in the Law, unless allowed by Two Justices of the Peace as aforesaid.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or of this Act (either then and except such Orders and Determinations of the said Commissioners or Justices, or as by the said last recited Act or by this Act directed to be said or to be done, and save and except in such cases wherein an Issue at Law shall be tried as heretofore directed), then and in every such case, he, she or they may appeal to the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, which shall be held for the said County of *Berkshire*, within Six Calendar Months next after such Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, on giving to the said Commissioners Twenty-one Days' previous Notice of such Appeal; and the Justices at the said Quarter Sessions are hereby required to hear and determine the Matters of every such Complaint, and to make such Order therein, and to award such Costs as to them shall seem reasonable; and by their Warrant on any the Costs which shall be so awarded, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties liable to pay the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels after deducting the reasonable Charges of such Distress and Sale; which Determinations of the said Justices shall be final and conclusive to all Parties concerned, and shall not be removed by *Writ* or any *Writ* or *Writ* whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere.

LXIX. And whereas it may happen that some Parts of the said Forest which are out within the Bounds or Limits of any Parish, may heretofore have been situated, in which case the Inhabitants thereof well know as Place of Public worship to resort to, and it is therefore expedient, that as well for the Convenience of such Inhabitants, as for the extending the Benefits and Influence of Religious Worship and Instruction, that such Provisions should be made in this respect as are hereinafter contained: Be it therefore further enacted, That in case it shall hereafter appear that the said Forest or any considerable Part thereof is Extraparochial, that then such Quantity of Land as shall be necessary for the Site of a Church and for a Churchyard or Cemetery, and for the Site of a proper Parsonage House and Offices to be erected and built, and for a Garden and Yard or Homestead to be attached thereto, to the Extent in the whole of Ten Acres at the least, shall be referred by The Crown out of the Lands so to be allotted to His Majesty as aforesaid, and shall not be sold; and that in case, at any time hereafter, the Number of Persons who shall be resident and inhabiting upon that Part of the said Forest which is Extraparochial, shall, in the Judgment and Opinion of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury and the Bishop of *Saunderland* for the time being, be such as shall render it expedient that a Church shall be erected upon the said Assentment for the Performance of Divine Worship therein, and for the affording Religious Instruction to the Inhabitants of such Part of the said Forest as is Extraparochial, then and in such case the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall, by and out of the Land Revenues of The Crown, cause a new Church and a fit and convenient Parsonage House and Offices to be erected and built upon Part of the Lands so to be referred as aforesaid, and shall appropriate other Part thereof near to the said Church, for a Churchyard or Burial Ground, and the Residue thereof as a Garden, Yard or Homestead to the said Parsonage House, and shall include the same accordingly, so such manner as the said Commissioners shall think proper for such Purposes; and shall cause the said Church when so erected, and the Churchyard to be attached thereto, to be duly consecrated according to the Usage of the Church of *England*; and the said Church shall be for ever thereafter set apart and dedicated as and for a Place of Divine Worship, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England*, for the Use of all the Inhabitants who shall so reside within that Part of the said Forest which is Extraparochial, and shall be named and called *The Parish Church of Berkshire*; and that such Part of the said Forest as is at present Extraparochial, shall for ever thereafter form and be a distinct Parish of itself and be called by the Name of *The Parish of Berkshire*: Provided always, that there shall be set apart and appropriated to the Church to be erected and built by virtue of this Act such a Number of Acres for the gratuitous Accommodation of the Poor of the said Parish, as the said Bishop of the Diocese shall think necessary, proper and convenient.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Erection and Consecration of the said Parish Church, the said Piece of Ground which shall be so included and appropriated as a Churchyard or Cemetery as aforesaid, shall be and for ever continue to be a Churchyard or Place of Burial for all the Inhabitants of such new Parish of *Berkshire*.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Plan or Design of such Church, Parsonage House, Offices and other Buildings, shall be submitted to and approved by the Bishop of *Saunderland* for the time being before

Account taken
and allowed by Two
Justices annually.

Appeal.

Males.

Calls.

Cardinal.

A new Church
to be erected
upon Part of
the said Forest
in the
parish of
Berkshire
and shall be
called
The Parish
Church of
Berkshire
and shall be
called by the
Name of
The Parish
of Berkshire.

Parish.

Churchyard in-
cluded and ap-
propriated over
a Burial Ground.

Plan or Design
of Church sub-
mitted to Bishop.

the same shall be erected; and that as such Church, Parsonage-House or other Building shall be erected in pursuance of this Act, without the Approbation of the said Bishop signified in Writing under his Hand.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Church when built, completed and consecrated as aforesaid, shall be and is hereby declared to be a Perpetual Cure and Benefice, and shall be called by the Name of *The Parish Church of Broadbush*; and that every Minister of the said Church shall be by virtue of this Act incorporated and made a Body Politic and Corporate by the Name of "The Officiating Minister of the Parish of Church of Broadbush in the County of Broadbush," and shall have Perpetual Succession, and be enabled to sue and be sued by that Name in all Courts of this Realm; and that the said Church and Churchyard or Burial Place, and the said Parsonage House, Garden, Yard or Homestead, shall be vested in the said Minister or his Successors for the time being for ever; and that the said Church and the Ministers thereof shall be subject in all respects to the Visitation of the Lord Bishop of *Saint David's* for the time being, and shall also be subject to the ordinary Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction by Law established; and that Divine Service shall be from time to time for ever thereafter performed in the said Church according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England as by Law established.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That for the Maintenance and Support of the Minister of the said Church for the time being, he shall have and be allowed a Yearly Stipend or annual Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, to be paid to him half-yearly, without any Deductions, by Warrant from the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, out of the Land Revenues of The Crown; and such Minister shall also have and be entitled to receive and take all such Rectorial Offings, Dues, Surplus Fees, Donations and Emoluments, as are or shall be usually payable for Parochial Duties in other Parishes.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Advowson, Right of Patronage, free Disposition and Nomination of, in and to the same Church, when the same shall have been so erected, built and consecrated as aforesaid, shall appertain and belong to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for ever.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That when the said Church shall have been so built and consecrated as aforesaid, and at all times thereafter, Banns of Marriages may be published, and Marriages may be celebrated therein in such Manner and under such Restrictions and Regulations as the same may by Law be published and celebrated in any other Church or Public Chapel, wherein Banns and Marriages are allowed by Law to be published and celebrated; and that every such Marriage shall be valid and effectual in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; provided all such Banns and Marriages shall be published and celebrated according to the Laws and Customs which shall be then in force within this Realm or that behalf.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That after the said Church shall be so built and consecrated as aforesaid, Churchwards and Burials shall and lawfully within the said Church shall be registered in Public Registers, to be provided and kept for that Purpose, in like manner as by Law directed, or as is usually practised in other Parish Churches.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Church shall have been so built and consecrated, and the said Parish be formed as aforesaid, all the Laws and Statutes which shall be then in force within that Part of the United Kingdom called England, relating to Parishes or to Parochial Officers, shall be in full Force, and have Effect and Operation in all respects in relation to such new Parish and Parish Officers of the said new Parish of Broadbush, in like manner as if the same had been a Parish previously to the making and passing the same Laws and Statutes.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the said Church shall be so built and consecrated, and the said Parish shall be so formed as aforesaid, any Number of the Inhabitants of such new Parish shall think fit to apply by Petition to the Justices at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be holden for the said County of Broadbush, to have the said Parish divided into Two or more Townships, then and in such case it shall be lawful to and for the Justices so intended in the Premises, in their said General Quarter Sessions, and they are hereby required so to do: such Petition, and to investigate and enquire into the Allegations therein contained; and if upon such Hearing the said Justices shall think it requisite or expedient that the said Parish shall be divided into Two or more Townships, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices, in their said General Quarter Sessions, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such Order and Award for the Division of the said Parish into Two or more Townships accordingly, and to give all such Directions in relation thereto as they shall think requisite and necessary; and in such case such Order shall be so made, then and from thenceforth the said Parish shall be divided accordingly into such Townships; and such Townships shall be called by such Names as the said Justices shall in and by such Order direct; and every such Township shall from thenceforth for ever thereafter provide for its own Poor, and have and enjoy and be vested with such and the like Powers, Privileges and Immunities, and be subject to such and the like Regulations as are or shall be then incident to and hold and enjoyed by the several other Townships within the said County of Broadbush, by the Laws and Statutes in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England.

LXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not defect or prejudice the Right or Interest of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to any Heirs of Coal, Lead Ores, or any other Minerals whatsoever, in or under the same Town or any Part thereof, but that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and His or their Ladies and Grantees, Agents, Servants and Workmen, may search for, work, dig, raise and carry away all Coal, Lead Ores, Metals, and all other Minerals whatsoever, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if this Act had not been passed; save only that they shall respectively do as little Damage as possible in the Lands to be divided, situated and intended as aforesaid, and shall make reasonable Satisfaction and Recompense from time to time to the Person

Church Perpetual Cure and Benefice; with clergy Minister incorporated.

Minister vested with Stipend of 150l per Annum by the Crown.

Advowson vested in The Crown.

Banns of Marriage may be published and Marriages celebrated in Church.

Registers of Churchward, &c. kept.

Parish subject to Parochial Laws.

Parish divided into Two or more Townships.

None of His Majesty's Rights to be taken.

or Persons possessed thereof, for all Damage that shall be done thereto, or to any Part thereof, by searching for, working, digging, ridding and carrying away the said Coal, Lead Ore, Metals, and all other Minerals or any of them.

Grand Juror.

LXXX. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and their Successors, and to all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, his and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all such Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatsoever (other than and except such as is and are hereby expressed, meant and intended to be barred, destroyed or extinguished) as they, every or any of them had or enjoyed, is, to or out of the said Forest and Open Commonable Lands and Grounds, hereby directed to be divided, allotted and enclosed as aforesaid, before the passing of this Act, or could have had and enjoyed therein, in case this Act had not been passed.

SCHEDULE (A.) to which this Act refers.

FORM of CERTIFICATE of Grants made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

THESE are to certify, That in pursuance of a Warrant from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, bearing Date the _____ Day of _____

A. B. and C. D. Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, for and on behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, have contracted and agreed with A. B. of _____ for the Sale to the said A. B. of all (save

definite the Premises to be sold) at or for the Price or Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, to be paid by the said A. B. into the Bank of England, and carried to "The Account of the Public Monies of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, being the Woods and Forests Fund;" and from and immediately after the Payment of the said Sum into the Bank is manner aforesaid, and the surrender of this Certificate and the Receipt for the Purchase Money is the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the County aforesaid, and thereafter for ever, the said A. B. and his, (her, or their) Heirs (or, Successors) or Assigns, shall be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Possession of the said Hereditaments and Premises in by him (her, or them) purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under him or them, and in as full and ample manner to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not been made. Given under their Hands this _____

Day of _____ is the Year of our Lord _____
Signed by the above named _____ is the
Proctor of _____

FORM OF RECEIPT.

RECEIVED the _____ Day of _____ of and from A. B. the Sum of _____ of lawful Money of Great Britain, being the Consideration Money expressed in the above (or, within) written Certificate. Witness my Hand, For the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, _____ Cashier.
(Signed)

C A P. CXCI.

An Act to authorize the Appointment of Commissioners for creating an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of *Dunbury*, within the Port and Harbour of *Dublin*. [11th July 1815.]

WHEREAS the Erection of an Asylum Harbour or Place of Refuge for Ships and Vessels to the Eastward of *Dunbury*, within the Port and Harbour of *Dublin*, will be of great Advantage to the Ships and Vessels trading to the said Port and Harbour, and of great Utility to the Trade and Commerce between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and it is expedient to provide for the Appointment of Commissioners for the making of such Surveys and Plans and Estimates as may be necessary to be made preliminary to the proceeding in the creating of the said Harbour or Place of Refuge: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this purpose Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, under his or their Hand or Hands to nominate any fit Person, not exceeding Five in Number, to be Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act; and the said Persons so to be nominated shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to revoke the Appointment of any Person or Persons to be such Commissioner or Commissioners, and from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners as such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, shall think fit; and able to appoint from time to time any Person or Persons

Lord Lieutenant may nominate Commissioners;

and revoke Appointments, and fill Vacancies.

to be a Commissioner or Commissioners to supply any Vacancy which may be occasioned by the Death or Resignation of any Commissioner or Commissioners who may be appointed under or by virtue of this Act; and so Commissioners to be appointed under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid, or receive or take any Fee, Reward, Emolument or Allowance; whenever, for or on account of any thing to be done in pursuance of this Act, or for or on account of the Execution of the Powers by this Act vested in such Commissioners, or any of them.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act shall from time to time proceed to make such Surveys, Plans and Estimates as be made and prepared as shall be directed by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office for the time being, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and that for that Purpose it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, or any Three of them, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time to employ such Engineers, Surveyors, Officers, Clerks and Servants, as they shall think proper and expedient for such Purposes.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the Engineers, Surveyors, Agents, Workmen and Servants employed by the said Commissioners from time to time to enter upon all or any Lands or Grounds of any Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in or upon which it shall be judged expedient that the said Asylum Harbour or Place of Refuge, or any Pier, Quay, Erection or Buildings, for the Purpose of making or completing such Harbour, shall be made, erected or built, in order to survey and take Plans and Levels of the same, and to set out and ascertain such Parts of such Lands or Grounds as the said Commissioners shall think necessary or proper for such Purposes, such Surveyors, Engineers, Agents or Servants, making Satisfaction for such Damages as they shall do thereby to the Occupiers of such Lands or Grounds for the time being, in and the sum shall exceed the Sum of One Shilling Sterling.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall in all things touching the Execution of this Act proceed according to such Orders and Directions as shall be given by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

C A P. CXCLII.

An Act to remove certain Difficulties in the Disposition of Copyhold Estates by Will.

[12th July 1815.]

WHEREAS by the Customs of certain Manors, Copyhold Estates of such Manors pass by the last Will and Testament of the Copyhold Tenants thereof declaring the Uses of Surrenders made for that Purpose; And Whereas much Inconvenience has arisen from the Necessity of making such Surrenders, for Kennedy whereof, May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in all cases where by the Custom of any Manor in England or Ireland any Copyhold Tenant of such Manor may by his or her last Will and Testament dispose of or appoint his or her Copyhold Tenements, the same having been surrendered to such Uses as should be declared by such last Will and Testament, every Disposition or Charge made or to be made by any such last Will and Testament by any Person who shall die after the passing of this Act, of any such Copyhold Tenements, or of any Right, Title or Interest in or to the same, shall be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, although no Surrender shall have been made to the Use of the last Will and Testament of such Person, as the same would have been if a Surrender had been made to the Use of such Will.

II. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted, That no Person entitled or claiming to be entitled to Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in consequence of any Testamentary Disposition, shall be entitled to be admitted to the same by virtue of any thing in this Act contained, except upon Payment of all such Stamp Duties, Fees and Sums of Money as would have been lawfully due and payable in respect of the surrendering of such Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to the Use of such Will, or in respect of the preferring, registering or settling such Surrender, had the same Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments been surrendered to the Use of the Will of the Person so disposing of the same; all such Stamp Duties, Fees or Sums of Money due as aforesaid to be paid in addition to the Stamp Duties, Fees or Sums of Money due or payable on the Admission of such Person so entitled or claiming to be entitled to the same Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and the Stamp Duties to be affixed to the Copy of the Admission.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed, deemed or taken, as Law or in Equity, to render void or effectual any Devise or Disposition of any Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Right, Title or Interest in or to Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which would be valid or effectual if this Act had not been made; or to render void or effectual any Devise or Disposition of any Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Right, Title or Interest in or to any Copyhold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which would be invalid or effectual if a Surrender had been made to the Use of the last Will and Testament of the Person attempting to dispose of the same by Will; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners to make surveys and estimates to be made.

Engineers and others may enter on Grounds for making Harbours, &c.

Satisfaction for Damages.

Commissioners to proceed under Direction of Treasury.

Disposition by Will of Copyhold Estates effectual without previous Surrender to Use thereof.

Admission under Testamentary Disposition, to pay the Fees, &c. as payable on Surrender.

Act not to invalidate Devise of Copyhold, &c.

C A P. CXCVIII.

An Act to enable His Majesty, until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, to regulate the Trade and Commerce carried on between His Majesty's Subjects and the Inhabitants of the United States of America. [12th July 1815.]

WHEREAS it is expedient for the Purpose of a Commercial Intercourse with the Inhabitants of the United States of America, that certain Powers should be given for a limited time to His Majesty's Council for regulating the said Commercial Intercourse: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, during the Continuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty in Council, by Order or Orders to be issued and published from time to time, to give such Directions, and to make such Regulations with respect to Duties, Drawbacks, or otherwise, for carrying on the Trade and Commerce between the People and Territories belonging to The Crown of Great Britain and the People and Territories of the said United States, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary: any thing in an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America, and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies; or in an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for carrying into Execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America; or any other Act, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that this Act and the Powers and Authorities hereby given to His Majesty, and all Orders issued and published in consequence thereof, shall continue and be in force until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.**

C A P. CXCVII.

An Act for better regulating the Practice of Apothecaries throughout England and Wales. [12th July 1815.]

WHEREAS His Majesty King James the First, by Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date the Sixth Day of December, in the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, did give His Majesty's Council, his Heirs and Successors, grant unto William Byrd, and divers other Persons therein named, and to all and singular other Persons whomsoever, brought up and befall to the Art, Mystery or Faculty of Apothecaries, and exercising the same Art, Mystery or Faculty, then being Free-men of the Mystery of Grocers of the City of London, or being Free-men of any other Art, Mystery or Faculty, to the said City of London (in as they had been brought up and were expert in the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries) that they and all such Men of the said Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of and in the said City of London and Suburbs of the same, and within seven Miles of the said City, might and should be one Body Corporate and Politic, in Substantia, Deed and Name, by the Name of "The Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of the City of London;" and did ordain and declare, that by the same Name they might have perpetual Succession, and have, purchase, possess, enjoy and retain Messuages, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Liberties, Prerogatives, Franchises, Jurisdictions and Hereditaments to them and their Successors, in Fee Simple, and Proprietary, for ever Term of Year or Years, or otherwise howsoever; and also Goods and Chattels, and all other Things lawfully of what Name, Nature, Kind, Quality or Sort soever they should be; and also that they might grant, demise, alien, assign and dispose of Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and do and execute all and singular other Acts and Things by the said Name; and that by the said Name of Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of the City of London, they should and might be able to plead and be pleaded, and might have suit over a Common Seal, and the said Seal as their Pleasure from time to time might break, change, alter and renew, as to them should seem best; and His said Majesty did, by his said Letters Patent, ordain and grant unto the said Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries aforesaid, certain Ordinances, Rules and Regulations, to be observed, kept and maintained by them, as in the said Charter are more fully expressed: And Whereas some of the Clauses and Provisions contained in the said recited Charter, in so far as the same regard the said Society of Apothecaries, have been found inadequate for the Purpose of thereby intended, and it is therefore expedient that the same should be altered, varied and enlarged, and further and other Provisions made: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Charter of the fifthteenth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King James the First, and all and every the Powers, Privileges, Prerogatives, Franchises, Regulations, Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained (save and except such Part or Parts thereof as are hereby altered, varied or repealed), shall be, and the same is and are hereby declared to be in full force and virtue, and shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as if this Act had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Charter as directs that the said Master and Wardens, and their Successors, or some or one of them, or some Assistant by the Master and Wardens to be appointed and assigned, at fit and convenient times, and in manner and Form convenient and lawful, from time to time as often as to the said Master and Wardens shall seem expedient, shall and may go and extend into any Shop

Shop or Shops, House or Houses, Cellar or Cellars, of any Person whatsoever, using or exercising the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries, or any Part thereof, within the City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Seven Miles of the said City, as well within the Liberty as without, where any Medicines, simple or compound, Wares, Drugs, Receipts, Distilled Waters, Chemical Oils, Syraps, Confections, Lohocks, Electuaries, Pills, Powders, Lozenges, Oils, Ointments, Plasters, or any other Things whatsoever, which belong or appertain to the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries as is aforesaid, are likely to be found; and to search, ferry and prove if the same Medicines, simple or compound, Wares, Drugs, Receipts, Distilled Waters, Chemical Oils, Syraps, Confections, Lohocks, Electuaries, Pills, Powders, Lozenges, Oils, Ointments, Plasters, or any Thing or Things whatsoever belonging to the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries aforesaid, be and shall be wholesome, medicurable, meet and fit for the Cure, Health and Ease of His Majesty's Subjects; and also to much of the said recited Charter as directs, that the aforesaid Master and Wardens of the Mystery aforesaid, and the said Assistants for the time being, therein nominated and appointed by the Master and Wardens, and their Successors from time to time, may have, and by virtue of their Persons shall have full Power and Authority to examine and try all and singular Persons professing, using or exercising, or which hereafter shall profess, use or exercise the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries, or any Part thereof, within the aforesaid City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Seven Miles of the said City, as well within the Liberty as without, touching or concerning their and every of their Knowledge, Skill and Science, in the aforesaid Art or Mystery of Apothecaries, and to remove and prohibit all those from the Exercise, Use or Practice of the said Art or Mystery, whom hereafter they shall find either crafty, ignorant or insufficient, or obstinate, or refusing to be examined by virtue of their Persons, in the Art or Mystery aforesaid; and also all and singular Medicines, Wares, Drugs, Receipts, Distilled Waters, Oils, Chemical Preparations, Syraps, Confections, Lohocks, Electuaries, Pills, Powders, Lozenges, Oils, Ointments and Plasters, and all other Things belonging to the aforesaid Art, which they shall find unlawful, deceitful, false, out of Use, unwholesome, corrupt, unmedicurable, pernicious, or hurtful, to burn before the Officer's Doors; and also to lay, impose, and exact Fines, and other Pains and Penalties, by Fines and Amercements upon such Offenders, according to their sound Discretion, and the Ordinances by them and their Successors to be aforesaid to be made and appointed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That, in and toward thereof, the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries for the time being, and their Successors, or any of the Assistants, or any other Person or Persons properly qualified, as hereinafter is mentioned, to be by the Master and Wardens nominated and assigned, not being fewer in Number than Two Persons at the least, shall and may from time to time, and at all reasonable and convenient times, in the Day time, as often as to the said Master and Wardens it shall seem expedient, go and enter into any Shop or Shops, of any Person or Persons whatsoever, using or exercising the Art or Mystery of an Apothecary in any Part of England or Wales; and shall and may search, ferry, prove and determine, if the Medicines, simple or compound, Wares, Drugs, or any Thing or Things whatsoever therein contained, and belonging to the Art or Mystery of Apothecaries aforesaid, be wholesome, meet and fit for the Cure, Health and Ease of His Majesty's Subjects; and also every such Medicines, Wares, Drugs and all other Things belonging to the aforesaid Art, which they shall find false, unlawful, deceitful, false, unwholesome, corrupt, pernicious or hurtful, shall and may burn, or otherwise destroy; and also shall and may report to the Master, Wardens and Assistants of the said Society, the Name or Names of such Person or Persons as shall be found to have the same in their Possession; and the said Master, Wardens and Assistants, shall and may impose and levy the following Fines and Penalties upon each and every Person whose Name shall be so reported to them, as hereinafter is mentioned; for the First Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, for the Second Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds, and for the Third and every other Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person to be by the Master, Wardens and Assistants for the time being, chosen and appointed a Member of the Court of Examiners, or to be by the Master and Wardens nominated and assigned to go and enter into any Shop or Shops, for the Purpose aforesaid, within the City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Thirty Miles of the same, shall be deemed to be properly qualified, unless he shall be a Member of the Society of Apothecaries aforesaid, of not less than Ten Years standing; nor shall any Person be deemed to be properly qualified to be nominated and assigned to go and enter into any Shop or Shops in any other Part of England and Wales for the Purpose aforesaid, or to be appointed One of the Five Apothecaries hereinafter mentioned, and directed to be appointed for the Purpose of examining Assistants to Apothecaries in compounding and dispensing Medicines, as hereinafter is mentioned, except he shall have been an Apothecary in actual Practice for not less than Ten Years at least, previously to his being so nominated, or assigned or appointed.

V. And Whereas it is the Duty of every Person using or exercising the Art and Mystery of an Apothecary, to prepare with Exactness, and to dispense such Medicines as may be directed for the Sick by any Physician lawfully licensed to practise Physic by the President and Commonalty of the Faculty of Physic in London, or by either of the Two Universities of Oxford or Cambridge; Therefore, for the further Protection, Security and Benefit of His Majesty's Subjects, and for the better Regulation of the Practice of Physic throughout England and Wales, be it enacted, That if any Person using or exercising the Art and Mystery of an Apothecary, shall at any time knowingly, wilfully and contumaciously refuse to make, mix, compound, prepare, give, apply or administer, or any way to sell, let on Sale, put forth or put in Sale to any Person or Persons whatsoever, any Medicines, Compound Medicines, or Medicinal Compositions, or shall dishonestly or negligently, falsely, unlawfully, inordinately or unskilfully make, mix, compound, prepare, give, apply or administer, or any way sell, let on Sale, put forth or put in Sale to any Person or Persons what-

such Shops of Apothecaries and examine Medicines, &c. and impose Penalties, as aforesaid.

Master, Wardens, &c. nominated members of the Court of Examiners, &c. and examine Drugs, &c.

Penalties.

Qualifications of Persons appointed to examine Drugs, &c.

Prohibition of refusal to make, mix, compound, prepare, give, apply or administer, or any way to sell, let on Sale, put forth or put in Sale to any Person or Persons what-

whenever, any Medicines, Compound Medicines or Medicinable Compositions, as directed by any Prescription, Order or Receipt, signed with the Initials in his own Hand-writing, of any Physicians so lawfully licenced to practise Physick, such Person or Persons so offending shall, upon Complaint made within Twenty one Days by such Physicians, and upon Conviction of such Offence before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, which said Offender owe three hundred and fifty Marks, Excuse or Justification in this behalf, forsoever, for the First Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds; for the Second Offence the Sum of Two Pounds; and for the Third Offence, he shall forfeit his Certificate, and be rendered incapable in future of using or exercising the Art and Mystery of an Apothecary, and he liable to the Penalty inflicted by this Act upon all who practise as such without a Certificate, in the same manner as if such Party is convicted had never been furnished with a Certificate enabling him to practise as an Apothecary; and such Offender so deprived of his Certificate shall be rendered and deemed incapable in future of receiving and holding any fresh Certificate unless the said Party is applying for a Renewal of his Certificate, shall lawfully promise and undertake, and give good and sufficient Security, that he will out in future be guilty of the like Offence.

*Master and
Wardens may
appoint Deputy.*

VI. And be it further enacted, That each and every of them the said Master and Wardens for the time being, may, and they are hereby respectively empowered, by Writing under his or their Hands, to appoint any One or more of the said Court of Assistants to act as Deputy Master, or as Deputy Wardens, as the case may be, in all Matters and Things done, or authorized to be done, by the said Master, or the said Wardens, under and by virtue of the said recited Charter, or of this Act, and to remove such Deputy Master or Deputy Warden to be appointed from time to time, as the said Master or the said Wardens shall respectively think proper; and all Acts, Matters and Things, which shall be lawfully done by the said Deputy Master or Deputy Warden to be appointed as aforesaid, as the case may be, shall be as good, valid and effectual, as if the same were done and performed by the said Master and Wardens respectively.

*Master, Wardens, &c. re-
sponsible to every
Act into Execu-
tion.*

VII. And Whereas much Mischievous and Inconvenience has arisen, from great Numbers of Persons in many Parts of England and Wales exercising the Functions of an Apothecary, who are wholly ignorant, and utterly incompetent to the Exercise of such Functions, whereby the Health and Lives of the Community are greatly endangered; and it is become necessary that Provision should be made for remedying such Evils; Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of the City of London, incorporated by the said recited Charter of His Majesty King James the First, and their Successors, shall be, and they are hereby appointed and constituted, directed and empowered, for ever, to superintend the Execution of the Provisions of this Act, and to enforce and carry the several Regulations and Provisions thereof, in relation to the several Persons practising the Art or Mystery or Profession of an Apothecary throughout England and Wales, and all other the Purposes of this Act, into full Execution.

*Acts of Master,
Wardens, &c.
not valid until
done at Meet-
ings, &c.*

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Act of the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries, incorporated as aforesaid, for the carrying any of the Powers and Provisions of this Act into Execution, shall be, or be deemed to be good or valid (save and except as to such Acts as shall be done by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants, or others appointed by them, or any of them, as heretofore is provided, in pursuance of the Powers and Authorities heretofore given to them to enter into Shops to search for, examine and destroy unwholesome Drugs or Medicaments, and also save and except as to such Acts as shall be done by the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them present, or by the Five Apothecaries heretofore mentioned, or the major Part of them present, in pursuance of the Authorities heretofore given to them), unless the same be done at some Assembly or Meeting to be holden by the said Master, Wardens and Society, in the Hall of the said Society; and that all the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted to, or vested in the said Master, Wardens and Society as aforesaid, shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries aforesaid for the time being, or by the major Part of them present, who shall stand at any such Assembly or Meeting to be holden as aforesaid, the Number present as such Assistants or Meetings not being less than Thirteen, of which the said Master for the time being shall always be one; and all the Orders and Proceedings of the said Master, Wardens and Assistants for the time being, or of such major Part as aforesaid, shall have the same Force and Effect, as if the same were made or done by the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries incorporated as aforesaid.

*Court of Examiners
to be chosen
by Master,
Wardens, &c.*

IX. And be it further enacted, That for the Purposes of this Act, so far as the same regards the Examination of Apothecaries, and Assistants to Apothecaries, Twelve Persons properly qualified, as heretofore is mentioned, shall be chosen and appointed by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants for the time being (who are hereby authorized and empowered to choose and appoint such Persons, and to remove or displace them from time to time, as they the said Master, Wardens and Assistants for the time being, shall deem advisable), and such Persons, when so chosen and appointed, or any Seven of them, shall be, and be called "The Court of Examiners of the Society of Apothecaries;" and such Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them present at any Meeting, shall have full Power and Authority, and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine all Apothecaries, and Assistants to Apothecaries, throughout England and Wales, and to grant or refuse such Certificate, as heretofore is mentioned; and such Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, shall, and they are hereby required to meet and assemble in some convenient Room in the Hall of the said Society, once at least in every Week, for the Purpose of such Examination, and then and there to examine all Persons applying to be examined, and duly qualify it to be by virtue of this Act.

*Chairman ap-
pointed.*

X. And be it further enacted, That at any such Meetings of the said Examiners, a Chairman shall and may be appointed; and when and so often as it shall be judged that there shall be an equal Number of Votes upon any One Question (including the Vote of the said Chairman), then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Chairman to give the casting or decisive Vote.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as an Examiner, under and by virtue of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed the following Oath:

Oath taken by
Examiners.

I, A. B. do solemnly promise and swear (or, being One of the People called Quakers, do solemnly affirm,) That I will faithfully, impartially and honestly, according to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, execute the Trust reposed in me by the Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of the City of London, as an Examiner, in the Examination of every Person who shall come before me to be examined, as to his Fitness or Qualification to act as an Apothecary, or Assistant in an Apothecary, as the case may be, and that without Favor, Affection, Prejudice or Malice.

So help me GOD!

Which Oath or Affirmation, the said Master, Wardens or Court of Assistants, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to administer.

Examiners, to
administer an Oath
to new Year
Persons.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons so to be chosen and appointed Examiners as aforesaid shall continue in Office for the Space of One Year from the time of their Appointment (except in case of Death, or being removed or displaced by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants as aforesaid): Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Master, Wardens and Assistants, to choose and appoint any such Person or Persons going out of Office, again to be an Examiner or Examiners as aforesaid, if they the said Master, Wardens and Assistants shall deem it advisable so to do.

In case of
Death, &c.
which appointed

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons so to be chosen and appointed, shall happen to die during the time he or they shall continue to be an Examiner or Examiners, or be removed or displaced as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful for the said Master, Wardens and Assistants, to choose and appoint any other Person or Persons properly qualified, to be an Examiner or Examiners as aforesaid, in the Rooms of the Person or Persons so dying, or removed, or displaced as aforesaid, and every Person or Persons so chosen and appointed shall continue in Office for such time and no longer, as the Person or Persons whole Room or Rooms he or they shall be so chosen and appointed would have continued in Office.

Not so possible
as Apothecaries,
for whose Ex-
amination.

XIV. And, to prevent any Person or Persons from practicing as an Apothecary, without being properly qualified to practice as such, be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons (except Persons already in Practice as such) to practice as an Apothecary in any Part of England or Wales, unless he or they shall have been approved by the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, and have received a Certificate of his or their being duly qualified to practice as such from the said Court of Examiners or the major Part of them as aforesaid, who are hereby authorized and required to examine all Persons and Persons applying to them, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Skill and Abilities of such Person or Persons in the Science and Practice of Medicine, and his or their Fitness and Qualification to practice as an Apothecary; and the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, are hereby empowered either to reject such Person or Persons, or to grant a Certificate of such Examination, and of his or their Qualification to practice as an Apothecary as aforesaid: Provided always, that no Person shall be admitted to such Examination until he shall have attained the full Age of Twenty two Years.

Which said Certificate
shall be given to the

Persons.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person shall be admitted to any such Examination for a Certificate to practice as an Apothecary, unless he shall have served an Apprenticeship of not less than Five Years to an Apothecary, and unless he shall produce Testimonials to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Examiners, of a sufficient Medical Education, and of a good moral Conduct.

Applicants for
Examination on
produce Testimonials.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person intending to qualify himself under the Regulations of this Act to practice as an Apothecary in any Part of England or Wales, shall give Notice to the Clerk of the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries as aforesaid, of his Intention so to do, who shall notify the same to the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries as aforesaid; and the Person so intending to qualify himself, shall present himself at the Meeting held by the said Court of Examiners next succeeding such Notice, and shall undergo such Examination by the said Court of Examiners as aforesaid, or at some other Meeting as shall or may be appointed and fixed upon by the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries, or by the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them as aforesaid, for that Purpose.

Persons intend-
ing to qualify, to
give Notice to
Clerk of said
Master, Wardens,
&c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons (except the Persons then acting as Assistants to any Apothecaries as aforesaid, and excepting Persons who have actually served an Apprenticeship of Five Years to an Apothecary) to act as an Assistant to any Apothecary, in compounding or dispensing Medicines, without undergoing an Examination by the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, or by five Apothecaries so to be appointed as hereinafter is mentioned, and obtaining a Certificate of his or their Qualification to act as such Assistant from the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, or from the said five Apothecaries, who are hereby authorized and empowered to examine all Persons applying to them for that Purpose, and to grant a Certificate of such Fitness and Qualification.

Assistant to
Apothecaries,
&c. examined.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Master and Wardens for the time being, or to and for the said Court of Examiners, by Writing under their Hands, from time to time to appoint five Apothecaries in any County or Counties respectively throughout England and Wales, except within the said City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Thirty Miles of the same, to act for such County or Counties, or any other County or Counties near or adjoining, and to remove or displace them from time to time, as they the said Master and Wardens, or the said Court of Examiners, shall deem advisable; and such five Apothecaries so to be appointed respectively, as aforesaid, at any Meeting to be held by them as hereinafter mentioned, shall have full Power and Authority, and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine all Assistants to Apothecaries throughout the County or Counties in regard of which such Apothecaries shall have been so appointed as aforesaid, and to grant or refuse such Certificate

Power for Mas-
ter and Wardens
to appoint five
Apothecaries in
a County or
Counties.

Certificate to every such *Affiant* to Apothecaries, as heretofore is authorized in that behalf; and a Meeting of the said Apothecaries for the Purposes aforesaid shall be held monthly in the County Town of some one of the Counties for which they shall have been appointed to act as aforesaid; and that an Act of such Apothecaries shall be, or be deemed to be good or valid, unless the same be done at some such Meeting; and that all the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted to or vested in such Five Apothecaries, shall and may from time to time be exercised by the major Part of them, who shall attend at any Meeting to be holden as above directed, the Number of such Apothecaries present at any such Meeting not being less than Three; and all the Orders, Directions and Certificates of the major Part of such Apothecaries present at any such Meeting shall have the same Force and Effect as if the same were made, done or signed by all the said Five Apothecaries for the time being; and at every such Meeting of the said Apothecaries, a Chairman shall and may be appointed, and when, and so often as it shall so happen that there shall be an equal Number of Votes upon any one Question (including the Vote of the said Chairman) then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Chairman to give the calling or deciding Vote.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Ten Pounds Ten Shillings shall be paid to the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries, for every such Certificate as aforesaid, on obtaining the same, by every Person intending to practise as an Apothecary within the City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Ten Miles of the same City; and the Sum of Six Pounds Six Shillings by every Person intending to practise as an Apothecary in any other Part of England or Wales (except the said City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Ten Miles of the said City); and no Person being allowed a Certificate to practise as an Apothecary in any other Part of England or Wales (except the said City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Ten Miles of the said City as aforesaid), shall be entitled to practise within the said City of London, the Liberties or Suburbs thereof, or within Ten Miles of the said City, unless and until he shall have paid to the said Master, Wardens and Society, the further Sum of Four Pounds Four Shillings, in Addition to the said Sum of Six Pounds Six Shillings so paid by him as aforesaid, and shall have had entered on his said Certificate, a Receipt from the said Master, Wardens and Society, for such additional Sum of Four Pounds Four Shillings; and the Sum of Two Pounds Two Shillings by every *Affiant*; and the several Sums of Money arising from the granting of such Certificates shall be applied in manner hereinafter directed.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person (except such as are then actually practising as such) shall, after the said first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, act or practise as an Apothecary in any Part of England or Wales, without having obtained such Certificate as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Person (except such as are then acting as such, and excepting Persons who have actually served an Apprenticeship as aforesaid) shall, after the said first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, act as an *Affiant* to any Apothecary, to compound and dispense Medicines, without having obtained such Certificate as aforesaid, every Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Apothecary shall be allowed to recover any Charges claimed by him in any Court of Law, unless such Apothecary shall prove on the Trial, that he was in Practice as an Apothecary prior to or on the said first Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or that he has obtained a Certificate to practise as an Apothecary, from the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries as aforesaid.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Court of Examiners, or the major Part of them, having examined any Person or Persons applying to qualify himself or themselves to practise as an Apothecary, or if they, or the said Five Apothecaries so to be appointed for any County or Counties as aforesaid, having examined any Person or Persons applying to qualify himself or themselves to practise as an *Affiant* to an Apothecary, is compounding and dispensing Medicines, shall for Cause to refuse such Certificate as aforesaid, to any such Person or Persons so applying to qualify himself or themselves as an Apothecary or *Affiant* as aforesaid; yet it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons who shall be so refused, to apply at any future time to be again examined, so that such Second Application by any Person or Persons applying to qualify himself or themselves as an Apothecary, be not within Six Months of such First Examination; and so that such Second Application by any Person or Persons applying to qualify himself or themselves as an *Affiant*, be not within Three Months of such First Examination; and if on such Re-examination he or they shall appear to the Persons examining, to be then properly qualified, it shall and may be lawful for the said Court of Examiners, or to and for the said Five Apothecaries in any County or Counties as aforesaid, to grant such Person or Persons so applying, such Certificate as aforesaid.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries, do make annually, and cause to be printed, an exact List of all and every Person who shall in that Year have obtained a Certificate to practise as an Apothecary, with their respective Abodes attached to their respective Names.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Sum or Sums of Money which shall be received or arise from the granting of the Certificates of Examination herebefore required, shall belong to and be appropriated and disposed of by the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries as aforesaid, in such manner as they shall from time to time direct and deem most expedient.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Sums and Sums of Money arising from Conviction and Recovery of Penalties for Offences committed against the Authority and Provisions of this Act, shall be applied and disposed of in manner following; viz. One Half thereof to the Informer or Informers, and One Half thereof

Sum paid for
Certificates.

Act as without
Certificate.

Penalty
Apprentice who
without Cer-
tificate.

Penalty.

Apothecaries not
to recover
Charges, unless
they be legally
qualified.

Refusal of Cer-
tificate to some
who are Apo-
thecaries, or may
apply again.

List of Apothe-
caries approved
by Court of Ex-
aminers printed.

Application of
Money arising
from Cer-
tificates.

Application of
Money arising
from Penalties.

to the said Master, Wardens and Society of Apothecaries as aforesaid, to be appropriated and disposed of by them in such manner as they shall deem most expedient.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by virtue of this Act imposed (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise hereby particularly directed) shall, if such Penalties and Forfeitures shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, be recovered by Action or Suit at Law, in the Name of the Master, Wardens and Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries of the City of London, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record *England or Wales*, wherein an *Ex Officio*, Prothonotary or Wager at Law, or more than One Imparience shall be allowed; and if such Penalty or Forfeiture shall amount to less than the Sum of Five Pounds, then the same shall be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace sitting for any County, City, Town or Place where the Offence shall be committed (which Warrant such Justice is hereby empowered and required to grant upon the Confession of the Party, or upon the Evidence of any credible Witness upon Oath, and which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer); and the Overplus (if any) of the Money arising by such Distress and Sale shall be retained upon Demand to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels, after deducting the Costs and Charges of making, keeping and selling the Distress, and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, or such Forfeitures and Penalties shall not be paid forthwith, it shall be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Offender to be committed to the Common Gaol for the County, City, Town or Place, where the Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding One Calendar Month, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures, and Costs, shall be sooner fully paid and satisfied.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or want of Form in the Notice or Information, Summons, Conventus, Warrant or Distress, or other Proceeding relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties distraining be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties so distraining; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity, may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage is an Action upon the Case.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prejudice, or in any way to affect the Trade or Business of a Chemist and Druggist, in the buying, preparing, compounding, dispensing and vending Drugs, Medicines and Medicinal Compositions, wholesale and retail; but all Persons shop or exercising the said Trade or Business, or who shall or may hereafter use or exercise the same, shall and may use, exercise and carry on the same Trade or Business in such manner, and as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes, as the same Trade or Business was used, exercised or carried on by Chemists and Druggists before the passing of this Act.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to infringe, prejudice or detain, or in any way to interfere with any of the Rights, Authorities, Privileges and Immunities heretofore vested and exercised and enjoyed by either of the Two Universities of *Oxford or Cambridge*, the Royal College of Physicians, the Royal College of Surgeons, or the said Society of Apothecaries respectively, other than and except such as shall or may have been altered, varied or amended in and by this Act, or of any Person or Persons practising as an Apothecary previously to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; but the said Universities, Royal College and the said Society, and all such Persons or Parties shall have, use, exercise and enjoy all such Rights, Authorities, Privileges and Immunities, free and except as aforesaid, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner, in all Intents and Purposes, as they might have done before the passing of this Act, and in case the same had never been passed.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought or preferred against any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Six Calendar Months next after the First commencing; or in case they shall be a Contemnor of Damages, then after Six Calendar Months next after the doing or commissioning such Damage shall have ceased, and not afterwards; and every such Action or Suit shall be laid and brought in the County where the Matter in Dispute shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall or may, at law, her or their Estates, plead specially the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall have been brought before Twenty one Days' Notice shall have been given, or sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall have Double Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant both for recovering Costs of Suit in any other cause by Law.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures.

Trespassers.

Distress not unlawful for want of Form.

Act not to affect Chemists and Druggists.

James Ast. Esq.

General Usage.

Limitation of Actions.

Where laid.

General Issue.

Verdict.

Double Costs.

Public Act.

C A P. CXCIV.

An Act for exonerating the Estates and Effects of the late Sir James Calcraft, the late Sir George Calcraft, Arnold Noyes, Sir Samuel Fisher, Adam Drummond and Moses Frank, and of their Successors, from all Claims and Demands whatsoever, in respect of any Contracts entered into with His Majesty's Government. [12th July 1815.]

- " HIS MAJESTY accepted of all Claims of the Contractors in respect of 1,665l. 17s. 10d. s. 1. On pay-
- " ment of 50,000l. into the Exchequer, Estates of the Contractors exonerated. s. 2. In case any of the Parties
- " shall not pay his Proportion, and any other shall pay it, each Person to sife The Crown Process with the
- " Affairs of the Attorney General for the Recovery. s. 3. In case any Purchaser of Sir George Calcraft's
- " Estate shall not pay his Proportion of the 5,710l., Remedy given to any who shall pay against the De-
- " faulters. s. 4. Power given to any Person not named in the Act to sife his Estate is not liable. s. 5.
- " Public Act. s. 6.

C A P. CXCV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Six Millions for the Service of Great Britain. [12th July 1815.]

- " TREASURY to cause Exchequer Bills for 45,000,000 to be made out in manner directed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.
- " s. 1. s. 2. Exchequer Bills chargeable on the First Supply. s. 3. Exchequer Bills to bear as interest not
- " exceeding 3l. per Cent. per Ann. s. 4. Exchequer Bills to be taken in Payment at the Exchequer after
- " April 5, 1816. s. 5. Bank of England may advance 45,000,000 on Credit of A.B. notwithstanding
- " s. 4 & 5 W. & M. c. 30.—s. 6.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N. B.—The Continuance of each of the following Acts as are Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.

- (a) For 21 Years, viz. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.
 (b) For 21 Years, viz. from the passing of the Act.
 (c) For 21 Years, viz. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all *Private Acts*; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

- "And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a *Public Act*, and
 "shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

Cap. i.

An Act to continue the Term, and to amend and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cornaglogh*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Burdip Hill*, in the said County. (i)

[23d March 1815.]

[*Additional Provisions.* Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

30 G. 3. c. 12.
 30 G. 3. c. 14.
 35 G. 3. c. 140.

Cap. ii.

An Act to continue the Term, and amend and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cornaglogh* to *Stair John's Bridge*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and certain other Roads therein mentioned. (i)

[23d March 1815.]

[*Additional Provisions.* Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

35 G. 3. c. 12.
 35 G. 3. c. 14.
 35 G. 3. c. 140.

Cap. iii.

An Act to amend the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of *London*, and for raising a further Sum of Money for the Completion of the said Works. [23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled
*An Act for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and
 Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London:* And Whereas another Act was
 passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for raising a further
 Sum of Money for carrying into Execution an Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present
 Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security
 of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London:* And Whereas another Act was passed
 in the Forty-fourth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for making Wet Docks,
 Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and to make
 Regulations relating to the said Docks:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty-fifth Year
 of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Fortieth Year
 of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works, for the greater
 Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and for
 extending the Powers and Privileges of the said Act:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty
 sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the
 Fortieth, Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Years of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts
 and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within
 the Port of London, and for other the Purposes in the said Acts mentioned, and for enlarging the Powers
 thereby granted to The London Dock Company:* And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty
 seventh Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend The London Dock Company's*

35 Geo. III.

c. 1

c. 10

49 G 2 c. 2d.

74 G 3 c. 1st.

28 G 3 c. 1st.

28 G 3 c. 1st.

24 G 3 c. 1st.

Acted on, by
Parliament.

Penalty.

Infringement
of the
rights of
authorities.

to purchase certain Waterside in the Parishes of Sturford, Weitham, Bow, Bredley, Mile End and Sheppoy, and other Parishes adjacent, and to amend the several Acts for making Wet Docks and other Works for the Accommodation of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Forty sixth Year of His said most Excellent Majesty's Beign, intitled *An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Parishes, Forty fourth, Forty fifth, Forty sixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto; and to enlarge the Powers and Authorities by the said Acts granted to The London Dock Company; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Beign, intitled *An Act for raising a further Sum of Money for carrying into Execution the several Acts passed for making Wet Docks, Basins, Cais and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of London; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by The London Dock Company, upon Wares and Goods landed and warehoused in the London Docks; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing further Time for the Completion of the Docks, Entrances and other Works and Buildings belonging to The London Dock Company; And Whereas another Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enlarging and amending the Powers and Privileges of the several Acts for making the London Docks; And Whereas it is necessary to make more effectual Provision against the Hazard and Danger of Fire in the said Docks; and also in relation to certain Premises purchased by the said Company for the Use of the Officers of Customs and Excise, and for other Purposes in relation to the said Docks; And Whereas some Parts of the Entrances to the said Docks and Works cannot be completed without further Powers, and an additional Sum of Money raised for that Purpose; and it is necessary, for the Security of the said Docks and the Completion of the said Entrances and Works, that the said Acts should be altered and amended; but the Purposes aforesaid cannot be accomplished without the Aid of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, for further promoting the Hazard and Danger of Fire within the said Docks, and on board Ships and other Vessels thereto, no Person whatsoever shall, from and after the passing of this Act, at any time or times after the Hour of Four in the Evening, or before the Hour of Seven in the Morning, between the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty sixth Day of March in every Year, or before the Hour of Five in the Morning, between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Thirtieth Day of September in every Year, smoke any Tobacco, or other Material used for Smoking, either within the said Docks, or on board of any Ship or Vessel so or within the said Docks, upon Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as any Penalty, not exceeding that Amount, may be recovered and applied under the said recited Act first herebefore mentioned or referred to.*****

II. And Whereas the Directors of the said Company have found it necessary for and towards the Improvement and Completion of the said Docks and Works, and the Entrances thereto, and for providing Accommodation for the Officers of Customs and Excise attending at the said Docks, to make sundry Contracts for, and to have Purchases of Houses, Lands, Tenements, Buildings and Hereditaments, situate near the said Docks, but the same not being within the Limits prescribed by the said recited Acts, such Contracts and Purchases cannot be made effectual without the Aid of Parliament: Be it therefore further enacted, That all Contracts which have been or shall be made by or on the behalf of the said Company, for the Purchase of all or any of the several Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, a Freehold House and Premises with the Appurtenances, being Number Four, in *Wapping Street*; Four Freehold Houses, with the Appurtenances, being Number One, Two, Three and Four, on the Western Side of *Half Moon Court* in *Wapping*; a Freehold House, with the Appurtenances, being Number Five, on the North Side of *Half Moon Court* aforesaid; a Freehold House with the Appurtenances, being Number Six, in *Half Moon Court* aforesaid; a Freehold House with the Appurtenances, being Number Seven, in *Half Moon Court* aforesaid; a Leasehold Public House, with the Appurtenances, called *The Duke of Argyll*, being Number Five, in *Wapping Street*; and a Freehold House, Warehouse and Premises, with the Appurtenances, situate at the North West Corner of *Little Horsegate Street* in *Wapping*; also a Leasehold Brewery, with sundry Messuages and other Buildings, Wharfs, and other Premises, with the Appurtenances held by Two several Leases heretofore granted and made by the Governors of *Breadwell Hospital* to *Messieurs Puckard and Maidland*, likewise situate in and near *Wapping Street*; all which said Messuages, Hereditaments and Premises, are situate in the Parish of *Saint John of Wapping*, in the said County of *Middlesex*; also Six Freehold Houses, with the Appurtenances, being Numbers One hundred and twenty eight, One hundred and twenty nine, One hundred and thirty, One hundred and thirty one, One hundred and thirty two and One hundred and thirty three, with a Tenement and Sheds behind the same, situate on the North Side of *Pommes Street*, and One Freehold House on the West Side of *Chymist Hill*, and a Piece or Parcel of Freehold Land, with the several Houses, Sheds and Buildings thereon, situate South on *Peck Street*, West on *Sliver Street*, and North and East on Premises the Property of *The London Dock Company*; All which said last mentioned Messuages, Hereditaments and Premises, are situate in the Parish of *Saint George, Middlesex*, commonly called *Saint George in the Rags*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and all Bargains, Sales, Conveyances, Leases, Transfers, Assignments and other Conveyances, which have been or shall be made of or in relation to the said Hereditaments and

and President, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, by or to or in Trust for or to or for the Use or Benefit of the said Company, shall be and the same are hereby declared and enacted to be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and to have the same Effect, as if such Resolves, Resolutions, Laws, Treatments and Hierarchicals respectively had been within the Limits prescribed by the said recited Act, or any of them; any thing in the said Act, or any or either of them, or any other Law or Statute whatsoever to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And he it further enacted, That in all cases under any Commission or Commissions of Bankrupt How Debt proved on estate of Bankrupt. (referred to or to be awarded against any Person or Persons, who is or are or shall be indebted to the said Company, or against whom the said Company shall or may have any Claims or Demands, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons in the employ of the said Company, who shall from time to time be in that behalf nominated and appointed by Writing under the Hand of the Treasurer of the said Company for the time being, to appear, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and empowered to appear and act on behalf of the said Company, in respect of any such Debt, Claim or Demand, before the Commissioners under any Commission of Bankrupt, either personally, or by his or their Affidavit, to be duly sworn and exhibited in the usual manner, in order to prove and establish any such Debt, Claim or Demand, under such Commission; and every such Person or Persons to be nominated and appointed, shall in all such cases be admitted and allowed to make Proof, or tender a Claim under any such Commission of Bankruptcy, on behalf and for the Benefit of the said Company, in respect of the Debt or Debts or other Demands of the said Company against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, in like manner as any other Person or Persons being a Creditor or Creditors of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, in his or their own Right might or could do in respect of his or their Debt or Debts; and any Person or Persons to be nominated or appointed in manner aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority to appear on behalf of the said Company, at any Meeting of the Creditors of any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and to vote therein, in respect of any Debt or Debts which shall be admitted and allowed to be proved on behalf of the said Company, under any such Commission of Bankrupt as aforesaid, in like manner as any other Creditor or Creditors of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts could or might do in respect of the Debt or Debts by him or them proved under such Commission or Commissions of Bankrupt.

IV. And, in order the better to enable the said Company to complete the said Docks and Works and the Estrems thereof, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Company, at any Meeting or Meetings to be specially called for that Purpose in the manner directed by the said recited Act, or any or either of them now in force in that behalf, by such ways and means and upon such Terms as at such Meeting or Meetings to be called shall be thought expedient, and be directed to augment the present Capital Stock of the said Company by any further Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds, in case such Meeting or the Majority of Votes of the Proprietors present and entitled to Vote therein shall declare it to be necessary and expedient so to augment the said Capital Stock; and that all such further and additional Capital Stock, not exceeding the additional and further Sum aforesaid, as shall be so raised, shall be considered as Part of the general Capital Stock of the said Company, and be under and subject to the same Provisions, Regulations, Directions and Management, in all Respects and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been Part of the said original Capital Stock of the said Company (except as to the time or times of making Calls for the said additional Capital Stock, and the Amount of such Calls; which time and times, and the Amount of such Calls respectively, shall from time to time be appointed by the Directors of the said Company or any Three or more of them): Provided always, that no more than Twenty Five Pounds per Centum of such additional Sum or Sums shall be so called for or appointed to be paid within One Month: Provided also, that all the Regulations, Provisions and Clauses contained in the said recited Act, in relation to the Calls for the original Capital of the said Company therein mentioned, and to the Recovery thereof, or of any Arrear thereof, and to the Performance of any Sums advanced by reason of any Neglect or Refusal to comply with such Calls, shall be applicable to the Calls for the said further and additional Sum hereby authorized to be raised or borrowed as aforesaid, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall be required to be raised by way of additional Capital Stock as aforesaid, and the Refusal or Neglect to comply with such Calls last mentioned.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in case the Majority of Proprietors present and entitled to vote at any such Meeting or Meetings to be called as aforesaid, shall think it advisable to borrow the said further and additional Sum at Interest, in manner hereinafter mentioned, or shall deem it expedient to raise only a Part of the said further and additional Sum by way of Augmentation of their Capital Stock, and to borrow the Remainder thereof at Interest, then and in either of the said cases, it shall be lawful for the said Company to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Security or Securities hereinafter mentioned, any Sum or Sums of Money, so as the whole Sum to be raised under the Authority of this Act shall not exceed such further and additional Sum as aforesaid, and in order to the raising of the same, or any Part or Parts thereof, in the manner last aforesaid, the said Company, or the Directors of the said Company for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall and may, at the Costs and Charges of the said Company, assign over the Rates and Duties arising by virtue of the said first recited Act, or a competent Part thereof; and also shall and may, if they shall think it proper, charge and subject all the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments or of belonging to the said Company, or a competent Part thereof, as a Security or Securities for the Repayment of any such Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed, together with Interest, to such Person or Persons, or his, her or their Trustee or Trustees, Nominee or Nominees, Executors or Administrators; and all such Assignments and Securities shall be made and entered, and shall be enforceable from time to time in the same manner (mutatis mutandis); and the same, and the Moneys which may be so borrowed as aforesaid, and the Interest thereof, shall be under and subject to such and the same Provisions, Regulations, Directions and Management in all respects, as are in and by the said first recited Act prescribed and directed,

concerning the Assignments and Securities to be made and given for the Monies thereby authorized to be borrowed by the said Company, and concerning such like mentioned Monies and the Interest thereof.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to infer in any Securities to be made as aforesaid (if the Majority of the said Proprietors present, and entitled to vote at any such Meeting, shall think fit), an Agreement, by which a Right shall be given to the respective Persons who shall advance and lend the said Money, or any Part thereof, or to the Persons who for the time being shall be entitled thereto, to have an Option of having their several and respective Loans repaid in Money, or of being admitted to have each a Share of the Capital Stock of the said Company, in lieu thereof, at such time or times, and upon such Terms and Conditions as shall be agreed upon by the Directors of the said Company, or any Three or more of them, under the Authority of any such Meeting or Meetings of the said Company as aforesaid, on the One Part, and the Persons from whom such Monies shall be borrowed from time to time on the other Part; be nevertheless that the respective Shares of the said Capital Stock, and the time or times, and the Terms or Conditions to be agreed upon as aforesaid, in relation to such Option, shall be expressed in the respective Securities for such Principal Monies, *otherwise* the Agreement or Agreements for such Option shall be void and have no effect.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to borrow all or any Part of the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds mentioned in the said recited Act passed in the Fourth (a) Year of His present Majesty, in the manner directed by that Act, as well as the said additional and further Sum by this Act authorized to be raised or borrowed as aforesaid; any thing in the Acts of Parliament passed in relation to the said Company, or any of them, to the contrary notwithstanding. (a) [30 & 40 G. 3. c. 166. § 22.]

VIII. And be it further enacted, That none of such Assignments and Securities, to be made by the said Company or by the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, pursuant to any of the Acts of Parliament passed in relation to the said Company, or pursuant to this Act, shall, on account of prior Date or Execution, be entitled to any Priority of Payment or other Preference before any other or others of such Securities of later Date or Execution; except the Preference which from time to time may be agreed to be given in relation to the Option of converting Loans into Capital Stock, under the Authority of this Act, and also except the Security hereby authorized to be given upon the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of the said Company, or such Part thereof as aforesaid in relation to the said further and additional Sum by this Act authorized to be raised or borrowed, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall or may be charged on the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Part thereof as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized and required to pay the Interest of the said further and additional Sum, or so much and such Part and Parts thereof as shall be raised by way of Loan, in manner aforesaid (and whether with or without such Option as aforesaid), of the Person or Persons entitled thereto, out of any Monies which shall from time to time be in the Hands or Power of the said Company, applicable to the Purposes of the said recited Acts or of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed on Assignment or Mortgage under the Authority of this Act shall, from the time the said Money or any Part thereof shall be advanced, be payable Half yearly to the several Parties entitled thereto, in Preference to any Interest or Dividend due and payable to the said Company, or any of them, and shall from time to time be fully paid and discharged or provided for, before any Interest or Dividends due to the said Company, or any of them, shall be paid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Regulations and Prerogatives, as to voting or otherwise, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said recited Acts (so far as the same are not hereby varied, altered or repealed), shall extend and be construed to extend to this Act, and to the said Company and the Directors thereof and others carrying this Act into Execution, and also to all Proprietors or Persons, Bodies Public or Corporate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, possessed of any Capital Stock advanced under any of the Provisions of this Act, or lending any Sum of Money to the said Company under the same, their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and also to the Treasurer, Assignee or Performer of any such Capital Stock, and to the Securities for any Money so lent; and also as to the procuring or defending any Actions or Suits in the Name of or against the Treasurer of the said Company, and shall operate and be in force as to all such additional Capital Stock or Money lent, and the Application of the Money to be raised by virtue of this Act as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were severally and particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and made Part thereof.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cop. iv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Exeter through Exmouth to Teign, and from Exmouth to Kingfisher upon Tamar, and Thence Down; and across Exmouth Common Fields, to the Apperant Turnpike Road on Burgh Road, all in the County of Devon. (a)

[Additional Trays. Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted. One Half additional Toll on Sunday.]

Cap. v.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing or rebuilding the Perille Church of *Swalport*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. [23d March 1815.] 30 G. 3. c. 101.

Cap. vi.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Wiltz and Berks Canal* Navigation to raise Money for discharging the Debts of the said Company. [23d March 1815.] 31 G. 3. c. 16.
46 G. 3. (U.K.)
30 G. 3.
c. 101.
31 G. 3. c. 101.

[1000000.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for paving the Footways and Crossways, and lighting, watching, cleansing, widening and otherwise improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places, in the Town of *Bishopstoke*, in the County of *Southampton*. [23d March 1815.]

Cap. viii.

An Act for exchanging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Batterford*, in the County of *Dorset*, to *Aldon*, in the County of *Gloucestershire*, and from *Aldon* thence, by the *Dale*, to *Batterford*, in the County of *Northampton*. (c) [23d March 1815.] 30 G. 3. c. 113.
[Additional Tryals. Former Toll is swept, new Toll granted. Double Toll is certain 1815.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for erecting a *Shire Hall*, Courts of Justice and other Buildings, for Public Purposes; and for providing suitable Accommodations for His Majesty's Justices of Assize, in and for the County of *Berford*. [23d March 1815.]

WHEREAS the *Shire Hall* for the County of *Berford* is locally situate within the City of *Berford*, in the same County, and the *Alders* and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and the County Courts and other Courts of and for the said County have been there holden; and the said *Shire Hall* is also the accustomed Place for electing Knights of the Shire, and for holding the other Public Meetings of the said County of *Berford*: And Whereas at the Assizes and General Gaol Delivery holden in and for the said County of *Berford*, on Monday the Eighth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, it was ordered by the Grand Jury of and for the County of *Berford*, that the *Shire Hall* for the said County of *Berford* is a very inconvenient Building, and is adapted for the Accommodation of Justice; and that the said *Shire Hall* is much out of Repair and in Decay, and inefficient and unfit for the Public Purposes to which the same hath been and ought to be applied, and the Site thereof, being situated by a Public Street in the City of *Berford*, is now seized and confined to admit of Enlargement, so as to give adequate Attention or Improvement in the present Building, without creating great Inconvenience by obstructing the Highway and Passage in the said Street: And Whereas it is expedient to erect new Courts of Justice, with suitable Conveniences, wherein to hold the *Alders* and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and the County Courts and other Courts for the said County of *Berford*, and to construct other Judicial Buildings; and also to erect a new *Shire Hall* for the County of *Berford*, and other proper Buildings for the Purposes of such County: And Whereas a new Gaol for the said County of *Berford*, was some time since erected; and the Site or Ground whereupon the old Gaol for the said County formerly stood, and the Buildings and Materials thereupon still remain useful and undisturbed of; and the same Site or Ground is situate in the said City of *Berford*, lying in Front next to *Salter's Lane Street*, is the Perch of *St. Peter's*, in the said City, and being at a short Distance from the present *Shire Hall*, is well calculated for such new Buildings, with Accommodations thereto, and affords an easy Communication with the present Gaol of the said County of *Berford*; and it is expedient that the said Site or Ground should be made use of for the said Purposes, but to adapt the same for such Purposes, and to make convenient Avenues and Approaches thereto, it will be necessary to purchase several Houses, Buildings, Tenements, Gardens and Pieces of Ground adjacent and appertaining thereto: And Whereas it is expedient that better Accommodations should be procured for The King's Judges, when holding the Assizes in the said City of *Berford*, and there appears to be no Mode of procuring permanent and suitable Accommodations for them, but by the Expence of a considerable Sum of Money, either in the purchase, repairing or building of some House for that Purpose: And Whereas it is expedient that the Expence of purchasing, repairing, altering or building such Houses, Buildings, Tenements, Gardens and Pieces of Ground, as shall be necessary for the several Purposes aforesaid, and of erecting and making the said new Courts of Justice, *Shire Hall*, Lodgings for His Majesty's Judges, and other Buildings and Accommodations, and of obtaining and paying this Act, and also all other Expences attending the Execution thereof, should be borne and paid by and raised by way of Rate upon the said County of *Berford*; and it is expedient that such Expences should be borne in certain Proportions by and between the Proprietors and the Occupiers of Lands and Hereditaments within the said County; but as the several Rents and Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by

Commissioners
appointed.

by the Authority of the *Act*, That all Persons who now are or shall hereafter for the time being be Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Hampshire*, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for dividing, ordering and managing the sessions and holding of new Courts of Justice, with suitable Commission, wherein to hold the *Assizes* and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and the County Courts and other Courts for the said County of *Hampshire*, and to transact other Judicial Business, and also of a new *Shire Hall* for the said County of *Hampshire*, and other proper Rooms and Buildings for the Use and Public Purposes of the said County, and for making, widening, beautifying or improving the Arches or Approaches to or commanding the same respectively, and also the purchasing, adapting or erecting of any proper and commodious Messuages or Messuages, with Gardens and other suitable Conveniences and Accommodations for the lodging of the Majesty's Judges when holding *Assizes* in the said City, and repairing and fixing up the same, and the Application of the Site or Ground whereon the old Gaol for the said County stood, or any proper Part or Parts thereof, and such other Messuages, Buildings, Land, Ground and Hereditaments, as shall or may be purchased or acquired under the Powers of this *Act*, for such Erections and Buildings, or such other Purposes as aforesaid, and for filling such Parts of the said Site, Buildings, Ground and Premises, as shall not be wanted for the Purposes aforesaid, and for making and defraying the Expenses of such Erections and Buildings as aforesaid, and of all Sales, Purchases, and other *Acts* to be made and done under the Powers of this *Act*, and also the Expenses of obtaining and passing this *Act*, and generally for carrying this *Act*, and the several Purposes thereof, into Execution.

Meetings of
Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall meet at the Commemorative Room at the present Gaol for the said County of *Hampshire*, and which is locally situate within the Liberties of the City of *Hampshire*, on the *Monday* next after the passing of this *Act*, or as soon after as conveniently may be, between the Hours of Ten in the Forenoon and Two in the Afternoon; of which First Meeting at least Eight Days' previous Notice shall be given by Five or more of the said Commissioners, in the Newspaper called *The Hampshire Journal*; and the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall there and there proceed to put this *Act* into Execution, and then and from time to time afterwards adjourn themselves to meet or otherwise meet according to such Notice as is hereinafter directed to be given, at such time or times, and at such Place or Places within the said County of *Hampshire*, as such Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall think proper and convenient; and if Two Commissioners shall not attend at the time and Place appointed for any such Meeting, then the Commissioners or Commissioner present may make such Adjournment; and if no such Commissioner shall be present, or if at any Meeting an Adjournment be required to be made, then the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of *Hampshire*, or his Deputy, may arrive and continue the Meetings of the said Commissioners, by calling One or more Meetings for that Purpose, and causing such Notice to be given as is hereinafter directed; and every such Meeting so to be called for the Purpose of reviving and continuing the said Meetings, shall and may be adjourned in like manner; and all such Adjournments, and the Revivals and Continuances of the said Meetings, shall be entered by the Clerk of the Peace of the said County, or his Deputy, in a Book to be kept for that Purpose; and notwithstanding any Adjournment of the Meetings of the said Commissioners, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or for the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, under the Direction of the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, to convene a Meeting of the said Commissioners, at any time prior to Due to the time for which any Meeting shall have been adjourned; of which Meeting it to be convened, and the Purpose thereof, the like Notice shall be given as is hereinafter directed with respect to other Meetings of the said Commissioners.

It is hereby
enacted that
Notice given of
Meetings, ex-
cepted by the
Adjournments.

Quorum
appointed.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Orders, Contrasts, Sales, Purchases or other *Acts* or Proceedings of the said Commissioners, or any of them, in the Execution of this *Act*, shall be valid unless done or executed at a Meeting held in pursuance of this *Act*; and that previous Notice of all the Meetings to be held in pursuance of this *Act* (Meetings by Adjournment only excepted) shall be given in the said Newspaper by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or by the Clerk of the Peace for the time being, or his Deputy, Eight Days at least before each Meeting, which Notice shall specify the Time and Place of such Meeting, and at all such Meetings the said Commissioners shall pay their own Expenses, and at every such Meeting One of the said Commissioners present shall be appointed Chairman, and all the Powers and Authorities by this *Act* granted to or vested in such Commissioners, shall and may be exercised by the major Part of the Commissioners present (the whole Number present not being less than Five), and the Chairman shall not only have a single Vote, but in case of Equality of Votes upon any Question, shall have the decisive or casting Vote, and all the Orders and Decisions of the major Part of such Commissioners present at such Meetings, shall have the same Force and Effect as if the same were done by all such Commissioners for the time being.

Proceedings
taken.

IV. And be it further enacted, That Entries shall be made by the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, in a Book or Books to be provided for that Purpose, of all the *Acts*, Orders, Rules, Regulations, Decisions and Proceedings of the said Commissioners relative to the Execution of this *Act*; and all such Entries shall be deemed Originals, and shall be allowed to be read in Evidence in all Courts and other Places whatsoever, in all Causes, Suits, Actions or Disputes, touching any thing done in pursuance of this *Act*; and such Book or Books shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace for the time being, and shall and may be perused and inspected at all reasonable times, by any Person containing towards the Expense of carrying this *Act* into Execution, on Payment to such Clerk of the Peace of One Shilling for each time of inspection, and One Shilling more for every Hour after the First Hour during which such inspection shall continue after the First Hour; and when all the Powers and Authorities by this *Act* granted to or vested in the said Commissioners shall cease, in consequence of the said Execution of such Powers and Authorities, such Book or Books shall

be deputed with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of *Hireford*, and be by him kept and preferred amongst the Records of the said County.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may, if they think fit, nominate and appoint one or more Committee or Committees (consisting of any Number of their own Body) to superintend, regulate and control such Artificers, Officers and Workmen as shall be employed by the said Commissioners or any of them, and to see to the due Performance of such Contracts and Agreements and Works as may be entered into for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution, or any of them; and also to do and execute all such other Business, Services and Commissions, as shall be committed or entrusted to its Care, Management, Superintendence or Execution, for the Purposes of this Act; and to nominate and appoint several such Committees (if necessary) for separate Departments of the said Works, or with separate Objects, and to give Instructions to such Committees accordingly; and all Acts, Instructions, Orders and Directions, signed, done or given by the Majority of any such Committee (provided they do not exceed the Limits of the Orders of the Commissioners at large) shall be binding on such Artificers, Officers and Workmen as aforesaid, and all other Persons concerned therein, and good, valid and effectual for the Purposes to which the same shall relate.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, at any Meeting to be held in pursuance of this Act (and the special Objects of which such Notice as aforesaid shall be given), shall and may from time to time appoint a Treasurer or Treasurers, and such other Officers and Persons as they may think proper for assisting in the Execution of this Act, or for executing any Rules, Orders or Regulations to be made in pursuance of the same, with such Salaries and Allowances, to be paid out of the Moneys to be raised by this Act, as shall be thought reasonable by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them; and also shall and may take Security from such Treasurers, or other Officers and Persons, for the faithful Execution of their Office respectively, and for duly accounting for all such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be received by such Treasurer or Treasurers, Officers and Persons, and paying the Balances thereof, from time to time as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall appoint; and also may from time to time remove such Treasurer or Treasurers, Officers and other Persons or Persons, and appoint others in the Room of such of them as shall be so removed or shall die, and may when they the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall think proper, discontinue any such Treasurer or Treasurers, Officers and Persons to be appointed as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may sue and be sued in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace for the time being; and that no Action to be brought or commenced by or against the said Commissioners, or any of them, by virtue of this Act, in the Name of the said Clerk of the Peace, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Clerk of the Peace, or by the Act of the said Clerk of the Peace, without the Consent of the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, but that such Clerk of the Peace shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action, as the case may be: Provided always, that every such Clerk of the Peace shall be reimbursed, out of the Moneys to be raised by virtue of this Act, all such Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses, as he shall be put unto or become chargeable with, by reason of his being made Plaintiff or Defendant as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cause the Site of the old Guild of the said County of *Hireford*, and the Buildings belonging thereto (situated as heretofore mentioned), or any Part or Parts thereof, to be sold as the Site of the new Shire Hall, Courts, Offices, Messuages and other Buildings to be erected and built under the Powers and Authorities of this Act, or any of them, and for such Yards, Gardens and Outlets to the same, as shall be thought commodious and proper, or otherwise, to fill and dispose of the said Site or Ground, or any Part or Parts thereof, for the Purposes of this Act, as they the said Commissioners shall think fit; and for that Purpose, that all and singular the said Site, Land or Ground whereupon the said old Guild, and the several Buildings belonging thereto, lately stood, and all the Yards, Courts, Outlets, Ways, Paths, Possessions, Waters, Watercourses, Fens, Easements, Commodities, Hereditaments and Appurtenances whatsoever to the same respectively belonging, or at any time held or occupied therewith, or taken or known as Part, Parcel or Member thereof, and the Tree Stump and Incubement thereof as Possession, shall (from and immediately after the passing of this Act) be, and the same are hereby sold and settled in and upon and to the Use of the said Commissioners, the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Hireford*, and their Successors for ever, upon Trust, and to the Intent that they do and shall cause or permit the same Premises, every or any Part thereof, to be converted, held, sold and disposed of, for the several Purposes of this Act, or any of them, or otherwise as by this Act directed or authorized, in such manner as they the said Commissioners shall think expedient.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to treat, contract, sue and agree with the several Owners, Occupiers of and Persons interested in any Messuages, Dwelling Houses, Tenements, Buildings, Gardens, Outlets, Ground, Easements, Lands and Hereditaments whatsoever, which shall or may be conveniently used for any of the Purposes of this Act, or shall be deemed necessary for making, carrying or otherwise accommodating the new Buildings hereby directed to be built or provided, or widening, beautifying or improving the Avenues and Approaches to the same respectively, or any other of the Purposes of this Act, for the Purchase thereof (so be conveyed to or to become otherwise vested in the said Commissioners in manner hereinafter mentioned, for the Purposes of this Act), and likewise with the Owners, Occupiers and Persons interested in any other Messuages, Ground or Buildings whatsoever, for any Lot or Damage which such Owners, Occupiers and Persons intend, or any of them, shall or may follow by or on account of the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act; and with the Moneys to be raised in manner hereinafter directed, to pay for the Purchase of such Houses, Lands, Tenements, Ground and Hereditaments, and for such Lot or Damages such Sum

Commissioners

Appointed
Officers.

Security.

Commissioners
may sue and be
sued in Name of
Clerk of Peace.Clerk of Peace
reimbursed.Site of old
Guild, to be sold
for new Build-
ings.Site of old
Guild, to be sold
in Commission.
see Act.Commissioners
may treat and
contract upon
which new
Buildings are
to be built.

or Sums of Money as shall be agreed upon between such Owners, Occupiers and Persons interested as aforesaid, and the said Commissioners for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or as shall be agreed by a Jury in the cases and matters hereinafter mentioned, and also the Costs and Charges attending such Agreements, Purchases or Abstinences.

Bodies Politic,
And other Persons
For Sale of
Lands.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole (on behalf of themselves and their Successors), Tenants for Life, or for any other Term, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, and any Person or Persons having a beneficial Estate or Interest for any Term or Terms of Years on behalf of themselves and their Heirs, their Executors or Administrators, and also of all Persons seized or entitled in Remainder expectant on their respective Estates and Interests, and all Possessor in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Executors, Guardians, Committees of Lunatics and Idiots, and all other Trustees for and on Behalf of themselves, their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and also of their Cypselike Trustees, Wives, Wards and other Persons in Trust, for or on behalf of whom they may be respectively interested (whether Indians, Iliques, or others, James Covert, Laurence, Idiot, or other Person or Persons whomsoever), and to and for all Persons whom they are or shall be seized or possessed of or in any wife interested in their own Right, or for their separate Use, and to and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, who are or is or shall or may be seized, possessed of, entitled to or any wife interested in any such Houses, Buildings, Gardens, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Possessions, as shall or may be deemed necessary for the Purposes of this Act (except Tenants at Rack Rents, or from Year to Year, or at Will), to consult and agree with the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, for the Sale of such Houses, Buildings, Gardens, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Possessions, every or any Part thereof, and the Fee Simple thereof, or other absolute Interest therein, and all and every or any Estate, Right, Title and Interest whatsoever, at Law or in Equity, of, in or to the same, for the Purposes of this Act; and to convey the same and the Fee Simple or absolute Interest thereof, every or any Part thereof, and every Estate, Right, Title and Interest therein, to the said Commissioners and their Successors, Justices of the Peace for the said County, for ever, or to such Person or Persons in Trust for them, and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct, and as Occasion shall require; and all Contracts, Agreements, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes; any Law, Statute, Usage or any other Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

All Persons who
are Tenants, Vendors,
And other Persons
For Sale of
Lands.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Owner, Proprietor, Occupier, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, or any other Person or Persons as aforesaid, seized of, entitled to or interested in the Messuages, Dwelling Houses, Tenements, Ground or Hereditaments, specified in the said Schedule to this Act, or any of them, shall neglect or refuse to trust, or shall not agree for the Sale of any of the said Houses, Lands, Tenements, Ground, Premises or Hereditaments, mentioned or specified in the said Schedule, or any Part or Parts thereof, or for his, her or their Interest therein, or by reason of Absence, Incapacity or otherwise, shall be prevented from trusting, then and in any such case, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them (Twenty one Days at the least before any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the said County of *Hampshire*), to give or cause to be given to such Owners or Persons interested, or his, her or their Heirs, Trustees, Guardians or Committees respectively, or to the principal Officer or Officers of such Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, or to leave or cause to be left at the House of the Tenant in Possession of any such House, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Notice in Writing signed by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, describing or denoting the Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased, and purporting that the Value thereof will be ascertained and fixed by a Jury at the said Sessions; and the Justices at their Sessions, upon Oath to them made of such Notice having been so given or left, are hereby authorized and required to charge the Jury which shall sit at such Sessions, or from other Jury of Twelve honest Men, to be then and there impanelled and returned by the Sheriff of the said County, without Fee or Reward; and in Default of the Attendance of a sufficient Number of Jurymen so returned, then such other honest and indifferent Men of the Freeholders as the said Sheriff shall rule, or of others that he can speedily procure, to attend that Service to make up the Number Twelve, and cause them to be sworn well and truly on their Oaths to assess the Value of the Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, mentioned or referred to by the said Notice, and the Damages and Recompence to be given for the same, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall be intended to be sold for the Purposes of this Act, to the respective Owners, Occupiers and Persons interested, according to their respective Interests therein, which Oath the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer to such Jury; and the said Justices, if they shall think fit, shall and may cause the said Jury to view the Place and Places, Matter and Matters in Question; and in which said Jury, the said Commissioners and all Parties interested shall have their lawful Challenging, but shall not challenge the Jury; and the said Jury being so charged and sworn as aforesaid, and after proper Evidence upon Oath given concerning the Nature, Quantity and Value of such Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or such Part or Parts thereof as aforesaid, shall by their Verdict assess the Damages and Recompence to be given for the same, to such respective Owners, Occupiers and Persons, according to their respective Interests therein; and the said Justices, or the major Part of them, shall give Judgment for such Purchase Money or Recompence to be satisfied by such Jury, which Verdict of the said Jury, and Judgment of the said Justices upon the same, shall be entered in the Records of the Sessions, and shall finally bind and be conclusive on the said Commissioners and on all Persons and Parties interested in the said Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments respectively, in fully and exclusively, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such

Each Person and Parties had respectively confessed to and joined in the Sale and Conveyance thereof, for the Purposes of this Act.

XII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall authorize or empower the said Commissioners, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, to take or sit for the Purposes of this Act, any House, Buildings, Grounds, Orchards, Planted Walk, or Avenue to a House, without the Consent of the Owners and Proprietors thereof, other than and except the Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, mentioned and comprised in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, and intended to be taken and sold for the Purposes thereof.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury shall give and deliver a Verdict or Affidavit for more Money, as the Recompense, Price or Value for any such Houses, Buildings, Grounds, Lands or Hereditaments, Easements, Privileges, Lofs or Damage as aforesaid, than what shall have been agreed to or offered by or on the Part of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, before the returning or impaneling of the Jury, that then and in such case the Costs and Expenses of the Jury and Witnesses, and all other Expenses respecting the taking the said Verdict or Inquisition, and the Judgment, Order or Adjournment thereon, shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners out of the Money to be by them raised by virtue of this Act; but if such Jury shall give and deliver a Verdict or Affidavit for no more or for less Money than shall have been agreed to or offered by or on the Part of the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, before the taking of such Verdict or Inquisition as aforesaid, as the Recompense, Price or Value for any such Houses, Buildings, Grounds, Lands or Hereditaments, Easements, Privileges, Lofs or Damage as aforesaid, that then the full Costs and Expenses to be occasioned as aforesaid, and all other the Expenses attending the hearing and determining of such Appeal or Difference, shall be borne and paid by the Person or Persons with whom the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall have such Controversy or Dispute; which said Costs and Expenses, having been ascertained and settled by the Court of Quarter Sessions before which such Appeal or Matter shall be heard, shall and may be deducted out of the Money so affirmed and adjudged, as so much Money advanced towards and in Part of such Recompense, Price or Value; and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Money shall be deemed and taken, in all Letters and Purpals, to be a Payment and Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so affirmed or adjudged; or otherwise such Costs and Expenses, in case the same be not paid as demanded, may be recovered by the said Commissioners, in the Name, Style or Appellations of "The Justices of the Peace of the County of Hertford," by Action of Debt, in that Name, Style or Appellations, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or which Action so Wages of Law, Edgings or Protections, nor more than One Imparance shall be allowed: Provided always, that in all cases where any Person shall by reason of Absence from the Kingdom of Great Britain, have been prevented from treating, such Costs and Expenses shall be borne and paid out of the Money so raised or recovered by the said Commissioners under or by virtue of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or Tender of the Money so agreed, ordered, affirmed or adjudged to be paid for the Purchase of such Houses, Buildings, Grounds, Lands or Hereditaments, Easements or Privileges, or for such Recompense as aforesaid (subject to such Deductions for Costs as herein mentioned, or upon Investment or Payment thereof into the Bank of England, in manner by this Act directed, as the case may be, the said Houses, Buildings, Grounds, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, so purchased, shall well in the Judgment of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hertford, for the Purposes of this Act; and it shall then be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, their Workmen, Servants or Agents, to enter upon and take Possession of and make use of such Houses, Buildings, Grounds, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Easements and Privileges, and every Part thereof, and also to pull down such Houses and Buildings, or so much of them as it shall be necessary or expedient to pull down; and all such Persons and Parties who were the Owners or Occupiers thereof, shall be divested of all Right and Title in and to the same and every Part thereof.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed, ordered or awarded to be paid for the Purchase of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, and the same shall belong wholly or in Part to any Body Public, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Committee or other Trustee for or on Behalf or in Right of any Infant, Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert or other Cyphous Person, or to any Person whose Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall have been leased in Rent or other Settlement, or to any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all costs and charges paid in the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Power of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed in his Account there *ex parte* "The Justices of the Peace for the County of Hertford," to the intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rights, Hereditaments or Profits, from which such Money shall have arisen, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or so or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or other Incumbrance affecting the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any other Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, standing mortgaged therewith, or holden or liable upon or to the same or the like Title, Uses, Interests or Purpals, or such Part thereof as the said Court shall authorize to be so paid and discharged; and where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested (under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court) in the Purchase of other Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled, in, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Issues and Purpals, and in the same manner as the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which

the House takes, except such specified in Schedule.

Expenses of Jury, how paid.

Provis.

Upon Payment or Investment of Purchase Money, Commissioners may take Possession.

Application of Money belonging to Corporation, if amounting to stock.

which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, previously docketed, settled or licensed, or to, for or upon each of them as at the time of making such Certificate and Settlement shall be existing, understood or capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court, upon Application thereon, be received by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated, or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the mean time, and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Profits of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall from time to time be paid, by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to be purchased by virtue of this Act, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

If such sum paid,
and not by then
90s.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed, ordered or awarded to be paid for any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being, entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardians or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Lunacy, Idiocy or Lascy (to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands) be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them (such Nominations and Approbations to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising therefrom, may be applied in manner hereinafter directed, in far as the same be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

Agreement of
less than 200.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money so agreed, ordered or awarded to be paid as next is hereinafter mentioned, shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in every such case the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold for any of the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners, the Justices of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hertford, or any Five or more of them shall think fit; or in case of Lunacy or Lascy, then to his, her or their Guardians or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

Taken not made
and, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be ordered or awarded to be paid for the Purchase of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make out a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, the said Justices of the Peace for the time being, or any Five or more of them; or in case the Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered or awarded to be paid as aforesaid cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, the Justices of the Peace for the time being for the said County, or any Five or more of them, in order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be ordered or awarded as aforesaid, to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (dying since), subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery; which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Notice or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered (in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as in the first Court shall seem meet) to order the same to be had out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money (maintaining and preserving for six Months after the date of the receipt or receipts), to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

Purchase
Money paid into
Chancery on
account of the
said Parties,
here directed of

XIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, or to the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, and the contrary shall be shewn to the satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the said Bank Annuities to be paid, used with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made to appear to the said Court that such

Such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

And I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original as it appears in the records of the said Court.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said County at the City of Maryland, this _____ day of _____, A.D. 19____.

County Clerk

XIX. And he is further certified, That every Tenant at Will for one Year, or from Year to Year, and every Person or Persons in Possession of any such Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments as shall be granted by virtue and for the Purpose of this Act, who shall have no greater Interest in the Premises than as Tenant at Will or Lessee for a Year, or from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they or any Five or more of them shall appoint to take Possession of the same, upon having first left such Six Calendar Months Notice to quit such Possession from the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or the Clerk of the Peace for the said County for the time being; and it shall be lawful and sufficient for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or the Clerk of the Peace, to give such Notice, as well before as after the respective Purchases of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, shall have been completed, or the Purchase Money thereof paid, tendered or accepted as hereinbefore mentioned; and such Person or Persons in Possession shall at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, whether such Notice be given with Reference to the time or times of such Tenant's Entrance or Holding, or not, or as soon after as he, she or they shall be required by such Notice, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, or to the said Clerk of the Peace, or any Person or Persons authorized by such Commissioners or any Five or more of them to take Possession thereof; they the said Commissioners making such Satisfaction and Compensation to every such Tenant or Lessee, or other Person or Persons in Possession as aforesaid, in such be, or they shall be required to quit before the Expiration of his, her or their Term in the Premises, as the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them shall deem just and reasonable; and if any Difference or Dispute shall arise touching the Amount of such Satisfaction and Compensation, then and as such case the same shall be tried and ascertained by a Jury, in such and the like manner as the Satisfaction and Compensation to be made by the said Commissioners for the Purchase of any Messuages, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, are lawfully directed to be tried and ascertained in such of any Difference or Dispute about the same; and that in such any such Person or Persons to be in Possession as aforesaid shall refuse to give such Possession as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three or more of them to issue their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriff of the County of *Hampshire*, to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Person or Persons as shall so give such Precept or Precepts be authorized to receive the same, and the said Sheriff is hereby required to deliver such Possession accordingly of the same Premises, and to levy such Costs as shall accrue from the issuing and Execution of such Precept or Precepts on the Person or Persons refusing to give Possession as aforesaid, by Distress and Sale of his, her or their Goods and Chattels, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners thereof.

XIII. And it is further covenanted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall take any Mortgage or Mortgages upon any Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Householdstuffs, which shall be purchased by virtue of the Statute in that behalf made, shall and lawfully may, and is authorized by the Statute in that behalf made, to be the Proprietor of this Act, or some in Right thereof, by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, to sue for the Same in Writing from the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or from such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage or Mortgages, at the End or Expiration of ten full Years after the Calendar Month, to be computed from the Day of payment of such Money, and on Payment of the Principal and Interest is due at the time to be appointed in such Notice, every principal, alias, and transfer his, her or their Interest in the Profits to be received by, or to be in Power of the said Commissioners, the Justices of the Peace for the same being for the said County, and in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall be to be repaid by alias and alias as aforesaid, on such Payment or Tender thereof, then all Interest on the Principal Money due on every such Mortgage shall therefor cease and determine.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Sales, Conveyances and Affurances of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Householdings and Premises, so to be made to the said Commissioners, the Judges of the Peace for the said County of Bedford, shall be made in the Form or to the Effect following: *Enacted*.

1 A. B. of _____ in Confirmation of the Sum of _____
 2 paid by the Commissioners sitting by virtue of an Act of Parliament,
 3 passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intimated (hereafter the Title of which
 4 Act) do hereby grant and allow unto the Commissioners appointed by the said Act, the Justices of the
 5 Peace for the time being in the County of Hereford, and their Successors for the time being, Justices of the
 6 Peace for the said County, All (hereafter the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Premises to be assigned),
 7 and all other Estates, Rights, Title and Interest of, in and to the same and every Part thereof, To hold unto
 8 _____

Client may order
1000 white En-
paper 8 1/2" x 11"
any Manus in
Purchase of
order 1 each to
Le-pail for Client
making etc.

Tickets at WZL
in 4-hour up
Puffins go
20 & 1.50 each
Monday-Monday

Consistent with our findings, the authors reported that the mean age of the first sexual intercourse was 17.5 years.

Manuscript on
hull, stained
Pencil and
I will, in con-
sist-

Form of Cam-
eration.

^d Aid Justices of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hereford, and their Successors for the
time being, Justices of the Peace for the said County, for ever: In Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my
^e Hand and Seal, this Day of in the Year of our Lord

Convergence
solid. Inc.

And every such Sale, Conveyance and Assurance to make, and every Contract and Agreement for such Sale, Conveyance and Assurance, shall be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, not only to sell or convey the Estate or Interest of the Person or Persons conveying, but also to sell and to convey all Right, Estate, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Possibility, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of his, her or their legal and respective Coheirs, Heirs, and all other Persons claiming or to claim by, from or under him, her or them respectively, and of all Persons entitled to Remainder or Reversion expectant upon such Particular or other Estate, and the same shall be deemed and considered to bar the Dower and Dowers of the Wife and Wives of such Person or Persons (if he or she shall be entitled to any Right of Dower), and all Estates Tail, and all Estates in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and the Issue and Issues of such Person or Persons, and every Person claiming or to claim under them respectively, as effectually as Fines and Common Recoveries would do in cases where a Fine and Common Recovery would acquire the absolute Fee Simple if levied or suffered by the Parties intended, and such Parties had been adult and without Impediment or Disability (any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding), and all every such Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporation Aggregate or Sole, and all Trustees for Life or for years, or in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or having a beneficial Estate for Years, and all Profits in Trust, Husband, Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Commitments and all other Persons, shall be and are hereby indemnified for what they shall do or cause to be done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, the Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County of Bedford, to hold all Leases, Tenements and Hereditaments to be taken, purchased, conveyed to, or otherwise willed in thereby virtue of this Act, without incurring or being subject to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statutes of Mortmain; any Law, Statute or Usage whatsoever to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Materials

Old Buildings
taken down and
new Courts
erected by

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That when the said *Messuages, Dwelling Houses, Tenements, Buildings, Gardens, Outlets, Grounds, Enclosures, Lands and Hereditaments*, with the *Appurtenances*, shall so as aforesaid be purchased or become sold in the said *Commissioners*, the *Judges of the Peace* for the time being for the said *County of Norfolk*, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said *Commissioners*, or any Five or more of them, to direct or cause the said *Messuages, Dwelling Houses*, and other *Buildings* to be taken down and to sell the *Materials* thereof either when taken down or standing, or to use the same or any Part thereof as the new *Buildings* hereinafter mentioned, as to such *Commissioners* or any Five or more of them shall seem most proper, and to apply the clear *Monies* arising from each Sale (if any) as the *Monies* to be raised as the said *County of Norfolk* are hereinafter directed to be applied, or in the several *Contracts* for the Purchase of such *Messuages, Dwelling Houses, Tenements, Buildings and Hereditaments*, or any of them respectively, to agree that the *Materials* thereof, or any Part thereof, shall be taken down and removed by the *Parson* or *Persons* respectively agreeing to sell the same, to let, use or for their own Use and Benefit; and also to cause to be erected, built and made as the *Sever* of the said *Messuages, Dwelling Houses, Tenements, Buildings, Gardens, Outlets, Grounds, Lands and Hereditaments*, or of such thereof as shall be necessary, and upon the *Sever* of the *fore said* old *Quail*, and the *Buildings and Premises* belonging thereto, or any Part thereof, new *Courts of Justice, a new Sheriff Hall*, and an *Office or Offices* for the Use of the *Clerk of the Peace*, and for keeping of the *Rolls, Records, Books and Papers* of the said *County of Norfolk*, and a *House* for the *Lodging* or *Accommodation* of His Majesty's *Judges* at the *Affices* for the said *County of Norfolk*, together with such *Buildings, Rooms, Additions, Courts, Yards, Gardens, Outlets, Avenues and other Accommodations* as may be for the same respectively, and to be completed and fixed up in such manner as the said *Commissioners* or any Five or more of them shall judge requisite and proper, and also to widen and improve the *Avenues and Approaches* to the said new *Shire Hall, Courts, Offices, Buildings and Premises*, by throwing any Part or Parts of the *Highway* to be purchased or acquired, into the *Public Streets* now or hereafter made the same or any of them, or any other Application of such *Roads*, or any Part or Parts thereof; and also to contract and agree with any *Parson* or *Persons* for executing all or any of the aforesaid *Works*, or to erect and procure the same to be executed, without entering into such *Contracts* or *Contracts*, in such manner as the said *Commissioners* or any Five or more of them shall think proper: Provided always, that all such *Buildings, Rooms, Additions, Courts, Yards, Gardens, Outlets, Avenues and other Accommodations* aforesaid, shall be completed within Three Years, to be computed from the ratification of this Act.

Procedures

Lodgings for
Judges made on
Rice of Old
Gael, or near
thereon, or by
purchasing, &c.
any Mellings or
Premises or a
Delicacy from
them.

XXV. And that it further enacted, That each House, Lodgings or Accommodations for the said Judges as Justices, either shall and may be erected, built and made upon the Sites of the said old Gaol, and the Buildings and Premises belonging thereto, or any Part thereof, or of any House, Buildings or Premises now, or hereafter to the same, which shall be purchased and taken down as aforesaid, or purchased or taken down as aforesaid, and adapting any other convenient and suitable Messuage or Dwelling House, or Messuages or Dwelling Houses, Yards, Gardens and Premises, in the said City of *Norford*, at such a Distance from the said Site of the said old Gaol, as to the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them shall from time to time appear expedient; all which Messuage or Dwelling House, or Messuages or Dwelling Houses, Yards, Gardens and Premises, shall and may be purchased, repaired and fitted up under the Provision and Direction hereinafore contained.

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XXVI. *Provided* always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the A. B. for the time being, to take and receive from the High Sheriff of the said County of Hereford for the time being, as a Consideration for providing such Lodgings and Accommodation for the Mayor's Jailors

of Affairs as aforesaid, at such and every Affairs holden for the said County, such Sum or Sums of Money as hath or have already been or shall hereafter be allowed, paid or offered by or out of His Majesty's Exchequer to the said Sheriff, for providing such Lodgings and Accommodation.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices and Buildings shall be completely finished and fitted up, the same, and the Ground thereof, and all other the Lands, Hereditaments and Premises whatsoever which shall be respectively purchased by virtue of this Act, shall from thenceforth be ceded to and the same are hereby from thenceforth vested in the Justices of the Peace for the time being of the said County of Hereford, upon Trust, and to the End, Intend and Purpose that the said Justices of the Peace shall and will from time to time and at all times hereafter appropriate such Part or Parts of the said Buildings as they shall think proper, for the sole Purpose of an Office or Offices for the Use of the Clerk of the Peace for the time being of the said County of Hereford and his Deputy and for the safe keeping of the Rolls, Records and Papers of the said County, and peaceably, quietly and freely permit and suffer all the Courts of the Justices of Assize and Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery, or special Commissions for the said County of Hereford, and the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County of Hereford, and the County Courts of the said County of Hereford (whether for the Purpose of Elections to be held therein, or for ordinary judicial Proceedings), and all Inquests, and Writs of Inquiry, of and for the said County of Hereford, and the Hundred Courts and other Courts of the said County of Hereford, to be holden in the said Courts of Justice, or one of them, or in the said Shire Hall, as the Occasion may require; and also permit and suffer the other Buildings and Premises to be erected or adapted as aforesaid, and the Appointments to be had and used at all such Times for the respective Purposes for which they may be designed and adapted; and also peaceably, quietly and freely permit and suffer the Sheriff and Freeholders for the time being of the said County of Hereford to meet and to hold all Public Meetings of such County in the said Shire Hall (when and as often as they shall be there legally convened by the said Sheriff), and also peaceably, quietly and freely permit and suffer the said Courts of Justice, Shire Hall and other Buildings and Premises, to be had, used and enjoyed for such other Public Uses and Purposes as the Justices of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hereford, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, or the major Part of them, shall from time to time direct, order or appoint, with free Liberty, for all Persons whom it may concern, to act and officiate in and to resort to and attend upon the said Courts and Meetings as they shall have Occasion; and when and as soon as the said Courts, Shire Hall, and other Buildings and Premises shall have been completed, and shall be fit for the Purposes for which the same are hereby directed to be made, the said Shire Hall called 'The Shire Hall,' with the Rooms, Buildings and Appointments thereto belonging (which Premises belong to the Corporation of the said City of Hereford), shall from thenceforth be discharged of and from all Claims, Rights and Privileges thereto or therein, which have heretofore existed, or been claimed or exercised for or on account of any of the Purposes or Occasions of the said County of Hereford; and the said County of Hereford shall from thenceforth be wholly released and discharged from any Liability to maintain or repair the said ancient Shire Hall, Rooms and Buildings, with the Appointments.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as the said Courts of Justice, Shire Hall, and other Buildings and Premises to be provided and erected under the Powers and Authorities of this Act, shall have been erected and completed as aforesaid, or made fit for transacting Business, then and from thenceforth the Justices of Assize and Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery for the said County of Hereford, and also the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hereford, at their General Quarter Sessions and at all other times, and the Sheriff of the County of Hereford for the time being, as well for the ordinary Purposes of Jurisdiction as for electing Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for the said County of Hereford, and for electing Coroners for the said County of Hereford, and for executing all Writs of Enquiry for the said County of Hereford, and all Jurins, Offences, Writs and others, of or relating for the said County of Hereford, shall and may lawfully sit, exercise and discharge their several Functions, Commissions, Proceedings, Offices and Services, in the said Courts of Justice, Shire Hall and other Buildings and Premises to be erected as aforesaid authorized to be erected, made or acquired by this Act, in the same manner and under the same circumstances as hath been used at the old Shire Hall and Courts of Justice to and for the said County; and that, for removing all Doubts and Difficulties which might otherwise arise as to Jurisdiction as to upon the said Courts of Justice, Shire Hall, and other Buildings and Premises to be erected and built, made or acquired by virtue of this Act, all and every the Proceedings, Rules, Orders, Attachments, Judgments, Executions, Records and Proceedings of the said Courts of Assize and Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, Quarter Sessions, County and other Courts whatsoever, as and when the said several Courts shall respectively sit or be holden again or upon the said Courts of Justice, Shire Hall, and other Buildings and Premises to be erected, built, made and acquired under the Powers of this Act, shall be as binding, valid, legal and effectual, and shall be deemed and considered, and are hereby declared to be as binding, valid, legal and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said several Courts had not been removed, but had respectively continued to sit and be holden in the said old Shire Hall and Court House respectively, or the former Place or Places where the same several Courts respectively have heretofore sat and been holden; say Law, Statute or Practice to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, at any time or times, to make Sale and dispose of any Part or Parts of the Site or Sites of the aforesaid old Gaol and the Buildings and Premises belonging thereto (if any) which shall not be wanted for the Purpose of this Act, such Sale to be made by Public Auction or Private Contract, and in such Lots, and for such Prices, as to the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them shall seem

wise for such Lodgings.

Courts, erected in Jurisdiction of County for Public Purposes.

Jurisdiction given to Courts.

Commissioners may sell or exchange any Part of Sites of old Gaol, for not wanted for Purpose of Act.

ment, and upon the Completion of any and every such Sale, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Five at more of them, by any Deed or Deeds sealed and delivered by them, and to be enrolled with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of *Haverford*, to grant, appoint, convey or otherwise alien the Grounds, Sites, Buildings and Premises which shall be sold as aforesaid with the Appurtenances, unto and to the Use of the Purchaser or respective Purchasers thereof, and his or their Heirs and Assigns, or otherwise to such User and as such manner as he or they shall direct or require.

Minister or
Treasurer.

XXX. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That all the Moneys to arise and be produced by any such Sales as aforesaid from time to time, shall be from time to time paid to the Treasurer for the time being appointed for the Purposes of this Act, and shall be applied for all or any of the Purposes of this Act, in like manner as is hereinafter provided with respect to other Moneys.

Courts, &c. in
said and im-
proved in Re-
pairs of
County.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That when the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings and Premises shall be completed, finished and fitted up, the same shall be put over thorough repair, supported, repaired, and kept and maintained in Repair, and provided with proper Accommodations and Furniture from time to time as Occasion shall require, at the Expense and Charge of the said County of *Haverford*; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County, at any General Quarter Sessions of the said County, or the major Part of them then assembled, from time to time to order the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings and Premises to be altered, supported, repaired and kept and maintained in such manner as they shall think fit; and the said Justices at such Quarter Sessions shall and may from time to time appoint one or more Persons or Persons to look after and take Care of the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings and Premises, and the several Apartments thereof, and shall and may order full Salary, or allow full Fee to such Person or Persons, as they the said Justices shall think proper, and also shall and may order the Expense and Charge thereof, and likewise of the Furniture, Infirmaries and Repairs of the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings and Premises as aforesaid (and also the Infirmaries of the same whilst building, if they think proper so to insure the same) from time to time to be defrayed and paid by and out of the Moneys to be raised by the general Rates and Assessments made and to be made, assessed and levied in the said County by virtue of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act for the more easy settling, collecting and levying of County Rates*, and by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act to continue several Laws therein mentioned: for punishing such Persons as shall wilfully and maliciously pull down or destroy Turnpikes for repairing Highways, or Locks or other Works erected by Authority of Parliament for making Rivers navigable; for preventing Encroachments of the Owners of Lands and Waters upon the River Thames downwards; and for securing the Rates of Water Carriage upon the said River; for preventing felonies and nuisances on the said River; and for the better securing the lawful Trade of His Majesty's Subjects to and from the East India, and for the more effectual preventing all His Majesty's Subjects trading thither under Foreign Commissions; and for limiting the Time for laying forth Writs of Certiorari upon Proceedings before Justices of the Peace, and for regulating the Time and Manner of applying for the same; for the better and more speedy Execution of Process within particular Parishes or Liberties; and for extending the Powers and Authorities of Justices of the Peace of Counties touching County Rates, to the Justices of the Peace of such Liberties and Parishes as have Commis- sion of the Peace without themselves, and in such manner as is directed in and by an Act of the 26th Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace in the General Quarter Sessions of their respective Counties and Sessions, to repair the Shire Halls, County Halls, or other Buildings, wherein the Assizes or Grand Sessions are usually held*.*

12 G. 2. c. 39.

13 G. 2. c. 18.

51.

5 G. 3. c. 25.

Defraying
County, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, pull down, or in any manner destroy the said Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings and Premises to be erected and built, or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively, or any of the Appurtenances thereunto belonging, such Person or Persons being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried shall have full Power and Authority either to order such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, to such Place and in such manner as other Persons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes in this behalf, or to suffer such Corporal Punishment, or such other Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment or otherwise, as the Court before whom such Person or Persons are or are to be tried shall think proper to order or which; and the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Haverford*, assembled in their General Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized from time to time to order such Offenders or Offenders as aforesaid to be prosecuted by Indictment or Informations at the Assizes for the County of *Haverford*, and to defray the Expenses of such Prosecutions to be paid by the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County for the time being, out of the Public Stock or general County Rates of and for the said County; and in every such Indictment or Informations, such Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings, Premises and Appurtenances, shall specifically be alleged, and described, and deemed and taken to be the Courts, Shire Hall, Offices, Buildings, Premises and Property respectively (as the case may happen) of "The Justices of the Peace for the County of *Haverford*," without particularly naming or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Justices.

Transportation,
&c.

Justices of the
Peace to raise
Prosecution of
Offenders, &c.

Money for carrying
Action to
Execution, how
raised.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby directed and required from time to time to assess and raise within and upon the said County of *Haverford* (except the City of *Haverford* and the Borough of *Leominster*, and the Liberties thereof respectively, or such Parts thereof

respectively as have not been usually allotted to the County Rate), such Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Thirty three thousand one hundred and Fifty Pounds, as shall be requisite and sufficient for purchasing, acquiring, putting down, rebuilding, repairing and fitting up such Grounds, Buildings and Premises as heretofore mentioned, and for effecting and carrying into full Execution the several Powers and Purposes of the Act, and discharging the several Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the same, or to be occasioned thereby, and to that End, Issue and Purpose the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them shall have Power and Authority, and they are hereby directed and required from time to time to cause to be levied and raised such Number of Rates as they shall think fit, of the like nature and upon the like Plan as the ordinary County Rates for the said County of *Hampshire*, and to be called 'Special Rates' the Nature of County Rates, and for that Purpose from time to time to issue their Precept or Warrant to the High Constable of the respective Hundreds or Divisions of the said County of *Hampshire*, except as aforesaid, requiring the Sum or Sums of Money which they the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them shall have caused or allotted upon the said County of *Hampshire*, and also causing in any one of such Warrants or Precepts, the Share or Proportion of such Sum or Sums of Money which ought to be raised or levied, upon each of the respective Hundreds in the said County, according to the ancient or usual Scale or Proportion by which the said several Hundreds in the said County have contributed, or been assessed or rated to the County Rates raised for the said County of *Hampshire*, and in the manner usually adopted in levying and raising the County Rates, together with the time when the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them shall think proper to appoint for the Payment thereof (and which time it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them to appoint), and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said respective High Constables, and they are hereby authorized and required to issue Warrants or Notices under their Hands to the respective Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes, Towns, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets and other Places within those respective Hundreds or Divisions, to be delivered to such Churchwardens and Overseers respectively, or to be left at their respective Dwellings, or usual or last Place of Abode, requiring or directing them to raise, collect, levy and pay to such respective High Constables, within the time specified in the said Precept or Warrant which shall have been issued by the said Commissioners or any Five or more of them (such time not being less than by the Laws now in force is allowed for the raising and paying of County Rates in the like case), the Sum or Sums which ought to be paid and contributed by or raised or assessed upon each respective Parishes, Towns, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets and Places (Parochial and Extraparochial), according to the Share and Proportion by which they respectively have anciently or usually contributed or paid, or have been rated or assessed towards the County Rates raised or levied within each Hundred respectively; which Sum or Sums such Churchwardens and Overseers are hereby required to pay to such High Constables respectively, whose Receipts shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the same; and for delivering or leaving such Warrant or Notice as aforesaid to the respective Churchwardens and Overseers, it shall be deemed and considered to be a sufficient Service of such Warrant or Notice, if the same shall have been delivered to or left at the Dwelling or usual or last Place of Abode of One of such Churchwardens or Overseers; and the Churchwardens and Churchwardens, Overseers and Overseers of every Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet and Place which shall have been so rated or assessed as aforesaid, shall and may and it is so hereby authorized and required to raise and levy the Sum or Sums of Money from time to time therein so rated or assessed, by a Rate or Assessment upon the several Occupiers of Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Property rated or rateable to the Relief of the Poor within such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet and Place, mutually and in equal Proportions, according to the Proportions by which such respective Occupiers shall have been rated or assessed on and by the Rate or Assessment for the Relief of the Poor within every such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet and Place respectively, which shall have been made extant and immediately preceding the Date of such Precept or Warrant made and issued by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, under this Act as aforesaid; and in case any Person or Persons shall (after Demand made, or Notice thereof in Writing left at his, her or their Dwelling or usual or last Place of Abode) neglect or refuse to pay the Sum or Sums of Money so rated or assessed upon him, her or them, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Hampshire*, upon Complaint thereof made by any One of such Churchwardens or Overseers by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so making Default, not only in the said County of *Hampshire*, but in any other County (the Warrant or Warrants for levying the same in the last mentioned case being first indorsed by some Justice of the Peace for the County where any Goods and Chattels of the respective Person shall be found), rendering due Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges and Expenses of such Distress and Sale, to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels.

XXXIV. And it is further enacted, That in case any Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place, shall neglect, make Default, or refuse to pay, within the time to be appointed for that Purpose as aforesaid, to the High Constable of the Hundred or Division within which such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place doth lie, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been demanded or required by the said High Constable as and for the Share or Proportion payable by or for such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place, of and towards the Sum or Sums of Money rated or assessed by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, as aforesaid, upon the said County at large, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Hampshire*, upon Complaint thereof made by any such High Constable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal of such Justice, to levy the same, or so much thereof as shall remain unpaid, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Churchwarden, Overseer or Overseers

Special Rates.

Default.

Overseers neglecting or refusing to pay Money demanded to them.

Overseers of the Poor, so neglecting, making Default or refusing as aforesaid, not only in the said County of Hereford but in any other County, City, Town, Borough, Franchise or Place (the Warrant or Warrants for levying the same being in such full mentioned case full indorsed by some Justice of the Peace for the County, or by the Mayor or other Head Officer of the City, Town, Borough or Franchise where any Goods of the respective Delinquents shall be found), rendering the Surplus (if any) after deducting the Charges and Expenses of such Distress and Sale, to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels; and in case any such Distress and Sale shall be made, or if any Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers shall pay unto any High Constable any Sum or Sums of Money, which shall have been so as aforesaid rated and assessed by the said Commissioners, it shall be lawful for such Churchwarden and Churchwardens, Overseer and Overseers, and he and they it and are hereby authorized and empowered, for the Purpose of recovering himself and themselves, all and every such Sum and Sums of Money for which such Distress shall have been taken, or which he or they shall have to pay, to sue and levy the same by a Rate or Rates, in such and the like manner as he or they shall in or are hereby authorized and empowered to rate and levy any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been rated or assessed by the said Commissioners, or the Proprietor thereof payable from or by the Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet or Place of which he or they shall be the Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers.

XXXV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That every Tenant at Rack Rent of any House, Land, Tithes, Tenement or Hereditament in the said County of Hereford, who shall pay any Rate or Rates assessed to be made in pursuance of this Act, shall and may (subject to the Powers hereinafter contained) default Two third Parts thereof out of No, he or their respective Rent or Rents, and shall be acquitted or discharged for so much Money as such Two thirds of such Rate or Rates, or Rates or Assessments shall sum time to time amount unto, as fully and effectually as if the Amount thereof had been actually paid to the Person or Persons to whom such Rent or Rents is or shall be payable, and such Person and Persons it and are hereby required to allow from time to time such Deductions upon the Receipt or Transfer of the Receipt of such Rent or Rents (notwithstanding any Agreement or Covenant between any Landlord and Tenant to the contrary); but if it shall so happen that any of the said Premises shall be used, for the Purpose of this Act, at a higher Value than the Sum paid as the Rack Rent for the same, then and in every such case a relative Proportion of the Rate, with Reference to the Excess beyond the Amount of such Rent, shall be paid wholly by the Tenant.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clerges, Powers, Directors, Provisional and Authorities provided or given to Justices of the Peace and others, for making, collecting and levying County Rates or otherwise, contained in and by the said former Acts of Parliament made and passed in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, shall (except as far as the same are varied or altered by this Act, or are inconsistent with the Powers and Endowments in this Act contained, or any of them) be and are hereby applied and extended to the said Commissioners the Justices of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hereford hereby appointed, and to all the High Constables, Overseers, Petty Constables and others, for the making, assessing, rating, levying, collecting and recovering and enforcing the Payment of all and every the special Rate and Rates, Assessment and Assessments to be made for the Purpose of this Act as aforesaid upon the said County of Hereford, or upon any Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet and Place, Parochial and Extraparochial therein, and shall extend to and be good, valid and effectual for the carrying of this Act into Execution to all Intents and Purposes, and as fully and effectually as if the said Clerges, Powers, Directors, Provisional and Authorities were specially repeated, inserted and enacted in and by the present Act.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Moneys to be raised and received by the said Commissioners for the Justice of the Peace for the time being for the said County of Hereford, upon and from the same County, or by any other ways and means by virtue of this Act, shall in the first Place be applied in discharging and paying all the Expenses of obtaining and passing this Act, with Interest for all Moneys advanced, and afterwards for the several Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall from time to time think fit and lawful; and that after all such Costs, Charges and Expenses, and the Expenses of collecting and making the said Courts of Justice, Stole Hall, Offices, and Buildings and Provision, and of all other Matters and Things by them authorized or directed to be done in and about the Execution of this Act, and all Debts incurred thereby, and all other Moneys to be by them expended in pursuance of this Act, shall have been fully paid and satisfied, the Surplus of the Moneys (if any) raised and levied upon the said County of Hereford, or otherwise raised or received by virtue of this Act, shall, by Order of the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, be paid into the Public Stock of the said County, and be deemed and taken and shall and may be paid and applied as Part of the Common Stock, to and for such Uses as the County Stock use or may be applied.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall and they are hereby respectively required, between the First Day of January and the First Day of July in every Year, until the Powers of this Act shall be fully performed and executed, examine, audit and settle the Accounts of Moneys received and paid by them respectively from time to time, by virtue and in Execution of this Act, or by any Person or Persons whomsoever, and such Accounts shall from time to time be stated, examined and settled, and shall also, if required by the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, be verified on the Oath of the Person accounting for the same, which Oath the said Commissioners, or any One of them, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer.

XXXIX. And, for the more speedily raising a Fund for the Purpose of this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, at their First or any subsequent Meeting or Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act, to borrow and take up at Interest, upon

Tenant in County may deduct Two thirds of Rate out of Rent.

Former Acts extended to Act for rating Rate upon County.

Application of Money reserved.

Commissioners, Five or more of them.

Rates may be paid.

the Credit of the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act on the said County of *Hertford*, any Sum or Sums of Money, which to them or any Five or more of them shall appear necessary or expedient for the Purposes of this Act, or for carrying the same into Execution; and for securing all and every Sum and Sums of Money so borrowed, the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, may and they are hereby empowered from time to time, by any Writing under their Hands, or the Hands of any Five or more of them, in the Form hereafter contained, to mortgage, demise, grant or assign the said Rates and Assessments upon the said County of *Hertford*, or any Part or Parts thereof (the Charges of such Mortgages or Securities to be paid thereof), to any Person or Persons as a Security or Securities for the Money which shall be so borrowed, and the Interest thereof; and Copies of all such Mortgages, Demises, Grants or Assignments respectively, shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, for each of which Copies he shall be paid the Sum of Two Shillings and Six pence.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the Form of every Mortgage to be made by virtue of this Act as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money to be borrowed on the Credit thereof, shall be to the Words following, or in any other Words to the like Purport or Effect; that is to say,

“BY virtue of an Act passed in the fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, *Pass of*
 “intituled *[here insert the Title of this Act]* We the undersigned Commissioners appointed by the said *Mortgage.*
 “Act in Confirmation of the Sum of *advanced and lent by A. B. upon the Credit and for*
 “the Purposes of the said Act, do grant, bargain, sell and demise, unto the said *A. B. his Executors,*
 “Administrators and Assigns, full Power and Authority to be by us raised or raised by virtue
 “of the said Act, as the said Sum of *death or shall bear to the whole Sum which may at*
 “say time be borrowed, or become due and owing, or charged upon the Credit of the said Act, to be had
 “and holden from this *Day of* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and
 “until the said Sum of *with Interest for the same, after the Rate of*
 “per Centum per Annum shall be repaid and satisfied. Witness our Hands this *Day of* in
 “the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and *’*

XLII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons to whom such Mortgages, Demises, Grants or Assignments shall be made, shall, in Proportion to the Sum or Sums therein respectively mentioned, be Creditors as the said Rates and Assessments to be mortgaged as aforesaid, in equal Degree One with another, and shall not have any Preference with respect to the Priority of any such Mortgages, or of the Dates of these said respective Mortgages, but the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, in to the Mortgages made by them, shall severally have full Power and Authority to direct in what Order and Course such Mortgages respectively shall be discharged.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons to whom any such Mortgage or Mortgages shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby secured, may from time to time transfer or assign over his, her or their Right, Title and Interest to the Principal Money hereby thereby secured, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, by Indorsement on the back of such Security, or any Writing to be annexed thereto, in the Words following, or to the like Effect:

“I DO transfer this *[or, the annexed]* Mortgage, with all my Right or Title to the Principal Money hereby *Form of Transf.*
 “*[or, thereby]* secured, and all Interest now due and to become due for the same, to *C. D. his Executors, or*
 “Administrators and Assigns. Dated the *Day of* *A. B.’*

Which Transfer or Assignment shall be produced to the Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy for the time being, who shall register and enter the same in the said Book or Books to be kept for entering the said original Mortgages, for which he shall be paid Two Shillings and Six pence by the Person requesting the same; and after such Entry thereof made, and not till then, every such Transfer shall entitle such Assignee, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to the Benefit thereof and Payment thereof; and such Assignee may in like manner transfer and assign again from time to time (such Transfer being entered and paid for as aforesaid), and it shall not be in the Power of the Person or Persons who shall have made any such Assignment or Transfer of any such Mortgage or Mortgages as aforesaid, to make void, revoke or discharge the same, or any Money due thereon; and in case any such original Mortgage, Assignments or Securities shall be lost or destroyed, the Copies or Entries thereof, made as aforesaid, shall be deemed sufficient Evidence to entitle the Person or Persons to whom the Money due thereon shall respectively belong to the Payment thereof, as fully and effectually as if the said original Mortgage and Assignments respectively were existing; and the Clerk of the Peace, or Person in whose Custody such Copies or Entries shall happen to be, is hereby required to produce the same for the Benefit of such Creditors respectively.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That where any Dividend shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be lent by virtue of this Act, the Dividend itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Information, Summons, Cession, Warrant of Distress, or in the Appointment of the Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, or of any other Agent or Person trying the same, or in any other Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties claiming be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at law on account of any irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties claiming, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such irregularities shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage which he, she or they shall have sustained thereby, with usual Costs as an Action of Trespass, or upon the Case.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines hereby inflicted or authorized to be imposed (the manner of trying and recovering whereof is not hereby otherwise directed) shall, upon Proof of the Offences respectively before any Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Hertford*, or Place *where*
 55 Geo. III. 4 L.

where the Offence shall be committed, either by the Confession of the Party or Parties offending, or by the Oath of any credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer), and in case of Negligence thereof forthwith by the Offender or Offenders, he be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice (which Warrant such Justice is hereby empowered and required to grant for such Purpose), and the Overplus, after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale are recovered and deducted, shall be recovered upon Demand to the Owner or Owners of such Goods or Chattels; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, or such Penalties or Forfeitures, and all such Costs and Charges shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice and he is hereby authorized and required by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Gaol for the County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for such time as such Justice shall direct, not exceeding Three Calendar Months, nor less than Twenty Days, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all such Costs and Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines when levied (the Application whereof is not herein particularly directed) shall from time to time be paid to the Treasurer for the time being under this Act, and be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

Application of Penalties.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Sum and Sums of Money arising from such Penalties and Forfeitures as shall and may be levied or levied by virtue of this Act, shall be paid into the Hands of the Treasurer appointed by virtue of this Act, and shall be applied and disposed of to and for the Purposes of this Act, and to and for any other Uses or Purposes whatsoever.

Corruption of Officers.

XLVI. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may make the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, or in any other Form to the same Effect, at the case shall happen; that is to say,

Form of Conviction.

BE it remembered, That on [Time of Conviction] at [Place of Conviction] A. B. [Name of Offender] of [Addition of Offender] was duly convicted & taken me [or, us] [Name and Style of convicting Justice or Justices] for that the said A. B. [Name of Offender] on [Time of committing Offence] at [Place of committing Offence] did [here state the Offence against this Act, according to the Fact] contrary to the Form of the Statute made in the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act] and I say, we do therefore declare and adjudge that the said A. B. [Name of Offender] has forfeited for the said Offence the Sum of [Fine] or shall be committed to [Place of Imprisonment] for the Space of [Time of Imprisonment]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year first above written.

Appeal.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Act, Matter or Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or the Powers hereby given, then and in every such case, he, she or they shall and may appeal to the said Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hereford, at their General Quarter Sessions to be holden next after any such Case of Appeal shall have arisen; and the said Justices are hereby empowered to make such Order therein as to them, or the major Part of them then and there present, shall seem meet, which Order shall be final and conclusive, and not reversible by Certiorari or otherwise.

Certiorari.

Perjury.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Examination, Return or Proceeding is herein directed to be taken, made or done upon Oath, it shall be lawful for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or any One or more of the said Commissioners, or of the Members of the Committee or Committees, or of the Person or Persons (being respectively a Justice or Justices of the Peace) before whom such Examination, Return or Proceeding is directed to be taken, made or done, to administer such Oath; and that all and every Person and Persons who, upon any Oath to be taken by virtue or under the Authority of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly swear falsely or take a false Oath, and all and every Person or Persons who in any Examination taken by virtue or under the Authority of this Act shall give false Evidence before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hereford, shall and may be respectively prosecuted for the same respectively, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject to such Penalties and Disqualification as any Person or Persons can or may be subject to for wilful and corrupt Perjury by any of the Laws or Statutes of this Realm.

Plaintiff not to recover without Notice, or after Tender of Amends.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, Fourteen Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Action, if Tender of good and lawful Amends shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action brought, nor if such Tender of Amends shall be made at any time after the Action brought and before the Trial thereof, together with Costs of Suit to the time of such last mentioned Tender, but shall pay Treble Costs, to be recovered in the same manner as any Defendant or Defendants may recover Costs in any other case by Law; or in case no Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before 11 o'clock, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Orders and Judgment shall be had, made and given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Treble Costs.

Money paid into Court.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, Fourteen Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Action, if Tender of good and lawful Amends shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action brought, nor if such Tender of Amends shall be made at any time after the Action brought and before the Trial thereof, together with Costs of Suit to the time of such last mentioned Tender, but shall pay Treble Costs, to be recovered in the same manner as any Defendant or Defendants may recover Costs in any other case by Law; or in case no Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before 11 o'clock, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceedings, Orders and Judgment shall be had, made and given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

L. And be it further enacted, That no Action at Law shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons, for any thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, until after Twenty one Days Notice of an Intention of bringing such Action shall have been given as or left at the usual Place of Abode of the Person or Persons against whom such Action is intended to be brought, thereby setting forth the particular Cause of such Action, or after Tender of sufficient Amounts shall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, or after Three Calendar Months next after the Filing or Cause of Action shall have arisen, and every such Action shall be brought, laid and tried in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant and Defendants in such Actions shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be tried thereupon, and that the Act complained of, or the Subject Matter of such Action, was done by virtue and under the Authority of this Act; and if on the Trial of such Action it shall appear to have been so done, or that such Action was brought before the Expiration of such Twenty one Days next after such Notice shall have been given or left as aforesaid, or after sufficient Tender of Amounts shall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, or after the End of Three Calendar Months next after the Filing or Cause of such Action shall have arisen, or if such Action shall be brought or laid in any other County than is aforesaid; this and in every of the last aforesaid, the Jury on the Trial of such Action or Actions shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants thereto; and in all cases where a Verdict shall be found for any Defendant or Defendants in such Actions or Actions, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs thereto shall discontinue the same after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared thereto, or shall be satisfied, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then and in every such case, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such and the like Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for recovering his, her or their Costs in any other suit by Law.

L. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE referred to by this Act.

TERREMENTS.	OWNERS.	OCCUPIERS.
No. 1. A Messuage and Public House, called The Catherine Ward, with all the Houses, Outbuilds, Buildings, Yards, Stables and Appurtenances thereto belonging, situate in Saint Owen's Street and Gosh Lane, having Saint Owen's Street on the East and South, Gosh Lane on the West, and Saint Peter's Church on the North and East Parts thereof	James Allen.	James Allen and Jas. Bedford.
No. 2. A Messuage situate in Saint Owen's Street, having the said Street on the South, a Messuage in the Occupation of John Allen on the East, and the Ground belonging to the Old Gosh on the North Sides thereof, with the Yard, Outbuildings and Appurtenances	John Allen.	Lane in the Occupation of Miss Powell, but now void.
No. 3. A Messuage situate in Gosh Lane, having the said Lane on the South West, the Land belonging to the Old Gosh on the North, a House called The Flower Pot on the North West, and No. 4, next mentioned, on the East Sides thereof, with the Yard, Outbuildings and Appurtenances	John Allen.	William Bruton.
No. 4. So much of a Skittle Ground or Garden as lies behind, and of the same Breadth as the Messuage and Premises No. 3, having the same Premises on the West, the Ground belonging to the Old Gosh on the South, the Refuse of the said Skittle Ground or Garden on the North, and No. 5, next mentioned, on the East Sides thereof	John Allen.	Wm. Morgan.
No. 5. So much of a Garden as lies behind, and of the same Breadth as the Messuage and Premises No. 3, having the Refuse of the said Garden on the North, the Ground belonging to the Old Gosh on the South and East, and the said Skittle Ground and Garden, No. 4, on the West Sides thereof	John Allen.	James Hill.
No. 6. A Messuage situate in Dye Street, having the said Street on the South, a Messuage in the Occupation of Mr. John Thackway on the West, a Messuage in the Occupation of William Symonds Esquire, and a Street or Lane called Gernond's Lane, on the East, and certain Stables, Outbuilds and Buildings, belonging to the said William Symonds and Joseph Woodhouse, and J. T. Woodhouse on the North Sides thereof, with the Stable, Coach House, Garden, Outbuildings and Appurtenances	Jon. Woodhouse and J. T. Woodhouse.	Joseph Woodhouse.

All which Premises are situate in the Parish of Saint Peter, in the City of Hertford.

Cap. x.

An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Stanhope*, by *Edwardsburn*, in the County of *Durham*, to the *Carbridge Turnpike Road* near *Greenhead*, in the Parish of *Stalgie*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (b) [23d March 1815.]

Cap. xi.

34 G. 3. c. 143. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dunbar* to *Sanbar*, in the County of *Worcester*. (c) [23d March 1815.]
[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls in *cash*, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xii.

41 G. 3. c. 103. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads leading to and from the City of *Exeter*, and for keeping in Repair the *East Bridge* and *Countess Wear Bridge*. (b) [23d March 1815.]
[Additional Tolls (in certain cases) on Sunday.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Elland Bridge*, in the Parish of *Hoddeston*, to join the *Drighby and Elland Turnpike Road*, at or near to a certain *Obelisk* belonging to the *George Armitage Baronet*, in the Parish of *Drighby*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (b) [23d March 1815.]

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xiv.

49 G. 3. c. 101. An Act for repairing the Road from *Heddingdon*, through *New Church* and *Beccup*, to *Tadcaster*, and for making and maintaining several Branches therefrom, all in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (a) [23d March 1815.]

Cap. xv.

32 G. 3. c. 121. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Oldham* to *Alton*, in the County of *Southampton*. (b) [23d March 1815.]
[Former Tolls in *cash*, new Tolls granted. Additional Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xvi.

34 G. 3. c. 137. An Act for continuing the Term and sharing and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late Majesty King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Manfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Dirby* to *Chilversfield*, in the County of *Derby*. (a) [23d March 1815.]
41 G. 3. (U. R.) c. 100. [Additional Tolls. Former Tolls in *cash*, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday. See *Notes*, as to Tolls, rectified, *post*. c. 142viii.]

Cap. xvii.

33 G. 3. c. 113. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads in the County of *Leicestershire*, and other Roads connected therewith, leading into the Counties of *Berkshire*, *Northamptonshire* and *Durham*. (b) [23d March 1815.]

Cap. xviii.

38 G. 3. c. 101. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River *Thames* at *Wan-
sley*, in the County of *Essex*. [2d May 1815.]
[Former Tolls in *cash*, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls (in certain cases) on Sunday.]

Cap. xix.

3 G. 3. c. 43. An Act to continue the Term and alter and amend the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Lawson*, in the County of *Cheshire*, to *Buryton* and *Newburgh under Lym*, in the County of *Stafford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and also to make a new Road from *Buryton* about to *Catridge*, and a Branch thereof to *Buryton Church*. (b) [2d May 1815.]
41 G. 3. c. 102. [Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xx.

38 G. 3. c. 100. An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing, enlarging and improving the Parish Church of *Hungerford*, in the Counties of *Berk* and *Wilt*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. xxi.

38 G. 3. c. 104. An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for building a new Church at *Walsby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap.

Cap. xxv.

An Act to light, watch, pave, cleanse and improve the Streets, Highways and Places within the Borough of *Probus*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*; and to provide Fire Engines and Firemen for the Protection of the said Borough. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act to alter, extend and amend the Powers of Two Acts, passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the Second*, and in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for better paving, lighting and watching the City of *New Sarum*, in the County of *Wilts*. [2d May 1815.]

10 G. 2. c. 6. & 22 G. 2. c. 25. &c. in restoring the Footways repealed.

[Tolls to be taken on Sunday, and during the Salisbury Races.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and otherwise improving the Town of *Alcester*, in the County of *Warwick*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for improving certain Flats of Ground belonging to the Right Honourable *Adm. Dowager Baroness Southampton*, and other Persons, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [2d May 1815.]

45 G. 2. c. 1. amend. 41 G. 2. c. 1. amend.

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for paving, lighting, cleansing and improving the Town of *Wyke*, in the County of *Salisbury*, and rearing and preventing Encroachments, Obstructions and Annoyances there; and for Watching the said Town. [2d May 1815.]

23 G. 2. c. 9. 25 G. 2. c. 24.

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for dividing, including and selling the Waste Lands, and Lanes and other Commonable Rights, in the City and County of the City of *Lichfield*; to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching and regulating the Streets, Lanes and other Public Places, within the City of *Lichfield*, and the Suburbs thereof; and for better supplying the said City with Water. [2d May 1815.]

48 G. 2. c. 11.

[See post. c. xxxii.]

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act for building a Market House in the Borough of *Clifton Dartmouth Harbough*, in the County of *Devon*; and for better paving, lighting, watching and improving the Streets and other Public Places within the said Borough. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act to rebuild the Bridge in *Bird Street*, otherwise *Bridge Street*, in the City of *Lichfield*. [2d May 1815.]

[For 21 Years, viz. 2,500*l.* borrowed former paid off. See ante. c. xxxv.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for rebuilding *Tingsford Bridge*, in the County of *Hertford*. [2d May 1815.]

[Tolls granted to continue for 21 Years from Commencement in revalue the same, unless Half of Expense of building Bridge and obtaining Act, and Half of Money borrowed with Interest, and of Amortisation is be provided, former paid, and in Payment of same or an Expiration of said Term, which shall first happen, Tolls to cease.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for erecting a County Hall and other Offices for the County of *Perth*. [2d May 1815.]

c. 17.

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for making and enlarging a Turnpike Road from or near *Mysham Road Bridge*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to communicate with the Road at or near the *South Mickleton* from *Richdale*, in the County of *Lancaster*. [2d May 1815.]

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for enlarging and altering the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from the *Croft Camp*, near the Town of *Newcastle upon Tyne*, to the Town of *Belford*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap.

Cap. xxix.

- 14 G. 3. c. 129. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Stirling* to *Dunbarton*, and several other Roads in the
repealed. Counties of *Stirling*, *Dunbarton* and *Porth*. (b) [18 May 1815.]

Cap. xxxv.

- 9 Act. Vol. in. As an Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Regton*, in the County of *Hertford*, to *Wander-*
ford Bridge, and from the Town of *Buntingford* to *Somerton* in the County of *Buntingford*, so far as
33 Act. Stat. 2. respects the Middle Division and separate District of the said Roads. [2d May 1815.]
Vol. 10. p. 113. [For Twenty one Years, &c. Provided that upon Roads being sufficiently amended and Money borrowed paid,
13 G. 3. c. 126. Tolls, Duties, &c. be abrogated.]
14 G. 3. c. 13. repealed in far as respects the Middle Division and separate District.
15 G. 3. c. 72.
16 G. 3. c. 89.

Cap. xxxvi.

- 8 G. 3. c. 7. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of King George the Second, and Two Acts of
27 G. 3. c. 17. His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Reichale* in the County Palatine of *Lan-*
caster, to *Halifax* and *Kalamb*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (b) [2d May 1815.]
12 G. 3. c. 140. [Additional Tolls.]

Cap. xxxvii.

- 16 G. 3. c. 12. As an Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Stones* to *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, and from
19 G. 3. c. 128. thence through *Shap*, to *Kemmer Bridge*, in the County of *Westmorland*; and for making a new Road
29 G. 3. c. 10. from the said Road, at a Place called *Far Crath Road*, near *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, to communicate with
c. 128. the intended Canal from *Longherf* to *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, and to join the said Road at or near a Place
29 G. 3. c. 10. called the *Leam*, near *Kirkby* in *Kendal* aforesaid. (a) [2d May 1815.]
16 G. 3. c. 128. [Double Tolls on Sunday.]
16 G. 3. c. 128. Ac. Road from *Stones* to *Kemmer Bridge*.

Cap. xxxviii.

- 21 G. 3. c. 12. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for
28 G. 3. c. 127. amending the Road from the Bottom of *Galley Hill* to the Circle in *Croydon*, in the County of *Surrey*. (b) [2d May 1815.]
[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xxxix.

- 22 G. 3. c. 128. As an Act to amend several Acts of His present Majesty, for making the *Stratford upon Avon* Canal Naviga-
22 G. 3. c. 128. tion. [12th May 1815.]
23 G. 3. c. 14.
29 G. 3. c. 164.

Cap. xl.

- 8 G. 3. c. 128. As an Act for establishing a Navigable Communication between the *Birmingham* Canal Navigations and the
9 G. 3. c. 128. *Worcester* and *Birmingham* Canal, and amending certain Acts passed relative thereto. [12th May 1815.]
21 G. 3. c. 126. 24 G. 3. c. 87. 26 G. 3. c. 126. 31 G. 3. c. 126.

Cap. xli.

- 49 G. 3. c. 128. An Act for enabling the *Glasgow* and *Glasgow* Railway Company to raise a further Sum of £ Money
for the Completion of their Works. [12th May 1815.]

* [15,000.]

Cap. xlii.

- 49 G. 3. c. 128. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Provisions of an Act of His present Majesty, for erecting a
Court House and Police for the Borough of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, and other Purposes; to pro-
vide for the Expense of the Prosecution of Felony in certain Cases; and to establish a Police and Nightly
Watch in the Town, Borough and Neighbourhood of *Leeds* aforesaid. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. xliii.

- An Act for paving the Foot Ways and Cross Paths, and Lighting, watching, cleansing and improving the
Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places, in the Borough or Town of *Andover*, in the County
of *Southampton*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. xliiv.

- An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *Saint Thomas*, in the Town of *Dudley* in the
County of *Worcester*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. xlv.

As *AN ACT* to enable the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Surrey* to provide a proper Place for the depositing and preserving the Public Records of the said County, together with a Residence for the Clerk of the Peace, for the safe Custody of such Records, and convenient Office for transacting his Business; and also to settle a Table of Fees to be taken by such Clerk of the Peace. [18th May 1815.]

WHEREAS the Rolls and other Public Records of the County of *Surrey* are become very voluminous, not only from the Increase of Business of the Court of Quarter Sessions, but from the Office of the Clerk of the Peace having become, under the Provisions of several Acts of Parliament and the Standing Orders of the House of Commons, the Depositary of a great Variety of Public Documents; And Whereas the Consequences of the Destruction of the Public Records of the said County would expose the County at large, and also Families and Individuals, to the greatest Injury, by the Destruction of Evidence affecting their Rights, Interests and Estates: And Whereas at the General Quarter Session of the Peace holden in and for the County of *Surrey*, the Justices of the Peace then and there assembled did deem it expedient to provide a proper Place for depositing and preserving the Public Records of the said County, together with a Residence for the Clerk of the Peace, for the safe Custody, and more easy Access to such Records, and convenient Office for transacting his Business: And Whereas it is necessary for the effecting of these Purposes that the Justices of the Peace for the said County should be enabled to Purchase a House or Houses, or Piece or Pieces of Land, and to erect on such Piece or Pieces of Land a Record Room, and Residence for the Clerk of the Peace, for the safe Custody of the said Records, together with necessary Offices for transacting the Business of such Clerk of the Peace: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Surrey*, at the General Quarter Session of the Peace, to contract and agree, or by the Order of such General Quarter Session, to purchase any Three Justices of the Peace to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, for the Purchase of any House or Houses, Piece or Pieces of Land within the said County, and to erect and build thereupon a Record Room, Residence and Offices for the Clerk of the Peace, or to enlarge, alter, fit up and repair any such Building or Buildings, and by the Order of such General Quarter Session to direct the Removal of the Records of the said County to such Building or Buildings, at such time as the said Justices shall think proper; and the Costs and Charges of such Contracts and Purchases, and also of such Erections and Buildings, and of the enlarging, altering and fitting up thereof respectively, and of any future enlarging, altering or repairing thereof respectively, when the same shall appear to the said Justices from time to time assembled as aforesaid, to be necessary, shall and may be defrayed out of the Rates to be raised upon the said County.

II. And be it further enacted, That if in any case the Owner or Owners of any House, Messuages, Tenements, Lands, Grounds or Hereditaments, Part only of which Premises shall at any time be required by the said Justices to be applied for the Purposes of this Act, shall be unwilling to sell or dispose of such Part only of the House, Lands, Grounds or Hereditaments belonging to the said Owner or Owners, as shall be required by the said Justices, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices to purchase of and from the said Owner or Owners the Whole of the House, Lands, Grounds or Hereditaments of the said Owner or Owners, and to apply to such or such Part thereof as they shall see fit to the Purposes of this Act, and to sell the remaining Part of such Premises, and to apply the Proceeds thereof to the Purposes of this Act, or to pay the same to the Treasurer of the said County, to be added to the Rates thereof, and applied as Part thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Sales to be made pursuant to the Provisions lastly hereinbefore contained, it shall and may be lawful for the Clerk of the Peace for the time being of the said County pursuant and in Obedience to any Order for that Purpose of the Justices thereof, assembled at any previous General Quarter Session, by Deed or Deeds to be sealed and delivered by such Clerk of the Peace, to give, bargain and sell the Hereditaments concerning which such Order shall be made as aforesaid, in Fee as shall be specified in such Order, and for such Sum or Sums as shall be thereon expressed; and the Receipt of the Treasurer for the time being of the said County shall effectually discharge the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Hereditaments respectively, from so much of the Purchase Money payable by him, her or them respectively, pursuant to any such Order of Session, as shall in every such Receipt be acknowledged or expressed to be received; and such Purchaser or Purchasers shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for any Loss, Misapprehensions or Negligences, of such Houses, or any Parts thereof respectively.

IV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in case any House shall be purchased or erected under the Provisions of this Act, as a Residence for the Clerk of the Peace, such Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, shall reside in such House, to take care of and preserve the Records of the said County, and to exhibit the same to such Persons as may have occasion to search the same; and such Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, shall not absent himself from such Residence for more than Eighty four Days in any one Year, over and above such Days as such Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy, shall be attending the Quarter Session of the said County, or shall be otherwise employed in the Execution of his said Office, without a sufficient Cause to be allowed by the said Justices assembled in Quarter Session.

Justices of Peace at Quarter Sessions may order providing Place for depositing Records, and House for Clerk of Peace.

Justices empowered to purchase the whole of Premises and to sell Part thereof.

Clerk of Peace by order of Justices may sell as directs.

Clerk of Peace to reside.

V. And

Fathers may first
see the Act in
Hansard's Clerk
of Peace.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of the said County of Surrey for the time being shall and may lawfully be and be taken in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity, for or in respect of any Claim, Controversy, or other Matter or Thing made or done, or to be made or done by them or any of them, under the Authority of this Act, or for or in respect of or concerning any Negligence, Encroachment or Trespas made, done or committed, or hereafter to be made, done or committed by any Person or Persons whatsoever, in or upon the Houses, Lands, Buildings or Hereditaments, to be purchased pursuant to the Direction of this Act, or in or upon any Part or Parts thereof respectively, in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace of the said County for the time being; and in consequence, proceeding, carrying on and defending any such Suit or Action, the said Houses, Buildings and Hereditaments shall be deemed and considered in Law to be, and shall be described to be in the Possession of the said Justices for the time being, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and as each Action or Suit to be brought or commenced by or against the said Justices or any of them, by virtue of this Act, in the Name of the said Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy for the time being, shall also be so described by the Death or Removal of such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or for any Act of the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy for the time being, done or omitted to be done, without the Consent of the said Justices of the Peace for the time being; but that each Clerk of the Peace, or his Deputy for the time being, shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in all such Suits or Actions (in the case may be); and that in all and every such Action and Suit, Actions and Suits, to be brought and commenced as aforesaid, no Person or Persons whomsoever shall be deemed incompetent, to give Evidence by reason of his, her or their paying or contributing to pay, or being liable to pay or contribute, towards the Public Stock of the said County, or by reason of his, her or their being charged with or liable to pay any of the Rates within the same County: Provided always, that every such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy for the time being shall from time to time forthwith, by Order of the said Justices, or the major Part of them in Session assembled, be reimbursed and paid by the Treasurer of the said County, out of the Stock and Money to be raised by the Rates of the same County, the full Costs, Damages and Expenses hereunto expended or incurred for or by reason of his being made a Plaintiff or Defendant as aforesaid.

Provis.

VI. And Whereas the Expenses of purchasing the said Piece or Parcel of Land and Houses, and of building the said Record Room, Residence and Offices pursuant to this Act, may become very burthensome to the Occupiers of Land and either the Contributors to the Rates of the said County, in case the said Expenses should be raised in the manner hereinbefore mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That where it shall appear that the Amount of any Estimate approved by the Justices assembled at any general Quarter Session, for the purchasing, building and fitting up any House or Buildings, under the Powers of this Act, shall exceed One Half of the Amount of the ordinary Annual Assessment for the County Rates for the said County (such ordinary Assessment to be taken as a mean Proportion of the said Rate for the last three Years preceding), then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of the said County, to be assembled in their Quarter Session as aforesaid, if they shall think fit, from time to time to borrow and take up as Mortgage of the Rates herein mentioned, by Instruments in the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, or as that or the like Effect, any Sums, not less than One hundred Pounds each, at legal or lower Interest, or as that or the major Part of them (such major Part not being less than Five) as shall appear necessary and expedient for the Purposes aforesaid; and to secure all and every such Sum and Sums of Money so borrowed upon the Credit of the Rates to be raised upon the said County; and the said Justices so assembled as aforesaid, are hereby authorized to treat and agree with any Person or Persons for the Loan of any such Sum or Sums of Money, and by their Order to confirm and establish every such Agreement as aforesaid; and every such Agreement is established by such Order, and signed by the Chairman and Two or more Justices present at the time of making such Order, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be official for securing to the Person or Persons so advancing any Sum or Sums of Money, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, all and every such Sum or Sums of Money, with Interest for the time, on such Terms as is and by such Agreement or Agreements respectively shall be for that Purpose stipulated; and Copies or Extracts of all such Agreements or Securities shall be kept with the Clerk of the Peace of the said County; and all and every Person and Persons to whom any such Security or Securities shall be made, or who shall be entitled to the Money thereby loaned, is and are hereby empowered (by endorsing his, her or their Name or Names on the Back of such Security or Securities) to transfer and assign the same, and his, her or their Right to the Principal Money and Interest thereby secured, unto any Person or Persons; and every such Assignee may in like manner transfer the same again, and so *in fine*; and the Person or Persons to whom such Security or Securities or any such Assignment thereof shall be made, and his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be Creditors upon the said Rates in an equal Degree one with another, and shall not have any Preference with respect to the Priority of any Monies so advanced; subject and without Prejudice nevertheless to any Security or Securities which may have been made or granted or upon such Rates, under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament passed previous to the passing of this Act.

Made of relief
Money to pay
Expenses under
Act regulated.

Amount of
Monies, &c. to
be kept.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices shall and they are hereby authorized and required, not only to charge the Rates to be raised upon the said County of Surrey, with the Interest of the Money so borrowed on such Securities, but also with the Payment of a further Sum, equal to the Interest of the Principal Sum so charged; which said Sums shall be assessed on the said County in such manner as County Rates are directed to be assessed by the Laws now in being, and paid and applied under the Direction of the said Justices, in Discharge of the Interest, and of so many of the Principal Sums as the said Securities, as such Money will extend to discharge in each Year until the whole of the Money for which such Securities shall be made, and the Interest thereof, shall be fully paid and discharged; and the said Justices are required

to fix One or more Day or Days in each Year on which such Payment shall be made, and shall make Orders for A. Sessions, in due time, to be provided for the regular Payment thereof; and they are hereby required to direct the Treasurer of the Public Stock of the said County, for the time being, to keep an exact and regular Account of the Receipts and Payments under the Authority of this Act, in a Book or Books, separate and apart from all other Accounts, and the same to strike and adjust in such manner, that it may be easily seen what Interest is growing due, and what Principal Money has been discharged and what remains due; and the said Book or Books be adjusted and settled to deliver into Court at every General or Quarter Session to be held for the said County; and the said Justices are required at every such Session, carefully to inspect all such Accounts, and make Orders for carrying the several Purposes of this Act into Execution, in such manner as to them shall seem most; and if at any time it shall appear to the said Justices that the said Treasurer has neglected the said Order, and has not duly and without Delay applied the Money in his Hands, to the Purposes hereby directed, such Treasurer shall forfeit Double the Amount of the Money which shall not have been applied to the Purposes of this Act, such Penalty to be added to the Stock or Rates of the said County, and to be paid for by the Clerk of the Peace of the said County for the time being; and the said Justices be authorised in Session as aforesaid shall direct in what Order such Securities shall be discharged, by drawing Lots or otherwise as they shall think fit, for discharging all Securities which shall bear the highest Interest.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace in their Quarter Session shall and they are hereby required to make Provision by means of the Rates (which they are hereby authorized to make) and by their Orders and Warrants (which they are hereby authorized to give) in such manner that the whole Money to be borrowed under the Authority of this Act shall be fully paid and discharged within a time to be limited, not exceeding Ten Years from the time of borrowing the same.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Justice of the Peace, who shall, under the Authority of this Act, do any Matter or Thing in the Execution hereof, shall be capable of having any beneficial Interest or Concern whatsoever either in his own Name or in the Name of any other Person in Trust for him, in any Contract or Agreement to be made under the Authority of this Act, or shall for any Deeds or Plan he may deliver or produce, receive any Benefit or Emolument whatsoever.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein as Editor, Privilege, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Impignator shall be allowed; and the Money arising by all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall belong to the said Treasurer of the said County, and shall be added to and be demand and applied as Part of the Rates or Stock thereof for the Year wherein the same shall be recovered or levied.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, every such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fast commencing, and not afterwards, and shall be laid and brought in the County where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and that if it shall appear to have been done, or if any Action or Suit shall be brought after the time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then and in such case the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become confest, or suffer a Default or nonappearance of his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Discovery or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such remedy for the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in any other case by Law.

XII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether Justices of the Peace, in their respective Quarters Sessions, have Authority to settle, alter or vary the Fees of the Clerks of the Peace of their respective Counties, as they are empowered to do with respect to the Fees of the Clerks of Justices of the Peace, by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the settling and ascertaining the Fees to be taken by Clerks in Justices of the Peace's Nows*, for the removing of such Doubts, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace of the said County of Surrey, at their General Quarter Session of the Peace, to make and strike a Table of Fees, to be taken by the Clerk of the Peace of the said County for the time being, in the like manner as they are authorized to do with respect to the Fees to be taken by the Clerks to Justices of the Peace; and such Fees, when made, shall be subject to the Approbation of the Justices of the Peace at the then next ensuing Quarter Session, and shall be laid before the Judges of Assize, to be by them settled and confirmed in the like manner as is required by the said Act made in the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid, with respect to the Table of Fees to be taken by the Clerks to Justices of the Peace; and all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures in the said Act contained, shall be applied and extended to this present Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to or attending the obtaining this Act, shall be paid out of the Public Stock of the said County of Surrey.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE heretofore referred to.

FORM of Mortgage and Charge upon the County Rates, for securing the Money borrowed.

WE, of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and Chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of *Surrey*, holden at the Day of _____ other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting for the said County, and assembled in the said Court, in pursuance of the Powers to us given by an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *As to [here insert the Title of the Act]* do hereby, as upon Court, mortgage and charge all the Rates to be raised within the said County, under the Description of County Rates by the Laws now in being, with the Payment of the Sum of _____ which _____ of _____ hath proposed and agreed to lend, and hath now actually advanced and paid, towards defraying the Expenses of purchasing, building, &c. [as the act shall be] the _____ for the said County, &c. and we do hereby confirm and establish the Laws unto the said _____ has Escheator, Admoustrator and Assizes, for securing the Repayment of the said Sum of _____ and Interest for the same above the Rate of _____ per Centum per Annum; and do order the Treasurers for the said County to pay the Interest of the said Sum of _____ Half yearly, as the same shall become due, until the Principal shall be discharged, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act.

Cap. xlv.

An Act to enable The Union Society for effecting Insurance from Fire, and The Union Life Office for effecting Insurances on Lives and Suretieships, and for granting and purchasing Annuities, so far and be fixed in the Name of the Chairman or Secretary for the Time being. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. xlvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Public Road from or near Kidgeway Carriage, in the Parish of *Stech*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to the Village of *Flying*, in the Parish of *Ayles*, in the said County. [12th May 1815.]

[*"The Trere and Flying Road Company" incorporated. One Half additional Toll on Sunday.*]

Cap. xlviii.

An Act for repairing the Road from *Sutton*, in the County of *Surrey*, through the Borough of *Reigate*, by *Staines Hill* to *Pony Cross*, and several other Roads thence contained, in the same County. (2) [12th May 1815.]

[The 1000. per annum to be paid by Tithers of 40 G. 3. 6. hxxvi. to the Tithers of 20 G. 3. 6. 84. to be paid to Tithers of the Act. The 1000. per annum. to be paid by Tithers of 40 G. 3. 84. 1. 2. 227. to the Tithers of several Acts, to be paid in Tithers of the Act. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xlix.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *John Lane*, in the Town of *Cambridge* to *Newmarket* Street, in the County of *Cambridge*. (2) [12th May 1815.]

[See 33 G. 3. c. 11.]

18 G. 3. c. 31.
3 G. 3. c. 31.
33 G. 3. c. 11.
31 rep. in 31.
Road from Colchester to Newmarket Heath.

Cap. l.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Highgate Gateways*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Thirteen Mile Stone, near *Garnet Corner*, in the Parish of *St. John*, in the said County. (2) [12th May 1815.]

30 Ann. Vol. 3.
p. 140.
7 G. 3. Act 1.
c. 11. 9 G. 3. c. 31. 3 G. 3. c. 31. 28 G. 3. c. 34. rep. in 31.

Cap. li.

An Act for amending the Road from *Kingsley* to *Bredford*, and for making and maintaining a Branch thereof, from, all to the West Riding of the County of *York*. (2) [12th May 1815.]

24 G. 3. c. 31.
17 G. 3. c. 31.
rep. in 31.
Road from Kingsley, through Bredford, to Bredford and 24 G. 3. c. 31. wholly rep. in 31.

Cap. lii.

An Act for continuing and amending Three Acts for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Devon* and *Gloucester*, leading to the Borough of *Launceston*. (2) [12th May 1815.]

25 G. 3. c. 19.
21 G. 3. c. 31.
21 G. 3. c. 31.
c. 4.

[Additional Tithers. Former Tolls in use, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lii.

An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for opening and making a new Road from the Turnpike Road at *Costy Enns Lodge*, in the Parish of *Launceston*, to the Crosses of the Parish of *Upton*, near *Alverton*, in the County of *Gloucester*. (2) [12th May 1815.]

23 G. 3. c. 31.

[Additional Tithers. Former Tolls rep. in 31. new Tolls granted. Extra Toll on Wharfedale, &c. carrying Timber between W. New, and W. Marsh. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for making further Provision for the Secretary and Usher to the Vice Chancellor of England, and for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and for providing additional Clerks for the said Office.

[7th Jan 1815.]

- 33 G. 3. c. 43. **W**HEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Eastern Money upon proper Securities, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expenses of the Office of the Accountant General, and for building Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and a Public Office for the Masters of the said Court, and Offices for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunatics; and for building Receptacles for securing the Title Deeds of the Masters of the said Court, and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunatics, and of the several Acts in the said Act mentioned, Great Sums of Money have been, by virtue of the several Orders of the said Court made for that Purpose, taken out of the Common and General Cash belonging to the Masters of the said Court which lay down and unemployed in the Bank of England, and have been placed out to the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court on Government or Parliamentary Securities, have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, carried to an Account, entitled "An Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery," and out of the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament, the several annual Sums and Salaries and the several other Payments thereby directed to be made by Two several Acts of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, one of them intitled *An Act for making Provision for such Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmary shall be desirous of resigning their Office with the Approbation of the said Court; and for augmenting the Income of the Masters in Ordinary of the said Court; and the other of such Acts, intitled *An Act to provide additional Salaries to the principal Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and to provide additional Clerks for the said Office with Salaries; and to make other Payments in respect of the said Office; and by an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making Provision for such of the said Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmary shall be desirous of resigning their Office, and to incorporate for the due Execution of their Office; and for making further Provision for the Two Secretaries of the said Registrars, for the Clerks in the Registrars' Office, for the Master of the Report Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Report Office of the said Court; and for making other Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Office; and by an Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for building certain Offices for the Examiners, Clerks of the Crown, and Clerks of the Petty Bag of the High Court of Chancery; and for making certain Regulations in the Examiner's Office of the said Court; and for making Provision for such of the Examiners, Deputy Examiners and Clerks, as from Length of Service or from Age or Infirmary, are or shall be incorporated from the due Execution of their Office; and for making Provision for other Officers of the said Court; and for making other Payments in respect of the said Office; have been from time to time made and paid, and the Surplus Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities beyond what was sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such Surplus Interest and annual Produce, have been from time to time in pursuance of the said Act and said several Acts laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, entitled "Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery." And Whereas by the said last mentioned Act, it was, among other things, enacted, that out of the Cash belonging to the Masters of the said Court of Chancery, which then lay or which should thereafter be paid and unemployed in the Bank of England, a Sum not exceeding Two hundred thousand Pounds should and might, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the said Court to be made for that Purpose, from time to time be placed out in One entire Sum or in Parts, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, according to the General Rules and Orders of the said Court, on such Government and Parliamentary Securities as in and by such Orders should be directed, to the Intent that the Interest and Annual Produce arising from the Money so to be placed out might be applied for the Purposes thereafter mentioned, and that all such Government or Parliamentary Securities or Securities were purchased should be carried to the said Account, entitled "Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery." And Whereas under and by virtue of another Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to consolidate the Administration of Justice, after making certain Provisions for an additional Judge to be Assistant to the Lord High Chancellor in the said Court of Chancery, to be called the Vice Chancellor of England, and certain Rules and Regulations respecting the said Office, it was, among other things, further enacted, That out of the Cash belonging to the Masters of the said Court of Chancery, which then lay or which should thereafter be paid and unemployed in the Bank of England, a further Sum not exceeding Sixty thousand Pounds should and might by virtue of any further Order or Orders of the said Court to be made for that Purpose, be in like manner placed out on such Government or Parliamentary Securities as in and by such Orders should be directed, and the Interest and annual Produce thereof applied for the Purposes by the said******

Act

• *An Act directed, and that all such Government or Parliamentary Securities or Securities, when purchased, should be carried to the said Account, entitled "Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security*
 • *" of the Sunders of the High Court of Chancery," and it was therein further enacted, that out of the*
 • *Dividends and Interest thereof, and of the other Government or Parliamentary Securities in the said Act*
 • *mentioned, there should (amongst other Payments thereby directed) be paid the several Salaries thereafter*
 • *mentioned; that is to say, to the Secretary to the said Vice-Chancellor of England, the Net yearly Sum of*
 • *Two hundred Pounds, and to the Usher to the said Vice-Chancellor the Net yearly Sum of Eighty Pounds;*
 • *and that such Officers respectively should not take or receive or demand any Fee or Reward whatsoever, over*
 • *and above the Salaries thereby directed to be paid to them respectively, for or in respect of any Business which*
 • *should be done by them by virtue of the Powers and Authorities given to them by the said Act: And Whereas*
 • *under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George*
 • *the Second, intitled "An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery by lay out upon proper Securities any*
 • *Monies remaining a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Cask in the Bank of England be-*
 • *longing to the Sunders of the said Court, for the Use of the said Sunders, by applying the Interest arising there-*
 • *from for improving the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the said Court; and by another Act*
 • *passed in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act to improve the High Court of*
 • *Chancery by lay out upon proper Securities a further Sum of Money, not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of*
 • *the Common and General Cask in the Bank of England belonging to the Sunders of the said Court, and for apply-*
 • *ing the Interest arising therefrom towards improving the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the*
 • *said Court; and by another Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled*
 • *"An Act to improve the High Court of Chancery by lay out upon Government Securities a further Sum of Money,*
 • *not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Cask in the Bank of England belonging to*
 • *the Sunders of the said Court, and to apply the Interest arising therefrom towards improving the Charges of the*
 • *Office of the Accountant General of the said Court; and by the above mentioned Acts of the Thirtieth*
 • *and Forty Sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of the several Orders of the High Court of*
 • *Chancery made in pursuance of the said several Acts, the post-off Clerk is the Office of the said Accountant*
 • *General of the High Court of Chancery, have and receive out of the Interest and Dividends of the Govern-*
 • *ment or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, entitled "Account of Monies placed out for*
 • *" the Benefit and better Security of the Sunders of the High Court of Chancery," and out of the Interest*
 • *and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, entitled "Ac-*
 • *coun of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of*
 • *" Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sunders of the High Court of Chancery,"*
 • *the several Payments and Sums hereinafter mentioned; namely, the First Clerk the yearly Sum of Five*
 • *hundred Pounds; the Second Clerk the yearly Sum of Four hundred Pounds; the Third Clerk the yearly*
 • *Sum of Four hundred Pounds; the Fourth Clerk the yearly Sum of Four hundred Pounds; the Fifth*
 • *Clerk the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds; the Sixth Clerk the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds;*
 • *the Seventh Clerk the yearly Sum of Three hundred Pounds; the Eighth Clerk the yearly Sum of One*
 • *hundred and eighty Pounds; the Ninth Clerk the yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds; the*
 • *Tenth Clerk the yearly Sum of One hundred and eighty Pounds; and the Eleventh Clerk the yearly Sum*
 • *of One hundred and eighty Pounds: And Whereas under and by virtue of another Act, passed in the Fifty*
 • *second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act for making further Provision for the*
 • *Clerks in the Office of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, after a certain Length of Service, it*
 • *was, amongst other things, enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of*
 • *Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great*
 • *Britain for the time being, by any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery, to be made from time to*
 • *time on a Petition presented to him or them for that Purpose by the Accountant General, or any of the Clerks*
 • *in his said Office, in order (such an Annuity or clear yearly Sum of Money to be paid to any Clerk who should*
 • *have attained the Capacity of Clerk in the said Office for Thirty Years, or who, having attained to the*
 • *Capacity of Clerk for the Space of Fifteen Years, should be rendered incapable of performing the Duties*
 • *of a Clerk in the said Office through permanent Illness or Infirmary, as the said Lord High Chancellor,*
 • *Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners should think fit and see Cause, not exceeding the yearly Salary*
 • *payable to such Clerk at the time of making such Application, the same to be paid out of the Interest and*
 • *Dividends arising from Securities purchased or to be purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts, or any*
 • *of them; in which Order or Orders the Cause or Ground of making the same should be distinctly*
 • *stated and specified, and the Annuity or yearly Sum mentioned in such Order or Orders should be paid*
 • *by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, out of the Interest and Dividends of the said*
 • *Government or Parliamentary Securities (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all*
 • *Salaries and other Sums of Money which by the several Acts theretofore mentioned or referred to,*
 • *or any other Act theretofore made and passed, are directed and justifiably to be paid thereto): Quarterly,*
 • *as therein mentioned, to the Clerk named in such Order, for and during the Term of his natural*
 • *Life: And Whereas the Business of the said Office of the Accountant General of the said Court*
 • *of Chancery hath of late Years greatly increased, and is still increasing, and the present Establishment*
 • *of Clerks in the said Office is inadequate to transact the Business thereof with such Accuracy and*
 • *Dispatch as is necessary for the Public Service; and many of the Clerks in the said Office have been very*
 • *many Years employed therein, and their present Salaries are not a sufficient Compensation for their Length*
 • *of Service, considering the Nature and Importance of it, and the Attendance, Qualification and Expence*
 • *of it: And Whereas it is necessary to enable them to fulfil the Duties of it with Advantage to the Public; And Whereas*

11.

12 G. 3. c. 14.

4 G. 3. c. 24.

12 G. 3. c. 39.

12 G. 3. c. 24.

45 G. 3. c. 129.

Orders of Court
of Chancery.

12 G. 3. c. 14.

§ 1.

* the Salaries as so ascertained provided to the Secretary and Usher to the said Vice Chancellor of England are not so adequate Compensation to Persons properly qualified to fill the Duties of the said Office, and for their Attendance and Trouble therein; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of the Interest and Dividends arising from Securities purchased in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the several other Acts therein and hereinafter mentioned or referred to, and carried to the said Account entitled "Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery," and also out of the Interest and Dividends of Securities purchased and to be purchased with the Surplus Interest in pursuance of the said Acts or any of them, or is or shall be carried to the said Account, entitled "Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery," there shall be paid by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and Sums of Money by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore passed are directed or authorized to be paid thereout), by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, such additional yearly Sums or Salaries to be from time to time paid Quarterly free of Taxes to the Secretary and Usher to the Vice Chancellor of England, and to the First Two Clerks of the said Accountant General for the time being, as hereinafter mentioned; to wit, to the Secretary to the said Vice Chancellor of England Three hundred Pounds; to the Usher to the said Vice Chancellor One hundred and twenty Pounds; and to the First Clerk of the said Accountant General One hundred Pounds; to the Second Clerk One hundred Pounds; to the Third Clerk One hundred Pounds; to the Fourth Clerk One hundred Pounds; to the Fifth Clerk Eighty Pounds; to the Sixth Clerk Sixty Pounds; to the Seventh Clerk Forty Pounds; to the Eighth Clerk Twenty Pounds; to the Ninth Clerk Sixty Pounds; and to the Tenth Clerk Thirty Pounds; the First Quarterly Payment thereof to commence and be completed from the Twenty sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: And also such several yearly Sums or Salaries as are hereinafter mentioned, to be from time to time paid Quarterly free of Taxes to Four additional Clerks for the time being; to wit, a Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Clerk to be appointed; that is to say, to the Twelfth Clerk One hundred and eighty Pounds; to the Thirteenth Clerk One hundred and eighty Pounds; to the Fourteenth Clerk One hundred and eighty Pounds; and to the Fifteenth Clerk one hundred and eighty Pounds; And also like yearly Sums or Salaries of One hundred and eighty Pounds each to Three more additional Clerks in the said Office, in case it shall at any time hereafter appear necessary to the said Court of Chancery to appoint such Three additional Clerks or either of them, in pursuance of the Charge for that Purpose heretofore contained; the First Quarterly Payment to such additional Clerks respectively to commence from the Day of the Date of their respective Appointments; and also any further Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in any One Year in Addition to the Provision already made by the before recited Acts for that Purpose to the Accountant General of the said Court for the time being, to defray the additional Expenses of Stationery, Copy, Candles and other necessary Expenses of the said Office.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, upon the Requisition of the Accountant General for the time being for that Purpose, and upon its being made appear to the Court that additional Assistance is necessary in the said Office for transacting the said Business of the Debtors of the said Court, to appoint out exceeding Three more Persons to be Clerks in the said Office, who shall have and be entitled to the yearly Salaries of One hundred and eighty Pounds each, hereby provided for the additional Clerks in the said Office; to be paid and payable out of the same Funds and in the same manner as is directed and provided by the Clerks last heretofore mentioned.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed as taken to prevent or hinder any present or future Clerk in the said Office from being removed or displaced therefrom at any time, in such manner and by such Authority as Clerks in the said Office can now be removed or displaced.

IV. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, the Expenses incurred in procuring and paying this Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings had or to be had in consequence thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus Interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Monies placed out and to be placed out on Securities pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned or referred to, or any of them, beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said Acts, shall from time to time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled "Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery;" and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Debtors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any time be necessary to call in any of the Money of the said Debtors which hath been or may be placed out on Securities.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the

18 G. 3. c. 48.

Additional Salaries.

Salaries to Four additional Clerks in Accountant General's Office.

Further additional Clerks.

Further Sum to Accountant General.

Three more Clerks appointed to Accountant General's Office.

Clerks removed.

Provision of Act.

Surplus Money placed out in Government Securities.

18 G. 3. c. 48. § 1.

Securities changed.

the time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities, or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament heretofore mentioned, or referred to or pursuant to this Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, if at any time hereafter the Whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament, or any of them, or to be placed out in pursuance of this Act, shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery, then and in such case the said Court may and shall direct the Whole or any Part of such Money to be called in, and the Securities in which the same, and the Surplus Interest and Dividends heretofore mentioned, shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of in order that the Debtors of the said Court may at all times be paid their respective Demands out of the Common and General Cask belonging to such Debtors.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice, delay, hinder or prevent any Reform or Abolition of all or any of the Offices hereto mentioned, by any Person or Persons having Authority to reform or abolish the same.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

Money called in to be placed out to supply the wants of Debtors.

Proviso for the Reform of Offices.

Public Act.

Cap. lxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from *Sheffield* to *Tigby*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

[*The Company of Proprietors of the Sheffield Canal* incorporated. 80,000*l.* and if necessary 20,000*l.* additional.]

[*7th Jan 1815.*]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for making the Company of Proprietors of the *Worcester and Birmingham Canal* Navigators, to complete and extend their Works, and for better supplying the said Canal with Water; and also for selling in Traders for the said Company of Proprietors, His Majesty's Right and Interest in certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Parishes of *King's Norton* and *Norridgefield*, in the County of *Warwick*, heretofore to the Crown.

[*90,000*l.* additional.*]

[*7th June 1815.*]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for enabling the Commissioners of the Northern Light Hoofs to erect Light Hoofs on the Isles of *Man*, and *Calf of Man*.

[*7th Jan 1815.*]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for erecting certain Light Hoofs in the Northern Parts of Great Britain*, Commissioners were named for putting the said Act into Execution, and for erecting Four Light Hoofs in the Northern Parts of *Great Britain*; and certain Duties were thereby granted for answering the Expenses of making and maintaining the Works by the said Act authorized to be made; and the Commissioners were empowered to borrow Money on the Credit of the Duties; and if any Surplus should remain, after the ordinary Expenditure to be incurred in carrying the said Act into Execution, the same was directed to be every Year, to be added to some one or other of the Public Funds, until the yearly interest of the same should amount to a Sum equal to the whole Expense attending the said Light Hoofs, when such Duties were to be paid to such, determined and be no longer payable: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to render more effectual an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for erecting certain Light Hoofs in the Northern Parts of Great Britain*, the said Commissioners were authorized to levy certain additional Duties; to borrow a further Sum of Money; and to commence levying the Duties as soon as Two of the said Light Hoofs should be lighted; And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to give further Powers to the Commissioners for erecting certain Light Hoofs in the Northern Parts of Great Britain*, the said Commissioners were authorized to erect Two (a) additional Light Hoofs; and were likewise empowered to make such other Light Hoofs to be erected, as they should deem necessary, whenever the Produce of the Duties should enable them to do so: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for incorporating the Commissioners appointed for erecting certain Light Hoofs in the Northern Parts of Great Britain*, the said Commissioners were incorporated for the better carrying the said former Acts into Execution, and made One Body Police and Corporate, by the Name of "The Commissioners of the Northern Light Hoofs;" And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for erecting a Light Hoof on the Bell or Cape Rock in the Eastern Coast of Scotland*, and for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury to advance a certain Sum of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain towards the Purchase, Authority was given to the said Commissioners to erect the said Light Hoof, and to levy certain additional Rates and Duties for the Support of the same: And Whereas by another Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Power was given to the said Commissioners to (a) [*The Words of 29 G. 3. c. 53. are "a Light Hoof is a monument situated upon the South End of the Island of Arran, or upon the Island of Fladda near the same."*]

26 G. 3. c. 122.
§ 2.

§ 5.
§ 28.
§ 48.

28 G. 3. c. 123.

§ 6.
§ 2.
§ 5.

29 G. 3. c. 53.

§ 1.

§ 4.

32 G. 3. c. 58.

§ 2.

46 G. 3. c. 126.

§ 2.

24 G. 3. c. 136.

§ 2.

§ 5.

* purchase

* purchase the Island and Light of *May* in the *Frick of Forth*; and instead of a Coal Light, to exhibit and maintain on the said Island an Oil Light, or other improved Light; and also to erect and maintain such additional Light Houses upon such other Parts of the Coasts and Islands of Scotland as they shall deem necessary: And Whereas it would tend greatly to the Security of Navigation, and be of great Benefit to the Public, if Towers were given to the said Commissioners to erect and maintain certain Light Houses upon the Isles of *Man* and *Galf of Man*; but as these Purposes cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of the Northern Light Houses, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree with the Owners and other Parties interested, and to purchase and hold to them and their Successors and Assigns, the Lands and Hereditaments necessary for erecting the Light Houses and other Buildings and Conveniences hereinafter mentioned, in such Situations as they shall deem most expedient, without incurring any of the Powers or Forfeitures of the Statute of Mortmain, or any other Powers or Disabilities; and thereupon to erect and maintain One Light House on the Isle of *Galf of Man*, and another Light House on the Isle of *Man*, with such other Buildings and Conveniences at each of such Light Houses as to them shall appear necessary; and in such Light Houses to maintain and exhibit such Lights distinguishable from the other Lights on the adjacent Coasts, as shall from time to time to the said Commissioners appear to be proper and necessary.

Commissioners
to erect the
General, etc. and
erect Light
Houses.

Duties to be
collected.

II. And to enable the said Commissioners to defray the Expenses of making the said Purchases, of erecting the said Light Houses and other Buildings, and maintaining proper Lights in the said Light Houses, be it enacted, That So soon as the said Light Houses shall be erected, and Lights shall be exhibited therein, it shall and may be lawful to the said Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, to demand, collect, receive and take from all and every the Masters and Owners of every Ship or decked Vessel of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, registered according to Law, which shall sail to or from any Port or Place in *Great Britain's Channel* between the Head Lands of *Orkney* and *Northland* both inclusive on the South, and *Port Patrick* and *Donaghadee* both inclusive on the North, or which shall sail to or from any Port or Place in the *Frick of Solway*, whether the said Ship or Vessel shall be loaded or in ballast, or Quitted or Homeward bound, or on a Foreign Voyage, or sailing Coastwise, and from the Master or Owner of every Ship or decked Vessel, sailing within the above said Limits (excepting as hereinafter excepted), a Sum not exceeding One Farthing for every Ton of such Ship or Vessel, and for every Foreign Ship or decked Vessel sailing as aforesaid (excepting as hereinafter excepted), a Sum not exceeding One Halfpenny for every Ton of such Ship or Vessel.

to receive
these Duties.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to charge with the Duties hereby granted, any Ship or Vessel liable to the Duties granted for the Support of the Light Houses under the Charge of the Commissioners of the Northern Light Houses, by any of the Acts, hereinafter recited, or any Ship or Vessel belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or employed in the Service of His Majesty's Revenue, or of His Majesty's Postmen General in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or any Ship or Vessel by any of the before recited Acts exempted from the Duties thereby granted.

Power to borrow
Money.

IV. And be it enacted, That in addition to and over and above the Sums of Money which the said Commissioners are by the said recited Acts authorized to borrow on the Credit of the Rates and Duties thereby granted, it shall and may be lawful to and in the Power of the said Commissioners to borrow and take up at Interest, on the Credit of the Rates and Duties by the said recited Acts and by this Act granted, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two thousand Pounds for the Purpose of erecting the foresaid Two Light Houses, and for defraying the Expenses of this Act.

Application of
Money.

V. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall apply the Produce of the Rates and Duties by the said recited Acts and this Act granted, in making the Purchases aforesaid, as well as in maintaining the said Light Houses and other Buildings, erecting proper Lights therein, in paying the Expenses of preparing and passing this Act, and in repaying the Money to be borrowed, and Interest thereof; and the Surplus or Residue of the Rates and Duties by the said recited Acts and this Act granted, which shall remain after answering the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall once in every Year be vested in *one or* other of the Public Funds; and the same, together with the Interest thereof shall be allowed to accumulate until the Yearly Interest shall amount to a Sum equal to the whole Expense attending the Light Houses under their Charge, when the whole Rates and Duties by the said recited Acts and by this Act granted shall cease and determine.

Powers of
former Acts re-
lated to A.B.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall have and enjoy all the Powers and Authorities conferred upon them in virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them, for collecting and enforcing Payment of the Duties granted by this Act, and of compounding for the same, for maintaining and supporting the Light Houses by this Act authorized to be erected, and maintaining the Lights therein, and for the Appointment and Removal of Collectors, Keepers and other Officers, as are contained in the said recited Acts, or any of them.

Public Act.

VII. And be it enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching and regulating the Streets and Public Places within Part of the Parochial of *Saint Katherine*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Parish Church of *Milborne Regis*, in the County of *Devon*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for establishing a Church or Chapel in *Tranah Park*, in the Parish of *Walsen on the Hill*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

[The Church of *Saint Michael, Tranah*.]

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers and Privileges of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for widening, altering and rebuilding *Oyle Bridge*, in the City of *Tork*; and for widening certain Streets and making other Improvements in the said City.

45 G. 3. c. cxxv.
[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for erecting a Bridge over the River of *Rye*, at the Town of *New Rye*, in the County of *Wessex*.

[Tolls increased.]

45 G. 3. (1)
[7th June 1815.] c. 48.

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridewell, Gaol, Court House and Public Offices, for the Borough of *Paisley* and County of *Renfrew*.

[See 45 G. 3. c. cxxm.]

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Wenborne to Priar's End*, and from *Gosport Road* to the Village of *Over Pease*, and thence to the Turnpike Road leading from *Walsingham* to *Sturbridge*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Stafford*. (1.)

[Additional Tolls. Former Tolls as in cap. now Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

45 G. 3. c. 187.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Buckingham*, to the Turnpike Road in the Hamlet of *Old Stratford*, and to be continued from the same Turnpike Road at the Town of *New Stratford*, to the Town of *Newport Pagnall*, in the County of *Bucks*. (1.)

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Southwark to Droyford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, and for lighting, watching and cleansing certain Parts thereof, and other Places in the Parish of *Barnesbury*, in the County of *Surry*.

[This Act relates only to the lighting, &c. as in the Title, and a Rate not exceeding Eighteen pence in the Pound is granted to the Justices, &c. and not exceeding Six pence on Land being Moored, &c.]

45 G. 3.
c. cxxviii.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for amending the Road from *Dundell to Dunbar* in the County of *Leith*. (1.)

[Tolls of first mentioned Act as in cap. now Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday between *Stairfield* and *Seaford*.]45 & 46 G. 3.
(1) c. 60.45 & 46 G. 3.
(2) c. 6.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for establishing and well-governing the Charitable Institution called *The Calcutta Asylum*, for supporting and educating Children of Soldiers, Sailors and Marins, Natives of *Scotland*, and of indigent *Scottish Parents*, resident in *London*, not entitled to *Parochial Relief*.

[14th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for defraying the Expence incurred in rebuilding the Parish Church of *Hamwell*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[14th June 1815.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Town of *Rockdale*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.
[14th June 1815.]
[*Saint James.*]

Cap. lxxxi.

5 G. 3. c. 75. An Act to amend several Acts for the Management and Direction of the *Misid Hospital*, or County of
Dulwich Infirmary, and for the better regulating the same. [14th June 1815.]
13 & 14 G. 3.
15 & 16 G. 3. (1) & .

Cap. lxxxii.

6 G. 3. c. 221. An Act to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for the more equal Assessment of Money pro-
posed to be raised by the Grand Jury of the County of the City of *Gloucester*, and for a new Valuation of
the said City, and Survey of the Liberties thereof, and for other Purposes relative to Grand Jurors.
[22d June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

14 G. 3. c. 37. An Act to authorize the raising of a further Sum of Money to complete the *Montgomeryshire Canal*, and
to extend the Power of devoting land and making certain Alterations in Part of the original Plan; and
for explaining and rendering more effectual an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for
making the said Canal. [40,000*l.*] [22d June 1815.]
[Former Rates repealed, new Rates granted.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

18 G. 3. c. 74. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts made in the Thirtieth and Thirty seventh Years of His present
Majesty, for the Support and Maintenance of *Ramfear Harbour*, in the County of *Mont.*
G. 3. c. 24. [22d June 1815.]
[Additional Rates.]

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for providing a Market for the Borough of *Bodmin*, in the County of *Cornwall*. [22d June 1815.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for embanking and inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bovingdon*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
[22d June 1815.]
= Allowances and Compensation for Tithes, § 18. 20. 25.

Cap. lxxxvii.

13 G. 3. c. 26. An Act for more effectually repairing the Roads in and leading through and from the Town of *Wormingford*,
in the County of *Wicks*. (4) [22d June 1815.]
18 G. 3. c. 5.
5 G. 3. c. 44.
13 G. 3. c. 141.
repealed. [Regulations as to Markets and Fair Days; and paving, &c. the Footways in *Wormingford*. Compensation to
Travellers of this Act from Travellers of *Frasere Road* under 50 G. 3. c. 141. Compensation to Travellers of this
Act from Travellers of *Wormingford* and *Frasere Road* under 50 G. 3. c. 141.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

Ann. c. 111. An Act to rectify a Mistake (a) in an Act of this Session of Parliament, for continuing and amending several
Acts for repairing the Road from *Massfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to the Turnpike Road leading
from *Derby* to *Chilkefield*, in the County of *Derby*. [22d June 1815.]
(a) [As in the Title.]

Cap. lxxxix.

43 G. 3. c. 6.
44 G. 3. c. 122.
46 G. 3. c. 122.
49 G. 3. c. 122.
51 G. 3. c. 122. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintain-
ing the Roads commencing with the *West and East India Docks*, and for repairing the *Canal Street*
Road, and for making and maintaining a new Road to *Bowling*, and a Road from the *Ramfear* and *Wid-
erhope* Roads to *Tisbury Fort*, in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*; and also for making a new Branch of
Road from *King David Lane* *Shadwell*, to the *Essex Road* at *Wid End*, in the County of *Huddersfield*. (4)
[22d June 1815.]

Cap. xc.

31 G. 3. c. 145. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading
from *Sheffield* to *Normanby* and *Radford*, and other Places in the County of *Essex*, and for extending the
said Act to the Road from *Great Hallingbury* to *Radford*, in the County of *Berkshire*. (4) [22d June 1815.]
[Additional Travellers. Former Tolls in 1815, new Tolls granted.]

the said City, by shewing, widening and improving *Aldersgate Street* aforesaid, from the South Side of the Church of *Saint Dunstons* to *Saint Martin in Grand shoreditch*, and also *Saint Martin in Grand shoreditch*, and enlarging, altering and improving the West End of *Gloucester Street* aforesaid; and also to alter, widen and improve *Pyper Lane* and *Saint Andrew's Lane* aforesaid.

Corporation to
write for
new Post Office.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered to make a convenient Site for a new Post Office, by taking down and laying open all the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, between *Gloucester Street* aforesaid and *Newgate Street* in the said City on the South, *Saint Andrew's Lane* aforesaid on the North, *Pyper Lane* aforesaid on the East, and *Saint Martin in Grand shoreditch* on the West.

Shewn, &c.
made according
to Map or Plan,
deposited in
Town Clerk's
Office and Ge-
neral Post Office.

III. And Whereas a Map or Plan describing the Lines of the said Streets and Places, and the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Streets and Ways, through and upon which the proposed Alterations and Improvements are to be made or carried by virtue of this Act, which is referred to by the Schedule to this Act annexed, has been made for the Purpose of being deposited for Public Inspection: Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be Two Parts of the said Map or Plan, each of which shall be authenticated by the Signatures of the Right Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons, and formally deposited, One with the Town Clerk of the City of London, and the other at the General Post Office in the said City, within Three Calendar Months from the passing of this Act, to the end that all Persons may at all reasonable times have Liberty to inspect the same at their Will and Pleasure, paying the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection; and that the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, in improving the said Streets or Ways, shall not deviate from the Lines described in the said Map or Plan.

Land and Pre-
mises marked as
Plan used are
withstanding Ex-
cess in Schedule.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to make the said proposed Alterations and Improvements, and the said Site, into, through, across, over or upon the several Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, over which the same is or are set out and defined in the said Map or Plan as aforesaid, although the Name or Names of the Owners or Occupiers thereof may happen to be omitted or mis-stated in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, in case it shall appear to any Two or more Aldermen of the said City of London, and be certified, by Writing under their Hands, that such Error or Omission proceeded from Mistake.

Corporation,
their Surveyors,
&c. may enter
upon Houses,
&c.

V. And be it further enacted, That, for the Purposes aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and for their Surveyors or Surveyors, Officers and Workmen, from time to time, at all reasonable times in the Day, to enter into and upon the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, comprised in and described in the said Map or Plan and Schedule, or any of them, in such manner as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think necessary and proper, without being deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, and without being obliged or liable to any Fine, Penalty or Punishment, on account of entering or continuing upon any Part or Parts of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments for the Damages that shall be thereby occasioned.

Common Coun-
cil in purchase
and pull down
Houses, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered in the Name of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London to treat and agree for the Purchase of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments described or comprised in the said Map or Plan and Schedule, and of any subdividing Leases, Tenants, Estates and Interests therein, or such of them, or such Part or Parts thereof respectively, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper.

Purchasing
limited to Five
Years.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall not within the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, agree for or cause to be sold as hereinafter is mentioned, the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Parts thereof respectively, which they are hereby empowered to purchase as aforesaid, then and from thenceforth the Powers hereby granted to them for such Purchase, full estate, demise and be utterly void; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Public Police,
&c. in full and
enjoy, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Towns in Tail or for Life, Manors, Guardians, Trustees and Feoffees in Trust for Charitable or other Purposes, Consistories, Ecclesiastical and Administrators, and all other Trustees and Feoffees whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their College Trustees or Wardens, whether Infants, Idiot, Absent, Lunatic, Idiots, Femes Covert, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, and to and for all Femes Covert who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or any other Interest therein, and to and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, who are, is or shall be seized or possessed of, or interested in any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments described or comprised in the said Map or Plan, and Schedule which, or Part of which, by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners in Common Council assembled, shall be thought proper to be purchased, to convey for, sell and convey the same, and every or any Part thereof, to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Bargains, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances, Acts and Deeds, which shall be made by such Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, Trustees or Trustees, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all Bodies Politic, Corporations or Collegiate, and all Persons whom-

forever to conveying or conveying as aforesaid, are hereby indemnified for or in respect of any such Sale which he, she, they or any of them, shall respectively make, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate, or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons, shall be applied to by or on behalf of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey any Part or Parts of any House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament, in the actual Occupation of One Person, or of several Persons jointly, and shall by Notice in Writing, be left at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall of the said City within Thirty Days after such Application, signify his, her or their Inclination or Desire to treat for, sell, dispose of and convey the whole of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament, and it shall happen that the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall not think proper or be willing to purchase the whole of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament, then and in every such case nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to compel the several Persons interested therein to treat for, sell, dispose of or convey, or to authorize the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to take or take Part only, or lets time the whole of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditament; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof in any will notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, and other Person or Persons heretofore obligated to contract for, sell and convey any such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments as aforesaid, and any other Owner or Owners of any such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, may accept and receive full Satisfaction or Redemption for the Value thereof, and such Body or Bodies, Trustee or Trustees, Person or Persons, Owner or Owners, and also any Tenant or Tenants for a Year, or from Year to Year, or at Will, or other Occupier or Occupiers of any such Premises may accept and receive full Compensation for such Goodwill or Improvements as shall be left, and for such Injury or Damage as shall be sustained on account of the Execution of this Act, or in any wise relating thereto, as shall be agreed upon between them respectively, and the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled; and in case the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and the said Parties interested in such House, Building, Land, Tenement and Hereditaments, Goodwill or Improvements, or following such Injury or Damage, cannot or do not agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, Redemption or Compensation, the same respectively shall be ascertained and settled by a Jury in manner hereinafter directed.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, or any other Person or Persons leased or possessed of or interested in any such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein as aforesaid, or any Occupier or Occupiers thereof, sustaining such Loss, Injury or Damage as aforesaid, for and on his, her or their Part or Parts, or for or on the Part of his, her or their Co-leasee or Co-lessees, or of any other interested Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall refuse to accept full Parole Money, Satisfaction, Redemption or other Compensation as shall be offered by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or any Person or Persons authorized by them on their behalf; or if any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person or Persons leased or possessed of, or interested in any such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments as aforesaid, shall, upon Notice in Writing given to the Principal Officer or Officers of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to such Trustee or Trustees, Person or Persons respectively, or left at the last or usual Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, or with the Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments, or affixed upon the same Premises, for the Space of Fourteen Days next after such Notice) neglect or refuse to treat or agree, or shall not agree, or by reason of Absence or Disability, cannot agree with the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or with any Person or Persons authorized by them, for the Sale and Conveyance of such House, Building, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments, or their respective Shares, Estates and Interests therein, or cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and evince a clear Title to the Premises they are in Possession of, or to the Interest they shall claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or of the Person or Persons so authorized by them, then and in every such case the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City, to be holden in the Outer Chamber of the Guildhall of the said City, according to the Custom of the said City, shall, and the said Court are hereby empowered from time to time to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, to the Sheriffs of the City of London, commanding such Sheriffs to impound, summon and return a Jury; and such Sheriffs are and each of them is hereby authorized and required accordingly to impound, summon and return Forty eight substantial and indifferent Persons qualified to serve on Juries; and the Persons so to be impounded, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, at such time and Place as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precepts or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed; and to attend the said Court from Day to Day, until discharged by the said Court; and out of which such Persons to be impounded, summoned and returned a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by four Persons to be by the said Court appointed, in such manner as Juries for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster are directed to be drawn; and in case a sufficient Number of Jurymen shall not appear at the time and Place appointed as aforesaid, some Person to be by the said Court appointed, shall return other substantial, honest and indifferent Men of the Freeholders, or of others who can be speedily procured to attend that Service, being so qualified as aforesaid, to make up the said Jury to the Number of Twelve, and all Parties concerned shall

Not compelled, to take Part of Estate if willing to sell the whole.

Not obliged to accept Satisfaction, or to convey.

Parties refusing to accept Satisfaction, or to convey, may be found by Court of Mayor and Aldermen to give Precept for impounding, &c.

Jury drawn, &c.

shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time as Occasion shall require, by Precept or Precepts, to summon and call before them all and every or any Persons and Persons whatsoever, who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, as to his, her or their Oath or Oaths, touching or concerning the Premises; and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, if they think fit, shall and may, on the Application of either Party, lawfully authorize the said Jury, or any Three or more of them, to view the Place or Places and Premises in Question, in such manner as they shall direct, and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen shall have Power to adjourn such Mourning from Day to Day as Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury, Witnesses and Persons to attend until all such Affairs, for which they were summoned, shall be concluded; and the said Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths as well as the Oaths of such Persons or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen are hereby empowered and required to administer), shall require of, affirm and swear, and give a Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid for the Purchase of, or a Satisfaction or Redemption for either the Sovereignty of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or for any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts shall be directed, and the Compensation which shall be to be made in respect of Goodwill, Improvements, or any Injury or Damage whatsoever, to be left or satisfied as aforesaid, in any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts shall be directed (the same respectively to be estimated by the said Jury in as just and liberal a manner as if the Improvements authorized by this Act had never been in Contemplation), and the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen shall give Judgment for such Purchase Money, Satisfaction, Redemption or Compensation to be so affirmed, which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment and Judgments thereupon, shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes upon all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and upon all Persons whatsoever, provided that Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing at the least, of the Hour or Time and Place at which such Jury are to be required to be returned and meet, be given to the Principal Officer or Officers of the Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to the Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons interested, or claiming to be so, by leaving such Notice at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, or with some Trustee or Occupier of some of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or be affixed upon the same, and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Determinations, and all other Proceedings of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and Justice to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the Clerk of the Peace of the said City of London for the time being.

Verdict of
Jury final.

Previous Notice
being given to
Person interest-
ed.

Verdict of Value
of Lands and
Demises altera-
tional respect-
ively.

Jury under Oath
Examination to
Court at West-
minster.
Perjury.

Expenses of
Jury provided
for.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and Justices, shall award all Determinations, Judgments and Verdicts, which they shall make and give in the Execution of the Powers hereby vested in them concerning the Value of Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, separately and distinctly from the Consideration of any other Loss or Damages to be followed by any Person or Persons in consequence of the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, and shall distinguish the Value let upon the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, and the Money affirmed or adjudged for such Loss or Damages as aforesaid, separately and apart from each other.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Jury and Jurymen as aforesaid shall be under and subject to the same Regulations, Pains and Penalties as if such Jury or Jurymen had been returned for the Trial of any Issue joined in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that all and every Person and Persons, who in any Examination to be taken by virtue of this Act shall wilfully give false Evidence before the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or before any such Jury as aforesaid, shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject to such Penalties and Disqualifications as any Person or Persons can or may be subject to for wilful and corrupt Perjury by the Laws or Statutes of this Realm.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case a Verdict shall be given for a greater Sum of Money as a Satisfaction or Redemption for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or as a Compensation for any Goodwill or Improvement, or any Loss or Damage to be satisfied as aforesaid respectively, than shall have been offered by or on the behalf of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, before the summoning of such Jury, or in case a Verdict shall be given for any Sum or Sums of Money as a Compensation for Goodwill, Improvements, Loss or Damage where no Compensation shall have been offered by or on the behalf of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, previously to the summoning of such Jury, or in case by reason of Absence, or other Impediment or Disability, three shall not be found any Person or Persons at Hand who may be legally appointed to contract with, and make Conveyances to, or receive Compensation from the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, when the Dispute is for such Compensation as aforesaid only as hereinbefore is mentioned, then and in every or any such case, all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of causing and procuring such Reconveyance, Value or Compensation respectively, to be affirmed and awarded as aforesaid, and of so affixing and awarding the same, shall be paid and borne by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, out of the Moneys to be received by virtue of this Act, but in case any Verdict shall be given for the same Sum of Money as shall have been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or for a less Sum than shall

have

have been previously offered, or in case no Compensation shall be given by the Verdict (when the Differs is for such Compensation as aforesaid only), or in case of such Refusal to treat or convey by any Body or Bodies, or by any Person or Persons whomsoever, who is or are by the Provisions of this Act, or otherwise, legally empowered to treat and convey or receive such Compensation as aforesaid, then and in every or any such case (except where by Reason of Absence or otherwise, any Person shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforesaid, in which case all such Costs, Charges and Expenses are to be paid and borne by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, as aforesaid), all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of causing and procuring such Values, Recompense or Compensation to be offered and awarded as aforesaid, and of so affixing and awarding the same, shall be taxed by the Registrar for the time being of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and shall be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies, or Person or Persons entitled to or claiming such Value, Recompense or Compensation; and the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, are hereby authorized and empowered to deduct and retain the said Costs, Charges and Expenses, out of the Sum or Sums of Money to be so offered or awarded as aforesaid, or out of any Part thereof, and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of all such Sum or Sums of Money shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so offered or awarded as aforesaid.

XV. Provided always, That no Jury which shall be summoned by virtue of this Act shall be allowed to affix or award any Sum or Sums of Money to any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, by way of Compensation for Goodwill or Improvements alleged to be lost, or any Injury or Damage alleged to have been suffered by him or them, in consequence of the Execution of any of the Powers of this Act, unless Notice in Writing, stating the Particulars of every such Claim, and how and in what manner the Amount thereof is made out and computed, shall have been given or left by or on behalf of such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, at the Comptroller's Office aforesaid, Two Days at least before the time of the Meeting of such Jury.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen shall have Power and Authority, from time to time to make any reasonable Fine, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, on each Sheriff or Sheriffs, or their Deputies or Deputy, or Agents respectively, making Default in the Premises, and on any of the Persons summoned and returned on any such Jury or Juries who shall not appear without some reasonable Excuse, or shall refuse to be sworn on the said Jury or Juries, or being so sworn, shall not give his or their Verdict, or otherwise neglect his Duty, and also on any Person and Persons summoned to give Evidence touching any of the Matters aforesaid, who shall not attend, having been paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his or their Costs and Charges, or shall refuse to be sworn or to affirm, or to give his, her or their Evidence, and on any other Person or Persons who shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his, her or their Duty in the Premises, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and from time to time to levy such Fine or Fines, by Order of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods, together with the reasonable Charges of every such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners, and that a Copy of the Order of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, signed by the Clerk of the Peace of the said City of London for the time being, shall be sufficient Authority to the Person or Persons therein to be appointed, and to every other Person acting or aiding and assisting therein, to make such Distress and Sale, and all such Fines shall be paid to the Chamberlain of the said City for the time being, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Determinations, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen and Juries, as relate to or concern any of the cases before mentioned, and all Receipts which the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give for any Sum or Sums of Money paid into the Bank in manner hereinafter mentioned, in consequence of any Verdict and Judgments, shall be entered among the Records of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen; and the said Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Orders and other Proceedings, shall be deemed and taken to be Records to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence thereof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever, and all Persons shall and may have Recourse to the same (privily) and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy not exceeding Six pence for every Seventy two Words, and so proportionably for any greater Number of Words.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed to be accepted, or so to be awarded and adjudged as aforesaid, after such Deduction (if any) as aforesaid, to the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons to whom the same shall be agreed to be given or awarded, for the Purchase of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or for the Purchase of any Share, Estate or Interest therein, such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, shall make and execute, or procure to be made and executed, good, valid and legal Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances in the Law, to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or of such Share, Estate or Interest, for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so agreed to be accepted or shall be awarded, and shall procure all necessary Powers to execute such Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances, and shall do all Acts, Matters and Things necessary and requisite to make a good, clear and perfect Title to the same Premises and such Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances shall contain all such reasonable and usual Covenants as shall on the Part of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens be required.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Titles to, and the Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances of the several Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which stand upon

Two Days' Notice of Injury given, or Injury not allowed to award Compensation for same.

Court of Aldermen may fine Sheriff, etc. not attending.

Verdicts, etc. entered among Records.

Upon Payment of Value shall be paid to the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons to whom the same shall be agreed to be given or awarded.

Title to be made of new Part.

Office approved
of on behalf of
Pollution Com-
missioners

Burgess and
Sellers to have
Power of Entry
and Recovery

that Part of the Ground which is to form the Site for a New Post Office, and is not to be used for any other Purpose of this Act, shall previously to the same Conveyances and Assurances being executed unto the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, be laid before, and approved of, by the Poll-tax General, if he shall think fit.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of the Estate or Interest of any Free Convent to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, by Indenture or Indentures of Bargain and Sale, sealed and delivered by such Free Convent in the Presence of and attested by Two credible Witnesses, and duly acknowledged, and enrolled in the Court of Heralds of the City of London, or in the High Court of Chancery, within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Free Convent in the Premises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries would or could do if levied and suffered thereof in due Form of Law; and further, that all Bargains and Sale whatsoever to be made of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, and enrolled as aforesaid, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law to all Estates and Purposes, as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries whatsoever would have had if levied or suffered by the Bargain or Bargains, or any Person or Persons styled, of any Estate in Trust for such Bargain or Bargainers, in any legal Manner or Form whatsoever.

Claims entered
within limited
time, or barred

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, having or claiming any Right, Title, Interest, Use, Property, Claim or Demand whatsoever, whether in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Contingency or Expectancy, in, to or out of any House, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, which by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act shall be purchased, and shall be conveyed, or expected or intended to be conveyed to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens by such Bargain and Sale as aforesaid, shall, within the Space of Five Years to be computed from the Day of the Sale of such Bargain and Sale, enter a Memorial of such their Right, Title, Interest, Use, Property, Claim and Demand, in a Book to be for that Purpose prepared and kept by the Town Clerk of the said City of London for the time being; which Book the said Town Clerk is hereby required to prepare and keep accordingly, and for which Every he shall be entitled to such Fee, and so other, as the Register of the County of Middlesex is by Law entitled to for the Registry of a Memorial containing the same Number of Words; and all and every Person and Persons whatsoever not entering such Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim or Demand within such time, and in such manner as aforesaid, or having so entered the same, and not prosecuting such their Right, Claim or Demand with Effect, within the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the time of such Entry, shall be for ever barred of all Right, Title, Use, Trust, Equity, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, whether in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Contingency or Expectancy, in, to or out of the said Premises and every Part thereof, and the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and those claiming by, from or under them, shall be, and they are hereby vested in the Possession of all such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof; any Law, Statute, Usage, Matter or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

But may, until the
Purchase Money
has been
Paid, sue for
the same

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons barred of any Right, Title, Estate, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim or Demand whatsoever, in, to or out of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, purchased, or taken by virtue of this Act, shall be at Liberty to bring any Action or Actions of Debt, or for Money had and received to him, her or their Use, against any Person or Persons, or the legal Representatives of any Person or Persons, who shall have received all or any Part of the Purchase Money arising from such Sale of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments aforesaid, or Part or Parts thereof, and that in every or any such case the respective Plaintiffs on Proof of such Take as would have enabled them to recover the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any Estate or Interest in the same, shall recover the said Purchase Money, or so much thereof as shall be equivalent to their Interest in the said Premises, together with such Interest or Meise Profits as shall be equivalent to the Meise Profits of the Premises which they would have been entitled to recover in case this Act had not been made.

Upon Payment
of Money, Pro-
visions made in
City

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall have been contracted and agreed, or shall have been offered and awarded by any Jury or Juries, in manner aforesaid, to be paid for the Purchase or for the Value of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or any Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein as aforesaid, to the Proprietors or Proprietors of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, or such other Body or Bodies, Person or Persons as shall be intitled in or entitled to receive the same, at any time after the same shall be so agreed for, offered or awarded; or if the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons be entitled or retroceded, or any of them, cannot be found, or shall not be known, or shall refuse to receive the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, or Common Council assembled, or shall refuse to execute a Conveyance or Conveyances thereof, then, upon Payment of the said Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank of England, as hereinafter directed and required (in each case shall be a quittance), for the Use of such Person or Persons, or of the unknown Person or Persons, in interest or entitled as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, to enter into and upon such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates and Interests, and the Free Sockle and Inheritance thereof, together with the yearly Profits thereof, and all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand, in Law and Equity, of the Body or

Bodies,

Bodies, Persons or Persons, or unknown Persons or Persons, to whose Credit such Money shall be paid, in, to and out of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Possessions to be purchased as aforesaid, shall vest in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession or Possession thereof to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully and effectually as if every Body or Persons having any Estate in the Possession had actually conveyed the same by Lease and Release, Bargain and Sale enrolled, Endowment with Letters of Secrecy, Fine, Common Recovery, or any other Conveyance or Assurance whatsoever; and such Payments shall not only bar all Rights, Title, Interests, Claims and Demand of the Body or Bodies, Persons or Persons, or unknown Persons or Persons, of, in or to the same Premises to whose Credit such Treasures, Payments or Investments shall have been made, but also shall extend to and be deemed and confirmed to bar the Dower and Dowers of the Wife and Wives of such Persons or Persons, and all Estates Tail, and other Estates in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Executory or Contingency, and the Issue and Issues of such Persons and Persons, and every other Person whomsoever.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if there shall be any Money to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act, which shall belong to any Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert, or Cyphew Trust, or to any Person whose Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, are limited in fee or other Settlement, or to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Priority of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there, or *pari passu* the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing feued therewith to the same or the like Uses, Interests or Purposes, or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Interests and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, had feued or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlements shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time, and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application therein, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated, or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the mean time, and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall, from time to time, be paid by Order of the said Court to the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons who would, for the time being, have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase and Settlement were made.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if there should be any Money to be paid for any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or Share or Shares, Estate or Estates, Interest or Interests therein, purchased as aforesaid, belonging to any Corporation, or any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, which shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and which shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Parts, Shares, Estates or Interests, be purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Coventree or Coventrees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid in the Name and with the Priority of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making such Option, and be approved of by the said Lord Mayor for the time being (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the aforesaid and approving Parties), in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner hereinafter directed, in like as the case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction and Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

XXVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That where such Money is to be paid as aforesaid shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates and Interests so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, in such manner as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then such Money shall be paid to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Coventree or Coventrees, as and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so named respectively.

Application of Corporation where amount less than 2000.

Application where Corpus does not exceed 2000, and amount not.

Application where Money is less than 2000.

In case Titles
belonging Money
paid into Bank.

XXVII. And he it further enacted, That in case the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded for the Purchase of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts, Shares, Estates or Interests therein to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises, to the Satisfaction of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or in case such Person or Persons to whom such Sum or Sums shall be so awarded aforesaid, cannot be found, or if the Person or Persons entitled to such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Parts, Shares, Estates or Interests, be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be awarded as aforesaid, to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Party or Parties entitled to the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (defining such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments), or if such Party or Parties shall not be known, then to the Credit of the then unknown Person or Persons entitled to the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (defining the same Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments), subject to the Order, Command and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall, and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estates or Estates, Title or Interest, of the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable, and the Customs or Customs of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, in and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

Money of
Banks, Loans
Money, Interest of
Banks, and also
shall be paid into
Bank, shall be
paid into Bank
who was in Possession
of the same when
bought.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Body or Bodies, Person or Persons to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or of any Estate, Right, Title or Interest, in any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be purchased or taken in pursuance of this Act, or of any Bank Assurance to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Assurance, the Body or Bodies, Person or Persons who shall have been in the Possession of such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, at the time of such Purchase, and all Body or Bodies, Person or Persons claiming under such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown, to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Assurance to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Assurance, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Court of Chancery
may may order
Payment of
Funds, to be
paid.

XXIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Body or Bodies, Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons entitled to any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be settled to the like Use in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

Mortgages on
Tenure of Freehold
and Interest
to convey

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages on such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act or any Parts or Shares thereof, not being in Possession thereof by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, shall as the Tender of the Principal and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Six Calendar Months' Interest on the said Principal Money, by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, immediately assign, assign and transfer such Mortgage or Mortgages to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or such Person or Persons as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall appoint; or in case such Mortgage or Mortgages shall have Notice in Writing from the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the Mortgage or Mortgages at the End or Expiration of Six Calendar Months to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice, that then, at the End of the said Six Calendar Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest is due, such Mortgage or Mortgages shall convey, assign and transfer his, her or their Interest

in the Premises to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid in Trust for them; and in case such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall refuse to convey or assign as aforesaid, on such Tender or Payment, then all Interest on every such Mortgage shall from thence cease and determine: Provided always, that in case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgages, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Part or Parts thereof which shall be taken for the Purpose of this Act, such Value to be ascertained in manner herebefore directed, then the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, in Common Council assembled, shall not be liable to pay the Mortgagee or Mortgagees more than the real Value of such Premises, to be determined as aforesaid.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any such Mortgagee shall refuse or neglect to convey or assign as aforesaid, then, upon Payment of the Principal Money and Interest due on any such Mortgage as aforesaid into the Bank, at the End of Six Calendar Months from the Day of giving such Notice as aforesaid, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or Cashiers shall give a Receipt or Receipts for the said Money, in like manner as heretofore directed in case of other Payments into the Bank, and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person or Persons in Trust for him, her or them, shall vest in the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premises comprised in such Mortgage or Mortgages to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever: Provided also, that if the Money and Interest due in respect of any Mortgage or Mortgagee of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof which shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, shall amount to more than the Value of the Premises charged therewith, or of such of them or such Part or Parts thereof as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall upon Payment or Tender of the Sum to be ascertained, as the Value of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to be purchased or taken as aforesaid, forthwith convey, assign and transfer his, her or their Interest, in such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid, in Default of so doing, and on Payment of such Money into the Bank of England, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give such Receipt or Receipts as above mentioned, and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of the said Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person and Persons in Trust for him, her or them in the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, the Value whereof shall have been so ascertained and paid into the Bank as aforesaid, shall vest in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the said Premises to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and such Sum of Money shall be deducted from the Amount of the Principal and Interest due to such Mortgagee or Mortgagees.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if the Money and Interest due in respect of any Mortgage or Mortgagee of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, which shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, shall amount to more than the Value of the Premises charged therewith, or of such of them, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or other the Person or Persons entitled to the Redemption thereof, shall, upon Payment or Tender of the Sum to be awarded or allowed, as the Value of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to be purchased or taken as aforesaid, to such Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or into the Bank as aforesaid, forthwith, without any Consideration, convey, assign or release, his, her or their Right, Equity of Redemption and Interest, in such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or to such Person or Person as shall be appointed as aforesaid; and in Default of so doing shall be and are hereby barred and foreclosed from all Right or Equity of Redemption of and in the same Premises, and all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of him, her or them, and every Person and Persons in Trust for him, her or them, in the same Premises, shall vest in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession thereof to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies, Person and Persons, in the actual Possession of any Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, to be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, as Quaker, Leaseholder, Tenant at Will or Lease for a Year, or for any shorter Term or otherwise, shall, at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months from and after the next Quarter Day after Notice in Writing from the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, in Common Council assembled, or their Agent, duly authorized, shall have been left at or affixed upon the said Premises, as is herein after as he, she or they shall be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, in Common Council assembled, or the Person or Persons authorized by them to take Possession thereof; and that in case any such Body or Bodies, Person or Persons, shall refuse to give up such Possession as aforesaid, then it shall be lawful for the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen to issue their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriffs of the said City of London, to deliver Possession of the Premises to such Person or Persons as shall in such Precept or Precepts be named to receive the same; and the said Sheriffs are hereby required to deliver such Possession accordingly to the said Premises, and to levy such Costs as shall accrue from the issuing of such Precept or Precepts on the

Fyde.

Upon Payment
of Principal and
Interest due,
Bank, Premises
to vest in City

In case

Mortgagee is
owner, or he
forecloses.

Possession del-
ivered up on
Six Calendar
Day.

Perfon or Perfons is refufing to give up fuch Poffeffion as aforesaid by Deed or Sale of his, her or their Goods.

Tenant at Will,
or holding by
Leafe, to have
Compensation.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in cafe any Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year of any fuch Houfes, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premifes, or any Part or Parts thereof, fhall, by virtue of this Act, deliver up the Poffeffion of the fame before the Expiration of the time for which he would otherwife have been authorized to keep Poffeffion thereof, then and in every or any fuch cafe, fuch Sum or Sums of Money fhall be paid to fuch Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year, in Satisfaction and Compensation for delivering up the Poffeffion of the fame Premifes as fhall be agreed upon between fuch Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year, and the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled; and in cafe fuch Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year, and the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners in Common Council afsembled, fhall not agree as to the Amount or Value of fuch Satisfaction or Compensation, then the fame fhall be afcertained and settled by the Verdict of a Jury, in manner heretofore directed for afcertaining and settling the Value or Recompence for Houfes, Buildings, Lands, Hereditaments and Premifes to be purchased or taken for the Purpofes of this Act: Provided always, that in cafe any Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year, who fhall be entitled to Compensation and Satisfaction by virtue of this Act, fhall be defirous of obtaining up the Poffeffion of the Premifes by him or her poffeffed, at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months next after the next Quarter Day after fuch Notice fhall have been left or affixed upon the fame Premifes for that Purpofe as aforesaid, notwithstanding he or fhe may not be then required to do fo, then and in every fuch cafe the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled, fhall immediately after the Expiration of the faid Six Calendar Months, or in foon after as the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid for Satisfaction and Compensation to fuch Tenant at Will or Leafe for a Year refpectively, fhall be agreed upon or awarded, caufe Poffeffion to be taken of the fame Premifes, and the Sum or Sums of Money to be agreed upon or awarded for Compensation as aforesaid, to be thereupon paid.

Persons to
have Satisfaction
paid to them on
Expiration of
Conveyances
within Sixty
Months after
Notice to quit.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perfon or Perfons in the actual Occupation of any Houfes, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, having a greater Interelt therein than a Tenancy at Will, or Leafe for a Year, fhall within the Space of Two Calendar Months next after Notice to deliver Poffeffion of the fame Premifes fhall have been left or affixed in purfuance of this Act, deliver a full and perfect Abftrakt of his, her or their Title to the fame Premifes, or to his, her or their Eftate or Interelt therein, and fhall, within the Space of Three Calendar Months next after the Delivery of fuch Abftrakt, fupply all Defects (if any) which fhall be found therein, and of which due Notice fhall be given, and deduce a clear Title on the fame Premifes, or fuch Eftate or Interelt therein, to the Satisfaction of the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled; then and in every fuch cafe the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled, fhall not or before the Expiration of Seven Calendar Months next after fuch Notice fhall have been left or affixed as aforesaid, or fo foon thereafter as the Sum or Sums of Money, Satisfaction or Recompence to be paid to fuch Perfon or Perfons for the fame Premifes fhall have been agreed upon or awarded as aforesaid, caufe proper Conveyances, or Assignments and Affurances of the fame Premifes refpectively to be prepared, and on the Execution thereof, and of all Acts neceffary for perfecting the fame, by the neceffary Parties, fhall caufe the Sum or Sums of Money, Satisfaction or Recompence to be agreed or awarded to be paid for the fame Premifes, or fuch Eftate or Interelt therein, to be paid in fuch manner as is directed by this Act: Provided always, that no willful or official Delay fhall be made by or on the behalf of the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in investigating the Titles to the faid Premifes refpectively, or in agreeing upon or awarding the Satisfaction or Recompence to be paid for the fame, to be awarded as aforesaid, or in preparing fuch Conveyances, Assignments and Affurances as aforesaid.

Persons.

Money paid be-
fore any Eft-
mate of Pof-
feffion.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money or other Confideration, Recompence or Satisfaction to be paid pursuant to any fuch Agreement or Verdict as aforesaid, fhall be paid or tendered to the Party or Parties entitled to the fame, or into the Bank of England as herein mentioned, before the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled, or any Perfon or Perfons authorized by them, fhall proceed to take Poffeffion, or pull down any Houfe or Houfes, or other Erections or Buildings proposed to be or affected by fuch Agreement or Verdict refpectively, or to clear the Ground, or any other Land, Tenement or Hereditament, or Part thereof, for any of the Purpofes of this Act, until fuch Leave fhall be given for that Purpofe in Writing, by the Owners and Occupiers of fuch Houfes, Erections, Buildings, Land, Tenement or Hereditaments.

Power to clear
Ground and fill
all Materials.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled, fhall, and they are hereby authorized and required to pull down, or caufe to be pulled down, all Houfes and other Erections and Buildings which fhall be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, or fuch of them, or fuch Part thereof, as they fhall think proper to be pulled down, and to level and clear the Ground whereon the fame fhall ftand, and alfo the Ground to be purchased, or taken by virtue of this Act, in fuch manner as they fhall think proper, and to fell, or caufe to be fold, the Materials of Houfes and other Buildings to be taken down and removed pursuant to this Act, and the Moneys to be produced by the Sale thereof (after deducting the Expence of pulling down fuch Houfes and Buildings, and of fuch Sale or Sales), and alfo the Rents and Profits of the faid Houfes, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to be purchased or taken by virtue of this Act, until the fame fhall be pulled down or cleared, fhall be applied and difpofed of for or towards the Purpofes of this Act or any of them.

Barial Ground
of Saint Leon.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it fhall be lawful for the faid Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council afsembled, to take orufe for the Purpofes of this Act the Barial Ground of

Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane, and to lay open Part thereof into the Street or Way called Fyfe Lane aforesaid, and the Lane said at all times thereafter born Part of the said Street, and be used by the Public accordingly, and the Rector of the said Burial Ground and Seat thereof, and the Free Burial and Intermence of the same, shall be and are hereby vested in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, for the Purposes of the Act, and it shall be accordingly conveyed by them in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, do and shall, and they are hereby empowered and required out of the Monies to be received for the Purposes of this Act, to purchase a fit and convenient Place or Parcel of Ground, equal in Quantity to and within the Distance of a Quarter of a Mile from the said Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane*, to be appropriated and used as and for a Burial Ground for the Parishioners of the said Parish of *Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane*, and to procure the same to be consecrated and fenced for that Purpose in such manner as the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter, Westminster*, or such Person as they shall appoint, shall direct, and to cause such new Burial Ground to be inclosed on such Sides thereof as shall be necessary with an Iron Railing and a proper Gate to be erected as an Entrance thereto, with a Lock and other necessary Fittings, and such new Burial Ground, and the Soil thereof, and the Freehold and Intermence of the same, in Free Burial, shall be vested in the same manner, and shall be subject to the same peculiar Jurisdiction and Visitation as the present Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane*.

XL. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said present Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane*, shall not be taken or applied for the Purposes of this Act until such new Burial Ground shall have been surveyed and effectually fenced and procured to be consecrated and inclosed as aforesaid.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Graves in the said present Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard* shrouded shall be in little disturbed, and as little Damage shall be done to the Grave Stones thereas as reasonably may be.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be necessary, in pursuance and Execution of this Act, to open and disturb any Grave or Graves, or any Burial Vault or Vaults in the said Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard* aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Relatives or Friends, of any Person or Persons who shall have been interred or deposited in such Grave or Graves, Vault or Vaults, with the Consent of the Rector and Churchwardens of the said Parish, or the major Part of them, to remove and carry away the Remains of any such Person or Persons, and place the same in such new Burial Ground as aforesaid, or in any Church or consecrated Ground as such matters as the Dean and Chapter of *Westminster*, or such Person as they shall appoint shall direct; and that the Expenses of such removing, carrying away and placing (not exceeding in any one case the Sum of Two Pounds) shall be paid by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act; and that the Remains of such Person or Persons as shall have been interred or deposited in the Graves or Vaults so to be opened and disturbed as aforesaid, which shall not be removed and carried away as aforesaid, shall (except such Vaults or Graves shall be finally closed up) at the Expense of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to be paid out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, be removed from such Graves or Vaults into, and be interred in such New Burial Ground as aforesaid, in such manner as the said Dean and Chapter for the time being, or such Person as they shall appoint, shall direct.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Heirs, Executors, Administrators, Relatives or Friends of any Person or Persons whose Grave Stones are laid in the said Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard*, to remove and carry away the same at his, her or their own Expense, and put or place the same in the said new Burial Ground, or in any other Church or consecrated Ground, at his, her or their free Will and Pleasure; and further, that such Grave Stones as aforesaid, as shall not be so removed and carried away, shall, at the Expense of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of *London*, in Common Council assembled, to be paid out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, be removed from the said Burial Ground of *Saint Leonard* into, and be put up and laid in such new Burial Ground as aforesaid in such manner as the said Dean and Chapter of *Westminster*, or such Person as they shall appoint, shall direct.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, to stop, divert, stop up or enclose, such Streets, Courts, Alleys, Ways or Passages, and void Grounds, situated between the North Side of *Chancery*, and *Newgate Street* aforesaid on the South, the South Side of *Saint Paul's Lane* aforesaid on the North, the West Side of *Fyfe Lane* aforesaid on the East, and the West Side of *Saint Martin's Lane* aforesaid, on the West, which now are or heretofore were used as Streets, Ways and Passages, or such Part or Parts thereof respectively, as to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall be thought proper to be altered, diverted, stopped up or enclosed for the Purposes of this Act; and the Ground or Soil of such Streets, Courts, Alleys, Ways, Passages and void Grounds, or Parts thereof respectively, as shall be stopped up and inclosed, and the Free Burial and Intermence thereof shall be and is hereby vested in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, for the Purposes of this Act, and shall be accordingly conveyed by them in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, during the making of the said Alterations and Improvements, to stop up or enclose to be stopped up, all or any Part of the Carriage Ways of Streets, and other Places, which they shall think necessary, and for that Purpose to put up, or cause to be put up, sufficient Palisades, Bars, Poles and other Earthworks, and to make such Orders for regulating the Passage of all Carts, Carriages and Horses, as to them shall seem proper.

XLVI. Pro-

and, Fyfe Lane, taken.

Corporation to purchase new Burial Ground for Saint Leonard, Fyfe Lane.

Provision for present Burial Ground.

Graves, &c. not to be disturbed as little as possible.

Regulations as to removing Graves.

Regulations as to removing Grave Stones.

Power to stop up Streets and Ways.

Power to stop up Ways during Execution of Act.

the street shall
be kept open
by day and night.

Streets shall be
wider.

It is enacted
that the street
shall be kept
open by day
and night.

It is enacted
that the street
shall be kept
open by day
and night.

Streets and
Drains shall
be kept open
by day and
night.

Streets and
Drains shall
be kept open
by day and
night.

Streets and
Drains shall
be kept open
by day and
night.

It is enacted
that the street
shall be kept
open by day
and night.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Street, the Carriage Pavement of which shall be of sufficient Width for Two Carriages or other Carriages to pass each other, and which shall not be intended to be ultimately flopped up for the Purposes of this Act, shall at any time be wholly flopped up, but that sufficient Room shall be left at all times for the free Passage of Carts, Carriages and Foot Pedlars.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to raise or lower the Ground of the Streets and Ways to be made, widened, enlarged and improved as aforesaid, or any Part thereof respectively, as they shall judge necessary.

XLVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in widening, improving and enlarging the said Streets, Ways and Places, in pursuance of this Act, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall, out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, in a substantial and workmanlike manner, fill in all and every the Voids, Cellars and open Places over which it may be necessary to new raise (except such as may be used again as Cellars, Voids or Arches) with good found hard Brick Rubble, to be well rammed down every Three or Four Inches thick, to prevent the Ground from giving way; and out of such Monies to be received well and effectually pave over all the Ground of the said Streets or Ways to be widened, enlarged and improved as aforesaid, with the Materials of the perfect Pavement as far as they will extend, and with a sufficient Quantity of new Materials of like Quality and Dimensions, to supply the Deficiency; and shall and will in like manner, out of such Monies to be received, relay and repave all and every Part of the Streets, Ways and Passages, which they shall think or after in carrying the Purposes of this Act into Execution; Provided nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to change the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, or the said Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, with respect to making good such Pavement as aforesaid, but that from and after the same shall be so paved, relaid and repaired as aforesaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be kept in Repair by and at the Expense of the respective Wards to which the same shall respectively belong, and that the Right and Property of all Pavements, Stones and Bricks, so to be laid as aforesaid, shall belong to and be the Property of the said respective Wards, in the same manner as Things of a like Description in other Parts of the said Wards respectively are now vested by Law.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to cause all Sewers and Drains which shall be and be in or near such Streets or Ways to be altered, widened, enlarged or improved, or flopped up, or included as aforesaid respectively, or any Part thereof respectively, to be arched over or filled up as shall appear necessary for completing the Purposes of this Act, so as the same shall not in any wise obstruct, injure or prejudice any Public Sewer or Drain whatsoever, or any Private Drain, without making another Drain or Sewer in lieu thereof equally convenient and convenient to the Individual or Neighbourhood: Provided always, that at the time of filling any Sewer or Drain as aforesaid, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall make, erect and build either good and sufficient Sewers and Drains, of convenient Depth and Width, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Sewers appointed or to be appointed under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to Sewers in the said City of London, and when the same shall be so made and completed, the said respective Sewers and Drains shall be under the Jurisdiction, Care, Management and Direction of such Commissioners.

L. And be it further enacted, That when the said Streets or Ways shall be altered, widened, enlarged and improved, in pursuance of this Act, all the Ground and Hereditaments which shall be laid open into the said Streets or Ways, and paved as aforesaid, shall form Part of the said Streets or Ways respectively, and shall be used by the Public accordingly; and the sole Power and Authority of paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the same, shall be under the Care, Management, Control and Jurisdiction of the same Commissioners, Trustees, and other Persons, as the other Streets and Ways in the Wards in which the same respectively shall be situate.

LI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ground or Hereditaments situate in *Paragon Row*, the West End of *Chancery*, or the South Side of *Newgate Street* aforesaid, and also any Ground or Hereditaments, situated between *St. Martin's Church* and the intended Post Office, and northward of the Site of the intended Post Office, which shall be purchased and cleared by virtue of this Act, shall not be laid into and form Part of the said Streets or Ways when widened and improved as aforesaid, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City of London, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, as soon as conveniently may be after the Houses and Buildings on such Ground and Hereditaments shall be pulled down, by an Indenture or Indentures under the Common Seal of the said City, to demise and lease all such Ground and Hereditaments, either altogether or in Parcels, to any Person or Persons who shall erect and build, or consent and agree to erect and build thereon, or to any Part or Parts thereof, Houses, Erections and Buildings, of such Rate or Rates, or respective Rates or Clauses of Buildings, upon such Plan and Elevation, or respective Plans and Elevations, of such Height or respective Heights, and with such Stairs, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper, for any Term or Number of Years, to determine at or before the Expiration of Ninety nine Years from and after the passing of this Act, so as there be reserved in every such Demise or Lease full yearly Rent or Rents, to be incident to the immediate Reversion of the Premises therein expressed, as to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall appear reasonable, and so that in every such Demise or Lease there be contained a Covenant for the Payment of the Rent thereby to be reserved, and such other Covenants as the Part of the Tenant or Lessee therein to be named, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall reasonably advise or require; and also a Clause

in the Nature of a Condition of Re-entry on Management of the Rent thereby to be referred, or on Non-performance of the Covenants therein to be contained on the Part of the Tenant or Lessee, to be observed and performed; and that every such Tenant or Lessee shall give such good and sufficient Security for the meetings, building and completing of every House, Fire-oven and Building, which he shall covenant or agree to erect within the time in which he shall have consented to such the same, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall order and direct.

LII. And he it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the Houses, Erections and Buildings to be erected and built as herebefore is mentioned, or any of them, shall be finished and completed, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall, and they are hereby authorized to sell and dispose of, or cause to be sold and disposed of, the Ground Rents to be referred by the Lease or Demise, or Lease or Demise, in pursuance of or in Consideration of which the same Houses respectively shall have been erected and built, and also the Reversion and Inheritance in Fee Simple in Possession (subject to such Lease or Demise, or Lease or Demise) of the Paces or Parcels of Ground therein demised, and such Houses and other Buildings thereon, either altogether or in Parts, by Public Auction or Private Contract, for such Price or Prices, or Sum or Sums of Money as they the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall think reasonable; and the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens shall, and they are hereby empowered and required at the Request, Costs and Charges at the Purchaser or Purchasers of the same Premises respectively, upon Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed to be given for the same respectively, to the Chamberlain for the time being of the City of London, to convey and assign the Pace or Parcel of Ground, or Paces or Parcels of Ground, so purchased by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, together with the Houses, Erections and Buildings thereon erected and built thereon respectively, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof with the Appurtenances, to such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, his, her or their Heirs and Assigns respectively, or as he or they respectively shall in that behalf order or direct, free from all Incumbrances whatsoever (except the Building Lease or Building Lease to be granted thereof by virtue of this Act), and that upon and after the Payment of the Purchase Money of the said Premises respectively into the Chamber of the said City, the Receipt or Receipts in Writing of the Chamberlain of the said City shall be a sufficient and effectual Discharge, or Discharges and effectual Discharges, to such Purchaser or Purchasers for the Purchase Money in such Receipt or Receipts expressed or acknowledged to be received, and that the Purchaser or Purchasers to whom the same respectively shall be given, shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for the Misapplication or Nonapplication, or be in any wise obliged or concerned so far to the Application of the Money in such Receipt or Receipts expressed or acknowledged to be received.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Sum and Sums of Money which shall be received by the said Chamberlain from the said Sales herebefore directed to be made, and also the Rent (if any) which shall be received from the said Paces or Parcels of Ground is to be divided as aforesaid, or any of them, until the same shall be sold, built (after Payment of the Costs and Expenses of the said Sale or Sales, which are hereby directed to be paid thereon) be applied in Aid of and in the same manner as the other Monies to be received by virtue of this Act.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and their Successors, shall, and they are hereby empowered and required, at the Option of the Postmaster General for the time being, either from time to time, or as and when any Lands, Grounds and Hereditaments which are set to be divided and sold as aforesaid, or to form Part of the said Streets or Ways, shall become vested in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, and their Successors, by virtue of this Act, and the Houses and Buildings thereon shall have been taken down, or after all and regular the Lands, Ground and Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall be vested in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and the Houses and Buildings thereon shall have been taken down as aforesaid, to erect, convey and assign all the Ground and Hereditaments to be vested in the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, which shall not be to be divided and sold, or form Part of the said Streets to be altered and widened and enlarged as aforesaid, unto His Majesty's Postmaster General for the time being, and his Successors for ever (who shall be, and in hereby for that Purpose made a Body Corporate, and shall have a Seal, but nevertheless in Trust for His Majesty, his Heirs or Assigns for ever, and upon no other Use, Trade, Intent or Purpose whatsoever, at such time or times, by such Deeds, Conveyances and Assurances, and in such manner as by the Postmaster General for the time being shall be reasonably desired, advised and required, the necessary Charges and Expenses of such Deeds, Conveyances and Assurances to be defrayed out of the Money to be advanced for the Purpose of this Act.

LV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be advanced and paid from and out of the Revenue of the Post Office, such Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Two hundred and forty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, as shall be necessary for satisfying and satisfying all the Purposes of this Act, and all the Costs, Charges and Expenses incident to or incurred in or about the obtaining and passing of this Act, or in any wife relating thereto, and of carrying the same into Execution, or in any wife relating thereto, the said Sum or Sums of Money as and when the same shall be wanted to be paid into the Chamber of London, by the Receiver General of the said Revenue by virtue of the Warrants of the Postmaster General, such Warrants to be authorized by Writing under the Hands of Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid from time to time into the Chamber of London, as aforesaid, shall be applied and disposed of by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty,

Tenants, &c. to give Security.

Corporation to sell Ground Rents and Reversions of Houses erected in London.

Partials Monies and Rents to form Part of Fund.

Building of Ground not sold to a Street or covered in Postmaster General.

Money not to exceed a hundred thousand for the Purpose of this Act.

Money applied to this Act.

Corporation
as capable in
case of Misap-
plication.

Cameras, in Common Council assembled, for or towards the Purposes aforesaid, and that no Part thereof shall be applied to or for any other Use, Interest or Purpose whatsoever.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money received by virtue of this Act shall be misapplied or converted to any other Use than the Purposes aforesaid, by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or by the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens for the time being, or any of their Officers, or any other Person or Persons acting under Colour of any Warrant, Power or Authority, by, from or under them respectively, then and in such case the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens, and their Successors, shall be answerable for the same out of the Revenue of the said Corporation, in any Action or Actions to be brought by the Postmaster General for the time being, or any of the Creditors of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or their Successors, claiming under or by virtue of this Act, or by the Executors, Administrators and Assigns of any such Creditors, which said Sum or Sums of Money so recovered shall be applied to the same Uses as the Monies so misapplied or converted should or might have been applied to if such Misapplication had not happened, except that the Costs of Suit shall be deducted and retained thereout in the first Place for the Benefit of him, her or them so suing.

Chamberlain to
Keep Account
of Receipts and
Disbursements.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from time to time there shall be provided and kept by the Chamberlain of the said City for the time being, One or more Book or Books, in which all the Sums or Sums of Money which shall be received by virtue of this Act, shall from time to time, as the same shall be paid, be entered and set down, and wherein also all the Monies to be paid and disbursed out of the same or Sums of Money to be received shall from time to time be entered and set down; and each Entry shall express the time when, the Cause for which, and the Names of the Persons to whom the same respectively shall be paid.

Chamberlain of
London to lay
Account before
Parliament
yearly.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Chamberlain of the said City of London shall yearly lay before each House of Parliament a true Account of the Receipts and Application of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be received by virtue of this Act, and a Copy of every such Account shall be delivered by the said Chamberlain at the Office of the Secretary of the General Post Office.

Part of Money
paid into Cham-
berlain's Fund
shall not be
used for
Orphan's Fund
with Interest.

LX. And be it further enacted, That a Sum of Money equal to One third Part of the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid into the Chamber of London as aforesaid for the Purposes of this Act, shall be repaid by and out of and charged upon the said Fund called *The Orphan's Fund*, over and above the several Sums of Money heretofore charged, and now remaining due thereon, together with Interest for the same in the same time, after the Rate of Five Pence per Centum per Annum, to commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and to be payable Half yearly.

Corporation to
execute Bonds
for Assurance to
Secure Money.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That, for securing the Repayment of the said Sum of Money and Interest, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall, and they are hereby required at any time or times, after any Sum or Sums of Money shall be received by virtue of this Act, at the Request of the Postmaster General for the time being, to make One or more Bond or Bonds, at the Option of the said Postmaster General, under the Common Seal of the said City, to be executed for Payment of an Annuity or Annuities, equal to the Amount of such Interest as aforesaid, on One third Part of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been received as aforesaid (no such Annuity being less than Five Pounds) to commence from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and to be payable Half yearly, and to continue until Redemption thereof by Payment of the Principal Sum or Sums to the Amount of the Interest on which respectively after the Rate aforesaid, the same Annuity or Annuities respectively shall be equal, and the necessary Charges and Expenses of such Bond, Bonds or Securities, shall be delivered out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act.

Bonds assignable
by Indenture,
and entered in
Chamberlain's
and signed by
him, and ac-
knowledged.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Bond or Bonds shall be assignable by Indenture, and the Annuity or Annuities thereby respectively secured, shall be made payable to the Chamberlain of the said City, who shall forthwith indorse and deliver the same to the said Postmaster General for the time being, who is hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for the same, and in case more than One such Bond shall be executed as aforesaid, the same Bonds shall be numbered in Antichristian Progression.

Bonds delivered
to Receiver-Ge-
neral of Post
Office, and
indorsed in Book.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Bond or Bonds shall be delivered by the said Postmaster General to the Receiver General of the Revenue of the Post Office for the time being, and he is hereby re- quired to give a Receipt or Receipts for the same respectively, and forthwith as and when the same shall be re- ceived to lodge the same in the Bank of England, in the Name and to the Account of the Receiver General of the Post Office for the time being, to be delivered to him or to his Order in Writing, for the Purpose of securing the Annuity or Annuities thereby secured, or the Principal Monies to be paid for the Redemption thereof respectively, and to be delivered to him for any other Purpose, by Warrant of the Postmaster General, authorized in Writing under the Hands of Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treas- ury; and the said Receiver General for the time being shall accordingly from time to time, receive the said Annuity or Annuities, as and when the same shall become due, and also receive the Principal Monies to be paid for the Redemption thereof respectively when the same shall be payable; and he is hereby required forthwith to pay all the Sums of Money to be received from time to time in respect of such Annuity or Annuities or Principal Monies into the Bank of England, as To the Account of the Public Monies of the Revenue General of the Post Office: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Receiver General for the time being, in pursuance of any Warrant or Warrants of the Postmaster General for the time being, authorized by Writing under the Hands of Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, and at any time or times, to take the said Bond or Bonds out of the Bank of England, and to sell, dis- pose of and convert the same into Money, in such manner as shall be thought most advantageous; and the Sum or Sums of Money to be produced by such Sale, Disposition or Conversion, shall be forthwith paid by the said Receiver General into the said Bank of England to the Account aforesaid; and all Sums of Money

Words.

paid into the Bank of England, as aforesaid, shall be applied in the same manner as, and shall be considered Part of the Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Fund called *The Orphan's Fund*, shall be, and the same is hereby charged and made chargeable with the Annuities which shall be payable by virtue of this Act, subject nevertheless and without Prejudice to the Payment of Interest on the Principal Debts remaining due to the Creditors of the said City, and to the Payment of the several Annuities which are or shall be payable in respect of the several Principal Sums borrowed and raised upon the Credit of the said Fund, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament already passed and now in force.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, out of the future Surpluses of the said Orphan's Fund (after reserving to such Money as will be sufficient to satisfy the Interest payable from time to time to the Creditors of the said City, and also to satisfy the Annuities and yearly Interest payable from time to time in respect of the several Principal Sums raised by virtue of or under the Authority of the several Acts of Parliament already passed for that Purpose, and now in force) the Annuity or Annuities charged by virtue of this Act, shall be paid from time to time as the same shall grow due, before any Part of such Surpluses shall be applied in Redemption of the Annuities, and the Payment of the Principal Sums already charged and then remaining secured upon the said Fund, and that the Residue of such Surpluses after such Payment as by this or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament already passed and now in Force, are or shall be directed to be made out of the same, shall be paid and furnished, from time to time, by Order of the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City of London (which Order the said Court are hereby authorized and directed to make), or by the Chamberlains of the said City for the time being, be applied towards the Redemption of all and singular the Annuities by this Act charged on the said Fund in such Order and Course as the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen shall think fit.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City of London shall give or cause to be given Notice in the *London Gazette* of the Intention to redeem any Annuity or Annuities which shall be granted by virtue of this Act, and shall send to such Notice a Copy of this present Clause, and at the End of Six Calendar Months next after such Notice, upon Payment or Tender of the respective Sum or Sums for which such Annuity or respective Annuities shall have been granted, together with a proportionate Part of the same Annuity or Annuities respectively up to the Days of such Payment or Tender, to or for the Person or Persons then entitled thereto, at the Office of the Chamberlains of the said City for the time being in the Guildhall of the same City, the Annuity or Annuities payable to such Person or Persons respectively shall cease and determine: Provided nevertheless, that such Person or Persons, at any time after such Notice shall have been given as aforesaid, and before the End of the said Six Calendar Months, shall, at the Expiration of Ten Days next after a Declaration in Writing of his, her or their Intention to redeem the same shall have been delivered at the said Office (such Declaration being delivered between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon), be paid at the said Office the Sum or Sums for which such Annuity or Annuities respectively shall have been granted, together with a proportionate Part of the same Annuity or Annuities respectively, up to the Day expressed in such Declaration for redeeming the same, and such Annuity or Annuities respectively shall, upon the Day specified in such Declaration for Payment, cease and determine.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case, after all the Sum or Sums of Money to be received by virtue of this Act shall have been paid, and the Repayment of One third Part of the Monies advanced out of the Revenue of the Post Office shall have been secured by a Bond or Bonds as aforesaid, any Surplus shall remain of the Sum or Sums of Money to be received by virtue of this Act, after effecting all the Purposes heretofore mentioned, then Two equal Third Parts of such Surplus shall be paid to the said Receiver General of the Revenue of the Post Office for the time being, to be paid and applied in the same manner as the Revenue of the said Post Office is applicable, and the remaining One equal Third Part of such Surplus shall be applied towards the Increase of and is hereby declared to be Part of the said Fund called *The Orphan's Fund*, and shall be applied accordingly.

LXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Surpluses of the said Fund charged with the Annuity or Annuities which shall be payable by virtue of this Act, shall at any time hereafter prove insufficient to pay the same, then and in every such case, and so often as the same shall happen, the Sum which shall be wanting to complete the Payment of such Annuity or Annuities shall be advanced and paid out of the Chamber of the said City, and be made good and supplied out of the future Surpluses of the said Fund.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Chamberlains of the said City for the time being shall enter in a Book or Books, to be kept for that Purpose, the Bond or Bonds, and Annuity or Annuities, to be granted in pursuance of this Act, and all Assignments and Transfers thereof, expressing in Words at Length the Names, Surnames, Addresses, Places of Abode, and other Descriptions of each Person or Persons as shall from time to time be entitled to such Bond or Bonds, to which Book and Books all and every Person and Persons entitled to or interested in such Annuity or Annuities, shall at all reasonable times in the Day-time have Access, with free Liberty to inspect the same, without Fee or Reward.

LXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to lessen or affect the Security of any of the perfect Creditors of the said Mayor, and Commonalty and Citizens, further or otherwise than is herein expressly directed and enacted.

LXXI. And Whereas the greater Part of the said Liberty of *Saint Martin le Grand* will be laid into the said Streets or Ways, and cleared for the Site of the said New Post Office: And Whereas great Impediments to the Police of the City of London have been occasioned, and other Inconveniences arisen, in consequence
 GRS. III. 4 P

Orphan's Fund charged with Annuities.

Future Surpluses of Fund here applied

Upon Notice of Redemption of Annuities, and Tenure of Interest, Annuities to cease.

Provis.

Surplus of this Act here applied.

If Surpluses of Orphan's Fund insufficient for Annuities, Deficiency paid out of Chamber of London.

Securities entered in Books.

Act not to affect any of City's perfect Creditors.

Liberty of Saint
Martin is
Grand in Saint
Part of City.

Persons not free
of City may
buy things in
Saint Martin is
Grand.

Court of Saint
Martin is Grand
not a Court.

Right of Dean
and Chapter of
Woolwich in
Ecclesiastical
and Civil
Jurisdiction
Liberty of Saint
Martin is Grand
and new Post
Office in Ward
of Aldersgate
within.

§ G. 3. 6-13.

repealed.
Liberty now
part of St.

Aldermen and
Borough of
Kings in Saint
Martin is Grand,
as Christian
area, and as
Consolidation
of Seven.

§ G. 3. 6-13.

Plains owned
with Aldermen
within Saint
Martin is Grand,
as whole Part of
Ward.

of the said Liberty not being within the Jurisdiction of the Magistrates of the said City, and it is therefore expedient that it should become Part of the said City: Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, the said Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, or the Place now called the said Liberty, and the Houses, Hereditaments and Ground comprised therein, shall be and be deemed to be within and to form Part of the said City of London, to all Intents, Effects, Constructions and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXII. Provided always, nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend to prevent any of the present or future Inhabitants of the said Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, who shall not be free of the City of London, from keeping Shops or otherwise carrying on their respective Trades or Businesses in the said Liberty, in the same manner as if the same had not been made a Part of the said City, without being liable to be fined for any Breach of the Custom of London, or to any Penalty, Imprisonment or Disfranchisement whatsoever.

LXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to destroy, or in any wise affect the Court of Error or Appeal, commonly called the Court of Saint Martin is Grand.

LXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to delay or affect the Right or Claim of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter, Westminster, to any Ecclesiastical, Fines or Amenities, to which they would have been by Law entitled in case this Act had not been made.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That the whole of the Place now called the said Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, and the Houses, Hereditaments and Ground comprised therein, and also to many and such Parts of the Houses, Hereditaments and Ground comprised in the Schedule to this Act annexed, as are within the said Ward of Ferrypiece within, and situated between the North Side of Glasfilds and at Newgate Street aforesaid, the South Side of the said Place now called the Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, the West Side of Fyler Lane aforesaid, and the East Side of the said Street called Saint Martin is Grand aforesaid, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, be and be deemed to be within, and to form Part of the Ward of Aldersgate within, to all Intents, Effects, Constructions and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXVI. And Whereas an Act was passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, within the City and Liberty of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, and for promoting Orderliness and Amenity therein*: Be it further enacted, That the said last recited Act, and every Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained from and after the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, except so far as relates to any Rates in Arrear, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: and the said Place now called the said Liberty shall from thenceforth (except as is herein otherwise provided) be paved, cleansed, lighted and watched by the same Commissioners, Trustees and other Persons, and in the same manner as the other Parts of the said Ward of Aldersgate within.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all the Rates and Duties payable in the said Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand which shall on the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, remain in Arrear or unpaid, or remain in the Hands of any Treasurer, Collector or other Person, shall be forthwith paid over to the Collectors of the Rates for paving, cleansing and lighting, in the said Ward of Aldersgate within, to be applied in like manner as such last mentioned Rates are applicable; and in case any Person shall refuse to pay any such Rates or Duties in Arrear to any such Collector or Collectors, the Payment of the same shall and may be levied and enforced by such Collector or Collectors in the like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same might have been levied and enforced by the Collectors thereof in the said Liberty in case this Act had not been made: and in case any such Treasurer, Collector or other Person, in whose Hands any such Rates shall remain, shall refuse to account for and pay the same, then and in every such case such Treasurer, Collector or other Person, shall and may be compelled to account for and pay the same, in the same manner, and with the same Penalties and Punishment, as might have been put in Force for the like Purposes by the Commissioners appointed by virtue of the said Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or otherwise, under the same Act in case the same had not been repealed: and on Security given by any such Treasurer or Collector shall be in any wise prejudiced or affected by this Act, but the Commissioners, Person or Persons, to whom the same respectively shall have been given, shall enforce by means thereof any Payment or Payments to be made as aforesaid in such manner as the said Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London and Liberties thereof shall direct.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, all the Houses and other Hereditaments now situated in the said Liberty of Saint Martin is Grand, and in that Part of the Ward of Ferrypiece within which shall become united to the Ward of Aldersgate within by virtue of this Act, and the Inhabitants thereof shall be subject (except so far as is hereby otherwise provided for) to the Rates and Assessments for Land Tax and paving, cleansing and watching Rates, and all other Rates and Rates whatsoever, which shall be assessed upon and directed to be paid by or in respect of the Ward of Aldersgate within, under the like Penalties and in like manner as the other Parts of the said Ward, and the said Inhabitants, and all Persons committing Offences in the said Place hereby united with the said Ward of Aldersgate within respectively, shall be under and subject to the same Regulations, Laws, Jurisdictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if they were Inhabitants of, or the like Offences were committed in, the said other Parts of the said Ward.

LXXIX. And

XXXX. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall, in the Order and Appointment of the Number of Watchmen and Beadles to be kept in each and every Ward in the said City after the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, and the Rates or Taxes to be assessed and raised for that Purpose, and other Regulations relating thereto, to be made by them in this present Year, and every subsequent Year, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, entitled *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the City of London and Liberties thereof, and for making more effectual the Laws now in being for paving and cleaning the Streets and Sewers in and about the said City*, shall take into Consideration the Alterations to be made in the said Wards of Aldersgate within and Farringdon within by virtue of this Act, and make such Order and Appointment accordingly.

XXXXI. And Whereas the Assessments or Rates for paving, cleaning and lighting made in the City of London, do not commence until the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year: Be it therefore further enacted, That there shall be paid and made for the Quarter of a Year from the Twenty fifth Day of December as to the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act to the Collectors of the paving, cleaning and lighting Rates in the Ward of Aldersgate within, by each and every of the Inhabitants of the said Place now called the Liberty of *Sancti Martini & Grand*, who shall be obliged to, and pay, or ought to pay, a Rate or Rates on the said Twenty fifth Day of December next, by virtue of the said Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, such Rate, Assessment or Payment as shall be equal together with the Rate or Assessment for watching, to be paid by virtue of this Act by each Inhabitant for the same Quarter of a Year, to the Rate or Rates which shall have been payable by the same Inhabitants respectively, to the Collectors of the said Liberty for the Quarter of a Year from the Twenty ninth Day of September to the Twenty fifth Day of December next after the passing of this Act, and that such Rate, Assessment or Payment, shall in all respects be considered a Rate or Assessment for paving, cleaning and lighting, in the City of London, and shall be recovered and applied in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as the paving, cleaning and lighting Rates shall be recoverable and applicable in the other Parts of the said Ward of Aldersgate within; and, for ascertaining the Amount of the Rates which ought to be paid in each Quarter of a Year as aforesaid, the Commissioners sitting under the said Act of the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall on or before the Twenty fifth Day of December next transmit or cause to be delivered to the said Commissioners of Sewers, a Copy of the last Assessments and Rates made in the said Liberty to the Twenty fifth Day of December next, and the Alderman of the Ward of Aldersgate within shall transmit, or cause to be delivered, to the said Commissioners a Copy of the Assessments for the Watch Rate made on the Inhabitants of the said Place now called the said Liberty, to be made as aforesaid within Thirty Days after the Twenty fifth Day of December next.

XXXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of each Part of the Ward of Farringdon within as shall be added to the Ward of Aldersgate within, shall pay and be liable and compelled to pay, the Rates or Assessments for paving, cleaning and lighting, assessed upon them respectively, up to the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act to the Collectors of the same Rates in the Ward of Farringdon within, in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made, and the said Wards had not been altered by virtue of this Act.

XXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Sewers of the City of London and Liberties thereof, in ordering and directing the Rates or Assessments for paving, cleaning and lighting to be laid and assessed in each and every of the said Wards from the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act, shall take into their Consideration the Alterations made in the said Wards of Aldersgate within and Farringdon within by virtue of this Act.

XXXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall in any wise amend, alter or affect the Assessments of Land Tax to the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act, but then the same and all Arrears thereof up to the same Twenty fifth Day of March, shall be paid and collected in the said Liberty of *Sancti Martini & Grand*, and in the said Wards of Aldersgate within and Farringdon within, in respect of the Houses and Buildings now situated within the same Places respectively, in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made.

XXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Land Tax for the City of London shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, so or before the Twenty fifth Day of March next after the passing of this Act, in ascertaining and setting down the several Proportions of Land Tax which ought to be charged upon every Ward or Division respectively of the said City of London, from each Twenty fifth Day of March, shall take into their Consideration the Alterations made in the Wards of Aldersgate within and Farringdon within respectively by virtue of this Act, and shall accordingly charge the said Ward of Aldersgate within with the Proportions which would have been charged upon the Liberty of *Sancti Martini & Grand*, and also with a proportionable Part of the Proportions which would have been charged upon the Ward of Farringdon within, if this Act had not been made, in addition to the Proportions which would have been in charged upon the same Ward of Aldersgate within, and at all times thereafter the enlarged Proportion to be charged upon the Ward of Aldersgate within, and the reduced Proportions to be charged upon the said Ward of Farringdon within shall be equal to the Proportions which would have been charged upon the said Liberty and upon the said Two Wards respectively, in case this Act had not been made: Provided nevertheless, that the Amount of the several Proportions to be charged upon the said Two Wards respectively shall not at any time exceed the Amount of the Proportions which might have been charged upon the said Liberty and the said Two Wards, if this Act had not been made.

XXXXV. And

In future Orders of Council of Common Council relating to the Nightly Watch, Aldermen made by Act confirmed.
1815-16-17-18

Rates payable to Commissioners of Sewers in Liberty from Dec. 25, 1815, to March 25, 1816.

9 Q. 3. 1. 12

Confidential Rates paid in Farringdon within up to 25th March 1816.

Assessments to Land Tax considered in Assessment of confidential Rates.

Assessments of Land Tax not altered until 25th March next.

Commissioners of Land Tax to lay new Proportions after 25th March next.

Proviso.

Compensation
for Deficiency
in Watch Rates
and Land Tax
during Absence
of A.B.

LXXXV. And Whereas by reason of pulling down the Houses and Buildings aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of the watching, paving, cleansing and lighting Rates, and the Land Tax within the Wards of *Abchurch* within *Abchurch* within and *Farringdon* within, and the said Liberty of *St. Martin in the Fields*, until the same shall become Part of the said Ward of *Abchurch* within; Be it therefore further enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the Houses and Buildings in the said Wards and Liberty respectively shall be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof, in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until the said new Post Office shall be completed and the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built in the said Ward respectively, as the same shall then be shored by virtue of this Act, no such Parts of the Sites of the Houses and Buildings to be taken down as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, shall be completed and occupied, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, as Common Council assembled, shall, out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, pay and make good all such Sums and Sums of Money, as shall from time to time be deficient in respect of the Produce of the Assessments, for watching and paving, cleansing and lighting Rates, and Land Tax within the said Wards respectively, and in the said Liberty, and the same shall become Part of the said Ward as aforesaid, by reason or means of the Alterations arising from the want of Occupiers in, or the taking down of the said several Houses and Buildings respectively, as to be computed according to the Produce of such several or the like Rates and Assessments, as near as the nature of the case will admit in each Ward and Liberty respectively, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the same shall be accordingly paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates and Taxes.

Proposed Com-
pensation for
Deficiency of
Watch Rates and
Land Tax in
Abchurch
within.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said new Post Office shall be completed, and the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on each Part of the Sites of the Houses and Buildings to be taken down in the said Ward of *Abchurch* within by virtue of this Act shall be completed and occupied, such Sums and Sums of Money shall, from time to time, and at all times, be paid out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office towards the Assessments of the Watch Rate and paving, cleansing and lighting Rates and Land Tax within the Ward of *Abchurch* within, which will be then enlarged by virtue of this Act, as would for the time being have been payable in respect of the said new Post Office, in case the same had contained Private Property, and had been affixed as to the said Rates, at the full Rent or Value at which the same shall be affixed or rated, not exceeding the yearly Sum of Four thousand two hundred Pounds of like lawful Money of Great Britain, and had been affixed as to the said Land Tax at the full Rent or Value at which the same shall be affixed or rated, not exceeding the yearly Sum of Three thousand five hundred and fifty Pounds of like lawful Money, the same respectively to be paid accordingly to the several Collectors of the said Rates and Tax, at the same times and in the same manner as such Assessments respectively would have been payable.

Compensation
for Deficiency
in Watch Rates
and Land Rates
of *Farringdon*
within.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That after the Whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on each Part of the Sites of the said Houses and Buildings to be taken down in the said Ward of *Farringdon* within (which will then be shored by virtue of this Act), as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, shall be completed and occupied, such Sums and Sums of Money shall from time to time, and at all times, be paid out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office towards the Assessments of the Watch Rate and paving, cleansing and lighting Rates, and Land Tax, within the Ward of *Farringdon* within, as would for the time being have been payable, in respect of the said Houses and Buildings which shall be pulled down and the Rates thereof laid into the said Streets or Ways in the said Ward, in case the same had contained dwelling, and had been affixed as to the said Rates at the yearly Rent or Value of Eight hundred Pounds, and as to the said Land Tax at the yearly Rent or Value of Seven hundred Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, the same to be paid accordingly to the Collector or Collectors of the said Tax, at the same times, and in the same manner, as such Assessments respectively would have been payable.

Compensation
for Deficiency
in Watch Rates
and Land Rates
of *St. Martin*
within.

LXXXVIII. And Whereas by reason of pulling down the Houses and Buildings aforesaid, and making of the Alterations aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of the Church Rates and Poor's Rates in the respective United Parishes of *St. Anne* within *Abchurch* and *St. John* and *St. Leonard* *Fisher Lane* and *Christ Church*, and *St. Paul* *St. Andrew* *St. Martin* *St. Michael* *St. James*; Be it therefore further enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the said Houses and Buildings in any of the said United Parishes respectively, shall be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on each Part of the Sites of the said Houses and Buildings, in the said United Parishes respectively, shall be taken down as aforesaid, as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, shall be completed and occupied, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, as Common Council assembled, shall, out of the said Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, pay and make good all such Sums and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be deficient in respect of the Produce of the Assessments for Church and Poor's Rates within each United Parish respectively, by reason or means of the Alterations arising from the want of Occupiers in, or the taking down of the said several Houses and Buildings situated in such United Parishes respectively, according to the Produce of such several Rates and Assessments respectively in such United Parishes respectively, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the same shall be accordingly paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates; and that from and after

the whole of the said Houses and Buildings intended to be erected in every of the said United Parishes respectively as aforesaid shall have been completed and occupied, such respective Sums of Money shall be paid, out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office, towards the said Church and Poor's Rates, in the said United Parishes respectively, as would for the time being have been payable, in respect of the same Houses and Hereditaments, in case the same had continued Private Property, and had been affixed at the respective yearly Rents or Values, not exceeding in all the said Parishes the Sum of Five thousand Pounds *per Annum*, and not exceeding in each and every such United Parish respectively such yearly Sum as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall, within the Space of Three Years next after the passing of this Act, by a Deed or Writing under their Common Seal, declare to be the respective yearly Rate or Sum at which such Assessments shall be made in each United Parish respectively; and that they the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall take into their Consideration in determining the yearly Rate or Sum at which such Assessments should be made in each United Parish respectively, the proportionate Amount of the respective Assessments of the said Houses and Buildings in the said Parishes respectively from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen to the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the same Sums respectively to be affixed or rated in the said United Parishes respectively to be paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates, at the same times, and in the same manner, as the Assessments made on such Houses, Buildings and Hereditaments would have been payable.

LXXXIX. And Whereas by reason of pulling down the Houses and Buildings aforesaid, and making the Alterations aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, there may be Deficiencies in the Produce of the Church Rates and Poor's Rates in the said Parish of Saint Dunstons without Aldersgate: Be it therefore further enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupers of any of the said Houses and Buildings in the said Parish, to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof, in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until all the Houses and Buildings intended to be erected and built on such Part of the Site of the Houses and Buildings to be taken down in the said Parish as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways shall be completed and occupied, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall, out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, pay and make good all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall from time to time be deficient, in respect to the Produce of the Assessments for Church and Poor's Rates within the said Parish, by reason or means of the Alterations arising from the Want of Occupiers or in taking down of the said several Houses and Buildings situated in the said Parish, according to the Produce of such several Rates and Assessments respectively in each Parish, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, to the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and the same shall be accordingly paid to the several Collectors of the said Rates.

XC. And, for indemnifying the Rectors and Vicar of the respective Churches of the several United Parishes of Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary, Saint Leonard Fyter Lane and Christ Church, and Saint Pauls within Fyter, and Saint Michael & Queens, wherein respectively several of the said Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to be purchased as aforesaid, are respectively situate, and their respective Successors for the time being, against such Loss as might otherwise accrue to them respectively by reason of taking down the said Houses and Buildings, here enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupers of any of the said Houses and Buildings in the said United Parishes respectively to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof in pursuance of this Act as aforesaid, or in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left at or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on such Parts of the Sites of the said Houses and Buildings in such United Parishes respectively to be taken down as aforesaid, as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, except such Houses and Buildings as may be erected between Saint Martin & Grand aforesaid, and the Street described in the Map or Plan heretofore referred to on the West Side of the said Site of the said new Post Office, shall be completed and occupied, the Tithes or yearly Sums of Money, or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes, charged respectively on such Houses or Buildings as shall be quitted as aforesaid for the Purposes of this Act, and all Arrears and growing Payments thereof, or annual Sums of Money, equal to the Loss in Tithes or Sums of Money or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes, which the said Rectors and Vicar of the said United Parishes respectively may sustain by the Want of Occupiers or in taking down of such Houses and Buildings respectively, shall be paid out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, and also by way of Compensation for the Loss which the said Rectors and Vicar respectively may sustain in Surplice Fees, such further annual Sums for every House in the said Parishes respectively, which shall for the time being have been quitted by the Occupier or Occupers thereof, for the Purposes of this Act as aforesaid, according to Number the House or Houses (if any) which shall for the time being have been built and occupied in the same Parishes respectively, as Parts of the Sites aforesaid, as is heretofore mentioned; that is to say, in the said Parishes of Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary, the annual Sum of Twelve Shillings and Six pence for every House, in the said Parishes of Saint Leonard Fyter Lane and Christ Church, the annual Sum of Seven Shillings for every House, and in the said Parishes of Saint Pauls within Fyter and Saint Michael & Queens, the annual Sum of Fourteen Shillings for every House, shall be paid and payable out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, to the respective Rectors or Vicar of the said United Parishes respectively, and their respective Successors for the time being, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feast or Days of Payment in every Year; that is to say, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December,

Compensation to be made out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, and also by way of Compensation for the Loss which the said Rectors and Vicar respectively may sustain in Surplice Fees, such further annual Sums for every House in the said Parishes respectively, which shall for the time being have been quitted by the Occupier or Occupers thereof, for the Purposes of this Act as aforesaid, according to Number the House or Houses (if any) which shall for the time being have been built and occupied in the same Parishes respectively, as Parts of the Sites aforesaid, as is heretofore mentioned; that is to say, in the said Parishes of Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary, the annual Sum of Twelve Shillings and Six pence for every House, in the said Parishes of Saint Leonard Fyter Lane and Christ Church, the annual Sum of Seven Shillings for every House, and in the said Parishes of Saint Pauls within Fyter and Saint Michael & Queens, the annual Sum of Fourteen Shillings for every House, shall be paid and payable out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, to the respective Rectors or Vicar of the said United Parishes respectively, and their respective Successors for the time being, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feast or Days of Payment in every Year; that is to say, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December,

Compensation to be made out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, and also by way of Compensation for the Loss which the said Rectors and Vicar respectively may sustain in Surplice Fees, such further annual Sums for every House in the said Parishes respectively, which shall for the time being have been quitted by the Occupier or Occupers thereof, for the Purposes of this Act as aforesaid, according to Number the House or Houses (if any) which shall for the time being have been built and occupied in the same Parishes respectively, as Parts of the Sites aforesaid, as is heretofore mentioned; that is to say, in the said Parishes of Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary, the annual Sum of Twelve Shillings and Six pence for every House, in the said Parishes of Saint Leonard Fyter Lane and Christ Church, the annual Sum of Seven Shillings for every House, and in the said Parishes of Saint Pauls within Fyter and Saint Michael & Queens, the annual Sum of Fourteen Shillings for every House, shall be paid and payable out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, to the respective Rectors or Vicar of the said United Parishes respectively, and their respective Successors for the time being, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feast or Days of Payment in every Year; that is to say, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December,

by

by equal Payments in every Year, the first Payment thereof respectively to be made on each of the said Feast Days as shall first and next happen after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of such Houses or Buildings in such United Parishes respectively, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall have quitted the same as aforesaid, together with all Arrears.

Compensation to
Rector and
Vicar

XCI. And, for indemnifying the Rector of the United Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary*, the Rector and Vicar of the said United Parishes of *Saint Leonard Fyfe Lane*, and *Christ Church*, and the Rector of the said United Parishes of *Saint Pauls alias Fyfe Lane*, and *Saint Michael & Quares*, and their respective Successors for the time being, against such Loss as might otherwise accrue to him or them in respect of Tithes and Surplice Fees, by reason of taking down the said Houses and Buildings in the said United Parishes, and the Alterations intended by this Act to be made, be it further enacted, That immediately after the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on each Part of the Sites of the Houses and Buildings in the said United Parishes respectively, to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or some Part of the Site of the said New Post Office (except such Houses and Buildings as may be needed between *Saint Martin & Grand Marston*, and the Street described in the said Map or Plan on the West Side of the said Site), shall have been completed and occupied, there shall be paid or delivered in every Year unto the said Rector and Vicar of the said United Parishes respectively, and their respective Successors for ever, at the Option of such Rector and Vicars respectively, either the Sum of Money, or the Quantity of Wheat, or the Price thereof hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, to the said Rector of the said United Parishes of *Saint Anne and Saint John Zachary*, the Sum of One hundred and five Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, or Two hundred Bushels of good, clean, wholesome, marketable English Wheat, of the best Sort, or the Average Price thereof, for the time being, according to the *London Gazette*, published next preceding the Day on which Payment or Delivery shall become due respectively; to the said Rector and Vicar of the said United Parishes of *Saint Leonard Fyfe Lane and Christ Church*, the Sum of Ninety Pounds of like lawful Money, or One hundred and Seventy two Bushels of such Wheat as aforesaid, or the Average Price thereof as aforesaid; and to the Rector of the said United Parishes of *Saint Pauls alias Fyfe Lane and Saint Michael & Quares*, the Sum of Forty five Pounds of like lawful Money, or Eighty five Bushels of such Wheat as aforesaid, or the Price thereof as aforesaid; the said Sums of Money, Bushels of Wheat, or Prices thereof respectively, to be paid or delivered to the said Rectors and Vicars respectively, and their respective Successors for ever thereafter, at the Guildhall of the said City, for and in lieu of all Tithes and Surplice Fees, which may cease to become payable to them respectively by reason of the Alterations to be made in pursuance of this Act, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Year next usual Feasts or Days of Payment in every Year; that is to say, on the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December; the first Payment or Delivery thereof respectively to be made on each of the said Quarter Days as shall first and next happen after all the whole of the said Houses or Buildings in such United Parishes respectively (except as aforesaid) shall have been completed and occupied as aforesaid; and which Sums of Money, or Bushels of Wheat, or Prices thereof, shall be charged and chargeable upon and paid or provided out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office.

Houses which
shall be taken
down.

XCII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Yearly Sums in lieu of Tithes hereinbefore provided and directed to be granted to the said Rectors and Vicars of the said United Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary*, *Saint Leonard Fyfe Lane* and *Christ Church*, and *Saint Pauls alias Fyfe Lane and Saint Michael & Quares*, and their respective Successors, are hereby provided for them respectively, in respect only of such Houses and Buildings in the same United Parishes respectively, the Sites whereof shall form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, or be laid into the said Streets or Ways, and that when and so soon as any Houses and Buildings shall be erected on any Ground purchased or taken by virtue of this Act in the said United Parishes respectively, the same shall become liable to the Payment of Tithes, or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes, and the Arrears thereof (if any) which shall not be otherwise paid by virtue of this Act, in the same manner as if they had been erected and built before the passing of this Act, or this Act had not been made.

If Houses built
between Saint
Martin & Grand
Marston be
taken down,
Compensation to
Rector and
Vicar of Saint
Anne, &c. as
aforesaid.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That so case any Houses shall be erected between *Saint Martin & Grand* and the said Street described in the said Map or Plan on the West Side of the said intended Site of the said new Post Office as aforesaid, then and in such case, the Annual Sums of Money, or Bushels of Wheat, or Prices thereof, made payable out of and charged upon the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office by virtue of this Act, to the Rector of the said United Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary*, and the Rector and Vicar of the said United Parishes of *Saint Leonard Fyfe Lane and Christ Church* (in which such House will be situate, and become liable to the Payment of Tithes, or customary Payments in lieu of Tithes), shall be and are hereby respectively diminished after the Rate of the Annual Sum of One Pound and One Shilling, or Two Bushels of Wheat, or the Price thereof as aforesaid, for or in respect of every House to be erected, as fully hereinafter as mentioned, which shall for the time being, have been completed and occupied in such United Parishes respectively.

Compensation to
Impropriators of
Saint George
Aldersgate.

XCIV. And, for indemnifying the Dean and Chapter of *Middlesex*, Impropriators of the Rectory and Tithes of the Parish of *Saint George without Aldersgate*, their Successors, Lessors, Tenants and Assigns, against such Loss as might otherwise accrue to them by reason of taking down the Houses and Buildings in the said Parish, or any or either of them, to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted Possession of the said Houses and Buildings, and until all the Houses and Buildings intended to be erected on each Part of the Site thereof respectively, as shall be situated on the West Side of *Aldersgate Street* aforesaid, where

altered and improved in pursuance of this Act shall be completed and occupied, the Tithes paid or payable respectively on such Houses and Buildings in the said Parish as shall be pulled down by virtue of this Act, according to the last Assessment to the Twenty fifth Day of March last, until Houses and Buildings to be erected on such Part of the Site thereof as aforesaid shall be rebuilt and occupied as aforesaid, and all Arrears and growing Payments thereof, or an annual Sum equal to the Loss which the said Dean and Chapter, their Successors, Lessees or Assigns, may from time to time sustain by the taking down of such Houses and Buildings, shall be paid and payable out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, until all the same Houses and Buildings in the said Parish, or the Site of the same, shall be conveyed to His Majesty's Postmaster General for the time being, or laid into the said Street or Way in pursuance of this Act, and from and after such Conveyance shall be made and executed as aforesaid, the same shall be paid and payable out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office to the said Dean and Chapter of *Windsor*, their Successors, Lessees or Assigns, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in the Year; that is to say, on the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December, by equal Payments in every Year, the First Payment thereof to be made on each of the said Feasts or Days as shall first and next happen after such Tenants in quitting Possession of such Houses or Buildings, or any Part thereof, together with all Arrears, and from and after any Houses and Buildings shall be erected upon any Part of the Site of the Houses and Buildings or their Appurtenances, to be pulled down within the said Parish, shall be occupied, the same newly erected Houses, Erections and Buildings, and the Owners and Occupiers thereof, shall be charged and chargeable with the Payment of Tithes and all other Payments and Duties to the said Dean and Chapter of *Windsor*, their Successors, Lessees, Tenants and Assigns of the said Rectory, in the same manner and at the same Rates and Proportions, and with the like Remedies for Recovery in respect thereof, as all and every such new Houses, Erections and Buildings, and the Owners and Occupiers thereof, would have been liable to in case the same had been erected and built before the passing of and otherwise than in pursuance of this Act, and this Act had not been made.

XCIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any One or more of the said present Houses and Buildings at the West End of *Maple Court*, within the said Rectory and Parish of *Saint Bartholomew without Aldersgate*, shall in pursuance of this Act be pulled down, and the Site of such House or Houses, or any Part of them, or either of them, or the Appurtenances thereof, shall be appropriated and used as the Whole or any Part of the Burial Ground heretofore devoted to be purchased, that then, from and immediately after the Tenants of the said Houses, Buildings and Premises, shall have been quitted as aforesaid, a perpetual Alms-house or Annual Sum of Three Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain shall be paid and payable, out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office, to the said Dean and Chapter of *Windsor*, their Successors, Lessees, Tenants or Assigns, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment, in the Year; that is to say, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December, by equal Payments in every Year; the First Payment thereof to be made on each of the said Feasts or Days as shall first and next happen after such Tenants shall have been quitted Possession, unless and until the said Mayor, and Community and Citizens, or their Successors, shall charge the same upon any Part of the Ground in the said Parish of *Saint Bartholomew* which shall be purchased or taken by this Act, and upon and out of such House or Houses or other Buildings as shall be erected thereon, which they are hereby authorized and required to do to the Satisfaction of the said Dean and Chapter of *Windsor*, their Successors, Tenants and Assigns, Insignification for the time being of the said Rectory and the Tithes thereof.

XCVI. And, for indemnifying the Parish Clerks of the several United Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate* and *Saint John Zachary*, *Saint Leonard Fyler Lane* and *Christ Church*, and *Saint Pauls above Fyler* and *Saint Michael & Quare*, and their respective Successors for the time being, against such Loss as might otherwise accrue to them respectively by reason of taking down the said Houses and Buildings, be it enacted, That after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the said Houses and Buildings in the said United Parishes respectively, to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, shall have quitted the Possession thereof for the Purposes of this Act, or in pursuance of any Notice or Notices to be left or affixed upon the same Premises as aforesaid, and until the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on such Part of the Sites of the said Houses and Buildings as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, shall be completed and occupied, the Annual Sum of Five Pounds for every House in the same Parishes respectively, which shall for the time being have been quitted by the Occupier or Occupiers thereof as aforesaid, according to Number the House or Houses (if any) which shall for the time being have been built and occupied in the same Parishes respectively on Parts of the Sites aforesaid, shall be paid and payable out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act to the respective Clerks of the said Parishes respectively, and their respective Successors for the time being, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in every Year; that is to say, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Twenty fourth Day of June, the Twenty sixth Day of September and the Twenty fifth Day of December, by equal Payments in every Year, the First Payment thereof respectively to be made on each of the said Feasts or Days as shall first and next happen after the Occupier or Occupiers of any of the Houses, Buildings or Tenements, in each United Parish respectively shall have quitted the same as aforesaid, together with all Arrears; and from and after the whole of the Houses and Buildings intended to be built on such Part of the Sites of the Houses and Buildings in the said United Parishes respectively to be taken down for the Purposes of this Act, as shall not be laid into the said Streets or Ways, or form Part of the Site of the said new Post Office, shall have been completed and occupied, there shall be paid unto the said Parish Clerks respectively,

Compensation to
Insignification for
Houses in Map-
ple Court, pur-
chased for Burial
Ground.

Compensation to
Parish Clerks.

lively, and their respective Successors, the perpetual Annual Sums hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, a perpetual Sum of Fifteen Pounds to the Clerk of the United Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary*, and his Successors for the time being; a perpetual Sum of Ten Pounds to each of the Two Clerks of the United Parishes of *Saint Leonard Fagger Lane and Christ Church*, and their respective Successors for the time being; and a perpetual Sum of Five Pounds to the Clerk of the United Parishes of *Saint Paulsdoff alias Fagger and Saint Michael in Queens*, and his Successors for the time being; the said perpetual Annual Sums to be paid and payable for ever thereafter, at the Guildhall of the said City, out of the said Revenue of His Majesty's Post Office, clear of all Taxes and Deductions, at the Four most usual Feasts or Days of Payment in every Year, the First Payment thereof to be made on each of the said Feast Days as shall first and next happen after the whole of the said last mentioned Houses and Buildings in such Parishes respectively shall have been completed and occupied as aforesaid.

Persons who
perform the
said Work in
general Church
within Parishes.

XCVII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to vary or alter the Rights of the said Rectors, Vicars and Incumbents of the Rectory and Parish Clerks of the said Parishes of *Saint Anne within Aldersgate and Saint John Zachary*, *Saint Leonard Fagger Lane and Christ Church*, and *Saint Paulsdoff alias Fagger and Saint Michael in Queens*, and *Saint Benjamins within Aldersgate* respectively, within the same Parishes respectively, or to subject the Inhabitants thereof respectively to any other Claims or Demands of the said Rectors, Vicars or Incumbents and Parish Clerks respectively, than they respectively were heretofore lawfully subject unto.

Mayor, Aldermen
appointed in
general Com-
mission.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, from time to time to appoint One or more Committee or Committees to manage and transact all or any of the Matters or Particulars which the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, are hereby required to do, execute or perform, which Committee or Committees so to be appointed shall have such or so many of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit or proper to delegate to such Committee or Committees.

Persons con-
tracted not to
signify to Com-
missioners.

XCIX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That if any Person, being a Member of any such Committee, shall be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in any Contract which shall be made or entered into by or on behalf of such Committee for or concerning any of the Works to be performed or done in pursuance of this Act, or for or concerning any Materials to be used or employed therein, every such Contract shall be void, and the Person who being a Member of such Committee shall be so interested or concerned, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, to be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Offence committed, in which Action or Suit respectively as Protection, Effence or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

Persons not free
of City may be
employed by
Committees.

C. And be it further enacted, That the Committee or Committees so to be appointed shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to employ any fit Person or Persons, whether free of the said City or not, in or about any of the Works, Matters or Things which they shall think fit to be performed or done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, and to contract for the doing and Performance of such Works, Matters and Things, or any of them, with any Person or Persons, in such manner as the said Committee or Committees shall think fit, and that no Person or Persons who shall be so employed or contracted with, in, about or for any of the Purposes of this Act, nor any Person or Persons to be fit to work by or under them or any of them, shall for any Act done or to be done or in or about the Premises, be subject or liable to be sued for any Breach of the Custom of London, or for any Penalty inflicted by any Bye-Law of the said City.

Provisions for
giving Notices of
Contracts.

CI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That previous to the making of any such Contract, Notice shall be given in form of the Daily Newspapers, that such Committee intend to make such Contract, and that all Persons wishing to engage therein, may make Proposals to the said Committee at a certain Time and Place in every such Notice to be inserted, and all Contracts made or to be made in consequence of such Notices, shall specify the several Works to be done, and the Price or Prices to be paid for the same, and the time or times when the said Works are to be completed, together with the Penalty to be incurred in case of the Nonperformance thereof, and the same shall be signed by the Clerk for the time being of such Committee, as also by the Person or Persons contracting to perform such Works respectively, and shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose by such Committee.

Officers ap-
pointed.

CII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or such Committee or Committees as shall or may be appointed as heretofore is directed, and they are hereby authorized and empowered respectively from time to time to nominate and appoint such and so many Clerks and other Officers under them, as shall be necessary to be employed in or about the Execution of any of the Purposes aforesaid, and out of the Monies to be raised by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, to make such Allowances to the said Clerks and Officers respectively, for their Care and Pains in the Execution of their respective Offices, as they shall think reasonable; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary in any will notwithstanding.

Officers con-
cerned in Re-
ceipts of Money
to give Security.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Officer and Officers, and other Persons whomsoever, concerned or to be concerned in the Receipt of the Money by this Act appropriated to the Purposes aforesaid, before he or they shall be permitted to take upon him or them the Execution of any of the said Offices, shall be bound with sufficient Securities to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, for the full and faithful

Execution of such Office or Employment, is such reasonable Sum or Sums as by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the said City shall be thought fit, having regard to the Trouble repaid or to be repaid in such Office or Offices.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Chamberlain of the said City of London, or other Officer or Person aforesaid, shall, after Receipt of any of the Monies aforesaid, divert or illegally the same or any Part thereof, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then such Chamberlain or other Officer, or Person or Persons aforesaid, in misapplying the said Money, shall forfeit Twofold the Sum so misapplied, with full Costs of Suit, which said Forfeitures shall be recovered by the Possessor General for the true being, or any of the Creditors of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or their Successors, claiming under or by virtue of this Act, or the Executors, Administrators or Assigns of any such Creditors who shall sue for the same by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, whereas as before, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Officer mis-
applying any of
said Monies.

Punish.

CV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse, interrupt, hinder or disturb any Person or Persons whatsoever, employed by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, in the Execution of any Part of this Act, every such Person shall, for any such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Assailing
Officer, &c.

Punish.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully break down, deface or damage any of the Bars, Posts, Rails, Sticks, Cords, Engines, Materials for paving, Implements, Utensils or other Things whatsoever, which shall be the Property of or used by or under the Orders or Direction of the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, in making and completing, or for the Purposes of the said Alterations and Improvements, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall for such Offence committed, to apprehend, and also for any other Person or Persons to assist in apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant, to cause him, her or them to be conveyed before some Aldermen of the City of London, and such Aldermen shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witnesses or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Information touching such Offence, and if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of all or any of the Offences aforesaid, either by him, her or their own Confession, or upon such Evidence as aforesaid, he, she or they be convicted shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens to be applied for the Purposes of this Act a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and shall also make Satisfaction to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same, for the Damage so by him, her or them done as aforesaid, and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not upon Conviction pay such Forfeitures, and make Satisfaction as aforesaid, such Aldermen are hereby required to commit him, her or them, to any Goal or Prison in the said City of London, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Space of time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, and such Offender or Offenders shall not be discharged before the Expiration of the time for which he, she or they shall have been so committed, which such Penalty or Forfeiture and Satisfaction shall be sooner paid.

Destroying Of-
fences.

Punish.

Imprisonment.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines hereby inflicted or authorized to be imposed (if the nature of livery and receiving the same is not herein otherwise directed) shall, upon due Proof of the Offences respectively, before any One or more Aldermen of the City of London, or Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place wherein the Offenders shall be or reside, or the Offences shall be committed, either by Certification of the Party or Parties offending, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of such Aldermen or Justices, which Warrant such Aldermen or Justices are hereby empowered to grant for those Purposes; and the Overplus, after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of such Distress and Sale are recovered and deducted, shall be returned, upon Demand, to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels, and the Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, when paid or levied (if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act) shall be from time to time applied for the Purposes of this Act; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for any such Aldermen or Justices of the Peace as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause such Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Goal of the said City or County wherein the Offence shall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges shall be sooner paid or satisfied.

Penalties and
Forfeitures here
incurred and
applied.

Imprisonment.

CVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Aldermen or Aldermen, or Justice or Justices, from time to time, if they shall see Cause, to adjudge that the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall pay and apply such Part of the said Penalties and Forfeitures, or any of them, as the said Aldermen or Aldermen, or Justice or Justices shall think fit, to and for the Use of the Informer or Informers, or any Person or Persons (not being a Witness or Witnesses) taking, assisting or aiding therein, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Informers are
here Part of
Penalties.

CIX. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Aldermen or Aldermen, Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, as the case shall happen; that is to say,

Form of Com- mittal.	BE it remembered, That on the	Day of	in the Year of our Lord
	<i>A. B. is convicted before C. D. One (or, Two, as the case may be) of the Aldermen</i>		
	<i>of the City of London, (or, Justices of the Peace for the County or City of</i>		
	<i>as the</i>		
	<i>case may be) [Specifying the Offence and Time and Place where and where the same were committed, as the case</i>		
	<i>may be] contrary to the Form of the Statute, made in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty King George</i>		
	<i>the Third intituled [Here set forth the Title of this Act], and I [or, We] do adjudge that he hath</i>		
	<i>therefore forfeited the Sum of</i>		
	<i>[Here insert the Penalty] or, shall be committed to</i>		
	<i>[Place of Imprisonment] for the Space of [Time of Imprisonment]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or,</i>		
	<i>Hand and Seal] the Day and Year first above written.</i>		
Defence un- lawful for Want of Form.	CX. And be it further enacted, That when any Person shall be made by virtue of this Act, the Defect itself shall not be deemed material, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Statutes, Commissions or Warrants of Defect, or in the Appointment of the Collector or Collectors, Surveyor or Surveyors, or in any Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the said Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at law on account of any Irregularity which shall happen to be done in making the said Defects, but the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage which he, for or they shall have sustained thereby, with usual Costs, and so more, in an Action of Trespass or on the Case, at the Election of the Party or Parties so aggrieved.		
Appeal.	CXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of this Act, and for which no particular Mode of Relief hath been already appointed, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace, at their Quarter Sessions to be holden for the said City of London, within Three Calendar Months next after such Cause of Complaint shall arise, unless the same shall arise within Two Days preceding such Sessions, in which case such Appeal may be brought at the Second Session after such cause shall arise; and the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to take Cognizance thereof, and to hear and determine such Complaint or Complaints; and shall and may, if they see Cause by order of such Sessions, mitigate at their Discretion all or any Part of the Penalties or Forfeitures laid upon or incurred by the Party or Parties complaining, or waste or set aside the Commissions or Commissions, and set the Parties at Liberty, or otherwise may rectify or confirm the same with such Costs as to them in their Discretion shall seem reasonable; and so levy by their Order or Warrant such Costs as awarded by Districts and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons who shall refuse to pay the same; and for want of sufficient Districts, to commit such Person or Persons to some Common Gaol in or for the said City of London, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, or until Payment of such Costs: Provided always, that the Person or Persons so appealing as aforesaid shall, and he, she or they are hereby required to give Notice in Writing of such his, her or their Intention of bringing or prosecuting such Appeal Fourteen Days before the said Quarter Sessions, and shall, before such Notice given, enter into a Recognizance before One or more Aldermen or Aldermen of the City of London in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, with Two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of Ten Pounds each, with Condition to prosecute such Appeal, and to pay all Costs in case such Appeal shall be determined against the Party or Parties so appealing.		
Proceedings not qualified for Want of Form.	CXII. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Commission of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, or any Order made, or any other Matter or Thing to be done or transacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, shall be vacated or quashed for Want of Form only, or be removed or removable by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Westminster (except as heretofore is mentioned); any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.		
Continued.	CXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced or brought for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof shall have been made to the Party aggrieved, or after Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every Action or Suit shall be laid, brought and tried in the County or City where the Cause of Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit, may at his, her or their Election plead specially on the General Issue, and give this Act or the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to be so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought before Fourteen Days' Notice thereof shall be given as aforesaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other City or County than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and shall have such remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for him, her or their Costs, in any other cause by Law.		
Treble Costs.			
Public Act.	CXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.		

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	Location.	Resident.	Landholders.	Occupiers.
1	Petersfield Row	Peter Stephens	Vaughan Griffiths	Arch. Maudslayi and others.
1	Ditto	Ditto	John Foster - Vaughan Griffiths	John Foster. Vaughan Griffiths.
3	Chapside	Malcolm Dansett Parish of St. Michael le Quen	Malcolm Dansett	Malcolm Dansett.
2	Ditto	The Bishop of London	Malcolm Dansett	Lawrence Ingram.
1	Ditto	Ditto	Charles Kieker	Charles Kieker.
57	Newgate Street	Elizabeth Matthews - Frederick Cole	Elizabeth Matthews - Frederick Cole	Elizabeth Matthews. Frederick Cole.
56	Ditto	Ditto	Thomas Harris	Thomas Harris.
55	Ditto	Ditto	Captain Dawbaggins	Empty.
54	Ditto	Corporation of London	Captain Dawbaggins	Empty.
148	Chapside	Henry Pritchard	Henry Pritchard	Henry Pritchard.
157	Ditto	The Governors of Christ's Hospital	Ellis Shipley Lebb	Ellis Shipley Lebb.
61	Newgate Street	John Kyrtell	Thomas Brown	Thomas Brown.
60	Horse Shoe Tavern, Horse Shoe Passage	Gilbert Burn	Charles Rogers	Charles Rogers.
61	Newgate Street	John Epps	John Epps	John Epps.
61	Newgate Street	William Sowerby	Henry Baker	Henry Baker.
61	Newgate Street	Gilbert Burn	William Bantley	William Bantley.
61	Ditto	Sarah Mitchell	William Bantley	William Bantley.
61	Ditto	William Bantley	William Bantley	William Bantley.
61	Ditto	Bishop of London	Charles Gasfield	Charles Gasfield.
61	Ditto	Ditto	William Matthew	William Matthew.
61	Ditto	Dean and Chapter of Westminster	Benjamin Stephens	Benj. Stephens and Son.
34	St. Martin le Grand	Ditto	Samuel Smith	Samuel Smith.
1	Road Court	Ditto	William Newman	William Newman.
2	Ditto	Ditto	Calch Welch Collins	Empty.
3	Ditto	Ditto	Calch Welch Collins	Empty.
4	Ditto	Ditto	Charles Gasfield	Charles Gasfield.
5	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	James Hill.
6	Ditto	Ditto	John Leonard	Elizabeth Stephens.
7	Ditto	Ditto	Thomas and Charles Jones	Thomas & Charles Jones.
8	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Smith	Samuel Smith.
9	Ditto	Ditto	Mary Hood	Mary Hood.
10	St. Leonard's Church Yard, Foster Lane	Samuel Smith	Samuel Smith	Samuel Smith.
11	Road Court	Ditto	Ditto	Empty.
12	Ditto	Ditto	George Whitfield	Empty.
13	Ditto	Ditto	John Williams	Empty.
14	Ditto	Ditto	The Rector & Church-wardens of Saint Leonard	Thomas Hason.
15	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	William John Mifflard.
16	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	William John Mifflard.
17	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Bussan.
18	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Bussan.
19	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Bussan.
20	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Elizabeth Bussan.

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	Ships.	Destinations.	Leaved.	Captains.
15	Rosad Court	Dum and Chapter of Wexford	John Cornell	Acce Reed.
16	Ditto	Ditto	William Abad	John Powell.
17	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Smith	Michael Sherran.
18	Ditto	Ditto	John Powell	William Jeffery.
19	St. Martin le Grand	Ditto	Michael Sherran	W. and P. Carr
20	Ditto	Ditto	W. and P. Carr	J. and C. Delahous
21	Ditto	Ditto	W. and P. Carr	Backhouse
22	Ditto	Ditto	George Longstaff	George Longstaff.
23	Ditto	Ditto	Edw. and Peter Carr	Thomas Carr.
24	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph Cohen.
25	Ditto	Ditto	Hugh Tharp Kennet	Hugh Tharp Kennet.
26	Ditto	Ditto	Edw. and Peter Carr	Empty.
27	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Edward Young.
28	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Empty.
29	Ditto	Ditto	George Whitfield	Herbert Fox.
30	Ditto	Ditto	William Rogers	Aaron Cohen.
31	Ditto	Ditto	Geary Salts	Peter Smith.
32	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Williams.
33	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Hugh Paine.
34	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	John Cannon.
35	Eagle and Chim Al- safir, St. Martin le Grand	Ditto	Mellins Dickson & Co.	Joseph Montan.
36	St. Martin le Grand	Ditto	Geary Salts	Rob. Bennet Thompson.
37	Ditto	Ditto	Rob. Bennet Thompson	William Freeman.
38	Ditto	Ditto	Robert Holmes	George Lee and Son.
39	Ditto	Ditto	William Freeman	James Ballina.
40	Ditto	Ditto	Geary Salts	Thomas Smith.
41	Ditto	Ditto	Edw. and Peter Carr	John Lewis.
42	Ditto	Ditto	George Lee and Son	Chas. Poulton.
43	The George Alchoude	Ditto	James Ballina	Joseph and Edward Goodwin.
44	St. Martin le Grand	Ditto	Edw. and Peter Carr	The Executors of the late James Wynn, Esq.
45	Ditto	Ditto	Goodwin, Skinner, & Co.	Richard Knight and William Smith.
46	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph Venton	John Roberts.
47	Ditto	Ditto	John Lewis	Mary Ford.
48	Ditto	Ditto	William Forster	Stephen Stephens
49	Ditto	Ditto	Barclay and Perkins	Matthew Peter Davies
50	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph and Edward Goodwin	Robert Coleman
51	Ditto	Ditto	The Executors of the late James Wynn, Esq.	John Grant
52	Ditto	Ditto	Richard Knight and William Smith	James Brindley
53	Ditto	Ditto	John Roberts	Henry Watts
54	Ditto	Ditto	— Marriott	John Grant
55	Ditto	Ditto	Mary Ford	James Brindley
56	Ditto	Ditto	Stephen Stephens	
57	Ditto	Ditto	Matthew Peter Davies	
58	Ditto	Ditto	Robert Coleman	
59	Ditto	Ditto	John Grant	
60	Ditto	Ditto	James Brindley	
61	Ditto	Ditto	Henry Watts	
62	Ditto	Ditto	John Grant	
63	Ditto	Ditto	James Brindley	

No. of Parish, &c. in the List.	Donation.	Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupiers.
3	Dean's Court -	Dean and Chapter of Westminster	Thomas Russell	William Barrett.
4	Do - -	Do - -	Philip Hinton William Abad	Philip Hinton.
5	Do - -	Do - -	George Hutter William Abad	George Hutter.
5 1/2	Do - -	Do - -	John Marlon William Abad	Robert Ward.
6	Do - -	Do - -	Allen, Ruffel and Son	Alexander Ruffel and Son.
7	Do - -	Do - -	William Abad	John Godfrey Warner.
8	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Robert Fife.
9	Do - -	Do - -	Henry Rider	Henry Rider.
10	Do - -	Do - -	Thomas Chasels Samuel Evans	Samuel Evans.
1	Leite Dean's Court -	Do - -	William Abad	John Martin.
2	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Empty.
3	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Henrich Leuk.
4	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Edward Wink.
5	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	James Bird.
6	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	James Robinson.
7	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	William Baker.
10	St. Martin le Grand -	Do - -	Richard Gould Eliza Frances Simmons Robert Fisher	Nathan Israel.
11	Do - -	Do - -	Eliza Frances Simmons Robert Fisher	Martha Heene.
12	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -
13	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -	Do - -
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No. of Household in Street	Street.	Residence.	Landholder.	Occupant.
5	Bell Square	Rev. John Davis -	Robert Fifer	Robert Fifer.
6	Ditto	Parish of St. Ann and Agnes	John Whitburn	John Theobalds.
7	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	James Loveton.
8	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Bellingham	Samuel Bellingham.
9	Ditto	Ditto	Henry Stobart	Corcoran Rich
10	Ditto	Ditto	Corcoran Rich	James Sweetman.
11	Ditto	Ditto	Executors of the late William Nunn	Alice Latham.
12	Ditto	Augustus Brown	— Humphreys	John Allen.
13	Ditto	— Brooks	William Brown	William Brown.
14	Foster Lane	Francis and Eliza Percy	William Blundell	William Blundell.
15	Ditto	Augustus Brown	Thomas Bird.	Thomas Bird.
16	Ditto	Ditto	Augustus Brown.	Augustus Brown.
17	Ditto	Ditto	Eliza Kellert.	Eliza Kellert.
18	White Hart Alehouse	Dean and Chapter of Wells	William Whitehorn	William Whitehorn.
19	Foster Lane	Ditto	William Anderson	William Anderson.
20	George Street	Ditto	William Anderson	Selamiah Jaques.
21	Ditto	Ditto	John Jaques	John Jaques.
22	Ditto	Ditto	William King	William King.
23	Ditto	Ditto	Thomas Wick	George Oakley.
24	Blue Anchor Alehouse	Ditto	George Oakley	George Oakley.
25	George Street	Ditto	Thomas Wick	James Williams.
26	Ditto	Ditto	William Guthrie	Thomas Halsey.
27	Ditto	Ditto	John Hillman	John Herbert.
28	Ditto	Ditto	Thomas Halsey	George Ellis.
29	Ditto	Ditto	John Herbert	William Davies.
30	Ditto	Ditto	William Abad	George Archer.
31	Ditto	Ditto	William Davies	William Edwards.
32	Ditto	Ditto	George Archer	John Marlow.
33	Ditto	Ditto	John Hillman	Mary Gurney.
34	Ditto	Ditto	William Edwards	William Gurney.
35	Ditto	Ditto	John Marlow	Mary Mould.
36	Ditto	Ditto	William Abad	Frederick Otis.
37	Ditto	Ditto	John Land	Thomas Cole.
38	Ditto	Ditto	— Beveridge	Richard Bagwell.
39	Ditto	Ditto	John Grant	John Mayne.
40	Ditto	Ditto	John Hillman	Morris Griffiths.
41	Ditto	Ditto	Samuel Stevens	William Piper.
42	Ditto	Ditto	Thomas Wick	Ditto.
43	Ditto	Ditto	Richard Daise	George Clarke.
44	Ditto	Ditto	John Mayne	Aberham Board.
45	Ditto	Ditto	John Tanner	Joseph Page.
46	Ditto	Ditto	John Trever	Hillman and Bacon.
47	Ditto	Ditto	William Piper	John Hillman.
48	Ditto	Ditto	John Hillman	James Crookley.
49	Ditto	Ditto	William Guthrie	John Halsey.
50	Ditto	Ditto	Abraham Board	
51	Ditto	Ditto	John Grant	
52	Ditto	Ditto	Joseph Page	
53	Ditto	Ditto	John Hillman	
54	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	
55	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	

Year.	Location.	Freeholders.	Leaseholders.	Occupiers.
34	Fetter Lane -	Dean and Chapter of Westminster	Amherst Welcheson Grenet Paul John Stevenson	Amherst Welcheson.
35	Doitto -	Henry House -	William and James Lowndes and Co.	William and James Lowndes & Co.
36	Doitto -	Charles Corbould	John Kellierias	Deans Garden.
37	Doitto -			Charles Corbould.
38	Doitto -		Henry Evans -	James and Card.
39	Doitto -	Samuel Wright -	John Land -	Thomas Dispick
40	Doitto -	Richard and Geo. Knight, Grocers' Company	R. and G. Knight	Richard and George Knight.
41	Doitto -	Dean and Chapter of Westminster	William Lloyd	William Lloyd.
176	Aldersgate Street	Governors of Chert's Hospital	Robert Fisher	
177	Doitto -	Doitto -	Lawrence Dorgan	Lawrence Dorgan.
178	Doitto -	Doitto -	William Becher	William Becher.
179	Doitto -	Doitto -	William Bruce John Chertle John Newberry Joseph Bryant	John Silvers.
1	Maggie Court	Doitto -	John Chertle -	Thomas Crew.
2	Doitto -	Doitto -	Doitto -	Thomas Crew.
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Cap. xcii.

An Act for draining and improving certain Fen Lands, low Grounds and Marshes, and other Lands and Grounds lying in the Parishes of Wernham, Shouldham, Marham, Middleton, Prinstrey, East Witch and West Balby, in the County of Norfolk. [25th June 1815.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act to enable the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to provide convenient Courts of Justice in and for the said City. [28th June 1815.]

WHEREAS the Sitzings of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, in and for the City of London, are now held in certain Apartments in the Guildhall of the said City, which are inconvenient for these Purposes: And Whereas the Court of Requests is and for the said City is now held in Guildhall Chapel, formerly called The Chapel of Saint Mary Magdalene, or All Saints, situate on the East Side of Guildhall Yard, in the said City, and adjoining on the North West Corner thereof to the Guildhall aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient that convenient Buildings should be provided for the Sitzings of the said Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, in and for the said City, and for a Court of Requests for the said City, and Part of the Sum of Guildhall Chapel aforesaid and Blackwell Hall, on the East Side of Guildhall Yard aforesaid, will be a convenient Situation for the Erection of such Buildings: And Whereas the said Chapel is much decayed, and Divine Service hath not been performed therein for many Years: And Whereas Blackwell Hall aforesaid is a Market for Cloths, and hath been regulated by the several Acts of Parliament hereinafter mentioned; that it is to say, an Act made and passed in the Fourth and Fifth Years of the Reign of King Philip and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act touching the making of Woollen Cloths*; another Act made and passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, intitled *An Act against the deceitful breaking and tearing of Woollen Cloths*; another Act made and passed in the Eighth and Ninth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act to regulate the Market at Blackwell Hall is the Clothers, and for regulating the Factors there*; and another Act made and passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to make an Act of the Trusts of Her late Majesty, intitled An Act for regulating, improving and encouraging of the Woolen Manufacture of mind or woolly Broad Cloths, and for the better Payment of the Poor employed therein, more effectual for the Benefit of Trade in general; and also to render more effectual an Act of the Seventh Year of Her said Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for the better ascertaining the Lengths and Breadths of Woolen Cloths made in the County of York*: And Whereas the said Market at Blackwell Hall hath been entirely discontinued for many Years, and the Warehouses and Buildings belonging thereto are falling into Decay: And Whereas Guildhall Chapel and Blackwell Hall aforesaid, or such Parts thereof as belong to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the said City, together with all other the Markets, Lands and Hereditaments of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, are charged with the Payment of certain heavy Annual Sums of Money towards the Fund called The Orphan's Fund, for Payment of the Orphans and other Creditors of the City of London, by the several Acts of Parliament hereinafter mentioned; that it is to say, an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled *An Act for the Relief of the Orphans and other Creditors of the City of London*; another Act made in the Seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for completing the Bridge cross the River Thames, from Black Friars in the City of London to the opposite Side in the County of Surrey, and the Arches thereon on the London Side; for red-empting the Tolls on the said Bridge and on London Bridge; for rebuilding the Gaol of Newgate in the said City; for repairing the Royal Exchange within the same; for enhancing Part of the North Side of the said River within certain Limits, and for further advancing towards these Purposes the Impostion of Six pence per Chaldron or Ton of Coal or Calk imported into the Port of the said City, established by an Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, and also for carrying on the new Pavements in the City and Liberties of Westminster and Parishes adjacent, and in the Town and Borough of Southwark; and for other Purposes therein mentioned*; Ten other Acts made in the Eighteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, as Common Council aforesaid, to raise upon the Credit of the Surplusage to arise out of a certain Fund, commonly called The Orphan's Fund, the Sum of Forty thousand Pounds, towards the discharging the Debt incurred in rebuilding the Gaol of Newgate and a Prisoner's Hospital, and for completing the said Gaol, and building an Infirmary therein; and after the Purposes therein mentioned*; An Act for applying the Sum of One thousand Pounds, to arise out of the Surplusage of a certain Fund, commonly called The Orphan's Fund, for the Purposes of opening Communications between Wapping Street and Ratcliff Highway, and between Old Greenwich Lane and Virginia Street, within the Parishes of Saint George and Saint John of Wapping, in the County of Middlesex; An Act for applying the Sum of One thousand Five Hundred Pounds, to arise out of the Surplusage of a certain Fund, commonly called The Orphan's Fund, for the Purposes of widening certain Arches leading into Goodenham's Fields, in the County of Middlesex; An Act for applying the Sum of Four thousand Pounds, to arise out of the Surplusage of a certain Fund commonly called The Orphan's Fund, towards completing the Paving of the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey; An Act for authorizing the Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex to sell the present Sighen House for the said County, and for enabling them to build another Sighen House in a more convenient Situation, and to keep the same in Repair, and for applying the Sum of Eleven thousand Pounds (to be borrowed upon the Credit of the Surplusage of a certain Fund, commonly called The Orphan's Fund) towards defraying the Expence of building the said

Purposes to which the Site of the said Market, or any Part thereof, is now subject by virtue of the said Acts of Parliament, or by Law, Prescription or Usage, or otherwise howsoever, shall cease, determine and be utterly void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Corporation empowered to purchase Blackwell Hall.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, and they are hereby empowered, in the Name of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to treat and agree for the Purchase of *Goldsmith Chapel* and *Blackwell Hall* aforesaid, and the Warehouses, Buildings and Hereditaments thereto belonging, and of any Inhabiting Lessee, Tenant, Estate and Interests therein or Charges thereupon, or such Parts thereof respectively (not belonging to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens) as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper.

Bodies Politic, &c. empowered to fill and occupy the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Trustees in Tail or for Life, Husband, Guardians, Trustees, Executors or Administrators, and all other Trustees and Persons whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Citywise Trusts or Wards, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Feme Covert, or other Persons or Persons whatsoever; and to and for all Feme Covert who are or shall be seized, possessed of or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or Interest therein, and to and for all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever who are or shall be seized, or possessed of or interested in or interested in *Goldsmith Chapel* or *Blackwell Hall* aforesaid, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any Term, Estate, Rent Charge or Interest therein, which, or Part of which, by the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall be thought proper to be purchased, to contract for, sell and convey the same, and every or any Part thereof, to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, and that all Contracts, Agreements, Bargains, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances, Acts and Deeds, which shall be made by such Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustees or Trustees, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Persons whatsoever, so contracting or conveying, as aforesaid, are hereby authorized for or in respect of any such Sale which he, she or they, or any of them, shall respectively make by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

Execution made and accepted.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Trustee or Trustees, and other Person or Persons heretofore capacitated to contract for, sell and convey *Goldsmith Chapel* and *Blackwell Hall*, or such Part or Parts thereof, or any such Tenements, Rents, Estates or Interests therein as aforesaid, and any other Owner or Owners thereof, may accept and receive such Satisfaction or Redemption for the Value thereof as shall be agreed upon between them respectively and the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled.

Bargains and Sales to have Force of Fine and Recovery.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of the Estate or Interest of any Feme Covert to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens by Indenture or Indentures of Bargain and Sale, sealed and delivered by such Feme Covert in the Presence of and attested by Two credible Witnesses and duly acknowledged, and to be enrolled in the Court of Hustings of the City of London or in the High Court of Chancery, within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Feme Covert in the Premises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries, would or could do if levied and suffered thereof in due Form of Law; and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatsoever to be made of *Goldsmith Chapel* or *Blackwell Hall* aforesaid, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any Terms, Estate, Rent or Interest therein which shall be purchased or taken by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, and enrolled as aforesaid, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in the Law to all Intents and Purposes as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries whatsoever would have had if levied or suffered by the Bargainer or Bargainers, or any Person or Persons bound of any Estate in Trust for such Bargainer or Bargainers in any legal Manner or Form whatsoever.

Application of Compensation, where necessary to the Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if there shall be any Money to be paid for any Hereditaments or Premises, purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act, which shall belong to any Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert or Citywise Trusts, or to any Person whose Hereditaments are leased on life or other Settlements, or to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all costs and charges paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account there *ex parte* the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way, by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Premises, in the Purchase or Redemption of the Land Tax, or Discharge of any Debt or Debt, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Hereditaments, or Part or Parts thereof, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes, or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and to the same manner as the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or sold as aforesaid, were settled or limited, or each of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undisturbed and capable of taking Effect, and in the mean time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall,

by

by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereon, be levied by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated, or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities, and in the mean time until the Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Profits of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities shall, from time to time, be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, so lawfully directed to be purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlement were made.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if there shall be any Money to be paid for any Hereafter or Premises belonging to any Corporation or any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, which shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and which shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, for the time being, entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands to be paid in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinbefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies making such Option and be approved of by the said Lord Mayor for the time being (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties), in order that such Principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in any manner hereinbefore directed so far as the case be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction and Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That where such Money so to be paid as aforesaid, shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases, the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies, who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Premises so purchased as aforesaid, in such manner as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then such Money shall be paid to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Body or Bodies, Trustee or Trustees, or other Person or Persons entitled to any Hereditaments or Premises to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Use in pursuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in each of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem it reasonable, to be paid by the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, by themselves, their Deputies, Agents, Officers, Servants and Workmen, if so called down, or cause to be called down, Guildhall Chapel aforesaid, and Blackwell Hall aforesaid, or the Warehouse and Buildings thereunto belonging (or such Parts thereof as belong to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or shall be purchased as aforesaid), or such Part thereof respectively, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think necessary or proper to be pulled down.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, by themselves, their Deputies, Agents, Officers, Servants and Workmen, to erect, build and complete on the East Side of Guildhall Yard aforesaid on such Part of the Site of Guildhall Chapel and Blackwell Hall aforesaid belonging to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or to be purchased as aforesaid, as they shall judge most convenient, proper Buildings and Apartments for the Sitings of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas in and for the said City of London, and for a Court of Requests in and for the said City, with necessary and convenient Rooms and Offices thereto respectively, according to such Plan and in such manner as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall judge proper; and also to erect such other Buildings for transacting any Public Business of the said City of London, and to make such Avenues, Ways or Streets, as upon or over the said Sites, or any Part thereof, as to them the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall seem expedient.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Two Monuments or Tombs erected or placed on or against the Walls in Guildhall Chapel aforesaid, shall be removed from the said Chapel into and be placed and fixed in the Parish Church of Saint Lawrence Jewry, in the said City of London, at the Expense of the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, in such manner as the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, or such Person as he shall appoint for that Purpose, shall direct, and that the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall be paid by the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens to and accepted by the Churchwardens of the said Parish of Saint Lawrence Jewry as and for the Fees or Dues for putting up the said Monuments or Tombs in the said Church.

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Application
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Court of Chan-
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Common Council
may order to
pull down
Guildhall Chapel
and Blackwell
Hall

Common Council
may order to
build new
Court of Sessions,
etc. on Site of
Guildhall Chapel
and Blackwell
Hall

Two Monu-
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Pavement and
Walls of Gold-
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XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Stone Pavement or Floor extending all over the internal Part of Goldhill Chapel aforesaid, and the Grave Stones contained therein or lying upon Parts thereof, and also such Parts of the Walls of the said Chapel or the Foundations thereof as lie below the Level of the said Pavement, shall not, nor shall any of them, or any Part thereof respectively, be taken away or removed for the Purpose of digging Foundations or making Drains or Sewers, or any other Cause or Thing whatsoever, it being hereby expressly declared, that the Graves and Vaults under the Pavement of the said Chapel shall not be opened or disturbed, and that all the Works by this Act authorized to be done upon the Site of the said Chapel shall be executed upon, or to or about the said Pavement.

Commons in general
shall be empowered to
order the said
Pavement to be
raised or altered.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, and they are hereby authorized and required at any time or times after the passing of this Act, by a Indenture or Indentures under their Common Seal, to demise and lease in Part or Parts of the Sites of Goldhill Chapel and Blackwall Hall aforesaid, now belonging to the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or to be purchased as aforesaid, which shall not be required for the Purpose aforesaid, or any of them, and which the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think proper to be sold (free and discharged from the said Annual Sums of Money payable thereout towards the Orphans' Fund aforesaid), either altogether or in Parts, to any Person or Persons who shall erect and build, or consent and agree to erect and build on the same, such Houses, Erections and Buildings, of such Rate or Rates, or respective Rates or Classes of Buildings, upon such Sites and Elevation, or respective Sites and Elevations, of such Height or respective Heights, and with such Stables, and to lay out and appropriate such Part of the Premises to be comprised in any such Demise or Lease, as and for a Yard or Yards, Garden or Gardens, to any House or Houses, or other Buildings, or for a Way or Ways, Sewer or Sewers, for the Commencement of the Liffie or Liffies, or other Tenants or Occupiers of the same Premises, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall fix and agree upon, and shall be mentioned in such Demise or Lease respectively, for any Term or Number of Years, to commence within Ninety nine Years from and after the passing of this Act, so as there be referred in every such Demise or Lease such Yearly Rent or Rents to be incident to the immediate Reversion of the Premises therein comprised to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall appear reasonable, so that in every such Demise or Lease there be contained a Covenant for the Payment of the Rent thereby to be referred, and such other Covenants on the Part of the Tenant or Lessee therein to be moved, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, or their Council in the Law shall reasonably advise or require; and also a Clause in the nature of a Condition of Re-entry on Nonpayment of the Rent thereby to be referred by the Space of Thirty one Days, or on Nonperformance of the Covenants therein to be contained on the Part of the Tenant or Lessee, and the Tenant or Lessee shall give such good and sufficient Security for the erecting, finishing and completing of every House, Erection and Building which he shall consent or agree to erect within the time in which he shall have contracted to finish the same, as the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall order and direct.

Commons in general
shall be empowered to
order the said
Pavement to be
raised or altered.

XV. And be it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the Houses, Erections and Buildings, to be erected and built as fully herebefore is mentioned, or any of them, shall be finished and completed, the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall, and they are hereby authorized to sell and dispose of, or cause to be sold and disposed of, the Grounds or Rents to be referred by the Lease or Demise, or Leases or Demises, in pursuance of or in consideration of which the same Houses respectively shall have been erected and built, and also the Reversions and Inheritance thereof, the Fee Simple in Possession (that is to say such Lease or Demise, or Leases or Demises), of the Parts or Portions of Ground therein demised, and such Houses and other Buildings thereon, either altogether or in Parts, by Public Auction or Private Contract, to any Person or Persons, for such Price or Prices, or Sum or Sums of Money, as they the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners, in Common Council assembled, shall think reasonable; and the said Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens shall, and they are hereby empowered and required, at the Request, Costs and Charges of the Purchaser or Purchasers of the same Premises respectively, upon Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed to be given for the same respectively to the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City of London, to convey and assign the Part or Parts of Ground, or Parts or Portions of Ground, so purchased by such Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, together with the Houses, Erections and Buildings then erected and built thereon respectively, and the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof, with the Appurtenances, to the Purchaser or Purchasers respectively, him or their Heirs and Assigns respectively, as he or they respectively shall in that behalf order or direct, free from the Annual Sums payable towards the Orphans' Fund aforesaid, and all other Incumbrances whatsoever (except the Building Lease or Leases to be granted by virtue of this Act); and that upon and after Payment of the Purchase Money of the said Premises respectively into the Chamber of the said City, the Receipt or Receipts in Writing of the Chamberlain of the said City for the time being, or his lawful Deputy or Clerk, shall be sufficient and effectual Discharge, so sufficient and effectual Discharge, as such Purchaser or Purchasers for the Purchase Money in such Receipt or Receipts expressed or acknowledged to be received, and that the Purchaser or Purchasers, to whom the same respectively shall be given, shall not afterwards be inferable or accountable for the Misapplication or Nonapplication, or for any willful neglect to give to the Application of the Money in such Receipt or Receipts respectively acknowledged to be received.

Commons in general
shall be empowered to
order the said
Pavement to be
raised or altered.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commoners in Common Council assembled, shall and may use such of the old Materials of Goldhill Chapel, and of the Workhouses and Buildings of Blackwall Hall, or such Part thereof as aforesaid, to be sold down as aforesaid, in and about the
Erection

Erection of such New Buildings as aforesaid, or shall and may sell, or lease to be sold, all or any Part of such Materials as to them shall here come.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Sums and Sums of Money which shall be received by the said Chamber as for the Sales herebefore directed to be made, and also the Rents (if any) which shall be received from the said Piers or Parcels of Ground so to be demised as aforesaid, or any of them, and the same shall be sold; and also all the Sums and Sums of Money (if any) to arise from the Sale of old Materials as aforesaid, shall be applied to or towards the Erection and Completion of such Buildings, Apartments and Offices as herebefore are mentioned, or to or towards re-embursing the said Mayor and Community and Common the Sums or Sums of Money which they shall have expended in sending, sailing and completing the same Buildings, Apartments and Offices.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, from time to time to appoint One or more Commissioners or Commissioners to manage and transact all or any of the Matters or Purposes which they the said Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, are hereby required to do, execute or perform, which Commissioner or Commissioners, so to be appointed, shall have such or so much of the Powers and Authorities by this Act given to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, as the said Mayor, Aldermen and Common, in Common Council assembled, shall think fit or proper to delegate to such Committee or Committees.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be publicly taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and other Persons without the same being specially printed.

Cap. xciii.

An Act for taking down and rebuilding the Whale or Part of a certain Bridge across the River Tyne, in or near the City of Newcastle, called *Folly Bridge* otherwise *Frier's Bridge*; and for widening the same Bridge, and improving the Approaches thereto.

[For 21 Years, &c. until the 16. year. to be reſold, ſeaver paid off.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act to continue the Terms and amend and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts paſſed for repairing the Road from *Reading* to *Spokenhead* and *Pangfold*, in the County of *Berk*, and other Roads in the said County: (s)

[Additional Traffick. Former Tolls repealed, new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for building a new Church, and alſo a Workhouſe, in the Pariſh of *Barbwich*, in the County of *Samersſet*.

[Saint Mary's in Barbwich.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for improving the Harbour of *Dundee*, in the County of *Ferfer*. (4)

[4th July 1815.]

Cap. xcvi.

An Act to amend an Act of His preſent Majeſty, for building a new Priſon in the City of *London*, and for removing thither Prifoners confined under Civil Proceſſes in the Gaol of *Newgate* and the Two Compties of the ſaid City, and alſo the Priſon of *Ludgate*.

[4th July 1815.]

Cap. xcix.

An Act to repeal the Acts now in force relating to Bread to be ſold in the City of *London* and Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the *Road Exchange*; and to prevent the Adulteration of Meal, Flour and Bread; and to regulate the Weights of Bread within the ſame Limits.

[12th July 1815.]

WHEREAS an Act was paſſed in the Thirty ſiſt Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof*; and to paſſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread: And Whereas an Act was paſſed in the Third Year of the Reign of His ſaid late Majeſty King George the Second, intitled *An Act to amend ſuch* of ſuch of ſuch Acts made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, as relate to the further Paſſing of Perſons paſſing armed or diſſatisfied in Defence of the Lives of Citizens or Kings and in the Relief of the Officers of the Customs on Informations upon Summons; and in appropriate certain Provisions mentioned in an Act made in the ſiſt Year of the ſaid late Majeſty King George the Second, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof and to paſſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread: And Whereas an Act was paſſed in the Third Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the Thirty ſiſt Year of the Reign of His late Majeſty King George the Second*, intitled *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof*, and to paſſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread: And Whereas an Act was paſſed in the

Thirtieth

11 G. 3. c. 40.

12 G. 3. c. 13.

34 G. 3. c. 61.

35 G. 3. c. 33.

37 G. 3. c. 36.

38 G. 3. c. 14.

39 & 40 G. 3.

c. 76.

40 G. 3. (U. K.)

c. 12.

41 G. 3. c. 36.

42 G. 3. c. 14.

repealed as to

within Ten

Miles of the

Royal Exchange.

Act is Bread

abolished.

Bread made of

proper May-

ale, and sold at

fixed Bakers

may think

proper.

No Act shall be

made, which

shall be in

violation of

Bread for Sale.

Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for better regulating the Affairs and making of Bread*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread with respect to the Time within which certain Provisions directed by the said Act are to be brought*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Lord's Day, by Persons carrying the Trade of Bakers*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to permit Bakers to make and sell certain Sorts of Bread*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, so far as the same relates to the Affairs and making of Bread to be sold in the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, so far as the same relates to the Affairs and making of Bread to be sold in the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending several Acts for regulating the Price and Affair of Bread*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of His said present Majesty, to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Thirty first Year of His late Majesty, for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof, and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, so far as the same relates to the Affairs and making of Bread to be sold in the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Thirty first Year of His late Majesty, for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Affair thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, so far as the same relates to the weighing of Bread to be baked and sold within the Weekly Bills of Mortality and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange*: And Whereas it is deemed expedient that the said several recited Acts, so far as the same relate to the City of London and the Liberties thereof, and the Towns and Places within the Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles from the Royal Exchange in the said City of London, should be repealed; and that there shall no longer be an Allowance of Bread, or any Regulations respecting the Price of the same, within the said Limits; and that the Provisions for punishing Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread, or who shall sell Bread deficient in due Weight, shall, so far as respects the City of London, and the Liberties thereof, and the Districts, Towns and Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within the Distance of Ten Miles from the Royal Exchange, and the Bread and Meal Flour made, sold and being therein, be and the same are hereby repealed; and there shall be no longer any Allowance of Bread within the said City, Liberties, Districts, Towns and Places, or any Regulations respecting the Price thereof. (4) [See 36 G. 3. c. 62.]

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever in the said City of London and Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange in the said City, to make, bake, sell and expose for Sale, any Bread made of Flour or Meal of Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, Buck Wheat, Indian Corn, Pease, Beans, Rice, and every other Kind of Grain whatsoever, and Potatoes, or any of them, and with any Common Salt, pure Water, Eggs, Milk, Yeast, Barm, Leaven and Potatoes Yeast, and mixed in such Proportions as the Makers or Sellers of such Bread shall think fit; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof as any waste notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons making, or who shall make Bread for Sale within the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, nor any Journeyman or other Servant of any such Person or Persons so last mentioned, shall at any time or times, in the making of Bread for Sale, put any Allowance or Porportion or

Mixture in which Aleut shall be an Ingredient, or any other Preparation or Mixture of Aleut, into the Dough of such Bread, or in any wife use or mode to be used any Aleut or any other unwholesome Mixture, Ingredient or Thing whatsoever, in the making of such Bread, on any Account, or under any Colour or Pretence whatsoever; upon Pain that every such Person, whether Master or Journeyman, or other Person, who shall knowingly offend in the Premises, shall be convicted of any such Offence, either by law, her or their own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more Writers or Witnesses, shall, on every such Conviction, forfeit and pay any Sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Pounds, or shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of His Majesty or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, be apprehended and committed to the House of Correction, or some Prison of the City, County, Borough or Place where the Offence shall have been committed, or the Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended, there to remain, and be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months from the time of such Commitment, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall think fit and order; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, and he and they in and are hereby required to cause the Offender's Name, Place of Abode and Offence, to be published in some Newspaper which shall be printed or published in or near the City of London, or the Liberty of Westminster, and to deliver the Expresses of publishing the same out of the Money to be forfeited as last mentioned, if any shall be so convicted and shall be paid or recovered.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall knowingly put into any Corn, Meal or Flour, which shall be ground, drilled, bolsted or manufactured for Sale in the said City of London or Liberties thereof, or within the said Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles from the said Royal Exchange, either at the time of grinding, dressing, bolting or in any wife manufacturing the same, or at any other time or times, any Ingredient, Mixture or thing which is or shall knowingly be, offer or expose to or for Sale, any Meal or Flour of one Sort of Grain as for the Meal or Flour of any other Sort of Grain, or any thing as for or mixed with the Meal or Flour of any Grain, which shall not be the real and genuine Meal or Flour of the Grain the same shall import to be and ought to be; upon Pain that every Person who shall offend in the Premises, and shall be thereof convicted as manner hereinafter preferred, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall think fit and order.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Loaf of every Sort of Bread, made of the Meal or Flour of any other Grain than Wheat, which shall be made for Sale, or be sold, carried out, offered or exposed in any wife to or for Sale within the said City or the Liberties thereof, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles of the said Royal Exchange, shall be marked with a larger Roman M; and that every Person who shall make for Sale, sell, offer or expose to or for Sale, any Loaf of any such Sort of Bread which shall be made of the Meal or Flour of any other Grain than Wheat, which shall not be marked as herebefore directed, shall for every time he, she or they shall be thereof convicted in the Premises, and be thereof convicted in manner hereinafter directed, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Loaf of such Bread which shall not be so marked as herebefore is directed, as the Justice or Justices before whom any such Person shall be convicted, shall from time to time adjudge.

VI. And be it also enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, and also for any Peace Officer or Peace Officers, authorized by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of His Majesty or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, or any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, in and are hereby empowered to grant at severable times, in the Day-time, to enter into any House, Mill, Shop, Stall, Bakehouse, Boilinghouse, Pasty Warehouse, Out-house or Ground, or belonging to any Miller, Mealman or Baker, or other Person who shall grind Grain, or dress or bake Meal or Flour, or make Bread for Retail or Sale within the said City or Liberties, or Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles of the said Royal Exchange, and to take with him or them to his or their Assistance One or more Master Miller, Mealman or Baker, or Millers, Mealmen or Bakers, and to Search or examine whether any Mixture, Ingredient or Thing, not the genuine Produce of the Grain such Meal or Flour in the Possession of such Miller, Mealman or Baker, either by hand or put into any Meal or Flour in the Possession of such Miller, Mealman or Baker, either in the grinding of any Grain at the Mill, or in the dressing, bolting or manufacturing thereof, whereby the Party of any Meal or Flour is or shall be in any wife adulterated, or whether any Aleut or any other Ingredient shall have been mixed up with or put into any Dough or Bread in the Possession of any such Baker or other Person, whereby any such Dough or Bread is or shall be in any wife adulterated; and also to Search for Aleut or any other Ingredient which may be intended to be used in or for any such Adulteration or Mixture; and if on any such Search it shall appear that any such Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread, so found, shall have been so adulterated by the Person to whose Possession it shall then be, or any Aleut or other Ingredient shall be found, which shall then to have been deposited there in order to be used in the Adulteration of Meal, Flour or Bread; then and in every such case, it shall be lawful for every such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Officer or Officers authorized as aforesaid, respectively within the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions, to seize and take any Meal, Flour, Dough or Bread, which shall be found in any such Search, and deemed to have been adulterated, and all Aleut and other Ingredients and Mixtures which shall be found and deemed to have been used or intended to be used in or for any such Adulteration as aforesaid; and such Part thereof as shall be seized by any Peace Officer or Officers authorized as aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after Seizure, be carried by some Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, within the Limits of whose Jurisdiction the same shall have been so found; and if any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, who shall make any such Seizure in pursuance of this Act, or to whom any thing so seized under the

Penalty.

Magistrate or

Adulterating
Corn, &c. who-
ever is guilty of
conviction, &c. in
selling Meal, &c.
of one Sort of
Grain for an-
other Sort.

Penalty.

Loaves made of
Meal of any
other Grain than
Wheat, marked
with lesser M.

Penalty.

Magistrates, or
Peace Officers
by their War-
rants, any
such Baker,
Mealman, and if
any adulterated
Meal, &c. found,
it may be seized
and deposited.

Authority

Authority of this Act shall be brought, shall adjudge that any such Meat, Flour, Dough or Bread so seized, shall have been adulterated by any unwholesome or improper Mixture or Ingredient put therein, or shall adjudge that any such Meat or other Ingredient or Mixture so found as aforesaid shall have been deposited or kept where so found, for the Purpose of adulterating Meat, Flour or Bread; then and in any such case, every such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, is and are hereby required, within the Limits of their respective Jurisdiction, to dispose of the same, as he or they in his or their Discretion shall from time to time think proper.

Persons in which
Provision shall be
found any Ingre-
dient for adu-
lterating Meat, &c.

Proviso.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Miller, Moulder or Baker, within the said City or Liberties, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, in whole House, Mill, Shop, Still, Bakehouse, Bakinghouse, Pastry Warehouse, Out-house, Ground or Pothole, any Ale or other Ingredient or Mixture shall be found, which shall after due Examination be adjudged by any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace, to have been deposited there for the Purpose of being used in adulterating Meat, Flour or Bread, shall, on being convicted of any such Offence, either by his, her or their own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, forfeit and pay on every such Conviction any Sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Pounds, or shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, be apprehended and committed to the House of Correction, or some Prison of the City, County or Place, where the Offence shall have been committed, or the Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months from the time of such Conviction, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall think fit and order (unless the Party or Parties charged with any such Offence shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, who shall find or have any such Ale or other Ingredient or Mixture, or before whom the same shall be brought, that such Ale or other Ingredient or Mixture was not nor were brought or lodged where the same was or were found or seized, with any Design or Intention to have been put into any Meat, Flour or Bread, or to have adulterated therewith the Pastry of any Meat, Flour or Bread, but that the same was or were in the Place or Places in which the same shall have been found or seized as aforesaid, for some other lawful Purpose); and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender shall be convicted, and he and they is and are hereby required to cause the Offender's Name, Place of Abode and Office, to be published in some Newspaper which shall be printed or published in or near the City of London, and to defray the Expence of publishing the same out of the Money to be forfeited as last mentioned, if any shall be so convicted, and shall be paid or recovered.

Magistrate or
Magistrates, Jus-
tice or Justices, or
any one of them
may cause to be
seized any such
Offender.

Proviso.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully obstruct or hinder any such Search as herebefore is authorized to be made, or the Service of any Meat, Flour, Dough or Bread, or of any Ale or other Ingredient or Mixture which shall be found on any such Search, and desired to have been lodged with an Intent to adulterate the Pastry or Wholesomeness of any Meat, Flour, Dough or Bread, or shall wilfully oppose or resist any such Search being made, or the carrying away any such Ale or other Ingredient or Mixture as aforesaid, or any Meat, Flour, Dough or Bread, which shall be found as being adulterated, or as not being made pursuant to this Act, he, she or they so doing or offending in any of the said last aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, on being convicted thereof, forfeit and pay such Sum not exceeding Two Pounds, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall think fit and order: Provided also, that if any Person making or who shall make Bread for Sale within the City of London, or the Liberties thereof, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall at any time make Complaint to any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices of the Peace within his or their Jurisdiction, and make appear to him or them by the Oath of any credible Witness, that any Offence which such Person shall have been charged with, and for which he or she shall have incurred and paid any Proviso under this Act, shall have been committed by or through the wilful Act, Neglect or Default of any Journeyman or other Servant employed by or under such Person for making Com-plaint, then and in any such case any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, may send or are hereby required to take out his or their Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or respective Hands and Seals, for bringing any such Journeyman or Servant before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, or any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace sitting in and for the City, County, Division or Place where the Offender can be found; and to any such Journeyman or Servant bring thenceforward apprehended and brought before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, he or she, within his or their respective Jurisdiction, is and are hereby authorized and required to examine into the Matter of such Complaint, and on Proof thereof upon Oath to the Satisfaction of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice of the Peace, who shall hear such Complaint, give any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, is and are hereby directed and authorized, by any Order under his or their respective Hand or Hands to adjudge and order what reasonable Sum of Money shall be paid by any such Journeyman or Servant to his Master or Mistress, or by way of Recompense to him or her for the Money he or she shall have paid by reason of the wilful Act, Neglect or Default of any such Journeyman or Servant; and if any such Journeyman or Servant shall neglect or refuse, on his Conviction, to make immediate Payment of the Sum of Money which any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, shall order him to pay by reason of such his said wilful Neglect or Default, then any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, within his or their respective Jurisdiction, is and are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to cause such Journeyman or Servant to be apprehended and committed to the House of Correction, or some other Prison of the City, County, Division or Place in which such Journey-

Journeyman or Servant shall be apprehended or convicted, to be there kept to bond Labour for any time exceeding Six Months from the time of such Conviction, as to such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall seem reasonable, unless Payment shall be made of the Money ordered, after such Conviction, and before the Expiration of the said Term of Six Months.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the several Leases hereafter mentioned, of every Sort of Bread which shall be made for Sale, within the said Cities of London, and the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall always weigh, in Avoirdupois Weight, as follows: that is to say, every Peck Loaf shall weigh Sixteen Pounds Six Ounces; every Half Peck, Eight Pounds Eleven Ounces; every Quarter Peck Loaf, Four Pounds Five Ounces and Half an Ounce; every Half quart of a Peck Loaf, Two Pounds Two Ounces and Three Quarters of an Ounce; and every Pound Loaf, Sixteen Ounces; and that every Baker or Seller of Bread shall cause to be fixed in some convenient Place of his or her Shop, a Scale and Scales with proper Weights; and that any Person or Persons who may purchase any Bread at any such Baker or Seller of Bread, may, if he, she or they shall think proper, require the same to be weighed in his, her or their Presence.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Baker or Seller of Bread within the City of London and Liberties thereof, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality and Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, who shall weigh in his such Beam and Scales in some convenient Part of his or her Shop; or to provide and keep for Use proper Weights, or whose Weights shall be deficient in their due Weight; or who shall refuse to weigh any Bread purchased in his, her or their Shop, in the Presence of the Party or Parties requiring the same; he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, as the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be examined, shall think fit.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Baker or Seller of Bread within the City of London and the Liberties thereof, within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and within Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, who shall sell or offer for Sale any Bread in his, her or their Shop, or who shall deliver any Bread to any Customer or Customers, deficient in its due Weight according to the Weight of the several Leases as are heretofore directed respectively to weigh, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings for every Ounce deficient in Weight, and so in Proportion for any Quantity less than an Ounce, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be examined, shall think fit: Provided always, that no Baker or Seller of Bread shall be liable for any Deficiency in the Weight of any Bread, unless the same shall be weighed, and the Deficiency of the Weight thereof ascertained, within Twenty-four Hours next following the time of the same having been baked; and that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to extend or to include such Bread as is usually made and sold under the Denomination of French or Fancy Bread or Rolls.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Master, Mistress, Journeyman or other Person respectively concerned or employed in the Trade or Calling of a Baker within the City of London or Liberties thereof, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or Ten Miles of the Royal Exchange, shall on the Lord's Day or on any Part thereof, make or bake any Bread, Rolls or Cakes, of any Sort or Kind; or shall, on any Part of the said Day, excepting between the Hours of Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon and Two of the Clock in the Afternoon (a), as any Provisions whatsoever, sell or expose to Sale, or present or suffer to be sold or exposed to Sale any Bread, Rolls or Cakes of any Sort or Kind; or bake or deliver, or present or suffer to be baked or delivered any Meat, Pudding, Pie, Tart or Victuals, except as hereinafter is excepted; or in any other manner exercise the Trade or Calling of a Baker, or be engaged or employed in the Baking or Occupation thereof, save and except in far as may be necessary in setting and superintending the Sponge to prepare the Bread or Dough for the following Day's baking; and every Person offending against the last mentioned Regulations, or any One or more of them, or making any Sale or Delivery hereby allowed between the Hours aforesaid, otherwise than within the Bakehouse or Shop, and being thereof convicted before any Justice of the Peace of the City, County or Place, where the Offence shall be committed, within Six Days from the Conviction thereof, either upon the View of such Justice, or on Confession by the Party, or Proof by One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit, pay and undergo the Penalties, Fines and Punishments hereafter mentioned; that is to say, for the First Offence the Penalty of Ten Shillings, for the Second Offence the Penalty of Twenty Shillings, and for the Third and every subsequent Offence respectively the Penalty of Forty Shillings, and shall moreover upon every such Conviction bear and pay the Costs and Expenses of the Prosecutions; such Costs and Expenses to be assessed, settled and ascertained by the Justice convicting; and the Amount thereof, together with such Part of the Penalty as such Justice shall think proper to be allowed to the Prosecutors or Prosecutors for loss of Time in waiting and following up the Prosecution, at a Rate not exceeding Three Shillings per Diem, and to be paid to the Prosecutors or Prosecutors by him, her and their own Use and Benefit; and the Residue of such Penalty to be paid to such Justice, and within Seven Days after his Receipt thereof to be transmitted by him to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Parish or Parishes where the Offence shall be committed, to be applied for the Benefit of the Poor thereof; and in case the whole Amount of the Penalty and of the Costs and Expenses aforesaid, be not paid within Five Days after Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, such Justice shall and may by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, direct the same to be raised and levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattle of the Offender or Offenders, and in Default or Inobedience of such Distress, commit the Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, on a First Offence for the Space of Seven Days, for a Second Offence for the Space of Fourteen Days, and on a Third or any subsequent Offence for the Space of One Month, unless the whole of the Penalty, Costs and Expenses be sooner paid and discharged: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for every Master or Mistress Baker, residing within the Limits aforesaid, to deliver to his or her Customers on the Lord's Day, any

33 Geo. III.

all Half past
Two on Sunday.
No Milder,
for as all as
a Justice in the
Execution of
Act.

All Off
and the Act
may be, and
is a felony
way by which
may be in
their respective
Jurisdiction.

Each.

Penalty may be
levied by District
and Sale.

Distress.

For want of Dis-
tress, the Off-
ender is liable
to be taken up
by the Magistrate
or Justice, and
to be committed
to the House of
Detention.

Power to take
any Milder or
Indulgent, and
to compel Ap-
pearance.

Bakers until Half as Hour past Two of the Clock in the Afternoon of that Day (a), without incurring or being liable to any of the Penalties in this Act contained.

(a) [See 34 G. 3. c. 61. s. 2.]

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall follow or be concerned in the Business of a Miller, Millman or Baker, shall be capable of sitting, or shall be allowed to sit as a Justice of the Peace under this Act, or in putting in Execution any of the Powers to or by this Act granted; and if any Miller, Millman or Baker, shall refuse so to do, be or try to offend in the Premises, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person or Persons who will inform or sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, wherein an Oath, Waiver of Law, or more than One Imprehens shall be allowed.

XIV. And, for the better and more easy Recovery of the several Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred by Disobedience to this Act, and the Powers herein contained, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City of London for the time being, or any Alderman of the said City, within the said City or the Liberties thereof, and so and for any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or any One of them, within their respective Counties, Divisions, Cities, Towns Corporate, Liberties or Jurisdictions, within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or Two Miles of the Royal Exchange, to hear and determine, in a summary Way, all Offences committed against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and for that Purpose to summon before them, or any of them, within their respective Jurisdictions, any Party or Parties accused of being an Offender or Offenders against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and in case the Party accused shall not appear on such Summons, or offer some reasonable Excuse for his Default, then, upon Oath by any credible Witness, of any Offence committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall issue his or their Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Offender or Offenders within the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices; and upon the Appearance of the Party or Parties accused, or in case he, she or they shall not appear, or Notice being given to or left for him, her or them at his, her or their usual Place of Abode, or if he or they cannot be apprehended on a Warrant granted against him, her or them as heretofore is directed, then and in any such case any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is and are hereby authorized and required to proceed to make Inquiry touching the Matters complained of, and to examine any Witness or Witnesses who shall be offered on either Side, on Oath as aforesaid, and which Oath every such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is and are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer; and after hearing the Parties who shall appear, and the Witnesses who shall be offered on either Side, such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall commit or acquit the Party or Parties accused; and if the Penalty or Money forfeited on any such Conviction shall not be paid within the Space of Twenty four Hours after any such Conviction, every such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall thereupon issue a Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals respectively, directed to any Peace Officer or Officers within their respective Jurisdictions, and thereby require him or them to make Distress of the Goods or Chattels of the Offender or Offenders within such their respective Jurisdictions, to satisfy such Penalty or Money forfeited and the Costs of the Prosecution and Defence; and if any Offender should convey away his Goods out of the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justice, before whom he was convicted, or so much thereof that the Penalty or Money forfeited cannot be levied, then some Magistrate or Justice within whose Jurisdiction the Offender shall have removed his Goods, shall back the Warrant granted by any such Magistrate or Justice, Magistrate or Justices as aforesaid, and thereupon the Penalty forfeited shall be levied as the Offender's Goods and Chattels by Distress and Sale thereof; and if within Five Days from the Distress being taken, the Penalty or Money forfeited and Costs shall not be paid, the Goods seized shall be appraised and sold, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of the Prosecution, Distress and Sale, to the Owner or Owners thereof, which Charges shall be administered by the Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall have been convicted, or by the Magistrate or Justice who backed the Warrant, if either of them shall continue alive, and if not by some other Magistrate or Justice of the City, County, Division or Place, in which the Offender shall have been convicted, an Application for that Purpose to be made to any such Justice; and for want of such Distress, then every such Magistrate or Justice, within whose respective Jurisdiction any such Offender or Offenders shall reside or be, shall, on the Application of any Prosecutor or Prosecutors, and Proof on Oath made of the Conviction and Nonpayment of the Penalty and Charges, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, commit every such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the City, County, Division or Place, where such Offender or Offenders shall be found there to remain for the Space of One Calendar Month from the time of such Commitment; unless after such Commitment Payment shall be made of the said Penalty or Forfeitures, and Costs and Charges, before the Expiration of the said One Calendar Month; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered shall be paid to the Informer.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if it shall be made out by the Oath of any credible Person or Persons, to the Satisfaction of any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, that any one within the Jurisdiction of any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is likely to give or offer material Testimony on behalf of the Prosecutor if any Offender or Offenders against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or on behalf of the Person or Persons accused, and will not voluntarily appear before such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is to be summoned, and give his, her or their Evidence concerning the Premises, every such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, is and are hereby authorized and required to issue his or their Summons to compare every such Witness and Witnesses before any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, at such reasonable times as in such Summons shall be fixed, and if any Person so summoned shall neglect or refuse to appear

Days of the
Session. Agreed
may thus be
made in the fol-
lowing manner.

I Inform of
Access.

26 G. 3. c. 44.
extended to
Magistrates, &c.
sitting under
Authority of
Act.
Access.

General Issue.

Defendant not
willing to be
allowed his Costs.

Plaintiff not
willing to be
allowed his Costs.

General Issue.

Troble Costs.

Limitation of
Actions.
Persons covered
up under the
Act not liable to
sue for Protection.
Application of
Fines.

Provision for
Rights and Priv-
ileges of City of
London, &c.

Division, Town Corporate, Borough or Place where such Commissions shall have been made, then the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved by any such Commission, shall and may, on moving into a Recognizance in answer and for the Purposes before directed, be at Liberty to appeal either to the then next or next following General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for any such County, Division, City, Town Corporate, Borough, Liberty or Place where any such Commission shall have been made.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Action or Suit which shall be brought or commenced against any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, or any Peace Officer or Officers, for any Manner or Thing done or committed by virtue of or under this Act, shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid or brought in the City, County or Place, where the Matter in dispute shall arise, and not elsewhere; and that the Statute made in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intitled *An Act for rendering Justice in the Peace more safe in the Execution of their Office, and for indemnifying Constables and others acting in Obedience to their Warrants*, in far as the said Act relates to the rendering the Justices more safe in the Execution of their Office, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Magistrate and Magistrates, Justice and Justices of the Peace, sitting under the Authority or in pursuance of this Act; and that no Action or Suit shall be laid or commenced against, nor shall any Writ be issued out or Copy of any Writ be served upon any Peace Officer or Officers for any thing done to the Execution of this Act, until Seven Days after a Notice in Writing shall have been given to or left for him or them at his or their usual Place of Abode, by the Attorney for the Party intending to commence such Action, which Notice in Writing shall contain the Name and Place of Abode of the Person intending to bring such Action, and also of his Attorney, and likewise the Cause of Action or Complaint; and any Peace Officer or Officers shall be at Liberty, and may, by virtue of this Act, at any time within Seven Days after any such Notice shall have been given to or left for him, tender or cause to be tendered any Sum or Sums of Money in Answer for the Injury complained of, to the Party complaining or to the Attorney named in such Notice; and if the same is not accepted of, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Actions may plead such Tender in Bar of such Action or Actions, together with the General Issue, or any other Plea, with Leave of the Court in which the Action shall be commenced; and if upon Issue joined on such Tender, the Jury shall find the Amounts tendered to have been sufficient, they shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and in every such case, or if the Plaintiff shall become Nonest, or discontinue his Action, or if Judgment shall be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer, or if any Action or Suit shall be brought after the time limited by this Act for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than an aforesaid, then and in every such case the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants, and the Defendant or Defendants shall be entitled to his or their Costs; but if the Jury shall find that no such Tender was made, or that the Amounts tendered were not sufficient, or shall find against the Defendant or Defendants, or any Plea, or Pleas by him or them pleaded, they shall then give a Verdict for the Plaintiff, and such Damages as they shall think proper, and the Plaintiff shall thereupon recover his Costs against every such Defendant or Defendants.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any other Person or Persons than a Justice or other Peace Officer, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be true, then, or if a Verdict shall be awarded for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon a Verdict or Demurrer, against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action shall and may recover Trouble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other cases by Law, for the Recovery of his, her or their Costs.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it likewise enacted, That no Person shall be convicted of any Offence under this Act, unless the Information is made for such Commission shall be exhibited within Fourteen Days after the Offence committed, except in cases of Perjury; and that no Person who shall be prosecuted to Conviction for any Offence done or committed against this Act, shall be liable to be prosecuted for the same Offence under any other Law.

XXIV. And be it also enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted, and the Application of which is not heretofore directed, shall, when recovered or paid, go and be disposed of in manner following, that is to say, One Moiety thereof, where any Offender or Offenders shall be convicted either by him, her or their Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, shall go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall inform against and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender or Offenders; and the other Moiety thereof, or in case there be no such Person informing, then the whole thereof shall go and be paid or applied to or for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed, or the Party convicted, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, shall in his or their Discretion think fit.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act, or any thing herein contained shall not extend, or be construed to extend, in any way to affect, lessen or infringe upon the Rights and Privileges of the City of London, or of the Worshipful Company of Bakers of the said City, or of the Worshipful Company of the said City; or of the City or Liberties of Westminster; or Borough of Southwark; or any Right or Custom of any Lord or Lords of any Town; or the Rights of any Clerk or Clerks of the Market in any Place, which may be exercised and enjoyed by them, or any of them, by virtue of any Charters, By-

Laws,

Laws, Privileges, Offices, Customs, Privileges, Grants or Acts of Parliament (except so far as relates to the Affairs of India, and the Regulations of the Price and Weight thereof) ; but that all such Rights and Privileges shall be held, exercised and enjoyed by the Parties respectively entitled thereto, as fully and amply, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same were held, exercised and enjoyed before the passing of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and immediately after the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others without being specially pleaded.

Cap. c.

An Act for draining and allotting Ground, in the County of Oxford.

[18th July 1815.]

* Allotment and Compensation for Tithes, § 35.

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N. B. *To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause in the Form following :*

" And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof, by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ayscoughthorpe* otherwise *Ancrothorpe*, in the County of *Buckingham* and *Marston*. [23d March 1815.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Bladenham* *cum* *Upson*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [23d March 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Tithes, § 25.

Cap. 3.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hydon*, in the County of *Essex*. [23d March 1815.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Swallowfield*, in the County of *Hertford*. [23d March 1815.]

Cap. 5.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Tything of *Healey*, in the Parish of *Fatch*, in the County of *Southampton*. [23d March 1815.]

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Warcop*, in the County of *Westmorland*. [2d May 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Tithes, § 19, 20, 21, 22.

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stoke* *next* *Nayland*, *Nayland*, *Wylton* otherwise *Wylington*, *Affington* and *Puffton*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [2d May 1815.]

" *Vicar of Wylton* otherwise *Wylington* not to grant Leases of Lands within Curfew of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as Parson of the said Vicarage, § 34.

Cap. 8.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Densby*, in the County of *Shropshire*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Manby*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [2d May 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Tithes, § 24.

Cap. 10.

An Act for inclosing certain Tenements or Parcels of Messuages, Cottages or Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Township of *Caton*, in the Parish of *Loughborough*, in the County Palatine of *Lancashire*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. 11.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Redgrave*, and Hamlet of *Stitchfield*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [2d May 1815.]

Cap. 12.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Richughall Superior, Richughall Inferior and Hindersley*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 13.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylton Market*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 14.

An Act for vesting Part of the Residuary Estate of *Hannah Joseph Widon* deceased, in Trustees upon Trust to sell and dispose of the same, and to lay out the Money arising therefrom in the Purchase of other Households to be settled in lieu thereof to the same Uses. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 15.

An Act for vesting the Fee Simple of certain Pieces or Parcels of Ground, Meadows and other Hereditaments, Situate in the Parish of *Saint Mary le Strand* otherwise *Strand otherwise Sany*, formerly the Estate of *James Ayscough* deceased, in Trustees, upon the Trusts in an Instrument of Release of the Twentieth Day of *December* One thousand seven hundred and thirty five declared concerning the same Hereditaments. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 16.

An Act for inclosing divers Tracts or Parcels of Moor, Common or Waste Grounds, within the Parish of *Beacons in Kentish*, in the several Counties of *Wiltshire and Lancashire*, and for converting the same into Situated Pasture. [12th May 1815.]

" Allowances and Compensation for Tithes, § 29. 31. 32. 33.

Cap. 17.

An Act for dividing and allotting certain Lands and Grounds within the several Townships of *Beacons, Eglon, Harrow, Newfield and West*, in the Parish of *St. Mary le Strand*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 18.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of *Shilby*, in the Parish of *Bradford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 19.

An Act for inclosing, and excutting from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of *Griffith*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 20.

An Act for inclosing, and excutting from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of *Bradford*, in the County of *York*. [12th May 1815.]

" Allowance to His Majesty, § 21. Allowances and Compensation for Tithes, § 24. Extent of Award containing Description of Allowances to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to be sent to Clerk of the Council of His Majesty's Duchy of *Lancashire*, § 47.

Cap. 21.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Droghda*, in the County of *Durham*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 22.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Shilby*, in the County of *York*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 23.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Brempton, Wals upon Dearne and Swinton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 24.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *St. Mary le Strand* otherwise *Newfield*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap. 25.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Coggeshall*, in the County of *Durham*. [12th May 1815.]

Cap.

Cap. 26.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *South Rauceux* and *Holker* otherwise *Rauceux Holm*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
[12th May 1815.]

Cap. 27.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Appletonwick*, in the Parish of *Sutton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[12th May 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Taxes, § 18. 31.

Cap. 28.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stilveston* and *Trenthridge*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[12th May 1815.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Myddleton* otherwise *Myddleton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[12th May 1815.]

Cap. 30.

24 G. 3. c. 108. An Act for inclosing the *Mary Common* otherwise *St Mary's*, in the Parish of *Almondbury*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
[12th May 1815.]

Cap. 31.

An Act for inclosing *Hornich Moor*, in the Parish of *Don*, in the County Palatine of *Lincoln*.
[13th May 1815.]

Cap. 32.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Stonfield*, in the Parish of *Halifax*, in the County of *York*.
[13th May 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Taxes, § 26. Vicar of *Halifax* not to lose Lands without Consent of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors as Patron of the said Vicarage, and of the Archbishop of *York* for the time being, § 29. His Majesty's Right to Taxes not affected, § 33.

Cap. 33.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Lordship of *Widleyfield*, in the County of *Westmorland*.
[13th May 1815.]

Cap. 34.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Ramsworth*, and Parish of *Don*, in the County Palatine of *Lincoln*.
[13th May 1815.]

Cap. 35.

An Act for inclosing *Widened Common*, in the Parish of *Ecchingham*, in the County of *York*.
[13th May 1815.]

Cap. 36.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Thirsk*, in the Parish of *Thirsk*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[13th May 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensations for Taxes, § 27.

Cap. 37.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Langcliffe* and *Lindley* *Newborough*, in the County of *Derbyshire*.
[13th May 1815.]

" Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues, to appoint Assistant Commissioners, § 5. Allotment to His Majesty, § 28.
" Commissioner to make Extract of Award containing Description of Allotment to His Majesty, and Map of Each Allotment, and transmit same to Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, &c. or Surveyor General
" of His Majesty's Land Revenues, § 29. His Majesty's Allotment may be sold before or after Execution
" of Award, § 30. Proviso for His Majesty's Right to Mines, &c. § 33.

Cap. 38.

An Act to carry into Effect the Contracts made for the Sale of certain Parts of the Estates of the Most Noble *Henry Prince Duke of Newcastle*, in the Parish of *St James's Church*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and to supply the Defects occasioned by the Loss of the Conveyances thereof to the Purchasers.
[7th June 1815.]

Cap.

Cap. 39.

An Act for vesting Part of the feued Estates, in the County of *Somerset*, of *Sir Henry Sturrock* Baronet, in Trustees upon Trust, to be sold, and for vesting the Purchase Monies in the Purchase of Estates to be feued to the former Uses; and for enabling the Trustees to convey in making a Partition of such of the same Estates as are now held by *Sir Henry Sturrock* and other Parties in undivided Shares.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 40.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township of *Sutton*, in the Parish of *Kildwick*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 41.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Hutton Ross*, in the Parish of *Kirkby Lougdale*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 42.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Broadfield*, in the County of *Derby*.

[7th June 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes, § 26, 27, 28, 29.

Cap. 43.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Horshambury*, in the Parish of *Horshambury*, in the County of *Worcester*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 44.

An Act for inclosing Lands in *Scampton*, in the County of *Derby*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 45.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Blindingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 46.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Affon Rogers* and *Grand*, in the County of *Salop*.

[7th June 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes, § 23.

Cap. 47.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Marbleham*, in the Parish of *Marbleham*, in the County of *Devon*.

[7th June 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes, § 23, 26.

Cap. 48.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Great Chelworth* and *Little Chelworth*, in the Parishes of *Cricklade Saint Sampson* and *Cricklade Saint Mary*, in the County of *Wilt*.

[7th June 1815.]

Cap. 49.

An Act for inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds within the Parish of *Widford*, in the County of *Wiltshire*.

[7th June 1815.]

" Allotments and Compensation for Tithes, § 44, 49.

Cap. 50.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Uppe Looch*, in the County of *Wilt*.

[14th June 1815.]

Cap. 51.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Stoke otherwise Stoke Ferry*, *Wymon*, *Wymon* and *Hanley* of *Wimbold*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

[14th June 1815.]

Cap. 52.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty for inclosing and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Lordship of *North Erpby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

[14th June 1815.]

Cap. 59.

An Act for empowering the Trustees under the Will of *James M'Nair Esquire* deceased, to effect a Partition of the Estates when of undivided Shares were devised by such Will. [22d June 1815.]

Cap. 54.

An Act to enable the Devises in Trust and Executors named in the Will of *William Nass Esquire* deceased, to grant Leases of his Residuary Leasehold Estates. [22d June 1815.]

Cap. 55.

An Act for dividing and allocating the Common or Community of the Towns of *Falkland*, in the Parish of *Falkland* and *Strathbogie* in the County of *Forfar*. [18th June 1815.]

Cap. 56.

See 43 G. 3.
c. 15k.
4th G. 3. c. 79.

An Act for enabling the Sale of all or any Part of the Stocks already transferred in Redemption of Part of the Annuity of Six thousand eight hundred and twenty Pounds, payable out of the Consolidated Fund, in lieu of the Duties of Postage and Balliage of Wines, granted by King Charles the Second to *Henry first Duke of Grafton*, and the Heirs Male of his Body, and the Stocks which shall be transferred in Redemption of the Remainder of the same Annuity, and issuing the Money arising from any such Sale in the Purchase of Manors, Lands and Hereditaments, and for other Purposes. [4th July 1815.]

Cap. 57.

See 42 G. 3.
c. 12k.

An Act for selling the Glebe Lands belonging to the Rectory of *Burton*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trust for Sale; and for applying the net Monies thence arising, in providing a Parsonage House for the said Rectory, and in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled and awarded thereto. [4th July 1815.]

Cap. 58.

An Act for selling certain Hereditaments devised by the Will of *Thomas Ship Dyer Bucknell Esquire* deceased, called *The Dyer Estate*, in Trust for Sale, to sell the same; and to lay out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [4th July 1815.]

Cap. 59.

An Act for selling the Vicarage and Rectory of *Bishopscote*, in the County of *Wilt*, and within the Diocese of *Salisbury*, into one Rectory, with Cure of Souls. [6th July 1815.]

Cap. 60.

See 45 G. 3.
c. 12k.

An Act for consecrating certain Tithes in the Manor of *Shrewsbury*, in the Parish of *St. Mary*, in the County of *Worcestershire*, from the Payment of Four several Annuities, and from the Repairs of the Chapel of *Shrewsbury*; and for charging Freehold Lands and the Tithes thereof within the same Manor with the future Payment of the said Annuities, and with the said Repairs. [6th July 1815.]

Cap. 61.

See 46 G. 3.
c. 10k.

An Act to enable the Lord Bishop of *Worcester* to grant Leases of Lands allotted to him under an Act of the Fifth Year of his present Majesty, for disafforesting the Forest of *Stow* otherwise *Escl* *Stow* otherwise *Escl*, in the County of *Staffordshire*; and for inclosing the open Commonable Lands within the said Forest. [6th July 1815.]

Cap. 62.

An Act for selling Part of the settled Estates of *Sir Francis Bagnall Baronet*, in Trust for Sale, and for applying the Proceeds in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. [6th July 1815.]

Cap. 63.

An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Settled Estates of *Ann Powell Widow*, and *Edmund Perry*; and for laying out the Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the former Uses. [6th July 1815.]

Cap. 64.

An Act for enabling *Nathaniel Bishop Esquire*, to carry into Execution certain Articles of Agreement for a Building Lease of a Part of his settled Estate in the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen*, in the County of *Middlesex*, entered into by him with *Robert Clerk Gentleman*, and *Henry Richardson Gentleman*. [6th July 1815.]

Cap.

Cap. 65.

An Act for exchanging certain Fee Simple Estates of the Reverend John Dampier Clerk, in the County of *Somerset*, for certain Rented Estates of the said John Dampier and Mary Charlotte his Wife, in the same County. [16th July 1815.]

Cap. 66.

An Act for effectuating an Agreement for Sale of Part of the Globe Lands belonging to the Rector of the Parish Church of *Clifton*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Use of the Royal Military Asylum. [11th July 1815.]

Cap. 67.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Chilston Saint Mary* and *Chilston All Saints*, in the County of *Nile*, and for repealing an Act passed in the Reign of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Chilston Saint Mary*, in the County of *Nile*. [11th July 1815.]

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Cap. 68.

An Act for enlarging and repairing the Parish Churches of *Eggl* and *Wyl Twymouth*, in the County of *Devon*; and for authorising the Sale of certain Hereditaments in *Eggl* and *Wyl Twymouth*, *Glinton*, and *Higdon*, in the said County; and for discharging the Expenses to be occasioned thereby. [12th July 1815.]

Cap. 69.

An Act for better carrying into Execution the Trusts of certain Charity Lands at *Deysford* in the County of *Kent*. [12th July 1815.] See at G. 2. c. 10th.

Cap. 70.

An Act for vesting in a new Trustee, upon the said Trusts, certain Estates of John Major Esquire deceased, now vested in Infant Trustees. [12th July 1815.]

Cap. 71.

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T A B L E

Containing the TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FOURTH Session of the FIFTH Parliament

of

The United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*;

56th GEORGE III.

PUBLIC GENERAL ACTS.

1. **A** N Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glass made in Great Britain. *Page 697*
2. An Act to revise and further continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Seventh Year of King George the Second, for the free Importation of Cloves and Indigo. *698*
3. An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Salt, Sugar, Tobacco and Beef, in Great Britain; and on Potatoes, Officers and Personal Estate, in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *Ibid.*
4. An Act for raising the Sum of Eleven Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *708*
5. An Act to extend the Powers of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty more effectually to grant conditional Pardon to Persons under Sentence of Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Impigment under such Sentences. *709*
6. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons as their Benefices, in England. *710*
7. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. *Ibid.*
8. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from The Cape of Good Hope. *Page 711*
9. An Act for charging certain Duties on Foreign Packets or Passage Vessels entering or departing any of the Ports of Great Britain. *Ibid.*
10. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. *712*
11. An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. *713*
12. An Act for exhibiting a Bill in this present Parliament, for naturalizing His Serene Highness Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Anspach, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Coburg of Saalfeld. *716*
13. An Act for the Naturalization of His Serene Highness Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Anspach, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Coburg of Saalfeld; and settling his Precedence. *717*
14. An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Six Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *Ibid.*
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16. An Act for better regulating the Offices of Receivers of Crown Rents. *719*
17. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain. *725*
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19. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar exported. Page 726
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51. An Act to amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America*. 765

51. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange their Parsonage Houses or Glebe Lands, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Page 766*
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69. An Act to alter and amend several Acts relating to the Redemption of the National Debt of Ireland, and to make further Provision in respect thereof. *Ibid.*
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71. An Act to continue and amend so much of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign for authorizing the billeting and subsisting to Military Hospitals certain Yeomanry Corps and Officers of Cavalry or Infantry, as relates to such Corps in Ireland. *819*
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74. An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof. *823*
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79. An Act to enable the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations to grant Certificates of Stores or Goods, which may be sold by such Officers or Commissioners at such Foreign Stations. *828*
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81. An Act to render valid the judicial Acts of Surrogates of Vice Admiralty Courts shewed, during Vacancies in Offices of Judges of such Courts. *Ibid.*
82. An Act for regulating the carrying of Passengers to and from the Island of Newfoundland and Coast of Labrador. *Ibid.*
83. An Act for the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour of Holyhead, in the Island of Anglesey; and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein. *835*
84. An Act to make further Regulations for securing the Collection of the Duties of Customs and Excise in Ireland, and for the Importation into Ireland of American Staves, and of old Plates and Books from Great Britain. *Ibid.*
85. An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens residing in or resident in this Kingdom, in certain cases, for

- Two Years from the passing of this Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which the said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting. Page 948
87. An Act to regulate Proceedings of Grand Juries in Ireland, upon Bills of Indictment. 953
88. An Act to amend the Law of Ireland respecting the Recovery of Tonnages from abridging, unwholesome, and defauling Tonnage; and for the Protection of the Tonnage from undue Distress. *Ibid.*
89. An Act to provide for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. 958
90. An Act to delay the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expenses of the Disembodied Militia in Great Britain, and of the Militia of Cornwall and Devon; and for granting Allowances, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Sergeant-Majors and Sergeant-Majors of Militia, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. 959
91. An Act to regulate the Trade of the Colonies of Surinam, Berbice and Essequibo; to allow the Importation into, and Exportation from, such Colonies, of certain Articles, by Dutch Proprietors of the European Dominions of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands; and to repeal an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting a Trade between the United Provinces and certain Colonies in His Majesty's Possession. 961
92. An Act to enable His Majesty to authorize the Exportation of the Machinery necessary for erecting a Mill in the United States of America. 963
93. An Act for enabling the Officers of the Customs at Creeks, Harbours and Bays of Great Britain, to take Entries of Ships and Goods arriving from and bound to Ireland. *Ibid.*
94. An Act to allow Makers of Oxycrated Muriatic Acid to take excised Rock Salt, Duty free, for making such Acid or Oxymuriatic of Lime, for bleaching Linn and Cotton. 964
95. An Act to authorize such Person as His Majesty shall appoint to transfer a certain Sum in Three Pounds per Cent. Reduced Annuities, now Standing in the Name of the defunct College of Hertford, in the University of Oxford; and also to receive Dividends due upon such Annuities. 965
96. An Act for establishing an Agreement with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for advancing the Sum of Three Millions, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. *Ibid.*
97. An Act to authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, a Proportion of the Balance that shall remain from time to time in the Bank of England for the Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Pensions of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed. 967
98. An Act to unite and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland; and to provide for the Application thereof to the General Service of the United Kingdom. 968
99. An Act to vest the Elgin Collection of ancient Marbles and Sculptures in the Trustees of the British Museum for the Use of the Public. 974
100. An Act for more effectually securing the Liberty of the Subject. 975
101. An Act for enabling the Officers in His Majesty's Navy, and their Representatives, to draw for and receive their Half Pay; and for transferring the Duty of making certain Payments from the Clerks of the Cheque to His Majesty's Dock Yards to the Clerks of the Treasurer of the Navy at the same Yards. Page 976
102. An Act to amend the Act of the Fifty-third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Relief of James Doherty in England*; and to give further Powers to the Court appointed by the said Act. 979
103. An Act for further securing the Duties on Paper and Pallboard; and for repealing the Countervailing Duty upon Pallboard imported from Ireland, and the Drawback upon Pallboard exported; and granting other Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. *Ibid.*
104. An Act for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures and capturing Smuggling Vessels; for licensing Luggers employed in the North Sea Fishery; and obliging Exporters of Excisable Goods on Drawback to give Notice of Shipment. 981
105. An Act to amend an Act, and the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of His present Majesty for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland reciprocally; and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between England and Scotland and Ireland respectively. 982
106. An Act to repeal the Duties payable in Scotland, upon Wash and Spirits and Distillers' Licences; to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn for Home Consumption in Scotland, until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. 984
107. An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament relating to Stamp Duties in Great Britain, in far as relates to Inventories to be exhibited and recorded in any Consistory Court in Ireland. 1000
108. An Act to repeal certain Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties of Excise on Beer and Malt; to alter the Drawbacks on Plastic Glass, and to prevent Frauds thereon. *Ibid.*
109. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain. 1005
110. An Act for the further Regulation of the Trades of Tanners and Curriers. *Ibid.*
111. An Act to repeal Part of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland, to reduce the Drawback on such Spirits exported to Foreign Parts, and to make further Regulations for the Collection of the said Duties and the Duties on Licences for retailing Spirituous and other Liquors in Ireland. 1007
112. An Act to make certain Provisions for modifying the several Acts for imposing and levying of Fines, in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland. 1011
113. An Act for repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits in Great Britain, and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof. 1017
114. An Act to regulate the Conveyance of Passengers from the United Kingdom to the United States of America, in British Vessels. 1018
115. An Act for ratifying the Purchase of the Glarmouth Estate, and for settling the same as a Residence for His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and His Serene Highnesses Lady George Frederick Prince of Cambridge and Southampton. *Ibid.*
116. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled

- intituled *An Act for the Abolition of Gaol and other Fees consuetud with the Gaols in England.* Page 1023
127. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for the safe Custody of Infane Persons charged with Offences. *Ibid.*
128. An Act for admitting Oil and Blubber from the *British Colonies in North America*, upon Payment of the like Duty as Oil and Blubber from *Newfoundland.* 1024
129. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament for providing Money and Detraction in relation to the Transportation of Offenders. *Ibid.*
130. An Act to prevent Annual Returns of Persons committed, tried and convicted for Criminal Offences and Misdemeanors in *Ireland.* 1025
131. An Act for delaying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; and for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. 1027
132. An Act to make Provision for securing, for a Time to be limited, the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland.* 1028
133. An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty Fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to spiritual Persons holding of Pews, and for enlarging the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices in *England.* 1030
134. An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, Two Acts of the Fifteenth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Casks, Casks and Cinders to *London and Westminster.* *Ibid.*
135. An Act for the more effectual Prosecution of Persons maliciously destroying or damaging Buildings, Engines and Machinery, used in and about Collieries and other Mines, Wagon Ways, Bridges and other Works, used in carrying and carrying Cows and other Minerals; and for enabling the Owners of such Property to recover Damages for the Injury suffered. 1031
136. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in *Ireland.* 1032
137. An Act to reduce the Duty on the Exportation from Great Britain of Small Cows of a certain Description. 1033
138. An Act to amend Two Acts, made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for opening a more convenient Communication from *Mary to East Park to Chertsey Griffe*; and for giving the Streets to be made in *Mary to East Park*; and to enable His Majesty to grant small Portions of Land as Sites for Public Buildings, or to be used as Cemeteries within the Bills of Mortality. 1034
139. An Act to repeal certain Provisions in Local Acts for the Maintenance and Management of the Poor. 1034
140. An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled 'An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons; and in Respect of Curfew and to make other Provisions in law thereto.'* Page 1035
141. An Act to revise and continue, until the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watch and Warding. 1036
142. An Act for enlarging the time for making the Award respecting His Majesty's Allowances under an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for settling *Widow's Pensions*; and for extending the Provisions of the said Act. *Ibid.*
143. An Act for making Provision to defray the Annual Charge of any Loan of this Session of Parliament. 1039
144. An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Casks consigned in *Lord Minto in Cornwall.* *Ibid.*
145. An Act for authorizing the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* to order the Payment of a certain Sum of Money to be applied in completing the *Grims Canal.* 1040
146. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, situate and devolved to His Majesty by the Dissolution of *Newford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, and the Site of the said College and Buildings thereon, to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, for the Purpose of their removing to such Site; and to enable the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and the President and Scholars of *East Mary Magdalen College*, to do all necessary Acts for such Removal. 1041
147. An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King James the First, intituled *An Act for the better Relief of the Creditors against such as shall become Bankrupts.* 1047
148. An Act to abolish the Punishment of the Pillory, except in certain cases. *Ibid.*
149. An Act to regulate the binding of Parish Apprentices. *Ibid.*
150. An Act for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer, called *Sir's Hydrometer*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Charles's Hydrometer.* 1050
151. An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporate Bodies, under certain Circumstances, to alienate Lands for enlarging Cemeteries or Churchyards. 1052
152. An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Moneys therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. *Ibid.*

The TITLES of the STATUTES, LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS, DECLARED PUBLIC, AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

- i. A N Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Chapel en the Road, in the County of Oxford, to Beading in the County of Gloucester. Page 1082
- ii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Saint Martin's Church to Beading, and from Beading to Middlesex Lane, in the County of Northampton. *Ibid.*
- iii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, in far as the same relate to the Road from Carter's Bridge, in the Parish of Clatton, within the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridgeshire, to the Forty Feet Bridge, in the Parish of Ramsey, in the County of Huntingdon. *Ibid.*
- iv. An Act in second an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for confirming certain Articles of Agreement between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of Puddingstone, and the Parishes and Towns adjacent, in the County of Middlesex. *Ibid.*
- v. An Act for the better assessing and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates, in the Parish of Aldenham, in the County of Surrey. *Ibid.*
- vi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Dunsbury to Lough, in the West Riding of the County of York. *Ibid.*
- vii. An Act for taking down the Parish Church of Clifton, in the County of Gloucester, and for building a new Church, and providing an additional Cemetery for the Use of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- viii. An Act to provide for the repairing and maintaining of a certain Part of several Roads as Ways, leading from Woodford to Hildon, in the County of Essex, and for granting up certain other Parts of the said several Roads or Ways. *Ibid.*
- ix. An Act for enlarging, improving and repairing the Parish Church of Wandsworth, in the County of Essex, and for enlarging the Church Yard or Burial Ground of the said Parish. 1803
- x. An Act for lighting with Gas the City and County of the City of Essex. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act to amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames, from the City of London to the opposite Bank in the County of Surrey. *Ibid.*
- xii. An Act for altering, amending and extending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Rights, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of Moulton and Bedford, in the Parish of Moulton, in the County Palace of Lincoln. 1088
- xiii. An Act to enable Temple Woll Elms, Sole Proprietor of The Royal Circus or Surrey Theatre, Situate in the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Surrey, to continue the same open, for public Amusement, for a limited time. *Ibid.*
- xiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Prosses Green to Basingstoke, and from thence to Alton, in the County of Southampton. *Ibid.*
- xv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of Nantwich, to Wheelock Wheel, in the Township of Sandbach, in the County Palace of Cheshire. Page 1089
- xvi. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the High Street in the Town of Stonebridge, in the County of Worcester, to the Boundary Stone between the Parish of Warfield, and the Liberties of the Borough of Bridgeforth, in the County of Salop. 1089
- xvii. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from Stockport, in the County of Cheshire, to the End of Guide Lane, in the County of Lancashire, and other Roads therein mentioned in the said Counties, and in the County of York; and for making a new Road from the said Road in Stockport, to the Bridge over the River Mersey at Portwood, near the Town of Stockport. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Twenty Mile Stone, on Epsom Hill, in the County of Surrey, to a Place called Wokingham, near the Town of Basingstoke, in the Parish of Wokingham, in the County of Hampshire. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act for erecting a new Gaol and Court House in the Borough of Ayr, in the County of Ayr. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act for the Incorporation of The Highland Society of London; for the better Management of the Funds of the Society; and for rendering its Liberties more extensive and beneficial to the Public. *Ibid.*
- xxi. An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex, lying between the Parish of Saint Luke Clerkenwell, and the Mouth of the River Colne, near Stokeney; and also between Limekiln's Hill and the Mouth of the River Lea, near Blackwall; and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex, adjoining to both Banks of the River Lea, and the Branches thereof, between the River Thames and Edmonton. 1095
- xxii. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for constituting a Harbour at Portsmouth, in Milne's Bay, in the County of Cornwall. 1108
- xxiii. An Act to enlarge, amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and lighting the City of Newcastle, and removing Nuisances therein; and for enabling the Corporation of the said City to sell and apply the Produce of certain Messuages and Lands in establishing Market Places, and otherwise improving the said City. 1109
- xxiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Church in and for the Parish of Newry, in the Counties of Down and Antrim. *Ibid.*
- xxv. An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of Wollaton, in the Isle of Wight, in the County of Southampton; and for establishing a Market within the said Town. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for paving and improving the Footways, and for cleansing, lighting and widening the Streets and other Public

- Public Fellages and Places in the Town of *Middlegate*, in the County of *Wilt*. Page 1109
- xxvii. An Act to repeal a certain Part of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at Woolwich, in the County of Kent*. *Ibid.*
- xxviii. An Act for repairing and altering the Parish Church of *Saint George the Martyr*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for making further Provision for the Relief of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- xxix. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Turnpike Road from *Peck Parish* to *Beard*, and from *Peck Parish* upwards, to or near to *Woollands*, all in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- xxx. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from near *Garnes Lodge*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Perry Cross*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxxi. An Act for continuing the Turn and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Roads leading from the Town of *Lewinsley*, in the County of *Birmingham*. *Ibid.*
- xxxii. An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the *Lyne Turnpike Road* in the Parish of *Gainsborough*, to *Sidmouth*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiii. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads from *Bowen*, in the County of *York*, to join the Great North Road, near *Sunderland Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Fareham*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Riverside*, in the Parish of *Strensall* in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxxv. An Act for altering and amending several Acts in regard to the Duty of Two Pennies *Sey* upon every Pint of Ale and Beer sold in the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent. *Ibid.*
- xxxvi. An Act to continue the Turn and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for imposing and continuing a Duty of Two Pennies *Sey*, or the Sixth Part of a Penny *Storing*, upon every *Sey* Pint of Ale and Beer which shall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped or sold within the Towns of *Barnstaple* and *Liberton* thereof, in the County of *Lincolnshire*, and for canceling the same over the Parish of *Barnstaple*; for repairing the Harbour of the said Town; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- xxxvii. An Act for enlarging the Turn and Powers of several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies *Sey*, or One Sixth Part of a Penny *Storing*, upon every Pint of Ale or Beer brewed or sold within the Town of *Alnwick*, and Privileges thereof; for supplying the said Town with Fresh Water; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. 1110
- xxxviii. An Act for amending former Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle and South Levels*, Part of the Great Level of the Fens called *Burford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouse*, in the County of *Yorkshire*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith. *Ibid.*
- xxxix. An Act for building a new Parish Church and a Parochial Chapel in the Parish of *St. Paul's*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes relating therein. *Ibid.*
- xl. An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Huddersfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xli. An Act to enable the Lord Provost, Magistrates and Council of the City of *Edinburgh* to carry into effect certain Purposes in regard to the Erection of a Chapel at the West End of *Prior's Street*, and for effecting certain Improvements in the Neighbourhood thereof, and in other Parts of the extended Jurisdiction of the said City. Page 1110
- xlii. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of the Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a new Canal and other Buildings for the County and City of *Edinburgh*; and to alter and amend Two Acts of the Forty third and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty, in regard to the Statute Labour of the Middle District of the said County. *Ibid.*
- xliii. An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of *Kilgill*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xliiii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Port, Harbour and Town of *Whitby*, in the County of *Northumberland*; and for better supplying the said Town with Water. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for altering, amending and explaining Two Acts of His present Majesty's Regency, for widening and improving the Street leading from *Tenar Hill* to the Street called *Upper High Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for enlarging the Turn and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Almonkton* to *Begbroke*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Bucks* and *Northampton*. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for amending the Road from *Dunley Hill* through *Burton* to *Killinghall*, and from *Burton* to *Southwell* to the South west Corner of *Horscote* Inclosure, and for making and maintaining a Branch therefrom to *Bradford*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for enlarging the Turn and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Charlton Bridge* to the north Northern Part of *Tallan*, in the County of *Stafford*, and also the Road branching east of the said last mentioned Road to *Johns Wharf*, in the said County. 1111
- l. An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road leading from the Limits of the Counties of *Shropshire* and *Leicestershire*, into the Borough of *Loughborough*, in the County of *Leicestershire*. *Ibid.*
- li. An Act for enlarging the Turn and Powers of several Acts, in so far as the same relate to the Roads from *Worcestershire* through *Worcestershire*, to *High Wycombe*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Worcestershire*, *Warwick* and *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- li. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Stapleford* to *Stapleford Hill*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Bedford* and *Huntingdon*. *Ibid.*
- lii. An Act for continuing the Turn, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Roads from *Stapleford* through *Stapleford* in the County of *Salop*, and *Overton* in the County of *Flint*, to *Wrexham* in the County of *Denbigh*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in so far as relates to the *Shropshire* District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- lii. An Act to amend an Act of the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Parish of *Saint James*, within the Liberty of *Wigmore*, and another Act of the First Year

- Year of King James the Second, for erecting the said Parish. *Page 1111*
- lv. An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty second and Twenty-third Years of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, for making the Manor of *Paris Garden* a Parish, and to enable the Parishes of *Saint Andrew's* Southward to raise a Maintenance for Ministers, and for Repairs of their Church; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr*, in *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and otherwise improving the Town of *Belfast*, in the County of *Antrim*, and for better effecting those Purposes. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting Lands in the Townships of Crowle, Eastoft, and Edmeston, in the Parish of Crowle, in the County of Lincoln, and extending into the West Riding of the County of York*; and for draining or wiping the said Lands in the Parishes of *Luddington, Arden, and Aldwark*, and for making Drains in the Parishes of *Aldwark*; all in the said Counties of *Lincoln* and *York*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for building a new Gaol in the City of *Bristol*, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for rebuilding and repairing the Piers of *Swanage* on the *South Coast*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*; and for granting further Powers for those Purposes. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for amending and enlarging the Provisions of an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Rochdale* and the Neighborhood with Water. *1112*
- lv. An Act for Building a Bridge across the River *Avon*, from the Township of *Leigh*, in the Parish of *Manley*, to *Stratford-upon-Avon*, in the Township of *Chesham*, all in the County of *Warwick*; and for making proper Arches thereto. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the Parishes of the *Seavey*, on one side, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore; and for making convenient Roads and Arches to communicate therewith in the County of *Surrey*; and also for making a new Road in Part of the Road or Street called *Narrow Walk*, in the said County of *Surrey*; and for making an Archedway over Part of such new Road; and for discontinuing the said Bridge *The Waterloo Bridge*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Warrford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *1113*
- lv. An Act for establishing a New Church, called the Church of *Saint Mark*, in the Town and Parish of *Leicester*, in the County Palatine of *Lincoln*. *1113*
- lv. An Act for the better Relief and more effectually employing the Poor of the Township of *Shedfield* and *Wills*, in the County of *Derby*, and the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned in the said County, and in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of certain Acts for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Warwick*, so far as relate to the Road leading from the Town of *Bromsgrove* to the Town of *Dunstable*, in the County of *Warwick*, and for making a more commodious Road near the Town of *Dunstable*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts, for amending the Road from the End of the Town Clofe, in the County of the City of *Notwich*, to the Chalk Pits near *Thornby*, in the County of *Notwich*. *Page 1113*
- lv. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North End of the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, to *Stitchfield*, in the County of *Derby*, and from *Dagfield* to *Woolfworth*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for making and maintaining Highways, Roads, Bridges and Quays, and for regulating Terms in the Shire of *Argyll*; and for altering and repairing certain Military and other Roads, Bridges and Quays in the said Shire, and in the Parishes of *Archerbar*, and Shire of *Dumfriesshire*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road, leading from the City of *Dunelm*, to the New Packet Harbour of *Newcastle*, for the Conveyance of His Majesty's Mails; and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for continuing and amending Four Acts passed in the Reigns of their late Majesties King George the First and King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Lanes* to *Wymondley*, in the County of *Bedford*, and from *Lanes* to *Saint Albans*, in the County of *Hertford*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for establishing and regulating a Fund for the Widows, Children and Relatives of Officers or Persons belonging to the Department of Customs in *England*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh* and the adjoining Districts, and for other Purposes relating thereto. *1114*
- lv. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the Road from *Barrington* to the West of *Leicester*, and by *Tarphesham, Ballygar and Widdoway*, to the Confines of the County of *Leicester*, or near *Ballygar*; and for making and maintaining a certain Road from *Barrington* to the River *Avon*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts, in the City and County of the City of *Bristol*, and the Liberties thereof, and in the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Somerset*. *1115*
- lv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Town and Parishes of *Graysford and Alden*, in the County of *Notwich*, and for the better Assessment and Collection of the Poor Rates and other Rates within the Parish of *Graysford*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Worcester* to *Leicester*, leading down *Bowden Hill*, in the County of *Wilt*, to the Top of *Kingsdown Hill*, in the Parish of *Beas*, in the said County, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto. *1116*
- lv. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Highways from *Spokenland*, in the County of *Derby*, to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilt*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as relate to the *Spokenland* District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*

1221. An Act for the more effectual Security and Improvement of the Harbour of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Essex*. Page 1139
1222. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for Paving, Lighting, Watching and otherwise improving the several Streets and other Public Places upon certain Lands near *Bavie Bridge*, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras* in the County of *Middlesex*. Ibid.
1223. An Act for improving the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the City of *Glasgow*. Ibid.
1224. An Act for erecting Buildings for the Accommodation of the Court of Chancery. 1137
1225. An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Fifty-second Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the Great Ouse into the River of *London*, in the Parish of *London*. Page 1137
1226. An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed in the Parliament of Ireland, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Rathfriland* and *Carthage*. Ibid.
1227. An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers to the Gas Light and Coke Company.

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. An Act for alienating Lands in the Parish of *Alnham*, in the County of *Northumberland*. Page 1143
2. An Act for inclosing the Common or Waste Ground, called *Hakus Moss* or *Moss Moss*, within the Manor and Township of *Moss*, in the County Palatine of *Glanville*. Ibid.
3. An Act for ratifying and confirming certain Exchanges made under an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Whitwell*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thorp Arch* and *Walton*, in the County of the City of *York*. Ibid.
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newsham*, in the County of *Northumberland*. Ibid.
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Hawes*, in the Parish of *Loth*, in the County of *Stafford*. Ibid.
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ripon*, in the County of *York*. Ibid.
8. An Act for selling several Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments belonging to the Free Grammar School of King *Edward the Sixth*, in the Town or Borough of *Grantham*, in Trust to be sold; and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale to the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled upon the Trusts on which such Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments are held. Ibid.
9. An Act for confirming and effectuating a Partition of a Messuage, Farm and Lands, called *Wylfloss*, otherwise *Willoughby Farm*, in the Parishes of *Paddington*, *Kingston* and *St. John*, or some or one of them, in the County of *Middlesex*, in which the Very Reverend *William Beaumont* Esq. Brother in Divinity, and *William Harvey* Esq. are intended Parties. Ibid.
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Knockin*, and especially within the Tything of *High Wootton*, otherwise *Wootton*, in the County of *Southampton*. Ibid.
11. An Act to assuage for a Corn Rent the Tithes as they are payable to the Vicar of the Parish and Parish Church of *Saint Michael upon Wyre*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. 1144
12. An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate devised by the Will of the Reverend *Henry Zach* for an Estate belonging to *John Levesley* Esquire, in Fee Simple. Ibid.
13. An Act for selling certain Estates in the Parish of *Lady*, in the County of *York*, Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *Christopher* late Lord Bishop of *Exeter*, in Trust to be sold; and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. Page 1144
14. An Act for selling Parts of the settled Estates of *Samuel Aldrey* Esq. in the County of *Glanville*, in a Trust, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. Ibid.
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Barnold* and Parish of *Warma*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. Ibid.
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Alton*, in the Parish of *Rick*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Walsingham*, in the County of *Surrey*. Ibid.
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Afford*, in the Parish of *Afford* and County of *York*. Ibid.
19. An Act for inclosing Land in the Hamlet of *Hornfield*, in the Parish of *Dringfield*, in the County of *Derby*. Ibid.
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Brighthelm*, in the Parish of *Tierstead*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. Ibid.
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Chapel*, *Imston*, *Wylfloss* and *Edgwa*, in the County of *Salop*. Ibid.
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Longborough*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. Ibid.
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylfloss*, in the County of *York*. Ibid.
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Swinstead*, in the Parish of *Walsingham*, in the County of *York*. Ibid.
25. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Seppur*, in the County of *Durham*. 1145
26. An Act for inclosing *Wylfloss* Esquire, in the County of *Surrey*. Ibid.
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fulbrook*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
28. An Act for selling certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Shire of *Barnold*, settled by *Nathaniel* late Earl of *Rygham*, deceased, for Payment of the Balance of the

- Prior of certain other Lands purchased and entitled by him; and for purchasing and entailing other Lands more convenient to the Family Estates. *Page 1145*
39. An Act for selling certain Estates devised by the Will of *Nathaniel Hyde* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, in Trust to be sold, and for buying out the Monies arising from such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates in sold. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for making the Trustees of *Prince Colborne's* Charity a Body Corporate, and for enabling them to sell Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to apply the Money arising thereupon so manner therein mentioned, and to grant Building Leases of other Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to appoint new Trustees of such of the Copyhold Estates belonging to the said Charity as are not to be sold. *Ibid.*
41. An Act for uniting the Rectory of *Great Birch*, in the County of *Essex*, with the adjoining Rectory of *Little Birch*, in the same County, after the first Avoidance of either Benefice. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Worcester*, and *John Knight* Esquire, of certain Lands in the County of *Worcester*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newcastle under Lyme*, *Trenton*, *Woolhouse* and *Stoke upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
44. An Act for inclosing and reuniting from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Dallham*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Divisions of *Strickland Kettle* and *Nether Stoney*, in the Parish of *Kirkby in Knead*, in the County of *Westmorland*. *Ibid.*
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sunning*, in the Counties of *Berk* and *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Argyle*, in the County of *Monmouth*. *Ibid.*
48. An Act for selling certain Lands belonging to the Reverend *Henry Chesham*, to the Rectory for the time being of the Parish of *Salisbury* in the County of *Wilts*, in Exchange for the Parsonage House of *Stokeham*, and the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Parish; and for enabling the said *Henry Chesham* to build a new Parsonage House upon the first mentioned Lands. *Page 1146*
49. An Act for establishing and effectuating an Exchange made between the Reverend *Egerton Robert New*, Rector of *Middleton Stony*, in the County of *Oxford*, and the Most Noble *John Duke of Bedford*, and *George Sainsbury* Esquire, of Glebe and other Lands in *Middleton Stony* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
50. An Act for rendering void the Sale of certain Estates in the County of *Argyll*, and a Salmons Fishing in the County of *Jenewick*, of *George Marquis of Farnham*, made under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
51. An Act for selling Part of the Sealed Estates of the Reverend *Samuel John Ambrose* Baccant, in the County of *York*, in Trustees to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Crofton*, in the County of *Wilt*. *Ibid.*
53. An Act for selling the undivided Parts or Shares of *Robert Boyd* the Younger, *John Boyd* and *Ulrich Boyd*, Infants, of and in certain sealed Estates in the Parishes of *Charlton* and *Wickham*, in the County of *Kent*, in Trustees for Sale, and for inserting the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
54. An Act for selling Part of the sealed Estates of *Sir Francis Boynton* Baccant, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying the Proceeds in or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. *Ibid.*
55. An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Sealed Estates of *John Wharves* Esquire, for certain other Estates belonging to him in Fee Simple, Situate in the Counties of *York*, *Westmorland* and *Durham*. *Ibid.*
56. An Act for selling in new Trustees the Trust Estates belonging by the Will of *Philip Barrow* Esquire, deceased. *Ibid.*
57. An Act for selling a certain Sealed Estate of *Ann Evelyn* and others, in *Wotton*, over *Wotton* and *Nether Wotton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances thereon, and for purchasing other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*

PRIVATE ACTS,

NOT PRINTED.

48. AN Act to relieve the Right Honourable *George Granville Leveson Gower*, commonly called *Earl Gower*, who was desired to serve in this present Parliament for the County of *Stafford*, from certain Penalties and Disabilities, which he has incurred by sitting and voting in the House of Commons without having taken the Oath, and in other Respects conferred to the Laws in such case made and provided.
49. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Ings, Common and Waste Lands, within the Manor of *Radcliffe* near *Exghylford*, in the Parish of *Exghylford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
50. An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of *Merrima*, called *Affron Common*, in the County of *Surrey*.
51. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cheddler*, *Fridley* and *Radway Stoke*, in the County of *Somerset*.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Loring*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
53. An Act for making an Allotment or Allotments of Lands, in lots of Tithes and Common Rights, within the Parish of *Goddington*, in the County of *Oxford*.
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gloucester*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire*.
55. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Sir George Henry Barlow* Baronet, Knight Grand Cross of the Order of Bath, with *Diana Ellen*, otherwise *Wheatley*, his own Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Dramston* and *Reylford*, in the County of *Wilt.*
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Murley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York.*
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Gilligan*, in the Parish of *Saint Giles*, in the County of *Dorset.*
59. An Act for inclosing a certain Common or Tract of Waste Land, called *Blind Wood*, in the Parish of *Lidridge*, in the County of *Worcester.*
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Newcom*, in the Parish of *Clodick*, in the County of *Hertford.*
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Saint Margaret*, in the County of *Hertford.*
62. An Act for naturalizing *David Engelhart.*
63. An Act for inclosing and securing the Lands and Estates of *Walter Kinnaird, Drummaugh, Craigmyle, Portlough, Ballyward, Balanure* and *Walter and Esther Legerton* and *Kilkeahaple*, and other Hereditaments in the County of *Perth*, to and in favour of *Johs Duke of Arrol*, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by a certain Deed of Estail made by *Johs late Duke of Arrol*, under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed, and in here thereof for selling certain Parts of the Estates entailed by the said *Johs late Duke of Arrol*, lying in the said County, to the said *Johs Duke of Arrol*, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.
64. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township and Manor of *Hawthorn*, in the Parish of *Ardriff*, in the West Riding of the County of *York.*
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Athyry*, in the County of *Warwick.*
66. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships of *Burke* and *Starbuck*, in the Parishes of *Arrethre* and *Kottmire*, in the County of *York.*
67. An Act for settling and securing the Lands of *Danduff* and *Kirkbride*, and other Hereditaments, in the County of *Ayr*, to and in favour of *Thomas Kennedy, of Dunure*, in the said County, Esquire, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by a Deed of Estail and Nomination of Heirs made by *Thomas Kennedy*, some time of *Dunure*, Esquire, deceased, under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed, and in here thereof, selling certain Parts of the entailed Estate of *Dunure*, in the said County, to the said *Thomas Kennedy*, now of *Dunure*, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.
68. An Act for dividing and allotting in Severalty, Lands in the Parish of *Rowley*, in the County of *Wilt.*
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Croftwell*, in the County of *Wilt.*
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes, Townships or Liberties of *Rade* and *Athra*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for extinguishing the Tithes thereof.
71. An Act for inclosing *Alasd Lye* Common, in the Parish of *Arrethre*, in the County of *Cambridgeshire.*
72. An Act for annulling and rendering effectual an Act of His prelate Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hornsworth*, in the County of *Middlesex.*
73. An Act for naturalizing *Frederick Kile.*
74. An Act for effectuating an Exchange of the Advowson of the Church of the Parish of *Reynolden*, in the County of *Gloucester*, belonging to *Joseph Fox Esquire*, for a Right which the Principal, Fellows, and Scholars of *Jeser College*, within the City and University of *Oxford*, of the Foundation of *Quere Edmund*, have in the Nomination of a Canon to the Curacy of the Impropriate Rectory of *Cheltenham*, in the said County, also belonging to the said *Joseph Fox.*
75. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Sir William Aldy* Baronet, with *Dance Anne Aldy* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
76. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Lieutenant General *William Dyer* with *Elizur*, otherwise *Elizur*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

THE STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Sexto.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty fourth Day of November, Anno Domini 1816, in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; And from thence continued, by several Proclamations, to the First Day of February 1816, being the Fourth Session of the Fifth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

CAP. L.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glaz made in Great Britain.

[16th February 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws hereinafter mentioned should be revived and further extended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glaz and Crown Glaz, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the better Collection of the said Duties*; as was by another Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign aforesaid continued, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and by another Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be payable, and be raised, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said first recited Act to have been continued as aforesaid, as if the same had never expired.

II. And it is further enacted, That as an Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flat and Panel Glaz, and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuing and amending an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glaz and Crown Glaz, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties*; which was by an Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until

So much of
49 G. 3. c. 63.
as was continued
by 51 G. 3.
c. 49. § 45.
24 G. 3. c. 64.
§ 5.
55 G. 3. c. 109.
§ 1. and
58 G. 3. c. 97.
revived and fur-
ther continued
16th March 21,
1818.

51 G. 3. c. 49.
revived, and
further con-
tinued 16th
March 21, 1818.

the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be payable, and be raised, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said Act as if the same had never expired.

All other, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. II.

An Act to revise and further continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Seventh Year of King George the Second, for the free Importation of Coinished and Soldago.

[16th February 1816.]

7 G. 2. c. 18.
revised, and for-
ther continued
2d March 21,
1817.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Revival of an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intitled An Act for the free Importation of Coinished during the Time of a Peace limited, and also for the free Importation of Soldago: which was to continue in force from the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and thirty four, for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which by several subsequent Acts was further continued from the Expiration thereof until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty the said Act was revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and continued in force until Nine Months after the Conclusion of the then present War: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be again revived and further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall from and after the Expiration thereof be revived, and the same is hereby revived, and shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.*

C A P. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Stuffs, in Great Britain, and on Persons, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[4th March 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's public Expenses, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the Rates, Duties and Impositions therein after mentioned: And do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed, the Duty for and upon all Malt which, is and by One Act of Parliament passed in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mann, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty one*, was granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and sixty two, and which by several subsequent Acts has from time to time been granted and continued to His Majesty until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be further continued in like manner, and shall be and is by this Act charged for or upon all Malt which shall be made within that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales and the Towns of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and before the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

3 G. 2. c. 3.
further con-
tinued.

Duties to be
paid in Scotland
for Malt.

II. And be it further enacted, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, rate and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, the Duty hereto after mentioned, (that is to say) For and upon every Bushel of Malt which at any time or times from and after the Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be made of Barley or any other Grain in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three pence, and is proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

How the Duties
on Malt shall be
raised

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the Law Ways, Manner and Methods, and by such Rates and Directions, and with such and the like Allowances and Exemptions proportionably, and under such Provisions and Restrictions, and with such Power of Mitigation and other Powers, in all respects, not otherwise directed by this Act, as are prescribed, mentioned or expressed in the said former Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the Duties by them or any of them granted or continued, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the raising, levying, collecting,

Former Acts in
force.

levying and managing such Duties; and that the same Acts formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as for and concerning the said Duties upon Milk, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter and Thing in them or any of them contained, authoritatively referred unto, and now being in force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in force and effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, enforcing and accounting for the Rates, Dues and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act; save and except as to so much of the said Acts or either of them, herein mentioned or referred unto, as give Power to the Commissioners of Excise, or to any other Person or Persons therein named, in England and Scotland respectively, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons for the Duties of such Milk which should grow due or payable from him, her or them, by the said Acts or either of them; any Thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And Whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, clear of all Charges and Expenses of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by a Milk Tax to be raised and levied as in England, by a Duty of Three pence per Bushel on all Milk made and consumed in Scotland; and in case the said Duty of Three pence per Bushel upon Milk to be charged as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, being duly surveyed and collected, shall not be sufficient effectually to raise and answer the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds and so much Money, after all Charges and Deductions whatsoever, that then such Deficiency shall be made good by a Surcharge to be made upon all Makers of Milk in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in Proportion to the Milk they shall respectively make between the Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in case it shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, that the Duty upon Milk made in Scotland, by this Act granted as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds as aforesaid, then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners of Excise, and the Officers under them, to make a proportional Surcharge upon all and every Person and Persons who shall have made any Milk in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, within the Year ending the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or so much Money, by way of additional Duty, upon all the Milk made by such Person or Persons respectively, as shall make good such Person or Persons' proportional Part of such Deficiency; which said Surcharge shall be paid to the respective Collectors of the said Duties on Milk by the respective Persons on whom the same shall be so made, within One Month after the same shall be so levied, or, in Default thereof, the respective Person or Persons who shall neglect or refuse to make such Payment, shall forfeit Treble the Sum upon him, her or them respectively levied as aforesaid, to be recovered in such Manner as the Duty of Three pence per Bushel may be recovered by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament herein before recited or referred unto, which said Surcharge by way of additional Duty for making good the Deficiency of the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds (if any such Deficiency there shall be) shall be computed and settled as followeth; (that is to say) as the particular Quantity of Milk made by each such Maker or Maker of Milk in Scotland, within the said Year ending the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall bear Proportion to the whole Quantity of Milk made in Scotland within the same Year, so the particular Surcharge to be made upon each particular Maker or Maker of Milk, for or towards making good the said Deficiency, shall bear Proportion to the whole Sum which shall be found to be deficient as aforesaid.

V. Provided nevertheless, and he it declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rate of Three pence per Bushel shall produce a greater Sum than the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds clear of all Charges of Management, the said Surplusage so produced over and above the said clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds shall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting of the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in Scotland, as may most conduce to the general good of the United Kingdom, and to no other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever, in such manner as directed by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*.

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all Cases where the heretofore recited Act of the First Year of his present Majesty's Royal Majesty relates to any Day or time within the Year which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June One thousand seven hundred and sixty-one, this present Act shall and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year commenced from the said Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Milk made in Scotland out to be consumed there, which at any time or times between the Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be brought into England, Wales or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, in case the same shall be brought by Sea, be returned with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into England, Wales or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid, and the Sum of Sixpence per Bushel for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced that it hath paid the said Duty of Three pence per Bushel in Scotland;

Shall be so to be considered as an additional Duty to the same.

For raising a certain sum of Money in Scotland; and in case of Deficiency an additional Duty to be made.

If Duty on Milk in Scotland does not answer the sum, then a Surcharge may be made.

Proviso.

Surplus of said Duties applied to the Fisheries in Scotland.

13 G. 1. c. 34.

Act to relate to the same Day as Act 1 G. 2. c. 2.

It is brought from Scotland out to be consumed there.

Entry.

Duty of sixpence per Bushel.

Malt distilled, or Value thereof.

Allowance to Malsters for Casks made into Malt.

Malt Exported for Exportation and retained for home use, and 1 mile Value.

Steepings of Malt for Exportation kept in Casks till measured.

Fustly.

Notice to Officers for selling Malt of Kils.

Fustly.

Constantly opening Locks of Storehouses.

Entering Storehouses or removing Furniture, &c.

Fustly.

For clearing out Storehouses of Malt for Exportation.

Scotland: and if such Certificate be produced, then there shall be paid no more than Three pence per Bushel, by virtue of this Act, for such Malt be brought into England; and in case the same be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of Berwick or Carlisle, and then entered with the Officer for the said Duties, in such of the said Towns by or through which such Malt shall be so carried, and the like Duty of Sixpence per Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then there shall be paid no more than Three pence per Bushel by virtue of this Act, on pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or be brought into England without such Entry or Payment of the Duties as aforesaid; and in case any Malt made in Scotland shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of Scotland, or be brought from thence by Land by or beyond the Towns before mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise for His Majesty's Use, One Moiety of the aforesaid Forfeiture to be paid to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform, sue for or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such Ways, Means and Methods as any Justices and Commissioners are by this or any the former Acts relating to the said Duties to be recovered and levied, or by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, whereas so Messrs, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than one Imparison, shall be allowed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be allowed to Malsters and Makers of Malt, for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of Barley or other Cereals which shall be made into Malt, for Exportation, in Casks where by Law any Bounty is allowed on the Exportation of Malt, as allowance of Thirty Quarters after the same shall be dried and made into Malt, and no more, upon the Exportation thereof, though by their weighing, weighing or watering the same, the said Twenty Quarters shall be run out to any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarters.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if after the Shipping of any Malt made to be exported, the Malt be shipped to be exported, or any Part thereof, shall be landed in any Part of Great Britain, then and in every such Case all the Malt which shall be so landed, and Treble the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, (that is to say) One Moiety thereof to the King, and the other Moiety to the Person or Persons who shall inform, sue for or sue for the same; and such Malt so landed shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

X. And whereas Malsters and Makers of Malt for Exportation do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Steepings of Cereals or Grain that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, or as so much as it comes off from the Kils, by reason whereof the Officers for the Duties on Malt cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof, by which Means great Quantities of such Steepings of such Malt are or may be privately conveyed away, and made use of for Home Consumption, though the same has or been charged with the Duty as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be: Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Malster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and entire Quantity of his, her or their Cereals or Grain making into Malt for Exportation, of One Steeping or Wetting, when the same shall be on the Kils, or after the same shall be taken off the Kils, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Steeping or Wetting of Cereals or Grain, until the same shall have been measured by such Malsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all such Malsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept, of the Hour when he, she or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kils or Kilns, then such Officer or Officers may attend the Measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately carried or Shipboard, if intended to be there exported, or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse or other Place belonging to such Malsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, if any such Malster or Malsters or Maker or Makers of Malt, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by his Order, Privy or Direction, after any Steeping or Making of Malt shall have been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places in money as aforesaid, shall open any of the Locks or Doors or shall make any Way or Kind of Entrance into such Storehouse or other Place or Places, or shall remove any Part whatsoever of the Produce between any such Storehouse or Place, and any other Place or Places whatsoever near thereto adjoining, or shall remove out of the said Storehouse or other Place, any Quantity whatsoever of the Malt that has been so locked up and secured, without the Knowledge and Consent of or without first having given Notice to some Officer or Officers for the said Duties, he, she or they shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, if any such Malster or Malsters, Maker or Makers of Malt, that on the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have any Quantity of Malt locked up and secured in any Storehouse or any other

other Place or Places as is before directed to be exported, shall, within Fifteen Months next after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, remove and clear out of his Storehouse, or other Place or Places, all and every Part and Parcel thereof that at any time after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen shall be locked up and inclosed in such Storehouse or other Place in order to be exported, and shall always from time to time, in every three Months, remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place or Places in order to be exported, all and every Part or Parcel of Malt that at any Time within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall be locked up and inclosed in any Storehouse, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever that shall become Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, and shall make use of any Storehouse or Storehouses, Place or Places for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, shall within Fifteen Months after the Beginning to make use of any such Storehouse or Storehouses, or such other Place or Places, remove and clear out of such Places, to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of such Malt that at any time or times shall have been put into such Place or Places within Fifteen Months after he, she or they shall have begun to make use of such Place or Places, and shall always from time to time remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place to be exported, all and every Quantity of Malt whatsoever that within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall at any time be locked up and inclosed in such Storehouse or Storehouses, or any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, for any Offences against this Act, so far as the same relate to the said Duty on Malt, shall be paid for, levied and recovered, or satisfied, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Excise, upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, can or may be paid for, levied, recovered or satisfied, or by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and that One Moiety of such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XVI. And whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act for making proposal, subject to Redemption and Purchase, in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, the several and respective Sums of Money granted to Your Majesty, by a Land Tax, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, which were or should be charged on any Manors, Mesuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Great Britain, and, after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty nine, continued and made personal, with a Provision that the several Sums of Money charged upon Estates in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Personal Estates, or upon any Person or Persons in respect of any Public Office, or employment of Profit in the said Act mentioned, should, after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty nine, be ascertained, levied, collected and paid according to the Directions of any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose;”* Be it therefore enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged upon Estates, in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels or other Personal Estate, by virtue of an Act, passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act for granting an Act to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, and which were not authorized to be sold in and by another Act made and passed in the same Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, intitled An Act for making proposal, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, and also the several Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign in respect of any Public Offices or Employment, or any Association, Pension, Stipend or other Annual Payments, shall be continued and raised, levied, collected and paid into His Majesty within the Space of One Year from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be ascertained, assessed and taxed in such Manner and Form as are hereinafter expressed.*

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign or Personal Estates as aforesaid, shall be sold or levied for and disposed on the several and respective Penalties, Confiscations, Divisions, Aliments and Places wherein the same have been or shall be so charged by virtue of the said last mentioned Act; and with towards raising the said several and respective Sums of Money levied charged on the respective Penalties, Confiscations, Divisions, Aliments, and Places in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of such Personal Estate as aforesaid, all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, Goods and Chattels, within the same Penalties, Confiscations, Divisions, Aliments and Places respectively, having any Estate in ready Money, or in any Debts whatsoever owing to them within Great Britain or without, or having any Estate in Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels or other Personal Estate whatsoever, within Great Britain or without, belonging to or on Trust for them, [except and out of the Profits destined such Sums as he, she or they do stand sole own, and such Debts owing to them as shall be adjudged delinquent by the respective Commissioners appointed by this Act; and also

Within Fifteen Months.

Penalty.

Time for clearing out Storehouses to be limited.

Penalty.

Recovery of Penalties.

38 G. 3. c. 60.

38 G. 3. c. 3.

38 G. 3. c. 60.

Time for keeping Sums levied.

Same charged on Personal Estates by 38 G. 3. c. 3, imposed on Penalties, and raised on Estates, &c.

- also except the Stock upon Lands, and such Goods as are used for Household Stuff; and also except such Loans and Debts as are or shall be owing from His Majesty to any Person or Persons,] shall be charged with as much Equality and Indifference as is possible by a Pound Rate, that is to say, by an equal Pound Rate for every One hundred Pounds of such ready Money and Debts, and for every One hundred Pounds Worth of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Chancels or other Personal Estate, and is for any lesser or greater Sum or Value, far or towards the said several and respective Sums by this Act first or secondly, or intended to be let or imposed, for and upon all and every such Parishes, Civil Parishes, Divisions, Allotments and Places hereby charged therewith as aforesaid; so that by the said Rates to be taxed or assessed as aforesaid for or upon the said ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chancels or other Personal Estate, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act the full and entire Sums hereby let or imposed, or intended to be let or imposed, in *England, Wales and Berwick* as aforesaid, upon the said Personal Estates, shall be completely and effectually raised, assessed, levied and collected, and shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer by Four Quarterly Payments, the First Payment thereof to be made on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.
- XVIII. And be it further enacted, That far and towards raising the several Sums of Money charged as aforesaid on Persons in respect of Public Offices or Employments of Profit, all and every Person and Persons, and all and every Commissioner and Commissioners having, using or exercising any Public Office or Employment of Profit in *England, Wales or Berwick* as aforesaid, which is or shall be rated or assessed by virtue of an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight*, and all and every their Clerks, Agents, Secorderies, Substitutes and other inferior Members whatsoever, (such Military Officers who are or shall be in Master by the Master Major General of His Majesty's Army, or in Pay in His Majesty's Army or Navy in respect of such Offices only excepted,) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty say Sum not exceeding the Sum at which such Office or Employment was assessed in the Year commencing from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight, by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight*; and that all and every Person and Persons, Guilds and Franchises, Bodies Politic and Corporate, having an Annuity, Pension, Stipend or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *England*, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in *Great Britain*, or payable or to be paid by any Person or Persons whatsoever in *Great Britain*, (not being or issuing out of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or charged upon the same, or included in any Assessment made upon Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments mentioned in the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight*, and not being Annuities or yearly Payments which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made are or shall be especially exempted from the Payment of Taxes or Aids,) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings by the Year for every such Annuity, Pension, Stipend or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for one whole Year; the said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted to be assessed, imposed, levied and collected, in such manner as hereinafter is mentioned.
- XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the better assessing, ordering, levying and collecting of the several Sums of Money in an Act aforesaid limited and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid Part of *Great Britain*, called *England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed*, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, in reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who, as and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting in His Majesty a Duty on Profits and Offices in England, and as an Aid made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight*; or in and by one other Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for re-appointing His Majesty in the Name of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have acted without due Authority in the Execution of the Acts therein recited*; were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places of *England, Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed*, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight*; in that behalf, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Parishes, Civil Parishes, Divisions, Allotments and Places, situate within the said Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places respectively.
- XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners last aforesaid shall meet together at the most usual and common Place of Meeting within their respective Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Wards and other Divisions respectively, within *England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed*, within which they are appointed Commissioners, on or before the Thirtieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and

fifteen,

business, and shall meet afterwards in like manner as often as it shall be necessary, for putting to work the Act in Execution as is hereby committed to their Care and Charge; and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting or Meetings, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorised and required to inspect and examine the Affidavits made by virtue of the said recited Act, made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, for the Year ending on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and ascertain the several and respective Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, in every Parish, Cuckfieldwick, Division, Allotment or Place, for or in respect of any Estate in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandises, Chattels or other Personal Estates, and also for or in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends as aforesaid, by any Affidavit made for the said Year ending on the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and separate, divide and set down in Writing the Amount of the several and respective Sums charged upon Estates in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares and Merchandises, Chattels or other Personal Estates, and also the several and respective Sums charged in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends as aforesaid, from the Monies charged in each Parish, Cuckfieldwick, Division, Allotment or Place by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, upon Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment under their Hands and Seals, fairly written, containing the whole Sum assessed on each Parish, Cuckfieldwick, Division, Allotment or Place, where any Affidavit shall have been made upon Personal Estates, or in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends, and also the Christian Names and Surnames of the respective Assessors and Collectors under the Receiver General of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town and Place respectively, where such Affidavits shall have been made, or his Deputy, and shall transmit or cause to be transmitted a like Schedule or Duplicate into The King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, and then the Commissioners shall cause to be done on or before the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, for which Duplicates the Receiver and Remembrancer, or their respective Deputies, shall give to the Person who brings the same a Receipt in Writing, gratis, under the Seal of the Treasury, to be recovered to the King's Use on any other Penalties are by this Act recoverable.

Commissioners to inspect Affidavits made by virtue of 38 G. 3. c. 3.

Schedule to be made.

and transmitted to King's Remembrancer's Office.

Gratis.

Places in which Affidavits are made discharged.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which any Affidavit shall have been or shall be made, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, on any Personal or Personal in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends, by any Affidavit for the Year ending on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, from and after that time be wholly discharged from so much of the Sums to be levied upon such Parish or Place, according to the Proportions established under the said recited Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in and by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, are provided and established for aforesaid, raising, levying, collecting, paying and managing the Rates and Assessments granted by the said last mentioned Act; and which by the said other Act passed in the same Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, intitled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein therein, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, are continued and made perpetual, in relation to the Rates and Assessments charged on Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, until the Redemption and Purchase thereof shall be practised, used and put in Execution in and for the aforesaid, raising, levying, collecting, paying and managing the said last mentioned Rates, Assessments, and Sums of Money to be charged, assessed and levied by virtue of this Act, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other Yearly Payments, as fully and as effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XXIII. Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne was charged in the Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sesters Shillings and Four pence, Part whereof has been raised and charged on the Duty before after mentioned: And Whereas by Two Acts, one thereof passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others later added, in a certain Duty of Twelve pence per Chaldron of Coals shipped in the River Tyne, to be consumed in England, and in great a Compensation for the same by way of Annuity, payable out of the Consolidated Fund*; and the other thereof passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, intitled *An Act to confirm an Agreement entered into between the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury and the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, as pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others later added, in a certain Duty of Twelve pence per Chaldron of Coals shipped in the River Tyne, to be consumed in England, and in great a Compensation for the same by way of Annuity, payable out of the Consolidated Fund*; and by virtue of the Agreement therein recited, the said Duty, from and after the Twenty second Day of

38 G. 3. c. 5.

39 G. 3. c. 1.

1 August

* *Assess* One thousand seven hundred and ninety six, was voted in and made payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the same hath ever since been collected with and paid as the other Duties of Customs here been collected and paid; and it is therefore just that the said Town and County of the said Town, should from the above Period be understood and discharged from the Amount annually charged on the said Duty as aforesaid: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the said Town and County to certify to the Bureau of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, what Sums and Sums of Money have been charged on the Duty in the said Two last recited Acts mentioned since the Day of the Surrender of the same, by virtue of the said Two last recited Acts, and the Agreement thereon aforesaid; and the said Bureau, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power by their Discretion, at any Time before the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to discharge or order to be discharged so much of the said Sums of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Four pence, as shall appear to them to have been charged on the said Duty, since the said Twenty second Day of *Assess* One thousand seven hundred and ninety six; and the said Sums shall or may be discharged upon the Discharge returned or to be returned for the said Town and County, and shall be allowed upon the Accounts of the Receiver General, and the Inhabitants of the said Town and County shall be acquitted against His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Payment of such Sums so discharged or ordered to be discharged, by the Bureau of the said Exchequer, as well for the Affidavits heretofore made as for all Affidavits hereafter to be made; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners of Land Tax for Newcastle upon Tyne to certify what Sums have been charged on the Duty on Cuts.

Where Deductions are made out Affidavits shall be made.

Commissioners to affix and register such Sums of Money.

Persons to be rated where resident.

Personal Estate to be assessed where it shall be, though the Assessor resides elsewhere.

Doubtful Charge.

Certificates.

No Fee.

Oath of Commissioners.

Duties.

Proviso for Personal Estate in Scotland, &c.

Fraud on Taxation.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Provisions set by this Act upon all and every the respective Parishes, Constabularies, Divisions, Allocations, and places in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of any such Personal Estate as aforesaid, shall not be fully assessed, levied and paid, according to the true Meaning thereof, or if any of the said Affidavits, in respect of such Personal Estate, shall be void or impugned upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or that through any Willfulness, Negligence, Mistake or Accident, the said Affidavit charged on such Parish or Place as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, happens not to be paid to the Receiver General, his Deputy or Deputies, as in this Act is directed; that then and in all and every such Case or Cases, the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors, and Collectors, acting in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Duties on Personal Estates, and the said last mentioned Duties in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to affix and register, or cause to be affixed and registered, levied and paid all and every such Sums and Sums of Money upon the respective Parishes or Places wherein such Deductions shall happen, as to such Commissioners, or such Number of them as by this Act are authorized to certify the said First Affidavit hereby required to be made, shall from most agreeable to Equity and Justice, the said new Affidavit to be made, collected, and paid in such manner and by such means as in this Act or any Act hereby referred to is declared and directed for other Affidavits.

XXV. And in order to ascertain more particularly the Mode of assessing and rating the several Persons who shall be charged with any Rate or Assessment in respect of any Estates in ready Money, Debt, or Personal Estate in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; Be it further enacted, That every Person who is or shall be rated for or in respect of any Personal Estate to him or her or any way belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Householders, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be taxed at the Place where they shall be resident at the time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person who ought to be taxed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, at the Time of his or her Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such Parish, Constabularies, Division, Allocation or Place where he or she was last abiding within this Realm.

XXVI. Provided always, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constabularies or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Allocation or Allocations, or Place or Places, other than the Parish, Constabularies, Division, Allocation or Place where he or she shall be resident, or had his or her Residence, it shall be lawful at any Time before the Twenty fourth Day of *Assess* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to rate and assess such Person for such Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Chattels or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constabularies or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Allocation or Allocations, or Place or Places where the same shall be: Provided also, that if any Person or Persons by reason of his, her or their having several Mansion Houses, or Places of Residence, or otherwise, shall be doubly charged for any Personal Estate by occasion of this Act, then upon Certificate made by any Two or more of such Commissioners for the County, Riding, City or Place, of his, her or their last Personal Residence, under their Hands and Seals, of the Sum or Sums charged upon him, her or them, (which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby required to give without Delay, Fee or Reward,) and upon Oath made of such Certificate before any Two such Commissioners who have Authority to put this Act in Execution for the County, Riding, City or Place where the said Certificate shall be made, (which Oath such Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to administer,) then the Person or Persons so doubly charged shall, for so much as shall be certified, be discharged to every other Parish, Constabularies, Division, Allocation or Place in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed.

XXVII. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend to the Inhabitants of Scotland, Ireland, Jersey or Guernsey, for assessing any such Personal Estate which they, or any to their Use, have within their Places, for or towards the said Sums hereby authorized to be charged upon any Parish or Parishes, Constabularies or Constabularies, Division or Divisions, Allocation or Allocations, or Place or Places in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid; and if any Person that ought to be taxed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, by changing his or her Place of Residence, or by any other Fraud or Contrivance, escape

escape from the Taxation, and not be taxed, and the same be proved before the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, at any Time within One Year next after each Tax made, every Person that shall so escape from the Taxation and Payment, shall be charged, upon Proof thereof, at Twelve the Value of so much as he or she should or ought to have been charged at by this Act; the said Twelve Value, upon Certificate thereof made unto the Exchequer by the Commissioners before whom such Proof shall be made, to be levied on the Goods, Lands, and Hereditaments of such Person.

XXVIII. And for the better Discovery of Personal Estate intended to be charged by this Act, be it further enacted, That every Headholder in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, shall, upon Demand of the Officers of the respective Parishes or Places, give an Account of the Names and Qualities of such Persons as shall sojourn or lodge in their respective Houses under the Penalty of forfeiting to His Majesty the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner as any other Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be levied and recovered.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Members of Parliament who at the Execution of this Act, during this or the subsequent Session of Parliament, shall abide within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs of the same, or within the County of Middlesex, shall far or in respect of their ready Money or Debts, or any other Tax which may be laid on their Personal Estate or Persons in respect thereof, during this or the next Session of Parliament, be affixed only in the Places where such Members have their Manors Houses or other Places where they most usually reside during the Intervals of Parliament; and in case any Member or Commissioner shall visit, or visit or be affixed, any Member of Parliament contrary to the Provision hereby made, he or they shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with full Costs of Suit; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. Provided always, That where any Person liable to be rated in respect of such Personal Estate, and inhabiting within the City of London, or any other City or Town Corporate in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, such his Dwelling House is one of the Parishes or Wards therein, and hath any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, in any one or more of the other Parishes or Wards within the same, that then such Person shall be taxed, charged and assessed for such his Goods, Wares and Merchandise, in the Parish or Ward where he dwelleth, and not elsewhere, within the said City and Town Corporate.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and in other the Public Office, upon Request to them made by the respective Assessors, shall deliver, gratis, true Bills or Accounts of all Persons, Annuities, Stipends or other annual Payments, and of all Fees, Salaries and other Allowances, payable at the said Receipt, or in the said Public Office, to any Commissioners or Commissioners, Officer or Officers, for the Execution of this Act, for the better Guidance of the said Assessors in the charging of the same; and that in all cases where any Persons, Annuities, Stipends or other yearly Payments, or the Fees, Salaries, Wages or other Allowances or Profits charged by this Act, shall be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer, or at any other Public Office, only any of His Majesty's Receivers or Paymasters in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, the said Intimationed Tax or Payment, which is purchase of this Act shall be charged for or in respect of such Annuity, Stipend, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, shall and may (in case of Nonpayment thereof) be demanded and stopped out of the same or out of any Money which shall be paid upon such Persons, Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances or Profits, or for Arrears thereof, and be applied to the Satisfaction of the Rates and Duties not otherwise paid as aforesaid; and the proper Officers in the said Exchequer, and other the Public Office aforesaid, shall keep true Accounts of all Money stopped, and (upon Request) shall give Copies of such Accounts to the proper Collectors of such Rates for the respective Parishes or Places where the said Monies are affixed by this Act.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, rated or assessed for his Office or Employment, shall be rated and pay for his said Office or Employment in the County, City or Place where the same shall be exercised, although the Revenue or Profits arising by such Office or Employment are payable elsewhere: Provided always, that the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, the Masters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Petty Bag, Examiners, Registrars, Clerks of the Inrolments, Clerks of the Affidavit and Subpoena Office, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery, that execute their Office within the Liberties of the Rolls, shall be there assessed to the said last mentioned Duties for their respective Offices, Salaries and other Profits, and not elsewhere; and the said Masters in Chancery for the Time being, and the said Six Clerks and Registrars for the Time being, shall be the Commissioners for putting in Execution, and shall put in Execution this Act with relation to the Intimationed Duties, within the said Liberties, and exercise the Powers therein contained; and that all Annuities, Stipends and Profits, payable to any Officers in respect of their Offices, shall be taxed and assessed to the said last mentioned Duties where such Officers are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not elsewhere; and that all other Persons, Stipends and Annuities in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, not charged upon Lands, shall be charged and assessed in the Parishes and Places where they are payable.

XXXIII. And Whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit chargeable by this Act are executed by a Deputy, and the principal Officers living in Place remote from the Division, Parish or Place where such Office or Employments are taxable, the Rates and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty: Be it therefore enacted, That where any Office or Employment of Profit chargeable by this Act is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessments as shall be charged thereon, and deduct the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal or Nonpayment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Duties as by this Act is prescribed against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other

Treble Charge
upon Ratingers.

Headholders
not giving an
Account of
their Lodgers.

Penalty.

Members of
Parliament to
be rated at their
Manors
Houses.

Penalty.

Intimation of
Taxes having
Personal Estate
demanded at more
Parishes assessed
where they
reside.

Officers of the
Exchequer, &c. to
deliver Lists of
Persons and
Annuities where
required.

Tax stopped out
of Profits, &c.

Accounts
stopped kept.

Officers in pay,
where employed.

Officers in
Chancery to be
assessed in the
Rolls Liberty.

Officers executed
by Deputy, the
Assessments to
be paid by him.

Remedies and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be the like Remedies for the recovering the Monies allotted upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and six, and for any subsequent Year not yet finished, in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise cleared in the Exchequer.

The Queen or Royal Family not chargeable in respect of Annuities.

Superintendant Sea Officers, &c. not chargeable.

Residentaries not chargeable in certain cases.

Penalties for those who have sold or taken from or taken from the public Domain not to be charged on Persons, &c. formerly exempted.

Receipt not chargeable with Stamp Duty.

The Duties on Soap, Salt and Tobacco, to be further continued.

38 G. 3. c. 6.

38 G. 3. c. 6.

38 G. 3. c. 6.

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the A^d, or any thing herein contained, shall not charge or be construed to charge Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, for or in respect of any Annuities or yearly Payments granted to Her said Majesty, and to their said Royal Highnesses, but that such Sums of Money, Annuities or yearly Payments, and Her said Majesty and their said Royal Highnesses, and their Transferees, Receivers General and Deputies for the Time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions, and other Charges whatsoever: Provided also, that this A^d, or any of the several Clauses herein contained, shall not extend to charge the Persons of any Superintendant Commissions or Warrant Sea or Land Officers, or the Possessions of Widows of Sea or Land Officers slain in the Service of the Crown; or the Revenue of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Possessions of the Poor Knights of Windsor, payable out of the Exchequer only; or to charge a certain Person of One hundred Pounds granted by the late King Charles the Second in the Poor Clergy of the *Ile of Man*; or to charge the Possessions or Salaries of His Majesty's Pages of Honour, or of the Officers and Persons employed or to be employed in collecting the Tolls and Duties payable by virtue of any A^d or Acts of Parliament for making, repairing, or maintaining any Public Roads, by reason of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby.

XXXV. And Whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Residentaries of the Cathedral Churches in England and Wales are chargeable to the Land Tax granted and made perpetual as aforesaid, and in Form as follows the Overplus of the said Rents and Revenues above such Tax, Repairs and other Charges, is to go as follows: *Shall be for the Maintenance of the said Residentaries, which Shams are diminished by the said Land Tax.* It is hereby provided and enacted, That in such cases the said Residentaries shall not by this A^d, or any of the Clauses therein contained, be further chargeable as enjoying Offices of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That nothing in this A^d contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge or to authorize the deducting from or affecting any Person under any of the Provisions of this A^d, upon any Annuity, Pension or Stipend, paid to such Person on account of his having been or acted as a Member or Resident at any Foreign Court.

XXXVII. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That nothing herein contained is relation to the said several Sums of Money charged as laid affected on Persons in respect of Public Offices or Employments of Profit, or Annuities, Pensions, Stipends or other Annual Payments before deferred, shall extend or be construed to extend to charge or to authorize the deducting from or affecting any Person in any case in which the Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites or Gratuities payable in respect of such Office or Employment of Profit, or in which the Annuity, Pension, Stipend or other Annual Payment shall have been specially exempted from the Payment of any Aids or Taxes by any A^d of Parliament, or in any case in which any Salary, Wages or Stipend of any Office or Employment, or any other Annual Payment which shall be payable to such Person in respect of such Office or Employment, or of his having held any such Office or Employment, shall by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be paid Nett or without Deduction, or in any case in which the same shall be any such Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment shall, by like Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be repaid or reimbursed to the Person affected out of any Part of the Public Revenue of Great Britain: Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment Nett or without Deduction of the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment, or the Repayment of the Duty affected on the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Office or Employment belongs, to be so paid Nett or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is further enacted, That no Stamp Duty shall be charged or chargeable for any Receipts given by any Receiver General of the Land Tax to any Collector for Payment of Money made by virtue of this A^d, any Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And Whereas by the said A^d passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making perpetual, fixed in Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed as Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty fourth, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Salt, by an A^d made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an A^d made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an A^d made and passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for increasing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Profane, Office and Personal Estate, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Salt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: [And Whereas by the said A^d passed in the Thirty eighth

Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making perpetual, solely to Redemption and*
Parish in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land
Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, it was
enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth,
and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty
seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an
Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in Force until the
Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from
thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said
several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
*intituled *An Act for continuing and granting in His Majesty's Duty as Proprietor, Officer and Proprietor of the**
in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and
Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, further continued until the
Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were
further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven : (a) And
*Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act**
for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu
thereof ; and by one other Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandises, imported into Great
Britain, from any Part or Place within the Limits of the Charter granted to the United Company of Merchants
of England trading to the East Indies ; and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof ; and to establish further
Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue so Goods so imported ; and to alter the Periods for making
up and presenting certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament ; to remove in force until the Tenth Day
of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen : the said several Duties on Sugar imported from the East
Indies were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar so imported in lieu thereof : And Whereas by another
*Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal the**
Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, certain of the said Duties
on Licences to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco were repealed,
and other Duties granted in lieu thereof : And Whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on
Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff, together with the said Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were further
continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen : Be it further
enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, and the said Acts granting and
continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be and the same are hereby severally and respectively
further continued from and after the Expiration of the Time limited as aforesaid, until the Twenty fifth Day
of March One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and all the Manner writing therein, which shall be paid
into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable
to His Majesty. (a) [The Part of this Section in Brackets appears to be a Repetition of the former Part,
 but it is so in the Roll.]

XL. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer One Book of Register, in which all the Money that shall be paid into the Exchequer for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, and also the Rates and Allowances hereby granted as Portofree Estimation, and on Offices and Employments of Profit, Penfions, Annuities and Stipends, herein before mentioned, shall be entered and registered apart and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Comptrollers of His Majesty's Treasury, at any Time or Times, to make or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out on the Receipt of the Exchequer for any Sums or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three Millions, in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions as are directed and prescribed in and by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills.*

XLII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, contained in the said recited Act, made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills,* shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said recited Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this Act.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum upon or in respect of the whole of the Monies respectively contained therein.

XLIV. And be it declared and further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act, any Sums or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three Millions, any Thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled *An Act for granting to their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon the Turnage of Ships and Ports, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors ; and for allowing certain Remissions and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, in such Proportions as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of one million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, or in any subsequent Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.*

Monies paid into the Exchequer under this Act shall be entered separate from other Payments.

Directing a Sum to be used by Comptrollers of the Treasury.

Cloture, &c. in all G. 3. c. 1. shall apply to this Act.

Exchequer Bills to bear Interest. Bank of England authorized to advance a certain Sum on the Credit of the Act.

Bills shall be placed in Cash in the Exchequer;

and shall be as valid thereon as common with other Monies.

Exchequer Bills to be charged upon the Rates and Duties granted by this Act.

Amount of Exchequer Bills to be taken.

Monies due on Exchequer Bills to be paid out of the next Aids.

Surplus Monies to be served to Consolidated Fund.

The Treasury to allow out of the Consolidated Fund the necessary Charges of making forth new Exchequer Bills;

and afterwards to be repaid out of the said Surplus.

XLV. And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to cause such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as in such Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Teller shall be severally charged with a Proportion of the said Bills which shall be so placed in his Office respectively; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVI. And it is hereby also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be looked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken and allowed as so much in Part of the Revenue, as Real Monies, wherewith each of the said Tellers shall from time to time stand charged in common with other Monies in the said Exchequer, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to draw and apply the same from time to time to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the Rates, Duties and Aids, granted by this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to direct to be issued to the said Paymasters by way of Imprest, and upon Account, such Sums of Monies, and at such Periods as the said Commissioners shall think necessary, for or towards paying off and discharging the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, and for and towards paying the Interest to become due on the said Bills, and for or towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the same Bills or any of them.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of the Amount of all Exchequer Bills that shall have been issued by virtue of this Act, and how much thereof shall before that time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged.

XLIX. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies so remaining undischarged or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be paid and satisfied out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

L. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus of the Monies arising from the Rates, Duties and Aids, granted and imposed by this Act, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills issued by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Monies respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, be cleared to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

LI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed out of the Monies so made of or for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, or of or for the Consolidated Fund, from time to time, the necessary Charges of making forth the new Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be considered necessary, in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof, in relation to the said Bills, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever Monies shall be issued out of the said Consolidated Fund from time to time to be replaced by and out of the said Surplus to be then after granted in Parliament, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts of this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Eleven Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [4th March 1816.]

- = TREASURY may raise 11,000,000. by Exchequer Bills, in manner performed by 4th G. 3. c. 1. — § 1.
- = The charges, &c. in respect Aids extended to this Act, § 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised, § 3.
- = Exchequer Bills payable out of Surplus for next Session, § 4. Interest 3^d. 6^d. per Cent. per Ann. § 5.
- = Exchequer Bills current at Exchequer after April 1. 1817. — § 6. Bank of England may advance = 5,000,000. on Credit of Aids, notwithstanding § 2 & W. & M. c. 20. — § 7. Act altered, amended or repealed this Session, § 8.

C. A. P. V.

An Act to extend the Powers of an Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty more effectually to grant conditional Pardons to Persons under Sentence of Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Imprisonment under such Sentences. [4th March 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the official Transportation of Felons and other Offenders, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners in certain cases, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable His Majesty more easily and effectually to grant conditional Pardons to Persons under Sentence by Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Imprisonment under such Sentences*, certain Provisions of the said former Act relating to the Transportation of Offenders convicted at Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, were extended to the Transportation and Imprisonment of Persons lawfully convicted before Courts Martial, but to whom His Majesty should be graciously pleased to grant a Pardon on Condition of Transportation, or of Imprisonment, or being kept to hard Labour: And Whereas by another Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue in force until the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign has been repealed: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty may not have in part repealed the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign: For Removal whereof, and in order to enlarge and extend the Provisions of the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign aforesaid as hereinafter mentioned, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever His Majesty shall be graciously pleased to extend His Royal Mercy to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Naval Court Martial on Condition of Transportation or Imprisonment, or of being kept to hard Labour for Life, or for any Term of Years, it shall and may be lawful, on a Commencement of the Inclosure of His Majesty from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, or any Three or more of them, for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to testify to any Justice of The King's Bench or Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Court, such Instance of Mercy as aforesaid, whereupon the said Justice or Baron shall allow such Offender the Benefit of such conditional Pardon as shall be expressed in such Notification, in the same manner as if a conditional Pardon to the same Effect had passed under the Great Seal for that Purpose; and the said Justice or Baron, and all other Officers or Persons whatsoever, are to make such Order or Orders, and to do and perform all such Acts or Acts for the carrying into effect the Punishment mentioned in such conditional Pardon, as may be required by the said Acts of the Thirty seventh and Fifty fifth Years of His said Majesty, or by any other Acts or Acts which may be in force at the time when such conditional Pardon shall be granted for carrying into Execution any Sentence of Transportation or Imprisonment, or to be kept to hard Labour, passed at any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery in the United Kingdom; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey such Order or Orders, and be assistant in the Execution thereof, and of all such Acts or Acts as aforesaid, and be liable in the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interception of the same, as they would be if the said Offender had been convicted by any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, and as if the said Order and Orders had been made, and such Act or Acts performed, or required to be performed in pursuance of such Conviction.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to cause any Offender who may be in Prison or Confinement after or under any Sentence of a Naval Court Martial, or after or under any conditional Pardon as aforesaid, to be removed from the Prison or Place of Confinement to which he may at any time be, to such other fit and proper Prison or Place of Confinement being a Public Gaol, Prison, House, Penitentiary, House or House of Correction, within the United Kingdom, as to His Majesty may seem expedient; and any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a Warrant or other Instrument under his Hand for such Removal, and for carrying into Execution such Part or Parts of such Sentence as may remain unexecuted or unfulfilled, or for which His Majesty's Gracious Pardon may not have been granted; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Warrant or Instrument, be assistant in the Execution thereof, and be liable in the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interception of the same, as if the said Prison were under Sentence of a Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery for such Imprisonment, as in the said Warrant may be specified.

III. And be it further enacted, That during the Imprisonment of any Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines in any Gaol or Prison, or other Place of Confinement in pursuance of any such Sentence of a Naval Court Martial, or under any conditional Pardon, or Order or Warrant for Removal as aforesaid, all Pay and Wages of such Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines shall be suspended and stopped, and the Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, in whose Custody such Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines may be, shall receive and apply, in the Satisfaction and Support of every such Prisoner, an Allowance of such a Sum of Money per Diem as shall at that time be appointed by any Act of Parliament for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while

Benefit of conditional Pardon on order of Naval Courts Martial, have carried into Execution.

32 G. 3. c. 147.
33—4.
34 G. 3. c. 146.

Offender is removed from one Place of Confinement to another.

Pay of Officers &c. stopped during his imprisonment.

Allowance to Gaolers.

or Short, to be paid to any Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison or House of Correction for the Subsistence of any Non-Commissioned Officer or Private Marine committed into their Custody under such Act, and which Allowance the said Commissioners for estimating the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being are hereby authorized and required to cause to be paid by the Treasurers of the Navy or the Paymaster of Royal Marines, as the case may be, to the said Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent accordingly.

In case of In-
solvency Prisoners
committed to
Marine Asylum.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being in Prison or Confinement under any such Sentence, or by virtue of any such Warrant or Indentment as aforesaid, shall become insane, and shall be certified by Two Physicians or Surgeons to be insane, it shall and may be lawful for One of the said Secretaries of State to direct, by a Warrant or Indentment under his Hand, the Removal of such Person to such Lunatic Asylum, or other proper Receiptable for Insane Persons in the United Kingdom, as he may judge proper, for the unexpired Term of any such Sentence or Imprisonment or Confinement; and if any such Person should be in the same manner certified to be of sound Mind, the said Secretary of State may issue a further Warrant or Indentment for his being removed to such Prison or Place of Confinement as he may deem expedient.

C A P. VI.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England. [22d March 1816.]

24 G. 3. c. 15.
continued.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England, for One Year, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Meeting of the three next Sessons of Parliament*, is now expiring: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by the The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

C A P. VII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight. [22d March 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

48 G. 3. c. 3.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight*: And Whereas another Act passed in the last Session of Parliament to continue and amend the said recited Act:

31 G. 3. c. 18.

And Whereas the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are willing and have agreed to continue the Loan of the said Sum of Three Millions advanced under the Provisions of the said recited Act, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, without Interest: Now, therefore, We Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by Your Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to continue the Advance and Loan to His Majesty made in pursuance of the said first recited Act, upon the Credit of Exchequer Bills authorized to be issued and issued under the said Act, of the Sum of Three Millions without Interest, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to con-
tinue Loan of
3,000,000
without interest.

Exchequer Bills
issued under
48 G. 3. c. 3.
to remain a
Security for
Loans, and pay-
able on April 5,
1818.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills made out under the Provisions of the said first recited Act for securing the said Advance of Three Millions, shall remain and continue as a Security for the Repayment of the said Sum of Money at the Period by this Act specified, in like manner in every respect as if new Exchequer Bills were made out for that Purpose, payable on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall, together with all Charges incident to or attending the same, be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid or borne by or out of the Aids or Supplies which shall be granted by Parliament for the Services of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose shall not be granted before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then all the said Exchequer Bills with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies as at any time or times at or after such Period shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Consolidated Fund (except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf); and such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund shall and are hereby and applied as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, discharging

and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and referred in the Exchequer, to be payable on demand in the respective Provisions thereof.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That as Interest shall be payable or paid upon or in respect of the said Exchequer Bills: Provided always, that in such Provision shall not be made by Parliament for Payment of the said Exchequer Bills, so that the same shall be fully paid and discharged on or before the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then and in such case the said Exchequer Bills, or such Part thereof as shall then remain unpaid, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, bear Interest at and after the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum; and such Interest be hereby made chargeable and charged upon, and shall be borne and paid by and out of the same Fund as the Principal Money payable in respect of the said Exchequer Bills is by this Act charged and chargeable upon; any thing in this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

How Monies
drawn out of
Consolidated
Fund replaced,
Exchequer Bills
to bear Interest
if Payment not
made for
April 5, 1818.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope.

[22d March 1816.]

WHEREAS the Law heretofore mentioned is near expiring, and fit to be continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to continue His Majesty during the present War to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope*, which was revived, and continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

49 G. 3. c. 21.
Further con-
tinued.

[24 G. 3.
c. 164.]

C A P. IX.

An Act for charging certain Duties on Foreign Packets or Passage Vessels entering or departing any of the Ports of Great Britain.

[22d March 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Tonnage Duty should be imposed upon French Packets or Passage Vessels, on their entering and departing any of the Ports of Great Britain, equivalent to the Duty now payable on British Packets or Passage Vessels entering and departing the Ports of France; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, collected, levied and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Tonnage Duty at and after the Rate of Three Shillings and Six pence of good and lawful Money of Great Britain for each and every Ten Barrels of every Packet or Passage Vessel belonging to the Subjects of His said Majesty, which shall lade or unlade any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or take in or let on Shore any Passengers in any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of Great Britain, and that the Tonnage of every such Vessel shall, in case of Doubt or Dispute as to the same, be ascertained by the proper Officers of the Customs by Admeasurement, in manner directed by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the further Encouragement and Extension of Shipping and Navigation*.

French Packets,
as to pay Duty.

16 G. 3. c. 60.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, to stop and detain any Packet or Passage Vessel liable to the Payment of the said Duty, until the same is paid as aforesaid; and in case Payment thereof shall not be made for the Space of Thirty Days after the Arrival of such Vessel at any such Port, Creek, Harbour or Road in this Kingdom, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them, to cause such Packet or Passage Vessel, and her Masts, Appur and Furniture, to be sold publicly to the best Bidder, and the Produce thereof to be applied, first to the Charges that shall arise by such Detention and Sale, next to the said Duty imposed by this Act, and the Overplus to be paid to the Proprietor of such Packet or Passage Vessel or other Person duly authorized by such Proprietor to receive the same.

Packets not pay-
ing Duty detain-
ed and sold.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Tonnage Duty hereby imposed shall be paid into the Hands of the proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs at the respective Ports or Places where such Duty shall become due and payable; and such Duty shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively.

Duty under
Commissioners
of Customs.

IV. And, so the Intest that the said Duty may be duly answered and paid, be it further enacted, That no Officer of His Majesty's Customs whatsoever, at any of the said Ports or Places in Great Britain where such Duty shall become due and payable, shall, from and after the said passing of this Act, take or receive any

No Tonnage when
all Duty paid.

Entry

Entry or Report Outwards for any such Vessel liable or subject to the said Duty, nor grant any Coqueen for any Goods, Wares or Merchandise introduced to be shipped on board any such Vessel, or shall such Vessel be permitted to depart from any such Port or Place until the said Duty shall be paid pursuant to the Direction of this Act, to the respective Collectors or other principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs authorized to receive the same, and until the Master or Owner of any such Vessel subject to the Payment of such Duty shall show to such respective Officer a Receipt for the same.

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2000.

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V. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys from time to time arising by the Duties by this Act imposed as aforesaid (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Permanent Duties imposed by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

His Majesty
authorized to
the Duty to be
paid for Porters
of other Foreign
Countries.

VI. And Whereas British Packets or Passage Vessels entering or clearing out from the Ports or Harbours of other Foreign Countries are subject and liable to certain Imposts in the Nature of Tonnage Duties, Port Duties, Harbour Dues or otherwise: And Whereas such Imposts are continually varying in Amount; and it is expedient for the Protection of the Navigation of Great Britain, that His Majesty should be empowered to levy on the Packets or Passage Vessels of such Foreign Countries similar Duties, and to alter or entirely revoke the same as such Duties may be altered or revoked on British Packets or Passage Vessels in such Foreign Countries: Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be acted by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council to be published from time to time in the *Londres Gazette*, to direct such Duty or Duties as shall be therein specified, to be levied, collected and paid in the Ports of Great Britain on the entering or clearing out of the Packets or Passage Vessels of such Foreign Countries as shall be named in the said Proclamations or Orders in Council, and from time to time, by any such Proclamations or Orders in Council issued or published as aforesaid, to revoke, diminish or increase such Duties to the same Amount as similar Duties may be respectively revoked, diminished or increased on British Packets or Passage Vessels entering or clearing out from the Ports or Harbours of such Foreign Countries.

Duty, managed
to Duty on
French Packets.

VII. And be it further enacted, That on such Duty being so declared as aforesaid, the same shall be collected, managed, paid and received to the same manner, and subject and liable to the same Rules and Regulations as the Duty on French Packets or Passage Vessels are by this Act directed to be collected, managed, paid and received.

Proviso for
Vessels of
War.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship or Vessel used only for the Purposes of Pleasure, and which shall not carry any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or any Passengers for Hire or Reward.

C. A. P. X.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. [21st March 1816.]

Number of
Persons killed.

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in time of Peace, unless it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be maintained for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crown, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and seventy six thousand five hundred and fifteen effective Officers and Men, exclusive of His Majesty's Forces employed as the Territorial Militia of the *East India Company*, the Foreign Corps in British Pay, and the embodied Militia: And Whereas so Much can be foreprovided of Life or Limb, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within that Realm, by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining all the before mentioned Forces as their Duty, that a strict Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or for up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, commit, cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall set on fire his utmost Endeavour to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall behave himself before the Enemy; or shall fraudulently abscond or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortress or Post to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abscond the same; or shall speak Words, or use any other Words to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to withdraw before the Enemy; or fraudulently to abscond or deliver up any Garrison, Fortress, Post, or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall

Officers, for
mutiny or
deserting, &c.

leave his Post before ordered; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messengers, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or Way whatsoever; or shall treat or enter into any Terms with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land, or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

or shall be found sleeping upon or shall strike his Officer, or shall strike or disobey his superior Officer, shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as a Court Martial may inflict.

Recruits etc. charged previous to March 12, 1816, before the expiration of 94 days after Enlistment, not proceeded against in Detention.

Any Detention involving himself a Detention, deemed duly satisfied.

[Section 2. is 91. *in the same as the 18th Section of 55 G. 3. c. 108.*]

XCIV. And Whereas many Infants and Chief Magistrates have erroneously discharged Recruits before the expiration of Twenty four Hours after the time of their Enlistment: And Whereas such Recruits are in consequence liable to be treated as Deserters through such Error of the Justice or Chief Magistrate, and without any evil Intention on their own Part: Be it therefore enacted, That no such Recruits who shall have been so erroneously discharged by a Justice or Chief Magistrate previous to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be liable on that Account to be proceeded against as having absconded or deserted from His Majesty's Service.

[Section 95. is the same as Section 91. of 55 G. 3. c. 108, and Sections 96. to 116. are the same as Sections 97. to 117. of 55 G. 3. c. 108.]

CEVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular or Militia Forces, or of the Forces of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or who, upon being apprehended for Desertion or any other Offence, shall, in the Presence of the Magistrate, declare himself to be a Deserter from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted, and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

[Section 118. is 178. *in the same as Section 117. is 177. and all the Schedules from Schedule (A.) to Schedule (O.) in the same as all the Schedules from Schedule (A.) to Schedule (O.) of 55 G. 3. c. 108.*]

CAP. XI.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore.

[22d March 1816.]

[This Act is the same as 55 G. 3. c. 21. except as to Dates and as to the Sections that are here retained, and all the Schedules are the same as the Schedules to 55 G. 3. c. 21.]

XI. AND be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall issue any such Sentence of a Court Martial to be carried into Execution, or shall be generally pleased to extend his Mercy, upon Condition of Transportation, to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Court Martial, such Sentence, together with His Majesty's Pleasure upon the same, shall be notified in Writing by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to any Justice of the King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Burens of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Cook, and thereupon such Justice or Burens shall enter an Order for the Transportation of such Offender upon the Terms and for the time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Justice or Burens is authorized to make or do by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of making any such Orders in relation to the Transportation of Offenders; and such Order and Orders so to be made, and all such Acts as shall be so done as aforesaid, shall be obeyed and done by such Person in whose Custody such Offender shall at that time be, and all other Persons whom it may concern, and shall be as effectual and have all the same Consequences as any Order made under the Authority of the said Act with respect to any Offender in the said Act mentioned; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent whom it may concern, and all Constables, and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Order and Orders, be assiduous in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Disobedience, or in disobeying the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made under the Authority of the aforesaid Act; and every Person is ordered to be transported as aforesaid shall be subject respectively to all and every the Provision and Provisions made by Law, and now in force concerning Persons committed of any Crime and sentenced to be transported, or receiving His Majesty's Pardon on Condition of Transportation.

How Order for Transportation shall be procured in.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Court and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy, (who are hereby authorized to administer the same,) in these Words; that is to say,

Oaths to be taken by all Members of a General Court Martial.

'YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to the Evidence which shall be given in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord The King's Majesty and the Prisoner to be tried:

'So help you GOD.'

'I A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to an Act of Parliament now in force, for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, and according to the Rules and Articles made in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and 36 Geo. III.

4 Y

other

• other Coines therein respectively mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise (which is not explained by the said Act of Parliament, or the said Rules and Articles), according to my Confidence, the best of my Understanding, and the Customs of War in like cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court, until it shall be approved by the Lord High Admiral, or those or more of the Commissioners for exercising the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; neither will I, upon any Accusation at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law. So help me GOD."

The Judge Advocate to be sworn.

The Oath.

In Sentences of Death when Number of Officers shall remain, &c. Hours of Trial. Witnesses during their Absence were permitted from Arrive.

And as soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

"I, A. B. do swear, That I will not upon any Accusation, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law. So help me GOD."

And as Sentences of Death shall be given against any Offender by any such General Court Martial as aforesaid, unless Nine Officers present, or where the Court Martial shall consist of Seven Members, unless Five Officers present shall concur therein; and if there be more Officers present than Thirteen or Seven respectively, then the Judgment shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate Example: Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the Judge Advocate or the Person officiating as such shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like manner as Witnesses attending any of His Majesty's Courts of Law are privileged, and that if any such Witness shall be unduly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any Judge of the Court of King's Bench in London or in Dublin, or the Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, according as the case shall require, upon his being made appear to such Court or Judge by Affidavit in a summary Way that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from or attending upon such Court Martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Court, shall be liable to be attached to the Court of King's Bench in London or Dublin, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies respectively, upon Complaint made to the said Courts of King's Bench or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, in like manner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in such Court.

XXII. Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, That no Marine, either Officer or Private Man, being accused or convicted of any Offence at any such Court Martial as aforesaid, shall be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or any other Court Martial, for the same Offence; unless in the case of an Appeal from a Divisional to a General Court Martial, and that no Sentence given by any Court Martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than once.

"I, A. and Whereas several Marines, who being duly sworn, may afterwards desert and be found wandering, or otherwise absconing themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service? It is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough or Townsman, of the Town or Place where any Person who may reasonably be suspected to be such a Defector shall be found, or if no such Constable, Headborough or Townsman can be immediately met with, then for any Marine Officer or Marine to apprehend or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who is hereby empowered and required to examine such suspected Person; and if, by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a Marine duly sworn, and ought to be with the Company to which he belongs, whether such Company shall be employed on board any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or quartered on shore, or employed as board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, such Justice of the Peace shall, without Fee or Reward to himself or Clerk, forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or to the House of Correction or other public Prison in such Town or Place where such Defector shall be apprehended; or to the Gaol, in case such Defector shall be apprehended within the Cities of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent: and transmit an Accusation thereof to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, and to the Commander of the Division to which the said Defector may belong, to the end that such Person may be proceeded against according to Law; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, shall receive the full Subsidies of such Defector, during the time he shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of such Defective; but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of the Imprisonment of any such Defector; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, if he should think fit, to order the Issue and Payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay or any Portion thereof, to or on account of such Non-commissioned Officer or Marine dying or after the Expiration of his Period of Imprisonment in any Gaol or House of Correction or other public Prison.

LII. And, for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to secure or apprehend such Defector, be it further enacted, That such Justice of the Peace shall issue his Warrant, in Writing, to the Collector or Collectors of the Land-Tax Money of the Parish or Township in Great Britain, where such Defector

Marines to be tried a Second Time for the same Offence, unless in case of Appeal. Constables, &c. may apprehend Deserters, and carry them before a Justice.

and transmit an Accusation to the Secretary of the Admiralty, &c. And Keeper to receive the Subsidies of such Defector.

Warrant for taking up Deserters.

Defender shall be apprehended, or in Ireland, to the Collector or Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue in the District where such Defender shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land-Tax Money or Revenue either on or to settle in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, into the Hands of such Person or Persons who shall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any such Defender from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Three Pounds, for every such Defender that shall be so apprehended and committed; which Sum of Three Pounds shall be issued by such Collector or Collectors to whom such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account; the Magistrate informing the Commandant of the Division to which such Defender may belong, that the same may be charged against his Pay and Subsistence.

LVI. And Whereas many Justices and Chief Magistrates have erroneously discharged Recruits before the Expiration of Twenty four Hours after the Time of their Enlistment: And Whereas such Recruits are in consequence liable to be treated as Defectors through such Error of the Justice or Chief Magistrate, and without any Evil Intention on their own Part: Be it therefore enacted, That no such Recruit who shall have been so erroneously discharged by a Justice or Chief Magistrate previous to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be liable on that Account to be proceeded against as having absconded or deserted from His Majesty's Service.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any case wherein an Oath is required to be taken by this Act shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted shall be liable to such Penalties and Forfeitures as by any Laws now in force any Person convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subjected and liable to.

LIX. And Whereas Marries absent on Furlough granted to them by their Commanding Officers are sometimes prevented by Sickness, or other unavoidable Casualty, from returning to their Duty before the Expiration of the Time limited by such Furlough; and Doubts have arisen whether in such cases the Extension of a Marine's Furlough by a Justice of the Peace be sanctioned by legal Authority, and effectual for preventing such Marine from being apprehended upon Suspicion of his having deserted: Be it further enacted, That any Justifying Field Officer, stationed on the Recruiting Service, or any Officer of the Rank of Captain or of Superior Rank, or any Adjutant of Local Militia within the District; or in case there be no such Officer as aforesaid within a convenient Distance, that any Justice of the Peace may and he is hereby authorized to grant in Writing under his Hand and Extension of Furlough to any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine applying for the same on account of Sickness or other Casualty which shall on due Enquiry appear to render such Extension necessary; and that every such Officer or Justice of the Peace, who shall grant to any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine an Extension of Furlough as aforesaid, shall immediately certify the same, with the Cause of its being so granted, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and the Commandant of the Division to which the said Marine may belong, and that such Non Commissioned Officer or Marine during the Period to which his Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid shall not be liable to be apprehended or otherwise molested on the ground of his having deserted, or of criminally absconding himself from his Division: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to exempt any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine, whose Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, from being proceeded against and punished according to the Provisions of this Act, should it thereafter appear that such Non Commissioned Officer or Marine had obtained the Extension of his Furlough by false Representation made to such Officer or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, or in applying for and obtaining the same, had committed any Offence to the Prejudice of good Order and Military Discipline: Provided also, that no such Furlough shall be extended by any Justice of the Peace for any longer Period than One Month, unless with the Approbation of the General Officer commanding the District where such Marine shall be.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer, or Person whatsoever, who, by virtue or colour of this Act, shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting any Marine Officers or Private Men, shall neglect or refuse for the Space of Two Hours to quarter or billet such Officers or Marines when thereunto required, in such manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Forces, or shall refuse, demand, contract or agree for any Sum or Series of Money, or any Reward whatsoever, for or on account of quartering, or in order to execute any Process or Process whatsoever, from quartering or receiving into his, her or their House or Houses, any such Officer or Marine; or in case any Victualler, or any other Person liable by this Act to entertain any Officer or Marine billeted or quartered on him or her, shall refuse to receive or to afford proper Accommodation to or to visit any such Officer or Marine so quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid, or shall refuse to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of this Act, the several Things heretofore respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to Non Commissioned Officers or Marines so quartered or billeted on him or her, as aforesaid, at the Rate which is or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in that behalf, and shall be thereof convicted, before any One or more Justices or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer), every such High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Person so offending, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices, before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall in his or their Discretion think fit); to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of Harsh and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be devoted to any other Goodwill within the County, City or Liberty, or to any of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell; and the said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, to be

Recruit discharged previous to March 25, 1816, before the Expiration of 24 Hours after Enlistment, not to be proceeded against as Defectors.

False Oaths Perjury.

Furlough extended on oath of Sickness, &c.

Perjury.

Perjury.

Penalty on Constables, &c. neglecting to quarter Marines, or refusing Money to execute any Process from quartering, and on Victuallers refusing to receive Marines.

Oath administered.

Penalty.

to the Poor

paid

4 Y 2

Service to be to
His Majesty's
Heirs and Suc-
cessors.

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paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall be committed, or to some one of them, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

* LXXV. And Whereas it is highly expedient, that no doubt should remain as to the Service of Royal * Miners by reason of any Question of His Majesty's Heirs and Successors in any Oath of Attentation; Be it therefore declared and enacted, That any Oath and Attestation of Service heretofore or hereafter taken and made to His Majesty, as and shall be deemed and construed to be an Oath of Service to His Majesty's Heirs and Successors as the Sovereign of the Realm for the time being, so fully and effectually, and to all intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Words, Heirs and Successors, had been inserted in any such Oath or Attestation.

* LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Master in Scotland shall be entitled to claim any Apprentices who shall, after the passing of this Act, until as a Minors, unless such Apprentices shall have been bound to him for the full Term of at least Four Years by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship duly extended, signed, and tested, and his dug on both Parties by the Law of Scotland, prior to the Period of Enslavement, and unless such Contract or Indenture is duly executed shall within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enslavement, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and there shall have been indorsed thereon by such Justice, a Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to indorse and sign, and unless such Apprentices shall when claimed by such Master be under Twenty one Years of Age, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentices shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace, and before such Justice of the Peace take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to give to the Person in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C.): Provided always, that any Master of an Apprentices indorsed for the Sea Service shall be entitled to claim and recover any such Apprentices in the Term and Manner above directed, notwithstanding such Apprentices may have been bound for a less Term than Seven Years in England, Five Years in Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or Four Years in Scotland.

C A P. XII.

An Act for exhibiting a Bill in this present Parliament, for naturalizing His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Cobourg of Saxfeld.* [23rd March 1816.]

* WHEREAS His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Most Sacred Majesty, has, to the universal Joy and Satisfaction of His Majesty's Subjects, judged it proper that an Alliance should be contracted between the Family of His Majesty's Subjects, His Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Cobourg of Saxfeld*; and has therefore, in the Name and on Behalf of His Majesty, contracted, with the full Agreement of the Parties interested, that a Marriage shall be celebrated between the Most High and Illustrious Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, Dauphine of His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales, Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Serene Highness; And Whereas a more grateful Proof of the Esteem and Affection of this Kingdom cannot be given to His Serene Highness, than by an Act of Naturalization to make him capable of enjoying those Rights and Liberties which are enjoyed in this Realm: And Whereas by an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King James the First, every Person is required to receive the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper within One Month before any Bill for Naturalization be exhibited, and also to take the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance in the Parliament House, before his or her Bill be twice read; And Whereas by an Act passed in the First Year of His Majesty King George the First, it was enacted, that no Person shall be naturalized unless in the Bill exhibited for that Purpose, a proper Clause or particular Words be inserted to declare that such Person shall not thereby be enabled to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either House of Parliament, or to take any Office or Place of Trust, either Civil or Military, or to have any Grant of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments from The Crown, to himself or any other Person in Trust for him; and that no Bill should from thenceforth be received in either House of Parliament, unless such Clause or Words be first inserted or inserted thereon; Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a Bill for the Naturalization of His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Cobourg of Saxfeld*, without the Clause or particular Words directed by the said last recited Act to be inserted, and without his receiving the Sacrament, or taking the Oaths by the said recited Act required, shall and may be exhibited and brought into this Parliament and twice read; the said recited Acts, or any other Law, Statute, Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

By printed in

By printed in

Bill of 1816
without Clause
to receive and
take recited Acts,
etc.

C A P. XIII

An Act for the Naturalization of His Serene Highness *Lepold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, and settling his Precedence.

[29th March 1816.]

WHEREAS His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Most Sacred Majesty, has, to the universal Joy and Satisfaction of His Majesty's Subjects, judged it proper that an Alliance should be contracted between the Family of His Majesty and His Serene Highness *Lepold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*; and has therefore, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, contracted, with the full Agreement of the Parties intended, that a Marriage should be celebrated between the Most High and Illustrious Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, Daughter of His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales, Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Serene Highness; And Whereas a more grateful Proof of the Esteem and Affection of this Kingdom cannot be given to His Serene Highness, than by an Act of Naturalization to make him capable of enjoying those Rights and Liberties which are enjoyed in this Realm; We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said *Lepold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, where and so soon as he shall have taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy before the Lord High Chancellor, which Oaths the Lord High Chancellor is hereby authorized to administer, shall be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, deemed, taken and esteemed a natural born Subject of this Kingdom, as if His Highness had been born within this Realm; any Law, Statute, Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Serene Highness after taking Oaths, deemed natural born Subject.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord High Chancellor shall, immediately after such Oaths shall have been taken before him, certify the same, and cause such Certificate to be recorded in the High Court of Chancery.

Certificate recorded in Court of Chancery.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Marriage shall have been celebrated, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to give to the said *Lepold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, for and during the Term of his natural Life, such Precedence and Rank before the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, and all other great Officers, and the Dukes (other than and except the Dukes of the Blood Royal), and all other Peers of this Realm, as His Majesty shall deem fit and proper; any Law, Statute or Custom whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty reserves him Precedence and Rank.

C A P. XIV.

An Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Six Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[11th April 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are willing and have agreed to advance, towards the Supply granted to Your Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Six Millions of the Secretary of Exchequer Bills, to be made payable at the End of Two Years commencing from the passing of this Act, and to continue for Three Years longer from each Period, subject to Repayment upon Six Months' Notice, to be given at any time between the Tenth Day of October in any Year and the Fifth Day of April following, either by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to the Bank of England, or by the Bank to the said Lords Commissioners; Now, we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, being desirous to assist with as much Ease and Advantage as possible to Your Majesty's Subjects the necessary Supplies for the Service of the present Year, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized as he (said) under this Act, the Sum of Six Millions; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out, for any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the said Sum of Six Millions, to bear Date on the Day on which the same shall actually be issued, in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as are preferred in and by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills*.

Bank empowered to lend six Millions.

Treasury to make out Exchequer Bills.

48 G. 3. c. 5.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That during the Period the said Sum of Six Millions, and also the Sum of Three Millions advanced by the said Governor and Company towards the Supply of the Year One

His Majesty made in Order of payment.

Bank to withdraw Money in Exchange for Bank of Bills, &c.

One thousand eight hundred and eight (a), and continued without Interval by several subsequent Acts, shall continue to be advanced by the said Governor and Company, as Alterations shall be made in the Usage established in the Exchequer, of permitting the said Governor and Company to withdraw the Monies in the Receipt of the Exchequer upon the Security of Exchequer Bills or Notes of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to the full Amount of such Monies as withdrawn, being deposited in the Chests of the Tellers of the Exchequer by the said Governor and Company; nor shall any of the Accounts now by Law directed to be kept in the Bank of England, by any Person or Persons employed either in the Receipt of the Public Revenue, or in issuing or paying the Public Expenditure, or in any other Employment or Department of Government, be withdrawn from thence during the above Period. [(a) 48 G. 3. c. 1.]

48 G. 3. c. 1.
continued to Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, contained in the said last mentioned Act, relating to Exchequer Bills, except as far as the same may be altered by this Act, or be contrary to any of the Provisions thereof, shall be applied and extended in the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been originally authorised by the said last mentioned Act, or as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

Interest paid on Bills.

IV. And be it further enacted, That Interest at the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum shall be payable yearly upon the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, out of any Aids or Supplies in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the whole of the said Exchequer Bills with all Interest due thereon shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company at the End of Two Years certain from the passing of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company to continue the Loan of the said Sum of Six Millions for Three Years longer from the Period when the same shall be so payable, subject to Repayment upon Six Months' Notice being given between the Tenth Day of October in any Year and the Fifth Day of April following, either by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to the said Governor and Company or by the said Governor and Company to the said Lords Commissioners: Provided always, that such Notice shall in no case be given before the Tenth Day of October: One thousand eight hundred and thirteen: Provided also, that Interest shall be paid annually upon all the said Exchequer Bills which shall continue and remain due to the said Governor and Company until the final Payment and Discharge thereof.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Exchequer Bills repaid out of any Supplies in the Year;

If Supplies supply are provided, out of Consolidated Fund

V. And be it further enacted, That all such Exchequer Bills, and all Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid or borne by or out of the First Aids or Supplies which shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Current Year in which the said Sum of Six Millions shall become due as aforesaid; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose shall not be granted, then all the said Exchequer Bills, with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies as at any time or times, at or after such Period, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the Consolidated Fund (except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf), and such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and referred in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

Monies issued here applied.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. A. P. XV.

An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce, concluded between His Majesty and The United States of America.

[11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS a Convention of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between His Majesty and The United States of America: And Whereas it is expedient to give Effect to such Parts of the said Convention as require the Sanction of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon the Impostation, into any Part of the United Kingdom, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, imported direct from the said Territories, in any Ship or Vessel built in the Countries belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid, than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandise, of the like Description or Description, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, and being imported in British-built Ships or Vessels registered and registered according to Law; any thing contained in an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of*

On Impostation of American Goods in American Vessels no higher Duties paid than if imported in a British Ship.

Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, or any other Act, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, direct to any of the Territories of the United States of America, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said States, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, at a higher or other Duties shall be paid or payable than such as are charged or imposed upon such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, when exported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, navigated and registered according to Law.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said United States of America, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as heretofore mentioned, the same Bounty or Allowance shall be paid as at the Time of such Exportation may be allowed, upon the Exportation thereof, in any British-built Ship or Vessel, navigated and registered according to Law.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or in anywise alter the Duties of Passage, Seavage, Buylage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the same bring, or to any other City or Town Corporate, within Great Britain, or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force.

C & P. XVI.

An Act for better regulating the Offices of Receivers of Crown Rents.

[11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Townships, Rents, Services or other Hereditaments and Possessions of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, within the Obedience, Government and Service of the Court of Exchequer, have been assiduously and to-day collected by Persons holding the Offices of Receivers of the Land Revenues, in the several Counties in England and Wales in which such Possessions are situate, or the Deputies of such Persons: And Whereas the Office or Office of Receiver General of the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the said Possessions of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the several Counties of Essex, Hertford, Middlesex, Norfolk and Huntingdon, and in the City of London, is and are now held and enjoyed by Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, for his Life, by virtue of Letters Patent bearing Date the Fifth Day of June, in the Twenty third Year of His present Majesty, and the Office or Offices of Receiver General of the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the said Possessions of His Majesty in the several other Counties, is and are held by Persons appointed thereto during the Pleasure of His Majesty: And Whereas many of the said Possessions and Estates are held under Leases from the Crown, and are of considerable annual Value; and it is expedient and necessary that Provision should be made for the better Collection of the said Rents, Issues and Revenues, and more efficient Superintendence of the said Possessions and Estates, and enforcing the due Collection and Management thereof, and Observance and Performance of the Covenants and Engagements under which the Lessees or Tenants thereof hold the same: And Whereas it is necessary for carrying into Execution the Purposes aforesaid, that the Appointment to be made by the said recited Letters Patent, in so far as respects the Office or Offices of Receiver of the Rents, Issues and Revenues of His Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Townships, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions, in the said Counties of Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon, and the Appointments of the several other Receivers aforesaid, shall make, determine and be such, in the manner and at the times specified in this Act; and that Compensation shall be made to the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, in consideration thereof, as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Letters Patent, in so far as respects the Appointment thereby made of the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, then Walter King Clerk and Recorder of the Exchequer, since deceased, to the Office or Offices of Receiver General of all and singular the Rents, Issues and Revenues of all the Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Townships, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions whatsoever of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, within the Counties of Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon; and all Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages and Emoluments thereby appointed to be received, taken and retained out of the Rents, Issues and Profits, to be levied, collected and received from and in the said several Counties of Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon; and all and every Appointment and Appointments made by certain Instruments commonly called a Constitution, under the Hand or under the Hand and Seal of any Chancellor or Under Treasurer at His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, or by any other Instrument, Warrant, Order, Letter or Authority, of or from such Chancellor or Under Treasurer, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, to be Receiver General, Acting Receiver or Deputy Receiver of all or any of the said Rents, Issues and Revenues of

On Export of American Goods in such Vessels, no higher Duties paid, than if exported in British Vessels.

Like Bounties on Goods exported to America in American Vessels, as if exported in British Vessels.

Duties payable to Corporation of London, &c. are affected.

Act altered, &c.

Continuance of Act.

15

Bishop of Rochester's Appointment as Receiver as to the Counties of Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon, to make from the Date of Walter King's Appointment as Receiver.

any of His Majesty's Honours, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions in all or any of the several other Counties within the Orderings, Government, and Survey aforesaid; and all Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages and Emoluments, to be had, received or taken from or out of the Rents, Issues and Profits, to be levied, collected and received by virtue of any such Appointment or Appointments, Office or Offices, shall, from and immediately after the Date of any Warrant or Warrants to be granted in pursuance of this Act, for the Appointment of any new Receiver or Receivers of the same Issues, Rents and Revenues, cease, end and determine.

II. And be it further enacted, That a Compensation and Satisfaction shall be made to the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester* from time to time, for the Loss which he will sustain by reason of his said Appointment being made void and determined as to the said Counties of *Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon*, and of the Loss of the Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages or Emoluments incident therein, when and in the same shall respectively cease by means of any Warrant or Appointment made in pursuance of this Act; the Quantum or Amount of which Compensation or Satisfaction shall from time to time be referred to and ascertained by such Person as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues (by and with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to be signified by any Minute of the said Lords Commissioners in Writing, or by Letter from any one of their Secretaries in pursuance of any such Minute), shall for that Purpose nominate and appoint on the Part of His Majesty, and by such indifferent Person as shall be nominated and appointed on the Part of the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester*; and in case the Referers, to be so appointed as aforesaid, shall not agree between themselves touching or concerning the Quantum or Amount of such Compensation or Satisfaction as aforesaid, then the Quantum or Amount of every such Compensation or Satisfaction, to be made to the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester* as aforesaid, shall be settled, ascertained and determined by such competent and indifferent Person as the said respective Referers shall, before they shall respectively proceed to the Consideration of the Matters so referred to them, by Writing under their Hands nominate and appoint to act as Umpire concerning the Person, and the Judgment and Determination of such Referers or Umpire therein shall be final, binding and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and such Referers and Umpire are hereby respectively empowered to feed for Persons and Papers, and to examine Witnesses upon Oath, if necessary; which Oath any one of the Persons to be so nominated a Referee or Umpire as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer.

III. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to be fit and proper that any Compensation or Satisfaction should be made to any other Receiver, Officer or Officers, whose Appointment shall cease or whose Office shall be discontinued by virtue or in consequence of this Act, for any Loss which he or they shall or may sustain by reason of the Cessation of his or their Appointment or Appointments, or the Loss or Discontinuance of his or their Office or Offices, or of any Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages or Emoluments in respect thereof, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any three or more of them, to make and allow unto any such Receiver or Officer as aforesaid, such Compensation or Allowance as they shall deem just and reasonable; which Compensation and Allowance, and also such Compensation and Allowance as shall be made to the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester* by virtue of this Act, may be paid by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury out of the Land Revenues of the Crown, or out of any Monies applicable as Land Revenues of the Crown; but this Act, or any thing herein contained is not to vest or give to any Receiver, Officer or Officers, other than and except the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester*, any Right or Title to claim or demand any Satisfaction or Compensation whatsoever, for or in respect of any of the Matters aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, and from time to time thereafter when and as occasion shall require, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, such Consent and Approbation to be signified by any Minute of the said Lords Commissioners in Writing, or by Letter from any One of their Secretaries in pursuance of any such Minute, nominate or appoint such and in many Persons, being by Possession and acknowledged to act as Surveyors of Lands, and competent to the Superintendence thereof, as they shall think requisite or necessary to be Receivers of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of all and singular His Majesty's Honours, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions in the several Counties in *England or Wales*, within the Orderings, Government and Survey of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer as aforesaid, (except, that during the Life of the said *Walton Lord Bishop of Rochester*, or any such Appointment shall extend to any of the said Possessions which are situate in the County of *Middlesex*, or in the City of *London*;) to be as every such Person to be nominated and appointed as aforesaid shall be resident within the County, or any one County, (if his Appointment shall extend to Two or more Counties,) or any Hundred, District or Division, in or for which he shall be so appointed to act as such Receiver as aforesaid, and not elsewhere, unless the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General, with such Consent as aforesaid, shall think it expedient to dispense with such Residence; and that every such Appointment shall and may be made by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or under the Hand and Seal of the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's

Majesty's Land Revenues, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signed in manner aforesaid, and shall make and determine in case the Parties thereby appointed shall dissent as to the value of any such County, Hundred, District, or Division, in or for which he shall be so appointed to act as aforesaid, unless such Referee shall be dissatisfied with its manner aforesaid; and every such Warrant may be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to this Act, or as near and similar thereto as the Circumstances will permit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever; and shall be enrolled within One Calendar Month after the Date thereof, in the Office of the Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor or Auditors, of His Majesty's Land Revenues for the County or Counties, Hundred or Hundreds, comprised in such Warrant, who shall receive and be entitled to the usual Fees for enrolling the same; and such Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor or Auditors, shall, within One Calendar Month from the Date of the Enrolment of such Warrant, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Receiver thereby appointed, a true and perfect Rental of the Land Revenues within the Division of Receipt of such Receiver, as such Receiver shall there find in charge before such Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor or Auditors, and shall from time to time thereafter amend and rectify such Rental when necessary, and duly give in charge to be collected by such Receiver, and shall charge in Account against such Receiver all Sums of Land Revenue which shall or may in any wise come in Charge before him or them.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Receiver so to be appointed as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required once at least in every Year to view and survey every Part of the Estate or Estates, the Messuages, Revenues or Profits whereof shall be in his Collection or Receipt (save and except such Parts thereof as shall be chargeable only with the Payment of a Fee Farm or Quit Rent), and to examine and inspect the Field Book or Books, if any, kept by the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants thereof, and which Book or Books every such Lessee, Occupier or Tenant, or other Person having the Custody thereof, is hereby required to produce to every such Receiver upon Demand, and to permit him to inspect and examine the same; and every such Receiver shall and he is hereby required, within Two Calendar Months after each such Survey shall be so made or taken as aforesaid, to transmit to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, a true and faithful Report in Writing of the actual State and Condition of the Premises, and of the Collection and Management thereof at the time of such View and Survey, and how far the Covenants and Agreements under which the same shall be then held by the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants thereof, have been observed and performed, or whether the same have been in any and what Respects broken or infringed, and all such Circumstances relating thereto as shall come to the Knowledge of the said Receiver, or respecting which he shall have obtained Information in the Course of his said Survey or otherwise, together with his Opinion thereon; and if any Alterations in the Mode of cultivating or managing such Estates shall appear to him to be expedient or requisite, he shall state the same in such Report, and his Reasons for thinking the same fit or proper to be adopted.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Receiver so to be appointed as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required to make up, or cause to be made up annually, an Account in Writing of all Sums of Money whatsoever which shall have become due and payable into His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and which such Receiver, by virtue of such his Office as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons by any Authority from him, or by or with his Privy, Consent or Direction, shall at any time have collected, gotten in, or received, in respect of any of the Possessions of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of which he shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, and of all such Payments, Allowances or Deductions as shall have been made thereout by him to any Person or Persons; the Part of which Accounts shall be made up to the Tenth Day of October next ensuing the Date of the Warrant of Appointment of such Receiver; and every succeeding Account shall begin from the End of the former Account, and be made up to the Tenth Day of October in the following Year; and every such Receiver shall transmit such Account within Six Calendar Months after the Expiration of the Day or time to which the same shall or ought to be so made up as aforesaid to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, or at or within such other Period or time as such Receiver shall be required, by Notice in Writing from the said last mentioned Commissioners or the said Surveyor General, to transmit the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Account, when so transmitted, shall be examined, checked and inspected in the Office of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or of the said Surveyor General; and when so examined and approved by such Commissioners or Surveyor General, shall be delivered over to the Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies for the time being, or to the acting Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the District in which the Estate and Possessions comprised in such Account shall be situate; or if the Duties now performed by or in the Office of the Auditors of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred to any other Office, then every such Account shall be delivered over to such other Office; and such Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or acting Auditor or Auditors, or the Person or Persons to whom the Duty of auditing such Accounts, and making up the same for Declaration shall then be transferred, shall, and he or they is and are hereby required, within Three Calendar Months after the Receipt thereof, to examine, try and audit every such Account; and when so examined, tried and audited by him or them, to make up, or cause the same to be made up, according to the Form in which the Accounts of the Receivers of the Rents, Messuages, Revenues and Profits of the Crown have been used and accustomed to be made up by the Auditor or Auditors thereof for Declaration; and when so made up shall be verified by the Oath of every such Receiver, which Oath any one of the Barons

Appointments to be enrolled.

Rental delivered to the Receiver.

Duty of Receiver.

Receiver to transmit Report to Commissioners of Woods, Forests, &c.

Accounts to be annually made up and sent to Commissioners of Woods, &c.

Accounts to be checked and examined in Office of Woods.

To be finally settled by Auditor.

Oath taken by the Receiver.

of the *Colt* or the *Caritor* Baron of the *Eschequer*, or any *Commissioner* for taking *Affidavits* in the *last* Court of *Eschequer*, or any one of the *Commissioners* for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the *Surveyor General* for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall be and is hereby empowered to administer; and such *Auditor* or *Auditors*, or his or their *Deputy* or *Deputies*, or *acting Auditor* or *Auditors*, or the *Perfon* or *Persons* whose Duty it shall then be to prepare and make up such *Account* for *Declarations*, shall afterwards perfect or cause the same *Account* to be perfected to the said *Chancellor* or *Under Treasurer*, or any one of the *Barons* aforesaid, for *Declarations*; and where is declared, and the *Balance* thereof (if any shall be found due to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors) shall have been duly paid according to the *Directions* hereto contained, a *Quittance* or *Acquittance* from the said *Auditor* or *Auditors*, or his or their *Deputy* or *Deputies*, or such *acting Auditor* or *Auditors*, or from the *Perfon* or *Persons* to whom the *Duties* now performed by or in the Office of the *Auditor* of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred, shall be made out to such *Receiver*, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, in the usual Form, and which *Quittance* or *Acquittance* shall be a full and perfect *Discharge* to such *Receiver*, for or in respect of all *Monies* received by him and comprised in such *Account*.

Perfon for
receiving bills
Dish.

Perfon.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such *Receiver* or *Accountant* shall wilfully forfeit himself to regard to any *Article*, *Matter* or *Thing* relating to such *Account*, then such *Receiver* or *Accountant* shall and may be prosecuted for the same; and upon *Conviction* thereof, shall be subject and liable to such and the same *Fines* and *Penalties* as *Persons* guilty of *willful* and *conceal* *Perjury* are by the *Laws* in being subject and liable to.

Balance and
Sums in Re-
ceiver's Hands,
in other manner
to be directed
and applied.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all *Balances* due or to become due to His Majesty on the periodically making up of such *Accounts* by the *Auditor* or *Auditors* thereof, or his or their *Deputy* or *Deputies*, or the *acting Auditor* or *Auditors* as aforesaid, or by the *Perfon* or *Persons* to whom the *Duty* of making up the same shall be then transferred; and all such *Sum* or *Sums* of *Money* as prior to the transferring such *Balances* shall be from time to time required to be paid on account or in respect thereof, either by any *Debenture* or *Debentures*, or *Instructions* in *Writing* from the said *Auditor* or *Auditors*, or his or their *Deputy* or *Deputies*, or the *acting Auditor* or *Auditors*, or the *Perfon* or *Persons* to whom the *Duties* now performed by or in the Office of the *Auditor* of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred, by virtue or in pursuance of any *Warrant* from the *Lords Commissioners* of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, or by any *Order* in *Writing* from the *Commissioners* for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or from the *Surveyor General* for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall be paid over by such *Receiver* as aforesaid, to such *Perfon* or *Persons*, at such time or times, Office or Place, and in such manner as he shall be directed or required by any such *Debenture*, *Instructions* or *Order* to pay the same; and in Default of such *Directions* or *Requisitions*, then to such *Perfon* or *Persons*, and in such manner, and at such time or times, and Office or Place, as the *Receivers* of His Majesty's Land Revenues were immediately before the passing of this Act, by the *Laws* and *Statutes* then in force, and the *Usage* and *Practice* in that Behalf, used or required to answer, render and pay the *Monies* to their *Hands*, on the *Balances* of their respective *Accounts*.

Receiver's
Advances.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such *Receiver* shall have and be allowed, and shall and may charge, retain and deduct, in making up such his annual *Accounts* as aforesaid, One twentieth Part of all such *Monies* as shall by him have been received within the time comprised in such *Account*, and shall be thereon duly accounted for, as and for a *Compensation* for his Trouble in collecting and receiving the same *Monies*, and as a full *Recompense* and Satisfaction for all the *Services* to be performed by him in pursuance of this Act, or in Execution of any of the *Duties* of his said Office, or such other *Compensations* not exceeding such One twentieth Part as aforesaid, as the *Commissioners* for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said *Surveyor General* for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the *Lords Commissioners* for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, to be figured in manner aforesaid, from time to time order, direct or allow.

Letting and
Tenants in ar-
rear to pay
Rent.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any *Lessee* or *Lessees*, *Occupier* or *Occupiers*, *Tenant* or *Tenants*, of any *Estate* or *Possessions* of the *Crown*, the annual *Rent* or annual *Value* whereof shall exceed the *Sum* of One hundred Pounds, shall be in arrears, or hold in his or their *Hands* or *Custody* any *Rent* or *Rents* or *issue* *Profits*, or other *Profits* belonging to the *Crown* arising from the said *Estate* or *Possessions*, for the Space of Three Calendar Months after the same shall have become due, and after he or they shall have been applied to, either personally or by Letter from the *Receiver* for the Payment thereof, without paying over the same to the *Receiver* authorized and empowered to receive the same; then and in such case every such *Perfon* shall, in the Payment of and who ought to have paid the same, shall be charged and chargeable with Interest for such *Arrear*, to be calculated after the Rate of Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds by the Year, upon the *Sum* or respective *Sums* in *Arrear*, from the Day or time, Days or times, at which each Half yearly Payment of the said *Rent* is to be received, up to the Day or time at or upon which the same shall be actually paid; and that such Interest shall and may be added to the *Rent* or *issue* *Profit* is in arrears as aforesaid, and shall be recovered and assessed by the same Ways and Means as any *Rent* in arrears by Law recoverable, together with all *Costs* and *Expenses* to be satisfied or incurred in or about the Recovery thereof.

Receiver keep-
ing *Monies* in
Hand, or re-
ceiving *Rent* or
other *Profits*
of *Monies*
charged with
Interest.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such *Receiver* or *Receivers* as aforesaid shall at any time have received or got into his or their *Hands* any *Sum* or *Sums* of *Money* belonging to the *Crown*, exceeding the *Sum* of Five hundred Pounds, and shall not within One Calendar Month after the Receipt thereof give Notice thereof in *Writing* to the *Commissioners* for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said *Surveyor General*, or to the *Intant* that the same may from time to time thereafter be drawn out, called for or applied as *Commiss* any require; then and in such case every such *Receiver* shall be charged

charged and chargeable with Interest for every such Sum after the Rate above mentioned, from the Day or time, Days or times, at which it shall have been so received, until it shall be drawn out of his Hands, or paid over by him to the proper Officer, Comptroller, or other Persons by Law entitled to receive the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Person who shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, and be it hereby authorized and empowered, by virtue of such his Appointment, alone and without any further Order, Warrant, or Authority whatsoever, by himself, or any Person whom he shall see fit that Purpose, depute, to make any Distress or Distresses for any Rent or Rents which shall be due in arrears or unpaid from any Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants, or any of the Estates or Possessions which shall be in the Collection, Receipt, or Management of such Receiver, and the Goods, Chattels and Effects in distress, to impound, sell and dispose of; and all Sheriffs, Mayors, Justices, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Officers and Ministers of Justice, are hereby directed and required to be aiding and assisting such Receiver or his Substitute in the making such Distress or Distresses, and the impounding, selling and disposing of the Goods, Chattels or Effects to be taken or distrained, and in all other Matters relating thereto, or to the Execution of the said Office, on Occasion shall require: Provided always, that every such Receiver shall, and he is hereby required, in making or causing to be made any such Distress, and in relation to any Questions or Questions as Law or otherwise which may arise thereupon, to obey and conform to all such Orders and Regulations as shall be given him in that Behalf by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every such Person so to be appointed Receiver as aforesaid, shall, before he shall exercise or execute the said Office, or anywise intermeddle in the Execution or Execution thereof, enter into a Bond or Obligations, in such Penalty and with such Securities as the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified in manner aforesaid, shall direct he require for the faithfully answering and accounting for the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits, to be by him received by virtue of such his Appointment; and for the doing, executing and performing all such Services and Duties as are hereby required, or shall in manner aforesaid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or by the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, be signified in manner aforesaid, be from time to time, by any Minute, Order or Writing, directed or required to be done or performed in relation to such Office as aforesaid; and every such Bond may be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule annexed (B.) to this Act amended, or as near and similar thereto as Circumstances will permit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever, and shall have the Effect of a Statute Single to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for the answering and Payment of all and every Sum or Sums to become payable by virtue thereof, and shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the Profits to which the same relate, within the Space of One Calendar Month next after the Date thereof, to whom the said and aforesaid Fees shall be paid for enrolling the same, and shall be deposited and kept in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or of the said Surveyor General for the time being.

XV. Provided always, That during the Life of the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, this Act or any thing herein contained shall not extend to any of His Majesty's Heirs, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions or Hereditaments, which are situate within the County of Middlesex or the City of London, or to discontinue or vacate the Office of Receiver of the Issues, Rents and Revenues thereof, to be held by the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, unless or by virtue of the said Letters Patent, but that the said Letters Patent and the Appointments thereby made, so far as respects such Manors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, in the said County of Middlesex, and in the said City of London, and the Rents and Revenues thereof, and the Office of Receiver thereof, shall be and remain as valid and effectual, and be the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, by himself and his Deputy or Deputies, shall continue to receive the Issues, Rents and Revenues thereof, and to pay his Accounts in regard thereto, in such or the like manner, and to have such and the like Fees, Salaries, Allowances or Emoluments, in respect of such last mentioned Heirs, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, as if this Act had never been passed; and that no Bond, Obligation or other Security, given or entered into by the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, or any Person or Persons as his Surety or Sureties for the due Execution of his said Office, shall be in any manner vacated, annulled, rendered void or prejudiced by this present Act; but that every such Bond, Obligation or Security shall be, remain and continue in full Force and Effect, with reference to the said Possessions in the said County of Middlesex and in the said City of London, any thing herein contained or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That from and after the Decade of the said Walter Lord Bishop of Rochester, all the Regulations, Directions, Powers, Clauses and Provisions herein contained shall extend to and be applicable to the said Houses, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, in the County of Middlesex, and in the City of London, and the Rents and Revenues thereof, and the Appointment of all subsequent Receivers thereof, which Receivers may be Surveyors of Lands or of Houses, or other competent Persons, as fully and effectually, and in such and the like manner as if such Houses, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Possessions had been originally included in and subjected to the said Regulations, Directions, Powers, Clauses and Provisions of this Act.

Receiver empowered to distress for Rents as above.

Profits

Receiver to give Security to account, and for due Execution of his Office

Form of Security.

Enrolled

Profits for Possessions in the County of Middlesex or City of London, during the Life of Walter Bishop of Rochester.

After Decade of Bishop, Regulations of Act to extend to the Possessions in the County of Middlesex and City of London.

Author's Use
not to be
altered or taken
away by Act.

XVII. *Provided also, and be it enacted, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, or to be done in pursuance hereof, shall not extend or be construed to take away, abridge or diminish any of the Fees, Perquisites or Allowances which the several Auditors of His Majesty's Land Revenues have been used and accustomed to take, receive or be allowed, for the Execution of any of the Duties of their respective Offices before the passing of this Act.*

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM OF APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER.

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues [or, by the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues].

TO all to whom these Presents shall come, We and
Two of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, [or, I
Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues] send greeting: Know ye,
that we the said [or, I the said]

] regarding especial Trust and Confidence in the Care, Skill and Probity of A. B. of
in the County of Land Surveyor, (by virtue and in exercise of the
Powers and Authorities vested in us [or, in me] by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of
His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *[here insert the Title of this Act]*, by and with the Consent
and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,) have nominated, constituted
and appointed, and by this our [or, my] Warrant do nominate, constitute and appoint the said A. B. to be
Receiver of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of all and singular His Majesty's Honours, Castles,
Lordships, Manors, Lands, Townships, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions whatsoever
in the [insert the Counties, Districts, Divisions or Places to which the Appointment is meant to extend] together
with all Arrears thereof: To have and to hold the said Office and Offices unto the said A. B. during His
Majesty's Pleasure, or until the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or
the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, or the
said Surveyor General, by any Instrument or Decree in Writing shall determine the Appointment hereby
made; be the said A. B. having, taking and receiving out of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits aforesaid
during his Continuance in the said Office, and for the Performance and Execution of the Duties thereof,
[here insert the Allowance of One twelfth Part, or such other Compensation as shall be agreed to be allowed] a
Provided always, that if the said A. B. shall not diligently and faithfully levy, collect and receive the Rents,
Issues, Revenues and Profits aforesaid, and pay and apply the same in the manner directed and required by
the said A. B. or shall not duly and faithfully account for all such his Receipts within the times thereby appointed
or to be appointed in pursuance thereof, for the rendering such Accounts, or if he shall not duly and faithfully
execute and perform all other the Duties of the said Office of Receiver (and if Local Residents be
required, then they) or if he shall create or disseminate any scandalous or seditious libels within the said [insert the Counties
or Districts] or some or one of them, or if these Presents shall not be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of
the County or Counties of [insert the Counties or Districts] aforesaid, within the Space of
three calendar months next after the Date hereof; then and in either of such cases, these Presents and the Appointment hereby made
shall be void and of no Effect. In Witness whereof we the said and

[or, I the said]] have to this our [or, my] Warrant, let our Hands and
Seals, [or, my Hand and Seal] the Day of in the Year of the Reign
of our Sovereign Lord and in the Year of our Lord

Signed, Sealed and delivered by the above }
named }
in the Presence of }

SCHEDULE (B.)

FORM OF BOND.

KNOW all Men by these Presents, That we, A. B. of C. D.
of and A. F. of are hold
and freely bound to our Sovereign Lord [insert the King's Name] by the Grace of God, of the
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, in the Sum of [insert
the Penalty] Pounds of lawful Money of the said United Kingdom, current in Great Britain, to be
paid to our said Lord the King, his Heirs and Successors; for which Payment well and truly, to be
made, We bind ourselves, and every of us, jointly and severally, for and in the whole, our Heirs,
Executors and Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Presents, sealed with our Seals,
Dated the Day of in the Year of the Reign of the said King,
and in the Year of our Lord

WHEREAS the above bounden A. B. hath been recommended as a proper Person to be appointed
Receiver General, and the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury
hath been obtained for appointing the said A. B. in so, and he is accordingly about to be appointed Receiver
General of all and singular the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of His Majesty's Honours, Castles, Lord-
ships, Manors, Lands, Townships, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions, situate in the
[here insert the Counties, Districts, Divisions or Places intended to be comprised in the Appointment] together

with all Accords thereof, during His Majesty's Pleasure, or until the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, by any Instrument or Document in Writing, shall determine such Appointments: Now the Contents of the above written Obligation is such, That it is the said A.B.

condition Obligations is Such That the said A. B. Shall and do from time to time, and at all times after such Appointment shall be made, so long as he shall continue in the said Office, well and truly ob-
 -ly, get in and receive, or afe his best Endeavors well and truly to collect, get in and receive, all and singular the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits which shall or grow due to His Majesty, or which shall have arisen or grow due and remain is Arisen to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, from or out of or by or in or in
 -witness of the Majesty's said Honors, Castles, Mansions, Lands, Townships, Revenues, Services and other Heredi-
 -tament and Possessions, of which he the said A. B. Shall be appointed Receiver or superintend-
 -and also of the said A. B. Shall and do from time to time, for and A. B. Shall and do from time to time as he shall con-

also if he be the said A. B. shall and do from time to time, far and during so long time as he shall continue in the said Office, well and faithfully make up, or cause to be made up annually, a true and perfect Account in Writing of all Sums of Money whatsoever, which shall have arisen or become due and payable unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and which he the said A. B. by virtue of his said Office

unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and which be the said A. B. by virtue of his said Office, or any Person or Persons by any Authority from him, or by or with his Privy, Consent or Durection, shall at any time have levied, collected or received, in respect of any of the Estates or Possessions of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of which be the said A. B. shall be so accounted Receiver as aforesaid.

And whereas the said *A. B.* shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, and do and shall transmit the same Account to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, at or within such time or times as is or are to be and by an Act passed in the Fifth fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled *[before the Title of this Act]* directed in that Behalf, or as the said Commissioners or Surveyor General shall, by any Order in Writing, from time to time require, and do and shall pass and verify every such Account in the manner directed by the said Act; and if he the said *A. B.* do and shall well and truly answer and pay all such Balances as shall be or become due to His Majesty upon the periodically making up of every such Account as aforesaid, and all such Sums or Sums of

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above named

C A P. XVII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain. [11th April 1816.]

43 G. 3. c. 48.

WHEREAS several of the additional Duties of Excise granted by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting in His Majesty's said Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, and certain additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Seaſh imported into Great Britain, granted by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His ſaid Majesty's Reign, and the Duties ſpecified, deſcribed, and ſet forth in the Schedule marked (B) annexed to another Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His ſaid Majesty's Reign, and certain additional Duties of Excise on Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Strong Waters, imported into Great Britain, granted by another Act made in the Forty ſeventh Year of His ſaid Majesty's Reign, would have expired at certain limited times after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace had not the ſame been continued: And whereas the ſame were and are by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His ſaid Majesty's Reign continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen, and it is expedient further to continue the ſame in manner hereafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Moſt Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſuch of the ſaid Duties of Excise by the ſaid Acts granted as are not repealed or made perpetual, and would expire before the ſaid Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen, and are by the ſaid Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His ſaid Majesty continued until and upon the ſaid Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen, ſhall be and the ſame reſpectively are hereby further continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, ſave and except the Duties on Maſh made in England and Scotland, or brought from Ireland into England, granted by the ſaid recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His preſent Majesty.

Duties continued by 32 G. 3. c. 17. Further continued till July 1, 1821. except Maſh.

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to ſuſpend, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty, the Duty on Lead exported from Great Britain. [11th April 1816.]

46 G. 3. c. 91. 4th. (A.)

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the Forty-ninth Year of His preſent Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the ſeveral Duties of Cuſtoms chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by one certain Schedule marked (A.) Onwards, annexed to the ſaid Act, a Duty of Cuſtoms is to be reſold, levied, collected and paid upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money, of Three Pence and Ten Shillings upon Lead, cast or uncast, the Tax containing Twenty hundred Weight, exported from Great Britain: And Whereas it is expedient to ſuſpend for a limited time the ſaid Duty: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Moſt Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act the Payment of the ſaid Duty for or in reſpect of ſuch Lead, on the Exportation thereof from any Part of Great Britain, ſhall be ſuſpended until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twenty.

Export Duty on Lead ſuſpended.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen, an Act of the Forty ſeventh Year of His preſent Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar exported. [11th April 1816.]

47 G. 3. c. 12.

WHEREAS an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar was granted and allowed by an Act paſſed in the Forty ſeventh Year of His preſent Majesty, intitled *An Act to allow for Two Years from and after the paſſing of ſuch Act an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other refined Sugar in ſuch as ſhall be provided, cruſted or broken; and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on Brandy Plantations raw Sugar exported*; and which ſaid additional Bounty on double refined Sugar has been by former ſubſequent Acts continued until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the ſaid additional Bounty on double refined Sugar ſhould be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Moſt Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid additional Bounty on double refined Sugar ſhall be and the ſame is hereby revived and further continued from the ſaid Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and ſixteen.

Additional Bounty on double refined Sugar further continued.

CAP. XX.

As Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland respectively, pursuant to the Powers and Authorities in them vested by Law for that Purpose, have been and are accustomed to appoint, in and for the several and respective Districts in Ireland (except the District of Dublin), a Number of Sub Commissioners for the Purpose of hearing, trying and determining all Complaints and Informations for the Recovery of Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by the several Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Revenues of Customs, Excise or Taxes respectively; and Three of such Sub Commissioners of the Majority of them, have been used and accustomed to give Judgment and award Execution thereon: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether in cases where the Sub Commissioners of any District exceed Five in Number the Majority of such Sub Commissioners be not necessary to constitute a competent Court to hear, try and determine any such Complaint or Information: For the removing of the said Doubts, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Complaints and Informations for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against or any Breach of any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Ireland, relating to any of the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other of them, which shall have been or shall be committed within any District in Ireland (except the District of Dublin), shall and may be heard, tried and determined before any Three or more of the Sub Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or before any Three or more of the Sub Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes of such District, as the case may be, and that any and every Judgment or Execution which shall be given or awarded by the Majority sitting on the Trial of any such Complaint or Information shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, that nothing in this Act contained shall take away or in any manner affect the Remedy of Appeal provided for the Party or Parties aggrieved in and by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Rights or new Inquies upon His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

III. And Whereas in and by the last recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty Charles the Second, it is amongst other things enacted, that the Sub Commissioners as therein mentioned shall be authorized upon any Complaint or Information presented to Examine the Matter of Fact by summoning or causing Parties and Witnesses to be summoned to appear before them by causing Summons in Writing under the Hand of the Clerk or other Officer thereunto appointed, to be left at the usual Place of Abode or Habitation of such Party or Witness: And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the more easy and convenient sitting of such Summons or Notice: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector of Customs or Excise, or any Person appointed by such Collectors respectively, or in and for any Sub Commissioner of the respective Districts, to sign and issue any Notice or Summons to Parties and Witnesses to appear on the Trial of any Complaint or Information exhibited in such District, and every such Notice or Summons which shall be so signed and issued shall be so good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been issued pursuant to the Directions and Provisions of the last recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any Person who shall be duly summoned to be a Witness is aforesaid shall neglect to appear without reasonable Excuse for such Neglect, or appearing shall refuse to give his, her or their Testimony concerning the Matter in Question, every such Person for every such Neglect or Refusal shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares and Merchandise shall be seized after the loading thereof in Ireland, for any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to any Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, it shall and may be lawful for the Consignee or Consignees thereof to claim such Goods, Wares and Merchandise on behalf of the Owner or Owners thereof, such Consignee or Consignees making an Affidavit before the Officer empowered to receive such Claim of the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of the real Owner or Owners of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and also giving Security by Bond to His Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties to be previously approved of by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs for the District within which such Claim shall be entered, in the Penalty of One hundred Pounds, or such lesser Sum not exceeding Three hundred Pounds, as shall be reasonably deemed sufficient by such Commissioners, Collector or other Officers, to answer and pay the Costs which may be occasioned

Informations for Recovery of Fines (except in District of Dublin) may be determined before Three Sub Commissioners.

Appeal.

14 & 15 Geo. 2. (3).
46 G. 3. c. 104

Parties and Witnesses to be summoned.

Collectors and Sub Commissioners may issue Summons to Parties and Witnesses to appear on Trials of Informations.

Penalty.

Goods seized may be claimed by Consignees on certain Conditions.

Bond.

occurred by such Claims, in case of the Confiscation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, such Costs to be taxed by the Chief Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer or his Deputy; any thing in the before mentioned Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any Act or Acts in force is in force to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

41 G. 3. c. 106.

Provision to be
made in British
Currency,
though not in
force in Com-
pensation.

V. And Whereas under and by virtue of the several Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue, and Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the said Commissioners of Inland Taxe and Tolls respectively, the several pecuniary Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or imposed by the said Acts are directed to be payable and to be paid and recovered in *British Currency*: Be it further enacted, That in suing for any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, it shall not be necessary to specify, mention or set forth in the Complaint or Information, or in any Judgment given thereon, or in any Warrant to be issued founded upon such Judgment, the Currency in which such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid or recoverable, but every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied, recovered and paid, according to the Amount thereof in *British Currency*.

Provision allowed
for clearing
Goods ware-
housed to be
satisfied.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which may have been or may be warehoused or otherwise secured without Payment of Duty in Ireland, may be permitted and allowed to remain warehoused or otherwise secured beyond the Period now allowed by Law for clearing and taking the same from and out of Warehouse; and that the Period for which any Goods, Wares or Merchandise are allowed by Law to be bonded or warehoused in Ireland, may be extended in like manner and under like Regulations in Ireland, as are directed and required with respect to Goods warehoused in Great Britain, by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *an Act for allowing further time for taking Goods out of Warehouse and paying Duties thereon*.

49 G. 3. c. 146.

Provision to be
made in British
Currency.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in *British Currency*, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, satisfied, recovered and applied in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by the said recited Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by the said recited Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually in all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with the like remedy at Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

Act altered, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until Two Years after the Expiration of the Restrictions upon Payments in Cash by the Bank of England, an Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for restraining the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum, in England. [11th April 1816.]

17 G. 3. c. 30.

27 G. 3. c. 14.

37 G. 3. c. 38.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for restraining for a limited time the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and inland Bills of Exchange for Twenty Shillings and under Five Pounds: And Whereas the said Act was, by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, made perpetual: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said first recited Act, in far as the same relates to the making void of Promissory Notes, Drafts or Undertakings in Writing, payable on Demand to the Bearer thereof, for any Sum less than the Sum of Five Pounds in the whole, and also in the restraining the payment of any such Notes, Drafts or Undertakings as aforesaid, was suspended until the First Day of May then next: And Whereas the said Act of the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty hath by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March: One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and it is expedient that the same should be revived and further continued: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, in far as the same suspends the said Act of the Twentieth Year aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby revived from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be further continued, as aforesaid, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until Two Years after the Expiration of the Restrictions upon Payments in Cash by the Bank of England.

37 G. 3. c. 31.
37 G. 3. c. 32.
37 G. 3. c. 33.
37 G. 3. c. 34.
37 G. 3. c. 35.
37 G. 3. c. 36.
37 G. 3. c. 37.
37 G. 3. c. 38.
37 G. 3. c. 39.
37 G. 3. c. 40.
37 G. 3. c. 41.
37 G. 3. c. 42.
37 G. 3. c. 43.
37 G. 3. c. 44.
37 G. 3. c. 45.
37 G. 3. c. 46.
37 G. 3. c. 47.
37 G. 3. c. 48.
37 G. 3. c. 49.
37 G. 3. c. 50.

C A P. XXII.

An Act for the more effectually detaining in Custody *Napoleon Buonaparte*. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS it is necessary for the Preservation of the Tranquillity of Europe, and for the general Safety, that *Napoleon Buonaparte* should be detained and kept in Custody as a prisoner provided: Be it therefore enacted; and it is hereby enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and

and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to detain and keep the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in the Custody of such Person or Persons, in such Place within His Majesty's Dominions, and under such Restrictions, during the Pleasure of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall from time to time seem fit.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said *Napoleon Buonaparte*, being in such Custody as aforesaid, shall be detained and taken to be, and shall be treated and dealt with as a Prisoner of War, except only in so far as by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall at any time, or from time to time, be otherwise directed; and that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of One of his or their Principal Secretaries of State, to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons, being His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall seem fit, to have the Custody of the said *Napoleon Buonaparte*; and from time to time, by like Warrant to change the Place, and to appoint such other Place, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall seem fit, in which the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained and kept; and by like Warrant to authorize and empower any Person or Persons to remove the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* from the Place in which he now is, or shall at any time hereafter be detained and kept, and to convey him to such other Place as shall be so appointed as aforesaid; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Persons so appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, to call on him or their Aid and Assistance all or any Person, being Subjects of His Majesty, or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, for the detaining and keeping the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in Custody as aforesaid, or for the removing or conveying him as aforesaid, as Occasion may require: And that all and every such Person or Persons so appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, and all and every Person and Persons who shall be called to his or their Aid and Assistance, shall have full Power and Authority to sit all Ways and Means for the detaining and keeping the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in such Custody, and for the Prevention of the Rescue or Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* from and out of such Custody, and for the retaking the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in case he shall be rescued or shall escape from and out of the same, as might be lawfully used for the detaining and keeping in Custody, and for preventing the Rescue or Escape of, and for the retaking any Prisoner of War.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall refuse or attempt to refuse the said *Napoleon Buonaparte*, or shall knowingly and wilfully aid or assist in the Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparte*, or in any Attempt to escape from such Custody as aforesaid, or from any Limits or Bounds wherein he now is or at any time hereafter shall or may be detained and kept in Custody as aforesaid, or in which he shall or may be suffered to go at large within the Limits of any Island or Country, Territory or Place, or within the Limits of any District or Bounds within any Island or Country, Territory or Place, upon Parole or without Parole, all and every such Person and Persons so offending, shall upon being convicted thereof be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall knowingly and wilfully aid, assist or further the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in quitting any Part of any Island, Country, Territory or Place, without the Limits and Bounds of any District of such Island, Country, Territory or Place, within which he may have been confined or suffered to go at large, on Parole or without Parole, who he shall have been rescued, or have escaped or departed from any Place of Custody, or from the Limits and Bounds within which he shall have been committed to go at large, upon Parole or without Parole, he, she or they shall be deemed guilty of aiding the Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparte*, under the Penalties of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, after the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall have been rescued, or have escaped or departed from and have quitted the Island, Country, District or Territory, within which he shall have been detained and kept in Custody as aforesaid, or have been suffered to go at large, upon Parole or without, or after he shall have quitted and departed from any other Country into which he may have escaped or come, shall knowingly and wilfully, upon the High Seas, aid, assist or further the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* in escaping or going to or towards any other Dominion or Place whatsoever, such Person or Persons shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Offences against this Act, wherefore the same shall be committed, whether within the Dominions of His Majesty or without, or upon the High Seas, may be inquired of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged in any County within that Part of His Majesty's Dominions called England, in like Manner, and by a Jury of such County, as if such Offences had been committed within such County; and that in every Information or Indictment for such Offence, such Offence may be laid and charged to have been committed in such County.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall be apprehended, detained or in Custody, charged with any Offence against this Act, may be detained in Custody and sent to England, in order to their being proceeded against and tried for such Offence.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Suit, Bill, Plea, Information or Indictment, shall be brought, sued or presented against any Person or Persons for any thing done under or by virtue of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and shall have the Advantage thereof as fully, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the Special Matter had been fully and well pleaded, and to such manner as any Justice of the Peace, Coroner or other Officer, qualified for Matters acted by them as Officers, or in the Execution of their Office, may have the Advantage of the Matter of their Justification upon the General Issue by them pleaded, by any of the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom.

For detaining
Napoleon
Buonaparte in
Custody.

who shall be
appointed as a
Prisoner of
War.
Appointing Per-
sons to have the
Custody
to change the
Place
and to remove
him.

For calling in
Aid.

Power to sit
Means for de-
taining *N.*
Buonaparte.

Persons refusing
or attempting a
Rescue or an
Escape.

Death.
For preventing
the further
Escape.

Preventing any
Allegation of
Escape upon the
High Seas.

Where Of-
fences may be
tried.

For detaining
Persons charged
with Offences.
General Issue.

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for regulating the Intercourse with the Island of *Saint Helena*, during the time *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained there; and for punishing Persons in the Cases therein mentioned.

[11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS *Napoleon Buonaparte* is now detained and kept in Custody in the Island of *Saint Helena*: And Whereas it is requisite and necessary to prohibit all Intercourse and Communication with the said Island of *Saint Helena*, either by His Majesty's Subjects or by any other Person or Persons, except under the Restrictions and according to the Rules, Regulations and Conditions hereinafter set forth and prescribed, during such time that the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained and kept, or shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be detained and kept in the said Island of *Saint Helena*: Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for and during such time as the said *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained and kept in Custody, or shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be detained and kept in Custody in the said Island of *Saint Helena*, it shall not be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever (except in Ships or Vessels of and belonging to or chartered or employed by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, duly ordered to proceed to or to reside in at the said Island, by the said United Company, or by the Governor General of *Fort William*, the Governor of *Port Saint George* or *Bombay*, or by the said Company's Super-Cargoes in *Glasgow*), to trade, go, sail or repair to the said Island of *Saint Helena*, without the Licence of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, signed by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or without the Licence, Consent and Permission of the Governor, or in his Absence, of the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or of the Commander for the time being of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces stationed off or at the said Island; and if any Person or Persons (except as before excepted) other than such as shall be thereto lawfully authorized by such Licence of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of the Governor, Deputy Governor or Commander, or such Permission or Consent as aforesaid, shall trade, go, sail, repair to or land upon the said Island of *Saint Helena*, he or they shall be deemed guilty of a High Crime and Misdemeanor, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench here in *England*, upon Information exhibited by His Majesty's Attorney General, or upon Indictment found in which Information or Indictment such Offence may be laid and charged to have been committed in the County of *Middlesex*; and all and every Person or Persons so offending shall on Conviction be liable to such Punishment by Imprisonment and Fine, or other, as the Court shall adjudge or award, any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And he is further enacted, That all and every Person so offending shall and may be seized and brought to *England* for the Purpose of being tried; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and he and they is and are authorized and required to commit all and every such Person and Persons to the next County Gaol, there to remain until sufficient Security be given by natural born Subjects or Denizens, to appear in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Westminster*, to answer any Information or Indictment exhibited or found, or to be exhibited or found, against him or them, and not to go or depart out of Court, or out of this Kingdom, without Leave of the said Court.

III. And he is further enacted, That if any Person who shall arrive at the said Island on board any Ship or Vessel of and belonging to, or chartered or employed by the said United Company is aforesaid, shall land on the said Island from on board the same, or shall land on the said Island from any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, (except the Officers and Seamen of and belonging to such Ship or Vessel of War,) shall not, when thereto ordered and required by the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being of the said Island, forthwith return to and appear on board such Ship or Vessel from which he shall have been landed as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, to seize and detain every such Person until he or she can be sent, and to send him or her on board the said Ship or Vessel from which he or she has landed as aforesaid; and every Person who shall have to land from any such Ship or Vessel as last aforesaid, who shall, after the Departure of such Ship or Vessel from the said Island, arrive at the said Island without the Licence, Permission and Consent of the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall and may be dealt with, prosecuted and punished in the same manner and form as Persons who shall, without Licence, Permission and Consent as aforesaid, land from any other Ship, Vessel or Boat not belonging to, chartered or employed by the said United Company, or ordered by the said Company, or their Servants as aforesaid, to proceed to or to reside in at the said Island.

IV. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or for the Commander for the time being of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces stationed off or at the said Island respectively, and the Persons acting under his or their Orders and Commands respectively, by all necessary Ways and Means to hinder and prevent any Ship, Vessel or Boat, Ships or Vessels or Boats, (except Ships and Vessels of and belonging to or chartered by the said United Company of Merchants, and also duly licensed by the said Company for that Purpose, as heretofore mentioned,) from repairing to, trading or touching at the said Island, or having any Communication with the same; and to hinder and prevent any Person or Persons from landing upon the said

During the time *Buonaparte* shall be in Custody in *Saint Helena*, no Communication to be permitted.

Trading, &c. without Licence of The King or the Governor or Deputy Governor of *Saint Helena*.

Persons offending may be seized, and brought to *England*, to await their Trial.

Persons landing (other than Officers and Seamen belonging to ships &c.) shall return to the ship from which they were landed, or be taken into Custody.

Penalties by the said without Licence, &c.

Vessels (except Vessels belonging to the Company, &c.) trading or touching at *Saint Helena*.

shall stand from such Ships, Vessels or Boats, and to seize and detain all and every Person and Persons that shall land upon the said Island from the same; and all such Ships, Vessels or Boats (except as above excepted) as shall repair to, or trade, or touch at the said Island, or shall be found hovering within Eight Leagues of the Coast thereof, and which shall or may belong, in the Whole or in Part, to any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, or to any Person or Persons owing Allegiance to His Majesty, shall and are hereby declared to be forfeited to His Majesty, and shall and may be seized and detained, and brought to England, and shall and may be prosecuted to Condemnation by His Majesty's Attorney General, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in such manner and form as any Ship, Vessel or Boat may be seized, detained or prosecuted, for any Breach or Violation of the Navigation or Revenue Laws of this Country; and the Offence for which such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be proceeded against shall and may be laid and charged to have been done and committed in the County of Middlesex; and if any Ship, Vessel or Boat, not belonging in the Whole or in Part to any Person or Persons the Subject or Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall repair to, or trade or touch at the said Island of *Saint Helena*, or shall be found hovering within Eight Leagues of the Coast thereof, and shall not depart from the said Island or the Coast thereof when and so long as the Master or other Person having the Charge and Command thereof shall be ordered so to do by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the said Island for the time being, or by the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces stationed at or off the said Island for the time being, (unless in case of unavoidable Necessity, or Distress of Weather,) such Ship or Vessel shall be deemed forfeited, and shall and may be seized and detained and prosecuted in the same manner as is heretofore practised as to Ships, Vessels or Boats of or belonging to any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty.

V. Provided always, and as is enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel shall happen, by Force of Weather, Peril of the Sea, or other inevitable Accident, or other urgent Necessity, to be driven or forced to the said Island, and from such Cause to touch there, and the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall forthwith give Notice thereof, and of the Cause thereof, to the Governor, or in his Absence to the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or to the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces for the time being, or one of them; and shall, during the time that such Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to remain at the said Island, in all things conform to the Directions and Orders of the said Governor, or in his Absence of the said Deputy Governor for the time being; and the said Ship or Vessel shall quit the said Island, and depart therefrom, with all the Crew and Passengers of and belonging to the said Ship or Vessel, as and where the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces at the said Island for the time being, or either of them, shall direct and require; such Ship or Vessel shall not be subject to Forfeiture, nor shall the Owners or Master or Crew thereof, or any Person or Persons on board the same, who shall so conform to such Directions and Orders as aforesaid, be liable to any of the Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures heretofore mentioned: Provided nevertheless, that the Proof of such Ship or Vessel having been driven or forced to repair to and touch at the said Island, by Force of Weather, Peril of the Sea, or other inevitable Accident, or urgent Necessity, and of having quitted and departed from the said Island as heretofore aforesaid, shall be upon the Party claiming such Exemption from the Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures aforesaid; any thing in this Act or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And Whereas in consequence of *Napoleon Buonaparte* having been detained and kept in Custody in the Island of *Saint Helena*, and in order to the fully and securely detaining and keeping him in such Custody, it may have happened that the Commanders for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or the Governor of the said Island for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces respectively, or any other Officers and Persons acting or who have acted in their Aid and Assistance, or under their Advice, Orders or Commands, may from the Urgency of the Occasion have given Orders, done Acts, or used Means for the Purpose, which may not be fully justified by Law; and in such case it is highly expedient, That they should be justified and indemnified by Act of Parliament for the same: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Commanders for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, and the Governor of the said Island of *Saint Helena* for the time being, and the Commander or Commanders of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces for the time being, and all and every Officers and Officers, Person and Persons, who have acted in their Aid and Assistance, or under their respective Advice, Orders and Commands, shall be and they are hereby indemnified for the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Advice, Suits, Indissemments, Prosecutions and Proceedings whatsoever, which may have been or which shall be heretofore prosecuted or commenced against any Person or Persons, for or by reason of any Advice, Orders or Commands issued, or for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing aforesaid, recommended, appointed, ordered, or done by the said Commanders for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or by the Governor of the said Island for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces respectively, or by any Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, acting in their Aid and Assistance, or under their or either of their Advice, Orders or Commands, at any time before the passing of this Act, be and shall be discharged and made void by virtue of this Act; and that in any Advice, Suit, Indissemment, Prosecution or Proceeding now commenced, or which shall or may heretofore be prosecuted and commenced, against any of the said Commanders, Governor or Governors, Commanders, Officers or Person or Persons as aforesaid, for or by reason of any such Advice, Order or Command, or for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing, done in such Aid and Assistance, or under such Advice, Order or Command respectively, be, for or they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence.

VIII. Provided always, That this Act or any thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed so as to extend to restrain or prohibit the Trade or Right of Trade or Navigation of the said United Company of Merchants

Or Grand
hurling.Forfeited, seized
and brought to
England for
Prosecution.Foreign Vessels
hovering and not
departing on
Orders.Grand and gen-
eral.Proofs for
Vessels driven
by Force of
Weather into
Saint Helena.Such Vessels de-
parting when
not liable to
Forfeiture.Crew protected
on Party claim-
ing Exemption.Indemnifying
Persons acting
in detaining
Buonaparte in
Culbady.

General Issue.

Proviso for
Right of East
India Company.

to trade with
Said Helms.

Merchants of England trading to the *Egg India*, to the said Island of *Saint Helena*, in Ships of and belonging to or chartered by the said Company, and duly licensed by them for that Purpose, or to prejudice or infringe the Rights of the said Company to and over the said Island and the Inhabitants thereof, except as is hereinafter specially enacted and contained.

An Act may be
inserted, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for better enabling His Majesty to make Provision for the Establishment of Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*.

[11th April 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the most Gracious Message of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, sitting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, communicating that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, sitting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, having given the Royal Consent to a Marriage between His Daughter Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Prince of Calberg of Saxe, Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, and being fully persuaded that this Alliance would not but be acceptable to all His Majesty's faithful Subjects, was desirous of making such a Provision with a View to the said Marriage as might be feasible to the Honour and Dignity of the Country; do most humbly, cheerfully, and unanimously beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, in order to provide for the Establishment of Her said Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, upon such Marriage, by any Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to give and grant to Her said Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, and to such other Person or Persons as His said Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and his and their Heirs, to or to the Use of or in Trust for Her said Royal Highness and His Serene Highness, one Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, which Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds shall commence and take Effect from the Day of the Marriage of Her said Royal Highness and His said Serene Highness, and continue from thenceforth for and during the Life of Her said Royal Highness, and shall be paid and Payable at the Four most usual Days of Payment in the Year; (that is to say), the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in every Year, by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Quarterly Day of Payment next after the said Marriage, of such Proportion of such Quarterly Payment as shall have accrued between the Day of Marriage and such Quarter Day; and that the said Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds shall and may by such Letters Patent be directed to be issuing and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain during the Life of Her said Royal Highness, (after paying or relieving sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) and with a Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

An Annuity of
60,000l. to be
granted during
the Life of
the Princess
Charlotte

When payable.

In case His
Serene Highness
forfeit the
Princess as
Annuity of
60,000l. to be
granted for his
Life.

When payable.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to give and grant unto His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringen, Prince of Calberg of Saxe*, in case he shall survive His said Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and to such Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and his or their Heirs, to the Use of or in Trust for His Serene Highness, One Annuity or Yearly Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, Part of the said Annuity or Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds; which Annuity or Yearly Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof, so commence and take effect immediately from and after the Decause of Her said Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of His said Serene Highness, and shall be paid and payable at the Four most usual Days of Payment in the Year; (that is to say), the Fifth Day of January, the Fifth Day of April, the Fifth Day of July, and the Tenth Day of October, in every Year by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Quarterly Day of Payment next after the Decause of Her said Royal Highness, of such Proportion of such Quarterly Payment as shall have accrued between the Day of such Decause and such Quarter Day; and that the said Annuity of Fifty thousand Pounds shall and may by such Letters Patent be directed to be issuing and payable out of the said Consolidated Fund during the Life of His said Royal Highness, (after paying or relieving sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) and with a Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuities of Sixty thousand Pounds and Fifty thousand Pounds shall respectively be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall, and he is hereby required, by virtue of such Letters Patent, to make forth and pay the Debentures from time to time for paying, according to the Directions of this Act, the said Annuities respectively as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; and the said Debentures to be made forth and paid as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Annuities respectively, according to the Directions of this Act, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, and so obtained in that Behalf.

Annunities to be payable at the Exchequer without Fees.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuities of Sixty thousand Pounds and Fifty thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof respectively, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever, imposed or to be imposed by Authority of Parliament or otherwise.

See too.

C A P. XXV.

An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Butter.

[30th April 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Butter, from Foreign Countries into the United Kingdom, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Butter from Foreign Countries shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Accents thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of April; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several and respective Duties, as the same are intended, defined and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed enricled (A.)

Instead of the Duties repealed, shall be paid in this manner to be paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

Below under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and received so such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and received, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Refrains, Penalties and Forfeitures of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain or Ireland; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatsoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Duties levied on other Duties of Customs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties in Great Britain (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied as the same manner as the Duties, called Paramount Duties, expended by an Act, passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied; and that all Monies arising from the said Duties in Ireland, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be earned to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Application of Duties.

48 G. 2 c. 38.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Butter from Foreign Countries.

	£	s.	d.
BUTTER, Imported in a British-built Ship, the Cwt.	1	—	—
— — — Imported in a Foreign-built Ship, the Cwt.	1	5	—

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Cheese.

[30th April 1816.]

Table of the
Duties specified,
those repeated in
Table annexed
to be paid.

Duties under
Management of
Customs Officers
of Customs.

Duties levied on
the Duties of
Customs.

Application of
Duties.

49 G. 3. c. 58.

All may be
inserted, &c.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Cheese from Foreign Countries into the United Kingdom should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Cheese from Foreign Countries shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of April; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several and respective Duties, as the same are intimated, described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed (A.)

II. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like Manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Privileges and Forfeitures of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain or Ireland; and all Powers, Privileges, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatsoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys from time to time arising from the said Duties in Great Britain (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied; and that all Moneys arising from the said Duties in Ireland, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Cheese from Foreign Countries.

CHEESE, Imported in a British-built Ship, the Cwt.	d.	s.	d.
— — — Imported in a Foreign-built Ship, the Cwt.	—	10	6
	—	13	—

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to amend several Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders; to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one. [30th April 1816.]

27 G. 3. c. 154.

29 G. 3. c. 24.

30 G. 3. c. 45.

29 G. 3. c. 154.

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WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders*, is contained in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the Regulations and Provisions of the said Act, and that certain of the Provisions of Two several Acts, passed in the Nineteenth and Twenty fifth Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Transportation and Removal of Offenders, should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be and the same is hereby continued, so far as relates to the Repeal of the said three recited Acts of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the official Transportation of Felons and other Offenders*, and is otherwise in relation to the Provisions of the said Act, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Court or Judge, or Justice or Justices, duly authorized in that behalf, to carry into Execution the Provision of the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in relation to the Transportation, Removal or Confinement of

any Offender, committed before the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or to the contravention of any Proceedings commenced before the passing of the said Act, notwithstanding the Repeal of the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year aforesaid, or to proceed in relation to any such Offender, or in relation to the contravention any such Proceedings under the Provisions of this Act, as to such Court, Judge, Justice or Justices shall from most expedient; any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or this Act, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which any Person or Persons shall have been or shall be committed at any Session of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, or at any Great Session to be holden for the County Palatine of Cheshire, or within the Principality of Wales, or of Grand or Petit Larceny, or any other Offence for which such Person or Persons shall have been or be subjected to be transported, to order and adjudge, or any subsequent Court holden at any Place for the same County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place respectively, with like Authority to order and adjudge, that such Person or Persons so committed as aforesaid, shall be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not exceeding the Number of Years or Term for which such Person or Persons is or are or shall be liable by any Law to be transported; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to declare and appoint any other Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, in addition to such as shall have been heretofore declared and appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, either within His Majesty's Dominions, or elsewhere out of His Majesty's Dominions, to which any such Persons or other Offenders shall be conveyed or transported; and such Court as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to order such Offenders to be transported to the Use of any Person or Persons, and his or their Assigns, who shall contract for the due Performance of such Transportation; and when His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to extend Mercy to any Offender or Offenders, who hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes for which he, she or they is, are or shall be by Law excluded from the Benefit of Clergy, upon Condition of Transportation to any Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, either for a Term of Life, or any Number of Years, and such Intention of Mercy shall be signified by one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, it shall be lawful for any Court, having proper Authority, to allow such Offender or Offenders the Benefit of a Conditional Pardon, and to order such Offender or Offenders to be transported for such Term of Life or Years as shall be specified in such Condition of Transportation as aforesaid, and to make such Order of Transfer as aforesaid; and when any Offender or Offenders hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes for which he, she or they is or are by Law excluded the Benefit of Clergy, the Judge before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, or any Justice of The King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, of the Degree of the Court, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall have been tried in any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery in England, or any Justice of Cheshire or Wales, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted within any of their respective Jurisdictions, shall, on such Intention of Mercy as aforesaid being signified to him by one of the said Principal Secretaries of State, make an Order for the immediate Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and for such Offender or Offenders to be transferred as aforesaid, in the same manner as if such Intention of Mercy had been signified by one of the said Principal Secretaries of State during the Continuance of the Affairs or Sessions at which such Offender or Offenders was or were condemned; and such Order shall be considered as an Order made at such Affairs or Sessions as aforesaid, and shall be as effectual, and have all the same Consequences as any Order for the Transportation of any Offender or Offenders made by any Justice of Oyer and Terminer, Great Session, or Gaol Delivery for any County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, during the Continuance of the Affairs or Sessions; and such Person or Persons so committing as aforesaid, his or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of such Offender or Offenders, for such Term of Life or Years for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough, Town or Place, the same Fee as hath been usually paid, or such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court is entitled to, for the Order of Transportation of any Offender.

V. And be it enacted, That every Person or Persons to whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be transferred as aforesaid, shall, before any of them shall be delivered over to him or them to be transported, give Security that he or they will transport, or cause to be transported effectually, such Offender or Offenders to such Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas respectively, as shall be appointed by His Majesty in such manner as aforesaid, and possess such Evidence as the Nature of the Case will admit of the sending of such Offender or Offenders so transferred as aforesaid, in that Place or Part or those Places or Parts beyond the Seas, wherein he, she or they shall be ordered to be transported (Death and Calumnies by Sea excepted); and that he, she or they shall not be suffered to return to Great Britain or Ireland by the willful Default of the Person or Persons so committing as aforesaid, or of his or their Assigns.

VI. And be it also enacted, That every such Court as aforesaid may appoint Two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall have been committed, who shall have Power, and are hereby required to contract with any Person or Persons who shall be nominated by one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Performance of the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and to order such Security to be taken as aforesaid; and also to cause such Offender or Offenders to be delivered by the respective Gaolers or Persons in whose Custody he, she or they shall be, to the Person or Persons so contracting, or to his or their Assigns; which Contracts and Security

To Proceedings commenced before Act of last Session.

Persons committed at any Court punishable by Transportation, may be transported accordingly.

His Majesty may appoint Places.

On Intention of Mercy signified.

Judges may make Order for immediate Transportation.

Contractors to have Property in Service of Offenders.

Fee to Clerks of Assize, &c. same as heretofore.

Persons undertaking to transport Offenders, to give proper Security.

Court may appoint Justices to contract for Transportation of Offenders, on Security by Bond.

Securities to be
cautied by Jus-
tices to the next
Court, and kept
among the
Records.

Charges of Con-
veyance paid by
Order of Quar-
ter Sessions.

Persons con-
veyed to trans-
port Offenders
may carry their
tools to their
County in Im-
prison-
ment.

Death.

Prison based on
large before the
Exposition of the
Statutes.

Death.
Offender where
held.

Complete con-
veyance of the
Prisoners.

Pen.

Removal on
Conviction.
Prison for
Prisoners.

His Majesty
appointed to
order the Re-
moval of Male
Prisoners.

Offender re-
mained by
Law.

Offender re-
mained in Jail
and removed.

Security shall be certified by the Justices, who shall make and take the same to the next Court, to be holden, with the like Authority, for the said County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, to be first and kept among the Records of such Court; and all Securities for Transportation shall be by Bond in the Name of the respective Clerks of the Peace, or other Clerks of the Court, who shall prosecute such Bonds in their own Names; for which Purpose every such Clerk of the Peace, or Clerk of the Court, and his Successors respectively, shall be deemed a Body Corporate, and shall have and be paid all such Costs as they shall sustain in any such Suit, as the Justices of the Peace shall at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace direct, out of the Public Stock; and all Moneys recovered on such Bonds shall be for the Use of the respective County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, and be paid to their respective Treasurers, to be Part of the Public Stock; and all Charges in or about making the Contracts, taking Securities, and conveying Felons and other Offenders in order to be transported, shall be borne by each County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place for which the Court was held which ordered such Offenders to be transported; and the respective Treasurers shall, by Order of the Justices at Quarter Sessions, pay all such Charges to the Persons employed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Persons or Persons so committing as aforesaid, and to whom any Offender or Offenders shall be delivered in order to be transported, or any Person or Persons directed by the said Justices (empowered to contract as aforesaid) or their Agents, may, in such manner as they shall think fit, carry and secure the said Offenders in and through any County of Great Britain, towards the Spot or Place from whence they are to be transported; and if any Person or Persons shall refuse such Offenders or any of them, or assist them or any of them in making their Escape from such Person or Persons as shall have them in their Custody as aforesaid, he, she or they shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender or Offenders who shall have been or shall be so ordered by any such Court as aforesaid to be transported, or who shall have agreed or shall agree to transport himself or herself on certain Conditions, either for Life or any Number of Years, under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Twenty-fourth Year aforesaid, or of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to any such Place or Places, Part or Parts as shall have been or shall be appointed by His Majesty in manner aforesaid, shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, without some lawful cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported, or shall have agreed to transport himself or herself as aforesaid, every such Offender being at large as aforesaid, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death, as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and such Offender or Offenders may be tried either before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, for the County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended and taken, or from whence he, she or they were ordered to be transported; and the Clerk of the Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer or Clerk of the Court having the Custody of the Records where such Order of Transportation shall be made, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutors, or any other Person on His Majesty's Behalf, make out and give a Certificate in Writing signed by him, containing the Effect and Substance only (omitting the formal Part) of every Indictment and Conviction of such Offender or Offenders, and of the Order for his or her Transportation, to the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, where such Offender or Offenders shall be indicted (not taking for the same more than Six Shillings and Eight pence) which Certificate shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Order for the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders; and whoever shall discover and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender or Offenders being at large as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same as any Person or Persons may be entitled unto for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway: Provided nevertheless, that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may pardon and dispense with such Transportation, and allow of the Return of any such Offender or Offenders to this Kingdom.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Writing to be signed by one of the said Principal Secretaries of State, or for any Three or more of such of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place in which any Gaol shall be situated, as shall be authorized by His Majesty under His Great Seal, to direct the Removal of any Male Offender or Offenders who shall be under Sentence of Death, but reprieved during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation, and who, having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, shall appear to be free from any pained or infectious Disorder, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prison in which such Offender or Offenders shall be confined, to such Place of Confinement within England or the Dominion of Wales, either at Land or on board any Ship or Vessel to be provided by His Majesty in the River Thames, or any navigable or other River, or within the Limits of any Port or Harbour of England or Wales, as His Majesty, or any Three of such Justices authorized as aforesaid, shall from time to time appoint, under the Management of a Superintendent and Overseer to be appointed by His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices authorized as aforesaid; and every Offender who shall be so removed shall contract in the said Place of Confinement, or be returned to and confined in any other such Place or Places as aforesaid, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices authorized as aforesaid, from time to time shall appoint, until such Offender shall be transported according to Law, or by the Expiration of the Term of such Transportation or otherwise, shall be entitled to his Liberty, or until His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices

Justices is authorized as aforesaid, shall direct the Return of such Offender to the Gaol or Prison from which he shall have been removed; and the Sheriff or Gaoler having the Custody of any Offender whose Removal shall be ordered in manner aforesaid, shall with all convenient Speed, after the Receipt of the Notification of any such Order, convey or cause to be conveyed every such Offender to the Place appointed, and there deliver him to such Superintendent or Overseer, together with a true Copy, attested by such Sheriff or Gaoler, of the Caption and Order of the Court before which such Offender was tried, containing the Sentence of Transportation of such such Offender respectively, by virtue whereof he shall be in the Custody of such Sheriff or Gaoler; and also a Certificate containing his Age, and an Account of his Behaviour in Prison before and after his Trial, and the Gaoler's Observations on his Temper and Disposition, and such Information concerning his Character and former Course of Life as may have come to the Gaoler's Knowledge; and such Superintendent or Overseer as aforesaid shall give a proper Receipt in Writing to the Sheriff or Gaoler for the Discharge of such Sheriff or Gaoler.

X. And be it further enacted, That all such Fees, on the delivering out of Custody of any such Offender so ordered to be removed, as have already been paid and would have been due to the Sheriff or Gaoler in case such Offender had been removed in order to have been transported, and all reasonable Expenses which the Sheriff or Gaoler shall incur in every such Removal, shall be paid by the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place for which the Court to which the Offender was committed shall have been held; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expenses from the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, such Fees and Expenses being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace, at their Quarter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in this behalf.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Offender shall be brought to any such Place of Confinement as aforesaid, in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he shall be washed, dressed and paraded, and the Clothes in which he shall be then clothed shall be borne, if necessary, or otherwise shall be preserved and taken care of for him by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement, and redelivered to him upon his quitting it, or sold for his Benefit, and the Produce thereof accounted for to him by the Overseer aforesaid; and when such Offender shall be finally discharged, either at the End or other Determination of his Term, such other decent Clothing, as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Superintendent aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Offender by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement from which he is discharged, and also such Sum of Money for his immediate Subsistence, as the said Superintendent shall think proper, so as such Sum shall not in any case exceed Three Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That after the Removal of any Offender under this Act, the Superintendent or Overseer who shall have the Custody of him, shall during the Term of such Custody have the same Powers over him as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler, and in like manner be answerable for any Escape of such Offender; and also during such Custody shall for his feed and clothing according to a Scale of Diet and Clothing to be fixed on, and notified in Writing by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Superintendent; and shall keep such Offender to Labour, at such Places and under such Regulations, Directions, Limitations and Restrictions, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices is authorized as aforesaid, shall from time to time, by any Order to be directed to such Superintendent or Overseers for their Execution, appoint; And it is hereby declared, that the time during which any Offender shall have continued in Gaol under sentence of Transportation, or being removed under the Provisions aforesaid, shall continue counted by virtue of this Act, shall be taken and reckoned in Discharge or Part Discharge or Satisfaction of the Term of his Transportation.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender shall during such Custody under this Act be guilty of any Misdemeanor or disorderly Conduct, it shall be lawful for such Superintendent or Overseer having the Custody of such Offender as aforesaid or cause to be inflicted such moderate Punishment or Correction as may be inflicted by Law on Persons committed to a House of Correction; and if any such Offender shall break from or unlawfully escape from the Custody of such Superintendent or Overseer, or if any Person shall refuse or attempt to refuse, or assist in releasing any such Offender from such Custody, or shall convey or cause to be conveyed any Disgrace, Infamety or Inflicting Escape or Arms to such Offender, every such Offender shall be punishable in the same manner as if such Offender had been confined in a Gaol or Prison in the Custody of the Sheriff or other Gaoler, for the Crime of which such Offender shall have been convicted.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendent of the several Places of Confinement to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall from time to time make Returns, specifying the Name of every Person in Custody in each of such Places of Confinement, the Offense of which he or she shall have been guilty, the Court before which he or she shall have been convicted, and the Sentence of such Court, together with his or her Age and bodily State, and his or her Behaviour whilst in Custody; and also the Names of such Offenders who shall have died whilst in such Custody, or shall have escaped or have been lawfully discharged from the same; which Returns shall be made on the First Day of every Eighth Term, and the First Day of every Fifteenth Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, on the Oath of the Oath of the Oath of such respective Places of Confinement, such Oath to be made before the said Court, or any Commissioner authorized to take Affidavits in the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint one fit and able Person to be Superintendent of any Place or Places of Confinement, either at Land or on board any Ship or Vessel, to which any such Offenders shall be removed by virtue of this Act; and in case it shall be deemed expedient, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint One fit and proper Person to be Assistant or Deputy to the said Superintendent at such or any of the said Places of Confinement; and

On Receipt of Order, Order to be given to remove Offender, and deliver him to Overseer, together with Copy of Caption.

Fees to be paid as aforesaid.

Expenses paid by County, &c.

For dressing and parading and clothing Offenders.

Provision to have the same Power as Gaoler.

Time of imprisonment to be deemed Part of Term.

Overseer may inflict moderate Punishment for Misdemeanor Escape or Refuse.

Punishment.

Superintendent to make Returns of Persons in Custody.

Times of Returns.

Appointment of Assistant or Deputy.

to be constantly resident at or near each Place or Places of Confinement; and also One proper Person to be Overseer on board each such Ship or Vessel, who, with a sufficient Number of Officers and Guards, shall constantly reside on board; and each Superintendent shall personally visit and inspect each Place of Confinement Four times in every Year, or oftener if Occasion shall require, and shall distinctly examine into the State of each Place of Confinement, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Assistants or Deputies, Overseers, Officers and Guards, the Treatment and Condition of the Prisoners, and the Amount of the several Earnings, and the Expenses attending every such Place of Confinement, and shall make a faithful Report of the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall cause such Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament at the beginning of every Session; and each Superintendent shall distinguish in each Report the Amount of the Earnings and Expenses at each of such Places of Confinement, and shall state the average Number of Prisoners confined therein, and the Number of Days' Labour done by such Prisoners, distinguishing the Work of Artificers from that of Common Labourers, and such Superintendent shall also, in Matters of extreme Necessity, make a Special Report thereof to His Majesty's said Principal Secretary of State, who may, if he shall see fit, labour such Special Report to the Justice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who are hereby authorized to afford such Redress or provide such Regulations as they shall deem proper; and each Superintendent, Assistant or Deputy respectively, and Overseers, shall continue in Office during His Majesty's Pleasure, and shall receive such Salaries as His Majesty shall appoint; and each Superintendent shall be paid such travelling and other reasonable Expenses as shall be incurred by him in Discharge of his Duty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender hath already been ordered to be transported to any Part beyond the Seas, or if any Order shall at any time hereafter be made for the Transportation of any Offender, and such Order cannot be conveniently executed with respect to the Place in such Order mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, or (in the Vacation time and out of Term) for any Two Justices of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Bureaux of the Court of Exchequer of the Dykes of the Coll, to order that such Offender shall be transported to any other Part or Place beyond the Seas, which shall have been appointed by His Majesty for the Transportation of such Offenders, in such and the like manner and for the same Term of Years as such Offender is or shall be liable to be transported to the Place mentioned in the original Sentence or Order for his or her Transportation; and such Order shall be considered as made at the same time, and shall be as effectual to every Intent and Purpose, and shall have all the same Consequences as every respect as the original Order for the Transportation of such Offender; and such Offender shall be manacled, conveyed and made over to any Person who will contract for the Performance of such Transports, and to his or their Assigns, in like manner as if such Offender had been transported to the Place mentioned in the original Order of Transportation; and such Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, his or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of the said Offender for the Remainder of the Term for which the Offender was originally ordered to be transported; and in case any such Offender is ordered for Transportation shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain, without some lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender shall have been ordered to be transported, every such Offender, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and shall be tried before such Judges, and in such manner, and the same Evidence made use of for his or her Conviction, as if he or she should be convicted by the Laws now in being or hereafter to be made for the Trial of other Offenders who shall be at large within this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term for which they were ordered to be transported; and whoever shall discover and prosecute any such Offender so being at large within this Kingdom as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same, as any Person may be entitled to for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Expenses of carrying the said into Execution as far as the same relates to the Removal of Prisoners convicted, and remaining in Custody under Sentence of Death, and repaid during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation to other Places of Confinement, and which are not otherwise provided for, shall be usually laid before both Houses of Parliament, and shall be provided for in the next Supplies to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendants or Defendants, or Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Actions after Issue joined, or if upon Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendants or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and notwithstanding a Verdict shall be given in any Plaintiff in such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify in Approbation of the Verdict.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County and Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to Transportation, Imprisonment* and

and other *Penitents of certain Offenders*, as relates to Transportation beyond Seas, and so much of an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and in relation to the Removal of Prisoners in certain Cases*, as authorizes the Removal of Offenders to temporary Places of Confinement, which were continued by subsequent Acts of the Twenty eighth, Thirty fourth, Thirty sixth, Forty second, Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be and the same is hereby continued for the Term hereinafter expressed.

XXI. And he is further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the Fifth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and no longer.

C. A. P. XXVIII.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [21st May 1816.]

"TREASURY may issue Exchequer Bills in manner prescribed by 45 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1. Clauses, &c. in the several Acts relating to Exchequer Bills extended to Acts, § 2. *Provide as to issuing Exchequer Bills as on Credit of 55 G. 3. c. 3. in any other Manner than they are authorized by this Act, § 3. Interest not exceeding 3 d. per Cent. per Diem, § 4. Exchequer Bills may, at Expiration of Four Months after Date, be taken in Payment of the Revenue, § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance \$,000,000. on Credit of Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 30.—§ 6.*

C. A. P. XXIX.

An Act to make perpetual certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs, on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and to repeal so much of several Acts passed in the Forty seventh, Forty ninth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, as charge any Loans made for the Service of the Years One thousand eight hundred and seven, One thousand eight hundred and nine, and One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the War Duties of Customs or Excise, and to charge such Loans on the Duties of Customs made perpetual.

[21st May 1816.]

"WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, whereby certain Duties of Customs & therein described were continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Duties should be made perpetual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which were by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be and the same are hereby made permanent and perpetual.*

"II. And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created; and another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven Millions raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven millions one hundred and thirty two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, issued pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and another Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled An Act for charging the Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace: And Whereas by the said respective Acts certain Loans made for the Services of the Years One thousand eight hundred and seven, One thousand eight hundred and nine, and One thousand eight hundred and eleven respectively, and in the said several Acts respectively specified, were charged upon the several Duties of Customs and Excise which were granted during the Continuance of the late War for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace by several Acts of the Forty third, Forty sixth, and Forty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the said last recited Acts of Parliament of the Forty seventh, Forty ninth and Fifty first Years respectively, and they first years respectively particularly recited and in each: And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That so much and such Parts of the said several recited Acts of Par-*

17 G. 3. c. 48

Continued Act.

25 G. 3. c. 13.

Duties continued by 11. and 12. Act made perpetual.

47 G. 3. Stat. c. 51-52

29 G. 3. c. 98.

31 G. 3. c. 60

most of the Forty seventh, Forty sixth, and Fifty fifth Years respectively, as charge the said Loans therein respectively specified upon the said several Duties of Customs and Excise which were granted during the Continuance of the late War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

repealed.

Application of
Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties of Customs by this Act made perpetual, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and shall be deemed an Addition to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain for the Purpose of defraying the Charges necessary by the said several Loans made for the Services of the said Years One thousand eight hundred and seven, One thousand eight hundred and nine, and One thousand eight hundred and eleven respectively, and shall be deemed to be a Provision for defraying the several Charges conferred by the said Loans respectively, in lieu and instead of the Provisions made for that Purpose by the said several Acts of the Forty seventh, Forty sixth, and Fifty fifth Years of His Majesty's Reign respectively.

All may be
altered, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for indemnifying the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and all Persons who may have acted under their Authority, in relation to certain Orders issued and Things done relative to certain Acts regarding the Distilleries in Scotland.

[21st May 1816.]8th G. 3. c. 10.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing so much of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament as relates to the Distillation of Corn Spirits in small stills in certain Counties or Districts of the Highlands in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*; and for authorising the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to grant Licences to Persons living in the said Counties or Districts to distil Spirits from Barley, Rye or Bigs, the Growth of the said Counties, and for imposing a Duty on such Licences: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland*, and the Exportation of British made Spirits from England in Scotland, and from Scotland in England, for a limited time: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Distilleries in the several Parts of the Highlands of Scotland heretofore particularly described, for a limited time; and for regulating the Duties on Distilleries in the respective Districts in Scotland*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Excise on Distilleries in Scotland, and on the Exportation of British made Spirits from England in Scotland, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for altering, amending and extending certain Acts of Parliament for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland*; by which several Acts Regulations were made relative to stills and Distilleries in certain Districts of Scotland delineated from each other by Boundaries in the said Acts respectively particularly described and set forth: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers' Wages, Spirits and Licences, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act in continuation, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers' Wages, Spirits and Licences, imposed by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, and for enabling His Majesty, by Order in Council, to modify the Operation of the said Act, or reduce the Duties thereby imposed*: And Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether the Distinction of Lowland, Highland and intermediate Districts as delineated by the Boundary Lines in any of the said Acts made in the Twenty fifth, Thirty third, Thirty sixth and Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years respectively of His Majesty's Reign, were observed by the said two last mentioned Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His Majesty's Reign respectively, or were fully to be construed and observed; and by reason thereof Questions have arisen whether Spirits could pass from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland: And Whereas the Commissioners and Officers of the Excise in Scotland may have given Directions and issued or related Warrants, and done other Acts, Matters and Things in relation to the said several Acts and to the Distilleries in Scotland which might be deemed unlawful, and Doubts might arise whether such Commissioners and Officers might not be subject to Suit and Action by means thereof; and it is therefore necessary that such Commissioners and Officers, and all Persons acting under their Authority or by their Direction, should be indemnified in relation thereto: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Commissioners and Officers of Excise in Scotland, and all Persons acting under their Authority, or by their Direction, or in pursuance of any Orders or Instructions given by any such Commissioner or Officer in relation to the Distilleries in Scotland, or any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Distilleries of Scotland, or the regulating and collecting any Duties of Excise in respect of such Distilleries, shall be and are hereby indemnified for and in respect of all such Orders, Instructions, Directions, Acts, Matters and things, as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Person or Persons acting and acting under their Direction or by their Authority, may have given, executed

Commissioners
and others be
indemnified in
relation to Pro-
ceedings under
the several Acts.

or done in reference to the said recited Acts; and that no such Commissioner or Officer of Excise or Person aforesaid shall be liable to any Action or Actions, Suits, Indictments or Informations, in consequence of any such Orders, Instructions or Directions, or Acts, Matters or things, which shall have been so done as aforesaid; and in case any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information, shall have been or shall be commenced or prosecuted against any such Commissioner or Officer of Excise, or Person aforesaid, by reason of any such Orders, Instructions or Directions, or Acts, Matters or things as aforesaid, such Commissioner, Officer or Person may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and shall in every such case, if the Verdict shall be for the Defendant, recover Treble Costs of Suit.

II. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby empowered to issue Directions for the granting of Permits to any Person or Persons for the carrying or transferring of Spirits from any Part or Parts of the Highlands of Scotland to the Lowlands of Scotland, pursuant to and in Fulfilment of any Contract which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Excise to have been made and entered into previous to the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Permits may be granted for carrying Spirits from Highlands to Lowlands.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for transferring all Contracts and Securities entered into with or given to the Commissioners for Transports to the Commissioners of the Navy and Victualling. [18th May 1816.]

WHEREAS by a Commission or Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing Date at Whitehall, the Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Sir Roger George Brounct, James Brown Esquire, John Douglas Esquire, John Harvey Doctor of Physic, Courtenay Doyle Esquire, and John Parks Esquire, were constituted and appointed Commissioners, during His Majesty's Pleasure, for conducting the Transport Service, and also for the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, as well as for the Care and Custody of Prisoners of War: And Whereas it is expedient that if His Majesty should be pleased to cancel or revoke the said Letters Patent, all Properties, Estates, Rights and Contracts now vested in the said Commissioners, or their Assigns, on Behalf of His Majesty, should be preserved and conveyed over to such other Commissioners or Persons as His Majesty may be pleased to appoint in that Behalf: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if His Majesty shall be pleased by any Commission or Letters Patent to cancel and revoke the said Commission or Letters Patent bearing Date the said Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by any other Commission, Letters Patent or Order in Council, hereafter to be made, to grant, transfer or commit all or any of the Powers, Authorities and Rights now vested in the said Commissioners, relating to or so far as they may relate to the Conduct and Management of the Transport Service, or other Service respecting the Employment of Ships or Vessels in any other Department of His Majesty's Government, or any thing relating thereto, to the principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy, that from and after such Revocation, and such further Grant, by His Majesty, all Contracts, Covenants and Agreements made and entered into between the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, or any Person on their Behalf, and any other Person or Persons whatsoever, for the Hire of Transport Ships and Vessels, or for any other Purpose connected with the Transport Service, or other Services above mentioned, or in any manner relating thereto; and all Bonds and other Securities entered into by any Person or Persons for the due Performance of such Contracts, Covenants or Agreements, or for the doing or performing of any other Act, Matter or thing whatsoever, relating to the said Transport and other Services, shall be revised in and transferred to the said principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy, and shall continue in force in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Contracts, Covenants and Agreements, Bonds and other Securities, had been entered into with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, or any of them.

Powers of Commissioners for Transports, in far as relate to the Transport Service, may be transferred to Commissioners of the Navy, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty shall so as aforesaid be pleased to cancel and revoke the said Commission or Letters Patent, bearing Date the said Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and by any other Commission or Letters Patent or Order in Council hereafter to be made, to grant, transfer or commit all or any of the Powers, Authorities and Rights now vested in the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, relating to or so far as they may relate to the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, or any thing relating thereto, to the Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, that from and after such Revocation and such further Grant by His Majesty, all Contracts, Covenants and Agreements made and entered into between the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, or any Person on their Behalf, and any other Person or Persons whatsoever for the Supply of any Articles or things whatsoever, for the Use of the sick and wounded Seamen in His Majesty's Service or Prisoners of War, or for any other Purpose connected with the Care of the said Seamen or Prisoners, or in any manner relating thereto, and all Bonds and other Securities entered into by any Person or Persons for the due Performance of such last mentioned Contracts, Covenants or Agreements, or for the doing or performing of any other Act, Matter or thing whatsoever relating to the last mentioned Services, shall be revised in and transferred to the said Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, and shall continue in force in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Contracts, Covenants and Agreements, Bonds and other Securities had been entered into with the Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, or any of them.

Such Powers, in far as relate to the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, &c. may be transferred to the Commissioners for Victualling.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Inkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[21st May 1816.]

Act, c. 20.

§ 1.

§ 2.

Allowance for the Diet of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

Further Allowance of One Halfpenny per Diem.

Horde quartered, Rate per Diem to be paid for Hay and Straw.

Regulation with respect to dieting Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers on March.

Provision paying Money to Non-Commissioned Officers on their March in lieu of Diet, &c.

Provision for Non-Commissioned Officers, &c. when halted.

If Halting only for a Day after Arrival, and then a Visit Day, Diet and Small Beer not discontinued.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for providing Musters and Detachment, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, it is enacted, that Officers and Soldiers shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer upon paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament; and an Oath is given to Inholders and others, upon whom Officers and Soldiers are quartered and billeted, to furnish certain Articles *provis*, in lieu of Diet and Small Beer; and it is just and expedient that an adequate Allowance shall be made and established for Provision and other Articles furnished to Officers and Soldiers: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and it is enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non-Commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer within those Parts of the United Kingdom specified in the said recited Act by the Inholders or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of One Shilling per Diem until the Twenty fourth Day of April inclusive, and from and after that Day the Sum of Two pence per Diem; and that for each Allowance of One Shilling and Two pence, the Inholder or other Person shall furnish One Meat, whether a hot Dinner if required, in each Day, to each Non-Commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier, quartered and billeted on him, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as have been or shall be specified and fixed on and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables, previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed by the said Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Inholders or other Persons on whom any Non-Commissioned Officers or Private Men shall be quartered within the specified Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Act, furnish such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rate prescribed by this Act, such Inholders or other Persons on whom such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been supplied, shall receive in Compensation thereof One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier, which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rate aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Inholder or other Person within the specified Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Act, for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling and Two pence per Diem for each Horse until the Twenty fourth Day of April inclusive, and from and after that Day Ten pence per Diem.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Inholders or other Persons on whom they may be billeted, within the specified Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rate heretofore prescribed while on the March, as aforesaid, and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day in and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billeted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof; in which case it shall be lawful for the Inholder, or other Person as aforesaid, to discontinue on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said recited Act specified, and at the Rate therein before prescribed.

V. Provided always, That if any Visitation or other Person liable by the said recited Act to have Soldiers billeted or quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money in any Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of furnishing to him the Diet and Small Beer to which such Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Act, every such Visitation or other Person may be proceeded against and sued in like manner as if he or she had refused to furnish or allow according to the Directions of the said recited Act the several things respectively directed to be furnished to Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billeted as he or she is aforesaid.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Persons on whom they shall be billeted at such intermediate Place, for such time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to this Act.

VII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders that it is not intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment shall halt for any longer time than One entire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of Halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Inholders or other Persons on whom the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be billeted, to discontinue on such Market Day the Supply of Diet and

Small

Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Inhabitants and other Persons aforesaid, upon each Market Day as aforesaid, at the Rates & rates before preferred, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in Recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are heretofore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit entitled after the Two Days subsistent to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rates heretofore preferred, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also, nevertheless, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, so returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for each Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thereto, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Commencement and be in force from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that all Payments which have been made, and all Acts, Matters and things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered and varied by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

Regulations as to Recruiting Parties and Recruits on March

Private.

*Commencement of Act.
Period for Payments.*

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and to permit such Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indemnities of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors to make and file the same on or before the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [21st May 1816.]

[This Act is the same, except as to Dates, as 54 G. 3. c. 5.]

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to charge an additional Duty on Corks, ready made, imported into Great Britain.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Customs should be imposed on all Corks ready made; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Corks ready made imported into Great Britain, an additional Duty of Customs of Three Shillings and Sixpence for every Pound Weight.

Duty on ready made Corks to be paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of the like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered.

Managed as other Duties of Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duty, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called "Permanent Duties," imposed by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Re-ign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

Application of Duties.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for the more speedy and effectual Collection of the Tonnage Duty upon Ships Inwards; for empowering the Lords of the Treasury to regulate the Hours of Officers' Attendance in the Port of London; and for permitting Ships to commence and complete their loading of Coals before the Delivery of the Fitters' Certificates. [21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for the more speedy and effectual Collection of the Tonnage Duty payable upon Ships and Vessels coming Inwards in Great Britain from Foreign Ports; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Officer of His Majesty's Customs

Tonnage Duty Customs to be paid before

any Vessel is
followed in such
Rule.

Customs whatsoever, or any Deputy or Clerk of such Offices, shall permit or suffer any Ship or Vessel to break Bulk, or any Part of her Cargo to be discharged, or issue any Order, or grant any Document for the unshipping or landing any Goods, Wares or Merchandise brought or imported by any Ship or Vessel subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties of Tonnage, until the said Duties have been fully paid to the proper Officer of the Customs; or in case any Doubt or Dispute shall arise as to the true Tonnage thereof, so that a perfect Entry cannot be passed, then in every such case a sufficient Deposit shall be made of the said Duties with such Officer as aforesaid, previous to any Document being issued or granted for the unshipping or landing any Part of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel to entering Inwards as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

49 G. 3. Sect. 1.
4. 25.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to extend the Privileges of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling Persons employed in certain Offices and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, in the Dockyards; and to appropriate the Fees of certain established and various Offices in the Customs in the Supercarriage Fund; it is provided and enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, whenever and in cases as they shall deem it right for the better Security of the Revenue, and the Accommodation of Trade, to alter the Hours during which the Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs at any Port of Great Britain, except the Port of London, are now by Law required to attend in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and to regulate and direct the Attendance of every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so employed, in such manner and during such times and at such Places as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall in their Judgment deem expedient for the public Service; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; And Whereas it is expedient that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury should have the like Power of altering and fixing the legal Hours of Attendance of the Officers in the Port of London: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, whenever and in cases as they shall deem it right for the better Security of the Revenue, and the Accommodation of Trade, to alter the Hours during which the Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, are now by Law required to attend in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and to regulate and direct the Attendance of every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so employed in such manner and during such times and at such Places as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall in their Judgment deem expedient for the public Service; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.*

Treasury may
alter Hours of
Attendance of
Officers of Custom
in London.

III. And Whereas great Inconvenience has been experienced by the Shippers of Coals in consequence of the Ships and Vessels not being permitted to commence lading until the Fitter or Purser vouching such Coals has delivered to the Officer of the Customs Certificate of the Quantity of Coals intended to be taken on board such Ships or Vessels: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel in which any Coals are intended to be taken on board for the Purpose of being carried Coastwise, or for the Fitter or Purser or any other Person or Persons vouching, signing or intending to ship such Coals, to commence and complete the Loading of any such Ship or Vessel, although the Certificate required by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Duties on Coals, Cakes and Cinder, and making other Provisions in this behalf; and for regulating Ships in the Coal Trade to be ascertained*, shall not have been delivered to the proper Officers of the Customs; and in every case where the Loading is commenced before the Delivery of such Certificate the same shall express the Quantity of Coals actually shipped, and shall be delivered to the proper Officer of the Customs prior to the Ship or Vessel leaving the Port; and if any said Certificate shall be made or given by any such Fitter or Purser, Coal Owner or Agent, of the Quantity of Coals sold or vended and actually shipped or laden on board such Ship or Vessel, or who shall deliver any such Certificate or Certificates signed by any Person, except himself or themselves, every such Fitter or other Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty.

Vessels may be
loaded with
Coals before
Certificate of
Quantity deliv-
ered to Officer
of Customs is
received by
51 G. 3. c. 9.
§ 4.

Delivering said
Certificate.

Penalty.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to repeal Two Acts passed in the Reigns of King Edward the Fourth and King Richard the Third, which prohibit the Importation of Wrought Goods and certain other Articles.

[1818 May 1816.]

3 Ed. 4. c. 4.

WHEREAS it appears no longer necessary or proper to continue the Prohibitions on the Importation of certain Articles contained in an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of King Edward the Fourth, intituled *Certain Merchandises not lawful to be brought ready wrought into this Realm; and in an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of King Richard the Third, intituled *Certain Merchandises prohibited to be brought into this Realm ready wrought; and therefore that the said Acts should be repealed*: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Two Acts, and every thing therein contained, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.*

5 R. 3. c. 11.

Repealed Acts
repealed.

C A P.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act to permit the Importation of Prunes the Produce of Germany.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Trade in His Majesty's Customs*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that no Grocery shall be imported into England or Wales or Berwick upon Tyne from the Netherlands or Germany, upon any Privilege whatsoever, in any Sort of Ships or Vessels whatsoever, upon the Penalty of the Loss of the said Goods, as also of the Ships and Tonnage: And whereas it is expedient to repeal in much of the said recited Act as extends to the Article of Prunes the Produce of Germany: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act as relates to Prunes the Produce of Germany shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to empower His Majesty to suspend the Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to suspend any Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council, to direct that no Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia shall take place; but that such Ballot and Enrolment shall remain and continue suspended for the Period specified in any such Order of Council, and from time to time, by any like Order or Orders in Council, to continue such Suspension so long as His Majesty shall deem the same expedient; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Suspend-
ing Ballot for Local
Militia.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act to reduce the Number of Days of Muster or Exercise of Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise, necessary to entitle Persons serving in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry to be returned or certified as effective Members of such Corps, should be reduced: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise of Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, to entitle any Person serving in such Corps to be returned or certified as an effective Member thereof, shall be Six in each Year, any thing in an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to Volunteer Corps, to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Act shall be construed, as to all Returns and Certificates of Commanding Officers of such Corps, or others, as if the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise, specified in the said Act as necessary to entitle Persons serving in Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry to be returned or certified as effective, had been Six instead of Twelve in each Year; and such Number of Six Days shall in like manner be divided into Two Days or Three equal Parts in each Four Months, instead of Four Days as in the said Act provided, with such Provisions as to making good any Number of Days at different Periods, as are contained in the said Act in relation to the Days of Muster or Exercise specified in the said Act.

Six Days' At-
tendance of
Yeomanry and
Volunteer Cavalry, necessary to be
returned as
effective.44 G. 3. c. 74.
1804. cap. 74.

II. And be it further enacted, That in any case where a Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry should attend at Muster or Exercise Five Days successively, such Five Days' successive Attendance shall entitle each Individual so attending to be returned or certified as effective, the same as if he had attended the whole Number of Six Days according to the Provisions of this Act.

Five Days' At-
tendance of
Yeomanry
& Cavalry
entitled.

C A P. XL.

An Act for further continuing, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, to continue the Restrictions contained in the several Acts of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to continue until Six Months after the Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace, the Restrictions contained in several Acts, made in the Thirty fourth, Thirty eighth, Forty second, and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England*, which Act has by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is highly desirable that the Bank of England should as soon as possible

44 G. 3. c. 1.

return

56 Geo. III.

5 C

enters to the Payment of its Notes in Cash; but it is suggested that the Provision of the said Act should be further extended, in order to afford time to the Debtors of the Bank to make such Preparations as to their Deficiency and Expenses may appear most expedient for enabling them to reduce Payments in Cash without public Inconvenience, and that a time should be fixed at which the said Bank should close: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further extended until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

C. A. P. XII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds Irish Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[21st May 1816.]

• Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully and voluntarily granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, have resolved that a Sum not exceeding Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds Irish Currency be raised by Treasury Bills in Ireland, in manner hereinafter mentioned: And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Ireland, or any Three or more of them, now or for the time being, if he or they shall judge it advisable, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to prepare and make and issue, or cause to be prepared or made and issued, any Number of Bills entitling the Bearer to the Sum or Sums respectively specified therein, (not exceeding in the whole the Amount hereinafter mentioned and directed), and declaring each Sum or Sums to be payable, or such Bills to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland at such time and times as shall be directed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and as shall be expressed in such Bills respectively; and such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Two Pounds per Centum per Annum; and the said Bills shall be numbered in Alphabetical Proportion, beginning with Number One.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to authorize the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury in Ireland, to issue any such Bills under this Act, to any Amount exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds Irish Currency; and that such Bills shall be issued for so much only of the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds Irish Currency as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, at the Instance or by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, or any Three of them now or for the time being; and that the Interest on the said Bills, not exceeding Two Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall commence from the Issuing thereof respectively, and shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever; and that every such Bill be to be issued for the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds Irish Currency, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall or may, or at any such time or times as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or by the said Commissioners of the Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by and be current in any Receipt or Collection in Ireland of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax in Ireland, for and in Satisfaction of any Custom, Excise or any Aid, Revenue or Tax, then or thereafter respectively to become due or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Ireland, and shall be taken, paid and be current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, from every such Receiver or Collection, for or in respect of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax by him collected or received, at or after such time or times as to be appointed as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any of the said Treasury Bills, which shall or may be issued in pursuance of this Act shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, pursuant to the Provision of this Act, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon, and the same, when paid by such Receiver or Collector into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, shall be cancelled.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys to be received under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Dublin, and shall be current to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

V. And

V. And be it further enacted, That all the said Treasury Bills, and all Interest thereon, or which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, or the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Exchequer in *Dublin*, or at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *London*, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Amount of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency, any A^d or A^{cts} to the contrary notwithstanding: so that no greater or higher Sum, by way of Interest, Discount, Gratuity or other Consideration, shall be demanded or taken by such or any of the said Governors and Companies respectively, or by any Person on their Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for any Money so advanced.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, do and shall order and direct and cause to be paid into the Bank of *England*, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever, all Interest which shall become due and payable on such Part of the said Sum as shall be raised or advanced to that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, until such time as the Holders of such Treasury Bills shall be paid their Principal Money, with all Interest remaining due thereon, at One entire Payment, at the said Bank of *England*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* be and they are hereby authorized and required to obey all such Orders, as to the Issue and Delivery of such Treasury Bills as shall be required to be transmitted to *England*, as they shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*.

C A P. XLII.

An A^d for raising the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [1st May 1816.]

W^h E. Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully and voluntarily granted to Your Majesty as this Session of Parliament, have resolved that a Sum not exceeding One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency be raised by Treasury Bills in *Ireland*, in manner hereinafter mentioned: And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, now or for the time being, if he or they shall judge it advisable, at any time or times after the passing of this A^d, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to prepare and make and issue, or cause to be prepared or made and issued, any Number of Bills entitling the Bearer to the Sum or Sums respectively specified therein, (not exceeding in the whole the Amount hereinafter mentioned and directed,) and declaring such Sum or Sums to be payable, or such Bills to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, at such time and times as shall be directed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and as shall be expressed in such Bills respectively; and such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; and the said Bills shall be subscribed in Antithetical Progression, beginning with Number One.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to authorize the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury in *Ireland*, to issue any such Bills under this A^d, to any Amount exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency; and that such Bills shall be issued for so much only of the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, at the Instance or by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor for Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, or any Three of them now or for the time being; and that the Interest on the said Bills, not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall commence from the issuing thereof respectively, and shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever; and that every such Bill be to be issued for the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall or may, or or after such time or times as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or by the said Commissioners of the Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by and be current to any Receiver or Collector in *Ireland* of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax in *Ireland*, for and in Satisfaction of any Customs, Excise or any Aid, Revenue or Tax, then or thereafter respectively

Bills to be chargeable thereon.

Bank of *Ireland* or Bank of *England* may advance to any person on Credit of A^d.

Interest owing in *England* to be paid into the Bank of *England*.

Transmitting Treasury Bills to *England*.

Irish Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest.

Bills issued not to exceed a specified Amount.

Bills, if any paid off, shall be taken in Payment of Revenue in *Ireland*, after such time as Treasury shall appoint.

respectively to become due or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Ireland, and shall be taken, paid and be current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, from every such Receipt or Collection, for or in respect of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax by him collected or received, at or after such time or times as to be appointed as aforesaid.

and Interest
shall cease.

III. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any of the said Treasury Bills, which shall or may be issued in pursuance of this Act, shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon, and the same, when paid by such Receiver or Collector into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, shall be cancelled.

Money so be
received, and
both Cashes
shall be paid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to be received under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Dublin, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

And to be
charged &
thereon.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the said Treasury Bills, and all Interest thereon, or which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds Sterling Currency, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Bank of Ireland
or Bank of Eng-
land may re-
ceive
1,700,000, as
Credit of Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, at his pleasure or to the Order of His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Exchequer in Dublin, or at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in London, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Amount of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds Sterling Currency, any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding, in that no greater or higher Sum, by way of Interest, Discount, Gratuity or other Consideration, shall be demanded or taken by such or any of the said Governors and Companies respectively, or by any Person on their Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum for any Money so advanced.

Interest shall
be paid into
the Bank of
England.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, do and shall order and direct and cause to be paid into the Bank of England, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Duties whatsoever, all Interest which shall become due and payable on each Part of the said Sum as shall be raised or advanced in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, until such time as the Holders of such Treasury Bills shall be paid their Principal Money, with all Interest remaining due thereon, at One entire Payment, at the said Bank of England.

Transferring
Treasury Bills
to England.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland be and they are hereby authorized and required to obey all such Orders, as to the Issue and Delivery of such Treasury Bills as shall be required to be transmitted to England, as they shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for making certain Allowances of the Duties payable on Malt and Beer. [3rd May 1816.]

45 G. 3. c. 30
5th (A.) 1816.
Malt.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, certain additional Duties were imposed upon Malt which would have expired at a certain limited time after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace had not the same been continued: And Whereas the same were, by a certain Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and by another Act made in the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, were and are further continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and will then expire: And Whereas it expedient to grant an Allowance of the said additional Duties in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be paid or allowed to every Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Cerebral Brewer, Distiller, Wholesaler and Vinegar Maker, for all dry ungrained Malt which he, she or they shall produce to the Sight of the Officers or Officers of Excise in his, her or their Stack, Cellar or Possession, and which shall be taken as Account of, and the Quantity thereof ascertained by such Officer or Officers in manner hereinafter mentioned, between the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Seventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and for which the said Duties shall have been charged or paid, the several Allowances and Sums of Money following: (that is to say),*

56 G. 3. c. 73.

57 G. 3. c. 82.

Commission for
control of Malt
to be paid the
Officers between
18 and 26 July.

For every Bushel of dry ungrained Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of Great Britain called England, from barley, or any other Cereals or Grass, Two Shillings:

For every Bushel of dry ungrained Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, from barley or any other Cereals or Grass, except Beer or Bagg, Two Shillings:

For every Bushel of dry ungrained Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of Great Britain called Ireland, from Beer or Bagg only, without any Mixture of Barley, or any other Cereals or Grass, shewen, One Shilling and Four pence.

Allowance for
Malt.

II. And be it further enacted, That any Malster or Malster of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall have or be entitled to any such Allowance, solely in, he or they shall give previous Notice in Writing two Days previous to the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the proper Officer of Excise, of his, her or their Name and Place in, Malt, and of the particular House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place where any dry unground Malt for or in respect of which he, she or they intend or intend to claim any such Allowance, shall be kept, laid or deposited, and unless he, she or they shall also, before the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, place all such Malt for or in respect of which he, she or they intend or intend to claim any such Allowance in such then be actually dried, fermented, cleaned and finished, into such Form as shall enable the Officer or Officers of Excise conveniently to gauge, take an Account of, and ascertain the Quantity thereof; and in case any Cask or Casks which shall be in Operation for the making thereof into Malt upon any of those respective Days before mentioned shall be actually made into Malt, dried, fermented, cleaned and finished by any Malster or Maker of Malt before the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise shall first take an Account of the dry unground Malt, in the Stock, Cask or Possession of such Malster or Maker of Malt; or in case any dry unground Malt shall be brought by Water under the Regulation in this Act contained, and shall be delivered into the Stock of any such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, before the Officer or Officers shall have first taken such Account thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such case so such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall have or be entitled to any such Allowance in respect of such Malt, unless he, she or they shall give previous Notice in Writing by the Space of Twelve Hours to the proper Officer of Excise, of his, her or their Intention to claim such Allowance in respect of such Malt, specifying the Quantity thereof, and of the Place where such Malt shall be kept or deposited, and shall place and keep all such Malt in the like Form, but separate and apart from all other Malt, so that the Officer or Officers of Excise may conveniently take such Account thereof, as is by this Act directed.

III. And be it further enacted, That after any Malt, for or in respect of which any such Allowance may be claimed, shall have been placed in such Form as is directed by this Act, no Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall, on any Premises whatever, after the Position thereof, until Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account thereof; and that no Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall remove, carry or send away, or cause or procure to be removed, carried or sent away, any such Malt from the House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place in which the same shall have been gauged, or an Account taken thereof, until Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account thereof; and if any such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall, contrary to the Direction of this Act, after the Position of any such Malt, for or in respect of which he, she or they shall claim any such Allowance, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall remove, carry or send away, or cause or procure to be removed, carried or sent away, any such Malt, contrary to the Direction of this Act, he, she or they shall forfeit the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, and all Right, Title or Claim to any Allowance which he, she or they might otherwise have been entitled to under any Statute of this Act, for or in respect of any of the Malt in his, her or their Stock, Cask or Possession; Provided always nevertheless, that all Common Brewers, Distillers, Vintners and Vinegar Makers, who shall give to the Officer or Officers of Excise, under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, previous Notice in Writing by the Space of Twenty four Hours of his, her or their Intention to make use of any such Malt, so that the Officer may attend and take an Account of and ascertain the true Quantity thereof, specifying in such Notice the Quantity so intended to be used, shall be at Liberty to make use of such Quantity of his, her or their Malt, for or in respect of which he, she or they shall claim any such Allowance without being liable to the Penalties last aforesaid, or either of them, any Thing heretofore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding. So as the Officer of such Malt shall be left enabled, and in such Form and Position as to enable the Officer or Officers of Excise to gauge, take Account of and ascertain the Quantity thereof, in the manner heretofore directed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Officer and Officers of Excise, at his and their free Will and Pleasure, at any time or times in the Day time, between the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Seventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or at any time during the Space of Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account of any such Malt, to enter and go into every House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place respectively, where any such Malt for or in respect of which any such Allowance shall be claimed shall be put, laid or deposited, and to take a true and particular Account, and ascertain the exact Quantity thereof, by Gauge or Measurement, deducting from such Account Twelve per Cent. on Brews or Porter Malt and Five per Cent. on all other dry unground Malt for the Spirit and Isoplate thereof, over the Quantity of such Malt charged with Duty; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall prevent or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise from entering or going into any such House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place, or from taking such Account or ascertaining the Quantity of such Malt as aforesaid, or shall run or lay under, with or without any such Malt any Fire, or violence, or use of force, or any unlicensed Car or Grain or other thing, with intent to evade the Quantity or apparent Quantity of such dried unground Malt, or shall bring into or put or place with his, her or their Stock, any Malt which has been taken an Account of under this Act, or any Malt of or belonging to any Person not being a Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or

Notice to each
Office of excise
Particulars, and
Malt put into
such form as to
enable him to
take Account
thereof.

Notice in
Writing

Aftering Pen-
alty of Malt.

Removing
Malt.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Excise-duty
notice of
Malt as going
Home, and
Gauge taking
Account there-
of.

Offending
Officer in case
taking such
Quantity of
Malt.

Penalty in
evading the
Quantity of
Malt, 1000-80.

as Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or make sale of or practise, or cause to be made sale of or practise, any Art, Contrivance or Device whatever, whereby the Officer or Officers of Excise may be obstructed in gauging, taking an Account of or ascertaining the true Quantity of such dry unground Malt, or whereby His Majesty may be defrauded, or shall obstruct or hinder any such Officer or Officers in the taking of such Account, and ascertaining the Quantity of any such dry unground Malt as aforesaid, or in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to such Officer or Officers given or granted by this Act, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and shall likewise forfeit all Right and Title to any Allowance which he, she or they might otherwise have been entitled to under or by virtue of this Act; and all Malt which shall be found by any Officer of Excise in taking such Account as aforesaid, to be sold as aforesaid, or under, with or amongst which any Barley, or unadred, inferior or unclean Malt, or unashed Corn or Grain, or other thing is found to be laid or placed with Intention to increase the Quantity or apparent Quantity of Malt dried and unground, or by which His Majesty may be defrauded, and all Malt which shall be brought in by any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or put or placed with him, her or their Stock which has been before taken an Account of under this Act, or does not belong to some Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalty.

Malt forfeited.

Commissioners may send a further Examination of Malt contained in Granaries.

V. And Whereas from the peculiar construction of certain Granaries in which large Quantities of Malt are deposited, it may be difficult for the Officers of Excise accurately to gauge the Malt contained therein; be it therefore enacted, That in each and every such case a Bull and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required to direct a further Examination of the Malt contained in such Granaries, in order to ascertain and determine whether any and what further Allowance for Compensations should in the Judgment of the said Commissioners be made to the Proprietors of such Malt; the Charge of such further Examination being always at the Expense of the Party defrauding the same: Provided always, that Notice in Writing, specifying the Quantity for which such Allowance shall be claimed, shall be given by such Party to the Officers of Excise at the time of such Malt being gauged, and that no such Malt be removed or stored until the Determination of the said Commissioners therein be made and given: provided that no such Allowance shall be made when the Quantity of Malt contained in any such Granaries shall be less than Two thousand five hundred Bushels in the whole.

Malt in Granaries not to be changed while Duty under 43 G. 3. is due.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty imposed by the said Act shall not be paid or payable for or in respect of any Corn or Grain actually in Operation for the making thereof into Malt, by any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale at the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise shall take an Account of the dry unground Malt in the Stock, Cuddey or Possession of such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, under or by virtue of this Act; provided every Part of such Corn or Grain which shall be actually dried, finished and made into Malt by such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, after such Officer or Officers shall have taken such Account as aforesaid, shall be kept separate and apart from all other Corns, Grains or Malt for the Space of Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken an Account of such Malt, and that it be produced to the Sight of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in order that he or they may take an Account and ascertain the true Quantity of such Corn or Grain whenever such Officer or Officers shall think fit to do before the Expiration of such Six Days, and that no Allowance be claimed or made by virtue of this Act in respect thereof.

Certificate of Quantity of Malt and Amount of Allowance to be given to Maltster, Brewer, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer and Officers of Excise, or some or one of them who shall have finally taken such Account as aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after such Account shall be finally taken and the Quantity of such Malt ascertained as aforesaid, give to every Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, entitled to the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, without Fee or Reward, a Certificate expressing the true Quantity of such Malt after such Deductions as aforesaid, and the Amount of the Allowance for such Malt, and specifying the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons entitled thereto, and whether he, she or they is or are Maltster or Makers of Malt for Sale, Sellers or Retailers of Malt, Common Brewers, Distillers, Vintners or Vinegar Makers respectively.

Maltster before shipping Malt to one Port to another to give Notice to Officer, who shall give Certificate of Quantity to be produced at Port of Destination.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, who within Twenty Days next preceding the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have occasion to Ship or put on board any Ship, Barge or other Vessel, any Malt which hath been charged with the additional Duty imposed by the said Act for the Purposes of transporting or conveying the same by Water from one Part of this Kingdom to another, shall give Forty eight Hours Notice in Writing as the proper Officer of Excise of his, her or their Intention to ship or put any such Malt on board any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel for the Purpose aforesaid, to that such Officer may attend and take an Account of such Malt, expressing in such Notice the Quantity of such Malt intended to be shipped or put on board, and the Ship, Barge or other Vessel in which the same is intended to be shipped or put on board; and also the Name of the Maltster or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and likewise the Name or Names of the Person or Persons to whom and of the Place or Port to which such Malt is consigned, or where the same is intended to be landed; then such Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and is and are hereby required, on being satisfied that the Malt specified in such Notice is really and truly shipped and put on board such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, to give, without Fee or Reward, a True and Correct Certificate, specifying the Quantity of Malt so shipped or put on board, the time when and the Place at which the same was so shipped or put on board, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons from whom and of the Person or Persons to whom the same is consigned, and the Place at which the same

Certificate given without Fee.

is intended to be landed, and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, is hereby directed and required, within Twelve Hours (or sooner if demanded) after the Arrival of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel at the Port or other Place to which such Malt is consigned, or where the same is intended to be landed, to deliver such Transire or Certificate to the proper Officer of Excise there.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship, Barge or other Vessel having on board any such Malt for or in respect whereof any such Transire or Certificate shall have been granted, shall not arrive at the Port or Place to which such Malt shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Transire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, till after the proper Officers or Officers of Excise shall have taken an Account of the dry unground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of the Person or Persons respectively to whom such Malt is consigned, that then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, upon due Notice from the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and upon the Delivery of such Transire or Certificate as aforesaid, to attend, gauge or measure, and ascertain the exact Quantity of all such Malt, and thereupon such Officer or Officers of Excise shall with all convenient Speed, and without Fee or Reward, grant and give to the Person or Persons to whom such Malt shall be consigned a Certificate or Certificates, expressing the true Quantity of such Malt, the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons entitled to the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, and whether he, she or they is or are Masters or Millers of Malt for Sale, Sellers or Retailers of Malt, Common Brewers, Distillers, Vintners or Vinegar Makers, and the Amount of the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt: Provided always nevertheless, that in case any such Malt shall have been brought by Water from any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, into any Port or Place in that Part of Great Britain called England, and shall not have arrived at such last mentioned Port or Place till after the last Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the additional Duty imposed by the said Act upon the bringing such Malt into such last mentioned Port or Place shall not be charged or payable, nor shall any greater Allowance be made or granted in respect thereof than is hereby directed to be made and granted for Malt made from Beer or Bagg only in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland: Provided also, that no such Certificate as last mentioned shall be delivered, unless the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall make Oath before some of the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person appointed by the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for that Purpose, or before the proper Collector or Supervisor or Officer of Excise (which Oath the said Commissioners and the Person appointed by them, and the Collector, Supervisor and Officers of Excise are respectively hereby authorized and empowered to administer), that such Malt is the same Malt as is mentioned in the Transire or Certificate then produced, and that such Malt or any Part thereof has not been taken amount of under this Act, and that no Allowance has been obtained or demanded for any Part of the same by virtue of this Act: Provided also, that all such Malt which shall be so shipped, put on board, and transported as aforesaid, and which shall not arrive at the Place to which the same is consigned, or where the same is to be landed, till after the Officer or Officers of Excise shall have taken the Account and ascertained the Quantity of dry unground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of the Consignor thereof, to whom such Malt shall be sent or delivered, and before the Expiration of Six Days after the same shall have been first taken as aforesaid, shall be kept separate and apart from all other Malt till the Expiration of such Six Days as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case any Malt which shall be shipped or put on board any Ship, Barge or other Vessel, according to the Directions of this Act, and for which such Transire or Certificate as aforesaid shall have been granted, shall be unshipped and put on board any other Ship, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, or landed at any other Port or Place than that to which the same shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Transire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, (except in case of Distress or other unavoidable Accident or Necessity, of which the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall give immediate Notice to the nearest Officer of Excise,) that then not only all the Malt which shall be so unshipped or landed shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, but the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and also the Person or Persons concerned in the unshipping or landing of such Malt as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship, Barge or other Vessel in or on board of which any Malt for which such Transire or Certificate as aforesaid shall have been granted, shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Transire or Certificate to the proper Officer of Excise within Twelve Hours (or sooner if demanded) after the Arrival of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, at the Port or Place to which such Malt shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Transire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, that then and in every such case, such Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and no Allowance shall under this Act be made for such Malt.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any Certificate by this Act required or directed, or shall knowingly or wilfully give any false or untrue Certificate, or shall fraudulently alter or vary, or cause to be fraudulently altered or varied, any Certificate granted by any Officer or Officers of Excise, or shall make use of any Certificate knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, false, untrue, altered or varied, every such Person or Persons shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and Pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XIII. And

Represents in
this Vessel does
not arrive at
Port of Consig-
ment till after
Officers have
taken an Ac-
count of Stock
of Consigners.

Certificate with-
out Fee.

Proviso in re-
spect brought
from Scotland.

Oath by Master
that the
Goods men-
tioned in Cer-
tificate.

Forfeit.

Malt kept
separate.

Malt landed in
any other Place
than at Port of
Consignment
forfeited.

Forfeit con-
cerned therein.

Penalty.

Certificate de-
livered up-
within a certain
time after Ar-
rival of Ship.

Penalty.

Counterfeiting
Certificates.

Penalty.

On Production
of Certificate
for Allowance
to Commis-
sioners,
and making
Oath to certain
Particulars,
Tympan made.

XIII. And be it farther enacted, That any such Certificate given by any Officer or Officers of Excise, for any Allowance to be made or granted by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, being produced by such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, to the Commissioners of Excise, or to the Person appointed by them or the major Part of them to receive the same, for such Malt as shall be finally taken an Account of, under or by virtue of this Act, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, or to the Collector of Excise of the Collection in which any such Certificate shall be granted for such Malt as shall be finally taken an Account of, under and by virtue of this Act, out of the said Duties, at any one after the Expiration of Four Months, and before the Expiration of Six Months from the time of the granting thereof, and Oath having been made by such Malster and Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, before any of the said Commissioners of Excise, or the Person appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for that Purpose, or before the Collector of Excise of the Collection in which such Malt shall have been taken an Account of, and the Quantity thereof ascertained according to the Directions of this Act, (which Oath the said Commissioners and the Person appointed by them, and the several Collectors of Excise, are respectively hereby authorized and empowered to administer,) that he, she or they believe or believe that the proper Duties have been paid or charged for in respect of the whole Quantity of the Malt specified in such Certificate, and that the said Malt or any Part thereof hath not been taken an Account of for the Purpose of obtaining the Allowance granted by this Act, in any Place or Places save and except in the Stock, Cellar or Possession of the Person or Persons making the said Oath, and claiming the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, and that the said Malt was the sole Property of the said Person or Persons, or was held by him, her or them, as the Property of, for the Use of some other Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, and that all the Malt which was actually in Operation at the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise took an Account of the dry weighed Malt in the Stock, Cellar or Possession of such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, and which in order to exempt the same from the said Duty imposed by the said Act is by this Act required to be kept separate and apart from all other Corn, Grain or Malt, hath been kept, the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them, or such Collector as aforesaid, being satisfied of the Truth of such Oath, shall forthwith, out of the Money in their Hands respectively on Account of the said additional Duties, if they respectively shall have sufficient Money on such Account, pay to the Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Vintner or Vinegar Maker, or to him, her or their Agent or Agents, entitled to the same, the Sum of Money specified in such Certificate, and if the said Commissioners or Collectors respectively shall not have sufficient Money on such Account in their respective Hands for the Purpose aforesaid, the said Commissioners or Collectors respectively shall pay the said Allowance out of any Money in their respective Hands arising from the Consolidated Duties of Excise.

Payment of
Money made
in Citi-
zens.

Money paid out
of Consolidated
Duties to be
repaid.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid as aforesaid, out of the Consolidated Duties of Excise, shall be replaced to such Consolidated Duties out of the first Moneys that shall arise and be received from and on account of any of the additional Duties of Excise, granted and imposed by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and continued by several other Acts, and lastly by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, in Preference to all other Payments whatsoever.

Duty on Malt
mentioned in
making of
Strong Beer be-
tween the 8th
April and 5th
July allowed.
Brew Allow.
20000

XV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to every Common Brewer or Vintner the additional Duties of Excise upon Malt by the said Act first herein recited imposed, by him, her or them actually sold and consumed after the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in the making or brewing of Strong Beer, not exceeding the following Proportions; that is to say,

For every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Vintner, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Vintner, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

And in every Common Brewer or Vintner for every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Vintner from Malt made from Barley, or any other Corn or Grass except Barley or Bitter, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

And for every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Vintner from Malt made from Barley or any other Corn or Grass therewith, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Eight pence:

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Barley, or any other Cere or Grain except from Beer or Blegg, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Beer or Blegg only, without any Mixture of Barley or any other Cere or Grain therewith, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Eight pence.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no such Allowances shall be claimed, made or allowed in respect of any such Beer which shall be, before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shipped for Exportation or exported upon Drawback, or in respect of more Beer than the Quantity of Strong Beer of sound Quality and in full Consignment, which shall, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be found by the proper Officer in the Stock, Cellar, or Possession of the Common Brewer or Victualler charging such Allowance.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several respective Allowances upon Malt actually used and consumed by any Common Brewer or Victualler after the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in the making or brewing of Beer not exceeding the Proportion allowed by this Act given to Common Brewers and Victuallers, shall from time to time be let off and allowed out of the Mowes payable by such Common Brewers or Victuallers respectively, for the Duties charged on the Beer by him, her or them respectively made or brewed; Proof being first made by such Common Brewer or Victualler respectively by Oath (which Oath the said Commissioners, or any of them, or the said several Collectors of Excise, are hereby required and empowered to administer,) of the full and entire Quantity of Malt which he, she or they has or have respectively actually used and consumed in the making or brewing of such Beer, between the said Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that such Beer has been shipped for Exportation or exported on Drawback; and such Allowances shall be made at the time when such Duties are by him, her or them respectively paid; which said Allowances so to be made and let off as aforesaid, the respective Commissioners of Excise are hereby authorized to make and allow accordingly.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money should be so allowed or let off as aforesaid, to any such Common Brewer or Victualler, shall be repaid to the Duties on Beer out of the First Mowes that shall arise and be received from and upon Account of the additional Duties on Malt by the Act herein first recited imposed, in Preference to all other Payments whosoever.

XIX. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting in His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, it was enacted, that during the Continuance of the said Act, all Beer and Ale above the Proof of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel (exclusive of the Duties) should be discontinued, decreed and taken up be Strong Beer or Ale, and all Beer of the Proof of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel or under (exclusive of Duties) should be discontinued, decreed and taken to be Table Beer, within the Meaning of an Act of Parliament made in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting in His Majesty additional Duties in Beer and Ale brewed or imported into Great Britain, (on Malt made in Great Britain, as Supergrain is or is imported into Great Britain; and on Spirits distilled in Ireland and imported into Great Britain) for repaying certain Allowances to Brewers of Beer and Ale; and for granting Fruits and Apples in the Revenue of Excise, on Beer, Ale and Malt*, and the said Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid, and of all other Acts of Parliament in force relating to Beer or Ale; And Whereas several of the additional Duties granted by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the said Reign aforesaid, which would have expired at a certain limited Time after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, had not the same been continued, were by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and were and are by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, further continued, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and by another Act made in the present Session of Parliament are continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and save and except the Duties on Malt made in England and Scotland, or brought from Scotland into England, granted by the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by the Commencement as aforesaid of the said several Duties, save and except the said Duties on Malt as last aforesaid, the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, so far as relates to such continued Duties, has been and is thereby also continued until and upon the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; but Doeths may arise whether the Provision herebefore recited be by reason thereof also continued, notwithstanding the said Duties on Malt will cease and expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Now, for the Prevention and Removal of such

No Allowances for Beer imported before 25th July, or the more than Quantity found in Stock on that Day.

Allowances for off set of Money payable for Duty.

Oath.

Money to be repaid.

41 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 12.

41 G. 3. c. 38.

Provision in
43 G. 3. c. 43.
1803, respecting
Price of Irons,
Beer and Tins
Exported in
casks.

Provision here
repealed and
suppld.

Provision Acts
relating to the
Trade in Irons,
repealed in
Act.

Taking false
Oath.

Perjury.

Act may be
inserted, &c.

Enacted, to be declared and enacted, That the said recited Provision in the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty does and shall wholly cease and expire with the said Duties on Malt on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be no longer of any Force or Effect; any thing in any other Act or Acts in the present or any former Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed or created by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them, who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every of the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things which, in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knight's Service and Parsonage, and for giving a Remedy upon His Majesty's bene charior*, or by any other Law now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided and established, shall be modified, altered and put in Execution, in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and recited in this present Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the cases in which an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be liable to the same Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to repeal the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, on Hard Soap made in Great Britain and imported from Ireland; and to grant other Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. [31st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, now payable in respect of Hard Soap made in Great Britain, and of Irish Hard Soap imported from Ireland into Great Britain, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed, and other Allowances and Drawbacks granted in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and singular the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, now payable by Law in respect of Hard Soap made in Great Britain, and of Irish Hard Soap imported from Ireland into Great Britain, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, fine and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks by this Act repealed, there shall be paid, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap, which shall be made in Great Britain, to be paid by the Maker thereof, Three pence; for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Irish Hard Cake or Ball Soap, which shall be imported from Ireland into Great Britain, to be paid by the Importer thereof, Three pence: And that the following Allowances shall be made; (that is to say), for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap made in Great Britain, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in Great Britain, in the making of any Cloths, Serges, Kerseys, Rags, Stockings or other Manufactures of Sheep or Linnen Wool only, or Manufactures whereof the greater Part of the Value of the Materials shall be Wool, or in the finishing of the said Manufactures, or preparing the Wool for the same, Two pence Farthing; and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap made in Great Britain, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in Great Britain, in the whitening of new Linnen in the Piece for Sale, Two pence; and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Soap, made in Great Britain, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in Great Britain, in preparing and finishing any Manufactures from Flax or Cotton for Sale (except such as shall be used in whitening new Linnen in the Piece, in order to the Sale thereof) One Penny halfpenny: And that a Drawback of the value of the respective Duties shall be paid for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Soap made in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported in Merchandise to Foreign Parts.

III. And Whereas Countrolls or Agreements may have been made before the passing of this Act, by Dealers in Hard Cake or Ball Soap, upon which Duties are by this Act imposed for such Hard Cake or Ball Soap respectively, to be delivered after the passing of this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That such Dealers delivering such Hard Cake or Ball Soap, made after the passing of this Act, in pursuance of such

Contracts or Agreements, shall be allowed to add to such Money as will be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of such Hard Cakes or Ball Soap respectively, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks shall be respectively raised, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid, in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise respectively heretofore repaid were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid; and the said Profits, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, so by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed, or entitled to the said Allowance or Drawbacks respectively granted by this Act, shall be, and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which such Profits, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Duties of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, were or might be subject and liable; and all and every Person, Person, Place or Forfeiture, of any nature or kind whatsoever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, and for securing the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, professed and put in Execution, for and in respect of the said several Duties of Excise, Allowances and Drawbacks respectively heretofore charged, imposed and allowed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Local Militia in Great Britain, in the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [31st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Cloathing and necessary Expenses of the Local Militia in Great Britain, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, and in every County, Stewartry, City or Place in Scotland, where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered and required to cause to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Local Militia, in the Manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), For the Pay of the said Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed, and required to be resident at Head Quarters; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quartermaster, required to be resident at Head Quarters, where the Establishment of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he is appointed shall not be less than Three hundred and Forty Private Men; and at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day to such Quartermaster, where the Establishment shall be under that Number; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence a Day for each Sergeant required to be resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence a Week for each Sergeant Major, where a Sergeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence a Day for every Corporal retained by Order of His Majesty, and so required to be resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer so required to be resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Sixpence a Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed: Provided always, that when any such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Sergeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall during such Absence receive Pay at the following Rates, instead of those above mentioned; (that is to say), Every Sergeant the Sum of One Shilling per Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence per Day respectively, and no more: And also for the Cloathing of the Local Militia for each County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Two pence for each Sergeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight pence for each Sergeant, Two Pounds One Shilling and Ten pence for each Corporal, Four Pounds Six Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence for each Drummer, and Two Pounds One Shilling and Four pence for each Private Man, together with the actual Expense of Package and

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Excise.

Duties here levied.

Proviso Acts in force applied to Act.

Duties carried to Consolidated Fund.

Act may be altered, &c.

Secretary at War to issue Money applied for Pay of Local Militia. Name of Regt.

Proviso.

Rate of Pay when absent on Furlough, Clothing.

Carrriage, and such Charges for altering and fitting the Clothing as shall have been notified by the Secretary at War; and that each Sergeant Major, Drum Major, Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at the Head Quarters, shall be clothed once in Two Years; and that such Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers of Local Militia beyond the regular Establishment of the permanent Staff thereof, as may be serving on Reduced Pay, under the Provision of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, may be retained *de Anno in Annum* several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain, shall be entitled to new Clothing when their present Clothing shall have been actually and necessarily worn for two Years: And also at the Rate of Three pence per Man per Month for Private Men and Drummers, for defraying the contingent Expenses of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Period during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall have a Staff retained on permanent Pay at its Head Quarters.

II And be it further enacted, That all Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers of Local Militia serving upon permanent Pay, shall be subject to the Provision of Two Acts made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England and Scotland respectively, in as far as relates to the Allowance for Needles, although they may have been enrolled previous to the passing of the said Acts.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, in Addition to his Pay, the Sum of Five Shillings and Three pence per Week for every Hundred Rank and File assembled for Training, for the Expense of the necessary Medicines for the Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men so assembled, and an Allowance of Sixpence per Month for each of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, as Constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expense of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not assembled for Training.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Quartermaster of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, having a Staff retained on permanent Pay at its Head Quarters, or in his Absence the Adjutant, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing or Needles and other Stores, under the Superintendence of the Colonel or Commandant, and shall out of the Money hereby directed to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expenses of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from time to time issue out and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms, or other useful incidental Expenses, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn upon him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, he shall three times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and of the Expediture thereof, and of the Balance remaining in his Hands; which said Balance shall form a Stock Fund for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall transmit the said Account to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed, and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Quartermaster for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Local Militia when assembled for Training shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia when drawn out and embodied: Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowances shall only extend to such Period or Periods for which the said Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of Annual Exercise or Training, or for suppressing Riots or Tumults, with the Addition of the Days of arriving at and Departure from and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing and contingent Expenses for the Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to use such Regulations as he may deem it expedient to adopt from time to time in that behalf.

VII Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Local Militia entitled to receive any Gratuity Pension or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his forgoing and receiving Pay in the Local Militia.

VIII. And Whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Local Militia may by Age or Infirmity be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in Consideration of their former Service: Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant who shall have served faithfully, either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the whole, Fifteen of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, shall by Age or Infirmity be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall on producing to the Quartermaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, together with an Order from the Secretary at War, be entitled to receive, and the Quartermaster aforesaid shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate and Order as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

IX. And

Contingent
Regiment.

Non Commissioned
Officers and Drummers
subject to Provision
of 13 G. 3. c. 126
& 68.

Allowance to
Gaugmen.

Quartermaster,
to have
Charge of Arms
and Clothing,
and to issue Money
necessarily
for Regiments
as Order signed
by Colonel.

Balance to form
a Stock Fund.

Local Militia
entitled to Pay
during Annual
Exercise, &c.

Money for Pay,
&c. issued under
Direction of
Secretary at
War.

Provision for
Riots in Clab-
on Prisoners.

Adjutant who
has served 30
Years and who
for further Ser-
vice, is entitled
to an Allowance
of 6s. per Day.

Provision to
Persons holding
Offices.

For Half Pay.

IX. And be it further enacted, that in case any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, shall have already created and decremented, or been reduced in its Establishment, or full establishment, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings per Diem shall be paid to each Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or from the time such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall create and decrement, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: Provided always, that no such Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as last aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no such Person shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever the permanent Staff of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be entirely reduced, and the Adjutant retained from Retardance and Duty at Head Quarters, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to place such Adjutant upon the reduced Allowance of Four Shillings per Diem, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Adjutant belongs, shall not have created and decremented: Provided always, that whenever such Adjutant shall be required to return to Head Quarters to perform Military Duty, he shall again be entitled to the Daily Pay of Eight Shillings as aforesaid; and provided also that no such Adjutant shall be entitled to receive such reduced Allowance who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no such Adjutant shall lose any Right which he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such reduced Allowance, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in every County, Riding or Place in England where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place respectively, and in every County, Barony, City or Place in Scotland where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver General for Scotland shall also pay the whole Sums required for the respective Allowances to the Clerks of the General Meetings and Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in England, at the Rates following; (that is to say), to the Clerk of the General Meetings at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting, and to the several Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be made to such respective General and Subdivision Clerks for their Expenses and Trouble in attending the Returns of Persons returned liable to serve in the Local Militia, by taking into the Names of all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and inferring the Names of any Person that shall have been entitled to be inserted, and in numbering the Returns and making out the Tickets for the Ballot, after the Rate of One Pound Fifteen Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve, and also for the actual Expenses incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing and Stationery used for the Purpose of this Act, as to the Land Levies and Deputy Levies of the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities or Places shall appear reasonable and proper; and in case the Orders made by the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowances as aforesaid shall be confirmed at a General Meeting consisting of not less than Five Deputy Lieutenants, but not otherwise.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver General in England shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance at the Rate of Five Pounds and Five Shillings for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as hereinafter directed, upon his producing as Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from Three Deputy Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings, and shall also pay to each and every of the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings their several Allowances, at the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as hereinafter directed, upon his or their producing as Order or Orders from One or more Deputy Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants assembled at the several Subdivision Meetings; which said Order or Orders, specifying the Day or Days of Meeting, at what Place or Places and for what Purpose or Purposes the said General and Subdivision Meetings or Meetings, have been assembled and held, together with the Clerk's Receipt or Receipts for the Sums so claimed, shall be to the Receiver General in England respectively a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances, and be allowed in their Accounts; and that the several Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings for their Trouble and Expenses in the Execution of this Act in Scotland shall be paid and delivered in the same Manner in which Schoolmasters, Constables and other Persons employed in the Execution of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *an Act to raise and establish a Militia Force in Scotland*, are directed to be paid for their Trouble and Expenses.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent General of Volunteers and Local Militia, and he is hereby required, to repay any Sum of Money which may have been paid for the Stamp Duty as any Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, under such Regulations and in such Manner as the Secretary at War shall appoint.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia under this Act, may as well be drawn upon unstamped Paper, and no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be valid by reason of being so drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant, or Sum of Money, which shall be issued in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

Reduced Allowance as per Day.

Provision in relation to holding Office.

Adjutant when retained from Duty at Head Quarters to be placed on the reduced Allowance of four per diem.

Provision for Half Pay.

Receiver General of Land Tax, to pay Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings, Rate of Allowance.

How Duties of such Allowances to Clerks made.

48 G. 3. c. 50.

Stamp Duty on Commissions repaid.

Bills drawn for Pay, &c. may be on unstamped Paper. No Fee taken.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act for the better Regulation of the Civil List.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enabling His Majesty to discharge the Debts contracted upon His Civil List Revenues, and for preventing the same from being an Arrears for the future, by regulating the Mode of Payments out of the said Revenues; and by suppressing or regulating certain Office therein mentioned, which are now paid out of the Revenues of the Civil List: And Whereas an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing certain Regulations in the Receipt of the Exchequer: And Whereas an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable the Lord Treasurer of the Hansehold, the Lord Chamberlain, the Master of the Horse, the Master of the Robes, and the Lords of the Treasury, respectively, to pay Bounties granted by His Majesty as Prizes in law and indigent Circumstances: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better Support of His Majesty's Hansehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of the United Kingdom, and for preventing Accumulation of Arrears in the Payments out of the Civil List Revenues: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum for defraying the Expenses incident to the Adornment of the Personal Service of the Royal Authority by His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Hansehold, and for enabling His Majesty the Queen, in and the necessary Expenses to which His Majesty may be compelled during His Majesty's Indisposition; and for the Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Property; and to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, in providing for the Administration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Absence: And Whereas the ordinary Revenues of the Civil List have for many Years past been found inadequate to defray the Charges thereof, and the Deficiency has been made good by the Application of the Funds arising from the Debits of the Crown, or other Extraordinary Resources, or by special Grants of Parliament: And Whereas it is highly expedient that the ordinary Revenues of His Majesty's Civil List should be made adequate to the ordinary Charges thereof, and that several of the Charges which have heretofore been borne upon the Civil List Revenues should in future be made a Charge upon and be defrayed out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, or otherwise provided for; and it is also expedient that distinct and separate Appropriations should be made of certain Portions of the Civil List Revenues, for the Payment of certain Charges consigned in the several Clauses of the Civil List, and that further and more effectual Provisions should be made for the Regulation and Control of the Expenditure thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Payment of the several Allowances and Sums of Twelve thousand Pounds to His Royal Highness Frederick Duke of York, of Two thousand five hundred Pounds to His Royal Highness William Henry Duke of Clarence, and of Four thousand Pounds to each of Their Royal Highnesses the Princesses Augusta Sophia, the Princess Elizabeth, the Princess Mary, and the Princess Sophia, heretofore granted by His Majesty, and charged upon the Civil List Revenues, shall cease and determine, and such Allowances and Sums of Money shall be no longer payable or paid out of the said Revenues; but from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said several Allowances and Sums of Money respectively shall be charged and chargeable upon and issuing and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, during the Joint Lives of His Majesty and Their said Royal Highnesses respectively, as to each of their said respective Allowances and Sums aforesaid.******

Certain Sums heretofore paid to a Part of the Royal Family out of the Civil List to be borne after payable out of Consolidated Fund.

Allowance to the Royal Family to be paid in the Exchequer without Fee or Reward.

Class of Taxes. Sums appropriated to Payment.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Allowances, Sums of Money and Annuities as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, after paying and retaining sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made and passed before the passing of this Act, and with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund, and shall be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer out of the said Fund, and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall be and he is hereby required to make forth and pass Debentures from time to time for paying the said respective Sums, as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; and the respective Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of Their said Royal Highnesses respectively, as to each of the said Allowances, Sums of Money or Annuities aforesaid, or of such other Person or Persons as shall be by them respectively duly authorized and appointed to receive their respective Allowances, Sums of Money or Annuities as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the Payment thereof respectively; and the said Debentures to be made forth and passed for carrying into Execution the Provisions of this Act shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said respective Sums of Money, without any further or other Warrant to be had for, had or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said respective Sums of Money so to be paid, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charge whatsoever.

III. And Whereas an Estimate has been laid before Parliament of the future Annual Charges of the several Classes of His Majesty's Civil List, the Amount of which, for each Class respectively, is specified in the

the Schedule to this Act annexed; and it is expedient, for enforcing the regular Payment of the said Charges, & saving in such Clais respectively, that Appropriations should be made out of the Civil List Revenues, so as to be made hereinafter directed: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, at the Commencement of every Quarter, or within a Period not exceeding Thirty Days from the Commencement of such Quarter, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct what Sums shall respectively be set apart and appropriated, in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, out of the Quarterly Revenues of the Civil List, for the Purpose of defraying the several Charges upon the respective Clais thereof; but so as that the Sum to be appropriated to the said Clais do not exceed One fourth Part of the estimated annual Amount of that Clais, as specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and so that the Sum to be appropriated to the other of the Clais in any One Quarter be equal to One fourth Part of the estimated Amount of such Clais, together with any Saving which may have accrued upon the said Clais in the preceding Quarter; and the several and respective Sums, in the said Warrant directed to be set apart and appropriated, shall be so set apart by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and be appropriated to the respective Clais accordingly; and each and every Sum so set apart and appropriated, shall in the First Instance be applied in the Payment of all the unfunded Charges of every Description of the Clais in respect of which such Appropriation shall have been made, in Preference to any other Charges whatever upon His Majesty's Civil List Revenues; and no Part thereof shall on any Account whatever be applied for any other Purpose, or in Aid of any other of the Clais of the Civil List, or of any other of the Charges thereof, except in the manner hereinafter provided; any thing contained in the said recited Act of the Twenty third Year thereof, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; but in case the actual Charge of any Clais or Clais of the Civil List shall exceed the Sum which may have been appropriated thereto, then such Excess shall and may be paid out of any Money in the Exchequer arising from His Majesty's Civil List Revenues, which may not have been appropriated to any particular Clais or Clais of the Civil List.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Saving or Surplus shall arise in any Quarter, in respect of any Money appropriated for defraying the Charges of any particular Clais, so as that the Sum appropriated thereto shall be more than sufficient for the full and complete Payment of the Charges thereon, such Quarterly Saving or Surplus shall in every such case be carried forward in the Exchequer to the Account and Credit, and be applied for the Purpose of the Clais in which it shall have arisen, until the Fifth Day of January in every Year; and in case such Saving or Surplus remaining at that time shall have arisen in the Third Clais, then it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, to direct the same to be carried to the Account of the said Confederated Fund; but in case and whenever any such Saving or Surplus remaining at the End of the Year shall have arisen in any other of the Clais of the Civil List, then it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to direct the same to be applied in Aid of the Charges or Expenses of any other Clais, or of any other Charge or Charges upon His Majesty's Civil List Revenues, in such manner as may under the Circumstances appear to be most expedient.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that the Income as well as the Charge of His Majesty's Civil List Revenues should, as far as may be practicable, consist of such Sums as are fixed and certain in their Amount, and that so much of the said recited Act of the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as enacts, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall direct the Surplus of the Fees and Gratuities, specified in the said Act, to be carried to the Account of the Monies applicable to the Use of His Majesty's Civil Government and to the Sinking Fund, or the Proportions as the said Act provided, should therefore be repealed: Be it further enacted, That so much of the said Act as is above recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be applied to the Civil List Revenues, out of the Surplus of such Fees and Gratuities, the Sum of Forty eight thousand Pounds per Annum, by even and equal Quarterly Payments; and the Remainder of such Surplus shall go and be carried to the said Confederated Fund.

VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to direct that Accounts of Surplus and Disbursements of Public Salaries, Profits and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and controul the granting and paying of such Salaries, Profits and Allowances*, it is provided, that when any Deficiency of the Fee Fund should be found in the Offices of the Principal Secretary of State, of the Council and of the Treasury, the same should be made good out of the Civil List; And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed, and that any Deficiency of the Fee Fund which may arise in any of those Offices should not hereafter be made good out of the Civil List, or be considered as forming any Part of the ordinary Charges thereof, but should be made good out of such other Funds as may be provided by Parliament: Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act as is above recited, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, the Deficiency of Fees which may be found in any of the said Offices shall not be considered as forming any Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List, but that the same shall be made good out of any Funds which may be granted by Parliament to discharge such Expenses, of a Civil nature, or do not form a Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.

VII. And Whereas it may frequently happen that Pensions, Fees and Salaries may be directed to be paid in the Exchequer, in Cases where the Funds allotted to such Pensions, Fees and Salaries, may have died previously to the Day up to which such Payments may have been directed, by which the Money becomes appropri-

ed to specific Clais of Civil List, and so is applied in the First Instance in Payment thereof in Preference to all other Payments.

Treasury may direct Surplus in any Clais to be applied in the Year, in Aid of the other Clais.

Application of Exchequer Fees recited, and a fixed Sum carried to Civil List Revenues, and Remainder to Confederated Fund.

§ 12. 5-187

repealed

Treasury to direct Officers of Exchequer to pay in Pension

owed to any
Warrant, and
Payable, Fee or
Salary which did
not become due
in consequence
of Death of Per-
son to whom
same was de-
creted to be
paid.

printed in the Hands of the proper Officers of the Exchequer, and cannot be applied to any Purpose what-
ever without the Authority of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that Authority should be given to
the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for
the time being, to authorize the proper Officers of the Exchequer, who may have been directed to pay, out
of His Majesty's Civil List Revenues, any Sum or Sums to any Person or Persons, for any Pension, Fee or
Salary which did not become due or could not be paid in consequence of the Death of the Person to whom it
was directed to be paid, to pay the said Sum to any other Person or Persons, for the Purpose of the same being
again paid into the Exchequer, and applied, if arising upon the Third Clause of the Civil List, to the Account
of the Consolidated Fund, and if arising in any other of the Clauses of the Civil List, to the Account of His
Majesty's Civil List Revenues: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord
High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby autho-
rized, from time to time, by Warrant under their Hand or Hands, to direct the proper Officers of the Ex-
chequer to pay to any Person or Persons who may be named in the said Warrant, any Sum or Sums which
may have been directed to be paid to any Person or Persons for any Pension, Fee or Salary, but which did
not become due or could not be paid in consequence of the Death of the Person or Persons to whom the same
was directed to be paid before the Day up to which such such Person, Fee or Salary, may have been directed
to be paid; and the Sum or Sums which may be ordered under such Warrant or Warrants shall be repaid into
the Exchequer, and applied, if arising upon the Third Clause of the Civil List, to the Account of the Conso-
lidated Fund, and if arising in any of the other Clauses of the Civil List, to the Account of His Majesty's Civil
List Revenues.

VIII. And Whereas it would effectually contribute to the Economy of a due Economy in the different
Branches of the Royal Household, by establishing a more effectual Superintendence over that Part of the
Civil List which belongs to the Departments of the Lord Chamberlain, the Lord Steward, and the Master
of the Horse, if an Officer were appointed specially for the Purpose of examining and auditing the Bills,
Expenses and Accounts of these Departments respectively: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall
be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or
any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, to appoint a proper Person, who shall be em-
powered and required to examine and audit all the Treasurer's Bills, and the Accounts and Expenses incurred
or to be incurred in the Departments of the Lord Chamberlain, Lord Steward, and Master of the Horse, and
to examine into all the Expenditure within these Departments during his Progress, and to report thereon to the
Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, so that the same
may be, in far as may be practicable, in conformity to the previous Estimates directed, as in and under and ap-
proved by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or
any Three or more of them; and the said Officer in the Execution of the said Duty shall obey such Orders
and Directives as he shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His
Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them; and it shall be lawful for the Lord
High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them,
to grant to such Officer, out of the Civil List Revenues, such Salary as His Majesty may think fit, not ex-
ceeding One thousand five hundred Pounds *per Annum*; and the said Officer, during the holding of the said Office
shall be and he is hereby declared to be incapable of being elected one or of sitting and voting in Parliament.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners
of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, as
soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to prepare a full and complete Code of Instructions
for the Guidance of the Conduct of such Auditor in the Execution of his Duties as aforesaid; and it shall
be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or
more of them, from time to time to alter and change such Code of Instructions, or to alter any additional In-
structions for the Conduct of the said Officer, in such manner as the Good of His Majesty's Service may from
time to time appear to them to require; and such Officer for the time being shall in all such in the Execution
of his Office govern himself in the Performance of his Duties therein by such Instructions, in like manner
as if the same had been ordered and made Part of this Act.

X. And Whereas it may be necessary that the said Officer, in the Execution of the Duty to be imposed in
him, should be empowered to examine Persons upon Oath: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and
may be lawful for the said Officer, by and with the Consent and Authority, in each particular case, of the
Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to be signified by One of the Secre-
taries of the Treasury, to call before him any of the Officers or Persons holding any Office, Situation or
Place under the Lord Chamberlain, or under the Lord Steward, or under the Master of the Horse, and also
any Person not belonging to any or either of the said Departments, who may have supplied or furnished, or
been concerned or employed in the supplying or furnishing any Articles, Manors and Things, or for the Use
of either of the said Departments respectively, or who may be able, in the Judgment of the said Officer, to give
any Information relating thereto, and to examine any such Person or Persons as aforesaid upon Oath, or Affirma-
tion (if Quakers), which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby authorized to administer, as to any such
Accounts, Expenses or Charges, or any Manors or Things relating thereto, or as to any such Articles or
Things is supplied or furnished as aforesaid, or touching and concerning any Matter or Thing necessary for the
said, find, and accurate Examination and Audit of any such Accounts or Expenses or Charges; and in case
of the Failure by any Person to comply with any such the lawful Requisition of the said Officer, every such
Person is refusing, if an Officer or Servant or Tradesman employed in any of the said Departments, shall be
dismissed from his Situation or Employment, and be incapable of being again employed in such Office, Servant

or *Treasurer* is the Service of His Majesty; and every such Person shall also be liable to the Payment of such Fine to His Majesty as the Court of Exchequer, on Application made to the said Court by the said Officer, or by His Majesty's Attorney General, shall think fit to fix and impose, which Fine the said Court is hereby authorized and empowered to fix and impose accordingly.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person in the Course of any Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before any such Auditor under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, such Person be offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer so to be appointed shall, when he has duly examined such Accounts and Vouchers as aforesaid, make up a State or States thereof, in such Manner and Form as shall be required by his Instructions in that Behalf, and deliver the same to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being; and the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized, if they shall see fit, to direct any further Examination of the said Account, or to allow the same in case they shall be satisfied therewith; and such Allowance, and a Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual issued in pursuance of such Allowance, shall be a full and final Discharge for and upon any such Account, to all Intents and Purposes, without any further or other Audit, Account, Allowance or Discharge whatever; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the total Charge upon the Civil List, from the Fifth Day of January in any one Year to the Fifth Day of January in the succeeding Year, shall amount to more than One million one hundred thousand Pounds, an Account listing the Particulars of such Exceeding, and the Cause thereof, shall be submitted to Parliament within Thirty Days after the same shall have been ascertained, if Parliament shall be then sitting; but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then the said Account shall be presented within Thirty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

ESTIMATE of the probable future Annual Charge on the Civil List.

1st CLASS	- -	Pensions and Allowances to the Royal Family	- - -	£ 198,000
2d CLASS	- -	Allowances to the Lord Chancellor, Judges, &c.	- - -	34,955
3d CLASS	- -	Allowances to Foreign Ministers, including Pensions to Foreign Ministers, and Salaries to Consuls	- - -	226,950
4th CLASS	- -	Bills of His Majesty's Treasurers	- - -	209,000
5th CLASS	- -	Salaries to the Department of the Lord Chamberlain, Lord Steward, Master of the Horse, Master of the Robes, and Surveyor General of Works; including Compensation and Superannuation Allowances payable within those Departments	- - -	140,700
6th CLASS	- -	Pensions limited by Act 54 Geo. III. cap. 82.	- - -	95,000
7th CLASS	- -	Salaries and Allowances to certain Officers and Persons	- - -	41,000
8th CLASS	- -	Salaries to the Commissioners of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer	- - -	13,822
OCCASIONAL PAYMENTS, not comprised in any of the foregoing CLASSES				25,000
				£ 1,085,727

C. A. P. XLVII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[20th June 1816.]

* *IRISH* Treasury may issue Bills to a certain extent to bear interest, *£* 2. Bills issued not to exceed * 1,200,000. *£* 2. Banks of *Ireland* or *England* may advance 1,200,000. on Credit of Act, *£* 6.

[In all other respects except Date this Act is the same as Cap. 41. ante.]

C. A. P. XLVIII.

An Act to continue, until Three Months after the ceasing of any Restriction imposed on the Bank of *England* from issuing Cash in Payment, the several Acts for confirming and continuing the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of *Ireland*.

[20th June 1816.]

* *IRISH* A. 6, 37 G. 3. c. 51. continued by 47 G. 3. c. 44. Both the recited Acts shall have Continuance * until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after any Restriction imposed or to be imposed by * any Act made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament on the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* from issuing Cash in Payment shall cease, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief * Governor or Governors and the Privy Council of *Ireland* shall, by an Order in Council, direct that the * said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* shall sooner cease.

56 Geo. III.

5 E

C. A. P.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for the more easy afflicting, collecting and levying of County Rates.

[20th June 1816.]

§ 1. *It is enacted*

That WHEREAS an Act was passed in the fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act to amend an Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the more easy afflicting, collecting and levying of County Rates*: And Whereas, by the said recited Act, the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties, Ridings or Divisions of Counties, Cities, Towns or other Places, having Commissions of the Peace within themselves, or that Part of Great Britain called England, are authorized and empowered to affix and tax, for the Purposes of the said Act, every Parish, Township and other Place, whether Parochial or Extra Parochial, within the respective Limits of their Commissions, according to a certain Rated Rate of the said and fair annual Value of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments available to the Relief of the Poor therein; and Doubts having arisen under the said Act, whether any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, situate within any Extra Parochial or other Place, where no Rate for Relief of the Poor is made and collected, could be made subject to the County Rate to be raised under the said Act, and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, situate, lying or being in any Extra Parochial Place or other Places, whether rated to the Relief of the Poor or not so rated, although the same may not be deemed available to the Relief of the Poor within such Extra Parochial Places, or other Places where no Rate is made for the Relief of the Poor, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be subject to be affixed, taxed and rated, by and under the said Act, and the Justices of the Peace shall in all cases, where the same may be necessary, appoint proper Persons within such Extra Parochial or other Places, as directed in and by the said recited Act, for the affixing, taxing and rating such Extra Parochial Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and levying, collecting and paying over such Afflictments, Taxes or Rates, under the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Extra Parochial and other Places, though not deemed available to the Relief of the Poor, shall be in rated to the County Rate.

II. And Whereas Doubts have arisen and may arise, touching the Boundaries of Counties, Ridings and Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, and touching the Jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in relation thereto, under the Provisions of the said recited Act; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed, and that Boundaries should be ascertained in all such cases, for the Purposes of carrying the said recited Act into Execution: Be it therefore enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of Counties and Ridings, and Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, in that Part of Great Britain called England, assembled at their several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, shall be and they are hereby authorized and required, in any case in which any Question or Doubt does or shall exist, or shall hereafter arise, or may in the Judgement of the said Justices be likely to arise, as concerning any Boundary between any Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of any County, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which they respectively sit at such Sessions, to nominate and appoint Two Justices of the Peace of each such County, Riding, Division or Part of any County, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, between which the Boundary is required to be ascertained, for the Purpose of fixing and determining such Boundary, and the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks and other proper Officers of the several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace at which such Justices shall be appointed, shall forthwith give Notice to each other, and to such Justices of such Appointments; and the Justices so appointed shall in every such case, as soon as may be after their Appointment, meet and proceed to ascertain the Boundary, upon such Evidence as can be obtained by them, or as they shall deem necessary for that Purpose, either by Examination of Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath any One of the said Justices is hereby empowered to administer) or of any Maps, Plans, Surveys or any other Records or Documents, or in such other manner as they the said Justices be appointed shall think requisite; and it shall be lawful for such Justices, or for any Persons authorized under the Hand of any Three or more of such Justices, to enter upon any Lands, Grounds or Possessions, for the Purpose of examining the same, or making any Measurement, Maps or Plans thereof, for the Purposes aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices to summon any Witnesses to be examined in that behalf, and to impose any Penalty or Forfeiture not exceeding Ten Pounds upon any Witnesses who shall, without reasonable Excuse, refuse or neglect to attend to be examined upon any such Summons, which Penalty or Forfeiture may be recovered as any Penalty or Forfeiture may be recovered under any of the Provisions of the said recited Act; and such Justices shall determine the Boundary so ascertained and determined by the said Justices, and shall cause the Boundary so fixed and determined to be laid down on Two Maps or Plans, to be signed by the said Justices so appointed as aforesaid, which shall be deposited with the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officers, for the Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, between which such Boundary shall be so fixed and determined, and which Maps and Plans shall be kept amongst the Records of their respective Sessions, and shall be received as Evidence of such Boundaries; and such Boundaries, so fixed and determined, shall be and be deemed the Boundaries between the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which the same shall have been so ascertained, for all the Purposes

Justices of General or Quarter Sessions, to appoint Justices to fix and determine Boundaries.

They, between Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction.

Justices, etc. may enter Lands, Grounds, Possessions, etc.

Appoint Witnesses.

Where desired Boundaries.

poles of this and of the said recited Act, and the carrying the Provisions thereof respectively into Execution; any thing contained in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to such Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of such Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any of the Four Justices so appointed as aforesaid, or who shall be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall, before the Execution of all the Powers and Authorities hereby in them respectively vested, die, decline or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting, the Justices of the Peace of Counties, Ridings, Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, assembled at their several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, from which such Justice so appointed or to be appointed shall die, decline, refuse to act or become incapable of acting, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to appoint another Justice in the room of him so dying, declining, refusing to act, or becoming incapable of acting as aforesaid, and in some time to be taken as any Justice is to be appointed as aforesaid shall die, decline or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting; and every Justice to be appointed as aforesaid shall have the like Power and Authority as the Justice in whose Place he shall be appointed was invested with by virtue of this Act; and that Notice shall be given by the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officers, to each Justice of his Appointment, in manner herebefore directed.

Appointments of new Justices.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall happen that the Justices so appointed to sit, ascertain and determine the Boundaries as aforesaid, shall disagree in opinion touching the Boundary between any County, Riding, Division or Parts of any County, or other Place of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, he referred to them under and by virtue of this or the said recited Act, and there shall be an Equality of Votes, so that the said Justices cannot make any Determination thereof, then and in such case the said Justices, or the major Part of them, shall forthwith appoint under their Hands such Person as they may think proper to act as Referee, which Person so appointed as Referee shall, within Twenty one Days from the Receipt of such Appointment, fix a time and Place to meet such Justices; and at such Meeting the said Person so to be appointed as Referee as aforesaid shall, together with the said Justices to whom any Boundary shall be referred to be ascertained as aforesaid, proceed to fix, ascertain and determine the Boundary about which such Disagreement shall take place amongst them the said Justices, in such and the same manner and with such and the like Powers in all Respects as heretofore expressed, and that the Determination and Decision of the said Justices, and of the Person whom they shall appoint as Referee as aforesaid, or of the major Part of them, shall be for ever binding and conclusive; and that the said Justices, and the Person whom they shall appoint as Referee as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, shall cause the Boundary so fixed and determined to be laid down on Two Maps or Plans, to be signed by the said Justices and the Person so appointed as Referee as aforesaid, or by the major Part of them, which shall be deposited with the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officers, as heretofore directed, and kept amongst the Records of their respective Sessions, and shall be received as Evidence of such Boundaries; and such Boundaries so fixed and determined shall be and be deemed the Boundaries between the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which the same shall have been so ascertained for all the Purposes of this and of the said recited Act, and the carrying the Provisions thereof respectively into Execution, any thing contained in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to such Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of such Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Example of Disagreement between Justices, a Reference to be appointed to ascertain and determine Boundary.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Appeal or Appeals shall be made under the said recited Act, to any Rate or Assessment made in pursuance thereof, or of this Act, the same shall be made to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, after the Cause of Appeal shall have arisen, and that Fourteen clear Days' Notice in Writing shall be given of the Intention to try such Appeal previous to such General or Quarter Sessions, and that notwithstanding such Appeal or Notice thereof, the Rate or Rates made upon any Parish, Township or Place (whether Extra Parochial or otherwise) under the said recited Act and this Act, shall be paid, and shall and may be levied, recovered and received, in the same manner as if an Appeal had been made or Notice given thereof; and that if upon the hearing of any such Appeal or Appeals, the Court or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall order any Rate or Assessment to be decreased or lowered, it shall appear to the said Court that any Parish, Township or Place have or hath previously to the hearing such Appeal or Appeals paid any Sum or Sums of Money in consequence of such Rates or Assessments, which ought not to have been paid or charged thereon, then and in every such case the said Court shall order all and every such Sum and Sums of Money to be repaid and returned to the Person or Persons, Parish, Township or Place, having paid the same respectively.

Appeals how proceeded in.

VI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, nor any Proceedings under the same, shall extend or be construed to extend, to determine any Question of Boundary for any Purpose, except for the Purpose of assessing, collecting and levying Rates, according to the Provisions of this Act, and of the said second Act.

Act not to determine Question of Boundary.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses and Regulations contained in the said recited Act, shall be deemed and taken to apply to this Act, as if the same were literally and respectively repeated and re-enacted in this Act; and this Act and the said recited Act shall be construed as one Act.

Act not to determine Question of Boundary.

CAP. L.

An Act to regulate the Sale of Farming Stock taken in Execution.

[10th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Execution of legal Process should be so regulated, as to be consistent with good Husbandry, and the Effect and Intent of Covenants and Agreements entered into between the Owners and Occupiers of Land let to farms; Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the said Lord, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Sheriff or other Officer in England or Wales, shall, by virtue of any Process of any Court of Law, carry off or sell or dispose of for the Purpose of being carried off from any Lands let to farms, any Straw threshed or unthreshed, or any Straw of Crops growing, or any Chaff, Colder or any Turneps, or any Mearns, Compost, Ashes or Seaweed, in any case whatsoever; nor any Hay, Grass or Grasses, whether natural or artificial, nor any Trees or Vetches, nor any Roots or Vegetables, being Produce of such Lands, in any case where, according to any Covenant or written Agreement, entered into and made for the Benefit of the Owner or Landlord of any Farm, such Hay, Grass or Grasses, Trees and Vetches, Roots or Vegetables, ought not to be taken off or withheld from such Lands, or which by the Tenor or Effect of such Covenants or Agreements, ought to be used or expended thereon, and of which Covenants or Agreements, such Sheriff or other Officer shall have received a written Notice before he shall have proceeded to Sale.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Tenant or Occupier of any Lands let to farms, against whose Goods any Process of Law shall issue, whereby such Goods may be taken and sold, shall, on having Knowledge of such Process, give a written Notice to the Sheriff or other Officer executing the same, of such Covenants or Agreements, whereof he or she shall have Knowledge, and which may relate to and regulate, or are intended to regulate the Use and Expenditure of the Crops or Produce grown or growing thereon, and also of the Name and Residence of the Owner or Landlord of such Lands; and such Sheriff or other Officer shall forthwith, on executing such Process, and before any Sale shall have been proceeded in, send a Notice by the General Post to the Owner or Landlord of such Lands, in all cases where such Owner or Landlord shall be resident in any Part of this United Kingdom, and shall have been made known to and ascertained by such Sheriff or other Officer, and also to the known Steward or Agent of such Landlord or Owner, in respect of such Lands, (except to such Owner, Landlord and Agent, the Post of Postition having been taken of any Crops or Produce heretofore mentioned) and such Sheriff or other Officer shall, in all cases of the Abstinence or Silence of such Landlord or Owner, or his or her Agent, postpone and delay the Sale of such Crops or Produce until the said Day be lawfully can or may appoint for such Sale.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer executing such Process may dispose of any Crops or Produce heretofore mentioned, to any Person or Persons who shall agree in Writing with such Sheriff or other Officer, in cases where no Covenant or written Agreement shall be shown, to use and expend the same on such Lands, in such manner as shall accord with the Custom of the Country; and in cases where any Covenant or written Agreement shall be shown, then according to such Covenant or written Agreement; and after such Sale or Disposal is qualified, it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons to affix all such necessary Burns, Stables, Buildings, Outhouses, Yards and Fields, for the Purpose of consuming such Crops or Produce, as such Sheriff or other Officer shall allot or assign to them for that Purpose, and which such Tenant or Occupier would have been entitled to and ought to have used for the like Purpose on such Lands.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer shall, on the Request of any Landlord or Owner who shall be aggrieved by any Breach of such Agreement, permit such Landlord or Owner to bring any Action or Actions in the Name of such Sheriff or other Officer, for the Recovery of Damages in respect of such Breach, such Landlord or Owner having nevertheless fully indemnified such Sheriff or other Officer against all Costs whatsoever, and all Loss and Damage, before any such Action shall be commenced.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer shall, before any Sale of any Crops or Produce of any Lands let to farms shall be proceeded in, make, by all Ways and Means, due Enquiry within the Parish where such Lands shall be Situate, as to the Name and Residence of the Landlord or Owner of such Lands.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Crop or Produce heretofore mentioned shall have entered into any Agreement with such Sheriff or other Officer, touching the Use and Expenditure thereof on Lands let to farms, it shall not be lawful for the Owner or Landlord of such Lands to disturb for any Rent on any Corn, Hay, Straw or other Produce thereof, which, at the time of such Sale and the Execution of such Agreement entered into under the Provisions of this Act, shall have been severed from the Soil, and sold, subject to such Agreement, by such Sheriff or other Officer; nor on any Turneps, whether drawn or growing, if sold according to the Provisions of this Act; nor on any Horses, Sheep or other Cattle, nor on any Seed whatsoever, nor on any Waggon, Cart or other Implements of Husbandry, which any Person or Persons shall employ, keep or use on such Lands, for the Purpose of threshing out, carrying or consuming any such Corn, Hay, Straw, Turneps or other Produce, under the Provisions of the Act, and the Agreement or Agreements directed to be entered into between the Sheriff or other Officer, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Crops and Produce, as heretofore are mentioned.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff or other Officer shall, by virtue of any Process whatsoever, sell or dispose of any Clover, Ryegrass or any artificial Grass or Grasses whatsoever, which shall be newly sown, and be growing under any Crop of standing Corn.

VIII. Pro-

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall not extend to any Straw, Turneps or other Articles, which the Tenant may remove from the Farm consistently with some Contract in Writing.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Action shall be brought against such Sheriff or other Officer, for any Breach or Omission of Compliance with the Provisions of this Act, no Plaintiff shall be entitled to recover any Damages against such Sheriff or other Officer, unless it shall be proved on the Trial of such Action, that such Breach or Omission was wilful on the Part of such Sheriff or other Officer.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff or Under Sheriff, nor any or either of their Deputies, Agents, Bailiffs or Servants, nor any Person or Persons who shall purchase any Hay, Straw, Chaff, Turneps, Grass or Grasses, or other Produce and things hereinbefore mentioned, under the Provisions of this Act, nor he, nor their Servant or Servants, shall be deemed or taken to be a Trespasser by reason of his, her or their coming upon or remaining in Possession of any Barre or other Buildings, Yards or Fields, for the Purpose of threshing out or conveying any Straw, Hay, Turneps or other Produce hereinbefore mentioned, under the Provisions of this Act, or for doing any matter or thing whatsoever, fit and necessary to be done for the Purpose of executing the same, and carrying into Effect all Regulations contained in any Agreement made under such Provisions, though such Acts shall have been done by such Sheriff or other Officer, and by such Person or Persons, his, her or their Servants, after the Return of the Process under which such Sheriff or other Officer shall have acted.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Assignee of any Bankrupt, or of any Insolvent Debtor's Estate, nor any Assignee under any Bill of Sale, nor any Purchaser of the Goods, Chattels, Stock or Crop of any Person or Persons engaged or employed in Husbandry, on any Lands let to farm, shall take, sell or dispose of any Hay, Straw, Grass or Grasses, Turneps or other Roots, or any other Produce of such Lands, or any Manner, Compost, Ashes, Scavens or other Dressings intended for such Lands, and being things, in any other manner, and for any other Purpose, than such Bankrupt, Insolvent Debtor, or other Person so employed in Husbandry, ought to have taken, sold or disposed of the same, if no Commission of Bankruptcy had issued, or no such Assignment or Assignments had been executed, or Sale made.

C A P. II.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America.*

[10th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America*; And Whereas the said Act does not contain any Provision for permitting Vessels of the said United States of America to clear out from the Ports of the United Kingdom to any of the British Settlements in the East Indies: And Whereas it is expedient that Vessels built in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the said Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by a Subject or Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, should be allowed to clear out from any Port of the United Kingdom for the principal Settlements of the British Dominions in the East Indies, *viz.* Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Prince of Wales's Island, with any Articles which may legally be exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in British built Ships: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Vessels built in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the said Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by a Subject or Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, shall be allowed to clear out from any Port of the United Kingdom for the following principal Settlements of the British Dominions in the East Indies, *viz.* Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Prince of Wales's Island, with any Goods, Wares or Merchandise which may be legally exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in British built Vessels, subject to the like Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as are now by Law imposed upon the Exportation of such Goods to the said Settlements in British built Ships; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force.

Proviso for Cornish.

Proviso for Cornish. Proviso for Cornish. Proviso for Cornish.

Inducement to Sheriff and Under Sheriff.

Assignee of Bankrupt, or of any Insolvent Debtor's Estate.

S. O. 2. c. 11.

Vessels built in the United States, &c. may clear out from any Port in the Kingdom to the said Settlements.

Continued in Act.

C A P. LII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange their Parsonage Houses or Glebe Lands, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange the Parsonage or Glebe House or Glebe Lands belonging to their Benefices for others of greater Value or more conveniently situated for their Residence and Occupation, and for enabling such House and Lands so taken in Exchange to such Benefices as Parsonage or Glebe House and Glebe Lands, and for purchasing and assigning Lands to become Glebe in certain cases*; and for other Purposes: And Whereas it is expedient to authorize the Incumbents of Benefices, Perpetual Curacies, and Parochial Chaplains to apply the Monies arising from the Sale of any Timber cut from the Glebe or other Lands of their respective Benefices, Perpetual Curacies, or Parochial Chaplains, towards the Purchase of the said recited Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Incumbent of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, with the Consent of the Patron of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, and of the Bishop of the Diocese wherein the same is locally situate, or of the Archbishop or Bishop to whom the Patron whereof such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain is situate shall belong, (such Consent to be signified in manner as in the said recited Act is mentioned,) to pay and apply the Monies to arise by Sale of any Timber cut and sold from the Glebe Lands of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, or from any other Land, whether Copyhold, holden under any Manure of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, or otherwise, the Timber whereof belongs to such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, either for Equality of Exchange, or towards and in Part of Equality of Exchange, or for the Price or Purchase Money, or towards and in Part of the Price or Purchase Money of any House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Appurtenances, or any Lands, or any or either of them, by the said recited Act authorized to be taken in Exchange or to be purchased, and from and after such Exchange or Purchase to be assigned to and to be and become the Parsonage and Glebe House and Glebe Lands and Patronage of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, as in the said recited Act is mentioned.

II. And Whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted, that the Bishop shall in cases of Exchange and Purchase under the said Act nominate a Commission of Enquiry for the Purposes therein mentioned, to be directed to such Person as are therein described, and of whom One shall be a Barrister of Three Years' Standing at the least, to be named by the Senior Judge of *Nisi Prius* for the County in which the Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, whereof it shall be proposed to accept any Buildings or Land by Exchange or Purchase under the said Act shall be situate; but inasmuch as the Nomination of such Barrister by a Judge of *Nisi Prius* is not applicable to the County Palatine of Chester nor to the Principality of Wales: Be it therefore enacted, That where any Exchange or Purchase shall be made or be proposed to be made under the Authority of the said Act in any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, situate within the said County Palatine of Chester, or within the said Principality of Wales, such Barrister shall be named by the Chief Justice for the time being of the said County Palatine of Chester or by the Justice, or in case of his Absence, the other Justice of the Great Sessions for whole Counties within the said Principality of Wales, when which said County Palatine or respective Counties of the said Principality of Wales the said Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chaplain, shall be situate.

C A P. LIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual Three several Acts passed in the Forty eighth, Forty ninth, and Fifty second Years of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of the present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be amended, and further Provision made for rendering the same more effectual: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners under the said recited Acts, and they are hereby empowered to accept and receive the Transfer of any Amount not less than Four Pounds per Annum (not any Fractional Part of a Pound) of Annuity, commonly distinguished and known by the Name of Long Annuity, in lieu and instead of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Stock Annuity, as the Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities, under the Provision, Limitations and Restrictions in the said recited Acts contained; and the Amount of Long Annuity to be accepted and taken in lieu and instead

of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, for any Life Annuity or Annuities shall be ascertained and regulated by such Prices and Proportions of Long Annuities to be accepted in lieu of Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, as shall be published in the *London Gazette* by the said Commissioners; provided that such Annuity, and any Change thereof, from time to time shall be published by such Commissioners in the *London Gazette* from time to time, when and so often as they shall deem it expedient and fit.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person who shall have been named as a Nominee, on the Continuance of whose Life any Annuity under the said recited Act is to depend, shall, after his or her Nomination, become resident in any Kingdom or State in *Europe* in Annuity with His Majesty, or if he or she shall become resident in any other Kingdom, State or Place beyond the Seas, then and in every such case, a Certificate that such Nominee was living on the Day specified therein (being some Day after any Annuity depending upon his or her Life shall have become due) granted under the Hand and Seal of the Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place, or any other Magistrate sitting at the time as such, or for and in the Place of any such Chief Magistrate, where such Nominee may be then living, shall be deemed sufficient and effectual for proving the Continuance of the Life of such Nominee, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, and for the Purpose of enabling the Person entitled to the Annuity dependent upon the Life of such Nominee to receive the same; provided no British Minister or Consul, or Governor or Person acting as such, shall be resident in such City, Town or Place, although a British Minister or Consul, or Governor or Person acting as such, may be resident in the Kingdom, State or Settlement wherein such Nominee shall be then living, any thing in the said Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That to every such Certificate as aforesaid, there shall be annexed an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation, made before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in *England* or *Scotland* respectively, or if in *Ireland* before One of the Barons of the Exchequer there, by the Person or Persons entitled to the said Annuity, or by the Person applying to receive the same on his, her or their Behalf, that the Matters contained in such Certificate are, to the best of his or her Belief, true; and that the Person described or certified therein is the Nominee or One of the Nominees on whose Life or Lives the Annuity whereof such Half yearly or other Payment shall be claimed doth depend.

IV. And Whereas Persons who have purchased Annuities under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, upon the Life or Lives of Nominees, may purchase further Annuities on the same Life or Lives, without new Certificates; and it may tend to facilitate the granting Life Annuities under the said Act, if other Persons may also be allowed to purchase Annuities upon any such Life or Lives, without new Certificates; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, upon transferring or causing to be transferred to the said Commissioners either Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Long Annuities, to purchase any Annuity, or Annuities on the Life of any One Nominee, or on the Lives of any two Nominees, and the Life of the longer Lives of them, whose Ages shall have been already certified and witnessed under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, without any View, or additional Certificate or Certificates of the Age or Ages of such Nominee or Nominees: Provided always, that in every such case an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in the Identity of such Nominee or Nominees, shall be made by the Purchaser of the Annuity or Annuities, or by some Person on his or her Behalf, before such and the like Persons as are specified and required in and by the said recited Act, in cases wherein Copies of the Birth or Baptism of any Nominee or Nominees is or are required to be produced under the Provisions of the said Act, any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in any case in which any Long Annuity shall be accepted and taken as the Consideration for any Life Annuity or Annuities, in lieu and instead of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, to sit for the Purpose of carrying the said Acts into Execution the Forms of Declarations and Certificates in the Schedule to the First recited Acts annexed, with such Alterations and Variations as may be necessary to adapt such Forms to the extent of the sale, and the Acceptance of Long Annuities as the Considerations instead and in lieu of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Thirteen Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [18th June 1816.]

- “ TREASURY may raise 13,000,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. — § 1.
- “ Sect. 48 G. 3. c. 1. extended to this Act, § 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised, § 3. Principal of
- “ said Bills charged on First Supplies of next Session, § 4. Interest not exceeding 3*l.* per Cent. per
- “ *Ann.*, § 5. Exchequer Bills may be taken in Payment of the Revenue, after April 5, 1817, § 6.
- “ Bank empowered to advance 9,000,000*l.* on Credit of Act notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20. — § 7.
- “ Act may be altered, amended or repealed this Session, § 8.

C A P. LV.

An Act to amend an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds for promoting Inland Navigation, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; and to enlarge the Powers vested in the Directors of all Works relating to Inland Navigation in Ireland. [20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, for promoting Inland Navigation in Ireland, and for the other Purposes therein mentioned, and for authorising the raising of the said Sum by Loan, it is amongst other things enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, from time to time to nominate and appoint Five Persons to be Directors of all Works relating to Inland Navigation in Ireland, and for the Improvement of the Port and Harbour of Dublin, who should have full Power and Authority to order, direct, regulate and appoint all matters and things whatsoever, in any manner relating to the making, furthering and completing any Canal and Works relating to Inland Navigation, towards the defraying of the Expenses of which any public Money should be applied; and it was by the said recited Act also enacted, that all such Inland Navigations as had been, before the passing of said Act, carried on and executed by means of public Grants alone, or by Tolls arising therefrom, without the Assistance of the private Property of any Individual, and such as should themselves be so carried on, together with all Lands, Tenements, Books, Backways and every matter and thing appertaining thereto, and all the Yards and Tails belonging to the same, should be, and the same were thereby vested in the said Directors, and in such Persons as should successively be appointed Directors in pursuance of the said Act: And Whereas several Inland Navigations have, by virtue of the said recited Act, and otherwise, become vested in the Directors appointed under and by virtue of the said recited Act: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said recited Act, and to enlarge the Powers vested in the said Directors, under and by virtue of the said Act, and the several other Acts of Parliament in Ireland relating to Inland Navigation: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, and they are hereby authorised and empowered from time to time, and at any Place, to make such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws, as to them shall seem meet and proper, for regulating the Conduct of all Officers, Workmen and Servants to be employed by them, and for the well and orderly using and preserving the several Canals and Navigations and Of Branches thereof, which now are or at any time hereafter shall be vested in them, and the Banks, Bufens, Reservoirs, Tunnels, Locks, Sluices, Aqueducts and all other Works thereto belonging, and for regulating the passing and repalling of all Ships, Boats, Barges, Lighters and other Vessels, and the conveying of all Goods, Wares, Merchandises and Commodities which shall be conveyed or conveyed thereon, and for the orderly Behaviour of all Seamen, Boatmen, Watermen, Bargemen and others, who shall navigate such Ships, Boats, Barges, Lighters and other Vessels, upon any of the said Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch thereof, or who shall be employed in carrying or conveying any Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Commodities thereon, and for the Superintendence and Management of the said Canals and Navigations, and the Off Branches thereof respectively, in all other Respects whatsoever; and from time to time, and at any Place, to alter or repeal all or any of the Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws now in force, or to be hereafter made respecting the same, or any of them, and to make others; and to impose and inflict such reasonable Fines and Penalties upon all Persons offending against such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws, or any of them, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds for any one Offence, as to the said Directors shall from time to time and expedient; and all Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws, to be made as aforesaid, shall be reduced into Writing, and shall be submitted for the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and when such Approbation shall be signified, all such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws shall be entered in the Books or Minutes of the said Directors, and shall be binding upon, and be observed by all Persons acting or in anywise concerned or employed in or about the said Canals or Navigations, or any of them, or any Off Branch of any of them; and shall be sufficient to any Court of Law or Equity to justify all Persons who shall act under the same: Provided always, that such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws be not contrary to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland; and provided also, that such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws shall be published at least Three times in the Dublin Gazette, and also in some County Newspaper respectively, if any such County Newspaper shall be published in any County or Town through which such Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch or Part thereof, shall have been made or carried; and if no Newspaper be published in any County through which the said Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch or Part thereof, shall have been made or carried, then the same shall be published in the Dublin Gazette alone as aforesaid.*

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Nuisance or Impediment to any Navigation, or any other Offence against or Breach of any Rule, Order, Regulation or Bye Law, made or to be made as aforesaid, shall be committed, or shall not be abated, removed or discontinued after Notice in Writing signed by the said Directors, or by any of their Officers, shall have been served on or left at the usual Place or Places of Abode of the Person or Persons so committing such Nuisance, Impediment, Offence or Breach, requiring him, her or them to discontinue the same, every such Contumacious shall be deemed and taken to be a separate and distinct

Offence within the meaning of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Directors to revoke and inflict a Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for each and every such Contumacious.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Penalty or Forfeiture, Fine or Fines, Forfeiture or Forfeitures, shall be incurred by reason of any Offence or Breach of any Rule, Order or Regulation of the said Directors, or by reason of any Bye Law to be made by the said Directors, under and by virtue of the Powers by this Act vested in them for that Purpose, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, their Officers and Servants, or any of them, to seize, detain and withhold, by way of Distress, any Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, and any Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in the Possession or under the Care or Management of the Person or Persons incurring such Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture; and if such Distress shall not be redressed, by paying every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, together with the reasonable and necessary Charges for such distressing, within Sixteen Days after the taking thereof, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County in which such Distress shall be made, and they are hereby required, on Information on Oath being made before them of the Detention of such Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, and of the Incurrence of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture as aforesaid, and that the same had not been redressed as aforesaid, to issue their Warrant under their Hand and Seal, directed to some High or Petty Constable of the said County, to levy the Amount of every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, by Sale of the said Distress; and thenceforth it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Constable to sell the said Distress, or a sufficient Part thereof, for Satisfaction and Payment of every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, and of the Charges of such Distress and Sale, paying the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners, or Person or Persons having the Care or Management of the Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, or of the Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities so distressed, and delivering to the said Owner or Owners, Person or Persons aforesaid, such Parts of the Property distressed as shall remain in sold (if any); and that no Receipts shall lie, or be granted or returned against such Distress; and the absolute Property of every Thing so sold shall be and remain in the Purchaser thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Person or Persons shall, on any Premises whatsoever, Boat, wharve or put any Raft of Timber, Planks, Board or Boards, or any Log or Logs of Timber, or Beam or Beams, Plank or Planks, or Board or Boards, not being on board a Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, in or upon any Canal or Navigation, now vested or which shall hereafter be vested in the said Directors, or any Off Branch thereof, without the Permission of the said Directors for that Purpose first had and obtained in Writing; and that every Raft, Log or Piece of Timber, Plank, Beam and Board, which shall at any time hereafter be floated, navigated or put in or upon any such Canal or Navigation, or any Off Branch thereof, not being on board a Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, without such Permission as aforesaid, shall be forfeited and become the Property of the said Directors General, to be by them applied or disposed of for the Use of such Navigation; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors and their Servants to seize and take the same to and for the Use of the said Directors, to be applied or disposed of as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel shall in any manner damage, injure or destroy any Part of any Canal or Navigation, or Off Branch thereof, or be so fixed there, in any Canal or Navigation now vested, or which at any time hereafter shall be vested in the said Directors, or in any Off Branch or Supply Cut of the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, and their Officers and Servants, to detain every such Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, and to keep and detain the same, and all Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities found on board the same, until the reasonable Costs and Expenses of weighing and raising the same respectively, and of repairing the Damage which the said Canal or Navigation, or Off Branch or Supply Cut, may have sustained thereby, shall be paid and satisfied to the Collector of Tolls to the said Directors; and in case any Damage or Difference shall arise touching the Amount of the said Costs and Expenses, then until such Sum of Money as any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County in which the said Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel shall be detained, shall, under his Hand and Seal, award and adjudge to be paid for such Costs and Expenses, shall be paid and satisfied to the said Collector.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities so detained as aforesaid, shall not be claimed by or on behalf of the Owner or Owners thereof, or so as the Costs and Expenses aforesaid shall not be paid as aforesaid, within Twenty one Days after the said Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel shall be detained as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, and he is hereby required, on Information on Oath being made before him, that such Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities, have been found and detained, as aforesaid, and not claimed within the time aforesaid, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, directed to some High or Petty Constable of the said County, to order and require the said Constable to sell the said Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandise and Commodities, by public Auction, to the highest and best Bidder for the same (which said Sale the said Constable is hereby authorised, authorised, required and empowered to make, without obtaining any Licence as an Auctioneer); and the said Constable shall, out of the Produce of such Sale, pay the aforesaid Costs and Expenses to the said Collector of Tolls of the said Directors; and shall pay over the Residue of the said Produce, after deducting the Expenses of such Notice and Sale, to the Owner or Owners of the said Ship, Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities; or in case such Owner or Owners shall not be known to the said Constable, then to pay over the said Residue to the said Justice of the Peace for the Use of such Owner or Owners.

Penalty

Power to these and above Vested for the Purpose of Tolls and Expenses of Distress.

If Distress not redressed within 16 Days, Two Justices of the Peace may after Warrant for Sale thereof.

or a sufficient Part, to satisfy Penalty and Charges. Constable (if one) to receive the Money.

All Ships, Rafts, or other put on River and on wharves, Permission of Directors, or not being on board Boat, Lighthouse, Barge or Vessel, to be sold to Use of Directors.

Ships, Boats or Vessels fixed in such or changing the Work of Navigation as detained, until Expenses of raising, and repairing Damage paid to the Collector of Tolls, and then to be sold by Justice of the Peace.

Vessels may be sold, under Warrant of Justice, by a Constable, except out a limited Auctioneers.

Expenses paid and 1 Part of the

Residue to Owner

Where an
Boundary,
Ditchless may
front to and in
said Bank.

VII. And Whereas in many Places the Boundaries and Meetings between the Banks of several Canals and Navigations, or the Off Branches thereof, and the adjoining Lands, have, through Lapse of time and the Neglect of the Persons in whom the said Canals and Navigations and Off Branches thereof have been vested, been effaced and destroyed, so that the same cannot now be traced and ascertained; and it is necessary for the Preservation of the said Canals and Navigations and Off Branches thereof, that the Banks be fenced in and inclosed from the adjoining Lands: Be it therefore declared and enacted, That in all cases where there is no Boundary or Meeting between any Part of the Bank of any Canal or Navigation and Off Branches thereof, and the adjoining Land, it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Directors as to any Canal or Navigation which are or may become vested in them; and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Navigation in Ireland, with respect to such Canals or Navigations respectively as are not or shall not be vested in the said Directors, to fence in and inclose such Part of any such Bank, provided the Breadth of the Bank so fenced in and inclosed shall not exceed Twenty one Feet from the Edge of the Water of the said Canal or Navigation or Off Branch, including the Ditch or Fence by which the same shall be inclosed as aforesaid.

Not to exceed
14 Feet in
breadth.

Directors, Com-
panies, Proprietors, &c., may
erect and put up
Fences for Pre-
serving and Inclo-
sing our new Canals and
Navigations.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful so and for the said Directors, and for the Surveyor or Surveyors, Engineer or Engineers of the said Directors, and for any other Persons or Persons employed for that Purpose, and their Servants and Attendants, to survey, measure, take Levels, and lay out any Line introduced for a new Canal or Navigation, Off Branch or Cut, or for the altering, widening, extending or improving of any existing Canal or Navigation, Off Branch or Cut, or for any Works relating to inland Navigations; and for that Purpose to enter upon, traverse and pass and repass through and over any Lands or Grounds, and to do all other Matters and Things necessary for the Purpose aforesaid, without being bound to Testify or Testifyers, and without being liable to any Obstruction whatever; provided such Surveyor or Surveyors, Engineer or Engineers, Person or Persons, shall be accompanied by One or more of the said Directors, or shall produce (if demanded) a Certificate in Writing under the Hands of the said Directors, or under the Hand of their Secretary for the time being, that he or they is or are employed by the said Directors for that Purpose.

Some Inland or
Canal Banks
may be fenced,
inclosed, or cut out
of the Canal or
River, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Inland Navigation in Ireland, whenever they shall deem it expedient or necessary so to do, to issue Orders in Writing under their Hand and Seal to the several Lock Keepers and other Officers of the several Navigations, now vested or hereafter to become vested in them the said Directors, or in any such Company of Undertakers or Proprietors, to seize, kill, or carry away, and in shall and may be lawful for the said Lock Keepers and other Officers, when so thereto ordered, to seize, kill and carry away all Swine found roaming at large on any Part of the Banks of any Canal or Navigation or Off Branch thereof, vested or to be vested in the said Directors, or in any such Company of Undertakers or Proprietors, unless such Swine shall have One or more Driver or Drivers attending on, or Person or Persons in charge of them, who shall be actually driving the same, and who shall prevent them from doing Mischief to or injuring any such Navigation, or unless such Swine shall have Iron Rings or Staples in their Nostrils.

Power to the
Directors to fence
the Navigations,
to be preserved
by Grand Jurors,
and sealed of
County, Barony
or Town, or
Grand Jurors,
may think fit.

X. And Whereas the Banks, Locks and other Works as well of the several Canals and Navigations as of the said Directors as of other Canals and Navigations in Ireland have frequently been maliciously, wantonly or intentionally damaged and destroyed; and it has been found very difficult by Means of Rewards or otherwise to discover and bring to Punishment the Persons guilty of such Offences: Be it therefore enacted, That when and as often as any Bank, Gate, Lock, Sluice, Bridge, Dam or other Work belonging to any Canal or Navigation now vested or hereafter to be vested in the said Directors, or belonging to any other Canal or Navigation in Ireland, or any Off Branch or Cut of any such Canal or Navigation respectively, shall be maliciously, wantonly or intentionally damaged, injured or destroyed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors with respect to such Canals and Navigations as are or may be vested in them, and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Inland Navigation in Ireland, with respect to such Canals or Navigations respectively as are not or shall not be vested in the said Directors, to sue for and recover Satisfaction and Awards for the Injury, Loss or Damage so done as aforesaid, at the next Assizes to be held for the County where such Offence was committed, by presenting a Petition to the Grand Jury impanelled and sworn at such Assizes, praying such Satisfaction and Awards, and setting forth the Extent and Amount of the Injury, Loss and Damage done as aforesaid, and proving to the Satisfaction of the said Grand Jury, that such Injuries and Damages were maliciously, wantonly or intentionally done as aforesaid, and the Extent and Amount thereof; and thereupon the said Grand Jury shall, and they are hereby required so to present such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be sufficient to repair and make good the Loss, Injury and Damage so done as aforesaid, to be raised either on the County at large or on the Barony or Barrenes, Towns or Towns in or near to which such Injury or Damage shall have been committed, or any of these, and in such Proportions as they shall think fit; which Sums, so presented as aforesaid, shall be applied, levied, and raised, by such Ways and Means, and in such Manner and Form as Money presented at the Assizes shall be applied, levied, and raised within each County, pursuant to the Laws now in force, and shall be paid over to the said Directors.

In Commonly
Grand Jury.

How levied.

Notice of the
reasons to be given
in Order to the
High Court,
&c.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Directors or the Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any Canal or Navigation not vested in the said Directors, or have Person or Person as their Behalf respectively, shall within Ten Days next after such Injury and Damage done and committed as aforesaid, give Notice of such Injury and Damage to the High Court of the Barony, and to the Churchwardens of the Parish where such Fact shall be alleged to have been committed, if such High Court be and the Churchwardens shall respectively reside in such Barony and Parish; and if no High Court be and Churchwardens

warden shall reside in such Barony or Parish respectively, then to Two or more Inhabitants of such Barony or Parish: Provided also, that if such Feff shall be continued to near the time of holding the next Assizes, that Notice cannot be given before the First Day of such Assize, according to the Direction of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors or Company, or Proprietors, as the case may be, to prefer their Petitions, and obtain such Provisions at the next ensuing Assize after such due Notice shall be given as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall bid himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any such Proclamation, such Person or Persons, in case the Sum preferred to be raised shall exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, but not otherwise, shall or may at the said Assize traverse such Proclamation, which Traverse shall be tried at the same or the next ensuing Assize, as the Judge or Judges who shall allow the same shall think fit; and if on such Traverse, the Issue shall be found for the Traverser, such Proclamation shall be discharged, otherwise the same shall be final and conclusive to all Persons: Provided also, that on such Proclamation shall at any time be removed by Certificate, and shall the raising the Money thereby preferred be otherwise delayed than by such Traverse as aforesaid, and that for each time only as shall be necessary for the Trial of such Traverse; nor shall any such Proclamation be at any time questioned for any Invalidity, Imperfection or Defect in Form whatsoever.

XIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Sum or Sums of Money so preferred as aforesaid, shall not be raised or levied until after the Assizes next ensuing the Assize at which the same shall be preferred as aforesaid; and that in case the Person or Persons who shall have committed any such Injury or Damage, or any of them, shall be convicted of such Offence, then and in such case no Sum of Money shall be raised or levied in pursuance of any such Proclamation; any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Ecclesiastical Persons, Tenants in Tail, Tenants for Life, Holders leased in Right of their Wives, Married Women, Guardians, Trustees and Executors in Trust, Compositors of Law and Justice and Infants Persons, Executors and Administrators, and all other Persons whatsoever, not only on Behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on Behalf of those for whom they are Trustees or Guardians, whether Infants, Heirs unborn, Legacies, Idiot, Married Women or other Person or Persons, and to and for all Married Women who are or shall be forced, possessed of, or interested in, their own Right, or entitled to Dower or other Interest, and for every Person and Person who is, are or shall be in any Way seized, possessed of, or interested in any Lands, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, which the said Directors shall at any time think necessary to occupy, use or take in, for the Purpose of making, enlarging, altering, widening or extending any Canal or Navigation, or any Old Branch or Supply Cut, or any Works thereto belonging, to construct and agree for, fill and convey the same, and every Part thereof, unto the said Directors; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Ecclesiastical and other Persons aforesaid, by conveying as aforesaid, are hereby authorised for such Acts as they shall respectively do in relation to any such Sale which he, or they, or any of them, shall make by virtue and in pursuance of this Act; and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, and Assignments of any Lands, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall be made to the said Directors according to the form following: (encluse)

I A. B. of _____ in Consideration of the Sum of _____ to me paid by the Directors of all Works relating to Island Navigations in Ireland, do hereby grant, convey and dispose of, to the said Directors, all that and those [here describe the Premises to be conveyed] as marked and described in the Map or Survey hereto annexed, and all my Right, Title and Interest in and to the same, and every Part thereof, to hold to the said Directors and their Successors in the same manner as I hold or might have held the same, for ever, by virtue of and according to the true Intent and Meaning of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled [here insert the Title of this Act.] In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred _____

A Memorial of which such Conveyance shall be duly prepared and lodged in the Office for registering Deeds and Wills in the City of Dublin; and such Conveyance shall have Effect and be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the Person or Persons so conveying had conveyed the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or Premises therein mentioned, by Fine or Common Recovery, or any formal Conveyance thereof, made and executed according to Law, and the same shall pass thereby and be veiled accordingly; and that any such Conveyance, executed and registered as aforesaid for any Tenant for Life in Possession of the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises therein mentioned, shall be binding and conclusive against every Person claiming any Estate in the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Premises, as Remainder after such Tenant for Life, as if the Person or Persons so in Remainder had executed the same.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the said Registry Office shall, from time to time when required, deliver an attested Copy or Copies of such Memorial or Memorials to any Person or Persons requiring the same; which said attested Copy or Copies shall be admitted and received as Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity in Ireland.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be paid or agreed to be paid for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to any Person in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Committee or other Trustee, for or on Behalf of any Infant, Legatee, Idiot, Feme Covert, or other Collateral Trust, or to any Person whose Lands, Tenements

in that case Person preferred and Proclamations at Assize another day.

Tenants whose Sum preferred shall exceed yet

Customs Proclamations directed by Towns.

Money preferred not levied till after Assize ensuing that at which Proclamations made. Public Bodies and all Individuals, entitled in Law to compound with or for Grants to Duchies.

and intimated for what they shall do in such Sales.

Form of Conveyance.

Memorial of Conveyance lodged in Registry Office in Dublin.

such Conveyance valid, as if a formal Conveyance according to Laws of Ireland.

attested Copy of Memorial of Registry Encluse.

Application of Compendious amounting to 1000.

or Hereditaments are leased in full or other Settlement, or to any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all conveniences speed be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to his Account there "Ex parte the Directors of Inland Navigation in Ireland," so the Intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be performed in a summary Way, by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in Discharge of any Debt or Debts or such other Incumbrances or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments having interest therein, to the same or the like Uses, Intent or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be conveyed and granted to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intent and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, had been or should be, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undisturbed, and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall by Order of the said Court, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of Government Securities; and in the mean time, and until the said Government Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of such Government Securities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to be paid to be purchased by virtue of this Act, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy, Idiocy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner herebefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the said Directors of Inland Navigation in Ireland (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the commanding and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner herebefore directed, so far as the same may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed to be paid as aforesaid before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act; or in case of Infancy, Idiocy or Lunacy, then such Money shall be paid to him, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons as shall be entitled respectively.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons who shall have agreed to receive any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Directors, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors to order such Sum or Sums of Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (as aforesaid), subject to the Order, Command and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered in a summary way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as to the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Effect or Effects, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Officer or Officers of the Bank of Ireland, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, as and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements,

Money paid into Bank of Ireland

Until Purchase, Money invested in Government Securities

Application of Corporation of less than 200l. and equal to and exceeding 20l.

Application of Corporation of less than 20l.

Refusal to accept Money paid into Bank of Ireland

Purchase Money paid into Bank of Ireland

Subject to Order of the Court of Chancery as Motion, &c.

In what cases an Officer may receive Money to be

Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right, or Interest in any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Government Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Government Securities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said High Court of Chancery; and the Dividends and Interest of such Government Securities, and also the Capital of such Government Securities, shall be paid, applied, and disposed of accordingly; unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XXI. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation, entitled to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied to the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Directors out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be fined or imprisoned for or by reason of any thing done under or by virtue of any Powers given by this Act, or under or by virtue of any Rule, Order, Regulation, or Bye Law, made or hereafter to be made by the said Directors as aforesaid, such Person may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence.

CAP. LVL.

An Act to repeal the several Stamp Duties in Ireland, and also several Acts for the Collection and Management of the said Duties, and to grant new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof; and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties. [10th June 1816.]

• WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled
 • *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the said Year, intitled *An Act to regulate the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in Lower Proceedings, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, and Corporate Officers in Ireland*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the said Year, intitled *An Act to repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties in general*: And
 • Whereas it is expedient that the said several Acts should be repealed, and that other and amended Duties of Stamps should be granted in lieu of the Duties aforesaid, and that the Regulations hereafter contained should be established for the Collection and Management of all Stamp Duties in Ireland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the said several Acts, and all Duties by the said Acts, or any of them, granted or imposed, and all Allowances in respect of the said Duties, and all Regulations contained in the said Acts for collecting or enforcing of the said Duties, or any of them, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except so far as the said Acts, or any of them, repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause, matter, or thing therein contained; and save as to the raising, recovering, allowing, or paying, after the Commencement of this Act, of any Arrears of Duty or Allowances under the said Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament which shall then remain unrepaid; and save as to any Proceeding commenced or to be commenced in any Court, Civil or Criminal, or otherwise, against any Person or Persons for any Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture, or Punishment for or in respect of any Crime or Offence committed or to be committed, before the Commencement of this Act, against the said Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of Stamp Duties, which, if commenced after the Commencement of this Act, would under the Provision thereof, or of such other Act or Acts as aforesaid, subject the Offender to the same or a greater Fine, Forfeiture, Penalty or Punishment respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties and Allowances by this Act repealed, there shall be granted, raised, levied, collected, and paid, in Ireland, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Instruments, Articles, matters and things aforesaid, enumerated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Sums of Money and Duties in they are respectively ascertained, directed and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedule, and in each and every Part thereof; and that there shall be allowed and paid for or in respect of all such Articles, matters or things as are ascertained, enumerated and described in the said Schedule in that Behalf, the several Allowances aforesaid, directed and set forth in the said Schedule; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid or given in the nature of Defence, or Allowance on the Purchase of Stamps, other than such as in and are expressed and directed in the said Schedule, any thing in any former

Act, the Person who shall be in Possession of the said Act, as the case of such Person be deemed and taken according to such Possession.

Court of Chancery may order Expenses of Purchases to be paid by Directors.

General Issue.

Ref. June 1816
 33 & 34

21 G. 2. c. 38.

22 G. 2. c. 79.

22 G. 2. c. 81.

Forfeited Acts repealed.

acting as to the Recovery of Arrears, &c.

Duties specified in Schedule as amended by this Act, and the Allowances thereon directed or made.

A. 6

	<p>Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the said Schedule and every Clause, Regulation, matter and thing therein respectively contained, shall be deemed, taken, and considered as Part of this Act.</p> <p>III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where any Bond, Receipt, Deed, or Instrument of any Nature or Kind whatever, is expressly exempted from any Stamp Duty, by any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act, and not expressly repealed by this Act or any other Act, every such Bond, Receipt, Deed or Instrument shall remain in complete, and shall not be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty in this Act or the Schedule thereto annexed, any thing to this Act or in the said Schedule to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.</p> <p>IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances by this Act and the Schedule thereto annexed granted and made payable shall be under the Government, Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in <i>Ireland</i> for the time being; and that the said Duties, and all other Duties which shall from time to time be under the Care of the Commissioners of Stamps in <i>Ireland</i>, shall be deemed and be deemed and taken to be Stamp Duties.</p> <p>V. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, and all Stamp Duties which shall be from time to time payable in <i>Ireland</i>, and as to which it shall not be expressly otherwise provided, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in <i>British</i> Currency, except only such of the said Duties as are under the Sum of Sixpence, or between the Sum of Sixpence and the Sum of One Shilling; and which said Duties shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in <i>Irish</i> Currency: Provided always, that in all cases where any Duties of Stamps, or any Allowances in respect thereof, are directed to be ascertained by the Amount of any Sum referred to in respect whereof such Duties are imposed, such Amount is referred to shall be taken and deemed to be, and shall be computed in <i>Irish</i> Currency.</p> <p>VI. And be it further enacted, That all Moneys arising by the several Stamp Duties in <i>Ireland</i> shall be paid from time to time by the several Treasurers of Stamps in <i>Ireland</i> into the Hands of the Receiver General of Stamp Duties for the time being in <i>Ireland</i>, and as to other Profits whatever, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Receiver General shall pay the same (the necessary Charges at writing, paying and accounting for the same being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer of <i>Ireland</i>, at such times and in such manner as it or shall be from time to time by Law directed concerning the several Stamp Duties in <i>Ireland</i>, and all Moneys so paid into the said Receipt shall be deemed to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund of <i>Ireland</i>.</p> <p>VII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamps in <i>Ireland</i> shall cause to be kept a distinct Account of the Sum of Ten Pounds (Part of the Duty of Thirty Pounds, in the said Schedule mentioned, on the Admission of any Student into the Society of King's Inns, and of Thirty Pounds on the Admission of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister at the Inns of Court); and of the Sum of Seven Pounds (Part of the Duty of Fifty Pounds, in the said Schedule mentioned, upon each Part of Indentures bearing an Appointment to an Attorney; and that the Receiver General of Stamp Duties shall pay the same at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i>); and the Lord High Treasurer of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office for the time being, shall cause the said respective Parts of the said respective Duties of Thirty Pounds, and Thirty Pounds, and Fifty Pounds to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Society of King's Inns, so be applied by him in such manner as shall be directed by the said Society.</p> <p>VIII. And be it enacted, That His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being, shall have Power from time to time and at all times to appoint Commissioners for the surveying and marking Villages, Parishes and Poper, and managing the Stamp Duties in <i>Ireland</i>, and that the said Commissioners shall be called "The Commissioners of Stamps in <i>Ireland</i>;" and that the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being, shall have Power under their Hands and Seals to appoint such inferior Officers in their Department as they shall from time to time think proper; and that every Commissioner, or other Officer so appointed, before he shall proceed to the Execution of His Office under such Appointment, shall take and subscribe the following Oath: (that is to say),</p> <p>Oath. "I, A. B. do swear, That I will, during my Continuance in the Office of _____, faithfully execute the Trust committed to me therein without Fraud or Concealment; and that I will from time to time true Account make of all such Acts as I shall do therein, and declare the same to each Person or Persons as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being, hath or have appointed or hereafter shall appoint to receive such Account; and that I will take no Fee, Reward or Profit, for the Execution or Performance of the said Trust, or the Business relating thereto, from any Person or Persons other than such as shall be paid and allowed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by each Person or Persons for that Purpose authorized by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being. So help me GOD."</p> <p>And such Oath shall and may be administered to any such Commissioner or Commissioners by the Chancellor, Treasurer, Lord Chief Baron or any other of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i>, or in their Absence by any of the Justices of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in <i>England</i>; which said Chancellor, Treasurer, Baron and Justices are hereby respectively required and empowered to administer such Oath; and any One of the said Commissioners or any Justice at the Place in <i>Ireland</i>, within his proper Jurisdiction, shall and may administer the like Oath to any of the inferior Officers aforesaid.</p>
Books, &c. now exempted from Stamp Duty to continue so.	
Duties under Management of Commissioners for Stamps.	
Duties paid in British Currency, except the sum under 6s. or between 6s. and 1s.	
Duties paid to the Receiver General, and by him to the Exchequer of Ireland.	
Accounts of Part of certain Duties on the Admission of Students to Inns of Court, &c. to be kept separate, and paid over to Treasurers.	
Appointment of Commissioners.	
Oath.	
By whom administered.	

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it shall not be otherwise directed or provided by any Act or Acts of Parliament, all and every Right, Power and Authority, which from time to time shall be vested in the said Commissioners, shall and may be used and exercised by any three or more of the said Commissioners, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the same could be used or exercised by all the said Commissioners for the time being; and that all and every Powers and Authorities vested in any Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or in any Commissioners for Stamping Vellum, Parchment and Paper, under whatever Name or Title by any Act not hereby repealed, shall be vested in the said Commissioners under this Act to all Intents and Purposes.

Three Commissioners empowered to act.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall affect or be construed to affect an Act passed in Ireland in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to regulate the Qualifications of Persons appointed to Office in the Kingdom, whether Two or more Greater or less than one Grant, Commission or Appointment*, but that the said Act and every Part thereof shall remain in full force as if this Act had not been passed.

All not to affect the 10th Act of 21 & 22 G. 2.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners and inferior Officers heretofore appointed for the working or stamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Duties thereupon, and now actually holding and exercising such Offices respectively, shall continue to act in the several Offices to which they have been so appointed, in like manner, with the same Powers and Authorities, and subject to such Restrictions and Limitations as if appointed and sworn under this Act; and that every such Commissioner now appointed or hereafter to be appointed shall continue to hold and exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and that every such inferior Officer now appointed or hereafter to be appointed shall continue to hold and exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being.

Commissioners and Officers now in Office to continue to act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if in any Case whatsoever, on any Indictment, Information, Trial, Proceeding or Quæstio, whatsoever, and wherever shall be the Parties therein, any Question shall arise concerning the Right or Title of the said Commissioners or inferior Officers, or any of them, or of any Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed by the said Commissioners for the Purpose of executing any Duty whatsoever under any Act imposing any Stamp Duty or regulating the Collection or Management of any such Duty, to hold, exercise or enjoy the said Office, or to execute such Duty respectively, then and so every such case it shall be sufficient to prove that such Commissioner or Commissioners or inferior Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons, was or was at the time in question commonly reputed to be such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Officer or Officers, or to be appointed or authorized respectively, without producing any Patent, Appointment or Commission, and without giving any Evidence of having performed the several Requisites prescribed by Law to enable them to execute the said Office or Duties respectively, or any of the said Requisites.

Where Right of Commissioners, &c. concerning any Duty is questioned, Proof that they are so reputed sufficient.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, out of the Produce of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable in Ireland, to cause such Sums and Sums of Money to be expended and paid from time to time for Salaries, and for incident Charges, as shall be necessary to and for the meeting, collecting and keeping or managing of the said Duties, any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Salaries paid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or other Officers heretofore appointed or hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Officers employed or to be employed or retained by or under them as aforesaid, shall from time to time observe such Rules, Methods and Orders as the Execution of their several Offices and Trusts, as they respectively have received or shall receive from time to time from His Majesty, or from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or from the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or from the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer or any three of them for the time being respectively.

Rules observed in Execution of Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall keep their Stamp Office in some convenient Place as the County of the City of Dublin; and that some of the Duties which shall or may be from time to time under their Management shall be received or collected by or paid to the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them.

Office kept in Dublin.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, or any One or more of them, to administer Oaths and Affirmations, and take Affidavits and Affirmations, in all cases where he or they shall respectively think an Oath or Oaths or an Affirmation or Affirmations necessary to be administered or taken for the Purpose of carrying into Effect this Act, or any Part thereof, or any matter or thing relating thereto, or to the Management or Collection of any of the Stamp Duties now payable or hereafter to be payable.

Commissioners empowered to administer Oaths.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, by Notice in Writing in any time, to revoke, annul and make void any License which the said Commissioners are empowered to grant under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for any Purpose whatsoever.

Licenses may be revoked.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Debtor of Stamps, or Person in Charge in a Distributor of Stamps, shall verify by Affidavit, or (if a Quaker or Quakers) by Affirmation, his, her or their respective Accounts furnished by him, her or them to the said Commissioners; such Affidavit or Affirmation, if made in Dublin, to be sworn or affirmed before One of the said Commissioners; and if in the County, before a Justice of

Distributors to verify their Accounts in Oath or Affirmation.

of the Peace of the County in which such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor respectively, shall have his Office; and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Commissioners and Justices respectively are hereby required and authorized to receive and take as aforesaid; or if the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, shall by Notice in Writing require the same, then before the Justices of the Peace at a Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden as and for the County or District in which such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, shall have his Office; and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Justices are hereby required, and authorized to receive and take; and if any such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, shall neglect or refuse to verify any of such Accounts in manner aforesaid, within such reasonable time as he or she shall be called upon by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them. In do to, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions or Suits commenced or to be commenced against any Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or against all or any or either of the Sureties of any such Distributor or Person in charge, or their or any or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, every Acknowledgment in Writing signed by such Distributor or Person in charge as a Distributor, or by any Person duly authorized by any such Distributor, or Person in charge respectively, of the Receipt of any Stamps given or sent to such Distributor, or Person in charge, by or from the Stamp Office in Dublin, shall be accepted, taken and allowed, in all Courts of Law and Equity, as Evidence of the Receipt of the several Papers and Stamps of Stamped Paper, Parchment and Vellum in such Acknowledgment listed to have been received by or for such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, and of the Value thereof, and of the Stamps shown respectively; and that all and every Account or Accounts furnished by such Distributor, or Person in charge, whether verified by Oath or Affirmation or not, shall be accepted, taken and allowed, in all Courts of Law and Equity, as Evidence against such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or against all or any or either of the Sureties of such Distributor or Person in charge, or their or any or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, of the several Debts in any such Account severally contained; but any such Account, by whomsoever produced, shall not be Evidence of the Credits therein claimed or stated by such Distributor, or Person in charge as Distributor.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Stamps or of any One of them, to appeal, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, any Person or Persons to be his, her or their Deputy or Deputies, or Sub Distributor or Distributors, within his, her or their District, or any Part or Parts thereof that may be specified in such Warrant, and every such Distributor or Distributors shall be answerable for the Conduct of every such Deputy or Sub Distributor in all matters relating to the said Office of Distributor; and every such Deputy or Sub Distributor shall have full Power to sell Stamps for the said Distributor or Distributors, according to the terms of such Warrant, in the same manner as the said Distributor or Distributors might perfectly do, but not to execute any other Part of the Business or Office of such Distributor or Distributors; and no such Warrant for appointing any such Sub Distributor shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful as and for any Person or Persons authorized thereto by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, under Hand and Seal, and with the Assent of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to enter in the Day time into the House or Habitation of any Distributor of Stamps, or Person in charge as such, or Sub Distributor, or other Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor or Person in charge as such, or into the House of any Person having a License to sell Stamps, or having had such License in Force at any time within Six Calendar Months then last past; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Distributor or other Person as aforesaid shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof shall not be opened, then with the Assistance and in the Presence of such Magistrate or Peace Officer to break open the same respectively, and to force and to take into his or their Possession all Stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be found in the House, Cellar or Possession of such Distributor or other Person as aforesaid; and all Magistrates and Peace Officers are hereby required, upon the Request of any Person or Persons acting under such Warrant, to aid and assist him and them in the Execution thereof; and it shall be lawful for all and every such Commissioners or Commissioners to grant such Warrant to any Person or Persons whenever and as often as he or they shall think fit.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Person who shall so execute any such Warrant in the House or Place of Residence of any Person licensed or having been licensed to sell Stamps as aforesaid, shall give to such Person in default or having been so licensed, if required, an Acknowledgment of the Number, Particulars and Amount of the Stamps, if any, so seized thereby, and shall permit such Person, or any Person or Persons employed by him or her, to inspect the same before the Removal thereof respectively, and to mark the same as he or they shall think proper; and that such Person so licensed or having been so licensed shall be entitled to demand and receive from the Distributor of the District, the full Amount in Value of such of the Stamps so seized as shall be found to be genuine, and of the Paper, Parchment or Vellum whereon the same shall be so impressed, according to the Rates at which the same shall respectively be sold by such Distributor at the time of such Seizure.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall have Power from time to time, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to fine any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, or any Person in charge as such, for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, or of the Orders of the said Commissioners, or of any One or more of them, in any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for any One Offence, the Amount of such Fine to be paid by such Distributor or Distributors, or Person in charge as such, to the Receiver General for the Use of His Majesty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall have Power from time to time, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to fine any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, or any Person in charge as such, for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, or of the Orders of the said Commissioners, or of any One or more of them, in any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for any One Offence, the Amount of such Fine to be paid by such Distributor or Distributors, or Person in charge as such, to the Receiver General for the Use of His Majesty.

Majesty's Revenue, together with his, her or their next Payment, and as Part thereof; and it shall be lawful for such Receiver General, and he is hereby required to apply the next Money that he shall receive from such Distributor or Person in charge as such, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to the Payment of such Part, whateer may be the Purpose for which the same may be best or instead.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all every Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in keeping, collecting or receiving any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof; and that the several Distributors of Stamps in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, or Persons in charge as such, shall pay all Monies received by them for or by reason or on account of any of the said Stamp Duty or Duties, or of any Stamp Duty or Duties which shall or may from time to time be payable, or of any Penalties imposed by the Act, or by any other Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, and then in the Hands of such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, on every Day, or on such and so many Days in each Week as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners; and the Distributors of Stamps, or Persons in charge as such in any other Parts of Ireland, shall on Wednesday in every Week, unless the same shall be a Holiday, and then on the next ensuing Day which shall not be a Holiday, or on a Sunday after such Wednesday or other Day as the Discharge of such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively shall permit, or as much oftener and at all such times as the said Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall be required by the said Commissioners, or any of them, to pay or cause to be paid all Sums received by them in like manner and then in their Hands respectively, to the said Receiver General of Stamp Duties, and the said Receiver General shall on each and every Day, or on each Day or Days in every Week as shall be directed for the Purpose by the said Commissioners, pay all Monies so received by him, and then in his Hands, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland; and the said Receiver General shall on each Day after his making any such Payment into the said Exchequer, and every Distributor of Stamps, or Person in charge as such, on each Day after his or her making any such Payment to the said Receiver General, or on the first Opportunity after the said times respectively give Notice of such Payment, and of the Amount thereof, to the said Commissioners of Stamps; and if such Receiver General shall at any time neglect or omit to pay into the said Receipt of His Majesty's said Exchequer the Sums so by him payable as aforesaid, at the time and in the manner aforesaid, or shall detain any Part of the Monies so by him payable, then and for every such Offence he shall be charged with Interest for the Monies so detained in his Hands, after the Rate of Twelve Pounds by the Hundred, by the Year, the same to be recovered with Costs of Suit by Action or Information, or by any other of the Means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Public Accountants or Debtors; and if any such Distributor or Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall neglect or omit to pay or cause to be paid to such Receiver General as aforesaid the Sums so by him, her or them payable as aforesaid, or shall detain the Monies by him, her or them so payable as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, then for the first of such Offences he, she or they shall forfeit all and every the Discount, Per Centage or other Fee, Profit or Reward, to which such Person or Persons so offending would or might otherwise be entitled, for or by reason of the Sums so detained or so neglected, or omitted to be paid to such Receiver General; and for the second of such Offences every such Distributor or Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall forfeit the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward, and shall also be charged with Interest for the Money so detained after the Rate of Six Pounds by the Year for every Hundred Pound; the same to be recovered in the same manner and with like Costs as the Interest is recoverable from the said Receiver General as aforesaid; and the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward, so forfeited by such Distributor or Distributors, or Person in charge as such, shall in every of the said cases be paid to such Officer or Officers of the Stamps as shall first discover and inform the said Commissioners of Stamps of such Neglect, Omission or Detention, if the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, shall think proper so to order the same, and if they shall make an Order thereupon, it shall be carried to the Account of the Stamp Duties in Ireland.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Average of the Monthly Sales of any such Distributor, or Person in charge as such, or of his Predecessor or Predecessors, for Twelve Months next preceding, shall not have exceeded the Sum of Twenty Pounds per Month, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time as often as they shall for just and necessary Causes, by Order under their Hands to enlarge and extend, for any time not exceeding One Month, the time lawfully allowed to such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively, for paying unto such Receiver General the several Sums by them respectively from time to time received as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be kept to His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, One Book in which all Monies which shall be paid into the said Treasury in Ireland, by virtue of this Act, or of any Act or Acts for imposing of Stamp Duties, or for regulating the Management or Collection thereof in Ireland, shall be entered apart and distinct from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, on any Account whatsoever; and that neither the Sum of one Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to or be deducted or received by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Treasury for or on account of the filing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money entering by or which shall be received for or on account of any Stamp Duties or of any Payment to be made by the Receiver General of Stamp Duties in manner aforesaid, but that the same shall be received and duly accounted for to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and all the Money paid into the said Treasury, on the Account of the said Duties, shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have been or who shall be respectively employed in receiving, collecting or paying any Stamp Duties, shall exhibit their respective Accounts of such Duties to the Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts of Ireland for the time being, or the major

Officers to keep separate Accounts of Duties

Distributors to account in manner hereinbefore provided

Receiver General to pay Monies received by him into the said Exchequer.

Receiver General retaining Money in his Hands to be charged 12^d per Cent. Interest.

Distributors neglecting to pay in Money to Receiver, Per Centage.

Second Offence. Forfeiture.

Where Monthly Sales of Distributors shall not have exceeded 20^l.

Commissioners may enlarge the Time of Payment.

Book kept in Treasury, in which Stamp Duty entered apart from other Monies. 2^d 2^d.

Money carried to Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Accounts of Duties exhibited to Commissioners for settling the Public Accounts

Public Accounts when required.

Part of them, when called on by them, or any One or more of them, for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts are hereby respectively authorized and required from time to time to examine upon Oath the said Persons who shall be so employed in raising, receiving or collecting the said Duties, as to their said Accounts, and as to the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been by them, or any of them respectively, raised, collected, or received within the time of such their Accounts, and likewise what Part thereof shall have been by them, or any of them, paid to the Receiver General, or into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and at what times respectively; and in accounting before the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, the said Persons shall produce proper Vouchers for any Sum or Sums of Money by them received and paid; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required finally to audit and settle such Accounts; which said Accounts, when so audited and settled, shall be signed by the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, and shall be at all times, to the Officers therein concerned, a full and sufficient Warrant and Discharge to all Intuits and Purposes, according to the true Intent, Meaning and Import thereof respectively.

Vouchers to be produced.

Accounts signed by Commissioners of Public Accounts a Discharge.

The Types and Stamps now or hereafter to be used at the Stamp Office, for denoting the Duties shall be lawful.

When there is no specific Stamp to denote the Duty, Two or more Stamps may be used.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Types, Marks and Stamps which are already kept or used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, or on Playing Cards or on Dice, the several and respective Duties heretofore granted, or any of them, or which shall hereafter be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards or on Dice, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable thereon respectively, by Law in Ireland, shall be the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for the denoting and inspecting of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, on which any of the several things is respect whereon any Stamp Duty shall from time to time be payable, have been or shall be engraved or written, and for stamping Playing Cards or Dice according to Law; and that if at any time there shall not be any such Type, Mark or Stamp denoting precisely any of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall think proper, to direct that Two or more of such Types, Marks or Stamps, the Duties denoted whereby shall as the whole amount to the Stamp Duties to be payable respectively, shall be used on the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, for denoting such Duties, or at their Discretion to cause to be provided new Types, Marks or Stamps for denoting such Duties, or any of them, and to cause all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper chargeable with such Duties to be stamped or marked with the same, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct that such Devices, Stamps or Marks shall be used as may express the Amount of the Duty either directly in Words and Figures, or by Reference or Per Centages, or in any other manner whatsoever, whereby the same shall or may be sufficiently denoted.

Devices may be changed or altered, of which Notice shall be given in Dublin Gazette.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Devices or Marks used or to be used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards, or on Dice, the Stamp Duties which shall be payable from time to time, or any of them, may be discontinued, changed, varied or altered from time to time, and one or more Devices or Marks may be used in lieu of the Devices or Marks so discontinued, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland for the time being, shall think fit; provided that whenever any of the Devices or Marks aforesaid shall be changed, varied or altered, then and in every such case public Notice of every such Change, Variation or Alteration shall be given by Advertisement in the Dublin Gazette, and in some other public Newspaper, a convenient time before the Types, Marks or Stamps, on which such new Devices or Marks shall be made, shall be used.

Commissioners to provide such particular Stamps as shall be required.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland shall cause separate and particular Stamps or Marks to be used and provided when required, to denote the Duties which shall from time to time be payable, not only on any Articles or Articles for which separate or particular Marks or Stamps shall be required from time to time by any Law or Laws, but also on such other Articles, matters and things as to the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time shall from requisite and necessary, or as the said Commissioners of Stamps shall be required to use or provide, by His Majesty, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or by the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being; and all such Articles, Matters and things respectively, which shall be issued or granted, made or written, after One Month from the Day on which public Notice shall have been or shall be given in the Dublin Gazette by the said Commissioners of Stamps, that such separate or new or particular Stamps or Marks for the same have been or are respectively granted, and which shall be engraved, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper without such Stamps or Marks, or having any other Stamps or Marks than these so provided or used for the Purpose aforesaid respectively, and also all other Matters in respect whereof any particular or appropriated Stamp shall be necessary, and which after such Notice shall be engraved, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked with any of the said particular Stamps or Marks so appropriated, shall be of no other effect than if the said Matters respectively had been written or printed on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped, although such improper Stamps respectively may be of the Amount by Law required, or of any greater Amount; and all Persons who shall so write or print any such Article, Matter or thing on any Paper, Vellum or Parchment having any such improper Stamp or Stamps thereon, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as they would be liable to in case such Article, matter or thing respectively had been written or printed on Paper, Vellum or Parchment, not marked or stamped.

Writings not having the proper Stamp in use, on Paper, or not stamped.

Writing on Paper, &c. not having proper Stamp.

Penalty When Devices are changed and Notice given, Persons having Stamps in hand

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That as often as the Devices or Marks aforesaid, or any of them, shall be changed, varied or altered, it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall, at the Times respectively of such Alterations or Changes, have in their Custody or Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked with the Impression of the Type, Mark or Stamp which shall have been so changed, varied or altered, and

upon which any of the matters or things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable, shall have been engrossed or written, to bring or find at any one within the Space of Four Months after the Publication of such Advertisement as aforesaid, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the said Commissioners of Stamps, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or to any Distributor of Stamps, or to any Person appointed to act as a Distributor of Stamps, and thereupon the proper Officer at such Stamp Office, and such Distributor or Person appointed to act as such respectively, shall, and he, for and they as and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered to him thereof, a Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, equal to that which shall have been brought or sent as aforesaid, with the Impression of such new Type, Mark or Stamp, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the same any Money or other Consideration whatsoever, under the Penalty of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the said Stamps or Marks which have been so given or sent as shall in every such case be immediately cancelled; and in case any Person shall neglect or omit within the time aforesaid to bring or cause to be brought and delivered unto the said Commissioners or Officers as aforesaid, any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be marked with any Type, Mark or Stamp, the Use of which shall be so discontinued, and which may be changed, varied or altered for any new Type, Mark or Stamp, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with such old or discontinued Stamp, shall be and is hereby declared to be of no other Effect than if such Vellum, Parchment or Paper had never been stamped, and that all matters and things which shall be engrossed or written thereon, after such time as shall be appointed by such Advertisement as aforesaid, for making use of such new changed or altered Types, Marks or Stamps as aforesaid, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been engrossed or written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not marked or stamped, and all Persons who shall engross or write any matter or thing chargeable with any of the Duties aforesaid, on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, after the said time, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as is herein directed to be inflicted on Persons writing or engrossing on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who hath written, printed, engrossed or executed, or who shall print, write, engross or execute any Record, Deed, Instrument, Copy, matter or thing in respect whereof any Stamp Duty is or shall be payable upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not duly stamped to devote the Payment of such Duty, and also every Person who in any other manner whatsoever is or shall be liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty, and who by any Contumacious Neglect or Offence shall have avoided, neglected or omitted to pay any Stamp Duty which, in respect of any Act, matter or thing heretofore done or caused to be done by him, or hereafter to be done or caused to be done by him, shall have been by Law payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Amount of such Duty, and such Duty and the Amount thereof shall be a Debt from such Person to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, upon Application to be made for that Purpose on Behalf of the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon such Affidavit or Affidavits as to the Court may appear sufficient, to grant a Rule requiring such Person or Persons to show cause why he, she or they should not deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamps an Account upon Oath of all such Duties so due, and why the same should not be forthwith paid according to Law, and to make any such Rule of Court absolute in every case in which the same may appear to the said Court to be proper and necessary for enforcing the Payment of any of the said Duties, together with such Costs of Proceedings as the said Court shall think proper to award and direct.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Courts of Justice and Judges in Ireland shall without Allegation or Proof in that Behalf take judicial Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps heretofore or now kept or used or to be hereafter kept or used as aforesaid, as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for denoting the Stamp Duties, which from time to time have been or shall be payable in Ireland; and that no Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing wherever, for which the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereon the same is or shall be written or printed, is or shall be, or at the time of writing or printing the same was or shall have been by Law chargeable with any Stamp Duty, though such Law has been or shall have been repealed, shall on any Pretence whatsoever be pleaded or given or received as Evidence in any Court in Ireland, or admitted in any Court in Ireland to be good or available in Law or Equity, unless the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereon the same hath been or shall be so written or printed, shall be duly marked or stamped with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing or Printing respectively: Provided always, that if any Deed, Instrument or Writing, shall happen to be executed or written on any Stamp of an Amount greater than the Stamp Duty payable for such respective Deed, Instrument or Writing, at the time of the Execution thereof, the same shall be considered as duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes, except only in cases where such Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing, shall be of a Kind for which separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall have been provided as aforesaid, to which case the same shall not be considered as duly stamped, for or in respect of having thereon any Stamp to any Amount greater than the Stamp Duty then payable thereon, unless such greater Stamp is impressed thereon shall be Over of the Stamps or Marks so appropriated to such kind of Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or on any Occasion whatsoever, in any Court or Courts it shall be alleged by either Party, or if any Judge or Judges of any such Courts shall have any Reason to suspect that any Mark or Stamp, Marks or Stamps appearing on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, wherein shall be written or printed any Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing, produced before such Court or Courts, is or are or may be forged or counterfeited, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Judge or Judges, and he or they as and are hereby required to make Enquiry thereupon, and to receive thereupon

any fine then taken in Exchange with four shillings.

Penalty.

After the 4th of June 1816, the old stamp is not valid as a bill.

Persons sending the Duty to be paid before, and the Court of Exchequer may enforce Payment.

Rule in three cases granted by Exchequer.

No Deed or Writing to be given in Evidence unless stamped with the proper Stamp.

Deeds, &c. written on a stamp of a greater Amount, considered as duly stamped. Except where separate Stamps are provided.

Courts to determine in cases where stamps are alleged to be forged.

such Information and Evidence on Oath as shall be offered by either Party, or as it shall be within the Power of such Judge or Judges to obtain, and to decide and determine whether such Stamp or Stamps is or are genuine or forged or counterfeited; and such Determination and Decision shall, as to the Purposes of the Trial or Occasion on which the same shall be made, be final and conclusive.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being shall and may from time to time, as they shall see Occasion, appoint one or more fit Persons or Persons to attend in any Court or Courts, Office or Offices in *Ireland*, which Person or Persons shall have full Power and Authority to inspect and examine the Vellum, Parchment and Paper, upon which any of the matters or things in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall at any time be payable shall have been engrossed or written or put, and also the Marks or Stamps thereupon, and also all other matters and things tending to secure the Duties which have been or shall from time to time be payable upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in *Ireland*; and that the Judges in the several Courts in *Ireland*, and such others to whom it may appear, at the Request of the said Commissioners, or of any of them, shall make such Orders in their respective Courts, and do such other matters and things for the better securing of the said Duties as shall be lawfully and reasonably desired in that Behalf.

XXXVI. And, for the better Discharge of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in *Ireland*, and in order that all Persons may have the same with Convenience and at an easy Rate, be it enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being shall, as often as he or they shall think proper, let the Prices at which all Sorts of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper shall be sold; and the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall keep the Prices to set upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, and on every Piece or Sheet of Paper to be sold; and that the said Commissioners shall take special Care that the several Parts of *Ireland* shall from time to time be sufficiently furnished with such Vellum, Parchment and Paper, stamped or marked as aforesaid, so that all Persons may have it in their Election to buy the same of the Officers or Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners at the usual Rates above the said Duty, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped as aforesaid, or to furnish themselves from others who shall be legally entitled to utter, vend or sell the same.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, or of any of the Dominions thereto belonging, shall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp at any time heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, any of the Stamp Duties payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which has been or shall be at any time in force in *Ireland*, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp may not be kept or used at the said Stamp Office at the time of such forging or counterfeiting; or if any Person or Persons (save and except such Person or Persons as shall be lawfully entitled and authorized to have and to use the same for the Purpose of stamping Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp for the time being) shall have in his, her or their Possession, any Type, Die or Mark or Stamp made to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the said Stamp Office, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, any of the said Stamp Duties to be payable in aforesaid, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, shall not be then kept or used at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*; or if any Person or Persons shall mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter which heretofore was or hereafter shall be directed to be stamped, any Device, Mark or Impression to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made, marked or impressed at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter or thing to be stamped, any of the said Stamp Duties to be payable under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament which shall be or shall have been in force in *Ireland* at or before the time when such Mark, Device or Impression shall have been so used, kept or made, marked or impressed, at the said Office, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Device, Mark or Impression may not be used or kept, marked or impressed at the said Office, at the time of such Office committed; or if any Person or Persons shall use, utter, vend or sell, or cause to be used, uttered, vend or sold, or shall have in his or her Possession, with Intent to use, utter, vend or sell the same, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter, with any Counterfeit, Device, Mark or Impression thereon, to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Device, Mark, or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, though not then used or kept for the said Purposes, or any of them, or although the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*, knowing such Device, Mark or Impression to be counterfeited, or if any Officer or Officers in the Employment of the Commissioners of Stamp, or any other Person or Persons whatever, shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, or be using, abetting or assisting in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed any Stamp, Mark or Impression, denoting any of the said Stamp Duties on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, not directed to him or them by or by the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamp for the Purpose of being stamped with any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any of the said Stamp Duties to be payable under or by virtue of

any Act of Parliament, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp shall not be then kept at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*; or if any Person or Persons shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, knowingly have in his, her or their Possession any Velum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter required to be stamped, so fraudulently stamped or marked with any Mark or Stamp to denote any of the aforesaid Duties, then and in every of the said cases, any and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for Life.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Velum, Parchment or Paper shall at any time be found in the Possession of any Person licensed to deal in and retail Stamps in *Ireland*, or who shall have been so licensed within the Calendar months then next preceding, having expressed thereon any counterfeited Device, Mark or Impression so resembling or representing, or intended or liable to be mistaken for any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid, for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, although such Device, Mark or Impression shall not then be used or kept for the said Purposes, or any of them, or although the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*, then and in every such case the Person in whose Possession such Velum, Parchment or Paper shall be so found shall be deemed and taken to have so had the same in his or her Possession with Intent to use, utter or send the same with such counterfeited Device, Mark or Impression thereon, unless the contrary shall be satisfactorily proved, and shall also be deemed and taken to have had such Velum, Parchment or Paper, so in his or her Possession, knowing the Stamps, Devices, Marks or Impressions thereon to be forged, false and counterfeited, and such Person shall be liable to all Penalties and Forfeitures by Law imposed or inflicted upon Persons using, uttering or sending false, forged or counterfeited Stamps, or having such false, forged or counterfeited Stamps in their Possession, knowing the same to be forged, unless such Person shall in all cases satisfactorily prove that such Velum, Parchment and Paper, and the Stamps thereon, was or were procured by or for such Person at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or from some Distributor of Stamps in *Ireland*.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That on Complaint made before any One Justice of the Peace upon the Oath of One credible Witness, that there is just cause to suspect any One or more Person or Persons of being or having been concerned in making any false or counterfeited Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, or of unlawfully having any such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp in his or her Possession, or of unlawfully marking or impressing any Velum, Parchment or Paper, with any such Device, Mark or Impression, or of unlawfully having in his or her Possession, any Velum, Parchment, Paper or other matter with any counterfeited Device, Mark or Impression thereon, or of unlawfully or fraudulently marking or impressing, or causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, or of adding, altering or affixing in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, any Stamp, Mark or Impression on any Velum, Parchment, Paper or other matter, not delivered to him under the Authority of the Commissioners of Stamps, or of knowingly having in his or her Possession any Velum, Parchment, Paper or other matter as aforesaid, unlawfully or fraudulently stamped or marked contrary to any of the Purposes or Regulations contained in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts relating to the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, then and in each and every of any of the said cases it shall and may be lawful to and for each Justice by Warrant under his Hand to cause the Dwelling House, Room, Work Shop, Out House, or other Building, Yard, Garden or other Place belonging to such suspected Person or Persons, or where any such Person or Persons shall be suspected to carry on any such marking or counterfeiting, or to focus any such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, or any such Velum, Parchment, Paper or other matter, or any of the Machinery necessary or applicable for or to the making any such Impression as aforesaid, to be searched for any such Type, Die, Mark, Stamp, Velum, Parchment, Paper, Machinery or other matter or thing whatsoever; and if any of the said several matters and things shall be found in any Place so searched, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons whatsoever, not having the same by force lawful Authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons so finding the same, to seize, and he and they so and we lawfully authorized and required to seize the same respectively, and to carry the same forthwith to the Justice by whom such Warrant shall be granted, or to any other Justice of the Peace of the County, City, District or Place where the same shall be found, who shall cause the same to be seized and produced in Evidence against any Person or Persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the Offences aforesaid, in some Court of Justice proper for the Determination thereof, and afterwards all and every the said matters and things so seized, whether so produced in Evidence or not, shall by Order of the Court where such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, or by Order of some Justice of the Peace, in each case shall be no such Trial, be delivered or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of, as such Court or such Justice shall direct.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Velum, Parchment and Paper, whereon any of the matters or things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, shall be engraved or written, shall previous to such engraving or writing be stamped and marked with the proper Marks or Stamps to denote the Payment of the proper Duty thereon respectively, and the Commissioners of Stamps and their Officers are hereby required upon Demand of any Person or Persons bringing any Velum, Parchment or Paper, to the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, forthwith without any Fee or Reward to stamp or mark the same with any of the Stamps or Marks which shall be then used at the said Office, and which such Person shall require, (save and except such Marks or Stamps as shall be then used as hereinafter mentioned, to be supplied only on Paper, bearing the Water Mark of the said Stamp Office,) such Person or Persons paying to such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed to that Behalf the respective Duties which they shall require to have so stamped or marked on such Velum, Parchment or Paper, be brought by him, her or them.

XLII. And

Felony.

Persons having possession of Stamps in their Possession liable to the Penalties of sending forged Stamps, which is the case of the person who is licensed to deal in and retail Stamps, or of any person who is licensed to deal in and retail Stamps, or of any person who is licensed to deal in and retail Stamps.

Persons suspected of having forged Dies or Stamps. An. may be searched.

Persons may be searched and seized.

Velum, &c. to be stamped by force respectively.

Filing Stamps
before Duty paid
or duly secured.

Penalty.

Stamps containing
imperfections may
be stamped with
new or additional
Stamps on Dis-
cussors being
paid.

Stamps issued
from being with-
ten upon and not
sold may be re-
changed for
others, such
being made to
return Part-
ments.

Perfils as to
those within
which Paper,
Ac. is to be
brought to Com-
missioners.
Perfils.

Refund for
Stamps on In-
struments found
to be void, &c.

Time when
which Applica-
tion shall be
made.

XL.I. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioner of Stamps or any Officer of the Commissioners of Stamps shall fix or impose any such Mark or Stamp to or upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid to be stamped or marked, before the Duty or Duties due thereon shall be duly answered or paid (or duly secured to be paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in such cases where such Security may by Law be taken), every such Commissioner of Stamps or Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall also be answerable for all and every such Duty as if such Commissioner or Officer had duly received such Duty or Duties, and shall for that Purpose be demand and taken to have received the same.

XL.II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, under or by the Provisions of this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, any Stamps shall at any time be or become applicable to or insufficient for the Purpose for which the same were intended, then and whenever it shall so happen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any of them, upon Request of any Person or Persons producing any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with such Stamp or Stamps, to order, if they shall think proper so to do, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper be stamped with any new or additional or other Stamp or Stamps, directing such Duties as the Person or Persons requesting the same shall require, the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be given paying the Difference in Amount (if any) between the Stamps which shall have been first impressed or marked on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and such Stamps as shall be so required to be impressed or marked on the same.

XL.III. And be it further enacted, That upon Proof on Oath or solemn Affirmation (if by a Quaker) made before the said Commissioners, or any of them, or before any inferior Officer by them as that Behalf appointed, (and which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby empowered to administer,) to the Satisfaction of such Commissioner or Officer, that any Deed or Instrument written or printed upon any stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, hath not been executed or signed by any Party or Parties, or that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath not been used for any of the Purposes for which the same was or were intended, and that the Person making such Affidavit or Affirmation hath not, nor hath any other Person on his Account, received, and that such Person will not receive any Money or other Consideration for the Stamp thereon, and that the said Stamp or Stamps is or are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and have or hath been paid for by such Person to the full Amount of the Duty thereon, and that such Person will be a Lender to such Amount unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in his stead; and upon the Person or Persons who shall produce such Proof delivering such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper received unto for Use as aforesaid, and delivering at the same time a like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be stamped, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked with the several and respective Dates stamped, marked or impressed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be received unto for Use, or with any other Dates which may be required, the Person so requiring the same first paying the Difference of the Amount (if any): Provided always, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so stamped, shall be brought to the Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in Dublin within six Calendar months next after the same shall have been so stamped or written upon, if the same shall belong to any Person or Persons resident in Dublin, or within Two Miles of the City of Dublin, or within Twelve Calendar months after the same shall have been so stamped or written upon, if such Stamps shall belong to Persons resident elsewhere: Provided also, that the said Commissioners, or any Officer under their Authority, shall not be required or obliged to impress on any Paper, Parchment or Vellum to be brought any Stamp or Mark which shall then be confined to Paper having the Water Mark of the said Stamp Office.

XL.IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of any such Stamps as shall have been used for or upon any Proclamations or Ecclesiastical Benefices which shall not be followed by Indultation; or for or upon any Instruments which shall have been signed by any Party or Parties, but which shall have been afterwards found to be absolutely void in Law from the Beginning, or which by reason of any Error or Mistake therein shall have been afterwards found void for the Purpose originally intended, or which by reason of the Death of any Person whose Signature shall have been necessary therein without having signed the same, or by reason of the Refusal of any such Person to sign the same cannot be completed: In as to effect the Transition in the Form proposed, or which for want of the Signature of some material and necessary Party shall have in fact become incomplete and insufficient for the Purpose intended, or which by reason of the Refusal of any Person to act under the same, or by the Refusal or Nonacceptance of any Office or Trust thereby granted shall have failed of their intended Purpose, or which for want of Instrument within the time required by Law shall have become null and void, or which shall have become obsolete in consequence of the Transition therein mentioned being effected by some other Instrument or Instruments duly stamped, so that the Instrument for which an Allowance of Stamps shall be claimed, in any of the cases aforesaid, shall be delivered up to the said Commissioners to be cancelled; and provided the Applicants for the Relief which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give shall be made within Six Calendar months after the Date of the Instrument in question, except where the same shall have become void for want of Instrument within Six Calendar months from the Date, and in those cases within Six Calendar months next after the same shall become void; and except where the same shall have been first struck, and in those cases within six Calendar months after the same shall have been received back; and provided no Action shall have been brought or suit commenced in which such Instrument could or would have been given or offered in Evidence; and provided all the Fees upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be duly proved by Oath (or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers) to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners.

XLV. And

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of all such Stamps as shall have been used for any Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, which shall have been signed by or on the behalf of the Drawers thereof, but which shall not have been delivered out of their Hands to the Payees thereof, or to any Person on their behalf, or deposited with any Person as a Security for the Payment of Money, or any way negotiated, issued, or put in Circulation, or made use of in any other manner whatsoever; and which Bills of Exchange shall not have been accepted by the Drawers, or tendered for such Acceptance; provided that such Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes shall be brought for Allowance and be delivered up to the said Commissioners, at their Stamp Office in Dublin, to be cancelled within six Calendar months next after the Date of such Bills and Notes, or after the signing of the same, if they shall not bear Date; and provided all the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorised to give Relief shall be fully proved by Oath (or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers) to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to make such Rules and Regulations, and to require Affidavits (or solemn Affirmations in the case of Quakers) of all such Facts and Circumstances, in regard to the Allowance of Stamps in all or any of the cases aforesaid, as they shall in their Discretion judge necessary or expedient for the Purpose of preventing Frauds and Evasions, such Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or before any Officer to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, and such Officers are hereby respectively authorised to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person hath engraved or written at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in Ireland, or shall at any time hereafter engrave or write, or cause to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper any of the matters or things for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the time of such Writing or Engraving was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty (save and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Banks, or other Person or Persons) before such time as the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath been or shall be marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as was or shall be by Law required for the same, or hath or have engraved or written the same, or caused the same to be engraved or written, or shall engrave or write the same, or cause the same to be engraved or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper not stamped with any Duty, or stamped or marked for any lower Duty than the Duty payable at the time, in respect of what hath been or shall be so engraved or written thereon, then and in every such case there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Remainder or the whole of the Amount of the Duty (as the case may be) to be payable by Law for every such Debt, Instrument or Writing, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Execution of such Debt, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty, or Remainder of Duty, payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, or Remainder of Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Debt, Instrument or Writing respectively.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person hath engraved or written, at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in Ireland, or shall at any time hereafter engrave or write, or cause to be engraved or written, any of the matters or things for which Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the time of such Writing or Engraving was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Mark, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons (other than such Person or Persons who shall have engraved or written, or caused to be engraved or written, or shall engrave or write or cause to be engraved or written, any such matter or thing upon any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp, knowing such Stamp to be forged or counterfeited, and other than such Person who shall have supplied any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or shall have caused the same to be imprinted with any such counterfeit Stamp or Mark,) to bring such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the Stamp Office in Dublin, to be stamped with the Stamps or Marks denoting the Duty payable by Law thereon, and there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Amount of such Duty as is payable by Law, for every such Debt, Instrument or Writing, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Execution of such Debt, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty to be payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Debt, Instrument or Writing respectively; provided also that if it shall be made to appear by Testimony on Oath to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Stamps, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having any such counterfeit Stamp or Stamp thereon, and wherein any such Matter shall have been so engraved or written, was brought with such Stamp thereon, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or from any Distributor or Sub Distributor of Stamps, or from any Person licensed to sell Stamps, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, if they shall think proper so to do, to order the same respectively to be duly stamped with Stamps of the same Description and Amount without the Payment of any Stamp Duty or Penalty whatsoever.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That when any Instrument (save and except a Bill or Note of any Inhabitant Banker or Banks, or other Person or Persons) shall have been engraved or written on Parchment, Vellum, or

Stamps may be given in lieu of Stamps used for Bills of Exchange and Notes not delivered out.

Regulations to be made in relation to the Allowance of Stamps.

Writing any Deeds, &c. before duty stamped.

Penalty.

On certain Pay ment made, Inhabitant receive proper Stamp.

Persons un lawfully using a forged Stamp, proving that it was brought to the Stamp Office, &c. may have the whole amount properly stamped, on making certain Payments.

proper Stamp, brought to Stamp Office within Duty Days, Commissions, Orders may remain Penalty and each there to be properly Stamped.

Instruments to be stamped out of Ireland may be stamped within certain Periods, without Payment of additional Duty.

Commissions may provide Provisions for making Paper marked with the Words "Stamp Office" visible in the Substances thereof.

Persons not authorized, making or using Paper marked with the Words "Stamp Office," &c.

or writing.

Falsely.

Writing in or over the Stamp that they may not be altered by any other Hand.

Penalty.

Payment of duties to Public Officers required by Stamped Papers.

or Paper, not duly stamped, and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon Oath or Affirmation or otherwise, that the same hath happened either by Accident or Inadvertency, or from urgent Necessity or unavoidable Circumstances, and without any Intention in any Party to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duty chargeable upon such Instruments, then and in any of the said cases, if such Instrument fall, within Sixty Days from the First Execution thereof, be brought to the Stamp Office in the City of Dublin, to be stamped, and the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument shall be paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think proper so to do, to remit any Penalty payable on stamping such Instrument or any Part thereof so executed without being stamped, and to cause such Instrument to be stamped with the proper Stamp; and every Person concerned in executing any such Instrument or executing the same shall be thereupon exempt from all Penalties on account thereof.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, and they are hereby authorized to stamp any Instrument executed out of Ireland, upon Payment of the Stamp Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time when such Instrument shall be required to be so stamped, without Payment of any Additional Duty or Penalty, within the Space of Six Calendar months from the First Execution thereof respectively, in case of the same being so executed in any Part of the United Kingdom, or within the Space of Two Years from the First Execution thereof, in case of the same being so executed in any Part out of the United Kingdom, Proof being first made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Instrument was executed out of Ireland, and in the United Kingdom, or out of the United Kingdom, as the case may be, and within the times aforesaid respectively.

L.I. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, if they shall think proper so to do, to provide Moulds or Frames for the making of Paper, to be used for any Instrument or Instruments for which Stamps shall be required, and which shall be usually written on Paper, and for which they shall think proper to provide such Paper, and that such Moulds and Frames shall be so constructed as that the Words "Stamp Office," either alone or with such Figures as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think proper, shall be visible in the Substance of such Paper, and to cause such Paper to be made by such Person or Persons as shall be for that Purpose authorized and appointed by the said Commissioners under Hand and Seal.

L.II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person not being an Officer, Workman, Servant or Agent for the time being of the said Commissioners of Stamps, and authorized and appointed by them for that Purpose for the time being, shall make or use, or cause or procure to be made or used, or knowingly aid or assist in making or using, or, without being authorized and appointed as aforesaid, shall knowingly have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused, any Frame, Mould or Instrument for the making of Paper in the Substance whereof the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words would be visible, or in the Substance whereof any Device or Distinction would be visible previous to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall from time to time be used by the Commissioners of Stamps as aforesaid; or shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or assist in making any Paper in the Substance whereof there shall be visible the said Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any such Device or Distinction previous to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall be so used by the said Commissioners of Stamps; or if any Person, not being authorized or appointed as aforesaid, shall knowingly have in his or her Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused, any Paper whatsoever in the Substance whereof there shall be visible the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any Device or Distinction previous to and appearing in the Substance of Paper so from time to time used by the said Commissioners; or if any Person, not being authorized or appointed as aforesaid, shall by any Art, Device, Mystery or Contrivance cause or procure, or knowingly aid or assist in causing or procuring to appear in the Substance of any Paper whatsoever the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any such Device or Distinction previous to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall be so used by the said Commissioners of Stamps, every Person so offending in any of the said cases, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for such Offence be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the term of his or her Life.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That all matters and things in respect whereof any of the said Stamp Duties shall be payable, shall be written or printed or written and printed in such manner (and if printed or written in Part or entirely before being stamped shall be so stamped) that some Part of the Writing or Printing thereof shall be so the Stamps or Marks which shall in pursuance of any Act or Acts then in force be placed on the Vellum or Parchment or Paper thereof, and such Writing or Printing shall from thence be so continued in the usual Form of writing, printing or engraving Words or Writings, so that no blank Space shall be left whereby such Stamps might be made applicable to any other Document or Instrument whatsoever, upon Pain that the Person who shall so write, engrave or print or stamp, or cause to be written, engraved or printed or stamped, any such Writing, matter or thing contrary to the true Intent and meaning hereof, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

L.IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Public Officer shall in any case be entitled to or be allowed Credits in Account either by the Commissioners of Civil or Military Accounts, or in any other way, or on any Occasion whatsoever, for any Sum or Sums whatsoever as paid to or for the Use of any Public Officer, Servant or Professor, for or on account of any Salary, Profit, Emolument, Fee, Reward or Pension, unless such Payment shall be vouched by a Receipt for the same duly stamped, where a Stamp shall be required by Law.

L.V. And

LV. And be it further enacted, That no Playing Cards or Dice shall be uttered, vendid, sold, or exposed to Sale, or played with, or shall be kept by any Person with Intent to utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale, or play with the same, which shall not be duly fringed, marked and stamped respectively, according to Law, upon Pain that every Person who shall utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale, or knowingly play with, or have in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, any such Cards or Dice which shall not be so fringed, marked or stamped, shall forfeit for every such Pack of Cards, or for every such Die so uttered, vendid, sold or exposed to Sale, or played with, or so in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, the Sum of Two Pounds.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall engrave, write or print, or cause to be engraved, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any Instrument, Writing or thing for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper ought, according to the Laws which shall be then in force, to have a Stamp or Mark denoting the Payment of any Stamp Duty, or shall utter, alien, accept, receive or knowingly have in his or her Possession, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having such Instrument, Writing, matter or thing engraved, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed thereon, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper being then not duly marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as shall be by Law required for such Instrument, Writing, matter or thing, at the cost of so engraving, writing or printing the same, or being marked or stamped for any lower Duty or Duties than the Duty or Duties which shall be then by Law payable thereon in respect of the matter or thing so engraved, written or printed thereon, or being marked or stamped with any Mark or Stamp which shall have been previously used for any other Purpose, such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case any Person or Persons shall at any time file or cause to be filed in any Court of Law or Equity any Pleading, Affidavit or other Proceeding, matter or thing whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, and there shall not be any time expressly allowed by Law for stamping the same after the filing thereof, and that such Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, matter or thing shall not at the time of filing thereof be duly stamped, then and in every such case every Person who shall so file the same, or cause the same to be filed, and also every Officer of such Court who shall receive the same, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case any Clerk, Officer or other Person, who in respect of any Office or Employment is or shall be entitled or entrusted to make, engrave or write any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, which shall be then chargeable with a Stamp Duty under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which shall be then existing or in force in Ireland, or to file any Process, or to file any Proceedings, or to do any Act in the Execution of his Office with respect to any Article, matter or thing chargeable with any such Duty, shall be guilty of any Fraud, Practice or Neglect, by means whereof His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may be defrauded of any such Duty by making, engraving or writing any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, or by causing the same to be made, engraved or written upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not duly marked or stamped according to such Laws or Law as shall be then existing and in force, or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped with any Mark, Stamp or Imperfection, which he shall know to be counterfeit, or by engraving or writing any such Record, Deed, Instrument or other Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be marked or stamped for a lower Duty than the Duty which shall be then by Law payable for the same, or by neglecting to do any thing required by him to be done in the Execution of his Office, or by doing any thing contrary to the Duty of his Office in relation to any Stamp Duty or Duties, that then and in every such case, such Clerk, Officer or Person be guilty of any such Fraud, Practice or Neglect shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, on which any such Stamp is or shall be by Law charged and made payable by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall, contrary to the true Intent and meaning of the Act, be written or engraved by any Person or Persons whatsoever, not being a known Clerk or Officer who in respect of any Office or Employment is or shall be entitled to the making, writing or engraving the same upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not marked or stamped according to Law, or shall be written or engraved upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked or stamped for a lower Duty than is by Law payable thereon, (except under the Rules, Regulations and Directions in this Act contained,) then and in every such case there shall be due and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, once and above the Stamp Duty charged and payable thereon by Law, the Sum of Ten Pounds; and no such Entry, Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be pleaded or given in Evidence in any Court, or admitted in any Court, or by any Person, to be good, valid or available in Law or in Equity, until as well such Stamp Duty, as the said Sum of Ten Pounds, shall be first paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and a Receipt produced for the same, under the Hand or Hands of some Officer appointed to receive the Duties of Stamps, not used the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, on which such Record, Entry, Deed or Instrument or Writing shall be written or made, shall be marked or stamped with the proper Stamp or Mark to denote the Duty payable thereon; and the proper Officer or Officers are hereby required and required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty and the Sum of Ten Pounds unto him or them, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark or stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp proper for such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer in any Court or Public Office in Ireland, who shall usually act in Person in such matters, and the known Deputy of any Officer who shall not usually so act, in whose Office any Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, matter or thing shall have been received, shall, as to the Purposes of this Act, be deemed and taken to have received the same; and that every Clerk, Officer, or other Person so appointed, who shall make, engrave or write, or cause to be made, engraved or written, any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked or stamped with any

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Mark,

Cash and Time
expended in Sale
to be duly
Stampd.

Pendency
Provisions not to
expunge, or have
in them a Defect-
tion, Instruments
without the
proper Stamp

Pendency.
Law Proceedings
not to be filed
without the
proper Stamp.

Pendency.
Officers entitled
of to make Pro-
ceedings, de-
fracting the
Revenue

Pendency.
Such Records,
Sec. where only
the proper Per-
sons can receive
Officers to pay a
certain Sum be-
hind the Duty.

Officer on Pay-
ment, &c. of
Duty and not to
give a Receipt.

Officers in
Courts or Offices
engrossing Re-
cords, or in
consequence of
Stamps, deemed
to have known

the same, which they
may prove they
were bought at
the Stamp Office,
Sec.

Ending Duty
by Rubbing
There, unless
Manner, taking
off Stamps.

Pensley
Duty included
in Stamp
Duty.

Continues of
Duty being paid
to be printed
on Advertisements,
Attorneys, &c.
appearing for Ad-
mission.

Persons issuing
such Certificates
to keep Books.

Full Notice
to be given to
the Stamp Office
in 1816.

Copy of Regis-
ter of Chan-
cery.

Apprentices to
Attorneys, &c. to
be taken like Cer-
tificates of De-
fendants being born
in 1816.

Admission, Ad-
mission, &c. not
printed on all
which shall
Necessary written
to be kept by

Mark, or Stamp, or Superscription which shall be counterfeited, shall, in any Proceeding for the Recovery of the Penalty in that respect also provided, be deemed and taken to have known such Mark, Stamp or Superscription to be counterfeited, unless he shall prove that the same was bought at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or at the Office of some Distributor or Sub-Distributor of Stamps, or in the Office or Shop of a Person duly licensed to sell Stamps.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, for the Purpose of evading any of the Stamp Duties which shall at any time be payable under any Act or Acts then in force be *fraudently*, execute any Ransomed Instrument without a Date, or bearing Date prior to such Execution thereof, or shall fraudulently erase or scrape out, or cause to be erased or scraped out the Name or Names of any Person or Persons, or any Date, Item or thing expressed or written in such Instrument, matter or thing as aforesaid, or if any Person shall fraudulently cut, tear or take off any Mark or Stamp from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or any Part thereof, with Intention to attach such Mark or Stamp for any other Writing, matter or thing in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, then and in every of the said cases every Person is adjudged shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and any Deed, Instrument or Writing, whereas any of the said Forfeits shall have been committed in order to make the same appear to be duly Ransomed shall be deemed not to have been duly Ransomed; provided nevertheless, that if any Deed or Instrument shall have been duly executed by any of the Parties thereto, on the Day when the same bears Date, such Deed or Instrument may be lawfully executed at any time afterwards by the other Parties thereto, or any of them, notwithstanding any intervening Change in the Stamp Duty or Duties payable as such Deed or Instrument, if the same shall have been duly stamped at the time of such prior Execution thereof, and such Deed or Instrument shall, in such case, be deemed to be duly Ransomed.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person who shall apply to be sworn or admitted an Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer in any Court in Ireland, in respect of whole Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable; or a Student in the King's Inns, or to the Degree of a Barrister in the said King's Inns, shall, previous to being so sworn or admitted, produce and deliver to the proper Officer, to whom he shall apply to be so admitted, a Certificate, signed under the Hand or Hands of some Person appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, stating that such Person has paid such Duty as shall be then by Law payable on or in respect of such Admission, and stating the Amount of such Duty; which Certificate shall remain in the Custody of such Officer, to be used and disposed of as hereinafter mentioned; and that every such Officer, shall keep Two Books, in each of which the Names of all Persons who, after the Commencement of this Act, shall be admitted by him as aforesaid, together with the Amount of the Stamp Duty paid by or for such Person, according to such Certificate, shall be fairly written in due and regular Order; and such Officer shall, Four times in every Year, on the Second Monday in January, the Second Monday in April, the Second Monday in July, and the Second Monday in October, deliver or cause to be delivered, between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon and Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Stamp Office in Dublin, if such Admission shall take place in the County or County of the City of Dublin, to such Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps, and if such Admission shall take place in any other Part of Ireland, then to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Admission shall take place, at the Office of such Distributor, one of the said Books, with the Names of all Persons so admitted, and the Sums paid by them as aforesaid, to be written therein, together with all the said Certificates so delivered by the several Persons, if any, who shall have been so admitted in the Quarter of a Year ending on the Quarter Day preceding the Delivery of such Book; and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit to the Stamp Office in Dublin every such Book, together with the Certificate so delivered to him thereunto; and every such Book, which shall be so delivered or so transmitted to the said Stamp Office in Dublin, shall be forthwith examined by an Officer appointed for that Purpose, and shall be compared with the Certificates accompanying the same; and if they shall be found to agree, then such Officer shall certify at the Foot or the Names then entered in such Book, the Number of Admissions appearing therein for the last Quarter, and that the proper Stamp Duty has been paid thereon; and thereupon such Books shall be stamped with One or more Stamp or Stamps denoting the Payment of such Duty, and shall be returned without any unnecessary Delay to the proper Officer of such Court.

LX. And be it further enacted, That in the Court of Chancery the proper Officer for keeping such Books, and for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be the Registrar of the said Court or his Deputy.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be bound as Apprehtice to any Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, in Ireland, shall in like manner obtain from some Person appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps a written Certificate of having paid the Duty which shall be by Law payable on such Indenture of Apprenticeship at the time of executing the same, which Certificate shall be lodged with the proper Officer of the Court in which such Indenture shall be executed, or of the Court or One of the Courts to which the Matter of such Apprenticeship shall belong, or in case of Notaries, with the Registrar of the Court of Probate; and the Officer or Officers of such Court is and are hereby required to take charge of and keep such Certificate, in that the same may and shall be produced and read in open Court before any such Person shall be admitted to be an Attorney, Proctor or Notary, and shall be produced to a Master of the Court of Chancery in Ireland before any such Person shall be admitted and sworn a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery as aforesaid.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person in respect of whole Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable shall be capable of professing or acting as an Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer in any Court whatsoever in Ireland, nor admitted to the Privilege of a Student, or to sit as a Barrister, reader or by virtue of any Admission made after the Commencement of this Act, nor shall any such Admission be valid or effectual, unless he shall appear to be written in the said Books required by this Act to be kept

to shewfiled, or in fact of them as full from time to time he is the Possessor of. His proper Officer, and shall be duly stamped as shewfiled; and that no such Officer shall deliver the same Book in Two successive Quarters, but that one of the said Books shall be delivered as shewfiled in January and in July, and the other of the said Books in April and October. In as much as the said Books as shall from time to time remain in the Hands of the proper Officer shall appear to have been inspected and stamped at the Stamp Office in its Turn.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Books shall be kept in as agree as ready as possible with such other, and that whenever any such Book shall be returned from the Stamp Office a shewfiled to the proper Officer, such Officer shall forthwith cause to be fairly and regularly entered therein the Names of all Persons admitted while such Book was out of his Possession, so as to correspond in that respect with the other of the said Books which remained in his Possession; and if any such Officer shall neglect or omit to so deliver or enter to be delivered any such Book as shewfiled, together with such Certificates conformable thereto, at the times and in manner hereinbefore required, or shall omit to make an Entry of any Admission in any such Book as shewfiled, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if such Officer shall willfully deface or destroy any such Book, or make any false Entry therein, or shall, without the Order of the Court or other competent Authority, erase or alter any Entry therein, or shall knowingly permit or suffer any of the said matters to be done, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That an Attorney shall practise in his own Name or in the Name of any other Attorney, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, or in any Court of Record whatsoever in Ireland, in which Attorneys are admitted, except only in such Court or Courts in which he shall actually have been admitted and sworn as Attorney, on Pain of the Person so practising being rendered incapable of being sworn or practising as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in Ireland; and every Attorney who shall so practise in any Court in which he shall not have been admitted and sworn as Attorney, shall be disabled from recovering the Costs of any Proceedings carried on by him in any Court.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That every Person admitted, sworn, enrolled and registered as a Solicitor or Attorney, or as a Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in any of His Majesty's Courts in Dublin, or in any Ecclesiastical Court or in any Court of Admiralty in Ireland, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings or more, shall annually, before he shall commence, carry on or defend any Action, Suit or Proceeding whatsoever in any of the said Courts, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to some Officer or Officers appointed by them for that Purpose at the Stamp Office in Dublin, a Paper or Note in Writing, containing the Name and usual Place of Residence of such Person, and stating whether he has been so admitted Three Years or not; and thereupon and upon Payment of the Duties which shall then be by Law imposed on him as such Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, according to the time he has been admitted, as stated in such Paper or Note in Writing, every such Person shall be entitled to a Certificate duly stamped, to denote the Payment of the said Duty by him, delivering him in such Certificate, according to the Description contained in the said Note so given in by him, who is Certificate the said Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by them for that Purpose, shall cause to be immediately filed under the Hand and Name of the proper Officer, in such manner and Form as the said Commissioners shall devise.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate issued to any Solicitor or Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, under the Direction of this Act, shall bear Date on the Day on which the same shall be issued, and shall commence and be of force on and from the Day of issuing the same, or on and from the Sixth Day of January next following, according as the Person obtaining the same shall desire, and every such Certificate shall cease and determine on the Sixth Day of January next after the Day on which the same shall be commenced and be of force.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That every annual Certificate to be obtained as shewfiled shall be produced in every Court in which the Person described therein shall be admitted, enrolled, sworn or registered, to some Officer or Officers of the said Court, to be appointed for that Purpose by the Judges of the said Courts respectively, before such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall be permitted to practise as shewfiled, and every such Officer to be so appointed shall, and he is hereby required from time to time upon the Production of such annual Certificate duly stamped, and upon the Payment of the Fee of One Shilling, to enter in its Order alphabetically the Name of the Person described in such annual Certificate, together with the Place of such his Residence, and the time he has been admitted as shewfiled, and the Date of such annual Certificate, and for what time the same is to be in force, in a Book or Roll to be prepared for that Purpose in all such Books or Rolls in the said Courts respectively, all Persons shall and may at all reasonable times have free Access without Fee or Reward.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall, in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, for or on any Writ or Process, or commission, prosecute, carry on or defend any Action or Suit or any Proceeding as an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of the Courts shewfiled, without having obtained such annual Certificate which shall be then in force, or without having caused the matters therein directed to be entered in such Court in such manner as hereinbefore is directed, or shall deliver in to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to the Officer to be appointed by them for the Purpose of issuing, granting or registering such annual Certificate, any false or fictitious Place of Residence, or any false or fictitious Statement of his having been admitted as Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, or of the time when he shall have been so admitted, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be and is hereby made incapable to maintain or prosecute any Action or Suit in any Court of Law or Equity, for the Recovery of any Pen, Reward or Disbursement, on account of prosecuting, carrying on or defending any such Action, Suit or Proceeding.

the proper Officer
and for making
Certificates.

Duty of Officer
in keeping such
Books.

Penalty.
Fifty, &c.

Penalty.
According to
provisions only in
the Court in
which admitted

Attorneys, &c. to
deliver annually
at Stamp Office,
a Note of Resi-
dence and
stating whether
they have been
admitted Three
Years or not,
and on paying
Duty entered as
Certificates.

Such Certificates
to have full
Effect January.

Annual Certifi-
cates to be pro-
duced in Court
and entered in a
Book.

Fee.

Access to Book
Book, &c. with-
out Fee.

No Attorney,
&c. to carry on
any Proceeding
in any Court
without such
annual Certificate
being obtained
and entered.

Penalty.

Proof of Attorney's ability in Court.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, or Procurator, in whose Name, either singly or together with that of any other Person or Persons, any Writ or Process shall be sued out, or any Affidavit, Suit or Proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended in any of the said Courts, shall on any Trial or Hearing whatsoever for or relating to any Penalty or other matter under this Act, or any Act or Acts in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of Stamp Duties, be deemed and taken to have so sued out such Writ or Process, or so have so commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended such Action, Suit or Proceeding, unless previous to such Trial or Hearing such Writ, Process, or Proceeding shall have been so filed by the Court on Examination into the Facts on Oath (which such Court is hereby required to do in such case,) and not by Counsel as having been so sued out, commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended without the Direction, Privity or Permission of the Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in whose Name such Writ or Process shall be sued out, or such Action, Suit or Proceeding shall have been commenced, carried on or defended.

Officer returning Writ to bailor on a Writ of any Attorney which has been obtained by the Defendant.

Penalty.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer of any Court whatsoever shall suffer any Writ or Process to be issued or sued out, or any Action or Suit to be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended, or any Proceeding had or taken in or from his Office in the Name of any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, either singly or together with any other Person or Persons, unless such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall have previously obtained such annual Certificate as aforesaid, which shall be then in force, and shall have caused the matters therein stated to be entered in such Court as aforesaid, and if any such Officer shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of such Penalty to prove that any such Officer was himself personally concerned in any of the matters aforesaid, but it shall be sufficient that such Officer was committed in his Office or Department.

Appearance in Defendant's in Chancery entered by Registrar.

Fee to Registrar and Officer in other Courts where Appearance is entered.

Penalty.

Compensation and Emolument to be paid only by certain Persons obtaining Certificate.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Appearance of or for any Defendant or Defendants in the Court of Chancery in Ireland shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, in a Book to be there kept for that Purpose; and that any Appearance in any other Office, or in any other manner, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that such Registrar, in all the proper Office in whose Office any such Appearance shall be entered in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or in any of the Courts of Common Law or Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland, shall for every such Appearance receive the Sum of Five pence, and no more, and shall thereupon without further Charge give a Certificate of such Appearance, which Certificate shall be annexed to and filed, together with the Plea, Answer, Plea, Demurrer, or other Pleading of what nature or kind forever, which shall be therewith put in in such Court by or on behalf of the Party to appearing; and if any such Answer, Plea, Demurrer or other Pleading shall be filed without having such Certificate annexed thereto, then any Officer receiving or filing the same shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Provided the Person drawing Writ, or

Memorandum of Petition in the Court of Chancery to be entered in Registrar's Office.

Penalty.

Memorandum of Petition in the Court of Exchequer to be entered in Plaintiff's Office.

Penalty.

Memorandum of Petition in the Court of Exchequer to be entered in Plaintiff's Office.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall, for or in Expectation of any Fee, Gain or Reward, directly or indirectly, draw or prepare any Conveyance of or deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity, other than and except Scriveners at Law and Notaries, and also Solicitors, Attorneys, Notaries, Proctors or Procurators, having obtained regular Certificates as such, and Persons having taken out the Certificates mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, for drawing or preparing any of the said matters in Expectation of any Fee or Reward, and other than and except Persons fully employed to engross any Deed, Instrument or other Proceedings not drawn or prepared by themselves and for their own Account respectively, and other than and except public Officers drawing or preparing Official Instruments applicable to their respective Offices and in the course of their Duty, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person or Persons drawing or preparing any Writ or other Testimonial Paper, or any Agreement not under Seal, or any Letter of Attorney.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That a Memorandum of every Petition to or in the Court of Chancery, or to the Lord Chancellor, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal in Ireland, in any Cause or matter whatsoever, shall, before delivering the same to the Secretary of the Lord Chancellor or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, or to the Person then acting as such Secretary, or on his behalf, be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, for which Entry such Registrar shall receive a Fee of One Shilling, and no more; and such Registrar shall thereupon certify at the Foot of such Petition that the same is so entered; and if such Secretary, or any Person acting as or on behalf of such Secretary, shall receive any such Petition without such Certificate at the Foot thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and any Order made on such Petition shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That a Memorandum of any Petition to or to the Court of Exchequer in Ireland shall, before delivering the same to the proper Officer of the said Court, be entered in the Office of the Plaintiff in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, for which Entry such Plaintiff shall receive a Fee of One Shilling and no more; and such Plaintiff shall thereupon certify at the Foot of such Petition that the same is so entered; and if such Officer, or any Person acting as or on behalf of such Officer, shall receive any such Petition without such Certificate at the Foot thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and any Order made on such Petition shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That for the entering of any such Petition in either of the said Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, or for any Attendance for the Purpose of such Entry, no Charge whatsoever shall be made by any Sir Clerk, Attorney or Solicitor, nor shall any Sum be received for the same, save only the Amount of the Duty actually paid thereon.

LXXVI. And

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Six Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney or Solicitor, or any Proctor as any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court in Ireland, or any other Person whatsoever, shall charge to or receive from the Plaintiff or Defendant, Promisor or Impugner in any Suit, or in or from any other Person whatsoever on any Occasion, the Amount of any Stamp Duty, and shall not have actually made use of, or filed, or filed the Warrant, Writ, Motion, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding for which such Charge shall be made or such Amount shall be received, duly stamped with the Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time of so doing, Usage or Usage the same, such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person shall charge to or receive from any Plaintiff or Defendant, Promisor or Impugner or other Person, any Sum as a fee for the Call, Expence or Charge of or for any Warrant, Writ, Motion, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding, every such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person, shall be deemed and taken to have included in such Charge, and to have thereby charged to or received from such Person the Amount of the proper Stamp Duty on such Warrant, Writ, Motion, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding.

Charging Stamp Duty not netting Proceeding for which Charge is made.

Penalty

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Bill of Costs shall be taxed in any of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery or Exchequer in Ireland, in which there shall be any Charge or Charges for drawing or for engrossing on Parchment any Bills, Answers or other Equity Pleadings in the said Courts respectively, which shall be engrossed or written or filed in either of the said Courts, the Officer who shall tax such Bill of Costs shall tax the Charges for drawing and engrossing such Bills, Answers and other Pleadings respectively, so as not to exceed the usual Charge by the Siks, according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on such Pleadings respectively; and such Officer, if the Bill of Costs to be taxed be in a Cause in the Court of Chancery, shall signify at the Foot of such Bill of Costs that the Number and Amount of the Stamps appearing on the Pleadings mentioned therein hath been certified to him by the Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or his Deputy; and if such Bill of Costs be in a Cause in the Court of Exchequer, the Officer who shall tax the same shall signify at the Foot of such Bill that he hath inspected the Engrossments of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs; and in case such Officer respectively who shall tax such Bill of Costs as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to apply to the Clerk of the Rolls for such Certificate as aforesaid, or to inspect the Engrossments of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs, or shall neglect or refuse to tax the Charges for drawing or engrossing such Bills, Answers or other Pleadings in manner heretofore directed respectively, every such Officer so neglecting or refusing respectively as aforesaid shall forfeit for every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Ten Pounds; and in case the Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or his Deputy, shall neglect or refuse to inspect the Number and Amount of Stamps appearing on every such Pleading as aforesaid, or to certify the same to the proper Officer of such Court, upon being applied to by him for that Purpose, or if any of the Officers aforesaid shall certify any thing falsly, such Master or Keeper of the Rolls, or his Deputy or other Officer, shall for every such Neglect or Refusal, or Falshood, forfeit in like manner the Sum of Ten Pounds; which said several Forfeitures, together with the Costs of recovering the same, shall be enforced in a summary way upon Motion by Order of the said Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, upon Complaint made to them respectively against any Officer who shall be guilty of any such Neglect, Refusal or Falshood, and shall cease to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

Taxing of Bills of Costs, how to be proceeded in.

Officer offending.

Penalty. Master or the Clerk or Deputy neglecting, &c. to inspect Amount of Stamps and certify same. Penalty.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Stamp Duties and Duty which shall be payable for and in respect of any Office Copy of any Private Act of Parliament, or of any Bill, Answer, or other Pleading, Deposition or Depositions, Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Decree in any Court of Equity in Ireland, or of any Instrument of any Letters Patent, Grant, Deed or other Matter whatsoever, which is or shall be enrolled in the Rolls Office in Ireland, which shall be issued after the Commencement of this Act, shall be paid and payable in manner hereinafter mentioned, and so other; that is to say, such Office Copy shall be written on Paper not stamped with any Stamp whatsoever, and when and as soon as the same shall be ready for Authentication or Delivery respectively, the proper Officer for attesting or delivering out the same respectively shall cause the same respectively to be carried to the Stamp Office, and there delivered to such Clerk or Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps; and thereupon such Person shall carefully examine every such Office Copy respectively, and shall certify on the Back thereof respectively the Amount of the Stamp Duty then payable by Law thereon respectively, and the Double Stamp Duty to be payable in the case of Office Copies of any Deposition or Depositions if the same shall be required, and also the Number of Sheets, Sheets or Writs in every such Office Copy respectively, and in respect whereof such Stamp or Stamps or Double Stamps shall be so marked, and shall, in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, make Entry thereof to remain in the said Stamp Office, and the Amount of such Stamp Duty shall and may be thereupon paid to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties by the Officer or Person producing such Office Copy at the Stamp Office, and the said Receiver General shall give a Certificate of such Payment, and upon the Delivery of such Certificate to the Person so appointed by the Commissioners of Stamps as aforesaid, he shall cause some Part or Parts of such Office Copy to be stamped with One or more Stamps, equal to the Amount of the Duty so paid, and shall then send the said Office Copy so stamped back to the proper Officer for attesting or delivering out any such Office Copy or Copies respectively.

Duty on Office Copies of Private Acts, &c. Bills, Pleadings, and Decrees in Chancery, and so Instruments, how to be paid.

Entry in Book kept in Stamp Office.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer of any such Court of Equity in Ireland shall neglect or neglect to send or carry any such Copy to the said Stamp Office, or to deliver or cause to be delivered the same to the Person who shall be so then appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or if any such Officer of such Court of Equity shall attest or permit to be attested or delivered out, or permit to be

Officer not sending such Office Copy to be stamped.

be delivered out any such Office Copy of any such Private Act of Parliament, Bill, Answer, Pleading, Deposition or Depositions, Interrogatory or Interrogatories, Decree or Inclosure, which shall not have been so duly stamped, every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That every such Officer of every Court of Equity in Ireland sitting in pursuance of this Act, shall be entitled to an Allowance at the Rate of One Pound Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds out of the Duty to be paid by him; and it shall not be lawful for any such Officer, or any Person employed by him, to ask, demand or receive any Fee, Profit or Reward, for or in consideration of any of the said matters so required by this Act to be done by him, or any other Benefit thereon whatsoever, save only the said Pro-centage; and if any such Officer or any Person employed by him or sitting on his behalf, in any of the said matters, shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Charge in any Bill of Costs for drawing, copying or engrossing any Deed or Deeds, executed after the Commencement of this Act, shall be taxed and allowed as to the exacted the usual Charge by the Skin, calculated according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper on which the Whole of such Deed or Deeds shall be respectively engrossed; and in order to enable the taxing Officer to tax any such Charge, there shall be produced to him, at the time of such Taxation, such and every such original Deed, or a Certificate of such Officers as shall be appointed for that Purpose, by the said Commissioners at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or of the Distributor of Stamps of the District in which such Deed shall have been executed, certifying that such Officer or Distributor hath inspected such Deed, and fixing the Number and Amount of the Stamp or Stamps actually appearing thereon, and giving in such Certificate such Description of such Deed as shall be sufficient to identify the same, for which Certificate every such Officer or Distributor shall be entitled to the Sum of Sixpence and no more; and if any such Officer or Distributor respectively shall refuse or neglect to grant such Certificate on Demand and Production of such Deed or Deeds, or shall certify any thing false therein, or if any such taxing Officer shall tax the Costs of drawing, copying or engrossing any such Deed in any other manner save as aforesaid, then and in any of the said cases every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the Charge to be made for engrossing any Bill, Answer or other Pleading in Equity, or any Deed, the whole Contents of which shall not amount to the number of Two thousand one hundred and forty Words.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of any Affidavit which shall be read in any Court whatever in Ireland shall be engrossed or written in such manner as that the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper shall not be deemed more than One Sheet, according to the manner in which the Officers of the Courts in which such Affidavits shall be respectively filed charge by the Sheet for such Affidavit; and if any Officer of any Court shall charge or demand for the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper on which any Copy of such Affidavit shall be written, more than the Fee to which he would be entitled for One Sheet, according to the Courts of the Court in which such Affidavit shall be filed, he shall for every such Charge so made or demanded forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, with Treble Costs of Suit.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That where more than One Side or Page of any Sheet of Paper shall be stamped or marked with the Duties which shall then be by Law charged on the Paper on which such Copy of an Affidavit shall be written, each Side or Page so marked or stamped shall be deemed a separate Sheet or Piece of Paper within the latest and meaning of this Act, and of every Act in force from time to time for the Imposing, Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty, unless the contrary shall be expressly declared.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Records, Writs, Pleadings and other Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity, and Ecclesiastical Courts, Courts of Admiralty, and all other Courts in Ireland, and all Office Copies thereof respectively, which shall from time to time be charged with any Stamp Duty, shall be engrossed or written in such manner as they usually have been accustomed to be written, save as is or may be otherwise provided by Law.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every attested Copy of any Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Deposition or Depositions in the Court of Chancery or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, shall be signed by the Examiners of the said Courts respectively, and every such Examiner shall fix and appoint in Writing at the Foot of every such attested Copy, whether the same is to be read by or on the Part of the Plaintiff or Plaintiff, or by or on the Part of the Defendant or Defendants in the Suit in which such Interrogatories or Depositions shall have been taken; and it shall not be lawful for any such Plaintiff to read or give in Evidence any Copy of such Interrogatories or Depositions which shall be so appointed to be read on behalf of any Defendant in such Suit, nor for any Defendant to read or give in Evidence any such Copy which shall be appointed to be so read on behalf of any Plaintiff or Complainant, unless the same respectively shall be stamped with a Second Set of Stamps equal to the First Stamps imposed thereon, say Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and every such Examiner shall give such attested Copy, doubly stamped, to any Party requiring the same, and offering to pay for the same the Amount of such Second Set of Stamps in addition to the usual Charge.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That as Depositions shall be entered as read on Behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendant respectively until the Officer entering the same shall have inspected the Copy from which the same was so read, and have seen that the same was either doubly stamped or duly appointed as aforesaid to be read for the Party to desiring to enter the same, and if any such Officer shall offend herein he shall

Penalty.
Allowance of
st. 10s. for
every such out
of the Duty paid
by such Officer.

In taxing Bills of
Costs to be
be subjected by
the proper Offi-
cer.

Certificate of
Officers.

Officers to certify
ing to great Cal-
amities.

Penalty.
Fines to be im-
posed on Pleaders or
Deeds.

Copies of Af-
fidavits read in
Court, how in
be reckoned.

Officers charging
twofold.

Penalty.
Every Side
stamped to be
deemed a Sepa-
rate Sheet.

Proceedings in
Courts to be
written in they
have been
usually ac-
customed.

Attested Copies
of Interrogatories
or Depositions
given in Evi-
dence on be-
half of any
Plaintiff or De-
fendant to be
doubly stamped.

Officers to certify
ing inspection of
such Copies.

shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; and if any Six Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney in the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, shall send on behalf of any Plaintiff any Copy so appointed to be read on the Part of any Defendant or Defendants, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, or shall send on behalf of any Defendant any Copy appointed to be read on the Part of any Plaintiff, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, any such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; provided nevertheless, that it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court that the Party failing to send any Copy of any such Depositions did *bona fide* take out a Copy of such Depositions duly stamped, but that the same had been lost or mislaid, it shall and may be lawful for such Court to order that the Copy of the opposite Party may be read, and thereupon such Copy shall and may be read and entered in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Copy so ordered to be read was doubly stamped.

Penalty.
Any Clerk, Att. sending Copy or Defendant not being doubly stamped.
Penalty.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in *Ireland* shall make out, send or deliver any Office Copy of any Pleading or Proceeding of any Nature or Kind whatever in such Court, such Office shall, in the Book in which Entry shall be made of such Pleading or Proceeding, mark in Figures the Number of Office Sheets of which such Copy shall consist, and shall in like manner mark on the Back of every such Copy the Number of Office Sheets contained therein; and if such Officer shall neglect or omit to do, he shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Office Copies to have the Number of Sheets marked on the Back.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act no Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or of any Public Office in *Ireland*, shall give or deliver, or cause or permit to be given or delivered to any Person or Persons whatsoever, any Copy or Extract of any Record, Pleading, Proceeding or Document filed or remaining in such Court or Office, save and except Copy or Extracts written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper duly stamped in such manner as shall be then by Law required for such Copy or Extract; and that no such Officer shall permit any Person whatsoever to write or take down in Writing any Copy of any such Pleading, Proceeding, Record or Document, unless such Person shall be write or take down the same on Paper, Parchment or Vellum duly stamped, in such manner as shall be then by Law required for an Office Copy; and if any such Officer shall give or deliver or send, or shall knowingly cause or permit to be given or delivered or send any such Copy or Extract, or permit any such Copy to be written as aforesaid contrary to the Direction of this Act, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Office giving a Copy or Extract of any Proceeding without the proper Stamp.

XC. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Person shall require that any Copy of any Record, Document, Proceeding, matter or thing whatsoever, which shall have been made and attested by the proper Officer of any Court, shall be again attested by the proper Officer, and in respect of which attested Copy any Stamp Duty shall be payable greater in Amount than was paid or payable at the time of such former Attestation, it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper Officer to agree to send such Copy of the same shall have thereon due and lawful Stamps to the Amount of the Duty payable thereon at the time of such Request, although any such Copy may have been before attested by the proper Officer for the time being, and although such Stamps, or any of them, shall have been on such Copy at the time of such former Attestation, and may have been the Stamps or Stamp in respect whereof such former Attestation was made, and every Copy so attested on Stamps to the proper Amount respectively shall be deemed to be duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes; and if any Copy of any such Record, Document, Proceeding, matter or thing, having any Stamps thereon, shall be brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin, to be further stamped, then and in every such case, if such Copy shall appear to have been previously attested, and to have had any Stamp or Stamps thereon at the time of such previous Attestation, such other and further Stamps shall be requested thereon as shall be required by the Person for bringing the same, such Person first paying the Amount of such Stamps; and in such case the Officers to whom the same shall be produced at the said Stamp Office shall draw a Line across such former Attestation, and shall write the Initials of his Name, and the Date of the Month and Year under the same, and thereupon such Copy shall never after be read or used by virtue of such Attestation, nor said such Copy shall be again attested by the proper Officer at any time subsequent to the time being so stamped; and if such Copy be to be brought to such Stamp Office shall not appear to have been previously attested, then such Stamp or Stamps as shall be required by the Person bringing the same shall be requested thereon, he or she first paying the Amount thereof; and if any such Officer as aforesaid shall inspect any Stamp on any such Copy so formerly attested, and shall not in manner aforesaid draw a Line across such Attestation and write his Initials under the same as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Copy of Proceedings requiring a second Attestation to have the proper Stamp.

Copy of Record, &c. being stamped and brought to the Stamp Office in Dublin to be further stamped.

Officer to draw a Line across former Attestation.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or Clerk belonging or that shall hereafter belong to the Court of King's Bench, Court of Common Pleas or Law Side of the Court of Exchequer, in *Ireland*, who shall sign any Writ or Process before Judgment, to arrest any Person or Persons thereupon, shall at the time of it being thereon set down upon such Writ or Process the Day and Year of signing the same, which shall be entered upon the Returnbooker's Roll or in the Book wherein the Abstract of such Writ or Process shall be entered, upon pain to forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of such Officer or Clerk as aforesaid.

Penalty.
Writs to send how to be entered.
Officer omitted.
Penalty.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That when any Person whatsoever shall desire to have any Judgment marked on any other Entry whatsoever made in or upon any Record, Book or Roll of any Court of Justice in *Ireland*, in respect of which Entry any Stamp Duty shall be payable, (save and except where a Certificate of having paid such Stamp Duty shall be required by Law, and shall be produced accordingly, such Person shall, save and above the Fee, if any, payable for such Entry of such Judgment or other matter, pay to the Officer

Officer to pay over Duty payable on Entries in Record, &c. of Courts of Justice.

Faint)

where he shall be required to make such Entry, the Amount of such Duty, and such Officer shall afterwards pay over such Duty in manner hereinafter mentioned; and if any such Officer shall make or suffer to be made any such Entry without Production of such Certificate, when required by Law, or without having received the Amount of such Stamp Duty thereon, where such Officer is to receive such Stamp Duty, such Officer shall be responsible for such Duty, and be bound to pay over the same in manner hereinafter provided, in the same manner in all respects as if he had actually received such Duty.

Duplicate Book
of Entries of
Judgments to be
kept.
Fee.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That any Officer who shall have the Custody of any Book wherein Judgments shall be entered in *Arrest*, shall keep and have a Duplicate of every such Book wherein all such Entries of Judgments shall be truly copied, and shall, in confirmation thereof, be entitled to have and receive from the Person entering any such Judgment, a Fee of Sixpence over and above all other Fees, if any, chargeable thereon.

Such Duplicate
Book of Entries
to be produced
on Court every
Term to be re-
spected by the
proper Officer.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of every Court of Justice which shall be held or shall sit in the County or County of the City of *Dublin*, having the legal Custody of the several Records, Rolls or Books belonging to such Court respectively or of any of them, wherein any such Entry wherever shall be made relating to the Rules or other Proceedings, Process or Judgments of such Courts, shall within Ten Days after the first Day of each and every Term, produce and bring every Duplicate Book of the Entry of Judgments required to be kept as hereinafter mentioned, and every original Record, Roll or Book of any of the said other Entries, to some Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, and every such Officer is hereby to bring any such Record, Roll or Book, shall deliver therein, immediately after the last Entry therein at the time of producing the same, a Certificate duly signed by him, stating the Number of such Entries made thereon or therein, in the Term and Vacation immediately preceding,

Certificates.

Duty to be paid
on such
Stamp.

as are subject by Law to any Stamp Duty or Duties: and every such Officer shall thereupon pay the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties as shall be then by Law payable for or in respect of all such Entries therein respectively; and every such Record, Roll or Book shall thereupon be stamped respectively with some Stamp or Stamps denoting the full Amount of the whole of the Stamp Duties so then paid in respect of the several Entries so made thereon respectively in such preceding Term and Vacation; which Stamp or Stamps shall be as few in Number as can conveniently be, to denote the full Payment of the Amount of the said Duties in *Pounds*, *Shillings* and *Pence*, and shall be placed in the same Page or Place on which the Certificate of such Officer shall be written as aforesaid; and if any Officer of the said Courts shall neglect or omit to bring any such Record, Roll or Book, or to furnish such Certificate therein, or pay such Duties as aforesaid, or shall make any false Entry therein or in the Copy thereof, or omit to make any true Entry or Copy in any such Duplicate Book of Judgments, then and in every such case every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty *Pounds*, and in such case, whenever such Record, Roll or Book shall be produced at the said Stamp Office, if such Certificate shall not appear thereon, the proper Officer at the said Stamp Office shall himself make the said Certificate; and on Payment of the Duties thereby appearing to be due, the said Record, Roll or Book shall be duly stamped as aforesaid.

Officer attend-
ing.

Faintly.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court shall mark any Judgment not Interdictory, whether for the Plaintiff or Plaintiff or for the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them, the Amount of the Sum, if any to be recovered thereby, whether in respect of Debt, Damages or Costs, shall be stated in the said Entry thereof, so far as the same shall be then ascertained, in order that the Stamp Duty payable in respect thereof may be then calculated and paid, and be afterwards accounted for and paid over by such Officer as aforesaid; and if on any such Judgment whether for Plaintiff or Defendant Costs shall be recoverable, and the Amount of such Costs shall not then be ascertained, then a Blank shall be left for the Amount of such Costs, whether Single, Double or Treble, and as soon as the said Costs shall be ascertained, and before any Record shall be made up, or Execution issued on such Judgment, such Blank shall be filled up with the Amount of such Costs, and the Person requiring such Entry, if Costs only shall be recovered on such Judgment, shall pay the Stamp Duty in respect of such Amount; and if Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages, also be made recoverable therein, then such Person shall pay the Difference between the Stamp Duty, if any therefore paid as aforesaid, in respect of such Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages, and the Duty payable in respect of the whole Amount adjudged; and if by any means such Stamp Duty shall not have been theretofore paid, then the Person requiring such Entry shall pay to such Officer the whole Stamp Duty payable in respect of the entire Sum adjudged, and such Officer shall in any of the said cases fill up the said Duplicate Book, and account for and pay over the same to or receive by him in manner aforesaid; and if any such Judgment shall have been so marked or entered, or so previous to the last Day of the Term immediately preceding the filling up of such Blank, then such Officer when he shall be so required to fill up such Blank, and before he shall fill up the same, shall enter a Memorandum thereof in his Book in the same Place as if such Memorandum were a Judgment entered on that Day, and such Memorandum shall state the Amount of such Costs, and shall refer to the Judgment so previously marked and then about to be filled up, so that the same may immediately be found by such Referee, and a Reference to such Memorandum shall also be made in the Margin of such Judgment; and when such Officer shall afterwards certify in the Duplicate of such Book the Amount of the Stamp Duties for the Term and Vacation next preceding as aforesaid, he shall include therein the Duties so payable on the filling up of such Blank as aforesaid; and if any Officer shall mark or enter any such Judgment without stating therein the Amount of the Sum recoverable thereby so far as the same shall be then ascertained, or shall omit or suffer to be omitted any Execution on any such Judgment, or shall suffer any Record thereof to be made up before said Entry shall have been made of the Sum to be recovered by such Judgment as aforesaid, or shall omit to make such Memorandum as aforesaid, every such Officer so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty *Pounds*.

In what way En-
tries of Judgments
shall be made to enter
into the Duty.

Blank left for
Amount of
Costs.

Officer attend-
ing.

Faintly.

XCVI. And

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That all Process which shall be entered or obtained to enforce the Appearance or Appearance of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, or to enforce the Answer or Answers of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Equity in Ireland, shall be engrossed and made out upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, stamped with the Duty which shall be then payable upon such Process; and in case the Officer or Officers who shall enter or cause such Process to be entered as aforesaid, shall neglect to have such Process made out as aforesaid, he and they shall for every such Neglect forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Ten Pounds, which Sum shall be enforced in a summary way upon Motion, by Order of the Court in which such Process shall be entered, together with the Costs of so recovering the same.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That any Writ of Attachment, Alias, Pluries, Proclamation, Committal of Rebellion, Berjeant at Arms, or Sequestration, which shall issue in or from the Court of Chancery in Ireland, shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, and that such Registrar, and also the proper Officer for entering such Writs in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, shall receive a Fee of Sixpence and no more, for every such Writ which shall be so entered by him, and shall certify such Entry on the Back of such Writ, and that every such Writ shall be so entered and filed before the Return Day thereof and not afterwards; and that none of the said Writs after the said Writ of Attachment shall be so entered or filed, unless all the preceding Writs in the Order aforesaid shall previously have been actually and duly entered and filed as aforesaid; and that no Order, Decree, or Proceeding shall be made or taken in or by either of the said Courts, grounded on any such Writ or Process, nor shall such Court take any notice of the Enforcement of any such Writ, and such Writ and the Certificate of the Entry thereof shall have been produced and read to such Court: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Officers respectively to issue any such Writ or Writs at any time after the Return or Returns thereof respectively, so as the same shall be done under an Order specially made for that Purpose by the Court, either as Co-claimant of Parties or under the particular Circumstances of the case, and that every such Order shall be liable to a Duty equal to the full Amount of all the Stamp Duties payable on each and every Writ which shall or by Possibility may be filed under the Authority thereof; and that in such case any Writ which shall be afterwards filed under such Order shall have a Memorandum written on the Face of such Writ, referring to such Order as the Authority for issuing the same, and signed by the proper Officer for issuing such Writ, and thereupon such Writ shall not be subject to any Stamp Duty, and if any of the aforesaid Writs shall be filed without having been entered in manner herebefore enquired, or without such Memorandum written on the Face thereof, the same shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and each and every Person concerned in so issuing the same, and any Person who shall make any Change for the same in any Bill of Costs or otherwise, and also the Officer from whose Office the same shall be so issued, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or of any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court, or of any Public Office in Ireland, shall certify, subscribe, engross or write any Copy or Extract, or any other matter in anywise relating to the Business of such Court or Office, in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall be payable, and which according to the usual Course of Business may or ought to be prepared, written or engrossed by such Officer or his Clerks, and for the writing or engrossing of which, if so prepared, such Officer may be entitled to charge any Fee; and whenever any Six Clerk in Chancery, or any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, Procurator, Notary Public or Scrivener, shall cause any Pleading, Order or Proceeding whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable, to be filed in any such Court, or shall, by himself, his Clerks, Agents or Scrivener prepare, or cause to be prepared, written or engrossed, any Deed, Instrument or Writing, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable; or if any Merchant, Factor, Trader or other Person shall cause any Requisition or Request Note for any Permit, or any Certificate of a Permit, which Requisition or Request Note shall be liable to any Stamp Duty, to be prepared, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, or to be used or delivered for or towards the obtaining of such Permit or Certificate, and the Vellum, Parchment or Paper upon which such Copy or other matter, Pleading, Order or Proceeding, Deed, Instrument or Writing, Requisition or Request Note shall be written or engrossed, shall be stamped or marked with a sale, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, then and in every such case every such Officer, Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Procurator, Proctor, Notary Public or Scrivener, Merchant, Factor, Trader or other Person respectively, shall, for every such sale, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds British Currency, unless he shall prove that the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, is stamped or marked, was bought with the Stamps or Marks thereon at the Stamp Office in Dublin, or of some Distributor or Sub-Distributor of Stamps, or of some Person licensed to sell Stamps.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Deed or other Instrument which shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever shall be delivered for Registry to the Registrar or Deputy Registrar for registering Deeds in Ireland, or shall be delivered for Enrollment to any Officer of any of His Majesty's former Courts in Dublin, or to any Clerk of the Peace or other Person entrusted to avoid Deeds in Ireland, such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace, or other Person, shall before the same shall be so registered or enrolled respectively, examine carefully such Deed and the Stamp thereon, for which Examination the Person actually making the same, whether Principal or Deputy, shall receive for his own proper Use from the Person so delivering such Deed or Instrument a Sum or Fee of One Shilling and no more over and above all other lawful Fees; and if such Deed shall not be stamped with a proper and legal Stamp to denote the Payment of the Duty which shall appear to be payable thereon, such Registrar, Deputy Registrar or Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person shall not suffer such Deed to be registered or enrolled.

Proofs for so-
lving Appen-
dices to be
written on
proper Stamp
Office official
copy.

Writs of At-
tachment, &c. to
be entered in the
Office of the
Registrar
&c.

Writs and Cer-
tificates of
Entry to be
produced in
Court, &c.

In what case
Writs are sub-
ject to Stamp
Duty.

Penalty.

Using forged
Stamps by Of-
ficers of Court,
&c.

By Appen-
dices,
&c.

By Merchant,
Factor, &c.

Penalty
Proviso.

Before Enrol-
ment of Deeds,
Stamps to be
examined by
Registrar or
other Officer.

Fee,

noted

rolled respectively until the same shall be duly stamped; and if such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person, shall offend herein, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

C. And he is further enacted, That no Memorial shall be received for Registry by any Registrar or Deputy Registrar in Ireland, which he shall receive at the same time the Debt or other Instrument required to be registered thereby; and if any such Registrar or Deputy Registrar shall receive such Memorial without such Debt or other Instrument, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CI. And he is further enacted, That no attested Copy of any final Judgment, which shall have been entered in Ireland before the Commencement of the said second Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intended *Ad Act* to regulate the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties as Law Proceedings, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors, and Corporate Officers in Ireland, and which shall have required a stamp, shall be given or received in Evidence, unless the Officer attesting the same shall certify, not only that the same is a true Copy of such Judgment, but also that such Judgment has been duly stamped; and if any Officer shall certify the same falsely, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

CII. And he is further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be arrested by virtue of any Writ or Process of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, at the Suit of any common Person, and the Sheriff or other Officer shall take Bail for such Person, against whom such Writ or Process shall issue, the Sheriff or other Officer, at the Request and Call of the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit, or of his lawful Attorney, shall duly assign to the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit the said Bond or other Security taken from such Bail, by Indorsement according to Law, without any Stamp in respect of such Assignment; and also when and as often as it shall become necessary for any Sheriff or other Officer in Ireland having Authority to grant Replevin, to assign any Bail Bond of any Plaintiff in Replevin, to the Avenger or Defendant in such Action, then and in such case such Assignment may be made without any Stamp in respect thereof: Provided nevertheless, that no Action shall be brought under any Assignment in any of the said cases until the same shall be first duly stamped with such Stamp as shall be then by Law required for such Assignment; and the said several Assignments shall, on Application at the Stamp Office in Dublin, at any time before any Action be brought thereupon, be duly stamped in such manner as shall be then required by Law, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum, save only the Duty which shall be then payable thereon.

CIII. And he is further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all cases of the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest, or Claim in, to, out of, or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities, or other Property where a Duty is or shall be from time to time imposed on the Conveyance thereof in proportion to the Amount of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein or thereupon expressed, the full Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length in or upon the principal or only Deed or Instrument whereby the Land or other thing sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, released, reassigned or otherwise conveyed to or vested in the Purchaser or Purchasers, or to or in any other Person or Persons, by his, her or their Direction, and also where, upon the Sale of any Annuity, Endowment, Rentcharge or other Right, not before in existence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warranty of Attorney, Covenant, Contract or other Security, the full Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length in or upon the Bond or other Instrument or Instruments by which the same shall be secured; and if in any of the said cases the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed and set forth in manner hereby directed, the Purchaser and Purchasers, Seller and Sellers, and each and every of them, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with and be holden liable to the Payment of Five times the Amount of the Duty which should have been payable for such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, in respect of the full Purchase or Consideration Money, in case the same had been truly expressed and set forth in or upon such Deed, Bond or Instrument, beyond the Amount of the Duty actually paid for the same, which Quintuple Duty shall be deemed and taken to be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Party or Parties respectively hereby made liable to pay the same, and may be recovered by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer, against any such Party, in like manner as any unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament made or to be made in that behalf.

CIV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That if any or either of the Parties hereby made liable to the Payment of such Penalty or Quintuple Duty as aforesaid, shall give Information to the Commissioners of Stamps, whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty, or any Part thereof, shall be recovered from any other Party or Parties liable respectively thereto, the Party or Parties giving the Information shall not only be indemnified and discharged of and from such his, her or their Liability, but also be rewarded by the Commissioners of Stamps out of the Penalty or Quintuple Duty so recovered, to such Extent as the said Commissioners shall think proper, but not exceeding One Half of what shall be so recovered; and where any other Person shall give Information whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty shall be recovered, he or she shall be rewarded in the like manner.

CV. And he is further enacted, That where the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed or set forth in the manner hereby directed, it shall be lawful for the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any of them, or his, her or their Executors or Administrators, to recover back from the Seller or Sellers, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, so much and such Part of such Purchase or Consideration Money as shall

shall not be expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or the Whole thereof, if no Part of the same shall be so expressed and set forth, either in an Affidavit for Money had and received for the Use of the Party or Parties suing for the same, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, wherein an Affidavit, Protestation, Waiver of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed, together with Double the Costs of Suit; but such Purchase or Conveyance shall not therefore be affected or impeded for any Want or Inadequacy of Consideration, but the same shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect as if the Sum so recovered had been expressed in the Deed or other Conveyance as the Consideration or Part of the Consideration thereof, and had been duly paid and retained accordingly.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person who shall be employed in or about the preparing of any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, in or upon which the full Purchase or Consideration Money is hereby required to be truly expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or who shall be employed for any of the Parties therein in anywise about or relating to the Transaction therein mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully insert or set forth, or cause to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, any other than the full and true Purchase or Consideration Money directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, or shall in anywise aid or assist in the doing thereof respectively, every such Attorney, Solicitor or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence suffer the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

CVII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Party, Attorney, Solicitor or other Person whatsoever shall be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture whatsoever by reason of the full Purchase or Consideration Money not being truly expressed and set forth in any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, unless the Duty or Duties actually paid for the same shall be left there would have been payable for the same, in case the full Purchase or Consideration Money had been truly expressed and set forth according to the Directions of this Act.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That where there shall be Duplicates or Triplicates, or more than One Part made of any Instrument which shall be then by Law charged with any ad valorem Duty, and of which One Part only shall be by Law chargeable with any ad valorem Duty, One of such Duplicates, Triplicates or Parts shall be charged with the said ad valorem Duty, and the other or others of them shall be exempted therefrom, but shall nevertheless be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds and Conveyances in general, and the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon all the Parts of such Instruments being produced to them duly stamped as hereby required, shall cause the Duplicates, Triplicates or all other Parts thereof respectively, except that to which the ad valorem Duty shall be stamped, to be also stamped with some particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said ad valorem Duty, and thereupon, but not before or otherwise, such Duplicate or Triplicate or other Part shall or may be received as Evidence in any Court of Justice.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit made for the Purpose of grounding thereon any Proceedings of any Grand Jury for suing Money for Repair of Roads, or for any other Public Purpose, shall be judged with or received by the Secretary of any Grand Jury, nor shall be entered in any Schedule delivered to any Grand Jury, nor shall any such Affidavit be delivered by him to or laid by him before any Grand Jury, unless such Affidavit shall be written on Paper stamped with the Stamp which shall be then by Law required for the same, nor shall any Affidavit for accounting for any Money presented by any Grand Jury, be laid before any Grand Jury by the Secretary, or be read in Court, or authorize the Court to discharge any Quare, unless it shall be written on Paper duly stamped.

CX. And be it further enacted, That no Collation, Presentation or Donation, to, of or for any Benefice or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in Ireland, shall be good, valid or effectual, unless the same shall be in Writing under Hand and Seal, and shall be duly stamped, if a Stamp shall be necessary thereon; and that every such Writing, as also all and every Presentation or Donation under the Great Seal of Ireland, shall be deposited with the Register of the Diocese, who shall forthwith cause the same to be filed in the Registry of the Diocese, and shall give to the Person so depositing the same a Certificate that the same has been so deposited, and such Certificate shall further state either that such Instrument is duly stamped, or that the same is not by Law subject to any Stamp, and shall also state the Date of such Instrument, and the Day of the Month and Year when such Instrument was so deposited or filed, and no Person shall be admitted into any Benefice or Promotion in Ireland, who shall not, previous to and at the time and Place of such Induction, produce such Certificate to the Person or Persons authorized to make such Induction, and if any Induction shall be made contrary to this Provision the same shall be wholly void and of no Effect, and every Person making the same shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That every such Register shall, for so receiving and filing such Instrument, and granting such Certificate thereof, be entitled to receive a Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence and no more, and a Fee of One Shilling and Sixpence for any new Certificate of the same matter that may be afterwards required; and if any such Register shall refuse, neglect, or omit to receive and file such Instrument, or to grant any such new Certificate, on reasonable Demand thereof, or shall certify wherein any thing which shall not be true, (of the Truth whereof the Proof shall lie on him), he shall for every such Offence suffer the Sum of One hundred Pounds Sterling.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, from and after the Commencement of this Act, or of any Act requiring the filing of such Instrument in Ireland, shall have received or shall receive any Benefice or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in Ireland, shall be bound to produce and prove, and shall produce and prove such Certificate as aforesaid, as Part of his Title to such Benefice or Promotion, upon any Trial or Hearing of any Appeal, Suit or Proceeding for the Recovery of any Tithe or Glebe or other Purposes whatsoever,

shall not be excused.

Attorneys, Solicitors, or other Persons, who knowingly and wilfully insert or set forth, or cause to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument,

Penalty.
Persons whose Duty paid is not less than that which would have been payable.

Duplicates and Triplicates of Instruments here charged.

No Affidavits for grounding Proceedings of Grand Jury, &c. shall be delivered unless duly stamped.

Collations, Presentations, &c. to be filed in Registry of Diocese and Certificate thereof shall be duly stamped, if Stamp is required, &c.

Induction made on the contrary void.

Penalty.
Registers entitled to Fee for such Certificate, Register's affidavit.

Penalty.
Beneficed Persons to produce and prove such Certificate.

whatever, before any Court of Law or Equity, or any Ecclesiastical Court, or any Statutory Jurisdiction whatever, wherein it shall be necessary for him to produce or prove such his Title, and that without the Production and Proof of such Certificate, such Court or Jurisdiction shall deem such Title to be imperfect and not duly proved, and shall decide accordingly, notwithstanding any Consent or Admission of the Parties or any of them.

* CXIII. And Whereas the Payment of Stamp Duties imposed on the Admission of Fellowships into the College of Physicians or Surgeons, and of Freeman and others into other Corporations, Guilds or Companies in Ireland, has been and may be evaded; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said College of Physicians or Surgeons, and for every Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company in Ireland, which shall admit any Person or Persons into any such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, by themselves, or by some Person or Persons employed by such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, and they are hereby required, previously to the Admission of any such Person into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, to demand and receive, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person is admitted, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall be then by Law payable on the Entry, Minute or Memorandum of Admission of such Person into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company; and the proper Officer of such College, or Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company, shall make an Entry, Minute or Memorandum of such Admission upon the proper Stamp in some Book, Roll, or Record of such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, within one Month after such Person shall be so admitted into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company; and if such Officer shall neglect or refuse to do so, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such College, Corporation, Guild or Company shall be answerable for all such Duties without any Proof of the same having been so received, or whether the same respectively shall have been so received or not, and the same shall be a Debt to His Majesty, and recoverable with Costs by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer as any other unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Ireland, for the securing the Payment of the Stamp Duties.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That any and every Officer of the College of Physicians or Surgeons, or of any Corporation, Guild, Fraternity or Company in Ireland, who shall from time to time have in his Custody any Book, File, Record, Remembrance, Docket or Proceeding of or belonging to such College, Corporation, Guild, Fraternity or Company, the Sight or Knowledge whereof may tend to the securing any of His Majesty's Stamp Duties which now are or shall at any time be by Law payable in Ireland, or to the Proof or Discovery of any Fraud or Quackery in relation thereto, or to any of them, shall at all reasonable times permit any Person thereto authorized by the Commissioners of Stamps, to try, search, inspect, and view all such Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets and Proceedings as aforesaid, without Fee or Reward, and to take thereout such Notes and Memorandums as shall be necessary for the Purposes last mentioned, without Fee or Reward; and if any such Officer shall refuse or neglect to do so, upon Demand made by such Person be authorized as aforesaid, such Officer is refusing or neglecting shall, for every such Refusal or Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That the several Stamp Duties from time to time imposed by Law in Ireland, upon any Probates or Letters of Administration, or Receipts for Legacies, or Shares or Portions of any Estate or Effects, shall be deemed and taken to be chargeable and charged, and payable and paid, only in respect of the Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects as shall be situated in Ireland, and of such Legacies as shall be payable out of Estates and Effects in Ireland; and that no Person shall be deemed or taken to have proved any Will in Ireland until he shall have obtained Probate thereof from the proper Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Probate of the Will of any Person deceased, or the Letters of Administration of the Effects of any Person deceased, heretofore granted or to be hereafter granted in Ireland, shall be deemed and taken to be valid and available by the Executors or Administrators of the Decedent for recovering, transferring or assigning any Debt or Debts, or other Personal Estate or Effects, wherever or whereto the Decedent was possessed or entitled, either wholly or partially, as a Trustee, notwithstanding that the Amount or Value of such Debt or Debts, or other Personal Estate or Effects, or the Amount or Value of so much thereof, or such Interest therein, as was Trust Property in the Decedent (as the case may be) shall not be included in the Amount or Value of the Estate in respect of which the Stamp Duty was paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Ecclesiastical Court or Jurisdiction in Ireland shall grant Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, without first requiring and receiving from the Person or Persons applying for the Probate or Letters of Administration, or from some other competent Person or Persons, an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers, in the Form contained in the Schedule hereto annexed, that the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, for or in respect of which the Probate or Letters of Administration is or are to be granted, are under the Value of a certain Sum to be specified in such Affidavit to the best of the Depovent's or Affirmant's Knowledge, Information and Belief, and according to the Account to be assessed to such Affidavit, according to which Sum the Stamp Duty shall be ascertained which shall be then required on such Probate or Letters of Administration, which Affidavit or Affirmation shall be made before the Barrister or other Person who shall administer the usual Oath for the due Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be exempt from Stamp Duty, and shall be in the Form in the said Schedule to this Act annexed directed in that respect, and shall

Duties on Ad-
mission of Fel-
lows into College
of Physicians, &c
and of Freeman
into Corpora-
tions &c &c &c

Officer of Col-
lege
Physic.

Books of Col-
leges, Corpora-
tions, &c &c &c
to be kept, may
be inspected by
an Officer of
Stamps.

Without Fee.

Officer refusing,
&c
Penalty.

Duty on Pro-
bate, &c &c &c
for so far
as respects only
the Value of
such Estate as
shall be situated
in Ireland.

Probate, &c
affidavit for re-
covering Trust
Property

Affidavit or Af-
firmation before
granting Pro-
bate, &c &c &c
shall and Ef-
fects of Decedent
are under Value
of a specified
Sum.

Such Affidavit
to be in the

when duly sworn be certified accordingly by the Registrar of the Court, and shall, together with the Copy of the Will or Extract or Account of the Letters of Administration to which it shall relate, be transmitted by the Registrar of the Court, to the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in Dublin, if such Court shall be in the City or County of Dublin, and if in any other Part of Ireland, then to the Distributor of the District in which such Court shall be, which Distributor shall forthwith transmit such Affidavit to the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in Dublin, and such every Affidavit so received at the Stamp Office from any Registrar or Distributor shall be forthwith filed in the said Stamp Office; and on the Receipt of such Affidavit by the proper Officer at the Stamp Office, if the Court be in the City or County of Dublin, or by the Distributor if in any other Part of Ireland, and on Payment of the Duty payable in respect of such Probate or Letters of Administration, the proper Officer of the Stamp Office in Dublin, or the Distributor of Stamps, in the case shall require, shall forthwith issue and deliver to the Party paying such Duty on Probate or Vellum stamped with the proper Stamp according to the Assent mentioned in such Affidavit, together with a Certificate of having received such Affidavit and of the Amount of Personal Property mentioned therein, and of the Payment of the proper Duty for the Probate or Letters of Administration in respect thereof; and if any Registrar or other Officer whose Duty it shall be, shall neglect to transmit such Affidavit or Affirmance to the said Commissioners of Stamps, as hereby directed, or shall issue any such Probate or Letters of Administration without having transmitted such Affidavit, and received such Certificate as aforesaid, or upon Vellum or Parchment not stamped with a Stamp of the proper Amount according to such Certificate, then and in every such case every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, where any Person so applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration in Ireland shall have obtained the Estate and Effects of the Decedent to be of a greater Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall in consequence have paid too high a Stamp Duty thereon, if such Person shall produce the Probate or Letters of Administration to the said Commissioners of Stamps, within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects have been ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too high a Duty was first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration, and shall deliver to them a particular Inventory and Account and Valuation of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, verified by an Affidavit (or solemn Affirmation, in the case of Quakers); and if it shall thereupon satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners that a greater Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration than the Law required, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cancel and expunge the Stamp on the said Probate or Letters of Administration, and to reimburse another Stamp for denoting the Duty which ought to have been paid thereon, and to make an Allowance for the Difference between them as in the case of spoiled Stamps, or to repay the same in Money at the Discretion of the said Commissioners.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person so applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration, shall have obtained the Estate and Effects of the Decedent to be of less Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall in consequence have paid too little Stamp Duty thereon, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, on Delivery to them of an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation of the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, on Payment of the full Duty which ought to have been originally paid thereon in respect of such Value, and of the further Sum or Penalty payable by Law for stamping Deeds after the Execution thereof, without any Deduction or Allowance for the Stamp Duty originally paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration: Provided always, that if the Application shall be made within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects shall be ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too little Duty was at first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration; and if it shall appear by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Duty was paid in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of not not being known at the time that same particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonging to the Decedent, and without any Intention of Fraud, or to delay the Payment of the full and proper Duty, then it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to remit the beforementioned Penalty, and to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, on Payment only of the Sum which shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been at first paid thereon.

CXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in cases of Letters of Administration, on which too little Stamp Duty shall have been paid at first, the said Commissioners of Stamps shall not cause the same to be duly stamped in the manner aforesaid until the Administrator shall have given such Security to the Ecclesiastical Court or Ordinary by whom the Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as may be by Law to have been given on the granting thereof in case the full Value of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent had been then ascertained, and also that the said Commissioners of Stamps shall yearly or sooner transmit an Account of the Probates or Letters of Administration upon which the Stamps shall have been reduced in pursuance of this Act, to the several Ecclesiastical Courts by which the same shall have been granted, together with the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, upon which such Reduction shall have proceeded.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where too little Duty shall have been paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration, in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of its not being known at the time that same particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonged to the Decedent, if any Executor or Administrator acting under such Probate or Letters of Administration shall not within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or after the Discovery of the Mistake or Misapprehension, or of any Estate or Effects not known at the time to have belonged to the Decedent, apply to the said Commissioners of Stamps, and pay what shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been paid at first on such Probate

Turn in the enclosed Schedule, Penalties, &c.

Officer shall be.

Penalty. Where any high a Duty has been paid for Probate.

Verified by Affidavit.

Where the Duty has been paid too little, Probate, &c. in Ireland the proper Stamp on certain Certificates.

Proviso as to time of Application.

Admiral, &c.

Relief.

In case of Letters of Administration on which too little Duty has been paid, Commissioners shall not cause same to be duly stamped, until Administrator has given proper security.

Proviso, &c. Where any high a Duty has been paid, within Six Months after the Discovery, or

Penalty.

or Letters of Administration, he or she shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also a further Sum at and after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum* on the Amount of the Sum wanting to make up the proper Duty.

Credit to be
given of the
Duty on Pro-
bate, &c. to
credit with

“ CXXIII. And Whereas it has happened in the Case of Letters of Administration as which the proper Stamp Duty hath not been paid at first, that certain Duties, Chancery, Real or other Effects, due or belonging to the Decedent, have been found to be of such great Value that the Administrator hath not been satisfied of Money sufficient either of his own or of the Decedent to pay the requisite Stamp Duty, in order to render such Letters of Administration available for the Recovery thereof by Law: And Whereas the like may occur again, and it may also happen that Executors or Persons entitled to take out Letters of Administration may, before obtaining Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, find some considerable Part or Parts of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent to be circumscribed as not to be immediately got Possession of, and may not have Money sufficient either of their own or of the Decedent to pay the Stamp Duty on the Probate or Letters of Administration, which it shall be necessary to obtain: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps, on satisfactory Proof of the Fact, by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in any such case as aforesaid, which may appear to them to require Relief, to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped for denoting the Duty payable, or which ought arguently to have been paid thereon, and to give Credit for the Duty, either upon Payment of the beforementioned Penalty, or without, in case of Probate or Letters of Administration already obtained, and upon which ten Shilling Duty shall have been paid, and either with or without Allowance of the Stamp Duty already paid thereon, as the case may require, under the Provisions of this Act; provided in all such cases of Credit, the Security be first given by the Executors or Administrators, together with Two or more sufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the said Commissioners by a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in Double the Amount of the Duty, for the due and full Payment of the Sum for which Credit shall be given, within Six Calendar Months, or any less Period, and of the Interest for the time at the Rate of Two Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, from the Expiration of such Period until Payment thereof, in case of any Default of Payment at the time appointed, and such Probate or Letters of Administration been so duly stamped in the manner aforesaid, shall be as valid and available as if the proper Duty had been at first paid thereon, and the same had been stamped accordingly.

Provided.

“ CXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at the Expiration of the time to be allowed for the Payment of the Duty on such Probate or Letters of Administration, it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that the Executor or Administrator to whom such Credit shall be given as aforesaid shall not have recovered Effects of the Decedent to an Amount sufficient for the Payment of the Duty, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to give such further time for the Payment thereof, and upon such Terms and Conditions as they shall think expedient.

Probate, &c.
when Credit is
given, to be de-
posited with
Commissioners.

“ CXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Probate or Letters of Administration, so to be stamped on Credit as aforesaid, shall be deposited with the said Commissioners of Stamps, and shall not be delivered up to the Executor or Administrator until Payment of the Duty, together with such Interest as aforesaid, if any shall become due; but the same shall nevertheless be produced in Evidence by some Officer of the Commissioners of Stamps, at the Expense of the Executor or Administrator, as Occasion shall require.

Duty for which
Credit is given
to be a pro-
pable Debt.

“ CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty for which Credit shall be given as aforesaid, shall be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Personal Estate of the Decedent, and shall be paid in preference to and before any other Debt whatsoever due from the said Estate; and if any Executor or Administrator of the Estate of the Decedent shall pay any other Debt in preference thereto, he or she shall not only be charged with and be liable to pay the Duty out of his or her own Estate, but shall also forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

“ CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if before Payment of the Duty for which Credit shall be given in any such case as aforesaid, it shall become necessary to take out Letters of Administration *de bonis non* of the Decedent, it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to cause such Letters of Administration *de bonis non* to be duly stamped with the particular Stamp provided to be affixed on Letters of Administration of that Kind, for denoting the Payment of the Duty in respect of the Effects of the Decedent, as here prior Probate or Letters of Administration of the same Effects, in such and the same manner as if the Duty had been actually paid upon having the Letters of Administration *de bonis non* deposited with the said Commissioners, and upon giving such further Security for the Payment of the Duty as they shall think expedient; and such Letters of Administration shall be as valid and available as if the Duty for which Credit shall be given had been paid.

Letters of Ad-
ministration *de bonis non* to be
deposited in order
where Credit is
given.

Valid.

“ CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Executor and Administrator, or other Person or Persons having or taking the Benefit or Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, shall before such Executor, Administrator, or other Person shall retain for their own Use or for the Benefit of any other Person or Persons, or shall transfer, pay, deliver, satisfy or otherwise discharge the Debts of the Personal Estate, and the Debts of Moneys arising from the Sale or Mortgage of any Real Estate devised by any Testamentary Instrument to be sold or mortgaged, or any certain proportional Part of such Real Estate, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, deliver to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties or their Officers a full and just Account of the Personal Estate of the Decedent, and of the Moneys arising from the Sale or Mortgage of Real Estate, or the Value of the Real Estate, if not sold, when the same is devised by the Will or other Testamentary Instrument of the Decedent, to be absolutely sold or mortgaged, and of all lawful Payments made out of such Personal Estate, and the Moneys arising from the Sale or Mortgage of such Real Estate as the Forms printed for such Accounts by Order of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, when and as far as such Forms can be made applicable to the Ac-
count

Executors, &c. to
deliver to Com-
missioners an
Account of
Estate of De-
cedent, and all
Payments made.

cannot be delivered, and when they will not so apply, the Account may be rendered in such Form as shall sufficiently answer the Purposes desired, and the said Commissioners or their Officers shall examine such Accounts, and if it shall appear to them to be a just and proper Account they shall allow the Duty thereon, but if the Commissioners shall not be satisfied with the Account delivered, it shall be lawful for them to require an Account to be rendered on Oath or Affirmation, which Oath or Affirmation shall be according to the Form prescribed in the Schedule hereto annexed, and shall be administered by a Justice of the Peace, or Master or Masters Extraordinary in Chancery; and if it shall appear by the Books of the said Commissioners that there are any Outstanding Duties due and payable on Legacies or Annuities, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to require Payment of such Duties within a specified time, and that if after such Requisition the same shall not be paid, or Case shown to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners within the time specified why the same should not be paid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to intimate Proceedings in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer against the Executors or Administrators, or Person or Persons taking the Benefit of the Execution of the Will or Administration of the Personal Estate of the Decedent, or selling as Trustees or Trustrees, and also against the Legatee to whom the Legacy or Annuity upon which such Duty shall appear to be unpaid shall have been given, if the Circumstances of the case require it, for the Payment of the Duty; and if after such Proceedings shall be instituted it shall be shown that by reason of the Death of the Legatee or Annuantist in the Lifetime of the Decedent, or of the Legacy not being of the Value of Twenty Pounds, or from any other Cause, no Duty is payable, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such Suit shall be instituted to order all Costs, Charges and Expenses attending such Proceedings to be paid by the Person or Persons of whom the said Commissioners shall have required Payment of the Duty, by way of Penalty for not having, after such Requisition, shown to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners that no Duty was payable on such Legacy or Annuity.

CXXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where it shall be proved by Oath or proper Vouchers, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, that an Executor or Administrator hath paid Duties due and owing from the Decedent, and payable by Law, out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, to such an Amount as, being deducted from the Amount or Value of the Estate and Effects of the Decedent, be or in respect of which a Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted after the Commencement of this Act, shall reduce the same to a Sum which, if it had been the whole gross Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects, would have occasioned a full Stamp Duty to be paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration that shall have been actually paid thereon under and by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to return the Difference, provided the same shall be claimed within Three Years after the Date of such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid; but where, by reason of any Proceeding at Law or in Equity, the Debt due from the Decedent shall not have been ascertained and paid, or the Effects of the Decedent shall not have been recovered and made available, and in consequence thereof the Executor or Administrator shall be prevented from clearing such Return of Duty as aforesaid within the said Term of Three Years, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to allow such further time for making the Claim as may appear to them to be reasonable under the Circumstances of the case.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall be defrauds of transferring or of receiving the Dividends of any Share standing in the Name of the Decedent, and in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds transmissible at the Bank of Ireland, or at and in the Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of and in the Stock or Funds of any other Company, Corporation, or Society whatsoever, passing by Transfer in the Books of such Company, Corporation or Society under and by virtue of any such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid, and shall allege that the Decedent was possessed thereof or entitled thereto, either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and for any such other Company, Corporation or Society as aforesaid, or their respective Officers, for their Indemnity and Protection to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to prevent such Executors or Administrators to transfer the Stock or Fund in question, or receive the Dividends thereof, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have occasion to recover any Debt or Debts, or any other Personal Effects, due or apparently belonging to the Decedent, and shall allege that the Decedent was possessed thereof or entitled thereto either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons liable to pay or deliver such Debt or Debts or other Effects to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to pay, deliver or make over the Debt or Debts or other Effects in question to such Executors or Administrators, or as they shall direct, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have occasion to assign or transfer any Debt or Debts due to the Decedent, or any Chancery Real or other Personal Effects whereof or wherein the Decedent was possessed or entitled, and shall allege that the same respectively was or were due to or relied in the Decedent either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use such Debt or Debts, Chancery Real or other Personal Effects, shall be proposed to be assigned or transferred, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to accept the proposed Assignment or Transfer, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects in Ireland.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That upon any such Requisition as aforesaid, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, or some other Person or Persons to whom the Facts

In what case Account on Oath.

Proceedings may be instituted for Recovery of Outstandings or Duties payable on Legacies or Annuities.

Costs paid by way of Penalty.

Where proved, that Effects of Decedent reduced by Payment of Duties, and a full Stamp on the Vouchers would have done, Difference returned.

Time within which Claim to be made.

Executors, &c. prevented to transfer Stocks or Funds held by Decedent in Ireland.

Affidavit or Affirmation being made as to the Fact.

Special Affidavit to be made by Executors, &c.

in case of Per-
jury holding the
Decedent to
swear, &c.

shall be known, shall make a special Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and Circumstances of the case, stating the Property is question, and that the Decedent had not any beneficial Interest whatever in the same, or had no other beneficial Interest therein than shall be particularly mentioned and set forth (as the case may be), but was satisfied thereof or entitled thereto either wholly or in part (as the case may be) in trust for some other Person or Persons, whose Name or Names or other sufficient Description shall be specified in such Affidavit or Affirmation, or for such Purposes as shall be specified therein; and that the beneficial Interest of the Decedent (if any) in the Property is question, hath not exceed a certain Value, to be therein also specified according to the best Estimate that can be made thereof, if reverendary or contingent, and that the Amount or Value of the Estate for which the Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate of the Will of the Decedent, or on the Letters of Administration of his or her Estate, is sufficient to include and cover such beneficial Interest of the Decedent as well as the rest of the Personal Estate, whereof or wherein the Decedent was beneficially satisfied or entitled, and for which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as far as the same have come to the Knowledge of such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators, and where the Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and Circumstances of the Trusts shall be made by any other Person than the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Decedent, such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators shall make Affidavit or Affirmation that the same are true to the best of his, her or their Knowledge and Belief; and that the Property is question is intended to be applied and disposed of accordingly; which Affidavit or Affirmation shall be sworn or made before a Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary, (who is hereby authorized to take the same and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose,) and shall be delivered to the Party or Parties requiring the same, and shall be sufficient to indemnify and protect the Party or Parties requiring the same, and also the Party or Parties acting upon the Faith thereof; and if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Affirmation as aforesaid shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury shall then be subject and liable to by or under any Law then in force.

sworn before
Master in
Chancery.

Perjury.

Liabilities of
Adverses.

General Issues.

Treble Costs.

Penalties pay-
able in British
Currency.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

Penalties re-
covered by Offi-
cers of Court,
&c. how re-
covered.

CCCCXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done under the Authority or in pursuance of this Act, or of any Act which shall be then in force in Ireland, relating to anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, save where otherwise particularly directed, then, and in every such case, the said Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought, may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, or each other Acts as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time so limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any County, City or Place, other than as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Plaintiff in such Action shall be convicted; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be so or otherwise convicted, or shall otherwise have, by or under this Act, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

CCCCXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which is or are or shall be in force in Ireland, in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, shall be paid and payable, and recovered and recoverable in British Currency, unless otherwise expressly directed.

CCCCXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or to be imposed by or under this Act, or any Act or Acts which is or are or shall be in force in Ireland, in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, may be recovered with Costs of Suit by His Majesty's Attorney General on behalf of His Majesty, or by the Inspector General of Stamp Duties, or by any other Inspector of Stamp Duties, or by any other Officer or Person therein authorized by the Commissioners of Stamps, by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint, or Information in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in Dublin, in which an Assign, Possession, or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Recorder, Chairman, or Assistant Recorder, within whose local Jurisdiction such Offence shall have been committed; and that every such Penalty, not particularly directed to be otherwise applied, shall be paid to the Use of His Majesty; provided that in case of any such Proceeding by or in the Name of any such Inspector General, or other Inspector or Officer, or other Person authorized as aforesaid, a Bill and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in order to be paid to such Inspector General or other Inspector, or other Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, out of the Penalty recovered therein, such Sum, not exceeding One Moiety of such Penalty, as the said Commissioners of Stamps shall think proper; and that the like Appeal shall and may be lawful from the Decisions on any such Civil Bill, and under the same Terms, Regulations and Conditions, as in the case of any Civil Bill for any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, in any Action of Debt on a Bond, Bill, or Specialty for Payment of Money only.

CCCCXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Penalties and Penalty for or in respect of any Offence to be committed by any Officer of any Court, or any Sir Clerk, Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public or Procurator, as such, against this Act or any other Act or Acts in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duties or Duty, shall and may be recovered and recoverable with Costs of Suit,

Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction, and not otherwise.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every case in which, by or order the Provisions of this Act or of any other Act or Acts so farce, or which shall at any time be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duties, any Seizure is directed or permitted to be made, the Person or Persons making such Seizure shall, within Ten Days from the time of making such Seizure, leave at the Office of the Districtone of the District wherein such Seizure shall have been made, a Note in Writing signed by such Person or Persons, stating the time and Place of such Seizure and the Reason for making the same, which Note shall be immediately filed at the said Office; and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Owners, or any of the Owners of such Goods so seized, or of any Part thereof, at any time after the filing of such Note, and within Twenty-one Days from the Day of such Seizure, to require and obtain a Copy of such Note, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to leave at such Office a Claim in Writing, signed by such Person or Persons, stating his or her Place of Abode, and claiming such Goods so seized, or any Part thereof, that may be specified therein, as or on behalf of the Owner or Owners, or one of the Owners thereof, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Person or Persons making such Seizure, at any time not exceeding Thirty Days from the making of such Seizure, to require a Copy of such Claim, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to make Application to any Justice of the Peace, in and for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, wherein such Seizure shall have been made, for a Summons to the Person or Persons so making such Claim, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue such Summons accordingly, thereby requiring every such Claimant to appear before him at a time and place to be therein named, for the Decision of such Claim; and such Summons, being duly served on such Claimant or Claimants, either personally or at his, her or their Place of Abode mentioned in such Claim, and Copies of such serving Note and Claim, attested by the Distributor of such District, or Person or Persons acting as such, being produced before such Justice of the Peace, he shall and may proceed to hear the Matters thereof; and such Evidence or Affidavits, if any, as may be produced or made applicable thereto, and shall thereupon, or upon the Nonappearance of either Party, decide on the Merits of such Summons, and make his Adjudication thereon accordingly: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for either Party, against whom such Adjudication shall be made, at any time within Ten Days from the making thereof, to appeal therefrom, in manner hereinafter mentioned, on the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from such Adjudication, who shall, in a summary Way, hear and decide on the same; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices at Sessions as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal, as to him or them shall seem meet.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if the Person or Persons so making such Seizure shall not leave such Notice in Writing at such Districtone's Office as aforesaid, or in case of such Claim being put in as aforesaid, shall not cause such Summons to be issued and served as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been unlawfully made; and if after the filing of such serving Note as aforesaid, such Claim shall not be made as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been lawful and just; and if such Summons shall have been issued, then the Adjudication of such Justice, if not effectually appealed from, and in case of such Appeal, the Decision of the Court of Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Party desirous of making such Appeal shall within Ten Days from the making such Adjudication enter into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties, before the Justice making such Adjudication, or in his Absence, before any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City, in such Sum as such Justice shall think proper, to pay the Costs, if any, which may be adjudged against him, her or them therein, and if he, she or they shall not so do, such Appeal shall be null and void.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, within whose Jurisdiction any Offence, for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pence, shall be committed against this Act, or against any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duties, save where the contrary is expressly directed, and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon any Information or Complaint in Writing in such case, to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses, if any, on either Side, and to examine into the Facts, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, to give Judgment for such Penalty and Costs to be assessed by such Justice, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for levying such Penalty and Costs on the Goods of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, tendering to the Party the Overplus (if any), and where Goods sufficient cannot be found to satisfy such Penalty and Costs, such Justice of the Peace, or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City or Town, in which such Conviction shall take place, is hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison, for such time as such Justice shall judge to be proper, not less than One Calendar Month, nor more than Three Calendar Months, unless such Penalty and Costs shall be sooner paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, and shall be made do and desirous of appealing therefrom, then and in such case such Person being a Prosecutor shall give sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay such Costs as shall be awarded in case such Judgment

Regulation where Summons are made.

Place of Seizure left at Office of Districtone.

Person claiming may have Copy of Note.

Person leaving may have Copy of Claim.

Decision of Claim by whom and how made.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

Seizure without entry proper Notice, void.

Appeal Recognizance.

Any Justice may determine Offences where Penalty does not exceed 40s.

Warrant for levying Penalty and Costs.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

shall

Hence of Appeal.

Costs.

Comments.

Complainant must move after Office.

In Proceedings for Recovery of Penalties, what shall be deemed good reasons.

Witnesses appearing to appear or refuse to be examined.

Penalty.

Informers allowed as Witnesses.

Penalties payable to His Majesty to be paid to the nearest General of Stamps.

Persons receiving Penalties not paid, to give Penalty.

Justices are obliging to carry out the Execution.

shall be affirmed, and in case such Appeal shall be by the Party convicted, then such Party shall give sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed and the Costs awarded by such Commission, together with such further Costs as aforesaid, and thereupon it shall be lawful for any such Person respectively to appeal to the Justices at the next General Sessions of the County which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from the Day in which such Commission shall have been made, in the District in which such Officer shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Commission shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party Ten clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively, and such Justices at such Sessions shall examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices at such Sessions as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons in appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal, as to such Justices shall seem meet; and the Justices at such Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects as the Justice making such Commission might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place; and no Certiorari shall in any case be granted to examine or remove any such Commission, whether before or after any such Appeal.

CXL. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be liable to be committed before any Justice of the Peace for any Offence committed against this Act, or any other Act imposing or in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, unless Complaint shall be made within Twelve Months from the time of committing such Offence.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture, or for Summoning any Witnesses or other Persons under this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force from time to time for the Payment of any Stamp Duty or Duties, or for regulating any such Duties or Duty, or the Collection thereof, whether the same shall be by Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, or by Civil Bill, or by any Proceeding before a Magistrate or Magistrates, or as any Writ of Error or Appeal from any Decision, that the Original, or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants or Person or Persons to be summoned, or any of them, but it shall in all such cases be sufficient that the same be served at his, her or their then Place or Places of Abode; and if any such Defendant shall be an Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, and if such Proceeding shall in anywise relate to the Business of his Office, or any Office, Act or Neglect thereof, then it shall be sufficient to serve such Original or other Process or Summons, or Notice or Order in manner aforesaid, at his Office, or some Person acting or employed in the Business of such Office.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any of the said cases before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear (the Expenses of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered) without a reasonable Excuse to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Justice or Justices of Sessions respectively; or upon appearing shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace or at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That as any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act, or under any Act imposing or in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, whether in any Suit to be instituted in any of the said Superior Courts, or by Civil Bill, or before a Justice or Justices, or at Sessions, any Informer or other Person, who, in the Event of a Conviction, would be entitled either by Law, or by any Promise or Agreement, to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, or who may expect the same respectively, shall nevertheless be received and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding; and such Testimony shall if believed be sufficient thereon, to all Intents and Purposes, as far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

CXLIV. And be it further enacted, That every Penalty, or such Part, Share and Proportion as shall remain payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of any Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine, payable or recoverable under this Act, or any Act or Acts which shall in anywise relate to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty in Ireland, after the Payment of the Inspector General, or other Inspector or other Officer as aforesaid, shall, with other debts particularly directed, within One Calendar Month after the same shall be levied or received, be paid by the Person by whom the same shall have been so levied or received, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, if the same shall have been so levied in the County of Dublin, or County of the City of Dublin, and if in any other Part of Ireland, then to the Treasurer of Stamps in whole District the Offence was committed; and if any Person by whom any such Penalty shall have been so levied or recovered, shall neglect or omit to pay over the same, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer in Ireland, shall neglect or refuse in any Indebtedness to carry into Execution this Act, or any Act or Acts which is or shall be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties,

ties, or any of the Provisions thereof, upon proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Mr. Peace-
giffers, or Peace Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Rebid.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be
convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence against any Act in anywise relating to the Pay-
ment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out
in manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; which
Conviction shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, without sitting forth the Endorse or filing
the case in any more particular manner; (that is to say),

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____, A. D. of _____
_____ in the County of _____ (or, County of the City or Town of _____, as
the case may be) was convicted before me J. P. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County
of _____ (or, County of the City, &c.) for that the said A. O. on the _____ Day of _____
now last past, at _____ in the said County of _____ did (here state the Offence) contrary to the
Statute in that case made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. O. to have forfeited a Sum
of _____, British Currency, and _____ for the Costs, which amount together to the Sum of _____
Given under my Hand and Seal the _____ Day of _____

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Parchment, and returned within Ten
Days from the Day of such Conviction, to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or
County of a Town (as the case may be), or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and
to remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect
or omit so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit Ten Pounds.

CXLVII. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant so to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace
for levying any Sum under any such Conviction from the Goods of any such Offender, shall be in the Form
following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect; which Form shall be good and valid to
all Intents and Purposes; (that is to say),

County of }
to-wit: } To M. and N. and each of them, and their said each of their Assistants.

WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ now last past, A. O. of _____ was duly convicted
for that he (or she) on the _____ Day of _____ then last past, at _____ in the County
of _____ or County of the City or Town of _____ (as the case may be) did (here set out the
Offence), and thereupon the said A. O. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty of _____ British
Currency and to _____ Costs, making together the Sum of _____; I do therefore by these
Presents authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said A. O.,
or a Sufficiency thereof for levying the Sum last mentioned therein, wherever you shall find the said Goods
in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum within
Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are, by public Sale thereof, to levy the said Sum, rendering
to the said A. O. the Overplus (if any); and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to me without Delay,
to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal the _____ Day of _____
One thousand eight hundred and _____

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, a Warrant may be thereupon issued for com-
mitting such Offender or Offenders in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned to the Words 'I do
' therefore by these Presents, which Words and all from thence to the Words 'disposed of according to Law,'
inclusive, shall be omitted, and this Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect,
shall be inserted in their Place (to-wit:— 'And Whereas on the _____ Day of _____ a Warrant
' was issued to levy the said last mentioned Sum, from the Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could
' not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum, I do therefore hereby authorize and command you, and each
' of you, to take the Body of the said A. O. wherever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him
' before me the said J. P. or any other Magistrate of the said County.'

And the Form of Committal for committing any such Offender to Prison, shall follow the Form of such War-
rant, save only that the Directions thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words
'I do therefore hereby authorize and command you, there shall follow these Words 'to receive into your
Custody the Body of the said A. O. and him (or her) safely to keep for _____ from the Date hereof,
unless the said Sum shall be sooner paid. Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____
One thousand eight hundred and _____

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words to the like Effect, respectively, shall be good
and valid in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes.

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Conviction as aforesaid shall be affirmed at the
sessions, the Warrant or Warrants, Committal or Committals, for carrying the same into Execution, shall be
granted by the Justice or Justices to enforcing the same, or any of them, and shall be in the Forms here follow-
ing respectively, or some other Form of Words of the same Import:

Convictions to
be drawn up in
manner following.
107

Warrants for
levying Convic-
tion to be in the
following

Form.

Warrants for
levying Convic-
tion to be in the
following

Therapy

Causes of

County of } To M. and N. and each of them, their and each of their Affiliates.

WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord
 A. D. of _____ was duly convicted before a Justice of the Peace for the said County, for that
 he (or she) on the _____ Day of _____ last past, at _____ in the said County, did
 (here set out the Offense); and thereupon the said A. G. became liable to a Fine or Penalty of _____ and to
 Costs, making together the Sum of _____ Dollars Current, and to
 Costs, making together the Sum of _____ Dollars Current; and
 Whereas the said A. G. appealed from the said Conviction to the Sessions, which hath affirmed the same with
 Costs, making together with the said former Adjunction the Sum of _____ Dollars Current; there are
 therefore to authorize and command you and each of you to take into your Possession the Goods of the said
 A. G. or a Sufficiency thereof for levying the said last mentioned Sum whereunto, wherever you shall find the
 said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the
 said Sum within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are, by public Sale thereof, to levy the
 said Sum, rendering to the said A. G. the Overplus (if any); and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to
 us, (or, to One of us, or, to me, at the next assize &c.) without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law.
 Given under our Hands and Seal (or under my Hand and Seal) this _____ Day of _____
 One thousand, eight hundred and _____

More Sufficient
Goods Warrant
for committing
Offender.

Figure 1

* I desire you shall find him in the said County, and have him before us [as we do].

Forest and Carbon
sequestration

And the Term of the Committal, for committing any such Offender to Prison, shall follow the Form of *Fugio* Warrant, *scilicet* only that the *Discipline* thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words *1 We (or I)* do therefore hereby authorize and command you, there shall follow these Words, *to* *take* into your Custody the Body of the said A. C. and him or her safely keep for *from* the Date hereof, until the said Sum shall be forever paid. Given under our Hands and Seals *(or my* *Hand or Seal)* this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

FC was good for
LWS.

and each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words to the like effect respectively, shall be good and valid in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes.

Copy of Certificate
must be furnished to next
District, on walk
in a blood, or
be manifested to
Blood Office

XXLII. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the Peace in Ireland shall, within one Calendar Month after any such Consignation shall have been returned to his Office, forthwith to the next Distributor of Stamps in and for the County in which such Consignation shall have been made, a Copy of such Consignment signed by himself, for which he shall receive from such Distributor the Sum of one Shilling and no more; and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit such Copy to be signed to the said Consignation of Stamps at their Head Office in Dublin; and if any such Clerk of the Peace or Distributor shall neglect or omit to do as aforesaid, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of one Shilling.

When different
Proteins, only one
pathway for lipid
degradation.

* CL. Provides always, and it is further certified, That if different Proceedings shall be had or taken against the same Person for the same Offense, such Person shall nevertheless be liable only to one Penalty, the Right to which shall depend on the Priority of the Proceedings for Recovery of the same, and if any Offense shall arise resourcing the Priority of such Proceedings, then, and in such case, the Proceeding under which the Party complained of shall have been first duly served with the Return and other Process, which shall be afterwards granted, on without Delay by the Party informing or prosecuting, shall be considered as entitled to, and shall have the Priority over any other Proceeding for the same Offense, and shall accordingly vest the Right to the Double Amount thereof.

Councils, under direction of Treasury, may request Exchequer

CL. 5. And he further recalled, That a full seal may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, by Order and under the Direction of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, to mitigate any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture which shall be incurred by any Distributor of Stamps as aforesaid, or to mitigate or commute any Forfeiture which shall at any time be adjudged under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in Ireland, so far as concerns the Interest of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, any thing in this or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commence-
ment of Adt.

CLIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions, and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty-two.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE.

PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, *Sec. 1* on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION and SECURITY for Money, and on DEEDS in general.

PART THE SECOND:

Containing the Duties on LAW, EQUITY and other PROCEEDINGS:

- I. Proceedings in the Court of Admiralty in *Ireland*.
- II. Proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters in *Ireland*.
- III. Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity in *Dublin*, and in all other Courts in *Ireland* holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.

PART THE THIRD:

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION, on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in *Ireland*, and on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal Estate; and on Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestacy.

PART THE FOURTH:

Containing the Duties on NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS; and in respect of ARTICLES not stamped on VELLUM, PARCHMENT or PAPER.

PART THE FIFTH:

ALLOWANCES on the Purchase of STAMPS.

SCHEDULE;—PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on ADMISSIONS to Offices, *Sec. 1* on Instruments of CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION and SECURITY for Money, and on DEEDS in general.

PART THE FIRST.	Duty.		
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Advocate in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the Court of Admiralty in <i>Ireland</i> ; for the Register or Entry thereof	£.	s.	d.
- - - - -	30	0	0
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister at Law in the Bench of Court in <i>Ireland</i> ; for the Register or Entry thereof	30	0	0
- - - - -			
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in <i>Ireland</i>	20	0	0
- - - - -			
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Proctor in any Ecclesiastical Court hold in the City or County of the City of <i>Dublin</i>	20	0	0
- - - - -			

SCHEDULE, PART L.	Duty.
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Proctor in any other Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland - - - - -	s. l. d. 10 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person as a Master in Ordinary in Chancery, or as One of the Six Clerks, or One of Curators of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, or other Clerk or Officer whatsoever, in any Court in Ireland, who must necessarily be employed to do certain official Business, and whose Emoluments shall be therefore so far fixed and certain:	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments of the Office or Appointment shall not amount to 50l. per Annum - - - - -	2 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum - - - - -	4 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum - - - - -	6 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum - - - - -	12 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum - - - - -	25 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum - - - - -	33 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum - - - - -	50 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum - - - - -	75 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum - - - - -	100 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. per Annum - - - - -	150 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. or upwards per Annum - - - - -	200 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for three Years preceding, if practicable, and if not, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Where any Officer shall be admitted annually, every Admission after the first shall be free of Duty, provided the proper Duty shall have been paid on his first Admission.</i>	
<i>All Admissions of Officers, proceeding upon any Grants of or Appointments to Office, shall be charged with the Duties hereinafter mentioned.</i>	
But in all cases not expressly exempted, the proper Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Notary Public, See LICENSURE.	
ADMISSION of any Student into the Society of King's Inn - - - - -	30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to be a Fellow of the College of Physicians or Surgeons - - - - -	20 0 0
Note. — The said heretofore mentioned Duties on Admissions are, in all cases not expressly provided for, to be charged on the Register, Entry or Matriculation of each Admission, in the Rolls, Books or Records of the Court, College, Inn or Society in which the Admission shall be made.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

ADMISSION of any Person into any Corporation, Guild or Company, in a City, Borough, Burgh or Town Corporate, in Ireland, for the Registry, Entry, Minute or Memorandum thereof, in the Court Book, Roll or Record of such Corporation, Guild or Company;

Where the Admission shall be in respect of Birth, Apprenticeship or Marriage - - - - -

And where the same shall be upon any other Ground - - - - -

Only one of the foregoing Duties to be payable in respect of the Admission of any one Person into the same Corporation.

Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.

The Admission of any Person into a Corporation or Company for the Devotion of any Charitable Institution exclusively.

ADMISSION to Ecclesiastical Benefices.—See COLLECTION and PRESENTATION.

AFFIDAVIT, or AFFIRMATION, made in pursuance of any Law for amending or repairing Public Roads, or made before the Trustees of any Turnpike, relative to the Roads or Tolls of such Turnpike, or made for the Purpose of grounding thereon any Presentment of any Grand Jury, or for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or any other Public Purpose, or for accounting for any Public Money, or discharging Quoties on Presentments;

Where the Amount of the Money to be presented, raised or accounted for, shall not exceed 20*l*. - - - - -

Where such Amount shall exceed 20*l*. and shall not exceed 50*l*. - - - - -

Where such Amount shall exceed 50*l*. and shall not exceed 100*l*. - - - - -

Where such Amount shall exceed 100*l*. and shall not exceed 200*l*. - - - - -

Where such Amount shall exceed 200*l*. - - - - -

Any Affidavit not otherwise charged; for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, on which the same shall be written or printed - - - - -

Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.

Affidavits required or authorised by Law, to be made before any Commissioner or Commissioners of any Public Board of Revenue, or any of the Officers appointed or acting under them, or before any other Commissioner or Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Act of Parliament, or by the Crown.

Affidavits or Affirmations relating to Criminal Prosecutions.

Affidavits or Affirmations for the Purpose of Registering Freeholds.

Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before any Justice or Justices of Peace, or before a Magistrate of any Corporation sitting as a Justice of the Peace, whilst he or they otherwise charged.

Affidavits or Affirmations to be taken before a Magistrate sitting in any Court of Conscience, or of summary Jurisdiction, or before any Judge of Assize, Commissioner of Oyer and Terminer, or Recorder, or Assistant Recorder, relative to Prosecutions or Trials of Indebtedness, or in Civil Bills.

Affidavits or Affirmations made in pursuance of any Act relative to the Hoppen or Lanes Manufactures: And Affidavits or Affirmations as to the Payment of Corn Premiums; and Affidavits or Affirmations made before the Dublin Society.

£. s. d.

1 0 0

3 0 0

0 2 0

0 3 0

0 4 0

0 5 0

0 6 0

0 2 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
AFFIDAVIT —continued.	
<i>Affidavits which may be required at the Bank of Ireland to prove the Death of any Proprietor of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds, to identify the Person of any such Proprietor, or to remove any other Impediment to the Transfer of any such Stocks or Funds, or in anywise relating to the Loss, Maturation or Disbursement of any Bank Note or Bank Post Bill.</i>	£. s. d.
AGREEMENT , or Contract, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, or other Security on any Estate or Property therein comprised.—See MORTGAGE.	
AGREEMENT , or any Minute or Memorandum of Agreement, made in Ireland under Hand only (and not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty), where the matter thereof shall be of the Value of 20 <i>l.</i> or upwards, whether the same shall contain an actual Contract, or be only Evidence of a Contract, or obligatory upon the Parties from its being a written Instrument, together with every Schedule, Receipt or other matter put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto.	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein, after the First.	0 10 0
Provided always, that where direct Letters shall be offered in Evidence to prove any Agreement between the Parties who shall have written such Letters, it shall be sufficient if any one of such Letters shall be stamped with a Duty of 2 <i>l.</i>	
<i>Exceptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Memorandum or Agreement for the Hire of any Labourer, Artificer, Manufacturer or Menial Servant:</i>	
<i>Memorandum, Letter or Agreement, made for or relating to the Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise:</i>	
<i>Memorandum or Agreement made between the Master and Mariners of any Ship or Vessel, for Wages, on any Voyage Casewise from Port to Port in Ireland:</i>	
<i>Letters concerning any Agreement (not before exempted) in regard to any Merchandise, or Evidence of such an Agreement, which shall pass by the Post, between Merchants and other Persons carrying on Trade or Commerce, in Ireland, and residing and actually being, at the Time of sending such Letters, at the Distance of Forty Miles from each other, or between one or more Merchants in Ireland, and one or more Merchants in any other Country.</i>	
ANNUITY, DEED granting any, for a pecuniary Consideration.—	
—See CONVEYANCE and BOND.	
ANNUITY-DEED , if voluntary or gratuitously, or upon any good or valuable Consideration, other than a pecuniary Consideration.—	
—See SETTLEMENT.	
ANNUITY , Release, or other Conveyance, on the Reversibility of any Annuity or Rent Charge made, on the original Grant thereof, redeemable, or subject to be repurchased, provided the original Grant hath paid the <i>ad valorem</i> Duties chargeable thereon by the Act of the 55th of His present Majesty, intitled “An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof,” or the <i>ad valorem</i> Duties charged by this Act, on the first Skin thereof.	1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ANNUITY— <i>continued</i> .	<i>£. s. d.</i>
On each and every other Skin - - - - -	0 10 0
If each original Grant hath not paid each <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, then each Release or Conveyance shall pay the same Duty as on an original Grant of an Annuity; for which see TULES BONA CONVEYANCE.	
APPOINTMENT, in execution of a Power, of Land or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Use or Interest therein, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will - - - - -	1 0 0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the First - - - - -	0 10 0
<i>If made by Deed.—See Dues.</i>	
APPOINTMENT of a Chaplain, operating as a Qualification to hold Two Ecclesiastical Benefices in Ireland - - - - -	1 0 0
APPOINTMENT to Offices.—See ADMISSION, GRANT.	
APPRENTICESHIP.—Indenture, or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements, for or relating to the Service of any Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, who shall be put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade or Employment whatsoever; <i>except Articles of Clerkship or Apprenticeship to Attorneys and others, hereinafter specially charged on each Part of such Indentures;</i>	
If the Sum of Money, or the Value of any other matter or thing which shall be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, or be secured to be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, to or for the Use or Benefit of the Master or Mistress, with or in respect of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or both the Money and Value of such other matter shall exceed the Sum of 10 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 30 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	0 5 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 30 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	0 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 50 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	1 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 200 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	3 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 200 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 300 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	6 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 300 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 400 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	10 0 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 400 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 500 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	13 10 0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 500 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 600 <i>l.</i> - - - - -	20 0 0
And where such Sum or Value shall exceed the Sum of 600 <i>l.</i> for every 100 <i>l.</i> of such Excess, a Duty of - - - - -	3 0 0
Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements for or relating to the Service of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, as aforesaid, who shall be put or placed to or with a new Master or Mistress, either by Assignment or Turnover, or upon the Death, Absence or Incapacity of the former Master or Mistress, or otherwise;	

SCHEDULE, PART 1 ^a	Duty.
APPRENTICESHIP— <i>continued</i> .	<i>l. s. d.</i>
Where there shall be any such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the said new Master or Mistress, exclusive of any Part of the Consideration to the former Master or Mistress, which may be returned, or given, or transferred to the new Master or Mistress - - -	Back and the like Duty in Proportion to the Amount or Value of such new Consideration only, as is before charged on any original Indenture of Apprenticeship.
And where there shall be no such new Consideration - - -	0 10 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Indentures or other Instruments where no Apprenticeship Fee shall be given, or if any be given, where such Apprenticeship Fee shall not exceed the Sum of 10<i>l</i>.</i>	
<i>And all Assignments of such Apprenticeship as before excepted; provided there shall be no such valuable Consideration as aforesaid given to the new Master or Mistress, other than what may have been, or shall be, given by any Public Charity.</i>	
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as an Apprentice or Clerk to any Attorney or Solicitor, in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor, in any of His Majesty's Courts in Ireland, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - -	50 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as an Apprentice, in order to any such Admission as aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated by Consent, or by a Rule of Court, or in any other Event - - -	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - -	1 10 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in the Court of Probate in Dublin, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - -	50 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in any other Court in Ireland, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - -	5 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission into the Court of Admiralty in Ireland, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - -	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, for binding a Clerk or an Apprentice to a Notary Public, in order to his becoming a Notary Public, on each Part of such Articles - - -	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument or Contract, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor, or as a Notary	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ARTICLES of Apprenticeship—<i>antient</i>.	<i>£. s. d.</i>
Pable, in any of the Courts aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated, or in any other Event	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof	1 10 0
ASSIGNMENT upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Mortgage, or other similar Security.—	
—See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNMENT of JUDGMENTS.—For each Judgment assigned;	
Where the Penalty of any such Judgment assigned shall not amount to 50 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 50 <i>l.</i> and shall not amount to 100 <i>l.</i>	0 10 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and shall not amount to 200 <i>l.</i>	0 15 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and shall not amount to 400 <i>l.</i>	1 0 0
And where such Penalty shall amount to 400 <i>l.</i> or upwards	2 0 0
ASSIGNMENT of any Policy of Insurance.—See POLICY OF INSURANCE.	
AWARD under Hand and Seal, or under Hand only, made in Ireland, and whether the same shall or shall not be enrolled of Record in, or made a Rule of any Court	1 0 0
BARGAIN and SALE of any Estate, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage.—See CONVEYANCE, MORTGAGE.	
BARGAIN and SALE, to be enrolled, of any Estate, over and above all other Duties, for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, which the same shall contain	1 0 0
BILL, viz. INLAND BILL OF EXCHANGE, Promissory Note or other Note, whether of Bankers or otherwise, or Post Bill, or any Draft or Order for the Payment to the Bearer or to Order, either on Demand or otherwise, of any Sum of Money, not otherwise charged or expressly exempted;	
Where the Sum therein expressed shall not exceed 1 <i>0<i>l.</i></i>	0 0 6
Where the Sum shall exceed 1 <i>0<i>l.</i></i> and shall not exceed 30 <i>l.</i>	0 1 6
Where the Sum shall exceed 30 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i>	0 2 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 50 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i>	0 3 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 200 <i>l.</i>	0 4 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 200 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 500 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 500 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i>	0 8 0
Where the Sum shall exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i>	0 15 0
Where such Sum shall exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i>	1 5 0
BILL, viz. INLAND BILL, Draft or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, though not made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf	<i>{ The same Duty as on a Bill of Exchange for the like Sum payable to Bearer or Order.</i>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>BILL, viz. INLAND BILL, Draft or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money weekly, monthly or at any other stated Periods, if made payable to Bearer or to Order, or to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf, or which shall be delivered to the Payee, or such Person where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be specified therein, or can be ascertained therefrom, - - -</p>	<p><i>£. s. d.</i></p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Bill payable to Bearer or Order for a Sum equal to such Total Amount.</i></p>
<p>And where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be indefinite, - - - - -</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on a Bill for the Sum therein expressed only.</i></p>
<p>And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, within the Intent and Meaning of this Act and Schedule; and of all Acts in anywise relating to the levying, collecting or regulating, any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever, in Ireland:</p>	
<p>All Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, either in Cash or by a Bill or Bills, or Promissory Note or Notes, or by any Paper, or by Security or otherwise, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Bills, or Note or Notes, Paper Security or other Matter, in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money, where such Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders, shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer or an Order, or to the Payee, or if delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf.</p>	
<p>All Receipts given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, for Money received, which shall entitle, or be intended to entitle, the Person or Persons paying the Money, or the Bearer of such Receipts, to receive the like Sum from any Third Person or Persons.</p>	
<p>And all Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of any Sum of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be available, or upon any Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed or happen, if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf.</p>	
<p>BILL, viz. Foreign Bill of Exchange, or Bill drawn in Ireland, but payable elsewhere out of Ireland,</p>	
<p>if drawn singly - - - - -</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on an Inland Bill of the same Amount and Term.</i></p>
<p>if drawn in Sets, according to the Custom of Merchants, for every Bill of each Set, where the Sum made payable thereby shall not exceed 100<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 1 6</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 100<i>l.</i> and not exceed 200<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 3 0</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 200<i>l.</i> and not exceed 500<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 4 0</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 500<i>l.</i> and not exceed 1,000<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 1,000<i>l.</i> and not exceed 2,000<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 7 6</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 2,000<i>l.</i> and not exceed 3,000<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>And where it shall exceed 3,000<i>l.</i> - - - - -</p>	<p>0 15 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BILL—continued.	£. s. d.
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills not otherwise charged: Promissory Notes for any Sum not exceeding 2l. 10s. passed in Account of Taxes, or for Money lent by, or payable to, any Society for Charitable Loan, or by or to their Trustees, in Trust for them.</i>	
<i>All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money to the Bearer in Demand, and drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, who shall exhibit or transmit the Receipts of a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Drafts or Orders shall be drawn; provided such Place shall be specified in such Drafts or Orders, and provided such Drafts or Orders shall bear Date on or before the Day on which the same shall be issued; and provided the same do not direct the Payment to be made by Bills or Promissory Notes.</i>	
<i>All Bills for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for the Expensures liable to be charged in the public Regimental or District Accounts, which shall be drawn according to the Forms now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by His Majesty's Orders, by the Paymasters of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officers or Officers authorized to perform the Duties of Paymaster during a Vacancy, or the Absence, Sickness, or Incapacity of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; save and except such Bills as shall be drawn in Favour of Contractors or others, who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts and Agreements shall be liable to pay the Stamp Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them.</i>	
BILL of LADING , which shall be signed of or for any Goods, Merchandise or Effects, to be exported or carried Coastways, upon each and every Part of each Sex thereof	0 1 6
BILL of SALE absolute —See CONVEYANCE .	
BILL of SALE as a Security —See MORTGAGE .	
BOND , or other obligatory Instrument, conditioned for the Payment of any principal Sum, not otherwise particularly charged, not exceeding 100l.	0 10 0
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 200l.	1 0 0
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l.	1 10 0
Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l.	2 0 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1,000l.	2 10 0
Exceeding 1,000l. and not exceeding 2,000l.	3 10 0
Exceeding 2,000l. and not exceeding 3,000l.	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000l. and not exceeding 4,000l.	4 10 0
Exceeding 4,000l. and not exceeding 5,000l.	6 0 0
Exceeding 5,000l.	10 0 0
BOND given as a Security for the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, whether together with, or without any Sum already advanced;	
Where the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable, shall be uncertain and without any Limit	10 0 0
And where the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum	The same Duty as on a Bond for such limited Sum.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND— <i>consolid.</i>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> £. s. d. </div>
<p>BOND given as a Security for the Transfer or Redemption of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks or Funds of the Government and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company or Corporation</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on a Bond for a Sum of Money equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured according to the average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Bond, or if there shall not have been any average Price on that Day, then on the last Day preceding in which there shall have been a known Sale.</i></p>
BOND, commonly called a Mortgage or Annuity Bond, or Bond given as a collateral Security for or in respect of any Mortgage or Annuity	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 10 0 </div>
BOND entered into by any Person on obtaining a Marriage Licence	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 1 0 </div>
BOND given as the only or principal Security for the Payment of any Annuity upon the original Creation and Sale thereof.—See CONVEYANCE (upon the Sale of Lands, &c.	
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except upon the original Creation and Sale thereof), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, or Rent reserved, or made payable upon any Lease) for any definite and certain Term, so that the total Amount of the Money to be paid can be previously ascertained	<p><i>The same Duty as on a Bond of the like Nature, for the Payment of a Sum of Money equal to such Total Amount.</i></p>
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except as aforesaid), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease), for Term of Life, or any other indefinite Period, so that the whole Money to be paid cannot be previously ascertained	
Where the Annuity, or Sums secured, shall not amount to 1 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 10 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 1 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 5 <i>0<i>l.</i></i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 1 0 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 5 <i>0<i>l.</i></i> and not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 1 10 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 200 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 2 0 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 200 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 300 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 3 10 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 300 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 400 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 3 0 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 400 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 3 10 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 750 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 4 10 0 </div>
Where the same shall amount to 750 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 6 0 0 </div>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
BOND—continued.	<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Where the same shall amount to 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> per Annum	7	10	0
Where the same shall amount to 1,500 <i>l.</i> and not amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum	10	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000 <i>l.</i> per Annum or upwards	12	10	0
BOND for indemnifying any Person who shall become bound or engaged as Security or Cautioner for the Payment of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or for the Transfer of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned	1	0	0
BOND for the due Execution of an Office, or for the faithful Discharge of any Trust reposed in any Person as a Clerk, and to account for Money received	1	0	0
BOND given pursuant to the Directions of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes, or any of their Officers, for or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise, or Taxes, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for any other matter or thing relating thereto	0	10	0
BOND on obtaining Letters of Administration	1	0	0
BOND of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Act or Schedule, not expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	1	0	0
GENERAL DIRECTIONS respecting BONDS.			
Where any such Bond as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other matter, full or indorsed thereon, shall be written on more than one Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or on more than one Sheet of Paper, there shall be charged for every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, as aforesaid, beyond the First, a Duty of	0	10	0
Where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment of any Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, and an Annuity, or for any Two of such Purposes, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of a Sum computed of such Sum of Money, and the Value of such Share and Annuity, or either of them, such Value to be ascertained as herein directed. (See CONVEYANCE.)			
And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Values, whether consisting respectively of Sums of Money, and Annuities and Shares, in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, or of any One or Two of such matters, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each such Transaction separately, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.			
And where any Bond shall be given as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement for the Payment or Transfer of any of the said matters before mentioned, such Bond shall be charged with the same Duty as if the same had been immediately given for the Payment or Transfer thereof.			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>BOND—continued.</p> <p>And where any Bond for the Payment or Transfer of any of the said matters, or for the Performance of any Covenant for such Payment or Transfer, shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing, with any other matter or thing, in this Schedule specifically charged with any Duty (<i>except any Breach of Trust for the Money, Annuity, Stock or Fund secured</i>) such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties as would have been chargeable in respect of the said several matters therein, if contained in separate Deeds.</p> <p>But where a Bond for the Performance of Covenants or Agreements (<i>other than for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or any Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds</i>) shall be contained in the same Deed or Writing with any other matter or thing, the same shall not be charged separately, but the whole shall be considered as One Deed, and be charged accordingly under its proper Denomination.</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p> <p><i>Administration Bonds, given by the Widow, Child, Father, Mother, Brother or Sister of any Common Seamen, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i></p> <p><i>Administration Bond given by any Person, where the Estate to be administered shall not exceed 20<i>l.</i> in Value.</i></p> <p><i>Bonds to procure the Admission of any Child into any Charitable Institution.</i></p>	<p><i>£. s. d.</i></p>
CERTIFICATE of having registered a Deputation as a Gamekeeper -	3 3 0
CERTIFICATE to authorize any Person not being a Gamekeeper to kill Game in Ireland -	3 3 0
CERTIFICATE to entitle any Person to receive a Drawback of any Duty.—See DIBENTURE.	
CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted to practise as a Six Clerk in Chancery; and by every Person admitted as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts in England; and by every Person admitted as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney or Procurator, in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Damage doth exceed Forty Shillings;	
If such Six Clerk, Attorney or Solicitor, Agent or Procurator, has been admitted for Three Years and upwards -	8 0 0
Or if he shall not have been admitted for Three Years -	3 0 0
CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person, who in any Character whether as Conveyancer, Draftsman, Land Agent, Steward of an Estate or otherwise, shall for or in Execution of any Fee, Gain or Reward, draw, fill up or prepare any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument, or Lease, or Agreement for a Lease, of or relating to any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, or any other Deed or Contract whatever, or any Pleadings or Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity -	6 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CERTIFICATE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Exemptions.</i></p> <p><i>Serjeants at Law and Barristers, and all Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, and other Persons acting as such by virtue of any Office or Appointment, who shall respectively take out Certificates in their Characters.</i></p> <p><i>Public Officers drawing or preparing Deeds or other Instruments by virtue of their Office, and in the Course of their official Duty only, and not otherwise.</i></p>	<p><i>l. s. d.</i></p>
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted as a Proctor in any of the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts in Dublin.</p> <p>If such Proctor has been admitted for Three Years or upwards - - -</p> <p>If he shall not have been admitted for Three Years - - -</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">The above Certificate to authorize the Party obtaining the same to practise as a Proctor in any Court in Ireland.</p>	<p>£ 0 0</p> <p>3 0 0</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted, or who shall practise as a Proctor in any Ecclesiastical Court in any other Part of Ireland;</p> <p>If such Person has been admitted for Three Years or upwards - -</p> <p>Or if he shall not have been admitted for Three Years - - -</p>	<p>3 0 0</p> <p>1 0 0</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly, by any Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons acting as such, of having registered the Firm of his or their House according to Law;</p> <p>If such Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall issue any Promissory Notes for Money payable to Bearer on Demand, and allowed to be re-issued - - -</p>	<p>30 0 0</p>
<p>CHARTER PARTY, or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter of any Ship or Vessel, or any Memorandum, Letter or other Writing, between the Captain, Master or Owner, of any Ship or Vessel, and any Person for or relating to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods or Effects, on board of any such Ship or Vessel - - -</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>CLERKSHIP, Articles or Contract of.—See APPRENTICESHIP, ARTICLES.</p>	
<p>COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion, in Ireland, of the yearly Value of 100<i>l.</i></p> <p>And for every 100<i>l.</i> of the yearly Value thereof, exceeding the first 100<i>l.</i> a Year, a farther Duty of - - -</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop, Bishop or Vicar General of the Diocese; provided always, that Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be deemed One Benefice only.</p>	<p>5 0 0</p> <p>5 0 0</p>
<p>COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Curacy or Promotion whatsoever in Ireland.—See INSTITUTION, LICENCE, and PRESENTATION.</p>	
<p>COMPOSITION DEED, or other Instrument of Composition between a Debtor or Debtors and his, her or their Creditors - - -</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>CONSTAT of Letters Patent.—See EXEMPLIFICATION.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE, whether Grant, Assignment, Transfer, Release, Rescission or of any other Kind or Description whatsoever, upon the Sale, Settlement or Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim here, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property whatsoever, in Ireland, which shall be executed by the Grantor or Grantors or any of them, <i>not otherwise charged in this Schedule:</i>	£. s. d.
Where the Consideration therein or thereupon expressed shall not exceed 100 <i>l.</i> -	1 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 300 <i>l.</i> -	1 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 300 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 500 <i>l.</i> -	2 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 750 <i>l.</i> -	3 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 750 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i> -	4 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i> -	6 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i> -	12 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i> -	17 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i> -	22 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i> -	32 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i> -	47 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i> -	65 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i> -	85 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i> -	120 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i> -	175 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i> -	225 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i> -	275 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 100,000 <i>l.</i> -	350 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 100,000 <i>l.</i> -	500 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in each Part of such Conveyance, Settlement, Deed or Instrument, after the First Skin, a Duty of -	0 10 0
Where the Consideration in any such Deed or any Part thereof may be an Annuity, the Value of such Annuity shall be ascertained by the Tables annexed to an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act to secure the Payment of Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in Ireland," and as therein described, every such Annuity to be taken as a Sum to that Amount in ascertaining such <i>ad valorem</i> Duty as above charged.	
And where the Consideration or any Part of the Consideration, shall be any Stock in any of the Public Funds, or any Government Debentures or Debenture, or Stock of the Bank of Ireland, or any Debentures or Debenture of any Corporation, Company, Society or Person or Person, payable only at the Will of the Debtor; then the said Duty shall be calculated (taking the same respectively, whether constituting the whole or a part only of such Consideration) according to the selling Price thereof respectively on that Day, or on the next preceding Day on which any such Sale shall have taken place: And if such Consideration, or Part of Consideration, shall be a Mortgage, Judgment or Bond, or a Debenture, the Amount whereof shall be recoverable by the Holder, or any other Security whatsoever, whether payable in Money or otherwise, then such Calculation shall be made according to the Sum due thereon, whether for Principal or Interest, or for both.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

£. s. d.

Note.—The Purchase Money or Consideration is to be truly expressed and set forth in Words at Length, in or upon every such Deed or Instrument of Conveyance.

And where any Equity or Right of Redemption, or any Reversionary Right or Interest, of, in, to or out of any Lands or other Property, in Mortgage, or standing pledged or charged for or with the Payment of any Sum of Money, shall be conveyed or disposed of, either in Consideration of the Money so due on Mortgage, or in Consideration of that and of any further Sum, paid or agreed to be paid, the Conveyance of such Equity of Redemption, or Reversionary Right or Interest shall be deemed and taken to be a Conveyance upon the Sale of Property, and the Money due on such Mortgage shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchase Money, or Part of the Purchase Money for the same, as the case may be; and the Conveyance shall be liable to such Duty in respect of the whole of such Consideration, as any other Conveyance upon the Sale of Property is liable to, deducting thereout nevertheless such *ad valorem* Duty, if any, as shall have been previously paid on the Execution of such Mortgage, in respect of so much of the Principal Sum lent on such Mortgage, as shall then remain unpaid.

And where any Lands or other Property of different Tenures or Holdings, or held under different Titles, contracted to be sold at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser in separate Parts or Parcels by different Deeds or Instruments, the Purchase Money or Consideration shall be divided and apportioned in such manner as the Parties shall think fit, so that a distinct Price or Consideration for each separate Part or Parcel may be set forth in or upon the principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance relating thereto, which shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the Price or Consideration therein set forth.

And where any Lands or other Property contracted to be purchased by Two or more Persons jointly, or by any Person for himself and others, or wholly for others, at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed in Parts or Parcels, by separate Deeds or Instruments, to the Persons for whom the same shall be purchased, for distinct Parts or Shares of the Purchase Money or Consideration, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance of each separate Part or Parcel shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the Sum of Money or other matter therein specified, as the Consideration for the same.

But if separate Parts or Parcels of such Lands or other Property shall be conveyed to, or to the use of or in trust for different Persons, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, then such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the aggregate Amount of the Purchase Money or Consideration therein mentioned to be paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, for the Lands or Property thereby conveyed.

§ M 2

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.**l. s. d.*

And where any Lands or other Property separately contracted to be purchased of different Persons at separate and distinct Prices, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser, or according to the Purchaser's Direction, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the *ad valorem* Duties which shall be then, by Law, payable on Conveyances on the Sale of Property for and in respect of the separate Consideration paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, for such Lands or other Property, and not for and in respect of the aggregate Amount thereof.

And where any Person having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell to any other Person, and the same shall, in consequence, be conveyed immediately to the Sub Purchaser, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein mentioned to be paid, or agreed to be paid by the Sub Purchaser.

And where any Person having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell the whole or any Part or Parts thereof to any other Person or Persons, and the same shall, in consequence, be conveyed by the original Seller to different Persons in Parts or Parcels, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance of each Part or Parcel thereof shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect only of the Purchase Money or Consideration which shall be therein mentioned to be paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given for the same, by the Person or Persons to whom, or to whose Use, or in trust for whom the Conveyance shall be made; without regard to the Amount of the original Purchase Money or Consideration.

And in all cases of such Sub Sales as aforesaid, the Sub Purchasers and the Persons immediately selling to them, shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchasers and Sellers, within the Intent and Meaning of the Provisions and Regulations of this Act.

But where any Sub Purchaser shall take an actual Conveyance of the Interest of the Person immediately selling to him, which shall be chargeable with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the Purchase Money or Consideration paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, by him, and shall be duly stamped accordingly, any Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to be afterwards made to him of the Property in question, by the original Seller, shall be exempted from the said *ad valorem* Duty, and be charged only with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same kind, not upon a Sale.

And where any Lands or other Property shall be sold and conveyed in consideration only or in part of any Sum of Money charged thereon by way of Mortgage or otherwise, and then due and owing to the Purchaser, or shall be sold and conveyed subject to any Mortgage, Bond or other Debt, or

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CONVEYANCE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p>to any gross or entire Sum of Money to be afterwards paid by the Purchaser, such Sum of Money or Debt shall be deemed the Purchase Money or Consideration, or Part of the Purchase Money or Consideration, as the case may be, in respect whereof the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty is to be paid; deducting thereout nevertheless such <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, if any, as shall have been previously paid on the Execution of any such Mortgage or Security, in respect of so much of such Mortgage or other Debt as shall then remain unpaid.</p> <p>And to prevent Doubts respecting what shall be deemed the principal Deed or Instrument of Conveyance in certain cases, it is hereby declared,</p> <p>That where upon the Sale of any Annuity, or other Right not before in Evidence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warranty of Attorney, Covenant, Contract or otherwise, the Bond or other Instrument by which the same shall be secured, or some one of such Instruments, if there be more than one, shall be deemed and taken to be liable to the same Duty as an actual Grant or Conveyance.</p> <p>And where, in any case not herein expressly provided for, of several Deeds or Instruments, or Writings, a Doubt shall arise, which is the principal, it shall be lawful for the Parties to determine for themselves, which shall be so deemed, and to pay the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty thereon accordingly, and if necessary, the other Deeds, Instruments or Writings, on which the Doubts shall have arisen, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty upon all the Deeds or Instruments being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped in other respects.</p> <p>And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument chargeable with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty exceeding all one of them only shall be charged therewith, and the other or others shall be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same kind not upon a Sale; and on the whole being produced, duly stamped as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty.</p> <p>And where any Deed or Instrument, operating as a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property, shall operate also as a Conveyance of any other than the Property sold, by way of Settlement, or for any other Purpose, or shall also contain any other matter or thing, besides what shall be incident to the Sale and Conveyance of the Property sold, or shall relate to the Title thereof, every such Deed or Instrument shall be charged, in addition to the Duty to which it shall be liable as a Conveyance on the Sale of Property, and to any progressive Duty to which it may also be liable, with such further Stamp Duty as any separate Deed, containing the other matter, would have been chargeable with exclusive of the progressive Duty.</p>	<p><i>l. s. d.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE — <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
And where there shall be several Deeds or Instruments for completing the Title to the Property sold, such of them as are not liable to the <i>land ad volens</i> Duty shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any general or particular Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule.	
And in all cases where the contrary shall not be expressly directed, if any Two or more distinct matters shall be contained in the same Deed or Instrument, in respect of each of which matters a Stamp Duty shall be payable, then such Deed or Instrument shall be subject to the same Duties as shall be payable in respect of such distinct matters.	
<i>Exemption from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Considerations of 51. or 100. annually termed nominal Considerations, in such Deeds or other Instruments, where other bona fide Considerations shall be expressed to be therein paid.</i>	
<i>All Transfers of Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, and in the Stocks or Funds of the Bank of Ireland, or of any Company or Corporation in Ireland.</i>	
CONVEYANCE of Lands and Rents belonging to the Crown.— <i>See GRANT.</i>	
CONVEYANCE of any Estate or Property in Trust for Sale which shall be intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.— <i>See MORTGAGE.</i>	
CONVEYANCE , Lease, Release, Indenture, Deed or Instrument of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein	1 0 0
For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein	0 10 0
CONVEYANCE of any kind, if to be enrolled.— <i>See RELEASE.</i>	
COPY or EXTRACT of any Will or Codicil, deposited in any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland	0 0 3
For every entire Quantity of 90 Words, over and above the first 90 Words, a further Duty of	0 0 3
COPY of any Memorial, or of the Register of any Memorial, registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made for the Public Registering of Deeds and Conveyances in Ireland, issued from the Registrar's Office, whether the same be attested or not; for each Memorial	0 3 0
For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Copy shall be written, after the first, a Duty of	0 3 0
<i>Exemption from the preceding Duty.</i>	
<i>Copies of all Memorials included in Searches issued from the Registry Office, called Negative Searches, having the Duty thereon charged.</i>	
DEBENTURE or CERTIFICATE for entitling any Person to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties, or Part of any Duty or Duties of Customs or Excise, or any Bounty payable out of the Re-	

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
DEBENTURE — <i>continued</i> .				
venue of Customs or Excise, for or in respect of any Goods, Wares or Merchandise exported, or shipped to be exported, from Ireland to any Parts beyond the Seas;				
If the time shall not exceed 100l.		0	3	0
If the time shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l.		0	4	0
If the time shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l.		0	15	0
If the time shall exceed 500l.		1	10	0
DEBENTURE of any other kind.—See MORTGAGE.				
<i>Exception.</i>				
<i>All Debentures issued by Government under the Direction of any Act of Parliament.</i>				
DECLARATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will		1	0	0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein after the first		0	10	0
DEED of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein		1	0	0
For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein		0	10	0
DEED , if the same be enrolled.—See RELEASE.				
DEEDS —Extracts or Abstracts from Deeds or other Acts issued from the Office for Registry of Deeds and so forth, called the Registry Office, and commonly called a Common Search; and whether such Search shall contain the Extract from any Deeds or Deed, or not, and whether the same be signed by or on behalf of any Officer or Clerk belonging to such Office or not;				
For each Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which such Search, Extract or Extracts, Abstract or Abstracts, shall be written		0	3	0
DEEDS —Searches for Deeds or Abstracts, or Extract from Deeds or other Acts issued from the Office for Registering Deeds, called the Registry Office, commonly called a Negative Search;				
For each Copy of any Deed or Memorial, or for each Extract or Abstract from any Deed or Memorial which such Negative Search shall give or contain		0	3	0
On the Officer's Certificate on such Search, over and above all other Duties		0	10	0
DEFEASANCE DEED , or other Instrument of Defeasance, of any Conveyance or Disposition apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE.				
DEPUTATION for any Person to be a Beneficial or Steward of a Manor		1	0	0
DEPUTATION of a Gamekeeper.—See CERTIFICATE.				
DISCHARGE for Money.—See RECEIPT.				
DISPENSATION for holding Two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or a Dignity and Benefice in Ireland		15	0	0
Dispensation or Faculty from the Lord Archbishop of Armagh, or Master of the Faculties for the Time being		15	0	0
And in all other cases		10	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
DONATION.—See PRESENTATION.	s. l. d.
DRAFT for Money.—See BILL of EXCHANGE.	
ENROLMENT of Deeds or other Instruments.—See RELEASE.	
EXCHANGE of Lands or other Hereditaments ;	
Any Deed or Instrument of Exchange where no Sum of Money, or only a Sum of 500 <i>l.</i> shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange	1 0 0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum, or Parchment, or Sheet, or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 10 0
And where a Sum of 500 <i>l.</i> or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange ;	<i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance in the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of equal Amount with the Money paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Exchange.</i>
If the Exchange shall be effected by separate Deeds or Instruments of Conveyance, there shall be paid for the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to each Party	
And if the same shall be effected by mutual Conveyances, in one Deed or Instrument, there shall be paid for each Deed or Instrument	<i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance in the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of Twice the Amount paid for Equality of Exchange.</i>
And for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	
EXEMPLIFICATION or Confirm, under the Great Seal of Ireland, of any Letters Patent or Grant, made or to be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any of his Royal Predecessors, of any Honour, Dignity or Promotion, Franchise, Liberty or Privilege to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or of any Lands, Office or other thing whatsoever	30 0 0
And on every Skin after the first	1 0 0
EXTRACTS or ABSTRACTS from Registers and Records in Ireland.—See COPY and DUELL.	
FURTHER CHARGE.—See MORTGAGE.	
GAME CERTIFICATES.—See CERTIFICATES.	
GRANT or Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland ;	
Of the Honour or Dignity of an Archbishop	150 0 0
_____ of a Duke	350 0 0
_____ of a Marquis	500 0 0
_____ of an Earl	250 0 0
_____ of a Viscount	200 0 0
_____ of a Bishop	100 0 0
_____ of a Baron	150 0 0
_____ of a Baronet	100 0 0
Of any other Honour, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever, or of any Franchise, Liberty or Privilege, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate	30 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

GRANT—continued.

s. l. d.

And where Two or more Honours or Dignities shall be granted by the same Letters Patent to the same Person, such Letters Patent shall be charged with the proper Duty in respect of the highest in point of Rank only.

And where any Honour or Dignity, Honour or Dignities, shall be granted to any Person or Persons, in Remainder, the Letters Patent shall be charged with such further Duty, in respect of every Remainder, as would have been payable for an original Grant of the same Honour or Dignity, Honour or Dignities.

And where any such Grant or Letters Patent shall be contained in more than One Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, then for every Skin, Sheet or Piece thereof, after the first, a further *proportio* Duty of - - -

10 0 0

Exceptions from the preceding Stamp Duties.

Commissions of Rebellion in France.

Letters Patent, or Briefs for collecting Charitable Bequests.

Letters Patent for conferring any Dispensation heretofore charged with a Duty

GRANT, or Warrant of Precedence to take Rank - - -

50 0 0

GRANT of an Escheatorship - - -

10 0 0

Grant of any Land in Fee, Lease for Years, or other Grant for Profit, and not herein particularly charged, that shall pass the Seal of the Exchequer, except Custodiam Leases - - -

3 0 0

GRANT from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, out of the Civil List, or out of any other Fund, not being Part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament;

Of any definite and certain Sum and Sums of Money,

Not amounting to 100l. - - -

1 10 0

Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 250l. - - -

4 0 0

Amounting to 250l. and not amounting to 500l. - - -

10 0 0

Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 750l. - - -

10 0 0

Amounting to 750l. and not amounting to 1,000l. - - -

30 0 0

Amounting to 1,000l. and upwards; for every 100l. thereof - - -

5 0 0

Of any Annuity or Pension,

Not amounting to 100l. per Annum - - -

1 10 0

Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. per Annum - - -

4 0 0

Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 400l. per Annum - - -

10 0 0

Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 600l. per Annum - - -

10 0 0

Amounting to 600l. and not amounting to 800l. per Annum - - -

30 0 0

Amounting to 800l. and not amounting to 1,000l. per Annum - - -

40 0 0

Amounting to 1,000l. per Annum and upwards - - -

50 0 0

But where any such Grant of an Annuity or Pension shall be made in Confirmation or by way of Renewal only, of any former Grant of the like Amount and Description, then only a Duty of - - -

1 10 0

SCHEDULE, PART L	Duty.
GRANT — <i>continued</i> .	s. l. d.
And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension; but where the Grant shall be of any Annuity or Pension, to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the Whole.	
GRANT , or Appointment by His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, of or to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed or other Writing;	
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto, shall not amount to 50l. per Annum	2 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum	4 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum	6 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum	12 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum	15 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum	35 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum	50 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum	75 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum	100 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. per Annum	150 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. per Annum or upwards	200 0 0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding, where practicable; and in other cases, according to the best Information that can be obtained.	
And where any such Grant or Appointment shall be made to Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person.	
Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged, in respect of any Person to whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any manner augmented; and in that case, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in Proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.	
INDENTURES of Apprenticeship. —See APPRENTICESHIP and ARTICLES.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

INSTITUTION, granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor or other Ordinary, or by any Ecclesiastical Court, in and to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in *Ireland*, provided that an Institution to Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be considered as an Institution to a single Benefice.

s. d.

1 0 0

Collation by an Archbishop or Bishop to be considered as equivalent to Presentation and Institution, and subject to the Two Duties accordingly.—See COLLATION, LACENCE, and PRESENTATION.

INSTRUMENTS of any kind, if to be enrolled.—See RELEASE.

INVENTORY.—See SCHEDULE.

JUDGMENT.—See ASSURANCE and MEMORIAL.

LEASE, Release or Deed, Misuse, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, by any Archbishop or Bishop, or Ecclesiastical Corporation, Aggregate or Sole, for letting or demise Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in *Ireland*, of the Estates of such Archbishop or Bishop, or Corporation, in Right of their respective Sees for any Term of Years only, and absolute, not exceeding Twenty one Years in Possession, without any Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof, on the First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, of each and every Part thereof;

Where the annual Amount of the Rent reserved or agreed to be reserved (any penal Rent, or any increased or reserved Rent in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed 10*l*. And the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed One hundred Pounds.

0 5 0

Where the annual Amount

of such Rent or of such Fine or Consideration

shall exceed	and shall not exceed	shall exceed	and shall not exceed	
10 <i>l</i>	10 <i>l</i>	100 <i>l</i>	150 <i>l</i>	0 10 0
20	30	150	200	0 15 0
50	100	200	500	1 0 0
100	150	500	750	1 10 0
150	200	750	1,000	2 0 0
200	250	1,000	1,250	2 10 0
250	300	1,250	1,500	3 0 0
300	350	1,500	1,750	3 10 0
350	400	1,750	2,000	4 0 0

And where the annual Amount of such Rent reserved, or agreed to be reserved, shall exceed the Sum of 400*l*. or the Fine shall exceed 2,000*l*. then, for every 100*l*. of the whole Amount of such Rent, or for every 500*l*. of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of

2 0 0

And where there shall be both Rent and Fine, the Duty only to be paid in respect of such Rent or Fine as shall be liable to the higher Rate of Duty.

For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Misuse, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article, after the First Skin or Sheet, a Duty of

0 10 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.				Duty.
LEASE, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, not otherwise charged, for letting or demise of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives or Thirty one Years, whether with or without a Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof, or with a Clause or Covenant of Renewal, which shall contain any Stipulation for the Payment of any pecuniary Fine in any way howsoever;				£. s. d.
On the First Skin, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, of each and every Part thereof;				
Where the annual Amount of the Rent referred or agreed to be referred (any penal Rent, or any increased or reduced Rent in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed 10 <i>l</i> . and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 100 <i>l</i> .				0 5 0
Where the annual Amount				
of such Rent		or of such Fine or Consideration		
shall exceed	and shall not exceed	shall exceed	and shall not exceed	
£ 10	£ 20	£ 100	£ 150	0 10 0
£ 20	£ 30	£ 150	£ 200	0 15 0
£ 30	£ 40	£ 200	£ 300	1 0 0
£ 40	£ 50	£ 300	£ 400	1 10 0
£ 50	£ 60	£ 400	£ 500	2 0 0
£ 60	£ 70	£ 500	£ 600	2 10 0
£ 70	£ 80	£ 600	£ 700	3 0 0
£ 80	£ 90	£ 700	£ 800	3 10 0
£ 90	£ 100	£ 800	£ 900	4 0 0
£ 100	£ 110	£ 900	£ 1,000	
£ 110	£ 120	£ 1,000	£ 1,100	
£ 120	£ 130	£ 1,100	£ 1,200	
£ 130	£ 140	£ 1,200	£ 1,300	
£ 140	£ 150	£ 1,300	£ 1,400	
£ 150	£ 160	£ 1,400	£ 1,500	
£ 160	£ 170	£ 1,500	£ 1,600	
£ 170	£ 180	£ 1,600	£ 1,700	
£ 180	£ 190	£ 1,700	£ 1,800	
£ 190	£ 200	£ 1,800	£ 1,900	
£ 200	£ 210	£ 1,900	£ 2,000	
£ 210	£ 220	£ 2,000	£ 2,100	
£ 220	£ 230	£ 2,100	£ 2,200	
£ 230	£ 240	£ 2,200	£ 2,300	
£ 240	£ 250	£ 2,300	£ 2,400	
£ 250	£ 260	£ 2,400	£ 2,500	
£ 260	£ 270	£ 2,500	£ 2,600	
£ 270	£ 280	£ 2,600	£ 2,700	
£ 280	£ 290	£ 2,700	£ 2,800	
£ 290	£ 300	£ 2,800	£ 2,900	
£ 300	£ 310	£ 2,900	£ 3,000	
£ 310	£ 320	£ 3,000	£ 3,100	
£ 320	£ 330	£ 3,100	£ 3,200	
£ 330	£ 340	£ 3,200	£ 3,300	
£ 340	£ 350	£ 3,300	£ 3,400	
£ 350	£ 360	£ 3,400	£ 3,500	
£ 360	£ 370	£ 3,500	£ 3,600	
£ 370	£ 380	£ 3,600	£ 3,700	
£ 380	£ 390	£ 3,700	£ 3,800	
£ 390	£ 400	£ 3,800	£ 3,900	
£ 400	£ 410	£ 3,900	£ 4,000	
£ 410	£ 420	£ 4,000	£ 4,100	
£ 420	£ 430	£ 4,100	£ 4,200	
£ 430	£ 440	£ 4,200	£ 4,300	
£ 440	£ 450	£ 4,300	£ 4,400	
£ 450	£ 460	£ 4,400	£ 4,500	
£ 460	£ 470	£ 4,500	£ 4,600	
£ 470	£ 480	£ 4,600	£ 4,700	
£ 480	£ 490	£ 4,700	£ 4,800	
£ 490	£ 500	£ 4,800	£ 4,900	
£ 500	£ 510	£ 4,900	£ 5,000	
£ 510	£ 520	£ 5,000	£ 5,100	
£ 520	£ 530	£ 5,100	£ 5,200	
£ 530	£ 540	£ 5,200	£ 5,300	
£ 540	£ 550	£ 5,300	£ 5,400	
£ 550	£ 560	£ 5,400	£ 5,500	
£ 560	£ 570	£ 5,500	£ 5,600	
£ 570	£ 580	£ 5,600	£ 5,700	
£ 580	£ 590	£ 5,700	£ 5,800	
£ 590	£ 600	£ 5,800	£ 5,900	
£ 600	£ 610	£ 5,900	£ 6,000	
£ 610	£ 620	£ 6,000	£ 6,100	
£ 620	£ 630	£ 6,100	£ 6,200	
£ 630	£ 640	£ 6,200	£ 6,300	
£ 640	£ 650	£ 6,300	£ 6,400	
£ 650	£ 660	£ 6,400	£ 6,500	
£ 660	£ 670	£ 6,500	£ 6,600	
£ 670	£ 680	£ 6,600	£ 6,700	
£ 680	£ 690	£ 6,700	£ 6,800	
£ 690	£ 700	£ 6,800	£ 6,900	
£ 700	£ 710	£ 6,900	£ 7,000	
£ 710	£ 720	£ 7,000	£ 7,100	
£ 720	£ 730	£ 7,100	£ 7,200	
£ 730	£ 740	£ 7,200	£ 7,300	
£ 740	£ 750	£ 7,300	£ 7,400	
£ 750	£ 760	£ 7,400	£ 7,500	
£ 760	£ 770	£ 7,500	£ 7,600	
£ 770	£ 780	£ 7,600	£ 7,700	
£ 780	£ 790	£ 7,700	£ 7,800	
£ 790	£ 800	£ 7,800	£ 7,900	
£ 800	£ 810	£ 7,900	£ 8,000	
£ 810	£ 820	£ 8,000	£ 8,100	
£ 820	£ 830	£ 8,100	£ 8,200	
£ 830	£ 840	£ 8,200	£ 8,300	
£ 840	£ 850	£ 8,300	£ 8,400	
£ 850	£ 860	£ 8,400	£ 8,500	
£ 860	£ 870	£ 8,500	£ 8,600	
£ 870	£ 880	£ 8,600	£ 8,700	
£ 880	£ 890	£ 8,700	£ 8,800	
£ 890	£ 900	£ 8,800	£ 8,900	
£ 900	£ 910	£ 8,900	£ 9,000	
£ 910	£ 920	£ 9,000	£ 9,100	
£ 920	£ 930	£ 9,100	£ 9,200	
£ 930	£ 940	£ 9,200	£ 9,300	
£ 940	£ 950	£ 9,300	£ 9,400	
£ 950	£ 960	£ 9,400	£ 9,500	
£ 960	£ 970	£ 9,500	£ 9,600	
£ 970	£ 980	£ 9,600	£ 9,700	
£ 980	£ 990	£ 9,700	£ 9,800	
£ 990	£ 1,000	£ 9,800	£ 9,900	
£ 1,000	£ 1,010	£ 9,900	£ 10,000	
£ 1,010	£ 1,020	£ 10,000	£ 10,100	
£ 1,020	£ 1,030	£ 10,100	£ 10,200	
£ 1,030	£ 1,040	£ 10,200	£ 10,300	
£ 1,040	£ 1,050	£ 10,300	£ 10,400	
£ 1,050	£ 1,060	£ 10,400	£ 10,500	
£ 1,060	£ 1,070	£ 10,500	£ 10,600	
£ 1,070	£ 1,080	£ 10,600	£ 10,700	
£ 1,080	£ 1,090	£ 10,700	£ 10,800	
£ 1,090	£ 1,100	£ 10,800	£ 10,900	
£ 1,100	£ 1,110	£ 10,900	£ 11,000	
£ 1,110	£ 1,120	£ 11,000	£ 11,100	
£ 1,120	£ 1,130	£ 11,100	£ 11,200	
£ 1,130	£ 1,140	£ 11,200	£ 11,300	
£ 1,140	£ 1,150	£ 11,300	£ 11,400	
£ 1,150	£ 1,160	£ 11,400	£ 11,500	
£ 1,160	£ 1,170	£ 11,500	£ 11,600	
£ 1,170	£ 1,180	£ 11,600	£ 11,700	
£ 1,180	£ 1,190	£ 11,700	£ 11,800	
£ 1,190	£ 1,200	£ 11,800	£ 11,900	
£ 1,200	£ 1,210	£ 11,900	£ 12,000	
£ 1,210	£ 1,220	£ 12,000	£ 12,100	
£ 1,220	£ 1,230	£ 12,100	£ 12,200	
£ 1,230	£ 1,240	£ 12,200	£ 12,300	
£ 1,240	£ 1,250	£ 12,300	£ 12,400	
£ 1,250	£ 1,260	£ 12,400	£ 12,500	
£ 1,260	£ 1,270	£ 12,500	£ 12,600	
£ 1,270	£ 1,280	£ 12,600	£ 12,700	
£ 1,280	£ 1,290	£ 12,700	£ 12,800	
£ 1,290	£ 1,300	£ 12,800	£ 12,900	
£ 1,300	£ 1,310	£ 12,900	£ 13,000	
£ 1,310	£ 1,320	£ 13,000	£ 13,100	
£ 1,320	£ 1,330	£ 13,100	£ 13,200	
£ 1,330	£ 1,340	£ 13,200	£ 13,300	
£ 1,340	£ 1,350	£ 13,300	£ 13,400	
£ 1,350	£ 1,360	£ 13,400	£ 13,500	
£ 1,360	£ 1,370	£ 13,500	£ 13,600	
£ 1,370	£ 1,380	£ 13,600	£ 13,700	
£ 1,380	£ 1,390	£ 13,700	£ 13,800	
£ 1,390	£ 1,400	£ 13,800	£ 13,900	
£ 1,400	£ 1,410	£ 13,900	£ 14,000	
£ 1,410	£ 1,420	£ 14,000	£ 14,100	
£ 1,420	£ 1,430	£ 14,100	£ 14,200	
£ 1,430	£ 1,440	£ 14,200	£ 14,300	
£ 1,440	£ 1,450	£ 14,300	£ 14,400	
£ 1,450	£ 1,460	£ 14,400	£ 14,500	
£ 1,460	£ 1,470	£ 14,500	£ 14,600	
£ 1,470	£ 1,480	£ 14,600	£ 14,700	
£ 1,480	£ 1,490	£ 14,700	£ 14,800	
£ 1,490	£ 1,500	£ 14,800	£ 14,900	
£ 1,500	£ 1,510	£ 14,900	£ 15,000	
£ 1,510	£ 1,520	£ 15,000	£ 15,100	
£ 1,520	£ 1,530	£ 15,100	£ 15,200	
£ 1,530	£ 1,540	£ 15,200	£ 15,300	
£ 1,540	£ 1,550	£ 15,300	£ 15,400	
£ 1,550	£ 1,560	£ 15,400	£ 15,500	
£ 1,560	£ 1,570	£ 15,500	£ 15,600	
£ 1,570	£ 1,580	£ 15,600	£ 15,700	
£ 1,580	£ 1,590	£ 15,700	£ 15,800	
£ 1,590	£ 1,600	£ 15,800	£ 15,900	
£ 1,600	£ 1,610	£ 15,900	£ 16,000	
£ 1,610	£ 1,620	£ 16,000	£ 16,100	
£ 1,620	£ 1,630	£ 16,100	£ 16,200	
£ 1,630	£ 1,640	£ 16,200	£ 16,300	
£ 1,640	£ 1,650	£ 16,300	£ 16,400	
£ 1,650	£ 1,660	£ 16,400	£ 16,500	
£ 1,660	£ 1,670	£ 16,500	£ 16,600	
£ 1,670	£ 1,680	£ 16,600	£ 16,700	
£ 1,680	£ 1,690	£ 16,700	£ 16,800	
£ 1,690	£ 1,700	£ 16,800	£ 16,900	
£ 1,700	£ 1,710	£ 16,900	£ 17,000	
£ 1,710	£ 1,720	£ 17,000	£ 17,100	
£ 1,720	£ 1,730	£ 17,100	£ 17,200	
£ 1,730	£ 1,740	£ 17,200	£ 17,300	
£ 1,740	£ 1,750	£ 17,300	£ 17,400	
£ 1,750	£ 1,760	£ 17,400	£ 17,500	
£ 1,760	£ 1,770	£ 17,500	£ 17,600	
£ 1,770	£ 1,780	£ 17,600	£ 17,700	
£ 1,780	£ 1,790	£ 17,700	£ 17,800	
£ 1,790	£ 1,800	£ 17,800	£ 17,900	
£ 1,800	£ 1,810	£ 17,900	£ 18,000	
£ 1,810	£ 1,820	£ 18,000	£ 18,100	
£ 1,820	£ 1,830	£ 18,100	£ 18,200	
£ 1,830	£ 1,840	£ 18,200	£ 18,300	
£ 1,840	£ 1,850	£ 18,300	£ 18,400	
£ 1,850	£ 1,860	£ 18,400	£ 18,500	
£ 1,860	£ 1,870	£ 18,500	£ 18,600	
£ 1,870	£ 1,880	£ 18,600	£ 18,700	
£ 1,880	£ 1,890	£ 18,700	£ 18,800	
£ 1,890	£ 1,900	£ 18,800	£ 18,900	
£ 1,900	£ 1,910	£ 18,900	£ 19,000	
£ 1,910	£ 1,920	£ 19,000	£ 19,100	
£ 1,920	£ 1,930	£ 19,100	£ 19,200	
£ 1,930	£ 1,940	£ 19,200	£ 19,300	
£ 1,940	£ 1,950	£ 19,300	£ 19,400	
£ 1,950	£ 1,960	£ 19,400	£ 19,500	
£ 1,960	£ 1,970	£ 19,500	£ 19,600	
£ 1,970	£ 1,980	£ 19,600	£ 19,700	
£ 1,980	£ 1,990	£ 19,700	£ 19,800	
£ 1,990	£ 2,000	£ 19,800	£ 19,900	
£ 2,000	£ 2,010	£ 19,900	£ 20,000	
£ 2,010	£ 2,020	£ 20,000	£ 20,100	
£ 2,020	£ 2,030	£ 20,100	£ 20,200	
£ 2,030	£ 2,040	£ 20,200	£ 20,300	
£ 2,040	£ 2,050	£ 20,300	£ 20,400	</

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
LEASE — <i>continued</i> .	<i>£. s. d.</i>
to be referred, and for every Twenty five Pounds of Fine or Consideration, a further Duty in all cases on the First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any of such Instruments, of - - - - -	0 5 0
LEASE , Release, Deed or Instrument, for demising Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, executed by any Master in Chancery, or Officer of the Equity or Revenue side of the Court of Exchequer, or executed by any Esqit Creditor, or any Lease of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, under Eviction for Nonpayment of Rent, and redeemable, where such Lease shall not exceed the Period during which the same shall continue to be redeemable, on the First Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, where such Rent shall not exceed Two hundred Pounds by the Year, or that Rate for a Portion of a Year - - - - -	0 10 0
Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of Two hundred Pounds by the Year, and shall not exceed the Rate of Four hundred Pounds by the Year - - - - -	1 0 0
Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of Four hundred Pounds by the Year, then for every One hundred Pounds of the yearly Rate of such Rent - - - - -	0 10 0
And every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in every such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute or Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, after the first Skin or Sheet - - - - -	0 10 0
LEGACY .—See RELEASE, and Part the Third of this Schedule.	
LETTER , or Power of Attorney, made by any Petty Officer, Seaman or Marine, or Soldier serving as a Marine, for Recovery of Prize Money - - - - -	0 1 0
LETTER of Attorney for the Sale, Transfer, Acceptance or Release of Dividends of any Government, Parliamentary or other Stocks or Funds - - - - -	0 10 0
LETTER , or Power of Attorney, of any other kind, not otherwise charged - - - - -	0 10 0
LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person to receive Rents in Ireland, except Letters of Attorney to receive Rents under Custodians or Elegts - - - - -	0 0 0
LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person or Persons to execute any Lease or Leases of Lands in Ireland, on the Part or Behalf of any Lessee or Lessees - - - - -	
If such Letter of Attorney shall be limited to the executing of any Lease or Leases in which the annual Amount of the Rent referred, or to be referred, (any penal Rent, or any increased or reduced Rent, in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount), shall not exceed 5 <i>l</i> . and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 10 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	1 0 0
And where such Letter of Attorney shall not be limited - - - - -	10 0 0
LETTER of Attorney which shall be limited to any larger Rent or Fine, or which shall not specify the Amount of the Rent or Fine to be referred or received on such Lease - - - - -	10 0 0
LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person to execute any Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of Lands or Tenements in Ireland, where the Consideration of such Conveyance shall not exceed 10 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
LETTER — <i>continued.</i>	<i>£. s. d.</i>
And where the Amount of such Consideration shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> or where the Amount of the Consideration shall not be expressed in such Letter of Attorney -	10 0 0
And if any Letter of Attorney shall empower any Person to perform distinct or different Acts charged by this Schedule with separate Duties, then a Duty shall be payable as herein charged with respect to each such Act contained in such Letter of Attorney.	
LETTER of Licence from Creditor to Debtor - - -	0 10 0
LETTERS Patent —See GRANT.	
LICENCE , Special, for Marriage, to be issued from the Court of Prerogative in Ireland - - -	5 0 0
LICENCE to be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Vicar General or other competent Authority in Ireland, for the Non Residence of any Clergyman upon his Living - - -	3 0 0
LICENCE of any kind, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court in Ireland - - -	1 10 0
<i>Exemption from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Licence to Sponsorial Curates, where the annual Amount of the Stipend shall be specified, and also Licence to Parish Clerks and Parish Schoolmasters, whose respective Emoluments shall not exceed 100<i>l.</i> per Annum. And also Licence for Marriage; except Special Licence heretofore charged with a Duty of 5<i>l.</i></i>	
LICENCE to deal in or retail Stamps in Ireland - - -	2 0 0
LICENCE to insure against Fire - - -	0 5 0
LICENCE to act as a Notary Public in the City and County of the City of Dublin, or within the City and Liberties of Cork, or within the Cities or Towns of Waterford, Londonderry, Belfast or Newry, or within Five Miles of the last several Cities or Towns respectively - - -	6 0 0
In any other Part of Ireland than those Parts before described -	3 0 0
LICENCE to keep one or more Printing Press or Presses - - -	0 2 0
MARRIAGE LICENCE —See LICENCE.	
MEMORIAL of any Deed of Conveyance, Will or Devise, which shall be registered or enrolled in the Public Office for registering of such Memorials, or entered in the Courts of Record in Ireland, except those otherwise hereby charged - - -	0 10 0
And for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a Duty of - - -	0 10 0
MEMORIAL of the Affirmation of a Judgment; for each Judgment affirmed; - - -	
The Penalty whereof shall not amount to 100 <i>l.</i> - - -	0 5 0
Amounting to 100 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 500 <i>l.</i> - - -	0 10 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
MEMORIAL—continued.	s. p. d.
Amounting to 500 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> -	0 15 0
Amounting to 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 2,000 <i>l.</i> -	1 0 0
Amounting to 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not amounting to 4,000 <i>l.</i> -	1 5 0
And where the same shall amount to 4,000 <i>l.</i> and upwards	2 0 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a Duty of	0 10 0
MEMORIAL of any Deed, or of any Agreement to deeds -	0 2 6
MORTGAGE or other Security of or affecting any Lands, Estate or Property, Real or Personal, whatsoever, also any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, in Trust to be sold or otherwise converted into Money, which shall be intended only as a Security, and shall be redeemable before the Sale or other Disposal thereof, either by express stipulation or otherwise;	
Except where such Conveyance shall be made for the Benefit of Creditors generally, or for the Benefit of Creditors specified, who shall accept the Provision made for Payment of their Debts, in full Satisfaction thereof, or who shall exceed Five in Number.	
Also any Deforcance or Deed for defeating or making redeemable any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, which shall be apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security.	
Also any Agreement, Contract or Bond, accompanied with a Deposit of any Title Deeds for making a Mortgage, or any such other Security or Conveyance as aforesaid, of any Lands, Estate or Property comprised in such Title Deeds, or for pledging or charging the same as a Security.	
Where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Payment of any definite and certain Sum of Money advanced or lent at the Time, or previously due and owing, or forborne to be paid, being payable, and shall be executed by the Grantor or Grantors, not exceeding 100 <i>l.</i> -	0 15 0
Exceeding 100 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 200 <i>l.</i> -	1 0 0
Exceeding 200 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 300 <i>l.</i> -	1 5 0
Exceeding 300 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> -	1 10 0
Exceeding 500 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> -	2 0 0
Exceeding 1,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> -	2 10 0
Exceeding 2,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> -	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> -	6 0 0
Exceeding 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> -	8 0 0
Exceeding 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> -	10 0 0
Exceeding 10,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> -	12 0 0
Exceeding 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i> -	15 0 0
Exceeding 20,000 <i>l.</i> -	20 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in such Part of such Mortgage or other Instrument, after the first Skin -	0 10 0
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment of Money, to be thereafter lent, advanced or	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>MORTGAGE—continued.</p> <p>paid, or which may become due upon an Account current, together with any Sum already advanced or due, or without, as the case may be;</p> <p>If the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit</p> <p>But if the Total Amount of the Money secured or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum</p> <p>And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Transfer or Reassignment of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company, in Consideration of Stock or Money advanced or lent at the Time, or previously due or owing, or forborne to be paid, being payable</p> <p>And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer or Reassignment of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds, the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each.</p> <p>And in case the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds, the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged for and in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.</p>	<p><i>d. s. d.</i></p> <p>so o o</p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage for such limited Sum.</i></p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage for a Sum of Money equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured, according to the Average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Mortgage or other Instrument aforesaid, or on the preceding Day which an Aver Price can be ascertained.</i></p>
<p>MORTGAGE, &c. Any Transfer, Assignment or Reassignment of any Mortgage, or of any such other Security as aforesaid, <i>except</i> <i>ad valorem</i> charged, or of the Benefit thereof, or of the Money or Stock thereby secured in all cases where the Person entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion shall not be made a Party to such Transfer, Assignment or Reassignment, and also when the Persons who originally made the Mortgage or Security shall continue entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, and shall be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, provided no further Sum of Money or Stock be added to the Principal Money or Stock already secured; and provided the original Mortgage, or such other Security to be assigned as aforesaid, shall have paid the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty granted by this Act, or the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages granted by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's reign, Chap. 78. intitled "An Act to repeal the several</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

MORTGAGE—continued.

s. r. d.

Duties under the Care of the Commissioners, for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof.

Where the Amount of the Sum originally secured shall not amount to 1,000*l*.

1 10 0

Where the Sum shall amount to 1,000*l*. and upwards

2 10 0

And in all other cases such Transfer or Assignment shall be charged with the same Duty as an original Mortgage or other Security.

Provided always, that where several distinct Deeds or Instruments falling within the Description of any of the Instruments hereby charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages, shall be made at the same time for securing the Payment or Transfer of one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any Stock or Fund before mentioned; the said *ad valorem* Duty if exceeding 1*l*. shall be charged only on one of such Deeds or Instruments, and all the rest shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any more general Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule; and if required for the sake of Evidence, all the rest of such Deeds or Instruments shall be also stamped with some particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said *ad valorem* Duty on all the said Deeds or Instruments being produced duly stamped with the Duties hereby charged thereon.

And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument chargeable with the said *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages exceeding 1*l*., one of them only shall be charged therewith, and the other or others shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any more general Description in this Schedule; and on the whole being produced, duly stamped, as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp, for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said *ad valorem* Duty.

Exemptions from the said ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, &c. but not from any other Duty to which the same may be liable.

Any Deed or other Instrument made in pursuance and conformably to any Agreement, Contract or Bond, charged with, and which shall actually have paid the said ad valorem Duty, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages granted by the Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign before mentioned.

Any Deed or other Instrument made for the further Assurance only of any Estate or Property already mortgaged, pledged or charged as a Security by any Deed or Instrument which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages imposed by the Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, before mentioned.

Any Deed or other Instrument made as an additional or further Security for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Share or Shares of any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, already secured by any Deed or Instrument which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>MORTGAGE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p>herely charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages charged by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be exempt from the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, so far as regards such Sum or Sums of Money, or such Share or Shares of any of the said Stocks or Funds before secured, in case such additional or further Security shall be made by the same Person or Persons who made the original Security; but if any further Sum of Money or Stock shall be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured, or shall be thereby secured to any other Person, the said ad valorem Duty shall be charged in respect of such further Sum of Money or Stock, or in respect of the principal Money or Stock so secured to any other Person.</p> <p>And if necessary for the sake of Evidence, the Deeds and Instruments hereby exempted from the said ad valorem Duty, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or signifying the Payment of the ad valorem Duty, upon all the Deeds and Instruments relating to the particular Transaction being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped with the Duties to which they are liable.</p>	<p><i>l. s. d.</i></p>
<p>MORTGAGE or other Security, with a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion, or other matter in the same Deed; viz.</p> <p>Where any Deed or Writing shall operate as a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, and also as a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of any Lands, Estate or Property therein comprised, to or in Trust for, or according to the Direction of a Purchaser, such Deed or Writing shall be charged not only with the said ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, but also with the ad valorem Duty hereinbefore charged on a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property; but where the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion shall be thereby conveyed or limited in any other manner, such Deed or Writing shall be charged only as a Mortgage.</p> <p>And in all other cases, where a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, shall be contained in one and the same Deed or Writing, with any other matter or thing (except what shall be incident to such Mortgage or other Instrument) such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties, except the progressive Duty, as such Mortgage or other Instrument, and such other matter or thing, would have been separately charged with, if contained in separate Deeds or Writings.</p>	
<p>For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, contained in such Deed or Deeds, or Writing or Writings, after the first Skin or Sheet, a Duty of</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>NOTARIAL ACT, any whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule</p> <p>And for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a Duty of</p>	<p>0 5 0</p> <p>0 5 0</p>
<p>ORDER for the Payment of Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
PARDON or Remission, (<i>except Pardon of or for any Crime or Offence passed in final judgment</i>) of or for any Crime or Offence, or of any Money or Forfeiture whatsoever, exceeding 50 <i>l</i> . - - -	<i>l</i> . <i>s</i> . <i>d</i> . 4 0 0
PARTITION of Lands or other Hereditaments, by Deed or Instrument of Partition, where no Sum of Money, or only a Sum under 300 <i>l</i> . shall be paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Partition - - - For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, contained in such Deed, after the First Skin or Sheet, a Duty of - - -	1 0 0 0 10 0
And where a Sum of 300 <i>l</i> . or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Partition - - -	<i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of equal Amount with the Money paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Partition.</i>
And if the same shall be effected by mutual Conveyances in one Deed or Instrument, there shall be paid for such Deed or Instrument - - -	<i>The same Duty as for a Conveyance on the Sale of Lands for a Sum of Money of twice the Amount of the Money paid, or agreed to be paid, for Equality of Partition.</i>
For every Sheet or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -	0 10 0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Life or Lives, or upon any Event or Contingency relating to or depending upon any Life or Lives; Where the Sum insured shall not amount to 500 <i>l</i> . - - - And where it shall amount to 500 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> . - - - And where it shall amount to 1,000 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 3,000 <i>l</i> . - - - And where it shall amount to 3,000 <i>l</i> . and upwards - - -	0 10 0 1 0 0 1 10 0 2 0 0
POWER of ATTORNEY.—See LETTER of ATTORNEY.	
PRESENTATION or Donation, which shall pass the Great Seal of Ireland, or by any other Patron; To any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Admission or Promotion, amounting to the Yearly Value of 100 <i>l</i> . - - - And for every 100 <i>l</i> . of the Yearly Value thereof, exceeding the First 100 <i>l</i> . a Year, a further Duty of - - - The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop or Bishop, or Vicar General of the Diocese, provided always, that Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be deemed one Benefice only. To any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Admission or Promotion whatsoever in Ireland - - -	5 0 0 5 0 0 10 0 0
50 a	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
PROCEEDING of any kind to be enrolled.—See RELEASE.	s. d.
PROCURATION, Deed of, or other Instrument of For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the First Skin or Sheet	0 10 0 0 10 0
PROMISSORY NOTE, whether in the Form of a Bank Note, Bank Post Bill or otherwise, which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or by any Banker or Bankers, who shall have registered his or their Name or Names, or Firm, in manner directed by Law, where the Sum therein expressed shall not amount to 5l. Shall amount to 5l. and not amount to 10l. Shall amount to 10l. and not amount to 50l. For Notes amounting to and exceeding 50l.— —See INLAND BILL.	0 0 3 0 0 6 0 0 8
PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment of any Sum of Money by Instal- ments, or for the Payment of several Sums of Money, at different Days or times, so that the whole of the Money to be paid shall be definite and certain	<i>The same Duty as on a Promissory Note, for a Sum equal to the whole Amount of the Sums to be paid.</i>
And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Promissory Notes, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money within the Intenz and Meaning of this Schedule, viz.	
ALL Notes, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, either in Cash, or by a Bill or Bill, or Promissory Note or Notes, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Note, or Bills or Notes, or both, in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money, where such Drafts or Orders shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her Behalf.	
ALL Notes promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be avail- able, or upon any Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed or happen if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and if the same shall be definite and certain, and not amount in the whole to Twenty Pounds.	
ALL Receipts for Money deposited in any Bank, or in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, which shall contain any Agree- ment or Memorandum importing that Interest shall be paid for the Money so deposited.	
<i>Exemptions from the Duties on Promissory Notes.</i> <i>All Notes, promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen, where the same shall not be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and also where the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall amount to Twenty Pounds, or be otherwise.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>PROMISSORY NOTE—continued.</p> <p><i>And all other Instruments, bearing in any Degree the Form or Style of Promissory Notes, but which in Law shall be deemed special Agreements, except those hereby expressly declared to be deemed Promissory Notes.</i></p> <p><i>But such of the Notes and Instruments here exempted from the Duty on Promissory Notes shall nevertheless be liable to the Duty which may attach thereto as Agreements or otherwise.</i></p>	<p><i>d. s. d.</i></p>
<p>PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note for any Sum of Money not amounting to 50l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 200l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 200l. and upwards - - - - -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p> <p>0 0 0</p> <p>0 10 0</p>
<p>PROTEST of any other Kind - - - - -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>PURCHASE DEED.—See CONVEYANCES on the Sale of Lands, &c.</p>	
<p>RECEIPT or Discharge for or upon the Payment of Money, or on the Delivery of any Check, Draft, Bill or other Order, for any Sum of Money;</p> <p>Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 100l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 500l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 1000l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 1000l. and not amounting to 2000l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 2000l. and not amounting to 5000l. - - - - -</p> <p>Amounting to 5000l. and upwards - - - - -</p> <p>And where any Sum of Money whatever shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands - - - - -</p>	<p>0 0 3</p> <p>0 0 4</p> <p>0 0 8</p> <p>0 1 0</p> <p>0 2 0</p> <p>0 3 0</p> <p>0 5 0</p> <p>0 5 0</p>
<p><i>Exemptions from the preceding Duties on Receipts.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Agent for Money intrusted to him on Account of the Pay of the Army or Ordnance.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges for Money Dated paid to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, or for Sums paid to such Receiver General by reason thereof.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Officer, Seaman, Marine or Soldier, or their Representatives respectively, for or on account of the Wages, Pay or Pension, due from the Navy Office, Army Pay Office or Ordnance Office.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts for any Sum of Money paid for or on account of the Pension of the Widow of any Officer of His Majesty's Land Forces payable in Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for the Consideration Money for the Purchase of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Banks or Funds, or the Stock or Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and for every Dividend paid on any Share of the said Banks or Funds respectively.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts given for Money deposited in the Bank of Ireland, or in the House of any registered Banker or Bankers, to be accounted for on Demand, provided the same be not expressed to be received for or by the Hands of any other than the Payee or Payees to whom the same is to be accounted for, except when the same is lodged for the Benefit of a Clergy.</i></p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>RECEIPT—<i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges written upon Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, duly stamped according to the Law in force at the Date thereof, or upon Bills of Exchange drawn out of, but payable in Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given upon Bills or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Letters by the General Post acknowledging the safe Arrival of any Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges indorsed or otherwise written upon, or contained in, any Bond, Mortgage, or other Security, or any Conveyance, Deed, or Instrument whatever, duly stamped according to the Law in force at the Date thereof, acknowledging the Receipt of the Consideration therein expressed, or the Receipt of any principal Money, Interest or Annuity, thereby secured.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act of Parliament not expressly repealed in that respect.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges by Deeds duly stamped according to the Law in force at the Date thereof.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for Drawbacks or Bounties for the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandises from Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges for the Return of any Duties of Customs upon Certificates of inward Entry.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money, Annuity or Annuities, or for the Transfer of any Government or Parliamentary Stock or otherwise</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on a Bond given for the like Purpose.</i></p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant, Contract or Agreement, or for the due Execution of any Office, or to account for Money received, or to be received, or for indemnifying any Person or Persons against any matter or thing</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant or Statute Staple, and Entry of Record in any Court or Office, not heretofore otherwise charged</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p><i>Exemptions.</i></p> <p><i>Recognizance taken before any Justice or Justices of the Peace.</i></p> <p><i>Recognizance on Appeal from a Decree or Disputis made or pronounced by any Assistant Barrister in any County in Ireland, or the Chairman of Kildinahan, or by the Recorder of the City of Dublin.</i></p>	
<p>RECONVEYANCE.—See MORTGAGE.</p>	
<p>REGISTER, or Entry of the Degree of a Barrister at Law.—See ADMISSION.</p>	
<p>REGISTRY of Deeds or other Acts for Searches for same.— —See DEED, MEMORIAL.</p>	
<p>RELEASE upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.</p>	
<p>RELEASE, Conveyance or Surrender of any Grant or Grants, or Office or Offices, and any Release or other Deed or Instrument, or Proceeding whatever, (except Indentures of Approvers to Attornies or Proctors, and Assignments thereof, and Assignments of Judgments,) which shall be enrolled</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
RELEASE, &c.—continued.	<i>l. s. d.</i>
of Record in any of the Courts in the City of Dublin, or in any Court of Record whatsoever, over and above all other Duties - - -	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -	1 0 0
RELEASE or Discharge of Lands, or other Property, or otherwise, of and from any Legacy or Legacies, or of and from any Part of a Legacy, or of and from any Reversion or Share of Reversion of the Estate of any Testator or Intestate, falling under the Provisions contained in an Act of the 54th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled "An Act to secure the Payment of Stamp Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in Ireland," given to any Executor or Administrator who shall have complied with the several Provisions required by Law in respect of such Legacy or Legacies or Reversion, and where the Duty or Duties payable thereon by Law shall have been duly paid and finished, provided a Certificate of the proper Officer for the time being appointed by the Commissioners of Stamps for the Controlling of Legacy Duties, shall appear endorsed on such Release or Discharge;	
On the first Skin of such Release, over and above all other Duties	1 0 0
On each and every other Skin - - -	0 10 0
RELEASE or Discharge of Lands or other Property from any Legacy or Legacies, not falling under the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the 54th Year of His Majesty's Reign - - -	<i>Such Duty or Duties as such Legacy or Legacies were subject to at the time such Legacy or Legacies became payable, notwithstanding the then existing Duties may have been first repealed</i>
RENT Charge.—See ANNUITY and CONVEYANCE.	
RENUNCIATION upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.	
REQUEST NOTE, or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other Person duly authorised to grant the same, relative to any excisable or other Goods, and on any Request Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law - - -	0 2 0
REVOCATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning Estates or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will - - -	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -	0 10 0
SETTLEMENT.—Any Deed or Instrument, whether voluntary or gratuitous, or upon any good or valuable Consideration, other than a bond <i>fiduciary</i> Consideration, whereby any definite and certain principal Sum or Sums of Money, or any Annuity (whether charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments, or not, or to be laid out in the Purchase of Lands or other Hereditaments, or not, and if charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments, whether to be raised at all Events or not;) or any definite or certain Share or Shares in any of the	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
SETTLEMENT — <i>continued</i> .	£. s. d.
Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock or Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, shall be settled, or agreed to be settled, upon or for the Benefit of any Person or Persons, either in Possession or Reversion, either absolutely or conditionally, or contingently, or for Life or other partial Interest, or in any other manner whatsoever.	
If each Sum or Sums of Money, or the Value of each Share or Shares in all or any of the said Stocks or Funds, or of any Annuity or Annuities, or of each One or more of the said Articles as shall be so settled, or agreed to be settled, shall not amount to 1,000l.	1 15 0
And if the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 2,000l.	2 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l.	3 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 3,000l. and not amount to 4,000l.	4 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 4,000l. and not amount to 5,000l.	5 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 5,000l. and not amount to 7,000l.	7 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 7,000l. and not amount to 9,000l.	9 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 9,000l. and not amount to 11,000l.	11 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 11,000l. and not amount to 13,000l.	13 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 13,000l. and not amount to 20,000l.	20 0 0
And if the same shall amount to 20,000l. or upwards	25 0 0
The Value of such Annuity to be ascertained by the Tables appended to the before recited Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to secure the Payment of Stamp Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in Ireland;" and as therein described, and any such Annuity to be taken as a Sum to that Amount in ascertaining such ad valorem Duty as above charged.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding ad valorem Duties on Settlements.</i>	
<i>Bonds, Mortgages and other Securities operating as Settlements if chargeable with the ad valorem Duties on Bonds and Mortgages heretofore granted.</i>	
<i>Deeds or Instruments of Appointment or Appointments, in Execution of Powers given by any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, or in Favour of Persons specially named or deferred as the Object of such Powers.</i>	
<i>Deeds or Instruments merely declaring the Trusts of any Money or Stock payable in any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, or for securing any Gifts or Dispositions made by any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, where such Deed or Settlement shall have paid the ad valorem Duties granted by this Act, or by the said before recited Act of the 53rd Geo. III.</i>	
<i>Wills, Testaments or Testamentary Instruments, and Dispositions Mortis Causa, of every Description.</i>	
SURRENDER upon the Sale of any Lands or other Property.— —See CONVEYANCE.	
SURRENDER (not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duties), of any Term or Terms of Years, or of any Freehold or uncertain Interest in any Lands or Hereditaments	1 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 10 0

SCHEDULE, —PART THE SECOND.

Containing the Duties on LAW, EQUITY, and other PROCEEDINGS.

Which Duties are to be paid and payable for and in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the several Instruments, matters and things, herein charged shall be respectively written or printed; except where the Duties are imposed according to the Number of Words therein contained, or are expressly charged in any other manner.

And all the Instruments, matters and things herein charged with a Duty, in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the same shall be written or printed, shall respectively be written or printed upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and in each and the same manner and Form, as the like Instruments, matters or things have been heretofore accustomed to be, or are now usually written or printed (*except otherwise directed*).

And where a Court of Law or Equity is mentioned generally, the same shall be taken to mean not only the Four Courts in the City of Dublin, but also any other Court in Ireland holding Pleas, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.

PART THE SECOND.	Duty.
I. PROCEEDINGS in the Court of Admiralty in Ireland.	<i>£. s. d.</i>
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read, or used in the said Court - - -	0 2 0
ALLEGATION or Petition in the said Court, on each and every Sheet containing any Quantity of Words - - -	0 4 0
ANSWER in the said Court, on each and every Sheet containing any Quantity of Words - - -	0 4 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order of the said Court - - -	10 0 0
APPEARANCE, on the Entry of, for each Defendant - - -	0 4 0
ATTACHMENT issuing out of the said Court - - -	1 2 6
BAIL BOND, or Recognizance, taken in the said Court, or by Commission from the same, where the Sum inserted therein shall not exceed 50 <i>l.</i>	0 5 0
And where the Sum inserted therein shall exceed 50 <i>l.</i> and shall not exceed 150 <i>l.</i> - - -	0 10 0
And where the same shall exceed 150 <i>l.</i> - - -	0 15 0
CITATION, Mention, or Warrant issuing out of the said Court, including such Summons as may issue for the Attendance of any Witnesses, on each and every Copy thereof, served on any Party - - -	0 5 0
COMMISSION issuing out of the said Court - - -	0 10 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Affidavit filed, read or used in the said Court - - -	0 0 3

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SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions or Inventory, filed in the said Court, for each and every Sheet, containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	s. l. d. 0 1 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree made in the said Court - - - - -	0 5 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise - - - - -	0 1 0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, save those having the force of a definitive Sentence, made in the said Court - - - - -	0 10 0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, having the Force or Effect of definitive Sentence - - - - -	1 0 0
DEPOSITIONS taken in the said Court, or by Commission from the same, for each and every Skin of Parchment containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	0 4 0
EXCEPTIONS of any Kind whatsoever, upon each and every Sheet of Paper or Skin of Parchment on which the same shall be written, containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	0 4 0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of the said Court, of any Record or Proceeding therein - - - - -	0 15 0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in the said Court, for each and every Skin of Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	0 4 0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in the said Court - - - - -	0 4 0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in the said Court - - - - -	0 4 0
MONITION issuing out of the said Court - - - - -	0 5 0
RECOGNIZANCE.—See BAPT. BOND.	
RELAXATION of any Attachment or Inhibition issued out of the said Court - - - - -	1 0 0
RELEASE issuing out of the said Court - - - - -	0 1 0
RULE or ORDER made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise - - - - -	0 1 0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of the said Court - - - - -	1 0 0
SENTENCE Interlocutory - - - - -	0 10 0
WARRANT.—See CITATION.	
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties. All Process and other Proceedings whatsoever, taken by or on Behalf of Seamen, in Suits for Recovery of Seamen's Wages.</i>	
II. PROCEEDINGS in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters, in Ireland.	
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts - - - - -	0 2 0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts - - - - -	0 4 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
ANSWER in any of the said Courts - - - - -	s. l. d. 0 4 0
APPEARANCE; on the Entry of each Appearance in the Court of Prothonotary, and in the Consistorial Court in <i>Dukin</i> , for each and every Defendant named in such Entry - - - - -	0 4 0
APPEARANCE in any other Ecclesiastical Court in <i>Ireland</i> ; on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the Appearance of each Defendant shall be entered, and not on the Entry thereof - - - - -	0 2 0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order of the Prothonotary Court, or from the Bishops' Court of any Archiepiscopal Court - - - - -	10 0 0
APPEAL from any Diocesan Court, or from the Consistorial Side of any Archiepiscopal Court, except Appeals in Suits for Tithes - - - - -	5 0 0
CITATION, primary, issuing out of any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged - - - - -	0 7 6
CITATION, not primary, issuing out of any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged - - - - -	0 5 0
CITATION in any Suit for Tithes - - - - -	0 1 0
COMMISSION issuing out of the said Courts, not herein otherwise particularly charged - - - - -	0 7 6
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any of the said Courts - - - - -	0 0 3
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts of any Inventory filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts, for each Sheet containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	0 5 0
COPY of any Citation, Motion, Mandate, Prohibition, Summons or Requisition, issuing out of any of the said Courts, for Service on any Party Impugnant, or other Party, on any Proffor or other Person on Behalf of such Party, except otherwise charged or expressly exempted from Duty - - - - -	0 5 0
COPY of every Citation in Suits for Tithes - - - - -	0 1 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any other Process, of what Nature or Kind soever - - - - -	0 5 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories or Depositions filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts, for each and every Skin of Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, containing any Quantity of Words - - - - -	0 1 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of any of the said Courts, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts - - - - -	0 5 0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise, and not otherwise charged - - - - -	0 1 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, or any Order Interlocutory, having the Force of a definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged	0	10	0
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, or any Order Interlocutory, having the Force of a definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts, in Suits for Recovery of Tithes	0	1	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	0	5	0
DISMISS	0	7	6
EXCEPTION to Allegation, Libel, Answer, Deposition, Report or other Pleading, upon each and every Sheet of Paper, or Skin of Parchment, containing such Exception or Exceptions	0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	1	10	0
INHIBITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	10	0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	5	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts	0	4	0
MANDATE issuing out of the said Courts	0	5	0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
ORDER.—See RULE.			
PETITION, on the Entry of each, in the High Court of Delegates, in the Courts of Prescriptive and Consistorial Courts in Dublin, except in Suits for Tithes or otherwise	0	3	0
PETITION, in any other Ecclesiastical Court, except in Suits for Tithes on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written	0	3	0
PETITION in any Ecclesiastical Court in any Suit for Tithes	0	1	0
PROCESS of Contempt for not appearing, or for not answering, on each	0	5	0
PROCESS of whatsoever other Nature or Kindsoever, not otherwise charged, that shall issue out of the said Courts	0	5	0
RELEASE of any Kind relating to any Proceeding carrying on in the said Courts, not otherwise charged	0	10	0
RENUNCIATION of any Kind	0	10	0
REQUISITION	0	7	6
RULE or ORDER, on the Entry thereof, made or given on any Petition or Motion in the High Court of Delegates, and in the Court of Prescriptive and Consistorial Courts in Dublin, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court, or otherwise	0	1	0
RULE or ORDER made in any other Ecclesiastical Court, on each Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written	0	1	0
SENTENCE Interlocutory	0	10	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
SENTENCE Definitive, or Final Decree or Order having the Force thereof, of any of the said Courts - - -	s. l. d. 0 10 0
<i>Exemption from the preceding Stamp Duties.</i> <i>All Proceedings in Suits for Tithes, except where expressly charged in the foregoing Schedule.</i>	
III. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts of Law and Equity in Dublin, and in all other Courts in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.	
ACTIONS in the Courts of the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs of Dublin, and in the Courts of all Corporations, and in all other Courts in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings; on each Action or Plea, except where the Debt or Damage claimed or demanded shall not exceed Forty Shillings - - -	0 1 0
AFFIDAVIT. Affirmation or Deposition, not hereby otherwise charged or expressly exempted, taken before any Person or Persons authorised by Law to take the same - - -	0 2 0
AFFIDAVIT made to enter a Fine, or to ground any Application against a Conquer or Sheriff - - -	0 5 0
ANSWER in any Court of Equity - - -	0 4 0
APPEARANCE (on the Entry of any) in any of the Courts held in Dublin, to any Action or Suit in any such Court, holding Plea where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings, by any Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor or other Agent, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry - - -	0 4 0
APPEARANCE in any other Court, on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the Appearance of each Defendant shall be written - - -	0 3 0
ASSIGNMENT of a Bail Bond by any Sheriff or other Officer - - -	0 4 0
ASSIGNMENT of Judgments.—See GENERAL SCHEDULE, PART I.	
BAIL Common, to be filed in any Court of Law - - -	0 1 0
BAIL Special, to be filed in any Court of Law - - -	0 1 0
BAIL BOND taken by any Sheriff or other Officer - - -	0 4 0
BANKRUPT'S Certificate, the Confirmation thereof, by the Lord Chancellor, or by the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal - - -	0 2 6
BILL filed in any Court of Equity - - -	0 4 0
CERTIFICATE by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, of any Disbursals of any Person, in any Suit, or Proceeding before them - - -	0 5 0
CERTIFICATE of the Number of Stamps appearing on the Face of any Pleading in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer - - -	0 1 0
CHARGE or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity - - -	0 1 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
COMMISSION to take Affidavits, or Special Bail, out of any Court of Law or Equity - - - - -	£. s. d. 1 5 0
COMMISSION of Bankrupt - - - - -	0 10 0
COMMISSION of Lunacy - - - - -	1 0 0
COMMISSION out of any Court of Law or Equity, for the Examination of Witnesses, or taking Depositions - - - - -	0 10 0
COMMISSION of any other Kind, out of any Court of Law or Equity, except Commissions of the Peace - - - - -	0 10 0
COPY attested of any Charge or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity - - - - -	0 1 0
COPY attested of any Account or Report filed in any Cause in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer - - - - -	0 3 0
COPY of any Account or Report filed in Chancery in the Matter of any Minor or Lunatic - - - - -	0 2 6
COPY or Extract, attested or otherwise, of any Accounts issued by the Accountants General of the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, in any Suit or Matter whatsoever, on each and every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same may be written - - - - -	0 3 0
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of any Affidavit therein filed, which Copy shall be read or used in any Court of Law or Equity, except in Actions or Suits, where the Debt or Damage or Thing claimed and demanded, shall not exceed the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings - - - - -	0 0 3
COPY attested of any Affidavit made to enter a Fine, or to ground any Application against a Sheriff or Coroner - - - - -	0 0 6
COPY attested, or otherwise issuing from any Public Office, of any Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder or other Pleading, or of any Interrogatories or Depositions by Commission or otherwise in any Court of Equity - - - - -	0 0 4
COPY issuing from any Public Office, of any Declaration in Ejectment, or other Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law - - - - -	0 0 4
COPY of any Record to be furnished to any of the Judges, for hearing of Causes in Error in the Court of Exchequer Chamber, or in the Court of Delegates - - - - -	0 0 4
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office of Interrogatories, or the Depositions or Answers thereto, in any Court of Law - - - - -	0 0 4
COPY issuing from any Public Office, of any Rule or Order, made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in Ireland holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in Open Court, or by any Judge or other Officer of such Courts respectively, by way of a Fine for an Order - - - - -	0 1 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
COPY of any Summons whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer to the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Seneschal or Steward of a Manor, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary Way by Civil Bill, save and except Seneschals or Stewards of a Manor holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall not exceed Forty Shillings - - - - -	2/- 1/- 4/-
COPY or Extract, attested or otherwise, made by any Officer or Clerk, in or belonging to any of the Public Offices, of any Record, Report or Proceeding whatever, in any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, or in any Public Office, and not otherwise charged in this Schedule, except the Certificates of the Entry of Appearances of Petitions, or of the Entry or Satisfaction of any Judgment or Judgments - - - - -	0 1 0
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismission, or Order, made in or by the Court of Chancery - - - - -	0 4 6
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismission, Order, or Award, made in or by the Court of Exchequer - - - - -	0 4 6
COPY of any Writ, Mandate or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts of Dublin, for Service on any Party - - - - -	0 0 6
CROWN BONDS, Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Crown Bonds, or any other Bonds lodged in any Public Office, or in any Court in Ireland, issuing from any such Office, against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any such Bond or otherwise; On the Officer's Certificate subscribed thereto for each Person, as to whom such Search shall be made - - - - -	0 10 0
CROWN BONDS, Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Crown Bonds, or other Bonds issuing from any of the Public Offices belonging to any Court in Ireland, or otherwise, whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any such Bond or otherwise, and whether such Search shall be signed by or on Behalf of any Officer or Clerk of such Public Office; for each Person as to whose such Search shall be made - - - - -	0 3 -
CUSTODIAM under the Seal of the Exchequer, grounded on Outlawry in any Civil Action - - - - -	0 10 0
CUSTODIAM, Search for, the same Duties as on Searches for Crown Bonds.	
DECLARATION in any Court of Law - - - - -	0 4 0
DECREE or Dismission made in or by the High Court of Chancery, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer - - - - -	0 4 6
DECREE or Dismission made in or by the Court of Exchequer, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer - - - - -	0 4 6
DECREE which shall be made or pronounced by, or any Warrant which shall issue under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Town Clerk or Seneschal, or by any Judge of Assize, or other Judge whatsoever, in Causes heard by Civil	

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
Bill, except Decrees by any Seneschal or Steward of a Manor where the Debt or Damages do not exceed Forty Shillings	<i>℥</i> .	<i>s</i> .	<i>d</i> .
Where the Sum decreed shall be under 5 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	0	2	0
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to 5 <i>l</i> . and not amount to 10 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	0	4	6
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to 10 <i>l</i> . or upwards - - - - -	0	7	6
DECREE.—Renewal of a Decree or Dismissal, by whomsoever made, on any Proceeding by Civil Bill, <i>five as aforesaid</i> - - - - -	0	1	6
DEMURRER in any Court of Law - - - - -	0	4	0
DEMURRER in any Court of Equity - - - - -	0	4	0
DEPOSITIONS taken by virtue of a Commission out of any Court of Equity (<i>except the Paper Drafts thereof before the same are ingrossed</i>) - - - - -	0	4	0
DEPOSITIONS in answer to any Interrogatories in any Court of Law - - - - -	0	4	0
DESMISS made or pronounced by any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Registrar or Judge of Assize - - - - -	0	4	0
DESMISS made or pronounced by any Seneschal or Steward of any Manor in any Proceeding by Civil Bill, <i>five as aforesaid</i> - - - - -	0	1	6
ENROLLMENT of any Proceeding.— <i>See RELEASE in the First Part of this Schedule.</i>			
EXCEPTIONS filed in any Court of Equity, for each Exception, whether alone or joined with any others or other - - - - -	0	5	0
EXCEPTIONS filed in the Master of any Bankrupt or Lunatic - - - - -	0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any Court of Law or Equity whatever, of any Record or Proceeding therein (<i>except Exemplifications under the Great Seal, charged in the First Part of this Schedule</i>) - - - - -	0	15	0
GRANT of the Custody of the Person or Estate of any Lunatic.— <i>See COMMISSIONER OF LUNACY.</i>			
INDENTURES or Chirograph of a Fine levied in any Court, for each Part or Indenture - - - - -	0	10	0
INQUESTION taken by or before any Sheriff or his Deputy, or by or before any Coroner or Eldest, in any Action at Law, or under any Act of Parliament - - - - -	0	10	0
INQUESTION to be enrolled, of any Kind, for each Sheet or Piece of Paper or Parchment on which the same may be written or ingrossed - - - - -	1	0	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Law - - - - -	0	4	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Equity, or in any Matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy - - - - -	0	4	0
JUDGMENT interlocutory, in any Court of Law in Ireland - - - - -	0	5	0
JUDGMENT (not Interlocutory), on the Entry thereof in any of the superior Courts at Dublin, - - - - -			
For any Sum under 100 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	0	6	0
For 100 <i>l</i> . and not exceeding 200 <i>l</i> . - - - - -	0	11	0
And for every 100 <i>l</i> . after the Sum of 200 <i>l</i> . a further Duty of - - - - -	0	0	6
Where the Sum in each Judgment shall exceed 200 <i>l</i> . or any progressive Sum of 100 <i>l</i> . each, by any fractional Part of 100 <i>l</i> . for each fractional Part - - - - -	0	0	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
JUDGMENTS, Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Judgments appearing on Record in any Court in <i>Ireland</i> against any Person, issued from any of the Public Offices of any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any Judgment or not, on the Officer's Certificate subscribed therein, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made - - -	d. s. d. - - - - 10 0
JUDGMENTS, Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Judgments issuing from any of the Public Offices of any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any Judgment or Judgments, or not, or whether such Search shall be signed by or on Behalf of any Officer or Clerk of any such Public Office, for each Person against whom such Search shall be made - - -	- - - - 3 0
JUDGMENT.—See ASSIGNMENT and MEMORIAL.	
LETTERS of Guardianship under the Great Seal of <i>Ireland</i> - - -	1 0 0
ORDER or Rule made or given in any of the Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court on Motion, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fiat for an Order, or otherwise, or whether the same be issued or not, except on Petitions; For the Entry of every such Rule or Order in the Book kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer of any Court in <i>Dublin</i> for that Purpose, whether written on One or more Sheets or Leaves - - -	- - - - 1 0
ORDER or Rule made or given in any other Court in <i>Ireland</i> holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage does exceed 40s. whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court on Motion, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fiat for an Order or otherwise, or whether the same shall be issued or not - - - Except such as shall be made on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.	- - - - 1 0
PETITION, on the Entry of, in any Suit in any of the Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , as also in all Matters of Bankruptcy, of Lunacy, of Minors, and in all other Matters presented to the Court of Chancery or to the Lord Chancellor, or to the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal - - -	- - - - 4 6
PETITION in any other Court, not otherwise charged, on each Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written - - -	- 3 0
PLEA in any Court of Law - - -	- 4 0
PLEADING of any Kind, in any Court of Law or Equity, not otherwise charged in this Schedule - - -	- 4 0
POSTEA - - -	- 10 0
PROCESS, commonly called Process of Contempt, on each, not to contain more than four Defendants - - -	- 1 0
PROCESS of Contempt, on the Entry of each and every Process for not appearing, or for not answering, which shall be entered in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, for each Defendant - - -	- 2 0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
RECORD of Nisi Prius - - - - -	s ^d . s. d. 0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE conditioned for the Payment of any Money or for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement entered into during the Progress of any Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity - -	0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE on any Appeal from any Decree or Dismissal, by whomsoever made or pronounced, in any Proceeding by Civil Bill - -	0 5 6
RECOGNIZANCE, Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Recognizances appearing on Record in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i> , against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any Recognizance or Recognizances or otherwise, on the Officer's Certificate subscribed thereto, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made - - - - -	0 10 0
RECOGNIZANCE, Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Recognizances issuing from the Court of Chancery, or the Revenue or Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i> , against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any such Recognizance or Recognizances or otherwise, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made - - - - -	0 3 0
REJOINDER in any Court of Law - - - - -	0 4 0
REJOINDER in any Court of Equity - - - - -	0 4 0
REPLICATION in any Court of Law - - - - -	0 4 0
REPLICATION in any Court of Equity - - - - -	0 4 0
REPORT made by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy -	0 1 0
RULE or Order.—See ORDER and COPY ORDER.	
RULES to plead and reply, and all other Rules, of any of the said Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , not issued as above-mentioned, but which shall be entered in the Books kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer for that Purpose, for the Entry of every such Rule - - - - -	0 1 0
SEARCHES.—See CROWN BONDS, CUSTOMS, JUDGMENTS, RECOGNIZANCES, and the First Part of this Schedule for REGISTERED DEEDS.	
SUSPENA.—See WAIT.	
SUMMONS, or Process, whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Serjeant or Steward of a Manor Court, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary Way by Civil Bill - - - - - Save and except Serjeants and Serjeants of a Manor holding Plea where the Debt or Damage shall not exceed Forty shillings. For the Duty on the Copy of the same.—	0 0 2
—See COPY of any SUMMONS.	

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>c.</i>
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of any of the Superior Courts of Law -	0	2	0
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of a Court of Equity - Except such as shall be issued on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.	0	2	0
WARRANT or SUMMONS issued by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer or his Deputy, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Prothonotaries of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, or by the Chief or Deputy Clerk of the Pleadings in the Exchequer, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Registrars of the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or by any other Officer or Officers of any Court of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in Ireland, not otherwise charged or expressly exempted from Stamp Duty, for the Purpose of proceeding to settle any Decree or Proceeding on any Order of Reference, or taxing Costs, or any other Purpose for which Summonses or Warrants are usually issued by such Officers respectively -	0	1	0
WARRANT to any Attorney to enter up a Judgment or satisfy a Judgment entered of Record in the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer in Dublin, or elsewhere -	0	2	6
WARRANT of Attorney or Consent, or other Writing, to vacate any Recognizance entered into in the Court of Chancery or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or any Order obtained to vacate the same -	0	5	0
WRIT of Appeal -	1	0	0
WRIT of Covenant for levying a Fine -	2	0	0
WRIT of Entry for suffering a Common Recovery -	2	0	0
WRIT of Error, or Certiorari, on any Appeal in any Civil Case (except from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Diocesan or Archbishopial Court, or from any Dismissal or Decree on any Civil Bill, or from any Manor Court) -	1	0	0
WRIT of Superfedeas of a Commission of Bankrupt -	0	2	6
WRIT of Habeas Facias Breve or Possession, or Writ of Relinquition or Possession -	0	10	0
WRIT, Mandate, Subpoena, Writ of Habeas Corpus, or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of, or pass the Seal of, any of the Courts in Dublin, whether the same be the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts -	0	4	0
<p align="center">GENERAL EXEMPTIONS from all Stamp Duty.</p> <p><i>All Proceedings for or on the Behalf of any Person legally admitted to sue or defend in forma Pauperis.</i></p>			

SCHEDULE;—PART THE THIRD.

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in Ireland; and on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE THIRD.	Duty.
PROBATE of a Will or Letters of Administration to be granted in Ireland, and any Letter of Administration, except Administrations pendente lite, of whatever Number of Skins or Pieces of Parchment or Vellum, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper the same may consist; Where the Estates and Effects, for or in respect of which such Probate or Letters of Administration respectively shall be granted (exclusive of what the Deceased shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons and not beneficially),	£. s. d.
shall be of the Value of 30l. and under the Value of 100l. - -	0 10 0
shall be of the Value of 100l. and under the Value of 200l. - -	1 10 0
shall be of the Value of 200l. and under the Value of 300l. - -	2 0 0
shall be of the Value of 300l. and under the Value of 400l. - -	3 0 0
shall be of the Value of 400l. and under the Value of 500l. - -	4 0 0
shall be of the Value of 500l. and under the Value of 600l. - -	5 0 0
shall be of the Value of 600l. and under the Value of 700l. - -	6 0 0
shall be of the Value of 700l. and under the Value of 800l. - -	7 0 0
shall be of the Value of 800l. and under the Value of 900l. - -	8 0 0
shall be of the Value of 900l. and under the Value of 1,000l. - -	9 0 0
shall be of the Value of 1,000l. and under the Value of 1,500l. - -	15 0 0
shall be of the Value of 1,500l. and under the Value of 2,000l. - -	20 0 0
shall be of the Value of 2,000l. and under the Value of 3,000l. - -	35 0 0
shall be of the Value of 3,000l. and under the Value of 4,000l. - -	60 0 0
shall be of the Value of 4,000l. and under the Value of 5,000l. - -	75 0 0
shall be of the Value of 5,000l. and under the Value of 7,000l. - -	90 0 0
shall be of the Value of 7,000l. and under the Value of 10,000l. - -	110 0 0
shall be of the Value of 10,000l. and under the Value of 12,500l. - -	135 0 0
shall be of the Value of 12,500l. and under the Value of 15,000l. - -	160 0 0
shall be of the Value of 15,000l. and under the Value of 17,500l. - -	185 0 0
shall be of the Value of 17,500l. and under the Value of 20,000l. - -	210 0 0
shall be of the Value of 20,000l. and under the Value of 25,000l. - -	260 0 0
shall be of the Value of 25,000l. and under the Value of 30,000l. - -	310 0 0
shall be of the Value of 30,000l. and under the Value of 35,000l. - -	360 0 0
shall be of the Value of 35,000l. and under the Value of 40,000l. - -	410 0 0
shall be of the Value of 40,000l. and under the Value of 45,000l. - -	460 0 0
shall be of the Value of 45,000l. and under the Value of 50,000l. - -	510 0 0
shall be of the Value of 50,000l. and under the Value of 60,000l. - -	610 0 0
shall be of the Value of 60,000l. and under the Value of 70,000l. - -	710 0 0
shall be of the Value of 70,000l. and under the Value of 80,000l. - -	810 0 0
shall be of the Value of 80,000l. and under the Value of 90,000l. - -	910 0 0
shall be of the Value of 90,000l. and under the Value of 100,000l. - -	1,010 0 0
shall be of the Value of 100,000l. and under the Value of 125,000l. - -	1,260 0 0
shall be of the Value of 125,000l. and under the Value of 150,000l. - -	1,510 0 0
shall be of the Value of 150,000l. and under the Value of 175,000l. - -	1,760 0 0
shall be of the Value of 175,000l. and under the Value of 200,000l. - -	2,010 0 0
shall be of the Value of 200,000l. and under the Value of 250,000l. - -	2,510 0 0
shall be of the Value of 250,000l. and under the Value of 300,000l. - -	3,010 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.		
PROBATE — <i>continued</i> .			
shall be of the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i>	<i>£.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
shall be of the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i>	3,500	0	0
shall be of the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i>	4,000	0	0
shall be of the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards	5,000	0	0
LETTERS of Administration, <i>pendente lite</i>			
<i>Exemptum.</i>	5	0	0
<i>Letters of Administration, or Probate of the Will, of the Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Non-Commissioned Officer, Common Soldier, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i>			
<i>Letters of Administration, de bonis non.</i>			
<i>Probates that shall be taken out by any Executor, coming after another Executor shall have obtained Probate of the same.</i>			
RECEIPT or Discharge for any Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and charged upon or given out of any Real or Personal Estate, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, or Monies arising from the Sale of any Real Estate directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged.			
Also for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue of the Personal Estate of any Person dying testate or intestate, or for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue devolved to any Person or Persons of any Monies arising, or that may arise, by the Sale of any Real Estate directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument (after deducting all Debts, Funeral Expenses, Legacies and other Charges first made payable thereout) if any,			
For every 100 <i>l.</i> of the Value of any such Legacy, or Residue, or Part or Proportion of Residue, paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, and for any fractional Part thereof, over and above any Sum or progressive Sum of 100 <i>l.</i> the Sums following, viz.			
Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, a Duty of	1	5	0
Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased	2	0	0
Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased	2	10	0
And where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of any Person, in any more remote Degree of Collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is before described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in Blood to the Deceased, or to			

SCHEDULE, PART III.		Day.
RECEIPT—continued.		<i>£. s. d.</i>
any Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, or other Public Institutions (save Charitable Institutions)		5 0 0
Where any such Legacy or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Child of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Child of the Deceased		0 10 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>		
<i>Legacies and Residues, or Shares of Residues, of any such Estate or Effects as aforesaid, given or devolving to or for the Benefit of the Husband or Wife of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of any of the Royal Family.</i>		
<i>Legacies given for the Education or Maintenance of poor Children in Ireland, or to be applied in Support of any Public Charitable Institution in Ireland, or for any Purpose merely charitable.</i>		
<i>Legacies consisting of Books, Prints, Pictures, Statues, Gems, Colours, Medals, Specimens of Natural History, or other specific Articles, which shall be given or bequeathed to or in Trust for any Body Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, or any Society, or any endowed School, in order to be kept and preserved by such Body Corporate, Society or School, and not for the Purpose of Sale.</i>		
<hr/>		
FORMS OF AFFIDAVITS		
to be required and received from Persons applying for Probates of Wills, and Letters of Administration of the Value of the Personal Estate and Effects of the Deceased.		
No. 1. FOR EXECUTORS.		
A. E. of	an Executor [or Executrix, or A. E. of	and
B. E. of	Executor, or Executor and Executrix, or the <i>est</i> may be] named in the last Will and Testament [or in a Codicil annexed to the last Will and Testament] of C. T. [the Testator] late of	Day of 18
maketh Oath and faith, [or make Oath and say, or in the <i>case</i> of Quakers, do or doth solemnly affirm and declare] that he [she or they] hath [or have] made diligent Search and due Enquiry after and in respect of the Personal Estate and Effects of the said Deceased, in order to ascertain the full Amount and Value thereof; and that to the best of his [her or their] Knowledge, Information, and Belief, the whole of the Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits of which the said Deceased died possessed within the Province [or Diocese] of		
consisting of the Property, Monies, Securities, matters and things, specified in the Account annexed to this Affidavit, are under the Value of £ exclusive of what the Deceased may have been possessed of, or entitled to, as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not beneficially, and without deducting any thing on account of the Debts due and owing from the Deceased: And that according to the Knowledge, Information and Belief of this Deponent [or these Deponents] the said Deceased had also [or had not] other Personal Estate and Effects at the time of his [or her] Death, within the Province [or Diocese] of [or within any other Province or Diocese in Ireland.]		
Subm. on the	Day of	(To be signed by
18	before me, }	the Deponents)
		A. E.
		B. E.
No. 2. FOR ADMINISTRATORS.		
B. A. of	[and C. A. of] in order to the due Administration of the Personal Estate and Effects of D. I. [the Testator] late of
Day of	mutual, maketh Oath and faith, &c. [or in the	proceeding Item.]
		14

SCHEDULE, PART III.

An ACCOUNT of the ESTATE and EFFECTS of the late

Household Goods, Linen, Wearing Apparel, Books, Plate, Jewels, &c.	Price of Goods.	£.	s.	d.
Property in the Stocks or Funds transferrable at the Bank.				
Leasehold Property.				
Property in Public Companies.				
Money out on Mortgage and other Securities.				
Real Estate devised to be sold, or Value of Legacies charged on Real Estate.				
Stock in Trade, Farming Stock and Implements of Husbandry.				
Other Personal Property not comprised under the foregoing Heads.				

SCHEDULE, —PART THE FOURTH.

Containing the Duties on NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS; and in respect of Articles not stamped on VELLUM, PARCHMENT or PAPER.

PART THE FOURTH.	Duty.		
Any Newspaper or Paper containing public News, Intelligence or Occurrences	s.	d.	
Any Hand Bill, or Bill for Posting, containing a single Advertisement, except Hand Bills, or Bills for Posting respecting Charities, Robberies, Murders, Loss of Property, and Sales under Distress Warrants, or Executions, or for Rent	0	0	2
Any Almanack or Calendar for any particular Year or for any time less than a Year	0	0	0½
Any Almanack or Calendar made to serve for any longer time than a Year, or for several Years	0	7	6
Any Dublin Directory	0	0	6
Any Army List, or any List of Agencies, Solicitors, or Conveyancers, duly admitted, and having paid Duty on their Certificates (except such Lists respectively as shall be published with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being)	0	0	6
Any Account or Bill of Goods imported into or exported from Ireland, printed or published daily, weekly, monthly or at any other time or times, as an Account or Abstract of Account of such Goods; for each Day's Account or Abstract of Day's Account contained therein, whether the same be printed or published separately, or included in or with any other Publication, and in Proportion to the Number of Days' Accounts, or Abstracts of Days' Accounts contained in such Publications, for each and every of such Publications, (except such daily or other Accounts, or Bills of Imports or Exports, as shall be printed or published by some Person or Persons authorized to print the same by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland)	0	0	1
<i>Articles not stamped on Vellum, Parchment or Paper.</i>			
For every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Journal or Daily Account, to be published weekly or oftener; or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet dispersed or made public yearly, monthly or at any other Interval of time, or in any Hand Bill, containing more than One Advertisement; and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, or the Privy Council of Ireland, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Account, other than the Dublin Gazette	0	2	6
For every Pamphlet or Paper, not exceeding Six Sheets, Octavo, or in a lesser Page, and not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any Kind of Paper contained in one printed Copy or Impression thereof, a Duty of	0	2	0

SCHEDULE, PART IV.

Duty.

Exceptions.

Advertisements published by the Trustees of Hospitals, or other Charitable Institutions, or by Trustees for any other Purpose merely charitable, relative to the Bishops of such Hospitals, or other Charitable Institutions, or to the Bishops of such Charities.

Any Act of Parliament, Proclamation, Order of Council, Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving, or any Act of State which shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to be printed or published; or any Vote or other matters which are or shall be ordered to be printed by either House of Parliament; or any Books commonly sold in any of the Schools in Ireland; or any Books containing only matters of Devotion and Piety; or any Weekly Bills of Mortality, or any Daily Accounts or Bills of Goods imported or exported, so as such Daily Accounts or Bills do contain no other matter than Accounts of Goods imported into, or exported from, Ireland, and the Particulars relating to such Imports and Exports, and so as the same shall be printed and published by such Person or Persons as shall be authorized therein by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the time being.

s. l. d.

For any ASSURANCE or INSURANCE, viz.

For any Assurance or Insurance of any Ship or Ships, Goods or Merchandise, or any other Property or Interest whereon Insurance may be lawfully made, against Loss in any Voyage or Voyages, or from the Dangers of or other Perils at Sea, where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, actually and lawfully paid or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Cent.

For any Voyage to or from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from or to any other Place in the said Kingdom or Islands;

Where the Sum insured shall amount to 100l. or any less Sum	0	1	3
And is progressively for every 100l. so insured	0	1	3
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100l. or any progressive Sums of 100l. each, by any fractional Part of 100l. for such fractional Part	0	1	3

For any other Voyage, where the Sum insured shall amount to 100l. or any less Sum

And is progressively for every 100l. so insured	0	2	6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100l. or any progressive Sums of 100l. each, by any fractional Part of 100l. for such fractional Part	0	2	6

And where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, for such Insurance, actually and lawfully paid or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Cent. for any Voyage, then a Duty is also equal to Double the Amount of the foregoing Duties respectively.

Any Assurance or Insurance for or upon any Sum of 100l. or any lesser Sum that is or shall be insured by any Person or Persons in or by any Policy of Insurance for insuring Houses, Goods, Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandises or other Property, from Loss by Fire, yearly

0 2 6

56 Geo. III.

§ R.

SCHEDULE, PART IV.	Duty.
ASSURANCE. — <i>continued.</i>	
And for every 100 <i>l.</i> of each Insurance, after the First Hundred, a like Sum of — — — — —	£. s. d. 0 2 6
And when the Sum insured shall exceed 100 <i>l.</i> or any progressive Sums of 100 <i>l.</i> each, by any fractional Part of 100 <i>l.</i> a Duty in Proportion for such fractional Part.	
And so in Proportion for any shorter Period than a Year, in all the said cases of Insurance from Loss by Fire.	
For and upon every Pack of Printed, Painted or Playing Cards, made, manufactured or vended in <i>Ireland</i> — — — — —	0 2 0
For and upon every Pair of Dice made, manufactured or vended in <i>Ireland</i> — — — — —	0 15 0

SCHEDULE 1.—PART THE FIFTH.

ALLOWANCES on the Purchase of STAMPS.

To any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the Stamp Office in Dublin, to be stamped, or who shall buy any stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the said Stamp Office, the Duties whereof, respectively, shall amount to Twenty Pounds or upwards, (*five and eight Pence, Parchment and Paper, to be stamped with any Duty of Ten Pence or upwards, or with any Number of Stamps amounting in the whole to Ten Pence, on One Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper,*) an Allowance after the Rate of One Pound and Ten Shillings, for every One Hundred Pounds, upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so brought or stamped.

To Stationers or Shopkeepers who shall purchase Stamps for Receipts to the Amount, at one and the same time, of Five Pounds, in Consideration of their making no Charge to the Public for the Paper stamped for Receipts, but actually and *bona fide* selling the same for the Price of the Stamp Duty only, Seven Pounds Ten Shillings for every One Hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Duty on such Stamps for Receipts, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Sum not under the Sum of Five Pounds: this Allowance being over and above the Allowance on the Prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties to the Amount of Twenty Pounds and upwards.

CAP. LVII.

An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in *Ireland*, in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to provide for the more efficient Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

[18th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in *Ireland* in respect of Horses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, under and by virtue of the several Acts hereinafter mentioned, and to grant new Consolidated Rates, Duties and Taxes in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws now in force for regulating and securing the Collection of all such Rates, Duties and Taxes: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes on Horses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, granted in and by the several Acts hereinafter recited, or such of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes as were in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, and all Regulations and Directions contained in or made by the said Acts or any of them, for the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or so much and such Parts of any of them as are or were in force, shall cease and terminate, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; (that is to say), in and by an Act made in the

The following
Acts, granting
Duties on
Horses, Win-
dows, &c. viz.

Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act in grant to His Majesty certain Island Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes and Drawbacks*; and also in and by another Act made in the said Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act in provide for regulating and favouring the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Bricks, Windows, Male Servants, Horfes, Dogs and Carriages*; and also in and by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act in grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Bricks, Horfes, Male Servants and Windows, in lieu of former Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles*; and also in and by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act in provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horfes and Dogs in Ireland*; and also in and by Three several Acts made in the last Session of Parliament, that is to say, One Act, intituled *An Act in grant to His Majesty certain increased Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland in respect of Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horfes and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles*; and One other Act, intituled *An Act in grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of certain Male Servants, Carriages and Horfes kept in or let in Hire*; and One other Act, intituled *An Act in make further Provision for the Collection of certain Duties on Male Servants, Carriages and Horfes, and in respect of Houses in Ireland*; and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes granted in and by the said recited Acts, and the Regulations contained in the said recited Acts, and the said recited Acts and every of them shall be and the same are hereby repealed accordingly, and shall cease and determine, except so far as the said Acts or any of them repeal or repeal any former Act or Acts, and except also so far as the said recited Acts or any of them relate or relates to the charging, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for any Rates, Duties and Taxes or Arrears thereof, or may concern or relate to the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, for any Offence against the said Acts or any of them, or for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, which shall have been or shall be committed, on or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and except so far as relates to any Suit or Proceeding which may have been commenced or instituted or shall be commenced or instituted at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the passing of this Act, for or in respect of or relating to the Rates, Duties and Taxes mentioned in this Act or the Schedules thereto annexed, and which said Suits or Proceedings shall and may be proceeded on to Judgment and Execution, to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Acts had not been repealed and determined.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be levied, raised, collected, paid and received, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Fire Bricks or other Places used for firing or Stoves, Windows or Lights, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horfes, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, mentioned, specified, described and expressed in the several Schedules marked (A.) (B.) (C.) (D.) (E.) (F.) (G.) (H.) (I.) and (K.) respectively in this Act annexed, the several Amounts, Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes as they are respectively described and set forth in the said respective Schedules; and that the said several Schedules, and all and every the Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Exemptions and Abatements therein respectively specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be a Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be in law and effect and in full Satisfaction of all Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, upon and in respect of the like Articles, matters and things, except such Rates, Duties and Taxes as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in Ireland, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Rates, Duties and Taxes are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes, by the Act or Acts by which the same are or shall be granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Assessment and Charge of the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Bricks, or other firing Places, or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, Male Servants, and other Male Persons, Horfes, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, or of any of them which shall have been made, and also every Act or Acts which shall have been done or performed by any Officer in relation to the same, at any time since the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the passing of this Act pursuant to the Regulations and Provisions of any Act or Acts heretofore recited and repealed, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been made, charged, done and performed after the Commencement and under and pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers and all other Persons duly authorized to act, proceed, do and perform every matter and thing so and in respect of such Assessments, Charges or other Acts done and performed as aforesaid, as if the same had been made, done, charged or performed after the Commencement and under the Provision and the Regulations in this Act for that Purpose contained.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act and the several Schedules hereto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable according to the Amount thereof in British Currency, and that all and every the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being defracted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers or other Persons who now is or are or hereafter shall be appointed by or sitting under the Orders or Directions of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, for the charging, assising, collecting or superintending the charging,

47 G. 3. c. 12.

47 G. 3. c. 22.

48 G. 3. c. 49.

49 G. 3. c. 25.

51 G. 3. c. 61.

51 G. 3. c. 65.

51 G. 3. c. 49.

repealed,
except Arrears,
&c.

Duties specified
in Schedules an-
nexed to be paid.

Duties in lieu
of former
Duties.

Assessments and
Proceedings
thereon from
Jan. 5, 1816,
valid.

Officers author-
ized to act.

Duties paid in
British Cur-
rency, and ac-
crued to Con-
solidated Fund.

Officers may re-
ceiv. Money in
advance from
Commissioners
of Inland
and Windows.

charging, affixing or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them at any time in the Daytime, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Sixty, to enter into any House and into every Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, and into the several Apartments and Places therein, and to take Information from his own View and Survey of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places, used for Firing and Stoves therein; and also of the Number of Windows or Lights therein, and such House, Office or Edifice shall be charged accordingly with the Rates and Taxes, in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places used for Firing and Stoves, and of Windows or Lights therein; and if any such Officer or Officers, or other Person authorized as aforesaid, shall not on Demand of Entrance, by knocking or otherwise, obtain Admittance into any such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, or after Admittance shall not be suffered to enter into all and every the Apartments and other Places therein respectively, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and he is required to leave a Notice at such House with any Person resident therein above the Age of Sixteen Years, fixing forth that such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid will attend at such House at a certain Day and Hour, to be specified in such Notice, such Hour to be within the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and requiring to be admitted into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein respectively; and if such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice obtain Admittance into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein into which he shall require to be admitted, the Occupier of such House or the Person named the Occupier within the Provision of this Act, as the case may be, shall for such Office forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if no Person shall appear at such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice from whom such Officer or other Person as aforesaid can make Demand of Entrance, or on whom such Notice can be served, then such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required to post such Notice as aforesaid on the Door of such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice; and if such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice be admitted into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice and into every Apartment and Place therein, then the Occupier thereof shall forfeit the like Sum of Twenty Pounds.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Person who shall attend such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid upon such Survey may refuse or admit such Officer or other Person into any Room or Apartment, except the same be a Kitchen or a Room in an Outhouse, upon such Person who shall so attend certifying that the Tax in respect of One Fire Hearth and of Three Windows shall be charged for such Room or Apartment; and in such case every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall accordingly charge such House with the Tax for One Fire Hearth and Three Windows for every such Room or Apartment, and as more, which it shall be ascertained by such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, without entering into such Room or Apartment, that the same contains a greater Number of Fire Hearths, Firing Places or Stoves than One, or a greater Number of Windows or Lights than Three, and such Tax shall be paid accordingly.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any House or any Part thereof is or shall be let in different Apartments to any Person or Persons, the Owner of such House is letting the same or for whose Benefit such letting is made, shall be deemed the Occupier thereof, and shall be charged with and be liable to pay the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the Fire Hearths and Stoves or other Fire Places, and of the Windows or Lights in such House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Fire Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, and on Windows or Lights, and on Houses in respect thereof, shall be charged on and payable by the Occupiers of such Houses respectively, or the Persons having the Right to occupy the same respectively, and shall and may be levied at any time by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier or Person having the Right aforesaid, during whose Occupancy or Right therein, such Rates, Duties or Taxes had incurred, and that any Arrear of such Rates, Duties and Taxes not exceeding Two Years' Amount, exclusive of the Rates, Duties and Taxes of the current Year in which a Distress shall be made, and no more, shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any subsequent Occupier of such House.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Occupier of every House in which, with any Outhouse, Office or other Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be Two or more Hearths or Places for Firing, or Stoves, or Seven or more Windows or Lights, shall, when required by any such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, make due and immediate Declaration and Return of the greatest Number of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights respectively, which were in his or her House, with every Outhouse, Office or other Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, on the Sixth Day of January then next proceeding, or between the said Day and the time of making such Declaration or Return, and shall within Fourteen Days next after any additional Hearth, Fire Place, Stove or Window or Light shall be made or opened, deliver or cause to be delivered to such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, or in his Absence to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such House is situate, a true List or Account in Writing, under his or her Hand, of every such additional Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, and Window or Light respectively; and if any such Occupier shall refuse or neglect to make or deliver such Declaration or Return, List or Account, or shall make any untrue or false Declaration or Return, List or Account, such Occupier shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Rate, Duty or Tax which he or she ought otherwise by Law to be charged with in respect of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, as the case may be; and if at any time any greater Number of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, shall be discovered in any House, or in any Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, or occupied therewith, than the Numbers respectively expressed in such

Declaration

Declaration or Return, List or Account, it shall be taken and received as sufficient Proof of a false or untrue Declaration or Return, List or Account, unless due Proof be made by such Occupier that the Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, Window or Light, is exceeding had been made or opened within Fourteen Days next previous to such Discovery.

X. And he is further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, shall be charged for the whole Year, commencing on the Sixth Day of January, for such Number of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, as shall on the Sixth Day of January in any such Year be in any House, or in any Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, and also for any and every additional Fire Hearth or other Place for Firing or Stove, and Window or Light, which at any time after the Sixth Day of January in any Year shall be in or be made or opened in any such House, or in any Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto; and that if any Person, in order to evade the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, payable within such Year, shall stop up, deface, cover or conceal any Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, or any Window or Light chargeable with the said Rate, Duty or Tax, every such Person shall forfeit and pay Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Rate, Duty or Tax for the same respectively: Provided always, that the Proof of the time when any such Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window or Light may have been stopped, shall be as the Occupier of the House: Provided also, that no Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window or Light, shall be deemed to be stopped up, unless such Hearth, Fire Place or Stove be built up with Stones or Bricks, and Mortar made with Lime, so as thereby to be wholly unfit for Use, or such Window or Light be stopped up with the like Materials as the Wall or Roof adjoining thereto respectively is composed of.

XI. And he is further enacted, That every Person in Ireland having, keeping, using, retaining or employing, or having had, kept, used, retained or employed, since the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Carriage with Four Wheels, or any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Dog, upon or in respect of whom or which any Rate, Tax or Duty is or may be imposed by this Act, or any Act or Acts at any time hereafter to be in force in Ireland; and every Person keeping or being kept, retaining or having retained, since the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Servant, Carriage, Horse, Mare or Gelding to be let to Hire, or letting or having let to Hire any Servant, Carriage, Horse, Mare or Gelding, since the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, upon Demand, or within Ten Days next after a particular Notice for that Purpose shall be served or left, or evaded to be served or left at the usual Place of Residence of such Person respectively, by any such Officer or Person authorised as aforesaid, deliver to such Officer or Person so authorised, a true List or Account in Writing under his or her Hand, of every such Carriage, and of every such Male Servant or other Male Person, and of every such Horse, Mare and Gelding, and of every such Dog which any such Person shall or may have had, kept, used, retained or employed, or shall or may have, kept, used, retain or employ, at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or at any time after the Fifth Day of January in any subsequent Year; and which said List or Account shall contain the Name and Surname of the Person delivering such List or Account, the Name of his or her Residence or Place of Abode, at the time of delivering such List or Account, and of the Place, Parish, Barony, City, Town and County, as the case may be, in which such Residence is situate, and the Description of every such Carriage, and the Name and Surname of every such Servant or other Male Person, and the Capacity in which such Servant or other Male Person was, is or shall be, or shall have been retained or employed, and the Kind and Description of every such Dog, and the Uses and Purposes for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding was or is or shall be kept or used, setting forth whether any such Carriage, Servant or Horse, Mare or Gelding was hired, or used on Hire, and (if any) the Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Person from or by whom every such Servant, Carriage, and Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall have been or shall be let to Hire, and the Period of each letting to Hire of every such Servant, Carriage, or Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively; and in every such List or Account to be delivered by the Person or Persons keeping, or who shall keep to be let to Hire, or letting, or who shall let to Hire any Servant, or any Carriage, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, such Person or Persons shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons for whose Use or in whose Service each and every such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall have been or shall be employed as Hire, and the Number of each let to Hire to any such Person, and the Period of every such Letting; and from time to time, as often as any Person shall begin to keep or have any Carriage, or so retain or so employ any Servant or other Male Person, or to keep or use any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, and also from time to time, as often as any Person shall keep or have any additional Carriage, or shall retain or employ any additional Servant or other Male Person, or shall keep or use any additional Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any additional Dog, beyond the Number of the same respectively expressed in any such respective List or Account; then every such Person respectively shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Carriage or additional Carriage shall be kept or come into the Possession of such Person, or after any Male Servant or other Male Person, or additional Male Servant or other Male Person shall be retained or employed, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, or any additional Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, shall be kept or used by such Person, in like manner delivered to the said Officer, or Person authorised as aforesaid, a like List or Account of every such Carriage, Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, and of every such additional Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, as the case may be; and if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to deliver, in manner aforesaid, any such List or Account as is hereby required, or shall make or deliver any untrue or false List or Account of the matters and things aforesaid, or

Proof of false Declaration.

Duties charged for the whole Year for such Hearths and Windows as shall be in the House on the 6th Jan. and all additional ones.
Evading Duty by stopping up Fire Places or Windows.
Penalty.

When shall be deemed a stopp'd up.

Persons keeping Carriages, Servants, Horses and Dogs, to deliver a List thereof when required, specifying certain Particulars.

What the List is to contain.

It is to contain Name and Place of Abode of the Person in whose Service each Servant, Carriage, &c. shall be employed.

Additional Carriages, &c. employed.

A like List.

Neglecting, &c. to deliver List.

Greater Number
of Carriages, to
keep than stated
a Ld.

Penalty

Days on Ser-
vants, Carriage
or Horse in its
Place, to be paid
by the Person
using them, and
paid by the
Person using them.

† See

Notice of said
Church Doors,
Sec. of every
Parish, requiring
Persons to deli-
ver Ld. of Car-
riages, Servants
and Horses, Ac-
cording to them.

Each Notice
described a Day
prior to delivery
Ld.
Direction to
deliver Ld. to
the making of a
Ld.
Penalty

Removal of

Delivery of Notice
priorly

Notice to be left
on Delivery
Horse

Delivery of de-
livering Ld.

any of them, or if at any time any such Person shall keep, retain or employ, or use any greater Number of Carriages or Servants, or Male Persons, or Horses, Mares or Geldings, or Dogs, being respectively liable to Duty, than shall be expressed and mentioned in such Ld. or Account, delivered by such Person, or shall keep, retain, employ or use any Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, respectively liable to Duty, not expressed or mentioned in such Ld. or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Rate or Tax in respect of any such Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding or Dog, as the case may be, of which such Person shall have neglected or refused to deliver a Ld. or Account in manner required by this Act, or of or in respect to which any such Person shall have delivered or shall deliver any undue or false Ld. or Account.

XII. And be it further enacted, That where any Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let to Hire, and the Person using such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding as Hire, shall not make such Ld. or Return, as is heretofore required, then and in such case the Rates, Duties and Taxes chargeable in respect of such and every such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively, for One Year, shall and may be charged upon, and shall be paid by the Person using such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding as Hire, over and above the Penalty incurred for any Neglect or Offence as aforesaid, unless the Person or Persons by whom such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding shall have been let to Hire, shall have been duly charged for such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively; and in every case where the said Rates, Duties or Taxes shall be chargeable on the Person using such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding as Hire, and making Default of Return as aforesaid, such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged upon such Person in respect of each such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding so used as Hire, in like manner as if such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding had not been hired, but had been used, kept, retained or employed by such Person without † less been hired to him or her respectively.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and such Officer or other Person so authorized shall and is hereby required, within Sixty Days after the passing of this Act, and within Sixty one Days after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and in like manner within Sixty one Days after the Fifth Day of January in each and every subsequent Year, (or at such other times as the Commissioners of Isled Excise and Taxes in Council, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct, order and appoint,) to affix or cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Church or Chapel or Market House, or Public School House (if any such Person shall be) of every Parish or Place within the respective Walks or Divisions of such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, or to each of the Parishes or Places as shall be prescribed and directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market House, or Public School House, then on the Doors of the Church or Chapel or Market House of the nearest or adjoining Parish,) a General Notice signed by such Officer or other Person in such Form as shall have been or shall be directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, requiring that all Persons residing in the said Parish or Place liable to the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, shall make out and deliver Lds. or Accounts of Carriages, Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares or Geldings, and Dogs, directed to or for the said Officer, or to or for the said Person authorized as aforesaid, at some House or Place within the said Parish or Place, to be specified in such Notice within Twenty one Days next after the Date of such Notice, and such general Notice shall from time to time, when the time shall be affixed, be deemed a Requisition or Demand upon every Person within such Parish or Place, to deliver such Lds. or Accounts within the said Space of Twenty one Days accordingly; and if any Person in such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such Ld. or Account at the House or Place mentioned in such Notice, directed in manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty one Days, or shall make or deliver any undue or false Ld. or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of any Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, as the case may be, of which such Person shall have neglected or refused to deliver a Ld. or Account in manner required by this Act, or of which any Person shall have delivered or shall deliver any undue or false Ld. or Account, and all Persons shall be liable to such Penalty for not complying with such general Notice, whether any particular Notice requiring any such Ld. shall have been delivered or left to or for such Person or not, and if such general Notice so affixed shall be removed or defaced at any time during the said Space of Twenty one Days, every such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, shall cause a similar Notice to be so affixed, and from time to time as often as Occasion shall require during the said Space of Twenty one Days; and any Person who shall wilfully omit, deface or obliterate any such Notice so affixed, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Court or Justice before whom such Person shall be convicted of such Offence.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be posted or not as aforesaid, such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid shall from time to time serve or leave, or cause to be served or left, particular Notices at the usual Place of Abode or Residence of every Person in his proper Walk, Division or Division, liable or supposed to be liable to the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, or any of them, requiring all such Persons respectively to deliver to such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid the several Lds. and Accounts which such Person as by this Act required to deliver, within Two Days next after such Notice shall be served or left as aforesaid, and all and every Person making Default in delivering such Lds. or Accounts within such

Two

Two Days shall be liable to the Penalties hereinafter by this Act inflicted, for not complying with such particular Notice, whether any such general Notice as aforesaid shall have been posted or not.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall deliver any List or Account required by this Act as aforesaid, and who shall keep, use, retain or employ any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, in any other Place in *England* than the Place where such List or Account shall be delivered, shall in every such List or Account for forth the whole Number of Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs kept or used, retained or employed by such Person in *England*, in order that such Person may be charged for the same according to the Rate chargeable on the greatest Number retained or kept as the whole, and such Person shall specify the Places with the Parish and Barony, County, Town or City in which the same shall be situated, where each such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, shall be at the time when such Person shall deliver such List or Account, and shall make and sign a Declaration of the Parish or Place in the County, Town or City in which such Person intends to pay for all such Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, and on Proof of Payment by any Person of the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of all such Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, in any one Parish or Place, by Production of the Receipt signed by the Collector to whom the Payment shall have been made, or of a Certificate by such Collector, such Person shall be acquitted from the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively, in any other Parish or Place in *England*; and if any Person shall neglect or refuse to set forth such Particulars as are hereby required in such Lists or Accounts, such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVI. And Whereas Difficulties may arise in discovering Lodgers or Innkeepers in Houses liable to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs; Be it therefore enacted, That the Owner of any House letting the same, or any Part thereof, to any Lodger or Lodgers in which any Lodger or Innkeeper shall reside, who shall keep, retain, employ or use any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, shall deliver to any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, on Demand, or within Two Days after Notice served by such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, by leaving or causing to be left the same at the House of such Person as aforesaid, a true List or Account in Writing under the Hand of such Owner expressing the Name and Surname of every such Lodger or Innkeeper, with an Account of every Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog kept, retained, employed or used by such Lodger or Innkeeper, to the best of the Knowledge and Information of such Owner; and if any such Owner shall neglect or refuse to deliver such List or Account as aforesaid, or shall wilfully omit or misrepresent any Defectiveness which ought to be contained therein, or shall make or deliver any under or false List or Account, every such Person is offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Owner as aforesaid in whose House any Person liable to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall reside as a Lodger or Innkeeper, shall for the Purpose of making an accurate List or Return under the Contents of the Notice left at his or her House to be read over and made known to each and every such Lodger or Innkeeper, requiring them respectively to declare to him or her and submit such List or Return to be made, whether such Lodger or Innkeeper be liable to the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any and which of them, or whether such Lodger or Innkeeper hath another Place of ordinary Residence, where he or she intends to be charged, and every such Lodger or Innkeeper being thereto required shall be obliged to make such Declaration; and if any such Lodger or Innkeeper shall neglect or refuse to make Declaration, or to submit the List or Return to be made thereof, every such Lodger or Innkeeper shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any such Owner as aforesaid, by whom any such Declaration ought to be required, shall neglect to require the same, or to whom any such Declaration shall be made, shall neglect to insert the same in the List or Return to be made or delivered by such Owner as aforesaid, pursuant to this Act, every such Person is offending shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person occupying or owning any House, subject to any Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of Fire Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, or keeping, using, retaining or employing any Carriage, or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding or any Dog, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Duty or Tax is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall be absent from the Place of his or her Abode at the time of the Service or posting of such Notice requiring such List or Account as aforesaid, then a List or Account of the Fire Hearths and Windows in any House belonging to such Person, and of any and every Carriage or Male Servant or other Male Person, or Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, kept, used, retained or employed by such Person, made out and subscribed by the Agent, Steward, Housekeeper or Servant of such Person so absent, and delivered as aforesaid, shall be to all Intents and Purposes of the same Effect as if such List or Account were made out and subscribed and delivered by the Person owning or occupying such House, or keeping, using or employing any such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, or the case may be; and in case such List or Account shall be an under List or Account, the same shall subject such Occupier, Owner or Person, keeping, retaining or employing such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, to the like Payments and Penalties as if the same had been made and subscribed by himself or herself respectively.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall not be bound by any List or Account which shall be delivered to them respectively, but shall be at Liberty, if they shall find, upon due Examination, that any Person, Defectiveness, Article, matter or thing, which ought to be

Penalty.

Person keeping Carriages, &c. at more Places than set out in Return the whole Number,

and specify Places where Carriages, &c. kept.
Declaration of Places where Person charged intend to pay Rates.

Default.

Penalty.

Owner of House to give a List of the Carriages, &c. kept by their Lodgers.

Penalty.

Notice to be sent to Lodgers who are not declared whether they are liable to the Duty.

Penalty.

Owner to send.

Penalty.

In case of Absence of Person liable, then Agent or Servant may make and deliver List.

in case of the same Effect as if delivered by Owner, and subject to same Penalties.

Officer not bound by any List delivered

which prove
delictive.

Officers to make
Affidavits
wherein Liens are
acknowledged.

Order of Affi-
davit.

Proviso.

Persons to
whom Notice
shall be given
before any
seizure, &c. shall
sign a Decla-
ration that they
do not.

Magistrate.

Proviso.
Officers may
forfeiture.

Notice.

and Persons ap-
proved may
complain to the
Commissioners.

Commission on
Oath.

Commissioners
may make
Order.

and may direct
Seizure.

Default of Pay-
ment.
Proviso.

Officers of Ex-
emption from

be contained in such List or Account, is or are omitted or entirely stated therein, so make a true Affidavit and Charge upon every such Person, according to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, of the real Charge which ought to be imposed on such Person.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall neglect or refuse to make out, sign and deliver any such List or Account, as is in this Act directed within the respective times in this Act mentioned, then the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall, from the best Information he can obtain, make an Affidavit or Charge upon such Person, of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, for and in respect of every Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, kept, used, retained or employed by him or her as aforesaid, and every such Affidavit and Charge so made upon any such Neglect or Refusal, shall be final and conclusive upon the Person thereby charged, who shall not be at Liberty to controvert the same, unless such Person shall make due Proof on Oath, or if a Quaker an Affirmation, that he or she was not at his or her Dwelling House or Place of Abode at the time of the Delivery of such Notice, nor between that Day and the next limited for delivering such List or Account as aforesaid, or unless such Person shall allege and prove such other Excuse for not having delivered in his or her List or Account, as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall in their Judgment think reasonable and sufficient: Provided always, that as such Excuse shall be admitted or be alleged or proved until the Person alleging the same shall have delivered such List or Account as is required by this Act.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person upon whom any such Notice shall be served to return a List or Account of Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, or of any of them, shall not on the Sixth Day of January preceeding the Service of such Notice, have his, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage, or any Dog, or shall not, between that Day and the time of the Service of such Notice, have his, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage, or any Dog, every such Person shall nevertheless make and deliver a Declaration in Writing, subscribed by such Person, setting forth that such Person had not, on the Sixth Day of January preceeding the Service of such Notice, nor at any time between the said Day and the time of the Service of such Notice, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage, or any Dog; and if any such Person shall neglect or omit to make and deliver such Declaration within Fourteen Days next after the Service of such Notice, every such Person shall, for every such Neglect or Omission, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, to purchase any Person with the Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act granted or any of them, beyond the Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, with which such Person shall have been previously charged; and such Officer or other Person shall give or cause to be given to the Party purchased a Notice of such Surcharge, by leaving or causing such Notice to be left at the usual Place of Abode of such Party, in the District where such Surcharge shall be made, such Notice to be signed by such Officer or other Person who shall have made such Surcharge, and to contain the Particulars of such Surcharge and the Amount thereof; and every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid is hereby empowered to make any such Surcharge at any time during the Year, for the whole of such Year; and if any Person shall think himself or herself unjustly aggrieved or overcharged by any such Surcharge, it shall and may be lawful for the Party so surcharged respectively forthwith to make his or her Complaint to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to enquire into the matter of such Complaint, by ordering the same to be investigated by and before such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall for that Purpose appoint, and such Officer or Officers and other Person or Persons so appointed, are hereby authorized and required to hear such Complaint, and to examine upon Oath as well the Party so complaining as the Officer or other Person who shall have made such Surcharge; and also all such Witnesses as shall be produced by either of the said Parties thereupon, or upon other due Proof, to report to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, whether such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons so making such Enquiry are of Opinion that the Party complaining ought to be relieved or not; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to make such Order in the matter as shall appear to them to be just and reasonable; and every such Surcharge, or so much thereof as shall be confirmed by the said Commissioners or any Three of them, shall stand good and remain Part of the annual Charge and Assessment against the Party so complaining, who shall pay the Amount so confirmed within One Calendar Month after the Confirmation of the same; and if upon the Investigations of such Complaint it shall appear that the Person so complaining is or ought to be further charged to any Amount beyond the Amount contained in such Surcharge, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to order and direct that such Person shall be further charged with and in respect of the matter or thing or the Amount of the Sum omitted, and the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall charge the same against such Person, who shall pay the Amount within One Calendar Month next after such further Surcharge shall be made; and if any such Person shall make Default of such Payment of any such Surcharge or further Surcharge respectively, every such Person so making Default shall and may be proceeded against in the like manner in every respect, and for the like Purposes, as if such Surcharge or further Surcharge respectively, in the case may be, had been the original Charge against such Person, and unpaid by him or her.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Persons required to make or deliver any List or Account under the Provisions of this Act, and claiming to be within any of the Exemptions allowed by law

from any of the said Rates and Taxes, or claiming to be entitled to any Abatement of the same, shall make a due Return thereof, and declare the Cause or Grounds of such Exemption or Abatement, such Declaration to be specified in or annexed to the List or Accounts to be by such Person or Persons delivered; and if any Default or Delinquency shall in any Instance arise whether the Person or Persons be entitled to such Exemption or Abatement, the Proof thereof, and of the Circumstances of such Exemption or Abatement, shall be on the Person claiming such Exemption or Abatement, and not on the Officer charging or assessing such Rates and Taxes.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall be discovered in any Charge against any Person by a Duty, or a greater Amount of Duty, being charged against such Person, than ought to have been charged, it shall and may be lawful for such Person, within Twelve Calendar Months after the time when such Rates, Duties or Taxes had been or shall have been charged against and ought to have been paid pursuant to such Charge by such Person, and not afterwards, to make his or her Complaint before the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, who are lawfully authorized and required to examine into the matter of such Complaint, and upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction, to relieve the Party so complaining of such or so much of such Rates, Duties and Taxes as shall appear to have been unduly charged or overcharged; and if such Rates and Taxes shall have been paid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to repay the same, or such Part thereof as shall appear to have been unduly charged, or to have been overcharged.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall from time to time enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, the Number and kind of Carriages by him or her built and constructed for Sale; and also the Number and kind of Carriages which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall part with, sell or dispose of at Second Hand on his or her own Account, whether the same shall have been repaired or altered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and also of the Number and kind of Carriages kept by him or her for Sale, although the same may not have been built by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses, and the Number sold, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Persons to whom sold, parted with or disposed of respectively, and the particular Day on which each Carriage was delivered or sent out of the Shop or Warehouse, Yard or other Place of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission shall keep a like Book, and in like manner enter in the same the Number and kinds of Carriages kept for Sale, and sold by such Person, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and the Days on which such Carriages were sold, and to whom they were sold respectively; and every Livery Stable Keeper or other Person receiving any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage on hire at Livery, shall also from time to time enter in a Book an Account of every Carriage or Horse so hired at Livery, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person by or on whose Behalf such Carriage or Horse had been first so delivered, and the time of the hiring of the same respectively; all which Books shall at all reasonable times in the Daytime be open to the Inspection of any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall have power to enter into the House, Manufactory, Work Shop, Stables and other Buildings and Places of every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages and other Persons respectively as aforesaid, and take an Account of all Carriages there, and of all Horses so at Livery as aforesaid, and to satisfy himself of the Truth of such Entries in any such Books respectively; and every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages and other Person lawfully required to keep such Account respectively, shall monthly (that is to say) within Twenty one Days next after the Fifth Day of each and every Month in each and every Year, deliver to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person respectively, shall carry on his or her Business, or to such other Officer or Person as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall direct and appoint to receive the same, deliver a true Copy in Writing of all and every Entry made in such Book or Books respectively within the Month ending at each Fifth Day of the Month, containing the names and things before directed, and when required to do so by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any One of them, or by the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such Duties, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person, or his or her Chief Servant, Workman or Manager shall make Oath, or bring a Quaker or Affirmation, of the Truth of such Account according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, and every such Copy of the Account to be delivered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, express the Name and Names of every Person required to be entered in such Account, and the Place or Places of his, her or their usual Residence; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall neglect to keep such Account or to deliver such Copy thereof, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to admit any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, into the House, Manufactory, Work Shop, Stable or other Buildings or Place of or used by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person, at a reasonable Hour in the Day time, for the Purpose aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Collector of Excise of the District or other Officer in charge of the Collection thereof, or other Officer or Person who shall be directed or appointed as aforesaid to receive such Accounts, to whom such Account as aforesaid shall be delivered by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Person selling Carriages as aforesaid, shall forthwith transmit to the several Officers or other Persons authorized as aforesaid within his District, an Account of all such Duties as shall be due from any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Persons selling Carriages within the Walk of such Officer or other

Person to be delivered.

Every such Charge of Duty may be notified by Application to be made within 12 Months.

Coachmakers or others in a Book the Number and kind of Carriages made by them, &c.

Persons selling Carriages by Auction, &c. to keep an Account: Livery Stable Keepers also to keep an Account: Which Accounts may be inspected.

Copy of Accounts of Coachmakers, &c. to be delivered monthly to the Collector of the Duties.

Oath or Affirmation of Truth of Account.

Coachmaker neglecting to keep Account, &c.

Penalty: Duties payable by Coachmakers, &c. to be collected by the proper Officers.

Person authorized as aforesaid, who is hereby respectively empowered and required to demand, receive and collect the said Duties accordingly, in such manner and with such Power and Authority to all Intents and Purposes as any other Rates, Duties or Taxes under this Act may be demanded, received and collected under or by virtue of this Act.

Permit for the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages from the Office of the Coachmaker, as to be obtained.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage shall be sold or disposed of by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages by Auction or on Commission, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or Seller shall, before such Carriage shall be sent out of or from his or her Shop, Warehouse or Concern, apply to the proper Officer of Excise in the District, by delivering or causing to be delivered a Request Note or Requisition in Writing duly stamped according to Law, for a Permit to Convey such Carriage to the Person to whom the same shall have been parted with, sold or disposed of by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages; and such Officer shall forthwith without Delay grant such Permit accordingly without Fee or Reward, Signing the same on his hand and Deformation of the Carriage, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, and of the Person to whom the same is to be conveyed; and if any Carriage be sold or disposed of shall be removed out of or from the Shop, Warehouse or Concern of any such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages, without such Permit duly obtained as aforesaid, such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty. Carriages imported to be put into the Registry.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage which by this Act is or by any other Statute to be hereafter made shall be liable to any Rate, Duty or Tax, under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, shall be imported into Ireland, the Entry which shall be made of such Carriage at the Port of Importation shall contain the Description of such Carriage, distinguishing the Number of Wheels, and if with less than Four Wheels whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses or otherwise, in as to ascertain the said Rate, Duty or Tax payable in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, and also the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person on whose Account such Carriage was imported, and a Copy of such Entry shall forthwith without Delay be sent and delivered by the Officer of the Customs making such Entry to the proper Officer of Excise in such Port of Entry, and such Officer of Excise shall forthwith and without Delay and upon Demand grant a Permit for conveying the same from the Customs House or Place of Entry to the Residence of the Owner thereof, or to such Place as such Owner or some Person on his behalf shall require and direct; and if any such Carriage be imported shall be found without such Permit after the same shall have been removed from the Customs House or Place of Entry, and before it shall have been placed in the Custody of the Owner thereof, or according to his Order or Direction, such Carriage may be seized by any Officer of Excise or Taxes, and shall be forfeited, unless the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall within Twenty one Days next after such Seizure thereof be paid for the same to the Collector of Excise for the District in which the same shall be found as aforesaid; One Moiety thereof for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize such Carriage.

Copy of Entry sent to the Customs.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall refuse to give and declare his or her Name and Surname and Addition and Place of Residence, being required so to do by any Officer as aforesaid of any House, in the whole or in Part let to Lodgers, or by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages, or by any Livery Stable Keeper, for the Purpose of making such Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, or Livery Stable Keeper respectively, to deliver the Lists, Returns or Accounts, and to make the Entries which such Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper is by this Act respectively required to deliver and make; or if any Person shall give or declare to any such Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, any false or fictitious Name, Surname, Addition or Place of Residence, every such Person so offending shall for each Offence, in any of the cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be paid to the Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, by whom such Person shall have been required to give and declare his or her Name, Surname, Addition and Place of Abode, every such Penalty nevertheless shall be subject to the true Powers of Mitigation and Remission as the other Provisions in this Act are made subject to.

Each Carriage found removing without Permit. Seizure or Payment of duty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the several Notices by this Act required to be given in respect of the Rates, Duties and Taxes mentioned in this Act, or any of them, and the several Lists, Accounts or Returns to be delivered pursuant to such Notices, and the several Books and Accounts by this Act required to be kept, and the Entries to be made thereon, and also the Receipts to be given and delivered by the Officer to the Person paying the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, as such Officer receiving the same, shall and may be in such respective Form or Forms as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, may from time to time order, direct and appoint; and it shall not be necessary to prove on the Trial of any Complaint or Informations touching the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, the particular Order, Direction or Appointment of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, for or of any such Form or Forms respectively; and if any Person who is by this Act required to keep any Book or Books, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Book or Books in such Form or Forms as shall be so ordered, appointed or directed, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Lodgers, &c. as to giving in their Names and Residences.

or giving in a false Return.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Stamp Duty on all Receipts given by virtue of this Act, whether including the Duty on Receipts not chargeable with any Duty in respect of Windows, or the Duty on Dogs or not, shall be paid by the Party charged with the Rate, Duty and Tax in such Receipt specified, according to the full Amount of such Receipt, any thing in any Act for the Collection and Management of Stamp

Penalty.

Mitigation.

Notice, Lists and Accounts, as to be of such Form or Contents as the Commissioners shall direct.

How necessary to prove such Offences on Trial.

Refusing to keep Books. Penalty.

Stamp on Receipts as to be paid by the Party charged with the Duty.

Steed Duties payable on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates in Ireland, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person is or shall be by Law chargeable for the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, or Stoves or Windows or Lights, such Person shall pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes on Demand of the proper Officer, made either at the House in respect of which such Rates, Duties and Taxes are chargeable, or at the Dwelling of the Person is chargeable, if the Person is chargeable shall not reside at the House in respect of which any such Rates, Duties or Taxes are chargeable; and all Goods and Chattels of the Parties is chargeable, wherever the same shall be found, and all Goods and Chattels in the House or the Out-house, Office or Edifice thereto appertaining, in respect whereof such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be due, subject to the Limitation herebefore provided, shall be seized and liable to the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes; and in Default of Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, it shall be lawful for such Officer at any time between Sunrise and Sunset to make Entry into any or either of such Houses, and any Edifice appertaining thereto, and to levy all Sums due for such Rates, Duties and Taxes in manner hereinafter provided with respect to the levying the other Rates, Duties and Taxes hereinafter mentioned.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer who now is or shall hereafter be appointed by the Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them for that Purpose, shall be and is hereby respectively authorized and empowered to charge, levy, collect, recover and enforce the several Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages and on Coachmakers or Makers of Carriages, and on Sides of Carriages, and on Male Servants or other Male Persons, and Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, and that every Person chargeable with and liable to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively, or any of them, shall on Demand made at the House of such Person by any such Officer, pay to such Officer the several and respective Rates, Duties and Taxes which such Person shall be so chargeable with and liable to, and which shall be then payable or is Arrear; and in case of Refusal or Default in Payment thereof after such Demand, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer at any time in the Daytime, with the Assistance of a Constable or other Peace Officer, or if no such Constable or other Peace Officer shall appear or attend, then without such Assistance, to make Entry into and upon the House, Office or other Premises of the Person chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, and to levy the same and all Arrears thereof by Distress and Sale of any Goods or Chattels of such Person; and in every such case the Distress so taken, to keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of the Party so making Default of Payment; and if the said Party shall not within the said Four Days pay the respective Sums in due for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes and Arrears, and for the Costs and Charges of such Distress and keeping them, the said Distress shall be sold for Payment of the said Sums so due as aforesaid, returning to the Party the Overplus (if any) of such Money as such Goods shall be sold for, over and above the Rates, Duties and Taxes, and Arrears thereof then due, together with the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges of taking such Distress, and the keeping and Sale thereof; which Costs and Charges shall in no case exceed One fourth Part of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, and Arrears so due.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer shall be refused Admission into any such House, Out-house or Edifice, or shall not on Demand of Entrance by knocking or otherwise obtain Admission into the same, or if no Person shall answer or appear at such House, Out-house or Edifice to give Entrance to, or from whom such Officer can make demand of Entrance, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, upon a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Collector of Excise, or of any Inspector of Taxes of the District in which such House, Out-house or Edifice shall be situate, to break open and enter in the Daytime any such House, Out-house or Edifice, in the Presence of a Constable or other Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, and to levy the several Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, which shall be then due, and the Arrears thereof, by Distress and Sale in manner before mentioned.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Chattels whatsoever belonging to any Person or Persons at any time when any of the said Rates, Duties or Taxes charged on or assessed upon such Person or Persons may become in Arrear, shall be liable to be taken by virtue of any Execution or other Process, Warrant or Authority, or by virtue of any Assignment or any Account or Privilege whatsoever, within the Party at whose Suit the said Execution or other Process shall be sued out, or Seizure made, or to whose such Assignment shall be made, shall, before the Sale or Removal of such Goods or Chattels pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or until the time to be paid to the Collector of Island Excise and Taxes of the District in which such Goods or Chattels shall be found, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District; and all Arrears of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, not exceeding One Year's Arrear beyond the Dates which shall be payable for the Year in which such Seizure shall be made; and the said Party at whose Instance such Seizure shall have been made, paying the said Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection as aforesaid, the Arrears due of the aforesaid Rates, Duties and Taxes for one whole Year, and for the Year in which such Seizure shall be made, may proceed in such Seizure as such Party might have done if on Rates, Duties or Taxes had been so due and in Arrear; but in case of Nonpayment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the said Collector, or other Officer in charge of the Collection as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and required to distress such Goods and Chattels, notwithstanding such Seizure or Assignment, and to proceed to the Sale thereof, according to the Provisions of this Act, in order to obtain Payment of all Arrears of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes then due and payable, together with the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges attending the Distress, Keeping and Sale of such Goods and Chattels; and every such Collector or other Officer in doing shall be indemnified by virtue of this Act.

Duties on Houses and Windows to be paid by Persons chargeable.

Those Goods, wherever found, and Goods on the Premises liable.

Duty on Carriages, &c. to be paid to Officer.

Default.

Distress.

Costs of Distress, &c.

If Entrance not obtained, Officer may break open House, to give a Warrant from the Collector of the District.

No Goods taken in Execution shall be sold or taken away until Day is Arrear paid.

Off. is indemnified.

XXXVI. And

§ 5 a

Guardians and
Executors being
to Duties having
Affairs within
Hands.

Allowed in
Amount.

Duties levied for
the Year; but
Quarterly or
Half Yearly In-
stalments may be
appointed by the
Commissioners in
their Dis-
cretion.

When Commis-
sioners deem it
expedient they
may require
Persons to pay
Duties and Taxes
in full or by Instal-
ments as they
shall be directed
in the Dublin
General.

Not paying
Duties within
One Month
after Notice.

Penalty.

Mistake in
Notice not to in-
validate Notice.

Commissioners
may examine
Collectors or
Clerks or Admi-
nistrators in the
State of their
Accounts.

Officer neglecting
to Ten
Days in return

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be under the Age of Twenty one Years, or where any Person be chargeable shall die, in every such case, the Parent or Guardian or Guardians of such Minor having Movable or Property of such Minor whereof such Rates, Duties or Taxes may be paid, and the Executor or Executors, or Administrator or Administrators of the Person or Persons so dying, having received Assets sufficient for the Purpose, shall be and is are hereby made liable to and charged with the Payment which the said Minor ought to have made and the Person so dying was chargeable with for or on account of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and if such Parent or Guardian or Guardians, Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators shall neglect or refuse to pay as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to proceed against him, her or them in like manner as against any other Person or Persons making Default in Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and every Parent or Guardian making Payment as aforesaid, shall be allowed the same in his, her or their Accounts, and every Executor and Administrator shall be allowed to deduct all such Payments out of the Assets of the Person so dying.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged for and assessed and levied for the whole Year, commencing the Sixth Day of January in each Year, and ending on the Fifth Day of January then next following: Provided always, that the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes shall and may be payable and recoverable by Quarterly or Half Yearly Instalments in such Districts or Places only as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall for that Purpose from time to time direct and appoint, subject to such Orders, Rules, Regulations and Directions with respect thereto, and to the taking, levying and collecting of the same, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall from time to time think fit to make and appoint.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall deem it expedient to authorize and empower all or any Person or Persons to pay to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, in such Places as the said Commissioners shall think fit, the Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Part thereof, which such Person or Persons shall be chargeable with and liable to pay, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners so to do, and for that Purpose the said Commissioners shall cause Notice to be given under their Hands, or under the Hands of any Three of them, by Publication in the Dublin Gazette, that it has been deemed expedient by them to allow the said Rates, Duties and Taxes to be paid to and received by such Collector, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, in such Places as shall be therein specified; and from and after the time that such Notice shall have been given in the Dublin Gazette as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Person within the Place or Places so specified to pay to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Person shall reside, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes with which such Person shall be chargeable, or any Instalment thereof, in the Year in which such Notice shall be given, and the Receipt of such Collector or other Officer shall be a sufficient Discharge to such Person for the Rates, Duties or Taxes which he or she shall have so paid, and upon Proof made to the Collector of the Taxes of such Person, by Production of the Receipt, signed by the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, to whom such Payment shall have been made, or other sufficient Proof thereof, such Taxes which shall have been so paid shall not be levied by the Collector of the Taxes.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person chargeable with and liable to pay any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them respectively, shall not pay the same to the Officer empowered to collect the same, within One Calendar Month after Notice, in the Name of such Officer, shall have been given to such Person, or left at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, requiring him or her to pay such Rates, Duties or Taxes, every such Person shall for every Neglect or Default forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Rates, Duties or Taxes which shall be then due and owing by such Person.

XL. And be it further enacted, That any Notice which shall be given or served by any Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, shall not be impeached or affected by Reason of any Mistake or Variance in the Christian Name or Surname, or either of them, of any Person liable or chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or in the Amount of the Rate, Duty or Tax, but that every such Notice shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any such Mistake or Variance, provided that the Person intended to be deforced shall really be liable to the said Rate, Duty and Tax, or the Rate, Duty or Tax intended to be deforced shall be chargeable on such Person.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, from time to time, as often as they shall think expedient, to call before them any and every Collector and Collectors of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, and to examine him or them upon Oath, or if a Quaker, so solemn Affirmation; and to ascertain the Sum or Sums of Money that shall have been collected and paid to such Collector or Collectors for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes; and also to ascertain the Sum or Sums in Arrear, and the Cause or Causes thereof; and also upon Oath or Affirmation to examine the said Collector or Collectors touching the due Payment over of any Sum or Sums previously collected by him or them, and with respect to the Sum or Sums remaining in the Hand or Hands of such Collector or Collectors, and to make such Order in the Premises as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall judge necessary to prevent any Failure in the Payment of any Part of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Officer or Person appointed to collect the Rates, Duties and Taxes aforesaid, shall not within Ten Days after Demand in Writing signed by any Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes served on such Officer or other Person or left at his usual Place

of Abode, whether he be then in Commission as a Tax Officer or not, return a full and distinct Account of his Collection of the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes, specifying such as he may have omitted to collect, (if any such there be,) then and in each case the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, and Stoves, Windows and Lights, Carriages, Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs, in the Walk, or Ponds or Pastures (as the case may be) wherein such Officer shall have been appointed to collect, shall for each Year for which he shall be liable to deliver such Account be deemed equal to the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, and Stoves, and Windows and Lights, Carriages, Servants, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs charged in such Walk, or Pond or Pasture, for the Year next preceding, or any other of the Three last Years, at the Discretion of the said Commissioners, and every such Officer or other Person shall be charged with such Sum as the Rates, Duties and Taxes, payable in the Year for which such Account shall not have been returned would have amounted unto, in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, or Stoves, Windows or Lights, Carriages, Servants, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs respectively appearing to have been charged in such Walk, Pond or Pasture, in each year or other preceding Year, and such Officer or other Person shall be liable to and shall pay the same, and his Sureties shall be answerable thereunto, to the Extent of the Sum contained in the Bond or other Security, which such Service shall have entered or shall enter into.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Person appointed to assist, charge, levy or collect the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, make any false or untrue Entry, in any Abstract, Ledger or other Book concerning the Survey or Collection of his Walk, Division or District, or shall with such Intent come to make an Entry or Entries in any such Abstract, Ledger or Book respectively, or shall give or grant any false or untrue Receipt for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or shall make any false or untrue Entry in any Duplicate or Tenthredine of any such Receipt given or granted by him, or if any such Officer or other Person shall knowingly permit or suffer the same to be done in any of the respective cases aforesaid, every such Officer or Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector or Supervisor or Collector of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to require any Person chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to produce to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, the last Receipt passed or given to such Person by any Collector of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, for and on account of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or each of them as such Person was chargeable with and liable to pay; and if on Demand made by such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, such Receipt shall not be produced and delivered to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, to be retained by him for such time as shall be sufficient to enable such Officer to take a Copy of the same, then it shall and may be lawful for such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, and they are hereby respectively required to leave a Notice at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, intimating that such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector will attend at such usual Place of Abode of such Person, at a certain Day and Hour to be specified in such Notice, and requiring him or her to produce or cause to be produced such Receipt to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector at the Day and Hour mentioned in such Notice; and if such Person shall not produce such Receipt to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, on the day specified for that Purpose in the time specified in such Notice, then such Person shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Ten Pounds, which he or she shall at such time make Oath before such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, which Oath such Officers are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer without Fee or Reward, that he or she will due Diligence to find or procure the said Receipt, and that he or she will not have been able to find or procure the same.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector of Taxes, or any other Officer or Officers, who now is or hereafter shall be appointed by or under the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes to collect or superintend the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to demand and require from any Person who shall use or keep any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine for the taking or Destruction of Game, to produce and show to such Officer the proper Certificate to such Person for Liberty to kill Game, and every such Person shall, upon such Demand and Requirement as aforesaid, produce such Certificate to the Officer so demanding and requiring the same, and shall permit the same to be inspected accordingly; and if any such Person shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce and show a Certificate in force, issued to him for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall decline to produce or show the same, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take or make any Affidavit or any Oath, or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, every such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pain and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or suborn any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation, such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or suborning, shall for every such Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Fines and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Fine or Penalty shall be incurred for any Offence under the Provisions of this Act, or any other Act or Acts, which shall or may from time to time be in force in Ireland, in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes,

an Account of
his collection,
shall be charged
as a Account of
Entry on the
next or other
preceding Year.

Service without
dist.

Officer making
false Entries.

Penalty.
Inspector, &c.
may require
Production of
last Receipt
given for Duty.

Not producing it
after Notice.

Penalty.

Given Certificate
to be pro-
duced when re-
quired.

Penalty.
Persons incor-
porating
falsehood.

Perjury.

Penalties here
incurred.

or any of them, the same may be sued for and recovered by any Person who will sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, in any of the Courts of Record in Dublin, in which no Affidavit, Proffer, or Waiver of Law, nor more than One Imparance shall be allowed, or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Recorder, Clerks, or Assistant Barriers, within whose local Jurisdiction such Offence shall have been committed; and it shall be lawful for the Court in which any such Fine or Penalty shall be awarded to order the Offender to be committed to Gaol in case of Nonpayment thereof, there to remain until such Fine or Penalty be fully paid and satisfied.

Nonpayment of
Fines, and
penalties, not
exceeding 40s.
may be recovered
before a
Justice.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, within whose Jurisdiction any Offence, for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pounds, shall be committed against this Act, or any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in Ireland, relating to any of the Payments, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint in Writing made to that behalf within Six Months after the Offence committed, in such case to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses, if any, on either Side, and to examine into the Facts, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized to administer, to give Judgment for such Penalty, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for keeping such Penalty on the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any); and where Goods or Chattels sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, such Justice of the Peace, or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City or Town in which such Conviction shall be, is hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison until such Penalty shall be paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Person (if the Person so appealing shall be the Person convicted), upon giving sufficient Security by Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed by such Conviction as aforesaid, together with Costs not exceeding Forty Shillings, as such Justice shall appoint, to appeal to the Justice or Justices at the next General Quarter Sessions of the County, County of a Town or City, as the case may be, which shall be held after fourteen clear Days from the Day on which such Conviction shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party, Ten clear Days previous to the first Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively; and such Justices at such Sessions shall examine and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal, and in case the Judgment of such Justice shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs to the Prosecutor occasioned by such Appeal, as to him or them shall seem meet, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Forty Shillings; and such Justice or Justices of the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects, as the Justice making such Conviction might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place.

Oath of One
Witness.

Appeal to Quarter
Sessions.

Costs.

Notice of
Appeal.
Examination of
Witnesses on
Oath.
Costs of Appeal.

Convictions not
removed by
Certiorari.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That no Conviction made or alleged to be made by any Justice, or before any Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions, or any Sentence or Order given or made, or alleged to have been given or made by any such Justice or Justices under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Writ of Certiorari out of the County, City, Town or Place wherein such Conviction or Proceeding shall have been had or made, and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supersede Execution or other Proceedings upon any Conviction, Order or Sentence made or given in pursuance of this Act, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon; any such Writ of Certiorari or Allowance thereof notwithstanding.

Periodical Service
of Process not
necessary.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force from time to time, for the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or for regulating any such Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, or the Collection thereof, whether the same shall be by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea, or Information, or by Civil Bill, or by any Proceeding before a Magistrate or Magistrates, or an any Writ of Error or Appeal from any Decision, that the Original or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them; but it shall in all such cases be sufficient, that the same or a Copy thereof be served or posted, as the case may be, at his, her or their then Place or Places of Abode.

Witnesses not
appearing shall
forfeit.

L.I. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any case under this Act before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear, the Expense of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered without a reasonable Excuse as to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices respectively, or upon appearing shall relate to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, so to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices

Refusing to be
examined.

at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

LII. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty under this Act or under any Act relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, any Informer or other Person who is the Event of a Conviction may be entitled to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, shall nevertheless be received, and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding; and such Testimony shall, if believed, be sufficient thereon, to all Intents and Purposes, so far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence against any Act in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or of any of them, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, material in substance; which Conviction shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes without setting forth the Evidence or stating the case in any more particular manner; (that is to say),

BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____
 A. D. of _____ in the County of _____ or County of the City or
 Town of _____ [as the case may be], was convicted before me J. P. One of His Majesty's Justices
 of the Peace for the said County of _____ [or County of the City of, &c.] for that the said
 A. O. on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ at _____ is the
 said County of _____ did [have done the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that case made and
 provided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. O. to have forfeited the Sum of _____ Pounds
 Currency, making the Sum of _____ Irish Currency. Given under my Hand and Seal the
 _____ Day of _____

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Parchment, and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town (as the case may be), or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit to do so, he shall for every such Offence forfeit Ten Pounds.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace for levying any Sum under any such Conviction, from the Goods of any such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect; which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; (that is to say),

County of _____ } To M. and N., and each of them, and their and each of their Assistants,
 in vs. _____ }

WHEREAS on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ was duly convicted, for that he [or she] on the
 _____ Day of _____ in the Year _____ at _____ in the said County
 of _____ or County of the City or Town of _____ [as the case may be] did [have done the
 Offence], and thereupon the said A. O. hath become liable to a fine or Penalty of _____
 British Currency, (amounting to _____ Irish Currency); I do therefore by these Presents
 authorize you, and each of you, to take into your Possession the Goods and Chattels of the said A. O., or a
 Sufficiency thereof, for levying the said last mentioned sum, wherever you shall find the said Goods and
 Chattels in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods and Chattels shall not be redeemed by the Payment
 of the said Sum, within Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are, by Public Sale thereof, to
 levy the said Sum, reducing to the said A. O. the Overplus (if any); and the said Sum so levied you shall
 bring to me without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal this
 _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to satisfy such Penalty, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, to the Words, "I do therefore by these Presents," which Words, and all from thence to the Words "disposed of according to Law" inclusive, shall be omitted, and the Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect shall be inserted in their Place; (to wit),—

And whereas on the _____ Day of _____
 a Warrant was issued to levy the last mentioned Sum from the Goods and Chattels of the said Offender,
 and such Goods and Chattels could not be found sufficient to satisfy the said Sum; I do therefore hereby
 authorize and command you, and each of you, to take the Body of the said A. O., wherever you shall
 find him in the said County, and bring him before me the said J. P., or any other Magistrate for the said
 County;

And the Form of Commitment for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words, "I do therefore hereby authorize and command you," there shall follow these Words, "to receive into your
 Custody the Body of the said A. O., and him [or her] safely to keep until the said Sum shall be paid.
 Given under my Hand and Seal this _____ Day of _____ One thousand eight hundred and _____

Informers ad-
mitted as
Witnesses.

Convictions to
be made in the
following

Form.

Conviction to
be written and
returned by
Justice.

Penalty.

Warrant of Dis-
tress to be in
the following

Form.

Form of Commit-
ment.

And

and subject to all such Rules and Regulations as by any Act or Acts now or hereafter to be in force in Ireland, any Fine or Penalty incurred for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Excise, shall or may be shared, reduced or mitigated.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines or Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which is, are or shall be in force in Ireland, in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be paid and payable and recovered and recoverable in Ready Currency, and that every such Fine or Penalty not particularly directed to be otherwise applied, shall be paid and distributed, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor as hereinafter provided.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act, and the several Schedules hereto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and that all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall and may be levied for, and recovered, levied and applied in such manner and Form and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impositions upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually, to all Intents, Considerations and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and remitted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts now or hereafter to be in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise is provided.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and all the Clauses and Provisions herein contained, shall be deemed and taken to have commenced and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FIRE HEARTH-TAX.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for and out of every Dwelling House, in the whole of which, with every Out-house, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be Two or more Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January following, the several and respective yearly Rates, Duties and Taxes following; that is to say,

In respect of	DUTY.					
	Yearly Rate on the Hearth for the whole Number of Hearths			Rates for each Hearth		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
4	0	12	0	0	3	0
5	0	17	6	0	3	6
6	1	4	0	0	4	0
7	1	11	6	0	4	6
8	1	0	0	0	5	0
9	2	0	0	0	5	6
10	3	0	0	0	6	0
11	3	11	6	0	6	6
12	4	4	0	0	7	0
13	4	17	6	0	7	6
14	5	18	0	0	8	0
15	6	7	6	0	8	6
16	7	4	0	0	9	0
17	8	1	6	0	9	6
18	9	0	0	0	10	0
19	9	10	6	0	10	6
20	11	0	0	0	11	0
21	12	1	6	0	11	6

Penalties paid in Ready Currency.

Application at Pleasure.

Duties, how levied.

14 & 15 Oct. 2. (3)
48 G. 3. c. 204.

Commissioners of A.C.

Act may be altered, &c.

Schedule (A.)—continued.

						DUTY.					
						Yearly Duty on the Hearth in the whole Number of Hearths.		Rates for each Hearth.			
						s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
In respect of	22	-	-	-	-	13	4	0	0	18	0
	23	-	-	-	-	14	3	6	0	18	6
	24	-	-	-	-	15	12	0	0	13	0
	25	-	-	-	-	16	17	6	0	13	6
	26	-	-	-	-	18	4	0	0	14	0
	27	-	-	-	-	19	11	6	0	14	6
	28	-	-	-	-	21	0	0	0	15	0
And for and out of every Dwelling House in the whole of which, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be more than 28 Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, in respect of each and every Fire Hearth or Stove, or other Place for Firing, in such Dwelling House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be paid the yearly Sum of						-	-	-	0	15	0

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

Every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House; and all Hearths, Stoves or Places for Firing in such Outhouse, Office or Edifice shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Hearths in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

And in all cases where there shall be an internal Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other so as that the faces shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, Tenants or Lodgers, the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths and Stoves or other Fire Places, shall be rated as if such Houses, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices belonging or appertaining to each of them, were One House with such Outhouses, Offices or Edifices belonging thereto.

EXEMPTIONS AND ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, or any House within the Church thereof, or any House or Tenement provided for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queens Elizabeth near Dublin, shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been built on and held together with any Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure; and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Outhouse or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect thereof, from the time when such Dwelling House shall have been first occupied until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the time of such first Occupation; provided that such Dwelling House shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm; and in case such House shall not be so occupied therewith, the same Dwelling House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, and the Occupier thereof, shall be chargeable with the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Firing Places therein respectively, on and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which such Dwelling House shall cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thenceforward shall not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Where any newly built House, or Addition to an House, shall be used or inhabited in Part only, the Remainder thereof being used for Use or Habitation, the Fire Hearths therein to be charged only for and in respect of the Parts thereof that shall be used or inhabited.

Any Oven or any fixed Boiler in any Dwelling House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.

Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Six Hearths, or upwards, in which no Shop shall be kept for the Sale of any Goods, or in which no Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold, and which shall be wholly let for Lodgings, and occupied by Lodgers, each Lodging let to or occupied by one Person or Family, and such Lodging not consisting of more than One Room, shall not be charged with any higher Rate than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fire Place therein.

Any

Schedule (A.)—continued.

Any House or House within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Eight Hearths or upwards, the greater Part of the Rooms in which shall be let to or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger not subject to a Rent exceeding Five Pence yearly for such Lodging, and not being provided by the Person letting such Lodging, with Diet or other Accommodation, though such House shall be partly inhabited by the Owner, shall not be charged with any higher Duty than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fire Place.

Any Hospital House provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Persons, Charity School, Gaol, Prison or Session House, Hall, Office or other Public Building whatever, in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Hearths therein, otherwise than in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms and Apartments in any such Public Buildings, being occupied by any Officer, Master, Mistress or Superintendent, or of belonging to or employed in the same, or by any Servant of such Officer, Master, Mistress or Superintendent, shall be deemed Dwelling Houses, and shall be liable to the Tax on Hearths accordingly; and the Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servants such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Tax as Occupiers of Houses are by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.

SCHEDULE (B.)

WINDOWS.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for and out of every Dwelling House, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices appertaining or belonging thereto, having more than Six Windows or Lights, in respect of the Windows or Lights in every such Dwelling House and Appearance as aforesaid respectively.

In respect of 7 Windows or Lights -	s.	d.	In respect of 36 -	s.	d.
8	1	0	37	24	13
9	1	13	38	25	10
10	2	3	39	26	7
11	2	16	40	27	4
12	3	12	41 to 44	28	17
13	4	9	45 to 49	31	13
14	5	6	50 to 54	34	10
15	6	3	55 to 59	37	6
16	7	0	60 to 64	39	15
17	7	17	65 to 69	42	0
18	8	14	70 to 74	44	5
19	9	10	75 to 79	46	10
20	10	7	80 to 84	48	15
21	11	4	85 to 89	51	0
22	12	1	90 to 94	53	4
23	12	18	95 to 99	55	9
24	13	15	100 to 109	58	17
25	14	11	110 to 119	63	6
26	15	8	120 to 129	67	16
27	16	5	130 to 139	72	6
28	17	2	140 to 149	76	16
29	17	19	150 to 159	81	5
30	18	16	160 to 169	85	15
31	19	12	170 to 179	90	5
32	20	9	180 or upwards	93	3
33	21	6	And for every such Dwelling which shall contain more than 180 Windows or Lights, for every Window or Light exceeding the Number of 180	0	3
34	22	3			
35	23	0			
36	23	16			

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

All Windows or Lights in such Dwelling House, with the Appurtenances as aforesaid, and Sky Lights or Windows or Lights in any Store Cafe, Garret, Cellar and Passage in any Dwelling House, or in any other Part or Place of or belonging to any Dwelling House, to what Use or Purpose soever applied, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows or Lights, in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with Rate, Duty or Tax.

And every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House; and all Windows or Lights in such Outhouse, Office or Edifice, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows respectively, in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

Schedule (B).—continued.

In all cases where there shall be an internal Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other, so as that the same shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, Tenants, or Lodgers, the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Windows or Lights shall be rated as if each House, with the Apartments as aforesaid to each, were One House.

When a Partition or Division in any Window or Light, or between Two or more Windows or Lights fixed in any One Frame, shall be of the breadth or Space of Twelve Inches or more, the Window or Light on each Side of such Partition or Division shall be deemed as a distinct Window or Light, and shall be rated accordingly: Provided always, that every Window in a Frame, which is or shall be extended into a greater Number of Rooms, Apartments, Landings or Lobbies than One, shall be reckoned and charged for so many separate Windows as there are Rooms, Apartments, Landings or Lobbies into which the same shall be extended.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under Secretary in his Office, and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, shall be wholly exempt from the said Duties.

Any Warehouse being a distinct and separate Building, and not a Part or Parcel of the Dwelling House, or Shop, nor occupied in Part or in the whole as a Dwelling House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandise, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin to or have internal Communication with the Dwelling House, shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been built on and held together with any Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure, and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves or other Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect of Windows or Lights from the time when such Dwelling House shall have been first occupied, until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the time of such first Occupation: Provided, that such Dwelling House shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm, and in said Dwelling House shall not be so occupied therewith, the said Dwelling House, with any Out-house, Office or Edifice, appertaining thereto, and the Occupier thereof, shall be chargeable with Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of Windows or Lights thereon respectively, on and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which such Dwelling House shall cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thence forward shall not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Where any House or Addition to an House newly built shall be used or inhabited in part only, the Remainder thereof being unfit for Use or Habitation, the Windows or Lights thereon to be charged only for and in respect of the Parts thereof that shall be used or inhabited.

If in any House containing Eight Windows or more, any Room or Rooms shall be occupied by any Lodger or Lodgers, not paying respectively a Rent exceeding Five Pounds Yearly for such Lodging, and not being provided by the Person letting or letting such Lodging with Diet or other Accommodations, so much of the Tax on such House in respect of all the Windows or Lights thereon, as shall in respect of the Windows or Lights in the Part of such House be occupied, exceed One Shilling for each Window or Light, shall be deducted from the whole Charge of such House.

Any Hospital, House provided for the Reception and Relief of Poor Persons, Charity School, Gaol, Prison, Solitary House, Hall, Office or Public Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Windows thereon, otherwise than in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms or Apartments in any such Public Building being occupied by any Officer, Minister, Mistress or Superintendant of or belonging to or employed in the Gaol, or by any Servant of such Officer or Person as aforesaid; and if all such Rooms or Apartments shall not contain more than Six Windows or Lights, shall be charged with the Tax in respect of Windows at the Rate of One Shilling for each Window or Light thereon; and if all such Rooms or Apartments shall contain more than Six Windows or Lights, then they shall be charged with the said Tax as if they were as entire House, and the Officers or Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servants such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Taxes as Occupiers of Houses are by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.

Where any Window in any Dwelling House shall be occupied with or used for a Loom which shall be standing at such Window, and truly used in Weaving, no Duty shall be charged in respect of such Window.

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied during the whole of any Year from the Fifth Day of January in such Year to the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, as a Boarding School for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or the Justices at Sessions, shall not be charged with any higher Rate of Tax than One Shilling for each Window or Light thereon; provided that if the Tax shall have been paid according to the full Rate of One Shilling for each Window, and that such House shall cease to be so occupied and kept as aforesaid, within the Year for which such Tax shall have been paid, Credit shall be given for the Sum so paid out of the Charge to which such House shall become liable in consequence of having so ceased to be occupied and kept as above mentioned.

**SCHEDULE (C.)
MALE SERVANTS.**

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for or in respect of every Male Servant retained or employed by any Person or Persons.

NUMBER THEREOF.				Amount of Duty payable for each Servant.				NUMBER THEREOF.				Amount of Duty payable for each Servant.			
				s. l. d.								s. l. d.			
1	each Servant	-	-	2	8	0		7	each Servants	-	-	5	5	0	
2	-	-	-	3	2	0		8	-	-	-	5	12	0	
3	-	-	-	3	16	0		9	-	-	-	6	8	0	
4	-	-	-	4	7	0		10	-	-	-	6	15	0	
5	-	-	-	4	18	0		11 and upwards	-	-	-	7	15	0	
6	-	-	-	5	3	0									

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ such Male Servant or Servants, and shall be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed by any Person, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, *Maître d'Hotel, House Steward, Master of the House, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chambre, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Cookhouse, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Running Footman, Coachman, Groom, Postilion, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stables, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Huntsman or Whipper on, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants, really acting in any of the said Capacities, shall be called or known, or whether such Male Servants shall have been or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business jointly with any one or more of the same; and for every Servant let to Hire with any Carriage or Horses, the Tax on such Servant so hired shall be charged and chargeable on the Person who so hired such Servant and let him to Hire with any Carriage and Horses as aforesaid.*

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Servant who shall be really retained or employed for the Purposes of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling, by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who shall not at any time be employed in any Capacity in respect of which a Tax is payable for any Servant.

Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or any Butler, Cook, Gardener or Porter, of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near Kinsale, or of the Blue Coat Hospital, or Lying-in Hospital in Dublin, or of any Hospital or Charitable Institution.

One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons, under the Rank or rank next below the Pay of a Field Officer, provided such Officer retain no more than one Servant; and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry or Muzes, or Corps of Engineers, such Servants being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company in which such Officer shall belong; and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander in actual Employment, such Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong.

Any Boy apprenticed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, by the Foundling Hospital, the Incorporated Society, the Hibernian School for Soldiers' Children, the Hibernian Marine Society, or any Society or Charitable Institution in Ireland, for the Care and Education of Children, supported in the whole or in Part by Public Money or Alms.

**SCHEDULE (D.)
CLERKS AND SHOPMEN.**

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every Male Person retained or employed in the several Capacities after mentioned.

For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade, or exercising any Profession whatever, as a Clerk or Book Keeper, or Office Keeper (except Apprentices, for or with whom no higher Sum than Twenty Pounds has been paid or contracted for as a Fee or Reward), the yearly Sum of		s. l. d.
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid), for the Purpose of exposing to Sale, or selling Goods, Wares or Merchandise in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the yearly Sum of		s. l. d.
		5 0 0
		5 0 0

RULES

Schedule (D.)—continued

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons who shall retain or employ such Male Person or Persons, and shall be paid for every Person who shall be retained or employed in any of the said Carriages, by any Person or Persons, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following.

SCHEDULE (E.)

CARRIAGES.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of all Carriages of any of the Descriptions after mentioned.

NUMBER OF CARRIAGES.					Amount of the Duty for each Carriage.
For Carriages with Four Wheels:					<i>£. s. d.</i>
For 1 such Carriage the Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	12 0 0
2	-	-	-	-	13 0 0
3	-	-	-	-	14 0 0
4	-	-	-	-	15 0 0
5	-	-	-	-	15 15 0
6	-	-	-	-	16 0 0
7	-	-	-	-	17 0 0
8	-	-	-	-	17 12 0
9 and upwards	-	-	-	-	18 3 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	6 6 0
For Carriages with less than Four Wheels:					
For every such Carriage drawn by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and so more	-	-	-	-	6 10 0
And for every such Carriage drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules	-	-	-	-	9 0 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	3 3 0
For every Car or Carriage built up for carrying Persons, commonly known by the Name of an Outside Jaunting Car, with not more than Two Wheels, and drawn only by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule:	-	-	-	-	
If kept by any Person not keeping any other Carriage liable to Duty under this Act, the Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	3 3 0
If any such Jaunting Car shall be kept by any Person keeping any other Carriage liable to Duty under this Act, then the Annual Sum of	-	-	-	-	6 10 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be respectively charged for every Coach, Boston, Landau, Chariot, Calash, Chaise Marree, Chaise, Focille or Carosse, or other Carriage of the like kind, with Four Wheels; and for every Calash, Chaise Marree, Chaise, Focille, Chair or Jaunting Car, or Pleasure Car, with less than Four Wheels, or other Carriages of the like kind; and for any Number of such Carriages respectively, which any Person shall have or keep at any time as Owner thereof, between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January following, and which Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons having or keeping any such Carriage, and shall be chargeable upon the Body, or if more than one, upon the Bodies of such Carriages respectively, according to the Number thereof successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, and not in respect of the Wheels thereof, or any other Parts of such Carriages, to which the Wheels shall be attached.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping any Carriage whatever, chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Carriage, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Carriage in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities, as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Carriage if the same was in the Possession of such Owner, and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, shall be on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Owner; and the Person so paying the same for or on Behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Carriage for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid for or on Behalf of such Owner.

Schedule (E.)—continued.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

Stage Coaches, Hackney Carriages, Hackney Chaises and other Hackney Carriages, Coaches, Chaises and other Carriages kept for Hire by any Innskeeper or Person letting out Horfes to travel Post or by the Mile; and such Carriages kept for no other Purpose but to be let for Hire to travel Post or by the Mile, and having the Owner's Name visibly and legibly painted on the Outside of the Door Panel or Stairs of the same, as the case may be.

Carriages kept for Sale by the Maker thereof until the same shall have been sold or used; any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission, shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax for or in respect of any Carriage in the Custody or Possession of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages respectively bank side for Sale; nor shall the Owner or Proprietor of any such Carriage be chargeable; provided that every such Carriage shall have been actually delivered into the Manufactory or Premises of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages, on or before the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and shall have from thence continuously remained therein; and that such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, as the case may be, shall make and subscribe an Affidavit, or if a Quaker, a solemn Affirmation, before the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties, or Inspector of Taxes in which such Carriage shall be so kept for Sale, which Affidavit or Affirmation such Collector or other Officer as aforesaid or Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered to administer, setting forth the Name and Residence and Place of Abode of the Owner or Proprietor of such Carriage, and the kind or Description thereof, and that such Carriage was really and actually delivered into the Custody or Possession of such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, at said Place for Sale, on or before the Fifth Day of January in the Year in which such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be made, stating the Day of such Delivery, and that the said Carriage was not to the Knowledge or Belief of such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, in any manner used from the Day of such Delivery of the same to the time of making such Affidavit or Affirmation; and that it shall and may be lawful for any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and he is hereby empowered to require every such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, to make from time to time in the Course of the Year, an Affidavit or Affirmation, as the case may be, to the like Effect; and if any such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, shall refuse or neglect to do, within six Days next after being so required, every such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, shall be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty or Tax, for each and every Carriage in respect whereof there shall be a Default in making such Affidavit or Affirmation.

Whenever any Person who shall have paid the Duty or Tax on any Carriage kept by such Person, shall part with such Carriage in the Course of any Year, and shall in lieu thereof receive and keep any other Carriage of the like kind or Description, or any Carriage chargeable with a lower Rate, Duty or Tax, than such Person had paid for the Carriage he or she had so part with, such Person shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of such second Carriage if received in lieu of such former one, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of January next after the receiving of such second Carriage, any thing in the Act to which the Schedule is annexed, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided that such Person shall not at one and the same time have had or kept such Two Carriages, such Fact to be verified by the Oath, or if a Quaker, by a solemn Affirmation of such Person, to be made before the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties, or any Sub-Commissioner or Inspector of Taxes in such District whereof such Person shall reside, which Affidavit or Affirmation such Officer respectively are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer; provided that in every such Affidavit or Affirmation, the Person making the same shall state the Day of the Month and Year in which he or she parted with such Carriage, and the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall have been so parted with, and also the Day of the Month and Year when he or she received such second or other Carriage.

SCHEDULE (F.)

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages chargeable on and payable by the Makers and Sellers thereof.

For and upon every Carriage chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, which any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall make, build or construct for Sale, the several and respective Sums following; that is to say,	£.	s.	d.
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels the sum of	-	-	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels the Sum of	-	-	0 10 0
To be paid by the Coach Maker or Maker thereof.			
For every Carriage chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, which shall be sold by any Person in Ireland by Auction or on Commission, the several and respective Sums following; that is to say,			
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of	-	-	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, the Sum of	-	-	0 10 0

To be paid by the Auctioneer or Person selling the same, over and above all other Duties on such Sale.

For the Rates for charging the above Duties, see the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.

SCHE-

SCHEDULE (G.)

HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, payable annually for and in respect of all Horses, Mares and Geldings kept by any Person or Persons, for the Purpose of Riding, or of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty.

NUMBER OF HORSES.	Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding.	NUMBER OF HORSES.	Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding.
For 1 such Horse, Mare or Gelding	£. s. d. 2 17 6	For 11 such Horses, Mares or Geldings	£. s. d. 6 7 0
2 such Horses, Mares or Geldings	4 14 6	12 - - - - -	6 7 0
3 - - - - -	5 4 6	13 - - - - -	6 7 6
4 - - - - -	5 10 0	14 - - - - -	6 7 6
5 - - - - -	5 11 6	15 - - - - -	6 7 6
6 - - - - -	5 16 0	16 - - - - -	6 7 6
7 - - - - -	5 19 6	17 - - - - -	6 8 0
8 - - - - -	5 19 6	18 - - - - -	6 9 0
9 - - - - -	6 1 6	19 - - - - -	6 10 0
10 - - - - -	6 7 0	20 or upwards - - - - -	6 11 0

RULES for charging the said DUTIES.

The said Duties shall be payable annually for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, which any Person shall keep or have as the Owner thereof at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, for the Purpose of Riding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage whatsoever chargeable with Duty; which Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons so having or keeping such Horse, Mare or Gelding except as after mentioned.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping any Horse, Mare or Gelding whatsoever chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rates, Duties or Taxes on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall or may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Horse, Mare or Gelding, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Horse, Mare or Gelding by the Owner thereof, shall be as the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person so paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Horse, Mare or Gelding, for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid, for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS.

Race Horses charged in Schedule (H.)

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding, under Three Years old.

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding used truly and without Fraud for the Purpose of Husbandry only, as Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse or other Desk, or for the Purpose of drawing any Waggon, Cart or Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to Duty), or carrying Burthen in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall belong, although such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be used for Riding on the Occasions and in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to which any Load or Burthen shall have, by such Horse, Mare or Gelding been drawn or carried, or when going to any Place from whence any Load or Burthen shall be to be brought back by any such Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of going to and from Market, or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Court of Justice, provided such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose, save as aforesaid.

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Person occupying a Farm and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly, or by any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of One hundred Pounds or upwards, whither arising from any Ecclesiastical Preferment or otherwise, such Persons respectively not having or keeping any other Horse, Mare or Gelding, for Riding, or for driving any Carriage chargeable with any Duty under this Act.

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Person entitled or to be entitled, and serving in any Troop of Yeoman Cavalry in Ireland, who shall have attended on Her Majesty's Own Hall in half of the Number of Days appointed for him to Exercise or be on Duty in the Year, and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or Permanent Sergeant, of his having done so, and of Pay having been drawn for him for the said Number of Days.

SCHEDULE.

SCHEDULE (H.)

RACE HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rate, Duty and Tax payable annually for and in respect of Race Horses.

For every Horse, Mare or Gelding kept for the Purpose only of racing or running for any Plate, Prize or Sum of Money, or other thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stable of the Proprietor or Proprietors or of any other Person or Persons	℥. s. d.
- - - - -	2 17 6

Any Person who shall have in his Possession, Care or Keeping any such Race Horse, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Race Horse, shall or may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Race Horse, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities, as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Race Horse, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax, for and in respect of such Race Horse, by the Owner thereof, shall be as the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not so the Officer; and the Person so paying the same for or on Behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Race Horse for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been so paid by him or her.

SCHEDULE (I.)

SERVANTS let to Hire.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for and in respect of SERVANTS, CARRIAGES and HORSES let to Hire in Ireland.

For every Coachman, Groom, Postilion or Halber, kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire for any Period of time less than One Year, the Annual Sum of - - -	℥. s. d.
- - - - -	2 10 0
For every Carriage with Four Wheels, kept by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person for the Purpose of being let to Hire, for any Period of time less than One Year, without a Horse or Horses to be used therewith, the Annual Sum of - - -	12 0 0
For every Carriage with Four Wheels, kept by any Postmaster, Inn Keeper or other Person, duly licensed to let Post Horses, for the Purpose of being let to Hire, for any Period of time less than One Year, with a Horse or Horses to be used therewith, the Annual Sum of - - -	10 10 0
For every Carriage with less than Four Wheels, kept by any Person whatever, for the Purpose of being let to Hire, with or without a Horse or Horses, for any Period of time less than a Year; If drawn by one Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and no more, the Annual Sum of - - -	6 10 0
- - - - -	9 0 0
If drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, the Annual Sum of - - -	- - -
For every Horse, Mare or Gelding, kept for the Purpose of Riding, or of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty, and let to Hire for any Period of time less than One Year, the Annual Sum of - - -	2 17 6

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Annual Duties shall be paid by any Person who shall employ or shall keep or have in his or her Possession any such Male Servant, or any Carriage or Horse for the Purpose of letting to Hire such Servant, Carriage or Horse respectively, or who shall let to Hire such Servant, Carriage or Horse respectively, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January following.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

All Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, Hackney Chaises and Caches and other Carriages kept for Hire by any Person letting out Horses to travel Post by the Mile, for the drawing of which no higher Rate of Payment shall be demanded or received than is charged for other Carriages of the same Description, travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage; and all Horses, Mares and Geldings used in the drawing such Carriages only.

Any Person who shall employ or keep, or have in his Possession, any Carriage with Four Wheels for the Purpose of letting the same to Hire, for which for travelling Post by the Mile and not by the Stage, nor by the Day, nor otherwise than by the Mile, the Duties of Twelve Pounds or Ten Pounds Ten Shillings above mentioned, shall have been respectively paid for the Year ending Fifth January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or for any subsequent Year, and who shall produce to the Commissioners of Inland Revenues and Taxes a Receipt or Receipts from the proper Officer of the Police in Dublin, for the Amount of the Local Taxes imposed in Dublin on such Carriage for the whole of such Year, shall be entitled to an Allowance or Repayment of Seven Pounds out of the above Duties of Twelve Pounds, or Ten Pounds Ten Shillings respectively; and such Allowance or Repayment of the said Sum of Seven Pounds shall be made to such Person under the Orders and Directions of the said Commissioners of Inland Revenues and Taxes accordingly.

SCHEDULE (K.)

DOGS.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of Dogs.

	£.	s.	d.
For every Greyhound kept by any Person, whether the same be his or her Property or the Property of any other Person or Persons	1	0	0
For every Hound, Pointer or Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, where- Dog is kept	0	12	6
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, and for every other Dog where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, of whatever Description or Description the same may be, except Greyhounds, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or of any other Person or Persons	0	14	0
For every Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, kept by any Person having One such Dog and no more, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or the Property of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0	8	0

Any Person who shall have in his Possession, Care or Keeping, any Dog whatever chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rate, Duty or Tax as which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Dog, shall or may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Dog, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes, of and from every such Person, in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes, of and from the Owner of such Dog, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax, far and in respect of such Dog, by the Owner thereof, shall lie on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person so paying the same, for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Dog for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been so paid for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Dog or Whelp under the Age of Six Calendar Months.

All Dogs kept by any Person who shall, in respect of the several Dogs kept by such Person in each Year, pay the full Sum of Thirty Six Pounds British Currency, by way of Composition for all such Dogs, before the Twenty fourth Day of June in each Year.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquor prepared from Sugar for colouring Porter. [10th June 1816.]

21 G. 3. c. 37.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for*

11.

allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquor prepared from Sugar for colouring Porter, and for indemnifying Persons who have manufactured or sold such Colouring, a Duty of Excise of Ten Shillings per Barrel was imposed for and in respect of Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer

Colouring, prepared or made from burnt Sugar reduced to a Liquid by Solution in Water, to be mixed with Beer, commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, for the Purpose of colouring the same; and the

Maker and Makers thereof was and were thereby required to take out a License and Licenses authorizing such Person or Persons to make such Liquor, and to pay for each such License the Sum of Five Pounds; and

21 G. 3. c. 37.

And Whereas by another Act, made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled

Sch. (A.)

The Licenses.

An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an additional Duty of Excise in Great Britain, on *Wines, Tobacco, Salt and Excise Licenses, as additional*

Sum of Five Pounds was and is required to be paid by each Maker and Makers on taking out such License as aforesaid: And Whereas great Frauds have been and are committed upon the Revenue, and also upon

the Revenue and the Public, under Pretence of using such Colouring; and it is expedient to repeal the said

Duty and the said Payments so respectively required to be made on taking out such License as aforesaid, and also the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most

Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the said recited Duty and the said respective Payments be

repealed to be made, on taking out such License as aforesaid, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable; and that from and after the Day and Year last aforesaid, the said Act, made in the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which way at that time remain unpaid, or in any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, relating thereto respectively,

which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, no Brewer or Brewsters of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or make, or use, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer any Liqueur, Extract, Cask or other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur, Extract, Cask or other Material or Preparation, such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, other than Brown Malt ground or unground, as commonly used in Brewing, or shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer, any Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium or any Article or Preparation whatsoever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops; and if any such Brewer or Brewsters of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or make or use in Brewing, or mix with or put into any Worts or Beer, any Liqueur, Extract, Cask or other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur, Extract, Cask or other Material or Preparation such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, other than Brown Malt, ground or unground, as commonly used in Brewing, or shall receive, or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or shall use, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer any Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium respectively, or any Article or Preparation whatsoever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops; all such Liqueur, Extract, Cask, Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Extract, Article and Preparation as aforesaid, and also the said Worts and Beer respectively, shall be forfeited, together with the Casks, Vessels or other Packages containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and each Brewer or Brewsters of, Dealer or Dealers in or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, in offending as aforesaid, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, no Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Chymist or Chymists, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall sell, send or deliver, or cause, procure, permit or suffer to be sold, sent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewsters of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons for or on account of, or in Trust for, or for the Use of any such Brewer or Brewsters, Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers, any Liqueur called or known by the Name or Description of or sold as Coloring, from whatever Materials the same may have been made, or any other Material or Preparation other than unground Brown Malt, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur or Preparation such as has been heretofore or shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Article or Preparation to be used in Worts or Beer, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively; and if any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or any Chymist or Chymists, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall sell, send or deliver, or cause, or procure, permit or suffer to be sold, sent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewsters of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons for or on account of, or in Trust for, or for the Use of any such Brewer or Brewsters, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, any Liqueur called or known by the Name or Description of, or sold as Coloring, from whatever Materials the same may have been made, or any other Material or Preparation other than unground Brown Malt, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur or Preparation such as has been heretofore used, or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, except as aforesaid, or any Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any Article or Preparation to be used in Worts or Beer for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively, all such Liqueur called or known by the Name or Description of or sold as Coloring, and Material or Preparation for the Purpose aforesaid, and Liqueur and Preparation used or which shall hereafter be used for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liqueur, Vitriol, Quassia, Cocculus Indus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium and Article or Preparation to be used for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Druggist or Druggists, Vender or Vendors of,

No Material or Preparation of the Description herein mentioned shall be in Possession of any Brewer or Dealer, or used in coloring of Beer.

John

other than Brown Malt.

Such Materials forfeited.

Penny

Druggist, or selling such Coloring to any Brewer or Dealer.

other than unground Brown Malt.

or selling any Liqueur called Coloring.

other than unground Brown Malt.

such Materials forfeited.

Fishes.

Revenue and
Application of
Provision.

or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Chymist or Chymists or other Persons or Persons whatever, is offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or created by this Act, shall be paid, recovered, levied or satisfied, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or satisfied by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Act of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively: ~~and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture~~ shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

V. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LIX.

An Act to reduce the Duty of Excise on Malt made in Ireland, and certain Counterselling Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof. [20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, entitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain increased Duties of Excise in Ireland on Malt*, a Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence British Currency was imposed on every Barrel containing Four Winchester Bushels of Malt made in Ireland; and by the said recited Act certain Counterselling Duties on Malt and Beer made or brewed in Great Britain, and imported into Ireland, and certain Drawbacks on Malt and Beer exported from Ireland, were granted, allowed and made payable: And Whereas by the said recited Act it was, among other things, enacted, that whenever it should happen that any Part of the Duties of Excise on Malt granted or made payable in Great Britain, by any Act in force at the time of the passing of the said recited Act, should cease or determine, Provision should be made that a like Proportion of the Duty of Excise on Malt in Ireland, under the said recited Act, should in like manner cease or determine or be repealed, and the Duty of Excise on Malt made payable by the said Act should be reduced accordingly: And Whereas the Duties on Malt made in England and Scotland, granted by an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Kings, entitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, and Tenor Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*; and which by various Acts were continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, will cease and determine on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the Sum of Eight Shillings British Currency on every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure, which, at any time after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be made of Barley or any other Cereals or Grass in Ireland, (Part of the Duty of Excise of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence on every Barrel of Malt granted by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament,) shall cease and determine; and that for and upon every such Barrel of Malt which, at any time or times after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen shall be made of Barley or other Cereals or Grass in Ireland by any Person or Persons whatsoever, whether the same shall be or shall not be for Sale, the Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence British Currency, and no more, and so proportionably for any greater or less Quantity, shall be paid by the Maker or Maker thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That for all Dry Malt ground or unground which, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be in the Stock of any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, or Common Brewer or Distiller in Ireland, for which the Duties payable by Law shall have been duly charged or paid, and also for all Malt charged with Duty in respect of all Cereals or Grass which, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be in Process of being made into Malt in the Maltster's House or Premises of any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, there shall be allowed and paid the Sum of Eight Shillings British Currency, and for every Barrel of Malt charged or chargeable with, or which shall have paid the Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, in manner and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed.

III. And be it further enacted, That for all Spirits distilled in Ireland, which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller in Ireland on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or which shall have been warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Rooms in Ireland by any Distiller pursuant to Law, at any time before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and which shall be in the said Warehouses on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and for all Walls, Pot Ale and Singlings in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of July, there shall be allowed to the Distiller of such Spirits, or to the Proprietor of such Spirits so warehoused, for every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Four pence British Currency; and for all such Walls, Pot Ale and Singlings, a Sum of Four pence British Currency, on every Gallon of Spirits which, on a Calculation of One Gallon of Spirits for every Ten Gallons of Walls, or Pot Ale, and of One Gallon of Spirits for every Two Gallons and a Half of Singlings would be the Produce of such Walls, Pot Ale or Singlings, in manner and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Eight Shillings British Currency, on every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure made in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, (Part of the Countervailing Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence on every such Barrel of Malt granted by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and of the equivalent Drawback on the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of any Malt made in Ireland,) shall be repealed and shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be charged for and upon every such Barrel of Malt made in Great Britain, and imported from thence, after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, directly into Ireland, the Countervailing Duty or Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence British Currency, and no more, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatsoever payable on such Malt, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and that upon the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain of any Malt made in Ireland, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty by this Act made payable on Malt made in Great Britain and imported into Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence British Currency, on every Barrel of Beer or Ale containing Thirty two Gallons brewed or made in Great Britain and imported from thence into Ireland, (Part of the Countervailing Duty of Twelve Shillings on every such Barrel of Beer or Ale granted by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and of the equivalent Drawback on the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain, of Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland,) shall be repealed, and shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be charged for and upon every such Barrel of Beer or Ale brewed or made in Great Britain and imported from thence after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen directly into Ireland, the Countervailing Duty or Sum of Six Shillings and Sixpence British Currency, and no more, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatsoever, payable on such Beer or Ale, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and that upon the Exportation from Ireland to Great Britain after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen of any Beer or Ale brewed in Ireland, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty by this Act made payable on Beer or Ale made or brewed in Great Britain and imported into Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Eight Shillings British Currency, (Part of the Drawback or Allowance of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence, made payable by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament,) on every Barrel of Malt made in Ireland and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, and also the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence British Currency (Part of the Drawback or Allowance of Twelve Shillings, made payable by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament) on every Barrel of Beer or Ale made in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, shall be repealed, and shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, instead of all former Drawbacks or Allowances on Beer or Ale made in Ireland, and exported to any other Place than Great Britain, there shall be paid to every Person who shall legally export from Ireland to any other Place than Great Britain, any Malt or any Strong Beer or Ale made or brewed in Ireland, the Drawbacks and Allowances following; that is to say, for every Barrel of such Malt containing Four Bushels Winchester Measure the Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence, British Currency; and for every Barrel of such Beer or Ale the Sum of Six Shillings and Sixpence, British Currency, and no more; and the said Drawbacks shall be paid in like manner and under such Regulations and Directions as are expressed, mentioned and contained in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament.

VII. And in order to ascertain the Amount of the Allowances by this Act allowed and made payable in respect of Malt and Spirit in the Stock of Malsters or Makers of Malt for Sale, or Fudlers or Dealers in Malt, Brewers and Distillers in Ireland, be it enacted, That the Officers or Officers of Excise, in charge of the Mashing House, Stoves or Washhouses of any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Fudler or Dealer in Malt, or of any Distillery or Brewery in Ireland, shall gauge and take an Account of the Quantity of all Dry Malt ground or unground which shall be in the Stock of any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or of any Fudler or Dealer in Malt, or of any Common Brewer or of any Distiller in Ireland, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall in like manner take an Account of the Quantity of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, which shall be in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt in Ireland, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer or Officers shall, within Ten Days after taking such Account, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Distincts in which such dry Malt, or Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt shall have been, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, of the full and true Quantity of all such Dry Malt in the Stock of every such Malster or Maker of Malt, or Fudler or Dealer in Malt, or Common Brewer or Distiller respectively, and of the Quantity of Malt chargeable in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Malster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt respectively, and the Amount of the Allowance of Eight Shillings on every Barrel of Malt, as well for all Dry Malt as for all Malt chargeable with Duty in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Malster or Maker of Malt, or Fudler or Dealer in Malt, Common Brewer or Distiller respectively, as the said Fifth Day

Instead of the per Barrel on Malt, a Countervailing Duty of 9s. 4d.

Instead of 9s. 4d. on every Barrel of Beer, a Countervailing Duty of 6s. 6d. on Exportation from or to Great Britain or Ireland or elsewhere.

Instead of the Drawbacks now payable the following shall be paid.

Drawbacks of 9s. 4d. per Barrel of Malt, 6s. 6d. per Barrel of Beer.

Officers of Excise to take Account of Stock of Dry Malt and of Malt in Process in measure herein described, and make a Return to Collector of Excise, &c.

Officer to leave
Copy of Return
with Distiller.

Distiller
charged in Return
with the
full Duty for
the Month ending
July 3.

Duties.

An Account
shall be taken
of Quantity of
Spirits in Stock
of Distiller and
Return made in
Collection, &c.

Officer to leave
Copy of Return
with Distiller.

Duties.

Spirits in Ware-
houses to be taken
in Account of in
the manner by
Surveyor, and
Return made in
Collection.

Surveyor to
leave Copy of
Return with
Distiller.

Duties.

Allowances here
made.

Treasury may
order Date of
Payment of
Duty on Malt,
under such Con-
ditions as they
think fit.

Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Master or Maker of Malt, or Public or Dealer in Malt, Brewer or Distiller respectively, or at his or their Malting House, Brewery, Distillery, Store House or Dwelling House respectively, and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland: Provided always, that the Officer of Excise shall be his Return against any Master or Maker of Malt, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt for the Month ending the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, charge such Master or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, with the full Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence per Barrel imposed by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, for and in respect of the whole and entire Quantity of Malt with which by Law such Master or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, shall by Law be chargeable for such Malt, any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence in so doing respectively.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller in Ireland, shall gauge and take an Account of the Quantity of all Spirits made or distilled in Ireland which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller in Ireland on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and of all the Wast, Pot Ale and Sagings in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of July; and every such Officer or Officers shall, within Ten Days after the taking of such Account, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Distilleries in which such Spirits shall have been on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, of the full and true Quantity of all such Spirits on the said Fifth Day of July in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Distiller respectively, and of the Quantity of Spirits which according to the Calculation herein-before directed would be producible from all Wast, Pot Ale and Sagings in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of July, and also of the Amount of the Allowance of Four pence on every Gallon of such Spirits in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Distiller, and on every Gallon of Spirits producible in respect of the Wast, Pot Ale or Sagings, according to the Calculation aforesaid in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand with every such Distiller or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence in so doing.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Storekeeper or other Person in charge of any of His Majesty's Warehouses in Ireland, in which any Spirits distilled in Ireland shall have been warehoused according to Law at any time previous to the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, within Ten Days after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, take an Account of the Quantity of all Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, which shall be in such Warehouse on the said Fifth Day of July, with the Number and Contents of the Casks containing the same, the Name and Address of the Distiller or Distillers by whom such Spirits shall have been respectively warehoused, and the Day and Month when such Spirits were first received into such Warehouse, together with all such other Particulars as may from time to time be required by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; and such Storekeeper or other Person shall, within Ten Days next after taking such Account, make a Return thereof in Writing signed with his Name to the Collector of the District in which such Warehouse shall be situate; and every such Storekeeper or other Person shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand with every such Distiller or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence in so doing.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, upon the Application of any Person or Persons who shall be entitled to claim any Allowance under this Act, for or in respect of any Malt or Spirits as aforesaid, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to make any Order or Orders for the Payment or Satisfaction to such Person or Persons of all such Sum and Sums of Money as, under the Returns required to be made by this Act, shall to the said Commissioners appear to be made payable to any such Person or Persons in respect of such Allowances, either by Payment of the Amount thereof to such Person or Persons by the Collector of the District wherein such Person or Persons shall reside, or by any Allowance or Abatement to any such Person or Persons out of or in respect of any Duty or Duties of Excise which may be or become payable by or due from any such Person or Persons respectively, in such manner and at such times and under such Orders, Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall from time to time think fit to make for that Purpose.

XI. And Whereas according to the Laws in force in Ireland for the securing and collecting the Duties on Malt, the Duties of Excise on all Malt made in Ireland are to be paid Monthly, and it may be expedient that further use should be allowed in certain cases for the Payment of the said Duties: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, and at any time before the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or for the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, and he and they it and are hereby authorized, by any Order under his or their Hand or Hands, to allow to any Master or Maker of Malt for Sale such further and extended time for the Payment of any Duty of Excise chargeable on any such Master or Maker of Malt for Sale in respect of any Malt made at any time before the passing of

this Act, or which shall be made at any time before the said Twenty sixth Day of September, as to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office shall seem fitting and expedient, under such Conditions, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office shall think fit and proper to order and direct in that behalf, and the Duty on all such Malt shall be paid and payable, at such extended time and under such Conditions, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions accordingly; and in Default thereof such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale shall be subject and liable to such Penalties and Forfeitures as he would be subject to in case of any Default of paying such Duty or Duties at the time now prescribed by Law for the Payment of the same, in fully to all Intents and Purposes as if such Penalties and Forfeitures were recited herein and made applicable to enforce the Payment of the same at the Expiration of such extended time: Provided always, that no Permit shall be granted for the Removal of any such Malt out of the Stock of any Maltster or Maker of Malt before all the Duties payable thereon shall have been fully paid and satisfied.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several reduced Duties and Drawbacks by this Act declared to be payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties or Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures is and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein offered*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Lightness and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and recited, with the like Remedy of Appeal as used for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Duties of Excise on Malt, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Penalties, Clauses, matters and things therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the reduced Duties and Drawbacks by this Act declared to be payable, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and recited in this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LX.

An Act to authorize the transferring Stock upon which Dividends shall remain uncclaimed for the Space of at least Ten Years at the Bank of England, and also all Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks or Annuities, which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is just and expedient that all Capital Stock in respect of which any Annuities or other Payments any Part of the National Debt are payable at the Bank of England, and upon or in respect of which the Dividends shall be due and remain uncclaimed for the Space of at least Ten Years, and also all Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks or Annuities, which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, should be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, under certain Restrictions and Regulations, for the Public Service; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately and from time to time after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all the Capital Stock in respect of which any Annuities constituting any Part of the National Debt are payable at the Bank of England, and also the Annuities for Years, commonly called *Long Annuities*, and other redeemable Annuities, and upon which or in respect whereof no Dividends shall have been demanded for the Period of Ten Years or upwards preceding the last Day upon which any Dividend upon any such Stock or Annuities shall have become due or payable (except where the Payment of any such Dividends shall have been or shall be referred by the Order or Judgment of a Court of Equity), shall be transferred, in manner hereinafter mentioned, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, from the Account or Accounts, Name or Names, in which the same is and stands in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, unto a new and separate Account to be raised in the Names of the Commissioners for the time being for the Reduction of the National Debt; and immediately after such Transfer, the Name or Names in which such Stock shall immediately pertain to such Transfer, and the Residence and Description of the Parties, the Amount transferred, and the Dates of such Transfer, shall be entered upon a List to be kept at the Bank for that Purpose, which List shall be open for Inspection at the usual Hours of Transfer at the Bank.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Transfers to be made in pursuance of this Act shall be made and signed by the Accountant General or the Secretary of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

If they see part
in such manner
1800, 1801, 1802.

Parties are
placed still
Duties paid.

Duties, Draw-
backs and Pen-
alties, and the
said and re-
served, as by
22 & 23 Car. 2.
(1)

22 & 23 Car. 2.
and other Acts
in force in Ire-
land.

Act may be
altered, &c.

All Stock upon
which Dividends
have remained
uncclaimed for
Ten Years, to be
transferred in
the Commission-
ers for the Reduc-
tion of the National
Debt.

List of Parties to
whose Name
Stock shall open
for Inspection.

Transfer to be
made by Ac-
countant Gen-
eral.

rel to Secretary
of the Bank of
England, who
are authorized.

for the time being, and shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if signed by the Party or Parties in whose Name or Names the Stock or Annuities so transferred shall stand at the time of such Transfer; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and the said Accountant General and Secretary of the said Governor and Company, shall be and they are hereby indemnified and saved harmless for making and executing all such Transfers under and by virtue of this Act, and shall not be in any manner responsible or accountable to the Person or Persons entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Stock or Annuities which shall be so transferred, or to his, her or their Executors or Administrators, or to any other Person claiming by, from or under him, her, them or any of them, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever having or claiming any Interest whatsoever therein.

Duplicate Book
of Transfers
kept in Office of
Commissioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That a Duplicate Register of the List is made and kept at the Bank of England, of all such Transfers as aforesaid, shall be kept in the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in which an Entry shall be made of every such Transfer, immediately after the same shall have been made.

Dividends on
such Stocks ac-
crued to him, to
be paid to him, to
the use of the
Public Service.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Dividends upon the Capital Stock or Annuities so transferred shall from the respective times of the Transfer thereof, and all Lottery Prizes or Benefits which shall have remained undistributed Ten Years and upwards, and all Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks and Annuities which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, be paid to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the time being, and shall be from time to time invested by the said Commissioners in the Purchase of either like Capital Stock, to be placed to a separate Account, which shall be called "The Account of Undistributed Dividends," and so from time to time as such Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, Principals of Stocks and Annuities become due and can be so invested; and all such Dividends, and the Capital Stock arising from the Investment thereof as aforesaid, shall be held by the said Commissioners for the Public, subject nevertheless to such Claims as may thereafter be made by the respective Parties entitled thereto, of such Stock, and of the Dividends due thereon.

Bank of England
expressed to in-
vest Transfers
to any Person
submitting a
Claim to any
such Stock, and
pay the Divi-
dends thereon.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of England for the time being, or otherwise and direct the Accountant General or Secretary of the said Governor and Company for the time being, to retransfer any such Capital Stock to any Person or Persons who shall sue, to the Satisfaction of such Governor or Deputy Governor, his, her or their Right or Title thereto, and to pay the Dividends due thereon; and also to pay any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, or if the same had not been transferred or paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; but in case the said Governor or Deputy Governor shall not be satisfied of the Justice or Legality of any Claim or Claims which shall be made to any Stock, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock or Annuities, he transferred or paid to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, then and in every such case the Claimant or Claimants shall and may, by Petition in a summary Way, state and verify his, her or their Claim to such Stock, Lottery Prizes or Benefits and Principals of Stock or Annuities, to the High Court of Chancery or to the Court of Exchequer, and a Copy of every such Petition shall be filed upon His Majesty's Attorney General for the time being, and also upon the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and the Court to which such Petition shall be presented shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such Order thereon, either for the Transfer of the Stock or Annuities to which such Petition shall relate or refer, and for Payment of the Dividends which shall have accrued or become due and payable thereon, or for Payment of such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, or otherwise relating thereto, and to the Costs of such Application, as to such Court respectively shall appear to be just; and all Costs and Expenses which shall be incurred by or on behalf of His Majesty's Attorney General or the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in resisting or appearing upon every such Petition (if not ordered by the Court to whom the Application shall be made to be paid out of the Stock or Annuities and the Dividends thereby claimed) shall be paid by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, out of the Dividends or Annuities to be received by them under or by virtue of this Act, and which shall not be claimed; and in case where any Transfer or Payment shall be made to any such Claimant or Claimants as aforesaid, either with or without the Authority of either of the said Courts, the said Governor and Company shall cause Notice to be given to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, at their Office, of every such Transfer or Payment, within Three Days from the time of making the same.

Claims hereby
Petition
Copy of such
Petition filed
on Attorney
General, &c.

Costs of Appen-
dix General,
&c. here paid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, and the Accountant General and Secretary of the said Governor and Company, shall be and they are hereby indemnified and saved harmless for and in respect of any Transfer or Transfers which shall be made from the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the time being of any such Stock or Annuities as aforesaid, and also for Payment of the Dividends due thereon, and also for Payment of any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons claiming such Stock, Annuities and Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities respectively; and that in case any such Stock, Annuities, Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities, or the Accumulations thereof, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively shall, after the Transfer or Payment thereof, be claimed by any other Person or Persons, the said Governor and Company, or the said Governor or Deputy Governor, or the said Accountant General or Secretary respectively for the time being, acting in making such Transfer or Transfers, and in paying the Dividends on the Stock or Annuities thereby transferred, or any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock or Annuities as aforesaid, or the Accumulations thereof respectively, shall not be answerable or responsible for the same to any such new or other Claimant or Claimants, but such new or other Claimant or Claimants

Contract and
Deputy Governor
and Officers,
indemnified in
respect of Trans-
fers made in
Chancery and
Payment of
Dividends.

shall have their Records against the Person or Persons to whom such Transfer or Transfers of the said Stock or Annuities shall have been made, and the Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities and Accumulations thereon respectively paid.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if in any case where such new or other Claimant or Claimants as aforesaid shall have established his, her or their Right and Title to any such Stock Annuities, Dividends, or Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, as shall have been transferred as if paid to a First Claimant or Claimants, and shall not be able to obtain the Transfer and Payment thereof from such First Claimant or Claimants to whom the same shall or may have been erroneously transferred and paid, then and in every such case the said Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer shall, and they are hereby respectfully authorized and empowered upon Application by Petition of such new or other Claimant or Claimants, as well as such Court shall direct or require, to order the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt to transfer to such new or other Claimant or Claimants such Sums or Sums in Stock, and to pay him, her or them such Sum or Sums in Money as and for the Dividends, Annuities, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, as to such Court shall appear to be just; which Transfers shall be made from Stock transferred into the Names of the said Commissioners under or by virtue of this Act; and the Payment of Dividends, Annuities, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, shall be made from Dividends received by such Commissioners upon such Stock transferred into their Names as aforesaid, or the Accumulations thereof, or from the Sale of Stock purchased with such Dividends or Accumulations, or any other Moneys at the Disposition of the said Commissioners.

A Second Claimant presenting his Right, and unable to obtain Transfer from First Claimant, Court of Chancery, or to order Commissioners for Redemption of National Debt to transfer such Stock to their Name as shall be sufficient.

C A P. LXI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [10th June 1816.]
[60,000 *T*ibet.]

C A P. LXII.

An Act for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dunbar, within the Port of Dublin. [10th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Erection of so Asylum Harbour, or Place of Refuge for Ships and Vessels to the Eastward of Dunbar, within the Port of Dublin, will be of great Advantage as well to the Ships and Vessels trading to the said Port, as to the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty's Navy which may be in the Irish Channel; and will also be of great Utility to the Trade and Commerce between Great Britain and Ireland: And Whereas by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled *An Act to authorize the Appointment of Commissioners for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dunbar, within the Port and Harbour of Dublin*, certain Persons were appointed and authorized by the Lord Lieutenant for the time being to carry the said recited Act into Execution, as in the said Act mentioned; And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the Expence of making, improving and completing the said Harbour, and for the due Application of the same, and whereas Sums may be granted by Parliament, or advanced by His Majesty's Government for that Purpose, and for the making and executing the Roads, Quays and Works necessary for the Completion and Improvement of the said Harbour, and the other Charges and Expences attendant thereon: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Persons heretofore appointed by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the time being for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the heretofore recited Act of the Fifty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and such other Person or Persons as shall or may, from time to time, be appointed or authorized by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to revoke the Appointment of any such Person or Persons to be so appointed, and from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners, not exceeding Fifteen in Number, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being shall think fit.

§ 2. c. 121.

Commissioners for executing Act.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, and each of them, shall take and subscribe the Oath following, before he or they shall take upon himself or themselves the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, or they shall administer the said Oath:

Commissioners to take and subscribe Oath.

I, A. B. do swear that I will, without Favour or Affection, Hatred or Malice, truly and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute and perform all and every the Powers, Authorities and Duties of a Commissioner, reposed in me under and by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, entitled *An Act for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dunbar, within the Port of Dublin*.

Form.

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners, or any Person named in any Appointment of Commissioners, is hereby authorized and required to administer at the first or any other Meeting, to be held by virtue of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Purpose of this Act for the time being, or any Three of them, from time to time to nominate and appoint such Secretary, Clerk and other Officers, and also from time to time to employ such Engineers and Surveyors, and such Labourers and Workmen, and at such Salaries and Wages as the said Commissioners shall think proper and

Commissioners may appoint Officers and make Contracts.

Officers to make
and subscribe
Oaths.

expedient for the better carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that such Secretary, Clerks and Officers as already have been or shall be hereafter appointed, and each of them, shall take and subscribe the following Oath, before he or they shall take upon him or themselves the Execution of any of the Duties annexed to their said Office:

Then.

" I, C. D. do swear that I will well and faithfully, without Fraud or Concealment, do, perform and execute the several Duties attached to the Office of [here name the Office,] to which I have been appointed by the Commissioners for erecting an Asylum Harbour at Dunbury, and that I will not accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any Money, Fees, Perquisites or Profits, by way of Commission, Premium, Per Contingent or otherwise, now or by reason of the said Office or any of the Duties annexed thereto, or by reason of any Account, Contract or Payment made or to be made or in any way relating to the said Harbour, or any of the Materials or Works thereof, save such Payment and Compensation only as shall be paid or allowed to me by the said Commissioners."

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby authorized and required to administer; and if any such Secretary, Clerk or other Officer, shall be guilty of any Embroilment, Concealment, Fraud or other matter, contrary to the true Intent and meaning of the said Oath, and be thereof convicted, he shall for the said Offence suffer the Pains and Penalties as for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

When Services
may contract.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree with any fit and proper Person or Persons, Artificers, Workmen and others for the making, doing and repairing of all or any of the Quay, Piers, Walls, Embankments, Roads and Works by this Act authorized, or directed to be done and performed, or any Part thereof, or for supplying any of the Materials for the same, which Contract shall be signed by the Person or Persons contracting or agreeing to perform such Works respectively, and also by Three or more of the said Commissioners, or by the Secretary to the said Commissioners, authorized by the said Commissioners or any Three of them for that Purpose, and that all Contracts which shall have been made or entered into, and all Negotiations and Appointments of Engineers, Clerks, Secretary and other Officers, which shall have been made at any Time before the passing of this Act, by or on behalf or under the Authority of the Commissioners nominated and appointed in pursuance of the last recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year, shall be and the same are hereby declared good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be carried into effect, and have effect in like manner, as Contracts, Negotiations and Appointments made or to be made under the Authority of this Act.

Former Negotiations of Officers good.

Commissioners may bring and defend Actions in the Name of their Secretary

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, by the Style and Title of Secretary to the Commissioners for Dunbury Harbour, and that all Actions, Suits, Prosecutions, Informations, Appeals and other Proceedings whatsoever, that may be necessary or expedient to be brought for the Recovery of any Penalty or Sum of Money due or payable by virtue of this Act, to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners shall be had, taken, prosecuted in the Name of their Secretary, and that no Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commissioners in the Name of their Secretary, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death, Suspension or Removal of such Secretary, or by any Act or Default of such Secretary, done or suffered without the Consent or Direction of the said Commissioners, but that the Secretary for the Time being shall be always deemed the Plaintiff, Prosecution, Informant, Appellant, Defendant or Respondent in any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings, (as the case may be,) except in such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, as shall be prosecuted between the said Commissioners and their Secretary for the time being, in which Action or Suit any One of the said Commissioners shall or may be Plaintiff or Defendant (as the case may be): Provided always, that every such Secretary, in whose Name any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings shall be had, taken, prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this or the last recited Act, shall be fully indemnified, and paid out of the Monies applicable to the Purposes of this Act, all such Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses as by the Events, or in consequence of any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings, he or they shall pay, bear, expend, or be put unto, or become chargeable with or liable for, or be fairly entitled to, by reason of his or their being so made Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, Informant or Informants, Appellant or Appellants, Respondent or Respondents as aforesaid, unless such Action or Suit shall and be in consequence of his own wilful Neglect or Default, or have been brought or commenced, or be defended without the Order of the said Commissioners.

Death &c. of Secretary an Abatement of Action, &c.

Secretary indemnified in Actions.

Commissioners empowered to execute this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed in the making, improving and completing the said Harbour, and in the making and completing a Road and Quay along the Beach and Shore Westward of the said Harbour, and also to make such other permanent and temporary Roads to the said Harbour as they shall think fit and necessary for the Benefit and Advantage of the said Harbour, or for the Convenience of Materials thereto, or in any of the said Works connected therewith as aforesaid, and also to make and maintain References for supplying with Water all Shipping and Vessels as may resort to the said Harbour; and that for the Purposes of this Act, all Quay, Piers, Buildings, Embankments and Works whatsoever, hereinafter made, erected or built in the whole or in Part at any time before the passing of this Act, and all Ground, Strand, Land, Rocks, Stones and Materials applied to such Purposes at, in or near Dunbury aforesaid, by the Public or out of the Public Money, or under the Authority of any Parliamentary Grant, or any Act heretofore made, and all Roads, Piers, Quay, Embankments and Buildings whatsoever, which shall or may be made, erected or built at any time after the passing of this Act, and all Ground applied to such Purposes under the Authority of this Act, or of the Commissioners hereby appointed; and also all such Land and Ground, Rock or Soil, Stones and Sand within the said Har-

Making Roads, &c.

born, as is or are overgrown by the Tide of the Sea, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, until the said Harbour and all such Works as aforesaid shall be fully completed by and under the said Commissioners, and from and after the time when the said Commissioners shall deem the Erection, Completion and Improvement of the said Harbour, and all such other Works as aforesaid completed, testified by their Representation to that Effect to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, all the said Harbour is erected, completed and improved, and all Roads, Piers, Quays, Works, and other Erections and Buildings to heretofore made, or which hereafter shall be made, erected or built under the Authority of this Act, or of the Commissioners appointed under this Act, and the Ground and Soil on which the same are or shall be erected and built, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be from thenceforth vested, and shall be and remain from thenceforth vested in the Corporation for the preferring and improving the Port of Dublin; and all the Powers by this Act or any other Act given to or vested in the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, shall be from thenceforth vested in and executed by the said Corporation, and the said Corporation shall from thenceforth out of the Funds vested in the said Corporation for the Purpose of preferring and improving the Port of Dublin, maintain, support and keep up the said Harbour, and all the Roads, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings belonging thereto, and to becoming vested in them under the Authority of this Act, in like manner as they do the other Works of the said Corporation within the Port and Harbour of Dublin.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Agents, Workmen and Servants of the said Commissioners, from time to time to enter upon all Lands or Grounds of any Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in, upon or through which any of the Roads, Piers, Quays, Works, Erections or Buildings authorized to be made under this Act are intended to be made, in order to survey and take Levels of the same, and to set out and ascertain such Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall think necessary and proper for the Purposes of this Act, such Agents or Servants making Satisfaction for such Damage as they shall do thereby to the Occupiers of such Lands or Grounds for the time being, in case the same shall exceed One Shilling Sterling.

VIII. And for the making, improving and completing the said Harbour, and making, using and maintaining all such Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Refractories, Works, Erections and Buildings as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary for that Purpose, and for the Execution of this Act according to the Tenor and Intent of the same, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in, upon and through any Lands or Premises, being the Property of or belonging to The King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and Situate within Three Miles of the said Harbour, (not being within Three hundred Yards of any capital Mansion House, nor within any Plantation, Avenue, Pleasure Ground, or Garden attached to any capital Mansion House, pleasure, made or formed before the passing of this Act, or in any Dock Park inclosed with a Wall, prior to the passing of this Act, and already occupied at the time with Docks,) to enter and to quarry, dig, remove, take and carry away all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or any other Materials, (Reading Timber only excepted,) in, out of, upon and from such Lands and Grounds, as may be necessary and convenient to be employed for the Purpose of this Act, and also to place, lay, work or manufacture all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or other Materials, which shall be so dug or got as aforesaid, on the Grounds near to the Place or Places where the same shall be so dug or got, or where the Stone shall be used or employed for the Purpose of this Act, and also to make, maintain and use such good and sufficient Roads and Ways as the said Commissioners shall think necessary or convenient for conveying all such Stones, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or other Materials, to cut, dig, quarried or obtained, taken away or removed for the Purpose of this Act, from the Place and Places where the same shall be respectively so cut and dug, and quarried and obtained, to the Place or Places where the same shall be employed for the Purpose of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction to the Owners and Proprietors of all such Lands and Premises, for all Damages by them done or to be done in the Execution of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered in and upon any Land or Premises by this Act vested in the said Commissioners, or that they may enter on, take or purchase by virtue of this Act, to make, erect, complete and maintain all and every and other such Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Refractories, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever, in and where the said Commissioners shall think requisite and convenient for the Purpose of this Act; and also to make, erect, complete and maintain such Waterworks, Refractories and other Engines and Works as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary and expedient for supplying all such Ships and Vessels, which may resort to the said Harbour, with Water; and for that Purpose to convey and use any Stream or Success of Water now running or flowing into the Sea at or near the Harbour or Town of Dublin, or within Three Miles thereof as aforesaid; and also to make and do all other matters and things which they the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit, necessary and convenient for making, effecting, extending, improving, preserving, completing and using the said Harbour, and all Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Works, Waterworks, Erections and Buildings relating thereto, in pursuance and within the true Meaning of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for all Damages and Injuries done to any Lands and Premises which shall be damaged or prejudiced by the taking of any Materials or by the making of any Roads or temporary Roads for the Conveyance of such Materials for the Purpose of this Act, and also making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for the Purchase of any Lands and Premises required to be employed, taken or used in making, completing or maintaining any permanent or temporary Roads, or in

Roads, &c. vested in Commissioners for the improving Port of Dublin.

Lands may be entered by and taken from the Land for Works, making Satisfaction for Damages.

Powers to Commissioners to enter Lands, and take Materials for Harbour and Works.

To make Roads for conveying Materials.

Satisfaction to Owners for Damages.

Commissioners may make Roads, Quays and Works on Lands, &c. as directed by them.

Making Roads, &c. on Lands for Damages.

the making, erecting, completing or maintaining of any Pier, Dock, Quay, Reservoir, Waterworks, Bridges, Works, Embankments and Buildings whatsoever for the Purposes of this Act; and this Act shall be sufficient to indemnify the said Commissioners and their Servants, Agents and Workmen, and all other Persons whatsoever, for whatever they or any of them shall do by virtue of the Powers hereby granted.

Commissioners
to treat and
agree with In-
habitants of
Ground acquired
for Purposes of
Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the time being, to treat and agree with all and every any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who is, are or may be the Inhabitant or Inhabitants, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises required for the Purposes of this Act, for the Purchase of such Land or Premises, or relative to and concerning any Compensation or Satisfaction which any such Person or Persons may claim or demand for any Damage or Damages which he, she or they may suffer or sustain by reason of the Execution of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for said Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Hospitals, Guardians, Trustees in Trust, Trustees and Professors in Trust, Companies, Executors, Administrators and all other Trustees whatsoever, not only for or on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for or on behalf of their several Collateral Trusts, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, married Women, or other Person or Persons, and to and for all married Women who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested in any Lands asked or required for the Purposes of this Act, whether entitled to Fee Simple, Fee Tail or otherwise, to contract and agree to, and to sell and convey unto the said Commissioners, or to such Persons as they shall nominate and appoint for the Purposes of this Act, all or any Part of any Lands or Premises which shall from time to time be asked or required for the Purposes of this Act, and also to claim and demand, and to contract and agree with the said Commissioners for any Compensation or Satisfaction, for any Damage or Damages which such Body Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons, or his or their Lands or Premises may respectively suffer by reason of the Execution of this Act; and in sale such Treaty or Treaties shall not be an Agreement or Agreements, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to take and accept of a Conveyance or Conveyances of such Lands or Premises as they shall purchase from such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or any of them; and to take and accept of a Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, for such Satisfaction or Compensation as aforesaid, which Conveyance or Conveyances, Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, shall be binding and conclusive to and upon the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, executing the same, and all Persons claiming under them, and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate; and all Persons whatsoever by contracting and agreeing are hereby indemnified for what they or any of them shall respectively do by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act; and the Expenses of all such Contracts, Agreements, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances, shall be defrayed out of the Money granted for the Purposes of this Act; and such of them as shall be made for the conveying of any Lands or Premises to the Commissioners shall be made according to the following Form, or some other Form to the like Effect; (that is to say)

Discharge for
Compensation.

Expenses of Con-
veyance here
detailed.

Form of Con-
veyance.

I A. B. of _____ in Consideration of the Sum of _____ to me paid by _____ the Commissioners appointed to carry into Execution an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dublin*, within the Port of Dublin, do hereby grant, convey and deposit to the said Commissioners all [describing the Lands or Premises to be conveyed,] and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of me the said A. B. to and in the same, and every Part thereof, to hold the same unto the said Commissioners and their Successors for ever, by virtue of and according to the true Intent and Meaning, and for the Purposes of the said Act of Parliament. In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand this _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____

And that such Conveyance in the Form aforesaid, or any other Form to the same Effect, shall be good and effectual in Law and Equity to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, to convey and vest in the said Commissioners all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the Person and Persons so conveying, and shall be good and effectual against them, their Heirs and Successors (as the case may be).

In Default of
Agreement Jury
to be sworn to
return Verdict.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners by reason of Nonage, Coverture, Total Infancy or other legal Impediment be the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises, asked or required for the Purposes of this Act, or from any other Cause or Reason cannot or shall not agree with the Owners and Occupiers of such Land or Premises as aforesaid, relative to the Purchase of any such Land or Premises, or relative to any Satisfaction or Compensation for Damages to such Land or Premises, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested in the Question to be determined by being entitled to any Sum or Sums of Money, claimed to be paid for such Land and Premises, or Damages respectively, or any Part thereof,) from time to time, to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, under their Hands and Seals, to the Sheriffs of the County of Dublin, thereby commanding such Sheriffs to impound and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons qualified to serve on Juries, not less than Thirty six, nor more than Sixty; and such Sheriffs is hereby authorized and required to impound and return such Jury and Juries from time to time accordingly, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds for every Default in so doing, as he recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint or Information, by such Commissioners or their Secretary, or in default by them, then by any Person who shall sue for same in any Court of Record; and out of such Persons so to be impounded and returned, a Jury of Twelve Persons shall be drawn by some Person to be named by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, in such manner as Juries for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Four Courts in Dublin, by an Act made in Ireland in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King

Shall be im-
panelled a Jury.

Penalty.

39 G. 3. (1)

King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of Juries*, are directed to be down, which Persons so to be imprisoned, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, at such time and Place, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Commissioners until discharged by the said Commissioners; and all Parties concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested as aforesaid,) are hereby authorized and empowered by Precept or Precepts, Summons or Summons, from time to time as Occasion shall require, to call before them and the said Jury all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as Witnesses before them and the said Jury, as their Oath or Oaths, teaching and concerning the Premises; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, if they shall think fit, shall and may authorize the said Jury to view the Place or Places in question, in such manner as they shall direct, and shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from day to day as Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury upon their Oaths, (which Oaths, as also the Oaths to such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners, or any One of them, not being interested as aforesaid, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer,) shall enquire of the Value of such Ground and Premises as shall require to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, and of the respective Estate, Right, Title, Term and Interest of every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic and Corporate, seized or possessed thereof, or interested therein, or of or in any Part thereof; and also what Compensation or Satisfaction, if any, shall be awarded and paid to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for any Damage or Damages, which be or they or any of them may consequently or otherwise suffer or sustain, or have suffered or sustained, by any Act, matter or thing done in the Execution of this Act; and shall assess and award the Sum or Sums to be paid to every such Person or Persons, for the Purchase of such his, her or their respective Estates, Rights, Titles, Terms and Interests as aforesaid, or for any such Damage or Damages as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested as aforesaid,) shall and may give Judgment for such Sum or Sums of Money so to be assessed and awarded, which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment and Determination thereupon, (Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, interested at least Fourteen Days before the time of the First Meeting of the said Jury, declaring the time and Place of the Meeting, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, if then resident within Ireland, and if not, then with the known Agent or Receiver of the Rents of such Persons as shall be then absent from Ireland, or if a Body Politic or Corporate, then with the clerkable or writing Officer of such Body Politic or Corporate,) shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all and every Person or Persons, Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Trust, Use or Interest, in, to or out of any such Land or Premises, either in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well Infants and Infess unbars, Lunatics, Idiots and Femes Coverts, and Persons under any legal Incapacity or Disability, and all other Offenders Traitors, his, her and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whatsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Decrees, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the said Commissioners, who shall pronounce such Judgment.

XII. And be it further enacted, That when the Value of any Land or Premises, or the Recompense for any Damage done or to be done in any Land or Premises, shall be submitted to a Jury, such Land or Premises, and the Damage done thereby, shall be valued by such Jury with respect to the actual State, Situation and Value of such Lands and Premises, in like manner as if the said rented Act of the Fifty fifth Year or this Act had not been made, and not according to the additional Value which such Land or Premises shall or may acquire, or be supposed to acquire, by the making, improving and completing of the said Harbour, or by any future Improvements to be made or which might be made in such Land or Premises to consequence of such Harbour, or the Expensiture which shall be laid out for the Purposes of this Act.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where a Verdict or Assent shall be given or made for more Money, as a Recompense or Satisfaction for any Lands or Premises, or for any Satisfaction done or to be done to the same than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, all the Expenses of summoning such Jury, and of taking such Inquest, shall be defrayed by the said Commissioners out of the Fund provided by this Act; but if any Verdict or Assent shall be given or made for no more or for a less Sum than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, then and in every such case the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury, and taking such Inquest, shall be borne and paid by the Party to whom such Offer was previously made by the said Commissioners: Provided always, that when by reason of Absence, or any Incapacity as aforesaid, any Person or Persons shall be prevented from treating with the said Commissioners, all the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury, and taking such Inquest, shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners out of the said Fund.

XIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Persons making Complaints, and requesting such Jury for the ascertaining the Value of any Lands or Premises, or the Amount of any Recompense or Satisfaction for any Damage done or to be done to the same, shall, before the said Sheriff shall be obliged to summon such Jury, first enter into a Bond, with Two Sureties, to the Secretary or Clerk of the said Commissioners for the time being, in the Penalty of Fifty Pounds Sterling, to prosecute his, her, or their Complaint, and to bear and pay the Costs and Expenses of summoning such Jury and taking such Inquest, in case a Verdict shall be given for no more or a less Sum than had been offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, before

Commissioners
may call and
examine Wit-
nesses as Oath.

Commissioners
empowered to
administer Oath.

Judgment by
Commissioners
for Money
awarded.
Notice of First
Meeting of
Jury.

Verdict bind-
ing.

Jury shall value
Ground accord-
ing to its actual
State.

Expenses of
Juries how paid.

Persons request-
ing a Jury to
enter into a
bond or pro-
ceed.

before summoning and returning the said Jury or Juries, as the Value, or as a Recompence or Satisfaction for any Lands or Premises, or for any Damage as aforesaid: Provided always, that if the Person to receiving such Jury shall refuse to enter into such Bond as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners under this Act to require such Jury to be summoned, and the fees shall be summoned accordingly by the Sheriff, and the Expense of summoning such Jury, and of taking the Oath by them, shall to be defrayed in manner and under the Regulations hereinafter provided, mentioned and continued.

XV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money to be awarded as adjudged to the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be awarded, for the Purchase of any such Grounds or Premises as aforesaid, or for the Purchase of any Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest therein, such Person or Persons shall make, execute or procure to be made and executed, Conveyances to the said Commissioners of such Grounds and Premises as aforesaid, or of such Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded, in the Form hereinafter set forth, or some other Form to the same Effect, and shall procure all necessary Parties to execute such Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances, and shall do all Acts, matters and things necessary and requisite to make a good, clear and perfect Title to the said Commissioners; and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded by way of Compensation or Satisfaction for any such Damages as aforesaid, shall give and perfect to the said Commissioners a full and sufficient Release, Acquittance and Discharge from all Claims and Demands for or on Account of all Damages for which $\frac{1}{2}$ Sum shall be awarded as aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries, as relate to or concern the Premises aforesaid, shall be returned in the Rolls Office of the said Court of Chancery, and the same or true Copies thereof shall be drawn and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence and Proof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever, and immediately on the Entry of such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries as aforesaid, and on Payment of the Sum or Sums of money agreed on or adjudged or awarded, either for the Purchase of any Land or Premises, or as a Satisfaction or Compensation for any Damages to the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Ground or Premises, or to the Person or Persons who shall be entitled to receive such Money, or on Payment of which Money, respecting which any Difficulties, Disputes or Differences shall arise, into the Book of *Ireland*, in manner and for the Purposes herein mentioned, all the Estate, Right, Title, Term, Interest, Use, Tenure, Property, Claim and Demand in Law and Equity, of the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Use such Money shall be paid as aforesaid, into and out of all Ground and Premises which shall be so purchased, shall pass to and be vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, and the said Commissioners shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession of such, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all and every Person or Persons, Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, to whom any such Satisfaction and Compensation as aforesaid shall be awarded, shall from thenceforth be forever barred from claiming any further or other Satisfaction or Compensation whatsoever, for any Damage which they or any of them shall sustain by the means aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance to the said Commissioners of any such Estate and Interest of any Feme Covert, in or to any such Ground or Premises as aforesaid, by Conveyance in the Form herebefore directed and prescribed, and enrolled within Six Calendar Months in any of His Majesty's Four Courts in *Dublin*, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Feme Covert in the Premises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries, should or could do if levied or suffered in due Form of Law; and further, that all Conveyances to be made in the Form herebefore directed and prescribed, or any other Form to the same Effect, and enrolled as herebefore mentioned, of any Ground or Premises which shall be purchased by the said Commissioners by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, which any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries whatsoever, would have if levied or suffered by the Bargainor or Bargainors, or any Person seized of any Estate in the Premises in Tref, for or to the Use of such Bargainor or Bargainors in any legal manner and Form whatsoever.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or sold by virtue of the Powers and for the Purposes of the Act, which shall belong to any Corporation, Feme Covert, Infant, Lunatic or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or seized or possessed of only a particular or determinable Estate or Interest therein, such Money shall, in case the same amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Book of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Commissioners for executing this Act, in the Intention that such Money may be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Revenues and Profits of the said Lands and Hereditaments, towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the said Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, freed settled or levied, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect, and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made the said Money shall by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be vested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of some of the Government Securities transferable at the Bank of *Ireland*; and in the meantime, and until

until the said Government Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Profits of the said Government Securities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands or Hereditaments so lawfully directed to be purchased, in such such Purchase or Settlements were made.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands or Hereditaments purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Incapacity or Disability as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in such case the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands and Hereditaments taken or sold, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the said Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the said High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in the manner hereinafter directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the Commissioners for executing this Act, such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising therefrom, may be applied in manner hereinafter directed, in far as the same may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money be agreed or awarded to be paid as has before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being be entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands and Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be ordered to be paid as aforesaid, shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, or such Release, Acquittance or Discharge as is required by this Act; or in case such Person or Persons, to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be ordered to be paid as aforesaid, cannot be found; or in case it shall not satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners what Shares and Proportions of any Purchase Money or Receipts for Damages ought to be paid or allowed to any Trust or other Person having a particular Estate, Term or Interest in any Premises; or if the Person or Persons entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money to be awarded to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the said High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Parties concerned in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (describing them), subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to any such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Mortgage or Priests, shall be and is lawfully empowered in a summary Way of Proceeding, or otherwise, in to the said Court shall from time to time, to order the same to be laid out and applied in Government Securities, or in order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Interest thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Custos or Custodes of the Bank of Ireland, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, in and see lawfully required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are awarded, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Government Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interests of any such Government Securities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to be lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interests of the Government Securities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Government Securities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

XXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money of the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be soled to the

Application when Compositions is said that such and so much shall.

Application when Money is less than 200.

In case of any money less than 200. Or if Person cannot be found, Purchase Money paid into Bank, subject to Order of Court of Chancery as Mortgage or Priests.

Where any Question shall arise touching Title to Money to be paid, the Person who shall be in Possession of the Lands at the time of such Purchase shall be deemed entitled thereto according to such Possession.

The Court of Chancery may order exclusive Expenses of Purchase to be

paid by Com-
missioners.

the like Utes is performance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expenses of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or in such of such Expenses as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Moneys to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

Executing the
Writs or ob-
taining the
Execution of
Aid.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully obstruct, molest or hinder any Surveyor, Engineer, Workman or Labourer employed by the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, in the Performance of his, her or their Duty or Employment, in the Execution of this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any Person shall wilfully, and to the Prejudice of the said Harbour, break, throw down, destroy or in anywise damage or injure any Pier, Dock, Quay, Refectory, Landing, Machine, Building, Road, Rail Way or other Work whosoever heretofore erected or made, or hereafter to be erected or made, by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, or shall obstruct, hinder or divert the Course of any Stream of Water which at any time before the passing of this Act ran or flowed into the Sea at the said Harbour, other than as shall be done by or under the Direction of the said Commissioners, or shall do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief to obstruct, hinder or prevent the carrying on, completing, supporting, improving and maintaining of the said Harbour, or of any Water or other Works erected under this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offend- ing, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be subject to the like Fines and Penalties as in cases of Felony, and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Law of Ireland, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such lesser Punishment as to such Court shall seem proper.

Entry.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall steal, or fraudulently or unlawfully take from on Board any Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel lying within the present Harbour of Dublin, or within the said intended Aylmer Harbour, or from or upon the Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways leading to or belonging to the said Harbours, or either or any of them, any Rope, Cable, Anchor, Car, Spar or any Tackling, Necessary or Material belonging to any such Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel, or any of the Furniture, Cargo, or Property belonging to or on Board such Ship or Vessel, or any Goods or Property of any Person or Persons whatsoever, which may be lying at, upon or along such Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways, or any of them, without the Consent of the Owner or Owners, or shall steal or unlawfully take as aforesaid any of the Tools, Implements, Materials or other Goods, Chattels or Property used or intended to be used in the said Aylmer Harbour or the Works connected therewith, or belonging thereto, or to the said Commissioners, or to any other Person for the Use of the said Works, that then and in such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, upon Conviction before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Dublin, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Party, or upon Conscience before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, in manner aforesaid, forfeit and pay any Sum not less than Forty Shillings, in the Discretion of such Justice or Commissioners; and in default of Payment thereof, immediately upon said Conviction, then it shall be lawful for the said Justice or Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required to commit the Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, or Common Jail of the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time or term not exceeding Six Months, at the Discretion of such Justice or Commissioners.

Loading Kays,
Marecks,
Tubs, &c.

Fines.
Detention of Pro-
perties.
Imprisonment.

Duties granted
according to
Schedule at-
tached.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid upon or in respect of Ships, Vessels or other Boatsmen coming into the Port or Harbour of Dublin, and upon and in respect of the several Persons, matters and things mentioned, specified and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Duties and Sums of Money mentioned, specified and set forth in the Words and Figures of the said Schedule, in Addition to all other Duties of Customs payable on or in respect of such Ships or Vessels, or such Persons, matters or things respectively, under any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

Exemption of
His Majesty's
Ships.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be con- sidered to extend to any Ships or Vessels belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or that shall or may be employed in His Majesty's Service, or in the Service of the Post Office, Revenue or Customs.

Duties of Tons-
nage on Ships
and on Barges,
the method by
Collector of
Dublin Port, and
paid into Treas-
ury for the
Purposes of Aid.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act and the Schedule thereto annexed granted on Ships or Vessels in respect of the Tonnage thereof, or by Way of Sloopage or City Dues, or Anchorage, and upon Entries, Licenses, Unwinches, Bills of View, Bills of Health, Bonds, Certificates, Affidavits of Registry, Licenses to seaweigh, Debitment and Drawback Papers, and Permits, shall be levied, collected and received, over and above every other Duty now payable thereon, by the Collector or other chief Officer of Customs in the Port of Dublin, and that the said Collector and Comptroller, Receiver of Entries, Surveyors or Searchers, Waiters and all other Officers of the Customs whatever for the time being, or their respective Deputies or Clerks at the said Port or Harbour of Dublin, shall not after the Commencement of the Duties by this Act granted, take or receive any Entry or Certificate, or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outward for any Ship or Vessel liable or subject to the said Duties, until all the said Duties shall be paid pursuant to the Direction of this Act, to the Collector of the Customs in the said Port of Dublin, nor until the Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, subject to the Payment of any of the said Duties, shall show and produce a Receipt for all such Duties accordingly to the Officer required to take any such Entry, Certificate, Discharge, Clearance or Report outwards as aforesaid; and that the said Collector or other chief Officer of the Customs in the Port of Dublin, shall keep a separate and distinct Account of the Amount of all the said Duties to be received by him under this Act, under the Head of "Duties applicable to *Dockyard* " Harbours."

Collector to
keep account
Amount of
Duties.

"Harbour," and that the said Duties shall once in every Week be accounted for by the said Collector or other Chief Officers, and that by him be paid from time to time, in like manner as other Duties of Customs, to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Revenue, to be by him paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, in manner and according to the Regulations hereinafter mentioned.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That for carrying into Execution the several Purposes of this Act, and the Erection and Completion of the said Alphean Harbour, and for the Protection of the said Works until they shall be completed and finished, and also of all Materials to be used therein, and for the Possession of all Persons guilty of any Trespass or Injury to the said Works and Materials, the several Persons heretofore appointed, or who hereafter may be appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, in manner heretofore mentioned, shall for the Purpose of carrying this Act into Execution have all such Powers and Authorities as are given or wished in the Corporation for improving and improving the Port of Dublin, under and by virtue of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious*; and of another Act made in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repairing and improving the Walls of the River Anna Liffey in the City of Dublin, and for amending an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled 'An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious'*; and that all such Powers, Authorities and Regulations, contained in the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and as shall be applicable, requisite and necessary for the carrying this Act into Execution, shall extend and be construed to extend, and shall be applied and made use of in the Execution of this Act, by the Commissioners for executing this Act for the time being, in as full and ample a manner as the said Corporation are enabled to act and do by the said recited Acts or either of them, as if the said Powers, Authorities and Regulations were repeated and enacted in this Act, as fully to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as far as the same are or can be made applicable to the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act shall be subject to all such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Directions as shall from time to time be given to the said Commissioners by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, for and relating to the Execution of this Act.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for executing this Act shall from time to time submit all Plans, Surveys and Estimates which they shall think proper to be commenced or carried on for or towards the Erection or Completion of the said Alphean Harbour, and the other Works connected therewith as aforesaid, to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, for the Approbation of the said Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and whenever any such Plans, Surveys and Estimates shall be so approved of, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, to advance and pay to the Commissioners for executing this Act, out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, from time to time, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds Net, to be repaid with Interest at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, out of the Rates and Duties imposed by this Act on Ships and Vessels entering the said Harbour.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to make such further Advance or Advances from time to time, out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, towards the Completion of the said Harbour, as the Amount of the Rates and Duties hereby imposed for the Support thereof will be sufficient to defray the Interest thereof at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and a Sinking Fund of One Pound per Centum per Annum, upon the whole Amount of such Sum or Sums as shall be so advanced.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That a separate and distinct Account of all Money which shall be paid into the said Exchequer, as account of the said Duties, shall be kept in the said Exchequer, and so much of the said Money as shall be sufficient to answer and pay all Interest and Sinking Fund due at the Rate aforesaid, upon all Sums which shall be so from time to time advanced, shall on the Fifth Day of January in every Year be carried to and made part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, and every such Sum and Sums of Money, arising from the said Duties, as shall exceed the Amount of such Interest and Sinking Fund, shall in like manner be carried to and made part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, towards the Discharge, Redemption and Satisfaction of the principal Sums or Sums so to be advanced, until the whole Amount of such principal Sums and Sums shall be carried to and made part of the said Consolidated Fund, as Discharge, Redemption and full Satisfaction of all such Principal Sums to be so advanced and in Payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund thereof in the Manner, and time when the whole of all such Principal Sums and Interest as aforesaid shall be so discharged, repaid and finished in manner aforesaid, all the said Duties shall cease and determine, and to be no longer leviable or payable under Authority of this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Penalty and Forfeiture imposed or to be imposed by virtue of this Act, the Levying and Recovery whereof is not particularly heretofore directed, shall and may be recovered on the Commission of the Offences, by the Oath of One credible Witness, or on his own Confession before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or before any One Justice of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be, and every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall and may, in case of Nonpayment thereof, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Duties.

Powers of the Commissioners.

Powers of 26 G. 3. (1)

21 G. 3. (1)

Applied to Execution of Act.

Proviso.

Lord Lieutenant may order Advances to carry out the Plans approved of by him and the Treasury.

Lord Lieutenant may advance further Sums of Money on Credit of Rates. 18s.

The Sums to be advanced and Sums are laid down to pay the Annual Interest, to the Payment of which and the Liquidation of the Principal all the Duties shall be applied as aforesaid.

Recovery of Fines.

Goods and Effects of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Commissioners or Justice of the Peace, and such Commissioners and Justice are and is lawfully authorised and required to examine Witnesses upon Oath, and to hear and determine all Complaints, touching any such Offence or Offences, and every Fine, Forfeiture and Penalty (the Application whereof is not heretofore particularly directed) shall be paid into the Hands of the Secretary to the Commissioners, and shall be applied and disposed of to the Purposes of this Act, and the Outgoings of the Money raised by such Duties and Sums, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Effects to be assessed; and for want of sufficient Duties, or in case the Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Justice by Warrant under their or his Hand, to commit such Offender to the Carriers Jail or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Commission shall be had for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, the form of Commission shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

“*BE it remembered, That on this* _____ *Day of* _____ *in the* _____
 “*Year of the Reign of* _____ *A. D. is consisted before me* [or *us*] *the* _____
 “*Mayor, [Magistrate, or Justice or Justices of the Peace,] for the* _____ *of having* [here state
 “*the Offence,] contrary to an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the* _____
 “*Third, intitled* [here insert the Title of this Act,] *and I* [or *we*] *the said* _____ *do adjudge him,*
 “*[her, or them] to* [here state the Punishment]. *Given under my Hand and Seal* [or *our Hands and Seals*]
 “*the Day and Year above written.*”

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons committed before the said Commissioners or any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justice of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions, or General Session, to be holden for the said County of the City of Dublin, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and stating full and true Security to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, for being personally present at such General Quarter Sessions or General Session, and for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and for abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and the Justices at such Sessions are hereby authorised and required to hear and determine the matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and to make such Determination therein, and either to confirm or quash or amend the said Commission, and to award such Costs to either of the Parties or otherwise, as they the said Justices shall judge proper; and all such Determinations shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Parties to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, until Twenty one Days' Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the said Commissioners, nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action shall be brought in some One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, and shall be laid in the County of Dublin and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants in such Actions or Suits shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the special matter in Evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, and if the same shall appear so to be done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought without Twenty one Days' Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict should pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have double Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other case of Law.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, out of the Funds appropriated for the Purposes of this Act, to reimburse and repay all and every Person or Persons who have heretofore been concerned in forwarding and carrying on the said Plan of an Asylum Harbour, for all such Loss of time, Trouble and Expence, as they may have from time to time been at, in furtherance of such Object, and the Expence of obtaining and passing this Act, and to take Credit for the same in the Accounts accordingly.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	sterling Currency.
For every Foreign Ship or Vessel, or those belonging to Foreigners, which shall enter the Port or Harbour of Dublin, a Duty as the Burthen of the said Ship or Vessel, per Ton, of	0 0 6
For every Ship or Vessel, or Ships and Vessels belonging to Subjects of His Majesty, which shall enter the said Port or Harbour, for their freighted with Goods, and carrying Coastways, a Duty on each Burthen, per Ton, of	0 0 4
For every Ship or Vessel freighted with Goods, and for every Vessel coming Coastways from any Port or Island, which shall respectively enter the said Port or Harbour, a Duty as each Burthen, per Ton, of	0 0 2
For all Entries of any Goods, Wares or Merchandises, which shall be made or entered at any Custom House within the Port and Harbour of Dublin, whether such Entry be towards or outwards, for every such Entry, a Duty of	0 1 0
For each and every Invoice, Outward, Coast Cocket, Cross-Channel Cocket, General Receipt, Tobacco or any other Receipt, and Leggage Permit, which may be had, got, pulled or procured at any such Custom House, a Duty of	0 2 0
For each and every Coast Permit and Cross-Channel Permit, a Duty of	0 2 0
For each and every Bond, whether towards or outwards, for Malters' and Mates' Bond, a Duty of	0 2 0
For each and every Bond called a Malters' and Mates' Bond, a Duty of	0 7 6
For Malters and Mates' Certificate, and for Certificates of Registry, on each a Duty of	0 7 6
For each and every Ship which shall enter the said Port and Harbour of Dublin, for Anchorage, Stowage and Cry Duty, a Sum or Duty of	0 7 6
For each and every Bill of View, Store Note, and for the Papers called Debenture Papers and Drawback Papers, and for every Affidavit of Registry and Bill of Health, a Duty of	0 9 6
For every License to navigate, a Duty of	0 10 0
For every Traffic Certificate, a Duty of	0 10 0

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to regulate the General Penitentiary for Convicts, at *Middlesex*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[22 June 1816.]

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the Erection of a Penitentiary House for the Confinement of Offenders committed within the City of London and County of Middlesex, and which Act, by the Provisions thereof, was extended also to Offenders committed in other Parts of England and Wales, a Penitentiary has been erected at *Middlesex*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Confinement and Employment of Male and Female Convicts; and the same is now completed for the Reception of a Part of the Number intended to be confined therein: And Whereas under and by virtue of the Powers contained in the said Act, His Majesty in Council has been pleased to appoint a Commissioner to superintend the said Penitentiary: And Whereas the Number of Convicts who may be confined in the said Penitentiary may consequently be increased, without any Enlargement of the Building; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for that Purpose: And Whereas it is also expedient that other and further Provisions should be made, for the due Regulation of the said Penitentiary, and of the Convicts to be confined therein: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Provisions in the said Act contained, in so far as they relate to the Number of Convicts who may be confined in the said Penitentiary, and to the Confinement, Employment and Management of the Convicts in the said Penitentiary, and the Establishment and Duties of Officers belonging to the same, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Superintenders appointed under the said recited Act, and they are hereby empowered, to make Accommodations in the said Penitentiary for the Confinement and Employment of Four Hundred Male and a like Number of Female Convicts, making in the whole Eight Hundred Convicts, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and that any Number of Convicts, not exceeding Two Hundred Male and Four Hundred Female Convicts, may, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, be imprisoned at one and the same time in the said Prison or Penitentiary, and confined, employed and managed therein, under the Provisions of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner which has been nominated and appointed by His Majesty in His Privy Council to superintend the said Penitentiary, shall remain and continue the Commissioner for that Purpose until a new Nomination or Appointment shall take place; and that it shall be lawful for His Majesty

13 G. 2 c. 46.

14.

Comms. Penitentiary of recited Act repealed.

Superintenders may make Accommodations for 400 Male and 400 Female Convicts, who may be confined in the said Penitentiary at the same time.

Commissioner to remain until another is appointed.

5 Y 2

Majesty

for that Purpose, and shall be by them compared with the several Receipts and other Vouchers relating thereto, and shall be verified by such Governor and Officers upon Oath, if required, before such Committee, and shall, when approved by such Committee, be allowed and signed by any Three of them; and if such Committee shall disapprove of any Articles in such Accounts, they shall disallow the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall suspect any fraudulent or improper Charges in any Accounts of the said Governor, other Officer or Servant, or any Omission therein, they may examine upon Oath the said Governor, or any other Officer or Servant belonging to such Penitentiary, or any of the Persons employed about the same, or any Persons of whom any Stocks, Materials, or other things have been purchased for the Use of such Penitentiary, or any Persons to whom any Stocks, Materials or other things belonging to the said Penitentiary, or the Officers thereof, have been sold, or any of the Comports contained in such Penitentiary, or any other Persons, touching any of the Articles contained in such Accounts, or any Omission therein, or any thing relative thereto; and in case there shall appear in any such Accounts any false Entry knowingly or wilfully made, or any fraudulent Omissions therein, or any other Fraud whatsoever, or any Collusion between any Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, belonging to such Penitentiary, or between any such Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, and any other Person or Persons, in any matter relative thereto, then besides the private Satisfaction in Damages which the Parties or Party injured may be entitled to recover by Law, the said Committee may decide any such Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, who shall in them appear to have been guilty of any such false Entry, Omission, Fraud or Collusion, and appoint another or others in his, her or their stead; and if the said Committee shall so find, they shall cause an Indictment or Indictments to be preferred against the Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons, so offending, at the next Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for the County wherein the said Penitentiary is situated, or for any other adjoining County; and in case such Person or Persons so indicted shall be found guilty of such Offence or Offences, he, she or they shall be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Penitentiary, or a sufficient Part thereof, shall be fixed and completed for the Reception of Convicts, and proper Officers shall be appointed for the Care and Management thereof, the said Committee shall certify, under their Hands and Seals, to His Majesty, through the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, that such Penitentiary is so fixed and completed, and that such Officers have been appointed; and after the making of such Certificate, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by an Order in Writing, to be signed by the said Secretary of State, to direct, that any Person who may be under Sentence or Order of Transportation, for any Offence committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales, and who, having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, shall appear to be free from any potent or infectious Distemper, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prison in which such Person may be confined, shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, there to remain and continue for and during the Term of Five Years, in case such Convict shall be under Sentence or Order of Transportation for Seven Years only, and for and during the Term of Seven Years, in case such Convict shall be under such Sentence or Order for Fourteen Years; and for and during the Term of Ten Years, in case such Convict shall be under such Sentence or Order for Life.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Convict shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for the Term of Seven Years, shall previously to his or her being removed to the said Penitentiary, have been kept confined in some other Gaol or Prison, during a Part of such Term, such Convict shall be confined in the said Penitentiary under this Act for Five Sixths Part of the Residue of his or her Term of Seven Years' Transportation, remaining unexpired, when he or she shall be removed into the said Penitentiary; excluding nevertheless from the Computation of such reduced Period of Confinement, any fractional Part of a Week which may elapse from such Reduction; and in case any Convict shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for the Term of Fourteen Years, &c., previously to his or her being removed, have been kept confined in some other Gaol or Prison during a Part of such Term, such Convict shall be confined in the said Penitentiary under this Act for One Half of the Residue of his or her Term of Fourteen Years' Transportation remaining unexpired, when he or she shall be removed into the said Penitentiary; excluding nevertheless from the Computation of such reduced Period of Confinement any fractional Part of a Day which may elapse from such Reduction; and in the case of any Convict who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for Life, shall be removed to the said Penitentiary for the Term of Ten Years as aforesaid, such Term of Ten Years shall be computed from the time of his or her being received into the said Penitentiary.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff or Gaoler having the Custody of any Convict, whose Removal shall be ordered in manner aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after the Receipt of the Notification of any such Order, convey or cause to be conveyed every such Convict to the said Penitentiary, and there deliver him to the Governor thereof, together with a true Copy, attested by such Sheriff or Gaoler, of the Caption and Order of the Court below which such Convict was tried, containing the Sentence or Order of Transportation of such Convict, by virtue whereof he shall be in the Custody of such Sheriff or Gaoler, and also a Certificate containing his or her Age, and an Account of his or her Behaviour in Prison, before and after Trial, and the Gaoler's Observations on his or her Temper and Disposition, and such Information concerning his or her Connections and former Course of Life as may have come to the Knowledge of such Gaoler; and the Governor of the said Penitentiary shall give a proper Receipt in Writing to the Sheriff or Gaoler, for the Delivery of such Sheriff or Gaoler.

XVI. And

Books to be kept, &c.

Committee may examine Officers and Servants, &c. upon Oath, and may decide and punish for Fraud or Collusion.

Indictment against such Officers, &c.

Fine and Imprisonment.

Committee to certify to Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, when Penitentiary shall be fit for Reception of Convicts.

Periods of Confinement.

Regulations as to time of Confinement of Convicts removed to Transportation, and removed in reduced term &c.

Sheriff or Gaoler to deliver Convicts to Penitentiary without Delay.

Governor to give a Discharge.

Expense of Removal paid by County, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all reasonable Expences which the Sheriff or Gaoler shall incur in every such Removal, shall be paid by the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, for which the Court in which the Party was committed shall have been holden; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expences from the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, such Expences being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in that behalf.

Commitment to House of Peers over Committed to his Custody as Sheriff or Gaoler.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That after Delivery of any such Committed as aforesaid into the Custody to which he or she shall be so ordered as aforesaid, such Governor, or other Person having the Custody of such Committed under his Direction, shall, during the Term for which such Committed shall be ordered to remain in his Custody, have the same Powers over such Committed as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler; and in case of any Absence of such Custody, or other Misbehaviour or Negligence in the Discharge of his Office, shall be liable to the same Punishment as a Gaoler is now liable to by Law.

Before Committed may be removed from and returned to Penitentiary after Recovery, as in case of other Prisoners in Goals.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Committed confined in the said Penitentiary shall become insane during such Confinement, and be so reported by the Commissee to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State to order and cause such insane Committed to be immediately removed to some proper Place of Confinement; and upon Recovery to be returned to such Penitentiary, in the same manner as in the case of any Prisoner becoming insane, after and while under Sentence, in any other Goal or Prison.

Committed when brought to be separately lodged and treated, not to be by the Surgeon.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That when any Committed who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary shall be brought thither in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he or she shall be separately lodged and washed, dressed and parried, and shall then be examined by the Surgeon or Apothecary, and shall continue in such separate Lodging until it be certified by such Surgeon or Apothecary that he or she is fit to be received among the other Committed, or until he or she shall be removed to the Infirmary; and the Clothes in which he or she shall then be clothed shall be burnt, if necessary, or otherwise shall be sold and disposed of, at the Discretion of the Governor, and the Produce thereof shall be accounted for to the Commissee aforesaid, and shall be by them directed to be carried by the said Governor to the Account of the said Committed in the Books of the said Penitentiary; and such Committed shall not be detained at the End or other Determination of his or her Term, if he or she shall then labour under any acute or dangerous Disorder, unless at his or her Request; and when such Committed shall be finally discharged, such decent Clothing, as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Commissee aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Committed; and also such Sum of Money for his or her moderate Subsistence, as the said Commissee shall think proper, so as such Sum shall not exceed Three Pounds; and if such Committed, at the End or other Determination of his or her Term, shall procure any substantial Housekeeper or other reputable Person, to take him or her into Service, or provide work or her with proper Employment for One Year then next ensuing, the same to be approved by the Commissee aforesaid, he or she, having served accordingly, shall be entitled at the End of the Year to such other Sum of Money, not exceeding the like Sum of Three Pounds, as the said Commissee shall think fit.

When discharged to be furnished with decent Clothing. Allowance.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every such Governor of the said Penitentiary shall, during the Term for which such Committed shall remain in such Custody, keep him or her to Labour of such kind as the Commissee before mentioned shall direct and appoint; and if the Work to be performed by any such Committed shall be of such a Nature as may require previous Instruction, proper Persons shall be provided to give the same, by Order of the said Commissee, to whom a suitable Allowance shall be made.

Committed to be lodged.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That such Committed as shall be sent to the said Penitentiary shall, during the Hours of Labour, be separated from each other, or shall work together in Companies composed of more or fewer Persons in Number, in such manner as the New Laws established as aforesaid by the Commissee shall prescribe; and that all Committed, not confined in the Infirmary, shall during their Hours of Rest be kept entirely separate and apart from each other, and be lodged in separate Rooms or Cells; except in cases in which it may be deemed expedient to place Two or more Prisoners together on account of the Health or State of Mind of One of such Prisoners.

Hours of Work.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That such Committed shall be employed in Work at the said Penitentiary, every Day in the Year, except *Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, All Saints Day*, and any Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also except such Days when ill Health will not allow of their working; and the Hours of work in each Day shall not exceed Eight Hours in the Months of *November, December and January*, Nine Hours in the Months of *February and October*, and Ten Hours and an Half in the Rest of the Year (exclusive of the time allowed for Meals): Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissee, by a written Order, to permit any Committed to labour voluntarily for a longer time than is herein mentioned, upon such Conditions as shall in the said Order be expressed.

Fines.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissee to allow to any of the Committed confined in the said Penitentiary, as a Reward and Encouragement, any Part or Portion of the Profits arising from their Labour, not exceeding such Proportion thereof as shall be approved of and allowed by the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; subject to such Conditions and Regulations as the said Commissee shall direct and appoint.

Remission Committed for Disgrace, &c.

Dividing Committed into Classes.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Committed to be sent to the said Penitentiary shall be divided into Two Classes, which shall be called the First and Second Class; for which Purpose, the time for which such Committed shall be severally ordered to be confined, shall be divided into Two equal Parts, and during the first Part of the time of the Imprisonment, he or she shall be ranked in the First Class,

and during the Second Part of such time, he or she shall be ranked in the Second Class; and the Confinement of such Convicts as shall from time to time be ranked in the First Class shall be more strict, and the Confinement of the Convicts in the Second Class shall be more moderate; which several Degrees of Confinement for each Class shall be settled by the said Committee, by Orders or Regulations to be approved of in manner above said: Provided always, that if the said Committee shall at any time observe, or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the said Convicts who are ranked in the said First Class, it shall be lawful for the said Committee to order such Convict to be transferred to the Second Class, for the remainder of the Term for which he or she was ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary, although such Convict may not have completed the Period of his or her Imprisonment in the said First Class.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall at any time observe or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the Convicts under their Inspection, who shall be ranked in the said Second Class or Convicts, the Committee shall report the same in Writing to the Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may recommend such Convict to His Majesty as an Object of the Royal Mercy, or for such Condition as to Him shall seem meet.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Convict who shall be ordered to such Penitentiary shall, during the time of his or her Confinement therein, be fed and furnished with a sufficient Quantity of coarse but wholesome Food, and also be clothed with a coarse and uniform Apparel, with any distinguishing Marks which may be deemed useful to facilitate Discovery in case of Escape, the whole to be ordered in such manner as the Committee aforesaid shall from time to time appoint; and no such Convict shall during the time of his or her Confinement be permitted to have any other Food, Drink or Clothing, than such as shall be so appointed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person except the Officers, or Servants of the Penitentiary, or such Person or Persons as shall be authorised according to the Regulations established by the said Committee, shall be permitted at any time to enter any of the Apartments or Court Yards allotted to the Convicts, or to hold Conversation or Communications with any of them.

XXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor of the said Penitentiary to employ, with the Consent of the said Committee, any of the Convicts aforesaid, and that they be ranked in the Second Class, as Overseers, or Assistants, in the management of the Works, and the Care of their Fellow Convicts, instead of their being confined to such their Daily Labour as aforesaid.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary shall supply any of the Convicts therein with any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or with any Spirituous or other Liquours whatsoever, except such Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet as the Governor of the Penitentiary shall from time to time permit or direct, and except such Diet and Liquours as the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such Penitentiary shall think proper to order for any such Convict, in case of Illness; and in case any such Officer or Servant shall be found guilty of carrying in any such Convict, or of knowingly permitting to be carried to any such Convict, any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or Liquours whatsoever, contrary to the tenor of this Act, such Officer or Servant shall immediately be suspended by the said Governor, who shall report the same to the Committee at their next Meeting; and such Committee shall inquire thereof upon Oath, and shall punish such Officer or Servant by Forfeiture of Office, and by any Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, or by either of such Penalties, as the said Committee shall in their Discretion think proper; and if any other Person or Persons shall wilfully supply any such Convict, at any time during the Term of his or her Confinement with any Food, Drink or Clothing, other than such as shall have been appointed by the Committee as aforesaid, or with any Money, he or she be for supplying such Convict shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, not less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the said Committee.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Chaplain shall read Prayer, and preach a Sermon both Morning and Evening, in the Chapel of such Penitentiary, on every Sunday in the Year, and also on every Christmas Day, Good Friday, and All Saints Day, and on every Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving; and all the Convicts confined in such Penitentiary, who shall not be disabled by Illness, or whose Attendance shall not be dispensed with by the Committee, shall attend the said Prayers and Sermons, which shall also be attended by the Resident Officers and by the Servants of such Penitentiary, or such of them as can be spared from their several Employments, and shall not be prevented by Illness; and the said Chaplain shall visit such Convicts, under such Regulations as may be prescribed by the said Committee, for their moral and religious Education.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Chaplain of the said Penitentiary, or such other Person as shall act for or still him, and no others, to baptize all Children born, and bury all Persons who shall die therein, or in any Buildings or Premises belonging to or making Part of the said Penitentiary, and to perform Divine Service and administer the Sacrament according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, within the said Penitentiary; and such Chaplain shall keep an accurate Register of all such Baptisms and of all such Burials, and shall Once in each Month transmit a Copy thereof to the Incumbent of the Church of Saint John the Evangelist in Whitehall, or his Curate, in the Attendance of such Incumbent, who shall, as soon after the Receipt thereof as can conveniently be, cause the same in the Register of the said Parish; and it shall be lawful for the said Committee to order and direct that an Allowance shall be made to such Incumbent for making each such Entry, according to the Custom in like cases in the said Parish.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Convicts ordered to be confined in such Penitentiary shall be permitted to walk and air themselves in the walled Yards or Grounds belonging thereto, for such stated time as their Health may require, and the Regulations of such Penitentiary shall permit.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Convict shall appear to be sick, he or she shall be visited by the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such Penitentiary, and if the Sickened be found to be real,

Proble.

Committee to inspect Convicts, who shall recommend any Diligence.

How Convicts shall be fed and clothed.

None but Officers and Servants to enter any of the Apartments. Governor may employ Convicts as Assistants.

Officers or Servants supplying any Convict with Money, Provisions or Diet, contrary to Act.

Penalties.

Fine. Other Persons offending.

Penalty.

Chaplain to read Morning and Evening Prayers, and preach Two Sermons on Sundays, &c.

Chaplain may baptize, bury, &c. in Penitentiary.

To keep Register, and transmit Copy monthly to Incumbent of Parish, who is to enter same in Register.

Allowance for visiting Convicts to walk and air themselves. Convicts when sick, to be visited by Sur.

gon; and if
Secretary, first
to Informer.

the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall report the same to the Governor, who shall, if the Sickened be of such a Nature as to require it, order such Convict to be sent to the Infirmary belonging to such Penitentiary, and his or her Name to be entered in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose; and when such Convict shall have so recovered his or her Health as that the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall judge him or her to be in a proper condition to quit the Infirmary, and to return to his or her Employment, and the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall so report, the said Governor shall order such Convict to be brought back to his or her Cell, and to be again employed in Labour, in far as shall be consistent with the Health of such Convict.

Committee to
examine into
State of Peni-
tentiary, and in-
spect Accounts.
Governor em-
powered to hear
Complaints of
various Officers.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee, at every Meeting at which Three of them at the least shall be present, shall acquire into the State of such Penitentiary, and shall inspect the Accounts of the Governor and other Officers, and also examine into their Conduct, into the Management of such Penitentiary, and into the Behaviour of the Convicts confined therein.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences committed by any of the Convicts confined therein; (that is to say,) Disobedience of any of the Orders established for the said Penitentiary; Assaults by one Person confined in such Penitentiary upon another, when no dangerous Weapon or Bruise is given; gross and Contumacious and Swearing, or indecent Behaviour; Absence from Chapel, or irreverent Behaviour there; and Idleness or Negligence in Work, or wilful Mismanagement of it, or wastes Damage or Injury to the Prison or Furniture thereof; all which are declared to be Offences by this Act; and the said Governor may examine any Person touching such Offences, and may determine thereupon, and may punish such Offenders by ordering the Offender to close Confinement in a dark Cell, or by keeping him or her upon Bread and Water only, or by both such Punishments, for any Term not exceeding Three Days.

Examiner of
Prisoners con-
fined by Go-
vernment, and re-
ported in Com-
mission.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Convict who shall be confined in any such Penitentiary shall, during the Term for which he shall be so confined, be guilty of any Offence which the Governor of such Penitentiary is not lawfully authorized to punish, or for which the Punishment which such Governor is hereby authorized to inflict, shall by such Governor be deemed not sufficient, by reason of the Excess of the Offence, or the Repetition thereof, such Governor may confine such Offender either in his or her own Cell, or in a dark Cell belonging to such Penitentiary, till the next Meeting of the said Committee, and shall in such case report such Offence, with the time and particular Circumstances thereof, and the Name of the Offender, to the said Committee; and such Committee shall have Power to acquire upon Oath, and determine, concerning all such Offences so reported to them as aforesaid, and may order any such Offender to be punished by close Confinement in a dark Cell, with Bread and Water only for Sufficient, for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by removing such Offenders, if confined in the Second Class, into the First Class, or by both such Punishments; and in case of Removal into the First Class, the Offender shall, from the time of making such Order of Removal, remain in such First Class, until he or she be referred to the Second Class by Order of the Committee, or until the Term of his or her Confinement shall be completed.

Committee may
inquire upon
Oath.
Punishment.

Committee may
administer
Oath.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That whosoever by this Act the said Committee, or any Three of them, are empowered or directed to make any Inquiry or receive any Proof upon Oath, any One of the said Committee is lawfully authorized to tender and administer such Oath; and any Three of the said Committee may summon or cause to be summoned such Witnesses, as they shall think meet, to appear and give Evidence before them; and if any Person, being duly summoned, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or being present and competent to be a Witness shall refuse to be sworn, or being sworn shall refuse to give Evidence, such Person shall forfeit any Sum not less than Twenty Shillings, nor more than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Committee.

Persons relating
to be sworn.
Penalty.

Governor to
keep regular
Books.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of the said Penitentiary shall keep a regular Book or Books, in which shall be entered the Names of all and every the Prison or Persons who shall be in his Custody, the Offences of which they shall have been guilty, the Court before which each Person was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, Bodily Estate, and Behaviour of every such Convict while in Custody; and also the Names of all and every the Prison or Persons who shall have died under such Custody, or shall have escaped from such Place of Confinement, or shall have been discharged from thence by Order from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or otherwise; from which Books Returns shall be made of the Particulars mentioned above, on the First Day of every Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and shall be verified on the Oath of the Person making the same.

Eldest.
Deputies.
Returns to K. B.
verified on Oath.

Reports shall be
made The King in
Council, and
each House of
Parliament.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall at the Beginning of every Session make a faithful Report to the King in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, specifying the State of the Buildings, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Officers, the Treatment and Condition of the Convicts, the Amount of their Earnings, and the Expenses of such Penitentiary, and also in matters of expense or pressing Necessity, shall and may make a Special Report thereof to the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench.

Eye Laws,
Kaleas, and re-
ferred to The
King in Council,
and to both
Houses of Par-
liament.
Penitentiary ex-
amination Pub-
lic and Parlia-
mentary.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye Laws, Rules or Regulations, made under the Authority of this Act, and all Alterations therein or Additions thereto, within Thirty days after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament after such Bye Laws, Rules and Regulations, or Alterations or Additions, shall have been confirmed by the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, as hereinafter is directed.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Penitentiary, and all the Buildings and inclosed Area and Appurtenances belonging thereto and making Part thereof, shall be and they are hereby declared to be wholly freed and exempt from all Public and Parochial Taxes, Rates, Assessments and Charges whatsoever, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or which may hereafter be passed in relation to any Public or Parochial

Parochial Taxes, Rates or Assessments, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Person belonging to or employed in the said Penitentiary, and so Child born therein, shall thereby gain a Settlement in the Parish in which the said Penitentiary is Situated.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That an Account of the Expenses of carrying this Act into Execution shall be annually laid before the House of Commons, and after deducting therefrom each Profit as may have arisen from the Earnings of the Convicts, over and above the Expenses occasioned by their Labour, and any Allowances which shall have been made to such Convicts, or to the Officers superintending such Labour, by Order of the Committee, the Residue shall be provided for in the next Supplies to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or in his or her Conveyance to such Place of Confinement, or from the Prison or Persons having the lawful Custody of such Convict, he or she for breaking Prison or escaping shall be punished by an Addition of Three Years to the Term for which he or she at the time of his or her Breach of Prison or Escape was subject to be confined; and if such Convict be punished by such Addition to the Term of Confinement shall afterwards be convicted of a Second Escape or Breach of Prison, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall induce any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined within the said Penitentiary, either during the time of his or her Conveyance to the said Penitentiary, or whilst such Convict shall be in the Custody of the Prison or Persons under whole Care and Charge he or she shall be so confined; or if any Person shall be aiding or assisting in any such Release, every such Person for releasing, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony, and may be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary for any Term not less than One Year, nor exceeding Five Years; and if any Person having the Custody of any such Convict as aforesaid, or being employed by the Prison having such Custody as a Keeper, Under-keeper, Turnkey, Assistant or Guard, shall voluntarily permit such Convict to escape; or if any Person whatsoever shall, by supplying Arms, Tools or Instruments of Disguise, or otherwise be in any manner aiding and assisting to any such Convict in any Escape, or in any Attempt to make an Escape, though no Escape be actually made, or shall attempt to release any such Convict, or be aiding and assisting in any such Attempt, though no Release be actually made, every such Person so permitting, attempting, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony; and if any Person having such Custody, or being so employed by the Prison having such Custody as aforesaid, shall negligently permit any such Convict to escape, such Person so permitting shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being lawfully convicted of the same, shall be liable to Fine or Imprisonment, or to both, at the Discretion of the Court.

XLV. And to the Intent that the Prosecution for Escapes, Breaches of Prison, and Releases, may be carried on with as little Trouble and Expense as possible, be it further enacted, That any Convict escaping, breaking Prison, or being released in manner aforesaid, may and shall be tried before the Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at the Great Sessions, either for the County where he or she shall be apprehended and taken, or for the County in which the said Offence shall have been committed; and in case of any Prosecution for any such Escape, Attempt to escape, Breach of Prison, or Release, either against the Convict escaping or attempting to escape, or having broken Prison, or being released, or against any other Person or Persons concerned therein, or aiding, abetting or assisting the same, a Copy properly attested, of the Order of Commitment to such Penitentiary shall, after Proof made that the Person then in question before the Court is the same that was delivered with such Order, be sufficient Evidence to the Court and Jury that the Person then in question was ordered to such Confinement.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear to the said Committee, or to any Member thereof, who shall be appointed a Visitor as aforesaid, that the Commission within the said Penitentiary of any Person, not being an Officer or Servant of the said Penitentiary or a Convict confined therein, is incompetent or objectionable, it shall and may be lawful for such Committee or Visitor, by an Order in Writing to direct such Person to quit such Penitentiary; and in case such Person shall refuse or neglect to do within Six Hours after the Receipt of such Order, it shall and may be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, sitting in and for the County of Middlesex, on Application from such Committee or such Visitor, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to authorize and empower any Person to whom such Warrant shall be directed, forthwith to remove such Person from and out of the said Penitentiary.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Penitentiary shall be regulated by the Provisions in this Act contained; and no other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Goals, Prisons or Houses of Correction, or any Clauses, Provisions, Regulations, Penalties or Forfeitures, contained in any such Act or Acts, shall extend or be construed to extend to the said Penitentiary, except so far as any such Acts, Clauses, Provisions or Regulations are by this Act referred to and made applicable to the Purposes of this Act, or to the said Penitentiary, or to any Person belonging to or confined as Convicts therein.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That any pecuniary Penalties created by this Act, for the Recovery of which an Oath is heretofore prescribed, shall be recoverable before Two or more Justices of the Peace in the County in which the Offence shall be committed, on Proof of the Offence by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnicks; or on Confession of the Offender; and One Moiety thereof shall be paid to the Use of the Penitentiary, and the other Moiety to the Informer or Informers prosecuting for the same, and in case of Non payment, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of such Justices; and the Overplus of the Money raised, after deducting the Penalty and Expenses of the Distress and Sale, shall be ordered to the Owner;

Expenses of executing this Act, laid before House of Commons.

Convicts breaking Prison or escaping.

Penitentiary.

Refusing or attempting to release Convicts.

Felony. Officers permitting Escape. Supplying Means of Escape.

Felony. Misdemeanor. Penitentiary.

Modes of Trial and Convictions.

Extents of Office of Commissioners.

Committee or Visitor may direct any Person not being Officer or Servant of Penitentiary, to quit Penitentiary.

Other Acts in relation to Goals, Prisons or Houses of Correction apply to Penitentiary.

Recovery of Penalties.

Distress.

Justices
Duties,
Impairment.

and for want of sufficient Ditties, the Offender shall be sent by such Justice, to the Prison of such County, for such Term not exceeding Six Months, nor less than One Month, as such Justice shall think most proper.

General Issue.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of all other Acts of Parliament for the rendering Justice of Peace more safe in the Execution of their Offices, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Persons nominated to form Part of the said Committee for superintending the said Penitentiary, and to the Governors thereof, so as that no Action shall be brought against any such Person or Persons for any thing done under this Act, without Notice, to enable him or them to answer Amends; and if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act or the Special matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or discontinuance has, law or those Adverse or Adverses after Issue joined, or if on Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and though a Verdict shall be given for any Plaintiff in any such Action or Suit, as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge, before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Trial by Jury.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

Act may be altered, &c.

LI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered or amended by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to repeal several Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain, and to amend other Acts relating thereto. [22d June 1816.]

43 G. 3. c. 80.
enact 48.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to render more effectual Two Acts made in this present Session of Parliament, for the more speedy completing the Militia of Great Britain, and for raising an additional Military Force for the better Defence of the United Kingdom*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the speedy completing the Militia of Great Britain, and increasing the same under various Limitations and Restrictions*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for completing the Militia of Great Britain, and to make further Provision for completing the said Militia*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intitled, *An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to exist annually out the regular Forces, and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts passed in the Forty third, Forty seventh, Forty sixth, Fiftieth and Fifty first Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, except so much of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid as relates to ballotted Men refusing to be examined as to their Fitness to serve in the Militia, and so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as relates to the continuing the Allowances to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in *England and Scotland* raised after the passing of the said Act, to ballotted Men only, should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Acts of the Forty third, Forty seventh, Forty sixth, Fiftieth and Fifty first Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, except so much of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid as relates to ballotted Men refusing to be examined as to their Fitness to serve in the Militia, and so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty first Year aforesaid as continues the Allowances to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in *England and Scotland*, raised after the passing of the said Act, to ballotted Men only, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

43 G. 3. c. 80.
enact 48.

43 G. 3. c. 80.
48.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain, as enables that no ballotted Men shall be exempt from serving in the Militia of Great Britain, on reason of being under the Height of Five Feet Four Inches, provided such Men shall be of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

The Majesty
may dispense
with calling out
Militia in the
present Year.

III. And Whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to dispense with the training and exercising of the Militia in the present Year: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council, to suspend the calling out of the Militia of Great Britain, in the present Year, for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, and to order and direct that no training or exercising of the Militia shall take place in the present Year; any thing contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Militia, to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And

IV. And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Act as to appointing Courts Martial should be extended for the Trial of any Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers and Private Men of the Militia retained on Permanent Pay: Be it therefore enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations and Clauses in the said last recited Act contained, in relation to Courts Martial, and to the appointing, assembling and attending of Courts Martial under the said Act, shall extend and be in full force, and apply to the Trial and Prosecution of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers or Private Men of the Militia of Great Britain, remaining on permanent Pay, while the Militia to which they shall belong shall be disbanded, for all Offences committed against any Law in force for the Punishment of Misdemeanors and Felonies, or any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, as if all such Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations and Clauses were severally and separately repeated and prescribed in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Militia, who shall at any time have deserted from the Militia, shall be liable to be used and punished for such Desertion as if any one thereafter whenever they shall be apprehended, although no Charges shall have been made out or preferred according to the Provisions of the said last recited Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXV.

An Act to explain and amend the Acts for granting Duties on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, so far as extend to the due Assessment and Collection of the Duties for past Years; for conferring certain Abolishments already made of the said Duties, and exempting Collectors' Bonds from the Stamp Duties. [22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made in respect of the Duties and Arrears of the Duties charged or to be charged on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, granted by certain Acts passed in the Forty-third, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth and Fifty-fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and continued until and upon the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so which Day the same expired: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Provisions contained in the said several Acts heretofore mentioned, or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts relating to the said Duties, shall continue in force for the Purpose of duly charging the said Duties on all Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and on all Companies, Partnerships or Societies of Persons which shall not have been respectively charged to the said Duties before the passing of this Act; and which ought to have been charged to the said Duties for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or for any prior Year since the passing of the said Acts, and until such Assessments shall be duly made for each Year or Years, and shall be null and void as if the said Duties had not expired; and all and every the Clauses, Rules, matters and things, which are contained in any of the said Acts, shall continue to be in full force, and shall be severally applied, practised and put in Execution for the assessing, taxing, levying, collecting and paying the said Duties which shall be charged after the passing of this Act for any Year or Years before mentioned; and also for the levying, collecting and paying all and every the Arrears of the said Duties which shall have been charged before the passing of this Act, and which shall be to Arrear and unpaid at the time of passing this Act; and for the suing for, recovering and recovering any Penalty or Forfeiture which shall have been or may be incurred in respect of any Assessment made or to be made for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; or in respect of any Assessment for any prior Year as aforesaid; and also for applying the Monies arising from the said Duties, and which shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer after the passing of this Act, in like manner as is directed by the said Acts.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions contained in the said several Acts relating to the said Duties shall continue in force for the Purpose of hearing all Appeals against Assessments to be made after the passing of this Act for any Year or Years as before mentioned; and also for the Purpose of granting Abolishments on Account of any Denomination of Income in each Year, as directed by the said several Acts, or any of them.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions contained in the said Acts shall continue in force for the making all such Returns of Assessments made under the said Acts or in pursuance of this Act, and other matters touching the Execution of the said Acts, or relating to the said Duties, to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, as are directed to be made by the said Acts; and also for returning Duplicate to the Receivers General and the Officers of The King's Remembrancer; and also for the returning, auditing, examining, taxing and declaring the Accounts of any Receiver of the said Duties, as if the said Duties had not expired.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Receiver of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, shall in his or their Account of the Monies raised or to be raised under the said several Acts or any of them, relating to the said Duties for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be allowed or admitted to set up as a Charge any County, Division or Place in Great Britain, for any of the said Duties which shall be unpaid, unless such Accounts shall be declared and paid within Three Years after the Fifth Day of April One thousand

§ 62, c. 64.
§ 2, 4, for all
Incident Courts
Martial, to extend
to Officers
and Private Men
of Militia on per-
manent Pay.

Defectors may
be used when-
ever apprehended.

§ 10 G. 5. c. 114.
§ 10 G. 5. c. 113.
§ 10 G. 5. c. 112.
§ 10 G. 5. c. 111.

to continue in
force to charge
Duties which may
have expired
Assessments in
former Years.

not for collecting
Arrears.

and recovering
Penalties.

Provision for
appealing an as-
essment in law.

Provision for
making up Re-
turns, &c. and for
returning Reven-
ue Accounts, in
consequence to
Law.

Receivers of the
profits are allowed
to set up any
Place for
Duties unpaid,
unless such
Accounts are paid
within Three

Year after
April 1, 1816.

Redeemments
to be made on
Affidavits of
1816.

Schedule of De-
fenders to be
returned with Com-
missioners Three
Calendar
Months.

Extension of
Time for Pay-
ment of Arrear
Money.

Collector on
Affidavit of
Schedule to Re-
ceiver General
Twelve.

Time of Pay-
ment is limited
of Days for re-
maining Half
Year till Jan. 1,
1817, extended.

Thereafter
extended.

thousand eight hundred and sixteen; but all Moneys in Arrear in respect of the said Duties shall remain a Debt upon each Receiver, to be enforced by him and his Successors, his and their Executors and Administrators, Liables, Tenements, Goods and Chattels respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That any Arrears of the said Duties, arising from any Default in the Collection thereof, or by the Failure of any Collector, for which any Parish or Place shall be answerable according to the Provisions of the said Acts or any of them, shall be satisfied within and upon each Parish or Place, so soon after such Default shall be discovered as conveniently can be done, and shall be charged on the Amount of the said Affidavit made for the same Duties under the said last mentioned Act, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by duly ascertaining the Amount of such Arrears amongst the several Persons affected in that Year, according to the Amount of each Person's Affidavit therein, as nearly as the case will admit, and by the like Rules, Methods and Directions, by which the original Affidavit was made; to be raised and levied in such manner as any Affidavit may by virtue of the Act be raised and levied, under the Regulations of the said several Acts relating to the said Duties.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Schedule of Defaulters relating to the Second Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, offered or to be offered for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, which shall be delivered by any Collector of the said Duties to the Receiver General, where such Arrears shall have accrued, shall, after Delivery thereof by the said Receiver General to the Commissioners of the Division, remain until the End of Three Calendar months, to be compared from the Day on which each Schedule shall or ought to have been delivered to the said Receiver General, before the Certificate thereof shall be transferred to the Court of Exchequer at Westminster for Process to levy such Arrears, as by any of the said Acts is directed; during which Period of Three Calendar months all and every the Powers and Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Provisions and Directions hereinbefore enacted, followed and observed, during the Period appointed for any Schedule of Defaulters remaining before such Commissioners, under and in pursuance of the Provisions of the said several Acts, or any of them, shall be in like manner executed, followed, observed and fulfilled in pursuance of the said Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person, or Persons shall have paid and satisfied One Half Part of the said Second Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, charged on him or them for the said Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as or before the Fifth Day of July in the same Year, and shall be desirous of extending the time for Payment of the other Half Part of the said Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, and shall make Application to the Commissioners of the same Division, sitting in the Exchequer of the said Acts and this Act for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, on Proof to their Satisfaction of any reasonable Cause for an Extension of Payment beyond the said Period of Three Calendar months before allowed, to grant time for such Payments until and upon the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, by any Order in Writing, signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners, directed to the Collector or Collectors of the Parish or Place, to which the said Duties shall have been offered for the said Year.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector of the said Duties shall deliver a full and complete Schedule of such Defaulters as aforesaid, to the Receiver General for the County or Division where such Arrears shall have accrued, on the Fifth Day appointed for the Receipt by him of the said last Moiety or Remainder of the said Duties, after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as directed by the said Acts, on Pain that every Collector, neglecting or refusing to do so, shall forfeit the like Penalty as is imposed on Collectors by the said several Acts, or any of them, in other cases of Neglect of Duty.

IX. And in order to make suitable Provision for fulfilling the Payment of the Half Year's Duty, which became payable after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen on Affidavits under the said Acts in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; Be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person or Persons shall have fully paid and satisfied, as or before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all the Duties offered on him, her or them, under the said Acts, as well for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and all prior Years, as for the Half Year commencing after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be desirous of extending the time for Payment of the Remainder of the said Duties, and shall make Application to the Commissioners of the same County, Shire or Borough sitting in the Exchequer of the said Acts and this Act for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, on Proof to their Satisfaction of any reasonable Cause for the Extension of Payment, to grant time therefore until and upon the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, by any Order in Writing, signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners, directed to the Collector of the County, Shire or Borough, or his Deputy, in which the said Duties shall have been offered for the said Year ending on the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

X. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, certain Provisions were made for the Commutation of the Affidavits made under the said Acts, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Term therein limited; and by reason of the great Dependence in the Price of Grain and other Agricultural Produce, the Rents and annual Value of Lands have been in many cases reduced, and it hath been found expedient in certain Districts to shew from the Affidavits in Proportion to such Reductions without Authority of Parliament; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Abatement from Affidavits made by Commissioners sitting for the general Purposes of the said Acts, on due Proof to their Satisfaction that any Lands, duly offered at the Rent payable in the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, had been *bona fide* let by a fresh Lease or Agreement at a Rent less than the Amount charged

charged to the Assessor for the said Year, to continue at such reduced Rent, during the Year commencing from the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, or that any Lands in the Occupation of the Owner thereof were allotted for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, at the full Rack Rent at which they were then worth to be let to a Tenant, have been since reduced in the annual Value thereof, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be confirmed and valid, and of the like Force as if the same had been made in pursuance and under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament; and all and every Person or Persons, Commissioners and others, who shall or may have been in any manner concerned in adding, recommending, or granting such Abatement, in such cases and in such manner and under the like Circumstances as heretofore mentioned, shall be and every of them are and is hereby fully and effectually indemnified for so doing.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case where any Lands which were in the Occupation of any Tenant or Tenants at the time of making the Estimate of the Annual Value thereof, for the Purpose of settling the Duties thereon, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, shall have fallen into and be in the Hands of the Owner or Owners, on the Failure or Quitting of such Tenant or Tenants, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, on Proof to their Satisfaction that the Estimate for the said Year was made on the full Rent referred, and they are hereby required to assess the said Lands for the subsequent Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, or for Part of the said Year, as the case may require, on the actual Rent at which the same were worth to be let to a Tenant at Rack Rent for the Year last mentioned, any thing in any former Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any such Farm shall have been let to the same or to another Tenant or other Tenants at a reduced Rent, either for the whole or Part of the Year ending on the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, on like Proof to their Satisfaction of the actual Rent at which the same shall be so let, to abate the Assessment for that Year to the said reduced Rent from the time of so letting the same, whether for the whole or Part of the said Year last mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who are or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, were Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act passed in the thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or were Commissioners for particular or special Purposes in the said Act, or so any other Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned, in relation to any Duties payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall continue to be Commissioners for putting in Execution all and every the Powers referred to or contained in the said several Acts, and the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to do all things necessary for putting the said several Acts in Execution, with relation to the Rates and Duties therein mentioned respectively, in the like and in as full and ample a manner as they or any of them are or is or shall be authorised to put in Execution the said several Acts.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds which have been entered into before the passing of this Act, by any Collector of the said Duties, or their respective Successors, for the due Payment of the Moneys collected by the said Collectors, or otherwise relating to their Offices, on stamped Paper, shall nevertheless be deemed good and valid, and that all Persons concerned therein or Parties thereto, shall be indemnified from all Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures on account thereof; and that all Bonds which shall or may be entered into by any Collector or Collectors of the said Duties after the passing of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby wholly exempted and made free from all Stamp Duties whatsoever, imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force with respect to the said last mentioned Duties, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act for reducing the Duties payable on Houses, used for the Purposes therein mentioned, for Two Years; and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the Purpose of granting temporary Relief to Persons occupying small Farms, that the Duties of Assessed Taxes now chargeable under certain Acts passed in the thirty eighth and thirty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, in respect of Houses kept for the Purposes of Husbandry, should be reduced, as herein after provided, for a time to be limited; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties for the Term of Two Years then next following, the Duties imposed and chargeable under and by virtue of the said several Acts, in far as the same relate to the Duties payable for and in respect of Houses kept for the Purpose of Husbandry, by any Person or Persons of the Description, or occupying any Farm or Estate of the Description and Value hereinafter mentioned, shall be discontinued and suspended; and that from after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixties, during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be substituted, charged and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Rates and Duties following; (that is to say) on any Person occupying a Farm as Tenant at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than Two hundred Pounds a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or any Person occupying any Estate or any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent solely, or such Estate together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which is the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of Two hundred Pounds a Year (reducing the Value of every Estate occupied

Commissioners, &c. indemnified.

Forms filling out the Heads of Domes Day Book.

Assessors direct.

Commissioners under several Acts continued.

Bonds entered into by Collectors exempted from Stamp Duty. Indemnity from Penalties.

48 G. 3. c. 25. s. 2. 1803. c. 20.

Discontinuing certain Duties, and imposing others on a reduced Scale.

Duties.

Farms of 100,
and under 1000.1000, and under
10000.10000, and under
50000.Who may have
the Benefit of
this Act of
Parliament.

Appel.

Horses used as
small Farms and
Trucks jointly.Duty.
Waggons
Hacks.

Duty.

Provisions for
Horses carrying
in Husbandry
occasionally used
for Riding.Provisions for
Horses employed
in carrying
Fuel.Males carrying
Ore, &c.

Duty.

Carriage Mares
kept for Breeding.

by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at the Rack Rent, and making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such Estate and Farm jointly, for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, being of the Height of Thirteen Hands or more, of Four Inches to each Hand, *here file kept and used solely for the Purposes of Husbandry*, there shall be charged the annual Sum hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid to be under the Value of Seventy Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Three Shillings for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding; in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid, to be of the Value of Seventy Pounds and under One hundred Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Five Shillings for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding; and in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid to be of the Value of One hundred Pounds, and under the Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Seven Shillings and Sixpence for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding; and in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid to be of the Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, and under the Value of Two hundred Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Sixpence for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding: Provided always, that nothing heretofore contained shall be construed to preclude any Occupier of Lands before defined from the Benefit of such reduced Assessment as aforesaid by reason that he or she may have an Annual Income not exceeding the Value of Ten Pounds Sterling, arising from any other Source than as before mentioned, which such annual Income or Issue Part thereof, shall suffice by leasing or letting the Horse, Mares or Geldings, in respect of which such reduced Assessment shall be made, to Hire, or by using the same in any Trade or Employment for Profit: Provided also, that any Tenant quitting the Occupation of his or her Farm at or after Midsummer 10 any Year may appeal to the Commissioners for assessing this Act, and on Proof to their Satisfaction that he or she shall have sought to keep or use any Horse, Mare or Gelding by him or her used in the Cultivation of the said Farm from the time of his or her quitting the said Farm, shall be entitled to be relieved and discharged from one Month of the annual Assessment payable in respect of the said Horse, Mare or Gelding in the Year subsequent to the time of his or her so quitting the said Farm.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Continuance of this Act, any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than Fifty Pounds a Year, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, or occupying any Estate as the Owner thereof, or on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of Fifty Pounds a Year, reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment, for every such Horse, Mare or Gelding as is in this Act is mentioned, *here file used for the Purposes of Husbandry*, and of such Trade or Employment jointly, or either of them separately, shall be charged for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding, the annual Sum of Three Shillings.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, the Duties chargeable on Horses, Mares or Geldings used for the Purposes of Riding, shall also be discontinued in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings used by common Carriers, their Waggons or Drivers, in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, there shall be charged and paid for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, not exceeding the Height of Thirteen Hands, which shall be used by any common Carrier, or his or her Wagoner or Driver, is or for the drawing of any Wagon, or to accompany the same, although the Carrier, Wagoner or Driver having the Care of such Wagon, shall ride on such Horse, Mare or Gelding while drawing the said Wagon, the annual Sum of One Pound and One Shilling.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any Person chargeable to the said reduced Duties, according to the true Intent of this Act, shall also during the Continuance of this Act, be exempted from the Duties payable under the said several Acts, in respect of One Horse, Mare or Gelding, *here file kept and usually employed for the Purposes of Husbandry on his said Estate or Farm, although the same may be used occasionally for the Purposes of riding thereon.*

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person seeking his or her Livelihood by the Carriage or Conveyance of Coal, Wood, Peat or Turf, for Consumption as Fuel in private Houses, and not having any other Employment, nor any Estate which shall yield an annual Income of Ten Pounds or upwards, and keeping not more than Four Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, be wholly exempted from Duty for the said Four Horses, Mares or Geldings, provided that the said Horses, Mares or Geldings shall truly and without Fraud be wholly used for the Purposes aforesaid, and no other; and provided that such Coal, Peat or Turf be loaded on the Backs of such Horses, Mares or Geldings, or in a Cart or Carts, each whereof shall be drawn singly by One such Horse, Mare or Gelding, and so on.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, every Person seeking his or her Livelihood by the Carriage or Conveyance of Ore, Slate or Stone, or Coal or Cumin, is or from the Mine or Pit, and keeping any Male or Mares, being respectively under the Height of Thirteen Hands, for such Purposes, shall be charged for each such Male the annual Sum of Three Shillings, provided that such Coal, Cumin, Ore, Slate or Stone be loaded on the Backs of such Males, and not otherwise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, for all Mares which have been or shall be used wholly

for the Purposes of Hacknery, and which at any time during the Continuance of this Act shall be kept for breeding, there shall be charged the like Duties, and so other, as would have been chargeable in respect of any other Mares of that breed continued to be used for the said Purposes of Hacknery.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties hereby fabricated for and charged in lieu of the said Duties chargeable under the said several Acts, shall, during the Continuance of this Act, be assessed, charged, raised, levied, collected and applied under the Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Directions and Exceptions contained in the several Acts in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and in like manner as the several Duties thereby granted, and by this Act diminished and suspended, are thereby directed to be charged, raised, levied, collected and applied, except as herein is otherwise provided; and the said Duties hereby fabricated for and charged in lieu of the said Duties chargeable under the said several Acts, shall be consolidated with and deemed a Part of the said other Duties of Assessed Taxes to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Duties hereby repealed had been granted under the said several Acts.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid, together with the said other Duties, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, to the Account of Assessed Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

X. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Stamp Office Duties on Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Gold and Silver Plates, Stages Coaches and Licences for carrying Stage Coaches, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, it was enacted, that from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all such Parts of any Act or Acts of Parliament as authorized the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches to be used as Hackney Coaches, and as exempted the Owners of Hackney Coaches already licensed from taking out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps and from the Paymaster of the Mileage Duties on Stage Coaches, should be repealed, and that the Owners of Hackney Coaches then employed as Stage Coaches should be liable to take out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps, and be subject to such and the same Duties as the Owners of any other Stage Coaches; And Whereas the Owners of Hackney Coaches were, before the said Act, exempted from certain Assessed Taxes in respect thereof, which Exemption ceased from the said Twenty fifth Day of March; and it is expedient that they should not be charged with such Assessed Taxes in respect of the Period between the said Twenty fifth Day of March and the Sixth Day of April following; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Owners of Hackney Coaches used as Stage Coaches, who have taken out Licences for the same from the Commissioners of Stamps, shall not be charged or chargeable in the current Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, with any Assessed Tax or Taxes from which they were exempted prior to the passing of the said Act, on account of their having kept and used their said Coaches as Stage Coaches in the Interval between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that they shall be freed and discharged from the Obligation, imposed by the Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes, of delivering to the Assessor thereof Lists or Notices of their said Coaches as having been kept and used by them as aforesaid, prior to the Sixth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or any other Lists or Notices of their keeping and using such Coaches in the manner aforesaid, than they would have been obliged to do in case they had begun to keep and use the same on the Day after the passing of this Act; and that they shall be indemnified from all Penalties (if any) which they may have incurred in consequence of their not having delivered any such Lists or Notices as aforesaid prior to the passing of this Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, a certain Act passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to grant certain Allowances out of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, in Purview in respect of the Number of their Children*; and also a certain other Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Allowances granted out of the Duties of Assessed Taxes in Purview in respect of the Number of their Children, by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, and for extending the Limitation mentioned in the said Act in proportion to the Increase of the said Duties*, shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act to enable such Officers, Mariners and Soldiers, as have been in the Land or Sea Service, or in the Marines, or in the Militia, or any Corps of Fencible Men, since the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to exercise Trades. [2nd June 1816.]

WHEREAS there have been and are divers Officers, Mariners, Soldiers and Marines, who have served His Majesty in the late Wars by Sea and Land, some of whom are Men that used Trades, others that were Apprentices to Trades who have not served out their time, and others who, by their own Industry, have made themselves apt and fit for Trades; many of whom, the Wars being now ended, would willingly employ themselves in such Trades which they were formerly accustomed to, or which they are apt or able to follow and make use of for getting their Living by their own Labour, but are or may be hindered from exercising these Trades in certain Cities and Corporations, and other Places within the Kingdom, because

These have served.

Notes carried to Consolidated Fund.

25 G. 3. c. 115.

§ 15.

Hackney Coaches, licensed as Stage Coaches, exempted from Duty of Assessed Taxes for the current Year.

Indemnified from Penalties.

26 G. 3. c. 24.

25 G. 3. c. 127. granting Allowances out of Duty in respect of Children, &c. &c. All may be altered, &c.

Officers, Marines, Soldiers and Marines, who have been employed in The King's Service since June 1811, and have not been deferred, and also the Wives and Children of such Officers, Marines, Soldiers or Marines, shall be liable to be removed from Office to their last legal Place of Settlement, and they become actually chargeable to the Parish) and of said, upon pleading the General Issue, they shall be answerable for and Double Costs of Suit.

When any Two Justices shall examine such Persons in give Evidence as to the Place of Settlement, they shall make Oath accordingly. Attested Copy of Oath given them.

Proviso for Militia Men and Marines who have served Five Years. Proviso for the Two Universities.

Whereas of certain Bye Laws and Customs of such Places for Remedy whereof, he is enabled by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Officers, Marines, Soldiers and Marines, as have been at any time employed in the Service of His Majesty since the Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, and have not been deferred the said Service, and also the Wives and Children of such Officers, Marines, Soldiers and Marines, may let up and exercise such Trades as they are apt and able for in any City, Town or Place within this Kingdom, without any Let, Suit or Molestation of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by Reason of the doing of such Trade, nor shall such Officers, Marines, Soldiers or Marines, or their Wives or Children, during the time they shall exercise such Trades, be removable from such respective Place or Places, to his, her or their last legal Place of Settlement by virtue of any Law now in being relative to the Settlement of the Poor, and if such Person or Persons shall become actually chargeable to such Parish or Place; and if any such Officer or Officers, Marine or Marines, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or Child of any such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marines, shall be found, impleaded or indicted in any Court whatsoever within this Kingdom for using or exercising any such Trades as aforesaid, then the said Officer or Officers, Marine or Marines, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or Child of any such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marines, making it appear to the same Court where they are so found, impleaded or indicted, that they have served His Majesty as aforesaid, or that he, she or they is or are the Wife or Wives, Child or Children of such Officer or Officers, Marine or Marines, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, who shall have so served His Majesty, shall, upon the General Issue pleaded, be found not guilty in any Pleas, Bill, Information or Indictment exhibited against them; and such Person or Persons who, notwithstanding this Act, shall prosecute the said Suit by Bill, Pleas, Information or Indictment, and shall have a Verdict passed against him or them, or become answer thereto, or discontinue his or their said Suit, shall pay unto such Officer or Officers, Marine or Marines, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or Child of such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marines respectively, Double Costs of Suit, to be recovered as any other Costs at Common Law may be recovered; and all Judges and Justices before whom any such Suit, Information or Indictment shall be brought, and all other Persons whatsoever, are to take Notice of this present Act, and shall conform themselves thereto; any Statute, Law, Ordinance, Custom or Provision to the contrary is hereby notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town or Place where any such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marine shall let up and exercise any Trade as aforesaid, to cause such Marine, Soldier or Marine, to be summoned before them to the City, Town or Place where such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marine shall let up and exercise such Trade as aforesaid, in order to make Oath of the Place of his last legal Settlement, which Oath the said Justices are lawfully empowered to administer, and such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marine, is hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit to be made before them to the Person making the same, in order that he may produce it when required; which attested Copy shall at any time be admitted as Evidence as to such last legal Settlement before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace: Provided always, that in case any such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marine shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him formerly taken being produced by him, or by any other Person on his behalf, such Officer, Marine, Soldier or Marine shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his last legal Settlement, but shall have a Copy of such attested Copy of his Examination, if required.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and every Part thereof, shall extend to all Officers and Soldiers who have previously served in the Militia, or any of the Peaceable Regiments, from the last Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, for the Term of Five Years, and have been honorably discharged.

IV. Provided always, That this Act shall not be in anywise prejudicial to the Privileges of the Universities of Cambridge and Oxford, or either of them, or extend to give Liberty to any Person to let up the Trade of a Vintner, or to sell any Wine or other Liquors within the said Universities, without Licence first had and obtained from the Vice Chancellor of the same respectively.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to provide for a New Silver Coinage, and to regulate the Currency of the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Silver Coin of the Realm have, by long Use and other Circumstances, become greatly diminished in Number and deteriorated in Value, so as not to be sufficient for the Payments required in Dealings under the Value of the Current Gold Coins, by Reason whereof a great Quantity of Light and Counterfeit Silver Coin and Foreign Coin has been introduced into Circulation within this Realm; and the Evils resulting therefrom can only be remedied by a new Coinage of Silver Money, to be made and issued under proper Regulations for maintaining its Value and preserving the same in Circulation: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for encouraging of Coinage* and also so much of all and every other Act and Acts as provide and enact that whatsoever Person or Persons, Native or Foreigner,

(S. C. 1. c. 5. § 1. is put. repealed.)

Alloy or Straggler, should bring any Foreign Coins, Pistols or Ballons of Silver, in Mass, molten or alloyed, or any Sort or Manufacture of Silver, into His Majesty's Mint or Mints within the Kingdom of England, to be there melted down and coined into the Current Coins of this Kingdom, should have the same there assayed, melted down and coined with all convenient Speed, without any Defalcation, Deduction or Charge for the Assaying, Coining or Weighing in Coinage, so as that for every Pound Troy of Straggling or Standard Silver that should be brought in and delivered by him or there to be assayed, melted down and coined as aforesaid, there should be delivered out to him or them respectively, a Pound Troy of the Current Coins of this Kingdom, of Sterling or Standard Silver, and so proportionally for a greater or lesser Weight, or more or less, in Proportion to the Exact or Defectory in Purcents of any such Ballon, shall be and are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intitled *An Act for remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom*, and also so much of all and every other Act and Acts in relation, made or provide, that the Weight and Fineness prescribed by any Indenture thereto made with His Majesty's Master and Workmen for making of Silver Moneys at the Tower of London, shall be and remain to be the Standard of and for the lawful Silver Coin of the Kingdom; and also so much of an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coins of this Realm from foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland*, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum, as much as any Silver Coin of the Realm, less in Weight than after the Rate of Sixty two Shillings for every Pound Troy, shall be forfeited; and of any Act or Acts for remitting or continuing or making perpetual the Provisions of the said last recited Act in this respect, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to remove and continue, until the First Day of January One thousand four hundred and ninety nine, an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Chapter forty two: viz. that, on the Thirtieth Day of January One thousand four hundred and ninety four, intitled "An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coins of this Realm from foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum," and to suspend the issuing of Silver, after reciting that His Majesty had appointed a Committee of His Privy Council to take into Consideration the State of the Coin of this Kingdom, and the present Establishment and Constitution of His Majesty's Mint, and that Inconvenience might arise from any Coinage of Silver until such Regulations might be framed as should appear necessary, and that from the low Price of Silver Bullion, owing to temporary Circumstances, a small Quantity of Silver Bullion had been brought to the Mint to be coined, and that there was reason to suppose that a still further Quantity might be brought, and that it was therefore necessary to suspend the Coinage of Silver for the present, it was enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, no Silver Bullion should be coined at the Mint, nor should any Silver Coins that might have been coined there be delivered, any Law to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding; And whereas Regulations with respect to a Coinage of Silver cannot be carried into Effect by reason of the said Establishment in the said last recited Act; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said last recited Act as much as any Silver Bullion shall be coined at the Mint, and that no Silver Coins that may have been coined there shall be delivered, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Master and Workmen of the Mint, at His Majesty's Mint in London, to coin or cause to be coined any Silver Bullion, which, at any time before or after the passing of this Act, shall have been or shall be brought to or delivered or deposited at the said Mint, into Silver Coins of a Standard and Fineness of Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights of fine Silver, and Eighteen Pennyweights of Alloy in the Pound Troy, and in Weight after the Rate of Sixty six Shillings to every Pound Troy, whether the same be coined in Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings or Sixpences, or Pieces of a lower Denomination; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, immediately before the passing of this Act, or any thing in any Indenture with His Majesty's Master or Workmen of the said Mint for the time being, or any Law, Usage or Custom whatsoever to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Period of time as shall be named and appointed in and by any Proclamation or Proclamations which shall be made and issued for that Purpose, by or on behalf of His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to bring and deliver into the said Mint any Silver Coin of this Realm heretofore coined and current, which shall by any Officer or Officers of the Mint be so appointed for that Purpose by the Master of the said Mint, be judged and deemed to be such Silver Coin of the Realm; and that there shall be delivered out from the said Mint, to every Person bringing in and delivering such Old Silver Coin a Sum in New Silver Coins, of Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings and Sixpences, to be coined pursuant to the Directions of this Act, equal to the Amount of the Silver Coins so brought in and delivered as aforesaid, according to the respective Denominations of such Silver Coins; so that every such Person shall have and receive a Sum of Money equal in its Denomination to the New Silver Coinage, to the Sum for which the Old Silver Coin brought in shall have passed, according to the Denomination thereof; and all such Old Silver Coin so to be brought and delivered into and received at the said Mint, shall from time to time be melted down and coined into New Silver Coins of this Realm, according to the Directions of this Act respecting Money to be coined from any Silver Bullion brought into or deposited at the said Mint in manner aforesaid.

58 Geo. III.

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VI. Pro-

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Tory, and when
Acts in relation
mentioned and
14 G. 3. c. 48.
14. in part
repealed

58 G. 3. c. 39.
1. repealed.

The Pound
Troy of standard
and silver,
Eleven Ounces
Two Penny-
weights fine, &c.
may be coined
into forty six
shillings.

Old Silver Coin
of the Realm
brought to the
Mint, may be
exchanged for its
full nominal
Value in new
Silver Coin

whole after the Rate of Sixty six Shillings for every Pound Troy of such Standard Silver; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland, immediately before the passing of this Act, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Account shall be kept at the Mint of the Amount of all Sums of Money arising from the Allowance of Four Shillings for every Pound Troy of Silver to be retained at the said Mint, in manner aforesaid; and that all such Sums so retained shall in the first Place be applied in or towards the Payment of the Expenses of the coining of such Silver; and the Surplus thereof (if any) after the Payment of such Expenses, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

XI. And Whereas at various times heretofore the Coins of this Realm of Gold and Silver have been equally a legal Tender for Payments to any Amount, and great Inconvenience has arisen from both those precious Metals being reckoned by the Standard Measure of Value, and equivalent for Property; and it is expedient that the Gold Coins made according to the Indentures of the Mint should hereafter be the sole Standard Measure of Value and legal Tender for Payment, without any Limitation of Amount, and that the Silver Coins should be a legal Tender to a limited Amount only, for the Faculty of Exchange and Commerce; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Gold Coins of this Realm shall be and shall be considered and is hereby declared to be the only legal Tender for Payments, (except as hereafter provided) within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the said Gold Coins shall hold such Weight and Fineness as are prescribed by the perfect Indenture with His Majesty's Master and Workmen of the Mint for making Gold Moons at His Majesty's Mint in London, and with such Allowance, called the Remedy, as is given to the said Master by the said Indenture; which Weight and Fineness are hereby declared to be and shall remain to be the Standard of and for the lawful Gold Coins of the Realm, so far as relates to Gold Coins of the Denomination at present in use, and specified in the said Indenture; and in case any Gold Coins or Coins of any other Denomination shall hereafter be coined at the said Mint under any future Indenture, such Gold Coins and Coins shall hold the like Standard in Fineness as the Gold Coins of the perfect Denomination, and shall hold such Weight as shall be proportionate to the Weight of the perfect Gold Coins, according to the Value for which such Gold Coins or Coins of any new Denomination shall be declared to be current.

XII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Silver Coins of the Realm should be a legal Tender by Tale, according to its Denomination, to any Amount not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after each Day as shall be for that Purpose named in any Proclamation, which at any time after the passing of this Act shall be made and issued, by or on behalf of His Majesty, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, to march and such Parts of the Act made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coins of this Realm from Foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum, as matters or provide or may be construed to enjoin or provide*, that any Tender in Silver Coins of the Realm shall be legal to the Amount of Twenty five Pounds, or a Tender for any greater Sum, according to its Value by Weight, and also to such of any Act and Acts whereby the said last recited Act is confirmed, revised or made perpetual, shall be, and the same is and are hereby repeated accordingly; And that from and after each Day as shall be for that Purpose named in any such Proclamation to be made and issued as aforesaid, no Tender of Payment of Money made in the Silver Coins of this Realm, of any Sum exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings at any one time, shall be reputed a Tender in Law, or allowed to be a legal Tender within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, either by Tale or Weight of such Silver Coins or otherwise howsoever; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, or any Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person shall by any Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, receive or pay for any Gold Coins lawfully current within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, any more or less in Value, Benefit, Profit or Advantage, than the true lawful Value which such Gold Coins doth or shall by its Denomination import; nor shall utter or receive any Piece or Pieces of Gold Coins of this Realm, at any greater or higher Rate or Value, nor at any less or lower Rate or Value than the same shall be current for in Payment, according to the Rates and Values declared and set upon three persons to Law; and that every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted by due course of Law, shall suffer Imprisonment for the Term of Six Calendar Months, and shall find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for One Year next, to be computed from the End of the said Six Months; and if the same Person shall afterwards be convicted of the like Offence, such Person shall for such Second Offence suffer One Year's Imprisonment, and find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for One Year next, to be computed from the End of the said last mentioned Year; and if the same Person shall afterwards offend against this Act, and shall by due course of Law be convicted of any subsequent Offence, he or she shall be imprisoned for the Term of Two Years for every such subsequent Offence.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be convicted of receiving or paying any such Gold Coins contrary to this Act, shall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence, the Clerk of the Assize or Clerk of the Peace for the County, City or Place where such Conviction was had, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other Person to His Majesty's behalf, certify such Conviction, for which Certificate Two Shillings and Sixpence, and no more, shall be paid; and such Certificate being produced in Court, shall be sufficient Proof of such former Conviction.

amount for
Assize, Loth
and Consign.

Each Sum of
25 p. per Pound
applied to Ex-
penses of Coin-
age, and Surplus
(if any) carried
to the Consoli-
dated Fund.

Gold Coins de-
clared the only
legal Tender,
being the
Weight and
Fineness of the
said Indenture

14 G. 3. c. 42.
45. and other
Acts in relation
to the same, re-
pealed where a
Day to be
named in The
King's Proclama-
tion for that
Purpose.
No Tender of
Silver Coins legal
beyond 40s.

Current Gold
Coins shall not be
received or paid
for more or less
than its Value,
according to its
Denomination.

Second Offence
Imprisonment.

Sufficient Ev-
idence.

Persons con-
victed being
again guilty,
Clerk of the
Assize shall cer-
tify same, and
Certificate

Indemnities are to be created.

Perjury.

On Production, not necessary to prove Money lost.

All other Acts relating to Silver Coin extended to this Act.

Proviso for Payment in Bank of England Notes.

Proviso for Payment in Bank of England Notes.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Person against whom any Bill of Indemnity shall be found at any Assizes or Sessions of the Peace for any Offence against this Act, shall be entitled to traverse the same to any subsequent Assizes or Sessions; but the Court at which such Bill of Indemnity shall be found shall forthwith proceed to try the Person or Persons against whom the same shall be found, unless he, she or they shall first give good cause, to be allowed by the Court, why his, her or their Trial should be postponed.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on any Prosecution or Trial of any Offender or Offenders hereunder to be prosecuted or tried for any Offence against this Act, it shall not be necessary to prove that the Gold Coins received or paid or stored contrary to this Act, is the Current Gold Coin of the Realm, but the same shall be deemed and taken to be, if received or paid or stored as such, until the contrary thereof shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge, Justice or Court before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be prosecuted or tried.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Act and Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Coin of this Realm, or the clipping, counterfeiting or counterfeiting of the same, or respecting any other matters relating thereto, and all Provisions, Proceedings, Penalties, Forfeitures and Forfeitures therein contained or directed, not expressly repealed by this Act, and not repugnant or contradictory to the Enactments and Provisions of this Act, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied and put in Execution with respect to the Silver Coin to be coined in pursuance of the Directions of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter, amend or repeal any Clause, matter or thing in any Act or Acts made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament, whereby it is or may be enacted or provided that the Præsumptive Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, entitled to be payable to Bearer on Demand (called Bank Notes) shall be received for any Period in any such Act mentioned in Payment of all Sums of Money which are or shall become payable for any Part of the Public Revenue, and shall be accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the same, if offered to be so paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter or amend or repeal any Clause, matter or thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, whereby it is enacted or provided that all Sums of Money payable in Ireland, for any Part of the Public Revenue there, shall be accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue in Ireland authorized to receive the same, in Silver Bank Tokens of the Bank of Ireland, for Thirty Pence, Ten Pence, or Five Pence respectively, which shall be used during the Continuance of the Redemption on Payments in Cash by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, if offered to be so paid; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, Two Acts of the Fifth fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

[22d June 1816.]

14 G. 3. c. 10.

14 G. 3. c. 17.

Revised Act continued.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifth fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, to continue in force until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the same Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the present Session of Parliament, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said first recited Act, as altered by the second recited Act, should be continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act, as amended by the said second recited Act, shall be continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

C A P. LXX.

An Act to alter and amend several Acts relating to the Redemption of the National Debt of Ireland, and to make further Provision in respect thereof.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS the total Capital of the Debt of Ireland, funded in Ireland in perpetual Redeemable Annuities, amounting on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, amounted to the Sum of Four millions eight hundred and twenty nine thousand one hundred and fifty six Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Five pence: And Whereas by several Acts passed in the Reigns of His present Majesty; that is to say, an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for vesting a certain Fund in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt, and to direct the Application*

of the same

enactment of additional Funds in case of future Loans to the like Purpose; in An Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to amend to each of the said recited Acts of the Thirty seventh Year as relates to the Commissioners for carrying the same into Execution; and an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act to enable the Lords of the Treasury of Ireland to issue to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt a Sum equal to One per Centum on the Amount of Treasury Bills outstanding in every Year (a), various Provisions were made for the gradual Reduction of the said Debt existing on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, and of the Public Debt of Ireland then contracted: And Whereas by virtue of the said several Acts the Sum of Seven millions eight hundred and twenty two thousand five hundred and thirty Pounds Eighteen Shillings and Sixpence of Funded Capital of the said Debt had as or before the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen been actually purchased by and placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the said National Debt, and which said Sum is purchased by and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, exceeds the total Capital of the Perpetual Redeemable Annuities of the Funded Debt of Ireland then existing on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, by the Sum of Two millions six hundred and thirty three thousand and seventy three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence, and also produces an Interest or yearly Dividend superior in Amount to the whole annual Charge of the Public Debt of Ireland then existing in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities existing on the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven: And Whereas the Public Debtors may at this Period be greatly alienated, and the whole of the National Debt of Ireland now existing may nevertheless be redeemed within Forty five Years from the Period of the respective Loans by which the same was created, and the Reduction thereof may be accelerated, if the Provisions of the said recited Acts were altered and amended in the manner hereinafter expressed: Be it therefore enacted and declared by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the Purpose of this Act, an Amount of Public Debt equal to the whole Capital of the Public Debt of Ireland in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities existing on the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, shall be deemed to be satisfied and discharged; and that so much of the Capital Stock is purchased by and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, and now standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, as Parliament by any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose shall or may direct, shall be cancelled; and that the Interest or Dividend which shall have been payable on such Stock shall thenceforth cease to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, or to be charged on the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of Ireland by way of Loan, or in any other manner for the Service of the present or any future Year; and that from time to time whenever such a further Amount of the Capital Funded Debt of Ireland shall have been purchased by and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as shall be equal to the whole Capital in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities, and shall have produced as Interest or yearly Dividend equal in Amount to the whole annual Charge of such Loan contracted since the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, the said Commissioners shall thenceforth from time to time certify and declare the same to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who shall cause the said Certificate and Declaration to be published in the London and Dublin Gazette, and to be laid before Parliament (if Parliament shall be then sitting), but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the next Meeting of Parliament; and whenever any such Certificate and Declaration shall have been made, published and laid before Parliament as aforesaid, the Amount of Public Debt to which such Certificate and Declaration shall relate, shall from time to time be deemed and taken to be wholly satisfied and discharged, and an equal Amount of Capital Stock standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland shall be considered to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall from time to time be cancelled as above mentioned, at such times and in such Proportions as shall be directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for that Purpose in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of Ireland by way of Loan, or in any other manner, any thing in any Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that out of any Capital Stock to be cancelled as aforesaid there shall always be reserved such Sum or Sums as shall produce a yearly Interest or Dividend adequate to make Provision for the Payment of all Life Annuities which may then be payable out of the Sinking Fund of Ireland, in case of sufficient Redemption of Stock shall at any time thereafter have been made for that Purpose.

(a) [53 G. 3. c. 120.]

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case and whenever any such Capital Stock which may have been declared to be satisfied and discharged as aforesaid, or any Part of such Capital Stock, shall not be actually cancelled in virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for that Purpose, then and in every such case the Dividends of all such Capital Stock as may not have been cancelled shall in the meantime and until the same shall be so actually cancelled, continue to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, and be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of Ireland, and shall be applied by them in the Redemption of the National Debt in such and the same manner in all respects as the Dividends of any other Capital Stock standing in their Names are applicable for that Purpose.

44 G. 3. c. 27.

24 G. 3.

Capital Debt of Ireland existing on March 25, 1797, deemed discharged; and Stock placed to Account of Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt cancelled. Money thenceforth applicable to Discharge of Loans to become Part of Consolidated Fund. Dividends to Commissioners in making further Purchase of Funded Debt. Certificate published in London and Dublin Gazettes.

Provision for Life Annuities.

Until Stock be actually cancelled, Dividends to be applied in Account of Commissioners.

Commissioners to provide Public Assistance equal to Debt which shall be paid within June 31, 1821, and all the debts falling due within certain Periods.

Quarterly Sums paid and applied pursuant to recited Acts, till Public Debt shall be paid within 40 Years from its Creation.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That any such Capital Stock as aforesaid shall never be deemed to be Intended or discharged or be annulled by Parliament, in such a manner or to any such Extent as might not leave in the Hands of the said Commissioners a Sum sufficient (together with the other Funds or Sums of Money appropriated to them) to redeem or purchase as Annuity of redeemable Public Annuities equal to such Part of the whole of the redeemable Annuities of the Public Debt of Ireland as existed previous to the Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, within Forty five Years from the said Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, and to redeem or purchase as Annuity of redeemable Public Annuities equal to such Part thereof as hath been or shall be created subsequent to the said Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two within Forty five Years from the respective Periods of the Creation of such redeemable Public Annuities respectively.

IV. And in order to make more effectual Provision for the Redemption of the Public Debt of Ireland within the Period of Forty five Years from the time of its Creation conformably to the Intent and meaning of the said recited Acts and of this Act, Be it further enacted, That all and every the quarterly Sums and Sums which by virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them, are directed to be paid at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland on account of the Commissioners for the Redemption of the National Debt, shall from time to time continue to be so paid, and shall be applied by the said Commissioners pursuant to the Directions and under and according to the Restrictions and Provisions of the said recited Acts, either in Payment for the Redemption or in the Purchase of the several redeemable Public Annuities of Ireland, until the whole of the Perpetual Redeemable Annuities now or which may hereafter become charged upon the Public Funds of Ireland shall have been completely redeemed or purchased within Forty five Years from the Creation thereof as aforesaid, any thing in the said recited Acts, or any of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifth first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for discharging certain Annals of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents in Ireland. [22d June 1816.]

1816. c. 71.

WHEREAS in and by an Act passed in the Fifth first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for discharging certain Annals of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents, which have been granted in Ireland; it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, at any time before the Twenty fifth Day of March, which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, to prefer his, her or their Petition or Petitions to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, thereby setting forth, that all or some of the Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tonnages and Hurdengates, in Ireland, whereof he, she or they is or are seized, is or are subject or liable to some certain Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which hath not been paid for the Space of Twenty Years next immediately preceding the Twenty ninth Day of September in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, in such manner and Form, and containing such Particulars, as is or by the said recited Act is and are prescribed, directed and appointed; and that if by Examination in a summary way it shall appear to the Court of Exchequer that no Quit, Crown or Composition Rents, or other Rents as aforesaid, hath been paid or assessed for by the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue out of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tonnages and Hurdengates, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that no Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty for Recovery of such Rent within the said Twenty Years, the said Court is by the said recited Act authorized and empowered to make an Order that the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tonnages and Hurdengates mentioned in such Petition, and the Persons who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, should be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all such Rent and Arrears due or is Arrear at any time before the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten; last where Proceedings shall have been had for Recovery of such Arrears within the Space of Twenty Years as aforesaid, and before any such Petition shall be preferred, that then such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tonnages and Hurdengates, and the Persons who from time to time held and enjoyed the same, shall be discharged of and from all Arrears of such Rents to the Twenty sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and four: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act, Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, so present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in addition to the Order which the said Court of Exchequer is in and by the said recited Act authorized and empowered to make, upon any Petition or Petitions filed under the Provisions of the said recited Act, such Court shall and is hereby required to order and direct that the Auditor General or his Deputy shall enquire and certify to the said Court, by a certain Day to be appointed by the said Court, whether any and what Proceedings had been taken by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for Recovery of such Rents, at any time before such Petition or Petitions shall have been preferred as aforesaid, and whether any and what Costs and Expenses had been incurred by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Recovery of such Rents, a Copy of which Order shall be served on the Solicitor of The King's Rents Ten Days at the least before the Day appointed for the making of such Certificate, and upon the Return of such Certificate the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and required to make an Order on such Petition or Petitions; and that such Petition or*

Court of Chancery, in addition to Order to be made under recited Act, to direct Auditor General to enquire whether any Proceedings had been taken for Recovery of such Rents, whether Costs had been incurred, &c.

Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, in preferring his or their Petition or Petitions as aforesaid, after such Proceedings shall have been had or taken on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors as aforesaid, shall in all such cases pay to the Solicitor for His Majesty's Remits all such Costs and Expenses as shall on such Certificate appear to have been incurred on such Proceedings, the same being duly ascertained and taxed by the proper Officers; and such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall pay such Costs and Expenses accordingly, before the said Court of Exchequer shall make any Order on such Petition or Petitions to discharge such Arrears of Rent, Crown or Compulsory Rents, or other Chief Rents as aforesaid; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Cable paid by
Petitioners.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to continue and amend so much of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for authorizing the billeting and subjecting to Military Discipline certain Yeomanry Corps, and Officers of Cavalry or Infantry, as relates to such Corps in Ireland. [22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *As to authorizing the billeting of such Troops of Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry as may be desired for the purpose of being trained together, in Great Britain and Ireland; and for subjecting to Military Discipline, during the War, such Sergeants forming in any Volunteer or Yeomanry Corps of Cavalry or Infantry as receive English Pay, and all Trumpeters, Drummers or Bagpipers forming therein, and receiving Pay as in any Daily or Weekly Rate; and for the further regulating of such Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps; and which Act was to continue and be in force during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace with France; And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for continuing so much of the said recited Act as relates to such Corps in Ireland, the said recited Act was continued until the End of the third Session of Parliament, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued, so far as relates to such Troops or Corps in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign shall be and continue in force, so far as relates to any such Troops or Corps in Ireland, from the time of the passing of the Act until the Expiration of One Year and after the passing of this Act, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and that all such Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act contained, so far as relates to such Troops or Corps in Ireland, as by the said Act are applied during War, or during the Continuance of War, or during the Continuance of the War and until Six Months after the Ratification of such Definitive Treaty of Peace, shall be in force, as amended by this Act, during the Continuance of the said recited Act as aforesaid.*

43 G. 3. c. 221.

54 G. 3. c. 178.

Recited Act, so far as relates to Corps in Ireland, to continue.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to make such Orders, Rules and Regulations, and from time to time to alter the same, in relation to the Pay, Clothing and Allowances of such Troops and Corps, or any of them, and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts or Orders for the regulating or managing such Pay, Clothing or Allowances, or the Issue of any Public Money from His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, or from any Fund whatsoever for or on account of any such Pay, Clothing or Allowances, and to require such Proofs or such Affidavits before any Justice or Justices of the Peace relating to the said matters, or any of them, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit; every such Order, Rule and Regulation, to be confirmed in the usual manner by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland; or, in his Absence, by the Under Secretary for the Military Department to the said Chief Secretary's Office.

Lord Lieutenant may make Regulations in relation to Pay, Clothing and Allowances.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Entry of any such Order, Rule or Regulation, in the proper Book to be kept for that Purpose in the said Military Department of the Chief Secretary's Office, or an authenticated Copy of such Entry, shall, in all Courts whatsoever, and on all Trials and Occasions whatsoever, be deemed, taken and received as good and sufficient Evidence of such Rule, Order or Regulation, and of the due and regular Notification thereof.

Entry of Regulation in Book of Military Department of Chief Secretary sufficient Evidence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of Peace, and they are hereby required, subjectively, to take any Affidavit required to be taken or made by or before a Justice or Justices of the Peace by any such Rule, Order or Regulation; and if any Person making such Affidavit shall swear falsely therein, every such Person shall for every such Offence be deemed and adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall suffer such Fines, Penalties and Punishment as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury shall be then by Law liable to.

Affidavit required by such Regulations may be taken before any Justice.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Expiration of the Year next after the passing thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for removing Difficulties in the Condemnation of Offenders Realizing Property from Mines.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Minerals, and the Timber, Iron and other Materials used in or for the working of Mines are much exposed to Depredations: And Whereas great Difficulties have been experienced in prosecuting to Conviction and bringing to Justice Persons who have stolen such Property, by reason of the

of the

the Rule of Law which at present prevails throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, for finding
 forth in Indictments for Larceny the Names of all the Persons who may be the Owners of or are interested
 in the Property stolen: And Whereas the Identity of such Property may be ascertained and described as
 effectually by averring the same to be the Property of some one or more of the Partners
 in such Mining Concerns, and others his or their Partners or Co-Adventurers, without naming such other
 Partners or Co-Adventurers: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice
 and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and
 by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful, and
 shall be deemed sufficient, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, for the Conviction of any Offender or
 Offenders charged in any Indictment with Grand or Petty Larceny far or on account of finding any Minerals,
 or any Timber, Iron or other Materials sold or for the working of Mines, being the Personal Property of
 any Company or Adventurers carrying on the same, to allege and aver that the Minerals, Timber, Iron or
 other Materials so taken are the Property of some one or more of the Partners or Adventurers in such
 Mining Concerns, and others his or their Partners or Co-Adventurers, without naming such other Partners or
 Co-Adventurers; and that such Verbs of delimiting the Property shall from such Company or Adventurers
 shall be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as valid and effectual as Law as if the same were averred
 to be the Property of all the Owners thereof, and as if the Names of all such Owners were particularly and
 distinctly set forth in such Indictment; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise
 notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for the Purchase of certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in *Sharnagh* and *Chesham*,
 in the County of *Kent*, for the Use of the Navy. [24th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be enabled to purchase the Lands, Tenements and
 Hereditaments hereinafter particularly mentioned and described, for the Purpose of the same being
 added to or used with for the Purposes and Service of His Majesty's Dock Yards at *Sharnagh* and
Chesham respectively: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,
 and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Admiral, or any Three
 or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of
Great Britain and *Ireland*, for the time being, from time to time, by any Writing under their Hands, to au-
 thorize any Person or Persons to treat and agree with the Owner or Owners, Person or Persons interested, for
 the absolute Purchase of all that Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground situate and being at a Place called *Blue*
Town, in the Parish of *Margate*, in the Isle of *Sheppey*, in the County of *Kent*, bounded on the North by the
High Street, including the whole of that Street up to the Boundary Fence of His Majesty's Dock Yard at
Sharnagh, as far as the Road leading from the said *High Street* to the Garrison, and in other Part up to the
 Entrance of the said Road, and the Fronts of Houses and Buildings standing on Ground belonging to His
 Majesty, lately transferred or given up by the Ordinance to the Navy Department, as far as the East Side of
Chapel Street; on the South by the Boundary Ditch of certain Lands or Grounds belonging to or occupied by
 the Board of Ordnance; on the East, by *Chapel Street*, including all such Foot and other Pavement and
 Ground on the West Side of that Street, and lies to the Westward of a Line to be drawn parallel to the East
 Side of the same Street from the outermost Edge of the Foot Pavement at the South End, to the outermost
 Edge of the Pavement at the North End, and thence across the *High Street* to the said Grounds and Buildings
 lately transferred to the Navy Department as aforesaid; on the West, in Part by *Wyff Street*, including the
 whole of that Street up to the Boundary Fence of the said Dock Yard, in Part, and in other Part by the
 Embankment of the *River Medway*, together with all and singular the Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling
 Houses, and all other Erections and Buildings erected and built on the said Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground,
 or any Part thereof; and also all that Pier or Jetty situate at *Sharnagh* aforesaid, commonly called or known
 by the Name of *The Sharnagh Pier*, or *Star Town Pier*, and the Toll House thereto belonging, and all Erec-
 tions and Buildings whatsoever erected and built thereon; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh
 Land, containing by Estimation Eighteen Acres and Thirty six Perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or
 less, with the Two Messuages or Dwelling Houses, and other Erections standing thereon, situate and being in
 the Parish of *Gillingham*, in the said County of *Kent*, bounding to the Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh aforesaid
 hereinafter mentioned and described, on the Creek or Fleet separating the same from the said Piece of Fresh
 Marsh Land, towards the North, to Marsh Land belonging to His Majesty towards the South, to the other
 Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land hereinafter mentioned and described towards the West, and to the Creek
 called *Saint Mary's Creek* towards the East, as the same Premises now are or late were in the Tenure or
 Occupation of *Johs Baylyes*, or his Under Tenants; and also all that Piece or Parcel of broken Salt Marsh
 lying and being on the East Side of the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh hereinafter mentioned and de-
 scribed, and between it and the said Creek called *Saint Mary's Creek*; and also all that Piece or Parcel of
 Salt Marsh Land, containing by Estimation Seven Acres, Two Rods and Three Perches, or thereabouts, be
 the same more or less, situate and being in the Parish of *Gillingham* aforesaid, bounding to the *River Medway*
 towards the North, in the Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land before mentioned and described, or the said
 Creek or Fleet separating the same from the said Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh, towards the South, to Land
 belonging to His Majesty towards the West, and to the said Creek called *Saint Mary's Creek*, or the Entrance
 thereof towards the East, as the same is now or late was in the Tenure or Occupation of the said *Johs Baylyes*,

When full be
 deemed suffi-
 cient Evidence
 for Conviction.

The Admiralty
 may authorize
 Persons to treat
 with Owners for
 the Purchase of
 the Lands here-
 in described.

or his Under Tenants; and also the said Creek or Fleet between the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land, and the said Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh Land heretofore mentioned and described; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land, containing by Estimate Seven Acres, One Rod and Thirty five Perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, with the Sheds and other Erections thereon, situate and being in the Parish of Gillingham aforesaid, bounding to the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land heretofore mentioned and described towards the North and East, and to Lands belonging to His Majesty towards the South and West, as the same now are or late were in the Tenure or Occupation of the said John Reynolds or his Under Tenants; and also all those Twelve several Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, with the Yards, Gardens, Backsides and Appurtenances to the same severally belonging or appertaining, situate and being at a Place commonly called *Ten-all-alow*, (and sometimes called *Pringle's Street*) near the said last mentioned and described Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh, and in the Parish of Gillingham aforesaid, as the same now are or late were in the several Tenures or Occupations of *George Sims, Ann Rich Widow, Frances Spencer Widow, Thomas Bartley, John Frew, Charles Playance, Lion Percott, Thomas Clark, Thomas Eley* the younger, *George Clark, James Clark, and Thomas Mackway*, or by whatsoever other Name or Names, Qualities, Qualms or Descriptions, Abstracts and Boundaries, the said several Pieces or Parcels of Land, Messuages or Tenements, Pies or Jetties, and Premises, or any of them, or any Part thereof, may be better called, known or distinguished, and all Ways, Paths, Paddings, Fences, Creeks, Ditches, Banks, Walls, Fences, Enclosures, Liberties, Privileges and Appurtenances whatsoever to the said several Pieces or Parcels of Land and Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, Erections, Buildings, Pies or Jetties, and Premises heretofore mentioned, every or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof belonging or in anywise appertaining.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and all Estates or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, and for all Tenants for Life and Tenants in Tail, and for the Husband, Guardian, Trustee, Commissioner, Curator or Attorneys of each of the Owners or Proprietors of, or Persons interested in any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments aforesaid, as shall be Fromes Covert, Infants, Lunatics, Idiots or Persons beyond the Seas, or otherwise incapable of acting for themselves, and to and for all every Person and Persons whatsoever, who are or shall be seized or possessed of or in anywise interested in any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments heretofore mentioned or described, or any Part thereof, to contract and agree with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid for the absolute Sale of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and to convey, transfer or grant the same unto the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in Trust for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors accordingly, and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, Surrenders, Grants and Agreements shall be valid and effectual in Law as all Letters and Patents whatsoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Bodies, or other Persons hereby authorized to contract on behalf of themselves or others as aforesaid, or any other Person or Persons interested in any of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall, for the Space of Fourteen Days next after Notice in Writing furnished by such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, shall have been given to the principal Officer or Officers of any such Body, or to such other Persons hereby authorized to contract on behalf of others, or interested themselves as aforesaid, or left at his, her or their usual Place of Abode, where or where to meet or agree, or by reason of Absence shall be prevented from receiving any such Notice, and from meeting or agreeing with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, or shall refuse to accept such Sum of Money as shall be offered by such Person or Persons, as the Consideration for the absolute Purchase of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons to be authorized as aforesaid to require Two or more Justices of the Peace, or Three or more Deputy Lieutenants (One of whom shall be a Justice of the Peace of the said County of Kent) to put His Majesty's Officers into immediate Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which such Justices or Deputy Lieutenants are hereby required to do, and shall for that Purpose issue their Warrants under their Hands and Seals commanding Possession to be so delivered; and shall also issue their Warrants to the Sheriff of the said County of Kent to summon a Jury, and every such Sheriff for the time being is hereby authorized and required, on Receipt of any and every such Warrant, to summon and return a Jury properly qualified, of the Number of Twenty four, and in the manner required by the Laws of England, who shall meet at some convenient time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, out of whom a Jury of Twelve shall be drawn, in such manner as Jurors for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at Westminster are drawn by Law in England; and in case a Justices Number shall not appear, the said Sheriff shall choose others of the Bye Stunders, or that can speedily be procured, being qualified as aforesaid, and the said Jurymen may be challenged by the Parties on either Side, but not the Array; and the said Justices or Deputy Lieutenants respectively may remove Witnesses and adjourn any such Meeting if Jurymen or Witnesses do not attend, and the Jury on hearing any Witnesses and Evidence that may be produced, shall, on their Oaths, (which Oaths, as also the Oaths of such Witnesses, the said Justices or Deputy Lieutenants respectively are hereby empowered and required to administer,) find the Compositions to be paid for the absolute Purchase of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, or any Person interested therein, shall be dissatisfied with the Verdict of any said Jury, it shall be lawful for them or their Attorneys to apply to the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, in the Term next after the finding of any such Verdict, and to suggest to the said Court that they have reason to be dissatisfied with such Verdict, and forthwith give Notice thereof to the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners, or Party (as the case may be), and thereupon the Proceedings

Bodies Politic, &c. and corporations Persons may contract for the sale.

Contract, &c.

He did not of treating, &c. as Justice may put His Majesty's Officers in Possession

Warrant to Sheriff to summon a Jury

If no Justices Number shall appear, the Sheriff shall choose others of the Bye Stunders.

Composers to be paid in Cases.

Parties dissatisfied with Verdict of Jury, may apply to Court of Exchequer, who are to hear on Application to that

be had before the
Judges of Al-
fice and Nili
Prize, to show
the Cause
therein.

Verdict of Jury
returned to
Court of Exchequer.

Jury able to de-
termine the Pro-
portion to be
paid to Lessee,
&c.

Jury on Enquiry
before Judge
may clear Pro-
portion.

Security for Pay-
ment of Costs.

Money bring-
ing to incumbered
Persons
how disposed of.

Court of Ex-
chequer on Ap-
plication of such
Persons for Dis-
position of such
Money may
give Directions
therein.

that shall have been had and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned into the said Court of Exchequer, and if it shall appear to the said Court to be proper, a Subpoena shall be entered as such Proceedings as afore-
said, and a Writ shall thereupon, by Rule of such Court, be directed to the Sheriff of the said County of
Kent, to summon either a Common or Special Jury, according to the Application that shall have been made
in that behalf, and as the Court shall allow, and who shall respectively be qualified according to Law to appear
before the Justices of Assize and Nili Prize of the said County of Kent, at the next Assize or Sittings of
Nili Prize, if the time shall not happen sooner than Twenty one Days after such Subpoena, otherwise at the
next succeeding Assize or Sittings, and the Compensations to be paid for the absolute Purchase of such Lands,
Tenements or Hereditaments shall at such Assizes or Sittings be ascertained by such Jury in like manner as
any Damages may be required of upon any Inquisition or Enquiry of Damages by any Jury before any Judge
of Assize or Nili Prize, and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned to the said Court of Exchequer, and
shall be final and conclusive, unless the said Court of Exchequer shall think fit, on any Application made
within Four Days after the Commencement of the succeeding Term or Session, to order any new Trial in
relation thereto.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Jury impanelled before any
Judge of the Peace or Magistrates, or Deputy Lieutenants, or before any Judge of Assize or Nili Prize, to
ascertain the Compensation to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments under this Act, and they
are hereby required to ascertain and settle the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation to any Person
or Persons having any Interest as Lessee or Tenant for Years at Will, or otherwise, in any such Lands,
Tenements or Hereditaments, and the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation shall be returned on
the Verdict: Provided also, that where any such Enquiry before any Judge of Assize or Nili Prize shall be
had on the Application of any such Lessee or Tenant for Years or at Will, or other Person having any
inferior Interest in any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, who may have been distressed with the
Proportion or Compensation settled by the Jury to be paid in respect of such Interest, it shall not be lawful for
the Jury in any such case to alter the Amount of the entire Compensation awarded by any former Verdict to
be paid for such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, but only the Proportion thereof to be paid to the
Person or Persons having a separate Interest therein; and it shall not be lawful for any Jury, on any Enquiry
had before any Judge of Assize or Nili Prize as to any such Compensation on the Application of the said
Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for exercising the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, to alter
the Proportion that shall have been settled by any such former Jury as to any separate Interest in any such
Lands or Hereditaments.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court making any such
Rule to require that the Party on whose Application the same shall be made shall give such Security as shall to
such Court seem proper for Payment of Costs, under such Circumstances as shall be specified in any Rule
made for that Purpose.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Money shall have been or shall be agreed, or
shall have been or shall be found by the Verdict of any Jury to be paid or given for any of the Lands, Tenements
or Hereditaments heretofore mentioned and described, belonging to any Person or Persons under any
Disability or Incapacity, or absent, or not having the absolute Interest therein, the same shall be paid by the
Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being into the Hands of the Deputy of The King's Remem-
brancer of His Majesty's said Court of Exchequer for the time being for the Use and Benefit of such Person
or Persons, and the said Deputy Remembrancer is hereby authorized and required to receive and to give a
Discharge for the same, and upon the Receipt thereof to sign a Certificate to the Barons or Judges of the
said Courts of Exchequer under his Hand, purporting and signifying that such Money or other Con-
sideration was received by and paid to him in pursuance of this Act, for the Use and Benefit of such
Person or Persons who shall be named and described in such Certificate, and the said Certificate shall be filed
in the said Court of Exchequer, and a true Copy thereof signed by the Deputy Remembrancer of such
Court shall and may be read and allowed as Evidence for the purposes heretofore mentioned; and the said
Deputy Remembrancer is hereby required upon Receipt of any such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid
to pay the same into the Bank of England; and immediately upon the filing of such Certificate the said
Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be and become settled in or to the Use of His Majesty, his
Heirs and Successors.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Barons or Judges of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer
of the Degree of the Chief for the time being respectively, or any Two or more of them, shall be and they are
hereby authorized and empowered, in a summary way, upon Motion or by Petition for and on behalf of any
Person or Persons interested in or entitled to the Benefit of the Money so paid to and received by the said
Deputy Remembrancer, or the Interest or Produce thereof, and upon reading the Certificate directed to be
signed by the said Deputy Remembrancer concerning the same as aforesaid, and receiving such further
Satisfaction as they shall think necessary, to make and procure such Orders and Directions for paying the
said Money, or any Part of the same, or for placing out such Part thereof as shall be Principal in the Public
Funds, or upon Government or Real Securities, and for Payment of the Dividends or Interest thereof, or
any Part thereof, to the respective Persons entitled to receive the same, or for buying out the Principal, or
any Part thereof, in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be conveyed and settled to, for and
upon the same Uses, Trusts, Tenants and Purposes as the said Lands and Hereditaments to whom the said
sums of the Payment of such Money as aforesaid, or as near as the same can be done, or otherwise, con-
cerning the disposing of the said Money, or any Part thereof, and the Interest of the same, or any Part
thereof, for the Benefit of the Person or Persons entitled to and interested in the same respectively, or for

appoint-

appointing any Person or Persons to be Treasurers or Trustees for all or any of such Purposes in the said Court shall think just and reasonable.

IX. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death or Removal of any such Deputy Remembrancer all Stocks and Securities vested in him by virtue of this Act shall vest in the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the Purposes heretofore mentioned without any Assignment or Transfer; and all Monies paid into the Bank of England in pursuance of this Act, or remaining in the Hands of any Deputy Remembrancer at his Death or Removal, and not vested in the Funds or placed out on Securities as aforesaid, shall be paid over to the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the time being.

X. And be it further enacted and declared, That if in any case the King's Remembrancer shall execute the said Office in Person, then and in such case the several Trusts, Powers and Authorities by this Act vested in the said Deputy Remembrancer and his Successors, shall, during such time as no Deputy Remembrancer shall be appointed, be vested in and be executed by the said King's Remembrancer for the time being.

C. A. P. LXXV.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof. [14th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs now payable upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and that from and after the said Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be levied, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Tonn of Rape Seed or Cole Seed imported into the United Kingdom the Sum of Ten Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in Scotland for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in Ireland for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain or Ireland; and all Poles, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force as or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full force and effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and recited in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties in Great Britain, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, under the Head of Consolidated Customs, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and that all the Monies arising from the said Duties in Ireland, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C. A. P. LXXVI.

An Act for repealing the several Bounties on the Exportation of Refined Sugar, from any Part of the United Kingdom, and for allowing other Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [14th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several Bounties respectively allowed on the Exportation, from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar in any way refined within the United Kingdom shall be discontinued, and that other Bounties should be granted in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Bounties on the Exportation, from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar in any way refined within the United Kingdom, allowed

Scrubber, &c. to vest in Deputy Remembrancer for time being without any Assignment.

Whereas Deputy Remembrancer for time being.

In lieu of the Duties repealed, for every Tonn of Rape or Cole Seed imported.

New Duty.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

Duties levied.

Application of Duties.

Act may be altered, &c.

Bounties now payable on Exportation of Refined Sugar, &c.

paid, and that
defended in
Tithes amount
to be paid.

Excise on (subject
to former Regu-
lations).

Old Rumour on
Sugar shipped
before July 1,
1816, cleared.

Proviso for De-
duction from
Duty on Sugar
when exported
to any other
than a British
Vessel by
Act 10. G. 3. c. 38.
S. 2.
Act 10. G. 3. c. 38.
S. 2.

Continuance of
Act.

Act may be
amended, &c.

under or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall cease, determine and be no longer paid; and that interest and in law charged there shall be paid and allowed the several Bounties on such Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom as the same are respectively defended and set forth in the Table to this Act annexed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Bounties on Refined Sugar, by this Act granted, shall be paid or allowed in full and the like manner as every Refinery, and Subject and under and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Securities, Penalties and Forfeitures, (except where any Alteration is made by this Act,) as any Bounties on Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom were paid or allowed before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several and respective Bounties on any Sort of Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, which from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, are by this Act repealed, shall be paid or allowed on any such Sugar which shall be actually shipped for the Purpose of Exportation from any Part of the United Kingdom, on or before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, notwithstanding such Sugar may not be exported until after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal the Deduction to be made from the Bounty allowed on Sugar when exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, in any other than a British Vessel owned, navigated and registered according to Law, as directed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for discontinuing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four*; or by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Refined Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

	Bounty on Refined Sugar which Substantially Refined Leaf Sugar Spoken in Paris, or being ground or powdered Sugar.	Bounty on other Refined Sugar in Leaf complete and whole, or Lump Sugar refined, or on such Sugar powdered, refined or broken; and on Sugar Candy.	Additional Bounty on Unclear Refined Sugar.
Whatever may be the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar	30s. the Cwt.	45s. the Cwt.	8s. the Cwt.

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act to repeal certain Duties granted by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for repealing the Provisions of former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company.

[24th June 1816.]

11 G. 3. c. 37.

11

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal the Provisions of former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges*; it is enacted, that there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Goods, Wares and Merchandises imported into any Part of the United Kingdom from any Place within the Limits of the said Act, and exclusive Trade heretofore granted to the said Company (except Madder, Train Oil, Head Mattes, or Whale Bone, Seal Skins, and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Seas, taken and caught by the Crews of British and foreign built Ships or Vessels) a Duty of Customs of Two Pounds upon every Hundred Pounds Value of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandises, and upon Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, extending onwards or onwards at any Port within the United Kingdom to or from any Part or Place within the Limits of the said Act and exclusive Trade to heretofore granted to the said Company as aforesaid, a Duty of Customs of One Shilling and Sixpence upon every Ton Burthen of every such Ship or Vessel: And Whereas it is expedient that Balfers and Foreign Gold and Silver should be imported from any Place within the Limits of the said Act and exclusive Trade heretofore granted to the said Company *“Duty-free”* be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent

Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the aforesaid Act as imposes or authorizes the raising, levying, or collecting any Duty of Customs upon Bullion and Foreign Coins of Gold and Silver imported from any Ports or Places therein specified, shall be and the same is hereby repealed accordingly.

II. And Whereas it is also expedient that the said Duty of Two Pence upon every One hundred Pounds Value should not be levied upon or in respect of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise, as are warehoused under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament for depositing Goods in Warehouses and thenceforth taken out for Exportation: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Duty of Two Pence upon every Hundred Pounds Value of such Goods, Wares and Merchandise, shall not be raised, levied, collected or paid for or in respect of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise deposited under the Provisions of the Acts of Parliament for depositing Goods in Warehouses, and which shall thenceforth be taken out of the Warehouses for Exportation, and duly exported according to Law, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are applicable to like Goods taken out of Warehouses for Exportation; any thing in this said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by the said recited Act, Blubber, Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin, Seal Skins, and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crews of British and Irish built Ships or Vessels, is exempted from the aforesaid Duty of Two Pence upon every One hundred Pounds Value on Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and it is expedient that the Ships or Vessels importing the said Blubber and other Articles should also be exempted from the aforesaid Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence upon the Tonnage of such Ship or Vessel: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence shall not be raised, levied, collected and paid upon the Tonnage of Ships or Vessels importing only Blubber, Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fin, Seal Skins and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crews of British and Irish built Ships or Vessels, and no other Cargo as Merchandise; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein.

[24th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate the Laws now in force for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein, and to amend the same: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, Two several Acts made in the Parliament of Ireland, One made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to secure the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*, and the other made in the Fourth Year of his said Majesty's Reign, for amending and continuing the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and also an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the first Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; except so far as the said recited Acts, or any of them, repeal or repeal any former Act or Acts; and also save and except so far as the said recited Acts, or any of them, relate or relate to the charging, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for any Duties on Paper made in Ireland, or any Arrears of such Duties, or any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating to the same, as far making or allowing any Abatement of such Duties which shall or may have been incurred or become due, or to which any Person may have become entitled, or as they or any of them relate or relate to any Drawbacks to which any Person may have become entitled on or before the Commencement of this Act; and that all and every the Regulations and Provisions, Powers and Authorities, contained in the said recited Acts, or any of them, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect for the charging, recovering, levying and paying the said Duties and Arrears thereof, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and for making or allowing any such Abatement or Drawback as in this Act had not been made: Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend to repeal or affect so much of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, as is cited and referred to in the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, as makes perpetual an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of his said Majesty's Reign relating to paper Hangings printed, painted or stained in Ireland: Provided also, that so much of the said Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, relating to Paper Hangings printed, painted or stained in Ireland, and is made perpetual by the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, shall, save and except as the same is altered by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to make further Provision for collecting and securing the Duties of Stamp on Paper printed or stained in Ireland, in force for Hangings or other Uses*, be and remain in full Force and Effect to all intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Paper (other than such Tissues Paper as is hereinafter described and mentioned) and not being Glazed Paper for Clothings or Hot Presses Use, or Shewing or Shewing Paper, or Bottom Paper or Bottom Board, shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the First Class; and all such Paper henceforth to be of the First Class shall be liable to and shall be chargeable with a Duty of Three pence per Pound Weight Avoidupoise thereof, chargeable on Paper made in Ireland, in and by so Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant to His*

Bullion and Foreign Coins imported, repealed.

Duty of 2s. on every 100lb. Value of Goods warehoused for Exportation, not to be levied in future.

Duty of 1s. 6d. per Ton on Ships importing only Blubber, &c. by 21 G. 3. c. 37. s. 5. not to be raised in future.

Irish Acts, 28 G. 3. and 40 G. 3. and

25 G. 3. c. 212. repealed. Enactings

Paper for the First Class. 41 G. 3. c. 36. s. 1. 41 G. 3. c. 37. c. 1. 41 G. 3. c. 108. s. 1. 41 G. 3. c. 108. s. 1. 41 G. 3. c. 108. s. 1. 41 G. 3. c. 108. s. 1.

Paper of the First Class.

41 G. 3. c. 36. s. 1. c. 1.

Sch. (A.) to
Paper Manu-
facture.
Of the Second
Class.

Of the Third
Class.

Before License
granted, Paper
Maker to deliver
to Officer of
District Account
of Mill, Appoi-
nted, &c.

What to be
inscribed in Ac-
count.

Number painted
on Registers, &c.

Account regis-
tered at Excise
Office.
Careless.

Paper Maker to
enter into Bond.

License to ex-
port Number of
Engines kept.

Using Engine or
Unwind before
Arithmetic Ac-
count in Office.

Finding.

Registering to
work the Ma-
chinery or giving

Majesty certain Island Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Tonnage and Drawbacks, and shall be deemed and taken to be all Intents and Purposes to be Paper of the Description therein charged with the said Duty of Three pence per Pound; and that all Brown Paper made of Old Ropes or Cordage only or of Old Ropes or Cordage mixed with refuse Materials only without washing or whitening the same, or any of them, and without separating or straining the Flax or Tow, or any Part thereof, or from any of them; and all Sueton Paper or Battion Board shall be respectively demounted, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Second Class, and shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of One Penny per Pound, mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, and shall be deemed and taken to be all Intents and Purposes respectively to be Paper of the Description therein charged with the said Duty of One Penny per Pound; and that all Palsboard, Millboard and Scaleboard, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, and all Glass Paper for Clocks and Hot Presses Use, shall be demounted, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Third Class, and such Palsboard, Millboard and Scaleboard, and Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of One Pound Sixty Shillings Currency for every Hundred Weight mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid; and such Glass Paper for Clocks and Hot Presses shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of Five Shillings for every Hundred Weight mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid; and that all Paper which shall be made in Ireland shall be classed and demounted accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person in Ireland who shall keep a Mill or Mills containing any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind, or Vessel for making Paper, shall make out, sign and deliver to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which the Mill or Mills of such Person shall be situate, an Account in Writing, to be entered and registered in the Office of Excise of each District, containing his or her Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, and the Place or Places where such Mill or Mills shall be situate, and specifying every Mill, and every Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place belonging or appertaining thereto, and the Situation thereof respectively, and also specifying the Number and Situation of each and every Engine, and of each and every Vat, Wet Press, Unwind and Vessel respectively kept in any such Mill or Mills, and the Number of Cubic Feet in every such Engine, computed in manner as in and by this Act is directed; and if any Paper Maker shall keep any Store or Warehouse for the storing or keeping of any Paper, such Store or Warehouse not belonging to him or her Mill, every such Paper Maker shall also specify in such Account every such Store and Warehouse, and the Place where the same is respectively situated; and in each written Account the Person making the same shall distinguish every such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, and every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind and Vessel, by separate Numbers relating to each, in Arithmetical Figures, beginning with Number One; and upon some visible Part of every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind and Vessel and upon the Door of every such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, shall paint or cause to be painted with Oil Colour in Black upon White Ground, or White upon Black Ground, and shall keep there on painted in a visible and legible manner, the Number of each such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind or Vessel, beginning as aforesaid with Number One, and of each such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place respectively, in conformity with such Account, beginning in like manner as aforesaid with Number One; and the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District shall file or enter and register such Account in the Office of Excise of the District, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Register by giving a Copy thereof, signed by him; and before any License shall be granted to any Person to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, such Person shall make out, sign and deliver such Account as aforesaid, and such Certificate as aforesaid shall be produced to the Person empowered to grant such License.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any License shall be granted to any Person or Persons in Ireland, to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, the Person or Persons requiring such License shall with Two sufficient Sureties execute a Bond to His Majesty in the penal Sum of Three hundred Pounds for each and every Engine intended to be kept by such Person or Persons conditioned to pay all such out and Sums of Money as, by virtue of this Act or any other Act or Acts in force or to be in force in Ireland, such Person shall be chargeable with, and also to pay and satisfy all Penalties to which such Person shall or may become liable under this Act or any other Act or Acts to be in force, relating to the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and in every such License shall be expressed the Number of Engines intended to be kept by such Person or Persons.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make any Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, or shall make use of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind or Vessel, or any Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, for the making, drying or keeping of any Paper whatever, before such Person shall have made out, signed and delivered such Account as aforesaid, or shall omit to paint or cause to be painted in manner herebefore directed, or to keep painted in a visible and legible manner upon each such Mill, Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Unwind and Vessel, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place respectively, the Number thereof respectively in conformity with such Account, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and that all Paper of every Sort or kind whatever, which shall be found in any Mill, Warehouse, Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place of which such Account shall not have been made out, signed and delivered, as in and by this Act required, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise in Ireland; and that if any Person shall keep any such Mill or Mills as aforesaid and shall omit to make out, sign and deliver such Account as in and by this Act directed,

of each and every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or of the Number of Cubic Feet in each and every Engine, or Mill make or deliver any false Account of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or of the Cubic Feet in any Engine, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with each every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, whereof no such Account or any false Account shall have been made.

Is a false Account.
Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make any Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, or shall make use of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or any Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place for making, drying or keeping of any Paper whatever, without such Person having first had and obtained a Licence according to Law to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, and having the same in force, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel for making Paper, and all Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, and all Materials for making Paper, which shall be found in any Mill for which a Licence in force shall not have been duly granted, or in any Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House, or other Place belonging or appertaining to such Mill, or belonging to any Paper Maker, shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Licence to be taken out before making Paper.
Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall from time to time attend to alter the Dimensions of any Engine of which such Account as aforesaid shall have been delivered, or if any Paper Maker shall intend to keep or make use of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, Wet Press or Wet Presses, in Addition to or in the Stead or Place of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, or Wet Press or Wet Presses, or any Utensil or Vessel, or any Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place of which such Account as aforesaid shall have been delivered, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker to do upon giving Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and also to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Mill of such Paper Maker, and upon an Account being made out, signed and delivered, in manner aforesaid and registered as aforesaid, and specifying the Number of Cubic Feet contained in any such Engine, and also all such other Particulars as are required as aforesaid, Six Days at the least before such Paper Maker shall make use of any such Engine, Vat or Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place; and such Paper Maker shall in such Notice and Account respectively hereby required to be given of such altered or other Engine, Vat or Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, or other Place, express that the same is or are, as the case may be, an altered Engine, and also the Number thereof, or an additional Engine, Vat or Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or Work House, Drying House, Store House, or other Place, + is or are intended to be kept or used in the Place and Stead of a former Engine, Vat or Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or Work House, Drying House, Store House, or other Place; and such additional or other Engine, Vat or Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place, shall be numbered in manner before directed.

Notice of intention to alter Dimensions of Engine, or of making other Number.

Penalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall, before commencing to work any Engine at any time after the Commencement of this Act, or at any time within any Year for which such Paper Maker shall be licensed to keep any Mill for the making of Paper, and in like manner before recommencing to work any Engine after any Discontinuance in such Year as hereinafter provided, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Mill of any such Paper Maker, signifying each such Engine by the Number and Content thereof, in the form as described in the Account by this Act required to be made out by such Paper Maker, and setting forth the Day and Hour when such Paper Maker intends to commence or recommence to work any Engine; and any such Paper Maker who shall make any Paper, or shall have any Staff or Material in Process for making the same into Paper, without having given such respective Notices in manner by this Act directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and on other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice of Commencement or Recommendation to work any Engine other than the Sixth Day of each Month in the Year; and the Officer shall attend at the Day and time which shall be specified in any such Notice of Recommendation, and shall open the Lock and Filicages of such Engine.

Notice before commencing or recommencing to work Engine, in Form, to be made, and to Collector, Sec. of Duties.

Penalty.

The Person to be the Seal of the District.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if the Content of any Engine of which an Account, Return or Notice shall have been given, shall exceed by Three Cubic Feet the Number of Cubic Feet which shall have been mentioned in such Return, Account or Notice, as being the Content of such Engine, the Paper Maker in whose Mill such Engine shall be found of such greater Content, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and a new and correct Return shall be forthwith given by such Paper Maker; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise whatever, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of any Month in which it shall have been or shall be discovered that such Engine of such greater Content as aforesaid was worked or used, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Mill shall be found, of all such Sums or Sums of Money as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with in respect of such increased Content of such Engine, for the Period or Periods from the time mentioned in the previous Notice of the commencing or recommencing the working of such Engine to such Fifth Day of the Month on which it shall have been discovered that such Engine was so worked or used, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker, who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable, within Fourteen Days next after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged.

Engine exceeding Three Cubic Feet beyond Quarter mentioned in Return.
Penalty.
Charge on increased Content of such Engine.

Penalty.

X. And

Officer may see
any Mills and
take Account of
Engines, &c.

Collection.

Penalty.

Account of
Paper, &c. may
be taken by
Officer at all
times.

Paper Maker
for each Engine
to pay Monthly
after the Rate of
Twelve pence
for every
Cable Foot of
Consumption.

Officer to make
Return of
Amount of
Monthly Rates,
and also of Sum
of Paper made
and weighed
within the
Month, and of
Duty thereon.
Charge made on
Paper Maker in
return of such
rates.

Proviso.

Copy of Return
sent with Paper
Maker.

Penalty.

If no Paper
weighed within
the Month,
Commissioner
may sue in V.
for twice the Duty
chargeable on
Engines.

and where Duty
chargeable on
Quality and

X. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise at any time in the Day time to enter into any Mill of any Paper Maker, and to measure and take an Account of such and every Engine, Vat, and Wet Press in such Mill; and if any Paper Maker, or his or her Servant, shall not on Demand made by any Officer of Excise at such Mill or at the Dwelling House of such Paper Maker admit such Officer and Officers into such Mill, or shall not permit such Officer and Officers to view, measure and take an Account of all and every such Engines, Vats and Wet Presses as aforesaid; or if any Paper Maker shall not on the Demand of any Officer of Excise clear or cause to be cleared all Stuff and Materials out of such and every Engine which such Officer may require to be cleared in order to enable him to measure the same, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Neglect or Refusal by him or her, or his or her Servant, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise from time to time and at all times by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every the Mills, Work Houses, Warehouses, Drying Houses, Store Houses, Rooms or other Places of any Paper Maker, and by Weighing, Tare or otherwise, as to such Officer or Officers shall seem meet, to take an Account of the kinds and Quantities of the Paper, Fishboard, Millboard, Disboard and Glazed Paper, Blotting or Blotting Paper, Button Paper or Button Band, which shall be found therein, and to make Returns pursuant to this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Paper Maker in Ireland shall for and in respect of each and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker for the making of Paper of any Sort or kind whatsoever, or which shall be employed in preparing any Stuff for making Paper of any Sort or kind whatsoever, be charged with and shall pay for each and every Calendar Month in the Proportion and at the Rate or Sum of Ten Shillings British Currency for each and every Cable Foot of the computed Content of each and every such Engine, taken according to the greatest Length, Depth, and Breadth thereof, without any Allowance or Deduction whatever, for or on account of any Peculiarity of Shape or Form of such Engine, or of any Machinery, or other matter or thing which shall or may be contained therein, or on any other Account, and which said Rate or Sum shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable as and for the Duty in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Quantity of Paper as may be produced from any such Engine within each such Month as aforesaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of any Paper Mill of any Paper Maker in Ireland shall, within Two Days after the Fifth Day of every Month, while any Engine or Engines of any Paper Maker shall be working, or shall be chargeable as working, make Return to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Paper Mill shall be situate, of the Amount of the Monthly Rates or Sums hereby directed to be charged, for the Month ending on such Fifth Day of the Month, in respect of all and every Engine or Engines kept or used by such Paper Maker at any time in such and every such Month, and also of the Quantity, Quality, and Weight of all Sorts of Paper, if any, which shall have been weighed at such Mill, and in the Course of such Month, and of the Duty chargeable thereon, in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Paper; and every such Return shall be a Charge on the Paper Maker to the Amount of the Monthly Rate or Sum payable under this Act in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, in case there shall not have been any Paper of any Sort whatever weighed at such Mill in such Month, or in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of the Paper which shall have been weighed at such Mill in such Month shall be less than the Rate or Sum chargeable as aforesaid for all and every such Engine or Engines for such Month, and every such Paper Maker shall pay the Sum so charged and returned; and in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all Paper of every Class, Denomination and kind specified in such Return as weighed within such Month, shall amount to or exceed the Amount of the Rate or Sum payable in respect of all and every such Engine as aforesaid, or in case any Engine shall not be chargeable in any Month, then the Return of the Officer shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker for the Amount of the Duty so chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Paper which shall have been weighed in any such Month respectively as aforesaid, and such Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable, within Three Months after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made; and every such Paper Maker shall, for every Default in Payment of any such Duty, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Sum so returned and charged, and which shall be so payable as aforesaid; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Paper Maker, or at such Paper Mill, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence in so doing.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case in any Month in which any Paper Maker shall have commenced working in any Year, upon such Paper Maker taking out Licence for such Year, there shall not be weighed any Paper in such Month in which such Paper Maker shall have commenced working, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, to make an Allowance of the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines of such Paper Maker, chargeable as working in such Month, either out of the Excise Duties chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of any Paper weighed in any Month or Month in which the Duty is chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight; and such shall exceed the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines chargeable as working in such Month or Month, or out of the Duties chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of any Paper which shall remain on the Hands of such Paper Maker not weighed or charged with Duty until after the time of such Paper Maker's discontinuing to work: Provided also, that in case in any Month in which any Paper Maker shall have commenced working as aforesaid, that the Duty charge-

able in respect of the Quality and Weight of all the Paper weighed in such Month, shall be left then the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines of such Paper Maker chargeable as working in such Month, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them in like manner to make Allowance to such Paper Maker of the Difference between the Duty chargeable in respect of such Engine or Engines, and the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of the Paper weighed in such Month.

Weight shall be left then Duty on Engine, Allowance may still be made.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Engine, from the Day mentioned in any Notice for commencing or recommencing to work, shall be preferred to be kept regularly at work from that Day until the End of the Year for which the Paper Maker shall be licensed, and shall be chargeable and charged accordingly, unless the working of any such Engine shall be discontinued in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if any such Paper Maker shall at any time be desirous of discontinuing the working or using any Engine or Engines in his or her Paper Mill, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker so to do, provided that such Paper Maker shall give Notice in Writing of such Intention to discontinue such working to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Paper Mill is situate, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of such Paper Mill, Six Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned therein for discontinuing the same, distinguishing each such Engine by the Number and Content thereof respectively, as the same shall have been or ought to have been set forth in the Account required to be made out by such Paper Maker under this Act, and specifying the Hour of the Day at which such working is so intended to be discontinued: Provided always, that no other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice for such Discontinuance, except only the Fifth Day of the Month; and that the Hour of the Day to be specified in such Notice shall be some Hour before Twelve of the Clock at Noon on such Day; and at the Day and Hour specified in such Notice the Officer in charge of such Paper Mill shall attend and for that such Engine is no longer at work; and the Officer in charge of the Paper Mill shall not charge the Paper Maker with any Duty, in respect of such Engine so discontinued as aforesaid, for any Month in which the working of such Engine shall be discontinued in manner aforesaid, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Notice given of discontinuing to work Engine.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That at the time specified in any such Notice of Discontinuance it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, and he is hereby required to follow and lock each and every Engine, the working of which shall be intended to be discontinued, in such manner as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, shall have directed and appointed, or shall direct and appoint, and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, from time to time to make and issue such Orders and Directions as they shall think expedient to the several Paper Makers and Officers for the following or locking of any Engine, and all and every such Orders and Directions shall be complied with and obeyed by every such Paper Maker and Officer; and if any Paper Maker shall refuse or neglect to comply with or obey any such Orders or Directions which shall have been or shall be made and issued, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Engines to be followed and locked in the time specified by Discontinuation.

Penalty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall be prevented by any Person at such Mill from following and locking any Engine, the working of which shall be so intended to be discontinued, or in case of such Mill being locked, and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officer, or if any such Engine shall in any Erect not be followed or locked in manner aforesaid by Default of such Paper Maker, or if at any time subsequent to the time any such Engine shall have been followed or locked, any such Engine shall be found not to be followed and locked pursuant to the Directions of this Act, or if any Roller, Plane, Lighter or Brasses shall be found to be used in any such Engine, unless due Notice shall have been given, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, of the Intention of recommencing to work such Engine, every such Paper Maker shall, in each and every the respective case and cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Obtaining Offence.

Engines afterwards found not followed. 5 s.

Penalty.

Rollers, &c. of Engines not discontinued working to be removed, and sent to Excise Office, if required.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Paper Maker shall discontinue the working of any Engine, such Paper Maker shall, before the time specified in any Notice for discontinuing the working of the same, displace and remove or cause to be displaced and removed clear out of each and every such Engine, the Roller, Plane, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, and shall, if therein required by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, by an Order issued by them, send or convey each and every Roller, Plane, Lighter and Brasses, within such time as shall be limited and appointed by such Order, other than and except such as shall be then in use with any Engine of such Paper Maker which shall be then chargeable as working, to the Excise Office of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situate, there to be kept until the same shall be returned to the Proprietor thereof, or his or her giving Notice pursuant to this Act of his or her Intention to work such Engine; and if any Paper Maker shall not, before the time which shall be so specified in any such Notice, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed in manner aforesaid, every such Roller, Plane, Lighter and Brasses, or shall not send or convey all and every Roller, Plane, Lighter or Brasses, except as aforesaid, to the Excise Office as aforesaid, within the time which shall be limited and appointed by such Order aforesaid, every such Paper Maker shall for such Default or Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Paper Maker not removing Roller, &c.

Penalty.

Working Engine after time mentioned in Notice of Discontinuance. Penalty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time subsequent to the Day and Hour mentioned in any such Notice of Discontinuance, the Engine, or the discontinuing of the working of which such Notice shall have been given, shall be worked or used in any manner whatsoever in the Process of making of Paper (unless under a Notice of Recommencement of working in manner in this Act mentioned), the Paper Maker in which Mill the same shall be worked or used shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with all such Sums of Money and Charges as he would have been liable to have been charged

Return of Duty
chargeable on
Paper Makers for
Periods from
time of Notice.

with under this Act in case as such Notice of Discontinuance had been given in manner aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise whenever, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of any Month in which it shall have been or shall be discovered that such Engine was worked or used contrary thereto, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duty in which such Mill shall be situated, of all such Sums or Sums of Money as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with for the Period or Periods from the time mentioned in the Notice of the discontinuance the working of such Engine to such Fifth Day of the Month in which it shall have been discovered that such Engine was so worked or used, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable within Fourteen Days next after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged.

Penalty.

Falsifying and
Locks to be pro-
vided by Paper
Makers.
Weylitt.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall from time to time provide such Falsifying or Locks and Keys to each and every Engine in his or her Mill, and shall keep the same in good and sufficient Order, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Surveyor of Excise in charge of such Mill, or shall pay for each Falsifying, Locks and Keys, as shall be provided by such Surveyor; and if any such Paper Maker shall neglect to provide, repair or pay for such Falsifying, Locks and Keys within such time as shall be required by such Surveyor, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence.

Penalty.

Directions for
making up Paper
into Quires,
Half Quires and
Reams, and
Falsifying, &c.
into Parcels.

XXI. And be it enacted, That all Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board whatsoever, made as aforesaid, shall be made up by the Maker or Makers thereof in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all such Paper where made shall be immediately made up into Quires or Half Quires, each such Quire to consist of Twenty four Sheets, and each Half Quire to consist of Twelve Sheets; and such Quires or Half Quires shall immediately afterwards be made up into Reams, each such Ream to consist of Twenty such Quires or of Forty such Half Quires; and all such Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, shall be immediately made up into Parcels, and each Parcel containing nine Dozens of Sheets, not less than Twenty four nor more than Seventy two Sheets each Parcel; and all Quires and Reams of Paper, and all Parcels of Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall within the meaning of this Act be deemed to consist of such Quantities respectively, and of no other; and if any such Maker of Paper shall neglect to make up, or shall at any time make up any Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board made as aforesaid, contrary to the Directions aforesaid, such Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and also all the Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, made up contrary to the Direction of this Act.

Penalty.

Notice when
Paper is to be
weighed.

XXII. And be it enacted, That every Paper Maker whose Mill or Mills shall be situated in any City or Market Town, or within One Mile thereof respectively, shall give or cause to be given Twenty four Hours' previous Notice in Writing, and every Paper Maker whose Mill or Mills shall be situate in any other Part of Ireland, shall give or cause to be given Forty eight Hours' Notice to the Officer in charge of such Mill or Mills respectively of the particular Day and Hour when any Paper of any Sort, Class or Kind whatsoever shall be to be weighed, and the Officer shall attend accordingly; and when and so soon as such Officer or Officers shall be attended, such Paper Maker, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall produce and bring to such Officer or Officers all the Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, for or in respect whereof the Duty is then intended to be charged, which Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board shall be brought loaded or tied up in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all such Paper of the First Class and all such Paper of the Second Class shall be loaded and tied up with a String in several Covers or Wrappers, containing One Ream of Paper each, and not more or less; and all Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, shall be tied up with a String in such Parcels as aforesaid, and that the different Parts of such String shall pale over and smooth the Ends and Sides of each Ream of Paper or Parcel of Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively; and in case any Paper Maker shall not at the time mentioned:—such Notice produce to such Officer or Officers all the Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board for or in respect whereof any Duty is then to be charged, such Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, being tied up and the proper Cl-ff and other the matters by this Act prescribed, marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper of each such Ream of Paper, and on each such Parcel of Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, according to the Directions of this Act, then every such Notice shall be and the same is hereby declared to be null and void; and every such Paper Maker shall be obliged to give a fresh and like Notice before such Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, shall be taken as Account of and charged with Duty; and before he or she shall remove, carry or send away, or suffer to be removed, carried or sent away any such Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, from the Mill where the same shall be made.

Paper, &c. to be
produced, and
tied up in such
manner as
directed.

Directions
not complied
with, &c.

Notwithstanding.

XXIII. And

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That on every Cover or Wrapper of any Ream of Paper of the First Class, or of Paper of the Second Class, before any such Paper shall be brought, or produced to any Officer of Excise to be weighed, there shall be marked, written or printed by the Maker thereof, or by his or her Servant in large and legible Characters, and in Words at length, the Name and Surname of such Paper Maker, or indeed of such Name and Surname there shall be marked such Mark or Device as shall be from time to time appointed or approved of by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, for distinguishing such Paper to be the Manufacture of such Maker thereof, and the Words "First Class," or "Second Class," designating the Class of Paper included in such Cover or Wrapper, and according to which the Duty in respect of the same is chargeable; and upon every such Cover or Wrapper shall also be written the Day of the Month and Year denoting the Month and Year in which such Paper shall have been made into Reams; and after such Date there shall be written in Figures the true Number of such Ream of Paper according to the Numbers of such Reams of such such Class, such Number to be in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One, according to the Number of Reams of Paper of such Class charged with Duty at each Mill in such Month; and that as each Parcel of Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, there shall in like manner, before the same shall be produced or brought to the Officer to be weighed, be marked, written or printed in large and legible Characters, and in Words at length, the Name and Surname of the Maker thereof, or indeed of such Name and Surname, there shall be marked such Mark or Device as shall be from time to time appointed or approved of by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, for distinguishing such Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, to be the Manufacture of the Maker thereof, and the Description of such Parcel, and whether such Parcel is Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, and the Number of Sheets in each such Parcel, with the Date of the Month and Year in which such Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board shall have been made into Parcels; and after such Date there shall be written in Figures the true Number of such Parcel of Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according to the Numbers of such Parcels of Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, such Number to be in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One according to the Number of Parcels of Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, charged with Duty at each Mill in such Month; and if any Maker of Paper, Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall neglect to mark and number the said Reams or Parcels in manner herein directed, or to cause the same to be marked and numbered as aforesaid, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise at all times to unite and open any Ream or Parcel of Paper having any Class of Paper denominated, marked, written or printed thereon, or on the Wrapper or Cover inclosing the same, and to take thereout by way of Sample One or more Sheets or Sheets of Paper, not exceeding One Sheet out of each Quire, paying for each Sheet or Sheets of Paper so taken (if demanded) the Market Price thereof; and if any such Officer shall discover in any Ream or Parcel of such Paper any Paper or Papers of a different Class than that which shall be included, then and in such case every such Ream and Parcel respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Paper Maker in whose Possession the same shall be found shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall and be at the in hereby required, at his or her own Expence, to provide and keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights, substantially fixed or erected at his or her Mill or Place where he or she shall make or produce to be charged any Paper, Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, or shall keep the same, or any of them; and also to permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same for the Purpose of ascertaining the respective Weight of such Paper, Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board; and if any Paper Maker shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them, so fixed or erected at such Place or Places aforesaid, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer of Excise to use the same for the Purpose aforesaid, he or she shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Paper Maker shall provide or make use of, or cause or procure or suffer to be provided or made use of, any false, unjust, or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall practise or cause or procure to be practised any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from or deceived in taking the just and true Weight of any Paper, Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, then and in every such case such Paper Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such false, unjust or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise shall in the weighing and measuring of all Paper, Pallboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, for the Purpose of charging the Duty of Excise thereon, give the Turn of the Scale in Favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof, shall allow the Paper Maker Two Pounds Weight Allowance, upon each and every One hundred Pounds Weight on the Amount of the Weight of such Paper, Pallboard,

How Weights of Ream of Paper to be marked and numbered in like manner as is required.

Words as "First Class," &c.

Parcel of Pallboard, &c. to be also marked and numbered.

Neglect.

Penalty.

Officer may open Reams and take Samples.

Paper found to be of a different Class.

Forfeiture.

Penalty.

Paper Maker is to provide Scales and Weights.

Neglect.

Penalty. False Scales and Weights; or obstructing Officer.

Penalty.

Allowance of 2 lb. on every 100 lbs. for giving the Turn of the Scale.

board, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, respectively, to be weighed or reweighed, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity.

No Weight left
then shall be
void.

Forces of Al-

lowance.
Paper Maker as
officer in
weighing Paper.

XXVII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That no Paper Maker shall, in the weighing or reweighing of any Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, for the Purpose of charging the Duty of Excise thereon, make use of, or cause, permit or suffer to be used, any Weight less than a Pound Weight, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance, any thing herein before contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That every Paper Maker shall, so often as he or she shall be thereto required by any Officer or Officers of Excise, bring or cause to be brought and put into and taken out of the Scale all Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which such Officer or Officers shall be detoured to weigh or to reweigh; and shall also, at the Request of such Officer or Officers, by himself or herself respectively, and with a sufficient Number of his or her Servants, aid and assist, to the utmost of his, her or their Power, such Officer or Officers in weighing and in reweighing all such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, in such manner as such Officers shall think most convenient, on pain of such Paper Maker forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal thereof the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Paper, &c. not to
be removed for
24 Hours after
being weighed,
and to be kept
separately.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be removed or conveyed from the Mill or other Place, where the same shall have been weighed, by any Officer of Excise, for the Purpose of charging the Duty, before the Expiration of Twenty four Hours next after the same shall have been weighed; and every Paper Maker shall from time to time keep all such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, which shall have been weighed, separate and apart from all other Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, for the Space of Twenty four Hours from the time when the same shall have been weighed, to the end that an Inspector, Surveyor or other proper Officer of Excise may have an Opportunity to reweigh the same; and if upon the reweighing of any such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, any additional Weight shall be found, such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be liable to and chargeable with the respective Rates and Duties of Excise, by Law imposed, according to such last mentioned Weight; and if any such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be removed contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, as if any Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which shall have been weighed, shall not be kept separate and apart from all other Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, in manner herebefore directed, the Paper Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

If on reweigh-
ing, it be found
to weigh more,
Duty to be paid
accordingly.

Penalty.

Officer to Stamp
Wrapper, or af-
fix a Label to
denote the Duty,
and mark other
Particulars
thereon.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the Officer of Excise attending to charge such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, shall be satisfied that the several Conditions by this Act specified have been fully complied with according to the Direction of this Act, and shall have also ascertained the true Quantity, Quantity and Weights of all such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, such Officer shall forthwith stamp or mark each and every Wrapper or Cover including Paper of the First Class, and every Wrapper or Cover including Paper of the Second Class, and every such Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, with the proper Stamp or Device, to denote the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, duly charged; or shall affix to each and every such Ream of Paper, or to any such Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, a proper Label to denote the like Duty being in charge; and such Officer shall forthwith also write his Name and Surname on each and every such Wrapper or Cover, and on each and every such Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, together with the Date of the Day, Month and Year on which the Duty was charged for or in respect thereof respectively; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully deface, obliterate or alter any of the respective names or things herebefore prescribed to be denominated, marked, written or painted on the Wrapper or Cover of any Paper, or upon any Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, or any Part thereof, after the respective Stamps, Marks or Labels shall have been put thereon by any Officer of Excise, or shall wilfully deface or obliterate any Imposition of any such Stamp or Mark, or shall wilfully deface, obliterate or alter the Name or Surname of any such Officer, or any Part of such Name or Surname, or any such Date or any Part thereof, the Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Officer to write
his Name on
Wrapper,
&c.

Penalty.

Paper, &c. to be
marked so as to
keep separate
from the rest.

XXXI. And be it enacted, That all Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall have been charged and stamped, marked and labelled as aforesaid, by any Officer of Excise, shall at all times be kept separate and apart from all Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shrating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board

Button Board, which shall not have been charged and stamped, marked or labelled by any Officer of Excise; and all Paper which shall have been so marked, stamped or labelled, of One Class, shall also be kept separate and apart from all other such Paper so marked, stamped or labelled, of any other Class, so that the Paper Maker shall for each and every such Office forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Paper shall be removed from any Mill in any less Quantity than a Ream, nor any Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, in any less Quantity than the entire Parcel on which the Duty was charged, upon Pain of the Paper Maker forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Office; and all Paper which shall be removed or removed from any Mill in any less Quantity than a Ream, and all Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, which shall be removed or removed in any less Quantity than such entire Parcel, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Ream of Paper shall be found removing or removed without having thence the Cover or Wrapper in which such Paper was charged with Duty, or if any Ream of Paper or Parcel of Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be found removing or removed without the Impression of the proper Stamp or Label, or without the Officer's Name and Signature, together with the Day, Month and Year when the Duty is respect thereof was charged, or without having the several matters hereinbefore in this behalf prescribed, marked, written, printed or fixed on such Cover or Wrapper, containing such Ream of Paper, or such Parcel of Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, every such Ream of Paper, and every such Parcel of Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, together with the Package or Packages containing the same respectively, which shall be so found removing or removed contrary hereto, shall be forfeited, together with the Hurdles or other Cattle, Carriages, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels, used so removing or carrying the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall remove, carry or send away, or permit or suffer to be removed, carried or sent away, any Paper, Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, from the Mill in which the same shall be made, until the proper Officer shall have taken an Account thereof, or until such Paper, Paleboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall have been duly weighed and charged, and stamped, marked or labelled, as by this Act is directed, or without having the Officer's Name and Signature, together with the Day, Month and Year, when the Duty is respect thereof was charged being written or printed thence pursuant to this Act, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Office forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Paper Maker from sending such Paper from the Mill where the same shall be made, upon Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing being previously given to the proper Officer of Excise in charge of such Mill, in any other Mill to be fixed or finished fit for Use, in order that such Officer may attend and take an Account thereof, and provided that such Paper be removed with a proper Certificate from such Officer signifying the Class and Quantity of such Paper; and that when such Paper shall have been so removed to the Mill or Place where the same is to be fixed or made fit for Use, the same shall be at such Mill or Place under the like Directions, as to stamping, marking or labelling, and all matters and things, as if such Paper had been fixed and fixed at the Mill where made, and such Maker shall for the Breach of any of the Directions aforesaid, be subject to the like Penalty as he or she would have been subject to if the said Paper had not been removed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That Papers called Specimen Papers shall be furnished to every Paper Maker by any Officer of Excise, in order that every Officer of Excise visiting the Mill of such Paper Maker may enter on such Specimen Paper his Visit and Visits at such Mill, and of all Notices given of the weighing of any Paper, and of the Quantity and different Classes, Denominations and kind of Paper weighed, stamped, marked or labelled, by the Officer, and of all such other matters and things as the Officer or Officers shall think fit, or be directed to make Entries of; and every Paper Maker who shall from time to time be furnished with any such Specimen Paper shall cause the same to be fixed on a Board conveniently made for that Purpose, and shall cause such Specimen Paper to fixed to be constantly hung, pulled or put up in some public and conspicuous Place in such Mill, and shall preserve and keep such Specimen Paper so hung up, pulled or put up, in such manner that any Officer of Excise visiting such Mill may view such Specimen Papers, and make Entries thereon; and if any such Paper Maker shall not hang up, pull, put up or preserve such Specimen Paper in manner therein directed (unavoidable Accident excepted, the Proof whereof shall be on such Paper Maker), he or she shall for every such Office forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Excise shall at any time neglect or omit to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act against any Paper Maker, or shall at any time have commended any Error in any Return as aforesaid, by including or charging in such Return a greater or less Quantity of Paper, or a greater or less Amount of Duty than ought to have been returned or charged by him against any such Paper Maker according to the Directions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Officer, or for any other Officer of Excise, and such Officer is hereby respectively required to make a Return in case no Return shall have been made, or to rectify such erroneous Return as may have been made, as speedily as may be convenient, and to report the same to the Commissioners of Excise; and in case of a Return made

and in their said
several Clauses.

Penalty.

Paper not to be
removed in a
less Quantity
than a Ream;
any Paleboard
but than a Parcel;
Forfeiture.

Paper or Pale-
board removing
without the pro-
per Stamp and
Marks.

Forfeiture and
Seizure.

Paper Makers
removing from
Mill such Paper,
&c. until Officer
has taken the
Account, and
weighed and
stamped the
same, &c.

Penalty.

Paper may be
removed in an-
other Mill to be
fixed, &c. on
giving Notice.

Subject to Pa-
tention as if not
removed.

Specimen Papers
to be furnished
on which Officer
shall enter his
Visits at the
Mill, Notices of
weighing, &c.;
Paper Maker to
hang up the
same in a con-
spicuous Part of
the Mill.

Penalty.

Returns to be
made when Re-
turns have been
omitted.

Erroneous Re-
turns to be
rectified.

Allowance for
Overcharges.

made by reason of an Omission in the Officer in charge of the Paper Manufactory of such Paper Maker to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, or if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any erroneous Return as aforesaid against any Paper Maker was greater than the same ought to have been, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to make an Allowance forthwith to such Paper Maker of the Amount of Duty so overcharged; and if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any Return against any Paper Maker was less than the same ought to have been, or in case of a Return made as aforesaid by reason of the Omission of the Officer to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to give notice to such Paper Maker of the Amount of the Duty contained in such Return to be made as aforesaid, by reason of the Omission of a Return in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Delinquency of the Duty in consequence of such erroneous Return; and if such Paper Maker shall not within One Calendar month after such Notice have sufficient Cause to such Commissioners of Excise why he should not be charged with and pay the sum contained in such Return or such Delinquency, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to order a Return to be made to the Collector of the District within which the Mill of such Paper Maker is situate, of the Amount of such Duty or Delinquency, and the Duty specified in such Return shall be a Surcharge on such Paper Maker; and if such Paper Maker shall not upon Demand, or within Ten Days next after pay the full Amount of such Duty so surcharged, such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and a Sum equal to Double the Amount of Duty which shall be so returned and surcharged, provided that no such Return shall be a Surcharge on any Paper Maker, unless it shall have been made and the Amount thereof demanded within Nine Calendar months after the Date of the original Return, or after the Expiration of the Ten Days within which the same ought to have been made.

Defendants to
be charged.
Cause to be
shown.

Pending for not
paying the sur-
charge.

Notice not to
be refused for
want of form.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Notice or Notice for any of the Purposes in this Act mentioned, which shall be given or served by or on behalf of any Paper Maker, upon any of the Persons upon whom the same ought to be given or served, shall, according to the true Intent and meaning of such Notice or Notice, be taken to be good and effectual as against such Paper Maker, although such Notice or Notice shall not be in the Form, or contain the several Particulars, or shall not be given or served on all the Persons, or within the time or times by this Act directed, prescribed, limited and appointed for giving or serving the same, and upon the Trial of any Information, or on any other Proceeding relating to or in any manner touching or concerning any such Notice or Notice, it shall not be competent to or for such Paper Maker, or his or her Executors, to allege any Imperfection or Defect in any such Notice or Notice, or in the giving or serving of the same.

Officer to make
Charge from the
Books of the
Person so en-
charged.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer in charge of the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, shall be removed from the same, or shall die, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officer who shall succeed the Officer who shall be so removed or shall die, to make out and return any Charge against such Paper Maker from the Books and Papers kept and Entries made by such Officer who shall be so removed or shall die, relating to such Paper Mill, and to the State thereof, and every such Charge so made out and returned from such Books, Papers or Entries, shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker, who shall pay the Duties so charged and returned, under and subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Penalties, as if such Books, Papers and Entries, were the Books, Papers and Entries of the Officer who shall make such Charge, and as if such Officer had been placed over such Paper Mill at the time such Entries had been made.

Abatement for
the time any
Engine has been
prevented from
working.

XI. And be it further enacted, That when any Paper Maker is prevented full by any Fatality or unavoidable Accident have been prevented from working any Engine kept by such Paper Maker during the whole or any Part of any Month for which such Paper Maker shall by Law be chargeable with Duty, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, on Proof or Oath made to their Satisfaction that the Fatality or Accident was unavoidable and not owing to any Default or Negligence, to make any proportionate Abatement of any Charge of Duty which shall have been returned against such Paper Maker, for and in respect of the Engine which such Paper Maker shall be so prevented from working.

Commissioners
to provide proper
Stamps, &c.

XII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, from time to time to provide proper Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels, for stamping or marking all Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, made in Ireland, and they shall cause such Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels, to be distributed to the respective Officers of Excise, for the Purposes of this Act, and the said Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels respectively, or any of them, may be altered or renewed from time to time as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them, shall think fit, and the same shall be deemed and taken to be the proper and lawful Stamps, Marks, Devices and Labels for the Purposes of this Act.

Stamps, &c. al-
tered, renewed,
&c.

Stamps, &c. not
to be used or to
be altered.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels in use at the time of the passing of this Act for denoting the charging of the Duties payable on Paper, Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, shall, until the same shall be altered or renewed as aforesaid, continue to be used, and shall be deemed and taken to be the proper and lawful Stamps, Marks, Devices and Labels for the Purposes aforesaid.

Using Stamps,
&c.

XIV. And be it enacted, That if any Person shall counterfeit, or cause to be counterfeited, any Stamp, Mark, Device or Label, provided or directed to be used in pursuance of this Act, or shall counterfeit, forge or resemble the Mark or Inspection of any such Stamp, Mark or Device upon any Cover or Wrapper of or belonging to or used with or upon any Label affixed to any Ream or Quantity of Paper, or upon any Paleboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board,

or shall have in his or her Custody any such counterfeit Stamp or Device, knowing the same to be counterfeit, or shall have in his or her Custody or Possession, or shall utter, send or sell any Paper with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device on the Cover or Wrapper of such Paper, or on any Label affixed thereto, or any Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device upon such Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or upon any Label affixed thereto, knowing the same to be counterfeit or forged, or shall upon any Ream or Quantity of Paper which had not been duly entered with the proper Officer and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, knowingly put or place any Cover or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression, or any such counterfeit Label, or shall knowingly wrap or cover any Ream or any Quantity of Paper in any Cover or Wrapper used before as a Cover or Wrapper in any other Quantity of Paper, or shall knowingly affix, tie up, put, place or add any Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, having thereon the Impression of any such Stamp or Device or any Label, whether such Stamp, Device or Label shall be true or counterfeit, to any Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board which had not been duly entered with the proper Officer and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable by any Paper Maker shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are or shall be by Law made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the Duties in which such Duty shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to empower any Person or Persons to take and distrain all or any Paper and Materials for making Paper, or of belonging to such Paper Maker, wherever the same may be found, and all or any Engines, Vats, Wet Presses or other Utensils for making Paper, in any Paper Mill or other Place used by any such Paper Maker, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction, giving Six Days previous Notice thereof; and if after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Paper Maker, together with the Costs and Expenses of such Taking, Distraining and Sale, there shall be any Surplus arising from the Sale thereof, such Surplus shall be forthwith tendered and paid to such Paper Maker or his Representatives: Provided always, that where any of the Articles aforesaid shall be so taken and distrained, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker, or his Representatives, at any time or times before the time appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the same to be delivered up to him or them, upon his or their paying to the Collector or Officer in charge as aforesaid, towards discharging the Duties due and payable, together with the Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, the real Value of such Articles as he or they shall desire to have delivered up, and the same may be delivered up accordingly.

XLV. And be it enacted, That all Engines, Vats, Wet Presses and Utensils for making any kind of Paper in any Mill, and all Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Shewing or Shewing Paper, and Glazed Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and all the Materials for making thereof, which shall be found in such Mill, or into whose Handssoever the same shall come, and by whomsoever Conveyance or Title the same shall be claimed, shall be liable and subject to, and the same respectively are hereby made chargeable with all Duties in Arrear, and owing by the Paper Maker who used such Mill, or which shall be in Arrear or owing by such Paper Maker, and shall also be subject and liable to satisfy all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or which shall be incurred by every such Paper Maker for any Offence against this Act or any Act or Acts in force or to be in force relating to the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland; and it shall and may be lawful in all such cases to levy such Duties and Penalties on all and every such Engines, Vats, Wet Presses and Utensils, Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board and Materials, or any of them, and to use such Proceedings as may lawfully be done, in case such Duties or Penalties, Offenders or Offenders was or were the true Owner or Owners of such Engines, Vats, Wet Presses or Utensils, Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or Materials respectively.

XLVI. And be it enacted, That if any Question shall arise whether any Paper is really and lawfully of or belonging to the Class marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper containing the same, although such Paper should appear to have been entered or kept in the Officer's Book or Books as being of or belonging to such Class, the Proof of such Paper being really and lawfully of and belonging to the Class marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper containing the same, shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer of such Paper, and not on the Officer or Officers.

XLVII. And be it enacted, That in case any Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, made in Ireland, shall be fraudulently deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, with an Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties imposed thereon, all such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and shall and may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and to enable such Officer or Officers to enforce such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which may be so hid or concealed, if any Officer of Excise shall have Cause to suspect that any such Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be so deposited, hid or concealed, then and in every such case, upon Oath made by such Officer before any Justice of the Peace, setting forth the Grounds of his Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace before whom such Oath shall

Being in Possession, or using forged stamps or any other Paper, &c. with counterfeit stamps

Or putting a Wrapper on Paper, &c. having forged Mark, &c.

Penalty. Collector may distrain for Duty in Arrear

Sale.

Articles to Paper Maker.

Engines, &c. and Paper found in Mill.

Liable for Duty and Penalties

In Question as to Class to which Paper belongs, Proof on Owner

Paper, &c. fraudulently concealed

Forfeited. Search under Warrant of a Justice

Oath by Officer.

Search in what
only in Presence
of Peace Officer

shall be made, if he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to authorize and empower any Officer or Officers, by Day or by Night, but if it is the Night then is the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into every such Place where he or they shall be suspected such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, to be deposited, hid or concealed, and to seize and carry away all such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which he or they shall find to be or contained, together with the Packages containing the same; and all such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by such Officer or Officers; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Palfboard, &c.
forfeited.

Penalty.

Stock to be
taken as Offence

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Officer of Excise shall have entered into the Mill, Warehouse, Dyeing House, Storehouse or other Place belonging to any Paper Maker, such Paper Maker, or some Person employed on behalf of such Paper Maker, shall, on Demand of any such Officer, show or cause to be shown to such Officer all the Stock then in Hand of Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and shall give or cause to be given to such Officer a Declaration of the same, that is to say, that the Stock so shown is all the Stock of Paper, Palfboard, Scaleboard, Milboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or of belonging to such Paper Maker; and if such Paper Maker, or some Person on his or her behalf, shall not, on Demand made by any such Officer, forthwith show or cause to be shown such Stock, or make such Declaration as aforesaid, or if such Paper Maker, or Person showing Stock, or making such Declaration, shall make any false or untrue Declaration of such Stock, such Paper Maker shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall upon Search discover any Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, belonging to such Paper Maker, which shall not have been duly shown or declared, then all such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board so discovered shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Palf Board
shown.

Penalty
Paper, &c.
found.

Forfeiture
Excise.

Stock of Paper
left in Quantity
which is sought,
by Stock Ac-
count, or be an
Offence.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the Stock of Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall have been stamped, and purporting to have been charged with Duty, in the Possession of any Paper Maker, shall be left less than the Quantity of Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which, by the Stock Account of such Paper Maker kept by the Officer of Excise, ought to be in the Possession of such Paper Maker every such Paper Maker, for every time such Defect shall appear, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Ream of Paper, and for every Parcel of Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall be so deficient.

Penalty.

Paper found
charged with
Duty greater in
Number and
Weight than ap-
pears by Stock
Account, Paper
equal in the
amount forfeited.
+ Six.

L. And be it further enacted, That whenever there shall be found in the Mill of any Paper Maker any Ream or Reams of Paper, or any Parcel or Parcels of Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, stamped and purporting to have been charged with Duty greater in Number or Weight than the Number or Weight which, by the Stock Account kept by the Officer of Excise, ought to be in the Possession of such Paper Maker, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise to seize, out of any Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, in the Mill of such Paper Maker, or Quantity of Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, equal in the Quantity so found increased, and the same shall be forfeited.

Revenue not to
receive any
Paper less than a
Ream, properly
stamped and
marked.

LI. And be it enacted, That no Paper Stationer, Stationer or Dealer in Paper, shall receive into his or her Custody or Possession any Paper made in Ireland, which shall not at the time of his or her so receiving the same be an entire Ream of Paper duly stamped and marked for denoting the Duty of Excise imposed thereon to have been charged for or in respect of such Paper, nor without the Officer's Name and Signature, together with the Day, Month and Year when such Duty was charged, nor without the Clerk directed to be marked, written or printed thereon, at the time of such Duty being charged, or any Paper without such Permit for the Removal thereof as by Law required, on Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all such Paper which shall be so received by any such Stationer or Dealer in Paper contrary to the Directions of this Act, and all such Paper shall and may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalty.

Wrappers not to
be returned to
Paper Makers
by Stationer;

but destroyed.

LII. And be it enacted, That if any Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or any other Person, shall refuse, return, withhold or send, or procure, permit or suffer to be returned, returned, redelivered or sent to any Paper Maker, or to any Mill, Work House, Storehouse, Room or other Place, to any such Paper Maker belonging, or to any other Place or Places whatsoever, to or for the Use of any Maker of Paper, any Wrapper or Cover which had been before used as a Wrapper or Cover to any Paper, and marked, stamped or labelled with the Mark, Stamp or Label directed by this Act; and if any Stationer or Dealer in Paper shall not upon the opening of any Ream of Paper forthwith destroy or cause to be destroyed the Wrapper or Cover in which such Paper was inclosed, or deliver or cause to be delivered the Impression of the Mark or Stamp, or the Label put thereon by the Officer of Excise according to the Directions of this Act, and if any stamped, marked or labelled Cover or Wrapper, which had before contained any Paper, shall be found conveying or conveyed, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and every such Stationer or Dealer

Penalty.

to Paper, or other Person, shall for each and every the respective Offences aforesaid forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Paper Maker shall receive, or cause, procure, permit, or suffer to be received, returned, retained, redelivered or sent to him or her, or to be kept or deposited at any Mill, Work House, Storehouse, Room, or other Place to him or her belonging, or at any other Place to or for his or her Use, any such Wrapper, Cover or Label, which had been before used, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Wrapper, Cover, Label and all Paper of any Sort or kind which shall or may be conveyed or conveyed therein or thereon shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every Carriage in which or on which any such stamped marked Cover, or Wrapper, or Label, which had before contained any Paper, or had been affixed to any Paper, shall be found in the Course of Conveyance, and every Hurd or Bark of Burthen attached to any such Carriage, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed to extend to inhibit the said Priority of One hundred Pounds for or on account of the not destroying or returning any Wrapper or Cover which shall have been opened, containing therein the same identical Remn of Paper which was removed, carried or sent away by the Maker thereof, and which shall have been returned to him or her on account of the same being defiled and re-saled by the Person or Persons to whom the same was sent, or for or on account of the not destroying or returning of any Label affixed to such Wrapper or Cover; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any Act notwithstanding.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Paper Maker to send or deliver any Remn of Paper, or any Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, or Button Paper or Button Board, out of the Mill or Manufactory of such Paper Maker, without a Permit for the Removal thereof, signed by the Officer in charge of such Mill or Manufactory, or other Officer authorized in that behalf by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and that every such Permit shall be written or printed in plain legible Characters, and shall contain such Particulars as shall from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Two of them, and also the several following Particulars; that is to say, the Date and Number of such Permit, and the District from whence issued, and the Place to which such Paper or Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, therein mentioned, are intended to be carried, and shall particularly express the Marks, Weights, Packages, Quality and Denomination of Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, is intended to be conveyed under such Permit, and shall likewise contain the real Name and Surname, and Place of Abode, of the Paper Maker, and the Situation of his or her Mill or Manufactory, and the real Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons to whom, and the Place or Places to which such Paper or Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, is intended to be sent; and in every such Permit shall be expressed and set forth the Date of the Month and Year when such Paper or Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, was weighed and charged with Duty by the Officer; and if any Remn of Paper, or Parcel of Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be conveyed or carrying, or carried or conveyed, from the Mill or Manufactory of any Paper Maker, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, unless the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Possession the same shall be, shall, as Demanded made by any Officer of Excise, produce a Permit under the Hand of the proper Officer of Excise, authorizing the Removal of such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, respectively, and upon the Trial of any Information for the Forfeiture of any such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which shall be found conveyed or conveyed without such Permit as aforesaid, the Proof of the Person from and to whom, and the Place from and to which such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid respectively, shall be conveyed or conveyed, shall lie upon the Claimant or Claimants, and not on the Officer or Person prosecuting such Information; and in case any Seditious Name or Name, or the Name of any Person from or to whom such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid, is intended to be sent, shall be inserted in any Permit or Permits, or in case such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall be delivered from or to any other Person or from or at any other Place than from or to the Person or Person or at the Place mentioned in the Permit, such Paper, Palsboard, Scaleboard, Millboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, mentioned in such Permit, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and in every such Permit shall be likewise mentioned some reasonable limited time for such Permit being in force for the Conveyance of the Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid therein mentioned, from one Place to another, and after the Expiration of such limited time such Permit shall not be in force for protecting the Conveyance of such Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and every such Person in which there shall be any Embezzlement or Alteration, shall be null and void, and the Paper, Palsboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper

Makesman-
ing Wrappers,
Re.

Ready.

Wrappers, Re-
ferred.

And Re-
scriptions, Re-
ferred.

Paper, Re-
ferred to be named
without Verdict.

Permit is con-
tain certain Pa-
rticulars.

Delivery of Pa-
per to not pre-
sented.

Permits.

On Trial for
Forfeiture, Proof to lie on
Claimant.

Seditious Name
or Name of Per-
son in Permit,
Explication of
uses.

Severe and
Forfeiture.
Time for Permit
to be in force.

Embezzlement in
Permit void.
Goods forfeited.

Request Note
for Permit to be
Stamp'd, and in
certain cases
Particulars.

or Button Board conveying or conveyed, for the Protection of which any ensaid, interlard or shored Permit shall be produced, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and so such Permit shall be granted by any Officer, unless a Request Note or Requisition in Writing, duly stamped according to Law, and containing such Particulars as hereinafter required, shall have been delivered by or on behalf of the Party requiring such Permit, and every such Request Note or Requisition shall contain the Name and Surname of the Paper Maker, and Situation of the Mill or Manufactory of the Paper Maker sending such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and the Name and Surnames of the Person to whom intended to be sent, and specifying the Trade, Occupation or Calling of such Person, and also the Place to which such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid is intended to be sent; and such Request Note or Request Note shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, Quantity and Denomination of such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, and the Date of the Month and Year the same was respectively weighed and charged with Duty.

When Evidence
shall be given of
Permit to be lost.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That an Oath made by the Carrier or Person in whose Possession any Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, for which a Permit shall have been granted, of the Loss of such Permit, and by the Paper Maker who shall have sent the same under such Permit, before any Commissioner or Sub Commissioner of Excise, that such Permit was taken out, and was not used or intended to be used to his Knowledge or Belief fraudulently to cover or protect any other Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board whatsoever, that was taken out for the particular Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, is in every such case the Entry of such Permit in the Books of the proper Officer, or a Copy thereof duly attested, shall be Evidence of such Permit having been taken out, and such Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall thereupon be returned to the Owner or Proprietor thereof: Provided always, that if the Carriage of any such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board is aforesaid, shall be prevented from being fully performed within the time limited in such Permit by any unreasonable Accident, then on Notice being immediately given by the Owner or Carrier of such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, to any Officer of Excise, and Roll or Entry being made of such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, at or near the Place where such Accident shall happen, the Officer of Excise to whom such Notice shall be given, shall without Delay repair to the Place where such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall then be, and if such Officer shall find upon View or Enquiry that such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, were stopped or delayed in their Carriage by Accident, then such Officer shall thereupon by Indorsement on such Permit enlarge the time for the Carriage of such Paper or Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, to the Place of their first Destination; and if any Officer of Excise shall wilfully or negligently omit or refuse to do his Duty therein according to the Directions aforesaid, such Officer shall, on Proof thereof being made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in Ireland, or any Three or more of them, forfeit the Sum of Two Pounds.

Entry on Copy
of Permit.

Time of Permit
may be enlarged
on proper
Notice.

Infringed on Per-
mit.
Officer employ-
ing.

Penalty.
Officer granting
or renewing
Permit, &c.
without a Roll
shall be liable to
be taken paid.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer granting or renewing any such Permit, to examine upon Oath, which Oath he is lawfully authorized to administer, any Person or Persons applying for such Permit, whether the Duty was actually charged or paid for the Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board for which such Permit shall be so demanded, and as to the Identity of such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and to all such matters as shall appear to such Officer or Officers necessary to satisfy him or them that the Duties payable on such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, had been duly charged or paid.

Permit to be de-
stroyed in Oath
within 48 Hours
after Surrender
of same, also Roll,
on sending Paper
to consignment
with Duties,
ready to be sent
Roll thereof,
As.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person being a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or a Paper Stationer, or Manufacturer of Paper, to whom any such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be sent, shall, within Forty eight Hours after the Arrival thereof, or after the Expiration of the time limited in such Permit, repair with such Permit to the Surveyor or Gauger of the Walk in which such Person shall reside, and shall present and deliver the same to such Officer, who shall within Twenty four Hours examine such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, and shall without Fee or Reward, if such Officer shall find that such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, correspond with such Permit, certify on the Back thereof that such Permit was presented to him, and that, having examined the same, such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively alleged to have been assessed under such Permit, he found that such Paper, Palfboard, Milboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board to correspond there-
with,

with, and such Officer shall sign and date such Certificate, and shall thereupon deliver such Permit, with such Certificate indorsed thereon, to the Party, and such Permit, with such Certificate thereon, shall be a Protection for such Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheet or Sheet of Paper, Station Paper or Button Board; and if any such Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheet or Sheet of Paper, Station Paper or Button Board shall be found in the Possession of such Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or Paper Stationer, after the Expiration of such Twenty-eight Hours respectively as aforesaid from the Arrival of the Goods, or from the Expiration of the time limited in the Permit under which such Goods were conveyed to such Stationer or Dealer in Paper or Paper Stationer, and such Permit, with such Certificate as in and by the Statute in that behalf made is so directed, shall not be produced on Demand of any Officer of Excise, then all such Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheet or Sheet of Paper, Station Paper or Button Board, which shall have been so conveyed under such Permit, and which shall be found without such Certificate, which shall be so found, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Officer.

Permit and Certificate not produced.

Paper, the Stationer and Dealer.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time counterfeit or forge any Permit or Let-pulse for the Carriage of Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheet or Sheet of Paper, Station Paper or Button Board, or shall counterfeit any Impression, Stamp or Mark, provided or appointed or to be provided or appointed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties respectively for the true being, or any Three or more of them respectively, to be put to or upon such Permit or Let-pulse, or shall make use of any such counterfeit or forged Permit or Let-pulse, with such counterfeit Impression, Stamp or Mark, knowing the same to be counterfeit, such Person or Persons being thereof legally convicted shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Space of Seven Years.

Forging, or using forged Permits.

Felony.

* LXVIII. And Whereas it is expedient that an Allowance should be made for Paper used in printing Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books and Books of Common Prayer, by The King's Printer in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland for the time being, upon being satisfied that the Duty of Excise shall have been fully paid for any Quantity of Paper of the First Class heretofore mentioned used by The King's Printer in Ireland, in the printing of Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books and Books of Common Prayer of the Church of England and Ireland, to pay and allow to such King's Printer, or to the Person or Persons by them respectively authorized to receive the same, a Drawback or Allowance of Three pence per Pound Weight for all such Paper so used as aforesaid, under the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to enable the said King's Printer, or any Person or Persons whatever on his behalf, to use any such Drawback or Allowance for or in respect of any such Paper used in the Printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Books of Common Prayer, unless the said Paper shall have while in the Substances thereof a Mark, commonly called a Water Mark, of the Date of the present Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen in Figures, or of some subsequent Year of our Lord; nor unless the Manager of the Press of such King's Printer shall, at least Forty-eight Hours before any such Paper is begun to be prepared for printing, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor of Excise of the District a Notice in Writing of the Intention to print such Paper, specifying in such Notice the Number of Sheets or Bundles of such Paper to intended to be printed, and whether the same is to be printed for Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Books of Common Prayer, and of what Size the intended Impression or Edition thereof is to consist; nor unless all such Paper shall on the Attendance of such Surveyor or some other Officer of Excise, be produced to such Surveyor or Officer indorsed in the original Covers or Wrappers in which such Paper was charged with Duty with the Impression of the Officer's Stamp, and his Christian and Surname, and the Date of the Charge of the Duty with the Clasp of such Paper, and the several matters hereinbefore prescribed and directed to be marked, written or printed, remaining on such Covers or Wrappers respectively; nor unless such Chief Manager of the Press of such King's Printer shall provide good and sufficient Scales and Weights, and shall permit and allow such Officer to use the same for the Purpose of ascertaining the true Quantity and Weight of such Paper; nor unless the Chief Manager of the Press of such King's Printer shall, like manner, within One Month next after the whole of such Impression or Edition shall have been printed off, dried and finished, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor of Excise of the District Forty-eight Hours Notice in Writing of such Impression or Edition being printed off, dried and finished, and thereupon such Surveyor or some other Officer of Excise shall attend and inspect, examine and weigh the whole of such Impression or Edition, as aforesaid and in Shews, and shall thereupon give and deliver to such Chief Manager of the Press of The King's Printer a Certificate in Writing of his having so done, specifying therein the Name of such Book, together with the Size thereof, and the Number of Copies of which such Impression or Edition consists, and the Weight of the Paper on which the same is printed; but if such Weight shall exceed the Weight of the Paper actually produced to and taken account of by the proper Officer previous to the printing thereof as aforesaid, then and in such case such Weight, previous to the printing thereof, shall be entered in such Certificate, and the Allowance shall be made for no greater Quantity or Weight than the Weight specified in such Certificate, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that no such Allowance shall be made for or in respect of any such Paper used in the printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Books of Common Prayer, unless the Chief Manager of the Press of such King's Printer shall make and subscribe, as the Book of such Certificate, an Oath in Writing before the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Two or more of them, (which Oath they the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to administer,) of the Quantity and Weight of the Paper actually made use of in the printing of any such Impression or Edition of the Bible, Testament,

Drawback of Duty on Paper used in printing Bibles, &c. by King's Printer in Ireland, to be allowed on certain Conditions.

Paper to have Date of Year in the Water Mark.

Notice of Quantity of Paper printed, &c.

Scales and Weights to be provided. Notice when Impression printed off.

Officers to attend and inspect, &c. and give Certificate.

Oath to be made by Printers.

Prints Book or Book of Common Prayer, as the case may require, and that such Chief Manager of The King's Printer believes that all Duty by Law imposed for or in respect of such Paper used in the printing of such Impression or Edition has been fully paid, and that no Drawback or Allowance has been before claimed or paid for or in respect of such Paper or any Part thereof, and that the whole of the Impression or Edition of such Bible, Testament, Prints Book or Book of Common Prayer, has been printed by The King's Printer at his usual and ordinary Printing House on his or their own Account, under and by virtue of the exclusive Privilege, Authority or Privilege belonging to him as such King's Printer, and for his sole and entire Benefit, Profit, Emolument and Advantage.

Paper made in
Ireland may be
exported from
Ireland.

LIX. And he is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person to export as Merchandise from Ireland any Paper made in Ireland, upon which Paper all Duties chargeable by Law shall have been duly paid and satisfied, and under, subject and according to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as far as the same respectively are applicable thereto, as are enacted by any Act or Acts for obtaining a Drawback on the Exportation of any Article or thing subject to a Duty of Excise; and such Exporter, or his Clerk or Manager, shall moreover make Oath that he believes that the Duties of Excise imposed on such Paper in respect of the Quality and Weight thereof, or a Sum or Sums equal to Amount to such Duties, have been fully paid for such Paper, and thereupon a Drawback of the Duty so paid shall be allowed, on the said several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as far as the same respectively are applicable thereto, shall be in full Force, and shall be and the same are hereby directed to be observed, practised, applied and put in Execution, upon such Exportation of any such Paper, as fully and effectually as all Intents and Purposes as if the same respectively had been recited in this Act.

Drawback.

Drawback not allowed unless
Office and
Paper enclosed
in Wrapper
in which there was
charged such
Duty, &c.

LX. Provided nevertheless, and he is enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed to extend to enable any Person to any such Drawback for any such Paper, unless the Officer of Excise who shall attend to see such Paper packed up in order to be exported, shall then find such Paper enclosed in the Cover or Wrapper in which the same was charged with Duty with the Impressions of the Officer's Stamp, and his Name and Signature, with the Date of the Charge of the Duty on such Paper, and the Clafs thereof, together with the several matters heretofore prescribed and directed to be marked, written or printed, remaining on such Cover or Wrapper; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Officer who shall attend to see such Paper packed up as aforesaid, and such Officer is hereby required to take off or to for taken off all and every the Impressions of the Officer's Stamp or Label from every Ream of such Paper intended to be packed up in order to be exported before the same shall be so packed.

Books bound or
unbound may be
exported.

LXI. And he is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person to export from Ireland, as Merchandise, any Books, either unbound, or bound with any Materials respectively liable to any Duties of Excise, and for which the Duties of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof have been paid, and such Books being made up or composed of Paper made in Ireland of the First Clafs, and for all which Paper is to be exported the Duty of Excise shall have been paid, and under, subject and according to such Rules and Regulations, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures as aforesaid, as far as the same or any of them can or may be applied thereto; and such Exporter or his Clerk or Manager shall, in case such Books shall be to be exported, make Oath that he believes the Duty of Excise hath been fully paid for such Paper, and also that he believes that no Drawback hath been before received by any Person for or in respect of such Paper, or any Part thereof; and in case such Books, bound with any Materials as aforesaid, shall be to be exported, then such Exporter or his Clerk or Manager, shall make further Oath that he believes the several Duties of Excise, by any Act or Acts of Parliament imposed for or in respect of the Materials of which the Binding is composed, have been paid, and that a Drawback, equal to the Duty by Law payable by Weight on Paper of the First Clafs, shall be allowed for and in respect of all such Books, under and subject to the said several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and which Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, so far as the same respectively can or may be applied to the Exportation of such Books, shall be extended to the same respectively, as fully and effectually as if the same respectively had been recited in this Act.

Exporter making
Oath that the
Duty has been
paid, in Article
to Drawback.

Foreign Paper
on Importation
to be stamped.

LXII. And in order to secure the due Payment of the Duties payable upon the Importation of Foreign Paper, he is enacted, That the Officer or Officers of the Customs at the Port or Place where any Foreign Paper shall be imported, shall cause such Paper, whether in a Ream or exceeding a Ream, to be marked, stamped or sealed in such manner as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties, or any Three or more of them, shall direct; and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to provide proper Stamps, Marks or Seals, for marking, stamping or sealing all Foreign Paper imported, to denote the charging the Duties thereon, and the same to cause to be distributed to the proper Officers of the Customs for the Purpose in this Act mentioned, which Officers are hereby required and enjoined to mark, stamp or seal the same, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to direct; which Stamps, Marks or Seals to be provided in pursuance of this Act may be shared or received from time to time, as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to direct.

Foreign Paper
imported in less
Quantity than a
Ream, to be stamped.

LXIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Foreign Paper shall be imported into Ireland in any less Quantity than a Ream, each such Ream containing Twenty Quires, and each Quire thereof Twenty four Sheets, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue.

Defacing Stamp
denoting the
Duty.
Penalty.

LXIV. And he is enacted, That if any Person shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties imposed upon Paper, wilfully cut out, obliterate or deface, or wilfully suffer to be cut out, obliterated, or defaced the Stamp, Mark or Seal put by any Officer of the Revenue upon such Foreign Paper, to denote the charging of the Duty on such Paper, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every Ream

or other Parcel of Paper on which the Stamp, Mark or Seal put by any such Officer shall be so wilfully cut, obliterated or defaced.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall counterfeit or make to be counterfeited any Stamp, Mark or Seal provided by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in pursuance of this Act, or shall counterfeit, forge or resemble the Mark or Impression of any such Stamp, Mark or Seal upon any Paper, or shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession any such counterfeited Stamp, Mark or Seal, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or shall utter, send or sell any Paper with a counterfeited or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp, Mark or Seal thereon, knowing the same to be so counterfeited or forged, or shall, upon any Return or Quantity of Foreign Paper which has not been duly covered with the proper Officer or Officers of the Revenue, and charged with the Duty payable upon the Importation of such Paper, knowingly affix upon any Return or Quantity of such Paper, Stamp, Mark or Seal which shall have been before affixed, marked, stamped or sealed, upon any other Return or Quantity of Foreign Paper, then and in every such case every such Person so offending therein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

LXVI. And be it enacted, That as Paper imported into this Kingdom fit for or capable of being used for the Purposes of Writing, Printing or Drawing, shall be entered under the Denomination of Card Paper, or Cap Paper, but the same shall be entered by the Proper Weight, and be charged with such Duty as all other Papers is to be entered as or shall be subject to.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That every thing in this Act contained, relating to any Paper or Pulpboard, or to any Paper Makers, shall be deemed and construed to extend, and shall extend to all Paper of every Sort and kind, and to all Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and to every Maker and Manufacturer of every Sort and kind of Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and that every thing in this Act contained relating to any Paper Mill shall be deemed and construed to extend, and shall extend to every Manufactory and Place in which the making or manufacturing of any Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be carried on, or in which any Paper, Pulpboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Shewing or Shewing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be done or kept, as fully as if such matters and things had been repeated and expressed throughout the Body of this Act.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, any such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in Ireland; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or suborn any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Oath or Affirmation, any such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or suborning shall for every such Offence incur and suffer the same Penalties, Forfeitures, Fines and Disabilities as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in Ireland.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in British Currency, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, paid for, recovered and applied, in such manner and under such Powers and Authority, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for joining the Revenue or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the said of Rates therein intitled*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Privy or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

LXX. And be it enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

LXXI. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except White Fish, imported into Great Britain; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [25th Janr 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except White Fish, into Great Britain, should cease and determine, and that other Duties of Customs should be imposed in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent

Forging Stamps, &c.

Having forged Stamp in Custom, or filling Paper, &c. with forged Stamp.

Punish.

Paper entered under the Denomination of Card Paper, or Cap Paper, but the same shall be entered by the Proper Weight, and be charged with such Duty as all other Papers is to be entered as or shall be subject to.

Act to extend to Papers, &c. of all Sorts, and to all Millboard and Mills, &c.

Persons taking false Oaths.

Perjury.

Recovery of Penalties in British Currency.

Application. 14 & 15 Car. 2. 11. 18 Car. 2. c. 104.

Appeal.

Commencement of Act. Act may be altered, &c.

Duties imposed
on Rape Seed
Cakes, &c. by
49 G. 3 c. 98.
Sect. 1A. in
whole, and
51 G. 3 c. 25-
to which, except
Accession.

New Duties to
be paid.

87 G. 3 c. 13.

Duties have
been.

Application of
Duties.

Act may be
amended, &c.

Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the several Duties of Customs imposed upon the Importation of Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Finns, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting certain additional Duties of Customs imported into and exported from Great Britain, shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may on the passing of this Act remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the passing of this Act.*

II. And he it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Rape Seed Cakes and Linseed Cakes imported into Great Britain, a Duty of Customs of Two pence for every Hundred Weight; and upon all Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Finns, by importation, a Duty of Customs of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof; which Value shall be ascertained according to the Declaration to be made by the Owner or Proprietor or his known Agent, in like manner and Form, and under the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, and such Goods shall be subject and liable to such and the like Forfeitures and Penalties as are prescribed and directed for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's King, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and for applying the said Duties, together with the other Duties composing the Public Revenue; *for permitting the importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, the Produce or Manufactures of the European Dominions of the French King into this Kingdom; and for applying certain unclaimed Monies, remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Lives, to the Reduction of the National Debt*; or by any subsequent Act or Acts relative thereto in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

III. And he it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs granted by this Act shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as the Duties on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Finns, heretofore imposed, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid and recovered, and the Goods shall be subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Statutes and Forfeitures, as such Goods were subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

IV. And he it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duties imposed by this Act, the necessary Charges of raising and ascertaining for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as *Woolstaple*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties of Customs imposed on the like Goods, under the Head of Permanent Duties, were directed to be appropriated and applied.

V. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to enable the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations to grant Certificates of Stores or Goods, which may be sold by such Officers or Commissioners at such Foreign Stations. [25th June 1816.]

WHEREAS divers salutary Acts of Parliament have from time to time been passed for permitting the Embarkation of His Majesty's Naval Stores and Goods, marked as is therein mentioned: And Whereas by the said Acts, or some of them, the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy are authorized to sell and dispose of any of the said Stores or Goods so marked as aforesaid, and to grant Certificates under their Hands to the Purchasers of such Stores or Goods, as in the said Acts is mentioned: And Whereas the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations have frequently occasion to sell and dispose of such Stores or Goods, and the same may be brought by the Purchasers thereof into this Kingdom; but such Commissioners on Foreign Stations not having the Power to grant Certificates to the Purchasers of such Stores or Goods, of their having purchased the same, or the Certificates granted by such Commissioners resident on Foreign Stations not being of such and the same Force and Effect as such like Certificates granted under the Hands of Three or more of the said Commissioners in England are of, the Purchasers and Owners of the said Stores or Goods may be misled by the Possession thereof in such Parts of His Majesty's Dominions to which the said Statutes extend: For Remedy whereof, he it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every or any One of the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on any Foreign Station, to grant Certificates under his or their respective Head or Heads for any such Stores or Goods which shall hereafter be sold by or by the Order of any such principal Officer or Commissioner at any such Foreign Station, of such and the same, or the like Tenor and Effect, and that the same Certificates so to be granted as aforesaid shall be in all Places of such and the same Force and Effect as Certificates under the Hands of Three or more of the principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy in England are of, for any such Stores or Goods sold by or by the Order of the said Commissioners in England.

Power of Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations, to grant Certificates of Stores or Goods sold by them.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to alter the Period during which Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol are to deliver in their Accounts.
[15th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for diminishing the Burden on Exportation of Oil of Vitriol, and allowing a Drawback of a Penny on the Duty paid on the Importation of Foreign Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitriol*; it is enacted, that every Manufacturer of Oil of Vitriol, intending to claim any Drawback or Remission under the above recited Act, shall make an Entry of his Name and Place of Abode with the Collector of the Customs of the Port whither or whither to which his Work shall be carried on, and shall once in every Month enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose an Account of the whole Quantity of Foreign Brimstone used and consumed in his Manufactory within the preceding Month; and at the End of the Year, to be computed from the Date of such Entry as aforesaid, shall deliver the said Account to the Collector of the Customs with whom he shall have made such Entry as aforesaid: And Whereas it has been found by Experience that Difficulties arise in delivering such Account at the End of the Year; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol to deliver the Account required by the aforesaid recited Act to the Collector of the Customs with whom they shall have made the Entry as required by the said recited Act, within Six Months after the Expiration of the Year, computed from the Date of the Entry.

11. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be requisite for the Manufacturers of such Oil of Vitriol after the Tenth Entry of his Name and Place of Abode to make any further Entry of the same unless any Alteration shall take Place in the Firm of such Manufactory, or where more than One Year has been suffered to elapse without manufacturing any such Oil of Vitriol, any thing is to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol shall be entitled to the like Drawback as in the Conditions, and shall be liable to the like Penalties for delivering false Accounts, as were provided by the aforesaid recited Act.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to render valid the judicial Acts of Surrogates of Vice Admiralty Courts abroad, during Vacancies in Office of Judges of such Courts.
[15th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is requisite that due Validity should be given to the judicial Acts of Surrogates who have exercised the Office of Judges in the Courts of Vice Admiralty established in His Majesty's Plantations and Colonies, during Vacancies occasioned by the Deaths or Resignations or other Removals of the said Judges, or who also shall hereafter exercise the same during such Vacancies; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all judicial Acts of Surrogates having been appointed to act as Judges during such Vacancies, either by Judges of the said Courts previously to their Removal, or, in Default of such Appointment, by the Governors of the Plantations and Colonies in which such Courts shall be, shall have the same Force and Validity, and shall be subject to the same Course of Appeal, as if the said Acts had been done by the Authority of Judges regularly appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for regulating the carrying of Passengers to and from the Island of Newfoundland and Coast of Labrador.
[15th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Colonies abroad, or in Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*; And Whereas an Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to exempt Vessels in the Newfoundland Trade from the Provisions of the above recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, whereby the Conveyance of Passengers from the United Kingdom to Newfoundland and Labrador is no longer subject to any legal Provisions: And Whereas it is expedient to make special Regulations for the Intercourse between the United Kingdom and the Island of Newfoundland and Coast of Labrador, so far as regards the Conveyance of Passengers and the providing them with proper Accommodation, and an adequate Supply of Water and Provisions; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That before the sailing of any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom to Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador, with Passengers, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel, and the Owner or Owners thereof, shall secure the Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of five hundred Pounds, with Condition that there shall not be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel any more such Passengers than are hereinafter permitted and allowed; which Bond shall be taken by and

12th of Passengers delivered to Collector.

On Arrival Copy of List delivered to the Governor.

Landing Passengers.

Taking more than Number allowed.

Penalty.

Number of Passengers allowed according to rate of Ship.

Quantity of Provisions to be on board.

Master not to receive a Certificate.

Penalty.

Amount of Ad paid in case of Ship.

Penalty.

Master not to receive a Certificate, but to return to Registry.

Verdict returning from Newfoundland, &c. to be furnished with a certain Supply of Water and Provisions.

Not giving out Allowance of Water and Provisions.

deposited with the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the Port from which such Ship or Vessel shall sail; and the Master or other Person, having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel previous to his leaving the said Port, shall and whereby required to deliver to the said Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs at the said Port, a List containing the Number of the said Passengers, with their Names, Ages and Dispositions, for the Purpose of being registered at such Port, together with a Copy of the same, which Copy shall be certified by the said Officers to being correct and true, and deliver to the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel to be by him kept on board the said Vessel, and subject to the Inspection of any of His Majesty's Ships of War or Vessels in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, during his Voyage to Newfoundland and the Coast of Labrador; and upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at either of the aforesaid Places, the said Master, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall deliver the aforesaid Copy of the List to the Governor of such Place or other Person acting for him, or to the Naval Officer or Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Arrival, or to the nearest Justice of the Peace, who shall be required to examine the Passengers within Twenty four Hours after their Arrival; and no such Passenger as aforesaid shall be allowed to land until such List is compared with the Passengers by the Governor or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose.

II. And be it further enacted, That if the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall take or have on board his Ship or Vessel, or if the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel shall engage to take or board more Persons than the Number allowed, they shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Person so taken or engaged to be taken on board.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel from any Place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or from Guernsey and Jersey, to carry to any Part of Newfoundland or Coast of Labrador a greater Number of Passengers than in the following Proportion; that is to say, any British Ship or Vessel having a Second Deck may take Passengers at the Rate of One for every unoccupied Space being Six Feet in Length by Two Feet in Breadth, and being of the full perpendicular Height between the Two Decks; or any British Ship or Vessel which shall have only One Deck over her Hold may take Passengers at the Rate of One for every Space between the Cargo Stowed in the Hold and the Deck, being Six Feet in Length and Two Feet in Breadth, and being the Height of Five Feet perpendicular where the Cargo, and being independent in either case of the Space which may be requisite for the Stowage of the Water and Provisions and Baggage of the Passengers, and the full Space before mentioned shall accordingly be allowed for the Accommodation of each Passenger to taken on board.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel shall be furnished at the time of her Departure to commence the Voyage, with at least Ten Weeks' Supply of good and wholesome Water, so as to furnish a Supply of Five Pints of Water per Day for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, and the said Supply of Water shall be stowed below the Deck; and every such Ship or Vessel shall also be furnished with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, during the said Period of Ten Weeks, of One Pound of Bread or Biscuit and One Pound of Beef, or Three Quarters of a Pound of Pork per Day, and also Two Pounds of Flour, Three Pounds of Oatmeal, or Three Pounds of Peas or Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound of Butter, weekly; the weekly Allowance to commence on the Day the Vessel puts to Sea.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions and Water hereinbefore specified, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every such Neglect and Offence.

VI. And be it further enacted, That an Abstract of this Act, stating the Number of Passengers allowed to be taken, and the daily and weekly Allowance of Water and Provisions, shall be exposed in some conspicuous Part of the Ship or Vessel to which the said Passengers have Recourse; in failure of which, the Master, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel, engaging to take on board any such Passenger from Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador, for the Purpose of returning from thence to the United Kingdom, shall conform to the Regulations above enacted as to the Number of Passengers which it shall be lawful for them to take on board, and shall be liable to the like Penalties for any Breach of such Regulations as are hereinbefore enacted, with respect to Vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom to Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel returning from Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador to any Port or Place of the United Kingdom with Passengers as aforesaid, shall be furnished, at the time of her Departure to commence the Voyage, with at least Seven Weeks' Supply of good and wholesome Water, so as to furnish a Supply of Five Pints of Water per Day for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, and the said Supply of Water shall be stowed below the Deck; and every such Ship or Vessel shall also be furnished with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, during the said Period of Seven Weeks, of One Pound of Bread or Biscuit and One Pound of Beef, or Three Quarters of a Pound of Pork, per Day, and also Two Pounds of Flour, Three Pounds of Oatmeal, or Three Pounds of Peas or Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound of Butter, weekly; the weekly Allowance to commence on the Day the Vessel puts to Sea.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having taken the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions and Water hereinbefore specified, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every such Neglect and Offence.

X. And

X. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred under this Act shall and may be recovered in a summary way on the Oath of One or more Wharves or Wharves, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace for any County, County of a City, Riding, Shire or Place in the United Kingdom where such Ship or Vessel shall depart from or come to in or during such Voyage, or in a summary way in any Saragatze Court or Courts of Session, having Jurisdiction in the Island of Newfoundland; and such last mentioned Penalties and Forfeitures as shall be recovered in Newfoundland shall be paid to the Governor of Newfoundland for the time being, or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose; to be applied under the Direction of such Governor or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose, for defraying the Passage home of such Persons as ought to be sent to that Country to which they belong.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Conveyance of any Persons on board of any such Ship or Vessel, whether Fishermen, Yeaslees or others, being Hired Servants to be employed on the Establishment of their respective Masters or Owners in the Prosecution of the Fisheries carried on from Newfoundland or the Coast of Labrador.

Enactment
Application of
Penalties.

Act not to af-
fect Convey-
ance of Persons
employed on the
Establishment.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act for the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour of Holyhead, in the Island of Anglesey; and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein.

[25th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Port within the Harbour of Holyhead, in the Island of Anglesey, has been erected at the Public Expence, chiefly for the Accommodation and safe lying of His Majesty's Packets: And Whereas great Inconvenience has arisen, in consequence of the occasionally crowded State of the Harbour, and the Want of Regularity in mooring the Vessels therein: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Postmaster or Postmaster General of Great Britain (with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer) from time to time, to appoint a Person to act as Harbour Master within the said Harbour, and to remove any Harbour Master so appointed, and to appoint another in his room or stead as they shall see fitting.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Harbour Master shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving and removing of all Ships or other Vessels, coming into, lying or being in the said Port or Harbour of Holyhead, or any Part thereof, or any Place lying within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour; and to appoint and regulate the time or times, and the manner of their Entrance into, lying in or going out of or from such Harbour, fire and except in Stormy or tempestuous Weather; and to regulate and direct the Position of such Ships and other Vessels, and to call any Owner, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any such Ship or other Vessel shall refuse or neglect to move, unmove, place, move or remove his Ship or Vessel according to such Direction, immediately when Notice to him or them shall be given or left with any Person or Persons on board of such Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, every such Owner, Master or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Harbour Master and his Assistants, and he or his Assistants are hereby required, to move, unmove, place, move or remove such Ship and Vessel accordingly; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons taking charge or command of any Ship or other Vessel, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, placing, moving or removing of any Ship or other Vessel, lying or being in the said Harbour, or being within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour, then and in every such case such Person or Persons offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties to be incurred under this Act shall be recovered in a summary manner before any One of His Majesty's Justice of the Peace for the County of Anglesey, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Goal or House of Correction of the said County, for any time not exceeding Six Months, or until such Fine shall be paid.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to make further Regulations for securing the Collection of the Duties of Customs and Excise in Ireland, and for the Importation into Ireland of American Staves, and of old Plate and Books from Great Britain.

[26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to proportion the Rewards to Officers of the Revenue and others residing in the Service of Spirits, Tobacco and Snuff, in some Degree to the Activity and Zeal of the Officers; and the Danger and Risk incurred in making such Seizures; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in each of an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act more effectually to regulate the Collection of the Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandises, imported or exported into or from Ireland, and the Payment of the same;

§ 3 Geo. III.

6 E

Enactment.

So much of
act O. 1 c. 87,
and act O. 1,
act. 2. c. 18.

§ 8. *Seizure in what manner*
Produce of For-
eign Spirit or To-
bacco shall be
applied, reported.

In what manner
such Produce
shall be dis-
posed of.

Remedy for
Seizures, how
reported and
applied.

Arresting Pro-
duce from whom
Goods seized.

Ship, &c. in
which Goods
were, found, &c.
and not residing
the Person.

Share of Officers
in Seizures.

Seizing Goods,
but not taking
the Ship or the
Person.

Smugglers, Allowances and Drawbacks thereon; and of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Kings, intitled An Act in proof in His Majesty, and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and in others Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise into and from Ireland, as therein in what manner the Produce arising by the Sale of any Beeswax, Rums, Caneers or other Foreign Spirits, or of any Tobacco, which shall be seized and condemned, as being illegally imported into Ireland, or attempted or intended to be, shall be applied, or as given any Part of such Produce to any Person or Persons who shall find such Spirits or Tobacco, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

11. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them respectively, and they are hereby authorized in cases appearing to the Customs or Excise respectively, to direct any Foreign Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, which shall be found, and shall be condemned as forfeited under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise, to be sold either for Home Consumption or Exportation, if under all the Circumstances it shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively, to be most conducive to the Protection of the Revenue so to do; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively from time to time to give such Directions for the Removal of any such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, and to make such Regulations for the ascertaining the Value of such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, or to fix any average Value thereof, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Rewards to which the Informers or Officers or Persons finding the same respectively may be entitled, and as to the time and manner of paying the same, as to such Commissioners respectively shall from time to time, and also to regulate the Amount and Mode of Distribution of Rewards to any Commissioned or Non Commissioned Officer or Private Man of His Majesty's Forces, or any Commissioned Officer, Petty or Warrant Officer, or Seaman of His Majesty's Navy or Marines, as shall appear to be reasonable, and the time and mode of paying the same.

12. And be it further enacted, That the several Rewards hereafter mentioned shall be paid and allowed for and in respect of all Seizures of Foreign Spirits, Tobacco and Beeswax, which shall be made from and after the passing of this Act, that is to say, in the case of Seizures of such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax made at Sea, or in any Port or Harbour of Ireland, if the Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Persons making such Seizures, shall also arrest, stop and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat or on or board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unloading, rewinning or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, and shall take or convey, or cause every Person so arrested, stopped or detained, to be taken or conveyed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, or being a Seaman or Seafaring Man found on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall take and carry him to any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Service, or into the Custody of any Officer employed in His Majesty's Imperial Service, then and in any such case such Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person in making Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been respectively estimated or fixed by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively, in pursuance of the Powers vested in them by this Act; and in the case of such Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax made on Shore, if the Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Person making the same, shall also stop, arrest and detain the Persons or some or one of them from whom the same shall be seized, and shall take or convey, or cause every Person so arrested, stopped or detained to be taken or carried before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace to be dealt with according to Law, then and in such case if the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person in making Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the full Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in the case of such Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, whether on Sea or on Shore, if the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making the same, shall also seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel or Boat on board of which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or the Cargo or Carriage used or employed in moving or conveying the same, but shall not also stop, arrest and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unloading, rewinning or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, or the Persons, or some or one of them, from whom the same shall be seized and taken, or carry or cause all and every such Persons so stopped, detained or arrested to be taken or carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, then and in every such case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Third Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco and Beeswax shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in case any Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Person, shall make Seizure of any Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, and shall neither seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel or Boat, Cargo or Carriage, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco and Beeswax shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or which shall be used or employed in moving or conveying the same, nor shall stop, arrest and detain the Persons or Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unloading, rewinning or carrying such Spirits, Tobacco or Beeswax, or from whom the same shall be found or taken, or shall not carry and convey, or cause all and every such Person so arrested, stopped or detained before One or more of His Majesty's Justices

Judges of the Peace, then and in such case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Fourth Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in all cases where any such Officers or Persons shall seize, within the Limits of any of the Ports of Ireland, or in any Part of the Irish Channel, or elsewhere on the High Seas within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of Ireland, any Spirits which shall have been funk or concealed under or in the Water within such Limits or Distance, every such Officer and Person for seizing such Spirits shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Month of the Value at which such Spirits shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid.

State of Seizure.

IV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, whereby it is enacted, that an Allowance at the Scale shall be made of Eight Pounds for Draft of every Package that shall contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight of Tobacco, or more, and Two Pounds for every such Package for Nuts, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, the proper Customs Landing Water and Landing Waters shall, in the weighing and taking Account of all Tobacco and Snuff respectively, give the Turn of the Scale in favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof shall allow Two Pounds Weight Averdupois, and as more for Draft of every Package which shall contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight, or more, of Tobacco or Snuff respectively, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

46 G. 3. c. 87.
458 repealed

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to permit the Importation into Ireland of Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines or Coffee, at any such Ports or Places in Ireland as the said Commissioners shall think fit, under and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions in other Respects as Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines or Coffee may by Law be imported into Ireland; provided it shall be made to appear, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Port or Place is, with respect to the Trade and Commerce carried on therein, and from the Nature of its Situation, a Port or Place at which it would be just and reasonable to permit such Importation.

Allowance.

Commissioners of Customs may permit Importation of Tobacco, Spirits, &c. into any Irish Port.

VI. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to permit all Stores of Wood not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, being of the Growth and Production of the United States of America, or of the Growth and Production of *Egg or Wild Florida*, and imported from thence respectively into Ireland, on Payment of One Third Part only of the several Duties of Customs charged on Stores so and by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Revenue and Duties, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*; and in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to regulate certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Wood into and from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Sorts of Wood*; and to indemnify Persons who have admitted certain Sorts of Wood to Entry, on Payment of a Proportion only of the Duty imposed thereon, and the Schedules to the said Acts respectively enacted; any thing in the said recited Acts or either of them, or in the Schedules thereto enacted, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Stores not exceeding 1 1/2 inches thick of the United States, &c. may be imported on Payment of One Third of the Duties under 24 G. 3. c. 119. and 31 G. 3. c. 10.

VII. And, for the better securing the Collection of the Duties payable on Auctions in Ireland, be it further enacted, That upon the Trial of any Complaint or Information against any Auctioneer (who shall have delivered or caused to be delivered, or who shall deliver or cause to be delivered any Catalogue of any Sale by Auction, intended to be held by such Auctioneer) for the Recovery of any Penalty for the Offence of neglecting or omitting to deliver any such Sale Account as such Auctioneer is, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to grant to His Majesty's Revenue upon Auctions in Ireland, in lieu of former Duties thereon, and to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein*, required to deliver of the several Articles, Lots or Parcels contained in such Catalogue as aforesaid, every such Auctioneer shall be convicted of such Offence and shall incur such Penalty, unless such Auctioneer shall make due Proof that he sold whatever by way of Auction had taken place, or was any way opened or begun under such Catalogue.

Auctioneers to prove within their sales under Catalogues any Auction for Non Delivery of Sale Accounts under 34 G. 3. c. 25.

VIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for abolishing Fees received by Officers in the Service of the Customs, in the several Ports of Ireland, and for regulating the Hours of Attendance, and the Number of Holidays to be observed by the said Officers and certain Officers of Excise*, it is enacted, that certain annual Payments by way of Compensation shall be made to Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in or holding any Office in the Service of the Customs, at any Port in Ireland, who may suffer Loss by the Abolition of Fees directed by the said Act, and that every such annual Payment by way of Compensation to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person shall continue during the time any such Person shall continue to hold such Office or Employment; And Whereas in any happen that such Officers, Clerks or other Persons receiving such Compensation, may be removed to some other Office or Employment in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emoluments of which may not amount to more than the Salary and annual Allowance by way of Compensation made to such Officer, Clerk or other Person under the said recited Act in respect of the Office from which such Officer, Clerk or other Person may be removed, and which might be detrimental to the Officers, Clerk or other Person so removed; Be it therefore provided and enacted, That in case any such Officer, Clerk or other Person who shall receive any such annual Payment by way of Compensation under the said recited Act of the said Forty eighth Year shall be removed to any other Office or Employment in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emoluments of which do not amount to more than the Salary, and the further annual Allowance by way of

48 G. 3. c. 36.

86

Compensation for Loss of Fees to Officers of the Customs.

Compensation made under the said recited Act, to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, would have amounted to, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to continue to pay such Officer, Clerk or Person so removed, the Allowance or any Part thereof which may have been granted by way of annual Compensation, for Loss of Fees, to such Officer, Clerk or other Person, by the said Commissioners, by the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, according to the said recited Act, notwithstanding any such Removal as aforesaid, and notwithstanding any thing in the said recited Act in anywise to the contrary.

Plates and Boxes
Duties, not for
Sale, may be
imported from
Great Britain to
Ireland, Duty
free.

Attested Copy
of Registry of
Appointments of
Sub-Commissioners
or of
Officers of
Customs or Ex-
cise, sufficient
Evidence.

Copy of De-
cree, &c. of
Commissioners
of Appeals, Evi-
dence of Origin
and Decree, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of the said Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, to attend to Entry and Importation into Great Britain into Ireland, free of Duty, any Gold or Silver Plate, or Printed Books bound, being the Private Property of any Person or Persons in Ireland, and being for the private Use of such Person or Persons, and not for Sale, under such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall from time to time think fit to make in that behalf; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That on the Trial of any Complaint or Information, or other Proceeding whatever, for any Penalty or Forfeiture for or on account of any Offence, matter or thing, incurred or committed against or concerning any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force, or hereafter to be in force, relating to any of the Revenue, matters or things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or either of them, where it may be necessary to prove any Person acting as a Sub-Commissioner, or as an Officer of Customs or Excise, or as an Officer acting under or employed by the said Commissioners respectively, an attested Copy of the Registry or Entry of the Commission or Appointment of such Sub-Commissioner or Officer in any of the Books of or belonging to the said Commissioners respectively, or in any of the Books of the Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or of Inland Excise and Taxes for the District within which such Person acted as a Sub-Commissioner or other Officer, signed by the Secretary, or Person acting as Secretary, to the said Commissioners respectively, by the Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District, or another Officer in charge of the Collection of the District within which such Person acted as aforesaid, or signed by any Person employed by and in the Office of such Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid respectively, shall be admitted as sufficient Evidence that such Person was duly appointed and was a Sub-Commissioner or other Officer, without producing the Commission or Appointment by which such Person was appointed; and that where it may be necessary to give in Evidence before any Court in Ireland, any Decree, Order or Proceeding of the Commissioners of Appeals in Revenue cases in Ireland, a true Copy of any such Decree, Order or Proceeding, attested by their Registrar for the time being, shall be admitted as sufficient Evidence as if the original Decree, Order or other Proceeding of the said Commissioners of Appeals were produced and proved.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in or resident in this Kingdom, in certain cases, for Two Years from the passing of this Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which the said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting.

[16th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in this Kingdom, or resident therein, in certain cases: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall by his or their Proclamations, or by his or their Order in Council, or Order under his or their Sign Manual, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council, of that Part of this Realm or United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, shall by Proclamation or by Order of Council, direct that any Alien or Aliens who may be within this Realm, or who may hereafter arrive therein, shall depart this Realm within a time limited in any such Proclamation or Order respectively, and any such Alien shall knowingly and wilfully refuse or neglect to pay due Obedience to such Proclamation or Order respectively, or shall be found in this Realm, or any Part thereof, contrary to such Proclamation or Order, as the case may be, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, or for any Justice of the Peace, or for any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City or Place, to cause every such Alien to be arrested, and to be committed to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where he or she shall be so arrested, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he or she shall be taken in charge for the Purpose of being sent out of the Realm under the Authority hereafter given for that Purpose.

Aliens not de-
parting the
Realm, when
ordered by Pro-
clamations, &c.

committed to
Gaol.

Aliens disobey-
ing Proclamations
&c.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Alien so knowingly and wilfully refusing or neglecting to pay due Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or being found in this Realm, or any Part thereof, contrary to any such Proclamation or Order, and who shall be lawfully committed thereof in His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench in Westminster or in Dublin, or in any Court of Oyer and Tenor, Gaol Delivery in England or Ireland, or Great Sessions in Wales, or Court of Judicature in Scotland, may, at the Discretion of such Courts respectively, be adjudged to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding One

One Month for the First Office, and not exceeding Twelve Months for the Second and any subsequent Office.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary, in any case in which he or they shall apprehend that any Alien will not pay immediate Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or in any case when any Alien shall have been arrested or committed for Refusal or Neglect to obey any such Order, or shall have been convicted of such Refusal or Neglect, and either before or after such Alien shall have suffered the Punishment inflicted for the same, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to give such Alien in charge to One of His Majesty's Messengers, or to any other Person or Persons to whom he shall think proper to direct such Warrant, in order to his or her being conducted out of the Kingdom, and such Alien shall be so conveyed accordingly: Provided always, that where such Alien (not having been convicted as aforesaid) shall allege any Excuse for not complying with such Proclamation or Order, or any Reason why such Proclamation or Order should not be enforced, or why further time should be allowed him for complying therewith, it shall be lawful for the Lords of His Majesty's Privy Council, in Great Britain or Ireland, to judge of the Sufficiency of such Excuse or Reason, and to allow or disallow the same either absolutely or on such Conditions as they shall think fit; and where such Alien shall be in Custody under such Warrant of any of His Majesty's Secretaries of State as aforesaid, the Messenger or other Person in whose Custody he shall be, forthwith upon its being signified to him that such Excuse or Reason is alleged by such Alien, make known the same to the said Secretary of State, who, upon receiving such Notification, or in any case in which he shall be informed that any such Excuse or Reason is alleged by or on behalf of any Alien under Proclamation or Order to quit the Realm, shall forthwith suspend the Execution of such Proclamation or Order until the matter can be determined by the said Lords of His Majesty's said Privy Council, and such Alien, if in Custody under any such Warrant, shall remain in such Custody until the said Lords shall have signified their Determination thereon, unless in the mean time the said Secretary shall consent to, or the said Lords shall make Order for the Release of such Alien, either with or without Security.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel which shall arrive in any Port or Place of this Realm, shall immediately on his Arrival declare in Writing to any Inspector of Aliens appointed by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, resident at or near such Port or Place, or where no such Inspector shall be so appointed and resident, to the Collector or Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs at or near such Port or Place, whether there are or is, to the best of his Knowledge, any Alien or Aliens on board his said Vessel, or who have, to be. Knowledge, landed or been landed therefrom at any Port or Place within this Realm; and shall in his said Declaration specify the Number of Aliens (if any) as board his said Vessel, or who have, to his Knowledge, landed or been landed therefrom, and also specify their Names and respective Rank, Occupation or Description, as far as he shall be informed thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel so arriving as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make such Declaration as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for each and every Alien who shall have been on board at the time of the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel, or who shall have, to his Knowledge, landed or been landed therefrom as aforesaid, whom he shall wilfully have refused or neglected to declare as aforesaid; and in case such Master or Commander as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse forthwith to pay such Penalty as he shall be adjudged to pay in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or for any Officer of the Customs, as the case may be, to detain such Ship, Vessel or Boat, used in landing the same as aforesaid, until the same shall have been paid.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Manner when the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel arriving in any Port or Place in this Realm shall certify to such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, in Writing, furnished by such Master or Commander, to be actually engaged and employed in the Navigation of such Ship or Vessel, during the time that such Manner shall remain so actually engaged and employed; and which Certificate in Writing, so furnished as aforesaid, every such Master or Commander as aforesaid is hereby required to give.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Alien who shall arrive in this Realm, at any Port or Place therein, after the passing of this Act, shall, immediately after such Arrival, declare in Writing, as such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, at or near such Port or Place, the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which he or she shall have come to this Country; and every Alien who shall so arrive, and also every Alien who shall depart from any Port or Place of this Realm after the passing of this Act, shall, immediately after such Arrival or before such Departure respectively, declare in like manner to such Officer as aforesaid, his or her Name and Rank, Occupation or Description, or if a Domestic Servant, then also the Name, Rank and Description of his or her Master or Mistress, or shall actually make in such Officer as aforesaid such Declaration, to be by him reduced to Writing, and shall also in like manner declare the Country or Place from whence he or she shall then have come, and the Place to which he or she is then going, his or her Profession or Occupation, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom [if any] he or she is known; and that every such Alien coming into this Realm, who shall neglect to make Declaration of the aforesaid Particulars, or who shall wilfully make any false Declaration thereof, may for every such Offence, on Conviction thereof at His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster or in Dublin, or in any Court of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery in England or Ireland,

Altogether be
punished in
penalty, by
Warrant of
the Secretary of
State, to be
exercised out of
the Office of
the Kingdom.

But if sufficient
Reason be
shown by any
such Alien, or
any such
Prosecution,
that such Alien
is not guilty
thereof.

Messenger, &c.
In such case to
deliver the same
to the
Secretary of
State.

Master of Vessel
on Arrival,
to declare in
Writing to the
Inspector of Aliens
or Officer of
Customs, Number
of Aliens on
board, specifying
Names and Descriptions.

Master neglecting
to make such
Declaration,
Penalty.

Ship, &c. detained

Penalty for
Master not
complying to be
employed in Navigation
of ship.

Alien, as an
Arrival, and
Departure, to
declare in Writing,
to Inspector of
Customs, Name,
Description, and
Occupation, &c.

Alien entering,
neglecting to
make such
Declaration,
or making a false
one.

Preamble.

or Great Sessions in *Wales*, or *Judiciary Court in Scotland*, be imprisoned for any time not exceeding Three Months, or may at the Discretion of such Court be adjudged to depart out of this Realm, and all other His Majesty's Dominions, within a time to be limited in such Judgment; and if he or she shall be found therein after such time in such Judgment so limited, without lawful Cause, he or she shall, being duly convicted thereof, be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Twelve Months.

Office of Chief-
justice register
such Deeds
Books.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Inspector of Aliens or Officer of the Customs so appointed as aforesaid, to whom such Declaration shall be made, or Particulars delivered as aforesaid, shall immediately register the same in a Book to be kept by him for that Purpose; in which Book, Certificates shall be printed in Blank, and Counterparts thereof, in the Form following:

Form of Cer-
tificates.

Ship's Name.	Alien's Name and Description.	From whence.	Whether going.	Profession, &c.	To whom known.	Remarks.
						<i>Signature of the Officer.</i>

Form of Counter-
part.

Ship's Name.	Alien's Name and Description.	From whence.	Whether going.	Profession, &c.	To whom known.	Remarks.
						<i>Signature of the Officer.</i>

Particulars to be
inserted in Cer-
tificates.

And shall insert therein the several Particulars by this Act required, in their proper Columns, in both Parts thereof, excepting such Particulars as shall be inserted in the Column of Remarks, which shall be entered only in One of such Columns; and shall then and there cut off One Part thereof through the Flanet or Divider between the Two Parts thereof, and deliver without Fee or other Charge, One Part containing all the Particulars contained, excepting such thereof as shall be contained in the Column of Remarks, to the Alien who shall have made such Declaration, or delivered such Particulars, according to the Provisions of this Act; and the Officer keeping or having the Care of such Book, shall also enter or make to be entered therein an Alphabetical List and Index of the Names of the Aliens, in respect of whom such Entries shall be made therein as aforesaid.

Aliens (except
Domestic Servants)
who come ashore after
Arrival, to pro-
duce Certificates
to Chief Magis-
trates of the
Place, or to a
Justice.
Where Cer-
tificates fail, or deli-
vered in an Account
of Particulars.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Alien arriving in this Realm after the passing of this Act, except such Domestic Servants as aforesaid, shall, within One Week after his or her arriving at the Place which shall be expressed in the Certificate delivered to him or her as aforesaid, at the Place to which he or she goes to produce such Certificate, if in London, at the Alien's Office in *Greenwich Street, Westminster*, or to the Chief Magistrate of any other Town or Place in which he or she shall be; and if there be no Chief Magistrate in such Town or Place, then and in such case, to some One of the Justices of the Peace in and for the County, City, Town or District in which such Alien shall be, or to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized to that Effect by such Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal; or in case such Certificate shall be lost, shall deliver a full and true Account of all the Particulars that shall have been contained in such Certificate; and that every such Alien as aforesaid, who shall so neglect or refuse to produce such Certificate as aforesaid, or deliver such Account as aforesaid, or who shall wilfully deliver any false Account respecting any of the Particulars hereinbefore mentioned, on Conviction thereof before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town or District in which such Alien shall be, may be adjudged, at the Discretion of such Justices, for the first Offence, to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding One Month.

Punishment.

Mayors, &c. may
demand Aliens,
and transmit to
Secretary of
State an Ac-
count of Pro-
ceedings.

X. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor and Mayors or any One or more of the Aldermen of the Cities of London and Dublin, and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, being specially authorized by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or by such Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor aforesaid, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or generally authorized by Order of His Majesty in Council, or any Mayor or Chief Magis-
trates,

town, or other Magistrate or Magistrates of any City, Borough or Town Corporate, is authorized, to cause any Alien whom he or they shall have cause to suspect to be a dangerous Person, to be taken into Custody and examined, and either to discharge or detain such Alien in Custody as shall appear advisable; and if it shall appear fit to detain such Alien in Custody, it shall be lawful for such Mayor, Alderman or Chief Magistrate, or other Magistrate or Magistrates, or such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to order such Alien to be detained in Custody until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be known, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize; Provided nevertheless, in every such case, every such Mayor, Alderman, Chief Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall, and be and they in and are hereby directed and required, forthwith to transmit an Account of his or their Proceedings touching such Alien, and of the Reasons for which he shall have thought fit to detain such Alien, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in order and to the end that His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, may determine what may be fit to be done thereon; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Warrant under his Sign Manual, or for such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor, by Order under his Hand, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of his Principal Secretaries of State, or the Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor, either to direct that such Alien shall be discharged or ordered out of the Kingdom.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Certificate issued to any Alien by virtue of this Act shall be lost, mislaid or destroyed, and such Alien shall produce to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, from the Office of the Collectors as appointed as aforesaid, at the Port where such Alien shall have arrived, or from the Office of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, a Copy of the Certificate if lost, mislaid or destroyed, and shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of such Justice, that he or she in the Person named in such Certificate, and that the same has been lost, mislaid or destroyed, without his or her wilful Neglect or Default, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required, to grant to such Alien a fresh Certificate, which shall be of the like Force and Effect as the Certificate if lost, mislaid or destroyed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Custom House Officer shall forthwith, and every Magistrate, or Justice to whom any such Certificate or Account shall be produced or delivered as aforesaid, shall forthwith, after the same shall have been so produced or delivered as aforesaid, transmit if in Great Britain, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and if in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, true and exact Copies of all such Entries, Certificates and Accounts respectively, made by or delivered to any such Custom House Officer, Magistrate or Justice respectively, by virtue of this Act.

XIII. And be further enacted, That all Certificates hereinbefore required to be given by any Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs appointed for the Purpose, or by any Justice or Justice of the Peace, or other Magistrates respectively, shall be given without any Fee or Reward whatsoever; and every such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs, or Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, or other Person, who shall take any Fee or Reward, or Sum of Money, of any Alien, for any Certificate, or other matter or thing under this Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs, appointed for that Purpose as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make any such Entry as aforesaid, or grant any Certificate thereon, in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or shall knowingly make any false Entry, or neglect to return the Copies thereof, in manner directed by this Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or shall utter, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any Certificate herein directed to be obtained, or shall obtain any such Certificate under any other Name or Description than the true Name and Description of such Alien, without disclosing to the Person granting such Certificate the true Name and Description of such Alien, and the Reason for concealing the same, or shall falsely pretend to be the Person intended to be named and described in any such Certificate; every Person so offending, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Goal for any time not exceeding One Year.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Foreign Ambassador or other Public Minister duly authorized, nor the Domestic Servants of any such Foreign Ambassador or Public Minister, registered as such according to the Directions of the Laws in force for that Purpose, or being actually attendant upon such Ambassador or Minister, shall be deemed an Alien within the meaning of this Act: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall affect any Alien, in respect of any Act done or omitted to be done, who shall make it appear that he or she was not above the Age of fourteen Years at the time when such Act was done or omitted to be done: Provided always, that if any Question shall arise, whether any Person alleged to be an Alien, and subject to the Provisions of this Act or any of them, is an Alien or not, or is or is not an Alien, subject to the said Provisions or any of them, the Proof that such Person is or by Law is to be deemed to be a natural-born Subject of His Majesty, or Denizen of this Kingdom, or naturalized by Act of Parliament, or if an Alien is not subject to the Provisions in this Act contained or any of them, by reason of any Exception contained in this Act, or which shall be specified in any Proclamation or Order in Council as aforesaid, or in any Special Warrant from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Chief Secretary as aforesaid, shall be on the Person is alleged to be an Alien, and to be subject to the Provisions of this Act, some or one of them.

Reason for the
Certificate to be
forwarded.

Warrant for
Detention, &c. of
Aliens.

Justice to grant
Certificate in
case of loss or
shall appear to
be lost, &c.

Office of Col-
lectors and Ma-
gistrates to whom
Certificates pro-
duced, to transmit
Copies of
Entries and Cer-
tificates to Secre-
tary of State,
&c.

No Fee for
granting Cer-
tificates.
Penalty.
Officers employ-
ed to make
Entry, or grant
Certificates, &c.
Penalty.

Forging, &c.
Certificates.

Provisions.

Ambassadors, &c.
not deemed
Aliens.

Proofs for
Aliens not more
than 14 Years
old.

Proof whether
any Person is or
is not an Alien,
shall be on the
Party.

XVI. Pro-

Justice of the
Court of Wex-
mouth or Dub-
lin, &c. may sit
at Albany in
Bed.)

as may also any
Justice by Au-
thority of a Ju-
diciary of Scots,
&c.

In what case
when Alias
has been in
Custody Two
Months, in or-
der to be sent
out of the
Reins, the
Court, &c. may
order removal
in Custody or
discharge such
Alias.

Alias having
quitted France
on account of
the late
Troubles, not
being to be re-
turned by Order
of the Court
beyond Sea, after
the second
alias of His
Majesty.
Fugitive has
received and
applied.

Penalties
Writs, &c.
though Part of
Penalty be
given in Part
Discharge of
Aliases.

General Hiss.

Tribute Cots.

Power given to
Lord Lieu-
tenant, &c. may sit
at Albany in Great
Britain.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which Power is given by this Act to commit any Alien to Gaol without Bail or Mainprize, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor* or in *Dublin*, or for any of the Justices in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, being of the Degree of the Court, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of Judicature in *Scotland*, if upon Application made he shall for sufficient cause, to admit such Person to Bail, he or the young sufficient Security for his or her Appearance to answer the matters alleged against him or her.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to admit any Alias to Bail, who shall have been committed by virtue of this Act, such Justice being authorized to do so by Warrant of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, for that Purpose, specifying the Security to be taken by such Justice.

XVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That where any Alias, who shall have been committed under this Act is remain until he or she shall be taken in charge for the Purpose of being sent out of the Reins, shall not be sent out of the Reins within Two Calendar Months after such Commitment, it shall in every such case be lawful for any of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, or in *Dublin*, or for any of the Justices in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, being of the Degree of the Court, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of Judicature in *Scotland*, or for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in any Part of the United Kingdom, upon Application made to him or them by or on the behalf of the Person so committed, and upon Proof made to him or them that reasonable Notice of the Intention to make such Application had been given to some or one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State in *Great Britain*, or to the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, according to his or their Discretion, so order the Person so committed to be continued in or discharged out of Custody.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That Aliens residing in this Kingdom, who have heretofore quitted their respective Countries by reason of any Revolution or Troubles in France, or in Countries conquered by the Arms of France, shall not be liable to be arrested, imprisoned or held to Bail, or to find any Sureties for their forthcoming, or paying any Debt, nor be taken in Execution on any Judgment, nor by any Captain, for or by reason of any Debt or other Cause of Action contracted or arising in any Part beyond the Seas, other than the Dominions of His Majesty, while such Aliens were not within the said Dominions of His Majesty; and in case any such Alias shall have been or shall be arrested, imprisoned or held to Bail, or taken in Execution on a Judgment, or by any Captain, contrary to the Intest of this Act, such Alias shall be discharged therefrom by Order of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor* or *Dublin*, or of the Court of Session in *Scotland*, or of any Judge of such Courts in Vacation time.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties by this Act imposed, exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Pleint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor* or in *Dublin*, or the Court of Great Session in *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Gloucester*, *Leinster* and *Durham*, or by Action or Informant Bill or Information in the Courts of Judicature or Exchequer in *Scotland*, as the case shall require, wherein no Efflags, Privileges, Protections or Wages of Law, nor more than One Imparison shall be allowed; and all pecuniary Penalties by this Act imposed, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, shall, on Conviction of the Offender upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Stewartry, City, Town or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chatsels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering to such Offender the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and for want of sufficient Distress, such Justice is hereby required to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County, Riding, Stewartry, City, Town or Place where such Offence shall be committed, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, and that no Writ of Certiorari or of Admonition or Subpoena shall be allowed to remove the Proceedings of the said Justice touching the pecuniary Penalties aforesaid, or to supercede or suspend Execution or other Proceedings thereupon.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township or Place, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses, for the Purpose of proving the Conviction of any Offender against this Act within the Limits of such Parish, Township or Place, notwithstanding any Part of the Penalty incurred by such Offender is given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township or Place.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time be heard or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance or by colour of this Act, or of any matter or thing therein contained, such Action or Prosecution shall be commenced within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months next after the Offence shall be committed, and such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if upon Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or shall discontinue his or their Suit or Prosecutions, or if Judgment be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer or otherwise, such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

XXIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted, That the Powers and Authority given by this Act to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, or to the Policy Council of *Ireland*, shall not extend or be held or deemed to extend to the case of any Alias arriving or being in that Part of the Reins or United Kingdom called *Great Britain*; and that the Powers and Authority given by this Act to any Justice of the Peace, Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City,

City, Town, or Place, shall not extend or be construed to extend to give such Magistrates any Authority to act beyond the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Testimony of
Magistrates.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force Two Years from the passing of this Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which the said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting.

Continuance of
Act.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions therein contained may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be
altered, &c.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act to regulate Proceedings of Grand Juries in Ireland, upon Bills of Indictment.

[26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS a Practice hath prevailed, in many of the Grand Juries in Ireland, to find Bills of Indictment without examining Witnesses for the Crown; and it is expedient that this Practice should for the future be discontinued; Be it therefore declared and enacted by His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Bill of Indictment shall be returned a true Bill, by any Grand Jury in Ireland unless the same hath been found by the Jurors upon the Evidence of one or more Witnesses for the Crown, sworn *oathemur* and produced before them, with such other lawful Evidence as the Nature of the case may require or admit of.

Before returning
Bills of Indict-
ment, Grand
Juries to examine
Evidence of
Witnesses for the
Crown.
Depositions made
by such Wit-
nesses before
Magistrates may
be laid before
the Court.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the present Act contained shall be construed to prevent such Court, at its Discretion, from directing the Informations or Depositions, which such Witnesses or Witnesses for the Crown may have previously sworn before a Magistrate, to be laid before the Grand Jury; and if upon the Examination of such Witnesses or Witnesses before the Grand Jury, it shall appear to the said Grand Jury that any of the said Witnesses shall have sworn falsely and corruptly, it shall and may be lawful for the said Grand Jury, and they are hereby required to report the same to the Court; and in case the Court shall thereupon think fit to order a Bill of Indictment for wilful and corrupt Perjury to be preferred against such Person, it shall be competent for any of the said Grand Jurors to give Evidence upon the Finding and Trial of such Indictment, notwithstanding the Oath which he shall have previously taken as a Grand Juror, any thing in the or in any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding; it being hereby expressly declared and enacted, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to have the Effect of rendering such Informations or Depositions Evidence in Support of a Bill before the Grand Jury, except as hereinafter provided.

III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was amongst other things enacted, that if any Person who hath given or shall give any Information or Examination upon Oath, against any Person or Persons, for any Offence against the Laws, hath been or shall, before the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination hath been or shall be given, be murdered or violently put to death, or so maimed or sorely carried away and secured, as not to be able to give Evidence on the Trial of the Person or Persons against whom such Information or Examination was given, the Information or Examination of such Person, so taken on Oath, shall be admitted in all Courts of Justice in Ireland, as Evidence on the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination was given; Be it further enacted, That so long as the said enacted Enactment shall be in force, the Informations or Examinations therein mentioned shall be Evidence to the Grand Jury upon the Bill preferred against the Person or Persons against whom such Information or Examination was given: Provided always, that the Information or Examination of a Witness so secured shall not be Evidence to the Grand Jury, unless it shall first be proved to the Grand Jury by Witnesses sworn, or other lawful Evidence, that the Person so secured has been secured by the Person or Persons against whom the Bill is preferred, or by some Person or Persons acting for him or her, or to his or her Friends.

25 G. 3. c. 120.
§ 5.

Information as
Evidence on
Indictment in
respect of
Grand Jurors.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to amend the Law of Ireland respecting the Recovery of Tenements from absconding, overholding, and defaulting Tenants; and for the Protection of the Tenant from such Distress.

[26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS Landlords in Ireland are often Sufferers by Tenants running away in Arrears, and deserting Tenements demised or agreed to be demised to them; and also by Tenants, after the Expiration of their Terms or Interests, refusing to deliver up the Possession of the Tenements demised or agreed to be demised; and also by Tenants suffering large Arrears of Rent to accrue during the Continuance of their Terms; in all which cases the Landlords or Lessors are obliged to resort to an Ejectment for the Recovery of Possession, the Expense of which in many cases exceeds the Value of the Tenement: And Whereas it is just and reasonable to provide a less expensive Mode for the Recovery of the Possession of Tenements so abandoned by Tenants, and of Tenements of small Value, when the same are held by Tenants against their Landlords, after the Determination of their Terms or Interests; and also in cases of the Tenants of Tenements of small Value suffering Arrears of Rent to accrue during the Continuance of their Terms: And Whereas Cases tried in the Way of Civil Bills before the Chairman of the Session of the Peace for the County of Dublin, and Recorder of the City of Dublin for the County of the City of Dublin, and the Assistant Barristers

*Alien Bar-
riler as Chairman
of the Session,
are empowered
to put L. which
is Position of
Premises in de-
ference to Rent.*

View by Juries.

Certificates.

*Particulars
thereon.*

*Landlord may
Serve Process on
Civil Bill on
Complaints aban-
doned, Premises
lost on Church
Door, &c.*

*Proof of Certi-
ficates.
Proceedings.*

*If Delivery of
Poll Book of
Premises to be by
Tenant at a late
Rent then will
get Answer by
withhold over
legal Return.*

*Alien Bar-
riling, any
Civil Bill, and
L. or in
the Session.*

of the other Counties in Ireland, are determined with more Expedition and less Expense than any Proceed-
ing for the Recovery of the Rents thereof which the Law now allows the Landlord to make; and it is ex-
pressly directed to extend the Jurisdiction of such Assistant Barrillers, and of the Chairman of the Session of the
Peace in the County of Dublin, and of the Recorder in the County of the City of Dublin, to the fastenings of
Beams and other parts of the King's Mail Exchange Buildings, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
same, That from and after the First Day of July next, if any Tenant holding any Tenement in that Part of
the United Kingdom called Ireland, who shall be in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent, shall desert the Tenement
devoted to him, or leave the same unoccupied, or carry off the Stock and Crops, or otherwise abandon
the same, in as so sufficient Distress may be had to answer the Arrears of Rent then due for the same, it
shall be lawful for the Landlord or Lessor of the Tenement so deserted or left unoccupied or abandoned, to
proceed by way of Civil Bill before the Recorder of the City of Dublin if the Tenement shall be in the County
of the City of Dublin, or before the Chairman of the Session of the Peace for the County of Dublin if the
Tenement shall be in the said County, and before the Assistant Barriller of any other County if the Tenement
shall be in such County, to obtain Possession of the Tenement so deserted or left unoccupied; and thereupon
it shall and may be lawful for him or some Justices of the Peace of the County in which such Tenement shall
be, having an Interest in the deserted Premises, at the Request of such Landlord or Lessor, his Bailiff or Re-
ceiver, to go upon and view the same, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of
the Clock in the Afternoon, and having fully ascertained to their Satisfaction, by Examination of Witnesses
or by their own View, that the Premises are so deserted by the Tenant, or left in as so occupied as aforesaid, and
without sufficient Distress to answer the Arrears of Rent then due, to certify to the Assistant Barriller,
Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, before whom such Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be,
under the Hands and Seals of such Justices, that they have together viewed the Premises in question, fully
deserting the same, and that the same appeared to them deserted or unoccupied, and without any Distress
thereon sufficient to answer the Arrears of Rent ascertained by Affidavit of the Landlord or Lessor, his
Bailiff or Receiver, to be due thereon, after all fair and just Allowances; which Certificate, when proved to
have been duly executed, shall be sufficient and conclusive Evidence of the Facts therein contained, unless the
same shall be disproved by contrary Evidence, to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the case shall come,
upon such Civil Bill as aforesaid, or Appeal from such Civil Bill; and it shall and may be lawful for the said
Landlord, after obtaining from the said Justices the said Certificate, to give a Process on such Civil Bill, to-
gether with a Copy of such Certificate or the Tenant against whom such Proceeding shall be had if such Tenant
can be found; and if not, to affix such Process, and a Copy of such Certificate, upon some exterior Part
of the said Tenement, and also upon the Door of the Parish Church, if the same shall be in Repair, and also upon
the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if any within the Parish, summoning the Tenant or Tenants who
may have so deserted the Premises personally to appear before the Assistant Barriller, or before the Chairman
of the Session of the Peace, or the Recorder, at the case may be, on a Day certain, at a Quarter Session to be
held for the Division of the County in which the Premises or any Part of them shall be, or at a Court to be
held before the Recorder, for the hearing and determining of Civil Bills as aforesaid when the Premises shall be
situate within the County of the City of Dublin, to answer the said Bill of the said Landlord or Lessor; and
that it shall be lawful for the said Assistant Barriller, Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, as the
case may be, upon such Civil Bill, and upon Proof of such Certificate by any Person who may have obtained
the Execution of the same, and upon Proof that at least One Half Year's Rent was due to such Landlord or
Lessor for the Premises when such Proceeding was commenced; and that the Process on such Civil Bill, and
a Copy of such Certificate were served as aforesaid, or that the Tenant could not be found, so that the same
could be served, and then upon Proof that such Process and a Copy of such Certificate had been duly affixed
upon the several Places before mentioned, pursuant to this Act; and upon hearing the Tenant, or case
such Tenant shall appear, and such Evidence as shall be offered on behalf of such Tenant, if any shall be
offered, and duly considering the same, to deliver the said Landlord or Lessor to be put into Possession of the
Premises.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Tenement shall have been held by any Tenant at
a late Rent due Twenty Pounds per Annum, and the Tenant's Interest in the same shall have been determined, and
after Demand made by the Landlord or Lessor, his Bailiff or Receiver, a Delivery of Possession of the same
shall be withheld, it shall and may be lawful for the said Landlord or Lessor to proceed by Civil Bill against
such Tenant, and the said Tenant, and such other Person, if any, as shall be in the actual Possession of the Pre-
mises; and thereupon to serve such Tenant, and such other Person as aforesaid, with Process as such Civil
Bill, if such Service can be effected, and if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the
case shall come, that such Service cannot be effected, or in case there be not any Person in actual Possession of
the Premises, to affix upon some exterior Part of the Premises, and upon the Door of the Parish Church, if
the same shall be in Repair, and also upon the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if any shall be in the
Parish; by which Process all Persons claiming to have any Interest in the Premises shall be required to appear
before the Assistant Barriller, Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, at the case may be, on a
Day certain, at a Quarter Session for the Division of the County in which the Premises or any Part thereof
shall be situate, or at a Court to be held before the Recorder for the hearing and determining of Civil Bills, in
cases where the Premises are situate within the County of the City of Dublin, to answer the Bill of the said
Landlord or Lessor praying to be put into Possession thereof; and it shall and may be lawful for the said
Assistant Barriller, Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, upon such Civil
Bill, and upon Proof of such Service as aforesaid, or, in case of Impossibility or unreasonable Difficulty of ser-
ving,

vice, to be ascertained as hereinbefore provided, or in case there shall be no Person in Possession of the Premises, upon Proof of sitting of the said Process as hereinbefore required, and that the Premises had been held by the Tenant against whom such Proceeding shall be, at a Rate not exceeding Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that the Interest of the Tenant had determined, and that Notice to quit in case where such Notice is by Law necessary had been duly served, and the time for the Delivery of the Possession thereof expired, to decree the said Lessor or Lessee to be put into Possession of the Premises.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Lands or Premises shall have been held by any Tenant at a less Rent than Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that a full Year's Rent shall be due thereon, whether the same, or any Part thereof shall have accrued due prior or subsequent to the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lessee or Landlord to proceed by Civil Bill against such Tenant, and also such Persons, if any, as shall be in actual Possession of the said Premises, and also against Persons having Interest for valuable Consideration, in case a where the Bonds or Indemnities crossing such Interest shall have been duly registered, and thereupon to serve such Tenant and such other Persons as aforesaid with Process as such Civil Bill, if such Service can be effected, and if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the case shall come, that such Service cannot be effected, or in case there be not any Person in actual Possession of the Premises, to affix such Process upon some notorious Part of the Inne Premises, and upon the Door of the Parish Church, if the same shall have a Roper, and also upon the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if there shall be any in the Parish, by which Process all Persons claiming to have Interest in the Premises shall be required to appear before the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, in the case may be, on a Day certain, at a Quarter Session for the Division of the County in which the Premises, or any Part of them, shall be situate, or at a Court to be held before the Recorder for the hearing or determining of Civil Bills, in case where the Premises shall be situate within the County of the City of Dublin, to answer the Bill of the said Lessee or Landlord praying to be put into Possession thereof; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, in the case may be, upon such Civil Bill, and upon Proof of such Service as aforesaid, or in case of impossibility or unreasonable Difficulty of Service (to be ascertained as hereinbefore provided) upon Proof of such sitting of the said Process, and that the Premises were then held by the Tenant at a Rate not exceeding Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that a Sum equal to One full Year's Rent at such Rate was due when such Proceeding by Civil Bill was commenced, and still remained due, after all just Allowances to the Tenant, to decree the said Lessee or Landlord to be put into Possession of the said Premises: And in case the Lessee or Lessors, his or their Assigns or Assignees, or other Person or Persons, claiming or deriving under the Lease or Article by which the Premises shall be holden, shall object the Decree to be executed, putting the Lessee or Landlord into Possession of the Premises, without paying the Rent and Arrear thereon, with full Costs, and without preferring a Civil Bill for Relief, to the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, in the case may be, or filing any Bill or Bills for Relief in Equity, within the time now limited by the several Statutes which regulate the Action of Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, after such Execution executed, then and in such case the said Lessee or Lessors, his or their Assigns or Assignees, and all other Persons deriving under the said Lease or Article, shall be barred and foreclosed from all Relief or Remedy in Law or Equity, either thus by Appeal from the Decree of the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, in the case may be; the said Appeal to be brought within the time now by Law limited for bringing of Appeals on Civil Bills: Provided always, that the Tenant or other Person having Right under the several Statutes which regulate the Action of Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, to redeem any Premises, the Possession of which shall at any time hereafter be given to any Lessee or Landlord under the Provisions of this Act, for or by reason of Non Payment of Rent, may at any time after Execution executed, within which he or they are now by Law respectively entitled, tender the Rent and Costs for the Purpose of redeeming the said Premises; and that in all cases where he or they would have been entitled under the existing Laws to be relieved to the Possession of such Premises, under a Decree of a Court of Equity, if deprived of Possession by Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, he and they may hereafter be relieved to the same by a Decree of the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or the Recorder, in the case may be, on a Bill preferred for that Purpose, and due Proof made of their being respectively entitled thereto; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Lessee or Landlord recovering Possession by such Decree as aforesaid, shall and may have the same and like Remedy for all Arrears of Rent to the time of Execution of the said Decree, as such Lessee or Landlord might have had if Possession had been obtained under such Decree.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Process upon any Civil Bill is by this Act directed to be served upon any Person or to be affixed upon some notorious Part of the Premises in question, or on the Door of the Parish Church where the same shall be in repair, or on the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel in any Parish, the said Process shall be served or affixed Thirty clear Days at the least previous to the Day thence named for hearing and determining upon such Civil Bill.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Tenant or any Part of any Tenements for which any Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be had under the Authority of this Act, shall be in any Extra Parochial Place, and there shall be any Chapel or Place of Public Worship in such Extra Parochial Place, all Process and Copies of Certificates before required to be fixed on the Door of a Parish Church or Roman Catholic Chapel in Places not Extra Parochial, shall be fixed on the Door of such Chapel or Place of Worship in such Extra Parochial Place; and if there shall be none such, then the Judge, before whom such Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be,

How the said Bill process is to be served on a full Year's Rent shall be due.

Lessee after Execution of this act, may appeal (see Statute)

And may tender Rent and Costs, to redeem the Premises.

Remedy for obtaining Arrears of Rent.

Thirty Days Notice where Process is directed to be served.

If a Parish shall be fixed in Extra Parochial Place.

shall direct in what manner such Process or Copies shall be filed in such Extra Parochial Place for the Purposes of this Act.

When the Civil Bill shall specify.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which such Proceeding by Civil Bill is authorized by this Act, the Civil Bill shall specify the Names of the Landlord or Lessor, and Tenant or Tenants respectively, the Nature of the Tenancy, the Description of the Premises, and the Rent or Rents whereof the same shall be respectively demanded, and the Rent at which the same shall be then or had been let or let to be; and also in cases where the Proceeding shall be grounded on Detention, the Fact of Detention by the Tenant, and the Amount of Rent due after all fair and just Allowances, and the Inefficacy of Demands to counteract the same; and in cases where the Proceeding shall be grounded on the Tenancy having determined the Fact of the Determination of such Tenancy, and the Means by which the same shall have been determined, and Refusal to deliver up Possession, and in cases where the Proceeding shall be grounded on Nonpayment of Rent, the Amount of the Rent due after all fair and just Allowances, and when due; and the Truth of the Contents of the said Civil Bill shall be verified by the Affidavit of the Landlord or Lessor, his known Agent or Receiver, the said Affidavit to remain in the Custody of the Clerk of the Peace of the County in which such Bill shall be filed.

Clerk of Peace to enter and make public all Decrees made in any Sessions of the Peace, specifying Names of Plaintiffs and Defendants, and Lands and Premises recovered.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of the County shall enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose all Decrees in the cases heretofore mentioned which shall be made at any Sessions of the Peace for such County, and which Entries shall specify the Names of the Plaintiffs and Defendants, and the Tenements recovered, as the same shall be specified in the Civil Bills concerning the same respectively; and which Book every Person shall have liberty to inspect and examine, paying to the Clerk of the Peace for such Inspection and Examination the Fee of One Shilling and Eight pence; and that the said Clerk of the Peace, immediately after the Close of such Sessions of the Peace, shall post on the Door of the Court House where such Sessions were held, a correct List of such Cases in which any Tenements shall have been recovered at such Sessions under this Act, which List shall specify the Parties Names, and the Description of the Tenements, as set forth in the Civil Bill upon which the same shall have been recovered, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Omission the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt by any Person suing for the same: Provided always, that the said Clerks, with respect to such entering or posting, shall be considered as discharging to the Clerk of the Peace, and that the Omission to make such Entry or Posting shall not invalidate or in any way affect any Decree or Recovery of the Possession of any Lands or Premises.

Fealty.

Defendants on hearing of Civil Bill, entitled to make Defence, Appeal.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Defendant who shall think proper to appear on the Trial of such Civil Bill, in any of the cases heretofore mentioned, shall be entitled, on the Hearing of such Civil Bill, to every Defence which he may have either in Law or Equity, and also shall have all and every the same Rights of Appeal, under the same Restrictions, Conditions and Limitations as in other cases of Decrees of Civil Bills made by any Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be: Provided however, that Execution shall not be stayed by reason of such Appeal, unless the Tenant shall deposit with the Clerk of the Peace the Amount of Rent proved to be due on hearing of such Civil Bill.

Execution not stayed.

Shall may grant Warrant to Special Bailiff, for Execution of Decrees, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That for the Execution of the said Decrees, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff to grant his Warrant to a Special Bailiff, at the Plaintiff's Nominations, in like manner as for the Execution of any other Decrees of the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Special Bailiff to whom such Warrant shall be granted, together with his Assistants, to execute the same by delivering the Possession of the Lands or Premises therein named to the Landlord to whom the same shall be decreed, or to any Person appointed by the said Landlord to receive the Possession on his behalf; and that neither the said Sheriff, nor the said Assistant Barrister, nor the Clerk of the Peace, nor any other Person, shall demand, receive or have, for or on account of the said Proceedings, any greater or other Fees than such as are authorized upon the Execution of Decrees on Civil Bills, by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the better and more convenient Administration of Justice, and for the Recovery of Small Debts in a summary Way at the Sessions of the Peace of the several Counties at large within this Kingdom, except the County of Dublin, and for continuing and amending an Act, intitled 'An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Prosecution of the Peace within Counties at large &c.'* save only that it shall and may be lawful for any Attorney employed upon the Trial of any Civil Bill which shall be tried under the Provisions of this Act, relative to the Possession of Lands and Premises, to charge and take from the Party by whom he shall be employed the Sum of Twenty Shillings, in addition to the Sums which he is now by Law entitled to charge for his Attendants on the Hearing of any other Civil Bill; and that the same shall be taxed against the unsuccessful Party in case he shall have appeared at the Trial of such Civil Bill.

Fees. 14 G. 3. (2.)

Attorney may make charge.

When Tenement is put to question in Two Counties Proceedings to be in One of them, &c.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Tenement or thing which any Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be had in pursuance of this Act, shall be situate in Two or more Counties, such Proceeding shall be in any one of such Counties; and the Sheriff of the respective Counties in which any Part of such Tenement shall be, and in which such Proceeding shall not be had, shall execute such Decree as shall be made on such Civil Bill, upon Delivery to him of a Copy thereof signed by the Judge who shall have made such Decree, with a Warrant for Execution thereupon signed by the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Quarter Sessions, or Recorder, as the case may be, sitting for the County in which such Decree shall be required to be executed.

Assistant Barrister to sign Two Copies of every Decree

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases except where the Proceeding shall be grounded on Non Payment of Rent, the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, shall sign Two Copies of every Decree which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, and also a

Memoial thereof, for the Purpose of Registry in manner hereinafter mentioned, and that his signing his Signature to one of the said Copies shall be witnessed by some Person present at the time of such Signature; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Landlord or Lessor, if he thinks proper, at any time between the Termination of the Affairs for the County then next ensuing, and the Commencement of the Affairs thereafter next following, to register One Copy of the said Decree in the Office for the Registry of Deeds and Wills in Ireland, by lodging a Memoial and proving the Perfection of the same in like manner as is now provided by Law for the registering of Deeds; and that from and after the Registry of the said Decree, it shall have the further Effect of a Conveyance to the said Landlord or Lessor of any Interest which the Tenant, or any Person claiming under him, may or might have in and to the said Lands and Premises, freed and discharged from all Leases, Contracts, Mortgages, Debts, Charges or Incumbrances, which the said Tenant, or any Person claiming under him, may have charged, made or created thereon.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in the said Office for the Registry of Deeds in Ireland shall demand or take any greater Fee, Gratuity or Sum of Money, for or on occasion of the Registry of any of the said Decrees, than he is now by Law entitled to for the Registry of a Deed, he shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence, to be recovered in an Action of Debt by any Person suing for the same.

XIV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the more effectual preserving of Privileges committed by Tenants*, it is provided, that no Proceedings by writ or of such Act for Breach of any Condition, shall prejudice the Right or Title of any Infant, Feme Covert, Person being non compos mentis, or being out of His Majesty's Dominions; and by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, to explain and amend the said former Act, it is provided, that the said Act of the Fourth Year of King George the First shall not extend to defeat the Estate, Right or Title of Infants, Femes Coverts, or Persons of non sane Memory; and Acts were passed in the Eighth Year of His said Majesty King George the First, and in the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His late Majesty King George the Second, for further explaining and amending the said former Acts: And Whereas such Provisions have produced great Injustice to Landlords, in some Instances, by preventing the Enforcement of the Payment of Rent justly due to them, and in others by obliging them, after getting into Possession of Lands and Premises by Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, to account for their Profits for a great length of time: Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Provisions in the said Acts of Parliament, so far as relate to saving the Rights of Infants, Femes Coverts, Persons being non compos mentis, or insane, or out of His Majesty's Dominions, be and the same are hereby repealed.

XV. And Whereas by a Law passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the more effectual securing the Payment of Rents, and preventing Frauds by Tenants*, it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for every Lessor or Landlord, lessor or Landlords, or his, her or their Steward, Bailiff, Receiver or other Person or Persons empowered by him, her or them, to take and fence as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, all Sorts of Cereals and Grass, Hops, Roots, Fruits, Polls or other Products whatsoever, which shall be growing on any Part of the Estate is demised or holden, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, and the same to make, cut, gather, care, carry and lay up when ripe, in the Barn or other proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden; and in case there should be no Barn or proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden, then in any other Barn or proper Place which such Lessor or Landlord, lessor or Landlords, shall have or otherwise procure for that Purpose, and as near as may be to the Premises, in convenient time to appraise, sell or otherwise dispose of the same, towards Satisfaction of the Rent for which such Distress shall have been taken, and of the Charges of such Distress, Appraisalment and Sale, in the same manner as other Goods and Chattels may be seized, distrained and disposed of; and the Appraisalment thereof to be taken when cut, gathered, cared and made, and set before: And Whereas so such Provisions exist in the Law of Ireland, and it is reasonable that the Remedies of Landlords in Ireland should in this Respect be as extensive as they are in England: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the First Day of July next, it shall and may be lawful to and for every Lessor or Landlord in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, or his, her or their Steward, Bailiff, Receiver or other Person or Persons empowered by him, her or them, to take and fence, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, all Sorts of Cereals and Grass, Hops, Roots, Fruits, Polls or other Products whatsoever, which shall be growing on any Part of the Estate is demised or holden, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent; and the same to make, cut, gather, care, carry and lay up, when ripe, in the Barn or other proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden; and in case there shall be no Barn or proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden, then in any other Barn or proper Place which such Lessor or Landlord, lessor or Landlords, shall have or otherwise procure for that Purpose, and as near as may be to the Premises, and dispose of the same towards Satisfaction of the Rent for which such Distress shall have been taken, and of the Charges of such Distress and Sale, in the same manner as any other Goods and Chattels distrained for Non Payment of Rent.

XVI. And Whereas it is fit and just that Provision should be made for securing the occupying Tenant as far as may be against being called upon for Payment more than Once of the Rent reserved and made payable to his immediate Landlord or Lessor out of the Land which he occupies, in consequence of superior Landlords distraining for the Rents due to them respectively: For Remedy thereof, be it enacted, That in all cases when the entire Rent due and payable from the occupying Tenant to his immediate Landlord or Landlords, Lessor or Lessors, shall have been paid, or in any manner satisfied, if, in consequence of the Force, Malfeasance or Neglect of such Landlord or Landlords to pay and satisfy the Rent due and owing to any superior Landlord

made in pursuance of this Act.

No greater Fee to be demanded for Registry of Decrees, than for Registry of Deeds.

17 Ann. (3.)

4 G. 1. (7.)

8 G. 1. (1.)

12 G. 2. (1.)

35 G. 3. (3.)

is past repealed.

11 G. 2. c. 19.

§ 4.

Landlords, &c. empowered to seize Cereals, &c. for Arrears of Rent.

How Tenant shall proceed in case of Distress by the Head Landlord, where

Rent shall be
been paid to the
Landlord, and
been, and what
Costs and Dam-
ages shall be
incurred.

land or Landlords, the Lands in the Hands of such occupying Tenant shall be distrained for any such Rent, then it shall be lawful for such occupying Tenant to proceed against such his immediate Landlord (if through whose Default or Neglect he made such Payments the Land in the Possession of such occupying Tenant shall have been distrained), or such occupying Tenant shall have been compelled to pay any Sum of Money to any such superior Landlord, to avoid a Distress for Rent due to such superior Landlord, to recover the Amount of Costs and Damages by him sustained thereby, by Civil Bill before the Recorder of the City of Dublin, if the Lands shall be in the County of the said City, or the Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace for the County of Dublin, if the Lands shall be in the said County, or before the Assistant Barrister, at the Quarter Sessions of any other County where such Lands shall be, in all cases where the same shall not exceed Fifty Pounds; and that the Amount of such Costs and Damages, when ascertained by the Depute of such Recorder, Chairman of the Quarter Sessions or Assistant Barrister, as the case may be, and the Amount of any Costs and Damages which may be ascertained by the Judgment of any superior Court, upon any Petition which may be brought for that Purpose, may be tendered by the occupying Tenant, or his or their Representative, in Payment of so much of the subsequently growing and accruing Rent as shall thereupon become due and payable, to such his immediate Landlord, and shall be accepted by such Landlord in Payment of the same, or shall be recovered by Process of Execution as the said occupying Tenant is aggrieved shall deem most advisable.

If Complainant
prove Title of
Person of
Rent by Dis-
tress, or other-
wise he may re-
cover Damages.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if on such Trial by Civil Bill, before the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be, the Complainant shall prove the Facts of Payment of Rent by Distress or otherwise to his immediate Landlord, and of the subsequent Seizure of his Goods or Stock under Distress by a superior Landlord, or his being compelled to pay any Sum of Money to or towards Satisfaction of Rent due to such superior Landlord to avoid any such Distress, he shall be entitled to recover in Damages, and shall be recover upon such Proof made of the Facts hereinbefore mentioned, without any other or further Proof of Damage sustained, Ten Pounds in the Handred of the Rent relieved and distrained for, in addition to the whole Sum he shall have paid under such Distress to the superior Landlord, but shall not be precluded from entering upon Proof of other more aggravated or special Damage sustained, if he shall prefer such Mode of Proceeding for Recovery of due and adequate Compensation on such Account.

Assistant Bar-
rister, or, as to
some Jurisdiction
in a City or
Town which is a
County of itself.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Tenant within the Possession of this Act shall be Seignior in the whole or in Part within the County of any City or Town which is a County of itself, except the County of the City of Dublin, the Assistant Barrister of the County at large, having Jurisdiction for other Purposes within such County of a City or Town, and the Justices of the Peace for such County at large, shall have the same Jurisdiction and exercise the same Powers, with respect to such Tenement, as if the same had been Situate in the County at large, any thing in this Act, or any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to provide for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of Ireland, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [16th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, have resolved that a Sum of Capital Stock, equal to the total Capital of the Public Debt of Ireland, funded in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities resting on the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty-seven, hath been funded and discharged; and that so much of the Capital Stock purchased by and placed in the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Ireland, and standing in their Names in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, as Parliament by any Act or Acts so be passed for that Purpose should or might direct, should be cancelled, and in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of Ireland by way of Loan, or in any other manner, for the Service of the present or any future Year; And Whereas by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for raising the Sum of one million seven hundred thousand Pounds British Currency by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of Ireland are empowered to issue Treasury Bills in an Amount not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds Irish Currency, bearing as Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Cent. per Annum: And Whereas the Commons of the said United Kingdom in Parliament assembled have resolved, that towards raising the Supply granted to His Majesty, the Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds Irish Currency should be raised by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas the Charge of the said several Sums will amount to the Sum of One hundred and ninety two thousand five hundred Pounds: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for such Charge in manner by this Act herein before directed: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-sixth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of One million eight hundred and fifty two thousand and seventy-two Pounds, Five Pounds per Cent. Consolidated Annuity, standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in Ireland, shall be cancelled; and then from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Two hundred and ninety-four thousand five hundred Pounds, Four Pounds per Cent. Reduced Annuity, and the Sum of Two million two hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and

2,312,000 Irish Ten-
per Cent. A. &
Six
394,000 Irish Ten-
per Cent. B.
400,000 do.
2,112,000
2,512,000
Cons. Annuity.

fourteen Pounds, Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Cent. Annuum, standing in the said Books of the Governor and Company in the Names of the said Commissioners, shall in like manner be cancelled, and the said several Sums are hereby declared to be cancelled from the said Days respectively; and that from and after the said Days respectively the Interest or Dividends which would have been payable respectively upon the said several Sums be cancelled shall cease to be paid from the Receipt of the Treasurer of Ireland, or to be charged upon the Consolidated Fund of Ireland, and the Moneys which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland for the Purpose of defraying the Charge occasioned by any Addition made or to be made to the Public Debt of Ireland in the present Year.

In the Names of Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt, cancelled, and the Moneys become applicable to Dividends to become a Part of Consolidated Fund.

C A P. XC.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and Contingent Expences of the Disembodied Militia as Great Britain, and of the Militia of Cornwall and Devon; and for granting Allowances, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Surgeons' Mates and Sergeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

[16th June 1816.]

[This Act, except as in Dates and the Sections that are retained, is the same as 55 G. 3. c. 165.]

IV. *AND* be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regular Militia, shall for the Period or Periods during which they shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances as the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Militia when embodied.

V. *And* when as it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of Great Britain while disembodied, under certain Regulations; Do it further enacted, That the following Allowances shall be made and paid, to the Amount, under the Restrictions, and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate who hold or shall hold a Commission in the Militia of Great Britain, and was or shall be serving therein, when the Corps was or shall be disembodied; that is to say,

To a Lieutenant, Two Shillings and Sixpence per Diem :

To an Ensign, Two Shillings per Diem :

To a Surgeon's Mate, Two Shillings and Sixpence per Diem :

Provided always, that all Officers of the Militia serving with the Rank of Captain-Lieutenant, shall be deemed to be Lieutenants, and all Officers serving with the Rank of Second Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Ensigns for the Purpose of this Act: And provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for the Days during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Officers belong, is assembled for Training and Exercise.

VII. *And* be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words or to the Effect following; (witnesseth)

I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the _____ of Militia when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the _____ Day of _____ inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, (or the case may be,) and that I was out in my own Right or in Right of my Wife during the said Period in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual Value above Rentfree, as would qualify me to hold a Commission of Captain of a Company in the Militia; that I have not during the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant, Surgeon, Paymaster or Quartermaster, in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy during the said Period any Office or Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Half Pay; So help me GOD.

Which Oath so taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming the Allowance.

VIII. *And* be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate of the Militia who shall be entitled or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, during the whole of the Time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and shall during the said Time punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance as well as the Right of his Pay, and every Part thereof, which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend, and Certificate of his having so attended and performed his Duty signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, shall be furnished by the said Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which the Officer shall belong: Provided always, that in case any such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming to be entitled to such Allowance shall by his Commanding Officer be permitted or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity to be absent during the whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, for which Purpose it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate who may be so permitted to be absent and have leave

Militia when called out for Training or Exercise entitled to Pay.

Allowances to Subalterns and Surgeons' Mates.

Oath to be taken to entitle to such Allowances.

Form of Oath.

Subalterns and Surgeons' Mates to attend annual Exercise, &c.

Commanding Officer may grant Leave of Absence.

Leave

Redeemed the
Army of Abolition
Specified.

If Regiment are
called out before
Day fixed for the
Half Yearly
Payment, Al-
lowance to be
paid on taking
Oath before a
Justice, without
Certificate of
Attendance.

Paymaster to
pay Allowance
on 14th Decem-
ber and 14th
June.

Paymaster on Half
Pay, or entitled
to Allowance as
having served in
the Army or
Navy, or ap-
pointed, if serving
in Militia, to re-
ceive Pay and
Allowance, on
taking the fol-
lowing Oath.

Adjutant, or
Non-Commissioned
Officers, or
Privates, not to
lose their Right
to Challenge Dis-
missal, &c.

Adjutant to
bequeath his
Militia in
addition to Pay.

Redeemed Adjutant
to receive
4s. per Day, on
March 24,
1812.

Leave in Writing, to demand and receive the said Allowance and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the whole of the said annual Exercise: Provided always, that the Reason for such Absence as well as the Duration thereof shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificates (in lieu of Oath before mentioned), to be signed by the Commanding Officers, and as he furnished as soon as conveniently may be to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, wherein such Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate shall be serving.

XI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia after the disembodiment thereof, and before the respective Days hereinafter fixed for the Half Yearly Payment of the said Allowance, shall not be called out to their annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate belonging to any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and coming within the Description of this Act, who shall have taken and subscribed the Oath heretofore mentioned before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance as if such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps during the whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon such Oaths and Certificates as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon the said Oath being produced to the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Surgeon's Mates, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, the Allowance above mentioned for Six Months or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of December next, and the other proper Proportion of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oaths and Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

XIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That any Person being an Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Pay and Allowance by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons and Surgeon's Mates, when appointed for annual Training, and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowance by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, shall not prevent such Person as Half Pay or being entitled to any such Allowance from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

I, A. B. do swear, I had not before the
and the
any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of
Half Pay as a Reduced
in His Majesty's Navy, [or in the Marines, or
late Regiment of
], or Allowance as in
late Troop of Horse Guards, or [Regiment of Horse reduced], save and
except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster,
Quarter Master, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, [as the case may be] for serving in the Militia of the
County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non-Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Regular Militia, entitled to receive any Class of Pension or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia, when appointed for Training, nor shall any Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate forfeit or lose his Right to receive any such Class of Pension or Allowance by reason of his receiving the Allowance of Two Subaltern and Surgeon or Two Shillings a Day granted by this Act to Subalterns or Surgeon's Mates when disembodied.

XV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeons of each Regiment of Regular Militia, when disembodied, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, at the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, for the Expence of medical Medicines for the Sick Non-Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment during the Period or Periods of Absence for annual Exercise or Training; and also an Allowance of Sixpence per Month for each of the Sick Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers of such Regiment on constant Pay in Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non-Commissioned Officers and Drummers while such Regiment is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, This in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia shall have been called and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings per Diem shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or from the time such Regiment shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive

receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military under His Majesty, but no such Reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay, by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

XIX. And Whereas it is expedient, that an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and two, certain Allowances to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors of Militia, dissolved* under an Act of this Session of Parliament, intitled *'An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia, while certain Restrictions'* which has been renewed and continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, should be again revived and further continued, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act, and the Allowances therein granted and mentioned, to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Sergeant Majors: Provided always, that the Allowance to each Adjutant diminished as aforesaid shall, from the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be fixed by the Receiver General of Counties at the augmented Rate of Four Shillings per Diem.

39 & 40 G. 3.
c. 44. passed
Allowances to
Adjutants and
Sergeant Majors,
revived from
March 25, 1816,
and continued
till March 25,
1817.

Allowance to
Adjutants to be
40 per Diem.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to regulate the Trade of the Colonies of *Dominica, Barbados and Essequibo*; to allow the Importation into, and Exportation from, such Colonies, of certain Articles, by Dutch Proprietors of the European Dominions of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands; and to repeal an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting a Trade between the United Provinces and certain Colonies in His Majesty's Possession. [26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies: And Whereas it is expedient that the Colonies of Dominica, Barbados and Essequibo, situated in the Province of Guiana in South America, should be placed upon the same footing, in relation to Regulations of Trade, as the British West India Islands: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all the Benefits, Privileges and Advantages, and all the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, in the said recited Act contained and provided, with respect to His Britannic Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies, shall extend and apply, and be in full Force and Effect as to the said Colonies of Dominica, Barbados and Essequibo, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were recited in and separately and severally repeated in this Act as to the said Colonies of Dominica, Barbados and Essequibo; any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.*

Regulations of
North American
Colonies, to be
extended to Dom-
nica, &c.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for increasing the Duty on Rum and other Spirits, imported into Newfoundland from the British Colonies and Plantations on the Continent of America, and charging a Duty on Spirits imported into Newfoundland from His Majesty's Colonies in the West Indies, a Duty of Sixpence was imposed on every Gallon of Rum or other Spirits imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from any British Colony or Plantation in the West Indies: And Whereas it is expedient that Rum imported into the said Island from the aforesaid Colonies of Barbados, Dominica and Essequibo, should be placed on the same Footing as Rum imported from the other British Colonies: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, upon every Gallon of Rum imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from the aforesaid Colonies of Barbados, Dominica and Essequibo, the Sum of Sixpence for every Gallon, and no more; such Duties to be paid for, recovered and applied in the like manner and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are provided by the aforesaid recited Act.*

35 G. 3. c. 216.

From Imposed
into Newfoundland
from the
Duties, &c. to
pay 6d. per
Gallon.

III. And Whereas a Convention of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between His Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands: And Whereas it is expedient to give effect to such Parts of the said Convention as require the Sanction of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any of the Subjects of His said Majesty the King of the Netherlands, being Dutch Proprietors in such Colonies, to import from the Netherlands into the Colonies of Dominica, Barbados and Essequibo, in the Province of Guiana in South America, all the usual Articles of Supply for their Estates in the said Colonies, such Articles being necessary and requisite as Supplies for the Cultivation of the Estates, or the Clothing, Maintenance and Comfort of the Residents thereon, and not to exceed what may be deemed necessary for the Supply of the particular Estates for which they are to be imported, and to be actually applied to the Purposes of such Supply, and not for Trade; and in case of Scarcity by any Officer of the Customs of any Importation of such Articles, on the ground of their being imported in the Way or for the Purpose of Trade, and not as Supplies, the Proof that such Articles are Supplies, and im-

Subjects of the
Netherlands
may import into
Dominica, &c.
the usual
Necessary
for their
Trade.

ported under the Conditions of the Convention, shall be on the Dutch Proprietors importing the same; and in case of such Proof being made and given, in consequence of any Dispute arising thereupon before the Collector or Principal Officer of the Customs, who is hereby empowered to administer an Oath or take Affidavit for the Purposes of any such Examination and Proof under this Act, the Goods shall be admitted to Entry: Provided always, that the Importer, before such Entry shall be allowed, shall enter into Bond, with Two Sureties, in a sufficient Sum, to abide the Decision of the Board of Customs in England, upon such Seizure: Provided also, that Wine, as a Medicine and necessary Article of Supply, may be imported to such a limited Extent as may be necessary for the Purposes of such Supply as a Medicine, and shall be liable to the Duty of Ten Shillings per Ton, and no more.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any of the Subjects of His Majesty The King of the Netherlands, being Dutch Proprietors in such Colonies, to export from the said Colonies of *Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo*, to the Netherlands, the Produce of their Estates.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Subjects of His Majesty The King of the Netherlands, resident in His said Majesty's European Dominions, who were at the Date of the Signature of the said Convention Proprietors of Estates in the said Colonies, and all Subjects of His said Majesty who may hereafter become possessed of Estates then belonging to Dutch Proprietors therein, and all such Proprietors as being then resident in the said Colonies, and being Natives of His Majesty's Dominions in the Netherlands, may have declared within Three Months after the Publication of the aforesaid Convention in the said Colonies, that they wish to continue to be considered as such; and all Subjects of His said Majesty The King of the Netherlands, who may be the Holders of Mortgages of Estates in the said Colonies, made prior to the Date of the Convention, and who may under their Mortgage Deeds have the Right of exporting from the said Colonies to the Netherlands the Produce of such Estates, shall be deemed Dutch Proprietors under the Provisions of this Act; provided that where both Dutch and British Subjects have Mortgages upon the same Property in the said Colonies, the Produce to be assigned to the different Mortgages shall be in proportion to the Amount of the Debts respectively due to them.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all such Importations from the Netherlands into the said Colonies for the Supply of Estates therein as aforesaid, and Exportations of the Produce of such Estates to the Netherlands, may be carried on in any Ships being the Property of Subjects of His Majesty The King of the Netherlands, wherever built, and without any Restriction or Limitation as to the Mariner navigating the same for the Space of Five Years, commencing from the First Day of January last: Provided always, that the Master of every such Ship shall produce to the proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs in the said Colonies respectively, satisfactory Proof of the said Vessels being owned by a Subject of His Majesty The King of the Netherlands: Provided also, that His said Majesty The King of the Netherlands may at any time before the Expiration of the said Five Years, if he should think proper, order and direct that such Trade shall be carried on only in such Ships as are Dutch built, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Crew are the Subjects of His said Majesty: And provided always, that after the Expiration of the said Five Years no such Trade shall be carried on, except in Vessels Dutch built, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Crew are Subjects of His said Majesty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all such Importations and Exportations shall be subject to the same Duties as are payable by His Majesty's Subjects on Importations and Exportations of the like Articles, and shall be subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Restrictions for the loading of any such Produce as aforesaid in the Netherlands, as are provided by any Act now in force for the loading of the like Articles in Great Britain, so far as the same are or can be made applicable.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons who by virtue of this Act may be entitled to trade between the said Colonies and the Dominions of His Majesty The King of the Netherlands, to export the Produce of the before mentioned Estates within the said Colonies of *Demerara, Essequibo and Berbice*, to any Part of the United Kingdom, or to any other of His Majesty's Dominions in Europe.

IX. And Whereas immediately after the signing of the aforesaid Convention, certain Vessels may have left the Netherlands, and the Officers of His Majesty's Customs in the aforesaid Colonies, on being apprized of the aforesaid Convention, may have, by the Authority or Order of the Governor or otherwise, been induced to sit upon such Convention upon the Emergency of the Occasion as if the same had been confirmed by Law; and it is expedient that all Importations and Admissions to Entry allowed under the Articles of the said Convention shall be confirmed and rendered valid: Be it therefore enacted, That all Importations and Admissions to Entry, so made in pursuance or in consequence of any of the Articles of the said Convention, shall be and are hereby declared to be lawful, and as good, valid and effectual as if the same had been made in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or this Act; and all Persons concerned therein shall be and are hereby indemnified in respect thereof.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intimated *As Act for permitting a Trade between the United Provinces and certain Colonies now in His Majesty's Possession*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Wine to pay a Duty of 10s. per Ton.

Dutch Proprietors to stipulate Purchase of their Estates.

Who are to be considered, as Dutch Proprietors.

Persons as to Dutch and British Subjects.

Importations and Exportations to be in Ships belonging to Subjects of the Netherlands, &c.

Proviso for subjects of the King of the Netherlands.

Duties the same to be payable by British Subjects.

Persons entitled to trade between Colonies and Netherlands not to export Produce to this Country, &c.

Importations under the Convention to be deemed lawful.

34 G. 3. c. 15. repealed.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to authorize the Exportation of the Machinery necessary for erecting a Mint in the United States of America. [16th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Government of the United States of America are desirous of erecting and establishing a Mint, and of procuring and exporting the Machinery necessary for that Purpose, from this Kingdom: And whereas Doubts may arise, whether any Person in this Kingdom can execute the same without being subject to certain Penalties and Forfeitures: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by Writing or Warrant under his Hand and Seal, under such Restrictions and Conditions, and in such manner as His Majesty shall think proper, to license and authorize all and every Person and Persons whom the President of the said United States, or any Person authorized by him for that Purpose, shall think fit to employ for such Purpose, to have in his or their Power, Custody or Possession with Intent to export, and to collect, obtain, make, apply for or cause or procure to be made, with Intent to export, and to export and to do or cause to be done, all or any Acts whatsoever in or for or towards the exporting, or which shall be necessary to enable him or them to make, obtain, have or procure for exporting, and to enable him or them to export any Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements or other things, of what Nature soever, or any Parts thereof, or any Models or Plans, or Parts thereof, for the effectually enabling such Persons as aforesaid to erect and establish, or cause to be erected and established, such Mint as aforesaid, and all Acts, matters and things, which shall be done in pursuance of and according to such License and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and they are hereby required to take Entries, and give Receipts, Warrants and Surrenders, and to do or cause to be done all Acts necessary for the entering onwards, shipping or exporting such Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements, Models, Plans and things as aforesaid, or any Parts thereof respectively, and that the same or the Packages thereof, or the Goods packed therein, shall not be liable to Seizure by such Officers or others: and also that it shall be lawful for all Captains and Masters of Ships, Vessels, Lighters or Boats, to take the same on board thereof for the Purpose of exporting the same, and in their said Ships, Vessels, Lighters and Boats, to export the same, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as any other Goods or Merchandise may now by Law be exported.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons whom he shall name for that Purpose, to encourage, procure, contract and agree with such Artificers and Workmen, and others, as he or such Person or Persons shall think it necessary to employ for the Purpose of erecting and establishing such Mint as aforesaid, or for any Purpose relative thereto, to go out of this Kingdom for any such Purpose, and all Acts done by such Person and Persons, and such Workmen, Artificers and others in conformity to such License and Authority, shall be deemed and taken to be lawful Acts, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And for the better enabling any such Person or Persons to undertake and execute such Work as aforesaid: Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's said Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons to do, or cause to be done, any other matter, Act or thing not herein specified, which it shall appear necessary or expedient to such Secretary to license or authorize for the enabling such Person or Persons or the Persons employed by him or them, to execute such Work as aforesaid, and all Acts, matters and things done in conformity to such License and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding: and in case any Question shall arise, whether any Act, matter or thing, done or proposed to be done by any such Person relative to such Work as aforesaid, hath been done, or procured to be done, in conformity to any such License or Authority as aforesaid, or according to the Intent and Meaning thereof, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, upon Application made by any such Person or on his behalf, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, to declare whether the same hath been done in conformity thereto, or according to such Intent and Meaning: and the Declaration of His Majesty's said Secretary to make that the same hath been so done, shall be final and conclusive Evidence that the same hath been so done, and shall be received in all cases as such final and conclusive Evidence.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for enabling the Officers of the Customs at Creeks, Harbours and Basins of Great Britain, to take Entries of Ships and Goods arriving from and bound to Ireland. [16th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Officers of His Majesty's Customs at Creeks, Harbours and Basins of Great Britain, should be authorized to take the Entries of Goods imported in Ships or Vessels arriving from Ireland, or intended to be laden on board Ships or Vessels bound to Ireland, in the same manner as is permitted by the United Kingdom as is permitted by Law to pass from one Country to the other without Payment of Duty: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His

Secretaries of State authorized to license Persons to export Machinery for erecting a Mint in the United States.

Officers of the Customs to take Entries.

Secretaries of State to authorize Persons to engage Artificers.

and to do every thing necessary to execute the Work.

Declarations of Secretary of State that every thing has been done in conformity to License and Authority.

Commissioners of the Customs.

may authorize the Principal Officers in Customs and Excise to take Entries of certain Goods.

Documents to valid as Entries in Customs House.

Majesty's Customs in England for the time being, or any Four or more of them, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland, or any Three or more of them, whenever and in such as they may deem it proper, to authorize the Principal Custom Officer or Commissioners, or other Principal Officers of the Customs at any Creek, Harbour or Bays of Great Britain, to take the Entries of Goods imported in any Ship or Vessel from Ireland, or intended to be laden on board any Ship or Vessel bound to Ireland, so far as respects such Produce of the United Kingdom as is permitted to pass from one Country to the other without Payment of Duty.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Document, Act and Deed, in respect thereof, taken by and in the Presence of such Officers, shall be deemed and taken to be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and subject and liable to all Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if taken at the Customs House by and in the Presence of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port to which such Creeks, Harbours and Bays belong; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to allow Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid to take crushed Rock Salt, Duty free, for making such Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, for bleaching Linen and Cotton. [20th June 1816.]

§ 1 G 3 c. 16.
§ 1.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for (amongst other things) allowing Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid to take Salt, Duty free, for making such Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, for bleaching Linen and Cotton; any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, in Great Britain, may receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, or Salt Works, or Salt Refinery, for making Oxygenated Muratic Acid, for the sole Purpose of bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such bleaching as aforesaid, upon such Bond or Security as is preferred and directed by that Act: And Whereas it is expedient to permit such Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose aforesaid, to receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, any crushed Rock Salt, for the sole Purpose aforesaid, upon such Bond as aforesaid: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, in Great Britain, to receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, Salt Works or Salt Refinery, crushed Rock Salt for making Oxygenated Muratic Acid for the sole Purpose of bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twill, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such bleaching as aforesaid, under and subject to the several Provisions and Regulations preferred and contained in the said Act with respect to the Salt so received and delivered as aforesaid, as fully and as effectually, as if the same were repeated and contained in the present Act.

Crushed Rock Salt may be taken in the Presence of the Principal Officer of the Warehouse in which the Oxymuriate of Lime is made.

Salt to be taken in the Presence of the Officer who issues the Receipts for the Oxymuriate of Lime.

Each parcel Salt to be taken in the Presence of the Officer who issues the Receipts for the Oxymuriate of Lime.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Salt to be received and delivered to any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muratic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, for the Purpose aforesaid, shall before such Delivery and after such Salt shall have been weighed for that Purpose, be thoroughly mixed in the Presence of the Officer with Powder of Black Manganes in the Proportion of Five Pounds of such Powder of Black Manganes with every Bushel of such Salt; and that the Officer shall, in the Permit to be given for the Removal of such Salt, express the Quantity of Salt only, specifying that such Salt has been mixed with Powder of Black Manganes in the Proportion aforesaid; and that the Officer who shall afterwards attest the entry of such Salt with Vitriolic Acid and Manganes and Water, as aforesaid by the said Act, for the making of Oxygenated Muratic Acid, shall permit such Salt so mixed as aforesaid to be used in lieu of genuine merchantable Salt, otherwise called Murate of Soda, mixed with any Dirt, Rubble or other extraneous Material or Ingredients whatsoever, and fit and proper for filling Pots for the Food of Man, and shall deduct Five Pounds Weight of Manganes from the Weight of Manganes directed by the said Act to be then mixed with every Fifty six Pounds Weight of Salt, and in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and such Certificate of mixing shall be granted in respect of such Salt as is directed by the said Act, in respect of mixing genuine merchantable Salt; and so such Maker or Makers shall be subject in respect of such Measure of Powder of Black Manganes with such Salt before the Delivery thereof as aforesaid to the Penalty imposed by the said Act upon any such Maker or Makers, who shall before the making of any Salt intended to be mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganes and Water, or with Vitriolic Acid and Manganes, under or by virtue of the said Act, clandestinely add to such Salt any extraneous or adulterating Material or Materials, or Substances or Substances whatsoever, any thing in the said Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Paper Makers and persons concerned in the making of Paper may be employed by such Maker or Makers of Paper in the Manufacture of Paper, any Oxymuriate of Lime or Bleaching Liqueur, made and prepared in the manner and according to the Directions, and by the Persons entitled to make the same, is and by the said recited Act and this Act made, continued and preferred.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or in this Act contained, shall prevent, or be construed to prevent, any Maker or Makers of Paper, from using the Bleaching or Rags to be employed by such Maker or Makers of Paper in the Manufacture of Paper, any Oxymuriate of Lime or Bleaching Liqueur, made and prepared in the manner and according to the Directions, and by the Persons entitled to make the same, is and by the said recited Act and this Act made, continued and preferred.

C.A.P. XCV.

An Act to authorize such Person as His Majesty shall appoint to transfer a certain Sum in Three Pounds *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, now standing in the Name of the dissolved College of *Hertford*, in the University of *Oxford*; and also to receive Dividends due upon such Annuities.

[26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by the Laws in being, relative to the Transfer of Annuities transferable at the Bank of *England*, Books are directed to be kept by the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* for the time being, wherein all Assignments or Transfers of such Annuities shall be entered and registered, and such Entries are to be enclosed in proper Writs for that Purpose, and to be signed by the Parties making such Transfers, or, if such Party be absent, by his or their respective Attorney or Attorneys thereto lawfully authorized, in Writing under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; and it is also declared, that no other Method of assigning and transferring such Annuities shall be good or available in Law: And Whereas by an Inquisition taken at the City of *Oxford*, on the Fourth Day of May last, by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal of Great Britain, it was (amongst other things) found that *Hertford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, on the Twenty eighth Day of June, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, became and was dissolved, and that the said dissolved College at the time of its Dissolution was possessed of One thousand Pounds Capital Stock in the Three *per Cent.* Reduced Bank Annuities, standing in the Names of the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College*, *Oxford*, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*; and that since the Dissolution of the said dissolved College the Dividends on the said Sum of One thousand Pounds Three *per Cent.* Reduced Bank Annuities had been, and still were in arrears and unpaid; and that the said Stocks, Funds, Moneys and Securities had alienated and devolved, and did then belong to His Majesty, by virtue of His Prerogative Royal, and the same were, by the Commissioners in the said Commission named, seized into the Hands of His Majesty; but by reason of the Laws aforesaid there are no Means of making a Transfer of such Annuities, or of receiving the Arrears of Dividends due thereon, without the Authority of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, be and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, be Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under His or their Royal Sign Manual, to appoint and empower any Person or Persons to assign and transfer the said Sum of One thousand Pounds Capital Stock of Three *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, in the Name of any other Person or Persons, and also to receive all such Dividends as are or shall be due and in arrears upon the said Capital Stock, and to give proper Receipts and Discharges for the same, and such Person or Persons so appointed and empowered as aforesaid may and shall, and he and they as and are hereby authorized to assign and transfer the said Sum of One thousand Pounds Capital Stock, now standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, from the Name of the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College*, *Oxford*, into the Name of any other Person or Persons, and also to receive and give proper Receipts and Discharges for all such Dividends upon the said Capital Stock, as are or shall be due and in arrears, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and their Successors, shall be, and they are hereby held harmless and indemnified from and against all Claims and Demands of or by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for or by reason or in consequence of the Transfer of the said Sum of One thousand Pounds Three *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, heretofore authorized and directed to be transferred, or in any manner respecting the same, or for or by reason or in consequence of the Payment by the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, of the Dividends heretofore directed to be received; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* shall not be required in fee to the Application of the said Dividends, nor be in any manner responsible for the Misapplication or Nonapplication thereof.

C.A.P. XCVI.

An Act for establishing an Agreement with the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* for advancing the Sum of Three Millions, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[26th June 1816.]

* Most Gracious Sovereigns,

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* are willing and contented to advance the Sum of Three Millions Sterling for the Public Service, in the manner and upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned, upon the said Governor and Company being authorized and empowered by Parliament to increase their Capital Stock, which now consists of Eleven millions six hundred and forty-two thousand four hundred Pounds to Fourteen millions five hundred and fifty-three thousand Pounds, and that the proposed Increase of Two millions nine hundred and ten thousand five hundred Pounds may be appropriated amongst the Proprietors of Bank Stock at the Rate of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Bank Stock which they respectively hold on the Twenty-third Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and such Repayment to the said Governor and Company of the said Sum of Three Millions, upon the Promissory Notes of the said Governor and Com-

His Majesty may empower any Person or Persons to receive the said Sum of Three *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities now standing in the Name of the dissolved College of *Hertford*, into the Name of any other Person or Persons, and receive the Dividends.
Bank indemnified.

* pay, expected to be payable to Bearer on Demand, being received in Payment of all Sums of Money which now or shall become payable for any Part of the Public Revenue, and being accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the same if offered to be so paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted; and that in consideration of the above proposed Exercise of the Capital of Bank Stock, and of the Notes of the said Governor and Company being entered in Payment of every Branch of the Public Revenue as aforesaid, the said Governor and Company shall advance the said Sum of Three Millions Sterling for the Public Service, to be paid on such Days during the present Year, and in such manner as Parliament shall direct and appoint, the Repayment thereof to be issued with Interest at the Rate of Three per Cent. per Annum payable annually, and to be repaid at each Period as Parliament shall direct and appoint, not beyond the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, and to be charged and chargeable upon and to be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund, unless otherwise provided for by Parliament." Now we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, being desirous to make with as much Ease and Advantage as possible to Your Subjects the necessary Supplies, and to encourage the said Governor and Company to advance the said Sum of Three Millions, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor and Company, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, on or before the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Consolidated Fund, the Sum of Three Millions Sterling as an Interest of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, such Interest to be payable annually to the said Governor and Company at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to advance
£3,000,000 at
Three per Cent.

Interest to be
paid yearly.

Time of Repay-
ment of Prin-
cipal.

Capital Stock of
the Bank en-
creased.

To be divided
among the Pro-
prietors, after
the Rate of 25l.
for every 100l.
Bank Stock.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Repayment of the said Sum of Three Millions and the Interest thereof at the Rate aforesaid, be and the same is hereby charged and made chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund, unless otherwise provided for by Parliament, and that such Interest shall be paid annually to the said Governor and Company, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; the First annual Payment thereof to commence and be made within Ten Days after the Expiration of One Year from the time when the said Sum of Three Millions shall have been advanced by the said Governor and Company as authorized and directed by this Act; and that the said Sum of Three Millions with all Arrears of Interest thereon shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company at such time or times as Parliament shall direct or appoint, but so as such Repayment of the said Principal Sum with all Arrears of Interest thereon shall be repaid and completed on or before the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.

III. And be it further enacted, That in consideration of the said Advance of Three Millions for the Public Service as aforesaid, the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company be and the same is hereby increased and extended from the Sum of Eleven millions six hundred and forty two thousand four hundred Pounds, of which the same now consists, to the Sum of Fourteen millions five hundred and fifty three thousand Pounds, making an Increase or Addition of Two millions nine hundred and ten thousand six hundred Pounds Capital Stock; and that the said Sum of Two millions nine hundred and ten thousand six hundred Pounds Capital Stock shall be appropriated and divided amongst the several Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, who were Proprietors of Bank Stock on the Twenty third Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at the Rate of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Bank Stock which such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, were then respectively Proprietors of or had standing in their respective Names in the Books kept by the said Governor and Company for the Entry and Transfer of such Stock, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Sum, and each Division and Appropriation shall be placed to the Credit of the respective Names of such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, as the Books of the said Governor and Company accordingly; and all such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, shall from the time of such Division and Appropriation be lawfully entitled to the additional Sum of Bank Stock so placed is or to the Credit of their respective Names, and shall respectively be entitled so to be paid the same Rate of Dividend thereon, and to possess and enjoy the same Profits, Privileges and Advantages in respect thereof, in like manner to all Interest and Proprietors as they were entitled to be paid, possess and enjoy in respect of the Bank Stock which stood in their respective Names on the said Twenty third Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Bank Notes to
be received in
Payment of the
Public Revenue.

Increased Cap-
ital Stock to be
transferred in
like manner as
the Original.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such Repayment to the said Governor and Company of the said Sum of Three Millions and all Interest to become due thereon, the Promissory Notes of the said Governor and Company, expected to be payable to Bearer on Demand (called Bank Notes), shall be received in Payment of all Sums of Money which now or at any time hereafter shall become payable for or in respect of any Part of the Public Revenue, and shall be accepted and received accordingly by all Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the same if offered to be so paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England as increased as aforesaid shall be assignable and transferable in the same manner as the original Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company was assignable and transferable before the making of this Act, and together with the Produce thereof shall be free from Parliamentary Taxes, Charges and Imposts, and all other Taxes, Charges and Imposts whatsoever; and the Transfers or Assignments of Stock or additional Stock in the Books of the said Company shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater Stamp

Stamp or other Duties than are now payable for the Transfers or Assignments of their perfect Stock, or any Part thereof; any thing in this Act contained or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C. A. P. XCVII

An Act to authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, a Proportion of the Balance that shall remain from time to time in the Bank of England for the Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed.

[16th June 1815.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled
An Act to authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, upon certain Conditions, a Proportion of the Balance remaining in the Bank of England for Payment of Unclaimed Dividends, Annuities and Lottery Prizes; and for regulating the Allowances to be paid for the Management of the National Debt; it was among other things enacted, that the Governor and Company of the Bank of England should pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, out of the Balances in their Hands of Sums issued for the Payment of Dividends due and not demanded, and of unclaimed Lottery Prizes or Benefits, the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight; And Whereas the said Governor and Company duly paid the said Sum in pursuance of the said Act; And Whereas a considerable Balance now remains in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed; and it is just and expedient that a Part of the said Balance should be advanced for the Service of the Public, on condition that if at any time the said Balance shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, then and in that case so much of the Monies advanced by the said Governor and Company as shall be equal to the Sum by which the said Balance shall be less than the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company; Therefore we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and it is enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within Thirty Days after the Expiration of every Quarter an Account shall be taken of the lowest Amount of the Balances in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, of Sums issued for the Payment of Dividends and Terminable Annuities on account of the National Debt due and not demanded, and for the Payment of Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and also of Sums which shall have been issued for the Payment of Principals of Stocks or Annuities remaining unclaimed; and it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to retain a Balance of One hundred thousand Pounds from and out of the lowest Sum to which the Dividends, Terminable Annuities, Lottery Prizes and Principals of Stocks aforesaid, due and remaining unclaimed, shall appear by such Account to have been reduced at any time in such Quarter; and the whole of the Amount which shall remain due and unclaimed, deducting therefrom such Sum as may be due and payable to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt by virtue of an Act of this Session of Parliament, over and above such Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds as aforesaid, shall, upon the Fifth Day of July, the Tenth Day of October, the Fifth Day of January, and the Fifth Day of April, in every Year, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and applied to such Services as shall be directed by Parliament, without any Interest for the same; and if at any time hereafter the Monies remaining in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, which have been issued to them for the Payment of any such Dividends, Lottery Prizes, or Benefits, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities, due and remaining unclaimed, shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, the said Governor and Company shall forthwith transmit a Certificate of the same, signed by One of their Officers, to the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and also to the Auditor of the Exchequer for the time being, containing a true Statement of the Amount to which the said Monies shall then be reduced; and that forthwith on the same Day as which any such Certificate containing such Statement as aforesaid shall be presented to the said Auditor at the Receipt of the Exchequer, the said Auditor shall make out a proper Debenture, directing the Payment of such Sum of Money as it shall appear by such Certificate the said Balances shall be reduced under One hundred thousand Pounds, which said Sum of Money shall, in case the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall demand the same, be issued and paid out of any Money in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty, for the Service of the current Year, or of any preceding Year, or out of any Monies arising from the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund which may remain at the End of any Quarter for the Disposition of Parliament; and every such Debenture, being carried to the Clerk of the Pells, shall be forthwith recorded in the usual Manner in which Debentures are by law recorded; and thereupon the Teller or Tellers to whom any such Debenture shall be charged, shall, upon the same being presented to him or them, immediately pay or cause to be paid to the said Officer or Officers, for the Use of the said Governor and Company, the Sum contained in such Debenture accordingly; and in case, after the Repayment of any Part of the Monies which shall have been advanced under this Act, the said Balances shall at any time be again further reduced, in such case, as often as the same shall happen, such a further Sum shall in like manner be repaid to the said Governor and Company, as shall keep a Balance in the Hands of the said Governor and Company, for the Payment of

40. 3. 4.

An Account shall be taken Quarterly of Accounts of the Bank for Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, Balance to be retained, Remainder of Unclaimed Dividends to be paid into the Exchequer, if Balance be reduced, Debenture to be made good Certificate.

Proceedings when it appears that Balances reduced under a certain sum

any Annuities or Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities, due and not demanded as aforesaid, of One hundred thousand Pounds.

Interest to be
paid for Money
not immediately
issued.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which any such Money shall not be immediately issued to the said Governor and Company, or their Culture, upon such Certificate as aforesaid, Interest at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum shall be charged by and paid to the said Governor and Company upon such Sum, until the same shall be issued and paid to the said Governor and Company.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act to unite and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland; and to provide for the Application thereof to the General Service of the United Kingdom.

[18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it hath become expedient, for further carrying into effect the Provisions and Purposes of Two several Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, (the One made in the Parliament of Great Britain in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Kings, and the other made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His said Majesty's Kings,) that all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland should be consolidated and applied to the Service of the United Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, all Rates, Duties, Taxes, Receipts, Sums of Money and Revenues, of what nature or kind soever, which, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively at the time of the passing of this Act, and immediately before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall or may continue or form Part of, or be directed to be carried to the several Funds called the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain and the Consolidated Fund of Ireland respectively, shall be carried to, and shall be and become, and shall form and constitute One General Fund, to be called the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, whether the same or any Part thereof shall be in the Eschequer of Great Britain or in the Eschequer of Ireland, shall, in the First Place, be charged and chargeable with, and shall from time to time be applied indifferently to the Payment of the whole of the Interest of the National Debt of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Sinking Funds applicable to the Redemption thereof, as One joint Consolidated National Debt, Interest and Sinking Fund; and in the next Place, the said Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom shall in like manner be charged and chargeable with, and shall be applied to the Payment of the Salaries and other Charges of His Majesty's Civil List Establishment in Great Britain and Ireland; and in the next Place, the said Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom shall be in like manner charged and chargeable with, and shall be applied in Payment of all other Charges whatsoever, made payable out of the Consolidated Funds of Great Britain or Ireland respectively, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and after Payment and Satisfaction of all the aforesaid Charges, the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom shall be in like manner indifferently applied to the Service of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Part thereof, as shall be directed by Parliament, and shall be issued and applied accordingly, in manner and under the Authority hereinafter mentioned and directed.

Consolidated
Funds of Great
Britain and Ire-
land shall in-
crease One Gen-
eral Consolidated
Fund.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Offices of Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland shall be united into One Office, and the Person holding the same shall be called Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that whenever there shall be any such Lord High Treasurer, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to appoint Commissioners for executing the Offices of Treasurer of the Eschequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland; and that such Commissioners shall be called Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and that the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers and Authorities as and through the whole of the said United Kingdom, with respect to the Collection, Issuing and Application of the whole Revenues of the United Kingdom, as at the time of the passing of this Act, and immediately before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, are or shall or may be vested in the Commissioners of the Treasury in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Law, Usage or Custom in force in Great Britain or Ireland respectively by whatever Names or Designations such Commissioners of the Treasury shall or may have borne at any time known or described; save and except in so far as any such Powers or Authorities may be altered or amended by this Act; and that all Officers and other Persons concerned or employed in the Collection or Management of the Revenues in and through every Part of the United Kingdom, shall be in all respects subject to the Orders and Control of the said Lord High Treasurer or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and shall be liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures for Disobedience of such Orders as they are or would be subject or liable to under and by virtue of any Acts, Laws, Usages or Customs, with respect to the Powers of the Commissioners of the Treasury in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively at the time of the passing of this Act and immediately before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Offices of Treas-
urer of Great
Britain and Ire-
land united, and
may be executed
by Commission-
ers.

Officers of the
Revenue subject
to Orders of the
Treasury.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever in this Act, or in any Act to be made at any time after the passing of this Act, the Words "Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury," or the Words "Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland," are or shall be used, the same shall be construed to extend and apply to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, whenever such Commissioners shall be in force; and that all and every Act and Acts which at any time shall or may have been done or executed, or shall or may be done or executed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain or Ireland, or the United Kingdom respectively, under or by virtue or Authority of any Law, Statute, Writ, or Customs, in force before the passing of this Act, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any Error or Omission in the Names or Descriptions whereby any such Commissioners of the Treasury shall or may have been at any time known, or named or described.

IV. And be it further enacted, That (for the Purpose of filling out of the Exchequer of Ireland all Sums which shall be paid into the same, under or by virtue of the several Acts which now are or hereafter may be in Force in Ireland for that Purpose, or which shall be paid into the same out of the General Revenue of the United Kingdom, under the Orders of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,) it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from time to time, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Ireland, to appoint a Vice Treasurer for Ireland, with a yearly Salary not exceeding Two thousand Pounds Sterling a Year, to be paid to such Person for the executing of the said Office, payable out of the Revenue appropriated to His Majesty's Civil List Establishment in Ireland.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Vice Treasurer for Ireland to be appointed in manner aforesaid shall take such Oath before the Lord High Chancellor of Ireland, or before the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Ireland, as was accustomed to be taken by the Vice Treasurer of Ireland, before the passing of an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Receipts and Issues of His Majesty's Treasury*; and for repealing an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of Henry the Seventh, intitled "An Act authorizing the Treasurer to make all Officers or the Treasurer of England do so," and that it shall and may be lawful for such Vice Treasurer for Ireland to appoint any Person to be his Deputy to act during his Absence or Incapacity from Sicknes; and that all Acts done by such Deputy shall be as good and valid to all Intents and Purposes as if they were done by such Vice Treasurer in his own proper Person; and that such Vice Treasurer shall be answerable and responsible for all Acts done by such Deputy in the Execution of the Duty of his Office; and that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland from time to time, by his or their Warrant to the said Vice Treasurer, to order the Issue and Payment out of the said Exchequer of any such Sum or Sums of Money for the annual Establishment and accidental and contingent Expenses attendant upon the said Office of Vice Treasurer, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland shall from time to time order and direct.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, no Money shall be issued out of the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, otherwise than by the Vice Treasurer for Ireland, under the Authority of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall not issue, nor cause to be issued, out of the said Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever (except as hereinafter mentioned), until such Vice Treasurer shall have received a Warrant, under the Hand of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, directed to the said Vice Treasurer for that Purpose; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall countersign all such Warrants of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland; and that after such Countersignature upon such Warrant, such Warrant shall be entered and marked by any Officer or Person therein authorized by the said Vice Treasurer, and whereof Notice shall be given by the said Vice Treasurer to the Auditor General of the said Exchequer; and such Warrant, so being duly entered and marked, shall be a sufficient Authority to the said Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, for the Issue by the said Auditor General of his Order for Payment on the Teller of the said Exchequer: Provided always, that there shall be a sufficient Authority for all such Payments under some Grant from His Majesty, or some of his Royal Predecessors, or under some Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; and that all such Payments shall not exceed the Amount authorized under the respective Acts by virtue of which such Issues shall be made, or the several Grants of Parliament, in the same shall be specified in the Appropriation Acts of each Session.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Warrants which shall have been signed by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, bearing Date on or before Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and Seventeen, and which shall then remain in the Office of the Auditor General of the Exchequer, unsatisfied and unpaid, or partly unsatisfied or unpaid, shall be good, full and sufficient Authority to the said Auditor General for the Issue by his Order to the Teller of the Exchequer for Payment, until the full Amount of such Warrants be satisfied and paid; any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And, in order that as Annual Grants of Parliament may be extended, be it further enacted, That all Grants under the Great or Privy Seal or Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, King's Letters or King's Warrants, directing the Issue of any Money for Services in Ireland out of such Annual Grants, shall be entered and recorded in the Office of the Auditor of the Exchequer in Great Britain, who shall

The Words "Commissioners of Treasury," &c. to apply to Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

A Vice Treasurer appointed.

Salary

Vice Treasurer to take Oath before the Chancellor of Ireland. 35 G. 5. c. 1.

Vice Treasurer empowered to appoint a Deputy.

Payment for the annual Establishment and 22 pieces of the Civil List.

Money shall be issued out of the Treasury of Ireland on the Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, countersigned by the Vice Treasurer.

Authority for such Payments.

Warrants given to the 5th, 1817, to be paid.

Issue for Ireland to be recorded in the Exchequer of Great Britain.

cash the Entry thereof to be certified thereon, and the same to be forthwith returned to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in order to their being transmitted to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

X. And Whereas great Inconvenience would arise to the Public Service if the Issues from the Exchequer in either Part of the United Kingdom, for the Payment of Interest and Sinking Fund of the National Debt, and of such Charges as, according to the Practice heretofore prevailing in the said Exchequers respectively, have usually been paid immediately before or after the Close of every Quarter, were delayed until the next (pedvise Quarterly Accounts of the Exchequers of Great Britain and Ireland were made up and settled; For preventing of such Inconvenience, be it enacted, That in regard to the Exchequer in Great Britain, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them for the time being; and, with regard to the Exchequer in Ireland, it shall be lawful for the Vice Treasurer for Ireland, under Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, in manner by this Act provided, to direct the Issue of all such Sums as may be necessary for the Payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund of the National Debt, which shall be payable in either Part of the United Kingdom, and of all such Charges as have heretofore usually been delayed out of the Consolidated Funds thereof respectively, immediately before or after the Close of every Quarter, although the Accounts of the respective Exchequers shall not have been made up and settled; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Quarterly Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom shall have been made up in the respective Exchequers of Great Britain and Ireland, a Copy of the Account of such Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, as shall have arisen in Great Britain within the preceding Quarter, shall be drawn out and certified by the Auditor of the Exchequer there, and be transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, who shall cause the same to be transmitted to the Vice Treasurer for Ireland, and Directions how to cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Receipt of the Exchequer in Ireland, for the Information of the proper Officers there; and a Copy of the Account of such Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom as shall have arisen in Ireland within the preceding Quarter, shall in like manner be drawn out and certified by the Auditor General of the Exchequer there, and be transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, who shall order the same to be deposited in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer in Great Britain, for the Information of the proper Officers there.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Surplus of Consolidated Fund remaining in the respective Exchequers of Great Britain or Ireland at the Close of any Quarter, shall have been ascertained and certified as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, as the case may be, to order and direct that all or any Part of such Surplus remaining in the Exchequer of either Part of the United Kingdom, shall be issued to such Person or Persons as in such Warrant may be named, for the Purpose aforesaid required and transferred to the Exchequer of the other Part of the United Kingdom, as the Exigencies of the Public Service of the United Kingdom may appear to them to require.

XII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Issues being made from the Exchequer in Ireland out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund issuing from time to time in that Part of the United Kingdom, for the necessary current Services thereof according to the variable Charge and Profits which both heretofore prevailed there; such Issues, nevertheless, to be made in the Form and manner directed by this Act: Provided always, that as or before the First Day of February in every Year, an Account shall be made up in the Exchequer of Ireland, of all Sums which shall have been issued out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund, arising there during the respective Quarterly Periods commencing and ending as aforesaid, for defraying the current Services of Ireland, specifying in such Account the Heads of Service for which such Issues were made; which Account shall be certified by the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer there, and shall be forthwith transmitted by the Vice Treasurer to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and such Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners, or any Three or more of such Commissioners, as the case may be, shall thereupon, by a Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, order and direct that out of the Aids or Supplies of the Year remaining in the Exchequer in Great Britain, applicable to the Discharge of such Sum or Sums respectively, a Sum or Sums equal to such certified Amount of the Issues made out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund, arising in Ireland for defraying the current Services there, shall be carried and placed to the Account and Credit of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom within such Quarter, and the same shall thereupon be carried and placed to such Account and Credit by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Great Britain, and by the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in each of any Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, intitled *An Act for raising a certain Fund in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt, and to direct the Application of additional Funds in case of future Loans to the said Purpose*; or of any Act for amending the same, as directed that certain Persons shall be Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that

Issues may be made from the Exchequer in Great Britain and Ireland, for Payment of Interest and Sinking Fund of National Debt, &c. without waiting for Quarterly Accounts.

Quarterly Accounts of Consolidated Fund in Great Britain and Ireland shall be transmitted from each Country within which, and deposited in the several Exchequers.

Treasury may direct the Issue of any Part of the Quarterly Receipts of Consolidated Fund to either Exchequer, for the Purpose of the advance to the other.

Issues may be made in Ireland out of Consolidated Fund, for current Services as heretofore, and the Amount to be made good to the British Exchequer.

So much of 35 G. 3. (1) as appoints Commissioners for the Reduction of National Debt is

from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain shall be and become Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom; and that the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers and Authorities as are or may be given in and by any Act or Acts in force in Great Britain or Ireland, relative to the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain or the National Debt of Ireland; ~~and any and all the same~~ which under and by virtue of several Acts in force in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, are required to be set apart at the Receipt of the Exchequer of Great Britain and the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland respectively, on account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of Great Britain and of the National Debt of Ireland, shall continue to be so set apart; and that all such Sums so set apart, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall and may be issued and paid from time to time into the Bank of England or into the Bank of Ireland, as shall be directed and required by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, and shall be from time to time applied, under the Direction of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in the Purchase of such Capital Stock, Funds, Debentures or Annuities, or towards any public Loan either in Great Britain or Ireland, as shall seem most expedient to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom; and that the Orders of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom shall at all times be sufficient Authority to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England and of the Bank of Ireland, for paying any Part of the Money from time to time remaining in the Bank of England or Bank of Ireland, on a count of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom, to any Person or Persons, in order to its Remittance from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other, for the Purpose of this Act; and also for the Application of any such Money to the Purchase of any Stock, Funds, Debentures or Annuities, or towards any public Loan in Great Britain or Ireland, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in consequence of the Increase of Business which will relate from the Provision of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint Two Persons to be Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to fit and act as such, with and in addition to the Number of Commissioners which may now by Law be appointed for the executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain, with a yearly Salary not exceeding for each of such Commissioners such Salary as is now received by each of the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain, to be paid to such Two Commissioners out of the Revenues appropriated to His Majesty's Civil List Establishment in Ireland; any thing in any Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the securing of His Majesty's Person and Government, and of the Succession to the Crown of Great Britain in the Protestant Line*, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in all cases not otherwise specially provided for by this Act, where, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, any Warrant, License, Order or Document, has been required to be signed by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland (except in cases relating to the Revenue of Ireland) a Warrant or other proper Document, as the case may be, signed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall be of like Validity, Force and Effect, as any such Warrant, License, Order or Document of such Commissioners, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that in all cases where by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, the Approbation of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland has been required or made necessary (except as aforesaid), the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, signified by him or their Chief Secretary, or in the Absence of such Chief Secretary, by the Under Secretary for the Civil or Military Department, as the case may require, shall be of like Validity, Force and Effect as the Approbation of such Commissioners to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Appointment of any Person, to be Vice Treasurer for Ireland, nor the Appointment of any Person or Persons to be Commissioner or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall not, nor shall any such Appointment be desired or taken to be as Appointment or Appointments to a new Office or new Offices, or Place or Places of Profit under The Crown; and that any Person to be appointed Vice Treasurer for Ireland, or One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall not, nor shall any of them be thereby disabled from sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons, nor shall he be thereby rendered incapable of being elected a Member of the House of Commons; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Appointment of any Person, being One of the Commissioners of the Treasury of Great Britain or Ireland, to be One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall not make void the Election of any such Person respectively, nor shall any new writ issue for a new Election in consequence of the Acceptance of any such Appointment; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Privileges, Rules, Regulations and Directions contained in the Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Third fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reiga, intitled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Receipts and Issues of His Majesty's Treasury*; and for repealing an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of Henry the Seventh, intitled *An Act authorizing the Treasurer to make all Officers as the Treasurer of England*; shall be and remain in full Force and Effect,

Indistinctly reported British General Enactment shall be Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom of the United Kingdom.

Orders of Commissioners for the U.K. sufficient Authority to the Bank of England and Ireland for paying Money.

Two additional Commissioners of the Treasury to be appointed for Irish Ireland.

6 Ann. c. 7.

Section of Lord Lieutenant equivalent to that required hereafter by Irish Treasury (except in Revenue cases).

Vice Treasurer and Commissioners of the Treasury may be in Parliament.

Appointment of a Commissioner of Treasury of G. B. & Ireland to U.K. shall not make void Election.

Person of 35 G. 3. (32) for regulating Treasures and Issues of Irish Treasury, con-

drawn, except in
accordance with the
Act.

Powers of the
Treasury to be
exercised by
Treasury of
U. K.

Quarterly Accounts
of the Treasury to
be examined and
signed by Vice
Treasurer, and
confirmed by him
to Treasury of
U. K.

Weekly Ab-
stracts from An-
dreas General,
Clerk of the
Pells, and Bank
of Ireland, to be
transmitted to
Vice Treasurer;
and Duplicate
drawn, with all
other Returns
and Abstracts,
transmitted to
Treasury of
U. K.

Vice Treasurer
may receive Pay-
ment of Local
Duties, &c.

Certain Public
Accounts to be
sent semi-
annually before
Parliament.

Annual Ac-
counts to be laid
before Parlia-
ment by Vice
Treasurer.

Vice Treasurer
shall be deemed

Effect, except only to far as any of the said Provisions, Rules, Regulations and Directions are altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that in all cases where any Powers or Authorities are by the said recited Act given to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, such Powers and Authorities shall be wholy in and exercised by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Quarterly Accounts of the Receipts, Issues and Remains of the Exchequer of Ireland, as prepared by the Auditor General of the Exchequer of Ireland, and heretofore examined and signed under the Provision of the said recited Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, shall, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be examined and signed by the Vice Treasurer for Ireland; and that certified Abstracts of all such Accounts shall be by him from time to time regularly transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Weekly Abstracts or Certificates of Receipts, Issues and Remains in the Treasury of Ireland, required by the said recited Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reigne, to be made by the Auditor General, Clerk of the Pells and Teller of the Exchequer of Ireland, to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or to the Commissioners for executing the said Office, and also the Weekly Declaration or Abstract of the Receipts and Payments on account of the Teller of the Exchequer, required by the said Act to be made out by the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and transmitted to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office, shall from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be made out and transmitted Weekly to the Vice Treasurer for Ireland: and that Copies or Duplicates of all the aforesaid Weekly Abstracts, Certificates and Declarations, together with all other Returns, Certificates, Abstracts, Accounts or Declarations, which by the said recited Act are directed to be furnished or transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or to the Commissioners for executing the said Office, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be made out and transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, as and for such Periods as are required and directed in and by the said recited Act, with respect to all such Abstracts, Accounts or Declarations respectively.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Vice Treasurer for Ireland for the time being, by Warrant under the Hand of such Vice Treasurer, directed to the Auditor General of the Exchequer of Ireland, to order the Issue and Payment out of the said Exchequer of all such Duties or Taxes as shall have been actually paid into the said Exchequer for any Local or Special Purposes in Ireland, under or by Authority of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, and such Issue and Payment shall be made to all Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Persons authorized by Law to receive the same accordingly.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being shall annually make an Account of the Total Income of the said United Kingdom, including all Duties of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Licenses in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and all other the ordinary Revenues and extraordinary Resources of the said United Kingdom, to be prepared and made out for One Year, ending on the Fifth Day of January in each Year, together with an Account of the Income of the Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom, for every such Year; and also of the actual Payments thereout within the said Year, and of the future annual Charge upon the said Fund as the same stand on that Day; and also an Account of the Net Produce of all the permanent Taxes of the said United Kingdom within the said Year; and also an Account of the Arrears and Balances due from all public Accountants on the said Fifth Day of January in each Year; and also an Account of the Exports and Imports of the said United Kingdom, and of the Shipping registered in or belonging to the several Ports of His Majesty's Dominion within the said Year; and also an Account of the Public Expenditure of the said United Kingdom within the said Year; and also an Account of the Public Funded Debt of the said United Kingdom, and the Redemptions thereof; and also an Account of the Unfunded and Outstanding Debt of the said United Kingdom, as the same stand respectively on the Fifth Day of January in each Year; and also an Account showing how the Monies given for the Service of the said United Kingdom for the Year preceding the said Fifth Day of January have been disposed of, and that the said Commissioners shall in each Year cause such Accounts to be laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not then be sitting, within Fourteen Days after the next Sitting of Parliament.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Vice Treasurer for Ireland for the time being shall annually cause an Account to be prepared and made out for One Year, ending on the Fifth Day of January in each Year, showing the Amount of all Warrants which have passed through his Office in the Course of such Year, distinguishing the same under the several Heads set forth in the Accounts of Public Expenditure, required by Law to be annually laid before Parliament; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall cause such Accounts to be laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Fourteen Days after the next Sitting of Parliament.

XXIV. And Whereas the Chancellor of the Exchequer of Ireland for the time being is by virtue of his Office a Governor, Visitor, Member or Constituent Part of several Colleges, Corporations and Charitable and

“where Public Societies or Institutions in *Ireland*.” Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Vice Treasurer of *Ireland* shall, in virtue of his Office, be and become a Governor, Visitor, Member and Constituent Part of all such Colleges, Corporations and Charitable and other Public Societies and Institutions in *Ireland*, of which the Chancellor of the Exchequer of *Ireland* hath at any time heretofore been a Governor, Visitor, Member or Constituent Part, in Right of his Office under any Act of Parliament, Charter, Bye Law, Usage or Custom whatsoever, in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the said Vice Treasurer for the time being to send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post, free from the Duties of Postage within the United Kingdom, in the same manner and under such Restrictions as the Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* has been authorized by the Laws now in force to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Directions, which at the time of the passing of this Act, or at any time before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall have been made or issued by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, with respect to the Receipt or Payment, Issue or Remittance of any Public Money, or with respect to any matter or thing within the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, shall be and remain in full force until the same shall be revoked or altered by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*; and that all Records, and all Minute Books and Entries of the Proceedings of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, and all other Books, Deeds and Papers whatsoever, now belonging to or in the Custody of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, shall be delivered over to, and shall remain in the Custody of the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, for the time being, under the Orders and at the Dispositions, nevertheless, of the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, for the time being, in the Office in the City of Dublin, now occupied by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; and the Officers of the Department of the said Vice Treasurer shall, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be instructed and carried on in the said Office and in the Apartments thereto belonging.

XXVI. And Whereas it is expedient by producing Uniformity in all Returns and Statements to Parliament, with respect to the Public Revenues and Expenditure of the United Kingdom, that the Amount of such Revenues and Expenditure shall be made to appear in British Currency, in whatever Part of the United Kingdom such Revenues or Expenditure shall have arisen or taken place: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, all Accounts of all Receipts and Payments which shall be made out of any of the Public Revenues, Duties or Taxes in *Ireland*, and also all Accounts of all Payments made and Issues out of the Receipts of the Exchequer in *Ireland*, shall be kept in such Form and Manner, that the total Amount of all Sums under each respective Head of Account, in all Accounts and Papers relating to Accounts to be laid before Parliament, shall be stated in British Currency; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, at any time after the passing of this Act, and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and *Ireland*, at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to give such Orders and Directions as to them shall seem fitting and expedient for accomplishing the Purposes hereby intended to be carried into Effect.

XXVII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Mode of discharging Persons being Public Accountants in *Ireland*, in respect of Money issued to them out of the Treasury of *Ireland* or otherwise, whose Accounts have been audited by the Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the Commissioners of Military Accounts in that Part of the United Kingdom, and it is proper and necessary that Provision should be made for that Purpose: Be it therefore enacted, That in all cases where the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts in *Ireland*, or the Commissioners of Military Accounts in *Ireland*, shall have audited and certified, or shall hereafter audit and certify any Account whatsoever of any Public Accountant, and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners respectively, upon such Examination and Proof as to them shall seem expedient, that such Accountant is ever and quit with the Public on such Account, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and for the said Commissioners of Military Accounts, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, under their Signatures, to assign and discharge, and grant a Quittance to such Public Accountant; and such Acquittance, Discharge or Quittance, shall be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be taken and received by any Court of Law or Equity in the United Kingdom, in bar of any Suit or Process against such Public Accountant who shall have received the same for any matter or thing wanting the Period of Account, with respect to which such Acquittance, Discharge or Quittance shall have been granted.

XXVIII. And, in order that all Public Accountants shall be fully apprised of and prepared with the necessary Documents or Proofs to entitle them to demand and receive such Acquittance, Discharge or Quittance from the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, or the said Commissioners of Military Accounts respectively: be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall respectively, as soon after the passing of this Act as may be, determine upon the Nature and Form of the Documents and Proofs required to be produced to them respectively for the Purpose aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners shall, by public Advertisement under their Hands, to be inserted in the *Dublin Gazette*, in Three succeeding Publications thereof, and in any other manner which they shall think fit, signify and declare the Nature and Form of such Documents

May break and receive Letters free.

Receiving Orders of both Treasuries delivered with, until received by Lord Lieutenant or Treasury of U. K.

Books and Records of the Irish Treasury shall remain with the Vice Treasurer.

Treasury and Revenue Accounts, &c. in *Ireland*, and all Accounts in Parliament, in same manner as those shown in British Currency.

Appointed of Public Accountants for Money from Treasury, &c.

Quittance.

Commissioners shall signify the Nature and Form of the Documents to be produced for obtaining such Quittance.

accounts and Proofs to all Public Accountants under their respective Departments; and it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners to alter or change the Nature or Form of any such Documents or Proofs so required, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Nature and Form of such new Documents and Proofs shall have been notified and declared by Public Advertisement in the *Public Gazette*, and otherwise in manner aforesaid.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act to vest the *Elgin Collection* of ancient Marbles and Sculpture in the Trustees of the *British Museum* for the Use of the Public. [18th July 1816.]

18 G. 3. C. 98.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the Purchase of the Marbles and Collection of Sir Hans Sloman, and of the Hessian Collection of Manuscripts; and for providing for general Repository for the better Reception and more convenient Use of the said Collections, and of the Cottonian Library, and of the Additions thereto*, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, the Lord Treasurer of Great Britain, or the First Commissioner of the Treasury, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the First Commissioner of the Admiralty, the Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, the Bishop of London, each of the Principal Secretaries of State being a Peer or Lord of Parliament, the Speaker of the House of Commons, each of the Principal Secretaries of State not being a Peer or Lord of Parliament, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the Master of the Rolls, the Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, His Majesty's Attorney and Solicitor General, the President of the Royal Society, and the President of the College of Physicians severally for the time being, and certain other Persons named or described in the said Act, or to be appointed under the Powers therein contained, were appointed Trustees, and incorporated by the Name of "The Trustees of the *British Museum*," for putting the said Act into Execution, with such Powers and under such Directions as are therein expressed; and particularly it was thereby enacted, that within the Cities of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof, one general Repository should be erected and provided for the Reception of the Collections and Libraries therein mentioned, and of such other Collections and Libraries as with the like Approbation should be admitted into the same; which several Collections, Additions and Libraries so received into the said general Repository should remain and be preserved therein for Public Use to all Posterity: And Whereas under the Provision of an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for vesting Monies Handed in Trust, and their Heirs, Heirs and Assigns, from all Estates, Uses and Appointments, in which it is or shall be limited and appointed, upon Trust to convey the same to the Trustees of the British Museum, for a general Repository, and upon such other Trust as therein are mentioned*, the Capital Messuage or Messuage House hereinafter called *Messuage House*, situate in Great Russell Street in the Parish of Saint George Bloomsbury, in the County of Middlesex, and the Outbuildings, Buildings and Gardens belonging to the same, were duly conveyed and assigned unto and to the Use of the Trustees of the said Museum, by Indentures of Lease and Release, bearing Date respectively the Fourth and Fifth Days of April, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty five, and made between the Right Honourable George Duke Earl of Halifax and William Pelham Esquire (Trustees under the said last mentioned Act for carrying the Trusts thereof into Execution) of the one Part, and the Trustees of the said Museum of the other Part; and since that time the said Capital Messuage or Messuage House, and its Appurtenances, has been generally called or known by the Appellation of *The British Museum*: And Whereas the Right Honourable Thomas Earl of Elgin hath with great Knowledge, Judgment and Care, and at a great Expence, made a most valuable Collection of ancient Marbles and Sculpture, and is willing that the same should be possessed by the Public: And Whereas the said Earl hath agreed to sell the same for the Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds, on Condition that the whole of the said Collection should be kept together in the *British Museum*, and open to Inspection, and called by the Name of "The *Elgin Marbles*;" and that the said Earl and every Person who should attain the Rank of Earl of Elgin should be added to the Trustees of the *British Museum*: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall and he or they in and are hereby authorized and empowered, out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, immediately after the passing of this Act, to offer and advance the Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds to the Trustees of the *British Museum*, or any Person to be appointed by the said Trustees to receive the same, which Money shall be paid without any Fee or other Deduction whatever, and shall be applied in the Purchase of the said Collection; and that the Trustees of the *British Museum* shall, on or before the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, require the Delivery of the said Collection; and if the same shall be then delivered to them, and they shall be satisfied that the several Statutes and other Articles bearing the said Collection are then conformable to the Catalogue thereof delivered in to a Committee of the House of Commons, they the said Trustees shall, on the Delivery of the same into their Custody, pay the said Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds to the said Treasurer Earl of Elgin, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns.

Treasury to the Trustees of the British Museum, to be applied to the Purchase of the *Elgin Collection* of Marbles.

H. And

II. And be it further enacted, That on Payment of the said Sum of Thirty six thousand Pounds, the said Collection shall be vested in the Trustees for the time being of the said *British Museum*, and their Successors, in perpetuity, for the Purposes of the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second.

III. And be it hereby further enacted, That the said Collection shall be preserved and kept together in the said *British Museum* whole and entire, and distinguished by the Name or Appellation of "The Elgin Collection."

IV. And be it enacted, That the said Thomas Earl of Elgin during his Life, and after his Decese each and every Person who shall successfully strive to the Rank and Dignity of Earl of Elgin, shall and may as and when they shall respectively be of full Age, be added to and associated with the Trustees for the time being of the *British Museum*, and shall and may act in the Execution of the Trust now reposed or hereafter to be reposed in the said Trustees, as fully and effectually as the other Trustees of the said Museum are or shall be authorized and empowered to act in the same.

On Payment of Pounds Money Collection vested in Trustees.

to be kept in British Museum.

Earl of Elgin to be added to Trustees.

C. A. P. C.

An Act for more effectually securing the Liberty of the Subject.

[1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Writ of *Habeas Corpus* hath been found by Experience to be an expeditious and effectual Method of restoring any Person to his Liberty, who hath been unjustly deprived thereof: And Whereas extending the Remedy of such Writ, and restoring Obedience thereto, and preventing Delays in the Execution thereof, will be advantageous to the Public: And Whereas the Provision made by an Act passed in England in the Thirty first Year of King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for the better securing the Liberty of the Subject, and for Prevention of Imprisonment beyond the Seas*, and also by an Act passed in Ireland in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for better securing the Liberty of the Subject*, only extend to cases of Contumacious or Detainer for criminal or supposed criminal matters: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where any Person shall be confined or restrained of his or her Liberty (otherwise than for some criminal or supposed criminal matter, and except Persons imprisoned for Debt or by Process in any said Court) within that Part of Great Britain called England, Dominions of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tyne, or the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey or Alderney, it shall and may be lawful for any One of the Barons of the Exchequer, of the Degree of the Coif, as well as for any One of the Judges of One Bench or the other; and where any Person shall be so confined in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for any One of the Barons of the Exchequer, or of the Judges of One Bench or the other in Ireland; and they are hereby required, upon Complaint made to them by or on the behalf of the Person so confined or restrained, if it shall appear by Affidavit or Affirmation (in cases where by Law an Affirmation is allowed) that there is a probable and reasonable Ground for such Complaint, to award at Vacation time, a Writ of *Habeas Corpus ad subjungendum*, under the Seal of such Court, whosoever he or they shall then be Judges or One of the Judges, to be directed to the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Power the Party is confined or restrained shall be, returnable immediately before the Person so awarding the same, or before any other Judge of the Court under the Seal of which the said Writ issued.

31 Car. 2. c. 2.

11th Act, 21 & 22 G. 3.

Judges to issue, in Vacations, Writs of Habeas Corpus returnable immediately, in cases where there be criminal matters, or for Debt.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Person or Persons in whom any Writ of *Habeas Corpus* shall be directed according to the Provision of this Act, upon Service of such Writ, either by the actual Delivery thereof to him, her or them, or by leaving the same at the Place where the Party shall be confined or restrained, with any Servant or Agent of the Person or Persons so continuing or restraining, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make a Return or pay Obedience thereto, he, she or they shall be deemed guilty of a Contempt of the Court, under the Seal whereof such Writ shall have issued; and it shall be lawful to and for the said Justice or Barons, before whom such Writ shall be returnable, upon Proof made by Affidavit of wilful Disobedience of the said Writ, to issue a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for the apprehending and bringing before him, or before some other Justice or Barons of the same Court, the Person or Persons so wilfully disobeying the said Writ, in order to his, her or their being bound to The King's Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties, in such Sum as in the Warrant shall be expressed, with Condition to appear in the Court of which the said Justice or Barons is a Judge, at a Day in the ensuing Term to be mentioned in the said Warrant, to answer the matter of Contempt with which he, she or they are charged; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to become bound as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Barons to commit such Person or Persons to custody or sending, to the Jail or Prison of the Court of which such Justice or Barons shall be a Judge, there to remain until he, she or they shall have become bound as aforesaid, or shall be discharged by Order of the Court at Term-time, or by Order of one of the Judges or Barons of the Court in Vacation; and the Recognizances or Recognizances to be taken thereupon shall be returned and filed in the same Court, and shall continue in force until the matter of such Contempt shall have been heard and determined, unless sooner ordered by the Court to be discharged: Provided, that if such Writ shall be awarded to him in the Vacation by any one of the said Justices or Barons, that in his Opinion, Obedience thereto cannot be conveniently paid during such Vacation, the same shall and may, at his Direction, be made returnable in the Court of which the said Justice or Barons shall be a Judge or Barons, at a Day certain in the next Term; and the said Court shall and may proceed thereupon, and award Process of Contempt in case of Disobedience thereto, in like manner as upon Disobedience to any Writ originally awarded by the said Court: Provided also, that if such Writ shall be awarded by the Court of King's Bench, or the Court of Common Pleas, or Court of Exchequer, in the said Counties respectively,

Non Obedience to such Writ, to be a Contempt of Court.

Providence.

Judges to make Writs of Habeas Corpus, directed in Vacations, returnable in the next Term. Previous.

Cases to make Writs issued in Term, returnable in Vacation.

which last mentioned Court shall have like Power to award such Writs as the respective Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas in each of the said Countries now have in Term, but so late that, in the Judgment of the Court, Obsequies thereto cannot be conveniently paid during such Term, the same shall and may, at the Discretion of the said Court, be made returnable at a Day certain in the then next Vacation, before any Justice or Barons of the Degree of the Golt, or if in *Ireland*, before any Justice or Barons of the same Court, who shall and may proceed thereupon, in such manner as by this Act is directed concerning Writs issuing in and made returnable during the Vacations.

Judges to inquire into the Truth of Facts returned in Returns.
Judge to hold on Recognizance to appear in Term, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases provided for by this Act, although the Returns to any Writ of *Habeas Corpus* shall be good and sufficient in Law, it shall be lawful for the Justice or Barons before whom such Writ may be returnable, to proceed to examine into the Truth of the Facts for which in such Returns, by Affidavit or by Affirmation (in cases where an Affirmation is allowed by Law) and to do therein as to Justice shall appear; and if such Writ shall be returned before any One of the said Justices or Barons, and it shall appear doubtful to him on such Examination, whether the material Facts for which in the said Returns, or any of them, be true or not, in such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice or Barons to let to bail the said Person so confined or refused, upon his or her entering into a Recognizance with One or more Sureties, or in case of Infancy or Coverture, or other Disability, upon Security by Recognizance, in a reasonable Sum, to appear in the Court of which the said Justice or Barons shall be a Justice or Barons, upon a Day certain in the Term following, and so from Day to Day as the Court shall require, and to abide such Order as the Court shall make in and concerning the Premises; and such Justice or Barons shall transmit into the same Court the said Writ and Returns, together with such Recognizance, Affidavits and Affirmations; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Court to proceed to examine into the Truth of the Facts for which in the Returns, in a summary Way by Affidavit or Affirmation (in cases where by Law Affirmation is allowed), and to order and determine touching the discharging, bailing or remanding the Party.

Court to examine into the Truth of Facts for which in Returns.
Court may convict Return.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the like Proceeding may be had in the Court for convicting the Truth of the Returns to any such Writ of *Habeas Corpus*, awarded as aforesaid, although such Writ shall be awarded by the said Court itself, or be returnable therein.

Writs may run into Counties Palatine, Cinque Ports and privileged Places, &c.

V. And be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Writ of *Habeas Corpus*, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, may be directed and run into any County Palatine or Cinque Port, or any other privileged Place within that Part of Great Britain called England, Dominion of Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tyne, and the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey and Man, respectively; and also into any Port, Harbour, Road, Creek or Bay upon the Coast of England or Wales, although the same should be out of the Body of any County; and if such Writ shall issue in *Ireland*, the same may be directed and run into any Port, Harbour, Road, Creek or Bay, although the same should not be in the Body of any County; any Law or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Process of Contempt may be awarded in Vacation against Persons disobeying Writs of Habeas Corpus in cases within Stat. 25 Car. 2. c. 12.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Provisions made in this Act, touching the making Writs of *Habeas Corpus*, issuing in time of Vacation, returnable into the said Courts, or for making such Writs awarded in Term time, returnable in Vacation, as the cases may respectively happen, and also for making wilful Disobedience thereto a Contempt of the Court, and for issuing Warrants to apprehend and bring before the said Justices or Barons, or any of them, any Person or Persons wilfully disobeying any such Writ, and in case of Neglect or Refusal to become bound as aforesaid, for committing the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing to Jail as aforesaid, respecting the Recognizances to be taken as aforesaid, and the Proceeding or Proceedings thereon, shall extend to all Writs of *Habeas Corpus* awarded in pursuance of the said Act, passed in England in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, or of the said Act passed in *Ireland* in the Twenty fifth and Twenty sixth Years of His present Majesty, and hereinafter made, in as ample and beneficial a manner as if such Writs and the said cases arising thereon had been heretofore specially stated and provided for respectively.

C A P. CL.

An Act for enabling the Officers in His Majesty's Navy, and their Representatives, to draw for and receive their Half Pay; and for transferring the Duty of making certain Payments from the Clerks of the Cheque at His Majesty's Dock Yards to the Clerks of the Treasurer of the Navy at the same Yards.

[18 July 1816.]

37 G. 3. c. 12.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the Royal Navy*, and for establishing a regular Method for the punctual, prompt and certain Payment of their Wages, and for enabling them more easily and readily to remit the same for the Support of their Wives and Families, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending such Payments; and by another Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to enable Petty Officers in the Navy, and Seamen, Nine Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, serving in His Majesty's Navy, in what Part of their Pay for the Maintenance of their Wives and Families*; and by another Act passed in the said Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and prompt Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy*; and by another Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for improving the Funds of the Clerk at Chatham, and for transferring the Administration of the same to Greenwich Hospital, and for authorizing the Condition of the Prisoners in the said Funds*;

37 G. 3. c. 13.

37 G. 3. c. 14.

45 G. 3. c. 125.

and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy*; and by another Act passed in the said Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for more conveniently paying of Allowances on the Compassionate List of the Navy, and of Half Pay to Officers of the Royal Marines*; and by another Act passed in the said Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money and Allowance of Wages to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy*; and by another Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to repeal several Acts relating to the Execution of Letters of Attorney and Wills of Pay Officers, Seamen and Marines, in His Majesty's Navy, and to make new Provisions respecting the same*; certain Provisions and Regulations were made respecting the Mode of Officers in His Majesty's Naval Service receiving their Half Pay, and respecting Resolutions, Allowances and Payments of various Wages, Pay, Allowances, Pensions and Bounty Money in the said Acts respectively mentioned, the Payments whereof are by the said Acts respectively in certain cases therein specified, authorised and directed to be made (among other Persons) by the Clerks of the Cheque at His Majesty's Dock Yards: And Whereas it would tend to the Convenience and Advantage of the Commissioned and Warrant Officers in His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay, and of Persons receiving Pensions on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy, the Bills for which are made out at the Navy Office, if they were enabled to draw for such Half Pay and Pensions by Bills of Exchange on the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, instead of being paid the same by Resittance Bills, in the manner now used: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, if any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who shall be entitled to receive any Sum of Money for or on account of his Half Pay, or any Person receiving Pensions on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy, the Bills for which are made out at the Navy Office, shall be desirous of drawing a Bill of Exchange for the same upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, instead of receiving the same by Resittance Bill, and shall signify such Desire by Letter to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, the proper Officer at the Navy Pay Office (first satisfying himself of the Amount of Half Pay due from the Half Pay Book in the Navy Pay Office, and of the Pension due from the Bill made out by the Commissioners of the Navy), shall certify the same upon an Order to draw (according to the Form in the Schedule hereto annexed), which Order shall be signed by the Commissioners of the Navy, attending the Naval Payments at the Navy Pay Office, and shall be then dispatched from the said Office to the Officer to deliver Payment, and such Order and Bill, when returned duly filled up to the Commissioners of the Navy, upon whom it shall be drawn, shall be assigned for Payment to the Treasurer of the Navy by Three of the said Commissioners, and shall be paid in the same manner as Officers' Quarterly Bills are now paid, and these Bills so assigned shall, when paid, be a sufficient Voucher and Discharge to the said Treasurer for such Payment in his Annual Account.

II. And be it further enacted, That if the Executors or Administrators of any deceased Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who at the time of his Death was entitled to any Half Pay, or the Executors or Administrators of any deceased Person receiving a Pension payable by Bill made out at the Navy Office, shall be desirous of receiving such Half Pay or Pension by Resittance Bill, Bill of Exchange or Exchequer, either in the manner hitherto used or by this Act provided, for the Payment of such Half Pay or Pension, and shall signify such his, her or their Desire by Letter to the Treasurer of the Navy, requesting Payment thereof by any of the Modes aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurer of the Navy to pay or cause the same to be paid to such Executors or Administrators in the manner required, and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Penalties and Regulations contained, and now in force, in any former Act or Acts in or to the Payment of such Half Pay or Pension by any of the Modes aforesaid, shall be applied to such Payments, to such Executors and Administrators in such and the same manner as the same are now or have been hitherto applicable to any such Payments, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein and hereby repeated and amended.

III. And Whereas it may in some cases be more convenient to Officers in His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay adding near any of His Majesty's Dock Yards, that they should be enabled to receive the same by Exchequer in the manner hereinafter mentioned, instead of being paid the same by Resittance Bill or by Bill of Exchange to be drawn as heretofore mentioned: Be it therefore enacted, That after the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, if any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who shall be entitled to receive any Sum of Money for or on account of his Half Pay, shall be desirous of having his Half Pay paid to him by Exchequer at any of His Majesty's Dock Yards where Clerks for the Payment of Wages for the Navy shall reside, instead of receiving the same by Resittance Bill, or Bill of Exchange, it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Officer to apply either to the proper Clerk at the Navy Pay Office in London, or at the Pay Office at such Dock Yard, signifying such his Desire; and thereupon in case any such Application shall be made at any of the said Dock Yards, such Clerk shall take a Note thereof, and shall at such Place as may be necessary make out and transmit to the Commissioners of the Navy Lists of the Names of such Officers as aforesaid, and the Particulars of the Half Pay claimed by them respectively, together with the usual Affidavit required in such case, which the Officers, upon his Application for Payment, shall furnish to the said Clerk; and the said Commissioners of the Navy, as well as receiving such Lists as in the Event of such Application as aforesaid having been made at the Navy Pay Office in London, are hereby authorised and required to transmit to the proper Clerk at the Dock Yard, where the Payment is required to be made, an

49 G. 3. c. 12.
49 G. 3. c. 45.
49 G. 3. c. 108.
55 G. 3. c. 66.

Half Pay and Pension may be paid by Bills of Exchange.

Representations of deceased Officers may receive Half Pay as Officers' bills might have done.

Former Acts applied.

Officers may receive their Half Pay by Exchequer, in manner herein mentioned.

Exchequer

Extract from the Half Pay Book of Officers in His Majesty's Navy, similar to the Extracts now sent from Ships' Books, upon the Receipt whereof Payment shall be made to each Officer of the Sum due to him, and the Amount so paid shall be brought to Account and allowed in the Monthly Certificate in the same manner as Payments upon Extracts from Ships' Books are allowed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make, forge or counterfeits, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or willingly act or assist in the false making, forging or counterfeiting of any such Authority or Certificate, or Bill of Exchange or Assignment as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish or cause any such false, forged or counterfeited Authority or Certificate, Bill of Exchange or Assignment, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and being thereof lawfully convicted shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that the Duty of making certain of the Payments as are by the said several Acts authorized and directed to be made by such Clerks of the Cheques as relate to Allowments, Remittances of Half Pay or Seamen's Wages, to Pensions payable by Bill, to Widows' Pensions, to Grants and Pensions, to Payments on the Compassionate List, and to King's Bounty to the Widows and other Relations of those slain in Fight, should be transferred to and be made by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasury of His Majesty's Navy at the said Dock Yards respectively: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, the Duty of making the aforesaid Payments which by the said Acts or any or either of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament are authorized and directed to be made by the Clerks of the Cheques at His Majesty's Dock Yards, shall be transferred to and shall hereafter be made by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasury of His Majesty's Navy at the said Dock Yards respectively; and that the Allowments, Remittances Bills, and all other Payments aforesaid, which under or by virtue of the said Acts or any or either of them are authorized to be directed (among other Persons) to such Clerks of the Cheques, shall, instead thereof (as to the said Clerks of the Cheques) be directed to the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasury of His Majesty's Navy, at the said Dock Yards respectively; and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Parts, Positives and Regulations contained and now in force in the aforesaid Acts, with respect to such Allowments and Remittances Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by the said Clerks of the Cheques, shall be applied to such Allowments and Remittances Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasury of His Majesty's Navy at any of the said Dock Yards, in such and the same manner as the same are now applicable to such Allowments and Remittances Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by such Clerks of the Cheques, as fully and effectually as if the same were hereto and hereby repeated and re-enacted; and that each of the said Payments as come under the Head of Allowments shall be checked as is now done at the Navy Office in London, and brought to account and allowed in the Monthly Certificate, and that those coming under the Head of Remittances of Half Pay and Remittances of Seamen's Wages shall be brought to account and allowed in the same manner as Payments upon Extracts from Ships' Books.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Bill of Exchange, which shall be drawn under or by virtue of this Act, shall be subject or liable to or charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Persons residing out of His Majesty's Dominions shall be entitled to any of the Privileges and Benefits given or intended by this Act.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of the CERTIFICATE or Order for drawing a BILL for Half Pay or Pension, and of an Assignment thereof, under the Authority of the Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Third.

HALF PAY OR PENSION.

being entitled to the Sum of (on account of Half Pay, or as is in the Royal Navy, or Pension, as the case may be,) between the and I hereby authorize to draw the following Bill upon the Comptrollers of the Navy for the said Sum.

N. B. This Bill is not to be separated from the Authority for drawing it.

Certified C. D.

Treasurer's Clerk.

Gentlemen,

THREE Days after Sight, please to pay to

being the Account of (Half Pay due to me as a Navy, or Pension, as the case may be,) for the time above mentioned.

To the Honourable the Comptrollers of His Majesty's Navy, Somerset Place.

(Signed)

A. B. Comptroller of the Navy.

18 .

or Order, the Sum of

is the Royal

Navy Office,

No.

Day of

18 .

To be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, out of Monies received under the Head of (Wages, or of General Services, as the case may be).

E. B. E. S. P. F.

BY virtue of the Act Fifty sixth George the Third. — N. B. The forging of this Bill or procuring any other Person to forge the same, in order to receive the whole or any Part of the Half Pay or Pension therein mentioned, is made Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

C A P. CII.

An Act to amend the Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England*; and to give further Powers to the Court appointed by the said Act.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England*; and it is expedient to amend the said Act, and to distinguish between the cases of such Insolvent Debtors who shall have been guilty of gross Injustice towards their Creditors, and the cases of those who shall not have so conducted themselves: Be it therefore enacted and declared by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall appear to the Court established by virtue of the said recited Act, upon the Examination of any Prisoner, or otherwise, that such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, either in contesting any Debts, or entering into any Engagements, without any fair Prospect or probable Means of paying such Debts or fulfilling such Engagements, or by squandering or otherwise improperly disposing of his or her Money, Effects or other Property, which he or she might have applied in paying such Debts or fulfilling such Engagements, either wholly or in Part, such Prisoner shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge by virtue of the said recited Act, unless the whole of the Credits of such Prisoner shall consist to his or her Discharge, or such Prisoner shall have been confined within the Walls of any Prison for the Space of Five Years, so be computed from the time when such Prisoner shall have applied for his or her Discharge.

II. And be it further enacted, That in every Notice directed to be given by the said recited Act, by any Prisoner, to his or her Creditor or Creditors, such Prisoner shall declare that he or she is ready and willing to submit to be fully examined touching the Justice of his or her Conduct as his or her Creditor or Creditors.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for the said Court to order that any Prisoner shall be examined at any Session of the Peace for the Counties of *Middlesex or Surrey*, or for the Cities or Liberties of *London and Westminster*, or by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, out of Session, for any County, Riding, Division or Place whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Court established by virtue of the said recited Act, and the Courts of Quarter Sessions, shall examine each and every Prisoner touching the Justice of his or her Conduct towards his or her Creditor or Creditors.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Courts of Quarter Sessions for any County, Riding, Division or Place, at which any Prisoner shall be examined, shall declare in open Court whether such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, or not, and shall also certify their Determination thereon to the Court established by virtue of the said recited Act.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prisoner hereafter shall be entitled to be examined under the Provisions of the said recited Act at any Quarter Sessions except at such Quarter Sessions for such County, Division, Riding or Place, and at such time when he shall have given Notice to each and every of his or her Creditors; and no Prisoner who shall not appear to be examined pursuant to such Notice shall be brought up before any Court to be examined without having given the like Notice at least Six Months previous to the time at which he or she shall appear in order to be examined.

VII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to repeal or alter any of the Powers or Privileges of the said recited Act, or of another Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England*, further than any of the Powers or Privileges in the said Acts are hereby expressly repealed or altered respectively.

C A P. CIII.

An Act for further securing the Duties on Paper and Pasteboard; and for repealing the Counterselling Duty upon Pasteboard imported from Ireland, and the Drawback upon Pasteboard exported; and granting other Counterselling Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established for securing the Duties payable on Paper made in Great Britain have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it is therefore become necessary to make further regulations for the better Collection of the said Duties: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of

Entry to be
made of Quantity
of Paper,
Pulseboard, &c.
received out of
Mould daily.

Entries to be de-
livered every Six
Weeks, verified
on Oath.

Makers making
false Entries, re-
fusing Information,
or withholding
Oaths, &c.

Fines.
Paper, Pulse-
board, &c. to be
kept separate ac-
cording to their
respective
Classes, that the
Officers may take
an Account
without remov-
ing the same.
Mistaken or ill
Officers in making
Accounts.

Withdrawing
Officers at relat-
ing false Ac-
counts.

Fines.
The Edges of
Paper, Pulse-
board, &c. may
be cut before
used up.
But if Paper be
divided such
Pulse to be
divided a Sheet,
and Pulse cut
to printed or
Litho with the
Words "Cut

the same. That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard in Great Britain, shall from Day to Day enter or cause to be entered in a Book or Books, or on a Paper or Papers, to be delivered to him, her or them for that Purpose by the proper Officer of Excise, and kept by such Maker or Makers in some public and open Part of his, her or their several Premises, of the Number of Sheets of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pulseboard, distinguishing the kinds or Sorts of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, made or turned out of Moulds daily, such Number of Sheets of Paper being in such Account reduced by Calculation into Reams and Odd Quires, and such Number of Sheets of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pulseboard into Dozens and odd Sheets, with their respective estimated Weights, reckoning Twenty five of such Sheets of Paper (Two of them being allowed for waste or damaged Paper) for a Quire consisting of Twenty four Sheets when dried and finished; and shall make or cause such Entries of each Day's Work at his, her or their Mills or Manu-
factories, to be made and completed before Twelve of the Clock at Noon of the following Day; which Entries shall, at or after the End of every Six Weeks or Forty two Days, be delivered to the proper Officer by and verified by the Oath of such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard respectively, or his, her or their Chief Workman or Workmen employed in the Manufactory (which Oath the several Collectors and Supervisors of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer); and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, shall neglect or refuse to make any such Entry as aforesaid, or shall knowingly make, or cause or permit or suffer to be made, in any such Book or Paper as aforesaid, any false Entry, or shall remove, conceal or destroy any such Book or Paper so delivered to him, her or them as aforesaid, or fail to keep the same in some open or public Part of his, her or their several Premises, or withhold or keep the same from the Inspection of any Officer or Officers of Excise foregoing him, her or their Manufactory, or by any Means hinder, obstruct or prevent such Officer or Officers from freely examining the same, and comparing the Entries thereof with his, her or their Stock, or shall erase, deface or alter any of the Entries therein or thereon, or shall upon Demand refuse or neglect to deliver in a perfect State any such Book or Paper in which any such Entries shall have been made or ought to have been made as aforesaid, at or after the End of the Six Weeks or Forty two Days for which such Book or Paper shall have been delivered to him, her or them as aforesaid, or to verify the same by such Oath as aforesaid, such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of Excise, when Occasion shall require, or they may think fit, to inspect or take an Account of the Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pulseboard respectively, and of the kinds, Sorts and Quantities of each, in the Custody or Possession of all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard; and all and every such Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, shall at all times place and keep his, her or their Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pulseboard respectively, distinct and separate, according to their respective Class or Denomination, Sort or kind, and in such manner that any Officer or Officers foregoing the Mill or Manufactory may at all times, with the Assistance of such Maker and Makers, or a sufficient Number of his, her or their Servants, whom Assistance they the said Maker and Makers are hereby required on the Request of such Officer or Officers to give to the utmost of his, her or their Power, carefully and without Delay to take Account of the Number of Reams or Parcels of each Class or Denomination, Sort or kind of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard respectively, and be able, without the Necessity of erasure or disturbing any of the Reams of such Paper, to distinguish the Words, matters and things directed to be printed, written or stamped upon the Wrapper, Cover or Label of each Ream of such Paper; and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in ascertaining or taking such Account as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect or refuse to keep his, her or their Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard in such manner as aforesaid, or hide or conceal any Part thereof, all and every such Maker or Makers, or Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, severally forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of October it shall and may be lawful so and for any Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, to cut the Edges of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pulseboard, before the same is tied up in Reams or Parcels respectively in the manner hereinafter mentioned: Provided always, that if any Paper be divided with a Knife or other Instrument before such Paper shall be tied up in Reams or Parcels (except by cutting the Edges of such Paper), each separate Piece into which such Paper shall be divided shall be deemed a Sheet of the Ream into which it shall or is to be tied up; and that all and every Maker and Makers of Paper shall distinguish each and every Ream of such divided Paper, by marking, writing or printing in large legible Characters and Words at Length on the Label thereof, hereinafter mentioned, the Words "Cut Paper," and the Number of Pages into which each original Sheet has been divided, and shall place and keep such Paper separate and apart from all other

Paper, and from all Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Palfboard, and if any Maker or Makers of Paper shall neglect or refuse to distinguish such Paper as divided as aforesaid by the Words "Cut Paper," and by the Number of Pieces into which each original Sheet has been divided as aforesaid, being so marked, written or printed thereon by him, her or them respectively as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to keep all such Paper separate and apart from all uncut Paper, and from all Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, and Palfboard, he, she or they is offending itself for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, in tying up any Ream or Parcel of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall make use of only one centre and uncutted String, and that such String shall pass over the Length and across the Middle of each Ream of Paper, so that the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of such String shall be on the Middle of One of the Sides of such Ream; and that such String shall pass over the Length, and Twice as equal Distances across the Breadth of each Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, so that the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of such String shall be in the Middle of One of such Crossings, and on One of the Sides of such Parcel; and all and every Ream and Reams of Paper and Parcel and Parcels of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, which shall be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise tied up otherwise than as aforesaid shall be forfeited, and shall and may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall mark, write or print, or cause to be marked, written or printed in large and legible Characters upon the Label hereinafter mentioned, affixed on every Ream of Paper, and upon every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, the Weight of such Ream or Parcel respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers of Paper shall refuse or neglect to mark, write or print, or cause to be marked, written or printed as aforesaid, on the Label of every Ream of Paper, and of every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, hereinafter mentioned, the Weight of such Ream or Parcel, or if any such Ream of Paper, or Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall at any time, as being reweighed by any Officer or Officers of Excise, be found to weigh less or more than Five per Cent. under or over the Weight so marked, written or printed on such Ream or Parcel by such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Maker or Makers of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall forfeit and lose the Penalty of Fifty Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall as soon as any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, has been made and tied up, as is by Law in that behalf directed, and before it is produced to the proper Officer of Excise to be weighed and stamped to denote the Charge of Duty, firmly and permanently fix or cause to be fixed with warm Paste, made of Ghee, Flour and Water only, a Label made of a certain kind of Paper called Tissue Paper, of at least Four Inches square, and of a different Colour from the Cover or Wrapper of the Ream, to and upon One of the Sides of the Cover or Wrapper of each and every Ream of Paper, and over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof; and shall firmly and permanently fix or cause to be fixed as aforesaid, on each and every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Palfboard, a Label made of the said Paper called Tissue Paper aforesaid, of at least Nine Inches square, over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof, and to and upon another larger Piece of Paper of a different Colour placed on the Top or Bottom of such Parcel, and beneath such Knot, and between the String and outer Sheet of such Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard respectively; and shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, on each and every such Labels respectively, in distinct and legible Characters, immediately after the same has been so affixed as aforesaid, and has become perfectly dry, the progressive Number of the Ream or Parcel, and in Words at Length the Class or Denomination and Sort or kind of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, and if the Paper has been so divided as aforesaid, the Number of Pieces into which the original Sheet shall have been divided as aforesaid, and the Weight of such Ream or Parcel as aforesaid; and shall also write, print or mark thereon the Number or Letter by which the Mill at which such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard has been manufactured, shall be distinguished by the Book or Paper delivered to such Maker or Makers and then in use as heretofore mentioned; and on which Label, when perfectly dry but not before, shall also be imposed by the Officer, after he has weighed such Paper, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, Part of the Stamp to denote the Charge of Duty, the other Part thereof being impressed upon the Wrapper of the Ream of Paper, or upon the larger Piece of Paper to which such Label is affixed, upon each Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard as aforesaid; and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, shall not, as soon as any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Palfboard, has been made and tied up as is by Law in that behalf directed, and before it is by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise to be weighed and stamped to denote the Charge of Duty, firmly and permanently fix or cause to be fixed with warm

Paper," and keep separate from the uncut

Penalty
Discretion for tying up.

Reams or Parcels tied up contrary to Direction hereinafter

Makers in which the Weight on the Label affixed to every Ream of Paper or Parcel of Palfboard.

Marked on the Label of every Ream of Paper or Parcel of Palfboard.

Penalty.

Discretion for affixing a Label as soon as the Paper, &c. shall be tied up.

and the Number of the Ream or Parcel, the Class, and other Particulars therein

Makers neglecting to do so.

warm Palls, made of Glaz, Flour and Water only, such Label as aforesaid to and upon One of the Sides of the Cover or Wrapper of each and every Ream of Paper, and over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof, or shall not firmly and permanently be so fast as aforesaid, as each and every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard, such Label as is before in that behalf mentioned, over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof, and to and upon another larger Piece of Paper of a different Colour placed on the Top or Bottom of such Parcel, and beneath such Knot, and between the String and outer Sheet of such Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, or shall so write or print, or cause to be written or printed on such Labels respectively, immediately after the same shall have been so made and become perfectly dry as aforesaid, in distinct and legible Characters, the progressive Number of the Ream or Parcel, and in Words at Length the Class or Denomination and Sort or kind of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, of which such Ream or Parcel consists, and if such Paper has been so divided as aforesaid, the Number of Pieces into which the original Sheet shall have been divided as aforesaid, and the Weight of each Ream or Parcel, and also the Number or Letter by which the Mill at which such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard has been manufactured, shall be distinguished as aforesaid, every such Maker and Makers respectively so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Makers on receiving Paper, &c. which has been made at any other Mill, or which has been returned, shall distinguish and keep Good Records.

Penalty.

Entries to be made at the Excise Office every Six Weeks of all Paper, &c. shipped within that Period, and being either Permitted, or be verified on Cuck.

Penalty.

Makers intending to make Entries.

If Quantity contained in such Entries shall be under or short by Five per Cent. under the amount kept daily, Deficiency charged with Duty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, shall, when and as often as he, her or they shall receive or have delivered at or on his, her or their entered Premises any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, which has been made or charged with Duty at any other Mill or Manufactory, or which has been returned to him, her or there, from any Customer or Customers, or other Person or Persons, mark, write or print as and distinguish every such Ream or Parcel of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard respectively, with the Number or Letter by which the Mill is distinguished as aforesaid, and at which the same was manufactured, and from whence received, or with the Words "Returned Paper" respectively, as the case may happen to be, and shall keep all such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard, separate and apart from each other, and from all other Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard, on pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, shall once in every Six Weeks make a true Entry in Writing at the Office of Excise within the Limits whereof such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, and Pallboard respectively shall be made, of all Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard charged as such Maker or Makers respectively within each Period of Six Weeks, in which Entries the Number of Reams and Parcels of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard respectively, separated into and distinguished by the different Classes, Denominations, Sorts and kinds of each, and the total Weight of each Day's Charge respectively, shall be entered and stated Day by Day as the same is or are shipped by the Officer, to denote the Charge of Duty, and such Entries shall be verified upon Oath by the Makers of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard respectively, or by his, her or their chief Workman or Servant employed in making the same; and each Maker or Makers shall thereupon further make Oath that no other Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard respectively, than is mentioned therein, has been within each Period of Six Weeks (except such as may have been previously taken an Account of and charged with Duty) by him, her or them removed, carried or sent, or loaded, forwarded or known to be removed, carried or sent from his, her or their Premises, (which Oaths the several Collectors or Superintendents of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer), on pain of forfeiting for each and every default or Neglect to keep or make such Entry or such Oath as aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; provided that no such Maker or Makers shall be obliged to go farther than the Market Towns next to the Place where such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard respectively, shall have been made for the making of such Entries as aforesaid.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard, contained and entered in such Entries, added to the uncharged Stock of such Maker or Makers respectively, shall at any time from and after the Tenth Day of October be found to be less than Five per Cent. under and below the Account entered and kept of the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pallboard, which shall have been duly made, and of which an Account is so to be kept as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to charge such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard respectively, with the Duties on such Deficiency of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pallboard respectively, as shall be below Five per Cent. as aforesaid, according to the Average Weight of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, or Pallboard is selling and uncharged.

X. And Whereas a certain Drawback or Allowance is by Law made and payable, on certain Terms and Conditions, of the Duty charged or chargeable on Glazed Paper and Print Papers, actually and lawfully used, employed and consumed in the finishing of Woollen Cloths or Stuffs; Be it further enacted, That such

Drawback or Allowance as aforesaid shall not be made or paid, except for so much of such Paper as shall at the time of making the Oath be in the full possession of the Officer of Excise attending, on Forty-eight Hours' Notice in Writing, specifying the Day, Hour and Place for such Attendance and Quantity of such Paper, given to him for that Purpose by the Person claiming such Allowance, and which shall, after an Account taken of such Paper by the said Officer, have been burnt in his Presence.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no Maker or Makers of Paper, or other Person or Persons, shall carry on the Trade or Business of a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Shewing Paper or Pasteboard, at any Paper or Pasteboard Mill respectively, nor shall any Maker or Makers of Paper carry on the Business of a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, in or on any Premises within the Distance of Two Miles of any Mill or Manufactory for the making of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Shewing Paper or Pasteboard respectively, on pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence respectively the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and each Maker or Makers shall also forfeit and lose the Value of all the Paper by him, her or them made or manufactured during the time of carrying on such Trade of a Stationer or Dealer as aforesaid.

XII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Tenth fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties on Paper, Millboard, Glazed Paper, and Glazed Paper, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, a Drawback of the Duties upon Paper is allowed to the Undertakers of *Exeter and Cambridge*, and to the King's Printers in *England and Scotland* respectively, upon all Paper used in the printing of Bibles, Testaments, Plain Books, Books of Common Prayer of the Church of *England*, the Book commonly called or known in *Scotland* by the Name of *The Confession of Faith*, or *The Larger or Shorter Catechism of the Church of Scotland*, upon certain Conditions, and upon taking and subscribing as Oath as therein preferred, which Oath is to be taken by the Chief Manager of the Press in the Universities, and by the King's Printers in *England and Scotland* respectively: And Whereas Duties have arisen whether the Oath prescribed by the said Act is to be taken and fulfilled by all and every Printers of the said Offices of King's Printers in *England or Scotland* respectively shall be deemed sufficient, within the true Meaning of the said recited Act, for all the Purposes of the said recited Act.

XIII. And Whereas it is by the said Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty enacted, that no Pasteboard shall be made in *Great Britain*, or of from any Material or Materials whatsoever, save and except Paper which shall have been charged with the said Duties of Excise payable thereon, and which shall not have been written or printed on, or previously used for any Purpose whatever; and that before any Maker or Makers of Pasteboard shall begin to make any Paper into Pasteboard, he, she or they shall produce to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise all such Paper as shall by him, her or them be intended to be made into Pasteboard in the original Covers or Wrappers in which the same was charged, and having the Excise Duty Stamp put and legible on each Ream thereof, and shall take the said Covers or Wrappers from the said Paper as the Possessor of such Officer, who shall thereupon take Account of such Paper, and of the Quantity and Weight thereof, and shall deliver the Duty Stamp on each and every of the said Covers or Wrappers; and to the Intent that such Officer may be enabled to attend and examine and take Account of such Paper, every and all such Maker or Makers of Pasteboard shall give to the proper Officers of Excise Twenty four Hours' Notice in Writing of his Intention to produce such Paper, and shall specify in such Notice the true Quantity of Paper intended to be produced, and the Day and Hour when he intends to produce the same: And Whereas it is expedient to confirm the said recited Provision to Makers of Pasteboard, not being Makers or concerned or interested in the Trade or Business of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Shewing Paper: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said recited Provision shall extend and apply to such Maker or Makers only of Pasteboard as is not one nor are or shall be a Maker or Makers or concerned or interested in the Trade or Business of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Shewing Paper; and it shall and may be lawful for all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shewing Paper, to make at his, her or their common Paper Mill any Pasteboard, subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties respectively hereafter mentioned, according to the Quality thereof, from or with Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shewing Paper made by him, her or them at such Mill, before the same shall have been charged with the Duty imposed on such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Shewing Paper respectively, any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duty of Excise payable upon Pasteboard imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain* shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except as to any Armoirs thereof, and that there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, for every One Hundred Weight of all Pasteboard which shall be made in *Great Britain* or made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, from Paper wholly of the Second Class or Demanance, Fourteen Shillings, and for in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; for every One Hundred Weight of all Pasteboard, which shall be made in *Great Britain* or made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain* wholly or in part, from any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shewing Paper, other than Paper of the Second Class or Demanance, One Pound Eight Shillings,

Great Paper and Print Paper used in printing Written Orders to be produced to Officers, in which Drawback.

Makers not to carry on the Business of a Stationer at any Mill, or within Two Miles thereof.

Penalty.

24 G. 3. c. 36.

§ 29.

§ 41.

Oath of the printing Writings of the Office of King's Printer in *England*, under recited Act.

24 G. 3. c. 34.

§ 18.

Respecting Materials from which Pasteboard is to be made in apply only to Makers of Pasteboard.

Makers of Paper, or, may make Pasteboard at their Mills subject to Duties after mentioned.

Duty on Pasteboard imported from *Ireland* repealed.

Duties on Pasteboard.

Paid by Makers.

Shillings, and so on in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; which said Duties respectively shall be paid by the Makers of such Paperboard.

Allowance to
Makers of
Paperboard from
Paper which has
paid Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October there shall be paid and allowed to all and every Maker and Makers of Paperboard, not being a Maker or Makers or interposed or concerned in the Trade or Business of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper, who shall make any Paperboard, and be charged with the aforesaid Duties thereon respectively, from or with Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper, for which the Duties shall have been charged and paid thereon respectively, and which shall have been produced and taken account of by the Officer as aforesaid before the making thereof into such Paperboard, so much of the Duties charged and paid in respect of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper respectively, as shall be equal to and not more than the Amount of the Duty charged and paid by such Maker or Makers of such Paperboard, upon Oath being first made by such Maker or Makers, or his, her or their Principal Workman engaged in the said Manufactory, which Oath the several Collectors and Superintenders of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer, that such Paperboard has been wholly made from such Duty paid Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper respectively, to previously produced to and taken account of by the Officer as aforesaid.

Oath by Makers.

Drawbacks on
Paperboard re-
paid, and in
lieu thereof
Drawbacks here-
in mentioned to
be paid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October the Drawback payable upon the Exportation of Paperboard shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except as in all Arrears thereof, and that there shall be in lieu of the Drawback on Paperboard hereby repealed be it allowed the following Drawbacks: for every One Hundred Weight of all Paperboard which shall be made in Great Britain from Paper, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, wholly or in part from any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper, other than Paper of the Second Class or Denomination, and for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Fourteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; for every One Hundred Weight of all Paperboard which shall be made in Great Britain, or made in Ireland and imported from thence into Great Britain, wholly or in part from any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Shathing Paper, other than Paper of the Second Class or Denomination, and for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, One Pound Eight Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity.

Duties to be under-
standing of
Commissioners
of Excise.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

Duties and
Drawbacks on
Paperboard how
to be looked at
paid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Duties of Excise, and the said several Drawbacks of the Duties of Excise upon Paperboard, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged and mitigated in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise, matters and things of the same Sorts or kinds respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged and mitigated, and all Paperboard and such Duties and Drawbacks respectively therein, shall be and the same is and are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, and to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively, were subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pen, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any Nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend so, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise, and Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample manner to all Integers and Persons whatever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and remained in the Body of this Act.

Former Acts in
force.

Makers to place
their uncharged
Stock yearly in
such manner as
to enable the
Excise Officers
to make an ac-
curate Balance of
Quantity of
Paper, the value
and charged with
Duty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of enabling the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to make an annual Balance of the whole Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Shathing Paper or Paperboard respectively, made by any Maker or Makers of Paper in the preceding Year, and of the Quantity thereof respectively charged with Duty, every such Maker or Makers shall, on the Fifth Day of July in each Year, or at such time or times as any such Maker or Makers shall desire or leave off Business, or assign or transfer such Business to any other Person or Persons not being a Partner with such Maker or Makers, or Notice being for that Purpose given by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to such Maker or Makers, Seven Days in the last before such Account as is hereinafter mentioned shall be taken, and such Balance made, lay and place the whole of his, her or their uncharged Stock and loose Paper entered into Books and odd Quires as last before mentioned, and Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Shathing Paper and Paperboard, in Dorens and odd Sheets, in such manner or Order that the same may be conveniently numbered, weighed or otherwise taken account of by such Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every such Maker or Makers shall and are hereby required, with his, her or their Servants or Workmen, to give all such aid and Assistance to such Officer or Officers in numbering, weighing or otherwise taking account of such uncharged or loose Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Shathing Paper or Paperboard respectively, as by such Officer or Officers may be found

necessary

necessary for making such Balance as aforesaid; and that such Account of the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Gilted Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard respectively, and of the kinds, Sorts and Quantities of each in the Custody or Possession of all and every such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, shall, upon such Notice as aforesaid, be forth taken account of by such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, on the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and if any such Maker or Makers, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall oppose, neglect, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in taking such Account as aforesaid, or shall refuse or neglect to lay, place and keep his Quantity of unchanged or loose Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Gilted Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard in such manner or Order as aforesaid, or shall refuse or neglect, when thereto required, to give to any such Officer or Officers such Aid or Assistance, or shall hide or conceal any such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Gilted Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, from the Sight and Inspection of such Officer or Officers, or shall do any Art, Means or Contrivance, to prevent any such Officer or Officers from taking a just and true Account thereof, every such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Offending
Officer.

Penalty.

XX. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the Duties on Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Gilted Paper, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; all and every Stationers and Stationers or Dealer and Dealers in Paper, are respectively required, upon opening any Ream or Bundle of Paper, forthwith to destroy or cause to be destroyed the Wrapper or Cover in which such Paper was inclosed: And Whereas by reason of the Stagnation or Suspension directed by this Act being put upon a Label only, it is not requisite for Security of the Duty on Paper to destroy the Wrapper or Cover in which any such Paper was inclosed: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October, in each of the said Act as is fully heretofore recited shall be used the same is hereby repealed, save and except as to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, incurred by any Person or Persons whatsoever in respect thereof, or relating thereto, before or on the Day last aforesaid.

In each of
24 G. 4. c. 36.
(13.) as respects
the destroying of
Wrappers on
opening Bundles,
&c. &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Advice of Debt, Bill, Pleist or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Shewings* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, disclose or sue for the same.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and the said Monies, so paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be deemed to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Duties raised on
Consolidated
Fund.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the cases in which an Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, in order to obtain any Drawback or Allowance by this Act granted, shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Taking false
Oaths.

Perjury.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, added or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Perjury.
Act may be
altered, &c.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures and capturing Smuggling Vessels; for extending Largess employed in the North Sea Fishery; and obliging Exporters of Excisable Goods on Drawback to give Notice of Shipment. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient for the Protection of the Revenue and more effectual Prevention of Smuggling, that additional Powers should be given to Officers of Customs and Excise respectively to make Seizures, and that Officers on Half Pay should be authorized and empowered to make Seizures, and that further Encouragement should be given to Officers and Persons employed in preventing Smuggling, and to Persons giving Information relating thereto, and that the Laws relating to Smuggling Vessels should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Officer of Customs shall have, use and exercise all such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Examination, Seizure, Detention, Removal and Prosecution of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart or other Carriage, Horse or Cattle, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, loaded under any Law or Laws of Excise, as are or shall hereafter be granted, or shall or may be used or exercised in that behalf by any Officer of Excise; and that every Officer of Excise shall have, use and exercise all such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Examination, Seizure, Detention, Removal and Prosecution of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart or other Carriage, Horse or Cattle, or Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, furnished under any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Customs as are or shall hereafter be granted, or shall or may be used or exercised

Officers of Customs shall have the like Powers as Excise Officers in cases of Force, Seizures, &c. the Laws of Excise; and in cases of Force, Seizures, &c. the Laws of Customs.

Officers to all as
Officers of
Customs.

Officers of the
Army or Navy
on Half Pay,
authorized by the Treasury or
the Council
of the Customs or Ex-
cise, may make
demands, con-
sistent to their
Warrants.
Treason A.D.
relating to Sub-
jects committed to
their care.

Such Officers
making collusive
Seizures or
indebiting
Bribe,
and offering
Bribe.

Penalty.

Such Seizures to
be prosecuted
under Direction
of Commissioners
of Customs or
Excise, and
the Powers,
for given in
relate to Officers
of Customs and Ex-
cise shall extend
to both Half
Pay Officers.

Penalty on Of-
ficers taking Bribes
shall be in full
and under Statute
Acts, in
the case of the
Revenue may
penalty, the Re-
venue Service
mentioned shall
be paid for Re-
venue.

in that behalf by any Officer of Customs; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Army or Navy on Half Pay, who shall be authorized for that Purpose by Warrant or other Instrument under the Hands of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or by a Deputation from any Three or more of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, to seize, within any such Limits as shall be specified in any such Warrant or Instrument, any Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Tea or Tobacco, or any prohibited East India or French Goods, or any other Goods specified in any such Warrant or Instrument which may be subject to Seizure, under any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise respectively, or any Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriages used or employed in the Importation or Removal of such prohibited or Restricted Goods, and all the Powers, Privileges and Authorities contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in relation to the making of any Seizure of any such Goods, or of any such Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriage for being used or employed in the Importation or Removal of any such Goods by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, and to the arresting or detaining any Vessel liable to be arrested or detained under any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall extend and be construed to extend to all such Officers so authorized as aforesaid, and as to all Goods or Articles which they are respectively empowered to seize, as fully and effectually to all Issues and Purposes, as if the several Clauses, Powers, Authorities and Directions, relative thereto, were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, as to all such Officers respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer on Half Pay, Military or Naval, be authorized as aforesaid, shall make any collusive Seizure, or shall deliver up, or shall make any Agreement to deliver up, or seek to force any Ship or Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriage, or any Goods liable to Seizure, or shall directly or indirectly take or receive any Bribe, Gratuity, Recompense or Reward for the Neglect or Non-performance of his Duty, in relation to any such Goods or Articles, or Seizure thereof, every such Officer so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and be rendered incapable of serving His Majesty in any Office or Employment, Civil or Military; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall give, offer or promise to give, any Bribe, Recompense or Reward to, or make any such collusive Agreement with any such Officer, every such Person or Persons shall, for each and every such Offence, whether the same Offer, Proposal, Promise or Agreement be accepted or performed or not, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Seizure shall be prosecuted, recovered and disposed of, under the Direction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise in England and Scotland respectively in the same manner as if made by an Officer of the Customs or Excise, and all Penalties, Forfeitures, Claims, matters and things, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, relative to the Seizure of the like Description of Goods, Wares or Merchandises, by Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively; and all Powers, Authorities, Exemptions and Exceptions, and all Privileges and Protections as to maintaining or defending any Suit or Action and Pleading therein, or any Costs thereon, in relation to any Act, matter or things done or that may be done by any Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively, shall extend and be deemed, construed and taken to extend, and shall apply to all such Officers on Half Pay so authorized as aforesaid, and to all seizures made by them respectively under the Authority of this Act, in pursuance of any Warrant or Instrument given under the Powers thereof, so as fully and ample a manner to all Issues and Purposes as if the said Penalties, Claims, matters, things, Powers, Authorities, Exemptions, Exceptions, Privileges and Protections were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to give to any such Officer on Half Pay as aforesaid, any Power or Authority to seize any Ships, Goods or Commodities whatsoever, liable to Forfeiture under any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement and Increase of Shipping and Navigation.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for the further Reward and Encouragement of Officers of the Army, Navy or Marines, or Officers acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of such Officers on Half Pay as aforesaid, and of all Officers, acting under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise of England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, for the Prevention of Smuggling, and of other Persons giving Information of any Smuggling Transaction, the Rewards hereinafter mentioned shall, in lieu of the Rewards now payable, be paid and allowed for and in respect of all Seizures of Ships, Boats or other Vessels, Goods, Wares or Merchandises under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise now in force at Sea, or for being shipped or landed without Payment of His Majesty's Duties of Customs or Excise respectively payable on the legal Importation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, or the Importation of which shall be wholly prohibited; that is to say, if any such Officer or Officers making any such Seizure at Sea shall also search, stop and detain all the Persons who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Boat or other Vessel in or on board of which such Goods, Wares or Merchandises shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, and shall also seize and detain such Ship, Boat or other Vessel; or taking such Seizure on Shore shall also search, stop and detain the Person who shall be seizing, removing, carrying or concealing such Goods, Wares or Merchandises, landed without Payment of Duty or wholly prohibited as aforesaid, and also seize and detain the Cart or other Carriage, and Horse or Horses or Cattle used for removing and carrying the same; and such Officer or Officers as aforesaid shall take or convey, or cause every such Person to be seized, stopped or detained as aforesaid to be taken or conveyed before One or more

more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, so that he or they may be dealt with according to Law; or shall deliver every such Person who shall be fit for and liable to be employed in His Majesty's Navy to some Commander in or on board of One of His Majesty's Ships of War, then and in every such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid the whole of the Value, after deducting all such Costs and Expenses as aforesaid, at which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be respectively alienated or fixed by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively ordering and directing the Prosecution; and in case some or one only of such Persons as aforesaid shall be found, arrested or detained, and brought before such Justice or Justices, or delivered over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, and the rest shall unavailably escape, and such Ship, Boat or other Vessel shall also be seized and secured as aforesaid, such Officer or Officers making such Seizure as aforesaid shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deductions as aforesaid, Three Fourth Parts or Shares of such Value as aforesaid; and in case such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, making any such Seizure as aforesaid, shall also seize and secure such Ship, Boat or other Vessel as aforesaid, or the Cart or other Carriage or Carriages, Horses or Horses, or Cattle as aforesaid, but shall not seize any, arrest and detain, and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, any of the Persons aforesaid, or shall seize, arrest, detain and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, such Persons as aforesaid, or some or one of them, but not seize and secure such Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart, Carriage, Horse or Cattle as aforesaid, then and in such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deductions as aforesaid, Two Third Parts of such Value as aforesaid; and in case any such Officer or Officers shall make Seizure of any such Goods, Wares and Merchandise as aforesaid, and shall either seize and secure the Ship, Boat or other Vessel aforesaid, or arrest, detain and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, any of the Persons aforesaid, then and in such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure of such Goods, Wares or Merchandise only shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deductions as aforesaid, One Half Part of the Value at which such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall be so alienated or fixed as aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that the Failure of any such Officer or Officers upon making any such Seizure as aforesaid, in arresting all or any of the Persons aforesaid, and producing them or him before such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, or delivering them or him over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy, or in seizing and securing such Ship, Boat or other Vessel, was not owing to any Want of Exertion on the Part of such Officer or Officers, but was solely occasioned by Resistance, or from the Violence of the Sea, Darkness of the Night or other insurmountable Obstacles, to grant to such Officer or Officers such further Part of the Value of such Seizure as aforesaid, as by them may be deemed expedient in that behalf.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, or for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, under their Direction, to order to each of the Reward, Part or Share of any such Seizure, or of the Value thereof as aforesaid, as is by this Act given or granted to the Officer or Officers making any such Seizure as aforesaid, as they may deem proper, to be paid to the Person or Persons by whose Information or through whose Means and Assistance such Seizure may be or may have been made; and that every such Reward, or Part or Share of any such Seizure, or of the Value thereof, as shall under or by virtue of this or any other Act be payable to any Officer or Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen or Privates of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be divided and distributed in such Proportions, and according to such Rules, Regulations and Orders, as His Majesty shall, by his Order or Orders in Council, or by his Royal Proclamations in that behalf, be pleased to direct or appoint.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel, liable to Seizure or Extortion by this or any other Act of Parliament in force, shall not bring to or being required to do so, or being charged by any Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Navy, having the proper Pendant and Ensigns of His Majesty's ships hoisted, or by any Ship or Vessel employed in the Prosecution of Smuggling under the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, or the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise, having a Pendant and Ensigns hoisted of such Description as His Majesty, by any Order in Council, or by his Royal Proclamations, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall from time to time in that behalf order and direct, it shall and may be lawful for the Captain, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or employed as aforesaid, (first causing a Gun to be fired as a Signal,) to shoot at or into such Ship or Vessel so liable as aforesaid; and such Captain, Master or other Officer, and every Person acting in his Aid and Assistance, or by his Direction, shall be and he is hereby recommended and discharged from any Penalties or Actions for Damages for so doing; and in case any Person or Persons shall be wounded, maimed or killed, by means of such Gun, and the said Captain, Master or other Person acting in his or their Aid or Assistance, or by his or their Direction, shall be found, indicted, or prosecuted, or shall be brought before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or other Justices or Persons having competent Authority, for or on account of such Wounding, Maiming or Killing as aforesaid, all and every such Justice or Justices, Person or Persons, in and we hereby authorized and empowered, enjoined and required to admit every such Captain, Master or other Person or Persons so brought before him and them as aforesaid, to lead any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons whom Evidence is to be taken of Treason that the Failure of Arrest or Seizure was not owing to want of Exertion on the part of the Officer.

Reward to be given.

Stores of Stores payable to Officers and Men of the Army and Navy to be distributed according to Proclamations.

Vessel liable to Extortion not bringing to when required may be shot at (first firing a Signal Gun); and the Captain, Master or other Person, shall be recommended, having the power to detain and discharge belated.

Masters of Vessels not being in the Service having any such Prizes or Edicts.

Penalty 20 G. 3. c. 3. s. 6. 43.

One Half of the Rewards to be paid on Conviction of Seizure, and the other on Acquittal being adjudge.

Expenses to be paid out of the Proceeds of Sale of Goods or of Seizure not sold, then out of the King's Share of Seizures.

Commissioners of Customs or Excise may pay Expenses in full in advance of the King's Share of Seizures, and also distribute a Sum among the Officers, but not exceeding the Value of Reward appointed for Seizures without deducting Expenses.

Expenses of Prosecution may be paid out of the King's Share of Prizes.

43 G. 3. c. 3.

18.

repealed, and Two Justices empowered to determine in all cases of Seizure.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel not being in the Service of His Majesty's Navy, or employed as afloat, shall carry or hoist any such Prizes or Edicts as a heretofore respectively mentioned, the Master or Person having the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied in such manner as any Penalty or Forfeiture is directed to be recovered and applied in and by an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in this Kingdom*.

X. And be it further enacted, That One Half Part of all such Rewards as aforesaid, after such Deductions as aforesaid, shall be paid by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively by whom the Prosecutions shall be directed to such Officers or Officers, or other Persons as aforesaid who shall be entitled to the same, immediately upon the Conviction of any such Seizure as aforesaid, and the other Half Part thereof upon the Account or Accounts relating to such Seizure being finally made up and adjusted.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Costs and Expenses attending the Seizure, Detention, Custody, Removal, Prosecution, Conviction and Sale of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Carriage, Horse, Cattle, Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively, forfeited under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise, shall, except in the cases heretofore mentioned, be paid out of the goods Proceeds arising from the Sale of such Seizure whenever such Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively are sold; and in case any such Goods, Wares or Merchandise shall not be sold, but be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by any Order of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them as aforesaid, all such Costs and Expenses shall be paid out of His Majesty's Share of Customs or Excise Seizures which shall or may be seized or condemned.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, in all cases where any Ship, Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle, Cart, Carriage or Goods of what kind soever shall be found as forfeited under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or Excise, it shall be lawful for the respective Commissioners of Customs or Excise, or any Three or more of them respectively, under the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, if they in their Discretion and Judgment shall deem it expedient so to do, to order the whole or any Part of the Costs, Charges and Expenses arising either from the Seizure, Custody, Removal, Detention or Prosecution of any such Ship, Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle, Cart, Carriage or Goods, whether the same shall be condemned or not, and also of the Costs, Charges and Expenses arising from the Conviction thereof, if the same shall be condemned, and of the Sale thereof, if sold, whether the Produce arising from the Sale thereof shall be sufficient to answer the said Costs, Charges and Expenses or not, to be paid out of His Majesty's Share of the Produce arising by the Sale of Customs or Excise Seizures, which have been or shall and may be seized and condemned, and shall pay or distribute to and amongst the Officers or Officers who shall have made any such Seizure as aforesaid, and the Informer or Informers, if any, by whose Information, or through whose Means or Assistance such Seizure shall be or shall have been made, a Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Part, Share or Proportion of such Seizure, or the Value thereof, or the Reward for making such Seizure directed by Law to be paid or allowed to the Informer, or Officer or Person making any such Seizure respectively, as a full, without deducting therefrom the said Costs, Charges and Expenses, or any Part thereof, and the Residue of such Produce shall be paid and applied to such Uses and Purposes as His Majesty's Share of the Produce of such Seizures is by Law applicable unto.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in any Prosecution carried on in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh, under or by virtue of any Order of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England or Scotland respectively, it shall be lawful for the said respective Commissioners, or any Three or more of them respectively, under the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, if they in their Discretion and Judgment shall deem it expedient so to do, to order the whole or any Part of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of such Prosecution, (whether the Money which shall be recovered and paid either by way of Penalty or Compensation from the Defendant or Defendants shall be sufficient to answer such Costs, Charges and Expenses or not,) to be paid out of His Majesty's Share of the Proceeds arising by Customs or Excise Prosecutions, and to allow the Officers or Officers concerned in such Prosecution, or Person or Persons through whom Information or by whose Means or Assistance such Officers were directed, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding a Money of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be so recovered and paid as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for (amongst other things) giving Jurisdiction to Justices of the Peace to hear and determine Prosecutions for Penalties incurred by any Offence against the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs, it is provided and enacted, that nothing in that Act should extend or be construed to extend to empower the said Justices to examine, hear or determine any Prosecutions for any Penalties incurred by any Offence against that or any Act or Acts then in force, or thereafter to be made, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, in any case wherein the same should in the whole exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, unless they should be so empowered by any other Act or Acts of Parliament then in force, or thereafter to be made: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said recited Provision, and to give to His Majesty's Justices of the Peace the same Jurisdiction in respect of Penalties incurred under any Act or Acts now in force, or which shall hereafter be made relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, as they now have by Law in respect of any Penalties incurred under any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Provision shall be and be here is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, City, Division or Liberty, to examine into, hear and determine all Prosecutions for the Conviction of any Seizure made under or by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs;

Customs and the said Justices are hereby authorized and required, upon Information exhibited before them, for the Condemnation of any such Ship or Ships as aforesaid, to proceed thereon in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as are given to them by any Law or Laws of Great Britain in force with respect to Forfeitures for the Breach of any Law or Laws of Great Britain; any thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts now in force to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to commence, prosecute, enter or file, or cause or procure to be commenced, prosecuted, entered or filed, any Action, Bill, Plea or Information against any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures incurred under or by virtue of any Act or Acts now in force, or which shall hereafter be made, relating to either of His Majesty's Revenues of Customs or Excise, or to take or cause to be taken any Writ or Writs of Appraisement for the Condemnation of any Ship or Ships, Boat or Boats, or other Vessel or Vessels, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever seized as forfeited under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts, unless the same be commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or moved by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or by or in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General; and if any Action, Bill, Plea, Information or Writ of Appraisement is commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or moved by or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever, except upon such Order as aforesaid, or by or in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General, the same and all Proceedings thereupon shall be null and void, and the Court or Courts, or Judges or Justices of the Peace, where or before whom such Action, Bill, Plea, Information or Writ of Appraisement is or shall be so commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or moved, shall not permit or suffer any Proceeding or Proceedings to be had thereupon.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva and other Spirits which shall be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or Officers acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, or under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, or by Officers on Hall Pay, Military or Naval, authorized as aforesaid, at Sea or on Shore, or having been unshipped or landed without Payment of His Majesty's Duties of Customs or Excise payable on the lawful Importation of such Spirits respectively, shall after the Seizure thereof be lodged with the proper Officer of Excise, and secured and guarded and taken and kept account of; and after the Condemnation thereof respectively, upon Forfeiture thereof by Order of the Commissioners of Excise, shall be forthwith conveyed to such respective Place as are mentioned or provided in an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, and there re-landed, under the Orders of the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of making the same of a proper Import Strength, and shall afterwards be sold or otherwise disposed of, as directed by the said Act, and by another Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*, and by this Act, under the Orders of the Commissioners of Excise.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods, Wares or Merchandise whatsoever, condemned as forfeited under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, shall be sold at a less Price than shall be equal to the Amount of the Duties of Customs and Excise respectively payable upon such Goods, Wares or Merchandise respectively, when imported or taken out for Home Consumption; and that all condemned Goods, Wares or Merchandise, for which on public Sale a Price shall not be offered equal to the said to the Price aforesaid, and all condemned Goods, Wares and Merchandise, the Importation whereof is or shall be wholly prohibited, shall be forthwith destroyed or sold for Exportation, or applied and disposed of to such Public Use as shall be ordered by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them.

XVIII. And Whereas an Act passed in the fifth Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to regulate the Clearance of Vessels and Delivery of Cargo Bonds at Ports and Harbours in Great Britain; for empowering certain Ships and Vessels from being employed by the Commissioners of Customs; for authorizing Officers of the Customs to seize Goods remaining without Excise Permits; and for punishing Frauds in smuggling Goods and other Carriages used in smuggling Goods for Exportation, or to be carried Coastwise: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be amended: Be it therefore enacted, That in such of the said recited Act as aforesaid, that no Licence shall be required from the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland, for assigning certain Ships or Vessels therein particularly described, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

XIX. And Whereas it is expedient to permit the Navigation of Square rigged Ships and Vessels of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards, without requiring the Owners thereof to take out Licences for that Purpose from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Licence shall be required from the Commissioners of the Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland, for navigating any square rigged Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards by Steam-power; and no such Ship or Vessel shall be deemed liable to Seizure or Forfeiture under any Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, on account of her Length, Bulk, Construction, Dimension or Description: Provided nevertheless, that every such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, which shall be armed or intended to be armed for Resistance, or be navigated or intended to be navigated with any greater Number of Men than is allowed by Law in proportion to the Number of Tons of her Apparentment, shall be liable to Seizure or Forfeiture under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to loading of Ships or Vessels, unless the Owner or Owners

of the same shall be licensed by the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise.

No Action to be brought for the Recovery of Penalties, or under the Acts of the Commissioners, or in the Name of the Attorney General.

Brandy and other Spirits seized by Officers of the Army and Navy, or to be lodged with proper Officers of Excise, and after Condemnation conveyed to the Place provided under 45 G. 3. c. 131. s. 12. and there re-landed and afterwards disposed of as directed by 47 G. 3. Stat. 2. c. 67. s. 18.

No forfeited Goods shall be sold at a less Price than equal to the Duties, &c.

25 G. 3. c. 118. s. 4.

repealed.

No Licence required for sailing square rigged Vessels of 200 Tons Burthen or upwards.

No Vessel liable to Seizure on account of her Construction; but armed Vessels or navigated with a greater Number of Men

from allowed,
within the
said Act.

Vessels of the
Defence
British marine
and found within
the Limits of
any Port, or
within 100
Leagues of the
Coast, can
be used.

Refused and
found.

Every open Vessel or Boat allowed to have
been in Foreign
Ports, or to have
been in board
at Sea any
Goods from any
Vessel coming
from Foreign
Ports, without
Licence,
forfeited and
seized.

Licences to be
granted under
such Conditions
as shall be
deemed necessary
for Prevention
of Smuggling.
Ships trading
between any
Ports, for
Licences, for
Seized and found.

On granting
Licences, Com-
missioners give
Security in Trade
the Value of
Vessel.
Security to be
approved.

Commissioners
of Customs may
grant Licences
for Navigation
of Luggers and

of every such Ship or Vessel shall take a Licence for the navigating thereof, in the same manner as if this Act had not been made.

XX. And Whereas it is expedient that certain Ships and Vessels, other than and except square rigged Ships or Vessels of Two hundred Tons Burthen and upwards, should have Licences for navigating the same; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every Ship or Vessel belonging to the whole or in any Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His said Majesty (and being a square rigged Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons and upwards, the Difference of whole Draught of Water forward and aft shall exceed One Inch and One Quarter of an Inch for every Foot of the Breadth of such Ship or Vessel) such Draught of Water to be decreased by a straight Line along the Ribb of the Keel, adding to such Draught of Water, forward and aft, the Depth of the Main Keel in the Middle of the said Ship or Vessel, on the Outside, and the Draught of Water to be taken when the said Ship or Vessel, whether light or loaded, shall be in fulling Trim, which shall be found in the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, or within any Part of the British or Irish Channel, or elsewhere, within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of this Kingdom, for which a Licence shall not have been procured from the Commissioners of Customs for navigating the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be fined by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

XXI. And Whereas it is expedient for the Prevention of Smuggling, that no open Vessel or Boat whatsoever should be permitted to go to Foreign Parts, or to take or receive any Goods, Wares or Merchandise; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every open Vessel or Boat, belonging in the whole or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found or discovered to have been in Foreign Parts, or shall be found with or discovered to have taken on board at Sea any Goods, Wares or Merchandise from any Ship, Vessel or Boat coming from Foreign Parts, unless such open Vessel or Boat shall have gone into any Foreign Port, or take such Goods to preserve the same from Smuggling or Defraud, of which Proof shall be made before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, immediately upon the Arrival of the said Vessel or Boat in a Port of this Kingdom, or any Three or more of them, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, Marines or of the Customs or Excise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland or Ireland, or any Three or more of them respectively, should be empowered to refund and bestow the Expenses of Licences with respect to the Employment or Navigation of Ships, Vessels or Boats; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland and Ireland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, to grant any Licence which shall be required for the Navigation of any Ship, Vessel or Boat, upon such Conditions as to the Navigation, Trade and Employment of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, and for such Licence as to Distance from the Coast of the United Kingdom, or otherwise, as the said Commissioners may deem necessary or expedient or proper, for the Security of the Revenue and the Prevention of Smuggling; and every Ship or Boat, having any such conditional or limited Licence, which shall trade, navigate or be employed in any manner not authorized by the Licence, shall be forfeited and liable to Seizure, in like manner in any respect as if no Licence whatever had been granted for such Ship, Vessel or Boat; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Licences, or this Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And Whereas it is expedient to increase the Amount of Security for Ships, Vessels and Boats, requiring to be licensed; Be it therefore enacted, That Security shall be given by the Owner or Owners of every Ship, Vessel or Boat, for which a Licence shall be required, in Treble the Value thereof asked of in Double the Value, such Security to be given under the same Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures as provided and enacted by the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, as far as the same are applicable thereto; and the Owner or Owners of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat requiring a Licence, shall give the necessary Security for the same at the Port to which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall belong, and on other, and the Persons who are to become such Security for the same shall be Persons approved by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, solvent and responsible and residing at or near the same Port; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And Whereas by the Laws in force every Vessel belonging in the whole or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board shall be Subjects of His Majesty, exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons by Advertisement, which shall be rigged or fitted as a Luggers, or together with her Guns, Furnaces, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, subject to Forfeiture, and may be seized by any Officer of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise: And Whereas, in consequence of such Limitation of Tonnage, great Inconvenience has been experienced by Persons carrying on the North Sea Fishery, upon the Firth of Clyde and North Coast; For Remedy whereof be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland, or any Three or more of them respectively, to grant Licences for the Navigation of Luggers, not exceeding the Burthen of Sixty five Tons, by Advertisement, intended to be solely employed in the Fishery carried on in the North Sea, between Seid Ailsa Head on the Coast of Scotland, and the Seid Farland on the Coast of Kent, provided that

that no such Lagger shall proceed beyond the respective Distances from the Coast hereafter mentioned; (that is to say), when any such Lagger is employed in the Fishery to the Northward of a due East Line from Lowesfort Light House, and to the Southward of a due East Line from Saint John Head, it shall not be lawful for such Lagger to proceed beyond the Distance of Twenty Leagues from the Coast; when any such Lagger shall be employed in the Fishery to the Southward of the said due East Line from Lowesfort Light House, and to the Northward of a due East Line from the North Foreland, it shall not be lawful for such Lagger to proceed beyond the Distance of Six Leagues from the Coast; and when employed in the Fishery to the Southward of the said due East Line from the North Foreland, and to the Northward of a due East Line from the South Foreland, it shall not be lawful for her to proceed beyond the Distance of Four Leagues from the Coast; and if any Lagger licensed under the Provisions of this Act shall be found beyond the Limits and Distances herebefore mentioned, every such Lagger shall be seized and prosecuted in the same manner as heretofore has been made: Provided always, that the Owner and Owners of every Lagger, licensed under the Provisions of this Act, shall, before any such Lagger proceed to Sea, or sail out of any Port, Harbour or Creek of this Kingdom, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Treble the Value thereof, in the manner required by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, in other Articles not therein mentioned*; and to alter the Condition of the Bond directed in the given by an Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, by the Masters and Owners of Vessels and Boats licensed by the Lords of the Admiralty, with respect to certain Vessels and Boats for which the Owner or Owners are required to give Security by Bond as directed by that Act.

XV. And Whereas the Regulations by Law established for the Prevention of Frauds on the Shipment of Goods for Exportation, in respect of which a Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise is or are payable, have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it has therefore become necessary to make further Regulations in respect thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Person and Persons intending to export any Goods in respect of which any Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise shall or may become payable, shall give to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise of the Port where the same shall be shipped, Six Hours at the least, before such Shipment shall be made, a Notice thereof in Writing, so which Notice shall be specified the Number of Packages intended to be so shipped, with their respective Marks and Numbers, and the Quantity and Quality of the Goods contained in each such Package, and Rate and Amount of Duty which have been paid thereon, and shall also specify the Quay or Place where such Package or Packages and Goods are lying, and from which such Goods are intended to be shipped, and the time when such Shipment is intended to take place, and the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which the same are intended to be shipped and exported, and of the Master or Commander thereof, and of the particular Port or Place to which such Goods are intended to be exported, and also the Place or Situation of the Port in which such Vessel shall then be and may be found; and that if any Goods shall be shipped for Exportation, without such Notice as aforesaid being so given and delivered as aforesaid, or without such Officer having been allowed an Opportunity of inspecting and examining the same in consequence of such Notice, or if such Person or Persons shall not, after the Expiration of such Six Hours, or after the said Officer has finished and completed his Examination of the said Goods, with all due Diligence, and without any unnecessary Delay, ship the same and every Part thereof, no Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise shall be paid or payable thereon or in respect thereof.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon the Examination of any Goods, or any Package or Packages specified in such Notice as aforesaid, by any Officer or Officers of Excise, any of such Goods, Package or Packages shall be found to vary from the Declaration thereof respectively contained in such Notice, so that a higher or greater Sum of Money than is Right due shall have been claimed, or would according to such Declaration, in case such Discovery or Detection had not been made, have been, or the Exportation of such Goods or Package or Packages respectively, deemed payable as a Drawback or as Drawbacks of Excise in respect thereof, or His Majesty is any respect defrauded therein, all and every such Goods or Package or Packages, and the Goods contained thereon respectively, shall be forfeit, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Person or Persons who shall have caused the same for Exportation, knowing thereof, shall, over and above all other Penalties, forfeits and loss for each and every such Officer Treble the Value of such Goods, including the Duty or Duties paid or payable thereon, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Package, at the Election of the Commissioners of Excise, to be signified in and by the Information to be filed or exhibited for the Recovery thereof.

XXVII. And Whereas Doubts may arise whether any Person or Persons who hath or have been, or who hereafter shall or may be arrested and detained under or by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, or of another Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*; and who, under or by virtue of the said Acts or either of those, is or would be liable to be impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service, now is, are or may be liable to be kept and detained in the said Service, by reason that there may not be any Person or Officer employed in His Majesty's Imperial Service, or authorized or empowered by Warrant to impress Seamen into the said Service: Be it therefore enacted and declared, That all and every Person and Persons who now is or are or hereafter shall or may be arrested or detained under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, and who, under or by virtue of the said Acts or either of them, is or are or would have been liable to be impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service, is, are and shall be liable to serve His Majesty in the said

Notice, in
Ten Hours to
be employed in
the Service
of the Navy
and to be
employed in
the Service
of the Navy
and to be
employed in
the Service
of the Navy

Owner of Laps
not to give Se-
curity in Vessels
in Vessels
Insurance required
by Act of 1816
s. 127 & 128

Regulations to
be observed on
the Shipment of
Goods for Ex-
portation where
Drawbacks of
Excise are al-
lowed.

Goods shipped
without Notice,
&c.

No Drawback.

When Examina-
tion of such
Goods shall be
found to vary
from Declaration
given, and a
greater Draw-
back would have
been claimed
than is Right
due, Goods
forfeited.
Entering such
Goods for Ex-
portation.
Penalty.

41 G. 3. c. 118.

47 G. 3. c. 104.
s. 64.

Persons deemed
under and by
Acts liable to
serve in the
Navy.

aid Service, and to be kept and detained in the said Service, in such and the same manner, and for such and the same Period of time as in the said Acts, or either of them, is mentioned; and that all and every Persons and Persons, Officers and Officer, who by the said Acts or either of them might or would have been authorized or empowered to receive, keep and detain any such Person or Persons as in the said Acts or either of them is or are mentioned, are, is and shall be, and are and is hereby declared to be authorized and empowered to do so, in such and the same manner, and as fully and effectually to all intents and Purposes, as if all and every such Persons or Persons, Officers or Officer, had been authorized and empowered to do so by any Warrant issued for that Purpose.

C. A. F. CV.

An Act to amend and continue, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland reciprocally, and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between England and Scotland and Ireland respectively.

[18 July 1816.]

24 G. 3. c. 104.
introduced by

25 G. 3. c. 123.

(except as here-
after mentioned)
there continued.Drawbacks for
Spirits distilled in
England or
Scotland and ex-
ported to Ire-
land.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act to regulate, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland reciprocally*; and which said Act was and is continued by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the End of the present Session of Parliament; and it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued, except so far as the same may be altered by this present Act, and except so far as relates to the Drawbacks made payable under the said Act on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and exported from thence to any other Place than Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, except as aforesaid, shall remain and continue in force from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the following Drawbacks in respect of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of Spirits made or distilled in England or Scotland respectively from Corn or Grain, and which shall after that time be exported to Ireland, shall be allowed and paid in lieu of the Drawback granted in the said Act hereby continued; that is to say,

Upon every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled in that Part of Great Britain called England, and so exported after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, a Drawback of Four pence Farthing at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four, or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof;

And upon every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled in Scotland, and so exported after the said Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, a Drawback of Three pence Farthing at the Strengths respectively as aforesaid.

Drawbacks for
Spirits distilled in
Ireland and ex-
ported to G. B.
Intend of Draw-
backs by

24 G. 3. c. 104.

§ 1.

25 G. 3. c. 123.

§ 1.

Intend of C. con-
tinuing Duties
on Spirits or
Irish Spirits made
payable, the fol-
lowing to be
paid.Continuing
Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, upon the Exportation of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, which shall have been or shall be warehoused in Ireland, in manner required by Law, and which shall be exported from thence to any Part of Great Britain after the said Fifth Day of July, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Four pence Farthing, and no more, upon every Gallon of such Spirits, for and in respect of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of such Spirits, in lieu and instead of all Drawbacks allowed or made payable on such Spirits by the said Act hereby continued, and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise in Ireland upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the several countervailing Duties on British or Irish Spirits mentioned in the said Act hereby continued, or of any other Act or Acts, there shall be ruled, levied, collected and paid to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Continuance of this Act, the several countervailing Duties following; that is to say,

For every Gallon Irish Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in Great Britain, and which at any time after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be imported, or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into Ireland, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Four, or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof, at a Strength Duty of Five Shillings and Two pence Farthing British Currency; and so in proportion for any less Degree of Strength, not being less than that of One to Ten or Ten per Centum over Hydrometer Proof;

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in Ireland, and which at any time after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into that Part of Great Britain called England, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, at a Strength Duty of Nine Shillings and Six pence Three Farthings; and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength, not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof;

For

For every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland* between the Tenth Day of *October* and the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Eight Shillings and Four pence Farthing; and in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof.

And that from the time of passing this Act, for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act, or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, and which shall, before or upon the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, be imported or brought from *Scotland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of One Shilling and Two pence Halfpenny.

And for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence after the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, under and by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Nine pence Farthing, and in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof.

And for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence after the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, under or by virtue of this Act, or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, and from *Scotland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Three Shillings and Nine pence Halfpenny.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several countervailing Duties imposed by the said Act hereby continued on Spirits made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported from thence under the said Act into *England* or *Scotland*, shall respectively remain and continue payable for and in respect of all such Spirits so imported before or upon the said Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of the Strength of any such Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom by the Hydrometer called *Sikes's* (a) *Hydrometer*, when and so soon as the same shall be by Law established and brought into use, the Strength of Eight per Centum above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this and the said Act first hereinbefore recited; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid Twenty two per Centum above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's* (a) *Hydrometer*, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in this and the said Act first hereinbefore recited; and that all Spirits made *Whisky* or *Fortification* under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, for or by reason of their being respectively of a higher Degree of Strength than One to Ten or One to Four over Hydrometer Proof respectively as aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said Spirits being respectively of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Strength of Eight per Centum or Twenty two per Centum above Proof respectively as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in *Scotland* for Exportation to *England*, nor any Distiller or Distillers in *England* for Exportation to *Scotland*, or for Home Trade or Consumption, shall make or brew any Wort or Wash for Distillation from Malt, Corn, Grass or Tith, or any Mixture with the same, between the Fifth Day of *July* and the Fifth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, and if any such Distiller or Distillers shall between the Fifth Day of *July* and the Fifth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, make or brew any Wort or Wash from Malt, Corn, Grass or Tith, or any Mixture with the same, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That each of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being; and each thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties and Drawbacks by this Act imposed and granted shall respectively be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid, in such and the like manner and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid, and the said Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, to by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed or entitled to the said Drawbacks respectively granted by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby made *Whisky* and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which such Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act respecting the Duties of Excise, or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Scotland*, and of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, respectively, were or might be subject or liable;

56 Geo. III.

c. 1.

liable;

Countervailing Duties under 54 G. 3. c. 129. § 3. on Spirits made in *Ireland* to continue on Spirits imported before 20th Oct. Trials of Strength of Spirits by *Sikes's* Hydrometer.

In what case Spirits, &c. Subject to Forfeiture under this Act, and 54 G. 3. c. 129. § 7. no return to.

No Wort or Wash from Malt, &c. to be brewed for Distillation between 5th July and Oct. 1, 1816.

Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise.

Duties and Drawbacks how to be levied and paid.

Former Acts in force.

liable; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, for securing the Revenue of Excise, or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the said several Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively hereby charged and imposed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

Duties carried
to Consolidated
Fund.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and recovering for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be paid, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods as may be found for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Great Britain, or by any Addition of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland or Ireland respectively, and that One Majesty of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moneys to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

An Act may be
repealed, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. CVI.

An Act to repeal the Duties payable in Scotland, upon Wash and Spirits and Distillers' Licences; to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn for Home Consumption in Scotland, until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [18 July 1816.]

23 G. 3. c. 12.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled

An Act for repealing so much of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, as relates to the Duty of Spirits from Corn in small Stillies, in certain Counties or Districts of the Highlands on that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for authorizing the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to grant Licences to Persons living in the said Counties or Districts to distil Spirits from Barley, Bear or Bigg, the Growth of the said Counties, and for imposing a Duty on such Licences: And Whereas another Act was passed in the

33 G. 3. c. 46.

Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for the Regulation of Distilleries*

39 G. 3. c. 100.

in Scotland, and the Expatriation of British made Spirits from England in Scotland, and from Scotland to

39 & 40 G. 3.

c. 75.

England, for a limited time: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign

of His present Majesty, entitled An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Distilleries in the several

Parts of the Highlands of Scotland, beyond particularly specified, for a limited time; and for regulating the Duties

on Distilleries in the respective Districts in Scotland: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty-sixth

and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled An Act for repealing the Duties of Excise on

Distilleries in Scotland, and on the Expatriation of British made Spirits from England in Scotland, and for granting

other Duties in lieu thereof; and for altering, amending and enlarging various Acts of Parliament for the

Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland; by which several Acts Regulations were made relative to Stills and

Distilleries in certain Districts of Scotland, distinguished from each other by Boundaries, in the said Acts re-

34 G. 3. c. 126.

spectively particularly described and set forth: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty-fourth Year

of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled An Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland, upon Dis-

35 G. 3. c. 155.

tillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: And Whereas another Act was

made in the Fifty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled An Act to continue, and the Fifth

Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, the temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable in Scotland

upon Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, imposed by an Act of the Fifty-fourth Year of the present Majesty;

and for modifying His Majesty, by Order in Council, to modify the Operation of the said Act, or reduce the Duties

thereby imposed: And Whereas Duties have been experienced, whether the Distillation of Lowland, High-

land and intermediate Distilleries, as described by the Boundary Lines in any of the said Acts made in the

Twenty-fifth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-sixth and Fortieth Years respectively, of His Majesty's

Reign, were abolished by the said Two last mentioned Acts of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Years of His

Majesty's Reign respectively, or were still to be continued and observed; and by reason thereof Questions

have arisen, whether Spirits could pass from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland; and it is necessary

that Spirits should be allowed to be carried by Road from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland;

And Whereas it is expedient that the Duties imposed by the said recited Act, passed in the Fifty-fourth

Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, upon Wash or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn, Oats or

Tinny, or any Mixture thereof, and upon Spirits extracted therefrom, and upon Licences to be taken

out by Distillers and Refiners in Scotland, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be substituted in

lieu thereof; and that further Regulations should be made with respect to the Distillation and Manufacture

of Spirits from Corn for Home Consumption in Scotland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may

be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent

of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Author-

Repeal of
several Duties of
34 G. 3. c. 126
&c.

city of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and singular the Duties of Excise on Worts or Wals brewed or made from Malt, Corn, Grass or Tils, or any Mixture therewith, in any Part of Scotland, for extracting Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland; and all and singular the Duties on Spirits made or distilled in Scotland from Malt, Corn, Grass, Tils or any Mixture therewith, for Consumption in Scotland, and upon Licences to be taken out by Distillers and Refiners in Scotland (s), shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on that Day. (s) [See the Tables as altered former Duties repealed, 54 G. 3. c. 172. § 1.]

Duties repealed.

Exception.

II. And be it enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in and place of the said Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, For every Gallon of Wort or Wals, brewed or made in any Part or Place in Scotland, from any Malt, Corn, Grass or Tils, or any Mixture with the same, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in Scotland, Eight pence; For every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, which shall be made or distilled from any Malt, Corn, Grass or Tils, or any Mixture therewith, in any Part or Place in Scotland, for Consumption in Scotland, Nine pence; The said Duties to be paid by the respective Masters or Distillers of such Wort, Wals or Spirits respectively; For every Licence to be taken out by any Distiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits in any Part or Place in Scotland, for Sale therein or for Exportation therefrom, the Sum of Ten Pounds; For every Licence to be taken out by any Refiner of Spirits in any Part or Place in Scotland, the Sum of Five Pounds; The said Duties for Licences to be paid by the respective Distillers and Refiners taking out such Licences respectively.

Instead of Duties repealed, the Duties herein contained to be paid.

III. And be it enacted, That the said Duties granted by this Act shall be under the same Management, and shall be raised, levied, collected, secured and paid, in the same manner, and by the same ways and means, and under and subject to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such and the like Powers, Authorities and Declarations, as are provided by the said recited Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Management, Collection and Recovery of the Duties thereby granted.

Management and Collection of Duties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted by this Act (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

Appropriation of Duties.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Fourth Part of the several Duties granted by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, which were contained by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be, and the same Fourth Part of the said several Duties are hereby further continued from the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall remain and continue in force until the Ninth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and the same, with the other Duties granted by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be raised, levied, collected, secured and paid, and be appropriated and applied in the manner directed by the said last recited Act.

The necessary Fourth Part of the Duties granted by 54 G. 3. c. 172. and continued by 23 G. 3. c. 121. &c. further continued till Nov. 9. 1816.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all Distilleries between the High and Lowland and intermediate Districts in Scotland, as defined in the said heretofore recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts relating to the Distilleries in Scotland, and all such Boundaries and Distinctions between any such different Parts or Districts of Scotland, and all Limitations and Restrictions relative thereto, shall be and the same are hereby repealed and abolished; save and except as in the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid is provided in relation to the Size and Capacity of the Stills, and subject to the Provisions of this Act.

Definition of Distilleries in Scotland relative to Stills and Districts, and Secondary Limitations.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, by any Licence or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to permit any Distiller or Distillers in Scotland to make use of Stills of inferior Size and Capacity to those respectively prescribed by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, not being less than Forty Gallons, under such Conditions, Limitations, Regulations and Restrictions, as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing contained in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

14 G. 3. c. 172. § 5.

Treasury empowered to alter the Use of Stills of inferior Size.

22 G. 3. c. 172. § 5.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, by any Licence or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to permit and suffer any hard Vessel or Utensil of any Distiller, which has been used or placed before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, contrary to the Regulations now in force, in relation to the fixing and placing of Vessels or Utensils in the Distilleries for Home Consumption in Scotland, to continue or direct the whole or such Part or Parts of such Vessels or Utensils as are now fixed or placed, to be altered to such Extent and in such manner as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think proper, under such Limitations, Regulations, Conditions, Modifications and Restrictions, as the said Lords Commissioners of His

Treasury also empowered to permit the continuance of Vessels or Utensils now existing to remain.

His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing contained in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty respectively, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury empowered to give an Extension of Credit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, by any License or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to allow such time as they shall think fit for the Payment of the Duties by this Act imposed, not exceeding Fourteen Days from the time the same shall respectively become due and payable, and to make such Security or Securities for the Payment thereof as the said Commissioners of Excise shall think proper; subject to such Licenses, Conditions and Restrictions as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years aforesaid, or in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury also empowered to reward Officers.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, by any Order or Warrant, signed by any Three or more of them, to grant such Rewards to Officers, to be paid out of any Duties of Excise in Scotland, for Services performed by them in preventing illicit or fraudulent Distillation, in the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think proper; subject to such Rules, Directions, Conditions and Modifications, as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall prescribe; in order to make it the Interest of such Excise Officers that no illicit or fraudulent Distillation whatever shall take place within their respective Districts.

Of Malt Spirit 24 Gallons to be prepared for every 100 Gallons of Wash.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, every Distiller for Home Consumption in Scotland shall be charged with and pay the Duties imposed by this Act, at and after the Rate of Fourteen Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tiths, of the Gravity hereinafter mentioned.

Each to pay the Duty before mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall, from the Commencement to the Termination of his, her or their License, or when such Distiller shall previously cease working for the Spirit, extract, make, distil or produce from Wort or Wash prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tiths, any Quantity of Spirit exceeding the Proportion of Fourteen Gallons for every Hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash to distillations Spirits as aforesaid, every Distiller shall pay Duty for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion aforesaid, at and after the Rate of Four Shillings and Ninepence for every Gallon of such Spirits, measured at the Strength of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof, over and above all other Duties on Wort, Wash or Spirits whatsoever.

Gravity of Worts after being drawn from the Malt Tun, are to be measured. Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That after the Worts, Table to the Duties imposed by this Act, shall have been drawn off from the Malt Tun, it shall not be lawful for any Distiller or other Person to throw in or mix therewith any Mixture called Lob, or any other Mixture or Substances whatsoever, by which the Gravity of such Worts may be increased; and that if, after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Distiller or other Person shall throw in or mix with any such Wort or Worts, after the same shall have been drawn off from the Malt Tun, any such Mixture called Lob, or any other Mixture or Substances whatsoever, by which the Gravity of any such Wort or Worts, or the Wash made therefrom, or any Part thereof, shall be increased; or shall mix all or any Part of such Wort with any other Wort, after the Gravity thereof has been ascertained and taken account of as hereinafter mentioned, or all or any Part of such Wash with any other Wash, except in the Jack or Under Back hereinafter mentioned; or convey away or conceal any Part of such Wort or Wash, every such Distiller or Person guilty of such Offence, or on whose Premises any such Offence shall be committed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Gravity of Wash by the Rectification.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the whole Quantity of such Worts that are to be placed in any Wash Batch, Tun or Vessel, for Rectification, shall be collected thereon within the Space of Twelve Hours from and after the Commencement of raising or conveying any Part of the said Worts from the Coolers or other Vessels; and all every Distiller or Distillers shall, within such Twelve Hours, make and deliver to the proper Officer a Declaration in Writing, that such Worts be collected as aforesaid are of a Gravity not exceeding Seventy five, as indicated by the Instrument hereinafter mentioned, called a Saccharometer, directed by this Act to be provided and used for this Purpose; and if any Distiller or Distillers shall refuse or neglect to collect all such Worts within the time aforesaid, or shall ferment or mix such Worts with any Yerd, or any matter or thing for concealing Fermentation, without making and delivering such Declaration as aforesaid, or which after being collected as aforesaid, shall exceed the Gravity aforesaid, every such Distiller or Distillers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty. No fixed Meas of Commensation from one Vessel to another to be used.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for any Distiller for Home Consumption in Scotland, to have or use any fermenting Tun or Vessel in which the Worts of Wash are to be fermented, which has a Commensation, by Means of a Table or Pipe or by any other fixed Meas of Commensation, with any other fermenting Tun, or any Vessel whatsoever; and if any such Distiller shall, after such Period, have or use any such fermenting Tun or Vessel, which has such Commensation with any other fermenting Tun or Vessel, every such Distiller shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Wash sent off to be charged still in

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Wash used or made by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall, before it is put into the Still for Distillation into Low Whisk, be conveyed in an

open Through or Trunk from each fermenting Tun or Vessel in which it shall have been fermented, into a circular or oval Vessel called a Jack Back or Under Back, which shall be placed in the Still House as near as conveniently may be to the Wash Still, and shall be of a Size sufficient to contain all the Wash necessary to charge the Still; and so more Wash shall be conveyed into such Jack Back at One time than is sufficient to charge the Still; and such Charge of Wash shall be conveyed into such Jack Back before the Still shall be unlocked for the Purpose of being charged; and the whole Quantity of Wash conveyed into such Jack Back, after being gauged by the Officer, shall be pumped up into an open Share or Trunk, from whence it shall be conveyed into the Still; and if any Wash staid or made by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption is sold and sold out, before it is put into the Still for Distillation into Low Wine, be conveyed into an open Through or Trunk from each fermenting Tun or Vessel into which it shall have been fermented, into such Jack Back is placed in the Still House or as near as conveniently may be to the Wash Still; or if more Wash be conveyed thither at one time than is necessary to charge such Wash Still, every Distiller so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if the Wash, or any Part thereof, shall be removed or conveyed from such Jack Back, before the proper Officer shall have taken an Account thereof in such Jack Back, or shall be kept or concealed from such Officer in any manner whatsoever; or if the whole Quantity of Wash conveyed shall not, after such Account thereof has been taken, be pumped into the Still in the manner herein directed, every such Distiller shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. Provided always, and he it enacted, That if any such Distiller, whose Works are already confiscated, wherein the Wash has been conveyed by fixed or close Tubes from the fermenting Tuns into the Jack Back, shall be defrauded of concealing the Use of such fixed or close Tubes; it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller to contrive the Use thereof; provided that every such fixed or close Tube shall be placed higher than the Top of the Jack Back, and that upon each fixed or close Tube there shall be no Stop Cock or Interruption whatever, which may prevent the whole Wash thence fermenting into the Jack Back; and provided further, that upon every Discharge Cock communicating from any Wash Tun with such fixed or close Tube, there shall be a sufficient Lock and Fastening, to be provided by the proper Supervisor, at the Expense of such Distiller; and that the same shall be and remain always locked and sealed, excepting when the same shall be opened at the Sign of the proper Officer, who shall appear when thereto required by such Distiller, for the Purpose of allowing the Wash in any such Wash Tun to run into such fixed or close Tube, to be thereby conveyed into the Jack Back; and if any such Distiller shall use any fixed or close Tube, or Discharge Cock, which shall not be of the Description aforesaid, or shall open, break or remove any Lock or Fastening to be provided for any such Discharge Cock, every such Distiller shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That before the Wash is conveyed into the Jack Back as a Charge for the Still, shall be pumped into the same, if the Officer shall, upon gauging and taking account thereof in such Jack Back, find that the Quantity of Wash so conveyed into such Jack Back or Vessel is greater than the Quantity of Wash which was previously ascertained to have been in the fermenting Vessel or Vessels from whence the same shall have been so conveyed; then the Duty imposed by this Act shall be paid for any Excess of Wash so found in such Jack Back, in addition to the Duty charged upon such Quantity in such fermenting Vessel or Vessels.

XIX. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to take a Sample or Samples of any Wort at any time or times after the same shall have been drawn from off the Malt Tun, as often as may be necessary, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Gravity thereof; and in like manner it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to take a Sample or Samples of any Wash at any time or times after the same shall have been put in any Tun or Vessel Tun or Vessels for the Purpose of Fermentation, or in the Jack Back for pumping the same into the Still; and every Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption so sentenced shall be or shall be bound to every fermenting Tun or Vessel, within Twenty Inches from the Bottom thereof, a Beak Cock of sufficient Size, to enable any Officer of Excise to draw off, without Inconvenience or Delay, a Sample or Samples of the Wash contained therein; and any such Distiller who shall neglect or delay to do so, after being thereto required by any Excise Officer, or shall hinder or prevent such Officer from, taking any such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XX. And he it further enacted, That the Instruments to be used in order to ascertain the Gravity of Wort or Wash, as directed by this Act, shall be those made in the manner of a certain Instrument called a Saccharometer, invented by Doctor Thompson, but described, from the Maker's Name, *Went's Saccharometer*; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, by and with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and they are hereby required to provide a sufficient Number of such Saccharometers to be used by the Officers of Excise acting in the Execution of this Act.

XXI. And he it further enacted, That one of the Instruments known by the Name of *Went's Saccharometer*, to be provided by the Commissioners of Excise as aforesaid, shall be and remain at their Office in the City of Edinburgh, and shall be shewn to any Distiller who shall desire to see the same, during the Hours of Eleven in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon.

XXII. And he it further enacted, That if, upon making trial of or taking an Account for ascertaining the Gravity of the Wort or Wash in any Vessel by the said Instrument called a Saccharometer, it shall appear that the Wort or the Wash made therefrom shall have increased in Gravity since the last preceding Trial of the same with the said Instrument, to the Extent of Five Degrees, as indicated on that Instrument, the Wort or Wash in any and every such Vessel shall be deemed and taken to have been fraudulently altered or charged, and the whole Quantity of Wort or Wash therein shall be charged with Double the Duty imposed by this Act upon Wort or Wash.

be conveyed into
Jack Back.

Fine.

Fine.

Wash is slowly
received for
conveying the
Wash or is con-
sidered an illegal
Conduct.

Fine.

Jack Back to be
opened.

Samples of
Wort, &c. may
be taken.

Fine.

Saccharometer
to be provided
to ascertain the
Gravity of
Wort.

One Saccharo-
meter to remain
in Excise Office
and shewn.

On trials of
Gravity.

Double Duty.

XXIII. And

Officer of Tuns, &c. not to be altered.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland to alter in any respect the Size, Situation or Position of any Tuns, Vessel, Jack Back, Still or other fixed Utensil whatsoever, used by him for the Purpose of Distillation, or in the Preparation of any Material for Distillation, without giving Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise of his Design; and if any Distiller or other Person shall in any respect alter the Size, Situation or Position of any such Tun, Vessel, Jack Back or fixed Utensil, without such Notice, or shall place any Substances, matter or thing at, or upon the Dipping Place or Places of any Tun or other Vessel used by him; or shall make any Alteration in such Dipping Place or Places; or shall do any Act, matter or thing by which the Officer may be prevented or hindered from taking true Dips and Gauges of any Worts or Washes therein; every such Distiller is offending, or in whole or in part violating any such Offence shall be convicted, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Low Wine Pump and Charging Cask of Low Wine Still to be locked.

Opening Lock, &c.

Penalty.

Spirit Cask or Receiver to be placed near to the Worts, and not at full-draw Capacity to hold the Charge.

Penalty.

Furn Cask to be provided to contain Ferment from any Charge, &c.

Officer may gauge Ferment.

Master to Officer of Excise to collect.

Penalty.

Entry of Vessels for Bulk or other Measures.

Notice before making Measurement.

Gravies to be provided.

Receivers.

Distiller not making Entry or on first Measurement disobeying Officer.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, the Low Wine Pump, and also the Charging Cask of the Low Wine Still, used by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland, shall be locked and sealed, and opened by the Excise Officer in the same manner that the Wash Pump and Charging Cask of the Wash Still used by such Distiller are locked and sealed and opened by the Excise Officer; and proper Locks and Keys shall be provided by every such Distiller for this Purpose; and if any Person shall by any Means open any such Low Wine Pump or Charging Cask, after the same shall have been so locked or secured by the Excise Officer, or shall wilfully damage the same, or the Lock or Fastenings thereof, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Spirit Cask or Receiver, into which the Spirits are required to be run or conveyed from the Low Wine produced from each Charge of the Wash Still or Stills used by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland, shall be placed by every such Distiller as near to the Discharge of the Worts of the Low Wine Still as conveniently may be, and not hid or concealed from open View; which Spirit Cask or Receiver shall be sufficient to contain the whole Produce of Spirits to be run from each Charge of such Still; and if every such Spirit Cask or Receiver shall not be placed in the manner, and be of the Size herein directed, every Distiller or Person offending in this respect shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXVI. And whereas the distilling Ferment with Wash is necessary to the Quality of the Spirits, be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, no Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall mix any Ferment with any Wash or Low Wine, or put any Ferment into any Back or other Vessel, or into any Still in which any Wash or Low Wine shall then be, or any Wash into any Back or other Vessel, or into any Still where any Ferment shall be, but shall, and every such Distiller is hereby required to provide a proper Ferment Cask sufficient to contain the whole Quantity of Ferment necessary for One Charge of the Low Wine Still used by any such Distiller or Distillers; and every such Distiller shall, immediately on the receiving thereof, run and convey all the Ferment which shall be produced from each Charge of his or her Still or Stills directly from such Still or Stills into such Ferment Cask, to be kept therein under the Lock of the Officer; and all Ferment to be produced by any such Distiller shall be kept and continued in such Ferment Cask, under such Lock as aforesaid, until the same amount in Quantity to such Charge as aforesaid, and shall be pumped into the Low Wine Still as hereinafter mentioned; and the proper Officer of Excise shall and may, from time to time during such time as aforesaid, take a true Gauge and try the Strength of all Ferment in such Ferment Cask, and calculate and compare the same at the Rate of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and keep an exact Account thereof: Provided always, that no such Distiller shall collect or keep at any one time a greater Quantity of Ferment than is sufficient for One Charge of the Low Wine Still used by him or her; and that so much as such Quantity of Ferment shall be so collected as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall and he and she is hereby required to give Notice to the proper Officer that such Ferment are so collected, and of his or her Intention to charge his or her Low Wine Still therewith, and upon the Officer's attending pursuant to such Notice, to pump all such Ferment, in the Presence of such Officer, from and out of such Ferment Cask into the Low Wine Still used by such Distiller, and to run the Produce thereof from such Low Wine Still into the Spirit Receiver, and any Distiller offending in any of the above Particulars shall for every Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That before making or using a Composition or Mixture called Bish, or any other Composition or Mixture for inducing or increasing the Fermentation of Worts or Washes, any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall make entry of every Vessel used by him for the Purpose of making or keeping any such Composition or Mixture, describing the same, and specifying the Use to which each such Vessel is to be applied; and every such Distiller shall also give Notice to the Officer of Excise, at least Six Hours before beginning to make any such Composition or Mixture, and the Officer of Excise shall take an Account thereof in such Vessels respectively, and shall and may at all times be at Liberty to take a Sample or Samples thereof, and to ascertain the Gravity thereof by the Gold Instrument called the Saccharometer; and if the Gravity thereof, or any Part thereof is ascertained, shall not any time be greater than the Gravity of the Worts made by such Distiller, so limited and so taken account of as aforesaid, such Composition or Mixture shall be deemed and taken to be Wash, and the Duty hereby imposed on Worts or Wash shall be charged thereon; and if the same, or any Part of such Mixture or Composition, shall at any time be found of any greater Gravity than aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, together with every Cask or Vessel containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and if any such Distiller shall not make entry, or shall not give Notice in the manner herein directed, or if the Officer shall be prevented or obstructed in taking an Account thereof, or Samples as above prescribed, so often and at such times as he may think necessary,

officer,

cessary, to ascertain the Gravity thereof, or if such Distiller shall refuse or neglect to remove and put all such still mentioned Mixture or Composition into his or her fermenting Tun, and mix the same with the Wort therein as aforesaid, every such Distiller is offending in any of the above Particulars, or in whole Premises any such Officer shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that if any such Distiller shall, within Thirty Hours after such Composition or Mixture shall have been begun to be made, remove and put the whole thereof into his or her fermenting Tun or Tuns, and mix the same therein with the Wort or Wats as such Tun or Tuns, in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, or if such Officer shall afterwards find any Increase of Work in the fermenting Tun or Tuns into which such Distiller or Distillers shall declare such Composition or Mixture to have been put within such time as aforesaid, equal to the Amount thereof arising therefrom, the same shall be charged with Duty therein as Part of the Wats made in such Tun or Tuns respectively, and not distinctly and separately therefrom.

Penalty.
Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland as well and sold out, accompanied with a true and lawful Permit, to any Person or Persons, not being a Rectifier or Compounder of Spirituall Spirits, any Quantity of Spirits in any Cask or Package not containing less than Nine Gallons of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, nor less than One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, or a pair of forfeiting all Spices sold or sent out contrary hereto, with the Casks or other Packages containing the same, and all Horses, Cattle, Carriages and Boats made use of in removing such Spirits, which may be seized by any Officer of the Customs or of Excise.

Not less than
Nine Gallons of
Spirits of a strength
not exceeding
one to ten over
such Proof.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of Strength of any Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise under this Act, by the Hydrometer called Syden's (a) Hydrometer, when and in so far as the same shall be by Law established and brought into use, the Strength of Eight per Centum above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be determined and taken for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this Act; and that the Strength of Seventeen per Centum under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be determined and taken for the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this Act.

Adjusting the
Strength of
Spirits by Hy-
drometers.

(a) Syden's Syden, cap. 105. ante, 16.]

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or Distillers shall work or charge any Still or Stills on the Lord's Day commonly called Sunday; (that is to say, if any Still or Stills shall not be completely discharged and worked off at or before Eleven of the Clock on Saturday Night, and shall not continue uncharged until One of the Clock on Monday Morning following; or if any Still or Stills shall be found charged or at work, or filled with any thing other than Water, between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock on Saturday Night and One of the Clock on Monday Morning, then every such Distiller or Distillers in whole Premises such Officer shall be committed shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, besides being liable in every other Part or Penalty in Law for breaking the Lord's Day.

Stills not to
be worked on
Sundays.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be paid, assigned, recovered, levied and distributed, in the manner in which Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be paid for, assigned, recovered, levied and distributed, by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Penalty.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller for Home Consumption in Scotland to make entry in the manner directed by Law, and apply for a Licence under the Authority of this Act, at any time not exceeding Ten Days preceding the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and upon such Licence being granted to such Distiller, it shall and may be lawful for him or her to prepare Worts and Wats for Distillation in the manner directed by this Act, but not to begin to distil any Part of such Worts or Wats until the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided always, that if such Distiller is applying for such Licence shall have obtained a Licence pursuant to the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it shall be made available to the said Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, or to the Person or Persons authorized by them to grant such Licences, that all the Worts or Wats prepared by any such Distiller under his current Licence, shall have been distilled into Spirits, before any Licence shall be granted to such Distiller under the Authority of this Act.

Licence under
this Act may be
granted Ten
Days preceding
such Ten, 1816.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller to apply for a Licence under the Authority of this Act at any time of the Year after the said Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; but every Licence granted under the Authority of this Act shall expire on the Ninth Day of November immediately subsequent to the Day of the Commencement of such Licence.

Every Licence
to expire on the
9th of Nov.

XXXIV. And be it enacted, That the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall remain and continue in force, and be in all respects applicable and applied for raising and paying the Duties hereby imposed, excepting in so far as the said Act is hereby altered, amended and otherwise in all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and contained in this present Act.

24 G. 3. c. 173.
to remain in
force.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That this Act shall commence upon and from the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall continue in force until the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Commencement
and Continuance
of Act.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be
altered, &c.

C. A. P. CVII.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament relating to Stamp Duties in Great Britain, so far as relates to Inventories to be exhibited and recorded in any Consistory Court in Scotland.

[13 July 1816.]

17 C. 107 & 108.
5th. Part the
Third, to
Inventory.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifth fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other writings or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Five Shillings, and on Legacies and Successions in Personal Estate upon Intestacies, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain ad valorem Duties were imposed upon Inventories to be exhibited and recorded in any Consistory Court in Scotland, of the Effects and Effects of Persons who shall have died after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight; And Whereas it is expedient to relieve certain additional Inventories from such ad valorem Duties: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, where Inventories of the Personal or Movable Estate and Effects of Persons deceased shall have been exhibited and recorded in any Consistory Court in Scotland, prior to the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, pursuant to the Directions of and duly stamped as required by the Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings and other writings or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Successions in Personal Estate upon Intestacies, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; and in consequence of the subsequent Delinquency of other Effects belonging to the same Persons, additional Inventories thereof shall hereafter be exhibited and recorded pursuant to the Directions of the said Act, all such additional Inventories shall be exempted from the said ad valorem Duties granted by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, and that each of the said additional Inventories as would not have been liable under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in case the same had been exhibited and recorded prior to the First Day of September One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to a Stamp Duty of greater Amount than the Duty already paid upon any former Inventories exhibited and recorded of the Estate and Effects of the same Persons, shall be raised, levied and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, each and the same Duty only as each additional Inventory would have been subject and liable to under the said last mentioned Act.

Additional In-
ventories liable
under Act G. 3.
c. 149 to pay a
greater Duty,
shall be charged
with that Duty
only.

Duty under
Consentment
of Stamp.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties hereby granted shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in Great Britain, which said Commissioners and the major Part of them are hereby empowered and required to provide proper and sufficient Stamps or Dies for expressing and denoting the said Duties hereby granted, or the Amount thereof respectively, upon the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper chargeable therewith, and to alter and renew the same from time to time as Occasion shall require, and also to employ such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Acts and things as shall be thought necessary or expedient for effectually raising and collecting the said Duties hereby granted, and for putting this Act into Execution, in the like and in as full and ample manner as they or any former Commissioners are or have been authorized to do for the raising and collecting of any former Stamp Duties, or for putting into Execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

Persons of
former Acts re-
lating to Stamp
to extend to this
Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Forfeitures, Penes and Penalties contained in and imposed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any Stamp Duties, shall be of full force and effect with respect to the Duties hereby granted as far as the same are or shall be applicable, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution, for the raising, levying, collecting and securing of the said Duties hereby granted and otherwise relating thereto, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been before repeated and specially enacted with reference to the said Duties hereby granted.

Application of
Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Moneys to arise from the Duties granted by this Act shall be paid, applied and disposed of in the same manner as the Duties from which the said Levies and Inventories are hereby exempted would have been payable and applicable in case this Act had not been made.

C. A. P. CVIII.

An Act to repeal certain Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties of Excise on Beer and Malt, to alter the Drawbacks on Plate Glass, and to prevent Frauds therein.

[13 July 1816.]

17 C. 107 & 108.
5th. (B.)

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Disputes Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, a Drawback in payment and allowed of Four Shillings and Eleven pence for every Barrel of Strong Beer or Ale brewed or made in Great Britain, above Eighteen Shillings the Barrel exclusive of the Duty, and not being Two penny Ale, mentioned and defined in the Seventh Article of the Treaty of Union with Scotland, which shall be duly exported to*

Foreigns

Foreign Parts as Merchandise, and which shall be proved to have been brewed after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and there: And Whereas several of the Duties imposed by the said Act were by subsequent Acts continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen (16), and several of such Duties have been and are further continued, but the Duty on Malt therein imposed will cease and expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and therefore may arise whether by the Continuation of such Duties as aforesaid, the said Drawback in respect of the Exportation of Beer is also continued: For the Prevention and Removal of such Doubts, be it declared and enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Drawback in respect of the Exportation of Beer does and shall wholly cease and expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be no longer paid or payable, any thing in any other Act or Acts of Parliament in the present or any other Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

[S. 53 G. 3. c. 39.]

II. And Whereas by the said recited Act a Countervailing Duty of Excise of Four Shillings and Eleven pence is imposed for every Barrel containing of Forty six Gallons English Beer Measure, of *Isle* Beer, Ale or Malt, which shall be imported into Great Britain, directly from Ireland, and the said Duty has been from continued and is now in force: And Whereas by a certain other Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign aforesaid, entitled *An Act for allowing the Exportation of British and Irish made Malt from One Part of the United Kingdom to the other, a Countervailing Duty of Excise of Four Shillings and Four pence is imposed for every Bushel of Malt imported into Ireland and imported directly from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England; and another Countervailing Duty of Excise of Three Shillings and Eight pence and Two Twentieths of a Farthing is also by the said last mentioned Act imposed for every Bushel of such Malt made in Ireland and imported directly from thence into that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and by the said last mentioned Act a Drawback of Four Shillings and Four pence is allowed for every Bushel of Malt made in that Part of Great Britain called England, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been fully paid and exported from thence to Ireland aforesaid; and another Drawback of Three Shillings and Eight pence and Two Twentieths of a Farthing is allowed for every Bushel of Malt made from Barley or any other Corn or Grain except Beer or Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid and exported from thence to Ireland aforesaid: And Whereas in consequence of the Collation of the Duty of Excise upon Malt made in Great Britain, imposed by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, it is expedient to repeal the said Countervailing Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, such, imposed on *Isle* Beer, Ale or Malt imported into Great Britain, and also Two Shillings per Bushel of the said several Countervailing Duties respectively imposed by the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign aforesaid, on Malt imported into England or Scotland respectively from Ireland, and Two Shillings per Bushel of the Drawbacks respectively granted and allowed by the last mentioned Act, in respect of Malt exported from England or Scotland respectively to Ireland: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said Countervailing Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, imposed on *Isle* Beer, Ale or Malt imported into Great Britain, and also Two Shillings per Bushel of the said Countervailing Duties respectively imposed by the said Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign aforesaid, on Malt imported into England or Scotland respectively from Ireland, and Two Shillings per Bushel of the said Drawbacks respectively granted and allowed by the last mentioned Act in respect of Malt exported from England or Scotland respectively to Ireland, shall be and the same is and are hereby respectively repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.*

III. And Whereas Drawbacks of Excise are payable by Law amounting to Six Shillings and Sixpence Halfpenny for every Square Foot superficial Measure of Plate Glass made in Great Britain, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported to Merchandise to Foreign Parts, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity: And Whereas it is expedient to limit the Payment of such Drawbacks as Plate Glass, to such Plate Glass only as shall be ground and polished and of a certain Size and Thickness: Be it therefore enacted, That no Drawback shall be allowed or paid for or in respect of the Exportation of any Ground or Polished Plate Glass made in Great Britain, unless such Ground and Polished Plate Glass be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of One Eighth of an Inch at the least, and unless each and every Piece of such Ground and Polished Plate Glass be free from Stains and Blemishes, and be perfect and fit for immediate Use, and for Ground and Polished Plate Glass; and that if any Person or Persons shall pack or ship for Exportation on Drawback, any Plate or Plates of Plate Glass as and for Ground and Polished Plate Glass made in Great Britain which is not Plate Glass, or has not been ground and polished, or which shall be Foreign Glass, or of less Dimension or Thickness throughout than aforesaid, or shall be flawed, or blemished, or imperfect, or not immediately fit for Use as and for Ground and Polished Plate Glass, or any other Sort of Glass with or without any Ground and Polished Plate Glass, the same, together with the Package in which such Plate or Plates may be contained, and all the Glass therein shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and lose for each and every such Case or Package the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

56 Geo. III.

G M

IV. And

Drawback on
Isle Beer, Ale
or Malt.

10 G 3 c 39
S. 53
25 G 3 c 39
S. 53

f.

Countervailing
Duty on Isle
Beer imposed
into Great
Britain imposed
by 43 G. 3.
c. 51, and the
Countervailing
Duty imposed
by 5 G. 1.
c. 12 on Malt,
and also the
Drawbacks re-
spected, except
Arrears

No Drawbacks
to be allowed on
Exportation of
Ground or Pol-
ished Glass, un-
less exported in
rectangular
Plates of a cer-
tain Size and
Thickness, and
Shipped con-
taining certain
marks

Seizure and
Penalty.

In case of the Drawbacks and Excise, there shall be paid for Unpolished Plate Glass exported as afloat, and for certain Drawbacks hereinafter mentioned, Shipping and every other necessary Charge.

Provision for Plate Glass may be made in any Number of Tons of Unpolished Glass in Proportion to the Quantity of the Drawbacks.

Allowance shall be made for the Port of Call, and every other necessary Charge.

Offending Officers.

Penalty. No Crown Glass, &c. to be made of greater Thickness than herein mentioned.

Drawbacks on Plate Glass to be paid.

Penalties for Offences against the Laws of Excise extended to Drawbacks of

IV. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Drawbacks aforesaid, and of all other Drawbacks of Excise, there shall be paid and allowed for every Hundred Weight of Unground or Unpolished Plate Glass made in Great Britain, in respect of which the said Duties imposed on Plate Glass shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported in rectangular Plates of perfect merchantable Glass, and of the Dimensions of Six Inches in Length and Four Inches in Breadth, and of the Thickness of One Quarter of an Inch, and not more than Half an Inch, the Sum of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings only, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and that if any Person or Persons shall pack or ship for Exportation any Drawback any Unground or Unpolished Plate Glass of less or greater Dimensions in Thickness, or of less Dimensions in Size than as aforesaid, or any such imperfect or unmerchantable Unground or Unpolished Plate Glass, or shall pack or ship any Unground or Unpolished Plate Glass in any case or other Package with or amongst any other Kind or Sort of Glass, the same, together with the Package in which any such Glass shall be contained, and all the Glass therein, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and lose for each and every such Case or Package the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers of Plate Glass in the Presence of the Supervisor or Surveyor and Surveying Officer of the District in which he, her or their Glass House shall be situated, to break in pieces to the Satisfaction of such Supervisor or Surveyor and other Officers, in that the same be thereby rendered wholly useless, except for being remelted, any Number of Plates of Unground and Unpolished Plate Glass, provided the same shall be so broken after the same shall have come from the Kilo and have annealed, and before being removed from the Glass House where it shall have been annealed into any Warehouse, and so in each and every of such Plates respectively good and merchantable Plate Glass, and of the original Size in which the same were made, and not less than Six Inches in Length and Four Inches in Breadth, and a Quarter of an Inch or more than Half an Inch in Thickness, and shall thereupon be allowed out of the Duties growing and becoming due and payable from such Maker or Makers respectively for Plate Glass, after the Rate of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Glass as broken in Pieces, and so in proportion for a greater or less Quantity: Provided also, that such Maker or Makers respectively shall give Six Days' previous Notice in Writing to such Supervisor, Surveyor or Officer, of his Desire and Intention to break such Glass, and specify therein the Number of Plates and Weight of such Glass, and the Day and Hour when the same shall be so broken, and shall during such Six Days lay, place and keep the same, so that the Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer, shall be able readily and correctly to take an Account thereof, and shall permit such Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer, to take any One of such Plates before being broken, or any Part of any of such Plates after being broken, by way of Sample, be it or they paying for the same at the Rate of Two pence per Pound; and shall keep and use true and correct Scales and Weights for weighing the same, and not and assist by his Servant and Workman such Supervisor or Surveyor and other Officer in weighing and taking Account thereof; and if any such Maker or Makers shall abridge such Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer thereof, or produce for being weighed any Plate or Plates of Glass other than as aforesaid, or on the Materials of which the Duty shall not have been charged, or which shall have been made or manufactured from fuel, had or merchantable Metal or Glass, or from any Part of the Glass required by Law to be left in the Bottom of any Pot or Pans, or keep, produce or use any false Scales or Weights for the weighing of any such Glass as aforesaid, or use, or cause or suffer to be used, any Art, Means or Contrivance, to deceive or prevent such Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer taking an Account of or weighing such Glass, from taking a true Account thereof, or by which His Majesty may be defrauded, such Maker or Makers shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Crown Glass, or German Sheet Glass, or Broad or Spread Window Glass, shall be made in the United Kingdom of greater Thickness in the Face, superficial and exclusive of the Centre or Bulbous and Selvage or Run thereof, than One Ninth Part of an Inch, except the Metal or Glass shall, before the same or any Part thereof be begun to be manufactured use Waxes, be declared by the Maker thereof, by Notice in Writing to be delivered by him, her or them to the proper Officer of Excise, to be made for Plate Glass, and the Duty imposed upon Plate Glass be charged thereon; and that if any such Glass respectively, except as aforesaid, shall be made of any greater Thickness than One Ninth Part of an Inch, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Drawbacks on Plate Glass by this Act allowed and granted shall and may be respectively paid and allowed in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the Drawbacks of Duties of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities of the same Sorts or kinds respectively, are or may be paid or allowed except in so far as the same are altered by this Act, and the Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, in or by this Act respectively entitled to Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, in which Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in general, and also to all and every the Special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively were subject and liable except as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Fine, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses,

Powers and Discretion therein contained, shall and are hereby dissolved and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Drawbacks of Duties of Excise on Plate Glass, lawfully allowed and granted, in its full and ample manner to all Interests and Particulars whatsoever, except as aforesaid, as if all and every the said Acts, Charters, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Duties on Plate Glass.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

C A P. CX.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intimated *An Act for granting, during the Continuance of the present War and until five Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain*, should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

46 G. 3. c. 110.

Revised Act for this Session.

C A P. CX.

An Act for the further Regulation of the Trades of Tanners and Curriers. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Drawbacks of Excise payable by Law upon the Exportation of Hides and Skins, tanned, tawed or dressed in Great Britain, and Leather made or manufactured into Goods or Wares in Great Britain, from Great Britain to Foreign Parts as Merchandise, and to grant and allow other Drawbacks of Excise in lieu thereof: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Drawbacks of Excise now payable by Law, upon the Exportation of Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dressed in Great Britain, and of Leather made or manufactured into Goods or Wares in Great Britain, from Great Britain to Foreign Parts, as Merchandise, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks now payable on tanned Hides and Leather repealed, except Arrears.

II. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of the Drawbacks of Excise hereby repealed, there shall be allowed and granted the following Drawbacks; (that is to say),

In lieu thereof the following

For all Hides and Kips, and Calf Skins, Sheep and Lamb Skins, and Seal Skins, Hog Skins and Dog Skins, tanned or tawed in Great Britain, and duly marked; and also for all such Hides and Skins as shall be cut in Pieces, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts as Merchandise:

Drawbacks to be paid.

For every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Leather tanned in Great Britain, and chargeable by Law to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Two pence Halfpenny:

For all Hides and Calf Skins, Sheep and Lamb Skins, Hog and Seal Skins, tanned in Great Britain, and afterwards curried and duly marked, and also for all such Hides and Skins so curried, as shall be cut in Pieces, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts as Merchandise, Four pence:

For every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Goat Skins tanned with Stomach, in Great Britain, and for every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Sheep Skins, tanned in Great Britain, for Russia, being after the Manner of Spanish Leather, and exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Eight pence:

For every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Boots and Shoes made in Great Britain of tanned Leather, and exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Parts beyond the Seas, rather than Ireland, Sixpence:

For every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Gloves or other Manufactures made in Great Britain of any kind of tanned, tawed or curried Leather, chargeable by Law to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Sixpence:

For every Pound Weight Avoidupoise of Boots or Shoes made in Great Britain, the Upper Leathers, Vamps and Boot Legs of which are made of Morocco Leather, Spanish Leather or Kid Skins, for which the

Duties in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts as Merchandise, Eight pence :

For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight of all Buck, Deer and Elk Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, One Shilling :

For every Pound Weight of all other Skins, except Sheep and Lamb, Buck, Deer and Elk Skins, and of all Hides dressed in Oil in Great Britain, and duly marked, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Buck, Deer, and Elk Skins dressed in Great Britain, and made into Goods and Wares other than Gloves, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise, One Shilling and Three pence :

For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Gloves made of Leather dressed in Oil in Great Britain, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, One Shilling and Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight Averdupois of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil in Great Britain, and made into Goods and Wares (other than Gloves), for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from Great Britain as Merchandise, Nine pence.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several Drawbacks by this Act allowed and granted shall and may be respectively paid and allowed in such and the like manner, and in or by or either of the general or special Menus, Ways or Methods, by which the former Drawbacks hereby repealed, or the Drawbacks of Duties of Excise respectively, upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively, were or might be paid or allowed, except in far as the same are altered by this Act ; and the Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities, so by this Act respectively entitled to Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities in general, and also to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities respectively were subject and liable, except as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act relating to the Duties of Excise ; and all and every Pains, Penalties, Fines or Forfeitures of any Nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whosoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Classes, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby declared and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, professed and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Drawbacks of Duties of Excise hereby allowed and granted, in as full and ample a manner, to all Intents and Purposes whosoever, except as aforesaid, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and enacted in the Body of this Act.

IV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Anne, intituled *An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tanned or dressed, and upon Felt and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty-two Years, for gratifying the War and other Her Majesty's most necessary Occasions*, and which Act was afterwards made perpetual, it is enacted, that if any Tannery or other Person or Persons shall, from and after the said Twentieth fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and eleven, have or make to be tanned any Hide or Call Skin whatsoever before the same be thoroughly tanned, whereby such Hide or Skin shall be improved, and Her Majesty's Duty thereby diminished, every such Hide or Skin, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, One Moiety to the Queen, and the other Moiety to him or them that so sell or make or use for the same : And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said recited Provision of the said Act : Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the same shall be and is hereby repealed, save and except as to the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, incurred in any Respect relating thereto before or upon that Day ; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any licensed Tannery or Tanneries to take out of the Woollen and have any Hide or Skin, or to cut and separate therefrom the thin Parts thereof : Provided always, that every such Tannery or Tanneries shall give Six Days previous Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, of his Intention or Desire so to do, specifying in such Notice the Day and Hour when he, she or they will take any such Hides or Skins out of the Woollen, and the Number of such Hides or Skins respectively to be taken out, and whether the same are to be taken out for the Purpose of being saved, or for the thin Parts to be cut off and separated as aforesaid, and if any Tannery or Tanneries shall take any Hides or Skins, or Parts or Proofs of Hides or Skins out of the Woollen for either of the Purposes aforesaid respectively, or for any other Purpose, except by filling the same into other Woollen in the same tanned Condition, or shall remove or conceal any Hide or Skin, or any Piece or Part thereof, not being the saving thereof, from the Sight or View of the Officer, so that the Duties payable thereon shall not be duly charged, accounted for and paid, the Tannery or Tanneries respectively so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

V. And

That nothing in this Act shall extend to any Goods, Wares, Merchandise or Commodities

Formerly exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts.

5 Ann. c. 11
§ 12

Provision in recited Act prohibiting the Stripping of Hides repealed.
Tanneries may take out of the Woollen and have Hides, &c. before to be given to the proper Officer. Tanneries removing or concealing Hides from View of Officer.

Penalty.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Carder or Carvers, or other Persons or Persons not being so entered Taxers, to sell or dispose of or about the carrying of any Hide or Skin, or in the Preparation or Dressing of any Leather, except only for the Purpose of colouring such Leather, upon pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Tawer, Tawer or Dresser of Hides or Skins, or Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins, shall hang up such Hides or Skins, or Parts or Pieces of Hides or Skins, which be, for or they shall take out of the Woole for that Purpose, separate and apart from all Hides or Skins, and Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins, hang up to dry, or taken out of the Woole for that Purpose, on any former Day, and shall keep up and continue the same, and every of them, so separate and apart, until the Surveying Officer shall have taken an Account thereof; and if any such Tawer, Tawer or Dresser shall refuse or neglect so to do, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Month of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Month to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. CXI.

An Act to repeal Part of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland, to reduce the Drawback on such Spirits exported to Foreign Ports, and to make further Regulations for the Collection of the said Duties, and the Duties on Licences for retailing Spirituous and other Liquors in Ireland.

[11th July 1816.]

• **W**HEREAS it is expedient that Part of the Duty of Excise on Spirits made from Corn or Grain in Ireland should be repealed, and that the Drawbacks on such Spirits exported from Ireland to any Place except Great Britain should be reduced; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Excise Duty of Sixpence granted and made payable upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters or Spirits made or distilled in Ireland from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise in Ireland upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain, malted and fermented*, and shall be and the same is hereby repealed, for and in respect of all such Spirits which shall be made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Ireland, or which having been secured in any of His Majesty's Warehouses pursuant to Law, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse for Home Consumption in Ireland at any time or times from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That on all Spirits distilled from Corn in Ireland, and exported from thence to any Place except Great Britain, after the said Fifth Day One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks following; (that is to say,) on all such Spirits which shall have been secured in any of His Majesty's Warehouses, and which shall be exported directly from and out of such Warehouse, the Sum of Four pence Farthing British Currency for every Gallon of such Spirits, for and in respect of the Duty on the Malt used in the making and distilling of such Spirits; and on all such Spirits as shall not be exported from such Warehouse, and as shall have paid all Duties imposed by Law thereon, the Sum of Five Shillings and Two pence Farthing British Currency for every Gallon of such Spirits of a Strength not less than that of One to Two over Hydrometer Proof; and the said Drawbacks shall be in lieu of all former Drawbacks on such Spirits respectively under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks or Allowances by this Act allowed and made payable on the Exportation of Spirits, shall be paid and tendered under and subject to all such Rules and Regulations as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland respecting Drawbacks; and that every Person claiming such Drawback or Allowance shall perform all such Regulations, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions as are required to be performed and observed by Persons exporting any Article whereon any Drawback is payable for obtaining the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for all Spirits distilled from Corn or Grain in Ireland, which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller licensed to keep a Still, according One hundred Gallons Current in Ireland, on the Morning of the Monday immediately preceding the said Fifth Day of July, there shall be allowed to the Distiller of such Spirits for every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Sixpence British Currency; and that upon all Spirits which shall be distilled or chargeable on auction which day there shall be charged upon every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence British Currency, and no more; and the Officer in Charge of such Distillery shall make his Return and Charge of Duty accordingly.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of the Distillery of any such Distiller shall, within Fourteen Days after the said Fifth Day of July, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the Distillery in which such Distillery shall be situate, of the pit and true Quantity of all Spirits in the Stock of such Distiller upon the Morning of the Monday next immediately preceding the said Fifth

Carver also
Buckin in carrying
Waters Act
except for
colouring
Leather,
Penalty.
Wine taken out
of Wine in be
bottled in 63
bottles in 63
Account taken,
Penalty.

How are the
Excise of 11
Pence.

Duty of 6d. per
Gallon on Spirits
exported by
1816 is 6 1/2d.
is repealed.

Drawbacks to be
paid on Spirits
exported (except
to Great Britain)
in lieu of former
Drawbacks.

Drawbacks
subject to the
Regulations.

Allowance for
Spirits in Stock
of Distiller in
Ireland to keep a
Still existing
100 Gallons.
Duty for Spirits
distilled after a
certain Day.
Officer to make
Return of Stock
to Collector.

Copy to be left
with Distiller,
and be sub-
mitted to Com-
missioners.
Penalty,
Commissioners
to make Pay-
ments of Allow-
ance.

Fifth Day of July: and also of the Amount of the said Allowance of Spirit upon every Gallon of such Spirits; and every such Officer shall leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Distiller, or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and shall transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Offence of so doing; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon the Application of such Distiller, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to make an Order or Orders for the Payment or Satisfaction to such Distiller of all such Sum or Sums of Money as under the Return of the said Officer shall to the said Commissioners appear to be payable to such Distiller in respect of such Allowance of Spirit per Gallon of such Spirit, either by Payment of the Amount of such Allowance to such Distiller by the Collector of the District, or by any Allowance or Abatement to such Distiller out of or in respect of any Duty of Excise on Spirit which may be or become payable or due from such Distiller, in such manner, and at such times, and under such Orders, Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to make for that Purpose.

So much of any
Act as requires
the Number of
Charges of Low
Wines, be re-
gulated.
Distiller in pay
Duty for such
Quantities of
Spirits as might
be produced
from Number of
Charges of Low
Wines specified
in Table an-
nexed.
Further Duty in
respect of stills
for so much
more Spirits as
might be pro-
duced.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, at the time of the passing of this Act, as regulates or defines the Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirit producible wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of any Still or Stills used by such Distiller, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act every Distiller in Ireland shall for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still or Stills in the Distillery of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working under the Regulations or Provisions of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirit distilled in Ireland, be charged with and shall pay Duty for such respective Quantities of Spirit as might be produced according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force from the several Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines, severally set forth in the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every such Still being of the several Contents in the said Table specified and contained, in lieu of the former Charges in respect of such Stills, and that the said Table, and all and every the matters therein specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act in all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that every such Distiller shall over and above such several Quantities respectively be charged with and shall pay Duty in respect of each and every such Still or Stills for as much more Spirit as might be produced according to the Rates in the said Act specified, from all Whisky, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singletons, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above such several Quantities respectively, and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return of the Quantities of such Spirit, and of the Duties thereon accordingly, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Vases, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirit distilled in Ireland.

Distiller keeping
Still of certain
Content to give
Notice when he
intends to work
with Tare not
charged only.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller intended to keep a Still or Stills under One thousand Gallons Content, and exceeding One hundred Gallons Content, shall intent in the Notice which he is bound by Law to give to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger before he commences or re-commences to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner, Six Days before the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still shall be chargeable as working, that such Distiller purports to work any Still or Stills in his Possession during the next succeeding Period with Tare only not charged, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Tare not charged, such Distiller shall for every such Period, during which any such Still or Stills shall be worked with no other Fuel than Tare not charged, be charged with and pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirit as might be produced (according to the Rates aforesaid) from Five sixths of the Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines, to which such Still would otherwise be liable, and also with Duty for as much more Spirit as might be produced according to the said Rates, from all Whisky, Pot Ale, Singletons or Low Wines, which such Distiller shall actually distil within each Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity producible from such reduced Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines as aforesaid: Provided always, that every such Distiller shall also, Six Days previous to the Commencement of any Period during which such Distiller purports to work any Still or Stills in his Possession with Tare only not charged, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Tare not charged, give Notice of such his intention to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and in default of giving every such respective Notice, the Still or Stills of such Distiller in making default shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines for the whole of each Period.

Duty in fact
only not charged.

Notice also to
Commissioners.

Penalty

Working with
Coal, &c. after
such Notice,
Still subject to
full Number of
Charges.

Coal, &c.
found on Pre-
mises, after
Notice of work-
ing with Tare
only, forfeited.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Still in the Possession of any Distiller shall at any time during any Period in which the Distiller shall have given Notice of working any such Still or Stills with Tare only, be worked with any Coal, Coke, charred Tare, or other Fuel than Tare not charged, every such Still shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singletons or Low Wines for the whole of such Period, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller shall have given such Notice that he purports to work any such Still or Stills in his Possession, during any Period with Tare only as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller to have or keep within his Distillery or any Premises connected therewith, at any time during such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Tare not charged; and if, during any such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Tare not charged shall be found within the Distillery of such Distiller, or within any Premises connected therewith, all such Coal or other Fuel shall be forfeited and may be found, and

and the Distiller within whose Distillery or other Premises such Coal or other Fuel shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and each Distiller shall also be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Suggings or Low Wines, for the said Period, for and in respect of every Still in his Distillery, which shall by Law be considered as working without any Allowance whatever, for or in respect of the Use of Turf thereto, and as if every such Still had been worked with Coal during that Period.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, from time to time to order and direct that all Spirits distilled in the Distillery of any Distiller be *Irished*, in such Casks, Towns or Places, wherein an Office for granting Presents shall not be established, and as shall be mentioned and specified in any Order to be made by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, shall be deposited in His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores, and that no Spirits distilled in such Distillery shall be sent out of such Distillery, to any Place whatever except to His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores, and that no such Spirits shall be sold, disposed of or delivered by such Distiller to any Person or Persons, until the same shall be warehoused in such Warehouse or Stores, under the Regulations required by Law, or such other Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall from time to time make for that Purpose; and that from and after the time when such Order or Direction of such Commissioners shall be so made, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller to send any Spirits out of his Distillery or Stores, contrary to such Order, on Pain of Forfeiture of all such Spirits, and of the Casks or Vessels in which the same shall be contained, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and it shall not be lawful for any Officer to grant any Permit for the Removal of such Spirits from the Distillery or Stores of such Distiller, except to such Warehouse, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And Whereas it is expedient, for the further Encouragement of Distillers bound to keep Stills of or under One hundred Gallons Content, that Spirits distilled in any such Still should be allowed to remain in His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores for a longer Period than Four Calendar Months, without Payment of any Sum of Money after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Cask, on the Amount of the Duties on such Spirits; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Spirits which shall have been or shall be made or distilled in any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, and which shall have been or shall be warehoused pursuant to Law in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in Ireland, shall and may remain in any such Warehouse or Store for any Period without Payment of any such Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Cask stored, for or in respect of such Spirits upon the taking of the same out for Home Consumption; and that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, to order any such Spirits to be sold at the Expiration of such Period of Four Months; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Distiller or other Proprietor of any such Spirits to take such Spirits out of Warehouse for Home Consumption, in any Quantity not less than One hundred Gallons, any thing in any Act or Acts in force to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, and they are hereby respectively authorized, upon Application made to them for that Purpose, to allow any Spirits which shall have been or shall be made or distilled in any Still exceeding One hundred Gallons Content, and which shall have been or shall be warehoused pursuant to Law, in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in Ireland, to remain in any such Warehouse or Stores, for any Period of time beyond such Period of Four Calendar Months, as to the said Commissioners shall from time to time appear expedient, and without Payment of any such Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Cask stored, for or in respect of such Spirits upon the taking of the same out for Home Consumption.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatever in Ireland shall have in his or her Custody or Possession at any time after the Expiration of any Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, any Spirits in any Quantity whatever, the full Duties chargeable whereon shall not have been paid, or any Spirits in any Quantity exceeding One Gallon, which shall not have been duly and legally permitted and attended with a proper Permit or Permit to him, her or them, every such Person aforesaid shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and upon the Trial of any Information for the Recovery of the said Penalty, the Defendant or Defendants in such Information shall be convicted, unless due Proof shall be made by such Defendant or Defendants, that the full Duty on such Spirits had been duly paid, or that such Spirits were bought by or for such Defendant or Defendants, and received from a licensed Distiller, or some Person licensed to sell Spirits, or that the same were attended with proper Permit or Permits to such Defendant or Defendants, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller before he shall commence the working of any Still or Stills in any Year, and so in like manner before he shall recommence the working of any Still or Stills after any Discontinuance thereof, shall in addition to the respective Notices which he is by Law required to give of so commencing or recommencing work, to the Collector of the District, and the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, setting forth the Day and Hour when such Distiller shall intend to commence or recommence to work any such Still respectively, as the case may be, and any Distiller who shall commence or recommence the working of any Still without having given such Notice to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, shall for each such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XV. And Whereas it is by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation, it is amongst other things enacted, that if any Distiller

Penalty.

Whereas Office for granting Presents is not established, Commissioners shall order Spirits to be warehoused.

In what only Spirits may be granted for Removal of such Spirits.

Spirits distilled from Stills of or under one hundred Gallons content in Warehouses for any Period without Payment of 10 per Cent. of Duty.

In what Quantities Spirits may be taken out for Home Consumption.

Spirits from Stills exceeding two Gallons may remain in Warehouses beyond the Period of Four Months without such Payment.

Persons having Spirits in Possession at a time when Duty has not been paid, or having any Quantity exceeding one Gallon without a Permit. Penalty.

Distillers before commencing the working of any Still or Stills in any Year, and so in like manner before he shall recommence the working of any Still or Stills after any Discontinuance thereof.

Penalty.

of C. 5. c. 38.

445

* who shall have discontinued the working of any Still in manner mentioned in the said Act, shall intend to set
 * at work again such Still in discontinuance, such Distiller shall give the several and respective Notices directed
 * and appointed by the said Act, specifying the Day and Hour on which he intends to so recommence the
 * working of such Still, and that such Day shall be on some Monday not less than Four Weeks distant from the
 * time of the last Discontinuance of the Working of such Still: And Whereas it may be expedient to certain
 * cases to allow Distillers to recommence the working of any Still on some other Monday: Be it therefore
 * enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any
 * Three of them, to permit or allow any Distiller to recommence the working of any Still upon any Monday,
 * although such Monday may not be Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontinuance of the work-
 * ing of such Still, provided that such Monday shall be the Commencement of some whole Period of Four Weeks
 * previous to the Twenty sixth Day of September in any Year, and provided also that special Application shall be
 * for that Purpose made by such Distiller to the said Commissioners Ten Days at least before the Day of such
 * Re-commencement, and upon good and sufficient Cause shown, and that such Distiller shall give Six Days' Notice
 * of his Intention of his being desirous of so recommencing to work to the Collector or other Officer in charge of
 * the Collection of the Duties, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller: and it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller after having obtained the Permission or Allowance of the said
 * Commissioners, or any Three of them, for that Purpose, and having given such Notice as aforesaid to the Col-
 * lector, Surveyor and Gauger as aforesaid (but not otherwise), to recommence the working of any Still or Stills
 * accordingly as the Monday mentioned in such his Application and Notice as aforesaid, and no other Day shall
 * be mentioned in any such Application or Notice than some Monday which shall be the Commencement of some
 * whole Period of Four Weeks previous to the Twenty sixth Day of September, and every such Distiller shall in
 * such case be charged and chargeable, and shall pay Duty in all respects as if such Monday of so recommencing
 * to work had been Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontinuance, to work such Still, any thing in
 * the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall recommence the working of any Still on any
 Day which shall be less than Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontinuance of such Still, unless
 and until such Distiller shall have first had and obtained such Permission or Allowance aforesaid for that Pur-
 pose from the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, every such Distiller who shall so recommence contrary
 hereto shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any Still in the Distillery of any Dis-
 tiller shall be chargeable as working under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the regulating the Distil-
 lation of Spirits, and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, for any Period of Four Weeks ending
 on the Fifth Day of September, or on any Day subsequent to the said Day, and before the Twenty sixth Day
 of each Month of September in any Year, it shall not be lawful for the Distiller to continue to work such Still
 at any time beyond the End of such Period of Four Weeks, but the working of such Still shall be discontinued
 at the End of such Period of Four Weeks, whether any Notice shall have been given for that Purpose or not; and
 it shall be lawful for the Officer of Excise in charge of such Distillery to stop down and submit the Head
 of every such Still: and so proceed in all other respects as if Notice of the Discontinuance of the working
 of such Still had been given by the Distiller in manner required by Law in all cases of discontinuing the working
 of any Still; and if at any time after the End of the said Period of Four Weeks, and before the said Twenty
 sixth Day of September, any such Still or Stills shall be found at work in the Distillery of such Distiller, such
 Distiller shall be charged and chargeable with the Duty payable in respect of the said Still for a full Period of
 Four Weeks next ensuing the Day upon which the working of such Still ought to have been discontinued as
 aforesaid, and the Officer in charge of such Distillery shall make such Weekly Return or Returns during each
 Part of the said Period of Four Weeks as shall elapse at any time previous to the Twenty sixth Day of each
 Month of September, as is required by Law in cases where any Still shall be chargeable as working; and such
 Officer shall also, within Ten Days next after the Twenty sixth Day of each Month of September, make a Return
 to the Collector of the Distinct of a Charge upon each Distiller of all such Quantities of Spirits, and the
 Duties thereon, as, with the Quantities comprised in any such previous weekly Return or Returns, shall amount
 to the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller shall be chargeable with Duty in respect of such Still,
 for a full Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days; and such Distiller shall pay the Duty appearing by
 such Return and Charge to have become due and payable within Six Days after such Return and Charge shall
 have been made, or shall for any Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the
 Duty so returned and charged, although it may happen that the Licence of such Distiller may have expired
 on the said Twenty sixth Day of September, and although such Still shall not have been actually at work at any
 time after such Twenty sixth Day of September.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise
 and Taxes in Ireland, from time to time to make such Regulations as they shall think fit, to ascertain and
 authorize the Amount of the Allowance or Deduction to be made out of any Charge of Duty arising from the
 Decourse of any Wash or Pot Ale, for or in respect of any Quantity of Low Wines or Stings which may
 remain on Hand in the Distillery of any Distiller at the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks, or Twenty
 eight Days, during which any Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working in proportion to the Content
 of any such Still respectively; and that it shall not be lawful for any Officer to make any Allowance or Deduc-
 tion whatever from any such Charge of Duty on any Distiller for or in respect of any Quantity of Low Wines
 or Stings which may remain on Hand at the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight
 Days, during which the Still of any Distiller shall be chargeable as working, nor shall any Distiller be entitled
 at any time to any such Allowance or Deduction from any such Charge of Duty, other than such Allowance
 and

Commissaries
 may permit the
 Distiller to
 recommence the
 working of his
 Still on any Mon-
 day provided that
 there be Four
 Weeks previous to
 the 26th of
 September

Recommencing
 on less than Four
 Weeks from
 Discontinuance
 without Permis-
 sion.

Distiller not to
 work Still be-
 yond Four
 Weeks charged.

Officer to submit
 Head of Still.

Still found at
 work after such
 Period of Four
 Weeks to be
 charged with the
 Duty

Penalty.

Allowance in
 respect of Wash
 and of Low
 Wines to stand
 at Expiration of
 Four Weeks.

and Deduction as shall be so ascertained and authorized by the said Commissioners, from time to time, in proportion to the Contents of the Still as aforesaid, except as is hereinafter provided with respect to the weekly Charges on such Distillers.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall make, distil, extract or produce any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of One Gallon of Spirits for every Ten Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale decanted, or exceeding the Proportion of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of Low Wine or Singletons decanted, every such Distiller shall be charged with and shall pay the full Excise Duty for all such Spirits so produced exceeding the respective Proportions aforesaid.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if shall and may be lawful for the Officer of Excise, in making up the Charge against any Distiller for any Week of any Period of Four Weeks (save and except the Charge for the last Week of any such Period) upon the Decant of Wash or Pot Ale, to make an Allowance to such Distiller for or in respect of the Quantity of Singletons remaining on hand at the Expiration of such Week, (save such last Week as aforesaid,) by deducting from the Charge of such Wash or Pot Ale the Amount of a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of such Singletons so remaining on hand as aforesaid.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller shall be removed from the same, or shall die, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officer or Officers who shall succeed the Officer who shall be so removed, or shall die, to make out and return any Charge against such Distiller, from the Books and Papers kept and Entries made by such Officer who shall be so removed, or shall die, relating to such Distillery, and to the State thereof, and every such Charge so made out and returned from such Books, Papers or Entries, shall be a Charge on such Distiller, who shall pay the Duties so charged and returned, under and subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Penalties, as if such Books, Papers and Entries were the Books, Papers and Entries of the Officer who shall make such Charge, and as if such Officer had been placed over such Distillery at the time such Entries had been made.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much and such Parts of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, at the time of the passing of this Act, as relates to or requires any Distiller to produce and deliver an Account of the Quantity of Malt mashed or brewed by such Distiller, or to verify the same on Oath or Affirmation, or as requires any Distiller to sell a Quantity of Malt in proportion to the Quantity of Spirits with which he shall be chargeable in any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, or as imposes any Penalty against such Distiller, for any Deficiency of such Quantity of Malt, or as relates to the Application of any such Penalty, or to the Payment of any Sum or Duty for or in respect of any such Deficiency by any Distiller, shall be and the same it and are hereby repealed, save and except so far as may empower the prosecuting, suing for, recovering or levying any Fine or Penalty which shall have been or may be incurred under the said Act, or any of them, at any time before the passing of this Act, and save and except such Parts of such Act or Acts as repels or repeals any Provision or Provisions in any former Act or Acts relating to any such Account, or to the Use of any such Quantity of Malt, or to any Penalty in respect thereof, or to the Payment of any Sum or Duty for or in respect of any such Deficiency by any Distiller.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and five, it shall and may be lawful for any Person who shall be duly licensed to keep an Hotel within the City of Dublin, or within One Mile of the said City, to have and obtain at his Desire, a Licence to sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, within such Hotel, and to be used and consumed therein only, upon Payment of the Sum of Seven Pounds only and no more, subject nevertheless to the several Rules and Regulations with respect to the obtaining such Licence, as are contained and directed in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences, and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences, and to discourage the immorality Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for the amending the said last recited Act, or for regulating the granting of such Licences: Provided always, that no Keeper of such Hotel, who shall be so licensed on the Payment of Seven Pounds only, shall sell or deliver any such Liquors to any Person for Sale, in any other manner than to be used and consumed within such Hotel by the Lodgers or Inmates of such Hotel, and shall not be entitled to vend or sell, nor sell vend, fill or feed on any such Spirituous or other Liquors to any Person not being a Lodger or an Inmate of such Hotel, upon pain that every Person so licensed and so vending, selling out and selling such Spirituous or other Liquors contrary to this Act, shall be deemed an unlawful Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be liable to all Penalties and Forfeitures to which any Person or Persons are subject under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors without Licence.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for every Person to have and obtain at his Desire, a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Methaglin or Mead, by Retail, within the Town of Salford, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein, on Payment of the Sum of Eleven Pounds only, and no more, any thing in the said last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or in the Schedule thereto annexed, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, for amending the said Act, or for regulating the granting of such Licences, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, subject nevertheless to the several Rules and Regulations with respect to the obtaining such Licence, as are contained and directed in and by the said recited Act or any of them.

Spirits exceeding Proportions herein fixed to pay full Duty.

How Allowance made in respect of Quantity of Wash and Singletons in Hand.

Officer to make Charge from Entries of Officer to be forwarded.

So much of any Act as relates to Delivery of Account of Malt mashed, or as requires any Distiller to sell a Quantity of Malt in proportion to a Quantity of Spirits, &c. repealed.

Hotel Keepers in Dublin may take more than 2L. licence to retail spirits, Wine, Beer, &c. paying 7l.

Sale of Liquors, limited to the tenants of the Hotel.

Penalty

License may be obtained for Sale of Liquors in Salford, on Pay ment of 11l.

25 D. 5. c. 15.
§ 47.

Meaning of the
Words "Mar-
ket Towns"
explained.

Justice may
summon before
them Persons
charged with
selling Liquors
without License.

Conviction

Penalty.

Penalty not paid,
imprisonment.

Former Acts
relating to the
Collection of
Duties on Spirits
extended to A.D.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

24 & 25 Geo. 3.
(1)

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Charges on Sells
when to com-
mence.

* XXV. And Whereas by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences as before dealing in Excisable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences, and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the Sale of Licences, and to discontinue the immediate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*; it is among other things enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Person in any Place in Ireland, where the Duty on Licences to retail Spirituous and other Liquors is Eleven Pence only, (such Place not being situate within any Market Town, or within One Mile thereof), to obtain such Licence on Payment of the Sum of Seven Pence: And Whereas Doubts may arise as to the Meaning and Extent of the Words "Market Towns"; Be it declared and enacted, That the said Provision in the said recited Act shall extend to such Towns only in which a Weekly Market is actually holden throughout the Year; and that in Places situate within any Town where a Weekly Market is not so actually holden, such Licence may be granted on Payment of the said Sum of Seven Pence in the said Act mentioned.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, within his Jurisdiction, to summon any Person charged with having sold any Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Methagee or Mead by Retail without Licence, and to require, by the Summons to be issued, the Person summoned to bring with him or her, and to produce a Licence so issued to such Person for selling such Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail; and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear, upon Proof on Oath made of the Service of such Summons, or if such Person shall appear and shall not produce a proper Licence authorizing him or her to sell by Retail such Spirituous and other Liquors, then such Justice shall examine on Oath such Witnesses or Witnesses as shall appear before him, which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; and if Proof shall be made before such Justice, or if it shall appear by the Confession of the Party that such Person did sell Spirituous Liquors, or any of such Liquors aforesaid, at any time within Two Months previous to the issuing of such Summons, then such Justice shall commit the Person charged with having sold such Spirituous or other Liquors of such Offence, and such Person shall be liable and subject to a Fine or Penalty not exceeding Ten Pence, and not less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of such Justice, (exclusive of any other Penalty or Forfeiture to which such Person may by Law be liable to, or subject for such Offence,) and such Justice shall adjudge such Person to be committed to prison for such Term accordingly, One Moiety thereof to be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Churchwardens of the Parish where such Offence shall have been committed, for the Use of the Poor thereof; and in case such Penalty or Sum which such Person shall be so adjudged to have forfeited shall not be paid by the Offender immediately upon such Conviction, such Offender shall be committed to Gaol by such Justice, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, and not less than One Calendar Month, at the Discretion of such Justice.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of Recovery, prescribed, mentioned and contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland for the regulating or improving the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, shall be applied and put in practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Invents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said Acts, or any of them, had been expressly repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made applicable to the Provisions herein contained, except so far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act, or any other Act or Acts, and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, to all Invents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are extended and altered by this Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act shall be paid and recovered in *Swifts Course*, and shall and may be sued for and recovered, levied and applied, except as herein otherwise is provided, in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intitled *An Act for settling of the Excise on wine bought upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenue, nature and things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Invents, Constables and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and recited in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal in and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, is provided.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act, so far as the same relates to or concerns the Charges imposed on any Sells or Sells by this Act, shall commence and take effect on the Monday Three Weeks next after the passing thereof, with respect to all Sells as to which such Monday shall be the Commencement of some Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which any such Sell or Sells shall be chargeable by Law as working; but where such Monday Three Weeks next after the passing of this Act shall not be the Commencement of such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which any Sell or Sells shall be chargeable as working, then this Act shall commence and take effect with respect to such Sell or Sells on the first or next Monday after the Monday Three Weeks next after the passing of this Act, which shall be the Commencement.

Commencement of a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, for which any fash Still or Stills shall be chargeable by Law as working.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall, save and except as herein otherwise provided, commence and take effect from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Commencement of Act.
Act may be altered, &c.

TABLE referred to by this Act.

NUMBER of Charges of Saggles or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits producible therefrom any Distiller in Ireland shall be chargeable with Duty, within a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in respect of every Still of such Distiller being of the several Contents following, that is to say,

CONTENTS OF THE STILL.						Number of Charges.
5,000 Gallons and upwards	-	-	-	-	-	100
5,000 not less than	2,750	-	-	-	-	105
2,750	-	2,500	-	-	-	105
2,500	-	2,250	-	-	-	110
2,250	-	2,000	-	-	-	115
2,000	-	1,750	-	-	-	120
1,750	-	1,500	-	-	-	135
1,500	-	1,250	-	-	-	150
1,250	-	1,000	-	-	-	160
1,000	-	750	-	-	-	175
750	-	500	-	-	-	190
500	-	400	-	-	-	210
400	-	300	-	-	-	225
300	-	200	-	-	-	240
200 and exceeding	-	100	-	-	-	275
Net exceeding 200 and exceeding	-	65	-	-	-	30
Net exceeding 65 and not less than	-	44	-	-	-	120

C A P. CXII.

An Act to make certain Provisions for modifying the several Acts for imposing and levying of Fines, in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make certain Provisions for regulating the imposing Fines in respect of the Distillation of Spirits in Ireland: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person in Ireland, other than a Person duly licensed as a Distiller or Brewer, to have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Wort, Wash or Pot Ale (except for the Purpose of being made into Beer for the private Use of such Person, Proof of which shall lie on such Person), nor for any Person other than a licensed Distiller, to have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Low Wines or Saggles whatever; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person to be Owner or Proprietor, or Part Owner or Proprietor, of any Still, other than such Person as shall be a licensed Distiller or Partner of such licensed Distiller, or a Brewer duly licensed to make or reuse Stills, or Person otherwise duly authorized by Law; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person to have, receive or deliver any Beards, Uls, Pinks or Advantage, of or from any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still kept, used and worked in any Place not being the Distillery of a Distiller duly licensed, or of or from any Wort, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Saggles or Spirits, made, brewed, fermented or distilled in any Place not being the Distillery of a Distiller duly licensed; and if any Person shall at any time after the passing of this Act have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Wort, Wash, Low Wines or Saggles, or shall be Owner or Proprietor, or Part Owner or Proprietor of any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still, or shall have, receive or deliver any Beards, Uls, Pinks or Advantage of or from any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still, or of or from any Wort, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Saggles or Spirits contrary to the Provisions of this Act, every such Person shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, on Information on Oath of any such Officer, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person or Persons, and on Examination into the Complaint, to commit such Person to Goal, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person or Persons, he, she or they shall plead thereto without having cause to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Person or Persons, for the first Offence, as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and for the Second Offence, to sentence such Person

Universal Pass-
port being
With or Imp-
ings, and being
Owner, &c. of
unlicensed Still.

Misdemeanor.

First Officer.
Punishment.
Second Offence.

Punishment.

is convicted to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or instead thereof it shall be lawful for the said Court to inflict either for the first or further Offence such Punishments as are respectively hereinafter provided.

II. And Whereas from the great Number of dissolute and disorderly Persons who have been convicted and imprisoned for the Offence of carrying on illicit Distillation, many of the Goods in *Irish* are so crowded as not only very much to endanger the Health of the Prisoners, but also to accrue the Depravity of their Minds; and it is therefore expedient under certain Regulations to provide other Places of Confinement for them: And Whereas it will tend to avoid the crowding of Goals, and also to the Reformation of such Offenders, that they should be employed, under certain Regulations, on Works for the Benefit of the Rivers and Harbours of *Irish*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Person shall be convicted of a Misdemeanor under this Act, or any other Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Irish*, or shall be committed of any Offence under this Act, or any of the said Acts, for which he shall be liable to be transported, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any such Person shall be so convicted, if such Court shall think fit, in the Place of any other Punishment for such Misdemeanor, or in the Place of such Punishment by Transportation, to order and adjudge that such Offender, appearing to be of competent Age and free from any bodily Infirmary, shall be punished by being kept for such Term, not exceeding Two Years, in case of any First Offence, and not exceeding Five Years in case of any Second or further Offence, as such Court shall think fit, to order and adjudge on board any Ship, Barge or Vessel, properly accommodated for the Security, Employment and Health of the Persons to be confined therein, and by being employed in hard Labour in the raising Sand, Soil and Gravel from, and clearing any River in *Irish* navigable for Ships of Burthen, or any Port, Harbour or Haven in *Irish*, such River, Port, Harbour or Haven being previously approved and appointed for that Purpose by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Irish*, and His Majesty's Privy Council of *Irish*, or to any other Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of any such River, Port, Harbour or Haven, or in any other public Works upon the Banks or Slopes of any such River, Port, Harbour or Haven, under the Management and Direction of such Superintendent or Superintendents as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Irish*, and under such Rules, Regulations and Directions as shall from time to time be made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and His Majesty's Privy Council of *Irish*, for the carrying such Persons into effect.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall be convicted at any Assizes of any Offence declared by this Act, or any other Act or Acts to be in force for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Irish*, to be a Misdemeanor, upon the Evidence of any Inhabitant (not being an Officer of Customs or Excise) of the Township, District, Division or Place where such Offence was committed, the said Inhabitant (or any other such Inhabitant) having previously given Information on Oath before a Justice of the Peace of the County where such Offence was committed, at any time before the First Day of such Assizes, the Court before whom such Conviction shall be had shall see such Township, District, Division or Place in our Half only of the Sum which by Law shall be paid for such Township, District, Division or Place to be forfeit, provided that such Conviction shall be had at the same Assizes at which the Fine shall be sought to be imposed on such Township, District, Division or Place; and such Court shall in such case also suspend the levying of such Half of such Fine for the Term or Space of Twelve Calendar Months next after the First Day of such Assizes; and in case no Fine shall be imposed on such Township, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any Offence committed against any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation of Spirits in *Irish*, within such Twelve Calendar Months next after the First Day of such Assizes, then such Half of such Fine is imposed and suspended as aforesaid shall be altogether waived, and shall not be levied off such Township, District, Division or Place; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that if any Fine shall be imposed on such Township, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any such Offence which shall be committed within such Twelve Calendar Months as aforesaid, then and in such case such Half of the Fine which shall have been so imposed, and the levying of which shall have been suspended as aforesaid, shall and may be forthwith levied in the same manner and with the like Powers in all Respects, as any Fine may be levied under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, in cases where no Apportionment shall have been made under such Act or Acts.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if on any Trial or Proceedings at any Assizes, for the Purpose of or relative to the imposing of any Fine on any Township, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any aforesaid Still, or any Part of a Still, or any Appurtenance to a Still, or any Worm or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Sackings, having been found or used respectively in any Place within such Township, District, Division or Place, in case it shall be satisfactorily made to appear to such Court by due Proof, that Information is Written on Oath was given to the Justice of the Peace, or Officer of Excise or Customs respectively, residing near the Place where the Offence shall have been committed, by an Inhabitant (not being an Officer of Customs or Excise) of such Township, District, Division or Place, which Information the said Justice and Officers are hereby authorized to take, of such aforesaid Still, or Part of a Still, or Appurtenance to a Still, or Worm, or Utensil for distilling Spirits, or Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Sackings, having been found or used respectively in such Place within such Township, District, Division or Place, in consequence of which Information such Still or any Part of a Still, or any Appurtenance to a Still, or any Worm or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Sackings, shall have been seized, and such Trial or Proceedings shall have been adjourned; or if it shall also in like manner be made to appear to such Court, that the Offender was tried and convicted

Persons convicted of Offences against Acts for Suppression of illicit Distillation may be confined on board Barges, and employed in clearing the Rivers and Harbours.

Where Offenders convicted on Evidence of Inhabitants, Court to impose One Half only of the Fine.

Fines.

And instead the levying thereof, which shall be wholly waived if no Township, &c. shall be imposed for any Fines Offences committed within a Year after. Provided where Township, &c. shall within Twelve Months.

No Fine shall be imposed on any Township, where Information is given by an Inhabitant, and Still, &c. seized and Offender convicted thereon.

of such Officer on the Information and Evidence of such Inhabitant, or of some other such Inhabitant of such Township, District, Division or Place, then and in such case it shall not be lawful for such Court at the said Assizes to impose any Fine whatever on such Township, District, Division or Place, for or on account of such Officer respecting which such Information shall have been given, and such other Proceedings and Convictions had as aforesaid, any thing in this Act or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Court at any Assizes to proceed to try or determine any Information for any Offence, or assess whereof any Township, District, Division, Place or House shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, on the Commencement Day or First Day of such Assizes; any thing in any such Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that every such Court shall and they are hereby required to try and determine all such Informations, and all Hides and Taverries, matters and things relating to or concerning such Informations, at some time during the Continuance of such Assizes.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of Customs or Excise shall find or discover any unlicensed Still, or any Part of a Still, or any Appurtenance to a Still, or any Worm, or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singleys, for or in respect whereof the Person who shall off or have the same would be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, or the Township, District, Division or Place within which the same shall be found or used would be subject to any Fine or Penalty, every such Officer shall and he is hereby respectively required, within Six Days after such Finding or Discovery as aforesaid, to give Notice thereof in Writing to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District in which any such unlicensed Still or Appurtenance to a Still, or Worm or Utensil for distilling Spirits, or such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singleys shall have been found or discovered, specifying the particular Articles, and the time of the Finding or Discovery of the same, and setting forth the Name of the Parish, Township, District, Division or Place in which the Place shall be found, where such unlicensed Still or Appurtenance to a Still, or Worm or Utensil for distilling, or such Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singleys shall have been found or discovered, and describing the Situations in such Parish, Township, District, Division or Place, and the particular Place in which such unlicensed Still or Appurtenance to a Still, or Worm or Utensil, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singleys shall have been found or discovered; and every such Collector who shall receive such Notice shall twice in every Month, that is to say, on or before the Second and Fourth Wednesday in such Month, transmit or cause to be transmitted, to the Collector of the Grand Jury Cefs in such Barony or Half Barony, or County of a Town or City, within which the Place shall be situate where such unlicensed Still, or Part of or Appurtenance to a Still, or Worm or Utensil for distilling, or Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singleys shall have been found or discovered, an Abstract or Schedule of all such Notices relating to any such Finding or Discovery, had within such Barony or Half Barony, County of a Town or City, within which such Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes shall have received up to the Saturday next preceding such Wednesday; and such Collector of Grand Jury Cefs shall, on the Saturday next after such Second and Fourth Wednesday respectively, give public Notice of the Contents of such Abstract, by posting a Copy thereof, or causing the same to be posted as or at the Church, Chapel, Meeting House, Market House or Market Place within the Barony or Half Barony, or County of a Town or City within which the Place shall be situate, and which shall be nearest to the Place where such Offence was committed; and such Collector of Grand Jury Cefs shall also from time to time, on Demand, produce such Abstract to any Inhabitant of any such Barony or Half Barony, County of a Town or City, liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cefs therein, who shall require to see and peruse the same, at any reasonable time in the Day time, at the usual Dwelling Place of such Collector.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That on the Trial of any Information or other Proceedings for any Fine or Penalty against any Township, District, Division or Place, or for any Offence against any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation of Spirits, it shall not be necessary to prove or give in Evidence, that any such Notice had been given by the Officer of Customs or Excise to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or that such Collector had transmitted an Abstract or Schedule of such Notice to the Collector of Grand Jury Cefs, nor shall any Offence or Neglect in the giving any such Notice, or in transmitting any Abstract or Schedule of the same, or in making the Contents of such Abstract or Schedule known and public, nor shall any Defect in any such Notice or Abstract or Schedule, which shall be given or transmitted, or any Variance between the same, and any Information or other Proceeding for or relating to any such Fine or Penalty, in any manner vitiate or affect such Information or other Proceeding, but every such Information or other Proceeding shall and may be used, had and determined in all respects, as if the Regulations herein contained relating to such Notice, Abstract or Schedule had not been made.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of Grand Jury Cefs shall neglect or omit in any Instance to make known and public the Contents of any such Abstract or Schedule which shall have been transmitted to and received by him, by posting a Copy thereof in manner aforesaid, or shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce such Abstract to any Inhabitant of any Barony or Half Barony, or County of a Town or City, liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cefs therein, on Demand of such Inhabitant at a reasonable time in the Day time, at the usual Dwelling Place of such Collector, every such Collector shall for every such Neglect or Refusal, or Omission, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pence, to be recovered by Civil Bill at the Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace, in the proper County, County of a Town or City in Ireland, by any Person who shall sue for the same, and the Money recovered by such Civil Bill shall be applied to the Use of the Person suing for the same.

Information for
and Proceeding to
be tried on the
First Day of
Assizes.

Officer finding
any illegal Still,
or illegal Distil-
lation in Collection
of Rents in
District, who
shall proceed in
manner herein
directed.

Collector to
transmit a Sched-
ule of Notices
to the Collector
of Grand Jury
Cefs, and give
public Notice of
Contents
thereof.

Defect in respect
of Notice filed
nor want of Pro-
ceeding in Fine,
vitiates Cause.

Collector of
Grand Jury Cefs
neglecting his
Duty.

Penalty.

1 IX. And Whereas it is by an Act made in the fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *An Act to consolidate and amend the Regulations contained in several Acts of Parliament, for improving and lessening of Fines upon Parishes, Townships and other Places, in respect of the unbecoming Diligence of Sports in Ireland*, the Persons in Vexful assembled are authorized to censure One or more Perfor or Persons for the
 2 Purpose of discovering or prosecuting all Offences against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the improving and lessening the Collection of the Duties on Sports (intituled in Ireland: And Whereas it may tend towards effectuating the Purposes aforesaid if additional Powers were given to the Perfor or Persons to
 3 censure if Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Excise and Taxes in Ireland, if they shall deem it expedient so to do, upon the Representation of the Churchwardens of any Parish in Ireland, to grant and issue, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, a Commission commonly called a *Prosecutive Commission*, to each and every Perfor who shall have been or shall be elected for the Purposes aforesaid; and every such
 4 Perfor shall have full Power and Authority to act under such Commission; and all and every the Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, matters and things contained in any Act or Acts, for the Protection of the Officers of the Revenue, shall extend to and shall be applied to and put in practice with respect to each and every such
 5 Perfor acting in the Performance or Execution of his Duty under such Commission, as fully and effectually in all respects as if such Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, matters and things were therein expressed and mentioned with regard to such Perfor or Persons.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and lawfully be lawful in all cases for the Court before whom any Petition shall be tried and convicted of any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland for the Suppression of such Disturbance, to order, upon the Request of the Prothonotary, the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town in which the Offence shall be committed, to pay unto such Prothonotary such Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable, for the Expenses and Losses of time of such Prothonotary, which Order the Clerk of the Courts is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver to such Prothonotary, upon being paid for the same the Sum of One Shilling, and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, Town or City is hereby authorized and required forthwith to pay to such Prothonotary or other Person authorized to receive the same, such Sum of Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury at each and every Assizes and Prebendary Term, and they are hereby required to present all such Sums as shall have been so paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, under any such Order, and which shall not have been previously presented, such Sums to be preferred, ruled and levied off the Townland, District, Division or Place in which the Offence shall have been committed, in such manner as any Parliament of a Grand Jury may be advised and levied.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Sports which shall have been or shall be found, as having been already made or killed, shall immediately upon the Seizure thereof, be conveyed to and deposited in the Stores of the Collector of Island Excise and Taxes of the District in which the same shall have been found, or in the like Stores of the next neighbouring District to which the same can be conveniently conveyed; and the Stewards and Quarters of such sports having been ascertained and taken an Account of, such Sports shall, after Condemnation thereof, be sold and effectually disposed of in the Presence of the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District respectively, and of an Inspector General of Excise, or other Officer to be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Island Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, under such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall in that behalf order or direct; and that the Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons finding any such Sports, shall receive such Recognition or Reward for finding the same as the said Commissioners shall order and direct.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expired of Three Calendar Months next after the expiration of this Act, every Person who shall keep any Kils for the drying of any Corn, Grass or Malt, shall, within One Calendar Month after beginning or commencing to keep such Kils or Mill respectively, make out, sign and deliver a Return or Account in Writing to the Gauger or other Officer in charge of the Walk in which such Kils shall be situated; and that every Person who shall keep any Mill for the grinding of Corn or Grass or Malt, shall make out, sign and deliver a Return or Account in Writing to the Collector of the District in which such Mill shall be situated, specifying and describing in such Return or Account respectively the Name and Place of Abode of such Person, and the Place where such Kils or Mill is respectively situated; and every such Person shall cause to be painted in Oil Colour, in Black upon a White Ground, or in White upon a Black Ground, on the Outside of the Door or of Place of Entrance to every such Kils or Mill respectively, or on a Board to be affixed or erched on some conspicuous Part of the Outside of such Kils or Mill respectively, in legible Letters, at least Three Inches in Length, the Name and Surname of the Owner or Proprietor of such Mill or Kils; and every such Gauger or Officer and Collector who shall receive any such Return or Account respectively shall register the same, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Registry, by giving a Copy thereof signed by him; and if any Person shall keep any Kils for the drying of any Corn or Grass or Malt, or shall keep any Mill for the grinding of any Corn or Grass or Malt, without having made out, signed and delivered such Account, as is by this Act required, every such Person who shall keep any such Kils shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every Person who shall keep any such Mill shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and of Corn or Grass or Malt which shall be found in or on any such Kils or Mill respectively shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and if upon any such Kils or Mill the Name and Surname of the Proprietor thereof respectively shall not be and remain painted and legible as aforesaid, the Person to whom such Kils or Mill respectively shall belong shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XIII. And

XIII. And be it further enacted, That before any such Return or Account of any such Mill shall be received, entered or registered by such Collector, the Person who shall keep such Mill shall, with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties, enter into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, conditioned to pay all such Fines or Penalties as such Person shall or may by Law be subject or liable to, for or on account of such Person having in his Mill any Malt for which such Person shall not have or produce a proper Permit for the Removal thereof to such Mill as by Law required; and also conditioned that such Person shall not receive or grind, or suffer to be received or ground in such Mill any Malt which shall not be attended by a proper Permit or Permits for the Removal thereof to such Mill.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise, at any time in the Day time to enter and search any Mill for the grinding of any Corn or Grain or Malt, Situate in any District in Ireland, mentioned in any Notice which shall have been or which shall or may from time to time be given by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, of the passing into Execution in such District the Provisions of the Laws for the Suppression of illicit Distillation; and if such Officer or Officers shall not on Demand, within a reasonable time after such Demand made at the Place of Abode of the Person keeping such Mill, obtain Admission into such Mill, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or Officers in the Presence of a Constable or other Peace Officer, who is lawfully respectively authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, to break open and enter such Mill, and every Store and Room therein, and make search for any Malt which such Officer or Officers shall or may have reasonable or probable Cause to suspect to be concealed or fraudulently deposited therein.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Gauger employed in the Service of the Excise shall be entitled to receive his Salary, or any Part thereof, at any time from and after the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, unless and until such Gauger shall have made Oath, before the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Gauger shall be employed, which Oath every such Collector or Officer is hereby authorized to administer, that from the time of the last previous Payment of Salary to such Gauger, such Gauger hath not known, or hath not had or received any Information of any Spurious Liquors being here sold by Retail without Licence in any House within the Walk of such Gaugers; and that he hath not known, or hath not had or received any Information against any Person distilling, having or selling any Spirits which shall have been unlawfully made or distilled in Ireland, or that if such Gauger hath known or had Information of any such Offences, he hath duly communicated the Particulars of such his Knowledge or Information to some one of his superior Officers, and that he hath also on his own Part endeavored or aided his utmost Endeavors to detect and punish the Person or Persons guilty or supposed to be guilty of any of the Offences aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distress shall be taken or made on the Goods, Chattels or Effects of any Inhabitant or Inhabitant of any Townland, District, Division or Place in Ireland, for or on account of any Fine or Fines, or for any Sum or Sums of Money applied to any such Inhabitant or Inhabitant, in respect of any Fine or Fines imposed on such Townland, District, Division or Place, and any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, the Person or Persons who shall have taken and made such Distress shall keep the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained, until Twelve o'Clock at Noon of the Fourth Day next following the Day on which such Distress shall be made, before the same shall be sold and disposed of, unless such Distress shall be sooner redeemed by the Payment of such Fine, or such Part thereof for which such Distress shall have been made; and such Person or Persons shall give or cause to be given public Notice in Writing of the time and Place of the Sale of such Distress, specifying and describing in such Notice the Goods, Chattels and Effects to be distrained and intended to be sold; and such Notice shall be posted on the Door of the Church, Chapel or Meeting House in and nearest to the Place where such Distress shall have been made, Two Days at least before the Day of Sale; and the reasonable Expenses of keeping and detaining such Distress, and of giving such Notice, shall be paid out of the Produce of the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained; Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to sell and dispose of any such Goods, Chattels or Effects so distrained, during the time of any Fair or Market which shall be holden on any Day on which such Distress may be made, or which may intervene between the Day of such Distress and the Expiration of Four Days next afterwards, and although no Notice of Sale shall have been given as aforesaid.

XVII. And whereas it is among other things enacted, by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, that Notice shall be posted for the Purpose of requesting all Persons liable to Grand Jury Cots in any Townland, Place, District or Division, to meet to appoint any Sum or Sums in which any such Townland, Place, District or Division shall have been such, within Ten Days after such Townland, Place, District or Division shall have been so freed; and it is expedient that the time for posting such Notice should be enlarged; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act such Notice shall and may be posted at any time not less than Twenty Days, and not more distant than Thirty Days, after the Townland, Place, District or Division shall have been so freed, and that such subsequent Proceedings shall be had upon and after such Notice for the appointing and levying of any such Fine, or by the said Act are directed or required to be had, upon and after such Notice required to be posted within Ten Days by the said recited Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whosoever any Person shall appear as any Affiant or Preferring Term, to offer to contest or prove any Fact allowed by Law to be contested or proved, for the Purpose of preventing any Fine from being imposed on any Townland, Place, District or Division by way of Tithes, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation; it shall

Perfon keeping
Mills to enter
into Bond to pay
Penalty for
breach; Malt
without Permit.

It is to be
Administered, Oath
may be made
up in which and
Sworn.

No Gauger to
receive his Sal-
ary, until he
shall have sworn
that he had not
known or had
Information of
any Officer or
his Mills, of
which Notice
he is not to be
given, and which
he is not to be
prevented
from.

Notice to be
given of Sale of
Distress for
1 week and Four
Days.

Provide the
Goods distrained
during Fair or
Market.

Notice for Ap-
pointment of
Jury may be
called then not
less than 20 Days
after they are
required.

Of Townland
under
14 O. 5. c. 13th.
Fine to be taken
in 10 days of
Maltmaking.

and may be lawful for the Clerk of the Crown and every other Officer of the Court, or Judge in such Affairs or Prosecuting Torts, to ask, demand, take or receive such Fees, as such Clerk of the Crown and other Officer or Officers of the Court, or Judge, is or are by Law entitled to ask, demand, take and receive in such of the several as any Indictment for Misdemeanor, and no greater or other Fees; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Powers to Com-
missioners to re-
pale Collection
of Fines,
repaled.

Regulations for
the Appointment
of Persons to
collect Fines by
Lord Lieutenant
of Ireland.

Collectors com-
missioned by
Commissioners
to deliver up War-
rants or Col-
lections appointed
by Lord Lieut-
enant.

Penalty.

Collectors ap-
pointed by
Lord Lieutenant
empowered to
prosecute.

Penalties of
suit, how re-
covered, &c.

Lord Lieutenant
empowered to
revise Ap-
pointments made
by Comms.
Barrs.

Collectors ap-
pointed by Lord
Lieutenant to be
aided of the
other Collectors.

Commissioners
of Excheq. with
Consent of Treas-
ury, may receive
Fines from
Peasants on Town-
lands.

Former Acts
repealed by Act.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act, in so much of any Act or Acts made in the last Session of Parliament for amending the several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Disturbance in Ireland, whereby it is enacted or provided that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes in Ireland to appoint any Person or Persons for the collecting and levying of such Fines in all or any of the Counties, Castles or Cities or Towns in Ireland, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, whenever it shall appear expedient to him or them so to do, at his or their Discretion, to appoint any Person or Persons for the collecting and levying of such Fines in all or any of the Counties, or Castles or Cities or Towns in Ireland, and to order that Notice shall be given by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, by Publication in the Dublin Gazette, that it has been deemed expedient by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to appoint such Person or Persons for the levying and collecting of such Fines, and to require the Treasurer or Treasurers of any such Counties, Castles or Cities or Towns, which shall be mentioned in such Notice; and all and every Collectors and Collectors, and all and every Person or Persons who shall have been empowered by such Treasurer or by the said Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes, to deliver up, within such time as shall be mentioned in such Notice, all and every Warrant and Warrants which shall not at such time have been fully executed, to the Person or Persons who shall be so nominated and appointed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to receive and execute such Warrants; and upon Demand made to him or them for that Purpose by the Person or Persons, or any of them so nominated and appointed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, every such Treasurer, Collector or other Person shall deliver up all such Warrants accordingly, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for each Warrant which such Treasurer or Collector or other Person shall not, on such Demand made, so deliver up; and every such Person and Persons so nominated and appointed to receive and execute the said Warrants, shall and they are hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required to levy all and every the Fine and Fines which shall be mentioned in any such Warrant or Warrants, and to execute or complete the Execution of the said Warrant or Warrants, with like Powers and Authorities, and in like manner to all heretofore and now, as the Collectors of Grand Jury Cais, or other Person to whom such Warrants had been granted or delivered, were empowered to execute and might or could have executed the same, and with all the like Remedies in case of Nonpayment thereof, or of any Part thereof as are prescribed by Law with respect to any Money to be levied under any Proclamation of a Grand Jury; and every such Fine, Penalty or Sum of Two hundred Pounds shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plein or Information in any Court of Record in Ireland, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction (and which Court is hereby fully authorized to take Cognizance of the same) by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and in such Proceedings on Effect, Protection, Wager of Law nor more than One Imparance shall be allowed; and the Money recovered by such Action or other Proceeding shall be applied, as to the One Half thereof, to and for the Use of the Person suing for the same, and the other Half to and for the Use of the Treasury of the County, or County of the City or Town, as the case may be; and in case it shall seem expedient to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, to revoke or amend any Appointment which shall have been made by the said Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes of any Person or Persons to collect and levy any such Fines as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors so to do, without appointing any other Person or Persons for that Purpose.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Person so to be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the Collection of such Fines, shall stand in the Place and Stead of the Persons appointed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes, and shall have all such Powers and Authorities as the Persons so appointed by the said Commissioners.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes in Ireland, (by and with the Consent and Approbation, and under the Direction of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland,) upon the Application of any Person or Persons liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cais, in any Township, Place, District or Division in Ireland, on which any Fine shall have been imposed under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of those Disturbances in Ireland, to grant such Relief to such Person or Persons against the Payment of such Fine, or any Part thereof, as to the Commissioners of Inland Excheq. and Taxes shall from time to time appear, and as shall be approved of by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, and under such Directions and Regulations as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall make in that behalf.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all the Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and also all the Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in Two several Acts passed in the last Session of Parliament for amending the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, except so far as the

same

same are repealed or altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts, and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, in so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other; and that the Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or inflicted by this Act shall and may (in all cases not otherwise provided for) be sued for, recovered, levied and applied in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed to and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impos upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein intitled*; or by any other Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Kents or Cheshire in force in Ireland, as fully and effectually, in all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed, and remitted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as is and by the said Act of Excise, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in Ireland, is provided.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits in Great Britain, and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof. [11 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Duties and Sums of Money now payable by Law for Licences for retailing Beer or Ale, and Cyder, Perry or Spirits in Great Britain, and that several other Duties and Sums of Money should be imposed and made payable in lieu thereof; He it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, the Duties and Sums of Money now payable by Law for or in respect of Licences for retailing Beer or Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on that Day.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, in lieu of the Duties and Sums of Money payable as aforesaid, and hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid throughout Great Britain, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Licences to be taken out according to the Laws in each case made and provided by Retailers of Beer or Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits within Great Britain, to be paid by such Retailers respectively, the several annual Sums of Money hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

Every Person who shall sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or who shall sell Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed in his, her or their House or Premises, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid,

If the Dwelling House in which such Person shall, at the time of taking out such Licence, reside or sell Beer or Ale, or sell Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed as aforesaid, shall not, together with the Office, Coores, Yards and Gardens therewith occupied, be rated under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament for granting Duties on inhabited Houses at a Rent of Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Two Pounds and Two Shillings:

If rated as aforesaid at Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty Pounds, Three Pounds and Three Shillings:

If at Twenty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Four Pounds and Four Shillings.

And every Retailer of distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters in Great Britain, not being a Retailer of plain Aqua Vitæ only, made or distilled from Spirit Materials in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid,

If the Dwelling House in which such Retailer shall reside or retail such distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, at the time of taking out such Licence, shall not, together with the Office, Coores, Yards and Gardens therewith occupied, be rated under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, for granting Duties on inhabited Houses, at a Rent of Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Five Pounds and Five Shillings:

If rated as aforesaid, at Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty Pounds, Six Pounds and Six Shillings:

If at Twenty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty five Pounds, Eight Pounds and Five Shillings:

If at Twenty five Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Thirty Pounds, Eight Pounds and Seven Shillings:

If at Thirty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Forty Pounds, Nine Pounds and Nine Shillings:

If at Forty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Fifty Pounds, Ten Pounds and One Shilling:

If at Fifty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Ten Pounds and Thirteen Shillings.

III. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

56 Geo. III.

60

IV. And

A. C. 112, 113.

Duties on 11
licences for retail-
ing Beer, Spirits,
&c. repealed.and distilled
liquors the full
bearing Duties.Ge Beer Li-
cences.and on Spirituous
Liquors.Duties to be un-
der Manage-
ment of Com-
missioners of
Excise.

Duties here
imposed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Sums of Money above mentioned, and hereby imposed and made payable as aforesaid, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered and adjudged in such and the like manner, and to or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties of Excise respectively, of the same kinds respectively, were or might be raised, levied, collected, assessed, paid, recovered, adjudged, warranted or allowed, and the Rentiers and Persons respectively before mentioned shall be, and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Provisions, to which such Persons in general, and also to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions respectively, to which the like Persons respectively were subject or liable, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act relating to the Duties of Excise, and all and every Pass, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture, of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for lessening the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Sums of Money hereby charged and made payable respectively, in as full and simple manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and recited in the Body of this Act.

Duties referred to
Consolidated
Fund.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Modes arising by the Duties and several Sums of Money by this Act imposed and made payable as aforesaid, the several Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Windsor*, and the said Money to be paid into the Receipts of Exchequer as aforesaid shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain.

All may be
done by Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXIV.

An Act to regulate the Conveyance of Passengers from the United Kingdom to the United States of America, in British Vessels. [18 July 1816.]

11 G. 3. c. 38.

§ 11.

All persons in
certain Acts with
respect to
Foreign Vessels
carrying Passen-
gers made applica-
ble to British
Vessels carrying
Passengers from
the Kingdom to
the United
States.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad or to Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*; it was enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any Master or other Person taking or having the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, other than a British Ship or Vessel clearing out from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom, to have on board a greater Number of Persons, including the Crew, than is the Proportion of One Person for every Five Tons of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel: And Whereas it is expedient to extend such Provisions of the said Act, and also all other Regulations contained therein relative to the Conveyance of Passengers in Foreign Vessels, to British Vessels conveying Passengers from the United Kingdom to Great Britain and Ireland to the United States of America, in and instead of the Regulations now by Law established: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all the Regulations, Restrictions, Obligations and Penalties, in the said recited Act contained and provided with respect to Foreign Ships or Vessels carrying Passengers, and no other, shall be and the same are hereby made applicable to British Ships or Vessels carrying Passengers from Great Britain and Ireland to the United States of America, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were severally and separately repeated and recited in the Body of this Act; any thing in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXV.

An Act for raising the Purchase of the Clarence Estate, and for settling the same as a Residence for Her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte Augusta and His Serene Highness Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saxfeld. [18 July 1816.]

Agreement
dated June 12,
1816, for the
Purchase of the
Mansions of Stowe
and Milton and
the Mansion
House called
Clarence, &c.
for 80,000*l*.

WHEREAS for the providing a suitable Residence for Her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte Augusta and His Serene Highness Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saxfeld, upon their late auspicious Marriage, Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the Fifteenth Day of June in this present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, have been made and entered into between *Charles Ag. Esq.* of Clarence in the County of Surrey, Esquire, of the First Part; the Right Honourable *William Ag. Esq.*, *William Darnley Adams*, and *Henry Dawkins*, Esquires, Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Treasuries and Land Revenues (for and on behalf of His Majesty) of the Second Part; and The King's Most Excellent Majesty of the Third Part; in Subtance or to the Effect following; (that is to say,) the said *Charles Ag. Esq.* for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, for and in consideration of the Sum of Sixty six thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain to be paid on him at the time and in the

Propositions thereafter mentioned, has thereby promised and agreed to and with The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to sell and dispose of, and the said Commissioners Parties thereto, for and on behalf of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, have thereby agreed to purchase and buy of and from the said *Charles Rye Ellis*, his Heirs and Assigns, all those the Manors of *Eller* and *Milbourn*, or *Wootton Bassett*, in the County of *Surrey*, together with all Courts Leet, Courts Baron, Customary and other Courts, Profits and Perquisites of Courts, Fines, Heriots and all Rights, Royalties, Privileges and Appurtenances to the said Manors or either of them incident, appertaining, or in anywise belonging, and all Rights of Soil and other Rights of him the said *Charles Rye Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns, of and in all Waste Lands and Commons, waste within, or being Part or Parcel of the said Manors, or either of them (five and except the Land called *Milbourn Field*, belonging to the said *Charles Rye Ellis*, which was by the said Articles of Agreement expressly agreed not to be deemed Waste or Common of the said Manors or either of them), and all Timber, Timber like and other Trees, growing or being in or upon such Waste Lands or Commons, or any of them: And all that capital Messuage or Dwelling House situate at or near *Eller* called *Claremont* otherwise *Claremont*, with the several Lodges, Summer Houses, ornamental Buildings, Coach Houses, Stables, Brewhouse, Laundry and other Offices, Hot Houses, Green Houses, Ice Houses, Cottages, Farm House and Farm Buildings, and other Out Houses to the said capital Messuage House or Premises belonging, or in anywise appertaining; and all that Park with the Woods, Plantations, Waters, Pleasure Grounds, and Gardens thereto belonging, containing together by Estimation (including the Site of the said Buildings) Three hundred and thirty two Acres, One Rood, and Thirteen Perches, (the whole of each Land being inclosed, except One Acre or thereabouts, situated in the said Park, which is Copyhold of Inheritance,) and all Timber and other Trees growing or being in the said Park, or in any of the Pleasure Grounds, Woods or Plantations within the same, and all the Household Goods, Furniture, Fixtures, Ornaments, Brewing Utensils, and all Chattels and other Articles of whatever Demonstration or Description, belonging to the said *Charles Rye Ellis*, and being in or about the said Messuage House, Out Houses and Offices, Gardens, Pleasure Grounds and Premises (save and except certain Articles in the said Agreement specified), and also all that Messuage or Dwelling House called *Milbourn House*, situated at or near *Eller* heretofore, with the Coach Houses, Stables and other Out Houses and Offices, Yards, Gardens, Plantations and Pleasure Grounds thereto belonging; and also all those several Closets, Paces or Parcels of Land to the said last mentioned Messuage or Dwelling House and Premises belonging or in anywise appertaining; all which last mentioned Premises contain together by Estimation Forty nine Acres and Thirty one Perches or thereabouts, the said Messuage, or Dwelling House and Premises, with Part of the Lands being in Hand, and the Residue thereof let on Lease at the Yearly Rent of Forty eight Pounds, which Lease will expire in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty, and all Timber and other Trees growing or being on the said last mentioned Premises or any Part thereof; and all the Fixtures and other Articles of every Sort in or about the said last mentioned Dwelling House, Offices, Out Houses and Premises, or the Gardens or Pleasure Grounds thereto belonging (except such Articles and things as in the said Articles of Agreement are excepted); and also all that Messuage, Dwelling House or Cottage called *Warren House*, and all those Plantations and other Lands thereto belonging, containing by Estimation One hundred and thirty two Acres or thereabouts, and all the Timber and other Trees growing or being thereon; and all that Spring of Water rising in the last mentioned Grounds, and all the Conduits, Aqueducts, Pipes and Reservoirs used for conveying or conducting the Water arising from such Spring to the Mansion House called *Claremont*, for the Supply thereof, and the Offices and Grounds thereto belonging; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Land called the *Highfield*, containing by Estimation Three Acres Three Roods and Five Perches, situate near the said Park; and also all such Pews or Pews, or Part or Parts of a Pew or Pews, in the Parish Church of *Eller*, as belong to the said *Charles Rye Ellis*; and all Waters, Fishings, Ways, Roads, Paths, Easements, Rights, Members, Privileges and Appurtenances whatsoever, to the said Manors, Messuage House, and other Houses and Premises, or any of them belonging or in anywise appertaining: And the said Commissioners Parties thereto, by the said Articles of Agreement have, for and on the behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, consented, promised and agreed, to and with the said *Charles Rye Ellis*, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to pay the said Sum of Sixty six thousand Pounds, the Purchase Money for the said Premises, in the Proportions and at the times hereinafter mentioned: (that is to say,) the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, Part thereof, on the Delivery of the Possession of the said Premises, or on the Title thereto being approved of by the Counsel of the Purchasers, whichever should first happen; and the Residue thereof to be paid by Four equal annual Payments, the First of such Payments to be made on the Thirty first Day of May One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Second, on the Thirty first Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Third, on the Thirty first Day of May One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and the Fourth and last, on the Thirty first Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty, together with lawful Interest for the same, or the Installments from time to time remaining unpaid from the Date of the said Articles of Agreement, each Installment to be paid annually on the same Days as the Installments of the Principal: And it is by the said Articles of Agreement, amongst other things, further promised and agreed that the said *Charles Rye Ellis* should within One Month from the Date thereof make out and deliver to the said Commissioners Parties thereto, a complete Abstract of and make out a good Title to the said Manors, Hereditaments and Premises, and to the Inheritance thereof in Fee Simple, free from all Incumbrances, save such as are therein and hereinafter mentioned; and that he and they and all other necessary Parties should and would, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of December next, by such good and sufficient Conveyances, Surrenders and Assurances, as Counsel shall advise, convey and assure the said Manors, Messuage

House, and all singular other the Houses, Lands, Hereditaments and Premises so contained to be sold as aforesaid, with the Appurtenances, to the Use of the said Charles Rylé Esq; or of some Person or Persons to be named by him or them, and his and their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for a Term of Five hundred Years, for securing the Payment of the said Purchase Money, or so much thereof as should remain unpaid at the time of the Execution of such Deeds, together with lawful Interest for the same, at the times and in manner aforesaid, and subject thereto, to the Use of such Person or Persons, and upon such Trust or Trusts, and in such manner and Form as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, or the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall direct or appoint, free from all Charges and Incumbrances whatsoever, except the Land Tax, and free and except the said Premises, being subject and charged with the Expenses and Repairs of any Bridge, and free and except certain Fee Farm and Collorary Rents, Heriots, Stovers and Rights of Common in the said Articles of Agreement particularly mentioned, and in which certain Parts of the said Premises are subject; and the said Charles Rylé Esq; agreed to assign and let over all the Furniture, Goods, Chattels and other Personal Effects by the said Articles of Agreement agreed to be sold, to such Person or Persons as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall direct or appoint, either for his or their own Use and Benefit absolutely or in Trust for any other Person or Persons, Uses or Purposes: And it is by the said Articles of Agreement further agreed, amongst other things, that the Fee Farm Rents and all Taxes and Out Goings for or in respect of the said Premises, should be borne, defrayed and paid by the said Charles Rylé Esq; up to Midsummer Day in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, should have Possession of the Parts in Hand, and receive all Rents, Issues and Profits of the Remainder of the said Premises as and from that Day; and it is in and by the said Articles of Agreement expressly provided and declared, that if the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury should refuse or decline to carry into effect the said Agreement, or if an Act of Parliament should not be passed in this present Session of Parliament for confirming such Agreement, and to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to advance the Sums requisite to pay the several instalments of the Purchase Money as they respectively become due, and to authorize the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues to sell Crown Lands in order to provide for the Repayment of the Money so to be advanced, then and in either of such cases, that Agreement and the Contract thereby made, and every thing therein contained, should cease, determine and be wholly void: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provisions for enabling the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, to make good the Contract thereby entered into on behalf of His Majesty, and to carry the same into Effect: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making provision, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty sixth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight; and another Act passed in the Forty second Year of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for consolidating the Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax into One Act, and for making further Provision for the Redemption and Sale thereof; and for removing Doubts respecting the Right of Persons claiming to vote at Elections for Knights of the Shire, and other Members to serve in Parliament, in respect of Messuages, Lands or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall have been redeemed or purchased; the Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown for the time being was empowered to convert for the Sale from time to time, of such or so much of the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Pews, Marbles, Waste Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, within the Survey or Receipt of the Exchequer in England, as would raise a Sum sufficient for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Land Revenues or belonging to the Crown: And Whereas under the Authority of the said intitled Acts certain Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown have been sold in order to raise Money for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Crown Estates, and the Monies which have arisen therefrom have been twisited in the Purchase of Three Funds per Cent. Co solidated Bank Annuities, of which Annuities certain Parts are now standing in the Names of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England; and such Annuities, or considerable Parts thereof, are set immediately vested for the Purposes of the said intitled Acts of the Thirty eighth and Forty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty; and in order to carry into Effect the Provisions of the said Act with as little Inconvenience as possible, and to have a Fund ready for the Payment of the several Instalments of the said Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury should be authorized and empowered to sell a competent Part of the said Bank Annuities from time to time, in order to raise the Monies which will be requisite to pay the said instalments as they shall become payable, and to apply the Monies so to be raised in the Payment thereof accordingly; and that the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, should be authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of certain Parts of the Possessions and Land Revenues of the Crown, and apply the Money arising from such Sales in making good and replacing the Bank Annuities which shall have been so sold, or in purchasing Three Pounds per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities as heretofore: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said herebefore in Part recited Articles of Agreement, bearing Date on the said Fifteenth Day of June in this present Year One thousand eight hundred**

and Extent, shall be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, and made valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. And be it further enacted, That at the time mentioned in the said Articles of Agreement for the conveying the said Estate and Premises, the said *Charles Robt Ellis* shall by proper Conveyances and Assurances in the Law convey the same, and the Fixtures thereto belonging, to the Use of him the said *Charles Robt Ellis*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or of some Person or Persons to be by him or them for that Purpose nominated for a Term of Five hundred Years, for securing the Payment of the said Purchase Money and Interest at the times and in the manner in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned; and subject thereto, to the Use of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for ever; and that from and immediately after such Conveyance shall be made and executed, all those the said Manors of *Kilber and Midbourne*, or *Waterloo Kilber*, and the said Mansion or Dwelling House called *Claremont* situate elsewhere in the Parish, Woods, Plantations, Pasture Grounds, and Gardens thereto belonging, and all other the Messuages or Houses, Farms, Cottages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments heretofore and in the said Articles of Agreement particularly mentioned and described, and the several Fixtures thereto belonging, by the said Articles of Agreement contracted and agreed to be sold and disposed of, shall be letted upon and vested in, and the same are hereby letted upon and vested in the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for ever, but subject and without Prejudice to the *Lessee* now subsisting in the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises, or any Parts thereof, and subject and without Prejudice to the said Term of Five hundred Years, to be created according to the said Articles of Agreement for securing the Payment of the said Sum of Sixty six thousand Pounds and Interest; but nevertheless upon the Trusts and for the Purposes hereinafter expressed and declared of and concerning the said Estate and Premises that it is to say, upon Trust that they the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall suffer and permit Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Prince of Coburg of Saxfeld*, during their joint Lives, and shall suffer and permit the Survivors of them, during her or his Life to hold, use, occupy, possess and enjoy the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Premises, and all Fixtures thereto belonging, to be conveyed and assured under and in pursuance of the said Articles of Agreement, and to take, have, collect and receive the Rents, Issues and Profits, issues, growing and arising therefrom, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner as if the same were absolutely vested in them, but without any Power to sell, convey, dispose of, mortgage or otherwise alienate or encumber the same or any Part thereof.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on the Death of Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* or His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Prince of Coburg of Saxfeld*, which ever shall be the Survivor, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and the several Fixtures thereto belonging, shall vest in and become Part of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and shall be settled and administered in the same Uses and in the same manner as His Majesty's Land Revenues now are or hereafter may be settled and administered.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* shall succeed to the Crown of the United Kingdom in the Lifetime of His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Prince of Coburg of Saxfeld*, then and in such case immediately after the Death of His Serene Highness, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and the Fixtures thereto belonging, shall become Part of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and be settled and administered in the same Uses and in the same manner as such Land Revenues now or hereafter may be settled and administered.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* shall survive His Serene Highness *Liepsold George Frederick Prince of Coburg of Saxfeld*, and after the Death of His Serene Highness succeed to the Crown of the United Kingdom, then and in such case and immediately upon such Accession of Her Royal Highness to the Crown of the United Kingdom, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and the Fixtures thereto belonging, shall become Part of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and be settled and administered in the same Uses, and in the same manner as such Land Revenues now are or hereafter may be settled and administered.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and he and they in and are hereby authorized and required from time to time, as the Insufficiency of the said Purchase Money and the Interest thereon shall respectively become due, to sell and dispose of so much of the *Three per Cent Consolidated Annuities*, standing in the Names of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to the Banks of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, which have been purchased with Money raised under the Provision of the last recited Acts of the Twenty eighth and Forty second Years of His Majesty's Regency, as well be sufficient to pay and discharge such respective Installments of the said Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, and the Interest then payable to the said *Charles Robt Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns, and by and with the Produce of the Sale of such Bank Annuities to pay and discharge such Installments of the said Purchase Money accordingly, and the Interest then payable to the said *Charles Robt Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Three Pounds per Cent Consolidated Bank Annuities hereby authorized and required to be sold and disposed of for the Purposes aforesaid, by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, shall and may be sold, transferred and disposed of by any Person or Persons to be appointed by them, or any Three or more of them, by Letter of Attorney, under their Hands and Seals attested by Two or more credible Witnesses.

The Clermont Estate vested in Commissioners of Woods and Forests in Trust for the Princess and the Prince.

On the Death of the Survivor the Estate to become Crown Property.

on Princess succeeding to the Crown in the Lifetime of His Highness, and after His Death;

and also in case of the Princess surviving and coming to the Crown, Estate to become Crown Property

Commissioners of the Treasury to sell and dispose of such Bank Annuities as they shall respectively become due, and the Interest then payable to the said *Charles Robt Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns.

Treasury may sell and transfer the Stock by Power of Attorney.

Commissioners
of Woods and
Forests may fill
Crown Lands to
raise Money to
replace the
Bank Note.

The M. 107 is
to be paid into the
Bank and laid
out in Three
per Cent. Cons.
Bonds in Red-
dempt Bank Annuities.

Bank Annuities
to be purchased ap-
propriate to Crown
Purposes, and
applied in like
manner as Bank
Bills are.

No such Con-
tract made with-
out the Consent
of Treasury.

Bank under this
Act to be made
in the manner
directed by
an O. 3. c. 10.

Woods to not
paying Purchase
Money into
Bank without
the consent of
Treasury.

Commissioners
of Woods to
report to the
King and Par-
liament when
Bills have been
made under this
Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Two of them, and they, or any Two of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of, and absolutely to make Sale of such or so many or so much of the Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes or Waste Lands or other Hereditaments, or any other Revenues of or belonging to the Crown within the Survey of the Exchequer in England (for the best Price or Consideration in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, be able to procure for the same), as will make a Sum sufficient to purchase for such Stock as the Three Pounds per Cent. Bank Annuities hereinafter mentioned, as shall be equal, or as nearly equal as conveniently may be, to the whole Amount which shall have been sold out of the said Consolidated Bank Annuities under the Provisions of this Act, for the Payment of any such Instalment or Instalments of the Purchase Money as is to be paid to the said Charles R. & Co., his Heirs or Assigns as aforesaid, and the Interest is to be paid to him or them as aforesaid; and that the Purchase Money to be paid for the same shall be paid into the Bank of England, to the Account of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and shall be laid out by the Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Two of them, (who are for that Purpose hereby authorized to make Drafts on the Bank for the same,) in the Purchase either of Three Pounds per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuities, or Three per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities, in the Name of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in like manner as all Respects as is preferred in the said second Act of the Thirtieth and Forty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty with relation to Purchases of Three Pounds per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuities, under said Acts respectively; and the Capital or Stock to be purchased thereunto, and the Dividends and Interest arising therefrom, shall be applicable to the same Purposes, and shall be applied in the same manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations and Provisions in all Respects, as the Bank Annuities which shall be sold for the Purpose of raising such Instalments as aforesaid, and the Dividends and Yearly Interest arising therefrom, would have been subject and applicable to if this Act had not been passed.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Contract shall be made, unless by Special Warranty to be issued for that Purpose by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Sales of any Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, Waste Lands or other Hereditaments, or any other Revenues to be made by virtue of this Act, shall be made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, for the time being, under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions as directed by the said second Act of the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in so far as the same may be applicable thereto; and that whenever such Commissioners shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Public or Corporate, for the Sale of any Lands or Premises, by virtue of this Act, they shall grant to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof a Certificate in the Form and in manner directed by the said last mentioned Act, or as near and similar thereto as the Commissioners will permit; and the Callers of the Bank shall, on Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Money, and carry the same to the Account therein specified, and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt thereof, without Fee or Reward, in like manner as by such last mentioned Act is directed, which Certificate and Receipt shall be enrolled and attested in the manner required by the said last mentioned Act, and from and immediately after such Enrolment, and thereupon for ever, the respective Purchaser, their Heirs, Successors or Assigns shall by force of this Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Possession of the Premises so by them respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under Him or them, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank the Consideration Money there to be specified for the Space of Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to enroll such Certificate, and the said Callers of the Bank for the Money for the like Space of time, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be forfeited, unless the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall for any reasonable Cause to them shewn for the Orission of such Instalment, order the same Certificate and Receipt to be enrolled *non pro tunc*, and which upon such Cause being shewn they are hereby authorized and empowered to do.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, shall in every Report which shall be made by them as The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching or concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, in so long as the Power of Sale given by this Act shall continue in force, certify and report what Part or Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown shall have been sold under and by virtue of the Provisions of this Act since the time of the making their last preceding Report,

Report, and what Sums or Sums of Money shall have been raised by Means of every such Sale, and in what manner the same shall have been applied and disposed of; and that when and as soon as all the Monies required for the Purposes of this Act shall have been raised, the said Commissioners shall certify the same in their next Report; and when and as soon as the same shall be so raised, all the Powers of Sale hereby given to them shall cease and be no further exercised.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Deed or Writing, Conveyance, Mortgage, Assignment or other Instrument, which shall be made, executed or signed by any Person or Persons in pursuance of the said recited Articles of Agreement, or for carrying the same into Execution, nor any Certificate or Receipt to be given or granted to any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Manors, Lordships, Manors or other Hereditaments hereby authorized to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, nor to any Stamp Duty to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless the same be specially subjected thereto and specifically charged therewith in and by such future Act or Acts of Parliament.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Abolition of Gaol and other Fees connected with the Gaols in England*.

[18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Abolition of Gaol and other Fees connected with the Gaols in England*; And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Judges of Assize have Power under and by virtue of the said Act, to grant to certain Officers who before the passing of the same were entitled to certain Fees abolished by the said Act, a Certificate for the Purpose of enabling the said Officers to receive Compensation for such Fees so abolished as aforesaid; And Whereas it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; Be it therefore declared and enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Judges of Assize, who have given the several Certificates since the passing of the said Act, as well as future Judges of Assize, respectively, to grant such Certificates as is required by the said Act; and the said Judges of Assize are hereby authorized and required to receive from every such Officer as, previous to the passing of the said Act, was lawfully entitled to any Fees abolished by the said Act, an Account in Writing of what they severally claim to be due to them for such abolished Fees, which Account shall be verified upon the Oath of the Party claiming the same, in like manner as is provided by the said Act in respect to the Clerks of Assize and Clerks of the Peace.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Amount of every such Account, after being verified as aforesaid, shall be paid in the same manner as is provided in and by the said Act, in respect to the Clerks of Assize and Clerks of the Peace.

III. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Act extends to Prisoners confined in Gaols and Prisons under Civil Process for Debt only, and whether Prisoners confined in the Gaols and Prisons of Liberties and Franchises under Civil Process for Debt, and the Gaolers and Keepers of such Gaols and Prisons, are within the Meaning and Purview of the said recited Act; And Whereas it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed; Be it therefore further declared and enacted, That the said recited Act and the Provisions therein contained shall be deemed and construed to extend and shall extend to all Prisoners, as well Civil as Criminal, whether confined for Debt or Crime in any of the Prisons in England, ~~except~~ in the said Prisons in the said Act excepted; and that the Gaolers and Keepers of all such Gaols and Prisons, except as aforesaid, and their Servants, as well within Liberties as without, shall have Compensation for their Fees or Gratuities abolished by the said recited Act or this Act, as in the said recited Act is mentioned.

IV. And be it enacted, That the Allowances made to the Bodes or Keepers of the Prisons of Devon Castle, in Fee of Fees and Gratuities paid or payable by any Prisoner as his or her Entrance, Commitment or Discharge to or from such Prison, and also the Compensation to the Registrar of the Cinque Ports and Clerk of Devon Castle for the Liberate granted to any Debtor only his or her Discharge, shall be paid out of the Funds raised by virtue of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Relief of Poor Debtors and others confined within the Gaol of Devon Castle*: Provided always, that such Allowances and Compensation shall be verified, allowed and paid in the same manner as the Relief in such Poor Debtors, and Payment for the same is directed to be allowed, verified and paid by the said recited Act.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for the safe Custody of Insane Persons charged with Offences. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the safe Custody of Insane Persons charged with Offences*, it is enacted, that in certain cases, therein specified, it shall be lawful for Courts of Justice to direct Insane Persons to be kept in safe Custody, in such Place and in such manner as to such Court shall seem fit, until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be known; and that it shall thereupon be lawful for His Majesty to give such Order for the safe

Power of Sale as to what when Money required for Purposes should a

Devote, &c. to be excepted from Stamp Duty

§ 10 3-4-20

Judges of Assize may grant Certificates to certain Officers to receive Compensation for Fees abolished

to be paid in same manner as is provided by recited Act.

Recited Act extended to Prisoners for Debt.

Allowances to Gaol and Prison Clerks, Bodes, &c. to be paid.

§ 14 10 3-4-20

to be paid

§ 20 20 20 20

to be paid

to be paid

Offenders be-
coming insane,
during Confinement,
may be removed to any
Lunatic Asylum

‘ *the Custody of such Persons, during his Pleasure, in such Place and in such manner as to His Majesty shall seem fit: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the due Care of Persons who may, after Conviction for any criminal Offence, become Insane: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person having been duly convicted of any Offence, who after such Conviction and during his or her Imprisonment or Confinement in any Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, under Sentence of Transportation or Imprisonment, shall become Insane, and it shall be duly certified by Two Physicians or Surgeons that such Person is insane, it shall be lawful for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to direct, by Warrant under his Hand, that such Person as aforesaid shall be removed to such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle for Insane Persons in the United Kingdom, as His Majesty's said Principal Secretary of State may judge proper and appoint: and every such Person so removed as aforesaid shall remain under Confinement in such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle as aforesaid, or in any other Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle, to which such Person may be removed by any like Order, until it shall be duly certified to His Majesty's said Principal Secretary of State, by Two Physicians or Surgeons, that such Person has become of sound Mind: whereupon His Majesty's said Secretary of State is hereby authorized, if such Person shall still remain subject to Imprisonment or to be continued in Custody, to issue his Warrant to the Keeper or other Person having the Care of any such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle as aforesaid, directing that such Person shall be removed back from such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle, to the Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, from whence the said Person or Persons shall have been taken, for the Purposes of being confined in such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receiptacle as aforesaid during the time of their being insane; or, if the Period of Imprisonment or Custody of such Person had expired, that such Person shall be discharged.*

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act for admitting Oil and Blubber from the British Colonies in North America, upon Payment of the like Duty as Oil and Blubber from Newfoundland. [18th July 1816.]

‘ *WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties now imposed by Law upon Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or on the Shores of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, should be repealed, and that in lieu thereof the same should be liable to the like Duties as are now by Law imposed upon Oil and Blubber being the Produce of the Newfoundland Fisheries: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties now payable upon the Importation into this Kingdom of Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught in the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, or on the Shores of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and in lieu and instead thereof such Oil and Blubber shall be subject and liable to the like Duties as are now by Law imposed upon the Importation into this Kingdom of Oil and Blubber being the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence, on the like Proofs and Certificates as are required on the Admission of Oil and Blubber of the Newfoundland Fishery as before related, to the Duty imposed thereon by Law; and such Duties shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied in the same manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the former Duties were.*

Duties are now
paid on Oil and
Blubber from
British Colonies
in North America
and, and in
lieu thereof like
Duties are now
imposed on Oil
and Blubber the
Produce of Fish
taken in New-
foundland
Fishery.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament for punishing Mutiny and Desertion in relation to the Transportation of Offenders. [18th July 1816.]

‘ *WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters: And Whereas it is expedient to explain and amend the Provisions of the said Act in relation to the Transportation of Persons sentenced to Transportation by Courts Martial, or of Persons sentenced to Death by Courts Martial, to whom His Majesty shall graciously extend his Mercy upon Conviction of Transportation: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Order made by any Judge of The King's Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer of the Degree of the Coat, under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of making any such Order in relation to the Transportation of Offenders, for the Transportation of any Offender sentenced to Transportation by any Court Martial, or being liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Court Martial, to whom His Majesty shall have been graciously pleased to extend or shall be graciously pleased to extend his Mercy,*

Orders made by
any Judge in re-
lation to Trans-
portation of
Offenders tried
by Courts Mar-
tial be illegal

upon

upon Condition of Transportation, and every Act consequent upon any such Order, shall be obeyed and done by all Persons by the Person in whose Custody such Offender shall at the time be, and all other Persons whom it may concern; and shall be as effectual and have all the same Consequences as any Order made or Act done under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time in relation to the Transportation of Offenders with respect to any Offender in any such Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent whom it may concern, and all Constables or other Persons, shall obey every such Order, and be Assistant in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Penalties for Disobedience or noncompliance with the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made under the Authority of any such Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time in relation to the Transportation of Offenders; any thing in the said recited Act of this Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXX.

An Act to procure Annual Returns of Persons committed, tried and convicted for Criminal Offences and Misdemeanors in Ireland. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that regular Returns should be made of the Commitments of Persons charged with Criminal Offences in Ireland, and the subsequent Proceedings thereon; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Clerks of Assize, Clerks of the Crown, Clerks of the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks in Ireland, shall, within the first Fourteen Days of the Month of January in each Year, return and transmit to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, at the Office of such Chief Secretary in Dublin Castle, Accounts of the Number of Persons, Male and Female, committed to the several Gaols in Ireland for Trial, and tried or discharged at the several Assizes, Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, General Sessions, Quarter Sessions and other Sessions at which they respectively act as such Clerks as aforesaid, which shall have been taken within the preceding Year, distinguishing particularly the Crimes with which all such Persons were severally charged upon their Commitment, the Crimes of which each of them as were indicted were respectively indicted, and the Crimes of which each of them as were convicted were respectively convicted; and distinguishing under each Head of Offence the Numbers convicted, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them and discharged by reason of no Prosecution, and the Sentences of such as were convicted, and also Rating under each Head of Offence the Numbers of those especially convicted who have been executed; and all such Accounts shall be made out and returned according to the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in such Form and manner and with any such additional Particulars as shall from time to time be ordered and required by such Chief Secretary in that behalf, and such Accounts shall be signed by every such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Crown or other Clerk as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make or transmit any such Return or Account in the manner and Form prescribed, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Information or Action at the Suit of His Majesty in any Court of Record in Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, shall, between the Twenty fourth Day of January and the Twenty fourth Day of February in each Year, if Parliament shall be sitting during any Part of such Period, or if Parliament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, then within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall next after the said Twenty fourth Day of February in each Year, cause all such Accounts and Returns to be laid before Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Grand Jurors assembled at the respective Spring Assizes for the several Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns in Ireland, and at the Preferring Term for the County and County of the City of Dublin next after such Returns shall be made by such Clerks of Assize, Clerks of the Crown, and other Clerks respectively in each and every Year, shall settle and ascertain the Allowances to be paid to the Clerks of Assize, Clerks of the Crown and other Clerks as aforesaid, sitting at the respective Assizes and Sessions, for their Care, Fees and Trouble in making such Returns; and it shall be lawful for such Grand Jurors respectively, and they are hereby required to prelate the Amount of such Allowances to be raised off the County at large, or County of the City or Town, as the case may be, to which such Returns respectively relate or apply; and such Amount when raised shall be paid by the Treasurer of such County, or County of a City or Town, to such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Crown or other Clerk respectively, who shall be entitled to the same under the Provisions of this Act.

Clerks of Assize &c. shall yearly transmit to Chief Secretary Accounts of the Number of Persons committed, distinguishing the Offences, &c. according to Schedule annexed.

Clerk of Assize, &c. refusing to sign, to be fined Twenty.

Returns to be laid before Parliament.

Allowances to Clerks of Assize, &c. to be settled by Grand Jurors.

§ 20.

§ 21.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

IRELAND, [Name of the Circuit Place from whence the Return is made.]

A RETURN of the Number of PERSONS committed to the different GAOLS in the several Counties within the Circuit [or, the Gaol of or, the Gaol within or the Gaol may be] for Trial at the Assizes [or, Session of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter or General Session of the Peace, or other Session, holden for particularly the Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment, the Crimes of which each of them as were indicted were severally indicted, and the Crimes of which each of them as were convicted were severally convicted; and distinguishing, under each Head of Offence, the Numbers committed, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them, and discharged by reason of no Prosecution; and the Sentences of each as were convicted, and the Numbers of those capially convicted who have been executed.

Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment.	Crimes of which they were indicted.	Crimes of which each of them as were convicted were severally convicted.	Acquitted by Verdict of Jury	Discharged by reason of no Bill being found.	Discharged by reason of no Prosecution.	TOTAL Number of Persons committed.
Total Number of Persons committed.	Number of Persons indicted - - } Not indicted - - - } Total - - -	Number of Persons committed - - } Acquitted by Verdict of Jury - - } No Bill found against - - } No Prosecution of - - } Total - - -	(Signed) C. A. (Clerk of the Assizes) or, (Clerk of the Peace, &c. as the case may be)			

Crimes and Sentences of Prisoners convicted.

CRIMES.	Total Number of Persons convicted.	SENTENCES.								Number of Persons capially convicted who have been executed.
		Death.	Imprisonment.		Whipping.	Fines.	Other Judgment.	Judgment respited.		
			14 Years.	7 Years.					Years.	

C A P. CXXI.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seven-
teen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in
certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [18 July 1816.]

[This Act shall stand as 55 G. 3. c. 167. except as to Duties and the Schedules here given, and Sections 16. which
is added.]

VII. AND Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of
Ireland while disembodied under certain Regulations; Be it further enacted, That the following Allowances
shall be made and paid to the Amount, under the Restrictions and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every
Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon, now bearing a Commission, and serving in the Militia of Ireland, who
shall have continued faithfully to serve until the Disembodiment thereof; that is to say, to a Lieutenant Two
Shillings and Sixpence a Day, to an Ensign Two Shillings a Day, and to an Assistant Surgeon Two Shil-
lings and Sixpence a Day: Provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for the time during
which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Officers belong, is embarked for Transport and
Exercise, or when called out for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall during the Continuance
of this Act become possessed of such an Estate or Interest, as would by Law entitle him to hold a Captain's
Commission in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland, or who is or shall be appointed Adjutant or Sur-
geon in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, nor any Officer on Full Pay of the Navy, Army or
Marines, who shall still hold the Commission of a Subaltern or Assistant Surgeon in the said Militia, shall
have or be in anywise entitled to the said Annual Allowance or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein
contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia,
who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous
to receiving the same, and in order to enable themselves thereon, take and subscribe an Oath before some
One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County in the United Kingdom in which they shall
respectively be, in the Words or to the Effect following; (witness),

I, A. B. do swear, That I belonged to the _____ of the Militia of Ireland,
when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the
Day of _____ last, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant
Surgeon, (as the case may be); and that I was not in my own Right, or in Right of my Wife, during the
said Period, in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Ten-
ements or Hereditaments, of such an annual Value as may be deemed, as would qualify me to hold a Com-
mission of Captain of a Company in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland; that I have not, during
the above Period, held the Appointment of Adjutant or Surgeon in any Regiment, Battalion or Corps
of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any Person for me hold or enjoy, during the said Period,
any Office of Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Half Pay as _____ * So help me GOD.

Which Oath is taken and subscribed, shall be by the said Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and he
is hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia
in which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall be then serving.

XII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Certificates as aforesaid of such Justice of the Peace and
Commanding Officer as aforesaid, or where any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall not have been called
out to their Annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon a Certificate of any such Justice of the Peace only being pro-
duced to or received by the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters, and they are hereby
authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon, according to their respective
Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, the Allowance there mentioned for Six Months, or
other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the
other Proportion of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen,
without any Deduction whatsoever; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced
among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any supernumerary Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Sur-
geon, of any Regiment of Militia in Ireland, which shall have been augmented during War, and where shall
have been reduced to its original Establishment, shall have succeeded or shall succeed to any Vacancy which
shall have occurred or shall occur in any such Regiment respectively, such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant
Surgeon, shall, from the date of his so succeeding, be entitled to such Pay and Allowance under this Act,
and in like manner and to the like Amount, and under the like Restrictions and Regulations as any Lieu-
tenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, who shall have been forming on the original Establishment of such Regi-
ment at the time of the disembodiment thereof; and such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, so
succeeding, shall be deemed to have belonged to such Regiment when the same was disembodied, and to have
continued to serve therein from that time, and shall in all Respects, from and after his so succeeding, be subject
to the Regulations in this Act contained, with respect to any Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon of the
said Militia who shall claim and receive the Pay and Allowance under this Act.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half
Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance, as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines,
and

or entitled to Allowance as having served in His Majesty's Forces, &c. Involving in the Militia, may receive the same on taking the following Oath:

Oath. I, A. B. do swear, That I had not before the and the
any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of
Half Pay as a retired in His Majesty's Navy (or in the Marines, or in
late Regiment of) or Allowance as in
late Troop of Horse Guards (or Regiment of Horse reduced), from and
except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster or
Quarter Master, Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon (or the rest may be), for serving in the Militia in the
County of

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle each Person to receive his Half Pay or the full Allowance without taking any other Oath, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Subscribers shall
at Year's dis-
count to receive
4s. per Day.

XXII. And he is further enacted, That if any such Surgeon of the said Militia, having faithfully served either in His Majesty's regular Forces or in the Militia for the full Term of Twenty Years, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Paymaster of the Regiment a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years in the whole, Ten of which he shall have served as a Surgeon of Militia, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the said Paymaster shall be, and he is hereby authorised and required to pay to each Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no Person receiving such Allowance shall, by reason thereof, forfeit his Right to any Half Pay to which he may be entitled.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to make Provision for securing, for a Time to be limited, the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Office of Clerk of the Pleas in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland is an ancient Office, to which diverse Fees and pecuniary Profits do belong: And Whereas the said Office lately became vacant by the Death of the Right Honourable Robert late Earl of Buckinghamshire, who held and enjoyed the same for many Years, under an Appointment to the said Office made by His present Majesty: And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, purposes and intends to make a Grant of the said Office, subject nevertheless to such Regulations touching the Fees and Emoluments arising and to arise from the same, since such Vacancy as aforesaid, or occurred or to be received, or belonging to the same, or under colour of belonging to the same, as may be thought expedient: And Whereas also the Chief Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, claiming the Right of appointment to the said Office, hath executed an Instrument purporting to appoint Walter O'Grady Esquire to the said Office; and the said Walter O'Grady hath executed an Instrument purporting to appoint John Pollock Esquire Clerk or First Deputy Clerk of the Common Pleas of the said Court of Exchequer; and hath also executed One other Instrument purporting to appoint Joseph Ferraro Esquire to be Second Deputy Clerk of the Common Pleas of the said Court of Exchequer; and the said Walter O'Grady and the said John Pollock hath openly in the said Court taken the Oaths required by Law to be taken by the Principal in the said Office, and by the Clerk or First Deputy respectively; and the said Joseph Ferraro hath also taken the Oaths required by Law to be taken by the Second Deputy before the Chief Baron or One of the Barons of the said Court; and the said Walter O'Grady, John Pollock, and Joseph Ferraro, or some or one of them, have or hath been executed or assumed to execute the Duties of the said Office, and received and taken all Fees and pecuniary Profits thereof, by themselves or by certain other Persons in their Employment, and holding the same in Places or Situations otherwise assigned under the Appointment of the said Walter O'Grady, John Pollock and Joseph Ferraro, or some or One of them, that is to say, Clerk of the Satisfaction and Plaintiffs Judgments Book, Filacer and Clerk of the Pleadings, Clerk of the Attachments, Clerk of the Rules, Clerk of the Writs and Clerk of the Alphebet: And Whereas a writ hath been returned to bring to a judicial Decision the Claim so made by the Chief Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, and the Right of appointing to the said Office, and other Points may be submitted respecting the Right of a Grant of His Majesty to the said Office, or to the Fees and Emoluments thereof, and it is therefore just that the Fees and pecuniary Profits of the said Office should be secured, for a Time to be limited, in manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within Ten Days after the First Day of August in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said Walter O'Grady, John Pollock and Joseph Ferraro, and the several Persons who shall from time to time hold or be in the Places or Situations of Clerk of the Satisfaction and Plaintiffs Judgments Book, Filacer and Clerk of

The Person
become entitled
to and their
Clerks shall
within Ten

the *Provisos*, Clerk of the *Attachees*, Clerk of the *Rules*, Clerk of the *Writs* and Clerk of the *Alphabets*, shall deliver and transmit to the Auditor General of the *Exchequer of Ireland*, at his Office in *Dublin*, One or more Accounts or Accounts, signed with their Names and in their proper Hand Writings respectively, wherein they shall, either jointly or severally as they shall think proper, state all and every Sum and Sums of Money received by them respectively, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons, for their Use, or by or under their Authority, or with their Privy or Privies respectively, or for which they or any Person or Persons on their behalf respectively shall have given Credit, for or on account or by reason of the Fees or pecuniary Profits of or by or under colour of the said Office of Clerk of the *Plas*, or of the *Places* or *Situations* before mentioned, or any of them, from the Day of the Death of the said Earl of *Beckingham*, to the said First Day of *August* inclusive; and if any other Person or Persons shall, on or before the said Day, claim to be such Officer, or such Clerk or Clerk, or First or Second Deputy, or any such Clerk as heretofore mentioned, and sell as such respectively, and receive or give Credit for any of the Fees or pecuniary Profits aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Person shall in like manner, within Ten Days after the said First Day of *August*, deliver or transmit to the said Auditor General an Account, signed by him, her or them as aforesaid, and stating as aforesaid; and every Person, who at any time after the said First Day of *August* shall claim to be such Officer or Deputy or Clerk holding any of the *Places* or *Situations* heretofore enumerated, shall within Ten Days after every First Day of *November*, First Day of *February*, First Day of *May* and First Day of *August* in every Year during the Continuance of this Act, in like manner deliver or transmit to the said Auditor General, at his Office as aforesaid, an Account, signed by him or them respectively, in his or their proper Hand Writings respectively, wherein they shall respectively state all and every Sum and Sums of Money received by them, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons for their Use, or by or under their Authority, or with their Privy or Privies respectively, or for which they shall have given Credit respectively to any Person or Persons, for or on account or by reason of the Fees or pecuniary Profits of the said Office of Clerk of the *Plas*, or Clerk holding any of the *Places* or *Situations* before mentioned, for or during the Quarter or Three Calendar Months ending on each First Day of *November*, First Day of *February*, First Day of *May* and First Day of *August* respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death of the said *Walter O'Grady*, *John Pollock* or *Joseph Farren*, or of any of the Persons who shall from time to time hold or be in any of the *Places* or *Situations* heretofore mentioned, the Executors or Administrators of the Party so deceding shall, within Three Months after the Decade of such Party, deliver and transmit to the said Auditor General an Account signed by such Executors or Administrators, or One of them of all Money received by such Party, or for the Use or under the Authority or with the Privy or Privies of such Party, or for which such Party shall have given Credit for or on account of such Fees as aforesaid, up to the Day of the Decese of such Party. It is as if such Executors or Administrators shall be enabled to obtain any Knowledge thereof by the Books, Papers or Accounts of such Party, or by any other Information within the Power of such Executors or Administrators, or any of them.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Account, before the same shall be so delivered as aforesaid, shall be verified by each and every Person whose Name shall be so subscribed thereto, by Affidavit at the Foot thereof, to be sworn before One of the Barons of His Majesty's *Exchequer of Ireland*, (which Oath any such Baron is hereby authorized and required to administer,) and which Affidavit shall state that the Account to which the same relates is a full, true and just Account according to the Import thereof, to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of the Person or Persons whose Name or Names shall be so subscribed thereto.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Person who shall deliver in such Account as aforesaid, or, in any other manner under the Provisions of this Act, shall, within Three Days after the Date of such Affidavit, pay or cause to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland* to an Account to be kept in the Books of the said Bank, and to be intitled, "Is the Master of the Office of Clerk of the *Plas* in the Court of *Exchequer*," the full Amount of all and every Sum and Sums of Money which each and every Person shall in such Account admit to have been so received by him, or by his *Treasury* or *Treasurer*, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons for his Use, or by or under his Authority, or with his Privy or Privies, or for which he, or any Person or Persons on his behalf, shall have so given Credit; subject nevertheless to any such Deduction as is hereinafter provided to be made from time to time.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall make such Affidavit as an Executor or Administrator shall be at Liberty to add thereto a Statement of the Amount in value of the Assets of the Testator or Intestate which have come to his, her or their Hands or Power, and whether any and what Part thereof is in Money or Bank Notes, and what is the Nature of such Part thereof as may not then be in Money or Bank Notes; and also a Statement of the Bank, if any paid thereto, for *Federal Expenses*; and such Executor or Administrator shall thereupon bring into the said Bank within the said time, in Priority to all other Demands, the Balance of so much of the said Assets as shall then be in Money or Bank Notes, after deducting what shall have been so paid for *Federal Expenses*, and the Residue shall be a Debt recoverable by Estate in manner heretofore provided.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any of the Persons aforesaid shall refuse, neglect or omit to deliver as or verify such Account, or to make such Payment, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five hundred *Pounds Sterling*; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of *Exchequer*, on Application duly made by His Majesty's Attorney General, to compel, by summary Order and Attachment, and Sequestration thereof, if necessary, the delivering and verifying of such Account as aforesaid, at such time as such Court shall direct; and if at any time after Three Days from the Date of the Affidavit at the Foot of any Account

Days after 10
August 1816.
Deliver to Auditor
General an Account
of the said Fees
claim by them
within the Decade
of the Office
of the Officer
Appointed by
the County

and quarterly
aforesaid, such
as Ten Days
after 10 Nov
1816 all Nov
1816 and 10 Aug

In case of Death
of Persons here-
in mentioned,
Executors or
Administrators

Accounts to be
verified on Oath
before a Baron
of the *Exchequer*

All Fees ad-
mitted by such
Administrators
herein required, to
be paid into the
Bank of *Ireland*
to Account of the
Clerk of the
Plas.

Proviso for his
Oath given, on
account of the
Latter only, &c.

Refusing to de-
liver Account
Penalty.
Delivery there-
of to be com-
pelled by Attach-
ment, &c.
I must say he
is not to com-

paying Payment of such due. Account furnished under this Act, it shall be made appear to any Barons of the Exchequer in Ireland, by an attested Copy of such Account and by Affidavit, that any Sum due under such Account, whether for due by a Principal Deputy or Clerk, or by any Executor or Administrator, remains unpaid, then such Barons shall immediately make an Order for an Extent to levy the same as a Debt to the Crown, which Extent shall accordingly issue in the usual Form against an original Debtor or an Executor or Administrator respectively; and the net Money levied thereon shall in like manner be paid into the said Bank in the said Matter of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas in the Court of Exchequer.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Money which shall be paid into the said Bank to the Account in the said Matter shall, under the Orders of the said Court of Exchequer, be laid out and applied in the Purchase of such Irish Government Stock as the said Court shall direct, to the Credit of the said Account in the said Matter; and the Interest of such Stock, and all Accruals thereon, shall, in like manner and under the like Orders, be from time to time so laid out and applied.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That neither the said John Peckell, nor the said Joseph Farway, nor any of the Clerks heretofore mentioned shall, nor shall any of them be compelled or compellable under the Provisions of this Act, to pay into the said Bank any Sum or Sums of Money, on any of the Accounts aforesaid, which at any time before the passing of this Act shall have been *deposited* paid by the said John Peckell or Joseph Farway, or by any of the said Clerks respectively, to the said Walter O'Grady, or to any Person or Persons by his Authority, but the said Walter O'Grady shall be compellable to so pay the same.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall in any such Affidavit as aforesaid swear any thing false, he shall, on being convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury; and Proof of the Hand Writing of the Person by whom any such Affidavit shall purport to have been sworn, and of the Person or Persons by whom the same shall purport to have been administered as aforesaid, and of his or their having at the time in question been required to fill the Office or Offices by virtue of which the said Oath shall purport to have been administered by him, shall in all cases be sufficient Proof that the same were duly sworn, and shall be conclusive thereof against any Person who shall have so falsified the same.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, from time to time to authorize and permit the Persons who for the time being shall actually perform, execute and discharge the Duties of the said Office of Clerk of the Pleas, to deduct out of the Payments referred to be made into the Bank of Ireland as aforesaid, or after such Payments shall have been made into the said Bank, to receive and to be paid interest such Sums or Sums of Money as shall by the said Lord Lieutenant be deemed a sufficient and adequate Reimbursement to such Persons for discharging the Expenses and Duties of the said Office, after paying the Salaries and Allowances of the Under Clerks therein employed, and defraying the Expenses of the said Office.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums which shall be paid into the said Bank of Ireland, under the Provisions of this Act, notwithstanding the Expiration or Expiry of this Act, remain in the said Bank and Provision shall be made by some other Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for the Purpose of receiving and authorizing the Payment and Application of the same, and to be paid and applied in such manner as shall or may be directed or authorized by such Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force for Two Years from the passing thereof, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England. [18 July 1816.]

14 G. 3. c. 123. WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *As to explain and amend several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England, for One Year, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Meeting of the then next Session of Parliament: And Whereas the said Act was continued by an Act of this Session of Parliament, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.*

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, Two Acts of the Fifty sixth and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Cakes and Cinders to London and Wotton-under-Edge. [18 July 1816.]

10 G. 3. c. 120. WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *As to allow, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the bringing of Coals, Cakes and Cinders to London and Wotton-under-Edge, by inland Navigation, which was continued by Two Acts of the Fifty sixth, Fifty sixth, and Fifty sixth Years of His present Majesty's Reign until the Full Day*

of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and it is enacted that the Act should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, and the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, for bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes or Cinder in London and Westminster by Island Navigation*, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Cokes or Cinder brought along the *Grand Junction or Paddington* Canals nearer to London than the *Stowe or Pott* thereby required to be erected and maintained, on or near to the Towing Path of the said *Grand Junction Canal*, at or near the North East Point of *Great Park*, and contiguous to the Wharf thro' in the Possession and Occupation of the Earl of *Glenesk*: And Whereas the Amount of the said Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by Schedule A. annexed to an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, other Duties are imposed in lieu thereof upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes and Cinder, under the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions of the said first recited Act: And Whereas the said recited Acts were further continued by Three Acts of the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is enacted that the said Acts should be further continued: Be it therefore enacted, That the said first recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in far as the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which the said limited Quantity of Coals, Cokes and Cinder may be brought within One Year by the said *Grand Junction and Paddington* Canals nearer to London than the said *Stowe or Pott*, and the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon and the Appropriation thereof, shall be and the same are hereby further continued until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons riotously destroying or damaging Buildings, Engines and Machinery, used in and about Collieries and other Mines, Waggonways, Bridges and other Works, used in conveying and Shipping Coals and other Minerals; and for enabling the Owners of such Property to recover Damages for the Injury sustained [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the First, intitled *An Act for preventing Tunnals and riotous Assemblies, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the Rioters*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of such Persons as shall demolish or pull down, burn or otherwise destroy or spoil any Mill or Mills; and for preventing the destroying or damaging of Engines for draining Collieries and Mines, or Bridges, Waggonways or other things used in conveying Coals, Lead, Tin or other Minerals from Mines, or Places for weighing Leads in pursuance of Acts of Parliament*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons destroying the Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and enabling the Owners of such Properties to recover Damages for the Injury sustained*: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that more effectual Provisions should be made for the Protection of Property not within the Provisions of the said Acts: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if, after the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled together in Disturbance of the Public Peace shall unlawfully and with Force Gentile, pull down, destroy or damage, or begin to demolish, pull down, destroy or damage any Fire Engine or other Engine, erected or to be erected for making, sinking or working Collieries, Coal Mines or other Mines, or any Bridge, Waggonway or Truck, erected or made, or to be erected or made for conveying Coals or other Minerals from any Colliery, Coal Mine or other Mine, to any Place, or for shipping the same, or any Stairs or other Engine or Building for depositing Coals or other Minerals, or used in the Management or conducting of the Business of any such Colliery, Coal Mine or other Mine, whether the same Engines, Bridges, Waggonways, Trucks, Stairs, Treadways and other Buildings or Works shall be respectively completed and finished, or only begun to be set up, made and erected, that then every such demolishing, pulling down, destroying, and damaging, or beginning to demolish, pull down, destroy and damage, shall be adjudged Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons injured or damaged by such demolishing, pulling down, destroying or damaging, or beginning to demolish, pull down, destroy or damage any such Property heretofore specified, shall be entitled to and may and are hereby empowered to recover the Value of such Property heretofore specified, so demolished, pulled down, destroyed or damaged as aforesaid, or the Amount of the Damage done to the same as aforesaid; and such Value or Damage shall and may be recovered, levied, paid

Revised Act for
continued.

45 G. 3. c. 118.

48 G. 3. c. 104.

47 G. 3. c. 66.

46 G. 3. c. 124.

45 G. 3. c. 98.

44 G. 3. c. 98.

43 G. 3. c. 98.

42 G. 3. c. 98.

41 G. 3. c. 98.

40 G. 3. c. 98.

39 G. 3. c. 98.

38 G. 3. c. 98.

37 G. 3. c. 98.

36 G. 3. c. 98.

35 G. 3. c. 98.

34 G. 3. c. 98.

33 G. 3. c. 98.

32 G. 3. c. 98.

31 G. 3. c. 98.

30 G. 3. c. 98.

29 G. 3. c. 98.

28 G. 3. c. 98.

27 G. 3. c. 98.

26 G. 3. c. 98.

25 G. 3. c. 98.

24 G. 3. c. 98.

23 G. 3. c. 98.

22 G. 3. c. 98.

21 G. 3. c. 98.

20 G. 3. c. 98.

19 G. 3. c. 98.

18 G. 3. c. 98.

17 G. 3. c. 98.

16 G. 3. c. 98.

15 G. 3. c. 98.

14 G. 3. c. 98.

13 G. 3. c. 98.

12 G. 3. c. 98.

11 G. 3. c. 98.

10 G. 3. c. 98.

9 G. 3. c. 98.

8 G. 3. c. 98.

7 G. 3. c. 98.

6 G. 3. c. 98.

5 G. 3. c. 98.

4 G. 3. c. 98.

3 G. 3. c. 98.

2 G. 3. c. 98.

1 G. 3. c. 98.

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0 G. 3. c. 98.

ruled and reformed in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means as are particularly provided, directed or referred to in the said recited Act of the Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, in respect of the several Discriptions of Buildings therein mentioned.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Person or Number of Persons shall so unlawfully assemble together in Disobedience of the Public Peace as aforesaid, the Person or Persons who so or see the Overt or Proprietor or Owners or Proprietors of any of the Houses, Works, Buildings, or other Property heretofore particularly specified, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after such unlawful Assembly shall take place, by himself or themselves, or by his or their Servants, give or cause to be given due Notice and Information of such Assembly having taken place, to some or one of the several Magistrates, and to the Constable or some one of the resident Housekeepers of the Town, Village or Hamlet near to the Place where any such Assembly shall take place; and that no Person or Persons shall be enabled to recover any Damages by virtue of this Act, unless he or they shall have given such Notice and Information as aforesaid, by himself or themselves or by his or their Servants, within Two Days after such Damage or Injury done him or them by any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, † shall give Notice of such Offence done and committed, unto some of the Inhabitants of some Town, Village or Hamlet near unto the Place where any such Fast shall be committed; and shall within Four Days after such Notice given in his or their Examination upon Oath, or the Examination upon Oath of his, her or their Servant or Servants, that had the Care of his, her or their Property heretofore specified, is destroyed or damaged, as aforesaid, before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Liberty or Division where such Fast shall be committed, inhabiting within the said Hundred where the said Fast shall happen to be committed, or near unto the same, whether he or they do know the Person or Persons that committed such Fast, or any of them; and if upon such Examination it be confessed that he or they do know the Person or Persons that committed the said Fast, or any of them, that then in or they in committing shall be bound by Recognizance to prosecute such Offender or Offenders, by Indictment or otherwise, according to the Law of this Realm: Provided also, that no Person who shall sustain any Damage by Reason of any Offence to be committed by any Offender contrary to this Act, shall be thereby enabled to sue for or bring any Action against any Inhabitants of any Hundred where such Offence shall be committed, except the Party or Parties sustaining such Damages shall commence by or on their Action or Suit within One Year next after such Offence shall be committed: Provided nevertheless, that the Notice hereby required may and shall be given in Scotland to the Sheriff or Stewart Depute, or Substituted of the County or Stewartry where such Fast shall happen to be committed, in order that such Measures may be taken as the Law of Scotland prescribes in such cases.

Owners of Houses, Works, Buildings, or other Property heretofore particularly specified, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after such unlawful Assembly shall take place, by himself or themselves, or by his or their Servants, give or cause to be given due Notice and Information of such Assembly having taken place, to some or one of the several Magistrates, and to the Constable or some one of the resident Housekeepers of the Town, Village or Hamlet near to the Place where any such Assembly shall take place;

no Person or Persons shall be enabled to recover any Damages by virtue of this Act, unless he or they shall have given such Notice and Information as aforesaid, by himself or themselves or by his or their Servants, within Two Days after such Damage or Injury done him or them by any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, † shall give Notice of such Offence done and committed, unto some of the Inhabitants of some Town, Village or Hamlet near unto the Place where any such Fast shall be committed;

Location of Action for Damages.

In Scotland Notice to be given to Sheriff, &c.

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland. [11 July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *“An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland, and to amend the said Act, and to distinguish between the cases of such Insolvent Debtors who shall have been guilty of gross Injustice towards their Creditors, and the cases of those who shall not have so conducted themselves:”* be it therefore enacted and declared, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in every Notice directed by the said recited Act to be given by any Prisoner to his or her Creditors or Creditors, such Prisoner shall declare that he or she is ready and willing to be fully examined touching the Justice of his or her Conduct to his or her Creditor or Creditors, and that the Court or Judge to whom any Prisoner shall apply under the said recited Act, or any Act for amending the same to be discharged under the Provision of the said Act, shall examine each and every such Prisoner touching the Justice of the Conduct of such Prisoner towards his or her Creditor or Creditors; and if it shall appear to the said Court or Judge upon the Examination of any Prisoner, or otherwise, that such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, either in contracting any Debts, or entering into any Engagements, without any fair Possibility or probable Means of paying such Debts, or fulfilling such Engagements, or by squandering or otherwise wastefully disposing of his or her Money, Effects or other Property, which he or she might have applied in paying such Debts or fulfilling such Engagements, either wholly or in Part, such Prisoner shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge by virtue of the said recited Act, or of any Act for amending the same, unless the whole of the Creditors of such Prisoner shall consent to his or her Discharge, or such Prisoner shall have been confined within the Walls of any Prison for the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the time when such Prisoner shall have applied for his or her Discharge.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to alter or repeal any of the Powers or Provisions of the said recited Act, or of any Act to amend the same, further than any of the Powers or Provisions in the said Act or Acts are hereby expressly repealed or altered respectively.

Prisoner to give Notice that he is willing to be examined touching the Justice of his Conduct to his Creditors, and that the Court or Judge to whom any Prisoner shall apply under the said recited Act, or any Act for amending the same to be discharged under the Provision of the said Act, shall examine each and every such Prisoner touching the Justice of the Conduct of such Prisoner towards his or her Creditor or Creditors; and if it shall appear to the said Court or Judge upon the Examination of any Prisoner, or otherwise, that such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, either in contracting any Debts, or entering into any Engagements, without any fair Possibility or probable Means of paying such Debts, or fulfilling such Engagements, or by squandering or otherwise wastefully disposing of his or her Money, Effects or other Property, which he or she might have applied in paying such Debts or fulfilling such Engagements, either wholly or in Part, such Prisoner shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge by virtue of the said recited Act, or of any Act for amending the same, unless the whole of the Creditors of such Prisoner shall consent to his or her Discharge, or such Prisoner shall have been confined within the Walls of any Prison for the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the time when such Prisoner shall have applied for his or her Discharge.

Proviso for future Acts.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act to reduce the Duty on the Exportation from Great Britain of Small Coals of a certain Description.

WHEREAS it would tend to encourage the Employment of *Brigs* Shipping and *Brigs* Masters, of Coals which had been foreseen through a *Riddle* or *Screen*, the Motion of which was of small Description, were allowed to be exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts, subject only to the Dues payable on the Exportation of Coals from Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Dues of Customs payable by Law upon the Exportation from Great Britain to Foreign Parts, of Coals the Pieces whereof shall be of a Size capable of passing through a *Riddle* or *Screen* the Bars of which shall not in any Part thereof be more than Three eighth Parts of an Inch asunder, shall, under the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned, cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the Exportation from Great Britain to Foreign Parts of any Coals which shall have been foreseen through a *Riddle* or *Screen* the Bars of which not being in any Part thereof more than Three eighth Parts of an Inch asunder, and stamped in the manner hereinafter directed, forth and the like Duties and so others, as are or may be charged and payable on Coals exported from Great Britain to Foreign Parts.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That so Coals whenever shall be admitted to Entry as Payment of the Duty due and payable on Coals under the Provision of this Act, unless a Certificate under the Hand of an Owner or Proprietor of the Mine or Pit from which such Coals shall have been raised, or of the principal and known Agent of such Owner or Proprietor, shall be delivered to the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, which Certificate shall specify the real Quantity of Coals so to be admitted to Entry, and that all such Coals have actually passed through a *Riddle* or *Screen* of the Dimensions hereinafter described, and which *Riddle* or *Screen* stamped as by this Act directed; and such Certificate shall also contain the Name and Residence of the Owner or Proprietor of such Coals, with the Description of the Situation of the Mine or Pit from which such Coals were raised.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Coal Pit or Mine from which it may be intended to ship for Exportation any Coals of the Sort and Dimensions hereinafter described, shall at and on their Expense provide or cause to be provided such a Number of *Riddles* or *Screens* of the Dimensions hereinafter described as shall be necessary and sufficient for the Purpose of ascertaining that the Coals intended to be shipped are of the Dimensions required by this Act in order to entitle them to be exported to Foreign Parts on Payment of the Duty as Coals: Provided always, that all such *Riddles* or *Screens* shall be stamped in such manner as the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time direct; and that all such Coals shall be intended to be shipped; Provided always, that all Coals being of a larger Size or Dimensions than is hereinafter mentioned and described, shall on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain be charged with the Duty on Coals so exported, in such and the like manner as every respect as if this Act had not been made.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Coals shall be received or shipped for Exportation to Foreign Parts on which the Duty payable on Coals shall have been paid under the Provision of this Act, which shall be of larger Dimensions than is allowed by this Act to be so entered, or which shall not have passed through a stamped *Riddle* or *Screen* of the Description by this Act directed to be used, the Owner or Proprietor of any such Coals, or the Person in his behalf signed the Certificate hereby required to be delivered to the Collector of the Customs at the time of the Entry of any such Coals, and the Person entering or shipping any such Coals, shall be subject and liable to a Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Charge, *Newcastle Measure*, of such Coals so improperly entered or shipped.

V. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs at the Port where any Coals shall be entered for Exportation to Foreign Parts on Payment of the Duty as Coals, shall, whenever and as often as it conveniently can be done, attend at the forwarding of any Coals so entered; and in any case when he or they have not been able to do so, the Owner or Proprietor or the Shipper of such Coals shall, whenever required by any such Officer, send any such Coals to the residence of the proper Officer or Officers; and if it shall appear that such Coals or any Part thereof are not of the Dimensions required by this Act, or have not passed through the *Screen* directed and directed by this Act to be used, the Owner or Proprietor of such Coals, and the Person who may have signed the Certificate required by this Act to be delivered to the Collector of the Customs, shall be subject and liable to the Penalties directed by this Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Dues by this Act imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Dues of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Regulations, *Ratifications*, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain, and all Ports, Places, Towns and Forfeitures for

any Officers whatsoever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Application of
Duties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Moulds from time to time arising from the said Duties (the necessary Charges of making and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipts of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties on Colon exported from Great Britain are directed to be appropriated and applied.

C A P. CXXVIII.

AN Act to amend Two Acts, made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for opening a more convenient Communication from *Mary le bone Port* to *Charing Cross*; and for paving the Streets to be made in *Mary le bone Port*, and to enable His Majesty to grant Small Portions of Land or Sites for Public Buildings, or to be used as Cemeteries within the Bills of Mortality.

[18 July 1816.]

11 G. 3. c. 117.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making a more convenient Communication from Mary le bone Port, and the Northern Parts of the Metropolis in the Parish of Saint Mary le bone to Charing Cross, within the Liberty of Westminster, and for making a more convenient Sewage for the same*: And Whereas another Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for paving and otherwise improving certain Streets, public Passages and Places, which are or shall be made upon certain Pieces of Ground belonging to His Majesty, in the several Parishes of Saint Mary le bone and Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesex, called Mary le bone Park*: And Whereas it is necessary and expedient that further Provision should be made in relation to the Houses and Buildings to be erected in the Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts and Passages, to be erected and made under the Provisions of the said first recited Act, and the paving, lighting and watching the same, and that certain Parts, therefore, of the said first recited Act should be repealed, and the Powers and Provisions therein contained, amended and enlarged: And Whereas some of the Provisions of the said last recited Act require to be amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said first recited Act as relates to the paving, lighting and watching any of the Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts or Passages, comprised within the Provisions of the said first recited Act, and to any Powers and Authorities given in the said Act relating thereto, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Provisions of
former Act, as
to paving, &c.
repealed.

Appointment of
Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, and the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and such other Person or Persons as shall be elected and appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for paving, lighting, watching and otherwise regulating and improving the several Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, or such Parts thereof respectively as are or shall be made upon any Land within the Limits mentioned and described in the said first recited Act, which now belongs, or shall at any time hereafter belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Power to appoint
additional Com-
missioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Three or more of them, at any Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, to elect and appoint any other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution; and every Person or Persons who shall be so elected and appointed, as and are hereby vested with the same Powers and Authorities as if he or they had been named in this present Act, and had been hereby appointed a Commissioner or Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution.

Qualification of
Commissioners.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall be so elected and appointed, shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, unless he shall be in his own Right, or in Right of his Wife, in the actual Possession or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of the clear yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or possessed of or entitled to a Personal Estate of the Value of Two thousand Pounds.

Commissioners
acting without
being qualified,
as being con-
sidered to say
Consent under
An
Penalty

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person hereafter to be elected a Commissioner for the Purposes of this Act, not being so qualified, shall presume to act in the Execution of this Act, or being so qualified shall, during such time as he shall hold any Place or Office of Profit, or be in any way interested or concerned in any Contract to be made by virtue of this Act, or any Work or Business to be done under the same, presume to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit, to any Person who shall sue for the same, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt or on the case or otherwise; and the Person so fined shall prove that he is qualified as aforesaid, or that he did not hold any such Place or Office of Profit, or was not interested or concerned in any such Contract, Work or Business as aforesaid, (in the case

may happen,) or otherwise, shall pay the said Penalty without any other Proof or Evidence being given on the Part of the Plaintiff, than that such Person had acted as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or whilst holding any such Place or Office, or being interested or concerned in any such Contract, Work or Business as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall meet at such time and Place as any Three or more of them shall appoint, by Notice to be signed by them, and affixed on the Church Doors of the Parishes of Saint James in the Liberty of Westminster, Saint Mary le Strand, Saint Martin in the Fields and Saint George Hanover Square, at least Eight Days before such Meeting, in order to put this Act in Execution; and shall and may then, and from time to time afterwards, adjourn themselves to any Place within or near the Limits of this Act; and if at any time there shall not appear at any such Meeting a sufficient Number of the said Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act to act in the Execution of the same, any One of the said Commissioners present may adjourn the Meeting to another Day; and in case of any Neglect or Omission to adjourn, any Three of the said Commissioners or their Clerk, shall and may call a Meeting at the Place where the last Meeting of the said Commissioners was appointed to be held or was held by Notice or Summons to be delivered at the usual Place of Abode of all such Commissioners, at least Three Days before such Meeting; and that at all Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act, the said Commissioners shall defray their own Expenses (except for the Use of the Rooms or Apartment where such Meetings shall be held, which shall be paid out of the Rates or Assessments heretofore directed to be made and levied); and no Act of the said Commissioners shall be void, unless made or done at some Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act (except the calling of Meetings as aforesaid); and that all the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted to or vested in the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by or by virtue hereof, shall and may from time to time be exercised by the major Part of them present at their respective Meetings to be holden as aforesaid, the Number of Commissioners present at such Meeting not being less than Three, for the Purpose of borrowing Money, granting Advances, or making Contracts, and not being less than Two in any other case, unless where herein otherwise particularly provided; and in all cases where the Number of Votes upon any Question shall be equal, (including the Chairman's Vote,) the Chairman shall have the casting Vote; and at every Meeting to be held under or in pursuance of this Act, the first Business shall be the Election of a Chairman to preside at the same: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed and to be appointed by or by virtue of this Act, and they are hereby authorized to hold any Special Meeting between their then last Meeting and the Day to which any subsequent Meeting shall have been adjourned, so that such Meeting shall be required by Two or more of the said Commissioners, and Notice thereof given as last aforesaid, at least Three Days before the time to be appointed for the same, and so as that such Notice shall be signed by the Clerk or the said Commissioners, and specify the Cause or Causes of such Special Meeting.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Order made by the said Commissioners, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall be revoked or altered, unless at some Special Meeting to be required as aforesaid, of which Three Days' Notice shall be given as last aforesaid, specifying the Cause of such Meeting; and also, unless a greater Number of Commissioners shall attend such Meeting, to revoke or alter the same, than were present when such Order was made.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That Entries shall be made in a Book or Books to be provided for that Purpose of all the Acts, Orders and Proceedings of the said Commissioners, and of the Names of the Commissioners who shall be present at the respective Meetings; and One or more of the said Commissioners who shall be present, shall subscribe his or their Name or Names at the End of the Proceedings of the respective Meetings; and all such Entries being so signed shall be deemed Originals, and shall be allowed to be read in Evidence in all cases, Suits and Actions touching any thing done in pursuance of this Act; and that such Book shall at all feasible times be open to the Inspection of all Persons sued or affected for the Purposes of this Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall from time to time, by Writing under their Hands, appoint a Treasurer, Clerk and Surveyor, and also a Collector of the Rates or Assessments to be made as heretofore mentioned, and such other Officers and Persons as they shall think necessary, and may remove any such Officers or other Persons as they shall think proper, and appoint others in their stead, and pay such Salaries and make such Allowances to all such Officers or Persons as they the said Commissioners shall think reasonable; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to take Security from every such Treasurer or Collector as they shall think proper.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Treasurer and Collector shall, under their respective Hands (at such time or times, and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct) deliver to the said Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, a true and perfect Account in Writing of all such matters and things as may be committed to their Charge, and of all Moneys which shall have been by them received, by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, and how much thereof hath been paid and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with the proper Vouchers for such Payments, and all such Collectors shall pay all such Money as shall remain in their respective Hands; and if any such Collector as aforesaid shall at any time or times hold or keep in his own Hands for the Space of Three Days together, any larger Sum of Money to be received by him under this Act, than the Sum of Fifty Pounds, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to the said Commissioners any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, within the Space of Ten Days next after he shall be called upon by them, or their Treasurer, to pay such Penalty; and every such Collector shall, when thereto required by the said Commissioners, assembled at any such Meeting as aforesaid, produce a Book containing an Account of the Rates and Assessments laid by virtue of this Act, which shall be in arrears and unpaid, and the Names of the Persons by whom the same ought to be paid, with

Meeting of Commissioners

Adjournment.

Number of Commissioners present.

Special Meetings may be held.

Restriction as to revoking Orders.

Proceedings of Commissioners to be entered.

Evidence.

Officers to be appointed, and to give Security.

Treasurer and Collector to be appointed.

Usual keeping Money in Hand

Penalty.

Refusing to
assent.

Clerk of Com-
missioners,
Treasurer and
Collector to deli-
ver to Counsel-
lors or the 4
Appointees on
Notice of Four-
teen Days.
Books, &c. relin-
g in All or
Duplicates.

Margin contain-
ing in the Hands
of Collector.

Deliver.

Intention, &c.
relating to
give Accounts,
&c.

Any Witnesses
in Account
residents, &c.

Commissioners
to give and re-
ceive Sums, &c.

Alonging Pav-
ments, &c. with-
out Consent.

Penalty.

Commissioners
to make Allow-
ance to any
Person as they
have paid or
shall have Ex-
pended.

Commissioners
may purchase
Materials and
Carriage, &c. or
provide or hire
Ground for
gravel, Mac-
adam, and for
building Walls,
&c.

the Sums by them respectively owing, and the time when the same become due; and every such Treasurer and Collector is authorised to deliver up to the said Commissioners, (which Clerk any One of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer) verify such their respective Accounts; and if any such Treasurer or Collector shall refuse or wilfully neglect to make and render, or shall refuse to verify upon Oath any such Account, or to produce or deliver up the Vouchers relating to the same, or to make Payment as aforesaid; or in case the Clerk of the said Commissioners, or any such Treasurer or Collector, shall not deliver to the said Commissioners, or to such Person as they shall appoint, within Fourteen Days next after being thereunto required by Notice in Writing, signed by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, and given to or left at the last or usual Place of Abode of such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector, all Books, Papers and Writings as their respective Copyhold or Power, relating to the Execution of this Act, or Duplicates thereof respectively, or give Satisfaction to the said Commissioners respecting the same, and Compliant shall be made thereof as the behalf of the said Commissioners, to any Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex or City of Westminster, such Justice is hereby authorised and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector to be brought before him, and upon his appearing or not being to be found, to hear and determine the matter of such Complaint in a summary Way; and if upon the Complaint of the Party, or by the Testimony of any credible Witnesses upon Oath, (which Clerk said Justice is hereby empowered to administer), it shall appear to such Justice that any of the Monies which shall have been collected and ruled by virtue of this Act, shall be in the Hands of any such Treasurer or Collector, such Justice is hereby authorised and required upon Non Payment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Money to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person; and if on such Goods or Chattels can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the Money and the Charges of dis-
tressing and selling the Distress, or if it shall in manner aforesaid appear to such Justice, that any such Treas-
urer, Clerk or Collector had refused or wilfully neglected to render and give such Account, or to verify the
same as aforesaid, or to produce the Vouchers relating thereon, or that any Books, Papers or Writings relating
to the Execution of this Act, shall be in the Custody or Power of any such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector,
and he shall have refused or neglected to deliver up or give Satisfaction respecting the same as aforesaid, then
such Justice shall cause him to be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain, without Bail or
Mainprise, until such Person, being Treasurer or Collector, shall make and give a true and perfect Account
and have paid such Money as aforesaid, or shall have compounded for such Money with the said Commissioners,
and have paid such Composition in such manner as they shall appoint, which Compositions the said Commis-
sioners are hereby empowered to make and receive, and such Justice Person, being Treasurer, Clerk or Collector,
shall deliver up all such Books, Papers and Writings, or Duplicates of the same as aforesaid; but so Person
who shall be committed on account of his not having sufficient Goods or Chattels as aforesaid, shall be detained
in Prison for any longer Term than Six Calendar Months.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby au-
thorised and empowered, from time to time, to cause the several Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Closets
and other Public Passages and Places, or such Parts thereof as shall be made and set out within the Limits of
their Jurisdiction, under the Provisions of this Act, both in the Carriage and Footways to be paved, and such
Pavements to be from time to time mended and kept in good Repair, upon such Levies, and in such manner,
and with such Sums and kinds of Materials as they shall judge necessary and proper; and also to cause the said
Streets, Squares, Closets, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, to be cleaned, hyphen, mended
and watered, and the Sides thereof or other Places, which shall be made or set out, to be fenced or inclosed
with Iron or other Rails, in such Parts and Places and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall think
proper; and all Encroachments, Obstructions, Nuisances and Amovances thereon, to be removed, and Drains,
Gutters or Watercourses, to be made, for conveying the Water from the said Streets, Squares, Cir-
cles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, in such manner as they shall think proper; and
that no Person shall, without the Consent of the said Commissioners, alter the Form, or break up the Ground
or Pavement of the Carriage or Footways within any Part of such Limits, or make the same otherwise than
as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, upon pain of forfeiting any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for
every such Offence, and such Person so offending shall also pay all the Expenses of restoring such Ground or
Pavement to its former State.

XLI. And Whereas several Persons have already paved, or may hereafter at their own Expense pave
certain Squares, Passages and Places, within the Limits of this Act, for which it is reasonable to see Allow-
ance should be made? Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners,
and they are hereby authorised and empowered, them and out of the Monies to arise under and by virtue of
this Act, to make and pay to such Persons, as to the said Commissioners shall appear to be entitled thereto,
such Payments or Allowances for or in respect of such Pavements made and done, or which shall hereafter be
made and done by them as aforesaid, as to the said Commissioners shall appear just and reasonable.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may and they are hereby authorised and
empowered to purchase the Pavements and Footways, or the Materials of which the said Streets may have been
paved or made, in all or any of the Streets, Squares, Ways, Courts, Passages or other Places within the Juris-
diction of any Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees before the passing of this Act, which shall
be taken, knocked up, mended or altered under the Provisions of this Act, or such Parts thereof as shall be
within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and all Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp
Posts and other Materials belonging to any such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, within
such Limits, and also to make Compositions to any such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees,
for any Loss or Damage which they or their respective Parties may sustain by reason of any of the said Streets,
Squares,

Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, being put or placed under the Commission for carrying this Act into Execution; and also to purchase, take or have any Piece or Pieces of Ground, for the Purpose of digging Gravel for the better paving such Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places as aforesaid, and for the Purpose of depositing Materials thereon, for or on account of such Paving, or for the Purpose of erecting a Watch House or Watch Houses thereon, or to rent any Building to be made use of as or for any other of the Purposes of this Act, as shall appear to them to be necessary, for such Sums or Sums of Money, yearly Rent or Rents, and for such time, as to them shall appear reasonable, which Sums or Sums of Money, yearly Rent or Rents, shall be respectively paid out of the Monies to arise by virtue of this Act; and also to erect any Watch House or Watch Houses, and any Number of Watch Boxes, for the Purposes of this Act, in such Place or Places as they may think proper, and likewise to buy or hire such Horses, Carriages, Teams or Carriages, as may be necessary for the Purpose of carrying such Gravel, or for clearing or moving such Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places as aforesaid, or for any other Purpose directed by this Act; and also to have such Persons, buy such Materials and make such Regulations for the better Execution of any such Purposes, as they the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall in their Discretion think proper.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Lessees, Partners, Carpenters or Callipers, Fences, Coverts, or any other Person or Persons interested in any Pavement, Road, Gates, Lamp Poles or other Materials, or in any Ground or Hereditaments which the said Commissioners for executing this Act are hereby empowered to purchase, take and use for the Purposes of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to treat, or shall not agree in the Premises, or by reason of Absence or Disability shall be prevented from treating with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or their Agents, for the Sale and Disposal thereof; or if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons interested, cannot be found or known, or shall not produce or enter a clear Title to the Premises so to be purchased, or to the Interest, he, she or they shall respectively claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or if the Person entitled to be compensated for any such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, shall not agree with the Commissioners for executing this Act in regard thereto, then and in every or any such case, the Sheriff of the said County of Middlesex, or his Under Sheriff, or the High Bailiff of the City and Liberty of Westminster, or his Deputy, as the case may be; or in each such Sheriff or Under Sheriff, High Bailiff or his Deputy, shall be always interested in the Matter in question, then some of the Coronors of the said County, not interested therein, shall, upon the Warrant of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to be issued in the manner hereinafter mentioned, and he and they in and are hereby required and authorized to cause it to be required into and ascertained, upon the Oaths of a Jury of Twelve indifferent Men of the said County of Middlesex, or City and Liberty of Westminster, (which Oaths the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff or Deputy, or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered and required to administer, what Recompense and Satisfaction ought to be made to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners, Occupiers or other Person or Persons interested therein, for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, or for the Value of such Pavement, Road, Gates, Lamp Poles, or other Materials, Piece or Pieces of Ground, or Hereditaments, and of the proportionable Value of the respective Estates and Interests of every Person or Persons injured or prejudiced therein, or sovered therein, or of or in any Part or Parts thereof, and shall assess and award the Sums or Sums of Money to be paid to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees or other Person or Persons respectively for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, for the Purchase of their respective Rights, Estates and Interests therein; and in order thereto, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered and required from time to time, as occasion shall require, to summon and call before the said Jury and examine upon Oath, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall be thought necessary and proper to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, touching or concerning the Premises (which Oath the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered to administer); and such Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner respectively, shall order and cause the said Jury to view the Materials or Places in question, if there be occasion, and sit all other lawful ways and means, as well for him and their own as for the said Jury, better Information in the Premises, as the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall think fit; and after the said Jury shall have acquired of, ascertained and settled such Recompense and Satisfaction, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall thereupon order the Sums or Sums of Money to be paid by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to the said Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners or Occupiers of, or other Person interested therein, according to such Verdict or Satisfaction of the said Jury, which said Verdict or Satisfaction and Order, he, she and he, shall be final, binding and conclusive to all persons and Parties, upon and against all Parties and Persons whatsoever; and for the forwarding and returning of such Jury of Twelve, the said Commissioners for executing this Act are hereby empowered to issue their Warrant or Warrants to the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, to summon, impel and return, at some convenient Place in the said County of Middlesex, or City of Westminster, as the case may be, a Jury of not less than Twelve fit and able upon this Forty eighth behalf and indifferent Men, qualified according to Law to be returned for Trials of Issues in His Majesty's Courts of Record in Westminster, to appear before the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, at such time and Place as is in such Warrant shall be appointed, and Fourteen Days' Notice in the last in Writing, under the Hands of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or under the Hand of their Agent duly appointed, of the time and Place at which such Jury is required to be returned as so aforesaid, shall be given to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Corporations or any other Person

Directors to be
affixed, in case
of Disagree-
ment, by a
Jury.

Sheriff, his exe-
cuted in ex-
cess of Oath.

Witnesses-
taken on Oath.

Sheriff is order
sum called by
Jury to be paid.

Reason of Jury.

Notice of Meet-
ing of Jury in
Commissioners
of Pavement,
etc.

Person or Persons interested in the Premises, before the time of the Meeting of the said Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at the Dwelling House of the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners of Payment, Vestrymen or Trustees, or of the Head Office of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or with some Tenant or Occupant of the Premises respectively intended to be valued; and the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered to imprison, summon and return such Number of Persons accordingly; and out of the Persons so imprisoned, summoned and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall swear or cause to be sworn Twelve, who shall be the Jury for the Parishes aforesaid; and in default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall return others honest and indifferent Men of the Standards by, or that can be speedily procured, to attend that Service (being qualified as last aforesaid) to the Number of Twelve; and it shall be lawful for all Persons concerned, by themselves, their Counsel, Solicitors and Agents, to attend and be heard, and to adduce Evidence before the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner respectively; and such Persons shall also have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen when they come to be sworn, but shall not challenge the Array.

Persons may attend by Counsel, Agents.

Sheriff, Jury and Witnesses for Her Majesty's Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, be directed to summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, shall make default in the Premises, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and if any Person so summoned and returned as aforesaid upon such Jury, shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn, or to give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; or if any Person so summoned as a Witness shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be examined or to give Evidence, any Person so offending, having on reasonable Excuse to be allowed by the Justices hereinafter mentioned, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, which several and respective Penalties shall and may be levied by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex or City of Westminster, by Deputies and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Persons so offending, rendering to him or her the Overplus, after such Penalties and the Charges of such Deputies and Sale shall be deducted.

Penalty.

Expenses of Jurors how paid when Verdict for more Money than offered by Commissioners.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury to be summoned and sworn pursuant to the Authority of this Act shall give in a Verdict or Affidavit for more Money as a Recompense, Compensation or Satisfaction, for the Right, Interest or Property of any Person or Persons in any such Premises, Rents, Gates, Lamps Poles and other Materials, Ground and Hereditaments, or for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, then shall have been agreed to be given and offered for the same by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, before the summoning and returning of such Jury, then and in every such case, all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expenses of causing and procuring such Recompense, Compensation or Satisfaction, to be settled by a Jury, shall be settled by the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, before whom such Claim shall have been tried, and shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Monies which shall arise by virtue of this Act; but if any Jury be summoned and sworn as aforesaid shall give in a Verdict or Affidavit for no more or for less Money, as such Recompense, Compensation and Satisfaction as aforesaid, then shall have been agreed to and offered by the said Commissioners for the same, before the summoning and returning of the said Jury; or where the causing and procuring such Jury to be summoned shall arise from a Refusal to treat or agree with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, by such Commissioners of Payment, Vestrymen, Trustees, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or by any Person or Persons whatsoever, who is or are, by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise, legally empowered to treat, then all such Costs, Charges and Expenses (to be settled by such Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner in manner aforesaid) shall be paid to the Commissioners for executing this Act, by the said Commissioners of Payment, Vestrymen, Trustees, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons in claiming such Compensation, or refusing to treat and agree, as before mentioned respectively, save only and except where, by reason of Absence or other like Cause, any Person shall have been prevented from treating or agreeing as aforesaid, in which Case no Costs, Charges or Expenses, shall be allowed to either Party as against the other; and all Costs, Charges and Expenses hereby directed to be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, shall and may be deducted and retained by them out of the Money so adjudged or offered to be paid by them, as so much Money advanced to and for the Use of the Person and Persons entitled to such Money as adjudged, and Payment or Tender of the Remainder of such Money shall be deemed and taken to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums so adjudged or offered; or in case no Money, or no sufficient Sum of Money shall be awarded or offered to be paid by the said Commissioners, whereas such Costs, Charges and Expenses can be deducted, then the same shall and may be recovered by such Ways and Means as are hereinafter provided for the Recovery of Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines by this Act imposed or authorized to be imposed.

How paid when Verdict for less.

where the summoning a Jury has arisen from a Refusal to treat with Commissioners.

He Costs, Costs directed to be paid to Commissioners to be retained by them out of Money offered to them; or if a Money awarded them, awarded as Penalties. Verdicts to be recorded.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all the said Judgments and Verdicts shall be recorded in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenue arising in the County of Middlesex; and a Minute or Docket thereof shall be entered and preferred in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue; and all such Judgments and Verdicts shall be afterwards deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the said County of Middlesex, to be kept and preserved by him amongst the Records of the Quarter Sessions of the said County, and shall be deemed to be Records to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever; and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for each Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take

Copies

Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every One hundred Words, and so in proportion for any less Number of Words.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or Tender of the Sum or Sums of Money, Reasonable and Satisfaction, which shall be agreed for, awarded or allowed as aforesaid, to the Parties or Persons respectively entitled thereto, or to their Agents, Treasurers or Trustees, the said Commissioners of Pavements, Vestrymen, Trustees or other Persons or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, interested in such Pavements, Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts and other Materials, Grounds and Hereditaments, shall from thenceforth be divested of all Rights, Titles, Claims, Interests and Property therein or thereunto, and the same shall thenceforth be vested in the said Commissioners for executing this Act, who shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seisin and Possession thereof, to all Intents and Purposes, freed and discharged from all former and other Estates, Rights, Titles, Interests, Claims and Demands, and the same shall and may be at any time thereafter made use of and employed according to the Directions of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, for any of the Purposes of this Act, and under the Regulations herein contained.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Property of and in all the Pavements of the Carriageways and Footways, and also the Ballast or Gravel to be brought or laid in the said several Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, already or hereafter to be set out or made within the Limits aforesaid, and of and in the Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts, Rails and other Materials and things, which now are and which shall be made, set up, and be fixed thereon, and in the said Inclosures or the Fences round the same, and also of and in all Watch Houses, Watch Boxes, Trenches and Wells, which shall be erected, fixed, sunk or made, and all Materials, Implements and other things which shall be purchased or gotten by virtue or for any of the Purposes of this Act, are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for executing this Act; which Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions in the Name or Names of any One or more of them, or in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk, or to prefer or order and direct the preferring of any Bill or Bills of Indictment, against any Person or Persons who shall steal, take or carry away, all or any Part of such Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts, Lamp Posts, Rails or other Materials and things as aforesaid; and in all such Actions and Bills of Indictment respectively it shall be deemed and taken to be sufficient to state generally, that the Article or Articles, thing or things, for or in respect of which the said Action or Actions shall be brought, or Bill or Bills of Indictment preferred, is or are the Property of the Commissioners for executing this Act, without particularly stating or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Commissioners; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or maliciously break, pull down, destroy or otherwise injure, damage or spoil, any of the said Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts, Lamp Posts, Rails, Plants, Materials and things, or any of the Works which are or shall be carrying on, made, done or executed within or about the said Inclosures in the said Squares, and the said several Streets, Circuses, Terraces, Roads, Highways or other public Passages or Places, already or hereafter to be set out or made as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and also make full Satisfaction to the said Commissioners for any Damage done by him, her or them as aforesaid; and that if any Person shall cause any Nuisance or Annoyance within the said Inclosures, or any of them, either by heating or dishing of Carcases, or laying or calling any Pith, Ashes, Dung, Dirt or Rubbish therein, or in any other manner whatsoever; he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time to cause such Lamp Posts or Lamp Posts to be put or fixed upon or against the Walls or Pallisades of any of the Houses, Terraces or Buildings, and Inclosures, or in such other manner within the said intended Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, as they shall think proper; and also to cause such Number of Lamps of such Sizes and Sorts to be provided and allowed, or put upon such Lamp Posts and Lamp Posts, as they shall think necessary for lighting all or any of the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places; and also to cause the said Lamps, and also the several Houses within the said several Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways and Courts, and other public Passages and Places, to be numbered; and also to cause to be painted, engraved or described, in or upon Stone, Wood or otherwise, and to be fixed in a conspicuous Part of One or more House or Houses, Building or Buildings, at or near each End, Corner or Entrance of such Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways and Courts, and other public Passages and Places, the Name by which such respective Street, Square, Circus, Lane, Way, Court, Yard, Mews, Passage and Place, is to be properly called or known, in such manner as they shall judge most proper for distinguishing the same; and if any Person shall wilfully break, throw down, take away, spoil or damage any Watch House or Watch Box, Lamp or any of the Irons, Posts or other Furniture thereof, or wilfully extinguish the Light of any such Lamp, or deface or obliterate any such Name or Number, or any Part thereof, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, whereof One Penny shall go to the Informer, and the other Moneys to the Commissioners acting under and by virtue of this Act, to be by them applied for the Purposes thereof; and such Offender shall also pay to the said Commissioners, or to such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same, such Sum of Money as shall be a full Satisfaction for the Damage so done; and in case any Person shall carelessly, negligently or accidentally break, throw down, or otherwise spoil or damage any of the said Lamps, or the Irons, Posts or other Furniture thereof, and shall act, upon Demand, make Satisfaction for the Damage done thereby, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, or the City of Westminster, upon Proof thereof made by the Oath of any credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party, to award such Sum of Money by way of Satisfaction for such Damage, as such Justice

Power to enter and take Possession of Pavement, &c. on Payment or Tender of Pavement Money.

Property of Pavements, &c. vested in Commissioners.

Affixes may be brought in the Name of Treasurer or Clerk.

Destroying any of the Works.

Penalty. Offending Annoyances.

Lamps to be set up, and Streets, &c. to be marked, and Houses numbered.

Destroying Watch House, Lamp, &c.

Penalty.

Carelessly destroying Lamp, &c.

Penalty.
Distrain.

Justice shall think reasonable, not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Lamp, Lamp Iron, or Lamp Post, or in default of Payment thereof, upon Demand, to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person who shall have done such Damage, rendering the Occupier (if any) after deducting the Charges of prosecuting such Complaint, and of such Distress and Sale, to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels upon Demand.

Persons to sweep the Foot-ways outside their Houses once a Day.
Penalty.

XXI. And he it further enacted, That the Occupier of every House and Tenement now erected or to be erected within the Limits of this Act, shall once in every Day, before the Hour of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of each Day, scrape, sweep and cleanse, or cause to be scraped, swept and cleansed, the Footway all along and opposite to the whole Front and Flank Walls, if any, of his, her or their respective Houses or Tenements, or in default thereof every such Occupier shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings; and if any such House or Building be let furnished or in separate Apartments to Inmates, then and in every such case, the Person or Persons to letting the same shall, for the Purpose aforesaid, be deemed and taken to be the Occupier or Occupiers thereof.

Commissioners may Water Streets.

XXII. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to cause all or any of the Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages and public Places within the Limits of this Act, to be watered when they or any of their Surveyors for the time being shall think proper, and for that Purpose to cause such Number of Wells and Pumps to be dug, sunk and made in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, as they shall think necessary, and from time to time to alter and repair the same, as there shall be Occasion, and to defray the Expenses thereof out of the Money so to be raised by virtue of this Act; provided that no such Well or Pump shall be sunk or made so as to injure any House or other Building in, or any Vault or Cellar under any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Terraces or other public Passages or Places.

Wells may be dug.

Commissioners may alter or remove Works.

XXIII. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, at any of their said Meetings, as Occasion shall require, to contract and agree with any fit Person or Persons for doing and performing all or any of the Works by this Act authorized or directed to be done and performed by them, or for supplying any of the Materials for the same, or for waiting the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, or any of them, where Contracts or Contracts shall specify the several Works to be done, and the Prices to be paid for the same, and the time or times when the same Works shall be completed, and the Penalties to be suffered in case of Non Performance thereof, and shall be signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and also by the Person or Persons contracting to perform such Works respectively, which Contracts or Contracts, or a Copy or Copies thereof, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners; but previous to the making of any such Contract, fourteen Days' Notice at the least shall be given in One or more of the public Newspapers published in London or Westminster, expressing the Intention of entering into such Contract, in order that any Person or Persons willing to undertake the same may make Proposals for that Purpose, to be offered and presented to the said Commissioners at a certain time and Place in such Notice to be mentioned.

Commissioners may employ Surveyors, and fix and remove Posts for Mark of Contracts.

XXIV. And he it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause all and every the Works to be done in pursuance of this Act to be inspected by their Surveyor or Surveyors, or by such other Person or Persons as they shall for that Purpose appoint; and in case the same shall not be well and sufficiently performed, according to the Terms, Intent and Meaning of such Contract or Contracts, or shall not be finished and completed at or within the time or times specified in such Contract or Contracts, then the said Commissioners for executing this Act may cause an Action to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, against any such Contractor, for any Penalty contained in his Contract; and on Proof of the signing of the said Contract or Contracts, and of the Non Performance thereof at the time or times for that Purpose to be therein mentioned, the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall be entitled to and shall recover the full Penalty contained in any such Contract, which, when recovered, shall be applied for the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think fit, to compound and agree with any Contractor, for any Penalty incurred by him for the Breach or Non Performance of any such Contract, for such Sum of Money as they the said Commissioners shall think proper, not being less than the Injury or Damage sustained by the Breach or Non Performance of such Contract, and all Costs, Charges and Expenses that shall be occasioned thereby.

For preventing Alterations made any by any Person but the Contractor for abating.

XXV. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons (other than the Person or Persons contracting with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, for draining the Streets, Squares, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places under their Direction, or those employed under such Contractor or Contractors) shall in any Manner whatsoever go about to collect or gather, or shall ask for, receive or carry away any Dirt, Dirt, Cinders or Ashes, from any House or other Premises in any Street, Square, Court, Way, Court, or other public Passage or Place under the Management of such Commissioners, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall be such Officer appointed, to seize, and also for any other Person or Persons to seize in seizing the Offenders or Offenders, together with the Houses, Carts, Wheelbarrows or other Carriages or Implements made use of for carrying away the same, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant to convey him, her or them before some Justice of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, or City of Westminster, and such Justice shall, and he is hereby authorized to examine upon Oath the Person or Persons apprehending such Offender or Offenders, and any Witnesses or Witnesses who shall appear to give Information touching such Offence; and if the Party or Parties shall be convicted of going about to collect or gather, along for, receiving or carrying away any Dirt, Dirt, Cinders or Ashes, from any House or other Premises in any Street, Square, Court, Terrace, Road, Highway or other public

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Peelings or Place under the Management of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, not being the Peels or Persons in contracting with such Commissioners, or sitting under his or their Authority, he, she or they shall lose every such Office forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be paid to the Person or Persons who shall apprehend the Offender or Offenders, and the other Moiety to the said last mentioned Commissioners; and if such Offender or Offenders shall not immediately on Conviction pay the said Penalty or Penalties, such Justice is hereby required to direct such Horfes, Carts, Wheelbarrows or other Carriages or Implements which shall have been so seized, to be appraised and sold, and after deducting out of the Moneys to arise by such Sale, the Penalty or Penalties incurred, together with the reasonable Charges and Expenses of such Distress and Sale, the Overplus, thereof shall be returned to the Party or Parties whose Horfes or other things shall be so appraised and sold, and in case there shall have been no such Seizure as aforesaid, or if the Horfes, and other things which shall be so appraised and sold, shall not produce a sufficient Sum of Money to pay the said Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expenses, then if such Offender or Offenders shall not immediately upon Conviction pay the Penalty or Penalties, or each Part or Parts of the said Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expenses which shall accrue over and above the Produce of the Horfes and other things so seized and sold, then such Justice is hereby required to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County of Middlesex, or City of Westminster, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Forty Days, unless such Penalty or Penalties be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent or hinder the Owner or Owners of such Dials, Dials, Cinders or Ashes, from carrying away the same for his, her or their own use, to be applied to any Manufactory of any such Owner or Owners, or to the covering of any Ground occupied by him, her or them.

XXVI. And so it is further enacted, That if any Householder within the Limits of this Act shall by Writing under his or her Hand, to be left at the usual Place of Abode of the Surveyor or Inspector for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, make Complaint of any Defect of lighting or cleaning, or Want of Repair in the Pavement, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, the said Surveyor or Inspector in every such case shall inquire into and examine the Matter of Complaint and Report thereupon to such Commissioners at their next Meeting; and if by such Report it shall appear that the Pavement complained of is bad and defective, unless it shall arise from a Defect relating to the Water Pipes lying under such Pavement, the said last mentioned Commissioners shall give Notice to their Contractor or Prior to repair the same within such time as the said Commissioners shall judge necessary, which time shall be specified in such Order; and if the Contractor or Prior to whom such Order shall be given shall not repair and amend such Pavement within the time directed by such Order, he shall in every such case forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Day that the said defective Pavement shall remain unrepared after the time limited by such Order, and One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be paid to the Inhabitant making Complaint, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to be applied by them for the Purposes of this Act; and if it shall appear by such Report that the Contract for clearing or lighting shall not be duly performed, the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall forthwith give Directions for recovering the Penalty under such Contract.

XXVII. And so it is further enacted, That all Signs, Signs Posts, Gables and Screens, which now are, or at any time hereafter shall be placed against any of the Houses or other Buildings now erected or erecting, or heretofore to be erected or built within the several Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places aforesaid, shall be fixed close to the Front of the Houses, Shops, Warehouses and Buildings to which they shall respectively belong, and not otherwise, and that the respective Owners of any such Houses or other Buildings as aforesaid, shall at their own Charges, within such time and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall from time to time, by Notice in Writing under the Hand of any Three or more of them (to be delivered to such respective Owners, or left at their respective Dwelling Houses) order and direct, cause all Signs which may belong to and shall not be fixed or placed upon such respective Houses or other Buildings in manner aforesaid, to be taken down and fixed or placed on or to the Front thereof, and all Signs, Signs, Signs Posts, and other Posts, Post Heads, Screens, Spouts, Bells, Shop Windows and Cellar Windows and other Incroachments, Obstructions, Projections and Appendages which may hereafter be made by any such Owners or other Persons, in, upon or near, or attached to any such respective Houses or other Buildings, contrary to the Meaning of this Act, to be removed, altered or removed, and also, to cause the Water to be conveyed from the Roofs, Cornices and Post Heads which belong to such respective Houses or other Buildings, by proper and sufficient Pipes or Trunks, to be added to the sides of such Houses and other Buildings respectively, and from thence by proper Down pipes into the Common Drain or Sewer, and in case any such Owner shall neglect or refuse to do so, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to cause the same to be done; and if such Owner shall refuse to pay the Costs and Charges attending the same, the said last mentioned Commissioners shall cause such Costs and Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, (such Warrant such Justice is hereby required and authorized to grant,) rendering the Overplus (if any) when demanded, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distressed and sold; and if the Tenant or Possessor of any such House or other Building shall remove, alter or reform any such Incroachments, Obstructions, Projections or Appendages as aforesaid, according to the Directions of the said Commissioners (except such as shall be put up or attached by such Tenant) it shall be lawful for every such Tenant to deduct and retain the Charges and Expenses thereof out of his or her Rent, and the Landlord of every such House or other Building is hereby required to allow the same accordingly: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Com-

Boysing up Col-
lar Windows by
Commissaries.

Commissaries to stop up any Collar Windows where there shall be no other Way from the Street or other public Passage or Place into such Collar, and in the said Commissaries shall make or provide some other commodious Way into such Collar; and in case the said Collar, Fence or Railing for separating the Area of any House or other Building from the Way or Passage shall be broken down or out of Repair, and the Owner or Occupier of such House or other Building shall not forthwith (being thereto required by Writing, signed by the Surveyor or Clerk of the said Commissaries for executing this Act for the time being) set up, amend or repair such Pallisade, Fence or Railing, it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissaries from time to time to cause the fence to be set up, amended and repaired or altered, in such manner as they shall judge necessary, and levy the Charges and Expenses attending the same upon or from the Owner or Occupier of every such House or other Building by Distress and Sale, in like manner as any Penalty or Forfeiture is by this Act authorized to be levied.

Commissaries may alter Portico, Columns, &c. or project over Footways under certain Regulations.

* XXVIII. And Whereas it may be expedient that Porticos, Arcades, Colonnades or other covered Ways, shall be allowed to extend over the Footways of some of the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, and that Bow Windows, Shop Windows, Alcoves, Balconies, and other ornamental Projections should be allowed to be advanced to the Fronts of the Areas, provided such Porticos, Colonnades, Arcades, or other covered Ways, Bow Windows, Alcoves, Balconies, or other ornamental Projections, be made of Brick, Stone, Metal or other combustible Materials: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissaries for executing this Act to authorize and permit the building or erecting and making of any Portico, Arcade, and other covered Ways, projecting from any Buildings or Houses, which shall or may be built on the Sides of the said New Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, extending over any Footways of the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, provided the same do not obstruct or impede the Foot Passengers, and that the Footways under the same be at least Nine Feet broad in the Close between the Columns, Posts or other Supports of such Porticos, Colonnades, Arcades or other covered Ways, in the new Street leading from Pall Mall to the New Road, and Six Feet broad at the least in the other Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, and the raising of the Areas of the Houses or other Buildings before which the same are placed; and provided such Colonnades, Arcades, Porticos and covered Ways, be built of Stone, Brick, or Metal, or stone or Cement, laid on Brick or Stone, except the Joists and Beams which form the Ceiling over the said Footways, which may be of Wood, covered with Plaster or Stucco or other combustible Composition, and in as that all such Porticos, Colonnades, Arcades and other covered Ways, shall be made in such manner, and upon such Plans, and of such Dimensions, as shall be ordered and directed or authorized and allowed by the said Commissaries in that behalf; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Houses or Buildings in the Cities of London or Westminster to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissaries may authorize Projections, Windows, &c.

* XXIX. Provided also, and for a further enactment, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissaries for executing this Act to authorize and permit the erecting or making, or continuing or suffering to remain, the Fronts of any House or Buildings in the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, in such manner as that some Fronts may recede behind or advance before others, and with Bow Windows or other Projections, and with Verandas, Alcoves, Balconies, Plafonds, Columns and Shop Windows, or other Projections; provided that no Front of any such House or Building, or any such Veranda, Alcove, Balcony, Plafond, Column or Shop Window, or other Projection, advance beyond the Area of the House or Building to which it shall belong, and that the same be built of Stone, Brick, Metal or stucco, or other Cement laid on Brick or Stone, except Shop Windows, with their Shutters and Decorations, which may be of Wood; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Buildings or Houses, or Bow Windows, or other Projections to the contrary notwithstanding.

Market Street may be made only a Footway.

* XXX. And Whereas the Avenue to and from the Opera House, and the Accommodation of the Public relating thereto, will be greatly improved, if the whole of the said Building is fronted with a Stone or Iron Colonnade, extending over the Footpaths in Pall Mall, Charles Street, the Hay Market and Market Lane to effect which it will be necessary to stop up so much of Market Lane to extend from Pall Mall to Charles Street, as a Street or Way for Carriages, and to convert it into an open Arcade or covered Way; And Whereas the whole of the Houses on the West Side of that Part of Market Lane required to be stopped up being already taken down, and the East Side thereof being appropriated to the Opera House, so no Carriage Road is required in that Part of Market Lane: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissaries for executing this Act to stop up so much of Market Lane as lies between Pall Mall and Charles Street, and shutting East on the Opera House, as a Carriage Way, and to make and pave the same as a Way for Foot Passengers only; and it shall also be lawful for such Commissaries to enclose the same at each End with Iron Gates, to be opened at times to the Occupiers of the Houses on each Side of the Footway, but that to the Rest of the Public in such Hours or times as the said last mentioned Commissaries shall order and direct in that behalf; and also wholly to stop up, shut and close the small Court called the Green Court, leading out of the Hay Market into the Opera House, at or near the South End of the Opera House.

Urban Court may be shut or otherwise regulated.

* XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall run, drive or place, or cause to be run, driven or placed any Coach, Carriage or Wagon, Dray, Truck, Shop, Wheelbarrow or any Carriage whatsoever, upon or over any of the Foot Passways within the Limits of this Act, or shall wilfully ride, drive or lead any Horse or other Beast or Cattle, along or upon any of the said Foot Pavements, or shall, within any Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road or Highway, or other public Passage or Place within the Limits of this Act, discharge, cause to be cast up any Stone or other Ball, or heap, clouse or fold any Cask, or box or box, any Stone, Wood, or Timber, or load or make the Wheel of any Carriage, or load or load, drive or carry (except in cases of Accident) any Horse or other Beast, or drive any Carriage or Carriages for the Purpose of break-

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ing any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, or ride any Horse, Mare or Gelding for the Purpose of driving or exercising the same, or for trying or showing the same for Sale in any such Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road, Highway or public Passage (otherwise than by passing through the same), or set, place or expose to Sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, either in the Footway or Carriageways belonging or to belong to any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Terraces, Roads, or Highways or other public Passages or Places, every Person so offending in any such case shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings: and also that if any Person or Persons shall sit, stand or walk any Lane (except within such House or Inclosure as hereinafter is mentioned) in any such Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road, or Highway, Passage or Place, or cause the same to be so done, he and they shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

Penalty.

Penalty.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall hinder or prevent any Person from erecting or building any House or other thing by way of Inclosure, for the Purpose of making Moats, or depositing Bricks or Stones, or making or working up any Lane, Road, or other Materials for making, building, altering or repairing any House, Wall or other Building, within the Limits of the Act, or subject him to any Penalty on account thereof; but so nevertheless, as that every such Person shall previously have obtained a Licence for that Purpose, under the Hand of the Surveyor to the said Commissioners; which Licence such Surveyor is hereby required forthwith to grant to any Person applying for the same, and for which he shall receive the Sum of One Shilling, and no more; which Licence shall specify the Length and Breadth of every such House, and the time it is to continue for such Purposes as aforesaid; and if any Person shall erect any House or Inclosure of greater Dimensions than shall be specified in, or shall suffer such House or Inclosure to remain for any longer time than shall be allowed by such Licence, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings for every Day of Twenty four Hours that such House or Inclosure, or any Part thereof, shall be continued, after Notice shall have been given by the Surveyor to take down and remove the same.

House may be erected.

Licence.

Fee.

Penalty.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage shall be left to stand or remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, with or without Horses, for any longer time than shall be necessary for the loading or unloading thereof; and any Stage Coach, Post Chaise, or other Carriage let to hire, shall be left to stand or remain in any such Street, Square, Circus, Way, Court, Passage or Place, with or without Horses, for any longer time than shall be reasonable and necessary for taking up or setting down Passengers, for loading or unloading their Baggage or other Luggage (except for Repair in case of Accident); or if any Hackney Coach or Hackney Chaise shall stand therein in order to procure Fares or other Hire, or longer time shall be reasonable and necessary for taking up or setting down Passengers; or if any Horse or other Cattle shall be suffered to stand at the Door or Horse of any Person, in so as to obstruct or incommodate the Passage of any of the said Footways; or if any Timber, Bricks, Stones, Wood, Goods or other thing, shall be hid or placed and left to remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, for any longer time than shall be necessary for removing or heading the same, or if any Dung or Ashes (except in time of Frost) or any Dirt, or other Nuisance or Annoyance, shall be thrown cast or laid in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, and suffered to remain for any longer time than shall be necessary for removing the same, then and in every such case the Owner or Driver of every such Carriage, and the Owner of such Timber or other things as aforesaid, and the Person who shall throw, cast, or lay any Dung, Ashes, Dirt, or other Nuisance or Annoyance as aforesaid, or otherwise offend in the Premises, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and if any such Timber or other things, or such Dung, Ashes, Dirt, or other Nuisance or Annoyance, shall be suffered to remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, longer time than shall be necessary as aforesaid, the Surveyor to be employed by the said Commissioners is hereby authorized and empowered to cause the same to be removed to such Place as he shall think proper, and the Expence thereof shall be paid by the Person liable to the Payment of the said Penalty, and shall and may, in case of Nonpayment no Demand, be recovered in a like manner as any Penalty is hereby authorized and directed to be recovered.

Leaving Carriages, or Throwing Dirt, &c. in the Streets.

Exception.

Penalty.

Commissioners may remove
Dirt, &c. to such
place as they think proper
and charge Expence on
Person liable to the
Penalty.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That as Surveyor or other Person shall sweep, rake or place, or cause to be swept, raked or placed, any of the Mud, Dirt, Dust, Ashes, Filth or Sed, to be found in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, or other public Passages or Places, or brought thence into any Common Sewer, Drain, or Trench or into the Defiance of Ten Feet at the least from each of the Grates belonging or to be placed over such Common Sewers, Drains or Trenches, and at the Distance of Three Feet at the least from the Channel, where the Width of the Street, Lane or Place will admit thereof; and that no Person shall use or employ any Cart or other Carriage, in or about the cleansing or watering any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, or other Passages or Places, or in carrying any Dirt, Dust, Cinders or Ashes of the same, under the Filth of the Wheels of such Cart or other Carriage shall be of the Breadth or Gauge of Six Inches at the least; and if any Person shall offend in any of the cases aforesaid, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, One Moiety thereof to go and be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the said Commissioners.

Penalty.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall begin to empty any Privy, or to take or carry away any Night Soil, or bring or place any Carts for removing the same, from any House, Place or Building, already enclosed, now erecting or hereafter to be erected, built or made within the Limits of the Act, before the Hour of Twelve in the Night, or shall continue to take away the same after the Hour of Five in the Morning.

Regulation as to
Night Soil.

Morning, between *Michaelmas* and *Lady Day*, or after the Hour of Four in the Morning, between *Lady Day* and *Michaelmas*, and that on Fines shall put or call, or cause to be put or call, any such Night Soil out of any Cart, Tub or otherwise, within the Limits of this Act; and if any Person shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, One Moiety whereof to go and be paid to the Informer.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons contravening with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, for clearing the said Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Courts and other public Passages or Places as aforesaid, shallance in every Fourteen Days, or otherwise if such Commissioners shall be directed, between the Hours of Three in the Morning and Eight in the Evening, attend in all and every the Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places within the Limits of this Act, and shall give One Day's Notice at least in Writing to the Surveyor to such Commissioners, specifying the particular Day in every Week when they are to attend in each of the said respective Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Courts, public Passages or Places, for the Purposes aforesaid, of which the said Surveyor shall make an Entry in a Book, and such Surveyor shall on that Day himself the said Streets and other Places, so far of the Work as properly performed, and shall make an entry thereof in the said Book; and the Person so contravening shall also, upon the Request of any of the Inhabitants, or their Servants or Lodgers, go into all and every the Houses and other Places where any Dirt, Dust, Cinders or Ashes shall be deposited, and take and carry away the same; and if any Person so contravening, or any of the Persons to be employed by him, shall neglect or refuse to do so, he shall forfeit and pay for every Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, One Moiety whereof shall be paid to the Person complaining, and the other Moiety be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Pipe belonging or to belong to any of the Water Companies who now furnish or shall hereafter furnish any of the Inhabitants within the Limits of this Act with Water, shall happen to burst or be out of Repair, in any of the Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places within the Limits of this Act, the Surveyor to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any other Person or Persons to be by them appointed for that Purpose, shall forthwith cause the Payment to be taken up, and open the Ground at or near the Place where the Water shall or may issue by means of the bursting or breaking of any such Pipe; and when, upon taking up the Payment and opening the Ground, it shall appear to what Water Company such Pipe shall belong, then the Surveyor of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or such other Person or Persons appointed as aforesaid, shall give Notice to the Proprietor of such last mentioned Company, or leave the same at his last or usual Place of Abode; and the Proprietor of the Company to whom such Pipe shall belong is hereby required to repair or cause to be repaired such Water Pipe, and to fill in the Ground over the same, in such manner as the Surveyor to the said Commissioners for executing this Act for the time being shall direct, within Two Days next after such Notice shall be so given or left as aforesaid; and in case the Proprietor to the Company to whom such defective Pipe shall belong, shall refuse or neglect to amend or repair such Pipe, and fill in the Ground, in such manner as the said Surveyor shall direct as aforesaid, for the Space of Two Days next after such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Person guilty of such Neglect shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any Pipe (other than that which shall belong to any such Water Company) shall happen to break or burst in any of the said Streets, Squares, Courts, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, the Owner or Owners thereof shall cause the Ground to be opened, and such Pipe to be repaired, within the time hereinafter respectively limited for such Purposes, and also shall forthwith give Notice to the Surveyor of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or such other Person or Persons to be appointed by them as aforesaid, to relay the Pavement so broken or taken up, or pain of forfeiting for every such Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and if any Pavement shall be broken or taken up by the Commissioners of Sewers, or any other Person or Persons, for the Purpose of making, repairing or altering any Sewer or Drain, or for any other Purpose whatsoever, the Surveyor for the time being to such Commissioners of Sewers, or any other Person or Persons to be appointed or taking up the said Pavement, shall forthwith give Notice thereof to the Surveyor or Paving Contractor or Contractors, appointed or employed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to relay or repair the Pavement so broken or taken up as aforesaid, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and if the said Surveyor to or for whom such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse to acquiesce the Paving Contractor or Contractors appointed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, with such Notice, or if such Contractor or Contractors shall not, within Two Days next after such Notice from such Surveyor or other Person or Persons respectively, relay or repair the same, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so respectively offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and the further Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Day such Pavement shall continue without being relayed or repaired, after the Expiration of the said Two Days.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Pavement of any of the said Streets, Squares, Courts, Passages, Ways, Courts or Places shall be taken up for the Purpose of laying, altering or repairing any Water Pipe or Plug, the said Pavement shall with all convenient Speed be relaid and repaired by the Proprietor or Persons consenting with or employed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act; and the Expense of taking up, relaying and repairing such Pavement, shall be borne and paid by the Company or Companies, Person or Persons to whom such Pipe or Plug shall belong; but if for the Purposes of this Act it shall at any time be found necessary to rise, sink or otherwise alter the Position of any of the Pipes or Plugs laid down or placed by any of the said Companies, or to alter any Sewers, Drains, Gully Holes or Cisterns, within the limits of this Act, the same shall be done with as little Detriment or Inconvenience to the Company or

or Compares, Perfect or Perfect in whom the said shall belong, as the Commissioners of the said will admit off; and the Expense thereof shall be paid by the said last mentioned Commissioners, out of the Monies arising by virtue of this Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Perfect or Perfect who are in or are, or shall hereafter be appointed Painter or Painter, Turncock or Turncocks to the said respective Water Companies within the Limits of this Act, shall and they are hereby required, within the Space of Forty Days after the passing of this Act, or within the Space of Four Months after he or they shall be appointed Painter or Painters, Turncock or Turncocks to each Company or Companies, to give Notice in Writing to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the said Companies in or appointing this Act, for the time being, or to each other Perfect or Perfects as shall be by them appointed for that Purpose, which Notice shall contain the Name and Place of Abode of every such Painter or Turncock, as also to what Company he is a Painter or Turncock; and in what District he has the Care of the Pipes belonging to such Company or Companies; and in like manner the Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, within the respective times aforesaid, give Notice to the respective Painters or Turncocks of the said several Water Companies, and also to the Surveyor or Surveyors to the Commissioners of Sewers, of his or their own Place or Places of Abode, and likewise of the Name and Place of Abode of each Paving Contractor or Contractors, or Perfect or Perfects employed as Painter or Painter: by which said Commissioners for executing this Act; and every Perfect neglecting or refusing to give such Notice as aforesaid, within the times before respectively specified, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

XL. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, which shall or may be under the Direction of the said Commissioners of sewers, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall require to be repaired, altered, cleared or emptied, or any new or additional Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, shall be necessary to be made, or any new or additional Grate to be put and placed over any Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, or any old Grates over the same shall require to be repaired, removed or altered, then and in every such case the said Commissioners of Sewers shall within Three Days next after Notice given or left for their Surveyor for the time being, or his left or said Place of Abode, signed by the Surveyor to the Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, cause such Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain to be repaired, altered, cleared or emptied, and such new and additional Grates to be made and put down, and such old Grates to be repaired, removed or altered; and in default thereof it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, or their Surveyor, to cause such Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain to be repaired, altered, cleared or emptied, or such new and additional Grates to be made and put down, or such old Grates to be repaired, removed or altered, as the case may require, or so much of the said Works to be completed as shall remain unfinished: Provided always, that the Charges and Expenses of repairing or repairing the Pavements which shall be broken or taken up for the Purpose of making or mending any Pipe, shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or to such Perfect or Perfects as they shall appoint to execute the same; and that the Charges and Expenses of making, repairing, altering, clearing or emptying any such Sewer or Drain, and of making or putting down any such new or additional Grates, and altering or repairing such old Grates, and of repairing and repairing the Pavement to be broken or taken up for any of the Purposes aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or to such Perfect or Perfects as they shall, at any such Meeting as aforesaid, appoint to receive the same, by the Treasurer or Clerk to the said Commissioners of Sewers, or by the Perfect or Perfects who shall take or each the said Pavements to be taken up for the Purposes aforesaid; and in case the Owner or Owners of such Pipe as aforesaid, or the Treasurer or Clerk of the said Commissioners of Sewers, or other Perfect or Perfects as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay what shall have been so laid out or disbursed for the Purposes aforesaid, within Ten Days next after Notice thereof in Writing, signed by the Clerk to the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution, and left at their respective Dwelling Houses, or left at said Place of Abode, together with a Bill amounting thereto (which Bill shall contain an Account of such Charges and Expenses), then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to bring or cause to be brought an Action against any or either of the respective Parties aforesaid, for the Recovery of such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall have so laid out and expended for the Purposes aforesaid.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution may, and are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time to appoint such Number of Watchmen and Patrols, as they are employed within the Limits of this Act, for so long time in the Night, under such Regulation and for such Wages, as they shall think proper, and to provide them with proper Arms, Ammunition, Weapons and Clothing, for the Discharge of their Duty; and if any Watchman or Patrol appointed as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to perform his Duty, or shall in anywise misbehave himself in the Execution of his Office, he shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Watchmen to be appointed as aforesaid shall, during the time of their being upon Duty, use their utmost Endeavour to prevent any Mischief by Fire, and also any Burglaries, Robberies, Affrays or other Outrages and Disorders, within the Limits of this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the said Watchmen, or any of them, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, while on Duty, to apprehend and secure all Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds and other disorderly Persons, within the Limits of this Act, who shall disturb the public Peace, or whom they shall have cause to suspect of any evil Designs, and to secure and keep in safe Custody every such Person, in order that he or she may be

Perfect and Turncocks to give Notice of their Abode to Surveyors.

Surveyors to give Notice to their Abode to Surveyors and of Abode of Contractors.

Penalty.

Commissioners of Sewers to repair Drains under their Direction.

Owners of Pipes to pay the Expenses of repairing them.

Notifying to pay the same.

Commissioners may bring Actions.

Watchmen to be appointed.

Notified of Duty-Penalty.

Duty of Watchmen.

Valuable her-
editary Watch-
men.

Penalty.

Sum to be laid
on Rates, &c.

Rates.

Stables, &c.
how rated.

How the yearly
Value of Houses,
&c. is to be as-
certained.
Commencement
of Rates.

Empty Houses
to be charged
with Half Rates.

be conveyed as soon as conveniently may be, before some Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex or City of Westminster to be examined and dealt with according to Law; and if any Vestryman or Keeper of any Public House shall knowingly harbour or entertain any Watchman to be employed within the Limits of this Act, or permit or suffer any Watchman to be and remain in his House during any Part of the time appointed for his being on Duty, every such Vestryman or Keeper of every such Public House shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XI. III. And for raising Money to enable the said Commissioners appointed and to be appointed by virtue of this Act to carry the several Purposes of this Act into Execution; be it further enacted, That one or more Rate or Rates, Assessments or Assessments, shall for the Purpose of paving, cleansing, lighting, watering and watching the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, which shall be within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and for carrying the several Purposes of this Act in relation thereto into Execution, shall be laid, raised and assessed by the said said mentioned Commissioners once in every Year if they shall judge it needful, upon all and every Person and Person who do or shall inhabit, hold or occupy any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stable, Collar, Vault, Building or Tenement, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, in such Sum or Sums of Money as such Commissioners shall order and direct, and that one or more Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, shall for the Purpose of farming, making, enclosing, planting, ornamenting and embellishing the Centres or Areas of the said Squares and Circles, be in like manner laid, rated and assessed, upon all and every Person and Person who shall inhabit, hold or occupy any House and Building erected and built, or to be erected and built, and encompassing the said Squares and Circles, in such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners shall order or direct, but in severalty as that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, do not exceed in any one Year the several Sums of Money next hereafter mentioned; (that is to say, for paving, repairing, cleansing, watching and lighting the said several Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, the Sum of Two Shillings in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Coach Houses, Stables, Collars, Vaults, Buildings and Tenements, which are or shall be situate within the Limits of this Act; and for watering such Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, the Sum of Sixpence in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses and Buildings as are or shall be erected and built near about such Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, which shall from time to time be assessed in pursuance of the Orders of this Act, and for farming, making, enclosing, ornamenting and embellishing the Centres, Areas or Middle Spaces of the said Squares and Circles which shall be laid out and made within the Limits of this Act, and for supporting and maintaining the same, after the Rate of Two Shillings in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses and Buildings as are or shall be erected in such respective Squares, Circles or Places; in the making of which said several Rates or Assessments, the Stables, Coach Houses, Erection and other Buildings, which shall belong to or be respectively held and occupied with any of the Houses erected or to be erected, or situate in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circles, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, shall be respectively rated together and along with such Houses, and not as separate Buildings; and that the said Commissioners shall make separate and distinct Accounts to be kept of the Produce of the said several Rates and Assessments, and the Application of the same respectively.

XI. IV. And be it further enacted, That the Annual Value of all such Houses, Stables, Collars, Vaults, Buildings and Tenements, is to be respectively rated and assessed as aforesaid, shall be settled and ascertained according to the real Rack Rent or full yearly Value thereof; and the first Year, for which such Rates or Assessments as aforesaid shall be made, shall commence for or in respect of such Houses or other Buildings as now are, or shall be then erected, built and tiled, fixed or covered in, within the Limits of this Act, and paved in From thence, from the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for and in respect of all such Houses or Buildings hereafter to be erected or built within the Limits of this Act, which shall not be tiled, fixed or covered in, and paved in From thence as aforesaid on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, shall commence from the next Quarter Day after the time that be so tiled, fixed or covered in, and the Payments made in From thence as aforesaid; and the Money so rated and assessed, under or in pursuance of this Act, shall from time to time be paid to the Collectors to be appointed as aforesaid, at such time and times in every Year, and in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall order and direct, and shall be paid over by such Collectors into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Commissioners.

XI. V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when any of the said Houses or other Buildings shall, at the time of making any of the said Rates or Assessments, be empty or unoccupied, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to rate and assess such Premises respectively at One Half of such Rates and Assessments, and no more, during the time only such Premises shall be empty or unoccupied; and also in case such Premises, after the making of any such Rate or Assessment, shall become empty or unoccupied, One Half only of such Rates or Assessments shall be charged on such Premises respectively, for and during so long time as the same shall continue empty and unoccupied; and then and in every such case the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, shall be paid by the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to such Premises, or by the Person or any other Tenant or Occupier thereof, but such Tenant or Occupier shall not be liable or compellable to pay more than One Year's Rates or Assessments due at the time of his entering thereon in respect of such Premises; and every such Tenant or Occupier shall and may and is hereby authorized to deduct and retain the same out of his or her Rent, and the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to such Premises is and are hereby required to allow such De-

defence; and that where any House, Building or Tenement, in respect whereof any Rate or Assessment shall be made as aforesaid, shall be let to more than One Tenant, any One or more of such Tenants shall be deemed the Occupier or Occupiers thereof for the Purposes of this Act: Provided also, that in all cases where any Person shall remove from or quit any House, Building or Tenement, which shall be rated or assessed by virtue of this Act, such Person shall be liable to pay such Rate or Assessment in proportion to the time that he or she occupied the same; and in all cases where any Person shall come into or occupy any House, Building or Tenement, rated or assessed as aforesaid, out of or from which any other Person who shall have been rated or assessed for the same shall be removed, or which at the time of making any Rate or Assessment was empty or unoccupied, the Person coming into or occupying the same shall be liable to pay such Rate or Assessment in respect thereof, in proportion to the time that he or she occupied the same, which last respective Proportions, in case of Dispute, shall be settled or ascertained by the said Commissioners for executing this Act.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Rates or Assessments to be made and levied by virtue of this Act upon or in respect of any Chapel, Meeting house, Hospital, School or other public Building, or any Wall or void Space of Ground, shall be ascertained according to the Number of Square Yards of Pavement paved or repaired, cleared, lighted, watered or watered, under or by virtue of this Act, belonging to such Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School or other public Building, Wall or void Space of Ground, measuring the same from each Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School, Building, Wall or void Space of Ground, to the Middle of the Street, Square or Place, on which the same shall respectively abut, and the same shall never exceed in any One Year the sum of Nine pence for every such Square Yard; and such Rates or Assessments to be made and levied upon such Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School or other public Building, Wall or void Space of Ground, shall be paid by the Chapelwardens, Trustees or Owners or Proprietors thereof respectively; but so, nevertheless, as that no Rate or Assessment shall by virtue of this Act be levied upon, or collected or received for or in respect of any Wall or void Space of Ground, unless the same shall abut upon or front some Street, Lane or Place, to be paved, cleared or lighted as aforesaid.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every Rate or Assessment which shall be laid or assessed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of any House, Building, Coach House, Stable or Tenement, which any Ambalador, Resident Agent, or other public Minister, of any Foreign Power or State, or the Servant of any such Ambalador, Resident Agent, or other public Minister, or any other Person not liable by Law to pay such Rate or Assessment, shall hereafter inhabit, shall be paid by and recoverable from the Landlord or Proprietor of every such House, Building, Coach House, Stable or Tenement, who shall for that Purpose be deemed the Occupier thereof.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Lettor, Landlord or Owner of every House, within the Limits of this Act, which is or shall or may be let or ready furnished to a Lodger or Lodgers, shall be deemed and taken to be the Occupier thereof, and shall be liable and fully to the Rates or Assessments directed by this Act to be made, rated and levied, according to the yearly Value of the Premises, and that every Person renting or occupying any such ready furnished House as aforesaid shall be liable and compellable in the Payment of the said Rates or Assessments, so to recover in manner herein directed; but such Person for renting or occupying any such ready furnished House as aforesaid shall not be liable and compellable to the Payment of the said Rates or Assessments beyond the Rent actually due by him or her in respect of the said Premises, and that every such respective Occupier or Owners who shall pay any such Rate or Assessment, or from whom the same shall be recovered in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the next Rent due and payable from him, her or them, to such respective Lettor or Landlord, or Owner, and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a full and sufficient Discharge for such Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, to him, her or them respectively Landlord, for so much Money as he, she or they shall pay, or shall be levied on him, her or them by virtue of this Act.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any House or Premises shall be situate partly within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and partly in any Street or Place not within such Limits, such House or Premises shall be assessed to the Rates to be rated by virtue of this Act, for a proportionable Part only of the Rate thereon; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any Person appointed by them at some Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, and they or he or she or they respectively authorized and required to appoint and settle at some such and what Part of the Rate of such House and Premises the same shall be assessed.

L. And be it further enacted, That no Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stable, Cellar, Vault, Building, Premises, or Premises, of any Sort, Kind or Description whatever, within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and the Occupier or Owner whereof shall be rated and assessed in respect thereof by the said Commissioners, under the Provisions of this Act, shall after the making of such Rate be liable to any Rate or Assessment for the like Purpose, under any other Act or Acts of Parliament; anything in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

LI. And for the better enforcing the Payment of the Rates or Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons liable to pay any of the said Rates or Assessments shall refuse or neglect to pay the Money rated or assessed upon him, her or them, and all Arrears due thereon; or if any Person or Persons liable to pay any of the said Rates or Assessments shall at any time begin to remove his, her or their Goods or Furniture from the House or Premises he, her or them respectively within the Limits of this Act, or to sell or dispose of such Goods or Furniture to any Public Auctioneer, or sell, dispose of, or carry away his, her or their Goods or Furniture as aforesaid, without paying all Arrears then due or rated in respect of such House, (in which the current Quarter shall be considered as due,) that then and in every of the said

Proportions of Rates to be paid by Persons removing.

How settled.

Public Buildings to be rated according to the Number of Square Yards of Pavement belonging thereto.

Rates of Houses let to Ambaladors, &c. to be paid by Landlord.

Lettors (shall be) Rates of Houses let to Lodgers.

Receipt to Landlord, &c. to be given.

Includes partly within and partly without the Limits of Act.

Wishes rated and assessed, &c. in addition to Rates to be rated under this Act.

Arrears of Rates, how to be recovered.

aid sales, it shall be lawful for the Collector for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act to collect and levy such Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, and the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter wherein such Removal or Sale shall happen to be made as aforesaid, although premises to the time for Payment of the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex or City of Westminster, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party for neglecting or refusing, or hesitating to remove, take away, or sell any such Goods or Furniture as aforesaid; and if within Five Days next after such Distress shall be made, the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, together with the reasonable Charges of taking and keeping the said Distress, shall not be paid, the said Collector shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised and sold, or such Part thereof as shall be sufficient to pay such Rates or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the reasonable Charges of making such Distress, and of keeping and selling the same, retaining the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels respectively.

Commissioners
may bring Ac-
tions for Rates.

LIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, if they shall think it more expedient, to bring or cause to be brought, in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk, or of any One of them the said last mentioned Commissioners, any Action or Actions of Debt, or Special Action on the case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, for all or any of the Rates or Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, in which Action or Actions it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to declare, that the Defendant is indebted to the Plaintiff in such Sum of Money as the Plaintiff shall suppose to be due; and if the Plaintiff shall recover such Sum is declared for, or any Part thereof, he shall have full Costs, to be taxed and recovered as other Monies upon Judgments are now by Law taxed and recovered; in which Action or Actions no Dismissal, Postponement or Waiver of Law, or more than One Imparsonment shall be allowed.

Rates Booklets
to be submitted
Evidence.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Books of Rates to be delivered by the Collector or other Officers to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and all Entries afterwards made therein, or examined Copies thereof respectively, shall be received in Evidence of the Rates imposed by virtue of this Act, and the Payment of such Rates, or of such of them, or such Part thereof, as shall by such Entries appear to have been paid to such Collectors.

Commissioners
may borrow
Money.

LIV. And for the more speedily raising Money for the Purposes of this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time, to borrow and take up at Interest any Sum or Sums of Money, upon the Credit of the Rates or Assessments heretofore granted; and by Writing under their Hands and Seals to mortgage or assign over the said Rates or Assessments, or any Part thereof, to the Person or Persons who shall advance or lend such Monies, or his or their Trustee or Trustees, as a Security for the Money so to be borrowed, together with Interest for the same; and every such Mortgage or Assignment may be according to the Form following; (viz. viz.)

Form of
Mortgage.

BY virtue of an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled [As
forth the Title of this Act] We
of the Commissioners appointed by virtue of the said Act, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watering and
watching the Streets, Squares, Churches, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, within the
Limits mentioned in the said Act, in Consideration of the sum of _____ advanced and lent
by A. B. to C. D. (the Treasurer appointed in pursuance of the said Act) upon the Credit of the Rates
and Assessments to be made by virtue of the said Act for the Purposes aforesaid, do grant and assign unto
the said A. B. his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, such Proportion of the said Rates or Assessments,
as the said Sum of _____ doth or shall bear to the whole sum which is or shall be bor-
rowed upon the Credit of the said Rates or Assessments to be had and holden from this Day, until the said
Sum of _____ with Interest of _____ per Centum per Annum for the
same, to be paid Half Yearly, shall be repaid and satisfied. In Witness whereof, We have hereunto set our
Hands and Seals, this _____ Day of _____.

Money may be
paid by Annual
due.

And every such Assignment shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law.

Commissioners
may make
Bonds or other
Securities to be
given for Pay-
ment of Annu-
ties.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall think it advisable to raise all or any Part of the Money necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, by the granting of Annuities for the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons, then it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by any Writing or Writings under their Hands and Seals, to grant any Annuity or Annuities to any Person or Persons who shall contract, advance and pay into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Commissioners for executing this Act any Sum or Sums of Money for the said Annuity or Annuities, as Annuity or Annuities, to be paid and payable during the natural Life of every such Contributor, or the natural Life of every such Person or Persons who shall be contracted by or on the Behalf of such Contributor, at the time of the Payment of his or her Contribution or Contributions Money; so that no such separate Annuity do exceed the Rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds for a Year.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause a Bond or Bonds, or other Security, under the Hands and Seals of Three or more of them, to be delivered to every Person advancing any Part of the said Monies for Payment of such Annuities in respect thereof, which Bonds, Notes or other Securities, shall be assignable by Indentment; and which said several Annuities so to be purchased shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid out of the Rates or Assessments heretofore mentioned, and shall be made payable and paid Quarterly during the natural Lives of such Contributors respectively,

specifically, or the natural Life or Lives of such other Person or Persons as shall be nominated by such respective Contributors, and a proportional Part of such Assuay shall be paid from the last Quarter Day of Payment preceding the Death of the Assuayer, or his wife or son, up to the Day of his Death.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to grant unto their Chief Clerk or Secretary for the time being, any Bond or Bonds, under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them, each Bond to be conditioned for the Payment of the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and which Bonds shall be likewise charged upon and paid out of the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act for the Purposes aforesaid, and the Monies to be raised by Means thereof, with Interest for the same, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Chief Clerk or Secretary for the time being, by and with the Direction of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to make sale and dispose of all and every or any such Bond or Bonds to be granted to such Chief Clerk or Secretary as aforesaid, either by Public Sale or Private Contract, unto any Person or Persons, for the best Price or Prices in Money that can be reasonably had or obtained for the same, and to apply the Money there arising for or towards the carrying this Act into Execution; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed, construed, taken or extended to make the said Commissioners who shall sign, execute or give any of the Bonds, Assignments or other Securities, so hereby authorized or directed to be given, personally or their respective Estates, Lands or Tenements, Goods and Chattels, liable to the Payment of any of the Monies to be borrowed, or Assuays to be granted, in pursuance of this Act, by reason of their giving or executing any such Bonds, Assignments or other Securities as aforesaid; Provided nevertheless, that no greater Sum in the Whole than Sixty thousand Pounds shall be raised by Loan or Mortgage, or by the Sale, or granting of any such Bonds or Assuays as aforesaid, for any of the Purposes aforesaid; and that before any such Money shall be borrowed, or any such Bond sold, or Assuay granted, Fourteen Days Notice as the last shall be given in some Newspaper published in London or Westminster, signifying the Intention of borrowing such Money, or granting such Assuays.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Persons entitled to any of the Securities or Orders for the Monies borrowed, or for the Assuays granted and ordered to be paid as aforesaid, by Writing under their Hands indorsed thereto, to transfer the same respectively to any Person or Persons, according to the Form following;

"I, A. B. do hereby assign the within Mortgage [or, Bond for the Payment of the Sum of £. . . within mentioned Assuay] and all my Right and Title in and to the Principal Money and Interest [or, Assuay, and all Arrears now due thereon by virtue of the within written Bond] thereby secured unto C. D. his Executors, Administrators and Assigns. Dated the . . . Day of . . .

And Entries or Memorials of all Mortgages or Assignments, and Bonds for the Payment of Assuays, which shall be made in manner aforesaid, and of all Transfers thereof, expressed in Words at length the Names, Addresses, Places of Abode and other proper Descriptions of all such Persons as shall from time to time be entitled to the Principal Money and Interest, or the Assuays thereby respectively secured, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners for executing this Act; in which Book any Person interested shall at all reasonable times have Access, and shall have free Liberty to inspect the same, without Fee or Reward; and for the Entry of every such Transfer or Assignment the said Clerk shall be paid Five Shillings and so more; and every such Transfer or Assignment, after such Entry thereof as aforesaid, shall entitle the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be made, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefit of the Security thereby transferred; and all Persons to whom such Mortgages or Assignments, or Bonds for any Assuays, shall be made, or who shall be entitled to the Money or Assuays thereby secured, shall be, in proportion to the Sums therein respectively mentioned, Creditors as the said Rates or Assessments equally One with another, without any Preference in respect to the Priority of advancing such Money, or the Dates of any such Mortgages, Assignments or Bonds respectively.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all the Money to arise by or from the said Rates or Assessments, and which may be borrowed or advanced upon or received for the Purchase of any Assuays on the Credit or Security thereof, shall be applied to paying and discharging the Expenses attending the obtaining and passing this Act, and afterwards from time to time in paying the Interest of the Principal Money to be borrowed, and the Assuays to be granted as aforesaid, and in paying and discharging the several Purchase Monies, and in making the several Compensation and Satisfaction herebefore directed, and in making such Allowances to the several Persons who shall have paid any of the said Streets, Squares or other public Passages or Places, and in defraying the Expenses of fencing, inclosing, making, mending, paving, repairing and embellishing the said Courses or Areas of the said Squares and Circuses, and of paving, repaving, cleansing, lighting, watching and watering the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, and of carrying this Act into Execution in relation thereto, and in paying off the said Principal Money, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall think proper.

LXI. And, in order that no undue Preference may be given to any of the Persons entitled to the Principal Monies which shall be borrowed and secured as the Credit of the said Rates or Assessments, in discharging such Principal Money in pursuance of this Act; be it further enacted, That when and so often as the Money to be raised by the said Rates or Assessments shall amount to a Sum sufficient to discharge One Fortieth Part of the Principal Money to be borrowed or advanced as aforesaid, (say and above what shall be necessary to pay the growing Interest upon the said Principal Money, and the Assuays which may be secured or granted

Commissioners may cause Bonds or other Bonds to be granted.

Power to sell such Bonds.

Commissioners are personally liable.

Money borrowed not to exceed £60,000.

Modes of transferring Securities.

Form of Transfer.

Entries as Memorials of all Mortgages, &c. to be entered in a Book.

Fee for Entry.

Application of the Money arising from Rates, &c.

Condition to be paid by them.

upon the aforesaid Rates or Assessments in pursuance of this Act, and the Expenses hereinbefore provided for, the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause the Number of all the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities to be granted or made, and then in order for securing the Principal Money borrowed, of which Part shall be there intended to be paid off, to be written upon diffined Pieces of Paper of an equal Size, and all such Papers to be rolled up in the same manner as now is may be, and put into a Box or Boxes, and One Number of the said Mortgages, Assignments or Securities shall be drawn out of the said Box or Boxes by the Clerk to the said Commissioners, in the Presence of Three or more of such Commissioners: Provided always, that if it shall happen that any Mortgage, Assignment or Security, the Number whereof shall be drawn out as aforesaid shall be for a greater Sum than One hundred Pounds, no more than One hundred Pounds shall be discharged in consequence of such Number being so drawn.

Money to Per-
sons whose
Money is to be
paid off.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause a Notice signed by their Clerk, to be given to or left at the usual Place of Abode of the Person or Persons whose Principal Money shall be intended to be paid off, which Notice shall express the Sum to be paid off, together with the Interest due thereon, and that the same will be paid at the Place to be mentioned in such Notice at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months from the Day of giving or leaving such Notice as aforesaid, and the Interest of the Principal Money so to be paid off shall, from and after the End of the said Six Calendar Months, cease, and be no longer paid or payable, unless such Principal Money shall be demanded, pursuant to such Notice, and not paid, but the Principal Money in respect whereof such Notice shall be given, and also the Interest thereof, to the End of the said Six Calendar Months, shall nevertheless be payable on Demand.

Power to bor-
row Money at
lower Interest in
discharge occur-
ring at higher

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners for executing this Act can at any time borrow or take up any Sum or Sums of Money, at a lower Rate of Interest than the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities which shall be then in force shall bear, it shall be lawful for the said said Commissioners, from time to time, to charge the said Rates or Assessments, in manner aforesaid, with such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall think proper, and the Interest thereof, at such lower Rate as aforesaid, and to pay off and discharge the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities bearing a higher Rate of Interest.

Commissioners
usually to
make an Ac-
count of Re-
ceipts and Dis-
bursements.
Recovery of
Penalties.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, at their Second Meeting in every Year, cause an Account of the Monies received and disbursed in the preceding Year, and the Amount of the Arrears of Rates then due, and of the Balance of Cash in Hand, to be made out, which Account it shall be lawful for all Persons named or assented under and by virtue of this Act to the Rates or Assessments aforesaid, and all Persons concerned therein, at all reasonable times to inspect.

That sufficient
Distrain.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures hereinbefore imposed [the manner of recovering which is not hereby otherwise directed] shall be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or Place wherein the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, which Warrant such Justice or Justices in and are hereby empowered to grant, upon Oath of the Party, or upon the Information of any credible Witness upon Oath; and such Penalties and Forfeitures (or such of them, or such Part thereof, as are or is not directed to be otherwise applied by this Act) shall be paid to the Treasurers to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and applied for such of the Purposes aforesaid, as such Commissioners shall think proper; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, or such Penalties or Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, such Justice or Justices in and are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to send the Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Goal or House of Correction within such County or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties or Forfeitures, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Commissioners
in Commission of
the Peace may
act as Justices.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Commissioners as are or shall be Justices of the Peace may act as Justices in all Matters under the Authority of this Act, notwithstanding their being Commissioners; and that in all cases where any Justice or Justices of the Peace is or are authorized by this Act to examine any Person or Persons on Oath or Affirmation, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, and he and they it and are hereby required to administer such Oath, or to take any Affirmation.

Indemnity may
give Evidence.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions, Prosecutions, Informations, Complaints and Proceedings whatsoever, relating to or concerning the Execution of this Act, no Person residing within the Limits of this Act shall be deemed incompetent to give Evidence, by virtue of such Person being charged with and liable to pay any Rate or Assessment by virtue of this Act; and that the said Commissioners for executing this Act may sue or be sued in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk; and that no Action to be brought by or against the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any of them, by virtue of this Act, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of any such Treasurer or Clerk; nor that the Treasurer or Clerk for the time being to such Commissioners shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendants in such Actions, as the case shall be.

Condition.

LXVIII. And, for the more easy and speedy Execution of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace, before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Condition to be drawn up according to the following Form, or in any other Form to the same Effect, as the case shall happen; that is to say,

Form of Con-
dition.

WE it is remembered, That on _____ (Name of Complainant) at [Place of
Complaint] A. B. (Name of Offender) of [Address of Offender] was duly convicted by
me [Name of Justice] [Name and Style of committing Justice or Justices] for that the said A. B. (Name of Of-
fender) on [Name of committing Offender] at [Place of committing Offender] did [here state the Offence]
against

* against the Act according to the said] contrary to the Form of the Statute made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled, [here set forth the Tth of the Act] and 1, or We, do therefore declare and adjudge, that the said A. B. [Name of Offender] has forfeited for the same Offence, the Sum of [Five or, Shall be committed to [Place of Imprisonment] for the Space of [Time of Imprisonment]. Given under my Hand and Seal, [or, our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year first above written.

LXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any such Rate or Assessment as aforesaid, which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, he or she having first paid the said Rate or Assessment, may appeal to the said Commissioners for enquiring the Act, at their next Meeting to be holden after the Payment of such Rate or Assessment; and such Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered, if they shall think such Person aggrieved, to give such Relief in the Premises as to them shall seem reasonable; and if any such Person shall be dissatisfied with the Determination of the said Commissioners in this behalf, or if any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any other matter or thing to be done in pursuance of this Act as aforesaid, every such Person may appeal to the Justices at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be holden for the County, City, or Liberty, where the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, within Four Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, such Appellant first giving Twenty Days' Notice in Writing of his or her Intention to make such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Clerk to the said Commissioners, and within Five Days after such Notice moving into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for the said County, City or Liberty, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Sessions; and the Justices at such Sessions shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Party appealing or appealed against, as they shall think proper, and their Determination thereof shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Parties, to all Intents and Purposes.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That no Rate or Assessment, or any Proceeding to be had touching any Order made, or other matter or thing to be done or transacted, in or relating to any Complaint or Appeal, or any Order or Determination thereon as aforesaid, shall be quashed or nullified for Want of Form only, or be removed or removed into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff shall recover in any Action for any Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding, made or commenced in Execution of this Act, if sufficient Tender of Amounts shall be made by or on behalf of the Party or Parties who shall have committed or caused to be committed any such Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he or they shall see fit, whereupon such Proceedings or Order and Judgment shall be had, made or given by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That where any Defect shall be made for Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Defect shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers at law, on account of any Irregularity which shall afterwards be done by the Party or Parties aforesaid; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage only in an Action on the case.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That an Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing to be done in pursuance of this Act, until Twenty eight Days' Notice thereof shall be given to the Clerk to the said Commissioners for enquiring the Act, or after such sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party aggrieved, or after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County of Middlesex, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence in any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty eight Days' Notice thereof shall be given as aforesaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time heretofore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his or her Action or Suit after the Defendant shall appear, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff, then the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases of Law.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Rates and Assessments authorized and allowed to be made, laid and collected by the Commissioners under the last recited Act passed in the Fifty third Year aforesaid, shall be laid and collected upon all and every the Persons and Places who shall inhabit, hold and occupy the Houses, Buildings, Premises, Shops, Warehouses, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Buildings or Tenements, rated and assessed under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, (except where any other or special Provision is made in the said Act as to the Payment of Rates) and shall and may be demanded and taken, allowed and received, from and upon such Tenants and Occupiers as aforesaid; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

* LXXV. And Whereas it may happen that some of the Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees, heretofore mentioned, may have entered into and be under some Contract or Agreement which may be subsisting, and may not have expired at the time of passing this Act, with certain Sovereigns, Patrons or other Persons, for the doing and performing some of the Works within their respective Districts which are by this Act authorized or directed to be hereafter done and performed by the Commissioners for executing this Act, or the Persons employed by them, or for the supplying some of the Materials for the same, or for watering the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, or Passages or Places, or some of those, and as such Works and Services will hereafter be performed, and such Materials provided by the Commissioners for executing this Act, so far as the same relate to the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, which shall be within the Limits of their Jurisdiction under the Provisions of this Act, or by Persons by them employed, it is just and reasonable that a proportionate Deduction or Abatement should be made to such Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees, by the Person or Persons who have so contracted with them respectively, to perform such Works or Services, or to supply such Materials in respect of such Parts of the said Contracts as will or shall be performed by them from and after the passing of this Act: Be it therefore enacted, That in every such case the Person or Persons who shall have so contracted to perform such Works or Services, or to supply such Materials, shall abate and allow unto the said Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees with whom every such Contract shall be made, out of the Moneys thereby contracted to be paid to him or them, a fair and reasonable Sum or Sums in respect of such of the said Works and Services which are heretofore to be done and performed, and of such Materials which are heretofore to be provided by the Commissioners for executing this Act, or the Person to be employed by them as aforesaid, as such Contractor or Contractors would otherwise have been bound to have done, performed or provided, under or by virtue of such Contract or Contracts of this Act had not been passed; which Sum or Sums so to be abated or allowed shall bear the same Proportion to the whole Sum or Sums which would otherwise have become due or payable under the said Contract or Contracts to any such Contractor or Contractors for the whole of the Works or Services which would have been done and performed, and for all the Materials which would have been provided by him or them in respect of the whole District or Linn comprised in such Contract or Contracts, as the Surface or superficial Quantity of such Part of the Land or Ground comprised within the Limits of such Contract or Contracts as is hereby put under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall bear to the whole Surface or superficial Quantity of the Land or Ground comprised in, or over, or to which such Contract or Contracts shall extend; and all such Commissioners, Committeemen, Vestrymen and Trustees, are hereby authorized and empowered to make and make such Deduction or Abatement accordingly, from and out of the Sum or Sums of Money which they would otherwise have had to pay or allow to any such Contractor or Contractors under or by virtue of any such Contract or Contracts as aforesaid.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That such of the Streets, Circuses, Ways, Places, Courts or Passages comprised within the Provisions of the said first recited Act as are situate or be within the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone shall, notwithstanding any of the Provisions of this present Act, remain and be subject to the Order, Control and Jurisdiction of the Vestrymen of the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone; and that the Duty, Power and Authority of paving, repaving, cleansing, lighting and watching the same Streets, Circuses, Ways, Courts or Passages shall be and remain vested in the Vestrymen of the said Parish for the time being, who shall cause the same Streets, Circuses, Ways and Places to be well and effectually paved over, both in the Carriage and Footways, with the Materials of the present Pavement, so far as the same will extend, and with such Quantity of new Materials as shall be requisite for that Purpose, and shall and will relay, repair and make good every Part of such last mentioned Streets, Circuses, Ways, Courts and Passages which shall be disturbed or altered in carrying the said first recited Act into Execution, to the good Likening and Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the time being, for carrying the said first recited Act and this Act into Execution.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners to be appointed under and by virtue of this Act shall erect, provide, place and affix such and so many good and substantial Watch Beams for the Watchmen, and such and so many proper and substantial Lamp Poles, Lamp Irons, with Lamps and Banners for lighting the same Circuses, Streets and Places, of such Dimensions and Quality, and at such Distances from each other, and to be painted and finished in such manner as shall accord and correspond with the Pavements, Lamp Poles, Lamp Irons and Watch Boxes which shall be made or set up in the other Parts of such intended New Street, or as near and similar thereto as Circuses, Streets shall permit; and that the several Watch Boxes, Lamp Poles, Lamp Irons, with Lamp Banners, shall for ever allow the Erection thereof, by the said Commissioners so to be appointed under or by virtue of this Act, be kept in repair by such Vestrymen, or by and at the Expense of the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone; and that the sole Right and Property of all Pavements, Beams, Lamp Poles, Lamp Irons and Watch Beams now or at any time hereafter to be laid, erected, set up and fixed in such of the said Streets, Circuses, Ways, Courts or Passages comprised within the Provisions of the said first recited Act, as are or shall be situate within the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, shall belong to and be and continue to be vested in the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone for the time being, any thing in the said first recited Act or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That towards reimbursing the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone the Expense to be incurred in new paving, or in relaying and paving the said Streets, Circuses, Ways, Courts or Passages so to be paved by the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, it shall

Where Com-
missioners have been
made with Com-
missioners of
Pavement, &c.
for Works which
will hereafter be
done by the
Commissioners
under this Act,
the Contractors
shall make an
Abatement in
respect of the
Works left un-
done or not
performed by
them.

Paving the
Streets, &c. in
Saint Mary le
Bone shall be
subject to the
Vestrymen of the
Parish.

Watch Beams
and Lamps to be
provided by the
Commissioners,
and afterwards
kept in Repair
by the Vestry-
men of St. Mary
le Bone.

Vestrymen au-
thorized to lay
a Rate on the
parish of

and may be lawful to and for the Vestrymen for the time being of the said Parish to charge and affix all and every Perch or Persons who do or shall inhabit, hold, use, occupy or enjoy any Dwelling House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stables, Celler, Vault, Building, Tenement or other Hereditaments, the Street or Ground in front of which shall be so new paved, with such Part of the Costs, Charges and Expenses of providing and laying down or mending such Pavement, by way of Compensation for the same, as is usual and customary to be charged upon or taken by Compulsion from any other Inhabitants of the said Parish, for or in respect of any newly erected Houses or other Buildings in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, for or towards the Expenses of paving the Street opposite such Houses or other Buildings, but not to or with any greater or other Part, Share or Proportion of such Costs, Charges or Expenses, and to levy and make the same by every such Ways and Means as any other Rates or Assessments or Compensations can or may be levied or raised by such Vestrymen, by any Power or Authority as then vested under any Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwise.

* LXXX. And Whereas such of the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments which are intended to be taken and used under the Provisions and for the Purposes of the said Act recited A.D. as are situate in the Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, or are rated to that Parish, do now stand assessed and rated in the Books of the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, for or towards the paving, lighting and watching the Streets and other Places in the said Parish, as being altogether of the Yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds; and in order to prevent any Loss or Detraction to the said Parish in such Rental, by reason of the carrying the said first recited Act into Execution, or any additional Burthen being imposed by the said Parish, in respect of any Increase in the Rental by the Buildings and Improvements which may be made in the Execution of the said Act, it hath been agreed, that for all the Purposes of rating and assessing the same in the several Rates and Assessments for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and repairing the several Streets and Squares within the said Parish, or rated therein, the said Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments to be taken and used as aforesaid, and the Buildings hereafter to be erected, shall be permanently considered, deemed and taken to be of the said Yearly Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the actual Rental thereof shall be more or less: Now therefore be it further enacted, That all the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments to be taken and used as aforesaid, and also the Houses and Buildings to be erected on the said Lands, shall for ever hereafter, in making any Rates or Assessments for the paving, repairing, watching, lighting and cleansing the several Streets and other Places in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, be charged and assessed, or rated therein, as being altogether and as the Whole of the Yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, and no more; and the same shall, from and after the passing of this Act, and for ever thereafter, be charged and assessed at the said Yearly Rent of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the Rent or Value of the same shall be more or less, and that such Yearly Rent or Value shall be assessed and divided equally and proportionally upon all the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments to be taken and used for the Purposes aforesaid, situate within the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, or rated therein, or upon the Owners or Occupiers thereof; and that no greater Rate or Sum shall be at any time hereafter charged upon any such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, or upon any new erected Buildings or Improvements to be made thereon, or upon any Persons for or in respect thereof, who do or shall inhabit, hold, occupy or enjoy the same, for or towards the paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the several Streets and other Places in the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane*, or rated therein, than a Pound Rate, bearing the same Proportion to the said Annual Sum of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds as shall be charged upon the other Inhabitants of the said Parish, in reference to or in respect of the Yearly Rent or Value at which their respective Houses shall be rated and assessed in the Books of the said Parish, in the several and respective Rates aforesaid, but that the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane* shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time from the passing of this Act, to rate and assess all such Houses, Buildings and Hereditaments to be taken or used by the said Commissioners; and all Houses and Buildings hereafter to be erected and built as aforesaid, or the Owners or Occupiers thereof, for the paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the same, at the Annual Rent or Sum of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the same shall be of that annual Rent or Value or not; and that the said Vestrymen shall have the same Powers and Authorities for rating, assessing, levying and laying the same as they now have for levying and rating the several Rates within the said Parish, under and by virtue of the several Acts of Parliament for the Management and Regulation of the said Parish.

LXXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, lessen or weaken any of the Powers, Clauses, Provisions, Enactments or Authorities contained in the several Acts of Parliament for regulating the Affairs of the Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane* in the County of Middlesex, except so far as the same may by this Act altered or varied, but that the same several Powers and Authorities shall remain and be in full Force and Effect as if this Act had not passed, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

* LXXXII. And Whereas several Persons in that Part of the New Street called *Langham Place* have already paved so much of the said new Street as lies in front of their respective Houses and Grounds thereto adjoining: Be it enacted, That all the Pavement so laid down shall be and become the Property and vested in the Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary & Jane* for the time being, upon their paying to the said respective Persons the Difference between the Compensation actually taken by the said Vestrymen for paving the Streets within the said Parish, and the Sum already expended on the same.

LXXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall operate, extend or be construed to abridge, take away, prejudice or affect any Jurisdiction, Power or Authority which is by

Houses, &c. in
the Parish of
St. Mary &
Jane, as
being intended
to be placed
under the
Provisions of
22 G. 3. c. 121.
bearing new
rental in the
Parish
Books at 4,884l.
per Annum,
shall continue
to be rated for
the Parish, &c.
under the Act.

The Houses, &c.
in the Parish of
St. Mary &
Jane, as being
intended to be
placed under
the Provisions of
22 G. 3. c. 121.
bearing new
rental in the
Parish
Books at 4,884l.
per Annum,
shall continue
to be rated for
the Parish, &c.
under the Act.

Vestrymen to
have the same
Power to lay
Rates.

Pavement for
St. Mary &
Jane, as being
already paved.

Langham Place
Pavement to be
vested in the
Vestrymen of
St. Mary &
Jane.

Proviso for
Rights of Com-
Law

affairs of
Gover.

Law now relied on the Commissioners of Sewers of the Districts in which the said Premises are situate; but that all such Jurisdiction, Power and Authority, shall and may be exercised by such last mentioned Commissioners, in such and the like manner as if this Act had not been passed.

* LXX (III). And Whereas many Bodies Corporate and other public Bodies and many Persons formed into Societies for the Promotion and Advancement of the Arts, or of Literature and Knowledge, or for Charitable or other (if said) Purposes, are frequently distressed by seeking Buildings for the transacting and carrying on the several aforesaid Purposes in which they are engaged, and are unable to obtain convenient Sites of Ground or Sites for such Buildings, or for Easements and Accommodations thereon; and it would be very beneficial to the Public if His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, was and were enabled to grant and sell in any such Bodies Corporate or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, and their Successors, Heirs, Executors or Administrators respectively, sufficient Sites and Parcels of Land for the erecting such Buildings thereon, or for Carriages, Accesses or other Conveniences, Easements or Accommodations to any Buildings erected or to be erected in the Purpore aforesaid, and also for Concessions or Barred Grounds; Be it therefore enacted, That The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power and Authority to give and grant to and sell to any Body or Bodies Corporate or Corporations, or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, all or any Part of the Estate, Interest, or Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the Survey of the Court of Exchequer in England, Situate within the Bills of Mortality, in order to be appropriated as a Site or Sites for erecting thereon any Building or Buildings for any of the Purpores aforesaid, or to be used as or for a Carriage or Carriages, or for an Access or Accesses to any Building or Buildings erected or to be erected for any of the Purpores aforesaid, or to be used for any Convenience, Easement or Accommodation thereon, or connected therewith, or for Concessions or Barred Grounds; and such Body or Bodies Corporate, or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, and their Heirs, Successors, Executors or Administrators, shall have full Capacity and Ability to receive, take, hold and enjoy the same; and whenever it shall be the Pleasure of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to make a Grant for any such Purpore as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to issue a Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands to any such Body or Bodies Corporate or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons as aforesaid, which Warrant shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever, and shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the Division or County within which the Premises therein specified shall be situate, and also in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and such Auditor and such Commissioners having enrolled the said Warrant shall certify such Enrolment at the Foot or on the Back thereof, under his or their Hand or Hands, and return the said Warrant to the Grantee or Grantees of such Lands and Premises, and from and immediately after such Enrolment thereof the respective Grantees involved in such Warrant, and their Heirs, Successors, Executors or Administrators, shall by force of this Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual & full and Possession of the Premises in the said Warrant specified, and shall hold and enjoy the same with or without any Incumbrance, or for such limited Estate, Term or Interest, and under and subject to such Restrictions or Rest or other Acknowledgments or Refrainments in relation to the Buildings to be erected thereon, and the Fences, Easements or Indigns thereof, the Limit as which the same shall range, or the Uses or Purpores to which the same shall be applied, or any other Regulations, Refrainments or Provisions as regard therein, as to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, shall from time to time, and in such Warrant shall be specified, inserted, directed or commanded; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue for the time being, shall, in every Report which shall be made by them to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching or concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, certify and report every Grant which shall have been made under and by virtue of the Provisions of this Act, from the time of the making their last preceding Report, and to whom and for what Purpore the same shall have been made, and what Land or Ground shall be comprised therein, and all other Particulars relating thereto.

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to repeal certain Provisions in Local Acts for the Maintenance and Management of the Poor. [18 July 1816.]

* WHEREAS divers Local Acts of Parliament have lately passed, containing Enactments relative to the Maintenance and Regulation of the Poor, varying the general Law with respect to particular Districts, Parishes, Townships or Hamlets; and it is expedient that some of such Enactments should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted by The King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Enactments and Provisions, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament since the Commencement of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, whereby any poor Person or Persons, other than such as shall actually apply for and receive Parochial Relief, are compelled or made compellable to go or remain in any House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any poor Person or Persons may be detained or kept in any House of Industry or Workhouse; at the Discretion of the Government or Directors thereof, or of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any District, Parish, Township or Hamlet, after such Person are capable of maintaining themselves; or whereby any poor Person or Persons may be compelled to remain in any House of Industry or Workhouse, until the Charges and Expenses to which any such

Crown Enactments in Local Poor Acts, passed since the Commencement of the Reign of George I. as to compelling poor Persons to go to Houses of

16th, Parish, Township or Hamlet may have been put or become liable or chargeable for the Maintenance or Support of such poor Person or Persons, or any of his or her Family, shall be repaid or reimbursed or satisfied by the Earnings or Labour of such poor Person or Persons; or whereby any poor Child or Children whomsoever is or are rendered liable to be apprenticed to any Governor, Director, or Master of any such House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any Parish, Township or Hamlet, at a greater Distance than Ten Miles from such House of Industry or Workhouse, shall hereafter be empowered or authorized to become Contributors to, or to take the Benefit of such House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any Directors, Governors, Guardians or Masters of any such House of Industry or Workhouse, are authorized or empowered to buy out any poor Person or Person of full Age, or to contract or agree with any Person or Persons to have and take the Profit of the Labour of such poor Person or Persons; shall be voidly and severally, and the same are hereby wholly and Generally, rescinded.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Governor, Director, Guardian or Master, of any House of Industry or Workhouse, on any Pretence, to chain, or confine by Chains or Manacles, any poor Person of free Mind.

Industry Rep.
continued

Confusing the Diver by Chains or Menades

CAP. CXXX

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirty sixth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Beign, intitled *An Act to repeal the Power as if an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reigne of King George the Second*, intitled ' *An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to* ' *Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons; and to punish* ' *and to make* ' *other Persons as Ben thorned.* ' [10 July 1816]

WHETHERAS the Laws now in force have been found insufficient to prevent idle and disorderly Persons from going out armed in the Night now for the Delinquency of Game; And Whereas such Practices are fostered by Experience to lead to the Commission of Violence and Murther: For the more effectual Suppression thereof, may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and it be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and thereunto lawfully authorized, That the Acts made in the Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second, Thirty-third, and Thirty-fourth Years of His said Majesty's said late Father's reign, which relate to the Punishment of Persons who shall offend against the Statute in that behalf made in the Fourth Year of His said Majesty's said late Father's reign, do extend the Provisions of the Act so made in the Sixteenth Year of King George the Second, intituled "An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons; and to better Correct them," be extended.

29-440 G 2
C. 10. repeated.

11. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the passing of this Act, unlawfully enter into or be found in any Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground in the Night time, that is to say, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock at Night and Seven in the Morning, from the First Day of October to the First Day of March, or between the Hours of Ten at Night and Four in the Morning, from the First Day of March to the First Day of October, in each and every Year, having any Gun, Net, Engine or other Instrument, for the Purpose and with the Intent to destroy, take or kill, or shall wilfully destroy, take or kill any Hare, Rabbit, Pheasant, Partridge, Hensh Fowl commonly called Black Game, or Grouse, commonly called Red Game or any other Game; or if any Person or Persons shall be found with any Gun, Fire Arms, Misdgeon or with any other offensive Weapon, powder, priming, matches, shot or affixing any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or shall receive such other Punishment as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and as the Court before which such Offenders may be tried and convicted shall adjudge; and if any such Offender or Offenders shall return into Great Britain before the Expiration of the Term for which he or they shall be transported, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, he or they if returning, not being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for the Term or Terms of his or their natural Lives or Lives.

Persons going
armed as dis-
cussed in the
Night rule, with
apparent intent
to kill or destroy
life, may, on
Court Street, be
lawfully shot.

В. А. Бондарь,
Учитель математики
№ 1, 2016

211. And for this, every said and fe. d. bringing the Offender is against this Act to Justice, be it further certified, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Ranger and Rangers, and so to for the Owner and Owner, Occupier and Occupiers of any such Park, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Chase or other open uncultivated Ground, as it shall be, to arrest or their Keeper and Keepers, Servants and Servants, and also for any other Person or Persons so lawfully appointed, or to assist in doing and apprehending such Offender or Offenders by virtue of this Act, within the Authority of the same to convey and deliver such Offender or Offenders into the Custody of a Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and directed to convey such Offender or Offenders before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where such Offender shall be. And if there be a constable, or a constable such Offender or Offenders shall not be so apprehended, then it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice, on Information before him, on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Offender or Offenders, and if upon the Affidavit of any such Offender or Offenders, it shall appear to such Justice on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, that the Person or Persons charged both or have been guilty of any or either of the said Offences, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice to issue such Person or Persons to be sent to Bail, and in Default of Bail to commit such Person or Persons to the County Gaol until the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or the next General Commission of Gaol Delivery to be holden for the same County or Place, there to be tried and dealt with as by this Act is directed.

Dark Pencil may be appointed and approved before a Justice, who in *Urbah of Ball* map cannot.

C. A. P.

CAP. CXXXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Fiftieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Provisions of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding.

[18 July 1816.]

C. 131, 132.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intitled *As for the more effectual Provisions of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in Places where Disobedience prevail or are apprehended: And* Whereas it is expedient that the same should be revived and continued: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby revived and continued until the Fiftieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Revised Act re-
worded and con-
tinued.

CAP. CXXXII.

An Act for enlarging the time for making the Award respecting His Majesty's Allotments under an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for enclosing Windsor Forest, and for extending the Provisions of the said Act.

[18 July 1816.]

C. 131, 132.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *As for settling in His Majesty's certain Parts of Windsor Forest in the County of Berks; and for Inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that the Commissioners therein appointed on the behalf of His Majesty for the Purposes of the said Act, and the Commissioners to be appointed for and on the behalf of the several Proprietors of Land in the several Parishes therein mentioned, should in their respective Parishes appoint, appoints and set out the Public Carriage Roads and Highways therein mentioned, over the Lands and Grounds to be allotted and set out to His Majesty; and that all such Public Carriage Roads and Highways which should be so ordered by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, with all necessary Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences thereon, should be made and for ever thereafter repaired and maintained at the proper Costs and Charges of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; And Whereas for the better making and keeping in Repair the several Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences which by the said recited Act are directed to be made and kept in Repair by and at the Expence of His Majesty, it is expedient that Provision should be made for enforcing the making and repairing such Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace sitting in and for the said County of Berks, to view all or any of the Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences therein, which, as by the said recited Act, His Majesty is liable to make or repair, and by a Certificate and Notice in Writing under their Hands, to certify that any such Road or Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges or Fences therein, by the said recited Act directed to be made or repaired by His Majesty, is or are in their Judgment not made or out of Repair, and to what Extent, and in what Particulars, and in what Parish or Parishes the same is or are so, and that the same ought to be made or repaired by and at the Expence of His Majesty; and in case such Certificate and Notice shall be delivered to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for the time being, or any or either of them, or their Secretary or his or her Officer, at the Office of the said Commissioners or Surveyor General for the time being, and the Road or Roads, or Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences therein, by the said recited Act directed to be made or repaired by or at the Expence of His Majesty, has not been made, or is or are out of Repair, and to what Extent, and in what Particulars, and in what Parish or Parishes the same is or are so, and the said Justices at such three Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the matter of every such Petition, and in case they shall thereupon find that such Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence therein is or are not made or not in sufficient Repair, to make such Order upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for the time being, for the making or repairing such Road, Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence therein, within a time to be limited in such Order; and in case the same Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence therein is or are not made or sufficiently repaired within the time limited by such Order, then it shall and may be

Two Justices sitting that the Roads and Bridges, &c. directed to be made and kept in Repair by His Majesty under the recited Act, are not made, or not in Repair, Complaint to be made in Quarter Sessions, &c. not made or not in Repair within Three Months.

lawful to and for the said Justices in Quarter Sessions assembled, to order such Sum and Sums of Money for the making or Repair of the said Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence therein to be comprised of, as the said Justices shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways within the Parish or Parishes in which such Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence therein be comprised of, shall be statute, to be by them applied to or about the making or Repairs of the Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence therein as comprised of, and which Sum or Sums the said Commissioners or Surveyor General are hereby authorized and required to advance out of any Money in their or his Hands arising from the said Land Revenue of the Crown not specifically appropriated by or under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament; and which Sum or Sums such Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways is and are hereby also required to lay out accordingly: Provided always, that no Proceedings shall be had or any such Petition, unless it shall appear to the said Justices that a true Transcript or Copy thereof shall have been delivered to the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the said Surveyor General for the time being, or one of them, or their Secretary or known Officer, at the Office of the said Commissioners or Surveyor General for the time being, Twenty one Days at least before the First Day of any Quarter Sessions at which the matter of the said Petition shall be heard, and the like Notice shall in all cases be given previous to any subsequent Proceedings on the Matter of any such Petition.

II. And for the better enabling such Justices in Quarter Sessions to determine the Matter of any such Petition, be it enacted, That every Petition and Petitioner who shall be required by any Subpoena or other legal Process to attend any Court of Quarter Sessions assembled as a Witness or Witnesses, to testify the Truth touching the matter in Dispute respecting the making or repairing any such Road, Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence therein, in manner aforesaid, shall attend in obedience to every such Subpoena or other legal Process, and in case of Nonappearance of any such Witness or Witnesses pursuant to such Subpoena or other legal Process, he, she or they shall be subject and liable to such and the like Pains and Penalties as any other Witness or Witnesses making default is or are liable to by Law, in cases of the like Nature, in which such Court of Quarter Sessions shall have competent Jurisdiction or Authority.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Petition or Petitioner shall in any Examination, Affidavit, Deposition or Affirmation to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act, in or before any Court of Quarter Sessions assembled, or in or before any Court of Law or Equity whatsoever, knowingly or wilfully swear or affirm any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are now subject and liable to.

IV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *“An Act in amendment of the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty for settling in His Majesty certain Parts of Windsor Forest in the County of Berks, and for making the open Commonable Lands within the said Forest, &c.”* it was among other things enacted and provided, that John Nash and John Davers, the Commissioners named in the said first recited Act of the Fifth third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and their Successors, should order and execute their Award under the said last mentioned Act within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months from and after the passing of the said Act of the Fifth fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the same Manner and Form, and under the like Regulations in all Respects as in the said recited Act of the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty is directed: And Whereas it is expedient that the Time for making the said Award should be further extended, and that such other Provisions be made as heretofore mentioned: Be it therefore further enacted, That the time for making the said Award by and under the Authority of the said first recited Act of the Fifth third Year of His present Majesty shall be and is hereby further extended to the Twelfth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and seven; and the said Commissioners and their Successors, by and under the said first recited Act are hereby authorized and required to make their said Award in the same manner and Form, and under the like Regulations in all Respects as in the said first recited Act is directed, on or before the said Twelfth Day of March one thousand eight hundred and seven.

V. And Whereas in and by the said first recited Act it is, among other things recited, that the Most Honourable Arthur Marquis of Devonshire is seized to himself and his Heirs of the Manor and Park of Eggleston, in the said County of Berks, and in respect thereof is entitled to the Soil of the Waste Lands in the said Manor; and after further reciting that the said Arthur Marquis of Devonshire possessed that the said Manor, and also the said Park, to which he derived his Title through and under certain Grants made by His Majesty's Royal Proclamations, and other Assurances, were exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown, in respect thereof, and consequently that His said Majesty was not entitled to any Adjustment of Land within the said Manor or Parish, it was therefore enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, by His Attorney General, to proceed to a Trial at Law at the next Spring Assizes for the County of Berks, in a legal Action or Actions for that Purpose, to be commenced in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer at Westminster, against the said Arthur Marquis of Devonshire, his Heirs or Assigns, or the Person or Persons entitled to the said Manor for the time being, in manner therein mentioned; and if at the Trial of any such Issue or Issues, it should appear that His Majesty was not entitled to any Forefeal Right or Interest within the said Manor and Parish of Eggleston, for which a Compensation ought to be made, then such Jury or Juries by whom such Issue or Issues should be tried, should find for the Defendant or Defendants, in which case the said Act or any thing therein contained should not apply to or affect the said Manor and Parish, or any Part thereof; but if it should appear

And Quarter Sessions may order Money to be paid by Commissions of Woods and Forests for making and repairing Roads, &c.

No Proceedings unless Copy of Petition delivered to Commissioners 21 Days before Quarter Sessions.

Witnesses to attend Quarter Sessions.

Default. Forfeiture.

Swearing falsely.

Perjury.

17 G. 3. c. 121.

Time for making Award under recited Act extended.

Marquis of Devonshire's Claim of Exemption from the Laws of the Forest in respect of his Manor and Park of Eggleston.

* to such Jury or Juries that His said Majesty was entitled to such Forestal Rights or Interests within the same Manor and Parish, as were claimed by and belonged to His Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within the Regard of the said Forest, then such Jury or Juries should find for the Plaintiff, and then and in such case the said Manor and Parish should be deemed to be within the Provisions of the said Act, and the Commons and Waste Lands thereof should be subject to such Provisions and Regulations as to the Proportion thereof to be awarded to His Majesty, as were in the said Act contained in relation to the said Parishes and Manors, and Wastes and Commons, within the Regard of the said Forest; but if should appear to the said Jury that His Majesty was entitled to Forestal Rights within the same Manor and Parish, but that such Rights had been diminished or restricted by Grants or Charters, or other Means, so as that such Forestal Rights of His Majesty were not so extensive in the said Manor and Parish as in the other Parishes and Manors mentioned in the said Act, then and in such last mentioned case such Jury or Juries should find and declare by their Verdict, that His Majesty had only inherited Forestal Rights in the said Manor and Parish, which should be endorsed on the Petition; and then the said Jury or Juries, in addition to the Verdict or Verdicts given in the Issue or Issues joined, should assess and award what Proportion of the Soil of the Waste and Open Lands within the same Manor and Parish would be a just and fair Compensation for such His said Majesty's Forestal Rights therein: And Whereas the said Issue was tried before a Special Jury at the Sessions of the Year One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, holden for the said County of Berks, when such Jury trying the same (among other things) found by their Verdict, that the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead*, continuously from time immemorial, had been and were within the Manor and (except the said Park) Parcel of the said Forest, and that the said Park was, up to and until the second Day of June in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the First, also within the Manor and Parcel of the said Forest, and that the said Park of *Easthampstead* was situate within the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead*, and that His present Majesty was not entitled to any Forestal Right or Interest within the said Park; but that the same Park was exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof; and the said Jury also found that His said present Majesty, and His Predecessors, Kings and Queens of England, had continuously, from time immemorial, within the same Manor and Parish (except in the said Park, from the said second Day of June in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the First) exercised such Forestal Rights and Interests as were claimed by and belonged to His Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within the Regard of the said Forest, and that before and on the Twenty seventh Day of February in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of the late King Henry the Third the said Manor and Parish were within the Regard of the said Forest, but whether or not His said present Majesty was entitled to any Forestal Right or Interest within the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead* and out of the said Park, for which a Compensation ought to be made under and by virtue of the said Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, the said Jury find they were ignorant, and therefore by a Special Verdict referred the same to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, in which Court the said Action was brought: And Whereas the Barons of the said Court have lately adjudged and determined upon the said Special Verdict, that His present Majesty was entitled to such Forestal Rights and Interests within the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead* out of the said Park as were claimed by and belong to His Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within the Regard of the said Forest: And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to what Proportion of the Wastes within the said Manor and Parish (after such Verdict and Judgement as aforesaid) His said Majesty is entitled, and in order to shew the said Doubts it hath been proposed by the said Marquis that it shall be referred to *Robert Gifford Esquire Barrister at Law*, as well on the Part of His Majesty as on the behalf of the said Marquis, to ascertain and determine whether the Forestal Rights and Interests of His Majesty in and over the said Manor and Parish are diminished or restricted, and if he shall determine that they are, then to award how far and in what Proportion the same are diminished or restricted in consequence of the said Park being found to be situate within the said Manor and Parish, and to be exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof; provided that the said *Robert Gifford* shall and do within Four Calendar Months from and after the passing of this Act, make his Award in Writing upon the Subject hereby referred to him, and cause the same to be delivered at the Office of His Majesty's Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for and on the Part of His Majesty, and unto the said Marquis, his Solicitor or Agent, which Award so to be made and delivered of and concerning the Premises, shall be binding and conclusive, as well upon His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as upon the said Marquis, his Heirs and Assigns.

VI. And be it further enacted, That after the making and Delivery of such Award as last aforesaid, if the said *Robert Gifford* shall award that His Majesty's Forestal Rights and Interests are diminished or restricted, then the said Commissioners and their Successors, or the Umpire to be appointed by them in pursuance of the Power contained in the said first recited Act, shall and they are hereby required and directed to deduct from the said Nine thirty second Parts such Proportion as the said *Robert Gifford* shall, in manner aforesaid, determine and award, ought to be deducted therefrom in consequence of the said Park being found to be exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof, and shall proceed to

Whereas to ascertain whether the Forestal Rights of His Majesty over the said Manor are diminished or restricted and agreed to be made thereupon.

Proceedings of the said Award shall be made.

for out, allot and award unto and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Remainder only of the said Nine thirty second Parts, after such Deductions therefrom as aforesaid, Quantity, Quality and Situation considered, is satisfaction of His Majesty's Forefeited Rights and Interests in and over the said Manor and Parish; but if the said Robert Gifford shall not make his Award on or before the time herein appointed for that Purpose, or if he shall award that His Majesty's Forefeited Rights and Interests in the said Manor and Parish are not dissolved or relinquished in consequence of the said Park being found to be exempt from all the Leases of the said Forest and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof, then they the said Commissioners shall sit out, allot and award, unto and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, so much of the Open and Waste Lands within the said Manor and Parish as, Quantity, Quality and Situation considered, shall be equal to Nine thirty second Parts of the whole of the Waste Lands in the said Manor and Parish, in satisfaction of His Majesty's Forefeited Rights and Interests in and over the said Manor and Parish, any thing herein or in the said recited Acts contained to the contrary hereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXXIII.

An Act for making Provision to defray the Annual Charge of any Loan of this Session of Parliament.

[18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made under the Authority of any Act passed in the present Session of Parliament: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, out of the Monies to arise by the Duties granted by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Butter*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Nineteen thousand seven hundred and eighty seven Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by another Act made in this Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Cheese*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Fifteen thousand eight hundred and Seven Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by another Act of the same Session, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Woolle on Wool Tapp made in Great Britain and imported from Ireland, and to grant other Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks in lieu thereof*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Six hundred and twenty one thousand seven hundred and Sixty Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by Two other Acts of the same Session, intitled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Castor Seed, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, and *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish (except White Fish) imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Three thousand one hundred and forty five Pounds; and after setting apart the said several Sums, being the aggregate Amount of the respective Duties on the said several Articles for Two Years last past, the Remainder of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer at Westminster by virtue of the said Acts shall be deemed an Addition made to the Public Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made by virtue of any Act passed in this Session of Parliament.

Certain Sums to be set apart
to defray the
following Sums.

c. 132. 1816.

c. 133. 1816.

c. 134. 1816.

c. 135. 1816.

c. 136. 1816.

c. 137. 1816.

c. 138. 1816.

c. 139. 1816.

c. 140. 1816.

c. 141. 1816.

c. 142. 1816.

c. 143. 1816.

c. 144. 1816.

c. 145. 1816.

c. 146. 1816.

c. 147. 1816.

c. 148. 1816.

c. 149. 1816.

c. 150. 1816.

c. 151. 1816.

c. 152. 1816.

c. 153. 1816.

c. 154. 1816.

c. 155. 1816.

c. 156. 1816.

c. 157. 1816.

c. 158. 1816.

c. 159. 1816.

c. 160. 1816.

c. 161. 1816.

c. 162. 1816.

c. 163. 1816.

c. 164. 1816.

c. 165. 1816.

c. 166. 1816.

c. 167. 1816.

c. 168. 1816.

c. 169. 1816.

c. 170. 1816.

c. 171. 1816.

c. 172. 1816.

c. 173. 1816.

c. 174. 1816.

c. 175. 1816.

c. 176. 1816.

c. 177. 1816.

c. 178. 1816.

c. 179. 1816.

c. 180. 1816.

c. 181. 1816.

c. 182. 1816.

c. 183. 1816.

c. 184. 1816.

c. 185. 1816.

c. 186. 1816.

c. 187. 1816.

c. 188. 1816.

c. 189. 1816.

c. 190. 1816.

C A P. CXXXIV.

An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals consumed in Lead Mines in Cornwall.

[18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Rege, intitled *An Act for allowing the full Drawback of Duty paid on Coals used in certain Mines and Smelting Mills in Devonshire, as is now allowed in the County of Cornwall*, a Drawback of the Duty is allowed upon all Coals used for Fire Engines in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores within the County of Devon: And Whereas it is expedient that a like Drawback should be allowed upon all Coals so consumed in Lead Mines in the County of Cornwall: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act for all Coals that shall be used for Fire Engines in Mines of Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores within the County of Cornwall, and for which Duties have been fully answered and paid, a Drawback shall be allowed and made of all such Duties, upon Proof by Oath made before the Collector of the said Duties, (which Oath he is hereby empowered and required to administer,) that such Coals have been so used and applied; and the Amount of the Duties so drawn back shall be returned and paid by the Collector of the said Duties to the Person so making Proof as aforesaid.

II. And Whereas it is expedient that previously to the Drawback being paid upon Coals consumed in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proof should be made that the Duties upon the same have been actually paid, and that the said Coals were *bona fide* consumed in the said Mines, and that no Part of the same has been or shall be used or sold for domestic Purposes, or as Coals for burning Lanes, or for any other Purposes not contemplated by Law: Be it therefore enacted, That, previously to any Drawback being paid upon Coals used or consumed in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, Proof shall be made on Oath by the Proprietor or managing Owner of the Mine before the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs (which Oath they are hereby authorized and re-

c. 132. 1816.

Drawback of the
Duty on Coals
used in Lead
Mines in Corn-
wall.

Duty to be
drawn back
on Coals used
in the
Mines of Lead
in Cornwall
and Devon.

grazed to advantage) at the Port where the Drawback shall be paid, that he solely believes the Duties upon the said Coals being actually paid, and that the said Coals were *bona fide* consumed in the said Mines, and that no Part of the same has been or shall be used or sold for domestic Purposes, or as Cakes for burning Looms, or for any other Purposes not contemplated by Law.

CAP. CXXXV.

An Act for authorizing the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland to order the Payment of a certain Sum of Money to be applied in completing the Crinan Canal. [18th July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from Loch Gilp to Loch Crinan in the Shire of Argyll*, the several Persons therein named were incorporated by the Name of The Company of Proprietors of the Crinan Canal for the Purpose of making and completing the said Canal and other necessary Works; which Act was amended and rendered more effectual by an Act passed in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled 'An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from Loch Gilp to Loch Crinan in the Shire of Argyll'*; And Whereas a large Sum of Money having been subscribed before the passing of the said first recited Act, great Progress was thereafter made in carrying on the said Work; but many of the Subscribers having failed to make good their Subscriptions, the said Undertaking, which is of great National Importance, must have been abandoned if the Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds had not been advanced to the said Company by the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, by virtue of another Act passed in the said Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for empowering the Company of Proprietors of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, to repay into the Court of Exchequer in Scotland the Sum advanced to them, for the Purpose of completing the said Navigation's for repaying so much of an Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty as relates to the said Company; and for enabling the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer to advance Part of the Sum so to be received, to the Company of Proprietors of the Crinan Canal, on certain Conditions*; And Whereas, pursuant to the Directions of the said last recited Act, all the Tolls and Rates arising from the said Canal, and also the Canal itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company in and to the same, and all Quays, Houses, Lands or other Property purchased for the Purposes of the said Canal, have been assigned and made over by the said Company to the Lord Chief Baron or other Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, until the said Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, together with the Interest for the same after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be completely paid or satisfied: And Whereas the said Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds was applied towards completing the said Canal, but unforeseen Difficulties having arisen in carrying on the said Work, and the great Rise in the Price of Labour and Materials having augmented the Expense to its greatly to exceed the Estimate, the said Canal remained unfinished, and the Public were thereby deprived of the great Advantages which would arise therefrom to Commerce, to the Fisheries and to the Improvement of the Western Islands and North West Coast of Scotland, and the Money which had been advanced would have been lost if the further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds had not been advanced to the said Company for completing the same, out of the Aids or Supplies granted for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for authorizing the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Great Britain to advance a certain Sum of Money, to be applied in completing the Crinan Canal; and pursuant to the said Act, the Rates and Duties arising from the said Canal, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company in and to the same, and the Quays, Houses, Lands and other Property aforesaid, remain vested in the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, until not only the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and all Interest for the same, but also the said further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds advanced under the Provisions of the said Act, together with Interest for the same at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be completely satisfied and paid in the same manner and as fully and effectually as if another Assignment thereof had been made: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and for further appropriating the Supplies granted to His Majesty of Parliament, a Sum not exceeding Five thousand Pounds was granted to His Majesty towards completing the Repairs which were then necessary in consequence of an Inundation of the said Canal in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and the Sum of Five thousand Pounds having been from afterwards received accordingly from the Lord Commissioners of the Treasury, the Tolls and Rates arising from the said Canal, and also the Canal itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company, as, in and to the same, and all Quays, Houses, Lands or other Property purchased for the Purposes of the said Canal, have been assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, until the said Sum of Five thousand Pounds, together with Interest for the same at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be completely paid or satisfied: And Whereas the said last mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, and the said Sum of Five thousand Pounds, have been applied towards the Completion and Repair of the said Canal and other Works; but this great National Undertaking must yet be abandoned, and the Money which has been advanced will be lost, without the further Aid of**

'Parliament;' May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, and they are hereby directed, upon the Approbation of the Commissioners appointed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, towards defraying the Expenses of making an Island Navigation from the English Sea by Inverness and Fort William, and for taking the necessary Steps towards carrying the same, to issue their Warrant to the Receiver General of Scotland, for Payment out of any Public Money that is in his Hands of the Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds, which Money shall be paid to the said Commissioners without any Deductions whatever, and after Payment thereof of the Charges and Expenses of obtaining this Act shall be applied in completing and repairing the said Grimsay Canal and other Works in such manner as the said Commissioners shall appoint, and until the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds shall from time to time be applied in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful so and for the said Commissioners to sever the same or each Part or Parts thereof as they shall think proper in Exchequer Bills.*

II. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds shall be paid to the said Commissioners, the Tolls and Rates arising from the said Grimsay Canal, and also the Canal itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company is and to the same, and all Quays, Berths, Lands or other Property, which, pursuant to the Direction of the said last mentioned Act of the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as a Security for the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and the Interest for the same, and which, pursuant to the said Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, remain vested in the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons until the said further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and all Interest for the same be satisfied and paid in manner aforesaid, and which were likewise assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons as a Security for the said Sum of Five thousand Pounds and the Interest for the same as aforesaid, shall immediately thereupon be and remain vested in the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in Scotland, until not only the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, together with the said further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and Five thousand Pounds in already advanced as aforesaid, and all Interest for the same respectively, but also the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds which shall be so paid to the said Commissioners under the Provision of this Act, together with Interest for the same at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be completely paid or satisfied in the same manner and as fully and effectually as if another Assignment thereof had been made; and which Interest for the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds, shall be paid Half yearly by the said Company of Proprietors of the Grimsay Canal into the said Court of Exchequer as the End of every Six Months from the Day of the Admission of the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That a Statement of all the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, and a general Account of the Money received and disbursed by them, or under their Direction, by virtue of this Act, shall be annually, before the First Day of June, laid before both Houses of Parliament, together with the Annual Statement or Report of the said Commissioners relative to the Grimsay Canal.

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, situate and devolved to His Majesty by the Dissolution of *Hertford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, and the Site of the said College and Buildings situate, to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, for the Purpose of their repairing to such Site; and to enable the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, to do all necessary Acts for such Removal. [18 July 1816.]

WHEREAS His late Majesty King George the Second was graciously pleased by Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date at *Windsor*, the Fifth Day of September, in the Fourteenth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to will and grant, that within *Mart Hall* in the University of *Oxford*, and within the Bounds, Courts and Precincts of the same in *Oxford*, and within the same University of *Oxford* and the Liberties and Precincts of the same, there should be from thenceforth for ever one perpetual College for Students of Divinity, the Civil and Canon Law, Physic and other good Arts and Languages; and that the same College, consisting of a Principal, Four Senior Fellows or Tenors, and Eight Junior Fellows or Althames, might be for ever called *Hertford College* in the University of *Oxford*; and further to will and grant, that the Principal and Fellows of the College and their Successors for ever, should and might be one Body Corporate and Politic by the Name of the "Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College* in the University of *Oxford*." And Whereas the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* in the said University of *Oxford* are liable in Fee of a certain Piece of Land, called *Attorney Part* of the Site of the said College called *Hertford College*, of which they granted a Lease to the Principal and Fellows of the same College, bearing Date the Sixth Day of December in the Year One

Barons of Exchequer in Scotland on Application of Commissioners under 45 G. 3. c. 1. to make Payment of the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds, by completing the Grimsay Canal.

Works paid, Canal to remain vested in the said Barons until the Money has been repaid.

Statement to be laid before Parliament annually.

Charter of Incorporation of Hertford College, by Letters Patent, 25th Sep. 14 G. 2. second.

Lease of Land, Part of Royal Hertford College, granted.

thousand seven hundred and sixty six, for the Term of Forty Years from the Date thereof, under a relieved annual Rent of Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings and One Penny: And Whereas the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, are seized in Fee of certain Pieces of Land, constituting other Part of the Site of the said College called *Hertford College*, of which they granted a Lease, bearing Date the Twenty seventh Day of *February* in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, to the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College*, to hold on them and their Successors for the Term of Forty Years from the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin *Mary*, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty seven, under the several yearly Rents of Ten Shillings and One Shilling and Eight pence: And Whereas the Rector and Fellows of *Exeter College* in the said University are entitled to an annual Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence, issuing and payable from and out of some Part or Parts of the Site of the said College called *Hertford College*: And Whereas Two several Commissioners of Echequer under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date at *Westminster* the Twenty sixth Day of *April* in the Fifty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, lately issued, directed to certain Commissioners therein named, authorizing and empowering them or any Three or more of them to enquire, amongst other matters and things, whether at any time and when the said College called *Hertford College* had become and was dissolved, and whether the said College before and at the time of the Dissolution thereof was seized in Fee Simple of or of any other and what Estate, or possessed of any and what Term or Terms for Years or and in divers and what Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Situate in the several Counties of *Oxford* and *Berks*, and whether by means of the Dissolution thereof the same Hereditaments, Tenements and Terms for Years, had devolved and devolved to His Majesty: And Whereas by an Inquisition returned and taken at the City of *Oxford* in the County of *Oxford* in the Fourth Day of *May* last, before Three of the Commissioners to the said Commission named, upon the Oaths of Twelve good and lawful Men of the said County of *Oxford* in the said Inquisition named, it was found that the said College called *Hertford College* in the University of *Oxford*, on the Twenty eighth Day of *June* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, became and was and is dissolved; and that the said dissolved College was at the time of the Dissolution thereof seized in its Demise as of Fee and to a certain Piece of Land, containing by Admeasurement One thousand one hundred and eighty two square Yards (a little more or less), bounded on the West Side thereof partly by a certain Street called *St. Peter's*, and partly by the Land of one *James Shaw* and one *William Gough*; and on the North Side thereof partly by a certain Street leading from a Gate, anciently called *Smith's Gate*, to *New College*, and partly by the Land herebefore and hereafter mentioned, of the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and of the said President and Scholars of the said College of *Saint Mary Magdalen* in the said University; and on the East Side thereof partly by *New College Lane*, and partly by the Statute of *New College*; and on the South Side thereof by the Land and Buildings of *All Souls College*; together with all Messuages, Erection and Buildings on the same Piece of Land erected, standing and being, situate in the Parish of *Saint Peter in the East*, and the Parish of *Saint Mary the Virgin*, in the City and County of *Oxford*; one Parcel of which said first mentioned Piece of Land was found to be subject to the said Rent of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence payable yearly to the Rector and Fellows of *Exeter College*, and a certain other Parcel of the said first mentioned Piece of Land to be subject to a certain Rent of Four pence payable yearly to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Christ in Oxford*, of the Foundation of *King Henry the Eighth*: And it was further found, that the said first mentioned Piece of Land was held by the said dissolved College, at the time of its Dissolution, of His Majesty, in free and common Socage in right of His Royal Crown, but not subject to any Rents or Services in respect thereof, except Fealty: And it was further found, that the said dissolved College was at the time of its Dissolution possessed of the said Piece of Land, whereof the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and the said President and Scholars respectively are so seized as afore said for the Residue of the several Terms before mentioned to have been granted by them respectively, together with all Messuages, Erection and Buildings on the same Piece of Land standing, erected and being: And it was further found, that the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and Terms for Years, had devolved and devolved, and did thus belong to His Majesty by virtue of His Prærogative Royal; and the said Commissioners had, in obedience to the said Commission, seized the same into the Hands of His Majesty: And by as Inquisition returned and taken at *Cranford*, in the Parish of *Saint Andrew*, in the County of *Berks*, on the said Fourth Day of *May*, before Three of the Commissioners to the said Commission named, upon the Oaths of Twelve good and lawful Men of the said County of *Berks*, in the said last Inquisition named it was found, that the said College called *Hertford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, on the said Twenty eighth Day of *June* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, became and was and is dissolved; and that the said dissolved College was at the time of the Dissolution thereof seized in its Demise as of Fee and in Fee simple Acres and Three Rode by Edification of Arable Land, and One Acre and a Half of Meadow Ground, more or less, lying situate in the Common Fields and Meadows of *North Marston* in the said County of *Berks*, with the Appurtenances; and that the said Lands and Hereditaments were at the time of the Dissolution of the said College held of His Majesty by the said College in free and common Socage, in right of His Royal Crown, but not subject to any Rents or Services in respect thereof except Fealty, and had become devolved to His Majesty by virtue of His Prærogative Royal; and the said Commissioners had in obedience to the said Commission seized the same into the Hands of His Majesty: And Whereas the Buildings of the said dissolved College having since the said Dissolution thereof for the most Part been unoccupied and neglected, the same have gone gradually into Decay, and are in a very ruinous and dilapidated State, and there is no Fund applicable to putting them into Repair: And Whereas *Magdalen Hall* is contiguous to *Saint Mary*

1. In 1988, the
financial aid
program was
expanded to
include the
University of
California, San
Diego, and the
University of
California, San
Francisco.

By legislation passed 4th May, 1876, named the Harvard College became dissolved on 1st June 1876, and was, in the room of Earl Duffell, 1st Earl of Duffell, Lord of Duffell.

* *Magdalen College*, and there is an ancient School for the Education of Sixteen Clergymen of the same College, which forms Part of the Buildings of the said Hall; and the Freehold of the Site of the said Hall and School is vested in the said President and Scholars of the said College: And Whereas the said President and Scholars are about to improve and considerably enlarge the Buildings of *Magdalen College*, for which Purposes they have caused Plans to be drawn, which cannot be effectually carried into Execution unless the said Hall and School be taken down and removed, in which Case they intend to erect or provide another School equally convenient to the College: And Whereas the Removal of the said Hall and School being necessary to the Completion of the intended Improvements at *Magdalen College*, and if carried into Effect being likely to conduce to the general Improvement and Ornament of the University, the said President and Scholars, with the Concurrence and Approbation of the Principal of *Magdalen Hall*, and with the Consent of the Right Honourable Lord Grenville, Chancellor of the said University of Oxford, as Visitor and Patron of the said Hall, on the Twenty fourth Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and Sixteen, prepared to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University, in Convocation assembled, to transfer the Establishment of the said Hall to the Site of the said dissolved College of *Merton*, the said President and Scholars engaging to put the whole of the Buildings thereof into a State of complete Repair, to relinquish for the Use of the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, all the Right and Title of the said President and Scholars to that Part of *Merton College* so as aforesaid held by Lease under them, and to be at the sole Expence of carrying the said Arrangement into Effect: which Proposal was agreed to by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars: but inasmuch as the several Purposes aforesaid could not be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: Whereas Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, in the said University, and *John David Macbride* Doctor of Laws, Principal of *Magdalen Hall* aforesaid, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, as in that petition Presented assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to grant the Site of the said dissolved College, and all or any Part of the said other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, so bestowed to His Majesty as aforesaid, to the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and their Successors, for ever, in Trust for the Use of the Principal and other Members for the time being of *Magdalen Hall* aforesaid, as and when to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall seem meet, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, at their sole Expence to engage and employ any Builder, Workmen and others, and for such Persons when so engaged and employed to make and do all and every such Alterations, Repairs and Improvements, as and to the several Buildings, Chambers and other Parts of the said dissolved College, as may be necessary and suitable for the Reception and comfortable Occupation of the Principal of *Magdalen Hall*, and other Members thereof; and for that Purpose to take down and rebuild, with like or other Materials of as good a Quality and in a substantial and workmanlike manner, such Part or Parts of the said dissolved College as in the Judgement of the Vice Chancellor and Delegates of Estates of the said University, cannot be well and effectually repaired.

III. And Whereas it is expedient that the Ground and Buildings now forming Part of the said dissolved College, which are held by Lease under the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, may hereafter be permanently enjoyed by the Principal and other Members of the said Hall: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said President and Scholars, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, without any Consideration of Money, to grant and convey the Fee Simple and hereditaments of the said Ground and Buildings comprised in the said Lease, with their Appurtenances, unto and to the Use of the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Oxford, and their Successors for ever, freed and discharged from the said annual Rent of Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings and One Penny, or any other Rent or Charge whatever; upon Trust for the Principal and other Members of the said Hall for the time being, and to the Intent that the same may become a competent Part of the said Hall, and be used and enjoyed accordingly.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Buildings, Chambers and other Parts of the said dissolved College, shall have been put into such a State of complete Repair as shall be approved by the Vice Chancellor and Delegates of Estates of the said University for the time being, and the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* shall have made such Grant and Conveyance as herein before mentioned, it shall and may be lawful to and for the then Principal of the said Hall, and for all and every the Members thereof, and they and each and every of them are hereby required to surrender and give up the Possession of the same Hall and every Part thereof, and to relinquish all Right and Title to the future Occupation and Enjoyment of the same, and of every Part thereof, unto the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*; and the said Principal and other Members of the said Hall shall thereupon remove to and become established at the said dissolved College, which shall soon after the same shall have been put into such Repair as aforesaid, and taken Possession of by the said Principal and other Members be called *Magdalen Hall in the University of Oxford*; and the said removal Establishment of the said Hall, shall, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, continue and be deemed, taken and reputed to be the same Establishment, as if the same had continued at and had not been removed from the present and ancient Site thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall shall not in any Respects or Respects whatsoever, prejudice, diminish, vary, alter or affect the Powers, Immunities, Advantages, Rights and Privileges, belonging or appertaining to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal,

Proposed that
Establishment of
Magdalen Hall
should be trans-
ferred to Site of
dissolved Col-
lege of Merton,
etc.

His Majesty to
grant the Site of
dissolved Col-
lege, &c. as
Chancellor,
Masters, &c. in
Trust for Prin-
cipal of
Magdalen Hall.

President and
Scholars of *Mag-
dalen College*
may repair the
dissolved Col-
lege.

President to sell
by Lease under
Magdalen Col-
lege, &c. be per-
manently enjoy-
ed by the Prin-
cipal and other
Members of
Magdalen Hall.

When required,
Principal and
other Members
of *Magdalen*
Hall to remove
to dissolved Col-
lege of Merton.

Removed not to
affect Rights,
&c. of Prin-
cipal and other
Members.

Members of the
Halls, or of the
Said Chancellor,
Masters and
Scholars.

or any other Members or Member thereof, or belonging or appertaining to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, or, over or otherwise teaching or relating to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal or other Members or Member thereof; but from and after such Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall, and after every the Powers, Immunities, Advantages, Rights and Privileges whatsoever, belonging or appertaining to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Member or Members thereof, or belonging or appertaining to the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, or, over or otherwise teaching or relating to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal, or other Member or Members thereof, shall be and continue such and the same in all respects whatsoever, as if the Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall had not taken Place.

VI. And Whereas the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars are desirous that the Ground and Buildings forming Part of the said dissolved College, which are comprised in the heretofore mentioned Indenture of Lease of the Twenty seventh Day of February One thousand seven hundred and sixty eight may become a component Part of the said intended Hall, and be permanently enjoyed by the Principal and other Members thereof for the time being, freed and discharged from the said several Rents of Ten Shillings and One Shilling and Eight pence: Be it therefore further enacted, That a Hall and may be lawful for the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars and their Successors, and they are hereby authorized and empowered whenever they shall think proper, by any Deed in Writing under their Common Seal, to release and discharge the said several annual Rents of Ten Shillings and One Shilling and Eight pence, and to declare by the same or by any other Deed under their Common Seal, that they the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars and their Successors, for ever, shall stand freed of the said Ground and Buildings comprised in the said Lease, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of the said Hall for the time being, freed and discharged from the said annual Rents.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, and their Successors, shall yearly and every Year, as and when the said yearly Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence in the Rector and Fellows of *Exeter College* shall become payable, pay the same into the proper Hands of the Principal of the said Hall for the time being, or some such Person or Persons as may be authorized or entitled to receive the same, to the intent that the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence may be regularly paid to the Rector and Fellows of *Exeter College*, and that the Principal of the said Hall may be indemnified in respect thereof.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice the Right, Title, Claim or Entry of the Rector and Fellows of *Exeter College*, in respect of the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence, in issuing and payable out of some Part or Parts of the said dissolved College; but on the contrary the said Rector and Fellows and their Successors shall have, use, exercise and enjoy all Powers and Remedies for raising, recovering and obtaining Payment of the same, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner as if this Act had not passed.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said President and Scholars and their Successors shall at any time or times neglect or refuse to pay the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence as and when the same shall become due and payable, a Hall and may be lawful for the Principal of the said Hall for the time being, or for the Person or Persons entitled to such Payment, to sue for and recover the same from the said President and Scholars and their Successors, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by an Action of Debt for Money paid.

X. And be it further enacted, That immediately from and after the Removal of the Principal and other Members of the said Hall to the said dissolved College, and after a suitable School Hall have been erected or provided for the said Scholars, a Hall and may be lawful to and for the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* to cause the said Hall and the said School adjoining thereto, to be taken down, and to sell or dispose of the Materials thereof, in such manner as they may deem proper; and also to erect any Buildings on the Site thereof, or otherwise to lease and assign the same to the said College, or being intended by this Act that the Site of the said Hall and School shall for ever afterwards be united to and form Part and Parcel of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*.

XI. And Whereas the Site and Buildings of the said dissolved College may be greatly improved and made more convenient, and the Occupation of the same by its intended Possessors rendered more convenient and defensible, if the Foundation of the said dissolved College and also certain Houses at the North and South Ends thereof, with a House in the Occupation of *Richard Paine* leading to *New College Lane* were taken down; and it is therefore expedient that Power should be given for that Purpose: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, to treat and agree with the Owners and Occupiers of and with all other Persons interested in the Houses and other Buildings and Ground now in the several Occupations of *Ann Bailey*, *Edward Nelson*, *Robert Bateman Barber*, *Edward Leaver*, *James Jones*, and *Dorothy Barker*, at the North and South Ends of the Front of the said dissolved College, and in the House, Buildings and Ground, now in the Occupation of the said *Richard Paine*, leading to *New College Lane*, and in the Site of this Act more particularly defined, for the Purchase of the same, and to become seized and possessed thereof, without being subject or liable to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statutes of Mortmain, and to pay for the same out of any Money that shall come to their Hands for that Purpose, either by Subscription, or public or private Donation or Bequest; and that the Money to be paid for the Purchase thereof shall be certified for Payment by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, or by the Delegates of Estates of the said University, and shall be by them paid out of the Monies which shall come to their Hands for that Purpose, to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Publick, Corporate or Collegiate, entitled thereto; or shall be laid out and disposed of in the Bank of *England*, in the manner by this Act directed,

directed, as the case may be; and upon Payment of the Money required to be paid for the Purchase of such Houses and other Buildings and Grounds, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, or on depositing the same in the Bank of England in manner by the Act directed, as the case may require, such Persons shall thereupon vest absolutely in the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, for the Purposes of this Act.

XII. And he is further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and for all Corporations, whether Aggregate or Sole, Spiritual, Ecclesiastical or Lay, and all Persons in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Heirs, Guardians, Commutors or for Life, and all other Trustees whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, but also for and on behalf of their Cypriote Trusts respectively, whether Infants or otherwise, Legacies, Debts, Fines, Coverts, or other Persons or Persons under any Disability of acting for herself, herself or themselves; and also to and for all Females Coverts who are or shall be seized in their own Right, and to and for all Persons, whether Tenants for Life, in Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable in any Life or Lives, and to and for all and every Person and Persons whatsoever who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested in any of the said Houses and other Buildings and Grounds mentioned, and comprised in the said Schedule hereto annexed, to treat and agree with the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, for the absolute Sale thereof, or of any Part or Parts thereof, and to convey the same to the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and their Successors, for the Purposes intended in this Act; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Sales and Conveyances which shall be made by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, shall, without any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries, be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, not only to convey the Estate and Interest of the Person or Persons conveying or standing to convey the same, but also to convey all Right, Title, Estate and Interest, Use, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of the former and respective Cypriote Trusts, and all other Persons claiming or to claim by, from, or under them; any Law, Statute, Usage or any other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Spiritual, Ecclesiastical or Lay, and all Persons in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Heirs, Guardians, Commutors, Trustees and all other Persons whatsoever, are and shall be hereby solemnly enjoined what they shall do by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act.

XIII. And he is further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for any Tenements or Hereditaments purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Corporation, Free Covert, Infant, Legatee or Person under any Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Oxford, to the intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the said Tenement, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts or such other Incumbrances or Parts thereof as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the same Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Tenements or Hereditaments standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used, as aforesaid, had settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be sitting undisturbed and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated, or Three Pounds *per Centum* Reduced Bank Annuities; and in the meantime and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, so lawfully directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

XIV. Provided always, and he is further enacted, That if any Money be agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, or of her, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Commutors or Commutors, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in the manner hereinbefore directed; or afterwards the same shall be paid at the like Option of Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid and approving Parties respectively, in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be

Bodies Politic, &c. and Persons under any Disability, empowered to meet with the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, for Sale of Premises.

Application of Purchase Money.

Where less than 200l. and not under 20l.

applied in any manner herebefore directed, so far as the case be applicable, without obtaining, or being required to obtain, the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

Where left thus
and.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when such Money is agreed to be paid as last before mentioned shall be left thus Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or sold for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars shall think fit; or in case of Idiotry or Lunacy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

Proviso respecting
disposal
Tithes.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Corporation, or any Person or Persons, to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possessors of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shown to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Endowment
being made,
Houses, &c. to
be taken down.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as full Satisfaction shall have been made by any of the Means aforesaid to all Persons interested in such Houses, Buildings and Ground, it shall and may be lawful for the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and they are hereby empowered to cause the same to be taken down, and to add to much of the Site or Ground thereof to the Site of the said dissolved College as may be necessary for the intended Improvements of the same, for the Use and Benefit of the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, and shall and may sell and dispose of the Remainder thereof, with the Materials of the said Houses and Buildings, in such manner as the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, or the said Delegates of Estates, shall think proper, and apply the Proceeds thereof in the making the said Improvements or Repayment of any Money expended therein.

Proviso for Dis-
solution of Uni-
versity.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to take away, diminish or suspend the Exercise of any Privilege or Right whatsoever of the said University, or of any of the Magistrates, Officers, Masters or Servants thereto belonging.

General Savings.

XIX. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every other Person and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and him and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, (other than and except the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, and the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*;) all such Estate, Right, Title and Interest, as they, every or any of them, could or ought to have had or enjoyed, in case this Act had not been made.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

OWNERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OCCUPIERS.
Thomas Preston, under a beneficial Lease from the City of Oxford.	A Dwelling House	Ann Bailey
Edward Hutton, under a similar Lease.	A Dwelling House	Edward Hutton
James Wooler. Ditto.	A Dwelling House and small Court Yard	Robert Bateman Herbert Edward Leake
James Stone.	A Dwelling House, Shop under Hertford College Library, and a small Garden and Court Yard	James Stone
The Reverend Mr. Dorr. Edward Meillon, under a beneficial Lease from the City of Oxford.	A Dwelling House and small Court Yard	Dorothy Barker
	A small Public House, and Court Yard	Richard Pease

C. A. P. CXXXVII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King James the First, intituled *An Act for the better Relief of the Creditors against such as shall become Bankrupts.*

[24 July 1816.]

WHEREAS in and by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King James the First, intituled *An Act for the better Relief of the Creditors against such as shall become Bankrupts*, it was amongst other things enacted, that no Debtor of a Bankrupt should be thereby endangered for the Payment of his or her Debt truly and lawfully due to any such Bankrupt, before such time as he should be bound or know that he was become Bankrupt: And Whereas the Provisions of the said Statute have been found to be beneficial, and it is also expedient to make such Provisions respecting the Delivery of Goods, Wares, Merchandises and Effects as are hereinafter contained: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, having in his, her or their Possession or Custody any Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects belonging to any Person or Persons who shall be or become Bankrupt, shall be endangered for or by reason of the Delivery of any such Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects truly and lawfully due to such Person or Persons, or to his, her or their Order, before such time as the Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, having such Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects in his or their Possession or Custody, shall understand or know that the Person or Persons to whom such Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects do or shall belong, is or are become Bankrupt.

II. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That in all cases in which it shall be proved that the Person or Persons acting on the behalf of any Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, in the paying or causing or directing the Payment of any Debt, or in the delivering or causing or directing the Delivery of any Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects, to any Person or Persons, under fraud or knew that the Person or Persons or any of them to whom such Debt was paid, or such Goods, Wares, Merchandises or Effects were delivered, was or were or had become Bankrupt, such Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, shall be deemed and taken to have understood and known the same.

C. A. P. CXXXVIII.

An Act to abolish the Punishment of the Pillory, except in certain cases.

[24 July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Punishment of the Pillory has in many cases been found inconvenient and not fully to answer the Purpose for which it was intended: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act Judgment shall not be given and awarded against any Person or Persons convicted of any Offence, that such Person or Persons do find in or upon the Pillory, except for the Offences hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided that all Laws now in force whereby any Person is subject to Punishment for the taking any false Oath, or for committing any manner of wilful and corrupt Perjury, or for the procuring or suborning any other Person so to do, or for wilfully, falsely and corruptly affirming or declaring, or procuring or suborning any other Person so to affirm and declare, in any matter or thing, which if the same had been disposed in the usual Form would have amounted to wilful and corrupt Perjury, shall continue and be in full Force and Effect; and that all Persons guilty of any of the said Offences shall incur and suffer the same Punishment, Penalties and Forfeitures as such Persons were subject to by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or any of them, before the passing of this Act and as if this Act had not been made.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Punishment of the Pillory has hitherto formed the whole or a Part of the Judgment to be pronounced, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom such Offence is tried, to pass such Sentence of Fine or Imprisonment, or of both, in lieu of the Sentence of Pillory, as to the said Court shall seem most proper: Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner to change, alter or affect any Punishment whatsoever which may now be by Law inflicted in respect of any Offence, except only the Punishment of Pillory, in manner as herein above is enacted.

C. A. P. CXXXIX.

An Act to regulate the binding of Parish Apprentices.

[21 July 1816.]

WHEREAS now, Grievances have arisen from the binding of poor Children as Apprentices by Parish Officers to improper Persons, and to Persons residing at a Distance from the Parishes to which such Poor Children belong, whereby the said Parish Officers, and the Parents of such Children, are deprived of the Opportunity of knowing the manner in which such Children are treated, and the Parents and Children have, in many Instances, become estranged from each other; and also from the Periodical visits to Apprentices, by the Persons to whom such Apprentices have been bound, to serve others without a formal Assignment, whereby the Discretion to be exercised by Magistrates in placing out Apprentices

How Parish
Apprentices
shall be bound.

Apprentice may
quit into any
other Master.

may receive the
Pence.

In what order
Justices may
make an Order
that Overseers
bind the Child
Apprentice.

Proviso in an
employing Appren-
tice out of
the County
where bound.

Indenture to be
allowed by Two
Justices of the
County into
which a person
is to be
bound, as well
as by Two Justices
of the County
from which he is
bound.

Males to Over-
seers before In-
dentures allowed.

Allowance by
County Magis-
trates shall in
Parishes be ca-
pable Justices
two.

Indenture in
which Appren-
tices bound not
bound to Overseers
which are Over-
seers of them-
selves.

No settlement
cannot unless
Directors consent
with
Overseers bind-
ing Appren-
tices.

to suitable Persons, is frequently rendered of no avail: For Remedy whereof, he is enabled by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of October in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, before any Child shall be bound Apprentice by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Township, or Place, such Child shall be carried before Two Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Parish, Township or Place shall be situate, who shall enquire into the Propriety of binding such Child Apprentice to the Person or Persons to whom it shall be proposed by such Overseers to bind such Child; and such Justices shall particularly enquire and consider whether such Person or Persons reside, or have resided, or shall reside or be about to reside, at or near the Place or Places of Business within a reasonable Distance from the Place to which such Child shall belong, having regard to the Means of Communication between such Places, or whether any Circumstances shall render it fit, in the Judgment of such Justices, that such Child should be placed Apprentice at a greater Distance; and if the Father or Mother of such Child shall be living, and shall reside in or near the Place to which such Child shall belong, such Justices shall (if they see fit) enquire such Father or Mother, or either of them, and shall particularly enquire as to the Distance of the Residence or Place of Business of the Person or Persons to whom it shall be proposed to place such Child, and the Means of Communication thereunto; and such Justices shall also enquire into the Circumstances and Character of such Person or Persons; and if such Justices shall, upon such Examination and Enquiry, think it proper that such Child should be bound Apprentice to such Person or Persons, such Justices shall make an Order, declaring that such Person or Persons is or are fit Person or Persons to whom such Child may be properly bound as Apprentice, and shall thereupon order that the Overseer or Overseers of the Place to which such Child shall belong, shall be at Liberty to bind such Child Apprentice accordingly; which Order shall be delivered to such Overseer or Overseers, as the Warrant for binding such Child Apprentice is directed, and such Order shall be referred to by the Date thereof, and the Names of the said Justices in the Indenture of Apprenticeship of such Child; and after such Order shall have been made, such Justices shall sign their Allowance of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, before the same shall be executed by any of the other Parties thereto: Provided always, that no such Child shall be bound Apprentice to any Person or Persons residing or having any Establishment in Trade, at which it is intended that such Child shall be employed out of the same County, at a greater Distance than Forty Miles from the Parish or Place to which such Child shall belong, unless such Child shall belong to some Parish or Place which shall be more than Forty Miles from the City of London, in which case it shall be lawful for the Justices who shall authorize the apprenticeship of such Child to make a special Order for that Purpose, in which Order such Justices shall distinctly specify the Grounds on which they shall think fit to allow of the apprenticeship of such Child to a Person or Persons residing, or having an Establishment in Trade, at a greater Distance than Forty Miles from the Parish or Place to which such Child shall belong.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Residence or Establishment of Business of the Person or Persons to whom any Child shall be bound, shall be within a different County or Jurisdiction of the Peace, from that within which the Place by the Officers whereof such Child shall be bound shall be situated, and in all other cases where the Justices of the Peace for the District or Place within which the Place by the Officers whereof such Child shall be bound shall be situated, and who shall sign the Allowance of the Indenture by which such Child shall be bound, shall not have Jurisdiction, every Indenture by which such Child shall be bound at any time after the first Day of October shall be allowed as well by Two Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which the Place by the Officers of which such Child shall be bound shall be situated, as by Two Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which the Place shall be situated wherein such Child shall be bound to serve: Provided always, that an Indenture shall be allowed by any Justice of the Peace for the County into which such Child shall be bound, who shall be engaged in the same Business, Employment or Manufacture in which the Person to whom such Child shall be bound is engaged; and Notice shall be given to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place in which such Child shall be intended to be bound as Apprenticeship, before any Justice of the Peace for the County or District within which such Parish or Place shall be, shall allow such Indenture; and such Notice shall be proved before such Justice shall sign such Indenture, unless One of such Overseers shall attend such Justice, and admit such Notice.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That the Allowance of Two Justices of the Peace for the County, within which the Place in which such Child shall be intended to serve as Apprenticeship shall be situated, shall be valid and effectual, although such Place may be situated in a Town or Liberty within which any other Justice of the Peace may in other respects have an exclusive Jurisdiction.

IV. And Whereas there are several Cities and Boroughs which are Counties of themselves, and several Districts situated without the Limits of the County to which such Districts respectively belong: Be it enacted, That the Distance to which Parish Apprentices may be bound, shall not be construed to be limited to such Cities and Boroughs being Counties, but shall extend to the County in which any such City and Borough, and any such District, though belonging to another County, shall be locally situated.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Settlement shall be gained by any Child who shall be bound by the Officers of any Parish, Township or Place, by reason of such Apprenticeship, unless such Order shall be made, and such Allowance of such Indenture of Apprenticeship shall be signed, as hereinbefore directed.

VI. And be it enacted, That in case any Overseer or Overseers shall bind as Apprentice to any Person or Persons, without having obtained such Order and such Allowance as hereinbefore required, and in case any Person or Persons shall receive any such Apprentice as is bound, without such Order and Allowance as here-

been first obtained, the said Overseer or Overseers, and the said Parson or Parsons, shall each respectively within the Sum of Two Pounds, for each Apprentice so bound, to be recovered as the Penalties hereinafter given are directed to be recovered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of October it shall not be lawful for any Parish Officers to bind out any Child as Parish Apprentice, until such Child shall have attained the Age of Nine Years, any thing to any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Parson or Parsons to whom any Child shall be bound as Apprentice by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Place, shall after the said First Day of October remove his, her or their Residence or Establishment of Business, out of the same County or Forty Miles from the Parish or Place where the same was when such Child was bound as Apprentice, such Parson or Parsons shall, at least Fourteen Days previous to such Removal, give a written Notice thereof to the Churchwarden or Overseers of the Poor of the Place where such Apprentice shall there reside, under such Notice or Notices shall be made as such Place under Constitution and or Statute in such Notice shall give the true Notice to the Churchwarden or Overseers of the Poor of the Place where such Apprentice shall then be legally settled, and also the Master or Mistress, and also the Master or Mistress of such Apprentice, shall cause such Apprentice to appear before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which such Apprentice shall be then residing, who shall enquire whether it may be fit and proper that such Apprentice should continue in the Service of such Parson or Parsons, or be discharged therefrom, or bound or assigned over to any other Parson or Parsons, and shall thereupon make order, either for the Continuance of such Apprentices with such Parson or Parsons, or for the Discharge of such Apprentice, or for the binding or assigning of such Apprentice to any other Person, a to them in their Discretion shall seem meet, and if they shall be fit, shall also require the Parson or Parsons to give Notice of Removal, to pay the Amount of the Penalties awarded with such Apprentice, or such Portion of it as to them shall seem meet, for the Expense of assigning or binding such Apprentice to any other Person, to be approved by the said Justices; and the Parson or Parsons to whom such Apprentice shall be bound or assigned, shall be subject to the same Rules and Regulations as the Parson or Parsons to whom such Apprentice shall be originally bound; and in case any such Master or Masters, Mistress or Mistresses, shall remove as aforesaid, and shall take any such Apprentice to any other Place, without such Order as aforesaid, or shall wilfully abandon and leave any such Apprentice, without giving such Notice as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Apprentice, to the Churchwarden and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place, wherein, at the time of such Removal or Taking, the Apprentice shall have been legally settled, for the Use of the Poor of the same Parish, Township or Place; provided an Information shall be exhibited for such Offence within Three Calendar Months next after the Commission of the same.

X. And Whereas it may be expedient, that that to whom Parish Apprentices are bound or assigned should be empowered to place out or assign over such Apprentice to another, and it is proper that such placing out or Assignments should in all Instances be under the Inspection and Consent of the Magistrates; and it is fit that the Persons to whom such putting out or Assignments shall be made, and also the Apprentices, shall be made subject to the ordinary Jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, with respect to Masters and Parish Apprentices; and it is expedient that any Master or Mistress should in any way discharge or dismiss from his or her Service, any Parish Apprentice without the Consent of such Justices; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of October in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for any Master or Mistress to put away or transfer any Parish Apprentice to any other, or in any way to discharge or dismiss from his or her Service any Parish Apprentice without such Consent of Justices, as is directed in an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the further Regulation of Parish Apprentices*; and that no Disturbance shall be gained by any Service of such Apprentices, after such putting away or Transfer, whilst such Service shall have been performed under the Sanction of such Consent as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That any Parson or Parsons, who, after the First Day of October in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall put away or transfer any Parish Apprentice to another, or who shall in any way discharge or dismiss from his or her Service any Parish Apprentice without such Consent as aforesaid, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Two Pounds, for every Apprentice so transferred.

XII. And Whereas the Statutory Provisions enacted by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, intituled *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, are frequently evaded in the binding out of Poor Children, and the Penalties of Apprenticeship, or a Pen themselves, is abundantly provided by Parish Officers, who are thus enabled to bind out such Poor Children without the Sanction of Justices of Peace; Be it further enacted, That after the said First Day of October, no Indenture of Apprenticeship by reason of which any Expense whatever shall at any time be incurred by the Public Poorhouse Funds, shall be valid and effectual, unless approved of by Two Justices of the Peace, under their Hands and Seals, according to the Provisions of the said Act and of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered for any Offence against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Information before any Two Justices of the Peace of the County or District where such Offence shall be committed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices before whom any such Penalty shall be recovered, to direct such Penalty, after deducting the necessary Costs and Charges attending any Information, and the Proceedings thereon, to be paid, applied and distributed, either to the Parson or Parsons giving Information of the Offence for which such Penalty shall be recovered, or to the Overseer

from Statutory
Penalty.

Children not yet
14, and will
they have at-
tained Nine
Years.

In case of M.
or Removal,
the Parson
previous to his
departure.

Notice of Re-
moval.

Masters, the re-
moving and
taking Appren-
tices without
Order.
Penalty.

Provision of
14 G. 3. c. 25,
enacted with re-
spect to offences
in apprenticeship
Apprentices.
14 G. 3. c. 25.

Discharging Ap-
prentices without
Consent of
Justices.
Penalty.
43 G. 3. c. 2.

Indentures not
valid unless ap-
proved by Two
Justices.

Penalties to be
recovered by a
Justice.

Justs to re-
cover to be di-
stributed at Dis-
cretion.

Overseer of the Poor of the Parish or Township, in which Offence shall have been committed, or by the Officers whereof such Apprehension shall have been bound, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish or Township, or in the branding of the Apprehension, respecting whom such Offence shall be committed, to any other Person, or to be distributed and applied for any One or more of such Purposes, as to such Justices shall seem meet.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case of Non Payment of any Penalty hereby imposed, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the Justices before whom such Offender shall have been committed, or of any other Two Justices of the Peace of the same County or District; and for want of such Distress, such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Period not less than One, nor more than Six Months, to be appointed by the Justices before whom such Offender shall be committed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Compositions of all Offences against this Act, shall be in the Form following; that is to say,

BE remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of Our Lord _____ is committed before us _____ of His Majesty's _____ Justices of the Peace for the County of _____ upon the Information of _____ for that [here state the Offence] contrary to the Form of the Statute passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *An Act to regulate the kind of Parish Apprehensions*, and for which Offence we do adjudge that the said _____ shall forfeit and pay the Sum of _____ to be paid and applied as follows [here state the Application of the Penalty] and in case _____ each Penalty shall not be paid by the said _____ or levied by Distress upon _____ Goods and Chattels, within _____ Days from the Date of this Composition, we adjudge that the said _____ shall be imprisoned in _____ for the Space of _____ Given under our Hands and Seals the Day and Year first above mentioned.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person convicted for any Offence against this Act shall not pay the Penalty imposed by such Composition within One Calendar Month next after such Composition shall take place, it shall be lawful to and for the Justices making such Compositions, or for any Two other Justices of the County or District, to issue their Warrant for the apprehending and imprisoning of such Offender, notwithstanding such Offender may have Goods or Chattels whereby such Penalty might have been levied.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be delinquent with any Act done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace in the Execution of this Act, may appeal against the same to any Court or General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the County within which such Act shall have been done, within Three Calendar Months after the Fact be complained of, upon giving Notice in Writing to such Justice or Justices, and also to the Person or Persons who shall be interested in such Appeal, within Twenty one Days next after the Act be appealed against shall have taken place; and in case such appeal shall be against any Composition, raising into a Recompense, with Two sufficient Sureties, before any Justice of the Peace of the County or District within which such Composition shall have taken place, to appear at such General or Quarter Sessions to abide the Judgment of the Court upon such Appeal, and to pay the Costs which may be awarded thereon; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices at such Sessions to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and to award Costs thereon, as they in their Discretion shall think fit; and all such Appeals shall be to the Sessions of the County within which the Act appealed against shall have taken place, and not to any District or Liberty within the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions and Penalties herein contained respecting Overseers of the Poor, shall be deemed to extend to all Churchwardens having the Power and Authority of Overseers of the Poor; and that all the Provisions herein mentioned and contained respecting any Parish or Place, shall extend to any incorporated or other District for the Maintenance of the Poor; and that the Officers of any such District, having Power to levy Apprehensions, shall be subject to all the Rules, Regulations and Penalties herein mentioned and contained respecting Overseers of the Poor.

C A P. CXL.

An Act for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer, called *Silo's Hydrometer*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clarke's Hydrometer*. [2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for making perpetual to each of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as respects to ascertaining the Strength of Spirits by *Clarke's Hydrometer*, it was enacted, that to each of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for making Allowance to the Dealers in Foreign Wines for the Bulk of certain Foreign Wines in their Passage at a certain time, upon which the Duties on Importation have been paid, and for amending several Laws relative to the Revenue of Excise*, as directed that all Spirits should be deemed and taken to be of the Degree of Strength at which the Hydrometer, commonly called *Clarke's Hydrometer*, should appear True by any Officer or Officers of Excise, among any such Spirits to be, which was to continue in force until the Fifth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight, and which by several subsequent Acts was continued until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, should be made perpetual: And Whereas, since the passing of the said Acts, an Hydrometer called *Silo's Hydrometer*, hath with great Care been completed, and hath by proper Experiments made for that Purpose been ascertained

* ascertained to denote as Proof Spirit that which at the Temperature of Fifty one Degrees by Fahrenheit's Thermometer, weighs exactly Twelve thirteenth Parts of an equal Measure of distilled Water; and also to demonstrate the Strengths of all other Spirits, in Proportion to the Quantity of such Proof Spirit which is contained therein, or which can be made from them, with a Degree of Accuracy never before attained; and it is expedient to establish the same, in and instead of the said Hydrometer, called Clerk's Hydrometer, which hitherto has been in Great Britain, under and by virtue of the said Act; and it is also expedient to repeal the said recited Clause of the said Act, made in the Forty sixth Year of the said late King; and also an Act made in the Forty second Year of the said late King, entitled *An Act to authorize the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury in Great Britain, and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury in Ireland, in order the Use of the Hydrometers now employed in the Management of the Revenue, to be discontinued, and other Hydrometers to be used instead thereof*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and five, the said recited Clause, and also the said Act made in the Forty second Year of the said late King, shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed.

43 G. 3. c. 95.

Revised Clause
in Act G. 3. c. 95.
and the Act
43 G. 3. c. 95.
repealed.

All Spirits whose
Strength is to be
ascertained by
which Clerk's
Hydrometer
shall denote
them.

11. And be it further enacted, That in and throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and five, every Spirit (now and except in the several cases hereinafter expressly mentioned and otherwise provided for) be denoted and taken to be of the Degree of Strength at which the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, shall, upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, denote such Spirit to be, any thing in the said Act, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and all Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things, in any Act or Acts contained, and not hereby expressly controlled or altered, nor repugnant to the Provisions of this Act, relating to the ascertaining the Degree of Strength of any Spirit, or to the Degree of Strength of any Spirit, for any Purpose whatever, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, by the said Hydrometer called *Clerk's* Hydrometer, or by any other Hydrometer, in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, shall be in full Force, and applied in all Respects as to the said Hydrometer called *Sida's* Hydrometer, as fully and effectually as if the same were hereby particularly re-enacted as to such last mentioned Hydrometer.

12. And Whereas the Strengths of Spirits denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Sida's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature thereof, have been set down in a Table, intitled, "A Table of the Strengths of Spirits denoted by *Sida's* Hydrometer," and which said Table has been and is subscribed with the Hand of the Right Honourable Nicholas Pakenham, Chancellor of the Exchequer of Great Britain; and Three accurate Scales or Sliding Rules have been also constructed and prepared, to be used with the said Hydrometer, for the more convenient and ready Calculation of the Quantity of Spirits of various Strengths, specified by the said Scales or Sliding Rules, respectively contained in or which can be made from any Quantity of Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirit, may be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer; one of the said Scales or Sliding Rules showing the Quantity of Spirits per Gallon of the Strength of Proof contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirit, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirit; another of the said Scales or Sliding Rules showing the Quantity of Spirits per Gallon of the Strength of Eight per Centum above Proof, contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirit, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirit; and another of the said Scales or Sliding Rules showing the Quantity of Spirits per Gallon of the Strength of Twenty eight per Centum under Proof, contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirit, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirit; and it is expedient to make such Provision for and in respect thereof as is hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Strengths of Spirits to be denoted in the said Table, shall, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, be deemed and taken to be true and just; and the said Scales or Sliding Rules respectively shall also, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, be deemed accurate and just; and the said Table and Scales or Sliding Rules respectively shall, as all necessary or convenient Occasions, be used by the Officers and Officers of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise respectively, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, for the Purposes in that behalf intended; and the Results of such Use shall on all such Occasions be deemed and taken to be accurate and just Results.

Enthronement of
the Table of
Strengths and
Sliding Rules for
Sida's Hydrometers.

13. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of the Strength of any Spirit by any Officer or Officers of Customs, with the said Hydrometer called *Sida's* Hydrometer, in any Part of the said United Kingdom, the Strength of Nine per Centum above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Nine over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the said late King George the Third, among other things, for the better Regulation of the making and vending Strong Spirits, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs and Excise, in force immediately before the passing of the said Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their being of a higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Cases and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited, for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Strength of Nine per Centum above Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Eight per Centum above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sida's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the

Regulating the
Strength of
Spirits, &c.

Act G. 3. c. 13.
&c.

26 G. 3. c. 22.
 5. 15. 10. 11.
 26 G. 3. c. 46.
 5. 46.
 20 G. 3. c. 13.
 5. 20.
 25 G. 3. c. 20.
 5. 1.

And Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign; or in another Act, made in the Twenty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things, for better regulating the Exportation of *Brandy* made *Spirits* from *England* to *Switzerland* and from *Switzerland* to *England*; or in another Act, made in the Thirtieth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, among other things, to continue Two Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Twenty ninth Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty those mentioned; or of another Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, among other things, for regulating the Warehousing of *Spirits* distilled from *Corn* to *Switzerland* for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all *Spirits* made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said *Spirits* being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Eight *per Centum* above Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of *Tinners per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Silo's* Hydrometer, shall in like manner be substituted for the Strength of One to Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, among other things, for better regulating and encouraging the Exportation of *Brandy* made *Spirits*; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of *Seventeen per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Silo's* Hydrometer, shall in like manner be substituted for the Strength of One to Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid; or in another Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things, for regulating the Duties on *Distilleries* in the respective *Districts* in *Switzerland*; or in another Act made in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things, for regulating the Duties on *Distilleries* in the respective *Districts* in *Switzerland*; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all *Spirits* made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last Act of the Thirty third Year aforesaid, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said *Spirits* being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said *Seventeen per Centum* under Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of *Twenty per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Silo's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Five under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all *Spirits* made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said *Spirits* being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Twenty *per Centum* under Proof; and that in all Accounts taken under or by virtue of the said Act, made in the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, by any Officer or Officers of Excise, of the Stock of *Brandy* Stocks, rectified *Brandy* *Spirits*, raw *Brandy* *Spirits*, Compenda or other *Brandy* *Spirits*, of any *Rectifiers* or *Rectifiers*, or Compenda or Compenda of *Spirits* (whether a *Maker* or *Makers* of *Spirits* or not), all and every such Stock and Stocks shall be taken and computed in the Strength of Twenty eight *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Silo's* Hydrometer, in lieu and instead of taking and computing the same at the Strength of One to Three and Three fourths under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said last mentioned Act; and that all *Spirits* made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, for or by reason of any such Stock added to the Quantity of *Spirits*, for which Permits shall have been granted since the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock, being found to exceed the Quantity of *Spirits* found by the Officer or Officers of Excise in such Stock, at the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock by the Officer or Officers of Excise, added to the Quantity found retained or made, as in the said last mentioned Act is mentioned, with the Allowance in the said last mentioned Act as then therein mentioned, shall be and remain forfeited for or by reason of such Stock being found to exceed the Quantity of *Spirits* found by the Officer or Officers of Excise in such Stock at the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock, raising or computing the same in manner directed by this Act; and that all *Brandy* *Spirits* of a greater or higher Degree of Strength than Forty three *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Silo's* Hydrometer, shall be deemed and taken to be *Spirits* of Wine, within the Meaning of the said Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty: Provided always, that if the Strength of any *Spirits* manufactured and imported from that Part of *Great Britain* called *Switzerland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* as aforesaid shall upon Trial, by any Officer or Officers of Excise in *England*, by the said Hydrometer, called *Silo's* Hydrometer, be denoted to be greater than that of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, and such Excess shall not exceed Three *per Centum* over and above the said Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, then and in such case the said *Spirits* shall not be forfeited, but shall be charged with a *hampster* Duty, proportioned to their said *Spirits* Strength.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be paid for, recovered, levied or assigned by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be paid for, recovered, levied or assigned by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Acts of Debt, Bill, Plea,

Forfeiture under
 this Act,
 or by reason
 of such Stock,
 and in cases
 where such
 a Trial is made
 before the
 said Hydrometer,
 shall be and remain
 forfeited under
 this Act.

Forfeiture of
 such Stock,
 or by reason
 of such Stock,
 and in cases
 where such
 a Trial is made
 before the
 said Hydrometer,
 shall be and remain
 forfeited under
 this Act.

26 G. 3. c. 22.
 5. 15. 10. 11.
 26 G. 3. c. 46.
 5. 46.
 20 G. 3. c. 13.
 5. 20.
 25 G. 3. c. 20.
 5. 1.
 Forfeiture under
 this Act,
 or by reason
 of such Stock,
 and in cases
 where such
 a Trial is made
 before the
 said Hydrometer,
 shall be and remain
 forfeited under
 this Act.

Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, or in the Court of Exchequer at *Windsor* respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

VII. Provided always, That this Act shall have Continuance until the First Day of *August* which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and no longer.

C A P. CXLI.

An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporate Bodies, under certain Circumstances, to alienate Lands for enlarging Cemeteries or Churchyards. [2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS Cemeteries, Churchyards or Burying Grounds, are in various Places found to be too small, and the same cannot be conveniently enlarged, without appropriating for Consecration some Part of the Lands belonging to Corporations or Spiritual Persons, not authorized by Law to alienate such Land for any Purpose whatsoever: Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Body Corporate or Spiritual Person, being a Corporation Sole, possessing any Land adjacent to any Cemetery, Churchyard or Burying Ground, to sell, by Instrument of Bargain and Sale, enrolled in the High Court of Chancery within Six Calendar Months, for the Purpose of Consecration, such Portion thereof as may be deemed necessary for enlarging any such Cemetery, Churchyard or Burying Ground, not exceeding One Acre.

II. Provided always, That in case of any Spiritual Person, being a Corporation Sole, the Consent of the Lord Bishop of the Diocese or Ordinary, and of the Patron of the Living held by such Corporation Sole, shall be testified by their being Parties to the Alienation of the said Land: and that previously thereto the Value of such Land shall be ascertained, and, together with a Description thereof, be committed to Writing by some competent Person, to be named and appointed by the Ordinary: which Person so appointed shall verify the same on Oath, before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Town or District in which such Land is situated; which Oath the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer; and in case the Value shall appear to exceed One hundred Pounds, that other Lands, of at least an equal Value, situate and reserved in manner aforesaid, shall be well and legally conveyed to and for the same Uses as the Lands conveyed by the said Spiritual Person or Corporation Sole, and as the Consideration thereof; and in case the Value shall appear not to amount to One hundred Pounds, but shall exceed Twenty Pounds, such Value shall be paid to the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, to be by them used and applied for the Benefit of such Spiritual Person or Corporation Sole, in the same manner as they are now empowered by Law to use and apply other Sums of Money coming into their Hands; and in case the Value shall not amount to Twenty Pounds, the said Value shall be paid in Money to such Spiritual Person or Corporation Sole, to be by him applied at his own Discretion.

III. Provided always, That no Alienation made by virtue of this Act shall be questioned after the Expiration of Twenty Years from the time of such Alienation, on account of any Want of Compliance with the Forms prescribed by this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Ground which has been or shall be consecrated as Burial Ground full, after Twenty Years from the time of such Consecration, be considered as discharged from all service Tithes, Customs and Demises whatsoever, and as absolutely settled in the Trustee or Trustees, if any, thereof; and if there should not be any such Trustee or Trustees, then in the Vicar or Parsonal Curate, if any, for the time being; and if there should not be any Vicar or Parsonal Curate, then in the Rector for the time being of such Parish in which such Burial Ground is or shall be situate.

C A P. CXLI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for further appropriating the Surplus granted in this Session of Parliament. [2d July 1816.]

I.	£ 3,000,000	o	o	Surplus out of Consolidated Fund	o
II.	18,696,100	o	o	Part of Monies in the Exchequer to complete Aids for 1816.	o
III.	566,000	o	o	Surplus of the Census for 1815.	o
V.	590,910	3	6	Being 14 Parts of 179,409,1 of which from Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores	o
V.	45,747	3	11	Issued prior to 5th January 1816, and remaining as due Cash in the Chest of the Four Treasurers of the Exchequer	o
VI.				Provided that whenever the Payment of the whole, or any Part of the said Sum of 43,317,6 30. 11. 2	o

				standing as Out Cash in the Chest of the Four Tellers is allocated. Shall be demanded at the Exchequer, the Treasury shall Discharge the same.	
VII.	£.13,205	1	1	Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th January 1816, for Payment of certain Annuities for Terms of Years which expired <i>Annæ</i> 1792-1805, 1806 and 1807.	
VIII.				Provided that whenever Payment of the whole or any Part of the said Sum of 13,205 <i>l.</i> 5 <i>s.</i> 5 <i>d.</i> remaining for Payment of certain Annuities for Terms of Years as aforesaid, shall be demanded at the Exchequer, the Officers of the Receipt to Discharge the same.	Granted to make good the Supply for Great Britain for 1816.
IX.	6,316	0	51	Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th July 1815, and charged upon the Consolidated Fund for Services which cannot now be claimed	
X.	78,971	15	3	Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th January 1816, on the Funds for Payment of Annuities on Lives granted <i>Annæ</i> 1745, 1746, 1757, 1778 and 1779, on which the Lives have expired since the 5th January 1802	
XI.	6,545	5	4	Being the Amount of Money paid by the Receiver General of the Land Tax, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, as Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, pursuant to 37 G. 3. c. 4.	
XII.	3,500,000	0	0	Arising by 56 G. 3. c. 17.	
XIII.	79,588	16	6	Arising from the Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores	For Service of Ireland, See § XXVII.
XIV.	Monies raised by Exchequer Bills by 56 G. 3. c. 3. not exceeding 3,000,000 <i>l.</i> viz.				
	11,000,000	0	0	By Exchequer Bills 56 G. 3. c. 4.	
	6,000,000	0	0	Advanced by the Bank under 56 G. 3. c. 14. in respect of the Monies coming into the Exchequer by Contributions for Lotteries granted by 56 G. 3. c. 61., as shall remain after paying One Third Part of the Profits that shall arise from such Lotteries for the Service of Ireland	
	3,000,000	0	0	Advanced by the Bank under 56 G. 3. c. 96.	
	Monies arising from unclaimed Dividends under 56 G. 3. c. 57. viz.				
	13,000,000	0	0	By Exchequer Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 54.	Appropriated to Uses hereinafter expressed. See § XVI. &c.
	399,016	3	6	(granted above, § IV.)	
	45,047	3	11	(granted above, § V.)	
	11,205	5	31	(granted above, § VII.)	
	6,316	0	51	(granted above, § IX.)	
	78,971	15	3	(granted above, § X.)	
	6,545	5	4	(granted above, § XI.)	
	18,694,100	0	0	(granted above, § II.)	
	3,500,000	0	0	Arising by 56 G. 3. c. 17, being the Surplus of the Grants for 1815, granted out of the Monies that shall arise of the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund	
	3,663,755	0	0	Surplus of the Grants for 1815	
	3,000,000	0	0	of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain	
XV.	Monies coming into the 56th Exchequer in Ireland from Treasury Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 48.				
	From Treasury Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 41.				
	From Lotteries			£. 61.	Appropriated to Uses hereinafter expressed. See § XVI. &c.
	From Treasury Bills			£. 47.	
	79,588	16	6	Arising from the Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores	
XVI.	10,114,345	11	7	For Naval Services; that is to say,	
	764,975	0	0	For Wages of 11,000 Men,	At per 1 15 6
	1,077,818	10	0	For Victuals,	At per 2 10 3
	981,550	0	0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,	At per 2 3 0
	250,150	0	0	For Ordnance for Sea Service,	At per 0 7 0

For 13 Months.

2,59,723	16	7	For Salaries and Contingencies of the Admiralty	
82,619	12	6	For the Navy Office	
43,864	12	6	For the Navy Pay Office	
49,155	3	4	For the Victualling Office	
27,533	4	2	For Deptford Yard	
33,061	7	0	For Portsmouth Yard	
35,480	8	10	For Chatham Yard	
15,483	6	6	For Sheerness Yard	
60,728	5	0	For Plymouth Yard, &c.	
47,405	9	1	For Plymouth Yard	
6,754	3	5	For the Out Ports	
57,452	18	7	For the Foreign Yards	
54,423	7	6	For Victualling Yards	
143,121	0	3	For Officers and Men of Vessels in Ordinary	
1,467	10	0	For Bounty to Chaplains	
134,960	7	6	For Vessels for Officers and Men of Vessels in Ordinary	
113,149	0	0	For Expence of Harbour, Mooring and Rigging	
535,082	0	0	For the Ordinary Repairs of Ships, Docks and Buildings in the several Yards and Offices	
1,173,841	7	6	For Half Pay, Superannuation Allowances and Pensions to Officers of His Majesty's Navy and Royal Marine, their Widows and Relatives	For the Year 1816.
74,707	3	4	For Superannuation Allowances to Commissioners, Secretaries, Clerks and others, in the Civil Department of the Admiralty, and of Allowances in lieu of Half Pay to Naval Officers formerly in Civil Departments	
1,102,563	0	0	For the Building, Rebuilding and Repairs of Ships of War in His Majesty's and the Merchants' Yards, and other extra Works over and above what are proposed to be done, upon the Heads of War and Year and Ordinary	
479,156	0	0	For the Purchase of Provisions for Foreign Stations and Rations of Troops, to be embarked on board of Ships of War and Transports	
61,303	15	3	For Salaries and Contingent Expences of the Transport Office and for Sick and Wounded	
1,611,041	3	4	For the Transport Office	
69,820	0	0	For Prisoners of War	
112,904	6	7	For Sick and Wounded Seamen	
1,080	15	10	For Superannuations in the Transport Service	
60,000			For Preparations for the Marriage of the Princess Charlotte Augusta	
XVII. 13,044,333	18	8	For Land Forces and other Services; that is to say,	
385,876	9	6	For Household Troops	{ From 1 st Dec. 1815. to 24 th Dec. 1816.
323,692	11	6	For the Regiments of Dragoon Guards and Dragoons, and the Royal Weymouth Train, proposed to be stationed in Great Britain	
514,288	7	4	For the Corps of Infantry of the Line proposed to be employed in Great Britain, and in the Islands in the Channel	
142,872	1	2	For the Regiments of Cavalry proposed to be stationed in Ireland	
718,888	9	8	For the Corps of Infantry of the Line, proposed to be stationed in Ireland	
1,539,307	10	4	For the Corps of Regular Cavalry and Infantry, proposed to be employed on Stations Abroad, (excluding the Corps stationed in France, and in the Terminal Possessions of the East India Company)	For the Year 1816.
461,760	0	0	For Miscellaneous Charges for Regiments on the Irish Establishment	
119,856	12	6	For Miscellaneous Charges for Regiments of the Line to be stationed in Ireland	
80,835	5	5	For Five Troops of Dragoons and Twelve Companies of Foot stationed in Great Britain for	

			the Purposes of recruiting the Corps employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company	
4,550,000	0	0	For the embodied Militia of the United Kingdom -	
181,717	1	2	For General Officers not being Colonels of Regiments -	
114,301	6	7	For the Pay of Supernumerary Officers -	
450,870	5	7	For Half Pay to reduced Officers of the British American Forces and Scotch Brigade -	
19,677	15	4	For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of the British American Forces -	
910,316	6	7	For In and Out-Pensioners of <i>Chelvie</i> and <i>Kilmanchan</i> Hospitals -	
51,759	5	8	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines -	
370,669	18	5	For Foreign Corps in the Service of the United Kingdom -	
17,530	19	11	For Allowances to retired Chaplains, and to Clergymen officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad, including the Expenses of the Office of Chaplain General and Contingents -	
64,424	0	3	For Allowances to the Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers of the Land Forces and to Widows of Officers of the said Forces not entitled to the Pension, including Allowances to of His Majesty's Royal Society to General Officers and to Relations of deceased Officers -	From 25th Dec. 1815, to 24th Dec. 1816.
185,405	10	11	For Convict-Deportments in <i>Ireland</i> -	
178,857	16	10	For Barrack Departments in <i>Ireland</i> -	
35,000	0	0	For Pay to British Officers in the Portuguese Army -	
106,063	8	4	For recruiting on the British Establishment -	
39,924	14	7	For recruiting the Forces in <i>Ireland</i> -	
17,944	0	8	For Allowances, Compositions and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuation or Retired Allowances to Civil Officers, in several public Departments in the United Kingdom, in respect of their having held any public Office or Employments of a Civil nature -	
1,234,586	13	6	For the Land Forces stationed in <i>France</i> -	
277,885	10	1	For General and Staff Officers and Officers of the Hospitals serving with Forces, and the Charge of Garrisons -	
185,062	4	3	For Allowances to the Principal Officers of several public Departments in the United Kingdom, their Deputies, Clerks and Contingent Expenses -	
110,115	8	2	For Volunteer Corps in the United Kingdom -	
90,000	0	0	For the Local Militia in <i>Great Britain</i> -	
53,015	4	7	For Medals and Sergeant-Majors, for the Land Forces and other Hospital Contingents -	
127,865	2	0	For Exchangeable Pay in <i>Great Britain</i> , and all Poundage Polls and Hospital Fees in <i>Ireland</i> , upon Issues to be made for Army Services -	
44,800	0	0	For Storekeeper-General's Department -	
405,440	9	10	For the Commissary in Chief's Department, exclusive of any Purchases of Stores -	
158,646	0	0	For Barrack Departments in <i>Great Britain</i> -	
150,000	0	0	For the Disembodied Militia of <i>Great Britain</i> , including the Royal Corps of Musters of Drives and Grounds, for various Periods in 1816. -	For the Year 1816.
100,000	0	0	For the Disembodied Militia of <i>Ireland</i> for various Periods in 1816. -	
1,500,000	0	0	For Extraordinary Services of the Army during the present Year -	
XIX.	989,220	3	For Ordnance for Land Service -	
	67,225	9	For Expense of Services of Office of Ordnance for Land Service for <i>Great Britain</i> , and not provided for in 1816. -	

41,545	13	4	For Expence of Services of Office of Ordnance for Land Service for Great Britain, and not provided for in 1815.		
158,140	13	0	For Charge of Office of Ordnance for Great Britain on Account of Allowances to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers Invalided and to Officers for good Services, to Superannuated and Disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of Deceased Officers, late belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps		
31,474	14	9	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments to the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in Great Britain, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employments of a Civil nature, and also the Charge of Widows' Pensions	For the Year 1816.	
200,000	0	0	For Expence of Reduction in the Office of Ordnance Land Service in Great Britain		
186,003	9	0	For Ordnance Military Corps employed with the Army of Occupation in France		
158,837	7	5	For Ordnance in Ireland		
19,984	12	3	For Ordnance for Ireland not provided for in 1815		
11,976	9	7	For Charge of Office of Ordnance in Ireland on account of Pay of Retired Officers of the late Irish Artillery and Engineers, and of Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same		
9,993	15	0	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in Ireland, in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions	For the Year 1816.	
XX.	11,084,100	0	0	For discharging Outstanding Exchequer Bills under 55 G. 3. c. 4.	
XXI.	4,500,000	0	0	Do do - - - - - c. 148.	
XXII.	1,000,000	0	0	Do do - - - - - c. 149.	
XXIII.	18,596,100	0	0	Do do - - - - - charged upon Aids of 1815.	
XXIV.	6,000,000	0	0	Do do - - - - - under 55 G. 3. c. 196.	
XXV.	Civil Establishments; viz.				
	2,501	10	0	Bahama Islands.	
	1,013	0	0	Bermudas or Somers Islands.	
	600	0	0	Dominica.	
	10,863	0	0	Upper Canada.	
	13,440	0	0	Nova Scotia.	
	8,196	10	0	New Brunswick.	
	2,194	0	0	Cape Breton.	
	3,325	0	0	St. John new Prince Edward Island	
	5,485	0	0	Newfoundland.	
	18,413	10	0	New South Wales.	
	15,860	0	0	Serra Leone.	
XXVI.	1,000,000	0	0	For discharging Issues on Exchequer Bills	
	260,000	0	0	Being 1/10 part of 2,600,000 of Exchequer Bills charged last Session upon Aids granted by several Sessions, by Quarterly Payments, to be placed to Account of Commissioners of National Debt	For the Year ending 18 Feb. 1817.
	39,185	17	2	For the Military Asylum at Chelsea	From 25th Dec. 1815. to
	35,819	17	2	For the Royal Military College	24th Dec. 1816.
	174,681	2	6	For discharging on 5th April 1816. certain Annuities under 55 G. 3. c. 9. and 42 G. 3. c. 2.	
	43,151	2	0	For discharging on 10th October 1816. certain Annuities under the said Acts.	
	787,400	0	0	For discharging on 5th April 1816. certain Debentures under 55 G. 3. c. 41. 52.	To be paid without Fee or other Deductions.
	19,685	0	0	For Half Year's Interest on the Monies raised by the said Debentures	

£. 500,000	0	0	For Deficiency of or Loss from Recoupage of Silver, and Charges and Expenses of melting, &c.	
945,491	13	4	To the <i>East India Company</i> for Expenses incurred by them in the Public Service	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
75,417	0	0	For outfitting, maintaining and employing Convicts at home	
80,000	0	0	For probable Amount of Bills drawn on or to be drawn from <i>New South Wales</i>	For the Year 1816.
43,000	0	0	For building a Penitentiary House at <i>Middlesex</i>	For the Year 1816, to be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
40,000	0	0	For Clergy and Lady of France, Teachers and Confessors, Emigrants, Saint Domingo Soldiers and Dutch Naval Officers, and Clergy and Lady of France who have not been enabled to return to their own Country	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
35,000	0	0	For Purchase of the <i>Spain Marble</i>	
4,897	5	0	For Superintendence of Aliens.	
13,870	0	0	For Building and Repairs at the new Mint, paid without Fee, &c.	
10,000	0	0	For Law Charges	
4,000	0	0	For Prosecutions, &c. relating to the Coin.	
650	0	0	For Superannuation Allowances to Retired Officers of the Mint	
1,850	0	0	For the like to retired Clerks and other Officers of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts	
166	13	4	For the like to <i>Jessé Plessis Esq.</i> formerly One of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
199	0	0	For the like to retired Officers of the Lottery Office	
15,000	0	0	For <i>American Loyalty</i>	
3,000	0	0	For the National Vaccine Establishment	
2,955	4	0	For Repairs of King Henry VIII's Chapel	
6,071	19	8	For Supplemental Charge for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons for Session of 1813.	
5,138	20	6	For Deficiency of Grant in last Session for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons in Session 1813.	
16,000	0	0	For Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons during the present Session.	
2,500	0	0	For Printing Votes of the House of Commons during the present Session.	
891	3	11	For Deficiency of Grant in 1815, for Printing 1,550 Copies of Vol. 68. of Journals of the House of Commons.	
2,500	0	0	For Printing in 1816, 1,750 Copies of Vol. 69. of Journals of the House of Commons, being for the Session of 1813-14.	
6,000	0	0	For Reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons in 1816.	
19,000	0	0	For Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the sitting Justices throughout Great Britain; also for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords for 1816.	
3,215	18	4	For Deficiency of Grant in last Session for Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, and Sheriffs, &c. as above, and for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords.	
3,308	13	10	For Deficiency of Grant in last Session for Reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons.	
185,000	0	0	To replace to Civil List Sums become chargeable thereon, or assessed thereon since 1 st January 1815, in respect of those persons whose, in pursuance of the Statute now before Parliament is agreed to the Civil List, are hereafter to be otherwise provided for	
100,000	0	0	For such Expenses of a Civil nature as do not form a Part of the Ordinary Charges of the Civil List.	
116,450	0	0	To the Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, serving under the Command of Admiral Lord Keith, while Commander in Chief, on the Coast of Spain and France, for Captures taken from	

		the Exchequer and appropriated to the public Service		To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.	
£. 150,000	0 0	To the Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, under the Command of Captain Robert Campbell at the Capture of <i>Naples</i> , 15th May 1815, for Ships and Stores then taken from the Enemy and referred to the Neapolitan Government			
100,000	0 0	To the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty			
10,255	19 6	To the Trustees of the British Museum to carry on the Transcripts as then by Parliament.			
800	0 0	For removing the Elgin Marbles to the British Museum.			
1,700	0 0	For erecting a temporary Building at the British Museum for the Reception of the Elgin Marbles.			
50,000	0 0	For Forage and other Secret Services for 1816.			
50,000	0 0	For making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of Scotland.			
75,000	0 0	For making an Inland Navigation from the <i>English</i> to the <i>Wylfira</i> Sea by <i>Levenworth</i> and <i>Fort William</i> for 1816.			
7,500	0 0	For the Establishment of the Penitentiary House, from 24th June 1816, to 24th June 1817.			
5,000	0 0	Towards building a Penitentiary House at <i>Millbank</i> , and for providing Furniture for the Apartments of the Officers for 1816.			
2,500	0 0	For completing the Embanking the <i>River Thames</i> , in front of the Penitentiary House at <i>Millbank</i> for 1816.			
23,000	0 0	For maintaining and repairing the British Ports on the Coast of <i>Africa</i> for 1816.			
3,764	5 0	For Works at the King's Bench Prison			
10,000	0 0	For repairing the Roads between <i>London</i> and <i>Roly</i> Road by <i>Chelmsford</i> and <i>London</i> , and <i>Banger</i> Ferry by <i>Shrewsbury</i> , for 1816.			
16,450	0 0	For carrying on in 1816, the Improvements at <i>Roly</i> Road Harbour			
8,424	15 0	Towards Erection of an Asylum for Criminal Lunatics, and for the Maintenance and Government of such Lunatics		To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.	
3,000	0 0	To Mr. <i>James Graham</i> for the various Services he performed beyond those of Inspector of Customs			
10,000	0 0	For Works carrying on at the College at <i>Edinburgh</i> in 1816.			
5,000	0 0	For the Board of Agriculture for 1816.			
300,000	0 0	To the Portuguese Government, in pursuance of a Convention signed at <i>Lisbon</i> 21st January 1815.			
5,000	0 0	For Improvements at <i>Weymouth</i>			
9,181	0 0	For Repairs and Alterations in the Royal Military Asylum at <i>Chelmsford</i>		Paid, &c. without Fee, &c.	
XXVII. Irish Currency.		[In Ireland]			
1250	0 0	For several Public Officers for their extraordinary Trouble in 1816.			
24,763	14 5	For Printing, Stationery and other Disbursements for the Chief and Under Secretaries' Offices and Departments, and other public Offices in <i>Dublin</i> Castle, &c. and for Riding Charges and other Expenses of the Deputy Postmasters and extra Messengers attending the said Officers, also Superannuated Allowances to the said Chief Secretary's Office		For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1817.	
3,726	5 0	For Printing 1,500 Copies of a compressed Quarto Edition of the Statutes of the United Kingdom, for the Use of the Magistrates of <i>Ireland</i> , and also 250 Copies of a Folio Edition thereof bound, for the Use of the Lords, Bishops and public Officers.			
10,500	0 0	For publishing Proclamations, and other Matters of a public Nature, in the <i>Dublin</i> Gazette and other Newspapers			
25,000	0 0	For Criminal Prosecutions, and other Law Expenses		For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1817.	
3,500	0 0	For apprehending public Offenders			
5,000	0 0	For completing the Sum necessary for the Support of the Non-Conforming Ministers.			

4,395	0	0	For the Seafaring Masters from the Synd of <i>Dublin</i>	For One Year ending 25th March 1817.
2,118	0	0	For Salaries of Lottery Offices	For One Year ending 24th June 1816.
1,047	10	3	For Pratique of the Port of <i>Dublin</i>	For the Year ending 25th Dec. 1816.
1,046	0	0	For clothing <i>Heralds</i> , &c.	For Three Years from 25th March 1816.
748	0	0	For clothing the <i>British Army</i> Guards	For Eighteen Months from 1st June 1816.
31,117	10	0	For the Board of Works	For 1816.
40,000	0	0	For Civil Contingencies	For the Year ending 31st Jan. 1817.
45,000	0	0	For Works for <i>Smith's Harbour</i>	For 1816.
6,000	0	0	For constructing Fountains in the Liberties of <i>Dublin</i> , and for supplying the Poor with Water.	
XXIX.	300	0	For additional Allowance to Chairman of the Board of <i>Inland Navigation</i> .	
10,000	0	0	For building Churches and Glebe Houses and purchasing Glebes	
21,600	0	0	For the Trustees of the <i>Linen and Hemp Manufacture</i> , to be by them applied as shall appear to them to be most conducive to promote the said Manufactures	For One Year ending 31st Dec. 1817.
19,000	0	0	For making wide and convenient Streets in <i>Dublin</i> , 14,356 <i>lbs. 10s. 6d.</i> Part of the said 19,000 <i>lbs.</i> to be applied in Payment of Balances of Awards remaining unpaid, for Premises on the North Side of <i>Lower Abbey Street</i> , between <i>Backhouse Street</i> and <i>Barclay Place</i>	
55,110	5	4	For completing the <i>Royal Canal</i> from <i>Corkinakey</i> to <i>Ternanary</i> , under Direction of Directors General of <i>Inland Navigation</i> .	
50,000	0	0	For building, repairing and enlarging of Churches and Chapels, the building of Glebe Houses and procuring Glebes to Trustees shall think fit.	
504	0	0	For Hospital of Incurables at <i>Dublin</i>	For One Year ending 31st Dec. 1817.
769	0	0	For the Annual Expenditure of the <i>Royal Irish Academy</i> for 1816, and repairing the Buildings of the said Academy.	
1,500	0	0	For the <i>British Academical Institution</i>	For the Year commencing 1st Jan. 1816.
XX.	41,539	0	For the Protestant Charitable Schools	
38,335	0	0	For the Foundling Hospital, <i>Dublin</i>	
41,810	0	0	For House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for Indigent Children in <i>Dublin</i>	
28,281	0	0	For the <i>Richmond Lunatic Asylum</i>	
8,531	0	0	For the <i>St. Vincent's Society for Soldiers' Children</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
3,694	0	0	For the <i>St. Vincent's Marine Society</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
3,637	0	0	For the <i>Female Orphan House</i> in the Circular Road near <i>Dublin</i>	
5,210	0	0	For the <i>Poliothend Lock Hospital</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
3,611	0	0	For the <i>Lying-in Hospital</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
777	0	0	For completing the Works of the Commissioners for building <i>St. Patrick's Hospital</i> at <i>Dublin</i>	For the Year ending 31st Dec. 1817.
1,390	0	0	For probable Expenditure of <i>Dr. St. Vincent's Hospital</i>	
5,000	0	0	For House of Recovery and Fever Hospital in <i>Cliff Street, Dublin</i> , calculated to meet the Expenses for maintaining and relieving 2,000 Patients, for 1816	
36,713	0	0	For <i>Roman Catholic Seminary</i>	
5,000	0	0	For building Society for promoting the Education of the Poor of <i>Ireland</i> to provide and distribute proper Books as reduced Prices, and to introduce an improved Method of Instruction in the different Parts of <i>Ireland</i>	

3,410	o	o	For Association incorporated for disseminating Vice, and promoting the Knowledge and Prac- tice of the Christian Religion	
500	o	o	For the Commissioners of charitable Decisions and Bequests	
113	o	o	For the Green Coat Hospital of Cork	
10,000	o	o	For the probable Expenses of the Dublin Society	
4,918	o	o	For the probable Expenses of the Farming So- ciety	
2,500	o	o	For the Good Institution	
XXXXI.			Supplies to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid	
XXXXII.			Rules for Application of Half Pay	
XXXXIII.			Half Pay to Officers of Affairs Feasible	
XXXXIV.			Chaplains of Regiments, although in possession of Eccle- siastical Benefices	As in 33 G. 3. c. 187. § 31—35.
XXXXV.			Applications of Overplus of Sum under 33 G. 3. c. 187.	

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,
DECLARED PUBLIC,
AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N.B.—*The Continuance of such of the following Acts as are Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly fixed) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.*

(a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

The following are all PUBLIC ACTS; in each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded."

Cap. i.

30 G. 3. c. 100. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Chapel on the Heath, in the County of Oxford, to Burston on the Hill, in the County of Gloucester. [22d March 1816.]

Cap. ii.

30 G. 3. c. 100. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from East Martin Stamford Broom to Kettering, and from Oundle to Middleton Lane, in the County of Northampton. [22d March 1816.]
[Former Title is copied, and new Title granted.]

Cap. iii.

30 G. 3. c. 101. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, in far as the same relate to the Road from Carver's Bridge, in the Parish of Clatterton, within the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridgeshire, to the Ferry Past Bridge, in the Parish of Ramsey, in the County of Huntingdon. [22d March 1816.]

Cap. iv.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for confirming certain Articles of Agreement between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of Paddington, and the Parishes and Towns adjacent, in the County of Middlesex. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. v.

An Act for the better settling and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates, in the Parish of Mitchenham, in the County of Surrey. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Draybury to Leeds, in the West Riding of the County of York. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for taking down the Parish Church of Clifton, in the County of Gloucester, and for building a new Church, and providing an additional Cemetery for the Use of the said Parish. [29th March 1816.]

Cap. viii.

An Act to provide for the repairing and maintaining of a certain Part of several Roads or Ways, leading from Woodford to Hford, in the County of Essex, and for setting up certain other Parts of the said several Roads or Ways. [11th April 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. ix.

An Act for enlarging, improving and repairing the Parish Church of *Wendford*, in the County of *Essex*, and for enlarging the Church Yard or Burial Ground of the said Parish. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. x.

An Act for lighting with Gas the City and County of the City of *Exeter*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. xi.

An Act to amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for creating a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the City of *London* to the opposite Bank in the County of *Surry*. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled 21 G. 3. c. 67. *An Act for creating a Bridge over the River Thames from or near the Three Crosses, in the Parish of Saint James Garlick Hythe, and Saint Martin Vintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surry, and for making proper Streets and Approaches to communicate therewith*, whereby the Southward Bridge Company were incorporated for the Purpose of building the said Bridge, and certain Powers and Authorities were thereby given to and vested in the said Company for that Purpose: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled 25 G. 3. c. 120. *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for creating a Bridge over the River Thames from the City of London to the opposite Bank, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surry*, whereby the said first recited Act, and the Powers and Authorities thereby given to and the said Company, were altered, varied, amended and enlarged: And Whereas the said Company have, since the passing of the said last recited Act, subscribed the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds in manner required by the said first recited Act, before they should proceed to take any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Premises for the Purposes of the said first recited Act, or to proceed with the Works therein authorized to be made, and have raised the greater Part thereof, and have invested the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds in the Bank of England, in manner by the said first recited Act directed: And Whereas there remains to be raised of the several Sums authorized by the said first recited Act the further Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds: And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Erection of the said Bridge, and in Execution of the Powers and Authorities of the said second Act; but it is expedient that further Powers should be given to them, and that the said recited Acts should be altered, amended and enlarged: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be so enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Company shall have Power and Authority to raise the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof, by the Sale and Disposal of such Number of Shares in the said Undertaking as shall be requisite and necessary for that Purpose; and such Shares, when so sold and disposed of, shall be deemed to be of the Value of One hundred Pounds each, and shall be entered in the Register Book kept by the said Company; and the Holders of such new Shares shall be deemed and considered, and shall be Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking, and shall be entitled in respect of such new Shares to the same Rights and Privileges, and shall have the same Powers and Authorities, as the Proprietors of the present Shares; and all the Clauses, Provisions, Privileges, Restrictions and Conditions, in the said two recited Acts, or either of them, relating to or concerning the Shares in the said Undertaking, shall extend and be construed to extend, and be in full Force and Effect, with respect to the said new Shares and the Proprietors thereof.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Parties and Persons, to whom any such Share or Shares as are heretofore authorized to be disposed of shall be issued, shall respectively be entitled to Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum upon the respective Sum or Sums of Money which they shall advance to or pay to the said Company, for or in respect of any such Share or Shares, in the same and the like manner as the Subscribers to and Proprietors of the original Shares in the said Undertaking, which Interest shall commence and be computed from the time or respective times of Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money and the said Bridge shall be opened for the Passage of Horles or Carriages over and across the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company, if they or their Committee or Courts of Directors shall think it meet and expedient, to borrow the whole of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, upon Promissory Notes under the Common Seal of the said Company, which Notes shall express the manner and time or times at which the same shall be payable, and at the full legal Rate of Interest as shall have been agreed on between the Holders thereof and the said Committee or Court of Directors; and all such Notes shall be made with or without a Power in the respective Holders thereof to hire an Option of becoming a Proprietor of One Share of One hundred Pounds in the said Undertaking in lieu of every One hundred Pounds of the Principal Money by such several Promissory Notes to be given, or so much of such Part thereof as the said Committee or Court of Directors, and the Person or Persons advancing such Money on the Security of the said Notes shall jointly agree upon, and such Notes shall express accordingly whether they are made with or without such Option, and the said Principal Sums so borrowed, and the Interest thereof, shall be deemed a Lien upon the Tolls authorized to be taken by the said first recited Acts, and be paid and discharged in the like manner as Money raised on Mortgage under the said first recited Act, and the Interest thereof are thereby directed to be paid and discharged.

G Y 2

IV. And

General Power
to sell Money.

Such Money
may be applied
to buying up
Shares.

Majority of
Two thirds of
General Statute
regarding to
every Question
resolved.

General General
and Special Gen-
eral Assembly.

Provision re-
specting Proxies
to exercise
Five Shares
resolved.
Proxies may be
given for Five
Shares.

Committee
elected in the
Room of their
going out of
Office by Resolu-
tion to be in
Office Three
Years.
Acts of Directors
shall be
Constituted by

Proceedings
under former
Acts declared
valid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority in and to the whole of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, by all or any of such Ways and Means as are by the said first recited Act authorized in respect of the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds therein mentioned.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, shall have full Power and Authority, if they shall deem it expedient, out of any Surplus Monies or otherwise, to buy up any Shares which may be offered for Sale by any of the said Proprietors, and thereupon either to direct that any such Share be bought shall merge in the said Undertaking, or that the same shall be transferred to the Clerk of the said Company in Trust for the said Company, and such Shares may, in such case, at any time thereafter, be sold for the Benefit of the said Company, and for the raising of any Sum of Money which may be wanted for the Purpose of carrying the said Two recited Acts and this Act into Execution.

VI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that every Question which should be proposed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors should be determined by the Majority of Votes then present, such Majority not being less than Two thirds of the Votes then present, computing the Votes as therein mentioned, not exceeding Five Votes in the whole for each Proprietor, provided that the Members present be possessed of not less than One hundred and Fifty Shares; and it is also thereby enacted, that all Acts, Orders or Determinations of any Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, or the Majority of them, met together at every such Special General Assembly, provided that the Proprietors present and represented by Proxy shall be possessed of at least Two hundred and Fifty Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be as valid with respect to the Matter specified in the Notice for such Special General Assembly as if the same had been done at any General Assembly: And Whereas the said Provision here before found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provisions shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company which shall have been convened in manner directed by the said first recited Act, shall be competent to proceed to the Discussion and Determination of any Question, Matter or thing which shall be duly brought forward, without Reference to the Number of Shares possessed by the Members present, either as Principals or Proxies, any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and that every Question, Matter or thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered at such General or Special General Assembly of the said Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then present, computing the Votes in the Proportions as to the Number of Shares directed by the said first recited Act.

VIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that on Petition shall give or deliver in Proxies for more than Five Shares; And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That at all future General or Special General Assemblies of the said Company, any Proprietor may give in Proxies for Five Votes and no more.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any of the said Committee or Court of Directors shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee or Court of Directors of the said Company, the Persons who shall from time to time be elected to their Room or Stead shall continue in Office for the full Term of Three Years, (except in case of Death, or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by the said first recited Act directed, or being removed or displaced by the said Company at any General Assembly or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose,) and no longer; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all the Acts and Proceedings of the Persons or Persons appointed by the Committee or Court of Directors, by virtue of the said first recited Act, to be a Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors in the Room or Stead of any Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Directors, who shall do or refuse to sit in the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act, or who shall cease to be qualified in manner by the said first recited Act directed, or shall hold any Place, Office, Employment or Contract with the said Company, shall be and be deemed to have been valid and official to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding the Election of such Persons or Persons shall not be confirmed by the said Company of Proprietors at their next General or Special General Assembly after such Election by the said Committee or Court of Directors.

XII. And Whereas Debts have arisen as to the Validity of the Elections of certain Members of the Committee or Court of Directors, and of certain Proceedings of the said Company and their Committee or Court of Directors, in consequence of the Question to hold One of the General Assemblies of the said Company, directed by the said first recited Act: For removing whereof, be it declared and enacted, That all the Acts and Proceedings of the said Company, and of the said Committee or Court of Directors, done and executed in other respects in pursuance of and in conformity with the several Powers and Directions of the said Two recited Acts, and the Election of any Members of the said Committee or Court of Directors, and all other Matters whatsoever, shall be as good, valid and official, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such General Assembly as aforesaid had been duly held, and such Proceedings taken place as are directed in and by the said first recited Act: any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that if any Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors should for the Space of Three Months neglect or refuse to attend a Meeting of the said Committee or Court of Directors, such Member is not attending should cease to be of the said Committee

' or Court of Directors: and Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Directors shall be deemed or taken to have been absent from, or to have refused or neglected to attend a Meeting of the said Committee or Court of Directors for the Space of Three Months, so as to be deemed and taken to have failed to be of the said Committee or Court of Directors by virtue of the said first recited Act, unless such Absence for the said Space of Three Months shall have been without the Leave, Concurrence, or Approbation of the said Committee or Court of Directors; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Person shall have failed to be a Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors, in consequence of such Absence, from a Neglect or Refusal to attend the Meetings of the said Committee or Court of Directors, without such Leave, Concurrence or Approbation of the said Committee or Court of Directors as aforesaid, such Person shall be eligible to be immediately nominated and appointed a Member of the said Committee or Court of Directors.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors shall have full Power and Authority over the several Persons appointed or to be appointed Officers of the said Company, and it shall be in the Discretion of the said Committee or Court of Directors to make and determine what Number and Descriptions of Officers shall from time to time be requisite and necessary for the Purposes of the said Company, and to disperse with such as they in their Judgement shall deem so long to be requisite, and to discharge them accordingly; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors shall have full Power and Authority to do and execute any Act, Matter or thing by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be done by the said Company, save and except such only as shall be expressly directed to be done and executed as a General or Special General Assembly of the said Company.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions to be brought or commenced by the said Company against any Person or Persons for any Call or Calls herebefore, or which shall be hereafter made upon the Shares in the said Undertaking, the Production of the Register Book directed to be kept by the said first recited Act shall be Evidence upon the Trial that the Defendant or Defendants in such Action were or were the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such and so many Shares or Shares as in the said Register Book shall be expressed, and on such Trial it shall not be necessary to prove the Appointment of the Committee or Court of Directors who made such Call or Calls, or any other Matter whatsoever than is required by the said first recited Act to be proved; and that in all such Actions, if a Verdict shall be found for the said Company, the said Company shall be also entitled to recover the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Share held by such Defendant or Defendants for and in respect of each and every Call for which such Verdict shall be found, over and above the Amount of the said Calls, as and for the Forfeiture for the Non Payment of the said Calls mentioned and imposed in and by the said first recited Act.

XVIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that before any Lards, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Harbours shall be purchased or taken by virtue of the Power of the said Act, and before the said Bridge, Streets or Accesses thereto should be begun to be erected, widened or made, the said Company should invest in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, in the Names of certain Trustees, the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, for the Purposes therein mentioned: And Whereas the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds has been invested according to the Direction of the said Act: And Whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that when it should appear to the said Trustees that the said Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith, should be so far erected and made, that the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, and the Accumulations thereof, would be sufficient to finish the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Trustees should transfer the same to the said Company to be applied for that Purpose: And Whereas the said Provision may prove highly inconvenient to the said Company: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Act as directs, that when and as soon as it should appear to the Satisfaction of the Trustees for the time being, or the Majority of them, that the said Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith, should be so far erected, built and made, that the said Sum of Money so invested in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, as aforesaid directed, together with the Accumulations, would be sufficient to finish and complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Trustees should, and they were thereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company of Proprietors, or as they should direct to be applied for that Purpose, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as it shall appear to the Trustees in the said first recited Act mentioned, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, or the Majority of them, that the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Accumulations thereof, will be sufficient to finish and complete the said Bridge, then the said Trustees, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company, or as they shall direct, any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: and the said Sum when so transferred by virtue of this Act, or a composite Part thereof, shall be forthwith applied in finishing and completing the said intended Bridge, and so Part thereof shall be laid out or expended in the Streets and other Works authorized by the said recited Acts and this Act, or in the Purchase of Houses, Lands or Harbours for that Purpose, or otherwise lawfully, until and unless the said intended Bridge, and every Part thereof, shall be fully completed and finished.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said first recited Act as requires the said Company to construct convenient Stone Stairs and Plying Places on each Side of each End of the said Bridge for the Use of the Watermen and Wherry-men rowing on the River Thames, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

A.D. 1816.

Provision en-
gaging Direc-
tors not attend-
ing repeated.
Absence from
Committee for
Three Months
as being without
Leave is order
to disqualify.

Officers to be
under Control
of Committee.

General Power
of Committee to
manage Com-
pany.

Sanctioning fur-
ther Proceedings
in Actions for
Calls.

Provision en-
gaging invest-
ment of
Money.

As to the Re-
turn of the Sum
of Money.

Objection Two
Years' Term of
each End of
Bridge repealed.

Company required to maintain One Flying Place at each End of Bridge.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall, and they are hereby required to cause to be at each End of the said Bridge, One convenient Flying Place or Flight of Stone Steps, of not less than Sixteen Feet in Width, for the Use of the said Watermen and Wherry-men; but nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the said Company from constructing such Stone Steps or Flying Places on each Side of each End of the said Bridge, if they shall deem it proper and advisable so to do.

Width of Streets.

XXII. And Whereas the Width of the Access to the said Bridge on the North Side thereof, from Thames Street as the City of London, is not specified and directed in the said first recited Act, and it is expedient that the same should be made broad and convenient: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required, within the Period limited for the Completion of the said Bridge, Streets and Works by the said first recited Act, to make and construct the said Access of the full Width of Sixty six Feet for the Length of One hundred and forty Feet, to be measured from the North Abutment of the said Bridge, and of the full Width of Fifty three Feet from the End of such One hundred and forty Feet, to Thames Street aforesaid.

Respecting Provisions for making Satisfaction for Damages, &c. by annual Rents.

XXIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that Satisfaction should be made for the Value of Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be sustained by the making and completing the Works therein directed and authorized to be made, either in gross Sums or by annual Rents, (except in cases of Spiritual Persons, to whom Compensation for Glebe and Tythes should be made in manner therein directed,) as should be agreed upon between the said Company of Proprietors and the Parties interested: And Whereas it is expedient that so much of the said first recited Act as authorizes the Payment of such Rents or Satisfaction by annual Rents should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said first recited Act as authorizes any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and Tenant and Tenants for Life, and Tenant and Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion, Expectancy or otherwise, and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Co-trustees, Guardians, Committees, Trustees and all and every other Persons or Persons, who shall be seized, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, through, in or upon which the said Bridge and the Streets and Avenues thereto, and other Works, are thereby authorized to be built, made and constructed, to accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Grounds, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be sustained by the making and completing the Works thereby authorized to be made, by annual Rents in manner thereby directed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

These Directions may give Receipts for Persons for Money of Lands sold.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases when the said Company shall sell and dispose of any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall not be wanted for the Purposes of the said second Act and this Act, it shall be lawful for any Three of the said Committee or Court of Directors to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, and such Receipts shall have the like Force and Effect as if the same had been signed by the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of the said first recited Act.

Power to lease Tolls for not more than Three Years.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, shall have full Power and Authority, after giving Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing, to be affixed on all the Turnpike Gates which shall then be erected by virtue of the said second Act and this Act, and advertising the same Twice in some Newspaper, published or circulated in the City of London, from time to time, to lease and demise the Tolls granted by the said first recited Act and this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, for any Term or Terms of Years not exceeding Three Years at any one time, for the best Price that can be gotten for the same, payable at such times and under such Conditions as they the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, shall think fit, they the said Company having a Counterpart of such Lease or Leases, Demise or Demises, and taking such other sufficient Security from the Person or Persons to whom any such Tolls shall be leased or demised, for Payment of the Rents and Performance of the Conditions to be observed and complied in such Lease or Leases, Demise or Demises, as the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Directors, shall think fit.

Regulation of Carriage for Tolls to be paid within Day Committee may agree for Payment of Persons, and other Tickets.

XXVI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that no Person having Occasion to pass through any Turnpike or Toll Bar, whose Toll should be taken by virtue of the said Act, with any Coach or other Carriage, Horses or other Cattle, and who should return the same Day through the same Turnpike or Toll Bar, with the same Coach or other Carriage, Horse or other Cattle, for which such Toll shall have been paid, be liable to pay such, he or their Return the said Toll at such Turnpike or Toll Bar: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed: Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Notice of Payment of Toll to be given on a Staff.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Directors shall have full Power and Authority to contract or agree with any Person or Persons for hire, he or she free Passage over the said Bridge, for any time or times not exceeding Three Years at any one time, for such Sum as to the said Committee or Court of Directors shall seem good, and thereupon to issue one or more Ticket or Tickets to such Person or Persons to enable him, her or them to pass Toll-free over the said Bridge for the time for which such Contract shall have been made; and if any such Person or Persons shall lend or transfer such Ticket for the Use of any other Person or Persons, and whereby such other Person or Persons shall under Colour of such Ticket pass over the said Bridge Toll-free, such Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for the Use of the said Company.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall and they are hereby directed and required to cause Notice to be given, by a Board to be constantly affixed on all the Turnpikes or Toll Houses to

be erected on or near the said Bridge, in large legible Characters, that the Payment of Toll at any One Turnpike or Gate shall free and exempt the Person or Persons paying the same from Payment at any other Turnpike or Gate far and in respect of passing over the said Bridge; and if any Person or Persons shall deface or obliterate any Part of the Notice on such Board, let, let or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Toll Collector appointed either by the said Company of Proprietors, or by any Letter or Letters under them, to collect the Tolls payable at any Turnpike or Toll Gate, to be erected by virtue of the said Act, shall and he is hereby required to place his Christian and Surname, painted on a Board in legible Characters, in the Front or on some other conspicuous Part of the Toll House or Toll Gate, immediately upon his coming as Duty, and shall continue the same to be placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid, and keep the same there during the time aforesaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person or Persons than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of the said Act or this Act, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof and claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or suffer, or shall in anywise hinder any Person or Persons from reading such Christian and Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same on having paid the said Tolls, or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names on such Demand, or shall make use of any scurrilous or blasphemous Language to any Person or Persons travelling over the said Bridge, or shall, without sufficient Cause, detain or delay any Person or Persons travelling thence, then and in every such case every such Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall happen about the Amount of Toll due, or the Charges of keeping or selling any Dispute, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Persons deferring to retain the same, or the Money arising by the Sale thereof, (in the case may happen,) until the Amount of such Toll, and the Charges of making such Dispute, and of keeping and selling the same, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace of the County, Town or Place wherein such Dispute shall happen, who, upon Application to him made for that Purpose, shall examine the matter upon the Oath of the Parties or other Witnesses or Witnesses, (which Oath each Justice is hereby authorized to administer,) and shall determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and it shall be lawful for such Justice to assist and award such Costs to be paid by either of the Parties to the other as he shall think fit and reasonable, and in case of Non Payment thereof on Demand, such Costs shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattle of the Party liable to pay the same by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice.

* XXXI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Directors, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, should pay or cause to be paid to the Commissioners appointed for carrying into Execution an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark, otherwise called *The City* or *Bishop of Winchester's Liberty* in the Parish of *Saint Saviour, Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned, such annual Sums and Sums of Money as are expressed in and by the said first recited Act, as an Equivalent for the Loss the said Commissioners might sustain by the Non Payment of the Rates or Assessments in the said first recited Act mentioned: And Whereas since the passing of the said first recited Act, the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign has been repealed, and another Act was passed in the said first recited Act, in the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, intitled *An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark, otherwise called The City, or Bishop of Winchester's Liberty, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, Southwark, in the County of Surrey*: Be it therefore enacted, That all Sums and Sums of Money directed by the said first recited Act to be paid to the said Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution in the Twenty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be paid and payable to the Commissioners appointed to carry into Execution the said Act of the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, or to the Collector or Receiver, or Collectors or Receivers duly appointed under and by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, as an Equivalent and in lieu of such Rates or Assessments, in like manner to all Invents and Purposes as the same are payable to the said first mentioned Commissioners; and that the said Commissioners for carrying the said Act of the Fifty second Year of the said Reign into Execution, and their Collector or Receiver, Collectors or Receivers, shall have the same Powers and Authorities for demanding, recovering and receiving the said Sums and Sums of Money as are vested in the said first mentioned Commissioners in and by the said first recited Act of Parliament.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to give to or lawfully the said Company of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, with any Right, Power or Authority which may at all interfere with the Rights, Powers, Authorities or Privileges heretofore granted and contained by and in the said Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in the several Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution shall be as good, valid and effectual as if the said recited Acts and this Act had not been made: save and except so far as and by the said recited Acts and this Act is and are particularly otherwise declared and enacted.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts, and all and every the Tolls, Drains, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Possibilities, Provisions, matters and things whatsoever therein contained, so far as the same are not hereby repealed, shall extend and be construed to extend to

Toll Collectors as just under the Notice.

Dispute concerning Toll to be tried by a Justice.

Consent to the Commissioners of the Clerk Provisions mentioned.

Being the Rights of the Commissioners of the Clerk Provisions mentioned.

Resolving the Privileges of the former Act in this Act.

operate and be in full Force and Effect with respect to all matters and things to be done, or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same and every Part thereof, were repeated and renewed in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the said recited Acts and this Act shall as to all matters and things whatsoever (except as aforesaid) be construed as One Act.

By order of the
A.C.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Clergy and Rectors of obtaining and passing this Act shall be defrayed by the said Compoze, in preference to all other Payments.

Public Act.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. cxi.

48 G. 3. c. cxi.
17 G. 3. c. 33.

An Act for altering, extending and extending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of *Manchester* and *Salford*, in the Parish of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [18th April 1816.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act to enable *Temple Wyl Equire*, sole Proprietor of *The Royal Circus* or *Surrey Theatre*, situate in the Parish of *St. John George*, in the County of *Surrey*, to continue the same open, for public Amusement, for a limited time. [18th April 1816.]

17 G. 3. c. 36.

WHEREAS *Temple Wyl Equire* is the sole Proprietor of the Theatre called *The Royal Circus*, otherwise *The Surrey Theatre*, situate in the Parish of *St. John George*, *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, which Theatre has been licensed annually for many Years for public Music and Dancing, pursuant to an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty *King George the Second*, intituled *An Act for the better preventing Theft and Subornation, and for regulating Places of public Entertainment*, and granting *Permits* keeping *differently* *Hearts*: And Whereas His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Surrey*, at the last *Michaelmas Quarter Sessions* for the said County, granted their Licence to the three Tenants or Occupers of the said Theatre, pursuant to the Direction of the said Act, for public Music and Dancing in the said Theatre for One Year; but the said Tenants or Occupers' Interest in the said Theatre expiring on the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the said Theatre then coming into the Possession of the said *Temple Wyl*, the said Tenants or Occupers cannot use the said Licence after that Day: And Whereas the said Tenants or Occupers have refused to surrender the said Licence to the said *Temple Wyl*, or to allow him to use the same from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, till the next *Michaelmas Quarter Sessions* for the said County of *Surrey*: And Whereas by the said Act a Licence under the same, for the Purpose therein mentioned, cannot be granted by the Justices of the Peace for the said County at any other time but at the *Michaelmas Quarter Sessions*: And Whereas it will be attended with great Loss and Inconvenience to the said *Temple Wyl*, if the said Theatre be not opened for the ensuing Season, whereby his Property in the same will become of considerable less Value, and much deteriorated: It is therefore expedient that the said *Temple Wyl* should be allowed to keep open the said Theatre, for public Music and Dancing only, for the time hereinafter mentioned; but, by reason of the Circumstances aforesaid, and of the Restrictions contained in the said Act, the same cannot be done without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, at the next or any subsequent Quarter Sessions to be holden to and for the said County, or for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, at the next or any subsequent Petty Sessions to be holden to and for the said County, or for the Liberty or Division in which the said Theatre is situate, at their Discretion to grant a Licence to the said *Temple Wyl* to keep open the said Theatre, called *The Royal Circus* or *Surrey Theatre*, situate in the said Parish of *St. John George*, *Southwark*, in the said County of *Surrey*, for public Music and Dancing, from the Day of the Date of such last mentioned Licence until the next *Michaelmas Quarter Sessions* of the Peace to be holden to and for the said County of *Surrey*, in such and the same Manner, and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Penalties, as if the said Theatre were kept open for public Music and Dancing under and by virtue of the said Licence first herebefore mentioned.

The Theatre to
be kept open for
a limited time.

Public Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xiii.

31 G. 3.
c. cxxxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Pygham* *Candover* to *Basingstoke*, and from thence to *Athton*, in the County of *Hampshire*.

[Former Toll is aufgeh, and new Toll granted.]

[18th April 1816.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Newnwick*, in *Wharfedale* *Wharfedale*, in the Township of *Southwark*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*.

[18th April 1816.]

[Additional Toll on Sunday.]

Cap.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for making and mending a Turnpike Road from the High Street in the Town of *Stroudbridge*, in the County of *Warwick*, to the Boundary Stone between the Parish of *Welford* and the Liberties of the Borough of *Brighthelm*, in the County of *Salop*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Stockport*, in the County of *Chesh*, to the End of *Gold Lane*, in the County of *Leicestershire*, and other Roads therein mentioned in the said Counties, and in the County of *York*; and for making a new Road from the said Road in *Stradbury*, to the Bridge over the River *Mersey* at *Parswood*, near the Town of *Stockport*. (a) [11th April 1816.]

[One Toll and One half Toll as in Schedule, except for M^{ts}.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Twenty Mile Stone, on *Exham Hill*, in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Befingstone*, near the Town of *Boxley*, in the Parish of *Wandsworth*, in the County of (a) [11th April 1816.]

[10 p. 2. c. 2. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 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Campbell of Madras, Esquire; Archibald Campbell of Strathgordon, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel Archibald Campbell, Lieutenant Colonel Archibald Campbell, Eighty fourth Regiment; Rear Admiral Donald Campbell, Lieutenant General Duncan Campbell of Leuchell, Duncan Campbell of Trenchard Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; John Campbell of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Esquire; John Campbell of Red Lion Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; John Campbell Esquire, Maker in Chancery; Captain Patrick Campbell, Royal Navy; Robert Campbell of Ardnamurchan, Esquire; Robert Campbell of Argyle Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Thomas Campbell of Strathgordon, Esquire; Thomas Cox of Great Curran Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; William Coghlan of that ilk, Esquire; Colonel Archibald Christie; Thomas Cuthbert of Drumsbire Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; James Cuthbert of Madras, Esquire; Colonel Cuthbert of Madras Army; Lieutenant Colonel James Conway of the Grens, Grenada, in the County of Southampton; Lieutenant Colonel Charles Cunningham, David Cunningham of Great Winchester Street, in the City of London, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, Madras Army; Kirby Dalrymple of Madras, Esquire; Alexander Gray Davidson of Earl's Court Road, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Lieutenant General Alexander Drem; Henry Dremofa of Tashib, Esquire; Humphrey Donaldson of Whitehall, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; William Douglas Younger of Castle Douglas, Esquire; Robert Dremofa of Fafjira, Esquire; General Andrew John Drummond of Strathgordon; James Drummond Younger of Strathgordon, Esquire; George Harley Drummond of Drumsbire Castle, Esquire; John Duff of Drumsbire, Esquire; James Boweridge Duncan of Dunfrie, Esquire; James Boweridge Duncan Younger of Dunfrie, Esquire; the Right Honourable Hugh Elliot of Madras; Captain Elliot, Madras Army; Captain Augustus Frederick D'Elia, Mac Murdo Inverurie; John Forsyth of Glasgow, Esquire; William Forsyth of Menzies, Esquire; John Fleming of Glenisburgh Place, in the County of Middlesex, Doctor of Physic; James Fleming of the City Chambers, in the City of London, Esquire; Robert Stewart Fleming of Kildisburgh, Esquire; Bartholomew Forbes of Change Alley, in the City of London, Esquire; Major General Benjamin Forbes, Charles Forbes of Ardnamurchan, Esquire; John Forbes of New, Esquire; Morda Forbes of Murray Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Rear Admiral Alexander Fraser, Alexander Fraser of Lincolns Inn Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Charles Fraser of Inverlathry and Castle Fraser, Esquire; Duncan Fraser of Fafjira, Esquire; Lieutenant Frederick Alexander Fraser, Seventy eighth Highlanders; George Fraser of the New City Chambers, in the City of London, Esquire; Colonel Hastings Fraser, Eighty sixth Regiment; Lieutenant Colonel Hugh Fraser, Madras Army; James Fraser of Belladrum, Esquire; John Fraser of Archaigairn, Esquire; John Fraser of Aden Place, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; John Macintosh Fraser of Ffennell, Esquire; James Fraser Younger of Belladrum, Esquire; Captain Thomas Fraser, Madras Army; Thomas Fraser of Madras, Esquire; Thomas Fraser of Newnham, Esquire; Captain Fraser, Town Major of Madras; William Fraser, Younger of Leadhills, Esquire; Charles Fullerton of Madras, Esquire; Robert Fullerton of Madras, Esquire; John Galt of Leathly Terrace, Chelsea, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; John Buchanan Galt, Doctor of Laws, Edinburgh; Major Galt of Stamford Hill, Esquire; John Galt of Madras, Esquire; George Gordon of Park Street, Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Brigade Major John Gordon, Madras Army; Robert Hogg Gordon of Enha, Esquire;

Elquire; *Alexander Gray Grant* Younger of *Dabry*, Elquire; *Alexander Grant* of *Servants' Inn*, in the City of *London*, Elquire; *Alexander Grant* of *Flint Street*, in the City of *London*, Elquire; *Captain Alexander Grant*, *East India Service*; *Captain Charles Grant*, *Royal Navy*; *Charles Grant* of the Island of *Jamaica*, Elquire; *Calvert Calphurn Grant*, *Daniel Macdonald Grant* of *Arndley*, Elquire; *Francis A. Grant* of *Madras*, Elquire; *George Grant* of *Mark Lane*, in the City of *London*, Elquire; *James Grant* of *Corrinney*, Elquire; *Captain James Ludovick Grant*, *East India Service*; *James Robert Grant*, of *Melachard*, Elquire; *John Peter Grant* of *Bothwellshouse*, Elquire; *Lieutenant John Grant*, Eighty fifth Regiment; *Colonel Lewis Grant*, Seventeenth Regiment; *Peter Grant*, Elquire; *Peter Grant* of the Island of *Jamaica*, Elquire; *Major Robert Grant*, Fifty sixth Regiment; *Robert James Grant*, Elquire; *Major General William Grant*; *J. H. 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Macleay*, *Madras Army*; *Captain Donald Macleay*, *East India Service*; *Daniel Macleay* of *Glasgow*, Elquire; *James Crawford Macleay*, Younger of *Glasgow*, Elquire; *Colonel John Macleay* of *Coleridge*, *J. M. Macleay*, Elquire, *Madras*; *Reverend Robert Macleay* of *St. Ann's*, *John*, Doctor of *Divinity*; *Colonel William Macleay*, *Perfor's* *Grota*; *Bartholomew Macmillan* of *New Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Elquire; *James Macleay* Elquire; *Robert Macleay*, Younger of *Bury*, Elquire, *Captain*; *Twenty third Dragoons*; *Duncan Macleay* of *Geary*, Elquire; *James Macleay* of *Baldwin*, Elquire; *Major General Lucius Macquarrie*, Governor of *New South Wales*; *Malcolm Macquarrie* of *Regiment*, in the County of *London*, Elquire; *Thomas Peter Macquarrie* Younger of *Regiment*, Elquire; *Alexander Macrae*, Elquire, of *Clarendon*, *Jamaica*; *Alexander Macrae*, Elquire, of *Dumfries*; *Major Colin Macrae*, late of the Seventy fifth Regiment; *Colin Macrae*, Elquire of *Dumfries*;

Colo Maure of Forein's Inn, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; John Maure, Esquire, Bengal; Kenneth Mackintosh Maure of that Inn, Esquire; William Mastagart, Esquire, Madras; Colonel Alexander Muir, Deputy Governor Fort Saint George; Neil Melvin of Fethalsh, Esquire; Marquise William Con-Jacob Maxwell of Nuffield, Esquire; David Milnes of Wimpole Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Robert Milnes of Wimpole Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Alexander Milne of Widdell Place, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; William Mitchell of Harley Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; General James Montgomerie; Major Alexander Murray, Gunpowery Hoag, Bradford; John Murray of Auchinval, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel William Murray, Madras Army; Robert Muir of Milden Hall, in the County of Suffolk, Esquire; Lieutenant Donald Munro, Eightieth Regiment; George Gun Munro of Granada, Esquire; Hugh Munro of Tainish, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel Robert Munro of Livingston, Colonel Thomas Munro, Madras Army; Walter Robt Munro of Symmer Place, Esquire; William Munro of Thomas Street, in the City of London, Esquire; Colonel Murray, Madras Army; Colonel Alexander Mac Gregor Murray, Evan Mac Mac Gregor Murray of Glenisnally, Esquire; Honourable L. G. H. Murray, Madras; Colonel Robert Mac Gregor Murray, William Murray, Esquire, Barbadoes; Colonel Orr, Madras Army; James Ogilvie, Esquire; John Ogilvie, Esquire, Canada; John Ogilvie D. Ogilvie, Esquire, Madras; Captain Pascoe, Madras Army; Lieutenant Archibald Paterson, Eleventh Dragoons; Major Pringle, Madras Army; Charles Rair of Freshwater Forest, Esquire; Andrew Reid of Ragul Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Lieutenant Robert Reid, Madras Army; Andrew Robertson of Gerard Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Colin Robertson of Ragul Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; David Robertson of Bedford Square, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel David Robertson, Esquire, Robertson of Lincoln's Inn Fields, Esquire; Francis Robertson of Leacale's Inn Fields, Esquire; Colonel W. Philip Colgar Robertson, Captain John Robt, Eightieth Regiment; Alexander Robt of Cranbury, Esquire; Gilbert Robins, Esquire, Bermuda; Andrew Robt, Esquire, Madras; Captain Hugh Robt, Madras Army; Captain John Robt, Madras Army; Angus Robt, Esquire, Quebec; Golden Macdonald Smith of Tenure Street, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Alexander Smith, Esquire, Madras; Captain Alexander Smith, Royal Navy; Andrew Smith Esq., Esquire; William Smith, Esquire; John Spafford of that Inn, Esquire; Alexander Stewart of England, Esquire; Alexander Stewart, Esquire, Madras; Major Alexander Stewart, Colonel David Stewart, Genl; Robert Stewart, Esquire, Bathurst; Robert Stewart, Esquire, Isle of Man; William Stewart of Piccadilly, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire; Honourable James Strong, Madras; Hugh Stuart, Esquire, Foreign Office; R. S. Stuart of Alderbury, Esquire; Lieutenant General Robert Stuart of Raist; J. Sutherland, Esquire, Buxley; William Tait of the Old Jury, in the City of London, Esquire; Thomas Telford, Esquire; Richard Townsend the Younger, of Lime Street, in the City of London, Esquire; John Tufell, Esquire, Bengal; Colonel Charles Turner of Seymour Street, in the County of Middlesex; Walter Urquhart of Werbo, Esquire; Robert Warden, Esquire; A. Weston, Doctor of Physic, Madras; John Wigham of Alnsey Lane, in the City of London, Esquire; John Widdersham of Leadenhall Street, in the City of London, Esquire; General Wigham of that Inn; Benjamin Wigh, Esquire, President of the Royal Academy; George Young of Anglo France, in the City of London, Esquire; together with all and every Person who shall be admitted into the said Society as a Member thereof, in manner herein mentioned, shall be Our Body Corporate, by the Name of The Highland Society of London; and that by the same Name they shall have perpetual Succession, and a Common Seal, with Power to change, alter, break, and make new the same, when and as often as they shall judge the same to be expedient; and that they and their Successors, by the same Name, may sue and be sued, implead, and be impleaded, answer and be answered, in all or any Court or Courts of Record, and Places of Judicature within this Kingdom; and that they and their Successors, by the same Name, shall be able and capable in Law to have, hold, receive, enjoy, possess and retain, for the Ends and Purposes of this Act, and in trust, and for the Benefit of the said Society, all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been paid, given, devised or bequeathed, or shall at any time or times hereafter be paid, given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well disposed Person or Persons, to and for the Ends and Purposes in this Act mentioned; and that they and their Successors, by the same aforesaid, shall and may at any time hereafter, without Licence, in Mortmain, purchase, take or receive, hold and enjoy, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest therein, for the Purposes of the said Charity, not exceeding Five Thousand Pounds in Value.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Royal Highness Frederick Duke of York and Albany shall be, and he is hereby appointed President of the said Corporation; and that the Right Honourable James Murray, commonly called Lord James Murray; the Right Honourable Alexander George Lord Salween; the Right Honourable Sir Archibald Macdonald of Engl Esq., Baronet; General Sir George Cockburn, Knight, Grand Cross of the most Honourable Order of the Bath; and Colonel Alexander Macdonald of Glasgow, shall be, and are hereby appointed the Vice Presidents of the same; and that David Cunningham, Esquire; John Galt, Esquire; William Henderson, Esquire; Alexander Lamb, Esquire; James Lindsay, Esquire; Alexander Macdonald, Esquire; Donald Macdonald, Doctor of Physic; Kenneth Mackintosh Maure, Esquire; William Munro, Esquire; Andrew Robertson, Esquire; Golden Macdonald Smith, Esquire; and George Young, Esquire, shall be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee of Trustees for the Management of the Affairs and Bafegs of the said Corporation, whereof Five at the least may proceed to transact the said Affairs; and that Simon Mac Gillivray, David Robertson, and James Hamilton, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed the Treasurers of the said Corporation; and that Simon Mac Gillivray, and James Hamilton, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Secretaries of the same; and that Grant Allen, Alexander Grant, and Colin Robertson, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Auditors of the

same; and that *Calla Macrae*, *Effie*, shall be, and he is hereby appointed the Deputy Secretary of the same; and that the Reverend *William Mackenzie* and *Roderick Macdonald*, Doctor of Divinity, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Chaplains of the same; and that the said several Officers shall continue in their respective Offices until the Twenty fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that the said President, or in his Absence One or more of the Vice Presidents, or of the Treasurers, with any Twelve or more of the Members of the said Corporation; or in the Absence of the President, all the Vice Presidents and Treasurers, any Fifteen or more of the Members of the said Corporation, shall compose a General Court; and that the First General Court shall be holden on the Third Saturday in May, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at such House or Place as the said Corporation shall then occupy or use for carrying on the Business of the same, and shall then, and from time to time, be adjourned to such House or Place as, for the time being, shall be so occupied or used, or in such other Place as they shall deem expedient, (due Notice being given thereof as hereinafter mentioned,) at such time or times as the said Court shall think necessary, for the due Execution of the said Act; and that a General Court of the said Corporation shall be holden Four times at least in every Year, that is to say, on the Third Saturday in the Month of February, the Twenty fifth Day of March, the Third Saturday in the Month of April, and the Third Saturday in the Month of May; and, in case the said Twenty fifth Day of March should happen to fall on a Sunday or Good Friday, then, and in that case, the said General Court shall be holden on the Twenty second, the Day immediately following; and Notice of such Five General Courts shall be given in Two of the Public Newspapers, Two Days at least before the holding of every such Court; and whenever Occasion shall require, a Special General Court shall be holden by Order of the Committee of Directors, or the major Part of them attended in any of their Meetings, or upon the Requisition of any Nine of the Members, signified in Writing to any One of the Secretaries for the time being, and subscribed by such Members, upon the like Notice thereof being given Ten Days at least before the holding of the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Persons desirous of becoming Members of the said Society, shall be proposed at one of the General or Special General Meetings of the same, or at any Meeting of the Committee of Directors, and at another time, by Two Members of the said Society, who shall insert in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose, the Name and Place of Abode of such Person, together with their own Name; and that each of the Persons so proposed, shall be severally put in Nomination at the next ensuing General or Special General Court; and that the Members then present, shall proceed to a Ballot, and such Person shall be declared to be duly elected as shall appear to be approved of by Three Parts in Four of the Members then attending, and shall before his Admission, pay into the Hands of One of the Treasurers of the said Society, the Sum of Twenty Six Pence Five Shillings: Provided always, that if in any vote it shall be the unanimous Desire of the Members present at such Election, that the Ballot should be dispensed with, and that the Person then in Nomination should be elected a Member of the said Society, such Person so elected, shall be deemed and taken to have been elected by Ballot, and shall be admitted a Member of the said Society, on Payment of the Sum aforesaid.

IV. And whereas certain Persons have been chosen Honorary Members of the said Society, and it may be expedient that others should be chosen in future: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Number of such Members may be chosen in manner aforesaid, not exceeding Twenty such Members.

V. And be it further enacted, That at the General Court that shall be holden on the Third Saturday in February, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, there shall be chosen a President, Five Vice Presidents, Three Treasurers, Three Auditors, Twelve Directors, Two Secretaries, One Under Secretary and Two Chaplains, to serve for the Space of One Year only, to commence from the Twenty fifth Day of March next ensuing; and that the like Election of the Officers aforesaid, shall be made at the said General Court Yearly, and in every Year; and in case any of the Officers aforesaid shall become vacant by Death, Resignation or otherwise, another Person shall from time to time be chosen to serve in the Place of such Officer, during the Remainder of the Term for which the Person whose Office shall have become vacant, was chosen, and no longer; and the President and Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors and Secretaries for the time being, shall be Members of the said Committee over and above the Twelve Directors to be elected as aforesaid; and also all such Members as shall have served the Office of President, Vice President, Treasurer or Secretary of the said Society; and the Members of the said Corporation, assembled at any such General Court as aforesaid, or the major Part of them is assembled, shall have full Power and Authority, in the Name of the said Corporation, and on their Account, to apply and dispose of the Moneys and Funds already given, and which shall from time to time be contributed and given by any Person or Persons, on account of the said Society, and all other Moneys and Funds belonging, or to belong to the said hereby created Corporation, to and for the Purposes aforesaid, and to or for any other Purpose, Matter or any thing relating to the same, and for the Benefit thereof, at their Discretion; and with and under their Common Seal, to enter into any Covenants and Contracts for the Purposes aforesaid, and for any other Purpose or Purposes for the better effecting and carrying on the Uses and Designs aforesaid; and to do, manage, transact and determine all such other matters and things, as shall to them, at any such Court, appear to be necessary or proper for effecting and carrying on the Purposes aforesaid; and shall and may delegate such Power and Authority to the said Committee of Directors, as they shall think necessary for the more speedy, easy and effectual Execution of the said Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Members of the said Corporation, in a General Court assembled only, or the major Part of them, so as aforesaid, to order and dispose of the Custody of the said Common Seal, and the Use and Application thereof; and to make, ordain and constitute such and so many Byes Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances, as to them, or the greater Number of them then and there present, shall seem necessary and convenient, touching or in anywise concerning the Affairs and Business, and the better governing, regulating, ordering and managing

Who may compose a General Court.

First General Court.

General Courts.

Special General Courts.

Members to be proposed at General or Special General Courts.

and to be elected by Ballot.

Ballot, by Consensus, dispensed with.

Honorary Members may be chosen.

Officers of this Society, Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors, Directors, Secretaries, Under Secretary and Chaplains.

General Courts may delegate Powers to Committee of Directors; order and dispose of Common Seal; make Byes Laws, and make all other the like.

managing of the said hereby erected Corporation, and of the Officers, Servants and Persons employed in and about the Affairs thereof; and for making the Accounts of the said Corporation and the said Bye Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances in made, to put in use and enforce accordingly, and at their Will and Pleasure to revoke, change and alter the same or any Part of them; which said Bye Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances which shall be so made as aforesaid, shall be duly kept and observed, provided that the same be reasonable, and not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs or Laws of the United Kingdom, or to any thing in this Act contained.

VI. Provided nevertheless, That no such Bye Law, Rule, or Ordinance shall be binding, or have any Force or Effect, until the same shall have been agreed to and confirmed by the next succeeding General Court, whether Quarterly or Extraordinary, and that the same Method shall be observed in altering or repealing any such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Ordinances.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons in whose Name or Names any Sum or Sums of Money, Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages, Securities for Money or other Effects whatsoever, shall at the time of passing this Act stand, or be located, the beneficial Interest wherein respectively shall belong to the said Society hereby incorporated, shall forthwith, after the passing of this Act, transfer and assign the same respectively, to and in such manner as that the same shall be vested in the hereby erected Corporation, by the Name, Style and Title hereinafore mentioned and modified.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurers for the time being of the said hereby erected Corporation, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Committee of Directors thereof for the time being, or the major Part of such Committee present at any of their Meetings, to lay out and invest all or any such Sum or Sums of Money as have or hath been, or shall hereafter be given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well disposed Person or Persons, to and for the said Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned, or any Part thereof, other than and except such and in such manner, as the exigencies of the said Corporation shall call for the immediate Application or Expediture of, in any of the Public Funds, in the Name of the said hereby erected Corporation.

IX. And is it hereby enacted and declared, That the Dividends, Interest and Annual Proceeds, which shall from time to time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging, or which shall at any time belong to the said hereby erected Corporation, shall from time to time be applied to and for the Uses, Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Questions upon the Proceedings of the said Corporation at any General Court or Committee of Directors, shall be decided by Vote; and in case of an Equality of Votes, the President or Chairman shall have the Casting Vote, save and except in the Case of the Election of Members, as herein mentioned.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Members of the said Corporation, at a General Court, or the major Part of them present at such General Court, shall have Power from time to time, and at all times, to fill up any Vacancy or Vacancies of President, Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors, Directors, Secretaries, Deputy Secretary and Chaplains, and appoint such other Officers, Servants and other Persons, as they shall think necessary to employ for the Purposes, and in the Execution of this Act; and from time to time, to add, to or remove all such Servants, or other Persons, or any or either of them, as they shall think fit, and appoint either in case of Death, or such Suspension or Removal; and may out of the Monies to be received for the Purposes of this Act, make reasonable Allowances to all such Servants, and other Persons, for their Services; and that all and every such Officers, and Servants, and other Persons of every Description, shall from time to time, when thereto required by the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, make and render to the said Committee, or any Two or more of them, a true, exact and perfect Account in Writing under their respective Hands, of all Monies which he, she or they, and every of them respectively, shall in that time have received, paid and disbursed, by virtue of this Act, or by reason of their respective Offices; and in case any Money is received, shall remain in their, or any of their Hands, the same shall be paid to the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and in case any such Officer or other Person shall not make and render, or shall refuse to verify any such Account, or to make any such Payment as aforesaid, then any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, or for the City of London, or for such County as the said Society shall for the time being be situate in, shall and may, upon Complaint to them, make Enquiry, and of concerning such Default is a felony way, (as well by Cashiers of the Parties themselves as by the Testimony of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, upon Oath or Affirmation, which the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer); and if it shall appear to such Justices, that any of the Monies that shall have been received for the Purposes of this Act, shall remain due from such Officer or Servant, such Justices may, and are hereby authorized and required, upon Non Payment thereof, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cause such Money to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Servant; and if no Goods or Chattels of such Officer or Servant can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the Charges of distressing and selling the said Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Servant, or if it shall appear to such Justices, that such Officer or Servant shall have refused, or wilfully neglected to render or give such Account, or to verify the same as aforesaid, or to produce the Vouchers relating thereto, or that any Books, Papers or Writings relating to the said Corporation shall be in the Custody or Power of such Officer or Servant, and he shall have refused, or wilfully neglected to deliver or give Satisfaction respecting the same, then and in each and every such case, such Justices shall, upon Conviction, commit the Party offending, to the Common Gaol of the County of Middlesex, or the City of London,

er of such County as the said Society shall for the time being be situated in, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he, she or they, shall have made a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforesaid, or until he, she or they, shall have compounded and agreed with the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, and until he, she or they, shall have paid such Composition Money, which Composition the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, are hereby empowered to make and receive: Provided always, that no Officer or Person who shall be so committed for want of sufficient Security, shall be detained as Prisoner by virtue of this Act for any longer Space of time than Six Calendar Months.

Parishes as to
Duties of
Imprisonment.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurers for the time being of the said Corporation, shall give in their Accounts from time to time, when required either by the Committee of Divisions at any of their Meetings, or at a General Court, those to be examined and allowed or disallowed: and shall pay over all the Monies remaining in their Hands, and transfer all or any Funds which may at any time be standing in their Names as Treasurers as aforesaid, to the Treasurers immediately succeeding them, as Demanded by such succeeding Treasurers, with the Authority of the Committee, or of the General Court at which succeeding Treasurers shall be elected or appointed.

Treasurers to ac-
count to the
Committee, or
at a General
Court.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order, Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace sitting in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the First General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, City or Place within which the Matter of Appeal shall arise, next after the Expiration of One Calendar Month from the time such Matter of Appeal shall have arisen: the Person or Persons appealing having first given Ten Days' Notice at least, of his, her or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Person or Persons appealed against: and forthwith after such Notice, entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Award and Order of the said Court thereon; and the said Justices at such Session, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given, and Recognizance entered into, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary way, and to make such Determination therein, and to award such Costs to either of the Parties or otherwise, as they the said Justices shall judge proper: and all such Determinations of the said Justices shall be binding, final and conclusive as and upon all Parties to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Costs.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought, or Suit commenced, against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Possession, or any of them, every such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought within Six Calendar Months next after the Cause of such Suit or Actions shall have arisen, in the County where the Cause of such Actions shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial as to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act: and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall not be brought within the time before limited, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become satisfied, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Twelve Cents, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs in other cases by Law.

Limitation of
Actions.

General Issue.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. xxi.

AN Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex, lying between the Parishes of Saint Luke Chisley, and the Mouth of the River Colne, near Brixton; and also between Limehouse Hale and the Mouth of the River Lea, near Blackwall; and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex, adjoining to both Banks of the River Lea, and the Branches thereof, between the River Thames and Edmonton.

[act May 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for regulating the several Acts for regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the Countess of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same, certain Land Coal Measures were constituted, or appointed for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and for that Part of the Duchy of Cornwall adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary-le-tune, and such Part of the Parishes of Saint Andrew Holborn, as is in the County of Middlesex; and also for the City of London, and between Tower Dock and Limehouse Hale, in the County of Middlesex; and also for the several Parishes of Egham, Thorpe, Clontarf, Weybridge, Welton, in Thames, West Middlesex, Thames Ditton, Kingston, Richmond, Merton, Barnes, Croydon, Mitcham, Putney, Wandsworth, Battersea, Lambeth, Greenwich, Newington, Saint George in the Borough of Southwark, Saint Saviour's, Saint Olave, Saint Thomas, Saint John, Saint Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, and Saint Mary Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, and certain Regulations were thereby made respecting the Vend and Delivery of Coals sold within the said Places respectively: And Whereas the Regulations contained in the said Act have proved very beneficial to the Consumers of Coals within the Places aforesaid, by preventing the Commission of Frauds on*

47 G. 3. 54. c. 6.
c. 65. § 78—92.

the Veal and Delivery thereof; and it is apprehended that it would be of great Benefit to the Inhabitants of the several Parishes in the County of *Middlesex*, lying upon, or adjoining to the North Side or Bank of the River *Thames*, between the Parish of *Saint Luke Choline*, and the Mouth or Entrance of the River *Cole* near *Staines*; and also between *Limington Hale* and the Mouth or Entrance of the River *Lee* or *Bow Creek*, near *Blackhead*, and of the several Parishes in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, lying upon, or adjoining to the River *Lee* or *Bow Creek*, and to the various Branches and Streams thereof, on both Sides or Banks thereof, between the River *Thames* and the Parish of *Edmonton*, in the said County of *Middlesex*, if Provision were made to prevent Fraud in the Advancement and Delivery of Coals sold within the same: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and immediately after the First of June next, there shall be provided or continued at or near to *Hammersmith* in the said County of *Middlesex*, One Public Office, which shall be deemed and taken to be the principal Land Coal Meter's Office for the several Parishes, Hamlets and Places, in the County of *Middlesex*, lying upon and adjoining to the North Side or Bank of the River *Thames*, between the Parish of *Saint Luke Choline*, and the Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Cole* near *Staines*; and also between *Limington Hale*, and the Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Lee* or *Bow Creek*; and also for the several Parishes in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, lying upon or adjoining to the said River *Lee* or *Bow Creek*, and of every Stream or Branch thereof, on both Sides or Banks thereof respectively, situate between the said River *Thames*, and the said Parish of *Edmonton*; that it is to say, the several Parishes, Hamlets and Places of *Saint Luke, Fallow, Hammersmith, Chiswick, Balogh, Brentford, Heston, Uxbridge, Twickenham, Teddington, Hampton, Sunbury, Shepperton, Laleham, Staines, East and West Limington*, (except so much thereof as is situate between *Tower Dock* and *Limington Hale*), *Payler* and *Blackwell*, in the Parish of *Stapley*, *Saint Leonard Bromley*, *Saint Mary Stratford Bow*, *Saint John at Harbury*, and *Tewkesham*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and *All Saints, West Ham*, and *Lepine*, in the County of *Essex*; and there shall also be provided and continued Three subordinate Offices at the respective Places following; (that is to say), One at *Stratford-Awson*, in the County of *Essex*, and One at *Brentford*, and another at *Stratford Mill* in the said County of *Middlesex*; which said principal and subordinate Offices shall respectively be kept open every Day (*Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day*, and Fast or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted) from the Twenty fifth Day of March to the Twenty sixth Day of September, yearly, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening; and from the Twenty sixth Day of September to the Twenty fifth Day of March, yearly, from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if any Principal Meter shall refuse or neglect to open or keep open any principal or subordinate Office as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Principal Meter not keeping Office open.
Penalty.
Principal Meter appointed.

II. And be it further enacted, That *Abraham Sanderson*, of the Parish of *Stapley*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Gentlemen, shall be, and is hereby nominated and appointed the Principal Land Coal Meter for executing the Provisions of this Act, and the Manager of the several Offices to be provided as aforesaid (save and except he shall die or be removed from such Office by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which Removal His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, is and are hereby empowered to make) until the First Day of June which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven; and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

His Majesty to appoint Principal Meter upon any Vacancy.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case and when and as often as the said *Abraham Sanderson*, or any other Principal Land Coal Meter to be from time to time appointed for the Purpose of this Act shall die, or shall be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or shall be removed therefrom as aforesaid, or the time limited for the Execution of such Office shall expire, then it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to nominate and appoint any other Person as Principal Land Coal Meter in the Room or Stead of every such Principal Land Coal Meter who shall die, be incapacitated, removed or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or whose time limited for the Execution of his Office shall expire, and so *ad interim* as often as any such case shall happen; and every such Person so to be nominated or appointed as aforesaid, shall be, remain and continue Principal Meter for the Execution of this Act, until the said First Day of June, One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, unless he shall be sooner removed or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office.

Principal Coal Meter neglecting Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and they are hereby authorized and required to inquire into, hear and determine any Complaint of Fraud or Misbehaviour of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being for the Execution of this Act, in the same manner as they are by Law authorized to inquire into, hear and determine Misdoings; and if such Principal Coal Meter shall be found guilty of any Fraud, Neglect or Misbehaviour, he shall forfeit and pay for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, such Fine as such Court, before whom such Complaint shall be made, shall think fit, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; together with such Costs as such Court shall think proper to award and direct, and such Principal Coal Meter shall be liable to be removed as aforesaid mentioned.

Penalty.

Principal Meter may be removed when their time expires.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever the Term for which any such Principal Land Coal Meter shall have been appointed shall expire, then and in such case nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any such Principal Land Coal Meter, whose Term limited for the Execution of his Office shall be expired, from being nominated or re-appointed in his Office of Principal Meter.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as Principal Lead Coal Meter, in the Execution of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed before Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, or Oath, (which Oath such Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer,) in the following Words:

I do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of Principal Lead Coal Meter, for the Parishes comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *(here insert the Title of the Act)* So help me GOD.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal Lead Coal Meter for the time being shall, and he is hereby directed and required, from time to time and at all times, to accompany, appear and employ a sufficient Number of Labouring Lead Coal Meters, for the Purpose of administering Coals, and for executing such other Duties as may by this Act required to be done by Lead Coal Meters, and from time to time to support or defend the same Labouring Lead Coal Meters, as he shall think fit.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Labouring Lead Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act until he shall have taken and subscribed before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, or for the said County of Essex, or Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the Words following:

I do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of One of the Labouring Lead Coal Meters for the Parishes comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *(here insert the Title of the Act)* and that I will truly and impartially support and maintain, or for and on behalf, all such Coals between Buyer and Seller, and execute such other Duties as may by Law required to be done by a Labouring Lead Coal Meter, without Favour or Hatred.

So help me GOD.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said several Labouring Lead Coal Meters, and every of them, shall, and they and he are and is hereby required to attend at the several Wharfs, Warehouses and other Places, at which he or they shall be summoned from time to time by the said Principal Lead Coal Meter, each and every Day (Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Fall or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted) on each and every Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March to the Twenty sixth Day of September, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening, and from the Twenty sixth Day of September to the Twenty fifth Day of March from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if upon Notice being given to any such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters to be summoned, or Notice being left in Writing at his or their Office or Offices, or Place or Places of Abode, to attend at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, within the Limits of his or their Station or Stations for the time being, in order to measure or see measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required by this Act to be done by a Lead Coal Meter at any such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, or if Notice requiring the Attendance of a Labouring Coal Meter or Meters at the Office of the said Principal Lead Coal Meter; and such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters shall not attend pursuant to any such Notice without the Space of Two Hours from the giving of the same, and do his or their Duty according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such case every such Labouring Coal Meter, and the said Principal Lead Coal Meter, shall for every such Office forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

X. And be it further enacted, That each and every Labouring Coal Meter, Deputy, Agent or Servant of the Principal Lead Coal Meter, for the Execution of this Act, shall be subject to the Power, Jurisdiction and Control of the said Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, or for the County of Essex, within their respective Jurisdictions, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and shall and may be directed and enjoined by such General or Quarter Sessions respectively, from the Execution and Emoluments of their said respective Offices, on Complaint and Proof of any Fraud, Default, Neglect or other Misbehaviour in the Management or Execution thereof, all which Complaints shall and may be heard and determined by the said Courts in a summary Way.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Principal Lead Coal Meter, or any of the Persons to be employed under him, shall at any time or times hereafter, during his or their respective Continuance in Office, or Employment as aforesaid, be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatsoever, otherwise than in the Discharge of his or their said respective Offices, such Principal Lead Coal Meter is offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and such Deputy Coal Meter, and Labouring Coal Meter respectively, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and being thereof respectively convicted before the said Court of Quarter Sessions for the said County of Middlesex or Essex (according to the Jurisdiction), shall be disabled from his or their said respective Office or Employment, and be for ever disabled from holding or executing the same or any other under this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever, sold and to be sold in any Waggons, Cart or other Lead Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, and also all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sold by Gang Labour, from or over any Wharf or other Place where

Principal Lead Coal Meters to take or Oath for the Use of the Office of said Duty

Principal Meters to employ Labouring Meters.

Labouring Coal Meters shall take an Oath.

Form of Oath.

Labouring Coal Meters to attend their Stations

Hours of Attendance. Notice to be given to Meter to attend, &c.

Not attending.

Penalty.

Labouring Meters subject to the Control of Justices.

Coal Meters not to be interested in the Sale of Coals. Penalty on Principal Meters. Penalty on Deputy Meters.

Lead Coal Meters may demand from Vender or Wharfmasters a

Eight of the
Ship's Crew
men.

any Land Meter shall be stationed, situate within each Limits or District, shall, previously to such Coals being so sent away, be carefully inspected and examined by the Principal or One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters, in order that such Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter may be and be furnished that such Coals (in case of such Coals being sent away in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage), are of the Sort or Delinquency mentioned in the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vendors and Vendor of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or may be and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being to be delivered by Gang Labour) are of the Sort or Delinquency as and for which the same shall be sold; and such Meter is hereby authorized and required to demand of the Vendor or Vendors, or of the Wharfinger or other Person with whom the Ship Certificate of any of such Coals shall be left at any Wharf or Place for the Sale of any such Coals, such Ship Certificate, for the Purpose of perusing and inspecting the same, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to countersign such Ticket or Tickets, if such Meter shall be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort they are directed to be in such Ticket or Tickets, but shall not countersign the same without being so satisfied, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby also authorized and required, when the whole Quantity of Coals contained in any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereat, to write or indorse on the Back of the Certificate of such Coals, the Word "Delivered;" and if any such Vendor or Vendors, Wharfinger or other Person shall refuse or neglect to produce and deliver to any such Meter such Ship Certificate on Demand, then and in every such case every such Vendor or Vendors, Wharfinger or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any such Meter shall countersign any such Ticket or Tickets, without having first inspected such Coals, and also such Ship Certificate, and without having reasonable Ground to be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort specified in such Vendor's Ticket, or if any such Meter shall not immediately after the whole of the Coals contained in any such Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereat, demand or call for such Certificate of such Coals, or shall not immediately on such Certificate being produced indorse the same in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

And it is hereby
the Word
"Delivered" on
such Certificate.

Penalty.
Meter countersign-
ing Ticket
without having
inspected Coals,
&c.

Penalty.
Regulation
with respect to
Coals sold by
Pool Measure.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, and to be sent in any Cart, Waggon or Carriage, from any Wharf or Place within the Limits of this Act, shall be loaded in Sacks, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters of the District, which Labouring Meter is hereby authorized and required to watch and inspect the filling or loading of the Sacks wherein such Coals shall be loaded, and it shall be lawful for such Meter to measure the Dimensions of all or any of such Sacks used in any such Loading before such Sacks shall be filled or loaded; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby authorized and required when any Room or Rooms of Coals in any Lighter, Barge or Craft, are or to be in full and free from any such Wharf or other Place as and for Pool Measure by any Land Carriage, to see that the Coals so loaded and sent are in fact taken out of the particular Room or Rooms so sold, and likewise that the whole of the Coals contained in any such particular Room or Rooms so sold are in fact entirely removed out of such Room or Rooms, and loaded and sent away to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the Coals contained in such Room or Rooms; and in case such Meter shall find any Sack or Sacks used for the loading of any such Coals to be or of less Dimensions than required by this Act, or in case it shall appear to such Meter, according to the best of such Meter's Judgement, that any Sack or Sacks used in loading any such Coals do not contain when loaded such Quantity of Three Bushels of Coals, or in case such Meter shall observe that any such Coals sold as Coals of any particular Room or Rooms, shall not in fact be taken out of such particular Room or Rooms so sold or to be sold, or that the whole of the Coals contained in such particular Room or Rooms shall not be entirely emptied out of the same, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Meter to refuse to countersign the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vendor and Vendors of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; and if any Wharfinger, Coal Porter or other Person or Persons, shall in any manner obstruct, hinder or prevent such Meter in or from the Performance of any such Duty or Duties so required of such Meter by this Act, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Wharfinger, &c.
obstructing
Meter.

Penalty.
Pool Measure
Coals when sent
by Waggon.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Vendors or Vendor of, or Dealers or Dealer in any Coals sold, sent or taken away, as and for Pool Measure from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage shall be sent or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

Form of the
Vendor's Ticket
to be sent there-
with.

"MR. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Purchaser] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals, [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Name of the] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals, for subjecting the Loading and Quality of which Coals you are, on the Receipt of this Ticket, in Conformity to an Act of Parliament, made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, to pay the undersigned E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Vendor] the Sum of [Here insert the Amount of the Compensation directed by this Act to be given to such Principal Meter for the Inspection of such Coals, calculating the same as by this Act directed] being as and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat sold to, and to be received by you herewith; and by the same Act this Ticket is directed to be

* delivered to you before any of the Coals are shot out of the Cart or Waggon, and that a Buftal Measure is
 * in fuch Cart or Waggon, by which the Carman is directed to meafure gratis, under the Penalty of Ten
 * Pounds, the Coals contained in any One Sack, which the Purchafer, or his Servant or Servants may require,
 * which Sack is to contain Three Buftals heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Height of fuch Cone to be
 * at leaft Six Inches, and the Outside of the Measure to be the Katernity of the Bale of fuch Cone, and
 * that in cafe of your being difatisfied with the Coals now fent, you are entitled by the fame Act to have the
 * fame remeafured by the Buftal Measure, provided you immediately, and before any more of the Coals
 * than One Sack fhall be fent or delivered from the Cart, Waggon or Carriage in which the fame are brought,
 * fend Notice in Writing of your Defire to have the fame remeafured to any of the Lead Coal Meter's
 * Offices appointed by or by virtue of the faid Act of the Forty feventh Year, or the faid Act of the Fifty
 * fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, alfo to the Vender or Venders of fuch Coals. *E. D. [Here
 * is left the Name of the Vender] E. F. [Here is left the Name of the Meter, and the Office and Place where
 * the Office is fituated] Dated [Here is left the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when fuch Ticket
 * was figned.]*

And in cafe fuch Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, Coals, fhall not deliver or caufe to be delivered
 fuch Ticket as aforefaid, and is contravened by a Meter as aforefaid, to the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch
 Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of fuch Coals fhall be fent or delivered
 from fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with any fuch Coals as aforefaid, then and in every fuch cafe
 every fuch Vender or Venders fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten
 Pounds; and in cafe the Carman, Driver or other Perfon attending fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage
 laden with any fuch Coals as aforefaid, to whom fuch Ticket fhall have been given, by or by the Direction of
 the Vender or Venders, or any Perfon by the Order of the Vender or Venders) refufe or neglect to deliver
 fuch Ticket to the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before
 any Part of fuch Coals fhall be fent or delivered from fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every fuch Car-
 man, Driver or other Perfon aforefaid fo offending, fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not
 exceeding Ten Pounds.

XV. And he it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals, fold as
 and for Pool Measure, and fent in any Cart, Waggon or other Land Carriage from any Wharf, Warehouse
 or other Place within the Limits of this Act, or any Coals fold as and for Pool Measure, and delivered by Gang
 Labour from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Meter fhall be ftationed, Grate within fuch
 Limits; or the Occupier or Occupiers of any fuch Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, from or over which any
 fuch Coals fhall be fo fent, fhall and fuch Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or Occupier or Occupiers in
 any fuch Coals as aforefaid, be jointly and feverally bound to pay to the Principal Meter for the Execution of this Act, as and after
 the Rate of One Shilling for every Tine Childre and One Vat fo bought and fent to the Purchafer or Pur-
 chafers thereof, as and for a Compensation for the Trouble of infpecting or fuperintending the Loading and fending
 away fuch Coals, and fuch Money fhall be repaid by the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals to the
 Vender or Venders thereof.

XVI. Provided alfo, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained fhall extend, or be confined
 to extend, to hinder or prevent any Purchafer or Purchafers of any Coals, fold as and for Pool Measure, from
 fending fuch Coals to the Premifes of fuch Purchafer or Purchafers, or to any Landing Place which fuch Pur-
 chafer or Purchafers fhall appoint, (provided fuch Landing Place or Premifes be not a Coal Wharf, or Place
 where any Meter fhall by virtue of this Act be ftationed) or from having fuch Coals unloaded and delivered at
 fuch Premifes or Landing Place, either by Gang Labour or in any other manner, except as or by Means of
 any Cart, Waggon or other Land Carriage, without the Prefence, Intervention, or Infpection of any Land
 Meter, and without being fubject or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever to any
 Land Meter for or in refpect of fuch Coals; but in cafe fuch Landing Place fhall be within the Limits of this
 Act, and fuch Purchafer or Purchafers fhall require the Care or Attendance of a Land Meter, then he, he or
 they fhall have and be entitled to fuch Attendance, upon fending Notice of fuch he, he or their Defire to the
 faid Principal or any other Land Meter's Office appointed by virtue of this Act; and in fuch cafe fuch Pur-
 chafer or Purchafers fhall pay and be charged for the Attendance of fuch Meter, at and after the aforefaid
 Rate of One Shilling for every Five Childre and One Vat of fuch Coals.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That if any Purchafer of any Coals fold and fent to fuch Purchafer by
 any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, from any Place within the Limits of this Act, or of the fud rected Act,
 fhall think or fufpect that the full and lawful Measure of any fuch Coals has not been fent, and fhall, before
 the Lighterman or other Perfon having the Care or Management of fuch Lighter, Barge or other Craft, fhall
 have delivered up to the Purchafer, or to his, her or their Servant, fuch Lighter, Barge or other Craft, and
 quitted the Charge thereof, and before fuch fhall be broken up of fuch Coals, fignify his or her Defire to have
 fuch Coals remeafured, then and in every fuch cafe the Lighterman or other Perfon fent with the Lighter,
 Barge or Craft in which the fud Coals fhall be bought, fhall either continue at the Landing Place or Pre-
 mifes of the Purchafer of the fud Coals, with the fud Lighter, Barge or other Craft, until fuch Coals are
 remeafured, or fhall leave fuch Lighter, Barge or other Craft properly luffed and made fure at fuch Landing
 Place or Premifes, or as near thereto as can be, and permit the fame to remain there until fuch Coals are
 remeafured, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds on the Owner and Prefentee, and Forty Shillings on the
 Lighterman or other Perfon fent with fuch Lighter, Barge or other Craft; and the fud Purchafer fhall immedi-
 ately load or caufe to be fent to the Vender of the fud Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing that
 the fud Coals are going to be remeafured, and alfo fend Notice in Writing thereof to any One of the Offices

Vender not to
 bring Ticket
 to Purchafer.

Penalty.
 Carman not de-
 livering Ticket.

Penalty.
 Where Sum of
 Money is to be
 paid to the Me-
 ter for infpect-
 ing Coals fold
 by Pool Measure.

Building Pur-
 chafers of Coals
 fold by Pool
 Measure to have
 fuch Coals deli-
 vered without
 the Intervention
 of a Meter.

Purchafers of
 Coals fent by
 Water may leave
 the fud remeaf-
 ured, in cafe
 thereof be fud
 fpecified.
 Lighterman, &c.
 not leaving
 Lighter for fud
 Purpofe.

Penalty on the
 Owner.
 Penalty on
 Lighterman.
 Notice of re-
 meafuring by

P. *inchoat*, and
thereupon Mea-
sure to extend.

If Deficiency ap-
pear, Penalty in
Proportion.

By whom Ex-
penses of Re-
measurement
are to be paid.

Coals sold by
Coal Measure
are to be mea-
sured by Bushel,
unless at Desire
of Purchaser.
Coals sold by
Wharf Measure
are to be mea-
sured in the Presence
of a Land Coal
Meter.

Meters following
Wharf Measure
Coals are to be
measured without
being measured.

Penalty.

Five to Coal
Meters for
Wharf Measure
Coals, and by
whom paid.

Taken to
Custom
House.

of the Lead Coal Meters appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or by the said recited Act, and thereupon a Principal Meter, or one of the Labouring Meters for the Execution of this Act or the said recited Act, as the case may be (not being the Meter under whose Inspection any such Coals may have been originally loaded) shall, within Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at the Office of any such Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said recited Act, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left to remeasure the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same with the Bushel Measure in the Presence of the Vendor and Purchaser of the said Coals, or their Agents or Servants, if any of them shall attend for the Purpose of having such Coals remeasured; and in case it shall appear upon the Remeasurement of such Coals by such Principal or Labouring Coal Meter, as shall attend for the Purpose of remeasuring of such Coals, that such Coals do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then and in every such case, if such Coals have been sold as and for Pool Measure, the Vendor of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels in any One Chaldron and One Vat of Coals to remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Forty Shillings, and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Forty Shillings, and in case such Vendor of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the attended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; but in case any such Coals to remeasured and found deficient shall have been sold or delivered as and for Wharf Measure, then and so such case the Vendor of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel so found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the attended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof.

XVIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Labouring Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, and of the said recited Act, for remeasuring, shall be paid the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured by him, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, and if upon any such Remeasurement the whole of the Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then and in such case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, pay the Expenses of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then and in such case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XIX. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to require any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure to be measured by the Bush Measure previously to such Coals being loaded and first away in any Cart, Wagon or other Land Carriage; from the Vendor's Wharf or Place of Sale, unless by the Desire of the Purchaser of any such Coals.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, in Quantities exceeding Eight Bushels, and at from any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall be measured in the Presence of One of the said Labouring Coal Meters to be appointed by virtue of this Act, by the Bushel Measure heaped up as by this Act is directed, and the said Labouring Coal Meter, and every of them, shall and may, and they and he are and is hereby authorized and required to fill up any Bushel or Bushels of any such Coals as shall appear to him or them deficient or wanting in Measure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Person or Persons so vending or contracting for the sale of the said Coals, or so loading any such Coals for Sale.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Labouring Coal Meter shall willingly or willingly suffer any Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, which shall be sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, to be sent from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of his Office, without such Coals being measured in the manner herein directed, and shall not give Information thereof to the Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, within Two Days next after such Coals shall have been measured, then and in every such case such Labouring Coal Meter shall for ever thereafter be rendered incapable of acting as a Labouring Coal Meter, and forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals which shall be sold and delivered as and for Wharf Measure, at any Wharf, Warehouse or Place within the Limits of this Act, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or Place from which such Coals are taken, or by the Seller or Vendor of such Coals to the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, and thereupon such Principal Land Coal Meter is hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to every Seller of such Coals, or the Carriers who shall cart, load, drive or carry away the same, a Paper Writing, or Ticket, signed by the Principal Land Coal Meter, and countersigned by the Labouring Coal Meter attending, and delivering the same, in which shall be contained the Christian and Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vendor or Vendors, and also either the Christian and Surname or Names, or only the Surname or Names of the Purchaser or Purchasers, Customer or Customers of the said Coals, and the Quantity of such Coals, and the Day of the Week, Month and Year of the Delivery, and Admeasurement, and Amount of the Mitage Charge, and the Names of the Carriers or Persons employed to cart, load, drive or carry the same Coals, and also shall contain a Notice to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, that if he, she or they is or are dissatisfied with the Measure thereof, and shall desire to have all such Coals remeasured, such Dissatisfaction must be signified to the Carriers, before more than One Sack of such Coals is put or loaded into the Waggon, Cart or other Carriage conveying the same; and that if such Purchaser or Purchasers shall be so dissatisfied, and shall desire to have all or any of the particular Sacks remaining in such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage remeasured, he or she or they must shew the Customs of each or any of such particular Sacks, then that such Desire must be signified to the Carriers before any of the Sacks of Coals which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall desire to have remeasured, shall be put or loaded into the Cart, Wagon or other Carriage in which the same shall be sent; which

which said Ticket, being thus made complete, and Metage paid, shall be delivered endorsed by the Labouring Coal Meter, counterfeiting the same without Delay in the Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, drive or load the Coals delivered in such Ticket, to the Purchaser or Casemaker therein named, which said Ticket unaltered, the said Carman or Person therein named to be employed to cart, carry, load or drive the Coals in such Ticket delivered, shall and he is hereby required to deliver to the respective Casemakers or Purchasers therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals delivered in such Ticket for the Use of such Purchaser or Casemaker, and whosoever he, he or they stand are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in such Ticket, the Metage therein specified, and if the Labouring Coal Meter counterfeiting such Ticket shall after Payment or Vendor of the Metage charged in pursuance of this Act, refuse to deliver such Ticket as aforesaid directed to the Carman or Person employed to cart, load, drive or carry the Coals therein delivered, such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and if such Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, load or drive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, shall, after the same Ticket shall have been so delivered to him by the Labouring Coal Meter counterfeiting the same, either after or neglect, or refuse to deliver the same Ticket to the Purchaser or Casemaker therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, such Carman or Person employed to cart, load or drive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Wharfinger or Dealer in Coals shall directly or indirectly give or offer, or cause to be given or offered to the Principal or any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Suspensor per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Charges and Metage of Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vat of Coals sold by Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Suspensor for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter appointed or to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall deliver or cause to be delivered a false or counterfeited Ticket to any Dealer, Vendor, Casemaker, Carman or other Person, with intent to prejudice or defraud any Person or Persons whatsoever, or shall take or receive from any Dealer or Vendor of Coals any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Suspensor per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Metage Charge for Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vat of Coals sold by the Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Suspensor for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, or if such Principal Land or Labouring Coal Meter shall wilfully permit or suffer to be made false Measure for any Coals, or shall deliver a Meter's Ticket for any Quantity of Coals, the Whole of which he shall have not been measured, or shall counterfeits any Vendor's Ticket for any Coals, without having inspected such Coals, or without having taken Care that the whole of the Coals contained, sold is, and to be delivered out of any particular Room or Rooms of any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been fully completely emptied out of and loaded from such particular Room or Rooms so sold, then and in every such case every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever serving thereafter in the Office of a Coal Meter.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Quantity whatsoever of Coals exceeding Eight Bushels sold, or to be sold, or and for Wharf Measure, shall be sent or driven in any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, or carried by Gang Labour, from any Wharf, Warehouse or Place, situate within the Limits of this Act, without having been measured by such Bushel Measure as is directed and delivered by the said recited Act, or without such Meter's Ticket as aforesaid is signed and counterfeited as aforesaid having been first obtained, or if such Ticket as aforesaid shall not be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers of any such Coals, before any Part of such Coals are sent or delivered upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Sack shall be made use of in the Delivery of Coals from any Shop, Velf, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Part of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange, except such Sack shall be made of Linnen, and shall have been first sealed and marked with White Paint or Oil, at Guildhall, London, or at the Excise Office, Westminster, by the proper Officer there, and shall at the time of making use of such Sack measure in the Inside thereof at least Four Feet and Two Inches in Length, by Two Feet and One Inch in Breadth; and no Sack shall be sealed or marked which shall not, at the time of the marking or sealing thereof, measure in the Inside thereof Four Feet and Four Inches in Length, and Two Feet and Two Inches in Breadth; and if any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals, shall after or cause to be used, any Sack or Sacks for delivering or carrying Coals within the several and respective Cities, Liberties and Parts aforesaid, not sealed or marked as aforesaid, or of less Length at the time of using the same than Four Feet and Two Inches at the least, in the Inside thereof, or of less Breadth than Two Feet and One Inch at the least, in the Inside thereof, then and in every such case every such Vendor of, or Dealer in, or Carrier of Coals, shall for every such Sack so unsealed, or deficient in Length or Breadth, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, not less than Twenty Shillings; and the Justice or Justices before whom such Compositions shall take place shall cause every such Sack so sealed unsealed or deficient, either in Length or Breadth, to be destroyed; Provided always, that the Coals to be delivered

Delivered in
accord by
Labouring Coal
Meter

Labouring Meter
not selling or
delivering Ticket
to Casemaker
Casemaker
Casemaker not
delivering Ticket
to Purchaser.

Principal
Wharfinger
using Sacks in
Meters.

Principal
Meters not
using Sacks, or
delivering false
Ticket

Principal.

Vendor not
delivering a Meter's
Ticket and Wharf
Measure Coals.

Principal.

Sacks to be
sealed and
marked.

Dimensions of
Sacks.

Vendor, Ac.
using Sacks not
sealed, too, and
not of proper
Dimensions.

Principal.

Principal.

by Gaug Labour may be counted without the Use of such Sacks; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal Meter to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall use, or knowingly permit or suffer any Sack or Sacks to be made use of for the measuring or carrying of Coals, of less Dimensions than such Sacks as are directed to be used for that Purpose by this Act, at any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, then and in every such case every such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Bushel shall be kept or made use of for or in the Admeasurement of any Coals sold within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, which shall not be such Bushel as is described in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty King Anne, intitled *An Act for the Study and official profiting of the Navigation of the River of Thames, by Jugging the Breech in the Levels of Hammer and Dagbam, in the County of Essex, and for establishing the Coal Measure, and which shall not have been first stamped or marked by the proper Officer at the Excise Office at Westminster, or at the Guildhall London, previously to the same being so kept or used, and that every such Bushel, previously to being so stamped or marked, shall be fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper Hoops, and shall be so stamped or marked with a Steel Instrument on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop, and that every such Bushel shall be kept without any Alteration or Diminution; and that in making use of such Bushel all Coals shall be duly heaped up in such Bushel in the Form of a Cone, such Cone to be of the Height of at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Bushel to be the Extremity of the Side of such Cone, and that such and every Children of Coals shall consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped, and so in Proportion for any lesser Quantity; and if any Dealer or Dealers in, or Vendor or Vendors of Coals within such Limits as aforesaid, shall keep or make use of, or cause to be kept or made use of, any Bushel in the Admeasurement of any Coals other than such Bushel as aforesaid, or shall in anywise decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamped as aforesaid, or shall permit his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any Person or Persons whatsoever to do, then and in every such case such Dealer or Dealers in, or Vendor or Vendors of Coals so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any such Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of any Dealer or Dealers, or Vendor or Vendors, shall make use of in adulterating of any Coals any Bushel other than such Bushel as aforesaid stamped as aforesaid, or if any such Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever shall in any manner decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamped as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Servant or Servants, or such other Person or Persons respectively for every such Offence shall be committed to the House of Correction, by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County, Town or Place where such Offence shall be committed, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.*

XXIX. Provided always, that be it enacted, That if any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold as and for Wharf Measure shall be dissatisfied with the Measurement which shall have been made of any such Coals at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale within the Limits of this Act, by or under the Inspection of the Labouring Land Coal Meter stationed or attending at such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, before such Coals are sent away from such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale, in Word, or cause to be sent, to the Office of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, Notice in Writing, signifying the Defect of such Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, to have such Coals remeasured, and then and in such case such Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters of or from such Office, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at such Office, attend to remeasure the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same, Sack by Sack, by the Bushel Measure, in the Presence of such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, or Agents or Servants, and for such Remeasurement such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Principal Coal Meter the Sum of Sixpence for every Children of Coals so remeasured; and in case it shall appear, upon such Remeasurement, that the Coals be remeasured shall exceed the Quantity for which the same were sold, then and in such case, if such Excess shall be equal or amount to or exceed Two Bushels in any Children so remeasured, the Meter who first measured such Coals shall for every Bushel so exceeding such Quantity as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings, together with all the Expenses of such Remeasurement.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Cartman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals from any Shop, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Kent, Surrey and Essex, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall not have placed on some conspicuous Part of his Cart, Waggon or Carriage, a perfect Bushel Measure of the Form, Size or Dimensions, and so stamped or marked as heretofore directed, (which Measure shall be provided by the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals,) then and in every such case every such Cartman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon

Meter permit-
ting Sacks to be
used of less than
Dimensions.

Penalty.

What Bushel
Measure is to
be made use of.

33 Ann. Stat. c.
617, § 11, 15.
To be stamped.

Vendor, &c.
using Bushel not
stamped.

Penalty.

Disabling
Bushel.
Impairments.

Vendors, &c. of
Coals sold to
Wharf Measures,
if dissatisfied,
may have them
remeasured.

Notice of Defect
of Remeasurement.

Fee for Remeas-
urement.

Excess of
Quantity.

Penalty.

Cartman to carry
a Bushel Measure
in his Cart.

To be provided
by Vendors, &c.

Waggon or other Carriage, not having such Buftel Measure fo placed therein or thereon, fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of fuch Coals, fhall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that Coals which fhall be carried or conveyed in Bulk, or in any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage belonging to the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals, may be fo carried or conveyed without the Carman being obliged to carry a Buftel Measure therewith, or any Perfon or Perfons being fubject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties in refpect thereof, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, fold and fent as and for Wharf Measure, from any Ship, Veffel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the faid Port of London, or within the faid refpective Cities of London or Weftminfter, or the refpective Liberties thereof, or within fuch Part or Parts of the faid refpective Counties of Middlefex, Surrey, Kent or Effex, as is or are Situate within the Diftrict of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange, and to be delivered to the Purchafer or Purchafers thereof from any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, fhall, and he and they it and are required to deliver or caufe to be delivered, a printed Ticket or Paper, and fuch Carman, Driver, or other Perfon fhall and is required to deliver or caufe to be delivered, the faid Ticket is received from fuch Vender to the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, fhall be fent or delivered therefrom, and every fuch Ticket or Paper fhall be in the Words and Form following:

VENDER'S TICKET.

"MR. A. B. [Here infert the Name of the Buyer] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [Here infert the Number] Sacks of [Here infert the Name of the] Coals, [Here infert the Number] Sacks of [Here infert the Name of the] Coals, [Here infert the Number] Sacks of [Here infert the Name of the] Coals; and that by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, the Carman is directed to deliver this Ticket, before he fhoots any of the Coals out of his Cart or Waggon, and that a Buftel Measure is in fuch Cart or Waggon, by which the Carman is directed to meafure gratis [under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds] the Coals contained in any One Sack which the Purchafer or his Servant may require, which Sack is to contain Three Buftels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Gunders of the Measure being the Exceffivity of the Buftel thereof. C. D. [Here infert the Name of the Vender.] E. F. [Here infert the Name of the Labouring Man, in cafe of the Coals being fent from within-vithin of the Diftrict of the faid refpective Officers.] Dated [Here infert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when fuch Ticket was figned.]

And in cafe any fuch Vender or Vendors fhall not deliver, or caufe to be delivered, fuch Ticket as aforefaid to the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants before any Part of fuch Coals fhall be fent or delivered from fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every fuch Vender or Vendors fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in cafe the Carman, Driver or other Perfon ftanding fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any fuch Coals aforefaid, to whom fuch Ticket fhall have been given by or by the Direction of the Vender, in order to be delivered to the Purchafer, fhall (having fo firft received the faid Ticket from the Vender or any Perfon by the Vender's Order) refufe or neglect to deliver fuch Ticket as aforefaid to the Buyer or Buyers of fuch Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of fuch Coals fhall be fent or delivered from fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every fuch Carman, Driver or other Perfon aforefaid, fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchafer or Purchafers thereof by the Vender or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers to fuch Coals, from any Ship, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the faid Port of London, or within the faid refpective Cities of London and Weftminfter, or the refpective Liberties thereof, or within fuch Part or Parts of the refpective Counties of Middlefex, Surrey, Kent and Effex, as is or are Situate within the Diftrict of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforefaid, fhall, and he is hereby directed to meafure gratis, if he fhall be required fo to do, the Coals contained in any one of the Sacks contained in fuch Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, which may be chofen by the Purchafer or Purchafers of the faid Coals, or his or their Servant or Servants, or any Perfon or Perfons acting on the behalf of fuch Purchafer or Purchafers, with fuch Buftel Measure as aforefaid, in order that fuch Purchafer or Purchafers may be better enabled to judge of the Necessity of having the Whole of fuch Coals remeafured in manner directed by this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart or Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchafer or Purchafers by the Vender or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in fuch Coals, from any Ship, Veffel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the faid Port of London, or within the faid refpective Cities of London and Weftminfter, or the refpective Liberties thereof, or within fuch Part or Parts of the faid refpective Counties of Middlefex, Surrey, Kent and Effex, as is or are Situate within the Diftrict of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforefaid, fhall neglect or refufe to meafure by the faid Buftel Measure, fuch Sacks of Coals in manner herein directed, when thereto required by the Purchafer or Purchafers of fuch Coals, or by his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Perfon or Perfons acting by or under the Authority of fuch Purchafer or Purchafers to be meafured, or if any fuch Carman or Driver fhall drive away, or permit or fuffer the

Carman not having fuch Buftel Measure on Carman and Vender, Penalties for Coals carried in Bulk.

Vendors to deliver Tickets of Coals sold by Wharf Measure.

Vender not delivering Ticket.

Penalty. Carman not delivering fuch Ticket as Purchafer.

Penalty.

Carman required to meafure One Sack given in fuch Cart.

Carman driving Coals away without meafuring the Sack.

the said Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be driven away without answering in manner herein directed the said Sack of Coals, or shall binder, abridge or otherwise prevent the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever from answering the said Bailed Measure, or all or any Sack or Sacks in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, then and in every such case every such Cartman or Driver is offending fully, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds; and the Vendor or Vendors of, or the Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds.

Paidy on Car-
man and on
Vendor.

Coal lost by
Lost Carriage
to be reansured
if defied by the
Purchaser

Cartman driving
away before Re-
measuresment.

Penalty.

Purchaser to
send Notice to
Dealer's Office,
if defies to
have Coals re-
measured.

Lieutenant Me-
ter is wanted.

Vendor or Pur-
chaser not at-
tending,
Meter may
proceed.

For the Reman-
gements.
If Delinquency
appears.

Paidy on
Vendor.

Penalty on
Vendor.

Paidy on Me-
ter.

Paidy on Coal
Dealers.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall be defrauded with the Measure of any Coals sold or to be delivered within the Limits of this Act, or of the said recited Act, and sent to his, her or them, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall signify to the Cartman, or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, his, her or their Desire to have the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or any Part of such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Cartman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, in which such Coals shall be brought, shall, and he is hereby required to continue and remain at the House, Lodging or other Premises of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, with such Coals, and the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, until such Coals are remeasured; and if any such Cartman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer to be driven away, any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, before the Coals contained therein shall be remeasured, without the Consent of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, then and in every such case such Cartman or Driver shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That each Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, so defrauded such Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be remeasured, shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required to send or cause to be sent to the Vendor or Vendors of the said Coals, or to his, her or their Wharf, Warehouse or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be remeasured, and such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required forthwith to send Notice in Writing to any One of the Officers of the said Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of the said Act, or of the Office of the Principal Land Coal Meters appointed by virtue of the said recited Act, of his, her or their Desire to have such Coals remeasured, and thereupon a Principal Meter, or One of the Lieutenants of the said Meter is to be sent by or by virtue of the said Act, or of the said recited Act, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing, left at the Office of any such Principal Land Coal Meter aforesaid, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left at the House, Lodgings or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers as shall be expressed in such Notice, for the Purpose of remeasuring the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same in the Presence of the Vendor or Vendors, and Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or of his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, if they or any of them shall attend to see the same remeasured, and in case such Vendor or Vendors, or Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, shall not attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals so remeasured, then such Meter shall proceed on the measuring of such Coals to his, her or their Absence, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required, at the Option of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, to remeasure such Coals either by the distinct Sacks, or as to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack of such Coals which shall remain in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or else to remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and in case the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall not either before or immediately upon the Arrival of such Meter specially or cause to be specified to such Meter his or their Option or Desire as to which of the said Two Ways he or they would wish such Remeasurement to be taken or made as, then and in every such case such Meter shall proceed as remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and for each Remeasurement such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meters of and from the Office to which Notice shall have been sent as aforesaid, Suppose for every Children of Coals so remeasured; and in case, upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals which shall be so remeasured as to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack thereof, it shall appear to the Meter is remeasuring the first, that any Sack or Sacks of such Coals shall not contain Three Bushels, then and in every such case the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall for every Sack of Coals that shall be so found deficient on such Remeasurement forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals as aforesaid which shall be remeasured in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks wherein the same shall have been first taken together, it shall appear to such Meter as aforesaid that the Coals thus remeasured do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then if such last mentioned Coals shall have been sold as and for Wharf Measure, the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and also forfeit every Children of Coals so found deficient or wanting in Measure as and for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Coals shall be so remeasured, and the Lieutenants Meter under whose Inspection the Coals were first measured shall, for every Bushel so deficient, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings; and the Coal Porters who shall have first measured such Coals for the Vendor or Vendors thereof shall, for every Bushel of Coals so wanting, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence; but if any such Coals so remeasured in the manner last mentioned, and so found to amount to less than the Quantity for which the same were sold shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure,

then the Vendor or Vender of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels, and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat, be resealed, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat, be resealed, then and in such case such Vendor or Vender of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided nevertheless, that as such Coals be sold and first shall be resealed, so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals taken together, after more than One Sack of such Coals shall have been shot or delivered from such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage into or upon the Possession of such Purchaser or Purchasers, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Reassessment of any Coals sold and sent as and for Pool Measure by any Wagon, Cart or other Land Carriage, and which Reassessment shall have been made in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, the Coals so resealed shall be found to be less or more than the Rate of Three Bushels for each Sack, according to the Number of Sacks specified in the Vendor's Ticket of such Coals, then the Meter who counterweighed such Vendor's Ticket of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency or Excess shall exceed Four Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat of such Coals so resealed, forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so exceeding or be deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat, the sum of Twenty Shillings.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon any such Reassessment, which shall be so made as to ascertain the whole Quantity contained in all the Sacks taken together, of any such Coals sold and sent as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, the whole of such Coals so resealed shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then the Vendor or Vender of such Coals, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of such Reassessment; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals; and if upon any such Reassessment, which shall be made as to ascertain the Quantity contained in each and every of the particular Sacks, of any Coals sold as and for Wharf or Pool Measure it shall be found that One fourth Part or more of the Number of the Sacks of such Coals sold and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, do not contain the Quantity of Three Bushels each respectively, then the Vendor or Vender of such Coals shall repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of the Reassessment thereof; but if the Number of such particular Sacks so found deficient shall not amount to One fourth Part of the whole Number of the Sacks of such Coals so sold and sent, then and in such case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That after any such Notice as by this Act directed shall have been given by or on the behalf of any Purchaser or Purchasers, at any of the said Principal Land Meter's Offices, appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said recited Act, requiring the Attendance of any Meter from any of such Offices, for the Purpose of reweighing any Coals, sold either for Wharf or Pool Measure, then, and in every such case, the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being at any of such respective Office or Offices, where such Notice shall have been given or sent, is and are hereby authorized and required to send a Labouring Meter or Meters, from his or their Office or respective Offices, for the Purpose of making the Reassessments, and such respective Labouring Meters, or Labouring Meter shall, and are, and is hereby required and authorized to reweigh any such Coals which they or he shall be so sent to reweigh, whether the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall, or not, be desirous of having such Reassessment proceeded in, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters, appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said second Act, after having received any such Notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse, within the Space of Two Hours after the Receipt of such Notice, to send a Labouring Meter or Meters to the Heale, Lading or other Possession of such Purchaser or Purchasers accordingly; or if any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall refuse or neglect to reweigh such Coals, then, and in every such case, any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters, and Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters, so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any such Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, shall prevent, obstruct or interrupt, or attempt to prevent any such Reassessment being proceeded in and made by such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters, sent by any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters in consequence of any such Notice, then, and in every such case, such Purchaser or Purchasers, or other Person or Persons, so offending, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage shall be loaded or destined for the Purpose or under Pretence of reweighing the Coals, or any Part less thereon, the Owner of every such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, shall be entitled to the Sum of Three Shillings per Hour, for every Hour the Cart shall be so detained, and so in proportion for any Fraction of an Hour: and above the usual Cartage of such Coals, which Three Shillings per Hour shall be paid by the Vendor of the said Coals, in case the same or any Part thereof shall upon the Reassessment thereof be found deficient in Measure, or by the Purchaser of such Coals, in case the same shall not be resealed, or shall upon such Reassessment be found to amount to the Quantity for which such Coals were sold.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight, at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be sent in any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, shall be sold or weighed by the Hundred Weight, each Hundred Weight consisting of One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupois Weight, and Twenty such Hundred Weight shall

Purchaser on Vendor in proportion to Deficiency.

How far the Reassessment if more than One Sack shall.

In case of any Coals sold for Pool Measure pricing deficient on such Reassessment, Penalty on Meter.

By whom the Expenses of such Reassessment are to be paid.

Principal Meters not sending a Labouring Meter to weigh the Coals.

Upon Notice,

or Labouring Meter not attending. Penalty. Purchaser obstructing Reassessment.

Penalty.

Carriage to be paid for being kept.

Repayment to Coals sold by Weight.

Labouring Me-
ter to record the
Weighing, &c.

In what case
Meter is con-
sidered Tolerant.

Fee to Principal
Meter.

Vender's Ticket
to be first with
Coals sold by
Weight.

be and be deemed and taken to be Our Ton; and all such Coals so to be sold shall be weighed and loaded at such Wharf or Warehouse or other Place of Sale, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Meters to be appointed pursuant to this Act, and such Labouring Meter is hereby authorized and required to superintend and inspect the weighing and loading of all such Coals to be sold by the Weight, in order that such Meter may see and be satisfied that in every such loading the full Weight of Coals is actually given, which shall be expressed in the Vender's Ticket, and such Meter may refuse to concur in the Vender's Ticket of any such Coals, in case such Meter shall not see that the full and proper Weight shall be given, according to the Quantity which shall be expressed in such Vender's Ticket, but such Meter shall, and be a lawfully required to concur in the same, in case the proper Weight shall be given according to such Quantity of Coals expressed in such Vender's Ticket; and for each Inspection of such Coals to be sold by Weight there shall be paid by the Vender or Venders thereof, or by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or other Place from whence such Coals shall be sent, to the principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, stipence for every Ton of Coals so weighed under the Meter's Inspection, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than One Ton, and such Sum of Money shall be repaid to such Vender or Venders by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals to be sold by Weight within the Limits of this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, immediately on the Arrival of the Cart, Wagon or other Carriage in which such Coals shall be sent, and before any of such Coals shall be unloaded, a Paper or Ticket in the Form following; that is to say,

"*M. R. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Buyer.]* Take Notice, That you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*] Tons [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, for inspecting which Coals you are, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, to repay me the underigned [*Here insert the Name of the Seller*] the Sum of [*Here insert the Amount of the*] *Inspection Charge* being at and after the Rate of Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold to and to be received by you herewith."

(Signed)

C. D. [*Here insert the Name of the Seller.*]

(Counter-signed)

E. F. [*Here insert the Name of the Meter.*]

Vender on de-
livering Ticket.

And in case such Vender or Vender do not deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Ticket as aforesaid, and so counter-signed by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals are unloaded, every such Vender shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver of, or other Person attending any such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals to whom any such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Order of the Vender, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having first received the same from the Vender or any Person by the Direction of the Vender) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be unloaded, such Carman, Driver or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.
Common act
delivering same
to Purchaser.

Penalty.
Coals to be sold
either by
Weight, or by
the Chaldron or
Bushel.

XLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold within the Limits of this Act, save and except only such Coals as shall be sold by Weight in manner aforesaid, shall be sold either by the Chaldron, such Chaldron to consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped up as aforesaid, or else by such Bushel as aforesaid, or by the Half Bushel, Peck or Half Peck, provided such smaller Measures shall be none the less Part of such Bushel Measure, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The firing up of
the Furnace Gate of
Coals in a Ware-
house not to be
permitted, pro-
vided such Coals
be kept in dif-
ferent Piles,
&c.

XLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend or be taken or construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from laying or heaping up for Sale in any Warehouse or Repository, or other convenient Place, any Quantities whatsoever of Coals of as many Sorts, Names or Descriptions as he, she or they shall respectively think fit, provided such different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals be respectively laid and kept in such Warehouse or other Repository in separate and distinct Piles, and wholly unmingled; and provided no such Coals be sold by any other than Wharf Measure, or without the true Name or Names of every or any of such Sorts of such Coals as shall be sold and sent from any such Warehouse or other Repository being expressed in the Vender's Ticket to be sent therewith to any Purchaser or Purchasers, and if any such Vender or Venders, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall sell or cause to be sold by any other than by Wharf Measure any Coals out of any such Warehouse or other Repository in which Two or more different Sorts of Coals may be stored or deposited, or shall not insert or cause to be inserted in the Vender's Ticket to be sent with such Coals the true Name or Names of each and every Sort of such Coals as shall be sent from or out of any such Warehouse, Repository or other Place, to any Purchaser or Purchasers, then, and in every such case, every such Vender or Dealer so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Vender, by
filling by such
Measures such
Coals.

Penalty.
Provision re-
specting Coal
Sheds or Ware-
houses where
Coals are sold in
Quantities not
exceeding Half
a Chaldron.

XLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, who shall keep any Coal Shed, Shop or Warehouse, where Coals shall be sold in Quantities not greater than Half a Chaldron, and where no Coals shall ever be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, from mixing or heaping up together, or causing to be mixed or heaped up together in such Shed, Shop or

Warehouse, any Quantity or Quantities whatsoever, of any and as many different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions of Coals, as he, he or they, shall respectively think fit, or from selling or causing to be sold, such Coals when so mixed: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals, when so mixed, shall be sold as, for and by the Name of 'Mixed Coals,' and shall not be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, nor shall be sold at any other Place than at the Shop, Shed or Warehouse, where the same shall have been mixed.

XLV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from selling or causing to be sold, any Mixed Coals whatsoever, which shall have been mixed at any time before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals shall be sold as, and for, and shall be delivered in the Vendor's Ticket to be sent therewith, as, and for, and by the Name of 'Warehouse Coals.'

XLVI. And he it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act, or by virtue of the Powers and Authorities thereof imposed (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise lawfully directed), not exceeding Twenty Pounds, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month after the Offence or Offences committed; and all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall be levied and recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the Offence shall be committed, and such Justice or Justices it and are lawfully empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders, at the time and Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices it and are lawfully empowered to administer), such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices, and the Overplus of the Money (if any) raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be remitted to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for Want of Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, or City, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, which such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid, and One Moiety of all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, when paid, shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or shall be applied in such manner for carrying this Act into Execution, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place shall direct.

XLVII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace as before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County, City or Place where such Conviction shall be made, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Determination of the Court therein, and such Justices in such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm, or quash and annul, the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party, as to them the said Justices shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereto in anywise notwithstanding.

XLVIII. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be paid for, to summon before him or them any Person or Persons who shall in or by the Complaint or Informations made to him or them appear to be a necessary Witness as to the Matters thereby charged, to appear before him or them at a time and Place to be specified in the Summons, and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear according to such Summons, then upon due Proof of the Service of such Summons in manner aforesaid, such Person so summoned and not appearing in Compliance therewith, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner and by such Ways and Means as is lawfully directed as to other Penalties; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to cause such Person so apprehended by Warrant, under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of such Justice or Justices, and to be brought before him or them, and thereupon, whether such Person shall appear upon Summons as aforesaid, or shall be apprehended as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices shall and may proceed to examine him or her upon Oath, as to the Matter of such Complaint or Informations, and in case such Person shall refuse to be sworn or to answer, or to give Evidence therein, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person so refusing to be sworn, or to answer or to give Evidence as aforesaid, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the City, County or Place in or for which such Justice or Justices shall then act, there to remain for any Space of Time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

XLIX. And he it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons upon his, her or their Examination upon Oath, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, acting in Execution of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly

Mixing Coals.

Penalty.

Proviso for the Sale of Coals already mixed.

Penalties not exceeding Twenty Pounds to be recovered before Justice of the Peace.

Appeal to the Quarter Sessions.

Certiorari.

Summoning Witnesses.

Witnesses not appearing. Penalty.

Witnesses refusing to be sworn, &c. Imprisonment.

Perjury.

give false Evidence, touching any matter or thing relating to this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall take or make any false Oath or Affidavit, with respect to any matter or thing relating to this Act, every such Person is offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be, and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties, as by any Law in Force and Effect Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Penalties above
Twenty Pounds
how to be re-
covered.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by this Act imposed for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Windsor*, wherein an *Esseign*, Protection, Wager of Law, or any more than One Imparance shall be allowed, by the Person or Persons who shall inform and for the same within Three Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences shall be committed, and One Month of all such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be in and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moneys thereof (together with Double Costs of Suit) shall be to and for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

Distress not to
be used for want
of Term.

L.I. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Distress or want of Term in the Summons, Condemn, Warrant of Distress or the Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards corrected by the Party or Parties distraining, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage sustained in any Action on the case.

Form of Con-
viction.

L.II. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, *to-wit*,

‘BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord
A. D. is completed before me,
One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ [Here specify the
County, and the time and Place when and where committed, as the case may be] contrary to an Act of Parlia-
ment made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intimated [Here insert the Title
of said Act.] Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first above written.’

Plaintiff not to
recover above
Twelve of
Arrears.

L.III. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action, to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Twenty one Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action, if Tender of sufficient Arrears hath been made to him, her or them, or his, her or their Attorney, by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceeding, Order and Judgment shall be made and given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Limitation of
Action.

L.IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County where the Cause of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty one Days' Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be convicted or otherwise by, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Double Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

Double Costs.

Act not to alter
or extend
47 G. 3. Act. 3.
c. 68.

L.V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to amend, alter or vary any Part or Parts of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but that the said Act, and all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the Act had not been made.

Commence-
ment of Act.

L.VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take place from and after the First Day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Public Act.

L.VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xlii.

21 G. 3. c. 109.
53 G. 3. c. 26.

An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for constructing a Harbour at *Portlouis*, in *Newry Bay*, in the County of *Carmarthen*. [1815 May 18:6.]

Cap.

Cap. xiii.

An Act to enlarge, amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and lighting the City of *Hereford*, and removing Nuisances therein; and for enabling the Corporation of the said City to sell and apply the Produce of certain Messuages and Lands in establishing Market Places, and otherwise improving the said City. [21st May 1816.]

14 G. 3. c. 24.

Cap. xiv.

An Act for enlarging the Town and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Church in and for the Parish of *Newry*, in the Counties of *Down* and *Armagh*. [21st May 1816.]

14 G. 3. c. 200.

Cap. xv.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *West Cowes*, in the Isle of *Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for establishing a Market within the said Town. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act for paving and improving the Footways, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets and other Public Pallages and Places in the Town of *Abingdon*, in the County of *Wilt*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xvii.

An Act to repeal a certain Part of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled *An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at Woolwich, in the County of Kent*. [21st May 1816.]

27 G. 3. c. 28.
in Enacting the
Differences in con-
sisting of the
Act, which the
River in Two
Miles, repealed.

Cap. xviii.

An Act for repairing and altering the Parish Church of *Saint George the Martyr*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for making further Provision for the Rector of the said Parish. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Turnpike from *Peak Forest* to *Boar*, and from *Peak Forest* afterwards, to or near to *Woodlands*, all in the County of *Derby*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from near *Gatton Lodge*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Penny Croft*, in the said County. (s) [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Roads leading from the Town of *Leominster*, in the County of *Hereford*. (s) [21st May 1816.]

40 G. 3. c. 22.
continued.

[Additional Proviso. One Toll to cease, and Two full Tolls granted.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the *Lyme Turnpike Road* in the Parish of *Gillingham*, to *Stidmoad*, in the County of *Devon*. (s) [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Bewton*, in the County of *Park*, to join the Great North Road, near *Sunderland Bridge*, in the County of *Darham*. [21st May 1816.]

23 G. 3. c. 27.

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Paradiseburg*, in the County of *West*, to *River*, all in the Parish of *Sevensands* in the said County. (s) [21st May 1816.]

23 G. 3. c. 24.
23 G. 3. c. 24.
28 G. 3. c. 128.
repealed.

Cap. xxv.

An Act for altering and amending several Acts in regard to the Duty of Two Pennies Scots upon every Part of Ale and Beer sold in the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent. [21st May 1816.]

3 G. 3. c. 5.
9 G. 3. c. 12.
10 G. 3. c. 9.
18 G. 3. c. 14.

Cap. xxvi.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for imposing and continuing a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or the Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Sawt of Ale and Beer which shall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped or sold within the Town of *Beverly* and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Lincoln*, and for extending the same over the Parish of *Beverly*; for repairing the Harbour of the said Town; and for other other Purposes therein mentioned. [21st May 1816.]

27 G. 3. c. 31.
1 G. 3. c. 90.
24 G. 3. c. 91.
continued in
32 Years, &c.

Cap.

6 G. 2. c. 3.
3 G. 2. c. 5.
9 G. 3. c. 57.
continued 42
Towns, &c. after
Expiration of
73 G. 3. c. 49.
21 G. 3. c. 77.
26 G. 3. c. 13.
45 G. 3. c. 78.
As far as not
hitherto repealed
severally.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or One Sixth Part of a Tenny Shilling, upon every Pint of Ale or Beer vended or sold within the Towns of *Alford*, *refo*, and Privileges thereof; for supplying the said Towns with Fresh Water; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [31st May 1805.]

Cap. xxxvii.

An Act for amending several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle* and *South Levels*, Part of the *Great Level* of the Fens called *Brayford Level*, and other Lands therein contained; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouse*, in the County of *Northfolk*, and of the several Rivers commencing therefrom. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxviii.

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for building a new Parish Church and a Parochial Chapel in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Huddersfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. xli.

An Act to enable the Lord Provost, Magistrates and Council of the City of *Edinburgh* to carry into effect certain Purposes as regard to the Erection of a Chapel at the West End of *Princes Street*, and for effecting certain Improvements in the Neighbourhood thereof, and in other Parts of the extended Royalty of the said City. [31st May 1815.]

Cap. xlii.

23 G. 3. c. 77.
34 G. 3. c. 178.

An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of the Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a new Gaol and other Buildings for the County and City of *Edinburgh*; and to alter and amend Two Acts of the Forty third and Forty sixth Years of His present Majesty, in regard to the Statute Labour of the *Middle District* of the said County. [31st May 1815.]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Knight*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. xliiii.

7 Ann.
27 Ann.
32 G. 2. c. 16.
3 G. 3. c. 46.
26 G. 3. c. 37.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Port, Harbour and Town of *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; and for better supplying the said Town with Water. [31st May 1825.]

Cap. xlv.

An Act for altering, amending and explaining Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for widening and improving the Street leading from *Tower Hill* to the Street called *Upper East Smithfield*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. xli.

48 G. 3. c. 14.
30 G. 3. c. 5.
7 G. 3. c. 65.
48 G. 3. c. 18.
repealed.

An Act for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of *Warwick*. (s) [31st May 1816.]

[Additional Tynholm.]

Cap. xlii.

23 G. 3. c. 78.
34 G. 3. c. 178.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Aldersburgh* to *Bafegrove*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Berk* and *Southampton*. (s) [31st May 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xliii.

48 G. 3. c. 13.
47 G. 3. c. 72.
37 G. 3. c. 11.
repealed.

An Act for amending the Road from *Dudley Hill* through *Bardwellshaw* to *Killinghall*, and from *Beckwithshaw* to the South well Corner of *Harrogate* Inclosure, and for making and maintaining a Branch therefrom to *Bradford*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (s) [31st May 1816.]

[Additional Tynholm.]

Cap. xlv.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Darlington Bridge to the west Northern Part of Tail-coat-Hill in East Lane, in the County of Bedford, and also the Road branching out of the said last mentioned Road to Stables Wharf, in the said County. [31st May 1816.] 29 G. 3. c. 119.
31 G. 3. c. 119.

[Additional Tithes.]

Cap. l.

An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road leading from the Limits of the Counties of Edinburgh and Leicestershire, into the Borough of Leicester, with a Branch towards Rugeley, in the County of Leicestershire. (b) [31st May 1816.] 43 G. 3.
[Former Tithes to cease and New Tithes granted.]

Cap. ii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts, so far as the same relate to the Roads from Birmingham through Walsley, to High Ballin, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Warwick, Worcester and Stafford. [31st May 1816.] 13 G. 3.
31 G. 3. c. 22.
32 G. 3. c. 110.
37 G. 3. c. 73.

Cap. iii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from Biggleswade to Alconbury Hill, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Bedford and Huntingdon. (a) [31st May 1816.] 13 G. 3. c. 56.
31 G. 3. c. 9.
31 G. 3. c. 21.
32 G. 3. c. 105.
33 G. 3. c. 98.
repealed.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Roads from Shrewsbury through Shiffray in the County of Salop, and Coovers in the County of Flint, to Wrexham in the County of Denbigh, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far as relate to the Edgware District of the said Roads. (b) [31st May 1816.] 15 G. 3. c. 12.
29 G. 3. c. 92.
31 G. 3. c. 113.

[Additional Tithes. Former Tithes to cease, new Tithes granted.]

Cap. lv.

An Act to amend an Act of the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Parish of Saint James, within the Liberty of Highgate, and another Act of the Fifth Year of King James the Second, for erecting the said Parish. [20th June 1816.] 2 G. 3. c. 31.

Cap. lv.

An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-second and Twenty-third Years of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, for making the Manor of Paris Garden a Parish, and to enable the Parsonage of Saint Lawrence's, Southward to take a Maintenance for Ministers, and for Repairs of their Church; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [20th June 1816.] 24 & 25 Geo. 2.
c. 5 repealed as respects the Amount of the Rent paid by Rents.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, in Southwark, in the County of Surrey; and for other Purposes relating thereto. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lvii.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and otherwise improving the Town of Bury, in the County of Devon, and for better effecting those Purposes. [20th June 1816.] 23 G. 3. (1)
to be added to the Rents repealed.

Cap. lviii.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Crowle, Eastoft and Ealand, in the Parish of Crowle, in the County of Lincoln, and extending into the West Riding of the County of York*; and for draining or warping the said Lands, and Lands in the Parishes of Luddington, Belton and Aldwark, and for making Drains in the Parish of Aldwark; all in the said Counties of Lincoln and York. [20th June 1816.] 13 G. 3.
c. 100.

Cap. lix.

An Act for building a new Gaol in the City of Bristol, and for other Purposes. [20th June 1816.] 24 G. 3. c. 81.
repealed.

Cap. lx.

An Act for continuing the Terms, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for rebuilding and repairing the Port of Bridlington otherwise Bevering, in the East Riding of the County of York; and for granting further Powers for those Purposes. (b) [20th June 1816.] 2 & 3 W. 3.
c. 10.
3 G. 1. c. 40.
3 G. 1. c. 50.
3 G. 3. c. 18.
35 G. 3. c. 20.
36 G. 3. c. 20.
39 G. 3. c. 19.

Cap. lxi.

- 49 G. 3. c. 25. An Act for amending and enlarging the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of Rochdale and the Neighbourhood with Water. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Jouffrey*, from the Township of *Salford*, in the Parish of *Mossley*, to *Strangeways*, in the Township of *Ghorlsey*, all in the County of *Lancaster*; and for making proper Avenues thereto. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the Precinct of the *Survey*, or near thereto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith in the County of *Surrey*; and also for making a new Road in lieu of Part of the Road or Street called *Narrow Wall*, in the said County of *Surrey*; and for making an Archway over Part of such new Road; and for denominating the said Bridge *The Waterloo Bridge*. [20th June 1816.]

- 49 G. 3. c. 195. WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for building a Bridge over the River Thames, from the Precinct of the Survey, or near thereto, in the County of Middlesex, to the opposite Shore; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith in the County of Surrey*, whereby the Company of Proprietors of the *Broad Bridge* were incorporated for the Purpose of building the said Bridge, and completing the Roads and Works therein mentioned; And Whereas the said Company have invested the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds Sterling in the Purchase of Reduced Bank Annuities, in the Names of the Twelve named in the said recited Act; And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, entitled *An Act for altering, enlarging and extending the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames, at the Precinct of the Survey, or near thereto; and making Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith, in the County of Middlesex and Surrey*; And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Execution of the several Works by the said recited Acts authorized, and have completed the Archway of the said Bridge: And Whereas it is expedient for the Purposes of the said Acts, that Part of a certain Road or Street called *Narrow Wall*, near the Abutment of the said Bridge, in the County of *Surrey*, should be stopped up, and that a new direct Communication should be made from or near a certain Street or Road called the *Commercial Road* lying on the Eastern Side of the intended Road from the said Bridge, to the Obelisk in *St. George's Fields*, in the said County of *Surrey*, in that Part of the said Street or Road called *Narrow Wall*, which lies on the Western Side of a certain House, Slaughter House and Yard, in the Occupation of *Alexander Edwards*, by a new Road to be made by the said Company for that Purpose, and also that the said Company should have Power to make an Archway over Part of the said new Road; and it is also expedient that some of the Provisions of the said Acts, or one of them, should be altered and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as aforesaid, should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up or obstruct the Way or Street called *Narrow Wall*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.
- (1) Ch. 3. c. 186. 5311. repeated.

Power to stop up Part of *Narrow Wall*.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to stop up that Part of the pediment Road or Way called *Narrow Wall*, which lies between the Eastern End of the intended new Road by this Act authorized to be made, and the Western End or Side of the Premises belonging to or occupied by *Alexander Edwards*: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize, empower or enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up, obstruct or alter any Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, except only such Part as is herein particularly mentioned and specified, and within the Limits prescribed by this Act, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, heretofore mentioned, until the Road or Way heretofore authorized to be made and constructed in lieu thereof shall be passable for Carriages and Pedestrians along the same.

Road to be stopped up here as it is directed to be stopped up.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as that Part of the said Road or Way called *Narrow Wall*, heretofore described, shall be stopped up by virtue of the Provisions of this Act, in respect thereof, that Part of the same, which will lie on the West Side of the intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk, shall be and become vested in His Grace the Archbishop of *Canterbury*, and shall be thenceforth Part and Parcel of the Possessions of the See of *Canterbury*, but subject to be occupied by the Lessees of the adjoining Lands until the Expiration of their Leases; and that Part of the same which shall lie on the South Side of so much of the Wharf called *Brewer's Wharf*, as lies Eastward of the said Bridge, shall be and become vested in the said Archbishop, and shall be thenceforth Part and Parcel of the Possessions of the said

See, but subject as aforesaid, and also with, under and subject to all such and the same Powers and Provisions as the same would have been subject to under or by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, in case the same had been included in the Schedule to the said first recited Act; and that Part of the same which shall be on the Site of the said intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk, and on the South Side of the Wharf belonging to the Company, formerly the Property of *Josiah Child Josuith*, shall therewith be and become vested in the said Company, and the Reliance thereof shall be conveyed by the said Company to and become vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales as Duke of Cornwall, and shall thereupon be Part and Parcel of the Estate of the Duchy of Cornwall called *Prince's Meadows*, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority, by virtue of this Act, to make and construct (in line of that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall* by this Act authorized to be Rapped up) a Road or Way of the Width of Thirty Feet and no more, from or near to a certain Road called the *Commercial Road*, at or near where the said Road adjoins the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, on the Eastern Side of the intended Road leading from the said Bridge to the Obelisk in *Saint George's Fields*, to or near that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, on the Western Side of the said intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk aforesaid, which adjoins or is near to the Western Part of the said House, Slaughter House and Yard, in the Occupation of *Alexander Bevan*, in manner described and delineated in the Map or Plan hereinafter mentioned; and it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, to take and site the several Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned and specified in the Schedule to the said second, for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, and for completing the several Works in the said recited Acts and this Act mentioned, first making Compensation for the same in manner directed by the said first recited Act or the said Act, and subject to the Provisions and Regulations concerning the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments contained in the said first recited Act, except in far as the said Provisions and Regulations are repealed or altered by this Act; and it shall also be lawful for the said Company, and for their Engineer, or Surveyor or Surveyors, and Workmen, from time to time to enter upon the Lands and Premises through which or whereupon such Road or Alterations is or are intended to be made or pass, and also upon any adjoining Lands or Grounds, and to make out such Road or Alterations, in such manner as the said Company, or their Engineer or Surveyor, shall think necessary or proper, without being deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, and without being subject or liable to any Fine, Penalty or Punishment for entering or continuing upon such Lands or Premises respectively, for any of the Purposes of this Act; and if any Person shall pull up, remove or destroy, any of the Stakes or other Marks used in laying out such Road or Alterations, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

V. And Whereas a Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, describing and delineating the intended new Road from the *Commercial Road* to *Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and the Premises mentioned and contained in the said Schedule to this Act enacted, have been deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of Surrey; Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, shall remain in the Custody of the said Clerk of the Peace, to the end that all Persons interested therein may at all Seasonable times have Liberty to inspect and peruse the same, and take Copies or Extracts thereof, at their Will and Pleasure, paying to such Clerk of the Peace the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection, and after the Rate of Sixpence for every Second two Words of such Copies or Extracts of the said Book of Reference; and that the said Company in making the said Road shall not deviate more than Four Yards of Three Feet each from the Line described in the said Map or Plan, without the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, through whose Lands or Premises such Deviations shall be made.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to make and construct the said Road hereby authorized to be made, and may purchase and take Possession for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, of any of the Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments set out or mentioned and described in the said Plan and Book of Reference, or in the Schedule to this Act enacted, notwithstanding the Name or Names of any Person or Persons shall or may have been entered or inserted, or incorrectly inserted in the said Book of Reference or Schedule, in case it shall appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, and be certified by Writing under their Hands that such Error, Omission or incorrect Description proceeded from Mistake.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall make Compensation to the Owners and Occupiers of the several Buildings required to be taken down for the Purpose of making the said New Road hereby authorized, in full of the said Part of *Narrow Wall* to be Rapped up, for the Value of such Buildings only; and also for any accidental Damage to be sustained by the taking and using thereof, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, in respect of Houses, Buildings and Premises required to be taken and used for the Purposes of the said Act; and upon Payment or Tender of the Amount of such Compensation for such Buildings, and the said Damage, the same, and every Part thereof, together with so much of the Site thereof as shall be necessary and sufficient for making and constructing such New Road, shall be and become vested in and be the Property of the said Company.

VIII. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, after reciting, that in the making and constructing of the Road, leading from the South Foot of the said intended Bridge, a small triangular Space Piece of Ground would intervene between the said Bridge Road and the Estate of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales as Duke of Cornwall, called *Prince's Meadows*; and

Power to make a New Road, and take Lands.

Road to be made according to Plan, the subject with the Clerk of the Peace.

Mistake in Schedule not to affect the Powers of this Act.

Compensation for Buildings required by New Road.

that His said Royal Highness had consented to give up and agreed to assign to the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, all the Land which should be required out of the said Estate for the making and constructing the intended Road leading to *Stanford Street*, without receiving any Compensation or Payment for the Value of the said, in consideration that the said Company of Proprietors should purchase the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land which would be intervene between the said last mentioned Road and the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and assign the same, without any Compensation or Payment for the Value thereof, unto His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall; it was further enacted, that the said Company of Proprietors should and might, and they were thereby authorized and empowered to purchase the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land theretofore mentioned, being of the Length of Nine hundred and fifty four feet, or thereabouts, on the West Side thereof, and of the Breadth of One hundred and sixty Feet, or thereabouts, at the North End thereof; and to assign the same and every Part thereof unto His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, thereunto to be and remain for ever Part and Parcel of the Duchy of Cornwall; And Whereas from the passing of the said second Act His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales hath entered into a Contract for the granting of One Lease or several Leases of the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, for several Terms for Years in the said Contract mentioned, of the Parts respectively: And Whereas the said Company of Proprietors, in pursuance of the said Agreement, and under the several Authorities in the said second Act contained, have purchased of the Principal, Fellows, and Scholars of *John College of Queen Elizabeth's Foundation*, within the City and University of *Oxford*; and of *John Hanbury Brassey* and *Thomas James*, three several Estates and Interests of and to the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, and other Land adjoining thereto; and they have also, under the like Authorities, purchased of *Josiah Clarke Jernise Esquire*, a certain Wharf fronting the River Thames, and have given Notice of their Intention to purchase a Messuage or Tenement and Yard, both adjoining to the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and extending from the said triangular Slip of Land to the River Thames; and the said Company of Proprietors as at the Time of passing this Act is the actual Possessor or Occupier of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, and of the said other Land adjoining, as also of the said Wharf so respectively purchased of the said Principal, Fellows and Scholars, and of the said *John Hanbury Brassey*, and *Thomas James*, and *Josiah Clarke Jernise Esquire* as aforesaid: And Whereas a Part of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land will be required for the making and constructing the intended New Road mentioned in this Act, from the Road called the *Commercial Road* to *Narrow Wall* aforesaid; and it will also be convenient and necessary that the said Company of Proprietors should retain a certain other Part of the said triangular Slip, of the Breadth of One hundred and eleven Feet Six Inches from East to West, extending from the North End thereof to the said intended New Road, from the *Commercial Road* to *Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and that the same should be vested in the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors; and the said Company of Proprietors have proposed to convey to His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in exchange for the Land so to be retained by them as aforesaid, certain Parts of the said Wharf so purchased of the said *Josiah Clarke Jernise Esquire*, and of the said Messuage or Tenement and Yard, which they have given Notice of their Intention to purchase as aforesaid, containing Forty three Feet and Six Inches in Breadth from East to West; and also the Site of that Part of the said Street or Way abutting thereon called the *Narrow Wall*, to be stopped up as aforesaid, to be vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, to be and remain Part and Parcel of the said Duchy of Cornwall, as an Equivalent for those Parts of the said triangular Slip of Land, so to be vested in the said Company of Proprietors as aforesaid, to which Proposal of Exchange His said Royal Highness, with the Advice of his Council, hath agreed: Be it therefore further enacted, That His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales as Duke of Cornwall, or his Successor for the time being, shall and may and he is hereby authorized and empowered, as consideration of the said Exchange, Transfer and Assignment hereinafore mentioned, to assign and transfer to the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors all such Parts of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land as may be required for making and constructing the said intended New Road from the said *Commercial Road* to *Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and for any other Purposes of the said Company; and the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to release to the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, out of and from the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land so agreed to be vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, so much and such Parts thereof as are heretofore mentioned and proposed to be so retained; and the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and required to purchase, convey, assign and transfer to His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, so be and assign themselves for ever Part and Parcel of the said Duchy of Cornwall, and subject to the like Reversion, Estate and Interest in or to the King or Queen for the time being, and his or her Heirs and Successors, so much and such Part of the said Wharf of the Breadth aforesaid, and also the Site of that Part of the said Street or Way called the *Narrow Wall*, heretofore described, abutting thereon as aforesaid; and also so much and such Part of the said Messuage or Tenement and Yard as aforesaid: Provided always, that the said several Parts of Land so to be transferred and assigned to and retained by the said Company of Proprietors respectively, shall be freed and discharged of and from all Contracts or Agreements entered into by His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and the said Land so to be conveyed and assigned to His said Royal Highness as aforesaid shall be liable to and charged with all Contracts or Agreements entered into by His said Royal Highness, to which the said Lands so to be assigned or retained by the said Company of Proprietors are now liable.

IX. And be it further enacted, That His said Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, shall and may and he and they is and are hereby empowered to make Leases and

Grants, or to enter into any further Contracts or Concessions, for granting One or more Leases of all such Parts of the Lands, or of the said remaining Ship as shall not be transferred and assigned to and retained by the said Company of Proprietors; or in all of the said Wharf and Land to be purchased, conveyed and assigned to His said Royal Highness as aforesaid; and His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of Cornwall, and the King or Queens for the time being shall have the same and the like Powers and Authorities in respect to the said Ground, or Site so yielded to him and them by force of this Act, as he or they shall or may have, under and by virtue of all or any of the several Acts of Parliament made and passed, one in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to make Leases, Copies and Grants of Offices, Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall*, or enacted in the same, and for the other Purposes therein mentioned; another, made and passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called Prince's Meadows, in the Parish of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall*, for the Purposes of building Houses; and the others, passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and intituled *An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called Prince's Meadows, in the Parish of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, for the Purposes of building thereon.*

X. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the Añs or in the said recited Añs contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company to take or use any Leads or Herediments belonging to the Use of Castleville, until they shall have made Composition for the same in manner directed by the said recited Añs or that Añs, save and except only in such manner and for such Purposes as the said Company may lawfully take and use the same, or any Part thereof, by virtue of any Lease or License already granted or hereafter to be granted by the said Sec.

XI. And Whereas it is the said first recited A.B. certified, that nothing therein contained should extend or be construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to take or use or otherwise to have, use, or vend any Wharf, Road, Hoofe, Buildings, Grounds or Premises in the said Parish of Saint Mary Le Town, in the said County of Surrey, then in the Occupation of Samuel Philips, Richard Troward and Abraham Brombridge, trading under the Name of Philips and Company, without the Consent in Writing of the said Samuel Philips, Richard Troward and Abraham Brombridge, Off had and obtained for that Purpose: And Whereas the said Company of Proprietors have obtained the Consent in Writing of the said William Pearce, Knight, Sir Charles Colclough, Bart. and George Greenwood, Esquire, in whose the said Premises have been received and sold for all the said Estate and Towns, the said Samuel Philips, Richard Troward and Abraham Brombridge, authorizing them the said Company of Proprietors to take and use for the Purposes of the said recited A.B. and this A.B., in so much and such Part of the said Hoofe, Buildings, Grounds and Premises as are mentioned in the Schedule to this A.B., and also all that Piece or Part of Ground formerly called *Heave's Wharf*: Be it therefore further certified, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority to take and use in so much of the said Hoofe, Buildings, Grounds and Premises, as are mentioned in the said Schedule to this A.B., and that the said Piece or Part of Ground formerly called *Heave's Wharf* shall be subject to such and the same Powers and Privileges as the same would have been subject to, under and by virtue of the said recited A.B., or either of them, in case no such Consent as aforesaid had been made regularly by the said first recited A.B.: Provided always, That the said Company of Proprietors shall not be subject or liable to take or use any greater Part of the said Hoofe, Buildings, Grounds and Premises, than as is expressed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That Satisfaction to any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be sold or taken for the Purposes or under the Authority of the said recited Acts and the Acts, or either of them, or for any Injury or Damage that shall be done or occasioned in carrying the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, into Execution, shall be made in the manner directed by the said last recited Act, with respect to any Lands taken or sold, or any Injury or Damage done in the Execution of the same Act, except only that the Satisfaction to be made for any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall hereafter be taken or sold for the Purposes or under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act, or any or either of them, shall always be made by the Payment of a Sum of Money in gold, and not otherwise: and that if so much of the said recited Acts, or either of them, or deeds such Compulsions to be made by an Annual Rent or Annual Payment, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XIII. And be it further covenanted, That in case it shall appear to the said Company of Proprietors, that it will be more convenient and advisable to vary, alter or improve any Part of the Roads by the said second Acts, and that the said Acts authorized to be made, or the Accidents or Approaches to the said Bridge, or either of them, any Roads or Streets communicating therewith respectively, in such manner that any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Townships or Hereditaments, may be wasted, which are now contained in the Schedules to the said second Acts or the said Acts amended, or any or either of them, or in any or either of the Maps or Plans in the said second Acts or the said Acts amended, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered to carry into Effect such Variations or Alterations, upon their obtaining the Consent of the Several Owners and Occupiers, and other Parties or Parties interested in the said last mentioned Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Townships or Hereditaments respectively, and all and every Bods or Bodies, Public, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, and all Tenants for Life, and Tenants in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable, or any

of the Land,
and labor in
agriculture.

Land belongs on line of Canterbury not to be sold until Company's title is made, but

Premises lease of
Moffitt, Dodge
and Company
may be taken.

Surveillance 1
les seuls les
sont les

Interpackated
Products are
powered to con-
vey Loads within
Company by
Custom.

Life or Lives, whether is Possessor, Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or otherwise, and all Heirs, Grandchildren, Trustees or Trustees in Trust for charitable and other Purposes, Committions, Executions and Administrations, and all other Trustees and Persons whatsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Collateral Trusts, whether Infants, Wife, Widows, Legatees, Idiot, Femes Covert or other Person or Persons, and all Females Covert who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested in their own Rights, or entitled to Dower or other Interest therein; and all other Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever is and are hereby fully authorized and empowered to give such Consent, and thenceforth to sell and convey the same, and every Part thereof, to the said Company, in like manner as if such Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments had been contained in the said Schedule to this Act annexed.

XIV. And Whereas several Parts of the Lands and Hereditaments which are or will be required for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act are Copyhold or Customary Tenure, and Dives has arisen as to the manner in which such Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments should be conveyed to the said Company of Proprietors? Be it therefore further enacted, That any such Lands or Hereditaments which are of Copyhold or Customary Tenure may be foreclosed into the Hands of the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manor or Manors of which the same are respectively held, to the Use of the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns; and the said Company of Proprietors or their Successors shall, if they shall think fit, be thenceforth admitted to hold the same unto the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, according to the Custom of the said Manor or Manors, say Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that if the said Company of Proprietors, or their Successors, or the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies for the time being of such Manor or Manors, shall be desirous that such Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, shall be enfranchised, Satisfaction shall be made in respect thereof; and such Lands and Hereditaments shall be conveyed to the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, in Fee Simple, in the same or the like manner as any other Lands or Hereditaments to be taken or used for the Purposes of the said Acts.

XV. And Whereas in order to make a gradual Access to the said Bridge on the South Side thereof, without disturbing or impeding the free Passage of Persons, Horses and Carriages along the said intended Road, hereby authorized to be made from the said Road called the Commercial Road to Narrow Wall street, it shall be necessary that an Arch should be constructed or erected over the said intended Road, and under the aforesaid Avenue or Road to the said Bridge on the South Side thereof? Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in their own proper Costs and Charges, to make or cause to be made an Arch or Archway over or upon the said intended Road, of a Width not being less than Twenty six Feet at the Bottom or widest Space thereof, and of a Height being not less than Twenty four Feet above the Level of certain Lands called *Priner's Meadow*, in the Parish of *Leamthorpe*, in the County of *Surrey*.

XVI. And he it further enacted, That the Committee of the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority to construct or agree with any Person or Persons for his, her or their free Passage over the said Bridge, and along the said Roads, for any time or times not exceeding Three Years, at any one time for such Sum as to the said Committee shall seem meet, and thenceforth to issue One or more Tickets or Tickets to each Person or Persons, to enable him, her or them to pass Toll free over the said Bridge, and along the said Roads, for the time for which such Contract shall have been made; and if any such Person or Persons shall lose or transfer such Ticket for the Use of any other Person or Persons, and whereby such other Person or Persons shall under colour of such Ticket pass over the said Bridge, or through any Turnpike or Toll Bar upon any of the said Roads Toll free, such Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for the Use of the said Company.

XVII. And he it further enacted, That the said Company shall and they are hereby directed and required to cause Notice to be given by or upon a Board, to be suitably affixed on the Front of all the Turnpikes or Toll Houses to be erected on or over the said Bridge, in large legible Characters, that the Payment of Toll at any one Turnpike or Gate shall free and exempt the Person or Persons paying the same from Payment at any other Turnpike or Gate, for or in respect of passing once over the said Bridge; and if any Person or Persons shall refuse or obstruct any Part of the Notice on such Board, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

XVIII. And he it further enacted, That every Toll Collector appointed either by the said Company of Proprietors, or by any Lessee or Lessees under them, to collect the Tolls payable at any Turnpike or Toll Gate to be erected by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, shall and he is hereby required to place his Christian and Surname, painted as a Board in legible Characters, in the Front or on some other conspicuous Part of the Toll House or Toll Gate, immediately after his coming on Duty, and shall continue the same to be placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid, and keep the same there during the time aforesaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll than any Person or Persons then he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of the said recited Acts or this Act, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, and claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or shall in anywise hinder any Person or Persons from sending such Christian or Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same as having paid the said Tolls, or any of the same, or shall give a false Name or Names on such Demand, or shall make use of any scurrilous or blasphemous Language to any Person or Persons travelling over the said Bridge, or shall without sufficient Cause detain or delay any Person

or Persons travelling thereon, then and in every such case every such Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall happen about the Amount of Toll due, or the Charges of keeping or selling any *Wares*, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Person desirous to obtain the same, or the Money owing by the said threat, (as the case may happen,) with the Amount of such Toll, and the Charges of making such Dispute, and of keeping and selling the same, shall be determined by some Justice of the Peace of the County, Town or Place wherein such Dispute shall happen, who, upon Application to him made for that Purpose, shall examine the Matter upon the Oath of the Parties, or other Witnesses or Witnesses, (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer,) and shall determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and it shall be lawful for such Justice to seize and award such Costs to be paid by either of the Parties to the other as he shall think fit and reasonable; and in case of Non Payment thereof on demand, such Costs shall be levied by Dispute and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party liable to pay the same by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice.

Dispute one
owing Toll to
be settled by a
Justice.

Dispute

XX. And Whereas the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, with the Accumulations thereof, is sufficient to complete the said Bridge, and it is by the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty enacted, that the same or a competent Part thereof shall be applied in finishing the said Bridge, and that no Part thereof shall be laid out or expended in the making of Roads, or in any other of the Works authorized to be executed by the said Company, until and unless the said Bridge and every Part thereof should be fully completed and finished: And Whereas it will tend to facilitate the Completion of the said Bridge if the said Trustees were empowered to transfer the said Sum, and the Accumulations thereof, for the Purpose aforesaid: Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Trustees shall and may and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered to transfer the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, and the Accumulations thereof, from time to time as the same shall be required for the Purpose of defraying the Expenses of finishing and completing the said Bridge; any thing in the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Transfer of the
Sum of Fifty

XXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company of Proprietors to stop up, alter, vary or intermeddle with any Sewer or Drain without the Leave and Consent of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from East Meafley in the said County of Surrey, to Kenningley in the County of Kent, for that Purpose laid had and obtained.

Having Rights of
Commissioners
of Sewers for
certain Limits in
Kent.

XXII. And Whereas the said Bridge when completed will be a Work of great Stability and Magnificence; and such Works are adapted to perpetuate the Remembrance of great and glorious Achievements: And Whereas the said Company are desirous that a Dedication shall be given to the said Bridge which shall be a lasting Record of the brilliant and decisive Victory achieved by His Majesty's Forces, in conjunction with those of his Allies, on the Eighteenth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Bridge shall be called and designated *The Waterloo Bridge*, and shall ever be called by the Name of *The Strand Bridge*; and the said Company shall also, from and after the passing of this Act, be called by the Name and Style of 'The Company of Proprietors of *The Waterloo Bridge*,' and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal, and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued, and also shall and may have full Power and Authority to purchase Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to them, their Successors and Assigns, for the Use of the said Bridge, Roads or other Works by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be made, and for the several other Purposes in the said recited Acts and this Act mentioned, without incurring any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statutes of Mortmain; and also to sell any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased for the Purposes aforesaid, to all Persons and Purposes as if they had been originally surveyed and styled in the said first recited Act. 'The Company of Proprietors of *The Waterloo Bridge*,' and shall, from and after the passing of this Act, cease to be called 'The Company of Proprietors of *The Strand Bridge*,' and shall cease to sue and be sued by the Name of 'The Company of Proprietors of *The Strand Bridge*.' Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to amend or alter, or be construed to amend or alter, any Act or Acts heretofore done by the said Company, or any Statute or Statutes brought by or against the said Company, or any Purchase or Sale of Lands by the said Company by such Alteration of their Name and Style; but that all Proceedings wheresoever commenced or pending at their original Name and Style may be continued in such Name and Style, notwithstanding the Provision heretofore contained for the Alteration thereof, or in the Name and Style heretofore to be used by the said Company, by virtue of this Act, as to the Committee of the said Company shall seem meet.

The Bridge to
be called 'The
Waterloo
Bridge,' and the
Company to be
called 'The
Company of
Proprietors of
the Waterloo
Bridge.'

And hereinafter
to be called and
sued as 'The
Company of Proprietors of
the Waterloo
Bridge.'

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That Sir *John Sydney Yorks Knight*, James *Burgoyne Esquire*, Sir *Benjamin Blandford Knight*, and the Reverend *John Ryke*, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Commissioners for executing the several Powers in and by the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty specially provided and directed to be executed, in addition to the Commissioners nominated and appointed by the same Act; and the said Commissioners hereby nominated shall be and they are hereby invested with all the Functions, Powers and Authorities by the said recited Act given to the said Commissioners therein mentioned, and shall be subject to all the Regulations, Clauses, Provisions and Enactments in the same Act contained in relation to the said Commissioners.

Appointing 4.
Additional Com-
missioners.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of the Forty sixth and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty, and all and every the Tolls, Duties, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, matters and things whatsoever therein contained, so far as the same were in force at the time of passing this Act, and also so far as the same are not expressly altered or repealed by this

45 G. 3. c. 111
13 G. 3. c. 112.
And this Act to
be construed as
one Act.

Act, shall extend and be construed to extend and operate, and be in full Force and Effect, with respect to all matters and things to be done, or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same and every of them were repeated and recited in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the same recited Acts and this Act shall, as to all matters and things whatsoever, except as aforesaid, be construed as One Act.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Expenses of obtaining and passing of this Act shall be paid by the said Company out of the first Monies arising or to arise by virtue of the said recited Acts or of this Act, or any of them, or now in the Hands of the said Company.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judiciously taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

North and County.	Number or Plan.	DESCRIPTION of PROPERTY	OWNERS.	OCCUPIERS.
SAINT MARY, LAMBETH, in the County of SURREY.	1.	Shed	Strand Bridge Company .	Strand Bridge Company.
	2.	Yard, &c.	Do.	Do.
	3.	Stairs	Do.	Do.
	4.	Lately a Shed, now pulled down, lately Messrs. Phelps and Co.	Archbishop of Canterbury; Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockburn, and Charles Greenwood Esquires, Leaseholders .	Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockburn, and Charles Greenwood, Esquires.
	5.	Yard extending northward to Narrow Wall	Do.	Do.
	6.	Shed	Do.	Thomas Vince.
	7.	Small Dwelling House	Do.	James Bone.
	8.	Public House and Yard, White Swan	Archbishop of Canterbury; Whitbread and Co. Leaseholders .	George Pemas.
	9.	Public House and Yard, Salvation	Archbishop of Canterbury; Barclay and Perkins, Leaseholders .	Widow Brown.
	10.	Small Dwelling House	Archbishop of Canterbury; Executors of the Rev. John Wister, deceased, Jordan Knapples, and Maria Wright, Leaseholders .	Strand Bridge Company.
	11.	Do.	Do.	Do.
	12.	Do.	Do.	Edward Frith.
	13.	Do.	Do.	Mary Conner.
	14.	Narrow Wall	Do.	Do.
	15.	Long Tree Court	Do.	Do.
	16.	Small Dwelling House	Do.	Empty.
	17.	House, Shop, Slaughter House, and Yard	Do.	Alexander Emswold.
	18.	Dwelling House and Garden	Archbishop of Canterbury; Strand Bridge Company, Leaseholders .	Strand Bridge Company.
	19.	Yard and Ground, late Phelps and Co.	Archbishop of Canterbury; Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockburn, and Charles Greenwood Esquires, Leaseholders .	Unoccupied.
	20.	Do.	Do.	Do.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Waterford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[18th June 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for establishing a New Church, called the Church of *Saint Mark*, situate in the Town and Parish of *Liverpool*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lvi.

An Act for the better Relief and more effectually employing the Poor of the Township of *Standish* and *Widnes*, in the County of *Dorset*, and the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned in the said County, and in the Counties of *Lancaster* and *Nottingham*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxvii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of certain Acts for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Warwickshire*, in so far as relate to the Road leading from the Town of *Braunston* to the Town of *Dudley*, in the County of *Warwick*, and for making a more commodious Road near the Town of *Dudley*. (a) [20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Half Toll ever on Sunday. Additional Trygion.]

Cap. lxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of several Acts, for amending the Road from the End of the Town Close, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to the Chalk Pit near *Yerford*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (a) [20th June 1816.]

30 G. 3. c. 25. 31 G. 3. c. 26. 32 G. 3. c. 111 continued.

Cap. lxix.

An Act for continuing the Terms and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North End of the Town of *Dorset*, in the County of *Dorset*, to *Sheffield*, in the County of *York*, and from *Duffield* to *Wirksworth*, in the County of *Dorset*. (a) [20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls between Duffield and Sheffield repealed, and new Tolls granted. New Trygion.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for making and maintaining Highways, Roads, Bridges and Quays, and for regulating Ferries in the Shire of *Armagh*, and for altering and repairing certain Military and other Roads, Bridges and Quays in the said Shire, and in the Parish of *Armagh*, and Shire of *Dumfries*. (a) [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road, leading from the City of *Dublin*, to the New Packet Harbour of *Howth*, for the Convenience of His Majesty's Mail; and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road. [20th June 1816.]

[New and additional Tolls.]

33 G. 3. c. 25. 34 G. 3. c. 26. 43 G. 3. c. 45.

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for continuing and amending Four Acts passed in the Reigns of their late Majesties King George the First and King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Laine* to *Highwood Gate*, in the County of *Bedford*, and from *Laine* to *Saint Albans*, in the County of *Bedford*. (a) [20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for establishing and regulating a Fund for the Widows, Children and Relations of Officers or Persons belonging to the Department of *Customs in England*. [20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Establishment and Regulation of a Fund for the conditional Benefit and Relief of the Widows and Children or other Relations of the established Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Department of the Customs in England would be highly beneficial; but the same cannot be effectually made without the Aid of Parliament; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the established Officers, Clerks and other Persons permanently employed in the Department of the Customs in the Port of London, who shall have signed a Notice in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked A., signifying that they agree to the Contribution of Pounds due authorized by this Act, in aid of the general Purposes of the Customs Assize and Benevolent Fund, and shall have delivered such Notice to the Person to be appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs to receive the same, shall meet on some Day and at some Time and Place to be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of the Customs, and which the said Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, are hereby required to appoint within Fourteen Days after the

Customs Officers of Customs in England with a Committee for the Management and Regulation of the Fund.

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passing of this Act, and to cause Seven Days' Notice to be given of such Day, Time and Place, in such manner as they shall deem expedient and sufficient; and the Junior Officer in the Department present at such Meeting shall be the President and Chairman of such Meeting, and have the casting Voice in case of Equality of Votes at such Meeting; and the Officers and Persons present at such Meeting shall elect and nominate Twelve Persons superintending in the said Department, or being Principals of Office, and not being Clerks, as a Committee for the Formation of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund; which said Committee shall elect and nominate a President or Chairman, and shall forthwith proceed to consider and make and arrange such Rules and Regulations for the Establishment and Formation of a Fund for the Benefit of the Widows and Children or other Relations of the Established Officers, Clerks or other Persons belonging to or employed in the Department of the Customs in England, and the regulating the Conduct and Management of the said Fund, and raising, collecting and receiving the Subscriptions and Contribution of Passengers necessary for forming such Fund, and paying all Annuities and Claims thereout, and making Tables of Rates of Subscription to and Payments out of such Fund for that Purpose, and also the Number and Description of Discretion, Treaders, Auditors, Secretary or other Officers necessary for managing and conducting the said Fund, and the Collection and safe Custody of the Moneys from time to time to be raised and subscribed, and the Interest and growing Produce arising therefrom, and paying all Sums to be paid thereout according to such Rules, Regulations and Tables; and it shall be lawful for the said Committee in such Rules and Regulations to specify the respective Powers, Authorities and Duties of such Directors, Trustees, Auditors, Secretary or other Officers respectively, and the Mode of appointing new Directors, Trustees, Auditor, Secretary or other Officer, to supply any Vacancies or otherwise; and all Questions which may arise at any such Meeting of the said Committee shall be decided by the Majority of Persons present at the Meeting; and in case of Equality of Votes, the President or Chairman, or in case of his Absence the Officer or Person appointed by him to be his Deputy at such Meeting of the Committee, shall have the casting and second Vote.

II. And be it further enacted, That as soon as such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription and Payment, together with a Statement of the Number and Description of Officers necessary to manage the said Fund shall have been made by the said Committee, and approved by the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, and thereafter ratified and confirmed by some Judge of either of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, such Rules, Regulations and Tables shall be taken and deemed to be, and shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription and Payment of the said "Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund," and for the Management and Regulation thereof, and shall be of the same Force and Effect as if they had been particularly constituted and enacted in this Act.

III. And Whereas it is expedient that the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund should be published as speedily as possible to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in the Department of the Customs in London and in the Out Ports, and Coasts and Places attached thereto: Be it therefore enacted, That within Fourteen Days at the furthest after the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been ratified and confirmed as aforesaid, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them, shall and they are hereby required to cause the same to be made public, for the Information of all established Officers and Persons belonging to or in the Employment of the Department of Customs under their Control and Superintendence, in such manner as they shall see fit, and for that Purpose to communicate or cause to be communicated the same to the Collector and Comptroller of each and every of the Out Ports, with such Directions as they shall think fit, for the making the same public as aforesaid; and the said Collector and Comptroller are hereby authorized and required, within such Periods as shall be specified for that Purpose, to communicate and make public the same to all Officers, Clerks and other Persons, at their respective Ports, and the Coasts and Places attached thereto.

IV. And be it further enacted, That a Contribution of Passengers in aid of the general Purposes of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund shall be raised, levied and collected in the Port of London, and remitted from the Out Ports in such manner, and by such Persons as the Rules and Regulations, approved and ratified as aforesaid, shall authorize and direct, either by Deduction or otherwise, out of the Quarterly established and incidental Salaries due and payable to all the Officers, Clerks or other Persons of every Rank, Situation or Denomination whatsoever, who shall not signify that they decline to make such Contributions, in manner directed by this Act; and such Contribution shall be applied for the first Eight Quarters, to be reckoned from the Commencement of such Contribution, or thereafter from the First Allowance of every Officer, Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, appointed after the passing of this Act, to the said Department of Customs, in respect of whom the said Contributions of Passengers is hereby declared to be, and therefore to continue to be compulsory, at the Rate of Two pence in every Pound Sterling, and in every fractional Part of a Pound Sterling, and for every foregoing Quarter, the Sum of One Penny in every Pound Sterling, and in every fractional Part of a Pound Sterling: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize the taking any such Contribution of Passengers out of the Day Pay Allowance of any Person or Persons whatever, employed in the Department of the Customs, or to the Salary or Sum awarded by way of Compensation or Superannuation to any Officers, Clerks or other Persons, who belong or may have belonged to the said Department; and the First Contribution shall be raised, levied, collected and deducted out of the Salaries payable at the Quarter next ensuing and immediately after the Ratification and Confirmation of such Rules, Regulations and Tables, as aforesaid; and all such Money, which shall be so collected, shall be paid over to such Person or Persons, or to such Account as shall be specified in such Rules and Regulations, in relation to Contribution of Passengers to such Fund; and there-

after all such Contributions to such Fund shall be raised, collected, paid over, laid out, accounted for, and applied according to such Rules and Regulations.

V. And Whereas certain Officers, Clerks or other Persons who may have belonged to the said Department, before the passing of this A. 6., may object to the said Quarterly Contributions of Postage: It is therefore enacted, That every Officer, Clerk or other Person who may object and decline to make such Quarterly Contribution of Postage shall and is hereby required to give Notice thereof in the Form in the Schedule to this A. 6. annexed, marked B., which Notice shall be signed by him; and if the said Officer, Clerk or other Person shall be employed in the Port of London, he shall address the said Notice to the Secretary or other Officer of the said Fund appointed to receive the same, within One Calendar Month at the farthest after the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscriptions shall have been approved and ratified as aforesaid; and if the said Officer, Clerk or other Person shall be employed at an Out Port, or Creek, or Place attached thereto, he shall address the said Notice to the Collector or Comptroller at the Out Port to which he shall or may be attached, within Two Calendar Months at the farthest after the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been approved and ratified as aforesaid, which Notice the Collector and Comptroller, in receiving the same as aforesaid, shall forthwith transmit to such Secretary, or other Person as aforesaid; and in Default of such Notice being so duly given by such Officer, Clerk or other Person either in London or the Out Ports, he shall be deemed, and adjudged to be, and thenceforth to continue liable to such Quarterly Contribution of Postage to the said Fund as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Clerk or other Person so giving Notice, and declining the said Quarterly Contribution of Postage to the said Fund, shall be and is hereby declared to be wholly incapable of becoming a Subscriber to the said Fund at any future Period, save and except according to the Terms and Conditions contained in the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription approved and ratified as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expenses arising out of or incident to the passing of this A. 6., shall be paid from time to time out of the first Monies which shall be raised, levied and collected for such Contribution of Postage as aforesaid, together with all such Sums as may have been advanced, or may be due and owing for any such Costs and Expenses, in case any such Money shall have been advanced, or may be due and owing.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall and may, if they shall deem it expedient, admit any Person to be a Subscriber, and to participate in the Benefits of the said Fund, who may hold the Situation of a Supernumerary Officer or Clerk in the said Department; and the respective Nominations of every Supernumerary Officer, Clerk or other Person so admitted as aforesaid, shall, and are hereby declared to have, and thenceforth to continue to have, to all Intents and Purposes, the same and the like Interest in the said Fund, and in the Advantages thereof, as if the said Supernumerary Officer, Clerk or other Person had been permanently established in the said Department, under and subject in every respect to the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription approved and ratified as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall and may, if they shall deem it expedient, admit any Person or Persons to be the Nominer or Nominers of any Subscriber to the said Fund who may not be a Relative or Relatives of the said Subscriber; and the said Nominer or Nominers so admitted as aforesaid shall, and are hereby declared to have, and thenceforth to continue to have, to all Intents and Purposes, the same and the like Interest in the said Fund, and in the Advantages thereof, as if the said Nominer or Nominers had been a Relative or Relatives of the said Subscriber, under and subject in every respect to the Rules and Regulations approved and ratified as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Order for Payment of Money addressed to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs, or to the Collector and Comptroller of any Out Port for the time being, by any Officer, Clerk or other Person employed in the said Department, and under his Hand and Signature, shall be a sufficient Order, Warrant and Authority to the said Receiver General, said Collector and Comptroller, and who are hereby thereupon required to pay, from time to time, the Sum declared and specified in Words at length in such Order, as the Quarterly Amount of Subscriptions, or the Amount of other Monies due and owing by the said Officer, Clerk or other Person, to and on the Behalf of the said Fund; and the said Sum, so declared and specified in such Order, shall be deducted from the Salary due and payable to the said Officer, Clerk or other Person in the Quarter or Quarters as set forth in the said Order, and shall be paid over to such Person or Persons, or to such Account as shall be specified in such Rules and Regulations, approved and ratified as aforesaid; provided that the said Order or Orders shall be delivered to the said Receiver General, Collector and Comptroller, Three Days at the least prior to the Day on which the said Quarterly Salary shall be due and payable.

XI. And, in order to enforce to the Widows of the Subscribers, or any other Claimants on the said Fund, the full Benefit intended by this A. 6., as honorary Provision for the Widows or other Claimants entitled thereby: Be it further enacted, That no Annuity or Sum of Money payable to any Widow or other Claimant under any of the Provisions of this A. 6. shall be assignable, except with the Permission and Approbation of the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, or liable to be affected by Arrestment, or otherwise attachable by any Creditor, or be subject to the just claims of any Husband with whom any such Widow or other Claimant may marry, or be subject in any manner to any Debt, or Deeds, or Control of any such Husband, but the same shall be paid to such Widow or other Claimant entitled thereto, upon her own Receipt only, notwithstanding such Arrestment, Attachment or Marriage.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors may sue and be sued for or concerning any thing to be done by virtue or in pursuance of this A. 6., or of the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of

Officers, &c. declining Contributions on points of becoming Subscribers, except according to Rules, &c.

Officers, &c. declining Contributions on points of becoming Subscribers, except according to Rules, &c.

Directors may admit Supernumerary Officers as Clerks.

Directors may admit Members of Subscribers, though not Relatives.

Order on Receiver General and Collector, and Comptroller, sufficient Authority to them for Payment.

Annuity not to be assignable, or otherwise liable to the just claims of any Husband or other Claimant may marry.

Directors to be sued in the Name of their Secretary.

Subscription, approved and ratified as aforesaid, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being; and that no Action or Suit to be brought or commenced by the Command of or against the said Directors, in the Name of their Secretary, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of any such Secretary, nor by the Act of such Secretary, without the Consent of the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, but that the Secretary for the time being to the said Directors shall be deemed to be the Plaintiff or Defendant, as the case may be, in every such Action.

If a Subscriber leaves the Customs, and another takes up his left Hand of Privilege, and his right Subscription, in consequence a Member.

Profits and Dividends to be applied to Benefit of Fund only.

Directors, to make a Report on all September in every Year.

Directors to have full Management of the Fund, and to alter and make new Rules, &c. upon certain Conditions.

Act to be a Public Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Subscriber to the said Fund, under the Rules, Regulations and Tables of *Subscription*, approved and ratified as aforesaid, shall cease to belong to the said Department of Customs, from whatever Cause arising, provided the said Subscriber shall continue to pay Quarterly the said Contributions of *Penalage* to the Account due and payable at the time of its coming to belong to the said Department of Customs, under the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of *Subscription*, the said Subscriber so leaving the said Department shall, without any Hindrance whatever, remain his Interest in the said Fund, and continue to be a Subscriber to the said Fund, and be deemed to belong to the same, and his Widow, Children and other immediate Relations, as the case may be, shall enjoy all such and the like Benefits therefrom, according to their respective Claims, under the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of *Subscription*, as fully in any respect as if he had continued to belong to the Department of Customs.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Profits, Dividends, Interest and annual Proceeds which shall from time to time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging, or which shall at any time belong to the said Fund, shall from time to time be applied to and for the Uses, Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned, or according to the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of *Subscription* approved and ratified as aforesaid, and to or for no other Use, Intend or Purpose whatsoever.

XV. And be it further enacted, That a Report of the Accounts of the said Fund shall on or before the First Day of September in every Year be deposited in some convenient Place at the Customs House in the Port of London, where the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, are hereby required to appear to be the Office of the Customs Account and Benevolent Fund, for the Perusal of each and every Subscriber who may demand the same at any convenient or appointed Hour, for the Space of One Calendar Month from the said First Day of September.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall, and they are hereby declared to have the full, entire and exclusive Control and Management of and over the said Fund, and every thing relating thereto, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, under and subject to such Provisions, Directions, Regulations and Restrictions, as may here been made in that behalf; and it shall be lawful for such Directors, if they shall at any time after any such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of *Subscription* shall have been made think it necessary, from time to time to alter any such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of *Subscription*, and to make any new and additional Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of *Subscription* which may appear to be essential or expedient for the better Regulation, Management and Control of the said Fund: Provided always, that no such Alterations of any Rule, Regulation or Table of Rates of *Subscription* already established, or new Rule, Regulation or Table of Rates of *Subscription* shall be valid or effectual or enforced, until the same shall have been approved by such Subscribers to the said Fund as may be qualified for that Purpose, and in the manner set forth in the Rules and Regulations in force at the time, and by the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, and ratified and confirmed by such Judge or Baron as aforesaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE A.

I *A. B.* do hereby certify to you, That I accede to the Quarterly Contribution of *Penalage* authorized by an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in aid of the general Purposes of the "Customs Account and Benevolent Fund." *A. B.*

Dated

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SCHEDULE B.

I *A. B.* do hereby certify to you, That I decline according to the Quarterly Contribution of *Penalage* authorized by an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in aid of the general Purposes of the "Customs Account and Benevolent Fund." *A. B.*

Dated

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Cap. lxxv.

An Act for amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty for regulating the Police of the City of Edinburgh and the adjoining Districts, and for other Purposes relating thereto. (1)

[22d June 1816.]

Cap. lxxv.

An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the Road from *Burrenburgh* by the Well of *Lidilghra*, and by *Torphishra*, *Bathgair* and *Whithra*, to the Coast of the County of *Lithgow*, at or near *Whithgair*; and for making and maintaining a certain Road from *Burrenburgh* to the River *Don*. (1)

[24th June 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts, in the City and County of the City of Bristol, and the Liberties thereof, and in the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of Gloucester and Somerset.

[15th Jan 1816.]

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for allowing and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Town and Parishes of Greatford and Midos, in the County of Kent, and for the better Assessment and Collection of the Poor Rates and other Rates within the Parish of Greatford.

[16th Jan 1816.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of Kent.

[16th Jan 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Tenth seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for regulating the several Acts for regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same, certain Land Coal Measures were constituted or appointed for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and for that Part of the Duchy of Cornwall adjoining therein, and for the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary in Abchurch, and such Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew, Holborn, as was the County of Middlesex; and also for the City of London, and between Tower Dock and Limehouse Walls, in the County of Middlesex; and also for the several Parishes of Roper, Thorpe, Chertsey, Wykebridge, Wajton, or Thanet, West Malling, Thomas Ditton, Kington, Richmond, Mortlake, Barrow, Croydon, Mitcham, Putney, Wandsworth, Battersea, Lambeth, Clapham, Newington, Saint George in the Borough of Southwark, Saint Saviour, Saint Olave, Saint Thomas, Saint John, Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, and Saint Mary, Abchurch, in the County of Surrey, and certain Regulations were thereby made respecting the Vend and Delivery of Coals sold within the same Places respectively: And whereas the Regulations contained in the said Act have proved very beneficial to the Consumers of Coals within the Places aforesaid, by preventing the Commission of Frauds in the Vend and Delivery thereof; and it is apprehended that it would be of great Benefit to the Inhabitants of the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of Kent, if Provisions were made to prevent Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals sold within the same: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, there shall be provided and continued at Saint Mary Woolwich, in the County of Kent, One Public Office, which shall be deemed and taken to be the Principal Land Coal Meter's Office for the several Parishes of Saint Pauls and Saint Nicholas Deyford, Saint Olave Greenwich, Saint Laurence Church, Saint Woolwich, Saint Mary Woolwich, Plumstead, Brix, Dartford, Swan, Swainsboro, Northfleet, Greatford, and Midos next Greatford, in the Town of Greatford, and the Parish of Dares, lying contiguous to or adjoining the Water Side in the said County of Kent, and there shall also be provided and continued one Subordinate Office at Greatford in the said County of Kent, under the Appointment of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the same being, which said principal and Subordinate Office shall respectively be kept open every Day (Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day and Yule or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted) from the Twenty fifth Day of March in the Twenty sixth Day of September yearly, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening; and from the Twenty sixth Day of September to the Twenty fifth Day of March yearly, from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if any Principal Meter for the same being shall refuse or neglect to open or keep open any principal or Subordinate Office as aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.*

47 G. 3. c. 1.

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Principal Meter
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Penalty.

Principal Meter
appointed.After Death of
Principal Meter, Clerk
of the said
several Parishes
shall have Election
and Appoint-
ment of
Principal Me-
ter.

II. And be it further enacted, That Thomas Martin, of the Parish of Saint Mary Newington, in the County of Surrey, Gentlemen, shall be and is hereby nominated and appointed the Principal Land Coal Meter for executing the Provisions of this Act, and the Manager of the several Offices to be provided as aforesaid (save and except he shall die or be removed from such Office) until the First Day of July which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death, Neglect, Misconduct or Incapacity of the said Thomas Martin before the Expiration of the said term or time for which he has been nominated and appointed as aforesaid, then upon and from and after such Death, Neglect, Misconduct or Incapacity of the said Thomas Martin, and also from time to time, and at all times thereafter, when and as often as any Principal Land Coal Meter for the said several Parishes heretofore enumerated shall die, neglect or misconduct himself, or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or the time limited for the Execution of such Office shall expire, then upon the happening of any such Vacancy, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Churchwardens as heretofore mentioned, or the major Part of them, to choose hereafter directed, to elect, nominate and appoint any other Person to be and act as Principal Land Coal Meter in the Room or Stead of every such Principal Land Coal Meter who shall die, neglect or misconduct himself, or become incapable of acting in the Execu-

tion of his Office, or whole time limited for the Execution of his Office shall expire, and so *vice versa*, as often as any such cleft shall happen; and every such Person so to be nominated and appointed Principal Land Coal Meter for such Limits in the said County of Kent, in the Room or Stead of any such other Principal Meter, shall be elected, nominated and appointed by such Persons, and in manner and Form following: that is to say, the Churchwardens of the several and respective Parishes within the Limits of this Act, shall, by Notice in Writing, specifying the Occasion, and signed by Two or more of the Churchwardens of the said Parishes, and left at the Dwelling House or usual Place of Abode of each such Churchwarden, as soon as the same can be done where any such Vacancy shall happen, be summoned to meet and assemble at the said Principal Land Coal Meter's Office, or at the said Subordinate Office appointed by the said Principal Land Coal Meter, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon on a Day to be nominated in the said Notice not exceeding Seven Days from the Date thereof, at which Meeting five Persons shall be chosen and appointed to succeed to the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter for the Limits aforesaid, and each Person shall at the House of One of the Clerks of that Day be elected by the Majority of Persons, being Churchwardens of the said Parishes, as shall be then and there assembled, and each Person when so elected shall be and is hereby declared to be Principal Land Coal Meter for putting this Act in Execution within the several Parishes aforesaid; and every such Person so to be elected, nominated or appointed as aforesaid, shall be, remain and continue Principal Land Coal Meter for the said several Parishes until the first Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, unless he shall sooner die, or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and they are hereby authorized and required to inquire into, and hear and determine any Complaint of Fraud or Misbehaviour of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being for the Execution of this Act, in the same manner as they are by Law authorized to inquire into, hear and determine Misbehaviours; and if such Principal Land Coal Meter shall be found guilty of any Fraud, Neglect or Misbehaviour, he shall forfeit and pay for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, such Fine as such Court, before whom such Complaint shall be made, shall think fit, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with such Costs as such Court shall think proper to award and direct; and in case of a second Offence, the said Justices shall be empowered to remove the said Principal Land Coal Meter, and to order the Appointment of another in his Stead, to be elected in manner directed by this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That each and every Labouring Land Coal Meter, Deputy, Agent or Servant of the principal Land Coal Meter for the time being, shall be subject to the Power, Jurisdiction and Control of the said Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and shall or may be detained or suspended by the said Court from the Execution and Enforcements of their said respective Offices, on Complaint and Proof of any Fraud, Delict, Neglect or other Misbehaviour in the Management or Execution thereof, all which Complaints shall and may be heard and determined by the said Court in a summary way.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever the Term for which any such Principal Land Coal Meter shall have been appointed shall expire, then and in such case nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any such Principal Land Coal Meter, whose Term limited for the Execution of his Office shall so expire, from being re-nominated or re-appointed to his Office of Principal Meter.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as Principal Land Coal Meter, in the Execution of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, an Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the following Words:

I do swear, (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do affirm,) That I will lawfully, truly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter, for the Limits comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *[here set forth the Title of this Act]* **So help me GOD.**

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being, shall, and he is hereby directed and required, from time to time and at all times, to nominate, appoint and employ a sufficient Number of Labouring Land Coal Meters, for the Purpose of measuring Coals, and for executing such other Duties as are by this Act required to be done by Land Coal Meters, and from time to time to suspend or discharge the same, as he shall think fit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Labouring Land Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act until he shall have taken and subscribed before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, an Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the Words following:

I do swear, (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do affirm,) That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, to the best of my Skill and Judgement, execute the Office of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters for the Parishes comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intitled *[here set forth the Title of this Act]*; and that I will truly and impartially measure and receive, or be measured or loaded, all such Coals between Buyer and Seller, and execute such other Duties as are by Law required to be done by a Labouring Land Coal Meter, without Fear or Hatred. **So help me GOD.**

X. And

X. And be it further enacted, That the said several Labouring Land Coal Meters, shall and they are hereby required to attend at the several Wharfs, Warehouses, and other Places, at which he or they shall be stationed from time to time by the said Principal Land Coal Meter, each and every Day (Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day and Fall or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted) in each and every Year from the Twenty fifth Day of March to the Twenty ninth Day of September, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening; and from the Twenty ninth Day of September to the Twenty fifth Day of March, from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if upon Notice being given to any such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters to be stationed, or Notice being left in Writing at his or their Office or Offices, or Place or Places of Abode, to attend at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, within the Limits of his or their Station or Stations for the time being, in order to measure or be measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required by this Act to be done by any Land Coal Meter at any such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, or if Notice requiring the Attendance of a Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters at a Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, for the Purpose of measuring or to be measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required of Labouring Land Coal Meters by this Act, shall be given at the Office of the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or at the said Subordinate Office; and if such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall not attend pursuant to any such Notice within the Space of Four Hours from the giving of the same, and do but or their Duty according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such case every such Labouring Land Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or any of the Persons to be employed under him, shall at any time or times hereafter, during his or their respective Continuance in Office or Employment as aforesaid, be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatsoever, otherwise than in the Discharge of his or their said respective Offices, such Principal Land Coal Meter to offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding one hundred Pounds, and such Deputy Coal Meter, and Labouring Land Coal Meter respectively, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, and being thereof respectively convicted before the said Court of General or Quarter Sessions, shall be disabled from his or their said respective Office or Employment, and be for ever disabled from holding or executing the same or any other under this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent or taken away in any Waggons, Cart or other Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place or Place within the Limits of this Act, and also all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent by Gang Labour, from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Coal Meter shall be stationed, situate within such Limits as aforesaid, shall, previously to such Coals being so sent or taken away, be carefully weighed and examined by the Principal or One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters, in order that such Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being sent or taken away in any Cart, Waggons or other Carriage) are of the Sort or Description mentioned in the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vendor and Vendors of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being so delivered by Gang Labour) are of the Sort or Description as and for which the same shall be sold; and such Meter is hereby authorized and required to demand of the Vendor or Vendors, or of the Wharfingers, or other Person with whom the Ship Certificate of any of such Coals shall be left at any Wharf or Place for the Sale of any such Coals, such Ship Certificate, for the Purpose of perusing and inspecting the same, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to counter-sign such Ticket or Tickets, if such Meter shall be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort they are described to be in such Ticket or Tickets, but shall not counter-sign the same without being so satisfied, any thing being contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby also authorized and required, when the whole Quantity of Coals contained in any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereon, to write or subscribe on the Back of the Certificate of such Coals, the Word "Delivered"; and if any such Vendor or Vendors, Wharfingers or other Person shall refuse or neglect to produce and deliver to any such Meter such Ship Certificate on Demand, then, and in every such case, every such Vendor or Vendors, Wharfingers or other Person to offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any such Meter shall counter-sign any such Ticket or Tickets, without having first inspected such Coals, and also such Ship Certificate, and without having a reasonable Ground to be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort described in such Vendor or Vendors' Ticket, or if any such Meter shall not immediately after the whole of the Coals contained in any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereon, demand or call for such Certificate of such Coals, or shall not immediately on such Certificate being produced under the same in manner aforesaid, then, and in every such case, every such Meter to offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sack shall be made use of in the Delivery of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, within the Limits aforesaid, except such Sack shall be made of Lanes, and shall have been first tusked and corded with White Flax in Oil at Guildhall, London, or at the Eschequer Office, Westminster, by the proper Officer there, and shall at the time of making Use of such Sack measure in the Inside thereof at least Four Feet and Two Inches in Length by Two Feet and One Inch in Breadth; and no Sack shall be sealed or marked which shall not, at the time of the making or sealing thereof, measure in the Inside thereof Four Feet and Four Inches

Labouring Land Meters to attend their Stations.

Notice.

Not attending, &c.

Penalty. Coal Meters not to be interested in Sale of Coals.

Penalty.

Qualifications.

Land Coal Meters may demand from Vendors or Wharfingers a Sight of the Ship's Certificate.

Meter may demand of Vendor the Ship Certificate.

Vendor refusing.

Penalty. Meter unable to counter-sign.

Penalty. Directions of the Act.

Vendor, Sec-
elling Stock of
Improper Dis-
counting

Denslow, Inc.

Costs delivered by Gang Labour need not be put into each factor.

What Method
Defenses to let
make use of
at Ann Day p.
107 5 10, 11.

Dealers: Ac
cording to the
FBI.

Inventory,
Inventory, Inc., of
Durable clothing
under \$100.

Empire Minerals, Inc.
Box 100

Regulation with
regard to Cook
Field by Food
Mission.

When Rooms of Excellence, Master the fact that Clubs are duly taken out.

Testing Scales on
various Types of
Items:

de Carlo and his
Lukas van der
Rijcken, the
Algerian may re-

Wassinger, A. &
Muller, A.

Netting
 Posing
 Pool Massage
 Deductions for

Inches in Length, and Two Feet and Two Inches in Breadth; and if any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals, Rail or of coals to be used, any Sack or Sacks for delivering or carrying Coals within the several and respective Limits aforesaid, not sealed or marked as aforesaid, or of less Length at the time of using the same than Four Feet and Two Inches at the full in the Inside thereof, or of less Breadth than Two Feet and One Inch at the full in the Inside thereof, then and in every such case every such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals shall, for every such Sack be unwarmed or deficient in Length or Breadth, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place, shall cause every such Sack found unwarmed, or deficient either in Length or Breadth, to be destroyed: Provided always, that the Coals to be delivered by Gang Labour may be conveyed without the Use of such Sacks; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Bull or Bullion shall be kept or made use of for or in the Advancement of any Coals sold within the Limits aforesaid, which shall not be such Bull or as is described in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intitled *An Act for the speedy and effectual performing of the Navigation of the River of Thames, by stopping the Branch in the Levels of Harving and Dugesham, in the County of Essex, and for shortening the Coal Measures, and which has not been since then stamped or marked by the proper Officer at the Exchequer Office at Westminster, or at the Guildhall, London, previously to the same being so kept or used; and that every such Bull, previously so being so stamped or marked, shall be fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper Hoops, and shall be so Hooped or marked with a Steel Instrument on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop; and that every such Bull shall be kept without any Allowance or Diminution; and that in making use of such Bull or all Coals shall be duly Hooped up in such Bull in the Form of a Case, such Case to be of the Height of at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Bull to be the Extremity of the Bale of such Case; and that each and every Chaldron of Coals shall consist of Thirty six of such Bulls to be Hooped, and it is proportion for any lesser Quantity; and if any Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals within such Limits as aforesaid, shall keep or make use of, or cause to be kept or made use of, any Bull or in the Advancement of any Coals other than such Bull as aforesaid, and so Hooped as aforesaid, or shall in anywise decrease or diminish any such Bull stamped as aforesaid, or shall permit his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any Person or Persons whomsoever to do, then and in every such case such Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals so offending, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and if any such Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of any Dealer or Dealers, or Vender or Venders, shall make use of, or in advancing of any Coals, any Bull other than such Bull as aforesaid, Hooped as aforesaid, or if any such Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, shall in any manner decrease or diminish any such Bull stamped as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Servant or Servants, or such other Person or Persons respectively, for every such Offence, shall be committed to the House of Correction by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, there to be kept to hard Labour, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.*

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold, first taken, or carried away to and for Pool or River Menfure, from any Ship, Veffel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, and to be fent to any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage, from any Wharf or Place within the Limits of this Act, fhall be loaded in Sacks, in the Prefence of One of the Licensing Land Coal Meters of the Duftind, which Licensing Land Coal Meter is hereby authorized and required to watch and inspect the filling or loading of the Sacks whereon fuch Coals fhall be loaded, and it fhall be lawful for fuch Meter to manure the Dimensions of all or any of fuch Sacks ufed is any fuch Loading before fuch Sacks fhall be filled or loaded; and fuch Meter fhall, and he is hereby authorized and required, when any Rooms or Rooms of Coals in any Ship, Veffel, Lighter, Barge or Ctt, are or is to be fold and fent or taken away from any fuch Wharf or other Place as and for Pool Menfure by any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, to fee that the Coals fo loaded and fent or taken away are in fuch taken out of the particular Room or Rooms to fold, and alfo that the whole of the Coals contained in any fuch particular Room or Rooms fo fold are in fact entirely emptied out of fuch Room or Rooms, and loaded and fent or taken away to the Purchafers or Purchafers of the Coals contained in fuch Room or Rooms; and in cafe fuch Meter fhall find any Sack or Sacks ufed for the loading of any fuch Coals to be any of fuch Dimensions than required by this Act, or in cafe it fhall appear to fuch Meter, according to the beft of his Judgment, that any Sack or Sacks ufed in loading any fuch Coals do not contain when loaded fuch Quantity of Three Hundred of Coals, or in cafe fuch Meter fhall obferve that any fuch Coals fold as the Coals of any particular Room or Rooms, fhall any in fact be taken out of fuch particular Room or Rooms to fold or to be fold, or that the whole of the Coals contained in fuch particular Room or Rooms fhall not be entirely emptied out of the faid Room, and in every fuch cafe it fhall and may be lawful to and for fuch Meter to write to contravene the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in fuch Coals, to the Purchafers or Purchafers thereof; and if any Wharfinger, Coal Porter or other Perfon or Perfons, fhall in any manner obftand, hinder or prevent fuch Meter in or from the Performance of any fuch Duty or Duties fo required by this Act, then and in every fuch cafe every fuch Perfon fo offending fhall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Vendor or Vender-of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Cask fold, first or taken away as and for Pool Measure from any Shop, Vefin, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse, or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be delivered to the Par-

chafer or Purchaser thereof, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, Ball, and he, she and they in and are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coal, or her, her or these Sellers or Servants, before any Part of the Coal contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, Ball be Shot or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper Ball be in the Words and Form following:

M. R. A. R. [Here insert the Name of the Purchaser] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the Coal] Coals [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the Coal] Coals [Here insert the Number] Sacks of Coals, [Here insert the Name of the Coal] Coals, for supplying the Looking and Quality of which Coals you are, on the Receipt of this Ticket, in Conformity to an Act of Parliament, made in the Fifth ninth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, [Here insert the Title of this Act] to pay the underwritten E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Vendor] the Sum of [Here insert the Amount of the Compensation directed by this Act to be given to said Principal Meter for the Tonnage of each Coal, calculating the same as if the Aft thereof] being at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Yn Told to and to be received by you herewith; and by the same Act this Ticket is directed to be delivered to you before any of the Coals are first out of any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, and that a Buftel Measure is in each Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, by which the Coals are directed to Measure gratis, and the Penalty of Ten Pence, the Coals contained in any One Sack, which the Purchaser or his Servant or Servants may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Height of each Cone to be at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Measure to be the Extremity of the Bulk of each Cone, and that, in case of your being dissatisfied with the Coals now sent, you are entitled by the same Act to have the same reconditioned by the Buftel Measure, provided you immediately, and before any more of the Coals than One Sack shall be first or delivered from the Cart, Wagon or other Carriage in which the same are brought, send Notice in Writing of your Desire to have the same reconditioned to either of the Land Coal Meter's Offices appointed by virtue of the said Act, also to the Vendor or Vendors of such Coals. C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Vendor]. E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Meter and the Office, and Place the Office is situated]. Dated [Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when this Ticket was given].

And in case such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Cattle, shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, and so contraverting by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Cattle, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Cattle shall be first or delivered from such Cart, Wagon or other Cattle Lade with any such Cattle as aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver or other Person attending such Cart, Wagon or other Cattle Lade with any such Cattle as aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given, by or by the Direction of the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having first requested the same from the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers or any Person by the Order of the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Cattle, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Cattle shall be first or delivered from such Cart, Wagon or other Cattle Lade, every such Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid for offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XVII. And be it further covenanted, That the Vendor or Vendors or Dealer or Dealers in any Coal's field as and for Pool-Medlow, and for any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, from any Wharf, Washhouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, or any Coal's field as and for Pool-Medlow, and delivered by Gang Labour from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Coal Miner shall be stationed, situate within each Lessee's or the Lessees or Occupiers of any such Wharf, Washhouse or other Place, from or over which any such Coal's shall be to be sent or taken away full, and such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, or Occupier or Occupiers, as and are hereby required and directed to pay to the Principal Miner for the Extent of this Act, at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat for bought and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, as and for a Compensation for the Trouble of loading or superintending the loading and sending away such Coal's, and such Money shall be repaid by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coal's to the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers thereof.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Coal, sold as and for Pool Measures, from breaking such Coals to the Purposes of such Purchaser or Purchasers, or to any Landing Place which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall appoint, (provided such Landing Place or Places be not a Coal Wharf, or Place where any Measure shall by virtue of this Act be named,) or from having such Coals reloaded and delivered at such Premises or Landing Place, either by Gang Labour or in any other manner, except as or by Means of any Cart, Waggons or other Carriage, without the Preference, Intimation or Assistance of any Land Coal Meter, and without being subject or liable to the Payment of any Stern or Stows of Money whatsoever to any Land Coal Meter for or in respect of such Coals; but in such case Landing Place shall be within the Limits of this Act, and such Purchaser or Purchasers shall require the Cart or Attendance of a Land Coal Meter, then be, then to take have and be entitled to such Aid, advance, upon finding Notice of such law, but or their Deeds to the said Principal Land Coal Meter's Office or to the said Subordinate Office, and as such said Land Coal Meter or Meter shall may and be directed for the Attendants of such

Form of Vander's Ticket to the Great Olympic

Vendor, Inc. not
delivering T-
ket counter.
Signed by Edgar
to Purchaser,
Inc.
Finally,
Garman, Inc. not
delivering
T-ket to Pur-
chaser.

References

Wrote them off
M. even in his
official letter
for a gift of
C. to his by
the M. to him.

For the Principal

 Name: _____
 Title: _____
 Date: _____

**Smoking Per-
centage of Cows
with Dry Milk
Matters on How
They Suckle**
Cows that stop
to suck with the
first teat suckling
at a different

Free for Annual-
ment and Month.

Level

Land Coal Meter, at and after the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vat of fath Coals.

Carman to carry
a Bessel Mea-
sure in his Cart.

Twenty, &c.

Penny, as
Carman.
Penny on
Vendor.
Penny.

Vendor to de-
liver Tickets of
Coals sold by
Wharf Measure

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, by any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, shall not have placed on some conspicuous Part of his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, a perfect Bessel Measure, of the Form, Size or Dimensions, and so stamped or marked as hereinbefore directed, (which Measure shall be provided by the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in or Carrier or Carriers of fath Coals,) then and in every such case every such Carman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, not having such Bessel Measure so placed thereon or thereon, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of fath Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that Coals which shall be carried or conveyed in Bulk, or in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage belonging to the Purchaser or Purchasers of fath Coals, may be so carried or conveyed without the Carman being obliged to carry a Bessel Measure therewith, or any Person or Persons being subject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties in respect thereof, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, sold and sent as and for Wharf Measure, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, from any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he and they in and are required to deliver or cause to be delivered a printed Ticket or Paper, and each Carman, Driver or other Person shall and is required to deliver or cause to be delivered the same Ticket so enclosed from such Vendor to the Purchaser or Purchasers of fath Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall be sent or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

VENDOR'S TICKET.

1. *Mr. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Buyer.]*

TAKE Notice, That you are to receive hereunto [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Number] Sacks of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals [Here insert the Name of the] Coals; and that by an Act made in the Fifth Sixth Year of the Kings of King George the Third, [Here insert the Title of this Act] the Carman is directed to deliver this Ticket before he sends any of the Coals out of his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage; and that a Bessel Measure is in fath Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, by which the Carman is directed to measure gratis, under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds, the Coals contained in any One Sack which the Purchaser or his Servant may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bessels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Outside of the Measure being the Extremity of the Bale thereof. C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Vendor.] E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Lahrering Master in case of the Coals being sent from within the District of the said Office.] Dated [Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed.]

Vendor or de-
livering Ticket.

Penny

Carman sent de-
livering Ticket
to Purchaser

Penny

Carman required
to Measure One
Sack gratis, in
each Cart.

And in case any fath Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid to the Purchaser or Purchasers of fath Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of fath Coals shall be sent or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every fath Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any fath Coals aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given by, or by the Direction of the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having in full received the same from the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, or any Person by the Vendor's or Dealer's Order) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket as aforesaid to the Buyer or Buyers of fath Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of fath Coals shall be sent or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every fath Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in fath Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, within the Limits aforesaid, shall and is hereby directed to measure gratis, if he shall be required to do so, the Coals contained in any One of the Sacks contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, which may be chosen by the Purchaser or Purchasers of the fath Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting on the behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers, with such Bessel Measure as aforesaid, in order that such Purchaser or Purchasers may be better enabled to judge of the Necessity of having the whole of fath Coals remeasured in manner directed by this Act.

Carman driving
Coals away with-
out measuring
the Sack.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers by the Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in fath Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse

Wharf, or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to measure by the said Buftel Measure each Sack of Coals in manner herein directed, then the same may be required by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or by his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of such Purchaser or Purchasers, to be measured, or if any such Cartman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer the said Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage to be driven away without measuring, in manner herein directed, the said Sack of Coals, or said loader, chaffin, or otherwise prevent the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, from measuring the said Buftel Measure, or all or any Sack or Sacks in said Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage, then and in every such case, every such Cartman or Driver so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and the Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXIII. And he it further enacted, That if any Purchaser of any Coals sold and sent to such Purchaser by any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, from any Place within the Limits of this Act, shall think or suspect that the said and lawful Measure of any such Coals has not been first, and shall, before the Lighterman, or other Person having the Care or Management of such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, have delivered up to the Purchaser, or to his, her or their Servants, such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, and caused the Charge thereof, and before Bulk shall be broken of such Coals, signify his or her Desire to have such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Lighterman, or other Person first with the Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or Craft in which the said Coals shall be brought, shall either continue at the Landing Place or Premises of the Purchaser of the said Coals, with the said Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, until such Coals are remeasured, or shall leave such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft properly secured and made secure at such Landing Place or Premises, or as near thereto as can be, and permit the same to remain there until such Coals are remeasured, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds on the Owner and Proprietor, and Forty Shillings on the Lighterman or other Person first with such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft; and the said Purchaser shall immediately send or cause to be sent to the Vendor or Dealer of the said Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are going to be remeasured, and shall send Notice in Writing thereof to the Office of the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or to the said Laboratory Office, and thereupon the Principal Land Coal Meter, or One of the Laboratory Meters, as the case may be, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection any such Coals may have been originally loaded,) shall, within Four Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at either of the said Offices, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left to remeasure the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same with the Buftel Measure in the Presence of the Vendor or Dealer and Purchaser of the said Coals, or their Agents or Servants, if any of them shall attend for the Purpose of firing such Coals remeasured, and in case it shall appear upon the Remeasurement of such Coals, by such Principal or Laboratory Coal Meter as shall attend for the Purpose of remeasuring of such Coals, that such Coals do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then and in every such case, if such Coals have been sold as and for Full Measure, the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Buftels, and not exceed Ten Buftels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat of Coals so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Buftel of Coals so found deficient in every Five Chaldrons and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Buftels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat so remeasured, then and in such case such Vendor or Dealer of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Buftel so found deficient any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; but in case any such Coals be remeasured and found deficient shall have been sold or delivered as and for Wharf Measure, then and in such case the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Buftel so found deficient any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof.

XXIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Laboratory Coal Meter to be appointed by virtue of this Act, in remeasuring, shall be paid the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured by him, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron; and if upon any such Remeasurement the whole of the Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then and in such case the Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Buftel, pay the Expenses of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Buftel, then and in such case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XXV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed so as to require any Coals sold as and for Full Measure to be measured by the Buftel Measure previously to such Coals being loaded and sent away in any Cart, Wagon, or other Carriage from the Vendor's or Dealer's Wharf or Place of Sale, unless by the Desire of the Purchaser of any such Coals.

XXVI. And he it further enacted, That all Coals sold, or to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, in Quantities exceeding Eight Buftels, at or from any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall be measured in the Presence of One of the said Laboratory Coal Meters as is appointed by virtue of this Act, by the Buftel Measure brought up as by this Act is directed, and the said Laboratory Coal Meter, and every of them shall and may, and is lawfully authorized and required to fill up any Buftel or Buftels at any such Coals as shall appear to him or them deficient or wanting in Measure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Person or Persons so vending or contracting for the Sale of the said Coals, or so loading any such Coals for Sale.

Such

Purchaser of
Coals may have
the said Buftel
filled up

Lighterman
bearing or sea-
soning Coals

Penalty on
Owner
Penalty on
Lighterman
Purchaser to
send Notice to
Master's Office
of remeasuring
Notice to attend

Deficiency found
on Remeasure-
ment

Penalty on
Vendor

Penalty

Penalty

By whom Ex-
penses of Re-
measuring are
to be paid

Coals sold by
Full Measure
not to be meas-
ured by Buftel
unless by Desire
of the Purchaser
Quantity of
Wharf Measure
to be measured
by Buftel
to be filled up
out of the Stock
of Coals

Meas following
Wharf Masters
Coals to be sent
out without
being measured.

Penalty.

Coal Master's
Payment for
Wharf Masters
Coals.

Principal Master
to deliver in
Tickets, &c. &
Tickets.
The Contents of
each Ticket.

If Purchaser de-
clines to have par-
ticular Sacks re-
measured, Pro-
ceedings.

In what case
Message to be
sent to Vendor.

Carman refusing
to deliver Ticket
to Purchaser.

Penalty
Wharfmaster
against Seller or
Measurer.

Penalty.

Measur receiving
Bribe, or
delivering false
Tickets.

On presenting
false Measures to
be null, &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Labouring Coal Meter shall wilfully or willingly suffer any Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, which shall be sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, to be sent from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of his Office, without such Coals being measured in the manner herein directed, or shall not give Information thereof to the Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by virtue of this Act, or to the said Informants thereof, within Five Days next after such Coals shall have been measured, then and in every such case such Labouring Coal Meter shall for ever thereafter be rendered incapable of acting as a Labouring Coal Meter, and forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixpence for every Children of Coals which shall be sold and delivered, as and for Wharf Measure, at any Wharf, Warehouse or Place within the Limits of this Act, and is in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Children, shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or Place from which such Coals are taken, or by the Seller or Vender of such Coals to the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, and thereupon such Principal Land Coal Meter is hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to every Seller of such Coals, or the Carman who shall cart, load, drive or carry away the same, a Paper Writing, or Ticket, Signed by the Principal Land Coal Meter, and countersigned by the Labouring Coal Meter attending and delivering the same, in which shall be contained the Christian and Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vender or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, and also either the Christian or Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vender or Vendors, and also either the Christian or Surname or Names or only the Surname or Names of the Purchaser or Purchasers, Consumer or Consumers of the said Coals, and the Quantity of such Coals, and the Day of the Week, Month and Year of the Delivery, and Acknowledgment, and Amount of the Messge Charge, and the Names of the Carman or Persons employed to cart, load, drive or carry the said Coals, and also shall contain a Notice to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, that if he, he or they or are dissatisfied with the Measure thereof, and shall desire to have all such Coals remeasured, such Dissatisfaction must be expressed to the Carman, beforement than One Stack of such Coals is shot or unladen from the Waggons, Cart or other Carriage conveying the same; and that if such Purchaser or Purchasers shall be so dissatisfied, and shall desire to have all or any of the particular Sacks remaining in such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage remeasured, he or they to ascertain the Contents of each or any of such particular Sacks, then that such Driver must be expressed to the Carman before any of the Sacks of Coals which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall desire to have remeasured, shall be shot or unladen from the Cart, Wagon or other Carriage in which the same shall be put; which said Ticket, being thus made complete, and Messge paid, shall be delivered unaltered by the Labouring Coal Meter, countersigning the same without Delay to the Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, drive or load the Coals delivered in such Ticket, to the Purchaser or Consumer thereof, which said Ticket answered, the said Carman or Person therein named to be employed to cart, carry, load or drive the Coals in such Ticket delivered, shall, and he is hereby required to deliver to the respective Consumer or Purchasers therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals delivered in such Ticket for the Use of such Purchaser or Consumer, and thereupon he, he or they or is and are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in such Ticket, the Messge therein specified, and if the Labouring Coal Meter countersigning such Ticket, shall after Payment or Tender of the Messge charged in pursuance of this Act, refuse to deliver such Ticket as hereinbefore directed to the Carman or Person employed to cart, load, drive or carry the Coals therein delivered, such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if such Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, load or drive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, shall, after the same Ticket shall have been so delivered to him by the Labouring Coal Meter countersigning the same, either alter or neglect, or refuse to deliver the same Ticket to the Purchaser or Consumer therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, such Carman or Person employed to cart, load or drive the Coals delivered in such Ticket, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Wharfmaster or Dealer in Coals shall directly or indirectly give or offer, or cause to be given or offered to the Principal or any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Messrs any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever over and above Sixpence per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Charge and Messge of Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vat of Coals sold by Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter appointed or to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, a false or countersigned Ticket to any Dealer, Vender, Consumer, Carman or other Person, with intent to prejudice or defraud any Person or Persons whatsoever, or shall take or receive from any Dealer or Vender of Coals any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Sixpence per Children herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Messge Charge for Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Children and One Vat of Coals sold by the Pool Measure, for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, or if such Principal Land or Labouring Coal Meter shall wilfully permit or suffer to be made false Measures of any Coals, or shall deliver a Meter's Ticket for any Quantity of Coals, the whole of which he shall have not been measured, or shall countersign any Vender's or Dealer's Ticket for any Coals, without having weighed such Coals, or

without freeing and taking care that the whole of the Coals contained, sold in, and to be delivered out of any particular Room or Rooms of any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been first completely engaged out of and loaded from such particular Room or Rooms so sold, then, and in every such case, every such Meter to offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever serving thereafter in the Office of a Coal Meter.

Penalty.

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That if any Quantity whatsoever of Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, sold or to be sold as for Wharf Measure, shall be lost or drawn in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or carried by Gang Labour from any Wharf, Warehouse or Place, inasmuch as the Limits of this Act, without having been measured by such Wharf Measure as is directed and described by this Act, or without such Meter's Ticket as aforesaid, is signed and countersigned as aforesaid, having been first obtained, or if such Ticket as aforesaid shall not be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers of any such Coals, before any Part of such Coals are lost or delivered upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Vendor for not delivering a Meter's Ticket with Wharf Measure Coals.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal Meter to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall use, or knowingly permit or suffer any Sack or Sacks to be made use of for the measuring or carrying of Coals of less Dimensions than such Sacks as are directed to be used for that Purpose by this Act, at any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, then and in every such case, every such Labouring Coal Meter shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Penalty.

XXXIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold as and for Wharf Measure shall be dissatisfied with the Measurement which shall have been made of any such Coals at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale within the Limits of this Act, by or under the Inspection of the Labouring Land Coal Meter stationed or according to such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, then in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, before such Coals are lost away from such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale, to send, or cause to be sent, to the Office of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, or to the said Labouring Office, Notice in Writing signifying the Desire of such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, to have such Coals re-measured, and then and in such case such Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters of or from such Office, not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured, shall, within the Space of Four Hours next after such Notice is Writing left at such Office, attend to re-measure the said Coals, and shall accordingly re-measure the same, Sack by Sack, by the said Meter, in the Presence of such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, or Agents or Servants, and for such Re-measurement such Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Principal Coal Meter the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so re-measured, and in case it shall appear upon such Re-measurement that the Coals so re-measured shall exceed the Quantity for which the same were sold, then and in such case if such Excess shall be equal or amount to or exceed Two Bushels in any Chaldron so re-measured, the Meter who first measured such Coals shall for every Bushel so exceeding such Quantity as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings together with all the Expenses of such Re-measurement.

Meter permitting Sacks to be used of less than Dimensions.

Penalty Vendor of Coals dissatisfied with Measurement, if dissatisfied, may have same re-measured.

Notice by Vendor.

Meter to attend, &c.

Fee for Re-measurement.

Excess.

Penalty.

XXXIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That if any Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall be dissatisfied with the Measure of any Coals sold or to be delivered within the Limits of this Act, and sent to him, her or them, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall signify to the Customs, or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, his, her or their Desire to have the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or any Part of such Coals re-measured, then and in every such case the Customs or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, in which such Coals shall be brought, shall, and he is hereby required to continue and remain at the Hoofs, Lodging or other Premises of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, with such Coals, and the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, until such Coals are re-measured; and if any such Customs or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer to be driven away, any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, before the Coals contained therein shall be re-measured, without the Consent of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, then and in every such case, such Customs or Driver shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Coals lost by Land Carriage to be re-measured, if desired, by the Purchaser.

Customs driving away before Coals re-measured. Penalty.

XXXV. And he it further enacted, That such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, in desiring such Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be re-measured shall, and he, she or they in and are hereby required to send, to the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in the said Coals, or to his, her or their Wharf, Warehouse or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be re-measured, and such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall, and he, she or they in and are hereby required forthwith to send Notice in Writing to any One of the Offices of the said Principal Land Coal Meter of his, her or their Desire to have such Coals re-measured, and thereupon the Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Four Hours next after such Notice in Writing, left at either of the said Offices, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be left at the Hoofs, Lodging or other Premises, of such Purchaser or Purchasers as shall be expressed in such Notice, for the Purpose of re-measuring the said Coals, and shall accordingly re-measure the same in the Presence of the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers and Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or of his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, if they or any of them shall attend to see

Purchaser to send Notice to Meter's Office, if desirous to have Coals re-measured.

Meter to attend, &c.

Vendor not attending to the Coals remanufactured, Proceedings.

the same remanufactured; and in case such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, or Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, shall not attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals remanufactured, then such Meter shall proceed on the weighing of such Coals in his, her or their Absence, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required, at the Option of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, to remanufacture such Coals either by the said sack, so as to ascertain the Contents of such particular Sack of such Coals which shall result in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or else to remanufacture such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together; and in case the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall not either before or immediately upon the Arrival of such Meter signify or make to be signified to such Meter his or their Option or Desire as to which of the said Two Ways he or they would wish such Remanufacture to be taken or made in, then and in every such case such Meter shall proceed to remanufacture such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and for such Remanufacture such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay, or make to be paid, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meters, of and from the Office to which Notice shall have been first as aforesaid, Summons for every Children of Coals to remanufactured; and in case, upon the Remanufacture of any such Coals which shall be so remanufactured as to ascertain the Contents of such particular Sack thereof, it shall appear to the Meter to remanufacture the same, that any such Sack or Sacks of such Coals shall not contain Three Bushels, then and in every such case the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall for every Sack of Coals that shall be so found deficient on such Remanufacture forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case, upon the Remanufacture of any such Coals as aforesaid, which shall be remanufactured in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks whereas the same shall have been first taken together, it shall appear to such Meter as aforesaid that the Coals thus remanufactured do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then if such last mentioned Coals shall have been sold as and for Wharf Measure, the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals found deficient any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, and also forfeit every Children of Coals so found deficient or wanting in Measure to and for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Coals shall be so remanufactured, and the Labeuring Meter under whole Inspection the Coals were first measured shall for every Bushel so deficient forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and the Coal Factors who shall have first measured such Coals for the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers thereof, shall for every Bushel of Coals so measured forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence; but if any such Coals be remanufactured in the manner last mentioned, and be found to amount to less than the Quantity for which the same were sold, shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure, then the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Five Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Children and One Vat be remanufactured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every such Five Children and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Children and One Vat be remanufactured, then and in such case such Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so deficient in every such Five Children and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Five Pence: Provided nevertheless, that no such Coals be sold and first shall be remanufactured so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals taken together, after more than One Sack of such Coals shall have been first or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage into or upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, any thing heretofore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

To be paid by Purchaser for Remanufacture.

Deficiency appearing on Remanufacture.

Penalty on Vendor.

If Coals sold for Wharf Measure.

Penalty on Labeuring Meter.

Penalty on Coal Factors.

When Deficiency, and Coals sold as for Pool Measure.

Penalty on Vendor.

Penalty, Proviso.

In case Coals sold for Pool Measure.

Proceedings on Remanufacture.

Penalty on Meter.

By whom Expenses on Remanufacture are to be paid.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Remanufacture of any Coals sold and first as and for Pool Measure by any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, and which Remanufacture shall have been made in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, the Coals so remanufactured shall be found to be less or more than at the Rate of Three Bushels for each Sack, according to the Number of Sacks specified in the Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket of such Coals, then the Meter who counterpoised such Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency or Excess shall exceed Four Bushels in any Five Children and One Vat of such Coals to remanufactured, forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so exceeding or so deficient in every such Five Children and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon any such Remanufacture, which shall be made so as to ascertain the whole Quantity contained in all the Sacks first taken together, of any such Coals sold and first as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, the whole of such Coals so remanufactured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of such Remanufacture; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchaser of such Coals; and if upon any such Remanufacture, which shall be made so as to ascertain the Quantity contained in each and every of the particular Sacks first, of any Coals sold as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, it shall be found that One Fourth part or more of the Number of the Sacks of such Coals sold and first to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, do not contain the Quantity of Three Bushels each respectively, then the Vendor or Vendors of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expenses of the Remanufacture thereof; but if the Number of such particular Sacks so found deficient shall not amount to One Fourth Part of the whole Number of the Sacks of such Coals so sold

and feet, then and in each case such Expenses shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if after any such Notice as by this Act directed shall have been given by or on the behalf of any Purchaser or Purchasers, at either of the said Principal or Subordinate Offices, requiring the Attendance of any Meter from either of such Offices, for the Purpose of reexamining any Coals, sold either for Wharf or Pool Measure, then and in every such case a Meter or Meters shall be required to attend from the said Office, for the Purpose of making the Reexamination, and such respective Labouring Meter or Labouring Meters shall, and is, and are hereby required and authorized to reexamine any such Coals which be or they shall be in fact to reexamine, whether the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall or not be deficient of having such Reexamination proceeded in, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, after having received any such Notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse, within the Space of Four Hours after the receipt of such Notice, to send a Labouring Meter or Meters to the Hoofd, Lodging or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers accordingly, or if any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall refuse or neglect to reexamine such Coals, then and in every such case the Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, or Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters, so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any such Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, shall prevent, obstruct or interrupt, or attempt to prevent any such Reexamination being proceeded in and made by such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters, sent by the said Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, in consequence of any such Notice, then and in every such case such Purchaser or Purchasers, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage shall be stopped or detained for the Purpose or under Pretence of reexamining the Coals, or any Part laden thereon, the Owner of every such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, shall be entitled to the Sum of Three Shillings per Hour, for every Hour the Cart shall be so detained, and is in Proportion for any Fraction of an Hour, once and above the said Cartage of such Coals, which Three Shillings per Hour shall be paid by the Vendor or Dealers in the said Coals, in case the loss or any Part thereof shall upon the Reexamination thereof be found deficient in Measure, or by the Purchaser of such Coals, in case the same shall not be reexamined, or shall upon such Reexamination be found to amount to the Quantity for which such Coals were sold.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight, at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be first in any Cart, Wagon or other Carriage to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, shall be sold or weighed by the Handed Weight, each Handed Weight consisting of One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupois, and Twenty such Handed Weights shall be deemed and taken to be One Ton; and all such Coals to be sold shall be weighed and loaded in such Wharf or Warehouse, or other Place of Sale, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters to be appointed pursuant to this Act, and such Labouring Land Coal Meter is hereby authorized and required to superintend and assist the weighing and loading of all such Coals; sold by Weight, in order that such Meter may see and be satisfied that in every such Loading the full Weight of Coals is actually given, which shall be expressed in the Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket, and such Meter may refuse to countersign the Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket of any such Coals, in case such Meter shall not be satisfied that the full and true Weight shall be given, according to the Quantity which shall be expressed in such Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket, but such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to countersign the same, in case the proper Weight shall be given according to such Quantity of Coals expressed in such Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket; and for such Inspection of such Coals to be sold by Weight, there shall be paid by the Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers thereof, or by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, in which such Coals shall be sent, to the Principal Land Coal Meter, Sixpence for every Ton of Coals so weighed under the Meter's Inspection, and is in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than One Ton, and such Sum of Money shall be repaid to such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals to be sold by Weight within the Limits of this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, immediately on the Arrival of the Cart, Wagon or other Carriage in which such Coals shall be sent, and before any of such Coals shall be unloaded, a Paper or Ticket in Form following; (That is to say),

" Mr. A. B. [Here insert the Name of the Buyer.]

" TAKE Notice, That you are to receive herewith [Here refer to the Number] Tons of [Here insert the Name of the] Coals, for supplying which Coals you are, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, [Here insert the Title of the Act] to repay me the undersigned [Here insert the Name of the Seller] the Sum of [Here insert the Amount of the Indemnity Charge] living at and after the Rate of Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold to and to be received by you herewith."

(Signed)

G. D. [Here insert the Name of the Seller.]

(Counterigned)

E. F. [Here insert the Name of the Meter.]

And in case such Vendor or Vendors, Dealer or Dealers, do not deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Ticket as aforesaid, and is countersigned by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his,

For every Meter
is not finding
a Labouring
Meter in Min-
ute Coals.

Of Labouring
Meter refusing
to reexamine.

Penalty,
Purchaser in-
specting Reex-
amination.

Penalty.

Compens to be
paid for being
stopped.
Rate of Pre-
mium.

Regulations as to
Coals sold by
Weights.

Inspection of
Coals.

To be Principal
Meter for In-
spection of
Coals.

Vendor's Ticket
to be sent with
Coals sold by
Weight.

Form.

Vendor not dis-
missing Ticket
to Purchaser.

Penalty.

Carriage and Tax
bearing Ticket
to Roadsters.

Penalty.

Coals to be sold
either by Weight
or by the Chald-
ron or Bushel.

The buying up
of different sorts
of Coals in a
Warehouse not
to be prevented,
provided such
sorts be kept in
different Parcels.
Such Coals not
to be sold other-
wise than by
Wharf Measures,
and with the
Name of such
sort specified in
the Ticket.

Penalty.

Providing and
speaking Coal
Sheds or Ware-
houses where
Coals are sold in
Quantities not
exceeding One
Half Chaldron.
Provided for
Coals to be sold
by the Name of
"Mixed Coals."

All sorts of pre-
sent Sale of
Coals directly
for sale.

Such Coals to be
described in
Warehouse
Cards.

Fines and Penal-
ties not exceed-
ing Twenty
Pounds to be
recovered before
Justice of the
Peace.

Offence.

Want of
Eligible
Apprenticeship

his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals are unloaded, every such Vendor or Dealer shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver or, or other Person attending any such Cart, Wagon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals to whom any such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Order of the Vendor or Dealer, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having in fact received the same from the Vendor, Dealer or any Person by the Direction of the Vendor or Dealer,) refuse or neglect so to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be unloaded, such Carman, Driver or other Person so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XLII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold within the Limits of this Act, save and except only such Coals as shall be sold by Weight in manner aforesaid, shall be sold either by the Chaldron, such Chaldron to consist of Thirty six of such Bushels as are aforesaid, or else by such Bushel as aforesaid, or by the Half Bushel, Peck or Half Peck, provided such lesser Measure shall be some Aliquot Part of such Bushel Measure, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIII. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be taken or construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from laying or storing up for Sale in any Warehouse or Repository, or other convenient Place, any Quantities whatsoever of Coals of as many Sorts, Names or Descriptions as he, or she or they shall respectively think fit, provided such different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals be respectively laid and kept in such Warehouse or other Repository in separate and distinct Parcels, and wisely marked; and provided as such Coals be sold by any other than Wharf Measures, or without the true Name or Names of every or any of such Sorts of such Coals as shall be sold and sent from any such Warehouse or other Repository being expressed in the Vendor's Ticket to be sent therewith to any Purchaser or Purchasers, and if any such Vendor or Vendors, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall sell or cause to be sold, by any other than by Wharf Measures any Coals out of any such Warehouse or other Repository in which Two or more different Sorts of Coals may be stored or deposited, or shall not insert or cause to be inserted in the Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket to be sent with such Coals the true Name or Names of each and every Sort of such Coals as shall be sent from or out of any such Warehouse, Repository or other Place, to any Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case every such Vendor or Dealer so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XLIV. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, within the Limits of this Act, who shall keep any Shed, Shop or Warehouse, where Coals shall be sold in Quantities not greater than One Half Chaldron, and where no Coals shall ever be sold in any Quantities exceeding One Half Chaldron, from mixing or heaping up together, or causing to be mixed or heaped up together in such Shed, Shop or Warehouse, any Quantities whatsoever, of any and as many different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals, as he, or she or they shall respectively think fit, or from selling or causing to be sold, such Coals where he is mixed; Provided nevertheless, that such Coals, when so mixed, shall be sold as, for and by the Name of "Mixed Coals;" and shall not be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, nor shall be sold at any other Place than at the Shed, Shop or Warehouse, where the same shall have been so mixed.

XLV. Provided also, and he it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend so as to hinder or prevent any Vendor or Vendors of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from selling or causing to be sold any Mixed Coals whatsoever, which shall have been mixed at any time before the passing of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals shall be sold as and for, and shall be described in the Vendor's or Dealer's Ticket to be sent therewith as and for and by the Name of "Warehouse Coals."

XLVI. And he it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed, (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise hereby directed,) not exceeding Twenty Pounds, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month next after the Offence or Offences committed; and all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall be levied and recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, and such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before him or them each Offender or Offenders, at the time and Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, (which Oath such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer,) such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices, and the Overplus (if any) raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for want of Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County of Kent, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all redressable Charges according to the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and One Mooty of all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, when paid, shall go to the Informer, and the other Mooty shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or shall be applied in such manner for carrying this Act into Execution, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Convictions shall take place shall direct.

XLVII. Pro-

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Mayor and other His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the time being sitting in and for the Corporation of *Greenwich* and *Milnes*, shall have Authority in all things arising within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Corporation, in like manner as the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent* have Authority within the said County; and that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any way to affect, change, lessen, amend, prejudice or destroy any Rights, Privileges, Immunities, Customs, Advantages or Antiquities heretofore vested in or enjoyed by the Mayor, Jurats and Inhabitants of *Greenwich* and *Milnes* aforesaid, but that they and their Successors shall and may hold, use and exercise the same in as full, single and beneficial manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had not been passed.

Proviso for
Rights of Cor-
poration of
Greenwich and
Milnes.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, as before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the said County of *Kent*, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and taking sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and shewing the Determination of the Court therein, and such Justice or Justices shall hear and determine the matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and amend the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as they shall think just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and as Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or set aside for Want of Form only, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, out of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereto in anywise notwithstanding.

Appeal to
Quarter Sessions.

Costs.
Appeal,
Final.
Convictions.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be paid, or, inasmuch before him or them any Person or Persons who shall so or by the Complaint or Information made to him or them appear to be a necessary Witness as to the matter thereby charged, to appear before him or them at a time and Place to be specified in the Summons, and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear according to such Summons, then upon due Proof of the Service of such Summons in manner aforesaid, such Person so summoned and not appearing in Compliance therewith, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner and by such Ways and Means as is hereinafter directed as to other Penalties; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to cause such Person to be apprehended by Warrant, under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices, and to be brought before him or them, and thereafter, whether such Person shall appear upon Summons as aforesaid, or shall be apprehended as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices shall and may proceed to examine him or her upon Oath as to the matter of such Complaint or Information; and in case such Person shall refuse to be sworn or to answer, or to give Evidence therein, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person to be sworn, or to answer, or to give Evidence as aforesaid, to the Common Goal or House of Correction of the County or Place in or for which such Justice or Justices shall then act, there to remain for any Space of time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

Commitment
Warrant.

Not attending
Penalty.

Such Person
may be apprehended,
and committed as
aforesaid.

Refusing to be
sworn, &c.
Imprisonment.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons upon his, her or their Examination upon Oath, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, sitting in Execution of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence touching any matter or thing arising on this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall take or make any false Oath or Affidavit, with respect to any matter or thing relating to this Act, every such Person so offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as by any Law in Force and Effect, Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Perjury.

LI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds by this Act imposed for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein on *Exemplar*, Prothonotary, Wager of Law or any more than One Imparance shall be allowed by the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue for the same within Three Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences shall be committed, and One Month of all such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Money thereof (together with Treble Costs of Suit) shall be so and for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

Penalties above
20*l*. how to be
recovered.

LII. And be it further enacted, That when any Defect shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Defect itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Defect or other Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, as aforesaid, on account of any irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage sustained in an Action on the Case.

Defect not un-
lawful for want
of form.

LIII. And, for the more easy and speedy Correction of Offences against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, to wit, to

Form of Con-
viction.

- BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ of the Year of our Lord
 • A.D. is concluded before me, _____
 • Justices of the Peace for the _____ [Here specifying the Offices, and the
 • Time and Place when and where executed, as the case may be.] contrary to an Act of Parliament made in
 • the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled [Here insert the Title of this Act].
 • Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first above written.

Plaintiff not to
 recover after
 Twelve of
 Months.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Twenty one Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action, if Tender of sufficient Amounts hath been made to him, her or them, or his, her, or these Attorneys, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, at any time before Trial joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceeding, Order and Judgment shall be made and given to and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Limitation of
 Actions.

Notice.

LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the said County where the Cause of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty one Days' Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be acquitted or discontinued his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit, in other cases by Law.

Act not to alter
 or repeal
 47 G. 3. c. 12. s. 1.
 c. 17. s. 1.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal, alter or vary any Part or Parts of the said second Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but that the said Act, and all the Powers, Privileges, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained, shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes as if the Act had not been made.

Commencement
 of Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take place from and after the passing thereof.

Public Act.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxix.

25 G. 3. c. 136.
 continued.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for opening the Road from *Harley Upgrave Cove*, leading down *Newcastle Hill*, in the County of *Wilt*, to the Top of *King'sdown Hill*, in the Parish of *Bow*, in the said County, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto. (s) [16th June 1816.]

[Additional Trypion.]

Cap. lxxx.

10 G. 3. c. 126.
 23 G. 3. c. 137.
 24 G. 3. c. 138.
 continued.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty's Beign, for repairing the Highways from *Spensland*, in the County of *Bucks*, to *Marblehead*, in the County of *Wobs*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as relates to the *Spensland* District of the said Roads. (s) [16th June 1816.]

[Additional Trypion. Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxxix.

25 G. 3. c. 135.
 26 G. 3. c. 136.
 repealed.

An Act for the more effectual Security and Improvement of the Harbour of *New Sweden*, in the County of *Staffs*. [18 July 1816.]

Cap. lxxxix.

24 G. 3.
 c. 136.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for Paving, Lighting, Widening and otherwise improving the several Streets and other Public Places upon certain Lands near *Stoke Bridge*, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [18 July 1816.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for improving the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the City of *Guelph*. (s) [18 July 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for erecting Buildings for the Accommodation of the Court of Chancery.

[26 July 1816.]

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, entitled *An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice*, and of the several Acts therein mentioned or referred to, and by virtue of divers Orders of the High Court of Chancery made for that Purpose, in pursuance of the said several Acts, divers Sums of Money have been long time to this taken out of the common and general Cash belonging to the Sakers of the said Court, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, and placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government and Parliamentary Securities have been earned to an Account, intitled 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sakers of the High Court of Chancery,' and the Interest and Dividends arising therefrom have in like manner been laid out and carried to an Account, intitled 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities earned to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Sakers of the High Court of Chancery.' And Whereas under and by virtue of the above mentioned Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, Sir Thomas Plumer, Knight, hath been duly appointed Vice Chancellor of England, and hath hitherto held his Sittings, out of Terms, as such Vice Chancellor, in the Council Chamber of the Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, in the County of *Middlesex*; but the same is not a convenient or proper Place for that Purpose, and such Use and Occupation thereof is very inconvenient to the said Society; and it would be of advantage and an Accommodation to the Public of a proper and convenient Court for the said Vice Chancellor, with or without a proper Communication between the said Court and *Lincoln's Inn Hall*, was erected and built for holding the Sittings of the said Court, and for the Accommodation of the Sakers thereof: And Whereas the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn* have conferred and agreed to grant a Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground at the West End of and adjoining the Council Chamber of the said Society, for the Purpose of Building such new Court and built thereon, and the Fee Simple of such Piece of Land or Ground, and all Buildings to be erected and built thereon, shall be and remain for ever vested in the said Society, in Trust for the Use and Accommodation of the said Court of Chancery, and in and for no other Use, Interest or Purpose whatsoever: And Whereas Robert Grosvenor Esquire, entitled to an Estate for his own Life, with the Power of alienating the same upon the Terms and according to the Rules and Regulations of the said Society, of and in a certain Set of Chambers over the said Council Chamber of the said Society, and certain Rooms or Chambers over the same; and the said Society are seated in the Revenue and Inheritance thereof, subject to such Estate and Interest of the said Robert Grosvenor Esquire; and it will be proper that such Chambers and Rooms should be delivered up to the said Society; and that proper Compensations should be made to the said Robert Grosvenor Esquire for his Estate and Interest therein, and for the Loss and inconvenience he will be put to by being obliged immediately to remove therefrom, and to give up the Possession thereof to the said Society; and it is reasonable that the said Society should be reimbursed all Charges and Expenses which they have or may be put to for Plans and Estimates for the Buildings for the said Court, and in the necessary Alterations of their said Council Chamber, or otherwise, in consequence thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sheriff of the County of *Middlesex* shall forthwith, and he is hereby empowered and required to impound, seize and return not less than Twelve nor more than Twenty four lawful and sufficient Perches of his Barwick, qualified to serve as Jurors; and the Persons to be impounded, summoned and returned as aforesaid are hereby required to come and appear before the said Sheriff at his Office in *Bodford Row*, in the Parish of *St. Andrew, Holborn*, in the said County, at such time as shall be specified in such Warrant, and to attend the said Sheriff or his Deputy at the said Place until discharged by the said Sheriff or his Deputy; and out of such Persons to be impounded, summoned and returned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by the said Sheriff or his Deputy, in such manner as Jurors for Trials of Issues joined at His Majesty's Courts at *Westminster* are by Law to be drawn; and in case a sufficient Number of Jurymen shall not appear at the time and Place appointed as aforesaid, the said Sheriff or his Deputy shall return other honest and sufficient Men of the Free Staters, or of others who can be legally procured to attend that Service, being so qualified as aforesaid, to make up the said Jury to the Number of Twelve, and all Parties concerned may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not challenge the Array; and the said Sheriff or his Deputy is hereby empowered and required to summon and call before him any Witnesses touching the matters in question, and may, if he shall think fit and for Occasion, or shall be thereto required, order and authorize the said Jury, or any Two or more of them, to view the Place or Places, matters or things in controversy, and such Jury shall upon their Oath (which Oath as well as the Oaths to each Witness the said Sheriff or his Deputy is hereby empowered and required to administer) require of, assess and ascertain, and give a Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be to be paid to the said Robert Grosvenor Esquire, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for the Purchase of all his Estate and Interest in the said Set of Chambers, and the Rooms over the same, and by Way of Compensation and Satisfaction for the Loss, Expense and Inconvenience he shall or may be put to or sustain in being deprived of the Possession thereof, together with all reasonable Costs and Expenses of and attending such Enquiry, and the said Sheriff shall give Judgement for such Purchase and Compensation Money to be paid by such Jury; which said Verdict and the Judgement thereupon shall be signed by the said Sheriff or

[26 July 1816.]

Society of *Lincoln's Inn* have granted a Piece of Land at the West End of Council Chamber for Building a new Court.

Sheriff or his Deputy shall attend the said Sheriff or his Deputy at the said Place until discharged by the said Sheriff or his Deputy.

Witnesses to be summoned.

his Deputy, and shall be filed in the Report Office of the said High Court of Chancery with the Records of the said Court, and shall be deemed to be a Record of the said Court in all Intents and Purposes; and the same or an Office Copy thereof shall be held and allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever, and shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes upon all Persons whatsoever: Provided that Seven Days' Notice in Writing at least, of the Hour and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned, be given to the said *Robert Grosvenor Esq.*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and to the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, before the time of the Meeting of the said Sheriff and Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Chambers of the said *Robert Grosvenor Esq.* in *Lincoln's Inn* aforesaid, and at the Steward's Office of the said Society in the said Inn.

Perjury.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons fail in any Examination to be taken upon Oath by virtue of this Act wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or otherwise falsify himself or themselves before such Sheriff and Jury, in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject and liable to such and the same Pains and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are, by the Laws in being, subject and liable to.

Court of Chancery may order and cause to be made and put in the Record of the Court for making and giving by execution Courts of Justice in *Lincoln's Inn*.

III. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intitled 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery,' and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intitled 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery,' there shall be paid, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and all other Payments and Sums of Money, by any former Act directed or authorized to be paid thereout, or to be hereafter ordered to be paid under the Authority of any former Act) to the said *Robert Grosvenor Esq.*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, the Sum so allotted and awarded by the said Sheriff and Jury, upon his making a good Title to and executing a proper Conveyance of all his Estate, Right, Title and Interest of and in the said Set of Chambers, with the Rooms or Chambers over the same, free from Incumbrances, to the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, and delivering up the Possession thereof to the said Society, as directed by the said High Court of Chancery, and also to the Transfer of the said Honourable Society for the time being, for the Use and on the Account of the said Society, such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall prove to the Satisfaction of the said Court to have been paid, laid out, or expended by them for Pews or Estimates for the said Court, and in the Alterations in their said Council Chamber, necessary and consequent to such intended new Building or otherwise, in relation thereto; and also such Sum or Sums of Money, and at such time or times, as the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of Great Britain for the time being, shall in his and their Discretion deem necessary, and not exceeding the Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, to be applied under the Direction of the said Court, in erecting, building and completing a proper and convenient Court of Justice in *Lincoln's Inn* aforesaid, for the said Vice Chancellor of England, upon a Plan to be approved of by the said Society, wherein the Ballists of the said Court may be transfixed and carried on; and in fitting up the said Court with proper Furniture, Nonferrous and Comminations, and for transacting the Business thereof; and also such further Sum or Sums of Money, either partly or in gross, over and above the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, as shall be necessary for keeping the same in Repair, and for insuring and keeping the same insured from Loss or Damage by Fire, at such Insurance Office or Offices, and in such manner, and in such Name or Names, and for such Sum or Sums, as the said Court shall from time to time order and direct.

Courtesy, to be valued in the Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, in Trust.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Court, and the Rooms and Cellars thereto belonging, shall continue valued in the Treasures for the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, and their Successors, for ever, in Trust nevertheless for the Use of the said Court; and that the same shall be used for the public Purposes by this Act directed in respect of the same, and to or for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, except that in case at any time hereafter the same shall cease to be used for the Purposes aforesaid, then the same shall revert to and become the absolute Property of the said Society.

Expenses of the Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities, purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, standing in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, to the several Accounts heretofore mentioned, or either of them, the Expenses incurred in preparing and passing this Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expenses of all Proceedings had or to be had in consequence thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

If Sums of Money be wanted, the Money shall be taken out of a Debt due from the Public.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That if at any time hereafter the whole or any Part of the Money to be laid out and expended in pursuance of this Act shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Debtors of the High Court of Chancery, or any Salaries, Payments or Sums of Money payable or ordered or granted, or to become payable or ordered or granted, under or by virtue of any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of any Order or Orders made or to be made under the Authority of any such Act or Acts heretofore passed, and the Stocks and Funds and Cash then standing in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, to the several Accounts before mentioned or either of them, shall not be sufficient to answer and satisfy the same, that the same Money taken from the said Fund for the Purposes and by virtue of this Act, shall be and be considered a Debt due from the Public, and shall be answered and made good by Parliament accordingly.

Act of 1816.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the Grand Junction Canal to the Parish of Paddington to the River Thames, in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields.

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed in the Parliament of Ireland, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the City of Dublin to Ratoath and Corriga. (4)

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers to the Gas Light and Coke Company.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled "As for granting certain Powers and Authorities to a Company, to be incorporated by Charter, to be called The Gas Light and Coke Company, for making inflammable Air, for lighting of the Streets of the Metropolis, and for procuring Coal, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor and Refined Oil from Coal, and for the Purpose relating thereto: And Whereas His Majesty, by his Royal Charter bearing Date the Thirtieth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and twelve, did incorporate the said Company in pursuance of and subject to the Provisions of the said Act, by the said Name of The Gas Light and Coke Company: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers and Authorities to the Gas Light and Coke Company: And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities of the said recited Acts and the said Charter, and have established Works and extensive Works, and have afforded a Supply of Gas to a considerable Part of the Cities of London and Westminster: And Whereas the Inhabitants of various Parts of the said Cities are desirous to be supplied with Gas for their private Use, and have made Application to the said Company to extend their Works for that Purpose: And Whereas, in order to enable the said Company to increase their Works, so as to afford such a Supply of Gas as will enable them to comply with the Applications aforesaid, it is necessary and expedient that they should be authorised and empowered to raise a further Sum of Money, and also that the Powers and Authorities of the said Company, and also the Provisions of the said recited Acts, or some of them, should be enlarged, altered and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by Your Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Company shall be and continue one Body Politic and Corporate, by their full Name of The Gas Light and Coke Company, for and during and unto the full End and Term of Thirty Years, to be computed from the Expiration of the said Charter, and by that Name shall have Succession during the Period aforesaid, and a common Seal, and by that Name shall and may lawfully be sued.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company to raise and contribute among themselves, or by the Admission of new Subscribers, for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, in addition to the Money which they were authorised and empowered to raise by and under the Powers of the said last recited Act for the Purpose thereof, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, in such Proportions as they shall think fit: which said Sum when raised shall be laid out in carrying the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act into Execution, and shall be divided into Shares of Fifty Pounds each; and such new or additional Shares may be created by virtue of this Act, and the several Shares made or created by virtue of the said recited Acts, or either of them, shall to all Intents and Purposes be, and they are hereby declared to be consolidated, and to be one and the same joint Stock and Property; and all Perfices, Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and Parties whatsoever, their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who have severally subscribed or shall hereafter subscribe for one or more Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be called for or demanded under and by virtue of the said recited Acts, or either of them, and who shall severally subscribe for One or more Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be called for or demanded under and by virtue of this Act, for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall respectively be entitled to and receive the entire and net Distribution of so equal proportionable Part, according to the Money so by them respectively paid, and the time or times at which the same shall have been so paid, of the Profits or Advantages that shall or may arise or accrue from the said Undertaking; and every Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and Perfices having such Shares as aforesaid, shall bear and pay a proportionable Sum towards carrying on the said Works respectively, in manner directed by the said recited Acts and this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That each and every Proprietor of each and every Share, which shall or may be created by virtue of this Act, shall be entitled to such and the same Powers, Privileges and Advantages, and shall be subject to such and the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as is and by the said recited Acts, or either of them, are expressed and contained of and concerning the Shares created by virtue thereof, and now vested in the several and respective Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking; and the Admission of all and every Person as a Proprietor to any such new Share or Shares, by any Order or Resolution

20 G. 3. c. 110

37 G. 3. c. 13

(1)

20 G. 3. c. 14

20 G. 3. c. 110

Charter, 12th

April 1812

24 G. 3. c. 13

Company to

exercise a

Company for 10

Years after the

Expiration of

the Charter.

Power to raise a

further Sum of

Money not ex-

ceeding

200,000.

New Shares to

be subject to the

Provisions of

former Acts as

to Old Shares.

foliation of the said Company, or their Court of Directors, shall be and are deemed to be a good and effectual title to such Perfor or Perforers, and his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, on his, her or their paying to the said Company, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, the Sum or Sums of Money required to be paid for such Shares respectively, within the time limited in such Order or Resolution for that Purpose: Provided always that no Perfor shall be entitled to vote at any General or Special Meeting of the said Company, in respect of any Shares created by virtue of this Act, until he or she shall have been qualified thereof for the Space of Three Calendar Months.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall be the Property of more than one Perfor, the Owner or Proprietor whose Name shall have been entered first in Order in the Books of the said Company, shall for all the Purposes of the said Company be deemed and taken to be the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares; and all Notices required by the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, to be given to the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares in the said Company, shall and may be given to or served upon such Perfor whose Name shall be first entered in Order in the Books of the said Company; and such Service upon such Perfor shall be deemed and taken to be a Service upon all the Owners or Proprietors of such Share or Shares, for all the Purposes for which such Service is intended to be made upon the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares by the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Proprietor of Two or more Shares in the said Company's Stock, entitled to vote in respect of such Shares at any General or Special Meeting of the said Company, shall have full Power and Authority to give his or her Vote or Votes at such General or Special Meetings as aforesaid, either in Person or by Proxy, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the said Undertaking: Provided nevertheless, that no Perfor shall deliver in Person for more than Ten Proprietors, and the Appointment of such Proxies may be made in the Form following, *to-wit*:

Form. I A. B. of _____ one of the Proprietors of and in the Gas Light and Coke Com-
pany do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint C. D. of _____ to be my Proxy,
in my Name and in my Absence, to vote or give my Assent or Dissent from any Business, matter or
thing, relating to the said Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any General or Special
Meeting of the said Company, in such manner as be the said C. D. shall think proper, according to his
Opinion and Judgment, for the Benefit of the said Undertaking, or any thing relating thereto. In Witness
whereof I have hereunto set my Hand the _____ Day of _____

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, in such cases as to them shall seem meet and convenient, to erect, fit up and furnish any Pipe or Pipes, Cocks or Branches, or other necessary Apparatus, from any main Pipe laid in any Street, Highway, Road, Lane, Passage or Place by the said Company, by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any or either of them, as to or through any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same, or any public or private Lamp, from any such Main, with the Consent of the Owner or Occupier of such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, but not otherwise: Provided always, that the said Company, in carrying into Execution the Power hereby granted, in respect of fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, shall employ or appoint such Manufacturers or, or Dealers of the Materials to be used, as to the said Company shall seem meet and proper, and such Manufacturers or Dealers shall execute the same under and subject to the Superintendence, Control and Direction of the said Company: Provided also, that the said Company shall not, as any Account or upon any Privilege whatsoever, employ or fit up work, in fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, any Workman or Servant or any other Perfor in the Pay or Employ of the said Company; nor shall the said Company themselves manufacture, sell or vend any of the Materials requisite, except Soap Cocks and Branches, nor directly or indirectly take or derive any Encroachment, Advantage or Profit from such Works, upon pain of forfeiting for every Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, with full Costs of Suit, to the Party who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt or on the Case, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which no Effect, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparance, shall be allowed.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to lay any Main requisite for the Supply of any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, and to erect and set up, by themselves or their Agents, Servants and Workmen, any Machine or other Apparatus necessary or requisite for securing to such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, a proper and competent Supply of Gas, or for measuring and ascertaining the Extent of such Supply, and also to alter or amend any laid or imperfect Work which shall have been placed in such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, any thing to the said recited Acts or this Act, or any or either of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit or authorize or empower the said Company, or any Officer or Person now or hereafter appointed or employed by the said Company, or any other Perfor or Persons whatsoever, at any time or times hereafter to break or take up or remove any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement in or of any Streets, Roads or public Places whatsoever or wherefore, in order to lay down main Pipe or Pipes to convey Gas, without the Consent of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Superintendence or Control or Property of or in such Streets, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any such Streets, Roads or public Places, or a competent Number of them, then

Power to lay Main, and to erect Machinery requisite for securing a competent Supply of Gas to any Dwelling House, or to alter or amend any laid or imperfect Work, but not to break up Pavements, or to remove or alter any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement.

Power to lay Main, and to erect Machinery requisite for securing a competent Supply of Gas to any Dwelling House, or to alter or amend any laid or imperfect Work, but not to break up Pavements, or to remove or alter any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement.

from time to time in Writing left obtained, but that nothing in this Clause contained shall be deemed or construed so as to prevent the said Company from repairing such main Pipes after such Consent obtained as aforesaid, or from breaking or taking up or removing any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement in or of any Street, Road or public Place whatsoever, for the Purpose of laying down or repairing any service Pipe or Pipes leading from such main Pipes, after such Consent is obtained as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for the said Company, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, to break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements or Ground in any of the Streets, Roads or public Places within the Cities of London and Westminster, the Borough of Southwark, and the Suburbs, Precincts and Liberties thereof respectively, for the Purpose of making or laying down or repairing any Main or Main or Pipes, or any Pipe or Pipes, or of altering the Position of or repairing any Pipes, Stop Cocks, Valves or Siphons, or other Works, or for any other Purpose, unless Notice in Writing of their Intention to break or take up such Pavement or Ground, signed by the Principal Clerk or Secretary, or Inspector or Surveyor to the said Company, specifying the Street, Road or public Place, and the particular Part of such Street, Road or public Place in which such Pavement or Ground is intended to be broken or taken up, shall have been given to a Surveyor of the Pavements or Roads for the time being, (duly appointed and notified in pursuance of any Act of Parliament now or hereafter in force for that Purpose,) of the parochial or other District or Place wherein such Street, Road or public Place, the Pavement, Ground or Soil whereof is so intended to be broken or taken up shall be situate, or shall have been left for him at his Dwelling House or Office within such parochial or other District or Place, for the Space of Three Hours at the least, before such Pavement or Ground or any Part thereof shall be so broken or taken up, except in all cases of sudden Emergency, in which such Notice as aforesaid shall be given to such Surveyor of Pavements or Roads as soon as possible after such Pavement or Ground, or any Part thereof, shall be broken or taken up; and that the said Company shall not break or take up or disturb or cause to be broken or taken up or disturbed, the Pavement or Ground in any Street, Road or public Place within the Limits aforesaid, for the Purpose of laying down any Main or Pipes, except service Pipes of a Diameter not exceeding One Inch in the Bore, without the Consent in Writing of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements or Roads, Ground or Soil, in any parochial or other District or Place, specified under the Head or Heads of their Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officers or Officers, first obtained; and that if the said Company, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, shall break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavement or Ground without such Notice being given or left as aforesaid (except as aforesaid), or shall break or take up, or disturb or cause to be broken, taken up or disturbed, any of such Pavement or Ground, for the Purpose of laying down any Main or Pipes (except service Pipes as aforesaid) without such Consent as aforesaid, then and in every such case the said Company shall forfeit and pay to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Control of the Pavements or Roads within the parochial or other District or Place in which such Pavement or Ground is broken or taken up or disturbed shall be situate, or to their Treasurer, Clerk or Surveyor, or to such other Person as they may appoint, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every square Foot of Pavement or Ground which shall be so broken or taken up without such Notice or Consent as aforesaid, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, whereas no Effice, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Sum per person shall be allowed: Provided always, that the said Company shall not be subject or liable to the Payment of more than one Penalty, or to more than one Action, Suit or other Proceeding in respect of any one Offence committed, whether by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, now or hereafter in force, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as the said Company shall have lawfully broken up or removed the Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any Street, Road, Highway or public Place, or any Part thereof, the said Company shall and they are hereby required immediately then after to rebuild and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement, in as good found State and Condition as the same was or were in at the time of being so broken up, to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Commissioners or Trustees of such Pavement, Soil or Ground respectively; and the said Company shall carry away all surplus Earth, Fills and Rubbish occasioned thereby, at their own Costs and Charges; and that during the Works of the said Company, and resuming such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, the said Company shall provide proper Watchmen, with sufficient Lamps, and otherwise procure and guard the said Works, so as to prevent any Damage or Inconvenience, happening to Passengers, Cattle or Carriages; and in case the said Company shall neglect and make Default in making good and resuming such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, within Twenty four Hours next after Notice given to or left for the said Company at their Head or Office, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees to rebuild and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement; and the Charges and Expenses thereof shall be reimbursed and repaid by the said Company, or their Treasurer, to the said Commissioners or Trustees, at their respective Treasuries; and in Default of Payment thereof within Seven Days next after Demand thereof in Writing shall have been made by the Clerk of the said Commissioners or Trustees, such Sum or Sums of Money be paid by them shall and may be recovered of and from the said Company or their Treasurer, Clerk or Agent, by Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and in which Action or Actions, no Effice, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparliament, shall be allowed.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Company or of their Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, take away, damage or injure any or any Part of any Pipe, Trunk, Valve, Siphon, Machine, Erection or Building laid, placed, erected

Relief from
prohibiting
breaking
up Pavement
within
London.

Notice of breaking
up Pavement,
Sec.

Company breaking
up Pavement
without
Notice, &c.

Penalty

Rebuilding Com-
pany to rebuild
Pavement, &c.
after Pipes are
down, &c.

Company in re-
building, &c.
shall not
recover Com-
pensation
thereon.

Actions.

Rebuilding
Works.

credited or set up by the said Company, by virtue of the said retitled A&Ss and the A&Ss, or either of them, for the purpose of carrying into Execution the several Powers and Authorities given to and vested in the said Company, every such Retitled A&Ss and every such A&Ss and every such Perfis in relation to, and bearing the name of, or which are actually carried, shall be subject to the like Examination and Possession as to such A&Ss and Perfis as are carried by or before the said Court, and the Court by or before whom such Perfis shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Perfis to be punished in the manner as Finesse are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in cases of Petit Larceny.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Court or Directors of the said Company shall, and they are hereby required, within One Calendar Month after every Half yearly General Meeting of the said Company, or otherwise if required by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, to transmit to the said Secretary of State a Report in Writing, signed by the Governor, Deputy Governor or one of the Directors of the said Company, of the State of the said Company, the Operations of their Works, and the Means provided by the said Company for ensuring the Continuance of their Operations, and such other matters relating to the Works and Proceedings of the said Company as the said Secretary of State shall from time to time require.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all the Stations and Works of the said Company shall be open at all convenient times for the Inspection and Examination of such Persons or Persons as the said Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being shall appoint from time to time for that Purpose; and the said Company shall, and they are hereby required, to conform to such Regulations and Proceedings in the several Parts of their Works and Operations, as well in respect of their already erected or erected, as of such as shall hereafter be erected and executed, as the said Secretary of State shall consider necessary and proper, and shall direct to be adopted, for the better and more effectually lighting the several Parts of the Metropolitan and the Suburban, Liberties and Parishes thereof, where the Mains and Pipes of the said Company shall be, and be more effectually securing a proper and permanent Supply of Gas for lighting the public Lamps therein, and for affording and advancing the Benefits to be derived from an active and efficient Police, and for such other Purposes as to the said Secretary of State shall from time to time appear to be for the Advantage of the Public.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges, Regulations, Decisions, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Re-Edictions, matters and things whatsoever contained in the said revised Acts, so far as the same were in force at the time of passing this Act, and so far as the same are not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall extend and be confirmed to extend and operate, and be in force with respect to the sum of Money allowed to be raised, and to the additional Shares to be made or created under this Act, and also with respect to all matters and things whatsoever, which may happen or arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Invents and Purports as if the same and every Part thereof, were repeated and recited in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the said revised Acts and this Act shall, as to all matters and things whatsoever, except as aforesaid, be construed as one Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

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PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N. B. *To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause in the Form following:*

"And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others."

Cap. 1.

AN Act for alienating Lands in the Parish of *Stivalston*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
[4th March 1816.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for inclosing the Common or Waste Ground, called *Haden Mole or Moore Mole*, within the Manor and Township of *Moss*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*.
[22d March 1816.]

Cap. 3.

An Act for confirming and confirming certain Exchanges made under an Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Kings of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bilbourn*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
[11th April 1816.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thorp Arch* and *Wakes*, in the County of the City of *York*.
[11th April 1816.]

Cap. 5.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newham*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
[11th April 1816.]

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Neasen*, in the Parish of *Leck*, in the County of *Essex*.
[11th April 1816.]

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ripon*, in the County of *York*.
[11th April 1816.]

Cap. 8.

An Act for vesting several Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments, belonging to the Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth, in the Town or Borough of *Grimsby*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale to the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled upon the Trusts on which such Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments are sold.
[21st May 1816.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for confirming and effectuating a Partition of a Messuage, Farm and Lands, called *Wylferra*, otherwise *Wylferry Farm*, in the Parishes of *Puddington*, *Kingsham* and *Chelton*, or some or one of them, in the County of *Middlesex*, in which the Very Reverend *William Beaumont Esq.*, Deceased in Deceased, and *William Henry Esq.*, have undivided Mortuaries.
[21st May 1816.]

Cap. 10.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Leckwith*, and especially within the Tything of *East Wadding*, otherwise *Widley*, in the County of *Bedfordshire*.
[21st May 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. 11.

An Act to assent to for a Corn Rent, the Tythes and Dues payable to the Vicar of the Parish and Parish Church of *Saint Michael upon Wyre*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 12.

An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate devised by the Will of the Reverend *Henry Zouch* for an Estate belonging to *John Lawther Esquire*, in *Fre Simple*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 13.

An Act for selling certain Estates in the Parish of *Lodds*, in the County of *York*, Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *Christopher late Lord Bishop of Bristol*, as Trustees, to be sold, and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 14.

An Act for selling Parts of the settled Estates of *Samuel Aldersey Esquire*, in the County of *Cheshire*, in a Trust, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 15.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Barnock* and Parish of *Warton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 16.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Athre*, in the Parish of *Rack*, in the County of *Worcester*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 17.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wollington*, in the County of *Somerset*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 18.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Ashby*, in the Parish of *Ashby* and County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

" Allotment to The King for Right to Stove and Right of Soil in *Ashby* Pasture and *Woolkylghe* Pasture, & § 16. Allotment to The King as Lord of Manor for Right of Soil of the other Lands to be divided, &c.
" Under this Act, § 18. Extract of so much of Award as relates to His Majesty. Allotments to be transmitted to Land Revenue Officer, § 36.

Cap. 19.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Hensfield*, in the Parish of *Dreadfield*, in the County of *Derby*. [31st May 1816.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes, § 21.

Cap. 20.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Brightwells*, in the Parish of *Thursford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 21.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Church Stratton*, *Wylkylghe* and *Edgson*, in the County of *Salop*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 22.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Loudyborough*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes, § 21.

Cap. 23.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wylkylghe*, in the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Small Tithes, § 20. Great Tithes absolute in the Manor of *Wylkylghe* and
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Cap. 24.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Stalaland*, in the Parish of *Holmes*, in the County of *York*. [31st May 1816.]

" Proviso for His Majesty's Right to Tithes, § 36.

Cap. 29.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Soggarly*, in the County of *Debsa*. [12th May 1816.]

Cap. 26.

An Act for inclosing *Wg's Soggarly* in the County of *Somerfet*. [12th May 1816.]

Cap. 27.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Fridelsham*, in the County of *Warrayler*. [12th May 1816.]

Cap. 28.

An Act for selling certain Lands and Heritages in the Shire of *Bornwid*, created by *Nr's late Earl of Royle*, deceased, for Payment of the Balance of the Price of certain other Lands purchased and created by him; and for purchasing and creating other Lands more convenient to the Family Estates. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for selling certain Estates devised by the Will of *Nathan Nyab Esquire*, deceased, in Trust, in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the Moneys arising from such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 30.

An Act for making the Trustees of *Price's Charity* a Body Corporate, and for enabling them to sell Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to apply the Money arising therefrom in manner therein mentioned, and to grant Building Leases of other Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to appoint new Trustees of each of the Copyhold Estates belonging to the said Charity as are not to be sold. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 31.

An Act for uniting the Rectory of *Great Birch*, in the County of *Essex*, with the adjoining Rectory of *Little Birch*, in the same County, after the next Avoidance of either Benefice. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 32.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Warrayler*, and *Jos's Kayle Esquire*, of certain Lands in the County of *Warrayler*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 33.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newcastle under Lyme*, *Trenton*, *Woolston* and *Stake upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*. [20th June 1816.]

" Sale of The King's Allotment in *Exeter Waste*, before or after Award, § 70. Tithes of Common Fields
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" Fields, § 114.

Cap. 34.

An Act for inclosing and reuniting from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Dalham*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [20th June 1816.]

" Allotment in Part Compensation for Tithes, § 26. Annual Rents in lieu of Tithes ascertained, § 49.
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Cap. 35.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Districts of *Strickland North* and *North Stawley*, in the Parish of *Kirkby in Rudby*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 36.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Denning*, in the Counties of *Berk* and *Oxford*. [20th June 1816.]

" Proviso for Rights of Tithes Owners, § 47. Allotments in respect of Tithes free Lands to be Tithes
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" Award of Commissioners shall otherwise direct, § 52.

Cap. 37.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Argley*, in the County of *Wiltshire*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 38.

An Act for vesting certain Lands belonging to the Reverend *Henry Chayfield*, in the Rectory for the then being of the Parish of *Salisbury* in the County of *Wilts.* in Exchange for the Parsonage House of *Salisbury*, and the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Parish; and for enabling the said *Henry Chayfield* to build a new Parsonage House upon the said mentioned Lands. [2nd June 1815.]

Cap. 39.

An Act for establishing and effectuating an Exchange made between the Reverend *Spencer Robert New,* Rector of *Middleton Stoney*, in the County of *Oxford*, and the Most Noble *John Duke of Bedford*, and *George Bunsford Esquire*, of *Gloucester* and other Lands in *Middleton Stoney* shireland. [2nd June 1815.]

Cap. 40.

49 G. 3. c. 39. An Act for rendering valid the Sale of certain Estates in the County of *Argyll*, and a Salvoen Felling in the County of *Levenagh*, of *George Marquis of Tuamleh*, made under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty. [25th June 1815.]

Cap. 41.

An Act for vesting Part of the Settled Estates of the Reverend *Sir Charles John Anderson Baronet* in the County of *Fork*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Use. [25th June 1815.]

Cap. 42.

An Act for including Lands in the Parish of *Crofton*, in the County of *Wilt.* [26th June 1815.]

Cap. 43.

An Act for vesting the undivided Parts or Shares of *Robert Boyd the Younger, John Boyd and Uriah Boyd*, Infants, of and in certain Settled Estates in the Parishes of *Charlton and Westmeach*, in the County of *Kent*, in Trustees for Sale, and for vesting the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Use. [18 July 1815.]

Cap. 44.

19 G. 3. c. 43. An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of *Sir Francis Boynton Baronet*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying the Produce so or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. [2d July 1815.]

Cap. 45.

49 G. 3. c. 35. An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Settled Estates of *John Wharton Esquire*, for certain other Estates belonging to him in Fee Simple, Situate in the Counties of *Fork, Wiltshire and Durham*. [2d July 1815.]

Cap. 46.

An Act for vesting in new Trustees the Trust Estates devised by the Will of *Philip Burtas Esquire*, deceased. [2d July 1815.]

Cap. 47.

An Act for vesting a certain Settled Estate of *Anna Synnifer* and others, in *Wylton over Wylton and Nether Wylton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances thereon, and for purchasing other Estates to be settled to the same Use. [2d July 1815.]

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* *Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.*

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AN
INDEX TO THE STATUTES
 OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM,
 VOLUME THE SIXTH,

Containing the Acts passed, 55 and 56 GEO. III. (1815, 1816.)

IN this INDEX the Acts which relate to IRELAND or SCOTLAND, and to the EAST INDIES exclusively, are classed under those General Heads; but arranged in Subdivisions according to the several Subjects, with References to and from other Parts of the Index.

Other Acts respecting particular Places are to be looked for according to their several Subjects, by referring to the General Heads, under which the Acts are respectively arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of Places; such, for example, as *Bridges, Canals, County Rates, Gaols, Harbours, Ports, &c.*;—the Acts under the Titles *Inclosures* and *Townships* are classed in Alphabetical Order of the Counties in which the Inclosure takes place, or the Road begins.

All the Acts relating to Individuals or Corporations are arranged in Alphabetical Order of the Names of the Persons or Corporations, under the general Title, *Personal Acts*.

The Public Local and Personal Acts are referred to in the Roman Numerals by which their Series is distinguished in the respective Sections.

Minute References are also made from one Head to another; and from the various Heads, under which the Subject may be looked for, to the Head under which the Statute is actually entered.

(*Pr.*) denotes Private Acts printed by The King's Printer, the printed Copies whereof may be given in Evidence.

(*Not Pr.*) denotes such Private Acts as are not printed.

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4. For preventing further Escape, § 4.
5. Prohibiting any Assistance of his Escape on the high Seas, § 5.
6. Where Offences may be tried, § 6.
7. Persons charged with Offences may be detained, § 7.
8. General Liens may be pleaded, § 8.

See Plantations, 4—16.

Burial Grounds, See Cemeteries.

Butter, See Importation and Exportation, 69—71.

C.

Canals, Rivers, Navigations and Railways.

1. *Birmingham*, and *Warwick* and *Birmingham* Canals. Making Communications between, (amending several Acts.) 55 G. 3. c. xl.
2. *Crusoe Canal*. Banns of Court of Exchequer in Scotland authorized to order Payment of a certain Sum of Money to complete it, 56 G. 3. c. 155.
3. *Glasgow* and *Glenhead* Railway Company. Raising Money to complete Works, 55 G. 3. c. xl.
4. *Manchester* and *Cheshire* Canal Company, enabled to complete Works, 55 G. 3. c. lxxii.
5. *Dane River*. Improving Navigation, (amending several Acts.) 56 G. 3. c. lxxvii.
6. *Paddington* Canal from the *Grand Junction* Canal to the *Thames*, (altering 51 G. 3. c. 195.) 56 G. 3. c. lxxv.
7. *Peak Felt* to *Board* and *Woodlands* Railway, 56 G. 3. c. xlii.
8. *Paddington* Canal Company incorporated, 55 G. 3. c. lx.
9. *Slough* Canal Company incorporated, 55 G. 3. c. lxx.
10. *Stratford upon Avon*, (amending several Acts.) 55 G. 3. c. xxxv.
11. *Willy and Brink*. Raising Money to pay Debts, 55 G. 3. c. vi.
12. *Warwick* and *Birmingham* Canal Company, enabled to complete their Works, &c., 55 G. 3. c. lxxi.

Cape of Good Hope, See Plantations, 3.

Carriages, See Turnpikes, I. 1—5.

Cemeteries.

1. To enable Ecclesiastical Corporate Bodies, under certain circumstances, to alienate Lands, for enlarging Cemeteries or Church Yards, 56 G. 3. c. 141.
2. Bodies Corporate may sell Portions of Land adjoining Cemeteries for enlarging thereof, with certain Conditions, § 1, 2.
3. Value of Land to be ascertained, § 3.
4. If Value above stated, other Lands to be conveyed—Application of the Money if under that Value, § 4.
5. Time within which Alterations may be questioned, § 5.
6. Burial Ground discharged of adverse Titles, &c., after 10 Years from the Confirmation thereof, § 4.

Chancery.

1. To make further Provision for the Secretary and Usher to the Vice-Chancellor of England, and for the Clerks in the Office of the Accountant-General of the High Court of Chancery, and for providing additional Clerks for the said Office, 55 G. 3. c. lxxv.
2. For sending Writings for the Accommodation of the Court of Chancery, 56 G. 3. c. lxxvii.

Charlotte Augusta (Her Royal Highness the Princess), See Personal Acts, (Royal Family,) 60, 61.

Cheese, See Importation and Exportation, 72—74.

Chert (Greenwich), See Greenwich Chest.

Churchwardens, See Apprentices, 24.

Church Yards, See Cemeteries.

Cinders, See Importation, 56, 57.

Civil List.

1. For better Regulation of the Civil List, 36 G. 3. c. 46.
2. Certain Sums, hitherto paid to a Part of the Royal Family out of the Civil List, to be hereafter payable out of Consolidated Fund, at the Exchequer, without Fee or Reward, and free of all Taxes, § 1.
3. Sums appropriated to Payment of respective Chances of Civil List, and to be applied in the first instance in Payment thereof, in preference to all other Payments, § 3.
4. Treasury may direct Savings in any Case to be applied at the End of the Year to and of the other Chances, § 4.
5. Application of Exchequer Fund repealed, and a fixed Sum carried to Civil List Revenue, and Remainder to Consolidated Fund, § 5.
6. 30 G. 3. c. 117. § 4. repealed, § 6.
7. Treasury to direct Officers of Exchequer to pay to Persons named in any Warrant, any Pension, Fee or Salary, which did not become due in consequence of Death of Person to whom same was directed to be paid, § 7.
8. Treasury to appoint an Officer to audit Civil List Accounts—Such Officer not to sit in Parliament, § 8.
9. Treasury to prepare Instructions for the Guidance of each Officer, § 9.
10. Officer may examine Persons, and require Books, Accounts and Vouchers, and examine upon Oath, § 10.
11. Persons giving false Evidence before Auditor, punishable for Perjury, § 11.
12. Officer, after Examination, to make out Sums according to Instructions; and Treasury may remit for further Examination, or allow any Warrant, &c. to be a final Discharge, § 12.
13. Particulars of Expenditures to be laid before Parliament, § 13.

Citrate of Lime, See Customs, I. 18—22.

Clergy, See Cemeteries; Gaols; Glebe; Residence.

Coals.

1. For preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of Middlesex, lying between the Parishes of Saint Luke Chispa, and the Mouth of the River Colne near Staines; and also between Limehouse Hale and the Mouth of the River Lee near Blackwall; and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of Middlesex and Essex, adjoining to both Banks of the River Lee and the Branches thereof, between the River Thames and Edmonton, 36 G. 3. c. 88.
 2. For preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of Kent, 36 G. 3. c. 88.
- See also Customs, I. 44—51. Importation and Exportation, 56, 57. 108—110.

Coburg (His Serene Highness the Prince of), See Personal Acts, 31, 23. 60, 61.

Cochineal, See Importation and Exportation, 62.

Coffee, See Importation and Exportation, 24—35.

Coinage.

1. To provide for a new Silver Coinage, and to regulate the Circulation of the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm, 36 G. 3. c. 68.
2. 18 Ger. 2. c. 5. § 1. in part repealed, § 1.
3. 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 1. § 2. and other Acts, as herein mentioned, and also 14 G. 3. c. 42. § 2. in part repealed, § 2.
4. 38 G. 3. c. 39. § 2. repealed, § 3.
5. The Pound Troy of Standard Silver, Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights Six, &c. may be coined into Sixty Six Shillings, § 4.
6. Old Silver Coins of the Realm brought to the Mint, may be exchanged for its full nominal Value in new Silver Coins, § 5.
7. Treasury may appoint Persons to receive old Silver Coin of the Realm, and exchange same for new, at any Places throughout the Kingdom, § 6.
8. After the End of the Period appointed for receiving the old Coin of the Realm at the Mint, all old Coin deficient in Value may be sent by the Person to whom it shall be tendered, § 7.
9. Provision for Loss arising from Deficiency and Recoinage of Silver Coins, § 8.
10. After a Day to be appointed by Proclamation, Silver Coins and Ballance may be brought to the Mint to be coined at the Rate of Sixty Six Shillings per Pound Troy of Standard Silver, Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights Six, &c.; of which Sixty Six Shillings per Pound shall be delivered to the Party bringing in the Ballance, and Four Shillings reserved for alloying, Loss and Coinage, § 9.
11. Such Sums of Four Shillings per Pound to be applied to Expense of Coinage, and Surplus (if any) carried to the Consolidated Fund, § 10.
12. Gold Coins declared the only legal Tender; being the Weight and Fineness of the Mint Inference, § 11.
13. 14 G. 3. c. 42. § 2. and other Acts as herein mentioned, repealed after a Day to be named in the King's Proclamation for that Purpose, § 12.
14. No Tender of Silver Coins legal beyond 40s., § 12.
15. Current Gold Coins shall not be received or paid for more or less than its Value, according to its Denomination, under certain Penalties, § 13.
16. Persons convicted being again guilty, the Clerk of the Peace shall certify former Conviction, § 14.
17. Infractions not to be traversed, § 15.
18. On Proclamation, not necessary to prove Money lawful, § 16.
19. All other Acts relating to Silver Coin, extended to this Act, § 17.
20. Provision for Bank of England Notes, § 18.
21. Provision for Payment of Revenue by Demand, in Irish Bank Tokens, § 19.

Cole-Seed, See Customs, I. 46—51.

Collieries.

1. For the more effectual Punishment of Persons riotously destroying or damaging Buildings, Engines and Machinery, used in and about Collieries and other Mines, Waggonways, Bridges and other Works, used in conveying and Shipping Coals

- Cods and other Minerals; and for enabling the Owners to recover Damages for the Injury sustained, 55 G. 3. c. 125.
2. Demolishing or defraying Engines, Erection or other Works, belonging to Collieries—Deaths, § 1.
 3. Persons injured may recover Value of Property destroyed under 1 G. 1. Stat. 2. c. 5.—55 G. 3. c. 125. § 2.
 4. Owners of Engines and Works, &c. to give Notice to Magistrates [in England to Sheriffs, &c.] of valuable Affluents; and after sustaining Damage, to give Notice within Two Days after to some Inhabitants of the Town, &c., § 3.
 5. Examination on Oath to be had before a Justice within Four Days as to a Knowledge of the Offenders, § 3.
 6. Limitation of Action for Damages, § 3.

Colonies. See Importation and Exportation, 24—35. Malta, Plantations.

Commissioners of Transports. See Navy, 2—4.

Consolidated Fund. See Revenue, VI.

Convention.

1. To carry into Effect a Convention between His Majesty and the King of the Netherlands and the Emperor of all the Russias, 55 G. 3. c. 115.
2. Money issued out of Consolidated Fund, to pay Interest and Sinking Fund, conformably to Convention, § 1.
3. Accounts to be laid before Parliament, § 2.
4. Treasury to appoint Officers, &c., § 3, 4.

Convicts. See Penitentiary.

Copper. See Importation and Exportation, 45, 46.

Copyhold Estates. See Will.

Corks. See Importation and Exportation, 75—77.

Corn. See Importation and Exportation, 11—23.

Cornwall. See Lead Mines.

County Bridges.

1. To amend the several Acts relating to the building and repairing County Bridges, 55 G. 3. c. 143.
2. Surveyors of County Bridges, and Persons employed under Commissions, empowered to take Stones for the Repair of County Bridges, § 1.
3. Consent of Two Justices necessary, § 1.
4. Quaries situated in Gardens, &c. not to be used without Consent of Owners, § 1.
5. Satisfaction to be made for Stone and Damage, § 1.
6. In case of Refusal to treat, Justices at Sessions to cause Value of Stones and Amount of Damage to be ascertained by Jury, § 1.
7. Writs issued before Jury to be examined on Oath, § 1.
8. Justices of Peace may require Sheriffs or Bailiffs to return Prices, § 2.

9. Fine on Jury refusing to appear or be sworn, and on Persons summoned refusing to give Evidence, 55 G. 3. c. 143. § 2.
10. Expenses of Jury how defrayed, § 3.
11. Justices to determine in a summary Way, § 4.
12. Justices, &c. to contract, &c. for Repair, &c. of County Bridges, § 5.

County Rates.

1. To amend 12 G. 3. c. 39, for the more easy settling, collecting and keeping of County Rates, 55 G. 3. c. 51. [Explained and amended by 55 G. 3. c. 49. See 29, &c. below.]
2. Justices in General or Quarter Sessions to make fair and equal County Rate, whenever Circumstances appear to require it, § 1.
3. Justices to require Churchwardens and Overseers to make Returns of Annual Value of rateable Property, § 2.
4. Justices sitting for Districts, empowered to receive Returns, § 3.
5. Penalty on Churchwardens and Overseers not making Returns, § 4.
6. Parishes to be assessed, though no Return made, § 5.
7. Justices in Petty Sessions authorized, empowered in these Provisions to Officers, requiring them to make Returns in Writing, § 6.
8. Parishes assessed, where no Overseers or Churchwardens, or where no Poor's Rate, or where Returns insufficient, § 7.
9. Where no Poor's Rate or Overseers, Justices to appoint, § 8.
10. Justices empowered to call for Parliamentary and Parochial Assessments, § 9.
11. Penalty on refusing to attend Justices or to produce Assessments, § 9.
12. Lands may be entered upon, to ascertain Value, § 10.
13. Justices of Division to verify Value ascertained, to Justices in Quarter Sessions, § 11.
14. Justices authorized to issue Warrants for levying new Rates according to usual Practice, § 12.
15. Overseers neglecting to pay Rates, Districts, § 12.
16. In Places where Poor Rate does not separately apply, Justices may order County Rate to be levied as where no Poor Rate, § 13.
17. Appeal—Penalty, § 14.
18. Expense of Appeals paid by Parishes or Persons appealing, § 15.
19. Power to Justices to compensate Persons employed out of County Rate, § 16.
20. 12 G. 3. c. 39. § 22. in Part repealed—Allowances to Treasurers, § 17.
21. Treasurers of Counties to publish every Year Abstract Accounts of Returns, &c., § 18.
22. High Constables to give Security, § 19.
23. Former Acts extended to this Act, except as altered, § 20.
24. Counties, where Rates are regulated by particular Acts, authorized to make use of Provisions of Act, § 21.
25. Levying and Application of Penalties, § 22.
26. Who may be a Watch, § 23.
27. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Trespass, &c., § 24.
28. Provisions of Act extended to Places having Commissioners of the Peace, § 24.
29. Extra Parochial and other Places, though not deemed taxable to the Relief of the Poor, subject to be rated to the County Rate, 55 G. 3. c. 49. § 1.
30. Justices in General or Quarter Sessions to appoint Justices to fix and determine Boundaries between Counties, Ridings, Divisions

- Divisions or Parts of Counties and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, 56 G. 3. c. 49. § 2.
31. Justices, &c. may enter Lands, tenements, Willems, &c. and take them for Non Attendance, § 3.
32. What deemed Boundaries, § 3.
33. Appointments of New Justices, § 3.
34. In case of Difference between Justices, a Referee to be appointed to meet them and determine Boundary, § 4.
35. Appeals how proceeded to, § 5.
36. Act not to determine Question of Boundary, § 6.
37. Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 31. extended to this Act, § 7.

Creditors, See Bankrupts.

Criminals (Lunatic), See Lunatics.

Criminals (Returns of), See Offences.

Crown Lands, See King, I. 3—21.

Crown Rents, See King, I. 22—37, and IRELAND (Quit Rents).

Culm, See Importation, 56, 57.

Curriers, See Tanners and Carriers.

Customs.

- I. Bounties and Duties of Customs, imposed by various Statutes.
- II. Regulations, &c. concerning the Collection, &c. of the Customs.
- I. *Bounties and Duties of Customs, imposed by various Statutes.*
1. To make further Provision respecting the Duties payable upon *East India Goods*, and to allow Bond to be given for Payment of the Duties upon such Goods, when imported by private Traders, 55 G. 3. c. 10.
2. Warehousing Duties in Table (A.) of 54 G. 3. c. 36. charged on Goods imported either on or before April 10th 1814. to be paid or secured on Bond under 35 G. 3. c. 39. 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 1.
3. How Duties charged on clearing Goods, (except Indigo) at certain Periods, § 2.
4. Indigo how charged, § 3.
5. Goods sold since April 10th 1814. charged with Duty, § 4.
6. Private Traders to give Bond before warehousing of Goods in double the Amount of Duties, § 5.
7. *East India Company* may give Bond for Duties, § 5.
8. Goods returned for Home Consumption to pay Duties as in Table (B.) of A.D. § 6.
9. To repeal the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Tobacco, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 23.
10. Former Duties to cease, except as to Arrars, § 1.
11. Duties not payable on warehoused Tobacco till delivered out for Home Trade, § 1.
12. Tobacco not to be taken out of Warehouse until new Duty paid, § 2.
13. Duties to be under Management of the Commissioners of Customs, § 3.
14. Duties how levied, § 4.
15. Penalties, &c. of former Acts in force, § 4.
16. Duties to be paid into Exchequer, § 5.

17. Table of Duties on Tobacco imported into and Drawbacks on Tobacco exported from *Great Britain*.
18. To repeal the Duties of Customs on the Importation of Cloths of Lint, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 25.
19. Former Duties to cease, except as to Arrars, § 1.
20. New Duties to be under Management of the Commissioners of Customs, § 2.
21. Duties how levied—Penalties, &c. of former Acts in force, § 3.
22. Duties to be paid into Exchequer, § 4.
23. To rectify a Mistake in 55 G. 3. c. 5. [See Sugar, i.] with respect to the Duties on Sugar imported from the *East Indies*, and further to continue (to Six Weeks after Expiration of War Duties on Sugar imported into *Great Britain*) certain countervailing Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties on refined Sugar, 55 G. 3. c. 32.
24. The 55 G. 3. c. 3. § 33. in part repealed, and the Duties granted by 49 G. 3. c. 98. on Sugar, (Exceptions,) and Duties granted by 54 G. 3. c. 36. on Sugar imported from the *East Indies*, continued, § 1.
25. Powers of 55 G. 3. c. 3. extended to this Act, § 2.
26. The Statutes 43 G. 3. c. 70. (111.) and c. 154. § 1. 3., 44 G. 3. c. 33. § 1. 12., 12., and 46 G. 3. c. 42. § 9. 12. continued, § 3.
27. To continue (to July 5th 1815.) certain temporary or War Duties on the Importation of Goods, Wares and Merchandises into *Great Britain*, 55 G. 3. c. 33.
28. To revive and continue (to 14th March 1840.) the 48 G. 3. c. 67., 51 G. 3. c. 31., and 53 G. 3. c. 89., for charging additional Duties on Copper wire *Great Britain*, 55 G. 3. c. 52.
29. To repeal the Duties payable on, and the Permission to enter for Home Consumption, Silk Handkerchiefs imported by the *East India Company*, 55 G. 3. c. 33.
30. The 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 36., and 49 G. 3. c. 98. Table (B.) repealed, § 1.
31. The 54 G. 3. c. 148. repealed, § 2.
32. To repeal the Duties payable on the Importation into *Great Britain* of Solid Vegetable Extracts from Oak Bark, and other Vegetable Substances used in the Tanning of Leather, and to grant a Duty in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 95.
33. Duty on Importation of Vegetable Oak Bark to cease, and new Duty to be paid, § 1.
34. Duty to be levied like other Duties of Customs, § 2.
35. Application of Duties, &c. § 3.
36. To repeal certain Duties on Leather dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, or imported from *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 108.
37. Duties imposed by 51 G. 3. c. 94. on Buck, Deer and Elk Skins, or Buff or Lamb Leather, repealed, § 1.
38. Duties not collected to be discharged, § 2.
39. The temporary or War Duties imposed by 47 G. 3. c. 56. § 1. 49 G. 3. c. 92. and 51 G. 3. c. 61., and continued by 55 G. 3. c. 33., made perpetual, 56 G. 3. c. 29. § 1.
40. The 47 G. 3. c. 56. § 1. c. 55. § 2., 49 G. 3. c. 92. § 2., and 51 G. 3. c. 61. § 2. repealed, 56 G. 3. c. 29. § 2.
41. Application of Duties, &c. § 3.
42. For the more speedy and effectual Collection of the Tonnage Duty upon Ships upwards; for empowering the Lords of the Treasury to regulate the Hours of Officers' Attendance in the Port of *London*; and for permitting Ships to commence their loading of Cattle before the Delivery of the Factor's Certificate, 56 G. 3. c. 35.
43. Tonnage Duty to be paid before any Vessel is delivered to break Bulk, § 1.
44. Vessels may be loaded with Cattle before Certificate of Quantity delivered to Officer of Customs—56th. Penalty on delivering a false Certificate, § 3.
45. To continue 54 G. 3. c. 16. and 27. for repealing the Duties

Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 69.

46. To repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape and Cole Seeds, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 75.

47. Instead of Duties repealed, new Duty to be paid for every Lb. of Rape or Cole Seed imported, &c.

48. Duties to be under Management of the Commissioners of Customs, &c.

49. Duties how levied, &c.

50. Application of Duties, &c.

51. Act altered, &c., &c.

52. For repealing the Duties of Customs on Rape Seed Cakes, Lined Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, except Whale Fish, imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 79.

53. Duties imposed on Rape Seed Cakes, &c. by 49 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule (A.) upwards, and by 53 G. 3. c. 35. to code except as to Arrears, &c.

54. New Duties to be paid, &c.

55. Duties how levied, &c.

56. Application of Duties, &c.

57. Act altered, &c., &c.

II. Regulations, &c. concerning the Collection, &c. of the Customs.

1. Licences not required from Commissioners of Customs for assigning square-rigged Vessels of 200 tons, of Delinquency mentioned in Act 55 G. 3. c. 118. &c.

2. Licences granted for Navigation of Vessels to be delivered up within Periods mentioned in Act, &c.

3. Officers of Customs empowered to seize Vessels removing Spirits, in like manner as Excise Officers, &c.

4. Treasury may alter Hours of Attendance of Officers of Customs in London, 56 G. 3. c. 35. &c.

5. For enabling the Officers of the Customs at the Creeks, Harbours and Bays of Great Britain, to take Entries of Ships and Goods arriving from Ireland, 56 G. 3. c. 93.

6. The Commissioners of Customs may authorize the principal Officers of Creeks and Harbours to take Entries of certain Goods, &c.

7. Documents as valid as if taken at Customs House, &c.

See *Boats; Fish and Fisheries; Ships; Smuggling.*

D.

Dewerara, See *Plantations*, 30—42.

Devon, See *Lead Mines*.

Distillation, See *IRELAND* (Customs, III. Spirits).

Dividends, See *Unclaimed Dividends*.

Downshire (*Marquis of*), See *Forests*, 147—149.

Drafts of Bankers. See *Stamps* (Bankers' Drafts).

Draining Tiles.

1. Tiles may be made of a certain Construction for Draining, Duty free, 55 G. 3. c. 176.

E.

East India Company.

Admiral.

1. Limitation of Actions against the East India Company or their Servants, for any thing done under 55 G. 3. c. 84. 55 G. 3. c. 84. &c.

Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

1. The Limits of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay fixed, 55 G. 3. c. 84. &c.

2. Allowance to Chief Justice or Judge of Madras or Recorder of Bombay, on resigning, &c.

Customs, See *Customs*, I. 1—8. 23—26. 29.

Genitalia.

1. To explain and amend the 53 G. 3. c. 155. Act, relating to granting of Genitalia by the East India Company, 55 G. 3. c. 64.

2. Company not charged with Genitalia, unless approved by Commissioners of India Affairs, &c.

3. Copies of Warrants, &c. to be laid before Parliament, &c.

Letters of Administration.

1. Letters of Administration may be issued to Attorneys of Executors, 55 G. 3. c. 84. &c.

2. Letters of Administration to Registrar void, &c.

3. Not to affect Rights of Persons entitled to Probates of Wills, or Administrations of Estates of Persons deceased before passing of Act, &c., &c.

4. Registrar, when appointed Administrator, to enter in Book separate Accounts, &c.

5. Registrar to exhibit Schedule of Money, &c. received on Account of Estates under their Charge, &c.

Postage of Letters.

1. For granting certain Rates on the Postage of Letters to and from Great Britain, the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauritius and the East Indies, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 155.

2. Post Master General may establish Packets and Mails for East Indies, &c. at certain Rates for Postage of Letters and Newspapers, &c.

3. Mails may be carried by Ships of War, Commanders of which are authorized to receive Mails, &c.

4. East India Company not to charge Postage, except Island, &c., &c.

5. Post Master General to pay Company for Conveyance of Mails, &c.

6. Mails to be made up Monthly for India, &c.

7. Goods cleared to be carried in Packets except Tea, the Quantity whereof not to exceed Two Pounds per Mail, &c.

8. Goods not to be carried but in Vessels of 350 Tons and upwards, &c.

9. Rates of Letters conveyed in Vessels not employed as Packets from Great Britain, &c.

10. Penalty as freighting, &c. Letters without Authority, &c.

11. Commanders to take charge of Bags delivered by Order of Postmaster, with what Allowance, &c.

22. Rates

12. Rates of Letters by Vessels not employed as Packets from India, 55 G. 3. c. 133. § 16.
13. Rate of Sea Postage from India not to exceed 3s. for any Packet, § 17.
14. Post Offices established, § 18.
15. Transfers of East India Company to remit Money to Post Master General, § 19.
16. President and Commissioners of India Board, the Secretaries of State and of the Treasury, Chancery and Deputy Chancery, respectively authorized to receive Letters from India Postage free, § 20—22.
17. Directors of East India Company authorized to receive Letters free from Postage by Ships of Company, § 23.
18. Public Officers now authorized to receive Letters Postage free, to have the same Privilege to and from India, § 24.
19. Seamen and Soldiers serving in the East India to land and receive Letters free on certain Conditions, § 25.
20. Powers of 46 G. 3. c. 92. extended to this Act, § 26.

Removal of Foreigners residing in the East Indies.

1. Governor in Council, &c. empowered to remove Persons residing in the British Territories in India, &c. not being Natives or British Subjects lawfully resident there, 55 G. 3. c. 54. § 6.
2. Warrant or Authority for Apprehension may be executed with certain Provisions, § 7.

Ships.

1. To make further Regulations for the Registry of Ships built in India, 55 G. 3. c. 116.
2. Collector of Duties at any Port in the East Indies, to register and certify Ships in Ports, where no Collector or Comptroller of Customs, § 1.
3. Ships not forfeited for want of Registry, unless returned to Port before limited time, and departed therefrom, § 2.
4. What Ships do not require Registry, § 3.
5. India built Ships, though duly registered, not entitled to Privileges of British built Ships, but those specified in former Acts, § 4.
6. Not to affect Vessels registered, § 5.
7. *Lafours* and Natives of British India, not within the meaning of 34 G. 3. c. 68. 55 G. 3. c. 116. § 6.
8. What Proportion of British Seamen to Tonnage of Ship, partly manned by *Lafours*, sufficient, though not amounting to Three Fourths of Crew, § 7.
9. In cases where, in India, a sufficient Number of British Seamen cannot be obtained, Governors may license Ship to sail for Europe, § 8.
10. This Act not to require British Seamen on board Vessels employed in Trade between Port and Port, § 9.

Saint Helena, See Plantations, 4—15.

Silk Handkerchiefs, See Customs, I. 29.

Ecclesiastical Courts.

1. Ecclesiastical Courts not to take Surrenders of Prebends or Letters of Advowson, on the Ground only of wrong Duty paid, 55 G. 3. c. 184. § 44.

Ecclesiastical Corporate Bodies, See Cemeteries.

Election of Members of Parliament.

1. To fix the Place of Election for *Gloucestershire* at *Bridgnorth* in that County, 55 G. 3. c. 72.

Elgin Marbles.

1. To vest the Elgin Collection of Ancient Marbles and Sculptures in the Trustees of the British Museum for the Use of the Public, 55 G. 3. c. 99.
2. Treasury to give 55,000*l.* to the Trustees of the British Museum, to be applied in the Purchase of the Elgin Collection of Marbles, § 1.
3. On Payment of Purchase Money, Collection vested in Trustees, to be kept in the British Museum, § 2.
4. Earl of Elgin to be added to the Trustees, § 4.

Embezzlement of Stores.

1. To repeal 53 G. 3. c. 126. for preventing the Embezzlement of Stores, and to extend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to His Majesty's Naval, Ordnance and Victualling Stores, to all other Public Stores, 55 G. 3. c. 127.
2. 53 G. 3. c. 126. repealed, § 1.
3. Statutes 1 & 10 H. 3. c. 41. § 2. 4. 5. 8. 9 G. 1. c. 8. § 3. 4. 17 G. 2. c. 40. and 33 & 40 G. 3. c. 49. to extend to all Public Stores, and to all Persons intermeddling therewith, not being authorized, § 2.

See also *Peas*, 15—21.

Epsom Salt.

1. Excise Duties and Drawbacks on Epsom Salt repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 162.

Essequibo, See Plantations, 30—42.

Excise.

1. To continue [to 31st July 1806.] certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, 55 G. 3. c. 27. [continued to 31st July 1821. except as to Malt, by 56 G. 3. c. 17.]
2. To grant to His Majesty [to 31st April 1819.] additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Spirits, Tobacco, Seals and Excise Licences, 55 G. 3. c. 30.
3. Additional Duties in Schedule [A.] and Drawbacks in Schedule [B.] to be paid, &c. [Repealed as to Spirits by 55 G. 3. c. 61. § 1. and all Duties of Excise to be discharged, § 2.]
4. Duties under Management of Commissioners of Excise, 55 G. 3. c. 30. § 3.
5. Duties to be paid on Tobacco warehoused before February 20. 1815. if taken out for Home Consumption, § 3.
6. Duties, &c. how levied, § 4.
7. Duties in proportion to greater or less Quantity, § 5.
8. *Peas* Tobacco and Seals liable to Duty, § 6.
9. Duty added to Contract Prices, § 7.
10. Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 8.
11. Recovery, &c. of Penalties, § 9.
12. Duties payable into Exchequer, § 10.
13. Separate Accounts of Duties to be kept and laid before Parliament, § 11.
14. Schedule [A.] Duties.
15. ——— [B.] Drawbacks.
16. To increase the Drawbacks and countervailing Duties on Tobacco; and to limit the Tonnage of Ships, in which Wine may be exported when the Duties are drawn back, 55 G. 3. c. 129.
17. Additional Drawbacks of Excise allowed on Tobacco, § 1.
18. Additional Drawback allowed on Tobacco manufactured at any Port of Great Britain, &c. from Tobacco for which Duties paid, and exported before piling of A.D. § 2.
19. Countervailing Duties on Tobacco and Seals, § 3.
20. Countervailing Duties how levied, § 4.

21. Additional

25. Additional Drawbacks paid on Duties on Tobacco, 55 G. 3. c. 129. § 5.
26. Wine to be exported for Drawback in Vessels of 70 Tons or upwards, § 6.
27. Excise Duties and Drawbacks on *Ephe Sah* repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 162.
28. Drawing Titles of a certain Constitutions, may be made free of Excise Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 176.
29. To revive and continue several Laws relating to Glass made in Great Britain [to 25th March 1818.] 56 G. 3. c. 1.
30. So much of 43 G. 3. c. 63. as was contained by 51 G. 3. c. 69. 52 G. 3. c. 84. 1. 53 G. 3. c. 109. § 1. and 54 G. 3. c. 97. removed and is now contained till March 25th, 1818., § 1.
31. 51 G. 3. c. 69. removed, and continued till March 25th, 1818., § 2.
32. Act altered, &c., § 3.
33. To make certain Allowances of the Duties payable on Malt and Beer, 56 G. 3. c. 45.
34. Allowances for unground Malt produced to Excise Officer between 1st and 21st July, § 1.
35. Notice to be given in Writing to Excise Officer of certain Particulars, and Malt to be put into such Form as to enable him to take Account thereof, § 2.
36. Penalties on storing or removing the Produce of Malt, § 3.
37. Brewers may make use of Malt as giving Notice, and Officer taking Account thereof, § 3.
38. Penalty on obstruishing Officer, or fraudulently increasing the Quantity of Malt, § 4.
39. Commissioners may direct further Examination of Malt contained in Granaries, § 5.
40. Malt to appear not to be charged with the Duty under 43 G. 3. c. 81. — § 6.
41. Certificate of Quantity of Malt and Amount of Allowance to be given in Maltster's Invoice, &c., § 7.
42. Maltster, before shipping Malt from one Port to another, to give Notice to Officer, who shall give Certificate of Quantity to be produced to Port of Consignment, § 8.
43. Regulations, in case Vessel does not arrive at Port of Consignment till after Officer has taken an Account of Stock of Consignee, § 9.
44. Malt loaded at any other Place than Port of Consignment, to be forfeited. Penalty on Persons concerned therein, § 10.
45. Certificate to be delivered up within a certain time after Arrival of Ship, § 11.
46. Penalty on counterfeiting Certificate, § 12.
47. On Production of Certificate for Allowance to Customs, and making Oath to certain Particulars, Payment of Money mentioned in Certificate to be made, § 13.
48. Money paid out of Consolidated Duties to be repaid, § 14.
49. Duty on Malt consumed in making Strong Beer between April 1st and July 31st allowed, § 15.
50. No Allowance for Beer exported before 25th July, or for more than Quantity found in Stock on that Day, § 16.
51. Allowances for all out of Money payable for Duty, § 17.
52. Money is allowed repaid, § 18.
53. Provision in 43 G. 3. c. 81. § 11. respecting Price of Strong Beer and Table Beer made to cease, § 19.
54. Penalties, how levied and applied, § 20.
55. Former Acts relating to the Excise is force, extended to this Act, § 21.
56. Taking false Oath—Perjury, § 22.
57. Act altered, &c., § 23.
58. To repeal the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise on Head Soap made in Great Britain and imported from Ireland, and to grant other Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 44.
59. Former Duties to cease, and new Duties and Drawbacks granted, 56 G. 3. c. 44. § 1, 2.
60. Dealers may add Duty to Cosements, § 3.
61. Dealers, how managed and levied, § 4. § 5.
62. Duties carried to Consolidated Fund, § 6.
63. For further securing the Duties on Paper and Pasteboard; and for repealing the countervailing Duty upon Pasteboard imported from Ireland, and the Drawback on Paper exported; and granting other countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 103.
64. Entry to be made of Quantity of Paper, Pasteboard, &c. returned out of Months duty, § 1.
65. Entries to be delivered every Six Weeks verified on Oath, § 1.
66. Penalty on Makers making false Entries, refusing Inspection, or obstruishing Officers, § 1.
67. Paper, Pasteboard, &c., to be kept separate, according to their respective Classes, that the Officer may take an Account without removing the same, § 2.
68. Makers to stick in taking Account, § 2.
69. Penalty on Makers obstruishing Officer or refusing him Assistance, § 2.
70. The Edges of Paper, Pasteboard, &c. may be cut before and up. But, if Paper be divided, each Piece to be deemed a Sheet; and Reams distinguished by Labels with the Words "Cut Paper," and kept separate from the uncut on Penalty of 50s., § 3.
71. Directions for tying up, § 4.
72. Reams or Parcels tied up contrary to Directions, forfeited, § 4.
73. Makers to mark the Weight on the Label affixed to every Ream of Paper or Pasteboard, § 5.
74. Penalty on Makers refusing, or if Paper found of undue Weight, § 5.
75. Directions for affixing a Label as soon as the Paper, &c. shall be tied up; and the Number of the Ream, the Parcel, the Clubs and other Particulars to be written thereon, § 6.
76. Penalty on Makers neglecting to do so, § 6.
77. Makers, on receiving Paper, &c., which has been made at any other Mill, or which has been returned, shall distinguish and keep the same separate, § 7.
78. Entries to be made at the Excise Office every Six Weeks, of all Paper, &c., charged within that Period, and stating other Particulars, to be verified on Oath, § 8.
79. Makers travelling to make Entries, § 8.
80. If Quantity contained in such Entries, added to uncharged stock, be Five *per Cent.* under Account duty kept, Deficiency charged with Duty, § 9.
81. Glazed Paper, and Pressing Paper used in pressing Wooden Cloths, to be produced to Officer, to obtain Drawback, § 10.
82. Makers not to carry on the Business of a Stationer at any Mill, or within Two Miles thereof, § 11.
83. Oath of the acting Painter of the Office of King's Printer sufficient under 54 G. 3. c. 20. § 59. 45. 56 G. 3. c. 103. § 12.
84. The 43 G. 3. c. 92. § 11. respecting Materials from which Pasteboard is to be made, to apply only to Makers of Pasteboard, § 13.
85. Makers of Paper, &c. may make Pasteboard at their Mills, subject to Duties after mentioned, § 13.
86. Duty on Pasteboard imported from Ireland repealed, § 14.
87. Duties payable on Pasteboard to be paid by Makers, § 14.
88. Allowance to Makers of Pasteboard from Paper which has paid Duty, § 15.
89. Drawbacks on Pasteboard repealed, and in lieu thereof Drawbacks herein mentioned to be paid, § 16.

86. Duties to be under Management of the Commissioners of Excise, 56 G. 3. c. 103. § 17.
87. Duties and Drawbacks on Potteboard, how to be levied and paid, § 18.
88. Makers to place their uncharged Stock yearly in such a manner, as to enable the Excise Officers to make an Annual Balance of Quantity of Paper, &c. made and charged with the Duty, § 19.
89. Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 19.
90. So much of 54 G. 3. c. 10. § 15, as requires the destroying of Wrappers on opening Bibles, repealed, § 20.
91. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 21.
92. Duties carried to Consolidated Fund, § 22.
93. Taking false Oaths—Perjury, § 23.
94. Act may be altered, &c., § 24.
95. To repeal certain Drawbacks and countervailing Duties of Excise on Beer and Malt; to alter the Duties and Drawbacks on Plate Glass, and to prevent Frauds therein, 56 G. 3. c. 108.
96. Drawback under 43 G. 3. c. 81, to cease, § 1.
97. Countervailing Duty on Irish Beer imported into Great Britain, imposed by 43 G. 3. c. 81, and the countervailing Duties on Malt, and also the Drawbacks, repealed except Arman, § 2.
98. No Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of ground or polished Plate Glass, unless exported in rectangular Plates of a certain Size—Penalty on shipping contrary hereto, § 3.
99. In lieu of the Drawbacks now payable there shall be paid for unground or unpolished Plate Glass exported in rectangular Plates of certain Dimensions, the Drawbacks mentioned in Act—Penalty on shipping contrary thereto, § 4.
100. Makers of Plate Glass may break in Pieces any Number of Plates of unground and unpolished Glass in Presence of the Supervisor of the District—Allowance for the same per cent. on certain Conditions, § 5.
101. 1000. Penalty on obstructing Officers, § 5.
102. No Crown Glass, &c. to be made of greater Thickness than that mentioned in Act, § 6.
103. Drawbacks on Plate Glass, how to be paid, § 7.
104. Penalties against the Laws of Excise, extended to Drawbacks of Duties on Plate Glass, § 7.
105. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 8.
106. For repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits in Great Britain, and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 113.
107. Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Spirits, &c. repealed, and new Duties payable in lieu thereof, § 1.
108. Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise, § 3.

See also *Importation and Exportation*, 87—90.; *Smuggling*.

Exportation, See Customs, Importation.

F.

Farming Stock.

1. To regulate the Sale of farming Stock taken in Execution, 56 G. 3. c. 90.
2. No Sheriff or other Officer shall sell or carry off from any Lands any Stew, Chaff or Turnips in any calf, nor any Hay or other Produce contrary to the Covenant, § 1.
3. Tenants to give Notice of Existence of Covenants, and Sheriff to give Notice to Owner or Landlord, § 2.

4. Sheriff may dispose of Produce, subject to an Agreement to expend it on the Land, 56 G. 3. c. 90. § 3.
5. Sheriff to permit Landlord or Owner to bring Action in his Name, § 4.
6. Sheriff to inquire as to Name and Residence of the Landlord, § 5.
7. Landlord's not to distrain for Rent on Purchasers of Crops levied from the Soil, or other things sold subject to agreement, § 5.
8. Sheriff not to sell Clover, &c. growing with Corn, § 7.
9. Provision for Costs, &c., § 8.
10. Sheriff not liable for Damages, unless for wilful Omission, § 9.
11. Indemnity to Sheriff and others acting under this Act, § 10.
12. Abuse of Bankrupt, &c. not to take Copy in any other way, than Bankrupt would have been entitled to do, § 11.

Farms, See Property Tax, 20.

Fees, See Gaols, 7—24.

Felons, See Transportation.

Felony.

I. Felony within Clergy.

1. Felony respecting seat of Kite of Seamen or Marines, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 30.
2. Forgery, &c. Names of Misfiers, &c. required to act under 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 31.
3. Refusing or attempting to refuse Corvids from the General Prisoners, 56 G. 3. c. 65. § 44.
4. Officers permitting such Corvids to escape, or supplying the Means of Escape, § 44.

See *IRELAND* (Felony, 5.)

II. Felony without Clergy.

1. Allow sentenced to Transportation, if found at large, 55 G. 3. c. 54. § 56.
2. Disturbing or obstructing Engineers, Erectors or other Works belonging to Collieries, &c., 56 G. 3. c. 127. § 1.
3. Felon condemned to Transportation making their Escape, or being found at large before Expiration of their Sentence, 56 G. 3. c. 27. § 7. 8. 10.
4. Forgery.
 1. Of Stamps or Dies, or any Part or Parts thereof under any Stamp Act, 55 G. 3. c. 184. § 7.
 2. Of Newpapers, &c. Stamps, 55 G. 3. c. 185. § 6.
 3. Of Gold and Silver Plate Duty Marks, 55 G. 3. c. 185. § 7.
 4. Forgery, &c. Letters of Attorney or Wills of Seamen or Marines, or knowingly attesting the same, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 32.
 5. Forgery, &c. Certificates, Powers, &c. for Half Pay of Naval Officers, 56 G. 3. c. 101. § 5.
5. Refusing Napoleon Buonaparte, or attempting a Release or Escape, or assisting him therein on the High Seas, 56 G. 3. c. 22. § 3. 5.
6. Seamen.—Persecuting, &c. Petty Officers of Seamen or Marines, making false Oath to obtain Probate of Will, &c. or receiving Wages, &c. by false Probate, knowing it to be such, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 32.

Fencibles, See Soldiers, I. 11—16.

Ferries, See Bridges, 7, 8.

Fire Arms.

1. To amend 55 G. 3. c. 115. to insure the proper and careful manufacturing of Fire Arms in England, and for making Provision for proving the Barrels of such Fire Arms, 55 G. 3. c. 59.
2. Penalty on using, in the progressive Stages of the Manufacture of Fire Arms, Barrels not duly proved, § 1.
3. Barrels of Fire Arms to be free direct from Manufacturers to Proof Houses, § 2.
4. Penalty on delivering, &c. for Sale, except through a Proof House, § 2.
5. Penalty on receiving Barrels of Fire Arms for Purpose of making Guns, &c. not having passed Proof House and being proved, § 2.
6. Proof Master of Company of Gun Makers of City of London, to receive, &c. Barrels of Guns, &c., § 4.
7. Penalties on Barrels not proved, &c., § 4.
8. Not to return to Scotland or Ireland, or to Arms made for His Majesty, or East India Company, or certain Barrels specified, § 5.
9. Penalties on forging, &c. Proof Marks, or selling, &c. Barrels with forged Marks, or putting Proof Marks on Barrels not proved, § 6.
10. 55 G. 3. c. 115. § 7. in part repealed — Prices for proving Barrels, § 6.
11. Officers and Provers, how heard, &c., § 10.
12. Limitation of Prosecution, § 11.
13. Form of Conviction, § 12.
14. Regulations concerning Appeals, § 13.
15. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Trespass &c., § 15.
16. Proof Accounts audited, § 16.
17. 55 G. 3. c. 115. § 4. in part repealed — Company of Guardians, &c. of Gun Barrel Proof House at Birmingham incorporated, § 17.
18. This a Public Act, § 18.

Fish and Fisheries.

Acts for the Encouragement of the Fisheries.

1. *British White Herring Fishery*.—To continue and amend several Acts relating to the British White Herring Fishery, 55 G. 3. c. 34.—The 48 G. 3. c. 100. 51 G. 3. c. 101. and 52 G. 3. c. 115. made perpetual, § 1.—Advocate and Solicitor General of Scotland added to Commissioners, § 2.—Commissioners to be sworn, § 3.—Reports to be made of Proceedings, § 4.—New Bounty, § 5. 6.—Regulations concerning fishing, and the Fisheries, § 7—10.—What Barrels, White Herrings, &c. cured in, § 11.—Commissioners empowered to fix Measures by which Fish to be bought and sold, § 12.—Regulations for clearing out Vessels for Fisheries, § 14—17. Unlawful Nets fastened, § 15.—Masters to make Oath what Quantity of Salt used, &c., § 17.—Where Herrings deemed to be gutted, &c., § 18.—Declaration of Treadsmen verified at Port of Landing, § 19.—Regulations concerning the curing of Herrings on Shores, and packing them in Barrels, § 20—27. 39.—Regulations regarding White Herrings Imported from Ireland, § 28.—Regulations concerning Bounty, § 30—34. 40.—Barrels under

Weight not allowed to be exposed, § 35.—Mode of Settling Disputes between Officers and Crews, § 36.—Premiums extended to Vessels fishing in the Coasts of Great Britain, § 37.—What Vessels deemed fit for use for Herring Fishery, § 38.—And what Herrings deemed brought from Fishery, § 38.—Commissioners authorized to visit Vessels, § 39.—Penalties and Forfeitures, how fixed for, § 41. Rules, &c. in force, § 42.

2. *Greenland Whale Fisheries*.—To revive and continue [to 15th March 1820.] several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fisheries; and to the allowing Vessels employed in the said Fisheries to complete their full Number of Men at certain Ports, 55 G. 3. c. 39.
3. *North Sea Fishery*.—Commissioners of Customs may grant Licences for Navigation of Luggers, not exceeding 64 Tons Burthen, to be employed in the North Sea Fishery; but no Luggers to proceed beyond certain Distances—Oath to give True Security in manner required by 46 G. 3. c. 135. § 2, 55 G. 3. c. 104. § 2.
4. *North Sea and Iceland Fisheries*.—See Salt, i. 5.
5. *Southern Whale Fishery*.—To continue the Premiums allowed to Ships in the Southern Whale Fishery, 55 G. 3. c. 45.—The Premiums under 51 G. 3. c. 34. and 55 G. 3. c. 37. continued, § 1.—Premium to Eight Ships employed to Southward of the Equator, § 2.—Premium to Four Ships to be employed to Southward of 35 Degrees of South Latitude, § 3.—Premium to Two Ships to be employed, that shall double Cape Horn, § 4.—To Nine Ships, &c.—Benefits to Ships employed in Southern Whale Fishery returning to Port in Ireland, § 5. Whose Boats not liable to seizure on account of bad, &c., § 6.

Flax and Cotton.

1. To revive and continue [to 15th March 1820.] the 25 G. 3. c. 77. for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufacture of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain, 55 G. 3. c. 178.

See Importation and Exportation, 3.

Forests.

1. For vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of Enow Forest, in the Counties of *Shropshire* and *Devon*, 55 G. 3. c. 138.
2. Appointment and Oath of Commissioners, § 1—4.
3. Commissioners meeting to amend Meetings, &c. considered as a Refusal to sit, § 5.
4. Commissioners to appoint Clerks, § 6.
5. Oath to be appointed, § 7. His Oath, § 8.
6. Appointment and Election of Surveyors, § 9—13.
7. Time for executing A.O. § 13.
8. Commissioners' Allowance, § 14.
9. Commissioners and Proprietors to pay their own Expenses at Meetings, § 15.
10. Notice of Meetings, how to be given, § 16. 17.
11. Allowance for Repairs of Roads, § 18.
12. Watering Places to be fit for Cattle, § 18.
13. No Mule, &c. to be carried out of the Forest, &c., § 18.
14. Power to sit out new Roads, &c., and to turn and lay up Roads, § 19.
15. No Person liable to any Rate for Statute Duty towards repairing Public Roads across Forests, except Bridge Roads, § 19.
16. Bridge Roads, &c. to be made, § 20.

37. Allotment to The King, and in lieu of Tithes, 55 G. 3. c. 138, § 22.
38. Award of His Majesty's Allotment to be enrolled in the Exchequer, and at the Office of Auditor of Land Revenue, § 43.
39. Allotments to free Suters, § 44.
40. Allotments of Refidue of Forch, § 45.
41. Owners of free Sute entitled to Share of Refidue in certain cases, § 46.
42. Proprietors to produce Accounts of Lands and Groves, in respect whereof they claim to be entitled to Rights of Common, &c., § 47.
43. Power for Commissioners to call for Property Tax Affidavits, § 48.
44. Regulations concerning setting out Boundaries, § 49.
45. Claims of Rights to be delivered to Commissioners, who may determine Disputes, but not Titles in Efficacy, § 51—53.
46. Commissioners may settle Coils, § 54.
47. Power to try Rights by an Issue at Law, § 55.
48. If no Action brought, or not proceeded in, Determination of Commissioners final; but not to affect Execution of Powers of Ad., § 57.
49. In case of Death of Parties before Actions brought, same may be carried on and defended in their Names, § 58.
50. Parties in Possession not to be molested, § 57.
51. *James's Park Farm*, (belonging to His Majesty,) not to be subject to the Power of Commissioners, but to remain settled in His Majesty free from Tithes, § 58.
52. Forest to be for ever exempt from Tithes, § 59.
53. Inclosure not to impede the usual Communications, § 60.
54. Allotments, by whom and how framed, and Process afterwards kept in repair, § 61.
55. Male Fines, &c. incapable of Discharge, to be left open for the Use of Persons heretofore using the same, § 62.
56. Tithes not to be taken away after passing of Ad., § 63.
57. After Allotments made, Rights of Common and other Rights to arise, § 64.
58. Rights of Common suspended, or extinguished before Execution of Award, § 65.
59. Owners of Common Rights may have Allotments made together, § 66.
60. Allotments to be delineated on Plan, and Shewn to Proprietors, § 67.
61. If any Person sell his Common Right, Allotment made to Purchaser, § 68.
62. Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods and Forests empowered to purchase Lands, § 69.
63. Allotments to be sold by the same Tenure, § 70.
64. Separate Allotments to be made for Estates held by different Tenures, § 71.
65. Forest to be divided, § 72.
66. Exchanges allowed to be made, § 73.
67. Expenses of Exchanges, how to be made, § 74.
68. Lessee at Rack Rent void, as to Allotments of Common, § 75.
69. Penalty on neglecting to make Compositions, &c., § 75.
70. Wills and Settlements not affected, § 76.
71. For what time, &c. Sheep not to be kept in new Inclosures, § 77.
72. Satisfaction made for unequal Share of Boundary Fences, § 78.
73. Commissioners may make Alterations and Allotments in Private Roads if they think proper, but not in His Majesty's Allotment, § 79.
74. Expenses of Ad., how to be paid, § 80, &c.
75. Power to mortgage or sell Allotments, Final Award, § 81, 82.
76. Accents — to be assessed and collected by Two Magistrates, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 138, § 69.
77. Money advanced repaid with Interest, § 67.
78. Appeal — Nasser — Certificates — Coils, § 68.
79. Commissioners of Woods, &c. empowered to sell The King's Allotment, § 67.
80. Purchases, &c. to have Certificates, &c. for Purchase Money — Certificates to be enrolled in Office of Auditor of Land Revenue, § 68.
81. Neglecting to pay Purchase Money into Bank within limited time, forfeited, § 69.
82. Charge to be credited when Population of Forest renders unsuitable, § 70.
83. Ground used as Churchyard to continue so, § 71.
84. Plan of Church, &c. to be approved by Bishop, § 72.
85. Church deemed a perpetual Cure, § 73.
86. Minister's Stipend — Patronage of Living — Marriages solemnized in the Church — Churching, &c. registered, § 74.
87. Parish subject to all Laws relative thereto, § 75.
88. Parish may be divided into Townships, § 76.
89. Proviso for His Majesty's Rights to Mines, &c. And for private Rights — General Savings, § 77—79.
90. To amend 48 G. 3. c. 75, to improve the Land Revenue of The Crown, so far as relates to the Great Forest of *Berkshire*, and for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of the said Forest, and for including the said Forest, 55 G. 3. c. 139.
91. The 48 G. 3. c. 75, § 27, repealed, 1.
92. Commissioners of Woods empowered to sell The King's Allotments, &c., § 68.
93. Purchasers of Prebends to have Certificates, &c. for Purchase Money; such Certificates to be enrolled in Office of Auditor of Land Revenue, &c. Stamp Duty free, § 73.
94. Neglecting to pay Purchase Money into Bank within limited time, § 4.
95. Appointment and Oath of Commissioners and Unsettled, § 2—3, 10.
96. Commissioners neglecting to attend Meetings, considered as a Refusal to do, § 9.
97. Commissioners to appoint a Clerk or Clerks, § 11.
98. Appointment and Oath of Surveyors, § 12—14.
99. Power given them to make a Survey, § 15.
100. No new Admeasurement to be made in case Proprietors shall produce approved Surveys, &c., § 16.
101. Allowance to Commissioners, Clerks and Surveyors, § 17.
102. Meetings of Commissioners, § 18.
103. Notices, how given, § 19.
104. Encroachments allowable, 20.
105. Commissioners empowered to fix out new and additional Roads, and to stop and turn Roads, § 21.
106. Allotments for Repair of Roads, and for watering Places for Cattle, 22.
107. Allotments for public Landless Quarries for general Use, § 23.
108. Commissioners empowered to turn Watercourses, § 24.
109. Lands sold for Payment of Ransoms, § 25.
110. Surplus produced by Sales to be divided between Proprietors in Fee, according to Interests, § 26.
111. Persons desirous of paying in Money, exempt from Operations of the Power of Sale, § 27.
112. Allotments to The King and others in lieu of Tithes, § 28—31.
113. Commissioners to fix out Roads to His Majesty's Allotments, § 32.
114. Award of His Majesty's Allotments to be enrolled in Exchequer at *Windsor*, and in Office of Auditor of Land Revenue, § 33.
115. Refidue allotted to Persons entitled to Commutation, § 34.
116. Claims

96. Claims of Right, how to be produced and investigated, 55 G. 3. c. 125, 56.
97. Power for Commissioners to settle Disputes, 53.
98. Power to affect Cattle relative to disputed Claims or Objections, 53.
99. Commissioners not to determine Title to Estate, 58.
100. But their Determinations to be final, 54.
101. Parties may try Rights by Issue at Law, 54.
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G.

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- I. Acts concerning Gauls in general.
- II. Acts for erecting County and other Gauls.

I. Acts concerning Gauls in general.

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4. Clergymen to keep a Journal, 53.
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8. Fees or Gratuity payable at Gauls or Bridewells abolished, 51. Except those of the King's Bench and Fleet Prisons, and the Marshalsea and Palace Courts, 51.
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13. County

13. County Treasurers to pay Allowances for Places not usually allotted to County at large, 55 G. 3. c. 48. § 6.
14. Indemnification for Fees to Clerks of Peace, § 7.
15. Clerks of Assize to deliver Accounts of Fees, § 8.
16. Officers or Clerks, enabling Fees guilty of a Misdemeanor, § 9.
17. Liberties to Debtors to be granted free of Expense, and Compensation made to Sheriffs for same, § 10.
18. Allowances, how raised for Places which do not contribute to County Rates, § 11.
19. Allowances, in certain cases to be paid out of Poor's Rates, § 12.
20. Act altered, &c., § 15.
21. To explain and amend 55 G. 3. c. 30, for the Abolition of Goal and other Fees connected with the Goals in England, 56 G. 3. c. 116.
22. Judges of Assize may grant Certificates to certain Officers to receive Compensation for abolished Fees, to be paid in same manner as provided by rectified Act, § 1.
23. Rectified Act to extend to Prisoners for Debt, § 3.
24. Allowances to Gaoler of Drove Cattle Prison, how to be paid, § 4.

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1. *Ayr.* Erecting a new Goal and Court House, 56 G. 3. c. 218.
2. *Bristol (City).* Building new Goal, 56 G. 3. c. 118.
3. *Gloucestershire.* To enable the Sheriff Deputy or Substernate and Justices of Peace of the County of Gloucestershire to incorporate Prison in Bristol Goal, 55 G. 3. c. 109.
4. *Edinburgh (City).* Building new Goal, &c. (altering and amending 55 G. 3. c. 77, and 54 G. 3. c. 170.), 56 G. 3. c. 216.
5. *Fife (Borough), and Newfow (County).* Erecting Bridewell and Goal, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 110.
6. *Perth County and Cay Goal.* (Altering and amending 55 G. 3. c. xxvii.), 55 G. 3. c. 161.

Gas Light and Coke Company, See Personal Acts, 33.

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1. To alter certain Drawbacks and countervailing Duties on Glass; and for exempting Irish Glass Bottles imported from Duty imposed by 54 G. 3. c. 97. § 1, and also for exempting the Leather and Glaze of Carriages belonging to certain Persons imported from Ireland for private Use from Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 212.
2. The 49 G. 3. c. 69. § 1, 51 G. 3. c. 69. § 1, 53 G. 3. c. 77. § 1, and 52 G. 3. c. 94. Schedule (B.) to part repealed, § 1.
3. New Drawbacks allowed, and in what manner to be paid, § 3.
4. Countervailing Duties imposed by former Acts repealed, § 4.
5. Glass Makers in London monthly, and elsewhere in Great Britain every Six Weeks, to make Entry of Weight of Glass on Oath, § 5.
6. Persons falsely swearing punishable for Perjury, § 6.
7. Security under 56 G. 3. c. 77. § 3. conditioned that Glass be shipped within One Month, § 7.
8. Commissioners of Excise may give further time, § 7.
9. No Additions to be made to Glass after it is packed up and sealed, § 8.
10. No Drawback allowed for old Glass, &c., § 9.
11. Penalty on placing Irish made Flint, &c. Glass in Package containing British Glass for Exportation, § 10.
12. Irish common Glass Bottles imported, excepted from the

- Duty imposed by 54 G. 3. c. 97. § 3. 55 G. 3. c. 113. § 11.
13. No countervailing Duty payable on Leather or Glaze employed in certain Carriages, § 12.
14. Repealed Duties not collected to be discharged out of Book of Entry, § 13.
- See *Excise*, 25—26. 58—105. in General Index; also *IRELAND* (Customs and Excise, III. 1—7. and IV. Glass, 1, 2.)

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- Excise Duties on Glauber Salt repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 66. § 33.

Glebe Lands.

1. For enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange the Parsonage or Glebe Houses or Glebe Lands belonging to their Benefices for others of greater Value, or more conveniently located for their Residence and Occupation; and for annexing such Houses and Lands so taken in Exchange to such Benefices as Parsonage or Glebe Houses and Glebe Lands; and for purchasing and annexing Lands to become Glebe Lands in certain cases, and for certain Purposes, 55 G. 3. c. 147. [Amended by 56 G. 3. c. 32.]
2. Power to exchange Parsonage Houses and Glebe Lands for other Houses and Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 147. § 1.
3. Premises so given in Exchange, subject to lease Tithe, &c. as those taken in Exchange, (except in certain cases,) § 2.
4. After Exchange, Incumbent not to be rectified, § 3.
5. Power to annex Premises belonging to Monks, and heretofore grantable and vendible as Copyholds or otherwise, § 4.
6. Such Annexation not to annul existing Grants or Demises, § 4.
7. Power to annex Parsonage Houses, &c. by Benefaction, § 5.
8. Power to purchase Land to be annexed to Benefices in Glebe Land thereof; Copyhold Land so purchased to be holden as Freehold, § 6.
9. Power given by Mortgage of Tithes, &c. to raise Sum for such Purposes, not exceeding Two Years' net Income, § 7.
10. Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty empowered to lend Money, and also Colleges, either with or without Interest, § 8.
11. Consent of Patron and Bishop necessary to all Deeds of Exchange, Mortgage or Purchase, § 10.
12. Powers to be executed by Archbishops and Bishops having Peculiar, § 11.
13. Power to Governors to convey on Exchange or Sale—Premises to be limited to lease Fifty, § 12.
14. Application of Parsonage House of Prebendary sold, § 12.
15. Persons incapacitated not to convey (except in Exchange) more than Free Acres, § 13.
16. Where Exchange or Purchase made, Notice to be previously given, § 14.
17. Map and Valuation, on actual Survey, to be made of Premises given and taken in Exchange or purchase, § 15.
18. Bishop to issue a Commission of Inquiry to certain Persons, One of whom to be a Benefactor of Three Years' standing, nominated by Chief Justice of Nisi Prius for County where Benefice, &c. situated, § 16. And if in Wales, such Benefice to be nominated by Chief Justice of Glamorgan, &c. there, 56 G. 3. c. 32. § 1.
19. Consent for Patron in case of Minority, Lunacy or Marriages, 55 G. 3. c. 147. § 17.
20. Consent when Livings belong to the Crown, or to the Duchy of Lancaster, § 18.

31. Deeds and Instruments to be deposited in Archbishop's or Bishop's Registry, 55 G. 3. c. 147. § 19.
32. Fees of Registry, § 19.
33. In what case the Forms in the Schedule to 27 G. 3. c. 53, and 21 G. 3. c. 66, may be used for this Act, § 20.
34. Act not to repeal any former Law, § 21.
35. Incumbent, with Consent of Patron and Bishop, may apply Money arising from Sale of Tithes for or towards Exchange or Purchase of Parsonage House or Glebe Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 52. § 1.

Gold Coinage, See Coinage.

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Greenland Whale Fishery, See Fish and Fisheries, 2.

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1. An Act for the Consolidation of the Chest at Greenwich with the Hospital there, 55 G. 3. c. 1.
2. Chest at Greenwich dissolved, § 3.
3. Funds of Chest carried to Funds of Hospital, § 4.
4. Stock in hand of other Persons transferred, § 5.
5. Compensation to Officers, § 6.
6. Appointment of Accountant and Paymaster, § 7.
7. Duty of Paymaster of Penions, § 8.
8. Paymaster not to draw Money out of the Bank, &c., § 9.
9. Paymaster's License free, § 10.
10. Penalty of sending Letters or private Business under Paymaster's Cover, § 10.
11. Pension Tickets called in, § 11.
12. Provisions of former Acts extended to this, § 12.
13. To authorize the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital to transfer 1,355,000*l.* per Cent. Consols from Name of Corporation of Chest at Greenwich, into the Name of said Commissioners, and to receive such Dividends as are now due upon such Annuities, 55 G. 3. c. 16. § 1.
14. Bank of England indemnified, § 2.
15. Bills for Payment of Penions, how made out — Form of Bills, § 3.
16. This Act to be deemed a public Act, § 4.
17. To grant further Powers to the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital with respect to Penions, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 13.
18. Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital to grant Penions according to Length of Service, § 4.

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Habeas Corpus, See Liberty of the Subject.

Hackney Coaches.

1. Hackney Coaches, employed as Stage Coaches, to be licensed by the Commissioners of Stamps, 55 G. 3. c. 185. § 11.
2. Hackney Coaches, bonded as Stage Coaches, exempted from Duty of Altered Tolls for the Current Year; and Owners thereof indemnified from Penalties, 56 G. 3. c. 66. § 10.
3. To amend several Acts relating to Hackney Coaches; for authorizing the licensing of an additional Number of Hack-

- ney Coaches; and for licensing Carriages drawn by One Horse, 55 G. 3. c. 139.
4. Statute 54 G. 3. c. 147. § 1—13. repealed, and Commissioners empowered to license 100 additional Hackney Chariots above Number under 54 G. 3. c. 147. § 15. 55 G. 3. c. 139. § 1, 2.
5. Regulations as to Number of Persons to be carried in Chariots, § 3.
6. Carriages with Two Wheels drawn by One Horse may be licensed — Their Form — Number of Persons to be carried, &c., § 4.
7. Statute 48 G. 3. c. 87. § 4. repealed, and additional Rates imposed, § 5.
8. On Persons refusing to pay Driver his Fare or Damages, Justice may grant Summons or Warrant, § 6.
9. Commissioners to regulate Number of Coaches and Chariots, and to hear and determine Complaints between Owners and Drivers of Hackney Coaches, § 7, 8.
10. Drivers of Hackney Coaches, whose Property is left, to carry the same to Hackney Coach Office within certain time or be subject to Penalty, § 9.
11. Agreement to pay more than established Fare not binding, § 10.
12. Penalty on Hackney Coachmen leaving Coach unattended, § 11.
13. Drivers not to refuse Fare, though they may have been out Twelve Hours, § 12.
14. On Complaint, Commissioners or Justices may summon Owners, Drivers or Watermen before them, § 13.
15. Penalty on Hackney Coach Drivers, or Watermen, using abusive Language or obstructing Police Officers, § 14.
16. Application of Penalties, § 15.
17. Penalties, &c. of former Acts continued in force, § 16.

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Harbours, Ports, Roadsteads, Bays, Docks, Dock Yards, &c. &c.

Acts relating to particular Harbours, Docks, Lightships, &c.

1. Bridgewater or Swalegate Port. Repairing Piers, (continuing, altering and enlarging several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 1.
2. Dundee Harbour. Improving, 55 G. 3. c. 122*l.*
3. Holyhead. For the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour of Holyhead in the Island of Anglesey; and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein, 56 G. 3. c. 84.
4. London Port. London Docks, (amending several Acts and raising Money to complete the Works,) 55 G. 3. c. 10.
5. Northern Lightships. Commissioners of, enabled to erect Lightships on the Isles of Man and on the Coast of Man, 55 G. 3. c. 12*l.*
6. Portland. In Milne's Bay, Cornwall, (amending and enlarging 51 G. 3. c. 125. and 53 G. 3. c. 54. for constructing a Harbour,) 56 G. 3. c. 122*l.*
7. Rangoon. Harbours, additional Rates granted, (amending 51 G. 3. c. 74. and 37 G. 3. c. 82.) 55 G. 3. c. 122*l.*

2. *Shoreham.* (New.) Securing and improving Harbour, 56 G. 3. c. 13333.
 3. *Whitchurch.* Harbours. Improving, &c. (altering and enlarging several Acts) 56 G. 3. c. 13334.

Helena (Saint). Island of. See Plantations, 4—16.

Hertford College (Oxford). See Personal Acts, 43.

Hides. See Tanners and Curriers.

Highland Society of London. See Personal Acts, 38.

Highways.

1. To procure Returns relative to the Extent and Expense of Highways, 55 G. 3. c. 47.
2. Judges to appoint a time for Surveyors of Highways to deliver Returns to Masters listed in annexed Schedule, and to post Notice to them to make Returns to Commissioners, requiring Attendance at Meetings, &c.
3. Judges to receive Returns and swear Officers, and examine them to Truth, and attest the same, &c.
4. Constables to receive from Clerks of Peace Returns of Highways, &c.
5. Surveyors of Highways to attend and deliver proper Accounts, &c.
6. Penalty on Surveyor making Default, &c.
7. Penalty on making false Returns, &c.
8. Recovery and Application of Penalties, &c.
9. Form of Oath—Perjury, &c.
10. Schedules to be transmitted by King's Printer, &c.
11. Schedule (B.) Questions to Surveyors of Highways.
12. To amend the 13 G. 3. c. 78. for the Amendment and Preservation of the public Highways, so far as the same relate to Notice of Appeal against turning or diverting a public Highway, and to amend the Provisions of the same Act as to the stopping up of unnecessary Roads, 55 G. 3. c. 69.
13. 23 G. 3. c. 78. f. 10. repealed, &c.
14. Traffickers, by Order at Special Sessions, may divert and turn certain Highways, Bridleways and Footways, &c.
15. Justices may order stopping up of unnecessary Highways, &c.
16. Notice to be inserted in Newspapers of County in which Highways be, &c.
17. Order returned to Clerk of Peace, confirmed and sealed at Quarter Sessions, &c.
18. Appeal—Notice, &c.
19. If, on Appeal made, or if Order confirmed, old Ways stopped, Proceedings conclusive; new Highways afterwards to continue public Highways, &c., &c.
20. Act set to annual previous Order or Proceeding, &c.
21. Acts may be done at Michaelmas Special Sessions, &c.

Household (Royal). See the King, I. 1, 2.

Houses of Correction. See Gaols.

Hydrometer. See Sikes's Hydrometer.

Importation and Exportation.

1. To continue during Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, so much of 45 G. 3. c. 13335. as permits the Importation into Great Britain and Ireland, in neutral Vessels, from States in Amity with His Majesty, certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, 55 G. 3. c. 8.
2. Wool and certain Goods may be imported in neutral Vessels, &c. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 1.]
3. Organized Silk may be imported in any Vessel, notwithstanding 2 W. & M. Stat. 1. c. 9. Subject to certain Exceptions, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 3. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 3.]
4. Silk to be brought to Custom House on Importation, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 3. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 3.]
5. Flax or Flax Seed may be imported in like manner, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 4. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 4.]
6. Persons free of *Leamoyne Company* may import Goods from *Leamoyne*, in *Briggs* or *Foreign Vessels*, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 5. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 5.]
7. Certificate, that *Prohibition* is free of the *Leamoyne Company*, to be produced before Entry made. Penalties for Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 6. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 6.]
8. Goods imported in Foreign Vessels to pay *Alien's Duty*, &c. 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 7. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 7.]
9. Goods imported, liable to Duties of Customs and Excise, and to Regulations in force, 55 G. 3. c. 8. f. 8. [55 G. 3. c. 117. f. 8.]
10. Continuance of Act, &c.
11. To amend the Laws now in force for regulating the Importation of Corn, 55 G. 3. c. 25.
12. Corn may at all times be imported and warehoused, &c.
13. Corn may be taken out of Warehouse for Home Consumption, under what Conditions, &c.
14. Prices, at which Corn may be imported for Home Consumption, &c.
15. When *British* Corn is below Prices before mentioned, no Corn to be imported or taken out of Warehouse, &c.
16. Times for taking average Prices of *British* Corn, &c.
17. Prices, at which Corn from *British Colonies* in *North America* may be imported, &c.
18. When Corn below Prices mentioned, no Corn from *North America* imported, &c.
19. *North American* Corn to be imported and warehoused according to Laws in force, &c.
20. Corn may be taken out of Warehouse, whenever Corn of similar Description imported, &c.
21. Penalties for Rights of Corporation of *London*, or other Corporations, &c.
22. Provisions of former Acts extended to the Act, &c.
23. Act altered, amended, &c., &c.
24. To amend certain Acts respecting the Exportation and Importation of Sugar, and further to regulate the Importation of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles from certain Islands in the *West Indies*, 55 G. 3. c. 31.
25. The Schedule of 24 G. 3. c. 57. repealed, &c.
26. Refined Sugar, exported after April 25th, Bounty, &c.
27. During Suspension of Duty on Sugar under 45 G. 3. c. 43. concerning Duties on Sugar imported from *Indies* (suspended, &c., &c.)
28. Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, granted by 45 G. 3. Stat. 1. c. 23. continued, &c.
29. 45 G. 3. Stat. 1. c. 23. f. 11. is part repealed, &c.
30. Distillations, heretofore made from Bounty on Sugar exported in Vessels not *British*, not to be affected, &c.

31. Drawbacks, &c. paid subject to existing Regulations, 47 G. 3. c. 22. 55 G. 3. c. 31. § 7.
32. Sugar, &c. of *Martinique*, &c. warehoused before *June* 11 delivered out as Payment of Duties payable on *Sugar of British Plantations*, and exported on like Conditions, § 8.
33. Sugar, &c. of *St. Eustasia*, &c. admitted to Entry as Payment of the Duties payable on *Sugar of British Plantations*, and exported on like Conditions, § 9.
34. Duties on raw or clayed *Sugar* to *crude*, § 10.
35. Schedule of Duties.
36. To continue [to 25th March 1817.] the 40 G. 3. c. 23. permitting the Importation of *Tobacco* from any Place whatever, 55 G. 3. c. 34.
37. To regulate the Payment of the Duties of Customs on Foreign Goods imported into *Great Britain* from *Ireland*, or vice versa, and of the Drawback on the Exportation of Goods, the Growth, Product or Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, having been imported from other Country into the other, 55 G. 3. c. 35.
38. What Import Duty paid on Importation of Foreign or Colonial Goods into either Country from the other, § 1.
39. Clearances to signify whether Goods were imported in *British* or Foreign Vessels, § 2.
40. When Goods imported into either Country from the other shall be exported, Exporter allowed Drawback equal to Duty, § 3.
41. Proviso for Drawback payable by Law, § 4.
42. Duties and Drawbacks, how levied and paid, § 5.
43. Foreign Wines in Bottles, &c. containing 80 Drops Quarts Bottles or Flasks, imported into either Country from the other, § 6.
44. Act amended, &c. § 7.
45. To permit until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation into *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in neutral Vessels from States in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises; and to prohibit the Exportation of Copper; and to govern the Importation, in neutral Vessels, from States not in Amity with His Majesty, of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandises, 55 G. 3. c. 127.
- [As to § 1-8, of this Act, see 2-3, of this Article.]
46. The Exportation of Copper prohibited, § 9.
47. Importation of Goods in neutral Vessels from Countries not in Amity with His Majesty, permitted, § 10.
48. Commissioners of Customs may permit Ships from *Ireland* to enter *Creeks*, where Custom House Officers are appointed, 55 G. 3. c. 128. § 1.
49. And may also permit Clearance of Vessels from such *Creeks* to *Ireland*, § 2.
- [Repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 104. § 18.]
50. Officers of Customs to take Coast Dues in *Creeks*, § 3.
51. *Keels*, &c. unloaded with *Coals* or *Cake* for Exportation, forfeited, § 4.
52. The 34 G. 3. c. 149. for regulating the Trade in Spirits between *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, continued [till the End of the next Session of Parliament.] 55 G. 3. c. 152. 56 G. 3. c. 105.
53. To alter the Conditions and Regulations under which Bladder and Train Oil of *Newfoundland* are admitted to Entry, 55 G. 3. c. 136.
54. To regulate [to July 18, 1816.] the Trade with any Foreign Colony, which may come into His Majesty's Possession or remain united, 55 G. 3. c. 126.
55. To continue, in certain cases, Foreign Spirits imported during the Suspension of the Span Involvement between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, the additional Duties imposed thereon, 55 G. 3. c. 164.
56. To extend the Exemption granted by Law on *Coals* and *Cake*, for which the Coast Duties have been duly paid, on being again exported and carried to any other Place in this Kingdom, to *Cinders* or *Coked Coals* burnt from Pit Coal, which has paid the Coast Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 174.
57. To continue 50 G. 3. c. 110. and 45 G. 3. c. 128. allowing the bringing of *Coals*, *Cake* and *Cinders*, to *London* and *Weymouth* by *Island Navigation*, [to August 11, 1816.] 55 G. 3. c. 175. [to August 11, 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 134. § 1. See 108. infra.
58. To revive and continue 45 G. 3. c. 110. for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of *Great Britain* [to July 5th, 1805.] 55 G. 3. c. 180.
59. To grant an additional Duty on certain Seeds imported, 55 G. 3. c. 181.
60. Duty of 2d. per Cwt. on printed Duties paid on Seeds imported, § 1.
61. Duty, how to be levied and applied, § 2.
62. To revive and continue 7 G. 3. c. 18. for the free Importation of *Coke* and *Ledgers*, [to 25th March 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 2.
63. On Importation or Exportation of *American* Goods in *American* Vessels, no higher Duties to be paid than if imported in a *British* Ship, 56 G. 3. c. 15. § 2.
64. Like Bounties to be paid on Goods exported to *America* in *American* Vessels, as if exported in *British* Vessels, § 3.
65. Duties payable to Corporation of *London*, &c. not to be effected, § 4.
66. Act altered, &c. — Continuance of Act, § 5, 6.
67. The export Duty on *Lard*, [suspended] [to 25th April 1820.] by 56 G. 3. c. 118.
68. To continue 47 G. 3. c. 22. for granting an additional Bounty on *Double refined Sugar* exported, [to 5th July 1816.] 56 G. 3. c. 19.
69. For charging certain Duties on the Importation of *Bacon*, 56 G. 3. c. 25.
70. Instead of the Duties repealed, those specified in Table annexed to be paid, § 1.
71. Such Duties to be under Management of the Comptroller of Customs, and levied and applied in the same Manner as other Duties of Customs, § 2-3.
72. For charging certain Duties on the Importation of *Cherries*, 56 G. 3. c. 26.
73. Instead of the Duties repealed, those specified in Schedule annexed to be paid, § 1.
74. Such Duties to be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs, and levied and applied in the same Manner as other Duties of Customs, § 2-4.
75. To charge an additional Duty on ready made *Corks*, imported into *Great Britain*, 56 G. 3. c. 34.
76. Duty on ready made *Corks* imported, § 1.
77. How managed and applied, § 2.
78. The 3 Ed. 4. c. 2. and 1 R. 3. c. 12. prohibiting the Importation of *Foreign* Goods and other Articles, repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 36.
79. To permit the Importation of *Produce*, the *Produce* of *Germany*, 56 G. 3. c. 37.
80. To repeal the former Bounties on the Exportation of *refined Sugar* from any Part of the United Kingdom, and for allowing other Bounties in lieu thereof, [to July 5th 1816.] 56 G. 3. c. 76.
81. Bounties now payable on Exportation of *Double refined Sugar*, repealed; and those described in Table annexed to be paid, § 1.
82. Bounties subject to former Regulations, § 2.
83. Old Bounties on *Sugar* shipped before July 5. 1816. allowed, § 3.

54. Provision for Detention of Bounty on Sugar, when exported in any other than a *Brig* Vessel, by rectified Acts, 56 G. 3. c. 76. § 4.
55. Continuance of Act, § 5.
56. Act altered, &c., § 6.
57. Regulations to be observed in the Shipment of Goods for Exportation, where Drawbacks of Excise are allowed—Notice, 56 G. 3. c. 104. § 1.
58. Goods shipped without Notice, &c. no Drawback, § 15.
59. If no Examination such Goods shall be bound to stay from Disruption place, and a greater Drawback would have been claimed than of right due, Goods forfeited, § 16.
60. Penalty on entering such Goods for Exportation, § 20.
61. To amend and continue the 54 G. 3. c. 149. for regulating the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between England, Scotland and Ireland respectively, 56 G. 3. c. 105.
62. The 54 G. 3. c. 149. (continued by 55 G. 3. c. 149. except as herein excepted) further continued [to End of the third sess. Session of Parliament], 56 G. 3. c. 105. § 1.
63. Drawbacks for Spirits distilled in England or Scotland, and exported to Ireland, § 2.
64. Drawback on Spirits distilled in Ireland and exported to Great Britain, instead of Drawbacks by rectified Acts, § 3.
65. Instead of countervailing Duties on *Brig* or *Irish* Spirits now payable, the countervailing Duties mentioned in Act, to be paid, § 4.
66. Countervailing Duties under 54 G. 3. c. 149. § 3. on Spirits made in Ireland, in continue on Spirits imported before October 10, § 5.
67. Trial of Strength of Spirits by Syde's Hydrometer, § 6.
68. In what case Spirits, &c. subject to Forfeiture under this Act and under 54 G. 3. c. 149. § 3. to remain in, § 6.
69. No Wort or Wash from Malt, &c. to be brewed for Distillation between July 3. and October 1, 1816—§ 7.
70. Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise, § 8.
71. Duties and Drawbacks, how levied and paid, § 9.
72. To be carried to Consolidated Fund, § 10.
73. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 10.
74. Act altered, &c., § 11.
75. The Statute 46 G. 3. c. 110. for granting as additional Bounty on the Exportation of the 5th Manufacturers of Great Britain continued [to 5th July 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 109.
76. To allow Oil and Blubber from the *Brig* Colonies in North America upon Payment of the like Duty on Oil and Blubber from Newfoundland, 56 G. 3. c. 118.
77. Duties now payable on Oil and Blubber from *Brig* Colonies in North America, repealed; and in lieu thereof like Duties as are imposed on Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish taken in Newfoundland Liberty, *Act*.
78. The 45 G. 3. c. 125. so far as relates to Coals being brought by the *Grand Junction* and *Packington* Canals, and the 40 G. 3. c. 78. respecting the Duty, continued [to April 18, 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 124. § 2.
79. To reduce the Duty, on the Exportation from Great Britain, of Small Coals of a certain Description, 56 G. 3. c. 127.
80. In lieu of the Duties repealed, the like Duties as are payable on Coals are to be paid on the Exportation of Small Coals, § 1.
81. Coals not admitted to Entry, unless Certificates be produced of Quantity, and that they have passed through a

- Riddle or Screen of certain Dimensions, 56 G. 3. c. 127. § 2.
82. Mine Owners to provide Riddles or Screens, to be stamped as Certificates shall direct, § 3.
83. Coals of a larger size, on Exportation, charged with Duty as hewstones, § 3.
84. Penalty on Shipping Coals of a larger Dimension, &c. as reduced Duty, § 4.
85. Officer to attend screening of Coals so entered. If unable to attend he may cause the Coals to be referenced, § 5.
86. Duties, how levied, § 6.
87. Application of Duties, § 7.
88. For allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals contained in the Lead Mines in Cornwall, 56 G. 3. c. 134.
89. Drawback of the Duty on Coals used in Lead Mines to be allowed, § 1.
90. Oath to be made that the Duty on the Coals used in the Mines of Devon and Cornwall has been paid, &c., § 2. See also *Placatus*.

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Particular Acts for Ireland, &c. in various Counties, viz.

1. ANGLSEA. *Longmead and Llanedfwrdd Newborough Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 37. (Pr.)*
2. BEDFORD and } *Middle and South Leods, Draining and*
NORFOLK. } *improving Navigation of River Ouse,*
 } *&c. (Amending several Acts,) 55 G. 3.*
 } *c. 222.*
3. BERKE. *Marcham Township, including Lands,*
 } *55 G. 3. c. 47. (Pr.)*
4. ———. *Sandwich Parishes, including Lands,*
 } *55 G. 3. c. 71. (Pr.)*
5. ———. *Widder Parishes, including 55 G. 3. c. 222,*
 } *56 G. 3. c. 132. (Amending 55 G. 3.*
 } *c. 158.)*
6. BERKE and } *Swanby Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3.*
OXFORDSHIRE. } *c. 36. (Pr.)*
7. BERKSHIRE. *Ford, including Lands in, 55 G. 3.*
 } *c. 190.*
8. BUCKINGHAM and } *Agnewshill Parishes, including Lands,*
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9. CAMBRIDGE. *Papworth Steward Parishes, including*
 } *Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 79. (Not Pr.)*
10. CAMBRIDGE. *Goswold and other Parishes, including*
 } *Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 81. (Not Pr.)*
11. CHESTER. *Mary Township and Manton, including*
 } *Halton Myle and Manton Myle, 55 G. 3.*
 } *c. 2. (Pr.)*
12. CUMBERLAND. *Chatter Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3.*
 } *c. 54.*
13. ———. *Black Lion Common to Brough Parishes,*
 } *including, 56 G. 3. c. 71. (Not Pr.)*
14. DERBY. *Breadall Parishes, including Lands,*
 } *55 G. 3. c. 42. (Pr.)*
15. ———. *Draxton Parishes, including Lands,*
 } *55 G. 3. c. 44. (Pr.)*
16. ———. *Hawthill Parishes, in Parishes of Draxfield,*
 } *55 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)*
17. ———. *Feisthorpe and Middlesborough Townships,*
 } *including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 75.*
 } *(Not Pr.)*
18. DERBY.

18. DORSET. Little Bawby Manor, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 86. (Not Pr.)
19. DAVON. Exmoor Parishes, 55 G. 3. c. 138.
20. ———. Offham, Heilstone and Willand Parishes, 55 G. 3. c. 93. (Not Pr.)
21. DORSET. Croyland Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 15. (Not Pr.)
22. ———. Donagh Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 21. (Pr.)
23. ———. Poldencombe Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 95. (Not Pr.)
24. DURHAM. Gilegate Manor, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 58. (Not Pr.)
25. ESSEX. Heydon Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 3. (Pr.)
26. FIFE. Falkland and Markinzie Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 55. (Pr.)
27. GLoucester. Miford Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 59. (Pr.)
28. ———. Salt Marsh, in Parish of Almondbury, including, 55 G. 3. c. 30. (Pr.)
29. Hereford. Newton Township, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 50. (Not Pr.)
30. ———. Saint Margaret, Parish of, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 61. (Not Pr.)
31. HERTFORD. Clipping Barnet and East Barnet Manors, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 90. (Not Pr.)
32. LANCASTER. Cates Manor and Township, including Moor Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 100. (Pr.)
33. ———. Harrold Manor, in Parish of Dives, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 31. (Pr.)
34. ———. Ramswell Township, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
35. ———. Sarwick Township, and Parish of Wares, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 15. (Pr.)
36. LONDON. Braugton Parishes, embanking and including, 55 G. 3. c. 133.
37. ———. Mandy Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 9. (Pr.)
38. ———. Grays Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 19. (Pr.)
39. ———. North Kirby Lordship, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 52. (Pr.)
40. LONDON } and YORK. } Croydon, Egham and Epsom, Luddington, Balton, Adingfold and Alderley, including and draining, (amending 55 G. 3. c. clxxv.) 56 G. 3. c. 111.
41. MIDDLESEX. Walsley Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 49. (Pr.)
42. ———. Harmondsworth Parishes, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 72. (Not Pr.)
43. MONTGOMERY. Ardfly Manor, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 37. (Pr.)
44. ———. Carmichael Manor or District, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 100. (Pr.)
45. NORFOLK. Wrayney, Stedham, Marston, Mildenhall, Pentney, East Walsh and Wolfthorpe Parishes, draining, improving, &c. &c., 55 G. 3. c. 101.
46. ———. Southburgh Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 4. (Pr.)
47. ———. Nokes Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 24. (Pr.)
48. ———. South Rauce and Nokes Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 26. (Pr.)
49. NORFOLK. Hindingham Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 45. (Pr.)
50. ———. Stuke Ferry, Wotton and Wotton Parishes, and Wotton Hamlet, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 51. (Pr.)
51. ———. Langham Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 94. (Not Pr.)
52. ———. Thompson Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 96. (Not Pr.)
53. ———. Loring Parishes, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 32. (Not Pr.)
54. NORTHAMPTON. Catthorpe cum Middleton Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 73. (Not Pr.)
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60. OXFORD. Owers, draining and settling, 55 G. 3. c. 0.
61. ———. Tylley, otherwise Offy, Township, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 102. (Not Pr.)
62. PEMBROKE. Manorbey, Llanegwys and Llanelli Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 91. (Not Pr.)
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67. ———. Welbury Parishes, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 17. (Pr.)
68. ———. Sedgemoor (Wof), including, 56 G. 3. c. 16. (Pr.)
69. ———. Ringfor Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 74. (Not Pr.)
70. ———. St. Albans, Pockland, South, Curry Malton, Curry Rault, Burrowscombe, Ash Hill, White Lambrooke and St. Brerets Parishes, including of Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 85. (Not Pr.)
71. ———. Chard Parishes, including Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 28. (Not Pr.)
72. ———. Chedder, Priddy and Rakeby Parishes, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 52.
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74. ———. Ensignford Manor, in East Windley Tithing, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 10. (Pr.)
75. ———. Bower Parishes, confirming Inclusion of certain Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 106. (Not Pr.)
76. STAFFORD. Heaton Township in Parish of Lich, including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 6. (Pr.)

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77. STAFFORD. *Newcastle under Lyme, Trentham, Wan-
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78. SUFFOLK. *Stoke new Nayland, Nayland, Wylington,
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79. ——— *Ridgway Parishes,* including Lands, 55 G. 3.
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and Hadeney Parishes,* including
Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 13. (Pr.)
81. ——— *Wolton Market Parishes,* including Lands,
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82. ——— *Dalton Parishes,* including, &c. Lands,
55 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)
83. ——— *Bigh Borghall Parishes,* including Lands,
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84. ——— *Pickenham Parishes,* including Lands,
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89. WARWICK. *Farwood Parishes,* including Lands,
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90. ——— *Barkham and Barkham Parishes,* includ-
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91. ——— *Rewington and Ryegood Manors,* includ-
ing Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 90. (Not
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92. ——— *Albury Manor and Parishes,* including Lands,
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93. WESTMORELAND. *Warcop Manor and Township,* including
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94. ——— *Wetherford Manor,* including Lands,
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96. ——— *Strickland Knoll and Nether Stoney
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Wick Tithings,* including Lands,
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100. ——— *Alphington and Trentham Parishes,* includ-
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103. ——— *Chilworth Saint Mary and Chilworth All
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105. WILTS. *Downton and Brigford Parishes,* including
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106. ——— *Earley Parishes,* including Lands, 55 G. 3.
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107. ——— *Croftland Parishes,* including Lands,
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109. ——— *Alton Manor, in Parish of Rard,* including
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110. ——— *Fokenham Parishes, Worsley,* including
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111. ——— *Milnthorpe,* including, 55 G. 3. c. 39.
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112. YORK (County) } *Takap Arch and Waken Parishes,* includ-
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113. YORK (North) } *Melby Manor and Parishes,* including
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114. ——— *Albany Manor, in Alburgh Parishes,* includ-
ing Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 18. (Pr.)
115. YORK (East) } *Landborough Manor and Parishes,* includ-
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118. ——— *Brompton, West upon Diveson, and Swin-
ton Townships,* including Lands,
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2. In case Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice, &c. he shall not be entitled to his Discharge, unless the Whole of the Creditors consent, 54. 11.
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4. Order by the Court for Examination of Prisoner, 53.
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21. Duties repealed or reduced in Great Britain to be repealed or reduced in Ireland in like manner, § 9.
22. Duty on Cotton Wool imported into Ireland to cease, § 10.
23. Goods, described in Act, may be landed in any Port without Payment of Duty, and secured under Regulations as Commissioners shall direct, § 11.
24. Goods deficient of actual QuANTITY, to pay Duty, § 12.
25. Goods entered for Exportation, if fraudulently undipped, forfeited, § 13.
26. Unmanufactured Tobacco may be imported from any Foreign State, or from *Albion*, &c. and exported, &c. for Home Trade, on Payment of like Duties as Tobacco of United States, § 14.
27. Mahogany, &c. imported, to be entered within One Month after Report made of Invoice of Vessel, § 15.
28. Goods imported from *Leeward Company*, subject to Duty payable to *Leeward Company*, § 16.
29. On Exportation of Beef, &c. failed in Ireland, Allowance of Duty on Salt made, § 17.
30. Certificate given at Tobacco Ports for Coffee, &c. sold there, § 18.
31. On Shipping, &c. Goods, Officers of Customs shall be put on Board *Ligories*, &c. and be provided for, § 19.
32. Duties and Drawbacks how levied and paid, § 13.

II. *Act regulating the Exercise of the Revenue Laws relating to Customs and Excise.*

1. To make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 20.
2. Information for Recovery of Fines (except in District of Dublin) may be demanded before Three Sub Commissioners, subject however to Appeal, § 1. 1.
3. Fines and Wharves to be furnished by Sub Commissioners — Penalty as their Non Attendance, § 3.
4. Goods seized may be claimed by Consignees on certain Conditions, § 4.
5. Provisions how to be levied, § 5. 3.
6. Period allowed for clearing Goods warehoused, to be extended, § 6.
7. Act altered, &c., § 8.
8. To make further Regulations for securing the Collection of the Duties of Customs and Excise in Ireland, &c., 56 G. 3. c. 85.
9. So much of 45 G. 3. c. 89., and of 47 G. 3. 2d. c. 16., as respects in what manner possessors of Squares of Foreign Spirits or Tobacco shall be applied, repealed, § 1.

10. In what manner such Squares shall be disposed of, 47 G. 3. c. 16. § 2.
11. Rewards for Seizures, how apportioned and applied, § 5.
12. Arresting Persons, from whom Goods seized, § 3.
13. Ship, &c. in which Goods were seized, &c. and not arresting the Person — State of Officers, § 3.
14. Seizing Goods, but not taking the Ship or the Person, — State of Seizure, § 3.
15. Compensation for Loss of Fees to Officers of Customs, § 8.
16. In any Complaint, &c. concerning Customs, styled Copy of Registry of Appointment of Sub Commissioners, or of Officers of Customs or Excise sufficient Evidence, § 10.
17. Copy of Decree, &c. of Commissioners of Appeals, Evidence of Original Decree, &c., § 10.

See also General Index, *Cypher*, II. 5—7.

III. *Importing, Exporting and Warehousing of Goods.*

1. Glass, imported into Ireland, may be exported back to Great Britain, or elsewhere, and Drawback allowed, 55 G. 3. c. 71. § 3.
2. Window Glass, to be re-exported to Great Britain only in Original Packages, *And*
3. Proviso for Sails and Fisheries injured, &c., *Ibid.*
4. On Importation of Glass into Great Britain, the Importer to pay Drawbacks, § 4.
5. Payments and Drawbacks made under certain Regulations, § 5.
6. To impose certain Duties on the Importation, and Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Wood now and from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Sorts of Wood, imposed by 54 G. 3. c. 125., and to indemnify Persons who have advanced certain Sorts of Wood to Entry on Payment of a Proportion only of the Duty imposed thereon, 55 G. 3. c. 14.
7. New Duties and Drawbacks on Wood, § 1.
8. Duties payable on Wood not covered, § 2.
9. Duties may be secured by Bond, § 3.
10. Duties to be paid in British Currency, § 4.
11. When Duties on Wood shall cease, &c. in Great Britain, corresponding Duties to be taken off in Ireland, § 5.
12. Duties and Drawbacks how levied and paid, § 6.
13. Indemnity Persons having filed Directions under 54 G. 3. c. 125. 55 G. 3. c. 14. § 7.
14. Act altered, &c. — Schedule, § 8.
15. To amend several Acts respecting the Exportation and Importation of Sugar, Coffee and other Articles, from certain Islands in the *West Indies*, 55 G. 3. c. 37.
16. Schedule of 54 G. 3. c. 100. repealed, and Duties in Schedule annexed to be taken in lieu thereof, § 1.
17. Bounty on Refined Sugar exported after May 5., § 2.
18. The 47 G. 3. 2d. c. 125. continued, with Proviso for Double Refined Sugar, § 3.
19. Deduction made from Bounty on Sugar exported in Vessels not British, not altered, § 4.
20. Drawbacks, &c. paid in British Currency, subject to Regulations in force, § 5.
21. Sugar, &c. of Growth of *Martinique*, &c. warehoused before June 1. 1815., delivered out on Payment of Duties payable on Sugar of British Plantations, and exported on like Conditions, § 6.
22. Sugar, &c. of *Saint Eustache*, &c. admitted to Entry on Payment of like Duties as Sugar of British Plantations, and exported on like Conditions, § 7.
23. Duties on Raw or Clayed Sugar to cease, § 8.
24. For the Relief of Captains of Private with respect to the admitting and loading of certain Private Vessels and Goods to Ireland,

- Ireland*, [to continue in force till March 25, 1816.]
- 34 G. 3. c. 44.
35. Prior Goods landed in *Ireland*, stored in Warehouses, § 1.
36. Prior Goods and Vessels to pay Duty in Schedule annexed, § 2.
37. Goods, taken out of Warehouse for Home Consumption, to pay, besides the Duties in Schedule annexed, the same Duties as on Goods regularly imported, § 3.
38. Maltster or Shop's Stores, &c. exempted from Duty on Prior Goods, § 3.
39. Free Tobacco and Snuff, exempted from Duty under Act, § 4.
40. Prime Wheat, &c. warehoused under Regulations for Foreign Wheat, &c., § 5.
41. Free Foreign Vessels to pay Duty on Arrival, § 6.
42. And not entitled to Privileges of British Ships, and Duty paid, § 6.
43. In Event of Duty not being paid, Ships to be sold, § 6.
44. Certificate of Commendation of Goods produced, § 7.
45. Prior Goods not covered as such to be forfeited, &c., § 8.
46. Prior Goods warehoused to be exported within Three Years, § 9.
47. Goods not cleared within Three Years, to be sold for Duties, &c., § 10.
48. When Part of Duties in *Great Britain*, on Articles liable to Duty under Act, are repealed or cease, Duties under Act reduced in Proportion, § 11.
49. Duties payable in *British* Currency, to be levied and paid as former Duties and Drawbacks, § 12.
50. Continuance of Act, &c., § 13, 14.
51. To enable the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* to purchase Premises, for erecting additional Docks, Warehouses and Offices in *Dublin*, § 15 G. 3. c. 144.
52. Commissioners of Customs may contract for Purchase of Premises, for erecting Docks, &c., § 1.
53. In case Parties cannot agree, Jury returned to ascertain Value of Premises, § 2.
54. On Payment of Money awarded on Petition entitled thereto, or where Insolvency in any Party to receive, on Payment of Purchase Money into Court of Chancery, legal Conveyance of Premises to be made to Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Trust for His Majesty, § 3.
55. When Premises are leased by Estate, and no Petition entitled to convey, Petition in Possession are entitled to convey, and Court of Chancery to apply Purchase Money, § 4.
56. Court of Chancery to order Conveyances to be made, unless good cause be shown to the contrary, § 5.
57. Witnesses refusing to give Evidence before Jury to be fined, § 6.
58. Money paid out of Duties of Customs, § 7.
59. Penalties how levied and applied, § 8.
60. To repeal the Bounties payable on the Exportation of certain Calicoes and Cottons, § 9 G. 3. c. 113.
61. 46 G. 3. c. 87. § 10. as to the Allowance at the Scale for Tobacco, repealed, Allowance now to be made, § 11 G. 3. c. 87. § 1.
62. Commissioners of Customs may permit Importation of Tobacco, Spirits, &c. into any *Irish* Port, § 1.
63. Staves not exceeding One and a Half Inch Thick of the United States of America, may be imported on Payment of One Third of the Duties under 54 G. 3. c. 113. and 55 G. 3. c. 144. § 6 G. 3. c. 87. § 6.
64. Pine and Board Boards, not for Sale, may be imported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*, Duty free, § 3.

IV. Acts relating to particular Subjects.

Additional.

Assurances to prove that no Sale took place under Catalogue

in any Action for Non Delivery of Sale Accounts under 54 G. 3. c. 83., 55 G. 3. c. 86. § 7.

Gale.

1. 54 G. 3. c. 87., granting Duties of Excise on certain Sorts of Glass made in *Ireland*, and for granting certain countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof, repealed by 55 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.
2. Persons having paid such Duties to be repaid by Commissioners of Customs, § 2.

Hides and Skins.

1. Duties payable on Hides and Skins by Tanners, &c. may be freed by distressing such Hides or Skins, 55 G. 3. c. 13. § 19.
2. To make further Provision for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Hides and Skins, tanned in *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 105.
3. Manner of charging Duties on Tanners taking out Licenses between Sept. 29, 1815., and Jan. 5, 1816., § 1.
4. Manner of charging Duty on Tanners taking out Licenses after Jan. 5, 1816., § 2.
5. Tanners defrauds of distressing working of Fins, (being not more than One Fourth of Number, &c.) allowed to do so, subject to Regulations of 55 G. 3. c. 105. § 3.
6. Regulations of 55 G. 3. c. 105. extended to this Act, and the Two Acts to be construed as One, § 4.

Malt.

1. To grant His Majesty certain several Duties of Excise on Malt, 55 G. 3. c. 61.
2. Additional Duties, and New Duties to be paid by the Maltster, &c. [Reduced by 56 G. 3. c. 59. § 1. See *sup. infra* to this Article.]
3. Countervailing Duties paid on Malt and Brew, 55 G. 3. c. 62. § 1. [Reduced by 56 G. 3. c. 59. § 4. See *sup. infra* to this Article.]
4. New Drawbacks on Malt, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 62., § 3.
5. Regulations for obtaining Drawbacks, § 4.
6. Officer to take account of Malt in Possession, and make Return to Collection, § 5.
7. When Duty reduced in *Great Britain*, same Reduction to take Place in *Ireland*, § 6.
8. Additional Duty paid within One Month after Charge made, § 7.
9. In case of Removal of Malt within certain time, Persons obtaining Permit to pay additional Duty, § 8.
10. Money to be carried in Consolidated Fund, § 9.
11. Penalty on neglecting Payment of Duty, § 10.
12. Duties how levied and paid, § 11.
13. Act altered, &c., § 12.
14. To make further Provisions for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Malt made in *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 59.
15. Maltsters taking out License between March 25, and Sept. 29, 1815., to pay Duty, § 1.
16. What deemed a Calendar Month, § 1.
17. Maltsters taking out License to be in force between Sept. 29, 1815., and Jan. 5, 1816., to pay Duty, § 2.
18. What deemed a Calendar Month, within this Act, &c., § 3.
19. Notice of Working, after Jan. 5, 1816., to be only on fifth Day of the Month; and Notice for distressing on fifth Day of Month, § 3.
20. Malt Houses involved — Penalty on obstructing Search, or loading Malt in Process, during Notice of Discontinuance, &c., § 4.
21. After Jan. 5, 1816., notice of Monthly Charges, Yearly Charge to be made, and in what manner, § 5, 6.
22. Surveyors, &c. to make Returns, § 6.

23. If Quantity of Malt is short of Amount, for which Maltster is chargeable, Officer to make Return to Collector, by which Charge made, § 5 G. 3. c. 99. § 7.
24. In case of Grain being in Process of Malting, on Notice given for distilling to work, 16 Days allowed to complete Process, § 8.
25. Power of Abatement of Quantity of Malt, for which Maltster is chargeable, § 9.
26. Increased Quantity beyond Stock Account forfeited, § 10.
27. Duties how paid, § 11.
28. To reduce the Exchequer Duty on Malt made in Ireland, and certain countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 39.
29. Instead of 17s. 6d. Duty on every Barrel of Malt, granted by 55 G. 3. c. 62. 1s. 9d. 4d. to be paid, 56 G. 3. c. 39. § 1.
30. Allowance of 8s. per Barrel, for Malt in Dry State, § 2.
31. Allowance for Spirits and Whisky in Stock, § 3.
32. Instead of 8s. per Barrel on Malt, a countervailing Duty of 5s. 4d. § 4.
33. Instead of 2s. 6d. on every Barrel of Beer, a countervailing Duty of 6s. 6d. on Exportation from or to Great Britain or Ireland respectively, § 5.
34. Instead of former Drawbacks, the following to be paid, viz. Drawback of 9s. 4d. per Barrel of Malt, and 6s. 6d. per Barrel of Beer, § 6.
35. Officers of Excise to take Account of Stock of Dry Malt, and of Malt in Process in manner directed in Act, and make a Return to Collector of Distill, &c., § 7.
36. Officers to keep a Copy of Return with Maltster, § 7.
37. Maltster charged in Return with the full Duty for the Month ending July 31. § 7.
38. An Account also to be taken of the Quantity of Spirits in the Stock of Distiller, and Return made to Collector, &c., § 8.
39. Officer to keep Copy of Return with Distiller, on Penalty of 20s., § 8.
40. Account of Spirits in Warehouse, to be taken on like manner by Storekeeper, and Return made to Collector, § 9.
41. Storekeeper to keep Copy of Return with Distiller, on Penalty of 20s., § 9.
42. Allowances how made, § 10.
43. Treasury may extend time of Payment of Duty on Malt, under such Conditions as they think fit, § 11.
44. Penalties on Non Payment of Duties at such extended time — Penalties on goods, all Duties paid, § 12.
45. Duties, Drawbacks and Penalties, how levied, paid and recovered, § 12.
46. Act altered, &c., § 13.

Paper.

1. For better regulating and collecting the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein, 55 G. 3. c. 112. [Repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 38.]
2. For the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein, 56 G. 3. c. 38.
3. The 17th Act, 56 G. 3. and 40 G. 3. and 55 G. 3. c. 112. repealed except as to Arrivals and Fines, &c., § 1.
4. Proviso for 47 G. 3. 8d. 1s. c. 38. § 1. making perpetual 45 G. 3. c. 106. § 1—§ 3 relating to Paper Hangings, how to be altered by 55 G. 3. c. 106. 56 G. 3. c. 38. § 1.
5. Duty on Paper of the First, Second and Third Classes, § 2.
6. Before Licence granted, Paper Maker to deliver to Officer of Distill Account of Malt, Apparatus, &c. and to put Number on Engines, § 3.
7. Account to be registered in Excise Office — Certificate, § 3.
8. Paper Maker to enter into Bond, § 4.

9. Licence to specify Number of Engines kept, 56 G. 3. c. 38. § 4.
10. Penalties on using Engines or Utensils before delivering Account to Officer, or neglecting to mark the Number or giving in a false Account, § 5.
11. Licence to be taken out before making Paper, under cross Penalties, § 6.
12. Notice of Intention to alter Dimensions of Engines, or of increasing their Number, § 7.
13. Notice before commencing or recommencing to work Engines to be given to Commissioners and to Collector, &c. of Distill, § 8.
14. The Period to be the first of the Month, § 8.
15. Penalty on Engine exceeding Three Cubic Feet beyond Quantity mentioned in Return, § 9.
16. Officers may enter Mills and take Account of Engines — Penalty on obstructing them, § 10.
17. Account of Paper, &c. may be taken by Officer at all Times, § 11.
18. Paper Maker for each Engine to pay Monthly after the Rate of 10s. for every Cubic Foot of Content, § 12.
19. Officer to make Return of Amount of Monthly Rates, and also of Sorts of Paper made and weighed within the Month and of Duty thereon — Charges made on Paper Maker in either of these cases, § 13.
20. Copy of Return to be left with Paper Maker on Penalty of 20s., § 13.
21. If no Paper made within the Month, Commissioners to make an Allowance of Duty chargeable on Engines; and where Duty chargeable on Quality and Weight shall be less than Duty on Engines, Allowance may also be made, § 14.
22. Notice to be given of discontinuing to work Engines, § 15.
23. Engines to be secured and locked at the time specified for discontinuance, § 16.
24. Penalty on obstructing Officers, and on Engines afterwards found not fastened, § 17.
25. Rollers, &c. of Engines, on discontinuing working, to be removed, and sent to Excise Office if required, § 18.
26. Penalty on Paper Maker not removing Roller, &c., § 18.
27. Penalty on working Engines after time mentioned in Notice of discontinuance — Return of Duty chargeable on Paper Maker for Period from time of Notice, § 19.
28. Fastenings and Locks to be provided by Paper Maker — Penalty on Neglect, § 20.
29. Directions for making up Paper into Quires, Half Quires and Reams, and Folding into 4s. into Parcels, § 21.
30. Notice when Paper is to be weighed, § 22.
31. Paper, &c. to be produced and laid up in Manner directed by Act — Notice to be read on Non Compliance with Directions, § 22.
32. How Weights of Ream of Paper to be marked and numbered before it is weighed, &c., § 23.
33. Parcels of Paperfold also to be marked and numbered, § 23.
34. Penalty on Neglect, § 23.
35. Officers may open a Ream and take Samples, § 24.
36. Paper found to be of a different Class, forfeited and put Fine, § 24.
37. Paper Maker to provide scales and Weights — Penalty on Neglect, or losing False Scales and Weights, on obstructing Officers, § 25.
38. Allowance of 2 lbs. on every two lbs. for giving the tare of the bulk, § 26.
39. No weight less than 10s. to be used on pain of forfeiting Allowance, § 27.
40. Paper Maker to assist Officer in weighing Paper, on Penalty of 50s., § 28.

42. Paper, &c. not to be removed for 24 Hours after being weighed, and to be kept separate, 50 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
 - On Trial—*See* *Article*, Proof to be on Claimant, 50 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
 - Defendants Names or Places inferred in Form—*See* *Article*, 50 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
 - Time of time—*See* *Article*, 50 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
 - to be to have, 55.
 - Endorse, &c. in Permit read—*Goods forfeited*, 55.
 - Request Note for Permit to be stamped, and to contain certain Particulars, 55.
 - What Evidence shall be given, if Permit be lost, 55.
 - Time of Permit may be enlarged on proper Notice—*See* *Article*, 55.
 - Stock Enlargement to be included on Permit, 55.
 - Officers granting or renewing Permit, to examine an Oath whether Duty has been paid, 55.
 - Permit to be delivered to Officer within 48 Hours after Arrival of Paper, who shall on finding Paper to correspond with Permit, certify the same on the Back thereof, &c., 55.
 - Permit and Certificate not produced, Paper, &c. to be forfeited and seized, 55.
 - Forging or using forged Permits—*Penalty*, 55.
 - Drawback of Duty on Paper used in printing Bibles and Prayer Books, to be allowed on certain Conditions, 55.
 - Paper made in Ireland may be exported—*Drawback*, 55.
 - Drawback not to be allowed, unless Officer find Paper included in Warrants, so which the same was charged with Duty, &c., 55.
 - Books, bound or unbound, may be exported; Exporter making Oath that the Duty has been paid, to settle him to Drawback, 55.
 - Foreign Paper, on Importation, to be stamped, 55.
 - Foreign Paper imported in less Quantity than a Ream, to be forfeited, 55.
 - Penalty on defacing the Stamp denoting the Duty, 55.
 - Penalty on forging the Stamp on Foreign Paper; or having forged Stamp in Cuckoo, or selling Paper, &c. with forged Stamp, 55.
 - Paper imported to be entered by Paid Weight, and to be charged, 55.
 - Act to extend to Paper, &c. of all Sorts, and to all Makers and Mills, &c., 55.
 - Persons taking False Oaths—*Perjury*, 55.
 - Recovery of Penalties in *Swiss* Currency, 55.
 - Application of Penalties—*Appeal*, 55.
 - Commencement of Act, 55.
 - Act altered, &c., 55.
- See also* *Index*, pp. 22, 23. in General Index.

Paper Hangings.

1. To make further Provision for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Paper printed, painted or stained in Ireland, to serve for Hangings or other Uses, 55 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
- Manner of charging Duty on Paper Stainers taking out Licences, between March 25. 1815, and January 5. 1816, and after January 5. 1816, 55 G. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.
- Notice for commencing or recommencing Work, to be sent Day of the Month, and Day for discontinuing to be on the Fifth, 55.
- If Duty shall not amount to 12l. 12s. for Tables for Staining, &c. for any Year ending 31st January, the Return of Deficiency made to Collector to be a Charge on Paper Stainers, 55.
- Duty how levied, 55.

Spices.

1. To amend several Acts relating to Taxes in respect of unlawful

- lawful Distillation, to the warehousing of Spirits, and to the securing the Duties of Excise on Spirits distilled, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 13.
2. Fine of 25*l.* under 54 G. 3. c. 130. § 54 to be levied in like manner as other Penalties, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 1. [The sum repaid by 55 G. 3. c. 130. § 1, which enables that such Fine shall in future be levied on Trawlards, &c. all Arrears being previously paid up.]
3. Justices receiving Information to give Notice to Clerk of Crown on Penalty of 25*l.*, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 2.
4. Regulations under Act respecting accounting Affidavits, or Payment or Application of any Sums, as excised to Quarter Sessions as well as Affidavits, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 3. [Repealed by 55 G. 3. c. 151. § 2.]
5. Sums retained in Tinsmith's Hands to satisfy Fines on Penalties, to be applied in Payment of such Fines as shall not have been fully levied, as directed by 54 G. 3. c. 130. 55 G. 3. c. 151. § 3.
6. Where, however, Fines have not been levied, the Court may give further Order, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 4.
7. Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes may appeal Penalties for levying Fines, &c.
8. Treasurers and Bureaux Collectors to deliver up Warrants on Penalty of 20*l.*, § 6.
9. On Appointment of Excise Collector of Fines, Powers of Bureaux Collector to enable, 55 G. 3. c. 151. § 6.
10. And on refusal by such Bureaux Collector to deliver up Warrants, Treasurer to grant new Warrants to Excise Collector, *ibid.*
11. Attached Copy of Entry of Appointment of Collectors by Commissioners, Evidence, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 6.
12. Appointment of Fines, &c. not altered, § 6.
13. Collection of Fines may be again transferred to Treasurer, § 7.
14. Notice in Dublin Gazette conclusive Evidence, § 8.
15. Regulations for ascertaining Strength at which Spirits warehoused, § 9.
16. Time of giving in Account of Quantity of Malt permitted to malt-wards, &c., § 10.
17. Penalty on Deficiency and not delivering in Account, § 10.
18. Penalty on not producing Account, § 10.
19. Provisions of 52 G. 3. c. 22. § 2. extended to this Act, § 11.
20. Penalty on Distillers having Excess of Malt, § 12.
21. Oath to them, under 54 G. 3. c. 22. § 12, by whom to be administered, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 11.
22. The 54 G. 3. c. 22. § 13. repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 12.
23. Allowance to be made in Distiller for Loss from Accident, subject to Approbation of Justs Treasurer, § 13.
24. Stills may be set up in place of licensed Stills, though not previously lodged in Excise Office, § 13.
25. And a Licence to be taken for such Still if required, § 13.
26. But such Stills, set up in lieu of others, must be of like Dimensions and Contents as the former, on Penalty of 50*l.*, 55 G. 3. c. 131. § 6.
27. Former Stills to be removed before other Stills set up, 55 G. 3. c. 131. § 6.
28. Time of Removal of Spirits from Warehouse for Exportation, § 15.
29. Regulations respecting Account of Wash delivered in, under 54 G. 3. c. 130. § 20, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 16. [The 54 G. 3. c. 132. § 20. repealed as to Stills, Contents whereof covered by Gallons, by 55 G. 3. c. 131. § 5.]
30. Excess of Spirits arising from Accident, not liable to Penalty, but only to forfeit Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 132. § 17.
31. Copy of bills for Spirits taken out of Warehouse before D. 20*th* 1*st* 1814. confirmed, § 18.
32. Penalties to be levied, § 12.
33. For better collecting and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 131.
34. Former Charges on Stills repealed, and Charges imposed according to Schedule annexed, § 1.
35. Officers to make Returns of Spirits and Duties, § 1.
36. When Notice given of working Still with Turf, only Forfeiture of Charges imposed, § 2.
37. If, during Notice of working with Turf only, Still be worked with Coal, &c. full Number of Charges to be made, § 2.
38. Penalties on Coal, &c. being found within Distillery during Notice for using Turf, § 4.
39. Spirits not to be warehoused at any Strength less than 14 *per Cent.* over Proof, and to be forfeited if found under Strength, § 7.
40. Penalty on loading Spirits out of Distillery (except to King's Warehouse) without Payment of Duty, § 8.
41. Collection recovered to defray for Duties, Spirits, &c. in Stock of Distiller or in Warehouse, § 9.
42. On Trial of Information for Penalty for buying, &c. illicit Spirits, Defendant acquitted, unless Proof of Payment of Duty, or that Spirits were received from a licensed Person and legally purchased, § 10.
43. Clauses, &c. of former Acts securing Collection of Duties, extended to this Act, § 11.
44. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 12.
45. Commencement, &c. of Act, § 13.
46. To grant an additional Excise Duty upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain, 55 G. 3. c. 139.
47. Additional Duties granted, payable on Stock in Hand, &c. § 1. [§ 1. repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 111. § 1.]
48. Duty on Spirits warehoused and taken out for Home Consumption, 55 G. 3. c. 139. § 3.
49. Countervailing Duties, § 4.
50. Drawbacks on Exportation, § 5, § 7.
51. Duties entered to Consolidated Fund, § 8.
52. Duty levied under Regulations prescribed by 46 G. 3. c. 22. and c. 26. &c., 55 G. 3. c. 139. § 9. 19.
53. Regulations concerning taking of Stock, § 10, 11.
54. Return, producing legal Assent of Duty, a Charge on Distiller or Dealer, § 12.
55. Regulations concerning Forfeits—Penalty on removing Spirits without Permits, § 13. 25.
56. In case of Spirits not delivered before 25*th* of *June*, Delivery not to be claimed till Duty paid, § 16.
57. Spirits, delivered on or after 25*th* of *June*, to pay Duty, § 17.
58. In case of Non Payment of Duty Distiller may make, § 18.
59. To amend the Laws for imposing and levying Fines on unlawful Distillations of Spirits, 55 G. 3. c. 151.
60. Sums retained in County Treasurer's hands to satisfy Fines on Penalties, to be applied in Payment of such Fines as have not been fully levied, agreeably to 54 G. 3. c. 130. — 55 G. 3. c. 151. § 3.
61. When Commissioners of Excise deem it expedient that Affidavits should be appointed to Collectors of Fines, &c. they shall in Consequence with Dublin Town &c. give Notice in Dublin Gazette, § 4.
62. After Notice Commissioners of Excise may appoint and pay Affidavits to Collectors in levying Fines, and also Affidavits to Excise Officers in suppressing illicit Distillation, § 5.
63. Opposing such Officers, &c. a Misdemeanor, § 6.
64. Agreements, or decisions made and given in Presence of a Justice of the Peace, &c. of Distillers final to Collector, &c., &c., § 7.
65. How Sums to be levied to be levied, § 7.
66. How Parties paying Sums may proceed for Reimbursement, § 7.

67. One Shilling in the Pound on Amount of Duty paid included in Treasurer's Warrant, and paid to Collector, 55 G. 3. c. 51. § 8.
68. Fees paid how to be apportioned, § 9.
69. On Trials for Reimbursement of Inhabitants who have paid Fees imposed, Copy of Treasurer's Warrant a sufficient Proof, § 10.
70. If Officer, &c. serving Notice of Proceess to recover Still First, be killed, &c. Court shall impose fine, if Information contains sufficient Evidence of Guilt, § 11.
71. Penalty on Persons conveying, &c. illicit Spirits, § 12.
72. Penalty on Persons found selling, &c. with any Cask or Vessel containing illicit Spirits, § 13.
73. Penalties on having Malt, or Corn or Grain making into Malt, unlawfully in Distilleries; and on Miller in whole Mill Malt is found without Permit, § 14. 15.
74. Powers of 54 G. 3. c. 130. extended to this Act, and construed as one Act with it, § 16.
75. Recovery of Penalties, § 17.
76. Commencement of Act, § 18.
77. To apportion Part of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland, to reduce the Drawback on such Spirits exported to Foreign Parts, and to make further regulations for collecting the said Duties, and the Duties on Licences for mixing Spirits and other Liquors in Ireland, 56 G. 3. c. 111.
78. Duty of 6d. per Gallon on Spirits granted by 55 G. 3. c. 109. to be repealed, 56 G. 3. c. 111. § 1.
79. Drawbacks to be paid on Spirits exported (except to Great Britain) as less of former Drawbacks, § 2.
80. Drawbacks subject to former Regulations, § 3.
81. Allowance for Spirits in Stock of Distiller licensed to keep a Still exceeding 100 Gallons - Duty for Spirits distilled after a certain Day, § 4.
82. Officer to make Returns of Stock to Collector, § 5.
83. Copy to be left with Distiller, and One transmitted to Commissioners, § 5.
84. Commissioners to order Payment of Allowance, § 5.
85. So much of any Acts as regulate the Number of Charges of Low Wines, &c. repealed - Distillers to pay Duties for such Quantities of Spirits as might be produced from Number of Charges of Low Wines specified in Table annexed to Act, § 6.
86. Further Duty in respect of Stills for so much more Spirits as might be produced, § 6.
87. Distiller keeping Still of a certain Capacity, to give Notice when he intends to work with Turf not burned only, § 7.
88. Duty in such case how charged, § 7.
89. Notice also to Commissioners, § 7.
90. Working with Coal, &c. after such Notice, still subject to full Number of Charges, § 8.
91. Costs, &c. found on Petitioner, after Notice of working with Turf only, forfeited, § 9.
92. Where an Officer for granting Permits is not established, Commissioners shall order Spirits to be unwholesaled, § 10.
93. In what case only Permit to be granted for Removal of such Spirits, § 10.
94. Spirits distilled from Still of or under 100 Gallons, to remain in Warehouse for any Period, without Payment of 10 per Cent. Duty, § 11.
95. In what Quantities Spirits may be taken out for Home Consumption, § 11.
96. Spirits from Still exceeding 100 Gallons may remain in Warehouse beyond the Period of Four Months without such Payment, § 12.
97. Penalty on Persons having Spirits in Possession for which Duty has not been paid, or having any Quantity exceeding a Gallon, without a Permit, § 13.
98. Distiller may, on receiving the working of any Still to give 100 Cases of Cases to Commissioners, 56 G. 3. c. 111. § 14.
99. Commissioners may Permit Distiller to recommence the working of same any Monday, provided there are Four Weeks previous to the 10th September, § 15.
100. 1000 Penalty for recommencing on less than Four Weeks from Discontinuance without Permission, § 16.
101. Distillers not to work Stills beyond Four Weeks charged, § 17.
102. Officer to follow Head of Still, § 17.
103. Stills found at Work after such Period of Four Weeks to be charged with the Duty - Penalty, § 17.
104. Allowance in respect of Decrease of Wash and of Low Wines in hand, at Expiration of Four Weeks, § 18.
105. Spirits exceeding Proportion distill, to pay full Duty, § 19.
106. How Allowance made in respect of Decrease of Wash and Singletons in Hand, § 20.
107. Officer to make Charges from Entries of Officer he succeeded, § 21.
108. So much of any Act as relates to the Delivery of Account of Malt distilled, or as requires the Use of a Quantity of Malt in Proportion to a Quantity of Spirits, repealed, § 22.
109. Hotel Keepers in Dublin may take out a Licence to send spirits, Wine, Beer, &c. paying 7d., § 23.
110. Still to be licensed to Distillers of the Branch, § 23.
111. Licences may be taken out for Sale of Liquors in Balbriggan, on Payment of 10d., § 24.
112. Meaning of the Words "Market Town," in 55 G. 3. c. 109. § 47, explained, § 25.
113. Justices may summon before them Persons charged with selling Liquor without Licence, § 26.
114. Former Acts relating to the Collection of Duties on Spirits, extended to this Act, § 27.
115. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 28.
116. Charges on Stills when in commission, § 29.
117. Commencement of Act, § 30.
118. Act altered, &c., § 31.
119. To modify the several Acts for imposing and levying of Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits, 56 G. 3. c. 112.
120. Payment of unwholesaled Perfum having Wash or Singletons, and being Owners, &c. of unwholesaled Still, § 1.
121. Persons, convicted of Offences against Acts for Suppression of illicit Distillation, may be confined on Board Hulk, and employed in clearing the Rivers and Harbours, § 2.
122. Where Offenders convicted on Evidence of Inhabitants, Court to impose One Half only of Fine, § 3.
123. And imposed the levying thereof, which shall be wholly remitted, if the Townland, &c. shall not be fined for any future Offence committed within a Year after - Penalties where Townland, &c. fined within Twelve Months, § 3.
124. No Fine shall be imposed on any Townland, where Information of Offence is given by Inhabitant, and Still, &c. found and Offender convicted thereof, § 4.
125. Information for Still Fines not to be tried on the 1st Day of Assize, § 5.
126. Officer finding any illegal Still, &c. to give Notice to Collector of Excise in District, who shall proceed as manner directed in Act, § 6.
127. Collector to transmit Schedules of Notices to the Collector of Grand Jury Cells, and give Public Notice of Cases thereof, § 6.
128. Defect in respect of Notices shall not vitiate Proceedings at Trials for Fines, § 7.

129. Penalty on Collector of Grand Jury Cots neglecting his Duty, 56 G. 3. c. 119. § 8.
130. Preventive Commission may be issued by Commissioners of Excise, with Consent of Lord Lieutenant, to Persons appointed by Purveyors as Inspectors under 54 G. 3. c. 150., to prosecute for illegal Distillation, § 9.
131. On Conviction of Offenders, Court may order Prosecutor to be paid his Expenses—Fee to Clerk of the Crown, § 10.
132. Grand Jury to perfect such Expenses to be levied off Township, &c., § 10.
133. Illicit Spirits seized, to be conveyed to Excise Stores, and there spoiled in the Presence of a Collector and Inspector of Excise, § 11.
134. Reward to seizing Officers, § 11.
135. Persons, keeping Kils or Mills for drying or grinding Corn or Malt, to deliver Account thereof to Collector, who shall Register the same and give Certificate of Registry, § 12.
136. Penalties on keeping Kils or Mill without delivering Account, or not having Name painted on Kiln or Mill, § 12.
137. Persons keeping Mills to enter into Bond to pay Penalties for having Malt without Permit, § 13.
138. If refused Admittance, Officer may break open Mills and search, § 14.
139. No Gauger to receive his Salary, until he shall have sworn that he had not known or has Information of any Offence in his Walls, of which Notice has not been given, and which has not been proceeded against, § 15.
140. Notice to be given of Sale of Distills for Township Fairs—Provide for Goods distrained during Fair or Market, § 16.
141. Notice for Appointment of Fines may be posted between Twenty and Thirty Days after they are imposed, § 17.
142. Of Transfers under 54 G. 3. c. 150.—Fees to be taken as in rules of Milestones, § 18.
143. Power to Commissioners to appoint Collectors of Fines, repealed, § 19.
144. Regulations for the Appointment of Persons to collect Fines, by Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, § 19.
145. Collectors empowered by Commissioners to deliver up Warrants to Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant, § 19.
146. Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant empowered to proceed, § 19.
147. Position, of 200*l.*, &c., how recovered, § 19.
148. Lord Lieutenant empowered to revoke Appointment made by Commissioners, § 19.
149. Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant to be issued of the other Collectors, § 20.
150. Commissioners of Excise, with Consent of Treasury, may relieve Persons from Fines as Townlands, § 21.
151. Former Acts extended to this Act, § 22.

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Sweets.

1. For charging certain Duties on Sweets or made Wines, is box of former Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 120.
2. Former Duties on Sweets to cease, and new Duties of Excise and countervailing Duty to take place, § 1.
3. Drawback allowed on Exportation, § 2.
4. Duty to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise, § 3.
5. Countervailing Duty and Drawback how levied and paid, § 4.

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1. To grant His Majesty an additional Excise Duty on Tobacco, 55 G. 3. c. 135.

2. Dates of Excise, hereby granted, to be paid by Manufacturers, 55 G. 3. c. 135. § 1.
3. Former countervailing Duties and Drawbacks to cease, and those hereby granted to take effect, § 2.
4. Drawback allowed of former Drawbacks on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland exported to any other Place than Great Britain, § 3.
5. Drawbacks on Exportation of Tobacco under 55 G. 3. c. 135. § 3. to remain with respect to Tobacco paying Duty under 1841 Act, &c., § 4.
6. Additional Duties added to contract Prices, § 5.
7. Duties to be paid in Foreign Currency—How levied, &c., § 6.

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Election.

To enable the Select Committees on the Dissolution of the Warrants and other Proceedings for the Appointment of Commissioners to examine Wines in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 98.

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1. For Payment of Costs and Charges to Prosecutors and Witnesses, in cases of Felony in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 99.
2. Court, before which Professor tried for Felony, may allow Prosecutor his Expenses; and if poor, a Recompense for Loss of time, § 1.
3. Court may allow Expenses of Witnesses, and Reverses of in like manner, § 2.
4. Grand Jurors to make Proclamations for Expenses, &c., § 3.
5. Forgery or using forged Permits for the Carriage of Paper, Peltboard, &c. Felony within Clergy, 56 G. 3. c. 78. § 57.

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Grand Jurors.

1. To regulate the Proceedings of Grand Jurors in Ireland, upon Bills of Indictment, 56 G. 3. c. 87.
2. Before returning Bills of Indictment, Grand Jurors to receive Evidence of Witnesses for the Crown, § 1.
3. Depositions made by each Witness before Magistrates may be laid before the Court, § 2.
4. The Informations or Examinations, mentioned in 56 G. 3. c. 102. § 5. to be Evidence to Grand Jurors, § 3.

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Inland Navigation.

1. To explain 33 G. 3. (1.) c. 17. relative to inland Navigation there, so far as relates to the Licences of *Adfions* upon Canal Companies and others, 53 G. 3. c. 90.
2. To authorize the Directors General of Inland Navigation in *Ireland*, to proceed in carrying on and completing the Canal from *Dublin* to *Tarmonbarney* on the River *Shannon*, 53 G. 3. c. 182.
3. To amend 42 G. 3. c. 51. for granting 500,000*l.* for promoting inland Navigation, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; and to enlarge the Powers vested in the Directors of all Works relating to inland Navigation in *Ireland*, 56 G. 3. c. 55.
4. Directors empowered to make Bye Laws, for regulating Navigation and the Passage of Vessels thereon, § 1.
5. Power to alter or repeal Bye Laws, and to inflict Fines, § 1.
6. Bye Laws, approved by Lord Lieutenant a sufficient Justification to all Persons acting thereunder, § 1.
7. Bye Laws not to be contrary to the Laws of the Land, and to be published in *Dublin Gazette* and Country Newspapers, § 1.
8. A Contumacious or any Offence against Bye Laws constitutes a Second Offence, § 2.
9. Power to seize and detain Vessels for Payment of Fines and Expenses of Distress, § 3.
10. If Distress not redeemed within 15 Days, Two Justices of Peace may issue Warrant for Sale thereof, or of a sufficient Part, to satisfy Penalty and Charges—Overplus (if any) to Owner—No replevin, § 5.
11. All Flots, Rafts or Timber, put on Navigation without Permission of Directors, or not being on board Boat, Lighter, &c. to be forfeited to the Use of Directors, § 4.
12. Ships, Boats or Vessels, found sunk, or damaging the Works of Navigation, to be detained until Expenses of raising, &c. and repairing of Damages paid; and in case of Dispute, until Sum awarded by Justice be paid, the Vessel to be detained, § 7.
13. Vessels may be held, under Warrant of Justice, by a Constable, though not a bonded Auctioneer, § 6.
14. Expenses to be paid out of Produce of sale and Refund to Owner, § 6.
15. Where no Bondholders, Directors may force in and inclose Banks, not so entered 21 Act in Breach, § 7.
16. Directors, Surveyors, Engineers, &c. may enter upon Lands for Purposes of Surveying and laying out new Lines of Navigation, &c. § 8.
17. Swine found on Canal Banks, may be seized, killed or carried away, if not under the Care of a Driver, § 9.
18. Power to sue for Damages done to Navigation, to be preferred by Grand Jurors, and refused off County, Barony or Town, as Grand Jurors may think fit, § 10.
19. Notice of Damage to be given within 30 Days by High Constable, § 11.
20. In what case Petition preferred, and Redressment made at next Assize but One, § 11.
21. Traveller, where Sum protested shall exceed 50*l.*, § 12.
22. Prosecution delayed by Traveller, § 12.
23. Meeves protested not to be heard till after the Assizes ensuing those at which Prosecution made, § 12.
24. Public Houses, and all Individuals, disabled in Law, empowered to file Guards to Directors; and indemnified for what they shall do in such Cases, § 14.
25. Form of Conveyance, § 14.
26. Memorial of Conveyance to be lodged in Registry Office, *Dublin*, § 14.
27. Such Conveyance to be as valid as if a formal Conveyance according to the Laws of *Ireland*, § 14.
28. Attached Copy of Memorial of Registry, Evidence, § 15.

29. Application of Compensation, if amounting to 200*l.*, 56 G. 3. c. 55. § 16.
30. Application of Compensation, if amounting to less than 200*l.* and equal to and exceeding 20*l.*, § 17.
31. Application of Compensation if less than 20*l.*, § 18.
32. In case of not making out Titles, Purchase Money to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland* subject to order of Court of Chancery on Motion, &c., § 19.
33. In what cases, touching Title to Money to be paid, the Persons who shall be in Possession of the Lands, &c. at the time of such Purchase deemed entitled thereto according to such Possession, § 20.
34. Court of Chancery may order Expresses of Purchases to be paid by Trusts, § 21.
35. General Issue, § 22.

Indebted Debtors.

1. To amend an Act of 53 G. 3. for the Relief of Indebted Debtors in *Ireland*, 56 G. 3. c. 126.
2. Professor to give Notice that he is willing to be examined, touching the Justice of his Conduct, § 1.
3. In case Professor has acted with gross injustice, &c. not entitled to his Discharge, unless the Whole of the Creditors consent, § 1.
4. Provision for former Acts, § 2.

Insurances, See Licences, 140—153.

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Licences.

1. To grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Excisable Commodities, in *Ireland*, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences; and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the Issuing of such Licences; and to discourage the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 10.
2. Duties of Excise payable, as in Schedule to Act entered, in lieu of Stamp Duties on such Licences, § 1.
3. Stamp Duties granted on Licences by 32 G. 3. c. 87. and 53 G. 3. c. 133. repealed, *And*.
4. Licences may be granted on unstamped Paper, &c. *And*.
5. Duties payable in British Currency, and to be carried to Consolidated Fund, § 2.
6. The Statutes 45 G. 3. c. 50. 47 G. 3. 26*th*. c. 35. 47 G. 3. 26*th*. c. 12. and 53 G. 3. c. 133. also 48 G. 3. c. 62. 49 G. 3. c. 99. 52 G. 3. c. 87. § 4. and Schedule (A.) No. VI. in part, and 53 G. 3. c. 126. and c. 97. in part repealed, § 3.
7. Who may grant Licences, § 4.
8. Collections may sign, &c. Licences on Payment of Duty, § 4.
9. Licences to retail, &c. Spirits, when signed by, § 3.
10. Collections, &c. on Payment of Duty, &c. may issue Licences, § 5.
11. Contents of Licences, § 6.
12. Licences granted after March 25. 1812. to continue in force until the 31*st* January 1813. and Licences granted after that Day, to be in force until 31*st* January following, § 7.
13. Collectors to keep Account of Possessions, and Commencement may distribute same or Part thereof among Collectors, &c. § 8.
14. Surplus thereof, if any, placed to Account of Duties, § 8.

15. 50*l*. Penalty on emitting Trade without being licensed, 55 G.3. c.19. §9.
16. Licences to Pesslers, §10.
17. Licences shall only extend to House or Place mentioned therein, &c., §10.
18. Auctioneers to take out distinct Licences, §11.
19. Amount of Duty on Auctioneers' Licences to regulate Place of Sale, §12.
20. Mince taking Licences, liable to Pesslers, §13.
21. Benefit of Licence to Servitors, §14.
22. Persons requiring to be licensed shall deliver a Note of Names, &c., §15.
23. Parties bound to put up Boards importing Trade, on Penalty of 10*l*., §16.
24. 10*l*. Penalty on unlicensed Persons altering Boards, §17.
25. Persons may remove from licensed Place to other Place in same City or Town with leave of Commissioners, the Duties due from Parties removing being precisely paid, §18.
26. Forging Licences, &c. 100*l*. Penalty, §19.
27. Proof of Licence shall be on Person charged with the Offence, §20.
28. Collectors, &c. to keep Accounts of Licences granted, as attested Copy whereof Evidence of granting Licences, §21.
29. Officers shall not grant Permits out of Stock of unlicensed Persons, without the Sanction of Commissioners, §22.
30. 10*l*. Penalty for not producing Licence on Demand of Officer, §23.
31. Collectors may issue Warrants and distress for Amount of Duty, §24.
32. Licences to be renewed annually on Penalty of 10*l*. for Default, §25.
33. Licences taken out after January 5. 1816, to pay Duty for Licences issued before that Day, 55 G.3. c.19. §1.
34. Spirit Licences applied for before January 5. 1816, on Certificate from Clerk of the Peace dated before March 25. 1815, shall pay Duty imposed by 55 G.3. c.19. with 1*l*. in the Place of Amends, §2.
35. Refusers, &c. to give Security not to sell any Wale, &c. nor sell any Spirits not retified, &c. 10 80*l*. 55 G.3. c.19 §16.
36. Refusers, &c. of Spirits not to sell any Spirits not retified on Penalty of 100*l*., §17.
37. Magistrates at Sessions shall fix on proper Persons to be sworn to retail Spirits, §18.
38. Refusers, applying for Licences, to deliver Note of Names to Clerk of Peace, §19.
39. Justices to inquire into the Character of Party and Refusers & of Sex, Age, and Approbation entered in the Crown Book, §20.
40. Form of Certificate, §20. [As to Duties, see 55 G.3. c.19. §4.]
41. Person applying for Licence to Sell more than Seven Miles distant, to produce Certificate of two sworn Magistrates, 55 G.3. c.19. §21.
42. Parties refused Licence may appeal to General Sessions, §22.
43. Retail Spirit Licences, granted on Orders, &c. fraudulently obtained, 100*l*., §23.
44. Clerk of Peace entering Orders, &c. not warranted, 100*l*., §24.
45. 10*l*. Fine on Clerk of Peace not attending, &c., §25.
46. Clerk of Peace may appoint Deputy, §26.
47. Bond entered into by Parties licensed, and Sureties before Call-due—Conditions of Bond, §27.
48. Debtors or Publicans not to be Sureties, §28.
49. Who incapable of being licensed to retail Spirits, §29.
50. Licence, in what case void, §30.
51. Regulations concerning shops, Licences is Dublin, §40. [Repealed by 55 G.3. c.19. §3.]
52. Refusers, for obtaining Licence, 50*l*. Spirit, Dublin, &c. 55 G.3. c.19. §4.
53. For not selling in Quantities less than 25 Gallons decreed Refusers of Spirits and other Liquors, 55 G.3. c.19. §45.
54. Alienses, House and Enclosures of licensed Refusers to have benefit of Licence, &c. §46.
55. Vintners, &c. 50*l*. §47.
56. Penalties for Apaches, &c., §48.
57. Quantities which Retail Drinkers are authorized to sell under Licence, §49.
58. Penalty of 100*l*. on Persons not licensed to distil, &c. on Commission, selling Spirit in any Quantity, §50.
59. Persons in Places where Duty 11*l*. only, not being in Market Town, may obtain Licence to sell not exceeding One Gallon on Payment of 7*l*., §51.
60. Refusers not to be licensed to sell on Commission, &c. §52.
61. How Spirit Licences may be made applicable to selling Spirituous Liquors at Fairs, §53.
62. Or at Encampments of Troops, §54.
63. How such Camp Licences revoked, §55.
64. Refusers to declare Stock to Officer, on Demand, in what Penalties, §56.
65. Refusers to show and count Casks to Officer on Penalty of 10*l*., §57.
66. 10*l*. Penalty, if Casks found to contain any thing but Spirits, §58.
67. 100*l*. Penalty on Persons selling Spirits on which Duty not paid, §59.
68. Notice of Penalties advertised, §60.
69. Penalty on unlicensed Persons selling—Overproceeds, §61.
70. Distill or or Deal in or Spirit selling Spirits to unlicensed Refusers, 100*l*. Penalty, §62.
71. Justices of Peace, &c. may enter Houses, and require in for Licences for retailing, and four Spirituous Liquors, &c. §63.
72. Who decreed unlicensed Refusers, §64.
73. Magistrates, &c. may lease, &c. Houses licensed or sold by unlicensed Persons, §65.
74. 5*l*. Penalty on selling Spirituous Liquors on Sundays, or Beer, &c. before Two o'Clock on Sundays, &c., §66.
75. Magistrates, &c. may remove Persons drinking after certain Hour, §67.
76. 5*l*. Penalty on selling Spirituous Liquors, and not admitting Magistrates, &c. §68.
77. Parishioners may appoint Overseers of Public Houses, and Overseers to have the same Powers as Peace Officers, §69.
78. Proceedings against Persons not being Travellers, drunk, &c., §70.
79. Persons drinking in unlicensed Houses, apprehended and fined, or Licence not produced, §71.
80. Magistrates to certify Persons twice convicted to Commissions of Enquiry, §72.
81. Penalty on buying less than 25 Gallons of Spirits, or Beer less than a Quarter of a Barrel, in any House not having a Board, §73.
82. Penalty on agreeing to pay Servants or Workmen, partly in Money and partly in Spirits, §74.
83. 10*l*. Penalty on paying Servants or Workmen at Public Houses, §75.
84. Debtors or Debtors in Spirits not to recover from unlicensed Refusers, §76.
85. Penalty on Persons taking Penalties, &c. as a Security for Spirits, §77.
86. No such of 1817, as prohibits Recovery for less than a Pint, repealed by 55 G.3. c.19. §14.
87. Action not maintainable for Quantity of Spirits less than Two Quarts, §78.

48. Money for Liquors sold to unlicensed Persons, not recoverable, § 5 G. 3. c. 19. § 66.
49. Commissioners of Excise or Magistrates may arrest Licences to Spirit Retailers, &c. [Repealed as to Dublin by 55 G. 3. c. 104. § 5. and by 6 G. 4. c. 121. § 1. Divisional Justices of the Peace may arrest Licences, and allow Persons whose Licences have been assigned to sell Spirits for Remainder of Year in some other Place.]
50. Bond of Persons licensed to sell Spirits in Quantities not less than 50 Gallons, Proof of Sanity being a Householder, § 5 G. 3. c. 19. § 70.
51. Penalty on brewing strong Beer, &c. without License, § 71.
52. Bond as to returned duty by Brewers, § 72.
53. Penalty on loading, &c. Barchouses, &c. or Utricles, § 73.
54. Licensed Brewers may lead to each other with Consent of Commissioners of Excise, § 74.
55. Collectors to receive Amount of Stamp Duties on Bonds, § 75.
56. Hawkers and Pedlars, previous to being licensed, to give Notice of Ballots to Persons empowered to licence, who shall keep Account thereof, § 76.
57. Goods carried or sold by Hawkers without License, forfeited, and 40s. Penalty on Hawker not producing License, § 77.
58. Proviso for Persons [except Taskers, &c.] selling Articles their own Manufacture, and for Taskers, &c. travelling to market Towns, and Persons selling Wool or Woollen Yarn or Linn Goods, § 78.
59. Goods produced to be on Owner or Claimer of Goods, § 79.
60. Act not to prejudice Corporations, § 80.
61. Persons, selling elsewhere than within their own House, deemed Hawkers, § 81.
62. Hawkers and Pedlars to pay a farther Duty for each Person or Horse employed, § 82.
63. The License, what it contains, § 83.
64. Penalty on Hawker having License, § 83.
65. Recovery of Penalties, § 84.
66. Magistrates may examine Witnesses, who, not appearing or refusing to give Evidence, incur a Penalty of 20s. or Imprisonment, § 85.
67. One Justice may administer Oaths, § 86.
68. Justices to certify to Clerks of Peace when Conditions of Bonds violated, § 87.
69. Penalty of 200s. on Magistrates neglecting to enforce Provisions of Act, § 88.
70. Proceedings not recoverable by *Custumari*, &c., § 89.
71. Appeal by licensed Spirit Retailer not to stay Execution, unless Security given to abide Event of Appeal, § 90.
72. Informers, &c. competent Witnesses, § 91.
73. Application of Penalties of or under Act imposed by Justice of Peace, § 92.
74. Commissioners of Excise may seize Tonnage imposed by Magistrates against an Apprehension of Treasury, § 93.
75. Punishment of Perjury or Subornation of Perjury, § 94.
76. Penalty to be paid to British Customs, and the King's when paid in by Justice, Collector of Excise, § 95.
77. Justice at Quarter may sit in Quarter of Court (first on Monday on Officers for selling Spurious Liquors without License, § 96.
78. Licenses of Alehouses, General House, Treadle Cuffs, § 97.
79. Form of Certificate, Certificate to be returned to Clerk of the Peace, § 98.
80. Form of Warrant for buying Penalties, § 99.
81. Form of Warrant of Committal, § 100.
82. Return of Warrants, § 101.
83. Clerk of the Peace to send Copies of Certificate to Collectors of Excise, who shall transmit them to Commissioners, § 102.
84. Justification of Excise applied to Recovery of Duties, &c.—Penalties how disposed of, § 5 G. 3. c. 19. § 102.
85. Schedule (A.) Duties payable in Ireland on the several Licences therein mentioned.
86. To regulate the Collection of Stamp Duties on Masters, in respect of which Licences may be granted by the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, § 5 G. 3. c. 101.
87. Commissioners of Stamps may grant Licences, to continue in Force for one Year, subject to Stamp Duties, § 102.
88. Penalty on unlicensed Persons exceeding Trades that require Licences, § 103.
89. Common Reparation Evidence of exercising Trade, § 104.
90. Oath proposed to be on whom, § 105.
91. Licences to extend only to Trades mentioned, § 106.
92. But, on Removal of Parties licensed, Indorsement to be made on License, § 107.
93. Penalty on Having Licences on unlicensed Paper, § 108.
94. Commissioners may license Persons to deal in Stamps, § 109.
95. Licences revocable, § 110.
96. Allowance for Stamps in Satisfaction of Dealers dying, &c. whose License revoked, § 111.
97. Penalty on Persons [not being Distributors] selling Stamps without License, § 112.
98. Commissioners empowered to grant Warrants to search for forged Stamps, § 113.
99. Licences for Printing Presses, § 114.
100. Licences for Infirmary granted by Commissioners of Stamps, § 115.
101. Licences to Corporations or Partnerships for Infirmary, § 116.
102. Now but licensed Persons or Corporations to take Infirmary, § 117.
103. Penalty on making Infirmary by Persons not licensed, and on Agents acting for unlicensed Persons, § 118.
104. Infirmary made in Ireland for British Companies, liable only to Irish Duty, § 119.
105. Infirmary made in Ireland liable to Irish Duty and Regulation, § 120.
106. British Courts shall take judicial Notice of Irish Infirmary Stamps, § 121.
107. Bond by Persons licensed to infirm, § 122.
108. Duty demandable from Parties making Infirmary, § 123.
109. Ships licensed for 12 Months only, § 124.
110. Infirmary Corporations, &c. to keep Accounts of Infirmary, § 125.
111. Accounts to be delivered to Stamp Commissioners, and Duty paid quarterly, § 126.
112. Allowance of 1s. in the Pound for Accounts, § 127.
113. Policy of Infirmary declared, § 128.
114. Licences to Notaries Public, § 129.
115. Accounts to be delivered by Notaries to Commissioners, and Duty paid every two Months, § 130.
116. 5s. G. 3. c. 87. Schedule (B.) in Part repealed; and Duty and Card Makers to be licensed, § 131.
117. Penalty on carrying on Trade without License, § 132.
118. No Card or Dice Make to be licensed without giving 20s. Bond, § 133.
119. License revoked on Demand, § 134.
120. Card Makers to take Oath, § 135.
121. Penalty on Commissioners or Agents, § 136.
122. Dice or Cards to be made only in Dublin, Cork or Limerick, &c., § 137.
123. Stamp Masters for Cards and Dice to be appointed in Dublin, Cork and Limerick, § 138.
124. Commissioners to appoint what Marks, &c. to be impressed on Dice and used on Wrappers of each Pack of Cards, § 139.

156. Stamps on Cards and Dice so continue till charged by Commissioners, 55 G. 3. c. 101. § 39.
156. Packs of Cards, so which Number is erased or altered, forfeited, § 40.
157. Counterfeiting Marks, &c. used as Dice or Wrappers of Cards, &c. Transportation, § 41.
156. Distributors of Stamps to certify Number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards for which Duty paid, and to enter Certificate in Book, &c., § 42.
156. Penalty on neglecting to mark Number contained in any Certificate, § 43.
159. Commissioners may charge Marks or Stamps for Dice or Cards, § 44.
171. Dice or Cards, with old Stamps, remaining on hand, may be taken to Place appointed to get new Stamp put on, &c., § 45.
172. Dice or Cards not duly stamped to be forfeited, and Person in whose Possession found fined 10*l.*, § 46.
173. Every unaltered Parcel of Playing Cards deemed a Pack, § 47.
174. 10*l.* Penalty on selling Cards that have been played with, § 48.
175. Dice or Cards, in Quantity exceeding two Pairs or Packs, deemed expiring to Sale, § 49.
176. Cards not deemed waste, which Corner cut off, § 50.
177. Dice or Cards, found in Possession of Housekeepers, forfeited, § 51.
178. Cardmaker to show Officer Stock on hand, under certain Penalties, § 52.
179. Officers to take Account of Cards and Materials in Possession of Cardmakers, § 53.
180. In case of Debauchery on Entry allowed, § 54.
181. Cards for Expiration deposited in house of His Majesty's Warehousemen, are not to be removed thence without Permission, § 55.
182. Forfeitures lodged in such Places as Commissioners shall appoint, § 56.
183. Commencement of Act, § 57.
184. To make further Provision respecting the issuing of Licences to Persons to deal in, retail, make, or manufacture Spirits and other excisable Commodities in Ireland, and for securing the Duties of Excise payable by the Persons so licensed, 55 G. 3. c. 104.
185. Collection of Inland Excise and Taxes to issue Licences to Persons having been licensed in Year preceding, on taking Oaths prescribed by Act, and carrying into Effect, &c., &c., § 8.
186. Collectors may issue Licences for Sale of Spirits, &c. (except in Dublin, &c.), to Persons, whose three Magistrates shall approve of, such Persons taking Oaths and entering into Bond, § 9.
187. Certificates not given to Persons who have been refused an Order for Licence at Quarter Sessions, § 10.
188. In Certificates, Names of Services inserted, § 11.
189. Penalties on Persons convicted of Selling Spirits, &c., § 12.
190. Bonds taken and Oaths administered by Sub-Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, &c., § 13.
191. Penalty not granted for Spirits, on Credit of two Certificates, unless there is not sufficient Credit on one, &c., § 16.
192. Licences annulled when Certificates fraudulently altered, § 17.
193. 50 G. 3. c. 93. § 5. repealed, § 18.
194. Spirits, of less Degree of Strength than Strength required, not to be sent out, § 19.
195. Three per Cent. above or below Strength allowed, § 20.

196. Penalty on not lodging Permits with Officer, within limited Time, 55 G. 3. c. 104. § 21.
197. Daughters of Persons or Certificates, admitted as Excisemen, § 22.
198. Penalty on conveying, &c. Spirits for which Duty not paid, § 23.
199. Penalty on Officer granting Permit, § 23.
200. Refused Spirits may be sent out in Quantities not less than two Gallons, § 24.
201. Penalties on unlicensed Persons expiring to Sale Candles or Soap, § 25.
202. Makers of Bottles to make Entry in Manner herein mentioned, § 26.
203. Regulations as to Notices, § 27.
204. Returns made of Duties continued to be charged, § 28.
205. Recovery of Penalties—Commencement of Act, § 29.
- See also Customs (IV. Spirits, 100—111.) in this Index.

Linen.

1. For the better Regulation of the Manufacture of Beaten Linens in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 15.
2. Better Licens to be of certain Breadth and Length, on pain of forfeiting them, § 1.
3. 4*0*l.** Penalty on selling Piece not of proper Dimensions, § 2.
4. Packing up for Exportation, Licens not of proper Width, —Forfeiture thereof, § 3.
5. Penalties how recovered and applied, § 4.

Local and Personal Acts.

1. *Andylt*, (Tawa), Tarrag, Lighting, &c. (amending and explaining 40 G. 3. (I.) 56 G. 3. c. 101.)
2. *Civil City*. Abolition of Money printed by Grand Jury, 55 G. 3. c. 100.
3. *Dublin*. —*Dockyard Harbour*. —To authorize the Appointment of Commissioners for erecting a Harbour for Ships in Harbour of Dockyard, 55 G. 3. c. 191. —Lord Lieutenant may nominate, &c. Commissioners, who are to erect Surveys and Estimates to be made, § 1—3. and to act under Direction of Irish Treasury, § 5. Engineers and others may serve on Purvises for making Harbour, &c., § 4.
4. ——— For erecting a Harbour for ships to the Harbour of Dockyard, 56 G. 3. c. 60.
5. ——— *South Harbour*, Road from Dublin to, shoring and improving, (amending several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 101.
6. ——— *Abant Hospital*, Management, &c. of, (amending several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 100.
7. ——— *Richmond Lunatic Asylum*. —To regulate the Appointment of Governors of that Asylum, 55 G. 3. c. 107. —Lord Lieutenant empowered to appoint Governors, who shall be a Corporation with Power to make Bye Laws, and shall obey Orders of Lord Lieutenant, § 1, 2, 3. —Governors may appoint, pay and discharge Officers, § 4. —Three Governors to be a Quorum, § 6. —Asylum empowered to receive Gifts and Bequests of Land, § 5. —Asylum already built, and Materials and Money, are in Possession of House of Industry, which is and directed over to Governors of Asylum, § 7. —House of Industry to account before Auditors of public Accounts, § 7. —On Certificate of Auditors, Asylum liable to Debts remaining due the vesting Asylum, § 8. —Governors of Asylum to account yearly before Auditors, § 9. —Building, &c. of Asylum enlarged under Warrant of Lord Lieutenant, § 10. Act amended, &c. § 11. —Commencement of Act, § 12.
8. *Roads from Dublin to Rosmal and Carrigrohilly*, (altering and enlarging several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 100.

9. *Dundalk to Dublin. Ascending Road (continuing), &c.* 13 & 14 G. 3. (I.) c. 60. and 15 & 16 G. 3. (I.) c. 6.) 55 G. 3. c. 100.
10. *Newry, Building a Church, (enlarging 71 G. 3. c. 200.)* 56 G. 3. c. 120.
11. *Roy's Bridge, settling, at New Ryb, 55 G. 3. c. 100.*
12. *Baggin Park. Including Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 125. (Private Act.)*
13. *Waterford Harbour, improving, 56 G. 3. c. 126.*

Mahogany, See Customs and Excise, I. 27.

Manufactures, See Lisens.

Master of the Rolls.

To augment the Salary of the Master of the Rolls in Ireland, and to enable His Majesty to grant him an additional Annuity of 500*l.* on the Resignation of his Office, 55 G. 3. c. 114. § 1, 2.

See Offices, 1—4.

Militia.

1. To defray the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in Ireland; and for making Allowances to certain aides to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace, (10 25th Jan 1861.) 55 G. 3. c. 167. [to 25th Jan 1867.] 56 G. 3. c. 121.
2. Allowances to Subaltern Officers and Assistant Sergeants—Exceptions, 56 G. 3. c. 121. § 7, 8.
3. Subalterns claiming Allowances to take Oath, which Justices are to transmit to Paymaster, § 9.
4. Allowances to be paid Half Yearly without Deductions, § 12.
5. Supernumerary Lieutenants, &c. according to Vacancy, entitled to Pay and Allowances, § 16.
6. Persons on Naval or Military Half Pay, or entitled to Allowances as having served in His Majesty's Forces, &c. serving in the Militia, may receive the same on taking Oath, § 18.
7. Sergeants, after 20 Years' Service, to receive 5*0*. per Day, § 12.

National Debt.

1. To alter and amend several Acts relating to the Redemption of the National Debt of Ireland, and to make further Provision in respect thereof, 56 G. 3. c. 170.
2. The Capital Debt of Ireland, existing on March 31. 1797, deemed discharged; and Stock placed on Account of Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt, cancelled, § 1.
3. Money formerly applicable to Dividends to become Part of the Consolidated Fund, § 1.
4. Duties on Commissioners in making further Purchases of funded Debt, § 1.
5. Certificate to be published in London and Dublin Gazette—Proviso for Life Annuities, § 1.
6. Unfunded Stock to be actually cancelled, Dividends to be applied to Account of Commissioners, § 2.
7. Commissioners to purchase public Annuities, equal to Debt which existed previous to Jan 1. 1802, and also to redeem subsequent Debts within certain Periods, § 3.
8. Quarterly Sums to be issued and applied pursuant to vested Acts till public Debt shall be paid within 45 Years from its Creation, § 4.
9. To provide for the Charge of certain Additions to the public Debt of Ireland for the Service of 1865, 1,851,072*l.* Five per Cent. Consols; 194,500*l.* Four per Cent. Reducible, and 2,251,000*l.* 5*0* 000 per Cent. Annuities, in the Names of Ven. VL.

Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt, are to be cancelled; and the Money, formerly applicable to Dividends, to become a Part of Consolidated Fund, 56 G. 3. c. 89.

Newspapers, See Stamps, 193—214.

Notaries, See Licenses, 153, 153.

Officers.

1. To procure annual Returns of Persons committed, tried and convicted for Criminal Offences and Misdemeanors, 56 G. 3. c. 120.
2. Clerks of Assize, &c. Shall Yearly transmit to Chief Secretary Accounts of the Number of Persons committed, discharging the Officers, &c. according to Schedule annexed, on Penalty of 10*0*., § 1.
3. Returns to be laid before Parliament, § 2.
4. Allowances to Clerks of Assize, &c. to be fixed by Grand Jurors, § 3.

Officers.

1. Six Clerks in the Court of Chancery may fill, &c. their Offices, Purchaser being approved of by Master of Rolls, and also paying One Fifth of Purchase Money into the Bank, to Account of Teller of Exchequer, 55 G. 3. c. 114. § 3.
2. In case of Master of Rolls' Refusal to approve of Person appointed, Clerk may Petition, with Appeal to Lord Chancellor, who may finally approve, § 4.
3. Proviso for Vacancies by Death, supplied by Master of the Rolls without preliminary Consideration, § 5.
4. Tenors of Six Clerks' Offices to be by Deed, indented and enrolled in Chancery, § 6.
5. To make Provision for housing, for a time to be limited, the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Ireland, 56 G. 3. c. 122.
6. The Persons mentioned in Act and their Clerk, shall within Ten Days after August 11. 1865, deliver to Auditor General an Account of the several Fees taken by them from the Decree of the last Officer appointed by the Crown, and Quarterly afterwards within Ten Days after 16 Nov. 18 Feb 18 May and 18 Aug. § 1.
7. In case of Death of Persons mentioned in Act, their Executors to Account, § 2.
8. Account to be verified on Oath before a Baron of the Exchequer, § 3.
9. All Sums, admitted by such Accounts to have been received to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, to the Account of the Clerk of the Pleas, § 4.
10. Proviso for Executors paying on Account of their Testaments, § 5.
11. Penalty on refusing to deliver Account, Delivery whereof may be compelled by Attachment, &c. and Extort may be used for compelling Payment of Sums due—Money lent to be paid into the Bank, § 6.
12. Money to be paid into the Bank, to be landed in Government Securities, § 7.
13. Deputy not responsible to pay into the Bank any Money paid to W. O'Grady before making of this Act, § 8.
14. False Oath—Perjury, § 9.
15. Reimbursement for discharging the Duties of Office, § 10.
16. Money paid into the Bank, to remain till Application provided for by Parliament, § 11.
17. Continuance of Act, § 12.

Pamphlets, See Stamps, 185—187.

Paper, See Customs and Excise, IV. (Paper) in this Index.
7 M Paper

Paper Hangings, See Cuthberts and Escille, IV. (Paper Hangings) in this Index.

Peelers, See Licenses, 94—102.

Police.

1. To amend 54 G. 3. c. 231. providing for the better Execution of the Laws in Ireland by appointing superintending Magistrates and additional Constables in Counties in certain cases, 55 G. 3. c. 15.
2. Lord Lieutenant may appoint superintending Magistrate, &c. for Counties or Districts, on Proclamation of being in disturbed State, § 1.
3. Lord Lieutenant may, by Proclamation, declare Part of County, &c. in State of Disturbance, requiring extra Police, § 2.
4. Lord Lieutenant shall appoint in which Counties, &c. Magistrate, &c. full-time, § 3.
5. Magistrate to be sworn before Justice of Peace of One of Counties, &c. for which appointed, and reside constantly in One, § 4.
6. Oath of Chief and Sub Constable by whom to be administered, § 5.
7. When Grand Jurors have not appointed Constables in Districts, Constables under 27 G. 3. (f.) c. 40. to continue until voluing Affairs, § 6.

Population.

1. To provide for taking an Account of the Population of Ireland, and for ascertaining the Increase or Diminution thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 120.
2. Account taken of Number of Persons in Ireland by Persons appointed, § 1.
3. Copies of A.C. to be delivered by King's Printer to an Officer appointed by Chief Secretary, and by such Officer sent to Clerks of Peace, &c. for Distribution under A.C. with Forms of Account, &c., § 2.
4. Magistrate, on Precept of Chief Secretary, to hold Special Sessions for appointing Persons in each Parish, &c. to take Account of Population, and to make Returns to Adjournment of Sessions, § 3.
5. In case of Death, &c. of Person making Returns, Lord Lieutenant to appoint another, § 4.
6. In what manner Persons appointed shall take Account of Population in each Parish, &c., § 5.
7. Penalty on Persons refusing to answer, &c., § 5.
8. Accounts and Returns to be transmitted to Chief Secretary, and Abstract prepared and laid before Parliament every Session, § 6.
9. In case of Neglect or Deficiency of Returns, &c. Chief Secretary may direct new Precept for new Returns, § 7.
10. Compensation to Parties employed in the A.C., § 8.
11. Packets free of Postage, § 9.
12. Penalty on Officers neglecting or making Defaults in Execution of A.C., § 10.
13. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 10.

Post-Office.

1. To regulate the Postage of Ship Letters to and from Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 109.
2. 23 & 24 G. 3. (f.) c. 17. § 11, 12. and 55 G. 3. c. 109. § 1. in part repealed, except as to Recovery of Rates, § 1.
3. Duty payable on Ship Letters, to form Part of Post Office Revenue, § 2.
4. Persons bringing Letters to Post Office and paying certain Rates of Postage empowered to forward the same abroad by any Vessel, not being a Packet Boat, § 3.

5. Postmaster General may authorize Persons to collect Letters and to forward same abroad by Vessels other than Packet Boats, if Letters brought to Post Office, and Postage paid, 55 G. 3. c. 109. § 4.
6. Masters of Vessels in Ports abroad to deliver Letters collected by them to authorized Persons who, on receiving 3s. for every 50 Letters, are to put them into a Sealed Bag, and return the same to Masters, § 5.
7. On delivering Bag at any Post Office in Ireland, Master of Vessel repaid 3s. and to receive 2d. for every Letter, § 6.
8. Penalties on opening Bag, &c. or sending Letters not having Post Office Mark, § 7.
9. Officers of Customs may search Ships for Letters, § 9.
10. Officers of Customs may administer Oath to Masters of Vessels, § 10.
11. Declaration to be made of Delivery of Letters, before Vessel breaks Bulk, § 11.
12. Penalty on Officers neglecting Duty, § 12.
13. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 13.
14. Forging, &c. Post Office Mark, a Misdemeanor, § 14.
15. Act amended, &c., § 15.
16. Until Packet Boats established in Ireland to Great Britain, the Post Office in Great Britain to allow Irish Post Office 300000 per Annum, 55 G. 3. c. 145.

Printers, See Licenses, 137. 1. Stamps, 190—214.

Prisons.

1. To amend 50 G. 3. c. 103. relating to Prisons in Ireland, so far as concern Contracts for building or repairing such Prisons, 55 G. 3. c. 91.
2. Security to be given by Contractors by Bond to the King, with Two Sureties, § 1.
3. Bond to be attested by Clerk of Peace, &c. Copies made, and Original deposited at Exchequer, § 1.
4. Treasurer of County may advance Money to Contractor from time to time, on Affidavits of Contractor, § 2.
5. Advance not to interfere with Payment of Indebtedness by Treasurer, § 3.
6. Treasurer to preserve Affidavit of Contractor, § 4.
7. Treasurer to make Competition for Plans and Estimates, § 5.
8. Act altered, &c., § 6.

Professors, See Constables.

Protestants and Letters of Administration, See Stamps, 143—160. in this Index.

Provisional Notes, See Stamps, 216—236.

Prosecutors, See Felony, 1—4.

Public Debt, See National Debt.

Quit, Crown and Composition Rents.

1. To amend 51 G. 3. c. 91., for discharging certain Arrears of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents in Ireland, 56 G. 3. c. 71.
2. The Court of Chancery, in addition to Order to be made under 51 G. 3. c. 91. § 1., to direct Auditor General to inquire whether any Proceedings have been taken for Recovery of Rents, and what Costs had been incurred, &c. Costs to be paid to Petitioners, *Nil*.

Receipts, See Stamps, 229—234.

Revenue, See Title Revenue, in General Index, IV. V. § 6. 15—18.

Service,

Servants, See Taxes (Advised), in this Index.

Silk Manufacturers, See Customs and Excise, I. 47—49.

Six Clerks in Chancery, See Officers, 1—4.

Soldiers.

1. The Powers given by 42 G. 3. c. 109, and 55 G. 3. c. 133, respecting discharged Soldiers in England, may be exercised by Lord Lieutenant or Governors of *Kilmainham Hospital in Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 133. § 1.
2. Commissioners of *Kilmainham Hospital* to make Regulations for Admission to Out-Patients on Sick Allowance, as they think fit, &c.—Penalty to be paid quarterly, 55 G. 3. c. 136.

Spirits, See Customs and Excise, IV. (Spirits), Licences, 1—22. 181—202; and *Importation and Exportation*, 52—55, 94—104, in General Index.

Stamps.

1. To repeal the several Acts under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties; and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 78. [Repealed, except as to Arruans, &c. by 56 G. 3. c. 36. § 1.]
2. To repeal the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Law Proceedings, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Corporate Officers in *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 79. [Repealed, except as to Arruans, &c. by 56 G. 3. c. 36. § 1.]
3. To repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties in *Ireland*, 55 G. 3. c. 81. [Repealed, except as to Arruans, &c. by 56 G. 3. c. 36. § 1.]
4. To repeal the several Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and also several Acts for the Collection and Management of the said Duties, and to grant new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof; and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties, 56 G. 3. c. 36.
5. Duties specified in Schedule annexed to be levied, and Allowances therein defined made, &c.
6. Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Stamps, and to be paid in *British Currency*, except under *Sigposes*, or between *Sigposers* and One Shilling, § 4, 5.
7. Bonds, &c. now exempt from Stamp Duty to continue so, § 3.
8. Duties to be paid to the Receiver General, and by him into the Exchequer of *Ireland*, § 6.
9. Accounts of Part of certain Duties on the Admission of Students to Inns of Court, &c. to be kept separate, and paid over to Treasurers, § 7.
10. Appointment and Oath of Commissioners, § 8.
11. Three Commissioners empowered to Act, § 9.
12. The *first* Act, 21 and 22 G. 3. c. 6, not affected by this Act, § 10.
13. Commissioners and Officers now in Office to continue so, &c., § 11.
14. Where Right of Commissioners, &c. to execute any Duty is controverted, Proof that they are sworn to is sufficient, § 12.
15. Salaries paid, § 13.
16. Rules observed in Execution of Act, § 14.
17. Office to be kept in *Dublin*, § 15.
18. Commissioners empowered to administer Oaths, § 16.
19. Licences may be revoked, § 17.
20. Distributors to verify their Accounts on Oath, § 18.
21. Acknowledgment of Distributors to be taken in Evidence, § 19.
22. Distributors, with Consent of Commissioners, may appoint Deputies, § 20.
23. Penalties of Distribution, &c. may be entered, and Stamps taken away, § 21.

24. Doors may be broken open, § 21, 3. c. 78. § 21.
25. Commissioners may grant Warrants, § 22.
26. Acknowledgments given for Stamps issued, § 23.
27. Commissioners may fine Distributors *et cetera* for Neglect of Duty, § 23.
28. Officers to keep separate Accounts of Duties, § 24.
29. Distributors to account in what Manner, § 24.
30. Receiver General to pay Money received by him into Exchequer, § 24.
31. Receiver General detaining Money in his Hands to be charged 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent Interest, § 24.
32. Penalty on Distributors neglecting to pay Money to Receiver General, § 24.
33. Where Monthly Sales of Distributor shall not have exceeded *et cetera*, Commissioners may enlarge time of Payment, § 25.
34. Book to be kept at Treasury, in which Stamp Duty is to be entered separate from other Monies, § 26.
35. Money carried to Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, § 26.
36. Accounts of Duties to be submitted to Commissioners for auditing public Accounts when required, § 27.
37. Vouchers to be produced, and Accounts signed by Commissioners of public Accounts a Discharge, § 27.
38. The Types or Stamps now or hereafter to be used at the Stamp Office for denoting the Duties shall be lawful, § 28.
39. When there is no proper Stamp to denote the Duty, Two or more Stamps may be used, § 28.
40. Duties may be changed or altered, of which Notice to be given in the *Dublin Gazette*, § 29.
41. Commissioners to provide such particular Stamps as shall be requisite, § 30.
42. Writings not having the proper Stamp, to be as of writers, &c. on Paper, &c. not stamped, § 31.
43. Penalty on writing on Paper, &c. not having proper Stamp, § 32.
44. When Devices are changed, and Notice given, Persons having Stamps on Hand may have them taken in Exchange within Four Months, after which old Stamps to be considered of no Effect, § 31.
45. Persons evading the Duty to be still liable, and the Cases of Exchequer may enforce Payment, and grant Rule to show Cause, § 31.
46. No Deed or Writing to be given in Evidence, unless stamped with the proper Stamp, § 33.
47. Deeds, &c. written on Stamp of a greater Amount, to be considered as duly stamped, except where separate Stamps are provided, § 33.
48. Courts to determine in cases where Stamps are alleged to be forged, &c., § 34.
49. Commissioners may appoint fit Persons to attend Courts to examine Stamps, § 35.
50. Prices fixed at which Vellum, Parchment and Paper sold, and Persons may either buy the first, or bring their own to be stamped, § 36.
51. Forging Stamps, or fraudulently using them, &c. Felony, § 37.
52. Liable Persons, having counterfeit Stamps in their Possession, to be liable to the Penalty of vending forged Stamps, unless it be proved that they were procured at the Stamp Office, or of some Distributor, § 38.
53. The Houses of Persons suspected of having forged Dies or Stamps, &c. may be searched—Persons may be entered and searched, § 39.
54. Vellum, &c. to be stamped before engraved, § 40.
55. Penalty on using Stamps before Duty paid or duly accounted, § 41.
56. Stamps, becoming inapplicable, may be stamped with New or Additional Stamps on Difference being paid, § 42.

57. Stamps, pulled from being written upon and not used, may be exchanged for others; Oath being made of certain Particulars, 56 G. 3. c. 56. § 43.
58. Provided as to time within which Paper, &c. to be brought to Commissioners, § 43.
59. Relief for Stamps on Instruments found to be void, § 44.
60. Time within which Application to be made, § 44.
61. Stamps may be given in lieu of Stamps used for Bills of Exchange and Notes not delivered out, &c., § 45.
62. Regulations in regard to Allowance for Stamps, § 45.
63. Penalty on Writing any Deeds, &c. before Duty stamped, § 47.
64. On certain Payments made, Instruments to receive proper Stamps, § 47.
65. Persons unknowingly using a forged Stamp, proving that it was bought at Stamp Office, &c. may have the Instruments properly stamped, on making certain Payments, § 48.
66. Instruments, signed inadvertently without proper Stamp, if brought to Stamp Office within Sixty Days, Commissioners may remit Penalty, and cause them to be properly stamped, § 49.
67. Instruments, executed out of Ireland, may be stamped within certain Periods, without Payment of additional Duty, § 50.
68. Commissioners may provide Frames for making Paper with the Words "Stamp Office" visible in the Substance thereof, § 51.
69. Unauthorised Persons, making or using Paper marked with the Words "Stamp Office" &c. or affixing, guilty of Felony, § 52.
70. Penalty on writing to cover the Stamps, that they may not be applicable to any other Deed, § 53.
71. Payment of Salaries to public Officers to be reached by stamped Receipts, § 54.
72. Cards and Dice exposed to Sale to be duly stamped, § 55.
73. Persons not to engrave, or have in their Possession, Instruments without the proper Stamps on Penalty of 20*l.*, § 56.
74. Law Proceedings not to be filed without the proper Stamps, § 56.
75. Penalty on Officers entrusted to write Records, &c. defrauding the Revenue, § 56.
76. Such Records, &c. when written by other Persons than known Officers, to pay a certain Sum besides Duty—Officers or Payment, &c. of Duty and 20*l.* to give Receipt, § 56.
77. Officers in Courts or Offices, engraving Records, &c. on counterfeited Stamps, deemed to have known the same, unless they prove they were bought at the Stamp Office, &c., § 57.
78. Penalty on evading Duty by falsifying Dates, erasing Names, or taking off Stamps—Deeds to be considered as not stamped, § 58.
79. Certificates of Duty being paid to be produced on Advocates, Attorneys, &c. applying for Admissions, § 59.
80. Persons granting such Certificates to keep Books, which Books Distributors are to transmit to Stamp Office at Dublin, § 59.
81. Duty of Registrar of Chancery, § 60.
82. Applications to Attorneys, &c. to produce like Certificates of Dates having been paid, § 61.
83. Advocates, Attorneys, &c. not to be permitted to file, unless their Names be written in Books kept by the proper Office for granting Certificates, § 61.
84. Duty of Officer in keeping such Books, § 63.
85. Attorneys to practise only in the Court in which admitted, § 64.
86. Attorneys, &c. usually to deliver at Stamp Office a Note of Residence, and stating whether they have been admitted

- three Years or not, and on paying Duty entitled to Certificate, without which they cannot carry on any Proceeding in any Court, 56 G. 3. c. 56. § 65. 68.
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88. Annual Certificates to be produced in Court and entered in a Book, Accords to which to be without Fee, § 67.
89. Proof of Attorney's office in Court, § 69.
90. Penalty on Officer issuing Writ to be filed out in Name of any Attorney, unless he has obtained his Certificate, § 70.
91. Appraisers for Defendants in Chancery to be named by Registrar—His Fee, and Fee to Officer in other Courts where Appraisers are entered, § 71.
92. Conveyances and Deeds to be prepared only by certain Persons obtaining Certificates—Penalty for Persons drawing Wills, &c., § 72.
93. Memoranda of Petitions in the Court of Chancery to be entered in Registrar's Office, § 73.
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95. No Charge to be made by any Six Clerk, &c. except for Stamp Duty, § 75.
96. Penalty on charging Stamp Duty and not filing Proceedings for which Charge is made, § 76.
97. Filing of Bills how to be proceeded in, § 77.
98. Penalty on Master of Rolls or Deputy neglecting, &c. to inspect Amount of Stamp, and to certify the same, § 77.
99. Duty on Officer Copies of Privilege Acts or Bills, Pleadings and Decrees in Chancery, and on landowners how to be paid, § 78.
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101. Penalty on Officers not sending such Copies to be stamped, § 79.
102. Allowance of 1*l.* 10*s.* for every 100*l.* out of Duty paid by such Officers, § 80.
103. In taxing Bills of Costs, Deeds to be inspected by the proper Officers, who shall grant Certificate under what Penalty, § 82.
104. Forms for certain Findings or Deeds, § 82.
105. Copies of Affidavits read in Court, how to be reckoned, § 83.
106. Penalty on Officer charging unduly, § 83.
107. Entry Book stamped to be deemed a separate Sheet, § 84.
108. Proceedings in Courts to be written as they have usually been acknowledged, § 85.
109. Attested Copies of Interrogatories or Depositions, given in behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendant, respectively to be doubly stamped, § 85.
110. Penalty on Officer neglecting the Inspection of such Copies, and so Six Clerk, &c. sending same, not being doubly stamped, § 87.
111. Office Copies to have Number of Sheets marked on the Back, § 88.
112. Penalty on Officer giving a Copy or Extract of any Proceeding without the proper Stamp, § 89.
113. Copies of Proceedings requiring a forced Attestation to have also the proper Stamp, § 90.
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115. Officer to draw a License across former Attestation, § 90.
116. Writs to arrest, how to be entered, § 91.
117. Officer to pay over Duty payable on Entries, &c. in Records, &c. of Courts of Justice, § 92.
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129. Bail Bonds in cases of Arrest may be assigned without any Stamp, &c., § 100.
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137. No Affidavits for proceeding Preferences of Grand Jury, &c. to be delivered unless duly stamped, § 109.
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144. Probates, &c. essential for recovering Trust Property, § 116.
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186. Penalty on Duty not paid on Pamphlets, &c., § 2.
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203. Printers outlawed, &c. not to have Stamps for Papers, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 20.
204. Printers becoming Bankrupts, &c. not entitled to print Newspapers, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 21.
205. Affidavit made in Trust for unexecuted Papers, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 22.
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207. Service of Process at Printing Office sufficient, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 24.
208. New Affidavit to be made on changing Place of Publication, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 25.
209. Penalty on buying, &c. unstamped Newspapers, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 26.
210. Printers not to supply others with Stamps, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 27.
211. Payment of Duty on Advertisements to be made within a certain time, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 28.
212. On Printer, &c. regarding to pay Duties, Commissioners prohibited to fill them stamped Paper, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 29.
213. Printer, &c. to enter into Bond for Payment of Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 30.
214. Materials may be seized for Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 31.
215. Commencement of Act, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 32.
216. To provide for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties payable on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 33.
217. Penalties on issuing, or knowingly receiving or paying Bills post dated, or without mentioning Place where drawn, or without Stamp, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 34.
218. Assentments of Bank Post Bills, how to be written, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 35.
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220. Certificate of Annual Registry granted on Stamp, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 37.
221. Penalty on Bankers issuing negotiable Notes without such Certificate, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 38.
222. Bankers, licensed under former Laws, may change Licenses for Certificates under Act, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 39.
223. Registry and Certificate when made and obtained, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 40.
224. Promissory Notes reissued, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 41.
225. Promissory Notes, reissuable for fixed Periods, cancelled on Payment afterwards; and Notes, &c. not reissuable, cancelled on Payment, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 42.
226. Penalty on Bank Bills, &c. reissued, and on taking Notes, &c. reissued contrary to Law, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 43.
227. Bank Notes, &c. with Stamp of full Value then required, void, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 44.
228. Notes, &c. issued before Commencement of Act, not reissuable, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 45.
229. Receipts not to fill Evidence only of Sums paid, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 46.
230. Duty on Notes and Receipts, by whom to be paid, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 47.
231. Receipts stamped as Part of Money paid, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 48.
232. Penalty on refusing to give Receipts, and on making, &c. Bills or Promissory Notes not duly stamped, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 49.
233. Receipts to specify Sums paid or stamped as Receipts is full, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 50.

234. Penalty on Clerks signing Receipts unstamped, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 51.
235. Specific Stamp for Bank and Bankers' Notes, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 52.
236. Competition for Stamps on Notes of Bank of Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 53.
237. Cancelling Notes in Books of registered Bankers, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 54.
238. Regulations as to Dates on Game Certificates, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 55.
239. Game Certificates to be registered, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 56.
240. Mode of issuing Certificates to Game Keeper, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 57.
241. Penalty on Distributor relating to grant Certificate, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 58.
242. Certificates how long to continue in force, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 59.
243. Penalty on Dogs, &c. kept by Persons not certified, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 60.
244. Penalty on Game Keeper not taking out Certificate, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 61.
245. Distribution to make Returns of Certificates granted, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 62.
246. Lists of Certificates to be kept at Stamp Office, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 63.
247. Lists to be published, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 64.
248. New Regulations as to Return of Game Keeper, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 65.
249. Penalty on refusing to produce Certificate, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 66.
250. Certificate not a Qualification, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 67.
251. Game Ireland to be as where, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 68.
252. Commencement of Act, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 69.
253. To regulate the Collection of Stamp Duties on masters, in respect of which Licenses may be granted by the Commissioners of Stamps in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 10. § 70. — See Licenses, 124—180.

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Taxes (Assessed).

1. To grant to His Majesty certain increased Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles, 55 G. 3. c. 1. § 1. [Repealed except as to Arrears by 56 G. 3. c. 37. § 1.]
2. To grant certain Duties and Taxes in respect of certain Male Servants, Carriages and Horses, kept to be let to Hire, 55 G. 3. c. 67. [Repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 37. § 1. except as to Arrears.]
3. To make further Provision for the Collection of certain Duties on Male Servants, Carriages and Horses, and in respect of Horses in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 120. [Repealed except as to Arrears by 56 G. 3. c. 37. § 1.]
4. To grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to provide for the more effectual Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, 56 G. 3. c. 37.
5. The Statutes 4th G. 3. c. 18. and 23. 48 G. 3. c. 62. and 25. and 55 G. 3. c. 67. 67. and 120. granting Duties on Hearths, Windows, &c. repealed except as to Arrears, 55 G. 3. c. 37. [Repealed in Schedule annexed to be paid in lieu of former Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 37.]
6. Alterations and Proceedings under former Acts, (see Jan. 5. 1816, vol. 5.)
7. Officers authorized to do, 55 G. 3. c. 37. § 3.
8. Duties payable in British Currency, and carried to Credit of the Fund, 55 G. 3. c. 37. § 4.
9. Officers may enter Houses to ascertain Number of Hearths and Windows, 55 G. 3. c. 37. § 5.
10. If Assistance be not obtained, Officers to leave Notice, 55 G. 3. c. 37. § 6.
11. Penalty on Occupiers refusing Assistance, 55 G. 3. c. 37. § 7.
12. Assistance to any Apartment (except the Kitchen or Out-house)

- Outlets) may be refused, if a Charge for one Hearth and three Windows be allowed, § 5 D. 3. c. 57. § 6.
14. Owners of Houses let in Apartments deemed Occupiers, § 7.
15. Goods of Occupiers liable to Duties—Duties, § 8.
16. Occupiers, having two Hearths, or four Windows, or more, to make, when required, a Return of the greatest Number, and afterwards give Notice of additional ones, § 9.
17. Penalty on Default, § 9.
18. A greater Number of Windows, &c. used than stated, a Proof of false Declaration, § 9.
19. Duties charged for the whole Year for each Hearth and Windows in shall be in the Half on the 6th Jan. and all additional ones, § 10.
20. Penalty on evading Duty by stopping Fire Places or Windows, § 10.
21. What shall be deemed a stopping up, § 10.
22. Persons keeping Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, to deliver a List thereof when required, specifying certain Particulars, § 11.
23. The List to contain Name and Place of Abode of the Person in whose Service each Servant, Carriage, &c. shall be employed, § 11.
24. Where additional Carriages, &c. employed, a like List, § 11.
25. Penalty on neglecting, &c. to deliver List, and on greater Number of Carriages, &c. kept than stated in List, § 11.
26. Duty on Servants, Coachmen or Horses, let to Hire, to be paid by the Persons using them, unless paid by the Persons letting them, § 12.
27. Notice affixed on Church Doors, &c. of every Parish, requiring Persons to deliver Lists of Carriages, Servants and Horses, kept by them, § 13.
28. Such Notice to be deemed a Demand to deliver List, § 13.
29. Penalty on neglecting to deliver such Lists, or making false Returns, § 13.
30. Aid on removing or defacing Notices, § 13.
31. Notice to be left at Dwelling Houses, § 14.
32. Penalty on Default in delivering Lists, § 14.
33. Persons keeping Carriages at more Places than one to return the whole Number, and specify the Place where Carriages, &c. are kept, § 15.
34. Declaration of Places where Persons charged intend to pay, to be signed, under Penalty of 20*l*., § 15.
35. Owners of Houses to give a List of the Carriages, &c. kept by their Lodgers, on Penalty of 20*l*., § 16.
36. Notice to be read to Lodgers, who are to declare whether they are liable to the Duty, under what Penalty, § 17.
37. In case of Absence of Persons liable, their Agents or Servants may make or deliver Lists, to be of the same Effect as if delivered by Owners and liable to the same Penalties, § 18.
38. Officers not bound by any Lists delivered which prove to be defective, § 19.
39. Officers to make Affidavits where Lists are neglected to be delivered, § 20.
40. Persons, on whom Notice shall be served, keeping no Carriages, &c. shall sign a Declaration that they do not on Penalty of 20*l*., § 21.
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42. And Persons aggrieved may complain to Commissioners, § 22.
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- I. General Regulations, relating to His Majesty's Household, Revenues, &c.
- II. Allotments of Common, Chutes, &c. to The King.
- III. General Savings of The King's Rights.

I. General Regulations relating to His Majesty's Household, Revenues, &c.

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2. Accounts of Civil List Revenues to be made up and compared to certain Periods in each Year; and, in case of Deficiency, laid before Parliament, *ibid.*
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8. Justices to purchase proper Measures for the Use of their respective Counties, to be deposited with Clerks of Peace, § 6.
9. Majority of Inhabitants of Parishes, &c. empowered to sue any Free Householdholder as Examiners, § 7.
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- I. Amending the Militia Laws of Great Britain and Ireland.
- II. Amending the Militia Laws of Great Britain.
- III. Annual Acts for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.
- IV. Allowance to Militia Officers.
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2. His Majesty may embody Militia of Great Britain, § 1.
3. The Lord Lieutenant empowered to order Irish Militia to be embodied, § 2.
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5. To amend and explain the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 105.
6. Offenders, committed while Militia assembled for training or embodied, to be afterwards tried by Courts Martial, § 1.

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- If Inefficient Officers cannot be found for Court Martial, disembodied Militia Officers may be ordered to attend; and Pay and travelling Money allowed them, § 4.
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- Facilities of Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers employed on recruiting Service, reduced, § 7.
- Attendance of Surgeon, and Allowance for Remounts, § 8.
- Vice Lieutenant, authorized by Lieutenant, may in Absence, &c. grant Commission and sell as Lieutenant, § 9.
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- To repeal several Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland, and to amend other Acts relating thereto, 56 G. 3. c. 64.
- Statutes 43 G. 3. c. 100. § 1. 47 G. 3. 56 G. 3. c. 71. 49 G. 3. c. 53. 50 G. 3. c. 24. and 51 G. 3. c. 22., repealed except certain Provisions, 56 G. 3. c. 64. § 1.
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III. *Annual Acts for the Pay and Clothing of the Militia.*

To defray the Charge of the Pay, Clothing and contingent Expenses of the disembodied Militia in Great Britain, and of the Militia of Cornwall and Devon; and for granting Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Surgeons' Mates and Sergeants Majors of Militia. [to 25th March 1816.] 55 G. 3. c. 165. [to 25th March 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 90.

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IV. *Allowance to Militia Officers.*

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- Oath to be taken to receive in full Allowances, 55 G. 3. c. 165. § 7. 56 G. 3. c. 90. § 7.
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- Commanding Officer may grant Leave of Absence—Reasons and Duration of Absence to be specified, 55 G. 3. c. 165. § 11. 56 G. 3. c. 90. § 11.
- If Regiment not called out before the Day fixed for Half Yearly Payment, Allowance paid on taking Oath before Justice, without Certificate of Attendance, 55 G. 3. c. 165. § 9. 56 G. 3. c. 90. § 9.

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- On Neglect of Attendance of Subaltern being certified by Colonel, he has Claim to Allowances forfeited, 56 G. 3. c. 165. § 11.
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- To enable His Majesty [to May 1. 1816.] to accept the Services of the Local Militia, either in or out of their Counties, under certain Regulations, 55 G. 3. c. 75.
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- Regulations as to embodied Local Militia to extend to Local Militia on extended Service, § 3.
- Continuance, &c. of A. 3. § 4.
- Annual Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Local Militia in Great Britain [to 25th March 1816.] 55 G. 3. c. 166. [to 25th March 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 47.
- To empower His Majesty to dispense the Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia, 56 G. 3. c. 38.

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- For removing difficulties in the Conviction of Offenders stealing Property from Mines, 56 G. 3. c. 73.
- When Oath be deemed sufficient Evidence of Coercion, *ibid.*

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Mint, See *America*, Coinage.

Misdemeanors, See *Offences*.

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- Treasury to transfer certain Annuities to Commissioners for Reduction of the National Debt, § 1.
- Receipts of Treasurer sufficient Discharge to Execution, § 2.
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- landed Debt of *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year 1816, 55 G. 3. c. 169.
- To amend and render more effectual 48 G. 3. c. 142, 49 G. 3. c. 64, and 52 G. 3. c. 119. For enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities, 56 G. 3. c. 53.
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- For transferring all Contracts and Securities, entered into with or given to the Commissioners for Transport, to the Commissioners of the Navy and Victualling, 56 G. 3. c. 31.
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Offen.

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7. Appointment of Officers, &c. — A Master for Female Convicts, § 6.
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9. Committee may require Security from Officers, &c., and in case of Officers, &c. refusing to give Position, a Justice of Peace for County of *Middlesex* may by Warrant direct Sheriff to remove him, § 8.
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11. Governor empowered to contract for Clothing, Diet, &c. necessary for Convicts, with Approbation of Committee, § 10.
12. Committee to direct how Books shall be kept, § 11.
13. Committee may remove Servants, Officers, &c. upon Oath, and may disqualify and prosecute for Fraud or Collusion, § 12.
14. Indictment against such Officers, who may be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, § 13.

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1. *Atty* (Sir William, Bart.) Dissolving Marriage, and enabling him to marry again, 56 G. 3. c. 75. (Not Pr.)
2. *Attreby* (James, Esq.) Vetting Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)
3. *Attreby* (Rev. Sir Charles John, Bart.) Vetting Estates 56 G. 3. c. 41. (Pr.)
4. *Atwell* (John Duke of). Settling Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 63. (Not Pr.)
5. *Baird* (Sir George Hilary, Bart.) Dissolving Marriage, and enabling to marry again, 56 G. 3. c. 55. (Not Pr.)
6. *Birk* (Gent and Lute). Restoring, costing, 56 G. 3. c. 31. (Pr.)
7. *Bishop* (Nathaniel, Esq.) Enabled to execute Articles of Agreement, 55 G. 3. c. 64. (Pr.)
8. *Blythstone* (Vicars and R. G. G.). Uniting in one Parishes, 55 G. 3. c. 50. (Pr.)
9. *Boyd* (Robert, John and Orisk). Vetting Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 43. (Pr.)
10. *Byrnes* (Sir Francis, Bart.) Vetting Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 66. (Pr.) 56 G. 3. c. 44. (Pr.)
11. *Brifell* (Christopher, late Lord Bishop of). Vetting Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 15. (Pr.)
12. *Brydges* (Sir Samuel Egerton, Bart.) Vetting Estates in Trusts, 55 G. 3. c. 109. (Not Pr.)
13. *Buckell* (Thomas Ship Dyce, Esq. deceased). Vetting Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 16. (Pr.)
14. *Burton* (Recluse). Vetting Glebe Lands for Sale, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 57. (Pr.)
15. *Burtis* (Philip, Esq. deceased). Vetting Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 46. (Pr.)
16. *Burby* (Very Rev. William Bannister) and *Burby* (Wm. Esq.) Partition of Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 9. (Pr.)
17. *Caldwell* (Adam). Establishing and well governing, 55 G. 3. c. 78.
18. *Chayfield* (Rev. Henry). Vetting Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)
19. *Chiffin* (Robert of). Enabled to execute Agreement for Sale of Glebe Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 66. (Pr.)
20. *Chiffin* (Charles, Esq.) Enabling to marry again, 55 G. 3. c. 111. (Not Pr.)
21. *Colony* (Prince of). Act for exchanging a Bill in Parliament for the Naturalization of, 56 G. 3. c. 12.
22. ———, Act for his Naturalization, 56 G. 3. c. 13.
23. *Colburn* (Profric's) Charity. Incorporating Trustees, 56 G. 3. c. 30. (Pr.)
24. *Coleborne* (Sir James, &c.) Executing Estates, &c. of, Vol. VI.

from the Claims of Overtment on certain Conditions, 55 G. 3. c. 100.

25. *Conthard* (Thomas, and James Batten, Esq.) Partition of Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 84. (Not Pr.)
26. *Cylin* (Hugh, Esq.) Widows' and Orphans' Fund, regulating, 56 G. 3. c. 100.
27. *Dampier* (Rev. John). Sale of Estates, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 66. (Pr.)
28. *Dapford*. Executing Trusts of certain Charity Lands, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 66. (Pr.)
29. *Dyer* (Lieutenant General William). Dissolving Marriage, and enabling him to marry again, 56 G. 3. c. 76. (Not Pr.)
30. *Egghart* (David). Naturalizing, 56 G. 3. c. 62. (Not Pr.)
31. *Egline* (John Francis, Esq.) For enabling His Majesty to grant to John Francis Esq., Esq. of Mar, and his Heirs and Assigns, the Free Duties and Quit Rents arising in the Lordship of Birling, in Discharge of a Debt of greater Value created upon the said Free Duties by a Grant from His Majesty King George I., 55 G. 3. c. 118.
32. *Gas Light and Coke Company*. (Allowing and enlarging Powers of, 56 G. 3. c. 121, and 56 G. 3. c. 120.) 56 G. 3. c. 122.
33. *Gower* (Right Hon. George Grosvenor Leighton). Restoring from Penalties and Disqualification, 56 G. 3. c. 48. (Not Pr.)
34. *Grafton* (Duke of). Enabling Sale of certain Stocks and vesting Purchase Money in Purchase of Manors, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 56. (Pr.)
35. *Greenham* (Frederic). Vetting Estates, &c., 56 G. 3. c. 8. (Pr.)
36. *Halford* (Sir Henry, Bart.) Confirming Change of Surmount and Arms, 55 G. 3. c. 82. (Not Pr.)
37. *Halford* (Abraham Gray, Esq.) Changing Name, 55 G. 3. c. 109. (Not Pr.)
38. *Highland Society of London*. Incorporated, 56 G. 3. c. 22.
39. *Hyle* (Nathan, Esq. deceased). Vetting Estates, 56 G. 3. c. 29. (Pr.)
40. *Jays* (James, Esq.) Vetting Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 15. (Pr.)
41. *Kennedy* (Thomas, Esq.) Settling Lands, 56 G. 3. c. 67. (Not Pr.)
42. *Klein* (Frederic). Naturalizing, 56 G. 3. c. 73. (Not Pr.)
43. *Magdalen College* (Oxford). To enable His Majesty to grant certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, ecclesiastical and temporal to His Majesty by the Disolution of *Magdalen College* in the University of Oxford, and the Site of the said College, and Buildings thereon, to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, for the Purpose of their removing to such Site, and to enable the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University and the President and Scholars of *St. Mary Magdalen College*, to do all necessary Affairs such as follow, 56 G. 3. c. 136.
44. *Marrist* (George, Esq.) Vetting Estate in Fee Simple, 55 G. 3. c. 98. (Not Pr.)
45. *Mayle* (John, Esq.) Vetting Estates in Trust, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 70. (Pr.)
46. *Maze* (Henry, and Co.) Permission to brew a certain Quantity of Strong Beer Duty free, 55 G. 3. c. 189.
47. *Milne* (James, Esq.) Partition of Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 53. (Pr.)
48. *Moor* (Right Hon. Stephen Earl of). Effecting Agreement for Surrender of Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 83. (Not Pr.)

49. *Nelson* (Earl), 55 G. 3. c. 96. To grant a further Sum of Money for purchasing an Estate to accompany the Title of Earl *Nelson*, and also to amend 45 G. 3. c. 126 and 53. 2. c. 134.
50. *Nes* (Rev. *Ephraim Robert*). Exchange of Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 39. (Pr.)
51. *Newcastle* (Duke of). Executing Contracts for Sale, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 38. (Pr.)
52. *Newcastle* (Charles *Newcastle*, Esq.). Changing Name, 55 G. 3. c. 100. (Not Pr.)
53. *Nes* (William, Esq.). Changing Name, 55 G. 3. c. 34. (Pr.)
54. *Nis* (Joseph, Esq.). Exchanging Admiration, 55 G. 3. c. 74. (Not Pr.)
55. *Nesell* (Anne, Widow), and *Perry* (Elizabeth). Sale of Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 63. (Pr.)
56. *Powder* (John *Dillon*, Esq.). Enabling to marry again, 55 G. 3. c. 112. (Not Pr.)
57. *Reynolds* (Anne *Mario*). To direct Application of her religious personal Estate, bequeathed by her to Sinking Fund, 55 G. 3. c. 2.—Treasury to transfer certain Annuities to Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt, § 1.—Receipts of Treasury sufficient Discharge to Executor, § 2.
58. *Ridgway* (Archibald *John*, Earl of). Dissolving Marriage, and enabling him to marry again, 55 G. 3. c. 104. (Not Pr.)
59. *Ridgway* (Neil, Earl of). Selling Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 28. (Pr.)
60. *Royal Family*. To make Provision for the Establishment of Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and the Prince of *Cambridge*, 55 G. 3. c. 14.
61. ———. For rectifying the Purchase of the *Glenmore* Estate, and vesting the same as a Residence for Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness *Louise George Frederick* Prince of *Cambridge*, 55 G. 3. c. 113.
62. *Silvest* (Nathan, Widow). Vesting Estate, 55 G. 3. c. 14. (Pr.)
63. *Sandwich*, Chevalier (Trustees of). Enlarging Powers, 55 G. 3. c. 108. (Not Pr.)
64. *Sumner* (Right Hon. *Margaret*, Lady). Executing Estates from paying her Jointure, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 97. (Not Pr.)
65. *Swanley* (Sir *Henry*, Bart.). Vesting Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 39. (Pr.)
66. *Sydney* (Ann, and others). Vesting Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 87. (Pr.)
67. *Thomson* (Henry, Esq.). Changing Name, 55 G. 3. c. 105. (Not Pr.)
68. *Townshend* (George, Marquis of). Validating Sale of Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 40. (Pr.)
69. *Union Society*, and *Union Life Office Society*, for Insurance. Enabled to sue and be sued, 55 G. 3. c. 119.
70. *Walsingham* (Lord). To settle and secure an Annuity to him, in consideration of his Services as Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords, 55 G. 3. c. 18.
71. *Walsgrave* (Duke of). To grant an additional Sum of Money for providing a suitable Residence and Estate for him and his Heirs, in consideration of the eminent and signal Services performed by the said Duke to His Majesty and the Public, 55 G. 3. c. 106.
72. *Welf* (Thomas, Esq.). Enabled to keep open the *Survey* Thimble for a limited Time, 55 G. 3. c. 111.
73. *Whitman* (John, Esq.). Exchanging Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 45. (Pr.)

74. *Wichley* (Bishop of). Enabled to grant Lessee of certain Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 61. (Pr.)
75. *Wichley* (Dean and Chapter), and *Wichley* (John, Esq.). Exchange of Lands, 55 G. 3. c. 32. (Pr.)
76. *Zach* (Rev. *Henry*). Exchange of Estates, 55 G. 3. c. 12.

Pillory.

1. To abolish the Punishment of the Pillory except in certain cases, 55 G. 3. c. 138.
2. Judgment of Pillory to be awarded in certain cases only, § 1.
3. Court may impose Offenders, § 2.
4. Not to charge any Punishment for Offences, except the Pillory, § 3.

Pilots.

1. To relieve certain foreign Vessels referring to Port of *Lancaster* in respect of Pilots, and to regulate the Mode of Payment of Pilots on foreign Vessels is the said Part, 55 G. 3. c. 89.
2. *Trinity House* to make Regulations with respect to Pilots of small foreign Ships, and Payment thereof, § 1.
3. Amount of Pilots on foreign Vessels towards *allowance*, § 2.
4. Certificate of Payment of Pilots to be given, § 4.

Plantations.

1. To continue, till the Month after the Conclusion of *Hostilities*, the 45 G. 3. c. 111. for authorizing His Majesty to allow the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities in neutral Ships into and from His Majesty's Territories in the *West India* and Continent of *South America*, 55 G. 3. c. 9.
2. To continue (to 15th March 1810) the 45 G. 3. c. 107. for permitting the Importation of *Mails*, *Yards*, *Tools*, and *Timber* for Naval Purposes, 55 G. 3. c. 85.
3. To continue 45 G. 3. c. 107. regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Cape of Good Hope*, [to 30th July 1810] 55 G. 3. c. 8.
4. For regulating the Intercourse with the Island of *St. Helena*, during the Time *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained there, and for authorizing Persons in the cases therein mentioned, 55 G. 3. c. 139.
5. During the Time *Napoleon Buonaparte* shall be detained there, no Communication to be permitted, § 1.
6. Persons trading, &c. without License of the King or Governor, or Deputy Governor of *St. Helena*, guilty of a Misdemeanor, § 1.
7. Persons offending may be seized and brought to England to answer their Trial, § 2.
8. Persons trading (other than Officers and Seamen belonging to Ships of War) shall return to the Ship when ordered, or be taken into Custody, § 3.
9. Remaining on the Island without License, punishable as a Misdemeanor, § 3.
10. Vessels, whether British or Foreign, (except those belonging to the *East India Company*), ordering or sending to *St. Helena*, or found hovering off the Island, such foreign Vessels not departing on Order, forfeited, to be seized, and brought to England for Prosecution and Condemnation, § 4.
11. Provision for Vessels driven in by Storm of Weather—Such Vessels, departing when able, not liable to Forfeiture, § 5.
12. *Quo prodest* to be on Party claiming Exemption, § 5.
13. Persons detaining *Buonaparte* in Custody intimated, § 6.
14. General Idea, § 7.
15. Provision for Rights of *East India Company*, § 8.
16. Act altered, &c., § 9.

29. For regulating the carrying of Passengers to and from the Island of Newfoundland, and the Coast of Labrador, 55 G. 3. c. 83.
30. Master of Vessels to enter into Bond not to take more Passengers than by Act allowed, § 1.
31. List of Passengers to be delivered to Collector; and on Arrival, Copy of List to be delivered to Governor, § 1.
32. Penalty on taking more than Number allowed, § 2.
33. Number of Passengers allowed according to Size of Ship, § 3.
34. Quantity of Provisions to be on board, § 4.
35. Penalty on Master not delivering out Provisions, § 5.
36. Abstract of the Act to be exposed in some Part of the Vessel, on Penalty of 10*l.*, § 6.
37. Masters of Vessels returning from Newfoundland, &c. to conform to Regulations, § 7.
38. Vessels returning from Newfoundland, &c. to be furnished with a certain Supply of Water and Provisions, § 8.
39. Penalty on not giving Allowance of Water and Provisions, § 9.
40. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 10.
41. Act not to affect the Consequence of Persons employed on the Establishment, § 11.
42. To regulate the Trade of the Colonies of *Dominica*, *Berthia*, and *Esquimaux*; to allow the Importation into and Exportation from such Colonies, of certain Articles, by Dutch Proprietors of the *European* Colonies of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands; and to repeal the 54 G. 3. c. 72. for permitting a Trade between the United Provinces and His Majesty's Colonies, 55 G. 3. c. 91.
43. Regulations of North American Colonies to extend to *Dominica*, &c., § 1.
44. Rum imported into *Newfoundland* from *Dominica*, &c. to pay 6*d.* per Gallon, § 2.
45. Subjects of the Netherlands may import into *Dominica*, &c. the usual Articles of Supply, but not for Trade, § 3.
46. Wine to pay a Duty of 10*s.* per Tun, § 3.
47. Dutch Proprietors to export the Produce of their Estates, § 4.
48. Who are to be considered as Dutch Proprietors, § 5.
49. Proof as to Dutch and British Subjects, § 5.
50. Importation and Exportation to be in Ships belonging to Subjects of the Netherlands, &c., § 6.
51. Proviso for Orders of the King of the Netherlands, § 6.
52. Duties the same as payable by British Subjects, § 7.
53. Proviso, extended to Trade between Colonies and the Netherlands; not to export Produce to this Country, &c., § 8.
54. Importations under the Convention to be deemed lawful, § 9.
55. The 54 G. 3. c. 72. repealed, § 10.
56. *Importation and Exportation*, 24—35. *Maha*; and *IRELAND* (Customs and Excise, III. 15—23.)

Plate, See *IRELAND*, (Customs and Excise, III. 54.)

Plate Glass, See *Excise*, 98—105.

Poor.

- I. Acts altering or amending the Poor-Laws, generally.
- II. Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor, &c. in particular Places.
 - I. Acts altering or amending the Poor-Laws, generally.
 1. To prosecute Returns relative to the Expenses of the Poor in *England*, 55 G. 3. c. 47.

2. Justices to appoint a time and Place for Overseers of Poor to deliver Returns to matters stated in unrevoked Schedule, and to give Notice to them to make Returns to Constables, requiring Attendance at Meetings, 55 G. 3. c. 47, § 1.
3. Proper Officers to assist in filling up Returns, § 2.
4. Justices to receive Returns and Inward Officers, and examine them to Truth, and attach the same, § 3.
5. Constables to receive from Clerks of Peace, Copy of Schedule to deliver to Overseers of Poor, and transmit from them Returns of Poor, § 4.
6. Overseers of Poor to attend Justices and deliver Accounts, § 5.
7. Penalty on Overseers making Default, § 5.
8. Overseers authorized, &c. to inspect Accounts, § 5.
9. Penalty on Officers making false Returns, § 7.
10. Rewards to Officers, § 8.
11. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 9.
12. Form of Oath—Perjury, § 10, 11.
13. Schedules to be transmitted by King's Priests, and Copies delivered to Town Clerks, § 12.
14. Town Clerks to receive and transmit Returns, § 13.
15. Schedule of Property Duty transmitted to Secretary of State, § 13.
16. Schedule (A.), Gentlemen to Overseers.
17. To prevent Poor Persons in Workhouses from embarking certain Property provided for their Use; to alter and amend so much of 55 G. 3. c. 23. as relates to Justices of the Peace from ordering Relief for Poor Persons in certain cases for a longer Period than One Month at a time; and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating to the Poor, 55 G. 3. c. 137.
18. Property, &c. for Use of Poor when in Workhouses, § 8.
19. This Act not to repeal Provisions in Local Acts, § 1.
20. Parish Officers may seize Goods, &c. to be marked, § 2.
21. Penalty on taking in Pawns, or buying or disposing Marks, or absconding with Property provided for the Poor by Parish Officers, § 3.
22. Mark, &c. on Articles, Endowment of Rightful Property, § 2.
23. How Mark put on wearing Apparel, § 2.
24. The time prescribed by 55 G. 3. c. 23. for which Justices may order Relief to Poor Persons at their own Houses, extended, § 3.
25. Justices making Orders may direct Payment of Relief to be discontinued, § 3.
26. Limitation of Allowances, § 4.
27. Misbehaving in Workhouses—Imprisonment, § 5.
28. Persons, having the Management of the Poor, not to be concerned in Contracts, &c. while in Office on Penalty of 10*0*l.** except in certain cases, § 6.
29. Notice of Contracts for supplying Workhouses to be given, § 7.
30. Form of Conviction, § 8.
31. Appeal—Reconsideration—Decision final, § 9.

II. Acts for the Relief and Employment of the Poor, &c. in particular Places.

1. *Greenland*. Assessment, &c. of Poor Rates, 55 G. 3. c. 100.
2. *Midham* (Sussex). Assessing and collecting Poor and other Parochial Rates, 55 G. 3. c. 1.
3. *Shardlow* and *Wilton*. Relief and Employment of Poor, 55 G. 3. c. 121.
4. *Walsingham*. Saint James's Parish (according to G. 3. c. 137) for Relief and Employment of the Poor, 55 G. 3. c. 137.

Porter.

1. To repeal 51 G. 3. c. 89. § 1. for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liqueur for coloring Porters, 55 G. 3. c. 58

2. Duty granted by 51 G. 3. c. 87. § 1. and 55 G. 3. c. 30. Schedule (A.) repealed, 56 G. 3. c. 58. § 1.
3. No Material of the Description mentioned in Act, shall be in Possession of any Brewer or Dealer, or used in colouring of Beer, other than Brown Malt, or Pils of fermenting such Material, and also 1801. § 2.
4. Druggist, &c. selling such Colouring to any Brewer or Dealer, other than unground brown Malt, or selling any Liquor called Colouring, other than unground brown Malt, or selling such Materials, and 1801. § 3.
5. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 4.
6. Act altered, &c., § 5.

Post Office.

1. *Permitter of Seamen's Postmen* may send Letters free, 55 G. 3. c. 1. § 10.
2. *Seamen's Postmen*, &c. of Navy and Inspector of Seamen's Wills, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 41, 42.
3. Until Packet Boats established from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, the Post Office in *Great Britain* to allow Irish Post Office 10000. *per Annum*, 55 G. 3. c. 145.
4. The 54 G. 3. c. 169. § 2. 5—14. repealed by 55 G. 3. c. 153. § 37.
5. Letters brought by Vessels not being Packets, (except from India, &c.) to pay 2d. for Single Letter, and Makers of Vessels allowed 2d., § 18.
6. Penalty on opening Bags, § 20.
7. Owners of Vessels, and also Owners or Shoppers and Consignees of Goods may send and receive Letters, not exceeding certain Weights, *Letters free*, § 30—33.
8. Act not to affect Owners of Letters, &c. of Vessels arriving before October 10. 1816., § 34.
9. Letters from Governor of *Ceylon*, &c. to Agents of their Governments, not chargeable with Postage, § 35.
10. Owners' Letters exceeding the allowed Weight, to be taxed and carried to Post Office, § 36.
11. Rates of Postage of Letters received at the Post Office, § 37.
12. Commanders of Vessels having Letters on board, to make Declaration on arriving at Port, § 38.
13. And to deliver Bags of Letters on their Arrival, and make Declaration preferred by Act, on Penalty of 50s., § 39, 40.
14. 2000 Penalty on Vessels failing before Regulations complied with, § 41.
15. Officers of Customs to search Packages for Letters, § 42.
16. Commanders of Ships of War to send Letters to Post Office, § 43.
17. Money due to Masters of Vessels, to be paid by Post Master General, § 44.
18. Postage to be paid on Delivery, § 45.
19. Having Letters on board after Delivery at Post Office, 50s. Penalty, § 46.
20. 2000 Penalty on falsely superfluous Letters as being Ship Owners, &c., § 47.
21. Penalties here recovered and applied, § 48.
22. If, after Establishment, three Months elapse without dispatching any Public Mail, any *Postman* may carry Letters, except *Civil Letters*, without being subject to Penalties of Act, § 49, 50.
23. No Provision to be incurred unless the Establishment of Mails be carried into Effect within Six Months, § 51.
24. In any Action to be brought for carrying Letters contrary to Law, the *Onus probandi* to lie on Defendant, § 52.
25. Application of Rates, § 53.
26. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Tribal Costs, § 54.
27. *Vice-Treasurer of Ireland* may send and receive Letters, *Letters free*, 56 G. 3. c. 58. § 24.

Printers, See *IRELAND* (Licences 159. Stamps, 191—215.) and Stamps (Almanacks, Newspapers,) in General Index.

Prize Agents.

2. Agents not to produce Orders for Payment of Prize Money prepared within Six Miles of Place of Payment, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 40.

Prize Ships.

1. To continue, till Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the 45 G. 3. c. 52. for granting to Young Ships put under His Majesty's Protection, the Privileges of Prize Ships, 55 G. 3. c. 11.
- See *IRELAND* (Collect and Escheat, 11. 24. 31—33.)

Probates of Wills, See Stamps (Probates).

Provisory Notes.

- To continue [to 12th March 1816.] 55 G. 3. c. 52. as amended, suspending the Operation of 57 G. 3. c. 50. for restraining the Negotiation of Provisory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum in England, 55 G. 3. c. 5. [Continued till Two Years after the Expiration of the Restrictions upon Payments in Cash by the Bank of England by 56 G. 3. c. 51.]
- See *Stamps* (Provisory Notes).

Property Tax.

1. To revise and continue for One Year the Duties and Contributions arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices in *Great Britain*, 55 G. 3. c. 53.
2. Rates, Duties and Contributions of former Years, revised for One Year, § 1.
3. Acts in force on or before April 5. 1815. continued, § 2.
4. Assessments of 1814. under Schedules (A.) and (B.) to remain in force for 1815., § 3.
5. Assessments, made under Schedules (D.) and (E.) for 1814. to continue for 1815., § 4.
6. Commissioners for Affairs of Taxes to take Oath, § 5.
7. Act altered, &c., § 6.
8. To explain and amend the Acts for granting Duties on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in far as extend to the said Assessments and Collectors of the Duties for past Years; for continuing certain Abatement already made of the said Duties, and exempting Collectors' Heads from the Stamp Duties, 56 G. 3. c. 65.
9. Statutes 45 G. 3. c. 183., 45 G. 3. c. 184. 46 G. 3. c. 15. and 55 G. 3. c. 55. to continue in force to charge those who may have eluded Assessment in former Years, and also for collecting Arrears and recovering Penalties, § 1.
10. Provisions for appealing to continue in force, § 2.
11. Provisions for making all Returns, &c. and for visiting Receiver's Accounts, to continue in force, § 3.
12. Recovery of Duties not allowed to set against any Place for Duties unpaid; unless his Accounts be paid within Three Years after April 5. 1816., § 4.
13. Resolutions to be made on Assessments of 1816., § 5.
14. Schedule of Defalcations to be made with Commissioners for Three Calendar Months, § 6.
15. Extension of time for Payment of Second Month, § 7.
16. Penalty on Collector not delivering full and complete Schedule to Receiver General, § 8.

27. Time of Payment in Scotland of Duty for remaining Half Year till Jan. 5. 1817, extended, 56 G. 3. c. 65. § 9.
 28. Abatement continued, § 9.
 29. Commissioners indemnified, § 10.
 30. Farms falling into the Hands of Owners, how affected, § 11.
 31. Affidavit stated, § 12.
 32. Commissioners under several Acts continued, § 12.
 33. Bonds entered into by Collectors, exempted from Stamp Duty—Indemnity from Possibles, § 13.

Frauds, See Importation and Exportation, 79.

R.

Railways, See Canals, &c.

Rape Seed, See Customs, I. 46—51.

Rape Seed Cakes, See Customs, I. 52—57.

Receivers of Crown Rents, See King, I. 22—36.

Residence of the Clergy.

To continue the 54 G. 3. c. 175, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for relieving the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices in England, [to 5th July 1816.] 56 G. 3. c. 6., [to April 5th 1817.] 56 G. 3. c. 113.

Returns of Poor, and Highways, See Poor, 1—14.; Highways.

Revenue.

- I. General Acts relating to the Revenue.
 II. Sums borrowed by Annuities, Exchequer Bills, &c.
 III. Sums raised by Lotteries.
 IV. Sums borrowed or applied for Ireland.
 V. Appropriation Acts.
 VI. Consolidation of all the Public Revenues of Great Britain and Ireland.

I. General Acts relating to the Revenue.

General Acts for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Seal in Great Britain; and on Profits, Offices and Personal Estates in England, 55 G. 3. c. 3., 56 G. 3. c. 3.

II. Sums borrowed by Annuities, Exchequer Bills, &c.

1. £1,500,000. Exchequer Bills, 1814., 55 G. 3. c. 4.
 2. Treasury empowered to issue Exchequer Bills on Credit of Supplies, 55 G. 3. c. 5.
 3. To amend 48 G. 3. c. 3. empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance 3,000,000. towards the Supply of the Year 1808., 55 G. 3. c. 16.
 4. Bank to continue Loan and/or Act, § 1.—Regulations concerning Exchequer Bills issued under said Act, § 2.—No Interest payable on Exchequer Bills till after April 5. 1816., § 3.

4. To grant Annuities, to discharge certain Exchequer Bills [not to exceed £8,000,000.], 55 G. 3. c. 18.
 5. To grant Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills; and for raising a Sum of Money by Annuities, 55 G. 3. c. 34.
 6. 50,000,000. Annuities, 55 G. 3. c. 184.
 7. 4,500,000. Exchequer Bills, 1815., 55 G. 3. c. 148.
 8. 1,500,000. Exchequer Bills, 1815., 55 G. 3. c. 149.
 9. 6,000,000. Exchequer Bills for the Service of Great Britain, 55 G. 3. c. 195.
 10. 11,000,000. Exchequer Bills, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 4.
 11. To continue [to 5th April 1816.] and amend 48 G. 3. c. 3. empowering the Bank of England to advance 3,000,000. for the Service of the Year 1808., 56 G. 3. c. 7.
 12. To empower the Bank of England to advance 6,000,000. for the Service of the Year 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 14.
 13. Exchequer Bills on Aids, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 28.
 14. 13,000,000. Exchequer Bills, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 54.
 15. For making Provision to defray the annual Charge of any Loan of the Office of Parliament, 56 G. 3. c. 133.

III. Sums raised by Lotteries.

To grant His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries, 55 G. 3. c. 73., 56 G. 3. c. 61.

IV. Sums borrowed or applied for Ireland.

1. 2,225,550. Irish Currency, Treasury Bills, 1815., 55 G. 3. c. 40.
 2. 2,470,000. Irish Currency, Treasury Bills, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 41.
 3. 1,500,000. Irish Currency, Treasury Bills, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 42.
 4. 1,200,000. Irish Currency, Treasury Bills, 1816., 56 G. 3. c. 47.

V. Appropriation Acts.

1. Annual Acts for granting Sums out of the Consolidated Fund; and for appropriating the Supplies, 55 G. 3. c. 187. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142.
 2. Grants to make good the Supply for the Service of Great Britain for the Year, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 1—6.; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 1—13.
 3. Appropriation of Money granted, and of the Produce of the Malt and Pescon Acts, Exchequer Bills, Annuities, Unclaimed Dividends, Lotteries, Treasury Bills, &c. of the Sums, for Great Britain and Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 1. 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 14. 15.
 4. Naval Service, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 10. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 16.
 5. Land Service (General) G. B. and I., 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 13. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 18.
 6. Ordnance for Land Service (G. B. and I.), 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 16. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 19.
 7. Preparations for the Marriage of the Princess Charlotte Augusta, 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 17.
 8. Exchequer Bills, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 17—21. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 20—24.
 9. Additions, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 22, 23.
 10. Civil Establishments, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 24. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 25.
 11. Miscellaneous, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 25. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 26.
 12. Advances to Foreign Powers—To the Portuguese Government, 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 26.
 13. Roads and Bridges in Ireland, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 25. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 26.
 14. Productions, Printing Expenses, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 25. 1 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 26.

13. *Irish Services.*—Public Officers for extraordinary Treasuries, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 25; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 37.
 14. —Professions, Printing Expenses, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 27; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 28.
 15. —Civil Buildings—*Lanes* Manufactures, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 28; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 29.
 16. —Charitable Institutions, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 29; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 30.
 17. Supplies for the Purposes aforesaid, 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 31.
 18. Sum allowed to make good Payments out of Civil List, &c. to be paid without Fee, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 30. 31.
 19. Rules for the Application of Half-Pay, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 32; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 32.—Half-Pay to Officers of *Marine* Forces, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 33; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 33.—Half-Pay allowed to Chaplains of Regiments, although in Possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 34; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 34.—Application of Overplus of *Sums*, 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 35; 56 G. 3. c. 142. § 35.

VI. Consolidation of all the Public Revenue of Great Britain and Ireland.

1. To make and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenue of *Great Britain and Ireland*; and to provide for the Application thereof to the General Service of the United Kingdom, 56 G. 3. c. 98.
 2. Consolidated Funds of *Great Britain and Ireland* shall become One Consolidated General Fund, § 1.
 3. Officers of Treasury of *Great Britain and Ireland* united, and may be executed by Commissioners, § 2.
 4. Officers of Revenue subject to orders of the Treasury, § 2.
 5. The words "Commissioners of Treasury," &c. to apply to Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of *Great Britain*, and Treasurer of *Ireland*, § 2.
 6. A Vice Treasurer appointed—Salary, § 4.
 7. Vice Treasurer to take Oath before the Chancellor of *Ireland*, § 5.
 8. Vice Treasurer empowered to appoint a Deputy, § 5.
 9. Payment for the Annual Establishment and Expence of the Office, § 5.
 10. Money shall be issued out of the Treasury of *Ireland*, on the Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, countersigned by the Vice Treasurer, § 6.
 11. Authority for such Payments, § 6.
 12. Warrants prior to Jan. 5. 1817, to be paid, § 7.
 13. Issues for *Ireland* to be recorded in the Exchequer of *Great Britain*, § 8.
 14. Issues may be made from the Exchequer of *Great Britain and Ireland*, for Payment of Interest and Sinking Fund of National Debt, without waiting for Quarterly Accounts, § 9.
 15. Quarterly Accounts of Consolidated Fund in *Great Britain and Ireland* shall be transmitted from each Country to the other, and deposited in the several Exchequers, § 10.
 16. Treasury may direct the Issue of any Part of the Quarterly Supplies of Consolidated Fund in either Exchequer for the Purpose of R. mature to the other, § 11.
 17. Issues may be made in *Ireland* out of Consolidated Fund, as heretofore; and the Amount to be made good in the *English* Exchequer, § 12.
 18. By which of 37 G. 3. (I.) as appoints Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in *Ireland* repealed, § 13.
 19. *English* Commissioners shall be Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom, § 13.
 20. Orders of Commissioners for U. K. sufficient Authority

- to the Banks of *England and Ireland* for paying Money, 56 G. 3. c. 98. § 15.
 21. Two additional Commissioners of the Treasury to be appointed for *Irish* Business, § 14.
 22. Section of Lord Lieutenant equivalent to that heretofore required by *Irish* Treasury, except in Revenue cases, § 15.
 23. Vice Treasurer and Commissioners of the Treasury may sit in Parliament, § 16.
 24. Appointment of a Commissioner of Treasury of G. B. to be one for U. K. shall not vacate Seat, § 17.
 25. Powers of 35 G. 3. (I.) for regulating Receipts and Issues of *Irish* Treasury continued, except as altered by this Act, § 18.
 26. Powers of *Irish* Treasury to be exercised by the Treasury of U. K., § 18.
 27. Quarterly Accounts of Auditor General to be examined by Vice Treasurer, and certified by him to Treasury of U. K., § 19.
 28. Weekly Abstract from Auditor General, Clerk of the Peils, and Bank of *Ireland*, to be transmitted to Vice Treasurer; and Duplicates thereof, with all other Returns and Abstracts, transmitted to Treasury of U. K., § 20.
 29. Vice Treasurer may order Payment of Local Duties, &c., § 21.
 30. Certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, § 22.
 31. Annual Account to be laid before Parliament by Vice Treasurer, § 23.
 32. Vice Treasurer shall be deemed a Governor of all Corporations, § 24.
 33. Vice Treasurer may grant, and receive Letters free, § 24.
 34. Existing Orders of *Irish* Treasury declared void, and revoked by Lord Lieutenant or Treasury of United Kingdom, § 25.
 35. Books and Records of the *Irish* Treasury shall remain with the Vice Treasurer, § 26.
 36. Treasury and Revenue Accounts, &c. in *Ireland*, and all Accounts to Parliament, to state Amount of Sums therein in *Irish* Currency, § 26.
 37. Receipts of Public Accountants for Money Issued to them from Treasury, &c.—Quorum, § 27.
 38. Commissioners shall notify the Nature and Form of the Documents to be produced for obtaining such Quorum, § 28.

Russia.

To grant to His Majesty 200,000, to be used and applied towards repaying Loans between London and *England* by *Chloper*, and between London and *Bugger* by *Shrovetbury*, 55 G. 3. c. 152.

See also SCOTLAND (Roads and Bridges).

Rum, See Plantations, 32.

Russia (Emperor of), See Convention.

S.

Saint Helena (Island of), See Plantations, 4—16.

Salt.

1. To revive and continue [to March 25th, 1820.] so much of 41 G. 3. (G. B.) c. 21. as allows the Use of Salt Duty free,

- iron, for curing Fish in Bulk or in Barrels, and to repeal certain Laws relating to the Allowance of Salt in the North Sea and Inland Fisheries, 55 G. 3. c. 179.
2. The 41 G. 3. [G. R.] c. 21. § 1—26. 24—29. 32. revised and continued, 55 G. 3. c. 179. § 1.
 3. Allowance given for every Cwt. of Coal, § 2.
 4. No Bounty allowed on Coal, &c. to be burned, § 3.
 5. Part of Tolls to be cut off in Prefecture of Officers on landing, § 3.
 6. The 12 *Ann. Stat.* 2. c. 21. and 25 G. 3. c. 65. § 7, 8. 10—13. repealed, § 4.

See *Disparately Aided*.

SCOTLAND.

Administration of Justice.

1. To facilitate the Administration of Justice in Scotland by extending the Trial by Jury to Civil Causes, 55 G. 3. c. 42.
2. The Court of Session empowered to direct Issues, § 1.
3. Lord Ordinary to report for this Purpose, § 2.
4. *Verdicts* for Judge of Court of Admiralty, § 3.
5. *Intestator* granting or refusing Trial, not to be questioned, § 4.
6. Issues for Reparation in pecuniary Damages, § 5.
7. New Trial, here applied for, § 6.
8. Exceptions taken—Appeal to the Lords, § 7.
9. Judgment thereupon, or refusing a new Trial, not to be questioned, § 8.
10. Power of Review of Judgment in Point of Law, § 9.
11. Commissioners of Jury Court appointed, § 10.
12. Of whom composed, § 11.
13. Salaries paid, § 12.
14. Issues not to be tried before all or any of these Judges, § 13.
15. How Commissioners to vote, § 14.
16. Where Issues to be, § 15.
17. Attendance of Witnesses, § 16.
18. *Verdicts* how returned, § 17.
19. Pending Judge may award Dividends, pending Motion for new Trial, § 18.
20. House of Lords may direct Issues, § 19.
21. Common Jury Summons, § 20.
22. Common Jury Bails, § 21.
23. Fees on Jurors making *Dehors*, § 22.
24. Jury fees, though former *Verdict* not returned, § 23.
25. Special Jury, § 24.
26. List of Persons qualified to be Special Jurymen, § 25.
27. Jurymen how returned, § 26.
28. Notice of striking Jury given, § 27.
29. Tolls—Fees on Jurymen not appearing, § 28.
30. Jurors to have Vene of *Presidets* in question, § 29.
31. Payment of Jurors, § 30.
32. Oath administered to Jury, § 31.
33. Other Oaths how administered, § 32.
34. Chancellor of Jury elected, § 33.
35. *Verdict* how given, § 34.
36. Provision, in case Jury cannot agree, § 35.
37. Certain *Verdicts* exempted, § 36.
38. Oaths taken by Commissioners, § 37.
39. Clerks of Court how appointed, § 38.
40. Oaths how administered to Officers, § 39.
41. Rules and Regulations how framed, § 40.
42. Jury Court where to assemble, § 41.
43. Report to be made of Proceedings for carrying Act into Execution, § 42.

44. Report to be made of Issues directed, 55 G. 3. c. 42. § 43.
45. And of Issues tried, § 44.
46. Continuance of Act, § 45.

Ayr, See *Gaelic*, II. 1. in General Index.

Royal Bank of Scotland, and British Loan Company,
See *Stamps* (Promissory Notes, 12.) in General Index.

British White Herring Fishery, See *Fish and Fisheries*, 1.
in General Index.

Canals.

1. To authorize the Barons of the Court of Exchequer to order Payment of a certain Sum of Money towards completing the Glasgow Canal, 56 G. 3. c. 135.
2. Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, on Application of Commissioners under 45 G. 3. c. 1. to order Payment of 194400*l.* for completing said Canal, § 1.
3. Where paid, Canal to remain vested in the said Barons, till the Money borrowed is repaid, § 2.
4. Statement to be laid before Parliament annually, § 3.

Clarkmannan (Gael), See General Index, *Gaelic*, II. 3.

Commissary Courts.

1. To grant to the Judges of the Commissary Court of Edinburgh a fixed Salary, in lieu of their present Salary, and certain Fees and Payments, 55 G. 3. c. 57.
2. Judges of Commissary Court to receive 600*l.* a Year each, § 1.
3. *Schepers'* Rents no longer to be paid to them, and Judges' Fees to cease, § 2.
4. Proviso for Fees of Clerk of Commissary Court, § 3.

Court of Session.

1. For better regulating the Formation and Arrangement of the Judicial and other Records of the Court of Session in Scotland, 55 G. 3. c. 70.
2. Extracted Process to be transmitted to Register Office, § 1.
3. Concluded Processes, though not extracted, to be unaltered, § 2.
4. Keepers of Records to attend personally, § 3.
5. Number of Keepers reduced, § 4.
6. Appointment of them to be approved by Lord President and Lord Clerk Register, § 4.
7. Keepers to be chosen from among the present Keepers, § 5.
8. Compensation to reduced Keepers, § 6.

Distilleries, See *Licences*; *Spirits*.

Edinburgh, See *Gaelic*, II. 4. and *Paving*, 13—15. in General Index.

Excise.

1. Commissioners of Excise in Scotland, and all Persons sitting under their Authority, in relation to certain Orders issued and certain Things done, relative to excise Acts regarding the Distilleries in Scotland, 56 G. 3. c. 30. § 1.
2. Persons may be granted for carrying Spirits from Highlands to Lowlands, § 2.

Fisheries, See *Fish and Fisheries*, 1.

Heaven

Hawkers and Pedlars.

1. To regulate Hawkers and Pedlars in Scotland, 55 G. 3. c. 71.
2. Hawkers not to go about without Licence, § 1.
3. Commissioners for granting Licences, § 2.
4. Licences to be taken out, § 3.
5. Certificates produced, § 4.
6. Clerk of Commissioners, Appointment and Duties, § 5.
7. Penalties on going about without Licence, § 6.
8. Packages of Hawkers to have the Words "Licensed Hawker" thereon, § 7.
9. Penalty on Persons not licensed using fash Woods, § 8.
10. Penalties on Hawkers, dealing in smuggled Goods—or trading contrary to licence—or refusing to produce Licence—or forging Licence—or hiring or lending Licence—or trading without Licence, § 9—13.
11. Penalty on Constables relating to a Bill in Execution of Act, § 14.
12. Provision in behalf of Persons exposing Goods to Sale in public Markets, and in behalf of certain other Persons, § 15, 16.
13. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 17, 18.
14. Commissioners may act as Justices or Sheriffs, § 19.
15. Limitation of Infractionment—Appeal, § 20, 21.
16. Certificates not to be renewed, § 22.
17. Fines for the Use of His Majesty received, § 23.
18. Where recovered in Court of Exchequer, § 24.
19. Penalties on omitting to transmit Accounts of Penalties, or to pay Money, § 25, 26.
20. General Issue—Limitation of Actions, § 27, 28.

Jury (Trial by), See Administration of Justice.

Justice, See Administration of Justice.

Licences

1. Licences to Distillers under 56 G. 3. c. 106. may be granted Ten Days preceding Nov. 1st, 1815, 56 G. 3. c. 106. § 32.
2. Every Licence to expire on the 9th Nov., § 33.

Mad Houses.

1. To regulate Mad Houses in Scotland, 55 G. 3. c. 69.
2. Sheriffs to grant Licences, renewable yearly, § 1, 2.
3. No Mad House to be kept without Licence, § 2.
4. Penalty on Sheriff, &c. neglecting to pay Money, § 3.
5. Inspectors clothed, § 4.
6. Within what time Mad Houses inspected, § 5.
7. Other Medical Persons employed, § 6.
8. Sheriff, &c. to ascertain whether Persons improperly confined, § 7.
9. Sheriff, &c. to make Order for Reception of Lunatics, § 8.
10. Regulations concerning such Reception, § 9.
11. Report or Certificate signed by Medical Person, § 9.
12. Sheriff, &c. may make Lunatic Order, § 10.
13. Mad Houses to be inspected twice a Year, § 12.
14. Inspectors may inspect at any time, § 12.
15. Sheriffs, &c. may liberate Persons improperly detained, § 13.
16. Licence recalled, § 14.
17. Sheriff, &c. may make Rules and Regulations, § 15.
18. Regulations to be transmitted to Clerk of Court of Justiciary, § 16.
19. Act not to extend to public Hospitals, nor to Confinement of Quack Priests, § 17, 18.
20. Recovery and Application of Penalties—Expense of executing Act, § 19, 20.

21. Sheriff, &c. to transmit Accounts to Commissioners of Supply, 55 G. 3. c. 69. § 21.
22. Copy of Accounts to College of Physicians, and to Courts of Justiciary, § 22.
23. Powers granted by Act, to be without Prejudice to Powers granted by Law, § 23.
24. This a public Act, § 24.

Offenders, See Transportation of Offenders.

Pitiley Gash, See Gash, II. 3.

Perth Gash, See Gash, II. 6.

Property Tax, See Taxes, and Property Tax (in General Index).

Roads and Bridges.

1. To amend and explain 54 G. 3. c. 104. for maintaining and keeping in repair certain Roads and Bridges made in Scotland for the Purpose of Military Communication; and for making more effectual Provision for maintaining and repairing Roads made and Bridges built in Scotland under the Authority of the Parliamentary Commissioners for Highland Roads and Bridges, 55 G. 3. c. 121.
2. Mode of levying Assessment to be determined by Michaelmas Head Count, § 1.
3. Order to be transmitted to Commissioners of Supply for Guidance, § 2.
4. Provision in case an Order made, § 3.
5. Assessment when made, § 4.
6. Burghs to be assessed with County, § 5.
7. Proportion of Assessment raised, § 6.
8. Salaries, &c. of Surveyors paid by Counties, § 7.
9. 54 G. 3. c. 104. to continue in force, § 8.

Spirits.

1. To continue [to the 5th Day of July 1816.] the temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable on Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, imposed by 54 G. 3. c. 171. § 2 and for enabling His Majesty by Order in Council to modify the Operations of the said Act, or to reduce the Duties thereby imposed, 55 G. 3. c. 155.
2. To repeal the Duties payable in Scotland upon Wash and Spirits and Distillers' Licences, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits for Home Consumption, [till November 1st 1816.] 56 G. 3. c. 105.
1. Duties imposed by 54 G. 3. c. 172. § 3. repealed, except as to Arrivals, &c., § 1.
2. Instead of Duties repealed, Duties herein enacted to be paid, § 2.
3. Management and Collection of Duties, § 3.
4. Appropriation of Duties, § 4.
5. The temporary Fourth Part of the Duties granted by 54 G. 3. c. 172. and continued by 55 G. 3. c. 155. § 1. further continued, [to November 9th 1815.] § 5.
6. Definition of Distills in Scotland relative to Still and Distillers, and Boundary Lines, abolished, § 6.
7. Treasury empowered to allow Use of Still of inferior Size, § 7.
8. Treasury also empowered to permit Position of Vessel or Utensil now existing to remain, § 8.
9. Treasury empowered to give an Extension of Credit, § 9.
10. Treasury empowered to reward Officers, § 10.
11. Of Malt Spirit, 14 Gallons to be produced for every 100 Gallons of Wash, § 11.

24. Excise to pay the Duty herein mentioned, 55 G. 3. c. 106. § 12.
 25. Gravity of Worts after being drawn from the Mash Tun, not to be increased, on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 13.
 26. Gravity of Wash by the Saccharometer, § 14.
 27. No fixed Meas of Commensuration from One Vessel to another to be used on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 15.
 28. The Wash necessary to charge Still to be assayed to a Jack Back, on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 16.
 29. Worts already constructed for conveying the Wash to be continued on certain Conditions, § 17.
 30. Jack Back to be gauged, § 18.
 31. Samples of Worts, &c. may be taken, § 19.
 32. Saccharometer to be provided to ascertain the Gravity of Worts, § 20.
 33. One Saccharometer to remain at the Excise Office and be sworn, § 21.
 34. On Increase of Gravity, Double Duty, § 22.
 35. Penalties of Tonn, &c. not to be altered, on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 23.
 36. Low Wine Pump, and charging Cock of Low Water Still, to be locked, § 24.
 37. Spent Cask or Receiver to be placed near the Worm, and to be of sufficient Capacity to hold the Charge, on Penalty of 200*l.*, § 25.
 38. First Cask to be provided, to contain Fests necessary for One Charge, &c., § 26.
 39. Officer may gauge Fests, § 26.
 40. Notice to Officer of Fests collected, § 26.
 41. Entry of Vessels for Bulk or other Musters, § 27.
 42. Notice before making Musters, § 27.
 43. Gravity to be ascertained, § 28.
 44. 200*l.* Penalty on Distiller not making Entry, or not giving Notice, or obstructing Officer, § 28.
 45. Not less than Nine Gallons of Spirits of a certain Strength may be first sent with Permit, § 29.
 46. Adjusting the Strength of Spirits by Hydrometer, § 30.
 47. Still not to be worked as Souders, § 31.
 48. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 32.
 49. 54 G. 3. c. 172. to remain in force, § 34.
 50. Commencement and Continuance of Act, § 35.
 51. Act altered, &c., § 36.
- See Excise, 2; and Licences, in this Index; also *Inspection and Expiration* in General Index.

Stamps.

1. To amend 55 G. 3. c. 134. relating to Stamp Duties, in Great Britain, in far as relates to Inventories, to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in Scotland, 56 G. 3. c. 107.
2. Certain additional Inventories, exhibited in the Commissary Courts in Scotland, exempted from Duties in the Schedule of 55 G. 3. c. 134. Part III. Title, Inventory, 56 G. 3. c. 107. § 1.
3. Additional Inventories, Table under 48 G. 3. c. 149. to pay a greater Duty, shall be charged with that Duty only, § 1.
4. Duty under Commissioners of Stamps, § 2.
5. Powers of former Stamp Acts to extend to this Act, § 3.
6. Application of Duty, § 4.

Taxes.

1. To amend and render more effectual the 51 G. 3. c. 95. for amending and regulating the Assessments and Collections of the assessed Taxes and of the Rates and Duties on Profits arising on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, in Scotland, 55 G. 3. c. 161.
2. Collectors and Sub Collectors to have an Allowance on

- Money collected from April 1. 1813: and, where no Sub Collectors are appointed, Collectors to receive an additional Allowance, 55 G. 3. c. 161. § 1.
3. Bureau to allow Sub Collectors to retain Money in Hand to satisfy Payments made under any Act, § 2.
4. Collectors to verify Statements of Taxes before Justices, as well as before Sheriffs, &c., § 3.
5. Persons taking false Oaths, &c. punishable for Perjury, § 4.
6. 200*l.* Penalty on obstructing Commissioners or Officers, § 5. See also Property Tax.

Transportation of Offenders.

The 19 G. 3. c. 74. § 1. 2. and 25 G. 3. c. 46. § 4. relative to the Transportation of Offenders from Scotland, continued to May 1. 1821. by 56 G. 3. c. 27. § 20.

Trial by Jury. See Administration of Justice.

Seamen.

1. An Act for the Encouragement and Reward of Petty Officers, Seamen and Royal Marines for long and faithful Services, 55 G. 3. c. 1.
2. Penalties to Seamen not abolished, § 1.
3. Regulations for Prisoners, § 2.
4. To repeal several Acts relating to the Execution of Letters of Attorney and Wills of Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines in His Majesty's Navy, and to make new Provisions respecting the same, 55 G. 3. c. 66.
5. The Statutes 9 & 10 W. 3. c. 41. § 3. 6. 20 G. 3. c. 24. § 6. 31 G. 3. c. 110. § 20—24. 9 G. 3. c. 38. § 3. 6. 36 G. 3. c. 63. § 32 G. 3. c. 34. and c. 57. § 14. 66. 49 G. 3. c. 108. § 1—6 10. 17. and 54 G. 3. c. 93. § 7. repealed, § 1.
6. Mode of executing Letters of Attorney and Wills, § 2.
7. Letters of Attorney, &c. executed in Foreign Prisons valid, if attested as mentioned in Act, § 3.
8. Seamen's Wills not to be so time Instrument with Letters of Attorney, § 4.
9. Wills, &c. entered in Master Book, § 5.
10. Letters of Attorney and Wills examined by Inspector, and approved if found authentic, § 6.
11. No Letter of Attorney pulled by Inspector until Certificate produced, § 7.
12. Executors to obtain Probate of Wills in manner mentioned in Act, § 8.
13. Duties of Ministers and Probators, § 8.
14. Duty of Minister on receiving Commissions, § 9.
15. Wages of Persons dying intestate paid only upon Administration obtained in manner mentioned in Act, § 10.
16. If Minister, &c. reject Petition, to state reason to Treasurer of Navy, § 11.
17. Ministers, on receiving Commissions, to procure Executions, and transmit them to Pay Office, &c., § 12.
18. Treasurer or Paymaster of Navy to direct Inspector to issue Check, &c., § 13.
19. Probator not to deliver Letters of Administration with Will attested but to Treasurer or Paymaster of Navy, on certain Penalties, § 14.
20. Expenses of taking out Probate, § 15.
21. Penalties on Probators, &c. taking more than allowed, and on Registrars, &c., alias, &c., § 16.
22. Treasurer or Paymaster to allow reasonable Charge, § 17.
23. Sum not exceeding 2*sd.* paid on Certificate, § 18.
24. Certificate to whom to be delivered, § 18.

37. Creditors of Seamen *sequestrating*, to deliver to Inspector Accounts of Names and Places of Abode, 55 G. 3. c. 60. § 19.
38. Subsequent Proceedings of Creditors, § 19.
39. Creditors to be paid if no Will proved, § 20.
40. Proceedings, where Executors or Administrators die before Receipt of Wages, § 21.
41. Payment by Deputy Paymaster, § 22.
42. Remittance Bill how signed, &c. § 23.
43. In Absence of Commissioners of Navy, Senior Officers of Dock Yards may sign Remittance Bills, § 24.
44. Duplicate of such Bills to be made out, § 25.
45. Receiver General, having no Money in Hand to appoint a future Day for Payment, § 26.
46. Penalty for unsuccessfully delaying Payment, § 26.
47. Bills, &c. allowed on Accounts, § 27.
48. Renewal of Remittance Bills, § 28.
49. Petty Officers, &c. forging, &c. Certificates, punishable as for Perjury, § 29.
50. Persons falsely representing next of Kin, &c. punishable with Transportation, § 30.
51. And also Persons forging, &c. Names of Masters, &c., § 31.
52. Forfeiting, &c. Petty Officers, &c. — Forgery, &c. Letters of Attorney, &c. — Uttering forged, &c. Letters of Attorney, &c. — False Oath to obtain Probate of Will, or recovery, &c. Wages, &c. by False Probates, knowing Probate, &c. to be obtained by False Means — Death, § 32.
53. Who deemed Petty Officers, § 33.
54. Penalties, &c. of former Acts and of this Act, to be fixed for by Treasurer of Navy, § 34.
55. Penalties, &c. how applied, § 35.
56. Provisions of former Acts extended to Ireland, § 36.
57. Affirmation, &c. not valid, unless Confirmation expressed, § 37.
58. Provisions of 34 G. 3. c. 53. as to the Distribution of Prizes, extended to Seizures under Revenue Laws, § 38.
59. Agents not to act after Expiration, &c. of Licences, § 39.
60. Agents not to produce Orders for Payment of Prize Money, prepared within Six Miles of Place of Payment, § 40.
61. Letters, &c. of Treasurer, &c. of Navy, and of Inspector of Seamen's Wills, free, § 41, 42.
62. Penalty on Inspectors, &c. looking out Letters under Cover, § 43.
63. Burial, &c. for Seamen's Pay void, § 44.
64. Captains to deliver Certificates to discharged Seamen, § 45.
65. Orders executed by Seamen not above 10s., § 46.
66. Run Men not to receive Wages, until R. taken off, § 47.
67. Ships, 12 Months in Sea Pay, to be paid, § 48.
68. Months reckoned by Calendar Months, except in certain cases, § 49.
69. Lieutenants to sign Names in Master Book, § 50.
70. Transferring and delivering Medals, § 51, 52.
71. Discharged Seamen may receive Wages at Ports where no Commissioners, § 53.
72. Penalties for 34 G. 3. c. 53. § 55. 36. 40. 7. 1. 35 G. 3. c. 60. § 54.
73. Tenderer and Commissioners to act as Justices, § 55.
74. Commissioners to deliver Blank Certificates, and Treasurer to post Abstracts which shall be hung up in Office, and also in Ships where they are to be read once a Month, § 57.
75. Commencement of Act, § 56.
76. Seamen having 10 *East India* 20 have Privilege of leaving

and receiving Letters free on certain Conditions, 55 G. 3. c. 53. § 52.

65. To continue for One Year certain Acts for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to Seduce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea, &c. from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to induce them to Disobedience, 55 G. 3. c. 171.

See *Naval Courts Martial*; *Navv*; *Soldiers*, L. 11—14.

Seeds, See Importation and Exportation, 59, 60.

Sheep Wool, See Wool.

Shériffs, See Farming Stock.

Ships.

1. No Licence required for navigating square rigged Vessels of 200 Tons Burthen or upwards, 56 G. 3. c. 104. § 19.
2. No Vessel liable to Seizure on account of her Coalitions: but armed Vessels, or navigated by a greater Number of Men than allowed, liable to Seizure, § 19.
3. Vessels of the Description mentioned in Act bound within the Limits of any Port or within One hundred Leagues of the Coast, forfeited and seized, § 20.
4. Every open Vessel or Boat discovered to have been in Foreign Parts, or to have taken on board at Sea any Goods from any Vessel coming from Foreign Parts without Licence, forfeited and seized, § 21.
5. Licences to be granted under such Conditions as shall be deemed necessary for Prevention of Smuggling, § 22.
6. Ships trading, &c. contrary to Licences, forfeited and seized, § 23.
7. On granting Licences, Owners to give Security in Triple the Value of the Vessel — Security to be approved, § 23.

See *Customs*, II. 1. 2. 1. *East India Company* (Ships).

Signal Stations, See Telegraph Stations.

Sikes's Hydrometer.

For establishing the Uses of an Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clorid's* Hydrometer, 56 G. 3. c. 140.

Silk Manufactures, See Customs, I. 29—31.; Importation and Exportation, 3, 4. 38. 105.

Silver Coinage, See Coinage.

Sinking Fund, See National Debt.

Slaves.

1. To provide for the Support of Captured Slaves during the Period of Adjudication, 55 G. 3. c. 172.
2. Provisions for the Subsistence of Slaves, during Adjudication, to be furnished, § 1.
3. If Sold Slaves not furnished, Slaves to be delivered up, § 2.
4. Reclamation to be made for Slaves, § 3.
5. Reclamation in Value to be made with Interest, and paid as Bonuses, § 4.

8. In case of Appeal, Refutation to be made when Property is refused, 55 G. 3. c. 172. § 9.
7. Captors liable to Costs and Damages notwithstanding Re-Reason, § 6.
8. Provision of 47 G. 3. § 1. c. 36. extended to the Act, § 7.

Smuggling.

1. For the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures, and capturing Smuggling Vessels, &c., 56 G. 3. c. 104.
2. Officers of Customs to have like Powers as Excise Officers, in cases of Forfeitures under the Laws of Excise; and in cases of Forfeitures under the Laws of Customs, Excise Officers to act as Officers of Customs, § 1.
3. Officers of the Army or Navy, on Half Pay, authorized by the Treasury or the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise, may make Seizures pursuant to their Warrant—Former Acts relating to Seizures, extended to such Seizures, § 2.
4. Penalty on such Officers making collector Seizures, or taking Bribes and offering Bribes, § 3.
5. Such Seizures to be prosecuted under Direction of Commissioners of Customs or Excise; and the Powers, &c. given in cases of Seizures by Officers of Customs or Excise, shall extend to such Half Pay Officers, § 4.
6. Proviso as to Half Pay Officers seizing Ships liable to Forfeiture under Navigation Acts, § 5.
7. In lieu of the Rewards now payable the Rewards mentioned in Act shall be paid for Seizures, § 6.
8. Proviso, where Evidence to Satisfaction of Treasury that the Felony of Arson or Seizure was not owing to want of Exercise on the Part of the Officer, § 6.
9. Reward to Informers—Shares of Seizures payable to Officers and Men of the Army and Navy, to be distributed according to Proclamation, § 7.
10. Vessels liable to Examination, not bringing to when required, may be put at (first firing a signal Gun); and the Captain, &c. of His Majesty's Ship shall be indemnified, having the proper Pardon, and Ensign included, § 8.
11. Penalty on Masters of Vessels not being in the Service, having such Pardon or Ensign, § 9.
12. One Half of the Rewards to be paid on Conviction and Seizure, and the other on Accounts being adjusted, § 10.
13. Expenses to be paid out of profits Proceeds of Sales, or, if Seizures not sold, then out of the King's Share of Seizures, § 11.
14. Commissioners of Customs or Excise may pay Expenses in first Instance out of the King's Share of Seizures, and also distribute a Sum among the Officers, not exceeding the Value of the Reward appeared for Seizure, without deducting Expenses, § 12.
15. Expenses of Prosecutions to be paid out of the King's Share of Proceeds, § 13.
16. The 49 G. 3. c. 35. § 2. repealed; and Two Justices empowered to determine in all cases of Seizure under Laws of Customs, at their own order Laws of Excise, § 14.
17. No Allowance to be brought for the Recovery of Proceeds, &c. solely by Order of the Commissioners, or in the Name of the Attorney General, § 15.
18. Breach and other Offences, issued by Officers of the Army and Navy, &c. to be lodged with the proper Officer of Excise; and after Conviction, conveyed to Place provided under 45 G. 3. c. 131. § 12. and there redimitted, and afterwards disposed of as directed by 47 G. 3. § 2. c. 66. § 20, 56 G. 3. c. 104. § 14.
19. Persons detained under 45 G. 3. c. 131. and 47 G. 3.

§ 2. c. 66. for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling, liable to serve in the Navy, 56 G. 3. c. 104. § 17.

Staff.

Annual Acts for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Staff, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 3, 56 G. 3. c. 3.

Soap, Ser Excise, 54—58.

Soldiers.

- I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.
- II. Summary of the Mutiny Acts.
- III. Enlisting Foreign Soldiers in His Majesty's Service.
- IV. Chelsea Hospital.

I. Acts relating to the Army and Marines in general.

1. Temporary or annual Acts for paying Money and Discharge, and for better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, 55 G. 3. c. 10, 56 G. 3. c. 108, 56 G. 3. c. 10. [Amended by 56 G. 3. c. 119.]
2. Temporary or annual Acts for regulating His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, 55 G. 3. c. 11, 56 G. 3. c. 111.
3. For further regulating the Issue and Payment of Money to His Majesty's Forces serving abroad, 55 G. 3. c. 130.
4. Commander in Chief on Foreign Stations empowered to authorize a Comptroller of Army Accounts to sign Warrants, &c., § 1.
5. Commissioners of Audit to Discharge Paymaster General of all Sums paid by Deputy under such Warrants, § 2.
6. Act not to prevent Commander in Chief signing Warrants drawn together, § 3.
7. Warrants already issued valid, § 4.
8. Soldiers serving in the East India, to have the Privilege of sending Letters free, on certain Conditions, 55 G. 3. c. 133. § 25.
9. To fix the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to rankers and others on quartering Soldiers, 55 G. 3. c. 134—56 G. 3. c. 132.
10. To continue for One Year certain Acts for the better Prevention and Punishment of Attempts to induce Persons serving in His Majesty's Forces by Sea and Land from their Duty and Allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite them to Mutiny or Disobedience, 55 G. 3. c. 138.
11. To enable such Officers, Masters and Soldiers, as have been in the Land or Sea Service, or in the Marines, or in the Militia, or in any Corps of Particular Men, since the Twenty second Year of His Majesty's Regency, to exercise Trades, 56 G. 3. c. 137.
12. Officers, Masters, Soldiers and Marines, who have been employed in the King's Service since June 22 1801, and have not been deserted, and also the Wives and Children of such, may set up and exercise Trades in any Part of this Kingdom, and shall not be liable to be removed from thence to their last legal Place of Settlement, until they become actually chargeable to the Parish; and, if such, upon producing the General Issue, they shall be acquitted and paid double Costs of Suit, § 1.
13. When any Two Justices shall summon such Persons to give Evidence as to the Place of Settlement, they shall make Oath accordingly, § 2.
14. Attested Copy of Oath to be given them, § 3.
15. Proviso for Militia Men and Females, who have served Five Years, § 4.
16. Proviso for the Two Universities, § 4.

II. Abstract of the Mutiny Acts.

[As the Mutiny Acts 55 G. 3. c. 108. and 56 G. 3. c. 108, and the Acts for regulating the Royal Marine Forces, while on Shore,

- Shore, 55 G. 3. c. 22. and 56 G. 3. c. 11., do not materially vary from the 54 G. 3. c. 25. for the Army, and c. 31. for the Marines, (of which a full Abstract is given in the Index to Vol. V. of the Statutes at Large.) the present Abstract relates only to such Classes of 56 G. 3. c. 10. and c. 11., as differ materially from the last Abstract.—A. refers to c. 10., for the Army, and M. to c. 11., for the Marines.]
1. Officers, &c. mutinying or deserting, &c. or who shall be found sleeping upon, or shall desert their Post, &c. or shall strike or disobey their superior Officer, shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as Court Martial may inflict, A., § 1.
 2. Recruits erroneously discharged previous to *March*, 1816., before Expiration of Twenty four Hours after Enlistment, are proceeded against as Deserters, A., § 94. M., § 58.
 3. Any Person confiding himself a Defector, deemed duly enlisted, A., § 57.
 4. Orders made by any Judge, in relation to Transportation of Offenders tried by Courts Martial, to be obeyed by all Persons concerned, 56 G. 3. c. 119.
 5. How Order for Transportation shall be proceeded in, M., § 11.
 6. Oaths to be taken by all Members of a General Court Martial, M., § 16.
 7. Oath of Judge Advocate, M., § 16.
 8. In Sentences of Death, what Number of Officers shall concur, &c.—Hours of Trial—Witnesses during their Attendance privileged from Arrest, M., § 16.
 9. None to be tried a second time for the same Offence, unless in cases of Appeal, M., § 22.
 10. Constables may apprehend Deserters, and carry them before a Justice, and transmit an Account to the Secretary of the Admiralty, &c., M., § 50.
 11. Goal K. may be retained the Subjunctive of Deserters, M., § 50.
 12. Reward for taking up Deserters, M., § 51.
 13. Falsely Oaths—Perjury, M., § 52.
 14. Furlough may be extended in case of Sickness, &c., M., § 53.
 15. Penalty on Constables, &c. neglecting to quarter Marine, or taking Money to excuse any Person from quartering; and on Victuallers refusing to receive Marines, § 71.
 16. Service to be to His Majesty's Heirs and Successors, M., § 73.
 17. Apprentices in Sweden, &c., M., § 81.

III. *Enlisting Foreign Soldiers in His Majesty's Service.*

1. The 44 G. 3. c. 35. and 46 G. 3. c. 25., for enabling Subjects of Foreign States to enlist in His Majesty's Service, and for enabling His Majesty to grant Commissions to Subjects of Foreign States to serve as Officers under certain Restrictions, continued (for next Year and all Twelve Months after Ratification of a Defensive Treaty of Peace), 55 G. 3. c. 28. § 1.
2. Foreigners not to hold Commissions in any other Regiments than those specified, § 2.
3. Act not to extend to the Sixteenth Regiment of Foot, § 3.
4. Half Pay allowed to Foreign Officers so enlisted, 55 G. 3. c. 28. § 3.
5. Allowances already made valid, § 2.

IV. *Glasgow Hospital.*

1. To amend the 28 G. 3. c. 1., for the Relief of the Out Patients of the Royal Hospital at Glasgow, 55 G. 3. c. 125.
2. 28 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. is Part repealed, § 1.
3. Commissioners to make Regulations for Payments in advance to Out Patients on Admission, and for Payment of Relief on Arrival at Place of Residence, § 2.
4. To grant further Powers to the Commissioners of Glasgow Hospital, 55 G. 3. c. 125.

5. In addition to Commissions in Lie of Pension, contingent Expenses of discharged Soldiers allowed, 55 G. 3. c. 125. § 2.
6. Commissioners of Glasgow Hospital to make Arrangements for paying Pensions abroad, § 2.
7. Commissioners to appoint Pensioners according to Length of Service, § 3.

Southern Whale Fisheries, See Fish and Fisheries, 5.

South Sea Company.

1. To repeal the Privileges of former Acts, granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to amend the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges, 55 G. 3. c. 57. [Amended by 55 G. 3. c. 141.]
2. Statute 9 Geo. c. 21. § 46—55. repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 1.
3. Guarantee Fund established, and afterwards transferred to South Sea Company, § 2.
4. Till Transfer made, additional Dividend of One Half per Cent. on Trading Stock paid, § 3.
5. Before any Issue made to supply Deficiency, Directors to lay Statement of Expenditure, &c. before Treasury, § 4.
6. Certain Duties of Customs levied for raising Guarantee Fund, § 5. To be levied as former Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 141. § 1. [Repealed by 56 G. 3. c. 57. § 1. 3.]
7. Duties on Goods alienated in other Duties, and paid according to Value thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 6.
8. Duties on Tonnage paid on Vessels entering harbours or rivers, § 7.
9. Duties to be under Management of Customs, § 8.
10. Duties, how paid, § 9.
11. Penalties, &c. of former Acts still in force, 55 G. 3. c. 141. § 1.
12. Former Acts, as to Regulations for ascertaining Value of Goods, &c. extended to this Act, 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 10.
13. Application of Duties, 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 11.
14. Money to be applied quarterly in Purchase of Stock, to form Guarantee Fund, § 12.
15. When Guarantee Fund completed, Duties to cease, § 13.
16. Limitation of Actions—General Issue—Tribal Costs, § 14.
17. Act varied, &c., § 15.
18. To repeal certain Duties granted by 55 G. 3. c. 57. for repealing the Privileges of former Acts granting exclusive Privilege of Trade to the South Sea Company, 56 G. 3. c. 77.
19. Duties imposed by 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 5. on Bullion and foreign Coins imported, repealed, § 1.
20. Duty of 2d. per cent. Value of Goods warehoused for Exportation, not to be levied in future, § 2.
21. Duty of 2d. per cent. on Ships importing only Rhubarb, &c. by 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 3. Not to be levied in future, § 3.

Spirits.

1. For establishing the Use of an Hydrometer called *Sider's Hydrometer*, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clerk's Hydrometer*, 56 G. 3. c. 130.
2. The 41 G. 3. c. 97. § 8. and the 42 G. 3. c. 97. repealed, § 1.
3. All Spirits to be deemed of the Strength of which *Sider's Hydrometer* shall denote them, § 2.
4. Establishment of the Table of Strengths and Sliding Rule for *Sider's Hydrometer*, § 3.

5. Regulating the Strength of Spirits, &c., 35 G. 3. c. 120-54.
 6. Forfeitures under 33 G. 3. c. 60., together with Cakes, &c. and all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under last mentioned Acts in relation to against this Act, § 4.
 7. Forfeiture of Spirits, when discovered to exceed the Quantity found in Stock at the time of taking the preceding Account, § 4.
 8. Proviso that Spirits made in Scotland for Exportation to England, shall not be forfeited for Importation to England, unless they exceed 5 per Centum Proof, § 4.
 9. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 5.
 10. Act altered, &c., § 5.
 11. Commencement of Act, § 7.
- See also *Coffins*, II. 3; *Importation and Exportation*, 32-55, 91-104; and *IRELAND* (Customs and Excise, IV. Spirits).

Spiritual Persons, See Cemeteries; Church Lands; Residence of Clergy.

Stage Coaches, See Stamps (Stage Coaches).

Stamps.

General Regulations concerning the Stamp Duties.

1. To repeal the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings and other written or printed Instruments, and the Duties on For Inferences, and on Legacies and Succession to Personal Estate upon Intestates, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 184.
2. Duties granted by 48 G. 3. c. 149, 44 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule (A.), 50 G. 3. c. 35, § 2, and 44 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule (B.), made to cease, except as to Arrises, &c., § 1.
3. From September 28, 1815., Duties specified in Schedule annexed to be levied—Schedule annexed Part of Act, § 2.
4. Duties under Management of Commissioners of Stamps, who are to provide Stamps, &c., § 3.
5. Old Stamps used to denote Duties, and Two or more Stamps to denote One Duty, till single Stamp provided, § 4.
6. Stamps bearing Name of any other Instrument not to be used, § 4.
7. Paper, &c. stamped with former Duties may be used for Instruments charged with Duties of same Amount, except Stamps bearing Name of Instruments, § 5.
8. Stamped Paper, &c. rendered useless by Act may be exchanged or additional Stamps supplied, c. 6.
9. Forgery, &c. Stamps, &c. Death, § 7.
10. Powers, &c. of former Acts extended to this Act, § 8.
11. Instruments having wrong Stamps, if of sufficient Value valid, § 10.
12. Affidavits relating to Stamp Duties, if so expert's Position to the contrary, to be made before Commissioners, § 12.
13. Tulle Oath or Affirmation Perjury, § 13.
14. Duties to be paid to Receiver General, and by him into Exchequer, § 15.
15. To repeal the Stamp Office Duties on Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Gold and Silver Plate, Stage Coaches and Licences for keeping Stage Coaches, and for granting New Duties in lieu thereof, 55 G. 3. c. 185.
16. 44 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule (A.) and (B.) in part made to cease, except as to Arrises, § 1.

1. From September 4, 1815. Duties granted as specified in Schedule annexed, 55 G. 3. c. 185, § 2.
18. Duties under Management of Commissioners of Stamps, who are to provide Stamps, &c., § 3.
19. Powers, &c. of former Acts in force, and put in Execution with regard to Duties granted, § 4.
20. 10 *Ann.* c. 119, § 11, in part repealed, § 5.
21. Forgery, &c. Stamps, or Gold and Silver Plate Duty Marks—Death, c. 6, 7.
22. Duties paid to Receiver General and by him into Exchequer, § 15.
23. Appropriation of Duties, § 14.

See Ireland (Stamps).

Exemptions from Stamp Duties.

1. Conveyances of Property, contracted to be sold before April 12, 1808., exempt from *ad valorem* Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 38.
2. Releases, &c. of Annuities, &c. exempted from *ad valorem* Duty on Repurchase, § 31.
3. Grants, &c. Licences and Co-terminations in what cases exempt from Stamps, § 34.
4. Certificates of Commissioners of the Board of Longitude, 55 G. 3. c. 75, § 6.
5. Certificates, by Commissioners for enclosing Breach of Forest, of Purchasers of Premises from them, 55 G. 3. c. 199, § 3.
6. Bonds of Collectors of the Tax on Income, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 11.
7. Bills of Exchange for Half Pay of Naval Officers, 55 G. 3. c. 101, § 6.

Agreements.

Provisions of former Stamp Acts respecting Agreements, applied only to those charged with Duty of *st.*, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 2.

Administration (Letters of), See Probate.

Almanacks.

Printers' Apprehensions, &c. printing Almanacks without Stamps, punishable with Three Months Imprisonment, 55 G. 3. c. 185, § 3.

Bankers' Drafts.

1. Issuing unstamped Drafts on Bankers without specifying Place where issued, or if post dated, 100*l.* Penalty, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 13.
2. 100*l.* Penalty for knowingly receiving, &c. such Drafts, § 13.
3. 100*l.* Penalty on Bankers paying them, § 13.

Bills of Exchange.

1. Making, &c. Bills of Exchange, &c. not duly stamped 50*l.* Penalty, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 11.
2. Post dated Bills of Exchange, &c. 100*l.* Penalty, § 12.

Insurance.

1. Duty on Fire Inferences to be collected by Company undertaking same, 55 G. 3. c. 184, § 32.
2. Quarterly Accounts to be rendered by Insurance Companies containing entire Particulars, and verified as Oath on Penalty of 50*l.*, § 35.
3. Insurance Companies may make up Accounts to their own Quarter Days, § 34.
4. Country Insurance Companies to transmit Accounts immediately to Commissioners of Stamps, if required, § 35.
5. Allowance to Insurance Companies for collecting Duties, § 36.

Inventories, See SCOTLAND (Stamps).

New.

Newspapers.

1. Discount allowed on Newspaper Stamps, 55 G. 3. c. 183. § 9.
2. Newspapers to be stamped, to distinguish Discount, § 10.
3. Prices of Newspapers to be printed, § 10.
4. 10*l*. Penalty for Omission of Price, &c. and selling at higher Price, &c., § 10.

Probates and Letters of Administration.

1. Persons for not proving a Will or taking Letters of Administration within a given time, 55 G. 3. c. 184. § 37.
2. Ecclesiastical Courts not to grant Probates or Letters of Administration, without Affidavit of Value of Effects, § 38.
3. Affidavit before whom to be made, § 38.
4. Such Affidavits to be free of Stamp Duty and transmitted to Commissioners of Stamps by Registrar, on Penalty of 50*l*. § 39.
5. Persons in case too high or too little a Stamp Duty be paid as Probate, &c., § 40, 41.
6. Administrator to give proper Security before Administration stamped, § 42.
7. Penalties on Executors, &c. not paying full Duty on Probates, &c. to give time after Discovery of too little paid at 5*l*. § 43.
8. Ecclesiastical Courts not to take Surrenders of Probates, &c. on ground only of wrong Duty paid, § 44.
9. Commissioners of Stamps may give Credit for Duty on Probates, &c. in certain cases, § 45.
10. Commissioners may extend Credit if necessary, § 46.
11. Probates, &c. stamped on Credit may be deposited with Commissioners, § 47.
12. Duty for which Credit given, a Debt to the Crown, § 48.
13. Proviso for Letters of Administration *de bonis* non, taken out before Payment of Duty for which Credit given, § 49.
14. Directions concerning Affidavits by Executors, &c. relating out of England relating to Trust Property, § 50.
15. Return of Duty on Probates made in respect of Debts, if claimed in Three Years, § 51.

Promissory Notes.

1. Promissory Notes to Bearer on Demand, not exceeding 100*l*, enforceable by original Makers without further Duty, 55 G. 3. c. 184. § 14.
2. Such Notes not liable to further Duty, though reissued by certain Persons not strictly the original Makers, § 15.
3. Notes enforceable under 48 G. 3. c. 149, or 53 G. 3. c. 108., to continue enforceable till End of Three Years from Date, § 16.
4. Notes, with printed Dates prior to August 31. 1813, re-issuable till August 31. 1816, § 17.
5. Bankers, who after 31*st* August 1813, issue Promissory Notes, enforceable under 48 G. 3. c. 149, or 53 G. 3. c. 108., or Notes with printed Dates for the first time, or Notes in future, with printed Dates, incur a Penalty of 50*l*. for each Offence, § 16, 17, 18.
6. Notes, enforceable for limited Period, cancelled on Payment afterwards; and Notes not enforceable, cancelled immediately on Payment, § 19.
7. Penalties on reissuing Notes, &c., on not cancelling Notes, &c., on reissuing contrary to Act, and on taking Notes, &c. enforceable contrary to Act, § 19.
8. Notes and Bills of Bank of England exempt from Stamp Duty, § 20.
9. 48 G. 3. c. 149. reads to read—Account of Amount of Promissory Notes to be delivered, § 21.

10. Bank of England to pay Commission for Duties on Bills and Notes, 55 G. 3. c. 184. § 21.
11. New Commission to be made, when Bank refuse Cash Payments, § 22.
12. The Bank and Royal Bank of Scotland, and British Linen Company, may issue Small Notes on unstamped Paper, amounting for Duties, § 23.
13. Re-issuable Notes not to be issued by Bankers or others without Licence, § 24.
14. Regulations respecting Licences, § 24.
15. No Banker to take out more than four Licences for any Number of Towns in Scotland, § 25.
16. In what case several towns may be included in One Licence, § 26.
17. On applying for Licences Specimens of Notes to be delivered, § 27.
18. Issuing Notes, &c. without Licence 100*l*. Penalty, § 27.
19. Licences to continue in force, notwithstanding Alterations in Particulars, § 28.
20. Promissory Notes made out of England, not negotiable unless stamped, on Penalty of 20*l*. for circulating such Notes, § 29.

Stage Coaches.

1. Statutes 44 G. 3. c. 83. 1. and 44 G. 3. c. 98. Schedule (B.) to part repealed, 55 G. 3. c. 185. § 1.
2. Hackney Coaches employed as Stage Coaches, to be licensed by Commissioners of Stamps, § 1.
3. Stage Coaches not prohibited from taking up Passengers in Bills of Mortality, § 1.

Staves, See Embezzlement, and Navy.

Sugars.

- Assent Acts for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Sugars, &c., 55 G. 3. c. 3. [Mistake in, corrected by 55 G. 3. c. 31. See Customs, L. 23.] 55 G. 3. c. 3.
- See *Importation and Exportation*, 24—35, 68, 80—86; *IRELAND* (Customs and Excise, 111. 15—25.)

Sulphur, See Brimstone.

Surrenders to Uses of Wills, See Wills.

Surveyors of Roads, See Highways.

Sweets.

1. For the further Prevention of Frauds in the Manufacture of Sweets, 55 G. 3. c. 177.
2. Makers to give Notice to Officer of Excise before Sweets drawn off, and to Note Quantity, on Penalty of 50*l*. § 1.
3. Makers not to be subject to Penalty for not specifying Quantity in their Notice, if the whole Quantity consumed in the Vessel be drawn off, § 2.
4. Makers not to find out Sweets in less Quantity than Casks of 15 Gallons, § 3.
5. Persons having Sweets in their Possession exceeding 100 Gallons, deemed Makers, § 4.
6. Penalties how proved and applied, § 5.

T.

Tanners and Carriers.

1. For the further Regulation of the Trades of Tanners and Carriers, 56 G. 3. c. 110.
2. Drawbacks now payable on dressed Hides and Leather repealed, except as to America, § 1.
3. In lieu thereof other Drawbacks to be paid, § 2.
4. Drawbacks subject to certain Regulations, § 3.
5. Former Regulations and Penalties in force, § 3.
6. Provision in 9 Geo. 2. c. 11. § 12, prohibiting the Slaving of Hides, repealed, § 4.
7. Tanners may take Hides out of the Woole, and Shave Hides, &c., § 4.
8. Notice to be given to the proper Officer, § 4.
9. Penalty on Tanners removing or concealing Hides from View of Officer, § 4.
10. Penalty on Carriers using Sack in carrying Hides, &c. except for colouring Leather, § 5.
11. Hides taken out of Woole to be hung up separate from others, as Penalty of 100*l.*, § 6.
12. Recovery and Application of Penalties, § 7.

Taxes (Assessed).

1. To reduce the Duties payable on Horses used in Husbandry, &c. for Two Years, and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children, 56 G. 3. c. 66.
2. Disallowing certain Duties, and imposing others on a reduced Scale, § 1.
3. Who may have the Benefit of reduced Assessment—Appel, § 1.
4. Duty on Horses used on small Farms and in Trade jointly, § 2.
5. Duty on Waggoners' Horses, § 3.
6. Provision for Horses employed in Husbandry, occasionally used in Riding, § 4.
7. Provision for Horses employed in carrying Fuel, § 5.
8. Duty on Mules carrying Oats, § 6.
9. Duty on certain Mares kept for breeding, § 7.
10. Duties here levied, § 8.
11. Rates carried to Consolidated Fund, § 9.
12. Hackney Carriages licensed as Stage Coaches, exempted from Duty of Assessed Taxes for the current Year, and Owners thereof indemnified from Penalties, § 10.
13. The Statute 32 G. 3. c. 147, granting Allowances of Duty in respect of Children, repealed, § 11.
14. Act altered, &c., § 12.

Tax on Income, See Property Tax.

Telegraph Stations.

1. To enable His Majesty to acquire Ground necessary for Signal and Telegraph Stations, 55 G. 3. c. 128.
2. Admiralty may authorize Persons to survey, &c. Lands for Signal or Telegraph Stations, § 1.
3. Obstructions to be removed, § 2.
4. Bodies Politic, &c. may contract for Sale of Premises, § 3.
5. On Persons refusing to sell or to accept Consideration offered, Two Justices may put His Majesty's Officers into Possession, and Jury summoned who shall find Compensation, § 4.
6. Appeal to Court of Exchequer, if in England or Ireland, and to Court of Session if in Scotland, § 5.
7. Jury, in ascertaining Compensation for Premises, to settle Portions to be paid to Lessors, &c., § 6.
8. Courts to require Security for Costs, § 7.

9. In cases where Lands are taken for any Term of Years, all Erections for public Service removed, on delivering up Lands to Owners, 55 G. 3. c. 128. § 8.
10. Purchase Money belonging to incorporated Persons, &c. to be paid by Transfer of Navy to the Deputy Remembrancer of Exchequer to their Use, § 9.
11. Money paid into the Bank, *ibid.*
12. Bureau of Exchequer, &c. on Petition of Parties interested, to order Application of Money, § 10.
13. On Death or Removal of Deputy Remembrancer, Stocks and Securities to vest in Succession, § 11.
14. Where no Deputy, Powers to vest in King's Remembrancer, § 12.

Tiles, See Draining Tiles.

Timber (Naval), See Plantations, 2.

Tithes.

Acts for making Compensation for and relinquishing Tithes in various Parishes and Places.

I. Public General Acts and Public Local Acts.

1. 55 G. 3. c. 138. § 22. *Examiner Verch.*
2. 55 G. 3. c. 190. § 28, 29. *Brockton Parsh.*
3. 55 G. 3. c. 186*vi.* § 18, 20, 23. *Parish of Boscupen,*
4. 55 G. 3. c. 6. § 35. *Glouce.*

II. Private Local and Personal Acts, printed by The King's Printer, and Copies whereof may be received in Evidence.

1. 55 G. 3. c. 2. § 26. *Parish of Heaton cum Upton.*
2. 55 G. 3. c. 6. § 19—22. *Mancr and Township of Warrington.*
3. 55 G. 3. c. 9. § 24. *Parish of Maudy.*
4. 55 G. 3. c. 14. § 29, 31, 32, 35. *Parish of Burton is Revoked.*
5. 55 G. 3. c. 20. § 24. *Parish of Broadfirth.*
6. 55 G. 3. c. 27. § 18, 31. *Township of Appletonwick.*
7. 55 G. 3. c. 32. § 16. *Township of Scaughid.*
8. 55 G. 3. c. 36. § 27. *Township of Tharhill.*
9. 55 G. 3. c. 42. § 26—29. *Parish of Broadfirth.*
10. 55 G. 3. c. 45. § 23. *Mancr of Alton Rogers and Gaud.*
11. 55 G. 3. c. 47. § 23, 25. *Mancr of Marston.*
12. 55 G. 3. c. 49. § 44—49. *Parish of Willifield.*
13. 55 G. 3. c. 67. § 20—22, 27. *Parishes of Clitmore, St. Mary and Clitmore All Saints.*
14. 55 G. 3. c. 60. *Mancr of Elton Oaks.*
15. 55 G. 3. c. 11. *Parish of Iscot Michael upon Wore.*
16. 55 G. 3. c. 19. § 21. *Mancr of Hensfield.*
17. 55 G. 3. c. 22. § 21. *Mancr and Parish of Lendingsbury.*
18. 55 G. 3. c. 23. § 20—23. *Parish of Piffen.*
19. 55 G. 3. c. 33. § 29, 35—40. *Parish of Newnarth under Lym.*
20. 55 G. 3. c. 34. § 26, 43, 47. *Parish of Dailham.*
21. 55 G. 3. c. 36. § 33—35. *Parish of Tinning.*

III. Private Acts not printed.

1. 55 G. 3. c. 77. *Township of Tockyew and Middleton cum Tockyew.*
2. 55 G. 3. c. 81. *Parish of Gurnsey.*
3. 55 G. 3. c. 87. *Parish of Frodsham.*
4. 55 G. 3. c. 91. *Mancr of Renswape and Ryghmond.*
5. 55 G. 3. c. 94. *Parish of Langham.*
6. 55 G. 3. c. 95. *Parish of Pidderslade.*
7. 55 G. 3. c. 96. *Parish of Thongha.*
8. 55 G. 3. c. 103. *Township of Tofly.*

Turnpike Roads.

Turnpike Roads.

Turnpike Roads.

- CHESHIRE, LAN.** } From *Southport* to *Guide Lane*, &c.
CAMBRIDGE AND YORK. } and other Roads in the County of
 York, (repaving 44 G. 3. c. 1311.) 56 G. 3. c. 137.
CHESHIRE and } From *Leamington* to *Bartholomew* and *Newcastle* under
STAFFORD. } *Lynn*, &c. (continuing, altering and amend-
 ing 3 G. 3. c. 1454, 23 G. 3. c. 1461, and 45 G. 3.
 c. 1488.) 55 G. 3. c. 1321.
CORNWALL. } From *Alington* to *Carver* to *Flushing*, 55 G. 3.
 c. 1370.
DERBY and YORK. } From *Derby* to *Sheffield*, and *Dayfield* to
 (Wylk) *Dayfield*, (continuing, altering and
 enlarging several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 1311.
DEVON. } Repairing and improving Roads to and from
Newton, &c. (repaving 45 G. 3. c. 1321.) 55 G. 3.
 c. 1321.
 From *Lynn* Turnpike Road in Parish of *Griffith*
 to *Stonewall*, 56 G. 3. c. 1321.
DURHAM and } Repairing several Roads leading to *Lane-*
CORNWALL. } *Colton*, (continuing and amending 53 G. 3.
 c. 59, 41 G. 3. c. 135, and 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 12.)
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
DURHAM, CUMBERLAND } From *Bartholomew*, Co. *Durham*,
 and *Northumberland*, } to *Alton*, *Cumberland* and
 thence to *Bartholomew*, Co. *Northumberland*, (enlarg-
 ing 34 G. 3. c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
DURHAM and } From *Stonewall* to the *Carbridge*
Northumberland. } Road near *Griffith* in the Parish
 of *Stonewall*, 55 G. 3. c. 131.
EDINBURGH } Road from the Limits of those Counties to
 and *LANARK.* } *Bartholomew*, (altering and amending 45 G. 3.)
 56 G. 3. c. 1.
ESSEX. } From *Woodford* to *Wood*, 56 G. 3. c. 131.
ESSEX and } From *Sheffield* to *Bartholomew* and *Railford*,
HARTFORD. } and extending 31 G. 3. c. 145, to the
 Road from *Great Ballingbury* to *Rockwell*,
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
GLAMORGAN. } From *Crady* to *Leys* to near *Thy-*
ward, (amending 33 G. 3. c. 131.) 55 G. 3.
 c. 131.
GLoucester. } From *Gloucester* to *St. John's Hill* (continuing,
 amending and enlarging 30 G. 3. c. 135, to 10 G. 3.
 c. 74, and 33 G. 3. c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Gloucester* to *St. John's Bridge* (con-
 tinuing, amending and enlarging 15 G. 3. c. 11,
 15 G. 3. c. 135, 31 G. 3. c. 54, 70, and 35 G. 3.
 c. 140.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
HARTFORD. } Roads to and through *Ryfe*, (repaving several
 Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 Roads from *Longmire*, (continuing 40 G. 3. c. 85.)
 56 G. 3. c. 1321.
HARTFORD and } From *Hartford* to *Wanderford* Bridge, and
HUNTINGDON. } from *Huntingdon* to *Stonewall*, (repav-
 ing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 1321.
KENT. } From *Faversham* to *River* *Elle*, (repaving several
 Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 1321.
LANARK and } From *Gloucester* to *Griffith*. Improving
CUMBERLAND. } Road, 56 G. 3. c. 1321.
LANCASTER. } From *Huddersfield*, through *New Church* and
Barry, to *Thames*, (repaving 29 G. 3. c. 107,
 and 30 & 40 G. 3. c. 131, wholly,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
LANCASTER and } From *Rockwell* to *Bartholomew* and *Leam*, (en-
YORK. } larging 8 G. 3. c. 7, and 27 G. 3. c. 37,
 6 G. 3. c. 90, and 35 G. 3. c. 160.) 55 G. 3.
 c. 1321.
LEICESTER. } From *Bartholomew* to *Causton* of County,
 and to *River* *Don*. Repairing and making new
 Roads, 56 G. 3. c. 1321.

- MIDDLESEX.** } From *Higley* to *Causton* to near *Causton*
Green, 55 G. 3. c. 1.
 From *Stonewall*, *Sheffield*, to *England*, and from
Merthyr to *St. John's Hill*, (repaving 3 G. 3.
 c. 131, in part, and for repaving, &c. Roads,)
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
MIDDLESEX and } Roads commencing with the *Wylk* and
ESSEX. } *East India* Docks, and for repairing the
CAMBRIDGE Road, and for making and maintain-
 ing a new Road to *Bartholomew*, &c. (amending and
 enlarging several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 1321.
NORFOLK. } From *Newton* to near *Thames*, (enlarging
 several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 131.
NORTHAMPTON. } From *St. Mary* to *Stonewall* to near
Causton, and from *Causton* to *Middleton* Lane,
 (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 131.) 56 G. 3. c. 131.
NORTHUMBERLAND. } From *Causton*, near *Merthyr* upon
Thames, to *Bartholomew*, and thence to *Bartholomew* Lane,
 (repaving 34 G. 3. c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 1321.
NOTTINGHAM } From *Manfield* to the *Turnpike* Road lead-
 ing to *Derby*, (continuing, altering and enlarging
 38 G. 3. c. 37, to 10 G. 3. c. 71, and 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
OXFORD. } From *Gally* to *Chalfont*, (continuing and en-
 larging 11 G. 3. c. 73, and 33 G. 3. c. 137.) 55 G. 3.
 c. 1321.
OXFORD and } From *Chalfont* to the *Thames* to near
GLoucester. } *St. John's Hill*, (enlarging 5 G. 3. c. 1321, and 31 G. 3.
 c. 131.) 56 G. 3. c. 131.
ROCHESTER. } Repairing and amending Roads, &c. (33 G. 3.
 c. 135, repaved,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
SALISBURY, FLINT. } From *Salisbury*, through *Edynore* and
 and *Derby*. } Over to *Worcester*, (continuing and en-
 larging several Acts,) 56 G. 3. c. 131.
SOMERSET, DEVON. } Repairing several Roads to *Chard*, and
 and *DOVER.* } from *Chard* to *Merthyr* Turnpike Road,
 &c. (repaving 39 & 40 G. 3. c. 131, in part,)
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
SOUTHAMPTON. } From *Osborne* to *Alton*, (enlarging 33 G. 3.
 c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Probyn* to *Causton* to *Bartholomew*, and thence to
Alton, (enlarging 33 G. 3. c. 1321.) 56 G. 3.
 c. 131.
STAFFORD. } From *Gloucester* to *St. John's Hill*, near *Stonewall*, and from
Merthyr to *Causton*, (continuing and amending
 31 G. 3. c. 131.) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Stonewall* to *Causton* in the Parish of *Thames* to the
Barry upon *Thames* and the *St. John's Hill* Road,
 (continuing and amending 34 G. 3. c. 132.)
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Wanderford* to *Probyn* Road, and from *Causton* to
Over Lane, &c. (enlarging 33 G. 3. c. 131.)
 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Derby* to *St. John's Hill* to *St. John's Hill*, and
 thence to *St. John's Hill*, (enlarging 19 G. 3. c. 131,
 and 31 G. 3. c. 131.) 56 G. 3. c. 131.
STURLING, DUNDEE. } From *Stirling* to *Dunbarton*, and for
TOWN and PERTH. } repairing Roads in *Stirling*, *Dunbarton*
 and *Pertth*, (repaving 34 G. 3. c. 131.)
 55 G. 3. c. 1321.
SURREY. } From *Alton* through *Causton* to *Thames* and from
Causton to *Thames* upon *Thames* and *Thames* Lane,
 and across *Causton* Fields to the *St. John's Hill*
 Turnpike Road on *Bartholomew* Road, (amending
 and enlarging several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
 From *Stonewall* to *Causton* to *Probyn* Road, (repav-
 ing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.

- SURREY.** From *Egham* to *Wokingham*, (repealing several Acts,) 35 G. 3. c. 100.
- From *Gatton* to *Wokingham*, *Penny Croft*, 35 G. 3. c. 101.
- SURREY** and **KENT.** From *Sturminster* to *Dorchester*, &c., (amending several Acts,) and enlarging 43 G. 3. c. 45 (1801), 55 G. 3. c. 100.
- WARWICK.** From *Durham* to *Southern*, (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 175,) 55 G. 3. c. 101.
- WARWICK, WILTSHIRE.** From *Birmingham* through *Widened* and *Stapleford*, &c., (enlarging 34 G. 3. c. 175,) 55 G. 3. c. 102.
- WILTSHIRE.** From *North* to *London*, &c., (repealing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 103.
- WILT.** Roads from *Exeter*, *Wilton*, *Weymouth*, and other Places, (repealing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 104.
- Roads to, through and from *Wormsley*, (repealing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 105.
- From *North* to *Weymouth*, &c., (amending 35 G. 3. c. 136,) 55 G. 3. c. 106.
- WORMSLEY.** Roads to and from the City of *Wormsley*, (repealing several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 107.
- WORMSLEY.** From *Wormsley* to *Boundary* Stone and *Salon*, &c., (amending 35 G. 3. c. 106,) 55 G. 3. c. 108.
- WORMSLEY.** From *Wormsley* to *Dorchester*, (repealing several Acts,) and making a new Road near *Dorchester*, (enlarging and enlarging several Acts,) 55 G. 3. c. 109.
- YORK (North).** From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 110.
- YORK (West).** From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 111.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 112.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 113.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 114.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 115.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 116.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 117.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 118.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 119.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 120.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 121.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 122.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 123.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 124.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 125.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 126.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 127.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 128.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 129.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 130.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 131.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 132.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 133.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 134.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 135.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 136.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 137.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 138.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 139.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 140.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 141.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 142.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 143.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 144.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 145.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 146.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 147.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 148.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 149.
- From *Stam* to *near* *Sunderland* Bridge, (enlarging 35 G. 3. c. 107,) 55 G. 3. c. 150.

1. To authorize the transferring Stock, upon which Dividends shall have remained unclaimed for the Space of at least Ten Years at the Bank of England, and also all Lottery Prizes or Bonuses, and Balances of Sums offered for paying the Principals of Stocks or Annuities, which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, 55 G. 3. c. 151.
2. All Stock upon which Dividends have remained unclaimed for the Space of Ten Years to be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, 55 G. 3. c. 152.
3. List of Parties, in whose Names the Stock stood, to be open for Inspection, 55 G. 3. c. 153.
4. Transfers to be made by the Accountant General or Secretary of the Bank of England, who are authorized, 55 G. 3. c. 154.
5. Regulations Relative of Transfers, to be kept in the Office of Commissioners, 55 G. 3. c. 155.
6. Dividends on such Stocks offered from time to time to accreditors for Payment of Parties; or, if they do not claim, for the Public Service, 55 G. 3. c. 156.

7. To authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, a Proportion of the Balance that shall remain from time to time in the Bank of England for the Payment of Dividends, as Account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Bonuses not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed, 55 G. 3. c. 157.
8. An Account shall be taken Quarterly of Amount of Balances for Payment of Dividends on Account of the Public Debt, 55 G. 3. c. 158.
9. Balance to be retained, Remainder of unclaimed Dividends to be paid into Exchequer, 55 G. 3. c. 159.
10. If Balance be reduced, Deficiency to be made good, 55 G. 3. c. 160.
11. Proceedings when it appears that Balance is reduced under 1,000,000, 55 G. 3. c. 161.
12. Interest to be paid for Money not immediately issued, 55 G. 3. c. 162.

V.

Vice Admiralty.

The judicial Acts of Surrogates of Vice Admiralty Courts shew, who are appointed by Judges or Governors at Plantations and Colonies, rendered valid during Vacancies in Office of Judges of such Courts, 55 G. 3. c. 163.

Vice Chancellor, See Chancery.

Vitriol, See Oil of Vitriol.

Volunteers, See Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry.

W.

Watch and Ward.

To render and continue [to Year 15, 1817,] the 55 G. 3. c. 17, for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, 55 G. 3. c. 171.

West Indies, See Importation and Exportation, 24—35; IRELAND (Customs and Excise, III. 15—25.)

Whale Fisheries, See Fish and Fisheries, 2. 5.

Wheat, See IRELAND (Customs, III. 30.)

Wine, See Plantations, 34.

Will.

1. To remove certain Difficulties in the Disposition of Copyhold Estates, by Will, 55 G. 3. c. 122.
2. Dispositions by Will of Copyhold Estates, effectual without previous Surrender to Uses thereof, § 1.
3. Admissions under testamentary Dispositions to pay the Term, &c. as payable on Surrender, § 2.
4. That Act not to invalidate Devises of Copyholds, § 3.

Wills of Seamen and Marines, See Seamen.

Windsor Forest, See Forests, 136—149.

Witnesses, See IRELAND (Witnesses).

Wool, See IRELAND (Customs, III. 6—14.)

Wool.

1. To reduce the Duties on all Sheep Wool, the Growth of the United Kingdom, which shall be sold by Auction for the Governors or first Purchasers, 55 G. 3. c. 122.
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